# Java Programming – Quiz I

Review of UNIT I

Date: 27.7.2015

<u>l</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>80</u>	9	<u>10</u>
<u> </u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>
<u>16</u>	<u>17</u>	<u> 8</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>25</u>
<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>
<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>
<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>
<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>45</u>
<u>46</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>50</u>

## Question I

- What is byte code in the context of Java?
  - I. The type of code generated by a Java compiler
  - 2. The type of code generated by a Java Virtual Machine
  - 3. It is another name for a Java source file
  - 4. It is the code written within the instance methods

of a class

#### **Answer:**

I. The type of code generated by a Java compiler

## Question 2

- What is garbage collection?
  - I. The operating system periodically deletes all of the java files available on the system.
  - 2. Any package imported in a program and not used is automatically deleted.
  - 3. When all references to an object are gone, the memory used by the object is automatically reclaimed.
  - 4. The JVM checks the output of any Java program and deletes anything that doesn't make sense.

#### **Answer:**

 When all references to an object are gone, the memory used by the object is automatically reclaimed.

### Question 3

 What is different between a Java applet and a Java application?

- An applet must be executed in a browser environment.
- Application is executed by JVM

# Question 4

### submarine.dive(depth);

### What can you say for sure?

- I. depth must be an int
- 2. dive must be a method.
- 3. dive must be the name of an instance field.
- 4. submarine must be the name of a class

#### **Answer:**

dive must be a method.

## Question 5

- When method defined in subclass which has same signature as a method in a super class, it is known as?
  - I. Overloading
  - 2. Overriding
  - 3. Packing
  - 4. none of these

#### **Answer:**

Overriding

### Question 6

- A class that cannot be a superclass is called as class.
  - I.Abstract
  - 2.parent class
  - 3.Final
  - 4.none of these

#### **Answer:**

Final

### Question 7

• Are JVM's platform independent?

#### **Answer:**

 JVM's are not platform independent. JVM's are platform specific run time implementation provided by the vendor

## Question 8

 How to define a constant variable in Java?

#### **Answer:**

final int var name=value;

### Question 9

 Does the order of public and static declaration matter in main() method?

#### **Answer:**

 No. It doesn't matter but void should always come before main().

### Question 10

Difference between final and finalize()?

- final is a modifier which can be applied to a class or a method or a variable
- finalize() is a method of Object class used for garbage collection

## Question 11

 What is an Abstract Class and what is it's purpose?

#### **Answer:**

 A Class which doesn't provide complete implementation is defined as an abstract class

### Question 12

 Can a abstract class be declared final?

#### **Answer:**

 Not possible. An abstract class without being inherited is of no use and hence will result in compile time error

### Question 13

 Which will legally declare, construct, and initialize an array?

```
    I.int [] myList = {"I", "2", "3"};
    2.int [] myList = (5, 8, 2);
    3.int myList [] [] = {4,9,7,0};
    4.int myList [] = {4, 3, 7};
```

```
4. int myList [] = \{4, 3, 7\};
```

### Question 14

 What is the difference between a JDK and a JVM?

- JDK is Java Development Kit for both development and execution environment.
- But JVM is purely a run time environment. Not possible to compile source file.

### Question 15

 Should a main() method be compulsorily declared in all java classes?

#### **Answer:**

 No not required. main() method should be defined only if the source class is a java application

### Question 16

Can a main() method be declared final?

- Yes.
- Inheriting class may not have its own main() definition.

## Question 17

 What happens when abstract variables are created?

#### **Answer:**

 Variables can't be declared as abstract. only classes and methods can be declared as abstract

### Question 18

- Which one is a valid declaration of a boolean?
  - I.boolean bI = 0;
  - 2. boolean b2 = 'false';
  - 3. boolean b3 = false;
  - 4. boolean b4 = no;

#### Answer:

3. boolean b3 = false;

### Question 19

What is the implication of this logo?

- Android Application Market
- A store where various android apps are purchased and downloaded

# Question 20

Infer this image



- Using java for cloud technology
- Cloud computing is the delivery of computing as a service rather than a product, whereby shared resources, software, and information are provided to computers and other devices as a utility (like the electricity grid) over a network (typically the Internet)

## Question 21

• What is platform?

#### **Answer:**

 A platform is basically the hardware or software environment in which a program runs

### Question 22

 What gives Java its 'write once and run anywhere' nature?

#### **Answer:**

The bytecode

### Question 23

```
class Equals
{
    public static void main(String [] args)
    {
        int x = 100;
        double y = 100.1;
        boolean b = (x = y);
        System.out.println(b);
    }
}
```

### Output?

- I. True
- 2. False
- 3. Compilation Fails
- 4.0

#### Answer:

Compilation fails

# Question 24

 Is Empty .java file name a valid source file name?

#### **Answer:**

• Yes, save your java file by .java only, compile it by javac .java and run by java yourclassname

# Question 25

Infer this image



#### **Answer:**

Various Mobile Operating System

### Question 26

 Can we override the overloaded method?

