

Exploiting Search Space Structure in Classical Planning: Analyses and Algorithms

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2 yrs remaining

0. Prior Work:

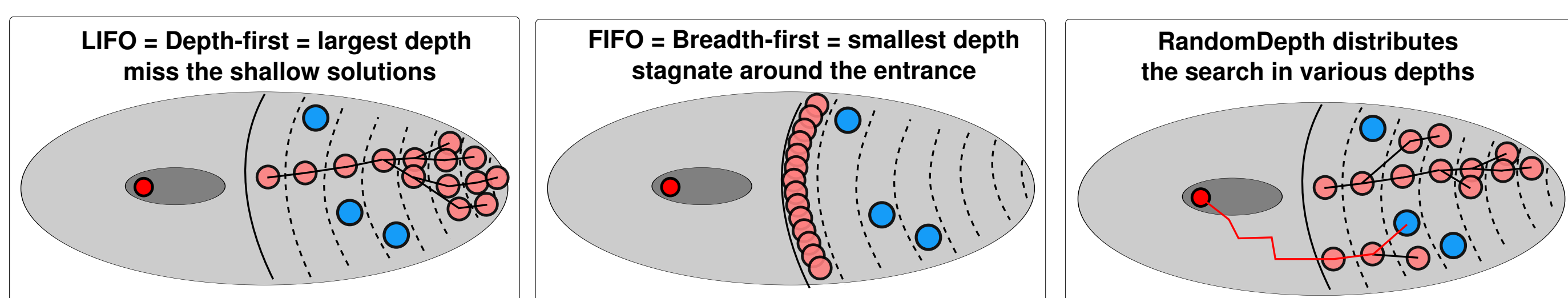
- 1st, 2nd paper: macro
- 3rd paper: A*, tiebreaking, plateau
- → Weak connections of topics; Requires a unified story
($macro \cap plateau \text{ analysis} == search \ space$)

1. **Effective** search space (ESS)

- The portion of the search space evaluated
- Search algorithm affects the ESS
- Heuristic function, tiebreaking, macro operators

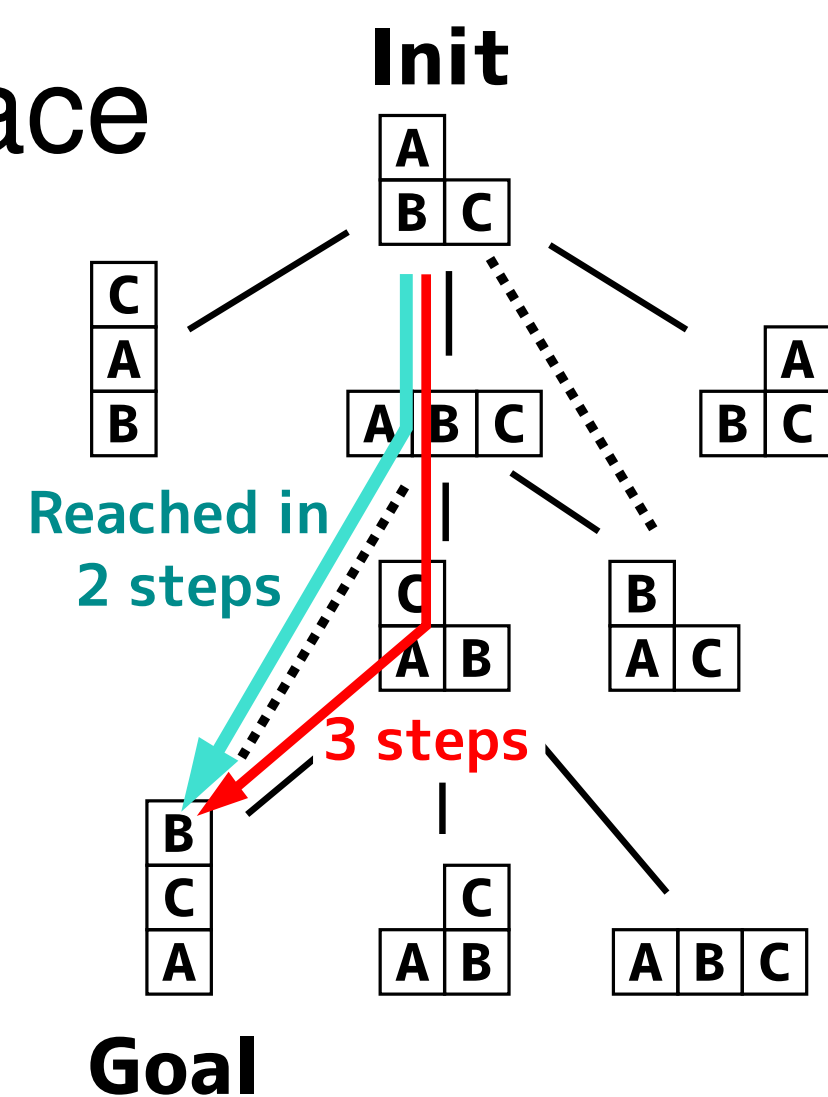
Random-Depth Tiebreaking (3rd paper)

