DATA STRUCTURES – FALL 2021

LAB 09

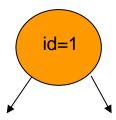
Learning Outcomes

In this laboratory, you will implement the Binary Search Tree ADT.

BST ADT

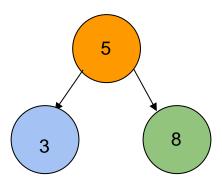
Data Items

The data items in a binary search tree are of generic data type. Each data item has a key (of generic type KF) that uniquely identifies the data item. Data items usually include additional data.



Structure

The data items form a binary tree. For each data item D in the tree, all the data items in D's left subtree have keys that are less than D's key and all the data items in D's right subtree have keys that are greater than D's key.



TASK 1

Keeping in mind the above information, implement the following operations of BST.

BSTree ()

Constructor. Creates an empty binary search tree.

~BSTree ()

Destructor. Deallocates (frees) the memory used to store a binary search tree.

insert ()

Inserts new DataItem into a BST. If a data item with the same key as newDataItem already exists in the tree, then updates that data item's nonkey fields with newDataItem's nonkey fields

retrieve ()

Searches BST for the data item with the user given key. If this data item is found, then copies the data item to searchDataItem and returns true. Otherwise, returns false with searchDataItem undefined.

Task 2

A database is a collection of related pieces of information that is organized for easy retrieval. The following set of accounts records, for instance, form an accounts database.

Record #	Account ID	First name	Last name	Balance
0	6274	James	Johnson	415.56
1	2843	Marcus	Wilson	9217.23
2	4892	Maureen	Albright	51462.56
3	8337	Debra	Douglas	27.26
4	9523	Bruce	Gold	719.32
5	3165	John	Carlson	1496.24
6	1892	Mary	Smith	918.26
7	3924	Simon	Becker	386.85
8	6023	John	Edgar	9.65
9	5290	George	Truman	16110.68
10	8529	Ellen	Fairchild	86.77
11	1144	Donald	Williams	4114.26

Task 2.A

Construct a BST for accounts database.

Task 2.B

Write a function **inorderTraversal()** that traverses the accounts BST created above and prints the data at each node, in inorder sequence.

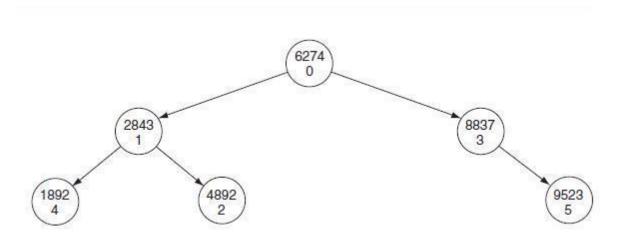


Figure: 1