

# What I Wish I Knew Before Going On-call

**LISA 2018** 

**Training Materials:** 

http://bit.ly/lisa18-oncall



#### WHO WE ARE



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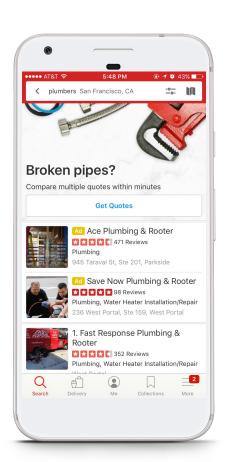
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#### **Yelp Local Ads**

☐ Connect people with great local businesses

\$ Advertiser billing and analytics





## Our team's challenges

#### 1. Financially critical systems

~90% of company revenue is from ads

#### 2. Wears many hats **3**

On-call + Feature + Infra

#### 3. Owns systems with many different tech stacks

Makes being on-call more challenging

#### 4. Majority of the team is new grad hires

Makes onboarding even more important



#### **Our story**

**⊞** Joined the team as new grad hires

**%** Learned how to be on-call the hard way...

Now mentoring other engineers



### Story time: Newbie on-call struggles



"I didn't feel prepared"

"I wish there was better documentation"

"I wish I was more experienced"



### **Agenda**

- 1. Onboarding strategies
- 2. Documentation for incident response
- 3. Learning from the past



### "I didn't feel prepared"

- 4 Common On-call Myths
- 4 Tips for Effective Onboarding



## Why care about good onboarding?

Win 1: Makes your team scalable!

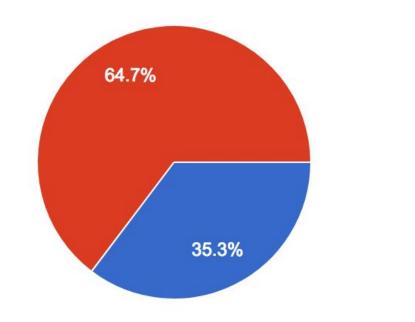
Win 2: Improve incident response

Win 3: Teaching is the best way to learn

Win 4: Confident new hires



Did you feel ready before going on-call for the first time?

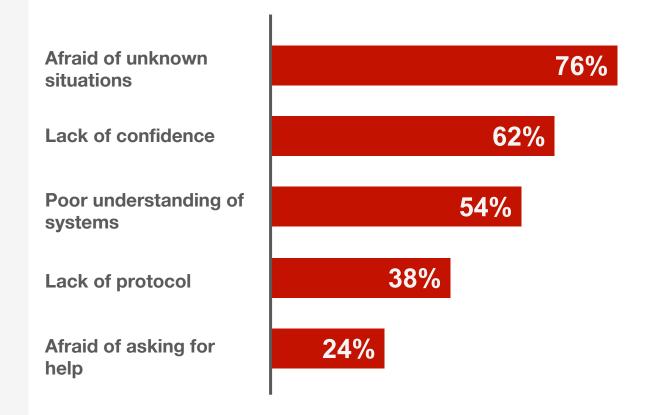




Yes

No

Why didn't you feel ready?





## 4 Common Myths About On-calls



# Myth #1 "I need to know everything"

You are not supposed to know everything



# Myth #2 "I need to solve everything by myself"

You are supposed to ask for help



## Myth #3 "I need to find the root cause"

You do not need to find a root cause as part of IR



# Myth #4 "I need to make the best/long-term fix"

You are supposed to mitigate the issue



### **Setting the right expectations**



If we are not supposed to know everything, what are we supposed to know?



#### The Basics

Step 1.

Be able to draw a mental picture of your system

Step 2.

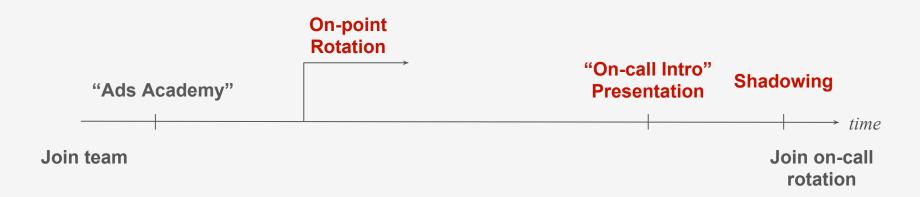
Have a high-level understanding of company infrastructure

Step 3.