- Search the plateau more uniformly

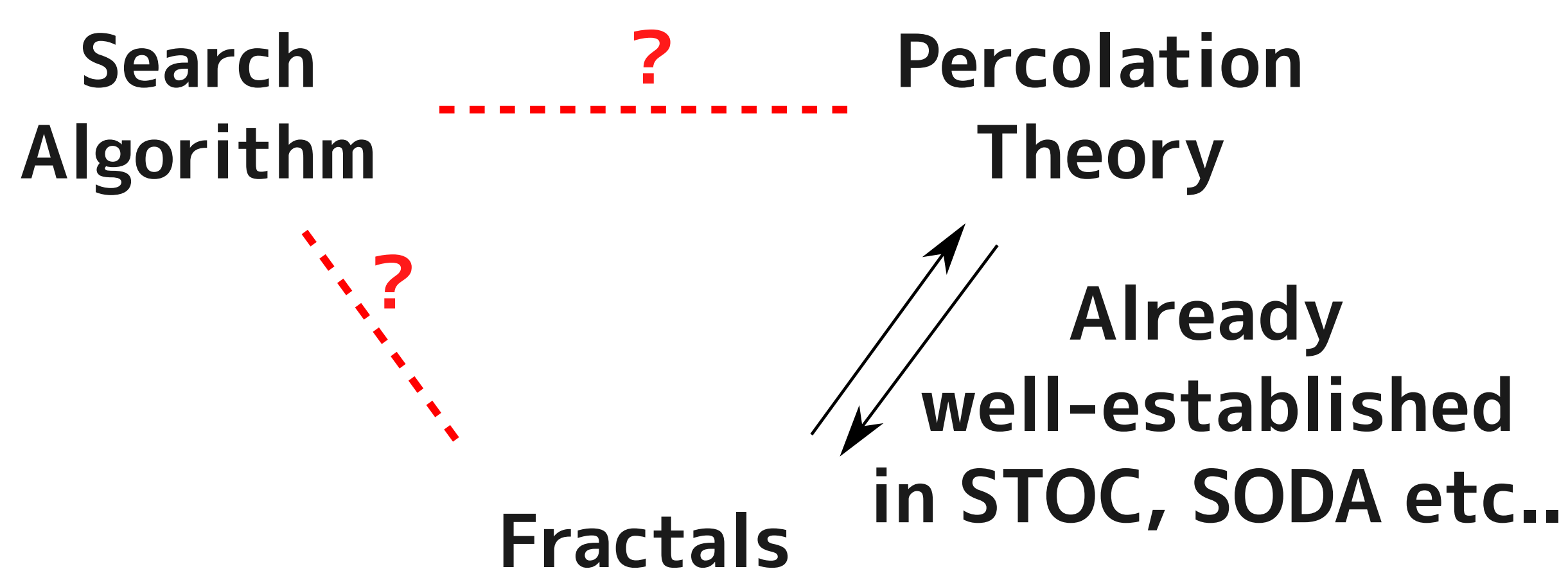


Macro operators (1st, 2nd papers)

- Creates shortcuts in the search space
- Useful when it guides the search
- Increases the branching factor in the search space
- Increases the branching factor in the ESS → ?



