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| Batch: ID-WPSI/PTTC-01A/R30/01  Date: 26-11-2016  Total Time : \_\_ Minutes  Total Marks: \_\_ | Module: -PHP MYSQL Final  Instructor: Abu Saleh Abdullah Al- Mamun  Mark Obtained: |
| Trainee Name : | Trainee ID: |

1. Which of the following function provides a convenient means for moving an uploaded file from file’the temporary directory to a final location?
2. Move\_uploaded\_files()
3. Move\_files();
4. Move\_file\_Uploaded();
5. How to get the file size, in bytes of the file uploaded from the client Machine?
6. $\_Files[‘userfile’]\_size Variable
7. $\_Files[‘userfile’][‘size’] variable
8. $\_Files[‘size’][‘tempname’]
9. All of them
10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ supperglobal stores a variety of information pertinent to file uploaded to the server via a PHP Script.
11. $\_File\_uploaded
12. B. $\_Files
13. $\_Files\_Array()
14. Which of the following function determine whether a file specified by the input parameters filename is uploaded using the post method?
15. Uploaded\_file()
16. File\_uploaded()
17. Is\_uploaded\_file()
18. None of them
19. Which of the following directive determines the maximum size in megabytes of an uploaded file?
20. Uploaded\_file()
21. File\_uploaded()
22. Max\_Size()
23. Upload\_max\_size()
24. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ allows to use domain names in place of the corresponding IP Address?
25. FTP
26. DNA
27. DNS
28. DNN
29. How to check the domain name exists or not?
30. Use checkDomain()
31. Use chechkdnsrr()
32. Use DNS\_Checking()
33. Which of the following function returns an array consisting of various DNS resource records pertinent to a specific domain?
34. Dns\_record()
35. Dns\_get\_record();
36. Domain\_get\_record()
37. Which of the following function returns the port number of a specific service?
38. Dns\_record()
39. Get\_port\_number();
40. Getserverbyname()
41. Which of the following are not a mail function in PHP?
42. Mail\_send\_to
43. Mail()
44. Send()
45. Sendmail()
46. To send a mail, Which of the following statement should be used?
47. Send\_mail("test@example.com", "This is a subject", "This is the mail body")
48. mail("test@example.com", "This is a subject", "This is the mail body")
49. mailto:("test@example.com", "This is a subject", "This is the mail body")
50. A session is started simply by calling session\_start() like this: session\_start();
51. True B. False
52. Erase the session variables from memory, and even completely wipe the session from storage done through the
53. session\_unset()
54. session\_destroy()
55. Session\_none()
56. Session\_fresh
57. Which function completely removing the session from the storage mechanism?
58. session\_unset() B. session\_destroy()
59. Session\_none() D. Session\_fresh
60. Which function completely removing the session from the memory?
61. session\_unset() B. session\_destroy() C. Session\_none() D. Session\_fresh
62. Which function offers a particularly convenient method for manually encoding

all session variables into a single string?

1. session\_unset() B. session\_destroy() C. session\_encoding() D . session\_encode
2. Encoded session data can be decoded. Which function offers a particularly convenient method for manually decode all session variables?
3. session\_unset() B. session\_destroy() C. session\_decoding() D. session\_decode()
4. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_plays an enormously important role in the implementation of Web Services?
5. SOAP protocol B. FTP Protocol C. HTTP Protocol D. XML Protocol
6. Which of the following statement is true about Web Services?
7. Web Service is a network service to support interoperable machine-to-machine interaction over a network
8. Web Service is a mailing systems to send a mail over a network
9. Web Service is a software system designed to support interoperable machine-to-machine interaction over a network
10. RSS offers a formalized means for encapsulating a Web site’s content within an XML-based structure, known as a feed
11. True B. False
12. XML document is stored in a variable, which function use to read it into the object?
13. simplexml\_load\_string() B. simplexml\_load() C. xml\_load\_string() D. load\_string()
14. to retrieve the XML Attributes?
15. Use attributes() method B. Use element() Method C. Use root() Method
16. FTP is a lightweight protocol intended for exchanging structured information in decentralized, distributed environment
17. True B. False
18. Which function offers a great tool for viewing a summary of PHP’s configuration on a given server?
19. The phpinfo() B.The info() C. The ApachiInfo()
20. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_can be defined as the translation of data into a format that is intended to be unread able by anyone except the intended party.
21. Encryption B. Decryption
22. Which algorithm can also be used as a password verification system?
23. Encryption B.MD5 C. MHash
24. Which data encryption package providing support for two-way encryption?
25. MD5 B.MHash C. Mcrypt D.Dcript
26. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_function encrypts data, returning the encrypted result?
27. mcrypt\_encrypt() B. encrypt() C. mcrypt()

29.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Determines whether a user is even allowed to connect to the server.

A. Authentication B. Authorization

30. Where Is Access Information Stored?

A. MySQL Datbase B. User Database C. User Define Database

31. commit method commits the present transaction to the database, returning TRUE on success and FALSE otherwise.

A. True B. False

32. A set of SQL statement stored in the database and executed by calling an assigned name within a query in known as What?

