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1. What does the following code return?

```
$arr = array(1,3,5);
$count = count($arr);
if ($count = 0) {
    echo "An array is empty.";
} else {
    echo "An array has $count elements.";
}
```

1. An array has 3 elements.
2. An array consists of 0 elements.
3. An array is empty.

**Answer: 2**

2. What is the result of the following code?

```
$a = 10;
if ($a > 5 OR < 15)
    echo "true";
else
    echo "false";
1. true
2. false
3. There is a syntax error will display.
4. Nothing will be displayed.
```

**Answer: 3**

3. Which of the statements is not true of the interfaces?

1. A class can implement multiple interfaces.
2. Methods with the same names and arguments can exist in multiple interfaces, this class implements.
3. An abstract class can implement multiple interfaces.
4. The interface itself can extend multiple interfaces.

**Answer: 2**

4. If you want to pass the argument of the function by reference, the correct path would be:

1. function ModifyReport(&\$Rptfile){}
2. function ModifyReport(\$Rptfile){}
3. function ModifyReport(ByRef \$Rptfile){}
4. function ModifyReport(&Rptfile){}

**Answer: 1**

5. Which of the following pairs of operators are not opposite?

1. +, -
2. &=, |=
3. ==, !=
4. <<, >>

**Answer: 2**

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6. Which of the following casts are not true?

```
<?php
$fig = 23;
$varbl = (real) $fig;
$varb2 = (double) $fig;
$varb3 = (decimal) $fig;
$varb4 = (bool) $fig;
?>
```

1. real
2. double
3. decimal
4. boolean

**Answer: 3**

7. Choose false statement about abstract classes in PHP5.

1. Abstract classes are introduced in PHP5.
2. An abstract method's definition may contain method body.
3. Class with at least one abstract method must be declared as abstract.
4. An abstract class may contain non-abstract methods.

**Answer: 2**

8. Which of the following functions returns the longest hash value?

1. sha1()
2. md5()
3. crc32()
4. All these functions return the same hash value.

**Answer: 1**

9. Which of these characters can be processed by the htmlspecialchars() function?

1. ' - single quote
2. " - double quote
3. < - less than
4. > - greater than
5. & - an ampersand
6. All

**Answer: 6**

10. Choose all valid PHP5 data types.

1. money
2. varchar
3. float
4. char
5. complex

**Answer: 3**



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11. How many parameters can be passed to this function?

```
<?php
function f() {
  ...
}
```

```
?>
```

1. 0 (zero)
2. 1 (one)
3. that amount determined by the php configuration.
4. any number of params.

**Answer: 4**

12. What gets printed?

```
<?php
$var = 'false';
```

```
if ($var) {
  echo 'true';
} else {
  echo 'false';
}
?>
```

**Answer: true** [This is a string literal, which converts to Boolean true]

13. Which of the following is used to declare a constant

1. const
2. constant
3. define
4. #pragma
5. Def

**Answer: 3**

Here is an example of declaring and using a constant:

```
define(PI, 3.14);
printf("PI = %.2f\n", PI);
```

14. What will be printed?

```
<?php
$var = '0';
if ($var) {
  echo 'true';
} else {
  echo 'false';
}
?>
```

**Answer: false**

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15. What will be the value of \$var?

```
<?php $var = 1 / 2; ?>
```

1. 0
2. 0.5
3. 1

**Answer:2**

16. How do we access the value of 'd' later?

```
$a = array( 'a', 3=>'b', 1=>'c', 'd' );
```

1. \$a[0]
2. \$a[1]
3. \$a[2]
4. \$a[3]
5. \$a[4]

**Answer: 5**

17. Which of the following is NOT a magic predefined constant?

1. LINE
2. FILE
3. DATE
4. CLASS
5. METHOD

**Answer: 3**

18. What will be printed?

```
$a = array();  
if ($a == null) {  
    echo 'true';  
} else {  
    echo 'false';  
}
```

**Answer: true**[empty array converts to null]

19. What will be printed?

```
if (null === false) {  
    echo 'true';  
} else {  
    echo 'false';  
}
```

**Answer: false**

=== is true if values are equal and of the same type, false is of the boolean type, but null is of the special null type



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20. What gets printed?

```
<?php
$RESULT = 11 + 011 + 0x11;
echo "$RESULT";
?>
```

1. 11
2. 22
3. 33
4. 37
5. 39

**Answer:** 4 [A decimal plus an octal plus a hex number.  $11 + 9 + 17 = 37$ ]

21. What will be the value of \$var below?

```
$var = true ? '1' : false ? '2' : '3';
```

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3

**Answer:** 2 [ternary expressions are evaluated from left to right]

22. What will be printed?

```
if ('2' == '02') {
    echo 'true';
} else {
    echo 'false';
}
```

**Answer:** true [Numerical strings are compared as integers]

23. Which of the following is NOT a valid PHP comparison operator?

1. !=
2. >=
3. <=>
4. <>
5. ===
- 6.