2. Framework for Analysing ESS

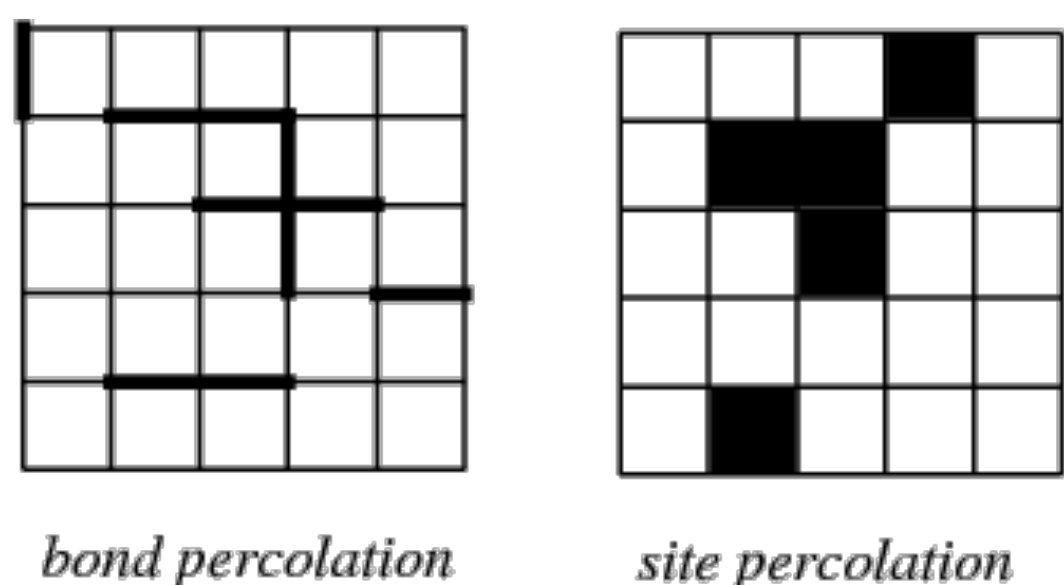


3. Percolation Theory (graph connectivity)

A node (edge) is occupied/unoccupied

Occupied node(edge): **black**

Unoccupied node(edge): **white**

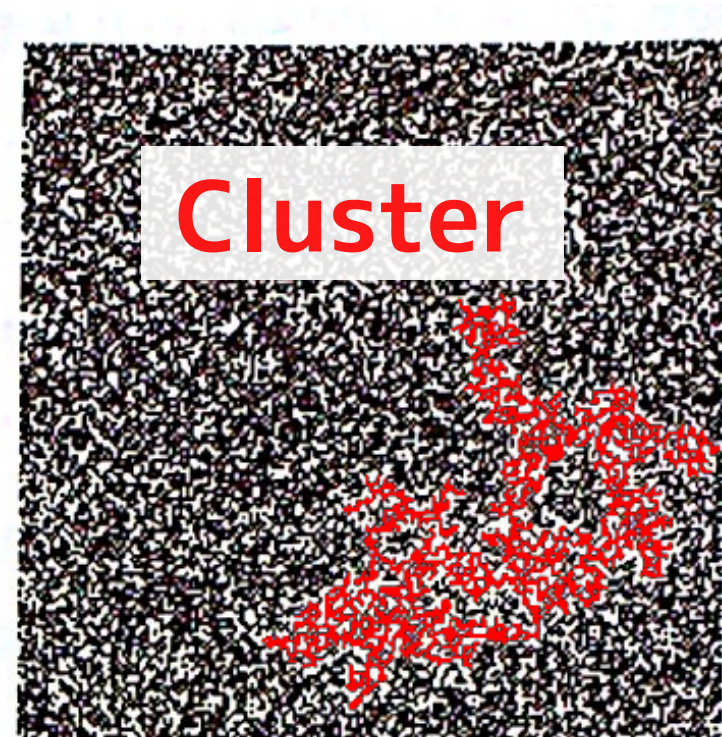
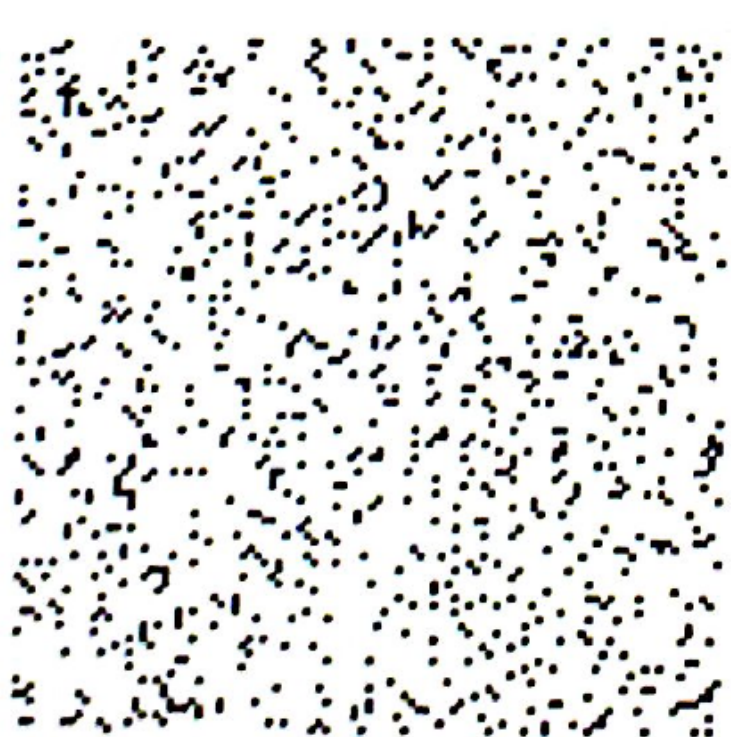


Occupation ratio r
= $\#(\text{occupied}) / \#(\text{total})$

A non-percolated graph: **Connectivity non-trivial**
Obviously disconnected everywhere
 $r=0.1$

A percolated graph: **Connectivity trivial**
Obviously connected everywhere
 $r=0.9$