A. Stored Routine B. Stored Function C. Stored Tables D. View

33. Stored routines have a number of advantages

A. Consistency B. Performance C. Reference integrity D. Security

34. MySQL actually implements two procedural variants, which are collectively referred to as stored routines are

A. Stored Function B. Trigger C. Views D. Stored Procedure

35. Which stored Routine support execution of SQL commands such as SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, and DELETE?

A. Stored Function B. Trigger C. Views D. Stored Procedure

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| Batch: ID-WPSI/GNSL-01A/R21/01  Date: 06-12-2014  Total Time : \_\_\_\_Minutes  Total Marks: | Module: -mysql final  Instructor: Abu Saleh Abdullah Al- Mamun  Mark Obtained: |
| Trainee Name : | Trainee ID: |

1. Mysql is a Relational Database
2. True B. False
3. Which of the following are MySql Features?
4. Replication
5. Query Caching
6. Storage
7. Security
8. What are the MySql License Options?
9. MySql Open Source License
10. MySql Personal Edition License
11. Commercial License
12. Enterprise Edition License
13. Which of the following are MySql 5.0 Features?
14. Complete Foreign key Support
15. Stored Procedure Support
16. Integrated Report support
17. Batch Query Support
18. What are the storage engine of MySql?
19. HDD
20. InnoDB
21. MyISM
22. Backup
23. How to set the administrator password?
24. SET ADMINISTRATOR FOR root@localhost=PASSWORD('secret');
25. SET ROOT PASSWORD FOR root@localhost=PASSWORD('secret');
26. SET PASSWORD FOR root@localhost=PASSWORD('secret');
27. SET PASSWORD FOR Admininstrator@localhost=PASSWORD('secret');
28. Which of the following are true about MySqL Client?
29. capable of managing almost every conceivable aspect of a MySQL server, including creating, modifying, and deleting tables and databases
30. Capable of Database backup, Restore etc.
31. Viewing Configuration Variables and System Status
32. Which command use to view all the tables?
33. View Tables
34. Show Tables
35. Display Tables
36. To view a list of all existing databases
37. View Databases
38. Show Databases
39. Display Databases
40. How to view the structure of one of those tables?
41. Structure Student
42. Display student
43. Describe student
44. View Student
45. MySQL’s storage engines, namely
46. ARCHIVE
47. Index
48. XLS,
49. InnoDB
50. MyISAM.
51. A relational database \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a data structure used to store and organize information.
52. View
53. Table
54. Report
55. Stored Procedure
56. MyISAM tables handle transactions, meaning that you should use this type for all

of your transactional needs, so as not to incur the extra overhead required of transactional.

1. True
2. False
3. Which command use to view storage engine list?
4. View Engine
5. Show Storage
6. Show Engine
7. How Do I Convert ISAM Tables to MyISAM Tables?
8. MODIFY TABLE table\_name TYPE=MYISAM;
9. ADD TABLE table\_name TYPE=MYISAM;
10. ALTER TABLE table\_name TYPE=MYISAM;
11. What is the maximum size of the VARCHAR Column type?
12. 255 Byte
13. 255 Characters
14. 512 Byte
15. 512 Characters
16. How the Privilege System Works?
17. Authentication
18. Grant
19. Revoke
20. Authorization
21. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Determines whether a user is even allowed to connect to the server.
22. Authentication
23. Authorization
24. Where Is Access Information Stored?
25. MySQL Datbase
26. User Database
27. User Define Database
28. Which mysql command use to drop a user?
29. DROP from user jason@localhost;
30. Delete from user jason@localhost;
31. Delete user jason@localhost;
32. DROP user jason@localhost;
33. Which mysql command use to rename user?
34. CHANGE USER jason@localhost TO jasongilmore@localhost
35. RENAME USER jason@localhost;
36. RENAME USER jason@localhost TO jasongilmore@localhost
37. What are the key features of MySql extension?
38. Object oriented:
39. T Embedded Client support
40. Transactional support:
41. Which Method use to select MySql Database?
42. mysqli\_\_db (mysqli link, string dbname)
43. mysqli\_select\_database (mysqli link, string dbname)
44. mysqli\_\_database (mysqli link, string dbname)
45. mysqli\_select\_db (mysqli link, string dbname)
46. Which function is responsible for closing the connection?
47. mysql\_Exit (mysqli link)
48. mysql\_close (mysqli link)
49. mysql\_Nothing (mysqli link)
50. What is the diference between mysqli\_fetch\_object (mysqli\_result result) and mysqli\_fetch\_array (mysqli\_result result)?
51. mysqli\_fetch\_object except that an object is returned rather than an array.
52. Both Function are similar
53. mysqli\_fetch\_object except that an any value is returned rather than an array.
54. . commit method commits the present transaction to the database, returning TRUE on success and FALSE otherwise.
55. True B. False
56. A set of SQL statement stored in the database and executed by calling an assigned name within a query in known as What?
57. Stored Routine
58. Stored Function
59. Stored Tables
60. View
61. Stored routines have a number of advantages
62. Consistency
63. Performance
64. Reference integrity
65. Security
66. MySQL actually implements two procedural variants, which are collectively referred to as stored routines are
67. Stored Function
68. Trigger
69. Views
70. Stored Procedure
71. Which stored Routine support execution of SQL commands such as SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, and DELETE?
72. Stored Function
73. Trigger
74. Views
75. Stored Procedure
76. How to create a stored Routine?
77. CREATE Stored Routine get\_inventory()

