Answer in English, Closed book, 15 minutes
There will be a class after the quiz.

Fill-in-the-blank questions:

- 1. Water-soluble molecules are referred to as (), molecules that are not easily dissolved in water are called (), and molecules that contain both water-soluble and water-insoluble parts are called ().
- 2. The enzyme responsible for transcription is (), and the complex that catalyzes translation is the ().
- 3. () are the sequences that are spliced or removed during RNA splicing, resulting in an mRNA transcript consisting only of ().
- 4. The four primary tissue types are muscle, nervous, epithelial, and ().

Short-answer questions:

- 1. Starting from the familiar image of DNA in metaphase cells, name all the structural levels through which DNA is organized within our cells.
- 2. What are the key enzymes involved in DNA replication in eukaryotic cells and what are their specific functions?
- 3. What are the three principal techniques used in recombinant DNA technology?
- 4. What is the function of the RNA-induced silencing complex (RISC) in the mechanism of siRNA-mediated RNA interference?
- 5. RISC is composed of multiple proteins. What levels of protein structure are present in this complex?