#### Answer:

Yes

### Question 27

 Can there be any abstract method without abstract class?

#### **Answer:**

 No, if there is any abstract method in a class, that class must be abstract.



### Question 28

```
class Test
{
    public static void main(String [] args)
    {
        int x=20;
        String sup = (x < 15) ? "small" : (x < 22)? "tiny" : "huge";
        System.out.println(sup);
    }
}</pre>
```

#### **Answer:**

tiny

# Question 29

 The property that keeps code and data safe from outside interference and misuse is?

#### **Answer:**

Encapsulation or Data Hiding

### Question 30

• What is Type Casting?

- A data type conversion method, between two incompatible types.
- Supports Narrowing (Reducing) conversion.

## Question 31

```
class SSBool
{
    public static void main(String [] args)
    {
        boolean b1 = true;
        boolean b2 = false;
        boolean b3 = true;
        if ( b1 & b2 | b2 & b3 | b2 ) /* Line 8 */
            System.out.print("ok ");
        if ( b1 & b2 | b2 & b3 | b2 | b1 ) /*Line 10*/
            System.out.println("dokey");
        }
}
```

#### Answer:

dokey

# Question 32

 Give an example (pre-defined method) for polymorphism?

- System.out.println()
- abs()
- sqr()

### Question 33

 Difference between Call-by-value and Call-by-reference?

- Call-by-Value
  - changes made to the parameter of the subroutine have no effect on the argument
- Call-by-Reference
  - changes made to the parameter will affect the argument used to call the subroutine

# Question 34

 The process of defining a method in terms of itself is called?

#### **Answer:**

Recursion

# Question 35

- Which of the following is true regarding "Static" declaration of a method?
- 1. The method can access any variable
- 2. They cannot refer to "this" or "super" keywords
- 3. The method can no longer be redefined
- 4. The method can be accessed by any other non-static methods

#### **Answer:**

 2. They cannot refer to "this" or "super" keywords



### Question 36

```
What is the widest valid returnType for methodA in line 3?
public class ReturnIt
{
    returnType methodA(byte x, double y) /* Line 3 */
    {
        return (long)x / y * 2;
    }
}
a) Int b) byte c) Long d) double
```

#### **Answer:**

double

### Question 37

- is used to find the number of elements that an array can hold?
- a) size
- b) length
- c) dimension
- d) scope

#### **Answer:**

• b) length

# Question 38

In System.out.println(), what is System, out and println?

#### **Answer:**

 System is a predefined final class, <u>out</u> is a PrintStream object and <u>println</u> is a built-in overloaded method in the out object.

### Question 39

- Which two cause a compiler error?
  - I. float[] f = new float(3);
  - 2. float f2[] = new float[];
  - 3. float[]fl = new float[3];
  - 4. float f3[] = new float[3];
  - 5. float f5[] =  $\{1.0f, 2.0f, 2.0f\}$ ;

#### Answer:

1,2

### Question 40

- The \_\_\_\_ class does not have access to the members of the \_\_\_\_ class
- 1. Enclosing, Nested
- 2. Nested, Enclosing
- 3. Derived, Base
- 4. Private, Public

#### **Answer:**

• I. Enclosing (outer), Nested (inner)

# Question 41

- What is variable-arity method?
- Give example.

#### **Answer:**

- A method that takes variable number of arguments
- System.out.println();

# Question 42

```
class base
         base()
         System.out.print("base ");
class sub extends base
         sub() {
         System.out.print("sub");
         super();
class Sample {
public static void main(String arg[])
                  sub s=new sub();
```

### Output of the program:

- a) base sub
- b) sub base
- c) sub
- d) error

#### **Answer:**

 d) Error. Super() should be the first statement inside sub class constructor

### Question 43

- Java is?
- a) Code based programming model
- b) Data based programming model

#### **Answer:**

• b) Data based (Object Oriented)

# Question 44

What is Dynamic Method Dispatch?

#### **Answer:**

- Run-time Polymorphism
- call to an overridden method is resolved at run time, rather than compile time

### Question 45

```
class A {
          final void meth() {
               System.out.println("MethodA");
          } }
class B extends A {
          void meth() {
               System.out.println("MethodB");
               } }
class sample {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
               B bb=new B();
               bb.meth();
               }
               }
}
```

### Output of the program:

- a) Method A
- b) Method B
- c) Both a and b
- d) Error

### Answer:

d) Error. Final Method Overrided

# Question 46

- LUCKY
- Name of our Prime Minister?

#### **Answer:**

Narendra Damodardas Modi

# Question 47

MOST LUCKY

### Answer:

10 Marks

# Question 48

• Infer these personalities?





### **Answer:**

- Founders of google
- Larry Page
- Sergey Brin

# Question 49

• What is servlet?

### Answer:

 A small program that executes on the server, which dynamically extend the functionality of Web Server

# Question 50

 Who Developed Java? Which company owns it?

### Answer:

James Gosling, Sun Micro Systems

