# **Complete Statistics for Data Science - Notes**

#### 1. Types of Data / Variables

- 1.1 Nominal Variable
- Represents categories with no order.
- Examples: Colors: Red, Blue, Green; Gender: Male, Female
- 1.2 Ordinal Variable
- Represents ordered categories but distance not measurable.
- Examples: Poor, Average, Excellent
- 1.3 Interval Variable
- Numerical, meaningful differences, no true zero.
- Examples: Temperature, IQ Scores
- 1.4 Ratio Variable
- Numerical, true zero, all arithmetic allowed.
- Examples: Age, Height, Weight, Salary

### 2. Special Categorical Types

- 2.1 Binary Variable: Only two categories (Yes/No, True/False)
- 2.2 Multinomial Variable: More than two categories without order (Red, Blue, Green)

### 3. Descriptive Statistics

- 3.1 Central Tendency: Mean, Median, Mode
- 3.2 Dispersion: Range, Variance, Standard Deviation (sqrt(Variance))
- 3.3 Percentiles/Quartiles: Q1, Q2 (Median), Q3

# 4. Probability Concepts

- 4.1 Random Variable: depends on chance
- 4.2 Probability Distribution: Discrete vs Continuous
- 4.3 Common Distributions: Normal, Binomial, Poisson, Uniform

#### 5. Inferential Statistics

- 5.1 Hypothesis Testing: H0, H1, p-value
- 5.2 Confidence Intervals: 95% CI example
- 5.3 Correlation & Regression: r, linear prediction

### 6. Sampling Techniques

Simple Random, Stratified, Systematic, Cluster Sampling

#### 7. Data Visualization Basics

Bar Chart, Histogram, Box Plot, Scatter Plot, Pie Chart

### 8. Key Notes

Nominal, Ordinal, Interval, Ratio, Binary, Multinomial

### 9. Data Cleaning & Preparation

- Handling Missing Values: mean, median, drop
- Detecting Outliers: IQR, Z-score
- Normalization/Standardization: Min-Max, Z-score

#### 10. Advanced Descriptive Measures

- Skewness: measure of asymmetry
- Kurtosis: measure of peakness
- Coefficient of Variation (CV)

#### 11. Probability Theorems

- Law of Total Probability
- Bayes Theorem
- Independence & Conditional Probability

#### 12. Advanced Distributions

- t-distribution: small sample stats

- Chi-square: goodness of fit

- F-distribution: ANOVA

#### 13. More Inferential Tests

- Z-test, t-test (1-sample, 2-sample, paired)
- Chi-square test (independence & goodness of fit)
- ANOVA, Non-parametric tests (Mann-Whitney, Kruskal-Wallis)

#### 14. Effect Size & Statistical Power

- Cohen's d, Eta squared
- Importance of effect size beyond p-value

## 15. Time Series Basics

- Components: Trend, Seasonality, Residuals
- Moving Averages, Exponential Smoothing

# 16. Multivariate Analysis Basics

- Multiple Regression
- Introduction to Principal Component Analysis (PCA)