Hughpass filter | Hhp(f)|=1-|Hlp(f)| | Hchp(f)| = I if f>fc o therese

if the filter is zero phase the H(f) = IH(f)|

let $g'(x) = g(x) \oplus h_{hp}(x)$ = $\chi^{-1} \{G(\xi) \cdot H_{hp}(\xi)\}$ = $\chi^{-1} \{G(\xi) \} - \chi^{-1} \{G(\xi) + H_{hp}(\xi)\}$

5'(x) = g(x) - g(x) @hlp(x)

Bandpass filter

$$|H(f)| = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } flo \leq f \leq fh, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

most common: Laplacian of Gaussian LoG

$$|H(f)| = -f^2 e^{-f/2f^2}$$

$$\mathcal{Z}\left\{\frac{d^{h}g(x)}{dx^{h}}\right\} = (jf)^{n} G(f)$$

let g(x) be gaussian and n=2 -

Given a lewpass kurnel:

$$Nep(xy) = \frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) = \frac{1}{3$$

$$g(x) \oplus h_{hp} = g(x) - g(x) \oplus h_{ep}(x)$$

find the highpan hernel.

 $= g(x) \oplus \left(\begin{array}{c} c & o & o \\ o & c & o \\ \end{array} \right) - g(x) \oplus h_{ep}(x)$
 $= g(x) \oplus \left(\begin{array}{c} c & o & o \\ o & c & o \\ \end{array} \right) - g(x) \oplus \left(\begin{array}{c} c & o & o \\ o & c & o \\ \end{array} \right) - g(x) \oplus \left(\begin{array}{c} c & o & o \\ c & c & o \\ \end{array} \right) - g(x) \oplus \left(\begin{array}{c} c & c & o \\ c & c & o \\ \end{array} \right) - g(x) \oplus \left(\begin{array}{c} c & c & c \\ c & c & o \\ \end{array} \right) - g(x) \oplus \left(\begin{array}{c} c & c & c \\ c & c & c \\ \end{array} \right)$
 $= g(x) \oplus \left(\begin{array}{c} c & c & c \\ c & c & c \\ \end{array} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} c & c \\ c & c \\ \end{array} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} c & c \\ c & c \\ \end{array} \right)$
 $= g(x) \oplus \left(\begin{array}{c} c & c & c \\ c & c & c \\ \end{array} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} c & c \\ c & c \\ \end{array} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} c & c \\ c & c \\ \end{array} \right)$