

# The quantum Heisenberg-Ising spin-1/2 chain on a 1-dimensional ring

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## Abstract

We numerically solve the quantum Heisenberg-Ising spin-1/2 chain, aka. the XXZ model, on a 1-dimensional Ring. The numerical solution is powered by the Bethe ansatz. In particular, via the Bethe ansatz, we find a numerical solution by (numerically) solving a system of algebraic equation and checking an initial condition identity. We developed an open-access Python program to implement the numerical solution and numerically verify the necessary initial condition. Additionally, we used the numerical solution to compute some statistics of the XXZ model on a ring, such as the 1-point function and the gap probability. This project is a stepping stone in developing numerical evidence to determine if the XXZ model in the Kardar-Parisi-Zhang (KPZ) universality class, a conjecture put forward in [STW22].

## 1 Introduction

### 1.1 The Model

The quantum Heisenberg-Ising spin-1/2 chain is a finite dimensional closed quantum system. The evolution of the system is determined by the Schrodinger equation

$$i \frac{d}{dt} |\Psi(t)\rangle = H |\Psi(t)\rangle \quad (1.1)$$

where  $|\Psi(t)\rangle$  is the wave function and  $H$  is Hermitean matrix.

### 1.2 Main result

**Theorem 1.1.**

$$|\Psi(t)\rangle = \sum_x \left( \sum_z \frac{1}{\det(I + M)} \sum_{\sigma \in S_N} A_{\sigma}(z) \prod_{i=1}^N z_{\sigma(i)}^{x_i - y_{\sigma(i)} - 1} e^{-ite(z_i)} \right) |x\rangle \quad (1.2)$$

## References

- [STW22] Axel Saenz, Craig A Tracy, and Harold Widom. Domain walls in the heisenberg-ising spin-1 2 chain. In *Toeplitz Operators and Random Matrices: In Memory of Harold Widom*, pages 9–47. Springer, 2022.