**Answer:** 3

24. What will be printed?

```
$var = 'a';
$VAR = 'b';
echo "$var$VAR";
```

1. aa
2. bb
3. ab

**Answer:** 3 [Variable names are case-sensitive]



25. What will be printed?

```
$a = array( null => 'a', true => 'b', false => 'c', 0 => 'd', 1 => 'e', " => 'f');  
echo count($a), "\n";
```

1. 2
2. 3
3. 4
4. 5
5. 6

**Answer:** 2 [Keys will be converted like this: null to " (empty string), true to 1, false to 0]

26. What gets printed?

```
class MyException extends Exception {}  
try {  
    throw new MyException('Oops!');  
} catch (Exception $e) {  
    echo "Caught Exception\n";  
} catch (MyException $e) {  
    echo "Caught MyException\n";  
}
```

**Answer:** Caught Exception [The first catch will match because MyException is a subclass of Exception, so the second catch is unreachable]

27. What will be printed?

```
$a = array();  
if ($a[1]) null;  
echo count($a), "\n";
```

1. 0
2. 1
3. 2
4. this code won't work

**Answer:** 1 [checking value in if() does not create an array element]

28. What will be printed by the below code?

```
$a = 1;  
{  
    $a = 2;  
}  
echo $a, "\n";
```

**Answer:** 2 [PHP variables only have a single scope (except in functions)]



29. What gets printed?

```
<?php
$str = 'a\\b\\n';
echo $str;
?>
```

1. ab(newline)
2. a\b(newline)
3. a\b\n
4. a\\b(newline)
5. a\\b\n

**Answer:** 3 [\\ is a special case in single-quoted string literals, which gives a single \, \n is not interpolated in single quoted string literals]

30. Which statement about the code below is correct?

```
class A {}
class B {}
class C extends A, B {}
```

1. the code is perfectly fine
2. classes can not be empty
3. class C can not extend both A and B
4. qualifiers 'public' or 'private' are missing in class definitions

**Answer:** 3 [A class can only inherit one base class]

31. What gets printed?

```
<?php
$x=array("aaa","ttt","www","ttt","yyy","tttt");
$y=array_count_values($x);
echo $y[ttt];
?>
```

- a)2
- b)3
- c)1
- d)4

**Answer:** a

```
eg:
<?php
$array = array(1, "hello", 1, "world", "hello");
print_r(array_count_values($array));
?>
```

After execution of above script we will get output:  
Array





```
(  
    [1] => 2 //1 came two times in array  
    [hello] => 2 //Hello came two times in array  
    [world] => 1  
)
```

32. What's the best way to copy a file from within a piece of PHP?

1. Print out a message asking your user to "telnet" in to the server and copy the file for you
2. Open the input and output files, and use read() and write() to copy the data block by block until read() returns a zero
3. Use the built in copy() function
4. Use "exec" to run an operating system command such as cp (Unix, Linux) or copy (Windows)

**Answer: 3**

33. In php Which method is used to getting browser properties?

1. \$\_SERVER['HTTP\_USER\_AGENT'];
2. \$\_SERVER['PHP\_SELF']
3. \$\_SERVER['SERVER\_NAME']
4. \$\_SERVER['HTTP\_VARIANT']

**Answer: 1**

34. Assume that your php file 'index.php' in location c:/apache/htdocs/phptutor/index.php. If you used \$\_SERVER['PHP\_SELF'] function in your page, then what is the return value of this function ?

1. phptutor/index.php
2. /phptutor/index.php
3. c:/apache/htdocs/phptutor/index.php
4. index.php

**Answer: 2**

35. What will be the output of below code ?  
Assume that today is 2009-5-19 2:45:32 pm  
<?php

```
$today = date("F j, Y, g:i a");
```

```
?>
```

1. May 19,09,2:45:32 PM
2. May 19, 2009, 2:45 pm
3. May 19,2009,14:45:32 pm
4. May 19,2009,14:45:32 PM





**Answer: 2**

36. What function used to print statement in PHP?

1. echo();
2. printf
3. "