Know the tools for investigation



#### My On-call "Training"





## What was good about my training?

! It existed

On-point rotation

Shadowing



## What was difficult about my training?

Information dump

♣ No emphasis on connections between systems

No emphasis on investigation/debugging tools



### 4 Tips for Effective Onboarding



# Tip #1 Avoid information overload



# Tip #2 Make it relevant / Provide context



# Tip #3 Focus on tools



# Tip #4 Keep learning



### Some things we do

- \* "Infratalks"
- Brown bag sessions
- \* Wargames
- Little day-to-day things



### What can you take home?

- Start a new program (yay!)
- \* Tweak an existing process
- Change how you organize a presentation
- Change the way you mentor



## Break

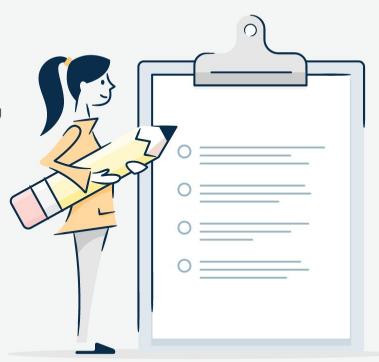
What was your own training like? How do you train new on-calls?

**Training Materials:** 

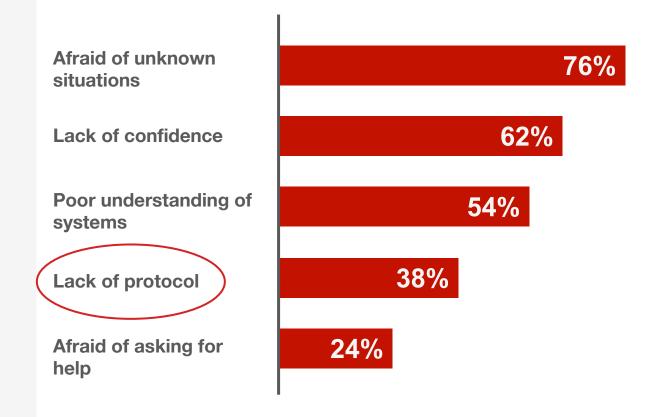
http://bit.ly/lisa18-oncall



"I wish there was better documentation"



## Why didn't you feel ready?





How would you improve the on-call training process?

70% heriews. before going on-call Reviewed the team's runbooks

"Update and improve documentation and runbooks"

"More documentation"

"Better documentation" "Clear protocol of pages we can get and how to handle them"

"Runbooks should be obvious to find and execute. At 3 AM you need dummy-proof instructions."



### What is a runbook?

- Quick guide in an emergency
- Step-by-step protocol for incident response
- Updated regularly in tandem with code changes
- Good for common cases

Know "standard procedures" before being able to improvise



### Why it's useful

- ♣ Increase efficiency
- **Reduce nervousness**
- Stand-in for a mentor or backup
- Continuous learning



### 2 Types of Runbooks

#### \* Technical

Recover a failing system or process

#### ♣ Non-technical/Human process

Communicating with stakeholders, general protocol or guidelines



# **Technical** Runbooks

### ♣ Pager playbook

Maps every alert to a step-by-step guide for "what do to when..."

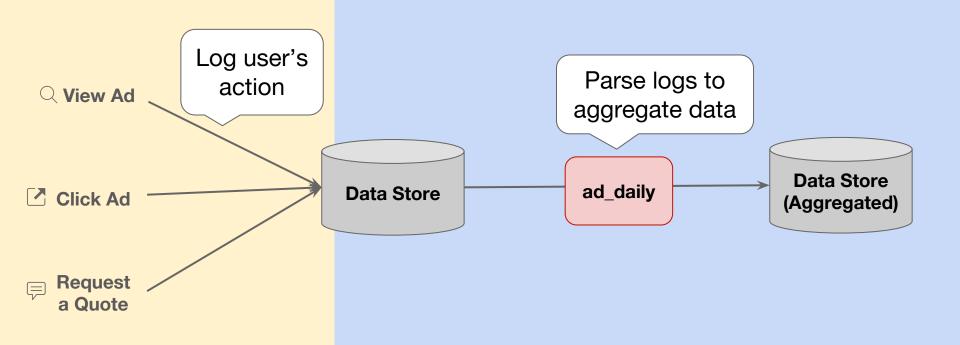
- Disaster recovery plans
- ♣ How to rollback or revert
- ★ Links to learn more