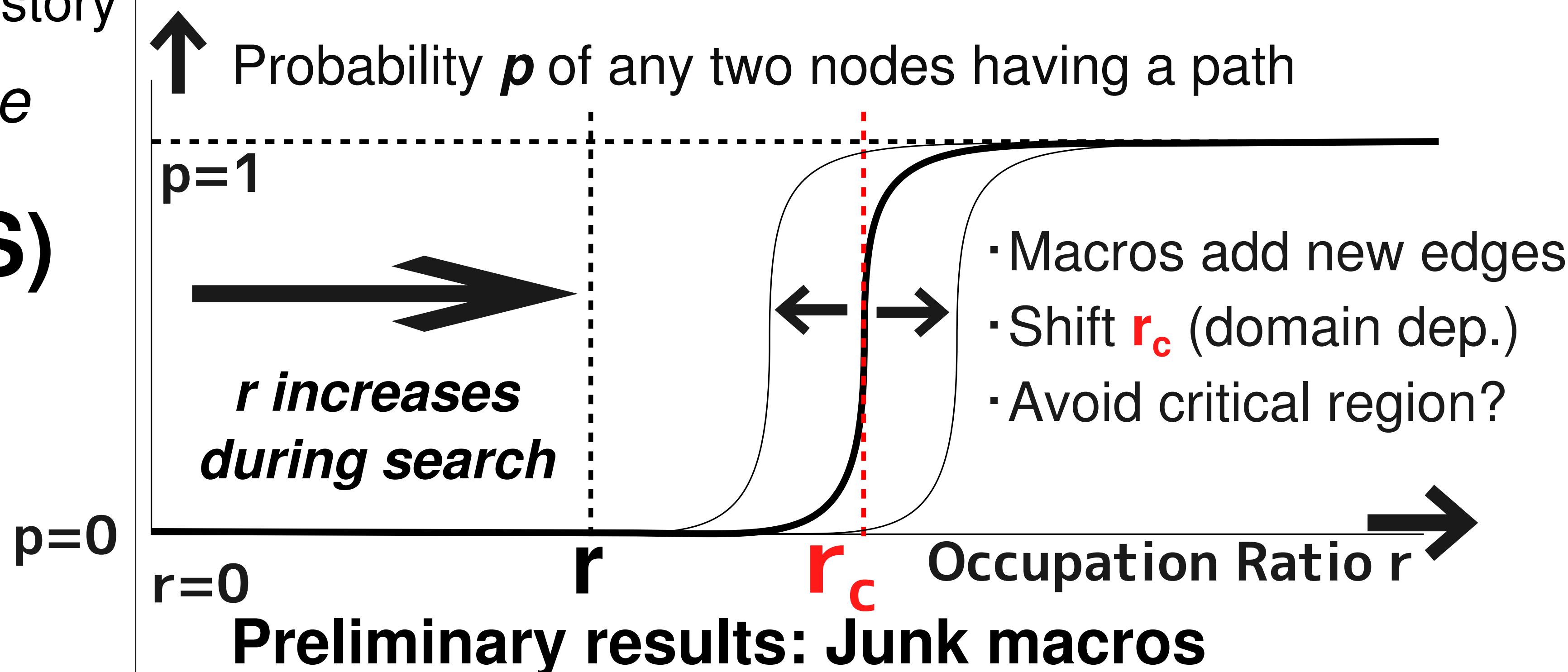
$r=r_c=0.5928$
critical value



(cont.) Percolation = Phase Transition

Around $r=r_c$, graph connectivity becomes increasingly difficult to answer

(Similar to the phase transition in satisfiability)



(LAMA) Domain	L	Preprocess [sec]	Search [sec]	Total [sec]	Eval [node]
airport	8	112 (1.1)	355 (.50)	467 (.57)	280721 (.74)
cybersec	8	2217 (.91)	3	2220 (.91)	3309
depot	8	22 (1.3)	149 (.50)	171 (.54)	190577 (.47)