**Answer: 1**

37. <?php  
define("x","5");  
\$x=x+10;  
echo x;  
?>

1. Error
2. 15
3. 10
4. 5

**Answer: 4**

38. PHP variables are

1. Multitype variables
2. Double type variables
3. Single type variable
4. Triple type variables

**Answer: 1**

39. Which of these statements is true?

1. PHP interfaces to the MySQL database, and you should transfer any data in Oracle or Sybase to MySQL if you want to use PHP on the data.
2. PHP interfaces to a number of relational databases such as MySQL, Oracle and Sybase. A wrapper layer is provided so that code written for one database can easily be transferred to another if you later switch your database engine.
3. PHP interfaces to a number of relational databases such as MySQL, Oracle and Sybase but the interface differs in each case.
4. There's little code in PHP to help you interface to databases, but there's no reason why you can't write such code if you want to.

**Answer: 3**

40. Which of the following is used to check if a function has already been defined?

1. bool function\_exists(functionname)
2. bool f\_exists(functionname)
3. bool func\_exist(functionname)

**Answer: 1**



41. Assume that your php file 'index.php' in location c:/apache/htdocs/phptutor/index.php. If you used basename(\$\_SERVER['PHP\_SELF']) function in your page, then what is the return value of this function ?

1. phptutor
2. phptutor/index.php
3. index.php
4. /index.php

**Answer: 3**

42. Below program will call the function display\_result() ?

```
<?php  
$x="display";  
${$x.'_result'} ();  
?>
```

1. False
2. True
3. Parser Error
4. None of the above

**Answer: 2**

43. What gets printed?

```
<?php  
$str="3dollars";  
$a=20;  
$a+=$str;  
print($a);  
?>
```

1. 23dollars
2. 203dollars
3. 320dollars
4. 23

**Answer: 4**

44. What gets printed?

```
<?php  
function zz(&$x)  
{  
    $x=$x+5;  
}  
?>  
$x=10;
```



```
zz($x);  
echo $x;
```

1. 5
2. 0
3. 15
4. 10

**Answer: 3**

45. What is the following output?

```
<?php  
$x=dir(".");  
while($y=$x->read())  
{  
    echo $y."  
"}  
$y->close();  
?>
```

1. display all folder names
2. display a folder content
3. display content of the all drives
4. Parse error

**Answer: 2**

```
46. <?php  
$test="3.5seconds";  
settype($test,"double");  
settype($test,"integer");  
settype($test,"string");  
print($test);  
?>
```

What is the following output?

1. 3.5
2. 3.5seconds
3. 3
4. 3second

**Answer: 3**

47. PHP is

1. Partially cross-platform



2. Truly cross-platform
3. None of above

**Answer: 2**

48. PHP is a \_\_\_\_\_. It means you do not have to tell PHP which data type the variable is. PHP automatically converts the variable to the correct data type, depending on its value.

1. client side language
2. local language
3. global language
4. loosely typed language

**Answer: 4**

49. Which of the following function is used to change the root directory in PHP?

1. choot()
2. change\_root()
3. cd\_root()
4. cd\_r()

**Answer: 1**

50. The PHP syntax is most similar to:

1. PERL and C
2. Java script
3. VB Script
4. Visual Basic

**Answer: 1**

51. What will be the output of below code ?

```
<?php
```

```
$arr = array(5 => 1, 12 => 2);  
$arr[] = 56;  
$arr["x"] = 42;  
echo var_dump($arr);
```

```
?>
```

1. 42
2. array(3) { [12]=> int(2) [13]=> int(56) ["x"]=> int(42) }
3. array(4) { [5]=>int(1) [12]=> int(2) [13]=> int(56) ["x"]=> int(42) }
4. 1,2,56,42

**Answer: 3**

52. What is the output of the following PHP script?



```
<?php
define('SOMEVAL', 0);

if (strlen(SOMEVAL) > 0) {
    echo "Hello";
}
else {
    echo "Goodbye";
}
?>
```

1. Goodbye
2. Hello
3. Syntax Error

Answer:

53. Consider the following PHP code:

```
<?php
$myArray = array(
    10, 20, 30, 40
);
?>
```

What is the simplest way to return the values **20** and **30** in a new array without modifying **\$myArray**?

1. `array_slice($myArray, 1, 2);`
2. `array_splice($myArray, 2, 1);`
3. `array_slice($myArray, 2, 1);`
4. `array_slice($myArray, 10, 20);`

Answer:

54. What will this output

```
<?php
$a = false;
$b = true;
$c = false;

if ($a ? $b : $c) {
    echo "false";
} else {
    echo "true";
}
?>
```



**Answer:** true

Explanation: If \$a is true, then \$b will be evaluated; otherwise (as is the case here) \$c will be evaluated. As \$c is false, the conditional evaluates as false, and the script (confusingly) prints true.

