



MATLAB EXERCISE II

FILTERING AND IDENTIFICATION (SC42025)

Hand in your solutions at the end of the session of 12-12-2018 (only hard-copy solutions are accepted)

To fulfil the requirements of this exercise, the student shall:

- Provide answers to the questions and hand those in before the deadline it is not necessary to prepare a report;
- Provide the Bode plots of question 3.5. Remember to add a legend to make each plot clearly identifiable.
- Append your code to your answers using the function publish from MATLAB

A given MATLAB data file (homework.mat) contains all the data that are needed for this exercise. You can import the data it contains by using the instruction load.

Important:

- The first two questions of this exercise require the preparation of two MATLAB functions. This task can take some time, especially for those who are not quite familiar with MATLAB programming. Please start working on those sections before the session on 12-12-2018!
- You are not allowed to use the system identification toolbox from MATLAB.
- 1. An ARX model of a noiseless system of order n is described by a transfer function of a structure like:

$$y(k) = \frac{B(q)}{A(q)}u(k) = \frac{b_0 + b_1q^{-1} + b_2q^{-2} + \dots + b_nq^{-n}}{a_0 + a_1q^{-1} + a_2q^{-2} + \dots + a_nq^{-n}}u(k)$$

where a_i , b_i are coefficients of the denominator and numerator ($a_0 = 1$, $b_0 = 0$ always), and q is the time-shift operator.

If you are given a set of N inputs u(k) and a set of N outputs y(k), the problem of finding an ARX model of order n can be solved by minimizing the difference between the actual output y and the predicted output \hat{y} that would be generated by a generic ARX model predictor:

find
$$a_i, b_i$$
 such that $J = \|y - \hat{y}\|_2^2 = \sum_{k=1}^N (y(k) - \hat{y}(k|k-1))^2$ is minimal,

with:

$$\hat{y}(k|k-1) = b_1 u(k-1) + b_2 u(k-2) + \ldots + b_n u(k-n) - a_1 y(k-1) - a_2 y(k-2) - \ldots - a_n y(k-n)$$

Due to the fact that \hat{y} is linear with respect to a_i and b_i , the minimisation problem shown above can be cast into a least-squares problem and easily solved.

Write your own MATLAB function for identification of a single-input single-output discrete-time ARX model. The prototype of the function shall be the following:

The function will return the numerator (best) and denominator (aest) coefficients of the discretetime SISO ARX model from a given input (column) vector u and its corresponding output vector y. The user should also specify the desired order (n) for the model.

Hint: look at Example 8.2 on page 271 in the textbook.

2. Write your own MATLAB function for subspace identification of a single-input single-output state-space model. The prototype of the function shall be the following:

```
[At, Bt, Ct, Dt, xOt, S] = mysubid(y, u, s, n)
```

The function will return the state-space matrices (At, Bt, Ct and Dt) and the initial state x0t from a given input (column) vector u and its corresponding output vector y. The user should also specify the desired order (n) for the model and the parameter s (the number of rows of the block-Hankel matrices $Y_{0,s,N}$ and $U_{0,s,N}$ used in subspace identification). An additional output (S) is a vector containing the singular values of $Y_{0,s,N}\Pi^{\perp}_{U_{0,s,N}}$.

Hint: if you find it too difficult to calculate Bt, Dt and x0t, you can use the function that is provided in the file subidhelp.m

- 3. The file homework.mat contains four couples of inputs and outputs of an unknown dynamic system (the acoustical duct): (u1, y1), (u2, y2), (u3, y3) and (u4, y4). We would like to use such sets for identifying a 6th order model.
 - 3.1 Of the four given sets, only two are useful for identification. Which ones? Why? *Hint: look at Definition 10.1 on page 358 in the textbook.*
 - 3.2 When using mysubid for estimating a model of order n, how should s be chosen?
 - 3.3 Why is it useful to have also the singular values of $Y_{0,s,N}\Pi^{\perp}_{U_{0,s,N}}$ as an output (the S) for mysubid?
 - 3.4 Use both your functions to identify a $6^{\rm th}$ order model of the system from the two suitable sets of data.
 - 3.5 The variable tfse contained in homework.mat is the transfer function of the original system. Draw the Bode plots of the 6th order transfer functions obtained with the identification process and compare them to the plot of the given transfer function. What are your considerations about these Bode plots? Do you see any differences between the models obtained with subspace identification and the ARX ones?

Note that you can obtain a bode diagram of the identified model as follows (the sample time is unspecified):

```
sys_id = tf(best,aest,-1)
bode(sys_id)
```

- 4. Consider the vectors u0 and y0 in homework.mat.
 - 4.1 Use mysubid to estimate the order of the system, and identify a model for it. Which is your estimate of the model order? How can you say this?
 - 4.2 Now suppose that the measures have a bias error of 0.2. Compute a vector y00 = y0 + 0.2. Use again mysubid to estimate the order and identify a model, this time with y00 instead of y0. Do you notice any relevant differences with what was found at 4.1? *Hint: the answer is yes...*
 - 4.3 Is the system found at 4.2 reachable? Which are its poles? Give an explanation. *Hint: do not use the instruction rank to compute the rank of a matrix.*