# **Example: Technical runbook**



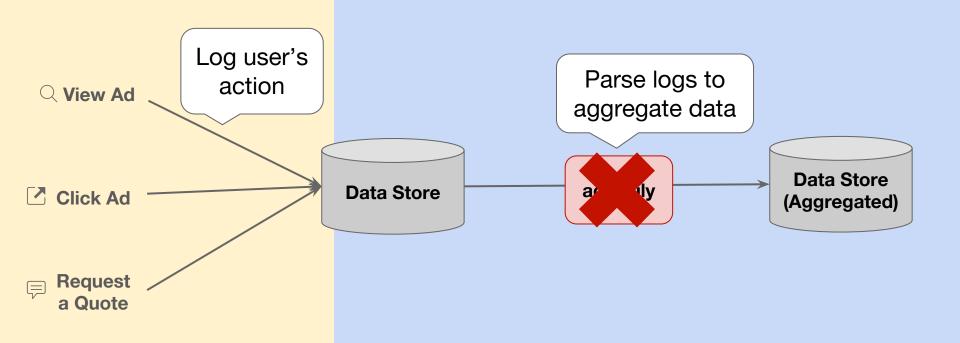
STORY TIME: BATCH RECOVERY



**Daytime Web Traffic** 

**Nightly Batch Job** 

STORY TIME: BATCH RECOVERY



**Daytime Web Traffic** 

**Nightly Batch Job** 

STORY TIME: NO RUNBOOK

Story time:
Being on-call
without a
runbook

TTR: 35 min



#### 2:00 am

Paged for failed batch job.

----

ALERT: ad\_daily

failed



#### 2:05 am

- How do I rerun?
- Is it idempotent?
- Which cmd?



### 2:10 am

Search internal wiki for batch name.

No results found

#### 2:12 am

Search emails.



### October 1, 2016

Ack. Rerunning with `\$ python ... && tronctl skip ...`



#### 2:15 am

Want cmd for failed run. Search internal wiki for "tronctl".

\$ tronview [--verbose]
[<job\_name>]

### 2:30 am

Run tron cmd and find previous run.



----

Action: \$ python -m batch.ad\_daily --date 2018-10-15



#### 2:35 am

Rerun with correct command.

----

RESOLVED: ad daily

STORY TIME: BAD RUNBOOK

Story time:
Being on-call with
a runbook

#### 2:00 am

Paged for failed batch job.

----

ALERT: ad\_daily

failed

Traceback:

File /yelp/...:

. . .

Exception: EMR
Step 1 Failed

----

### 2:05 am

- How do I rerun?

- Is it idempotent?

- Which cmd?



2:10 am

Search internal wiki for batch name.

\_\_\_\_

1 result found

[Ads]

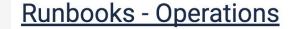
Runbooks - Operations

----



#### **RUNBOOK EXAMPLES**

# Story time: Being on-call with a runbook



- General recovery tips
  - Campaigns not in ad store
  - Errors in ad templates
- Nagios
  - Background
  - Updating alerts
  - Alerts
- ad\_daily (tron job)
  - man tronview and man tronctl to understand how to use tron.
  - 1. Identify which run failed
  - 2. Identify which action failed
  - 3. Fix/retry broken actions
  - Specific Batches
    - calculate\_ad\_analytics
    - calculate\_ad\_spend
    - business\_ad\_control
    - calculate\_ad\_stats
    - apply\_scheduled\_budget\_changes
- Reports
- Rerunning procedures
  - Identify which days need to be rerun
  - Identify which batches need to be rerun
- Gearman
  - View the logging output of the gearman workers
  - View the number of gearman workers and the number of jobs in the gueue
  - Adding and removing gearman workers for particular gueues
  - Clearing out a gueue



## **Alerts**

When responding to a Nagios alert, make sure you ACKNOWLEDGE the action. ACKNOWLEDGE that an issue is known by looking for the guy with the shovel under "Service Commands" on the right. Alerts that go through pagerduty can be acknowledged directly within pagerduty.

NOTE: This section would benefit a lot from having our actual alerts listed and detailed here.



#### **RUNBOOK EXAMPLES**

# Story time: Being on-call with a runbook





### **Runbooks - Operations**

- General recovery tips
  - Campaigns not in ad store
  - Errors in ad templates
- Nagios
  - Background
  - Updating alerts
  - Alerts
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## ad\_daily (tron job)

### man tronview and man tronctl to understand how to use tron

- 1. Identify which run failed
  - \$ tronview ad\_daily (identify the Run ID of today's failed run)
- 2. Identify which action failed
  - \$ tronview ad daily.XX (where XX is the Run ID)

Look for which action(s) have a FAIL next to them. These need to be re-run by hand.