55: What can you use to replace like with hate in I like Regular Expressions?

**Answer:** preg\_replace("/like/", "hate", "I like Regular Expressions")

Explanation: The search is a regular expression and it has slashes around it, the replace isn't, so it doesn't have any slashes.

56: What library do you need in order to process images?

**Answer:** GD library

57: What function sends mail:

**Answer:** imap\_mail, mail

58: What is the problem with `<?=$expression ?> ?`

**Answer:** It requires short tags and this is not compatible with XML.

Explanation: If you have short\_open\_tag On then this XML `<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>` (for example) will be parsed by the PHP engine, causing both a PHP and a XML parsing error.

59: Put this line `php display_errors=false` in a .htaccess file when you deploy the application?

**Answer:** That won't hide any error 'coz it's not the correct code

Explanation: I would have said 'Good idea, increases security', but wait a minute... the correct syntax is `php_flag display_errors Off` ...

60: Which of the following regular expressions will match the string go.go.go?

**Answer:** `..\..\..`

Explanation: Any character (twice) followed by a period followed by any character (twice) followed by ...

61: A constructor is a special kind of \_\_\_\_\_

**Answer:** Method

Explanation: It is a function, but since it's in a class we call it a method.





62: What does break; do?

**Answer:** Ends execution of the current for, foreach, while, do-while or switch structure

Explanation: Yup. If you were tempted to say 'moves on to the next iteration', that's the continue statement.

63: Can this PHP code be valid:

```
$4bears = $bears->getFirst4();
```

**Answer:** No

Explanation: A variable name can't start with a number. Don't ask me why not, I don't see any reason why it shouldn't; it's probably some carry over from C.

64: What will this output:

```
<?php  
$dog = "Dogzilla";  
$dragon = &$dog;  
$dragon = "Dragonzilla";
```

```
echo $dog. " ";  
echo $dragon;  
?>
```

**Answer:** Dragonzilla Dragonzilla

Explanation: \$dragon is really \$dog, it just has a different name.

65: Assuming all the variables a, b, c have already been defined, could this be a variable name: `$(a)$(b)$(c)` ?

**Answer:** Yes

Explanation: Yup, it's a multidimensional array.

66: In MySQL, if you want to find out about the structure of a table tblQuiz, what will you use?

**Answer:** DESCRIBE tblQuiz

67: In which of the following scenarios might you use the function md5?

1. perform large number multiplication
2. perform authentication without unnecessarily exposing the access credentials

**Answer:** 2



Explanation: md5 returns an unique hash string for the string you pass it; if you have only the hash it's practically impossible to find the string that produces it.

68: What does this function do:

```
<?php
function my_func($variable)
{
    return (is_numeric($variable) && $variable % 2 == 0);
}
?>
```

**Answer:** tests whether \$variable is an even number

Explanation: It returns true if \$variable is divisible by 2.

69: How do you find the square root of a number?

**Answer:** In both PHP and MySQL you have a function called sqrt


70: Assuming results of a bunch of quizzes are kept in the following table, how do you print all the quizzes' names and their average score (quizName is 'Php Mysql', 'Css Html', 'Web Design' and so on for other quizzes)?

| Field        | Type         |
|--------------|--------------|
| userName     | varchar(20)  |
| userScore    | tinyint(3)   |
| userComments | varchar(255) |
| quizName     | varchar(20)  |


**Answer:** select quizName, avg(userScore) from tblQuiz group by quizName;

71: Is this quiz table normalized and is that OK?

| Field        | Type         |
|--------------|--------------|
| userName     | varchar(20)  |
| userEmail    | varchar(20)  |
| userScore    | tinyint(3)   |
| userComments | varchar(255) |
| quizName     | varchar(20)  |
| quizType     | varchar(20)  |
| quizUrl      | varchar(20)  |



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**Answer:** it's not normalized, and that's NOT OK

Explanation: The quiz data (name, type, url) should be moved in a new table because it repeats itself on many rows. The table that stores results should be linked to this new table by a foreign key.

72: Which is the correct timeline (OO stands for object oriented)?

1. OO Programming, OO Analysis, OO Design
2. OO Analysis, OO Design, OO Programming

**Answer:** 2

Explanation: First Analysis, then Design, then Programming.

73: What does this output:

```
class T
{
    public $m = "a";

    function T()
    {
        $this->m = "b";
    }
}
```

```
$t = new T();
$p = $t->m;
$p = "c";

echo $t->m;
```

**Answer:** b

Explanation: \$p = "c"; does not modify the object member.

