

EXAM OF STATISTICS (PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES)

2nd Physiotherapy

Version A

June, 19 2020

Name:

DNI:

Group:

Duration: 1 hour.

- (3 pts.) 1. Two symptoms of COVID-19 are fever and cough. We know that 30% of people with COVID-19 cough and 20% have fever and cough. Also, if somebody with COVID-19 have fever then the probability of coughing 0.5.
- (a) Construct the probability tree for the sample space of the random experiment consisting in picking a random person with COVID-19 and measuring the symptoms that he or she have.
 - (b) Calculate the probability of having any of the symptoms.
 - (c) Calculate the probability of having only cough.
 - (d) Calculate the probability of having only fever.
 - (e) Calculate the probability no fever nor cough.
 - (f) Are the symptoms dependent or independent?
- (4 pts.) 2. The sensitivity and specificity of a diagnostic test are 0.58 and 0.01, respectively, and the probability of a true positive is 0.02.
- (a) Calculate the prevalence of the disease.
 - (b) Calculate predictive values.
 - (c) Is the test more useful to rule out or confirm the disease?
 - (d) If we have 10 non-sick patients, what is the probability that more than 9 have a misdiagnosis?
 - (e) If we have 60 patients, what is the probability that at least two of them have a correct diagnosis?
- (3 pts.) 3. The time required to cure a basketball injury with a rehabilitation technique follows a normal distribution with quartiles $Q_1 = 22$ days and $Q_2 = 25$ days.
- (a) Calculate the mean and standard deviation of the curation time.
 - (b) If a player has just been injured and has to play a match in 30 days, what is the probability that he will miss it?
 - (c) Calculate the interquartile range of the curation time distribution.