driverlog	5	24 (1.3)	105 (1.6)	129 (1.5)	179752 (.88)
hanoi	2	3 (1.0)	287 (.79)	290 (.79)	2070986 (.97)
mystery	5	87 (1.4)	4 (.21)	91 (1.1)	2643 (.08)
pipeworld-t	8	304 (1.5)	893 (2.1)	1197 (1.9)	355576 (.89)
rovers	2	331 (1.1)	114 (.96)	445 (1.0)	87475 (.90)
transport-sat11	2	205 (1.3)	630 (2.0)	835 (1.8)	47244 (.47)

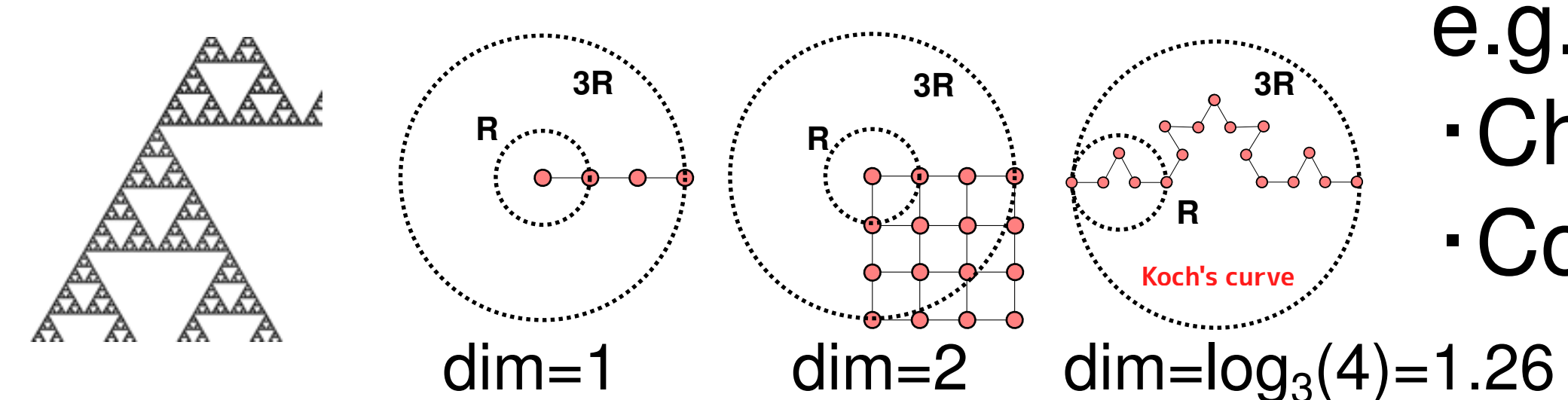
- Randomly generated junk macros
- Conventionally considered harmful
- Actually reduces evaluations in some domains