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## PHP Technical Questions

by [Pankaj Jha](#), Developer at Global Journals In. on Sep 21, 2012

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## PHP Technical Questions

Document Transcript

1. 1. What does the following code return?  
`$arr = array(1,3,5); $count = count($arr); if ($count == 0) { echo "An array is empty."; } else { echo "An array has $count elements."; }`  
 1. An array has 3 elements. 2. An array consists of 0 elements. 3. An array is empty. Answer: 22. What is the result of the following code?  
`$a = 10; if ($a > 5 OR < 15) echo "true"; else echo "false";`  
 1. true 2. false 3. There is a syntax error will display. 4. Nothing will be displayed. Answer: 33. Which of the statements is not true of the interfaces?  
 1. A class can implement multiple interfaces. 2. Methods with the same names and arguments can exist in multiple interfaces, this class implements. 3. An abstract class can implement multiple interfaces. 4. The interface itself can extend multiple interfaces. Answer: 24. If you want to pass the argument of the function by reference, the correct path would be:  
 1. `function ModifyReport(&$Rptfile){ }`  
 2. `function ModifyReport($Rptfile){ }`  
 3. `function ModifyReport(ByRef $Rptfile){ }`  
 4. `function ModifyReport(&Rptfile){ }`  
 Answer: 15. Which of the following pairs of operators are not opposite?  
 1. +, - 2. &=, |= 3. ==, != 4. <<, >>  
 Answer: 21 | Page Pankaj Kumar Jha (www.globaljournals.org)
2. 6. Which of the following casts are not true?  
`<?php $fig = 23; $varbl = (real) $fig; $varb2 = (double) $fig; $varb3 = (decimal) $fig; $varb4 = (bool) $fig; ?>`  
 1. real 2. double 3. decimal 4. boolean Answer: 37. Choose false statement about abstract classes in PHP5.  
 1. Abstract classes are introduced in PHP5. 2. An abstract methods definition may contain method body. 3. Class with at least one abstract method must be declared as abstract. 4. An abstract class may contain non-abstract methods. Answer: 28. Which of the following functions returns the longest hash value?  
 1. `sha1()` 2. `md5()` 3. `crc32()` 4. All these functions return the same hash value. Answer: 19. Which of these characters can be processed by the `htmlspecialchars()` function?  
 1. - single quote 2. - double quote 3. < - less than 4. > - greater than 5. & - an ampersand 6. All Answer: 610. Choose all valid PHP5 data types.  
 1. money 2. varchar 3. float 4. char 5. complex Answer: 32 | Page Pankaj Kumar Jha (www.globaljournals.org)
3. 11. How many parameters can be passed to this function?  
`<?function f() {`

...} ?> 1. 0 (zero) 2. 1 (one) 3. that amount determined by the php configuration.  
4. any number of params. Answer: 412. What gets printed? <?php \$var = false; if (\$var) { echo true; } else { echo false; } ?> Answer: true [This is a string literal, which converts to Boolean true] 13. Which of the following is used to declare a constant 1. const 2. constant 3. define 4. #pragma 5. Def Answer: 3 Here is an example of declaring and using a constant: define(Pi, 3.14); printf("PI = %.2fn", Pi); 14. What will be printed? <?php \$var = 0; if (\$var) { echo true; } else { echo false; } ?> Answer: false 3 | Page Pankaj Kumar Jha (www.globaljournals.org)

4. 15. What will be the value of \$var? <?php \$var = 1 / 2; ?> 1. 0 2. 0.5 3. 1 Answer: 2 16. How do we access the value of d later? \$a = array( a, 3 => b, 1 => c, d ); 1. \$a[0] 2. \$a[1] 3. \$a[2] 4. \$a[3] 5. \$a[4] Answer: 5 17. Which of the following is NOT a magic predefined constant? 1. \_\_LINE\_\_ 2. \_\_FILE\_\_ 3. \_\_DATE\_\_ 4. \_\_CLASS\_\_ 5. \_\_METHOD\_\_ Answer: 3 18. What will be printed? \$a = array(); if (\$a == null) { echo true; } else { echo false; } Answer: true [empty array converts to null] 19. What will be printed? if (null === false) { echo true; } else { echo false; } Answer: false === is true if values are equal and of the same type, false is of the boolean type, but null is of the special null type 4 | Page Pankaj Kumar Jha (www.globaljournals.org)

