EXAM OF STATISTICS

2nd Physiotherapy	Version A	June, 28 2018
Name:	DNI:	Group:

Duration: 2 hours.

(2.5 pts.) 1. The time required by a drug A to be effective has been measured in a sample of 150 patients. The table below summarize the results.

Response time	Patients
(0, 5]	5
(5, 10]	15
(10, 15]	32
(15, 20]	36
(20, 30]	42
(30, 60]	20

- (a) Are there outliers in the sample? Justify the answer.
- (b) What is the minimum time for the 20% of patients with highest response time?
- (c) What is the average response time? Is the mean representative? Justify the answer.
- (d) Study the kurtosis of the sample.
- (e) If we take another sample of patients with mean 18 min and standard deviation 15 min, in which group is greater a response time of 25 min?

Use the following sums for the computations: $\sum x_i = 3105 \text{ min}$, $\sum x_i^2 = 83650 \text{ min}^2$, $\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^3 = 2277448.69 \text{ min}^3 \text{ y } \sum (x_i - \bar{x})^4 = 82723757.55 \text{ min}^4$.

- $(1.5 \mathrm{\ pts.})~2.\mathrm{\ A}~40\%$ of a population of athletes have a very athletic mother and a 30% a very athletic father. If 50% of athletes in this population have some very athletic progenitor:
 - (a) Compute the probability that a radom athlete of this population have a very athletic mother if he or she has a very athletic father.
 - (b) Compute the probability that a radom athlete of this population have a very athletic father if he or she has a non very athletic mother.
 - (c) ¿Are the events corresponding to having a very athletic father and having a very athletic mother independents? Justify the answer.
- (2.5 pts.) 3. We have measured the average number of weekly hours of study X and the score in a clinic entrance test Y of 8 candidates, getting the following results:

$$\sum_{i} x_{i} = 15.9, \sum_{i} \log(x_{i}) = 3.852, \sum_{i} y_{j} = 41.5, \sum_{i} \log(y_{j}) = 11.511,$$
$$\sum_{i} x_{i}^{2} = 42.23, \sum_{i} \log(x_{i})^{2} = 5.559, \sum_{i} y_{j}^{2} = 274.25, \sum_{i} \log(y_{j})^{2} = 20.742,$$
$$\sum_{i} x_{i} y_{j} = 103.3, \sum_{i} x_{i} \log(y_{j}) = 28.047, \sum_{i} \log(x_{i}) y_{j} = 32.616.$$

- (a) Compute the equations of the logarithmic and exponential regression models of the score as a function of the average number of hours of study.
- (b) Use the best of the previous models to predict the score for somebody that study 3.2 hours a week.
- (1.5 pts.) 4. The average number of injuries in an international tennis tournament is 2.

- (a) Compute the probability that in an international tennis tournament there are more than 2 injuries.
- (b) If a tennis circuit has 6 international tournaments, what is the probability that there are no injuries in some of them?
- (2 pts.) 5. A diagnostic test to determine doping of athletes returns a positive outcome when the concentration of a substance in blood is greater than 4 μ g/ml. If the distribution of the substance concentration in doped athletes follows a normal distribution model with mean 4.5 μ g/ml and standard deviation 0.2 μ g/ml, and in non-doped athletes is normally distributed with mean 3 μ g/ml and standard deviation 0.3 μ g/ml,
 - (a) what is the sensitivity and specificity of the test?
 - (b) If there is a 0.1% of doped athletes in a competition, what are the positive and the negative predicted values? Interpret them.