### 3. Fix/retry broken actions

If a batch died due to an EMR, DB, or other intermittent issue, attempt to run the action manually

If a batch died due to a logic error, push a fix and run the action manually



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To run manually, read the command line printed in this output. It's between the "!Node:" and "Requirements:" lines. You'll have to execute this as batch yourself.

\$ tronview ad\_daily.XX.the\_action\_name

Once they run successfully manually, resume the rest of the job by skipping the action. tronctl skip ad\_daily.XX.the\_action\_name - you can attach this to most batch recoveries, ie sudo -u batch python -m batch.ads.failed\_batch --args --more-args && tronctl skip ad daily.XX.failed batch action



STORY TIME: BAD RUNBOOK

### **Story time:** Being on-call with a runbook

TTR: 20 min



#### 2:00 am

Paged for failed batch job.

ALERT: ad\_daily

failed

Traceback:

File /yelp/...:

Exception: EMR Step 1 Failed



- How do I rerun?

- Is it idempotent?

- Which cmd?



2:10 am

Search internal wiki for batch name.

1 result found

[Ads]

Runbooks -**Operations** 

#### 2:15 am

Run tron cmd and find previous run.



Action: \$ python -m batch.ad\_daily --date 2018-10-15



2:20 am

Rerun with correct command.

**RESOLVED:** ad daily

# What was good about this runbook?

- **Runbook exists**
- **Able to find runbook**
- Contains actual commands to run
- ♣ Alert contains traceback



# What made this runbook difficult to use?

- ♣ Table of contents too long
- Info about 4-5 different systems on the same page
- Doesn't map alert to action item

Lacking some step-by-step instructions



Don't keep runbooks in a TODO state

## **Alerts**

When responding to a Nagios alert, make sure you ACKNOWLEDGE the action. ACKNOWLEDGE that an issue is known by looking for the guy with the shovel under "Service Commands" on the right. Alerts that go through pagerduty can be acknowledged directly within pagerduty.

NOTE: This section would benefit a lot from having our actual alerts listed and detailed here.



Add guidelines for diagnosis

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Link to docs with step-by-step procedures

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Include example output to guide the user

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Avoid ambiguous instructions

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# Tips for writing good technical runbooks

Map alert to clear action items

Inverted pyramid

❖ Separate critical vs. non-critical

- **Examples of actual commands**
- Consistent format across runbooks



TTR: 5 min



### 2:00 am Paged for failed batch job. ALERT: ad\_daily failed Runbook: https://y/ad daily Dashboard: https://signalfx.yelpcorp.com/... Tip: Try `ssh production` and `sudo -u batch -i <Actual command>` Details: **Last action:** ad daily.29.run report Actual command: python -m batch.ad\_daily ... Traceback: File /.../yelp/batch/ad\_daily/report.py: Exception: EMR Step 1 of 1 Failed

#### 2:05 am

Rerun with correct command.

----

RESOLVED: ad\_daily

TTR: 5 min



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#### 2:05 am

Rerun with correct command.

Exception: EMR Step 1 of 1 Failed

----

RESOLVED: ad\_daily

## Runbook - ad\_daily

This is the recovery and backfill runbook for on-calls. See Ads Billing Pipeline on why this batch is important and Development - ad\_daily for developer workflow and testing.

- Easy Recovery
- P0 Recovery
  - Triage
  - Backfills
  - Multi-day recovery
- Revenue Impact
- Documentation



## Runbook - ad\_daily

### **Triage**

Check logs to get useful traceback information for debugging

```
$ tail batch_ad_daily_log --region prod
```

and look for the line

```
INFO Logs are in s3://yelp-emr-prod/logs/j-xxx/
```

Look through stderr files which can contain errors.

```
$ find . | grep stderr | xargs zcat | less
```



Includes example output to guide the user

## Runbook - ad\_daily

### **Triage**

Check logs to get useful traceback information for debugging

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### A good technical runbook is easy to find



Put actual commands and/or runbook link in the alert

Make runbooks searchable

Portals for easy access to important docs



# **Example: Non-technical runbook**



## **Incident Response Checklist**

This document is for Ads incident first responders. First assess, escalate until the appropriate team is established, and take on the appropriate role.