5. 20. What gets printed? <?php \$RESULT = 11 + 011 + 0x11; echo "\$RESULT"; ?> 1. 11 2. 22 3. 33 4. 37 5. 39 Answer: 4 [A decimal plus an octal plus a hex number. 11 + 9 + 17 = 37] 21. What will be the value of \$var below? \$var = true ? 1 : false ? 2 : 3; 1. 1 2. 2 3. 3 Answer: 2 [ternary expressions are evaluated from left to right] 22. What will be printed? if (2 == 02) { echo true; } else { echo false; } Answer: true [Numerical strings are compared as integers] 23. Which of the following is NOT a valid PHP comparison operator? 1. != 2. >= 3. <=> 4. <> 5. === Answer: 3 24. What will be printed? \$var = a; \$VAR = b; echo "\$var\$VAR"; 1. aa 2. bb 3. ab Answer: 3 [Variable names are case-sensitive] 5 | Page Pankaj Kumar Jha (www.globaljournals.org)

6. 25. What will be printed? \$a = array( null => a, true => b, false => c, 0 => d, 1 => e, => f ); echo count(\$a, "n"); 1. 2 2. 3 3. 4 4. 5 5. 6 Answer: 2 [Keys will be converted like this: null to (empty string), true to 1, false to 0] 26. What gets printed? class MyException extends Exception { } try { throw new MyException(Oops!); } catch (Exception \$e) { echo "Caught Exceptionn"; } catch (MyException \$e) { echo "Caught MyExceptionn"; } Answer: Caught Exception [The first catch will match because MyException is a subclass of Exception, so the second catch is unreachable] 27. What will be printed? \$a = array(); if (\$a[1]) null; echo count(\$a, "n"); 1. 0 2. 1 3. 2 4. this code wont work Answer: 1 [checking value in if() does not create an array element] 28. What will be printed by the below code? \$a = 1; { \$a = 2; } echo \$a, "n"; Answer: 2 [PHP variables only have a single scope (except in functions)] 6 | Page Pankaj Kumar Jha (www.globaljournals.org)

7. 29. What gets printed? <?php \$str = abn; echo \$str; ?> 1. ab(newline) 2. ab(newline) 3. abn 4. ab(newline) 5. abn Answer: 3 [ is a special case in single-quoted string literals, which gives a single , n is not interpolated in single-quoted string literals] 30. Which statement about the code below is correct? class A { } class B { } class C extends A, B { } 1. the code is perfectly fine 2. classes can not be empty 3. class C can not extend both A and B 4. qualifiers

public or private are missing in class definitions  
 Answer: 3 [A class can only inherit one base class]  
 31. What gets printed?

```
<?php$x=array("aaa","ttt","www","ttt","yyy","ttt");$y=array_count_values($x);echo $y[ttt];?>a)2b)3c)1d)4
```

Answer: aeg:  
 <?php\$array = array(1, "hello", 1, "world", "hello");  
 print\_r(array\_count\_values(\$array));?>

After execution of above script we will get output: Array (1) => 2 // Hello came two times in array [hello] => 2 // Hello came two times in array [world] => 1)

32. What's the best way to copy a file from within a piece of PHP?

1. Print out a message asking your user to "telnet" in to the server and copy the file for you
2. Open the input and output files, and use read() and write() to copy the data block by block until read() returns a zero
3. Use the built-in copy() function
4. Use "exec" to run an operating system command such as cp (Unix, Linux) or copy (Windows)

Answer: 333. In php Which method is used to getting browser properties?

1. \$\_SERVER[HTTP\_USER\_AGENT];
2. \$\_SERVER[PHP\_SELF]
3. \$\_SERVER[SERVER\_NAME]
4. \$\_SERVER[HTTP\_VARIANT]

Answer: 134. Assume that your php file index.php in location c:/apache/htdocs/phptutor/index.php. If you used \$\_SERVER[PHP\_SELF] function in your page, then what is the return value of this function?

1. phptutor/index.php
2. /phptutor/index.php
3. c:/apache/htdocs/phptutor/index.php
4. index.php

Answer: 235. What will be the output of below code? Assume that today is 2009-5-19:2:45:32 pm

```
<?php$today = date("F j, Y, g:i a");?>
```

1. May 19,09,2:45:32 PM
2. May 19, 2009, 2:45 pm
3. May 19,2009,14:45:32 pm
4. May 19,2009,14:45:32 PM

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9. Answer: 236. What function used to print statement in PHP?

1. echo();
2. printf
3. "Answer: 137. <?phpdefine("x","5");\$x=x+10;echo x;?>
1. Error
2. 15
3. 10
4. 5

Answer: 438. PHP variables are

1. Multitype variables
2. Double type variables
3. Single type variable
4. Triple type variables

Answer: 139. Which of these statements is true?

