

EXAM OF STATISTICS (DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS AND REGRESSION)

2nd Physiotherapy

Version A

March, 17 2021

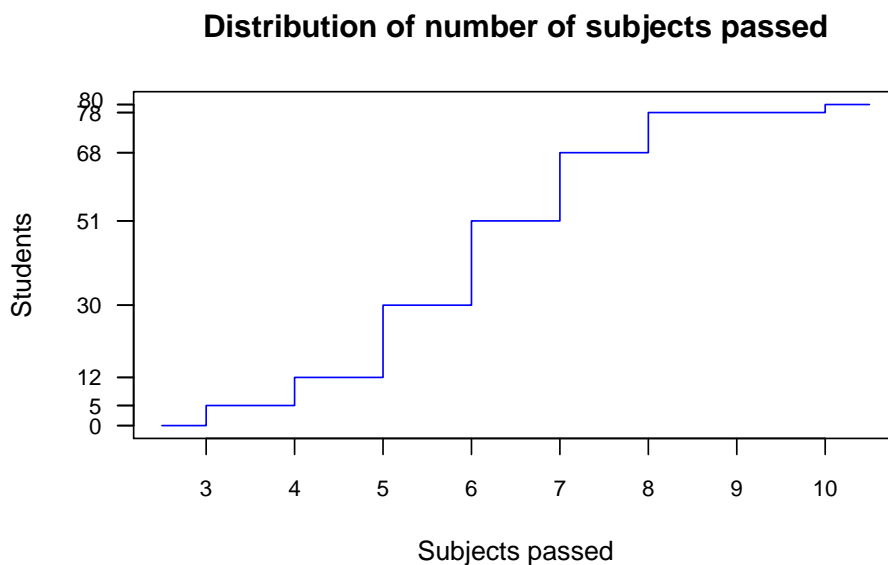
Name:

DNI:

Group:

Duration: 1 hour.

- (5 pts.) 1. The chart below shows the distribution of the number of subjects passed in a sample of first year students of a degree.



- Draw the box and whiskers plot and interpret it.
- Compute the central tendency statistics and interpret them.
- How is the asymmetry of the distribution? And the kurtosis? Can we assume that the sample comes from a normal population?
- If the mean of subjects passed in the second year was 5.5 and the variance was 2, is the mean of the subjects passed in the first year more or less representative than the one of the second year?
- Which student is better, a first year student that pass 7 subjects or a second year student that pass 6 subjects?

Use the following sums for the computations: $\sum x_i = 478$ subjects, $\sum x_i^2 = 3036$ subjects², $\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^3 = 29.5$ subjects³ and $\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^4 = 1226.27$ subjects⁴.

- (5 pts.) 2. The table below shows the number of days of rehabilitation for a knee injury, and the knee flexion angle in degrees after those days.

Days	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
Angle	45	58	65	75	82	88	91	93	94

- Compute the covariance of the number of days of rehabilitation and the knee flexion angle, and interpret it.

- (b) According to the regression line, how many degrees increases or decreases the knee flexion angle per day of rehabilitation?
- (c) According to the logarithmic model, what is the expected number of degrees of the knee flexion angle after 32 days? Is this prediction more or less reliable than the prediction of the linear model?
- (d) According to the exponential model, how many days of rehabilitation are required to get a knee flexion angle of 120 degrees. Is this prediction reliable?

Use the following sums for the computations (X =Days of rehabilitation and Y =knee flexion angle):
 $\sum x_i = 270$ days, $\sum \log(x_i) = 29.5894 \log(\text{days})$, $\sum y_j = 691$ degrees, $\sum \log(y_j) = 38.8298 \log(\text{degrees})$,
 $\sum x_i^2 = 9600$ days², $\sum \log(x_i)^2 = 99.5821 \log(\text{days})^2$, $\sum y_j^2 = 55473$ degrees², $\sum \log(y_j)^2 = 168.0436$
 $\log(\text{degrees})^2$,
 $\sum x_i y_j = 22560$ days·degrees, $\sum x_i \log(y_j) = 1190.8727$ days· $\log(\text{degrees})$, $\sum \log(x_i) y_j = 2346.0281$
 $\log(\text{days})\text{degrees}$, $\sum \log(x_i) \log(y_j) = 128.738 \log(\text{days}) \log(\text{degrees})$.