Open Questions / new methods

- How existing macros change ESS?
- r_c of each planning domain? (e.g. Logistics=0.XX)
- When each algorithm finds a solution? (e.g. $r=0.YY$)
 - e.g. Local search, lookaheads, type-GBFS
- Random restarts with randomly ignoring edges
 - Shifts r_c
 - Multiple incomplete runs
 - → Probabilistically complete algorithm

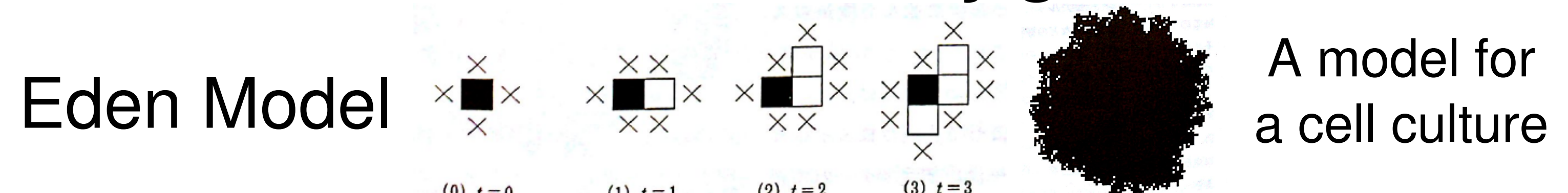
4. Analyze ESS as Fractals

Measuring the Fractal dimension of a graph



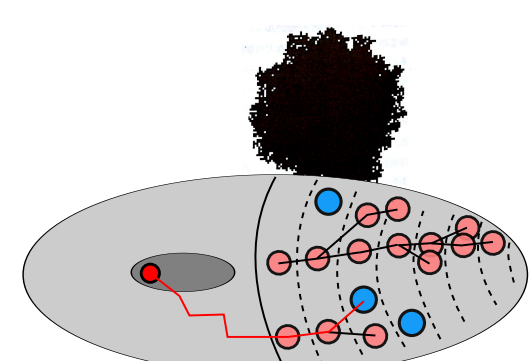
- Change the radius
- Count the nodes

Some fractals are defined by generative rules



Nodes are randomly generated on the surface
= **ESS with random selection from the OPEN list**

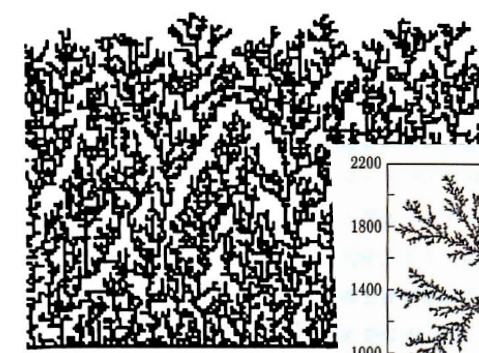
Fractal Models



Eden

Fractal?

Ballistic Aggregation



DLA (dim = 1.71)

Search Algorithm

↔ Random Order

↔ Random Depth

↔ **New algorithm?**

↔ **New algorithm?**

5. Thesis Abstract

1. Propose the framework
2. Propose paper 1,2,3
3. Analyze the ESS of paper 1,2,3 using the framework
→ A deeper insight into why paper 1,2,3 is successful