1. PHP interfaces to the MySQL database, and you should transfer any data in Oracle or Sybase to MySQL if you want to use PHP on the data.
2. PHP interfaces to a number of relational databases such as MySQL, Oracle and Sybase. A wrapper layer is provided so that code written for one database can easily be transferred to another if you later switch your database engine.
3. PHP interfaces to a number of relational databases such as MySQL, Oracle and Sybase but the interface differs in each case.
4. There's little code in PHP to help you interface to databases, but there's no reason why you can't write such code if you want to.

Answer: 340. Which of the following is used to check if a function has already been defined?

1. bool function\_exists(functionname)
2. bool f\_exists(functionname)
3. bool func\_exist(functionname)

Answer: 19|Page Pankaj Kumar Jha (www.globaljournals.org)

10. 41. Assume that your php file index.php in location c:/apache/htdocs/phptutor/index.php. If you used basename(\$\_SERVER[PHP\_SELF]) function in your page, then what is the return value of this function?

1. phptutor
2. phptutor/index.php
3. index.php
4. /index.php

Answer: 342. Below program will call the function display\_result()

```
?<?php$x="display";${$x}_result()();?>
```

1. False
2. True
3. Parser Error
4. None of the above

Answer: 243. What gets printed?

```
<?php$str="3dollars";$a=20;$a+=$str;print($a);?>
```

1. 23dollars
2. 23



203dollars 3. 320dollars 4. 23Answer: 444. What gets printed?<?phpfunction

zz(& \$x){ \$x=\$x+5;}?>\$x=10;10 | P a g e Pankaj Kumar Jha

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11. zz(\$x);echo \$x; 1. 5 2. 0 3. 15 4. 10Answer: 345. What is the following

output?<?php\$x=dir(".");while(\$y=\$x->read()){echo \$y.""}\$y->close();?> 1.

display all folder names 2. display a folder content 3. display content of the all

drives 4. Parse errorAnswer: 246. <?php\$test="3.5seconds";

settype(\$test,"double");settype(\$test,"integer");settype(\$test,"string");

print(\$test);?>What is the following output? 1. 3.5 2. 3.5seconds 3. 3 4.

3secondAnswer: 347. PHP is 1. Partially cross-platform11 | P a g e Pankaj

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12. 2. Truly cross-platform 3. None of aboveAnswer: 248. PHP is a \_\_\_\_\_. It

means you do not have to tell PHP which data type the variable

is.PHPautomatically converts the variable to the correct data type, depending on

its value. 1. client side language 2. local language 3. global language 4. loosely

typed languageAnswer: 449. Which of the following function is used to change

the root directory in PHP? 1. chooot() 2. change\_root() 3. cd\_root() 4.

cd\_r()Answer: 150. The PHP syntax is most similar to: 1. PERL and C 2. Java

script 3. VB Script 4. Visual BasicAnswer: 151. What will be the output of

below code ?<?php\$arr = array(5 => 1, 12 => 2);\$arr[] = 56;\$arr["x"] = 42;echo

var\_dump(\$arr);?> 1. 42 2. array(3) { [12]=> int(2) [13]=> int(56) ["x"]=>

int(42) } 3. array(4) { [5]=>int(1) [12]=> int(2) [13]=> int(56) ["x"]=> int(42) }

4. 1,2,56,42Answer: 352. What is the output of the following PHP script?12 | P

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13. <?php define(SOMEVAL, 0); if (strlen(SOMEVAL) > 0) { echo "Hello"; }

else { echo "Goodbye"; }?> 1. Goodbye 2. Hello 3. Syntax ErrorAnswer:53.

Consider the following PHP code:<?php \$myArray = array( 10, 20, 30, 40

);?>What is the simplest way to return the values 20 and 30 in a new array

withoutmodifying \$myArray? 1. array\_slice(\$myArray, 1, 2); 2.

array\_splice(\$myArray, 2, 1); 3. array\_slice(\$myArray, 2, 1); 4.

array\_slice(\$myArray, 10, 20);Answer:54. What will this output <?php \$a =

false; \$b = true; \$c = false; if (\$a ? \$b : \$c) { echo "false"; } else { echo "true";

} ?>13 | P a g e Pankaj Kumar Jha (www.globaljournals.org)