Select \* from Student

1. CREATE PROCEDURE get\_inventory()

Select \* from Student

1. CREATE Routine get\_inventory()

Select \* from Student

1. Make PROCEDURE get\_inventory()

Select \* from Student

1. Which of the following statement is true about trigger?
2. A trigger is a task that executes in response to some predetermined event
3. A set of SQL statement stored in the database and executed by calling an assigned name
4. consists of a set of rows that is returned if a particular query is executed
5. A After trigger shouldn’t be used to enforce propagation or referential integrity, because it’s possible that other before triggers could execute after it.
6. True B. False
7. Which command produces several attributes for a trigger or set of triggers?
8. SHOW TRIGGERS
9. VIEW TRIGGERS
10. DISPLAY TRIGGERS
11. Which statement use to delete triggers?
12. DROP TRIGGER table\_name.trigger\_name
13. TRIGGER table\_name.trigger\_name
14. DELETE TRIGGER table\_name.trigger\_name
15. Which of the following statement is correct?
16. Views are supported: A trigger can be used in conjunction with a view.
17. Transactions are not supported: A trigger can’t be involved in the beginning or conclusion of a transaction.
18. Result sets can be returned from a trigger:
19. Which of the following statement is true about View?
20. A View is a task that executes in response to some predetermined event
21. A set of SQL statement stored in the database and executed by calling an assigned name
22. consists of a set of rows that is returned if a particular query is executed

38. What are the advantageous of View?

A. Simplicity

B. Security

C. Performance

D. Transaction

39. Which of the following example of creating a view?

A. Make A VIEW employee\_contact\_info\_view AS

SELECT first\_name, last\_name, email, phone FROM employee ORDER BY last\_name ASC;

1. CREATE VIEW employee\_contact\_info\_view AS

SELECT first\_name, last\_name, email, phone FROM employee ORDER BY last\_name ASC;

1. CREATE employee\_contact\_info\_view from

SELECT first\_name, last\_name, email, phone FROM employee ORDER BY last\_name ASC;

40. Which statement use to show the view structure?

A. DISPLAY employee\_contact\_info\_view;

B. DESC employee\_contact\_info\_view;

C. DESCRIBE employee\_contact\_info\_view;

41. WITH CHECK OPTION clause will prevent any subsequent view update from changing any value in the column to anything other than Columbus.

A. True B. False

1. Which of the following statement are correct?
2. The SQL subquery is a separate SELECT statement that is embedded in the main statement and may be executed once for each row of the result set.
3. cursor, such as its scrolling behavior and the query used to build the result set on which the cursor operates
4. MySQL’s database indexing and full-text search capabilities, and shows you how to execute Web-based database searches using PHP
5. All of Them
6. How to create a cursor?
7. Create cursor\_name CURSOR FOR select\_statement
8. DECLARE cursor\_name CURSOR FOR select\_statement
9. cursor\_name CURSOR FOR select\_statement
10. DECLARE CURSOR cursor\_name FOR select\_statement
11. For example, to limit returned query results to just the first five rows, construct the following query:
12. SELECT name, price FROM product ORDER BY name ASC MIN 5;
13. SELECT name, price FROM product ORDER BY name ASC LIMIT 5, 15;
14. SELECT name, price FROM product ORDER BY name ASC LIMIT 5;
15. SELECT name, price FROM product ORDER BY name ASC LIMIT 5,0;
16. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is essentially an ordered (or indexed) subset of table columns, with each row entry pointing to its corresponding table row
17. View B. An index C. Stored Routine D. Trigger
18. What are the Advantages of MySql Database Index?
19. Uniquness
20. Query Optimization
21. Text Searching
22. Database table search
23. Which of the following statement is true about Transaction?
24. A View is a task that executes in response to some predetermined event
25. A set of SQL statement stored in the database and executed by calling an assigned name
26. consists of a set of rows that is returned if a particular query is executed
27. A transaction is an ordered group of database operations that are perceived as a single unit
28. What is the four pillars of the transactional process ?
29. Performance B. Atomicity C. Consistency D.Isolation E.Durability
30. Which statement, a command that is executed much like a query is executed within the mysql client, is used to import delimited text files into a MySQL table?
31. LOAD DATA INFILE
32. IMPORT DATA INFILE
33. DATA INFILE
34. ADD DATA INFILE
35. Which SQL statement is actually a variant of the SELECT query. It’s used when you want to direct query output to a text file?
36. QUERY INTO OUTFILE B . ADD INTO OUTFILE C. INTO OUTFILE D. SELECT INTO OUTFILE
37. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_is really just a command-line version of the LOAD DATA INFILE SQL query.
38. mysqlimport client B. SELECT INTO OUTFILE C. LOAD DATA INFILE