**Assess** 

**Escalate** 

Communicate

**Investigate and Fix** 

**Clean Up** 



## **Incident Response Checklist**

### **Assess**

For example: errors served, % clients impacted, or financial loss to the business.

If it takes more than a few minutes to assess, assume it is very bad and move on to escalation.

- What is the business-facing impact?
- What is the consumer-facing impact?

Dashboards to consult:

- ☐ SignalFx error percentages, latencies
- □ Splunk log lines



## **Incident Response Checklist**

### **Escalate**

Outages run longer and with worse outcomes when tackled alone. It's better to escalate a false alarm than fail to escalate a serious issue.

Page the following as appropriate:

- Secondary on-call
- Manager
- Database Reliability Team (#dba)
- AWS Support Liaison



## **Incident Response Checklist**

### Communicate

- Create a ticket in the ADS project with a brief description of the issue.
  - Add secondary and manager as watchers
  - Comment on ticket with major updates
- Consolidate triage communications to #ads-incident.
- Send email to ads-incident@ to liaise with financial stakeholders and downstream consumers of data: <a href="mailto:emailtemplates">email templates</a>.



## **Incident Response Checklist**

### **Investigate and Fix**

Ads Runbooks List

### **Clean Up**

- Send all-clear email to ads-incident@
- File follow-up ticket for postmortem and set yourself as the assignee



### **Incident Response Checklist**

This document is for Ads incident first responders. First assess, escalate until the appropriate team is established, and take on the appropriate role.

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For example: errors served, % clients impacted, or financial loss to the business.

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#### Communicate

Communica	nte	
	Create a ticket in the ADS project with a brief description of the issue.	
	Add secondary and manager as watchers	
	<ul> <li>Comment on ticket with major updates</li> </ul>	
	Consolidate triage communications to #ads-incident.	
	Send email to ads-incident@ to liaise with financial stakeholders and downstream consumers of data.	
Investigate and Fix		
	Ads Runbooks List	
Clean Up		
	Send all-clear email to ads-incident@	



## Make your own runbook



## Step 1: Start with a template



Alert Name	<exact alert="" name=""></exact>
Description	<1 sentence description>
Stakeholder impact	<1 sentence impact>
Mitigation steps	<ol> <li>Try restarting: <command/></li> <li>Monitor dashboards.</li> <li>Inspect logs to diagnose issue: <li>link or See steps below&gt;</li> <li>If things do not recover, follow Escalation steps.</li> </li></ol>
Escalation steps	Contact <team>. Massive ingestion delays should be communicated to <upstream and="" downstream="" teams="">.</upstream></team>
Related services	<upstream and="" dependencies="" downstream=""></upstream>
Dashboards	<li><li><li><li><li></li></li></li></li></li>
Related links	<other docs="" or="" related="" runbooks=""></other>



### Step 2: Customize for your use case



# Step 3: "Commit" it with your code



# Step 4: Update alerts



### Keep runbooks useful

#### Be familiar with it before you need it

- Compared to Sind
  Compared to Sind
- Use in shadowing/training/wargames

#### Update runbooks

- √ When creating a new alert
- Postmortem action item
- While training; new members can help spot issues



#### **Beyond** runbooks

- ♣ Good for common cases
- What about unexpected situations?
  - ♣ Provide tools to help in decision-making
  - Build context around your systems
  - ♣ Pattern match with past incidents
- Automate as much as possible



## Break

Try it out!

**Training Materials:** 

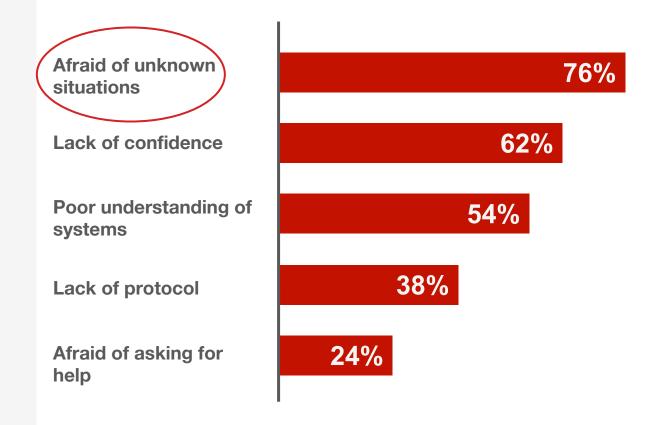
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"I wish I was more experienced"