14. Answer: trueExplanation: If \$a is true, then \$b will be evaluated; otherwise

(as is the case here) \$c will beevaluated. As \$c is false, the conditional

evaluates as false, and the script (confusingly) printstrue.55: What can you use

to replace like with hate in I like Regular Expressions?Answer:

preg\_replace("/like/", "hate", "I like Regular Expressions")Explanation: The

search is a regular expression and it has slashes around it, the replace isnt,so it

doesnt have any slashes.56. What library do you need in order to process

images?Answer: GD library57. What function sends mail:Answer: imap\_mail,

mail58: What is the problem with <?=\$expression ?> ?Answer: It requires short

tags and this is not compatible with XMLExplanation: If you have

short\_open\_tag On then this XML <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>

(for example) will be parsed by the PHP engine, causing both a PHP and a

XML parsingerror.59: Put this line php display\_errors=false in a .htaccess file

when you deploy the application?Answer: That wont hide any error coz its not

the correct codeExplanation: I would have said Good idea, increases security,  
but wait a minute... the correctsyntax is `php_flag display_errors Off ...60.`

Which of the following regular expressions will match the string

`go.go.go`?Answer: .....Explanation: Any character (twice) followed by a  
period followed by any character (twice)followed by ...61: A constructor is a  
special kind of \_\_\_\_\_Answer: MethodExplanation: It is a function,  
but since its in a class we call it a method.14 | P a g e Pankaj Kumar Jha  
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15. 62: What does break; do?Answer: Ends execution of the current for,  
foreach, while, do-while or switch structureExplanation: Yup. If you were  
tempted to say moves on to the next iteration, thats the continuestatement.63:

Can this PHP code be valid:\$4bears = \$bears->getFirst4();Answer:

NoExplanation: A variable name cant start with a number. Dont ask me why  
not, I dont see anyreason why it shouldnt; its probably some carry over from  
C.64. What will this output:<?php\$dog = "Dogzilla";\$dragon = &\$dog;\$dragon  
= "Dragonzilla";echo \$dog." ";echo \$dragon;?>Answer: Dragonzilla

DragonzillaExplanation: \$dragon is really \$dog, it just has a different name.65:

Assuming all the variables a, b, c have already been defined, could this be a  
variable name:\${ \$a}[\$b][\$c] ?Answer: YesExplanation: Yup, its a

multidimensional array.66: In MySQL, if you want to find out about the  
structure of a table tblQuiz, what will you use?Answer: DESCRIBE tblQuiz67:  
In which of the following scenarios might you use the function md5? 1. perform  
large number multiplication 2. perform authentication without unnecessarily  
exposing the access credentialsAnswer: 215 | P a g e Pankaj Kumar Jha  
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16. Explanation: md5 returns an unique hash string for the string you pass it; if  
you have only thehash its practically impossible to find the string that produces

it.68: What does this function do:<?phpfunction my\_func(\$variable){ return  
(is\_numeric(\$variable) && \$variable % 2 == 0);}?>Answer: tests whether  
\$variable is an even numberExplanation: It returns true if \$variable is divisible

by 2.69: How do you find the square root of a number?Answer: In both PHP  
and MySQL you have a function called sqrt70: Assuming results of a bunch of  
quizzes are kept in the following table, how do you print allthe quizzes names  
and their average score (quizName is Php Mysql, Css Html, Web Designand so  
on for other quizzes)?+-----+-----+| Field | Type

|+-----+-----+| userName | varchar(20) || userScore | tinyint(3) ||  
userComments | varchar(255) || quizName | varchar(20)

|+-----+-----+Answer: select quizName, avg(userScore) from

tblQuiz group by quizName;71: Is this quiz table normalized and is that

OK?+-----+-----+| Field | Type |+-----+-----+|  
userName | varchar(20) || userEmail | varchar(20) || userScore | tinyint(3) ||  
userComments | varchar(255) || quizName | varchar(20) || quizType |  
varchar(20) || quizUrl | varchar(20) |16 | P a g e Pankaj Kumar Jha  
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17. +-----+-----+Answer: its not normalized, and thats NOT  
OKExplanation: The quiz data (name, type, url) should be moved in a new table  
because it repeatsitself on many rows. The table that stores results should be  
linked to this new table by a foreignkey.72: Which is the correct timeline (OO

stands for object oriented)? 1. OO Programming, OO Analysis, OO Design 2.

OO Analysis, OO Design, OO ProgrammingAnswer: 2Explanation: First

Analysis, then Design, then Programming.73: What does this output:class T{

```
public $m = "a"; function T() { $this->m = "b"; } }$t = new T();$p = $t->m;$p =
```

```
"c";echo $t->m;Answer: bExplanation: $p = "c"; does not modify the object
```

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