## Why didn't you feel ready?









### Postmortems as a Learning Tool



### **Learning from Postmortems**

>80% Read postmortems from their teams

>86% Learned something new

"Always lessons learned from reading"

"Nice deep dives"

"Make you aware of pain points broadly"

"Give you a better view into systems"



# Why are postmortems important for new engineers?



### **Knowledge Sharing**





#### **Collaboration**





#### **Be Blameless**





### Different Ways to Learn

- ♣ Read postmortems
- ♣ Postmortem debriefing meeting
- **Wargames from postmortems**
- **Review postmortems**



### **Read Postmortems**

#### Make postmortems accessible

- Mailing list
- Tag with keywords
- Newsletter

#### Encourage reading

- Reading club
- Start with your own team's postmortems
- Reference in your daily work, e.g. code reviews



# Postmortem **Debriefing Meeting**

**♣** Real-time collaboration

- Goal: Understand the incident from multiple perspectives
- ♣ Facilitator, people closest to the event, and general audience



### Wargames from Postmortems

- Multi-person incident simulation game
- Create based on past incidents
  - Uses actual logs/dashboards from the incident
- Make it realistic and safe
  - Non-prod or other geo environments
  - Simulate communication protocol



#### Wargame Roles

#### Game master

- Reproduce the scene with a postmortem
- Drive conversations
- Ask questions as hints

#### Primary/secondary "on-call"

- Investigate and mitigate
- Apply knowledge and practice using tools



### **Review**Postmortems



#### **Assess postmortem and provide feedback**

- **Encourage them to ask questions** 
  - There are no dumb questions
  - Be blameless



### **Review**Postmortems

#### **☐ How people know something is wrong**

What did you see or hear? When did you notice?

#### **How things normally work**

"After the on-call restarted it, it did not	How did you restart it? What usually happens before or after
succeed."	restarting? Have you done/seen this before?



### **Review**Postmortems

#### **☐** Rationales for choices or decisions

"On-call person decided to"	What helped you make the decision? Had you done/seen this before?
-----------------------------	---

#### Alternatives considered

"On-call person	What other options did you consider at
decided to"	the time?

#### **Weaknesses in process or protocol**

"It was frustrating that"	What made it difficult to handle this incident? Is this process sustainable?
---------------------------	--

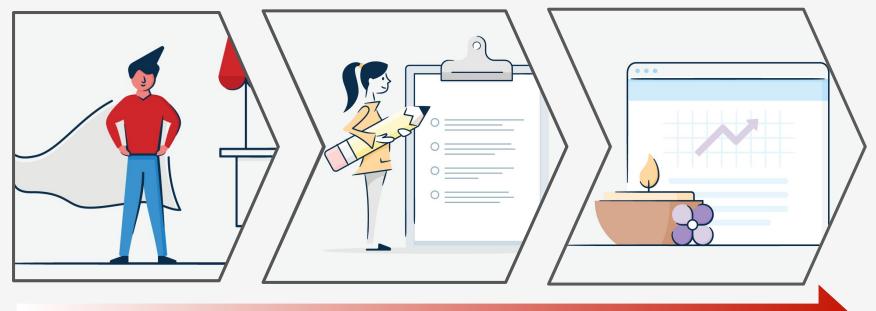


#### **Postmortems**

Learning tool to boost experience and build on-call mindset

Blameless culture and knowledge sharing





NOT READY FEELING BETTER READY

**TEAM AND COMPANY CULTURE** 

**BLAMELESS / KNOWLEDGE SHARING / COLLABORATION** 



#### **Training**

Debunk myths
Set expectations
Focus on tools
Opportunities for learning

## On-call Protocol

Update runbooks
Concrete steps
Rich alerts

## Learn From Incidents

Build experience
Read and Review
Relive through
wargames

**NOT READY** 

**FEELING BETTER** 

**READY** 

#### **TEAM AND COMPANY CULTURE**

**BLAMELESS / KNOWLEDGE SHARING / COLLABORATION** 



**Training materials** 

### http://bit.ly/lisa18-oncall



### Additional Resources

#### **Training new on-calls**

- Accelerating SREs to On-Call and Beyond
- From Zero to Hero: Recommended Practices for Training your Ever-Evolving SRE Teams

#### Runbooks

- 7 Deadly Sins of Documentation
- Do Docs Better: Practical Tips
- Yelp Runbook Template

#### **Postmortems**

- Postmortem culture: learning from failure
- Debriefing facilitation guide





**Questions?** 





Thank you.

