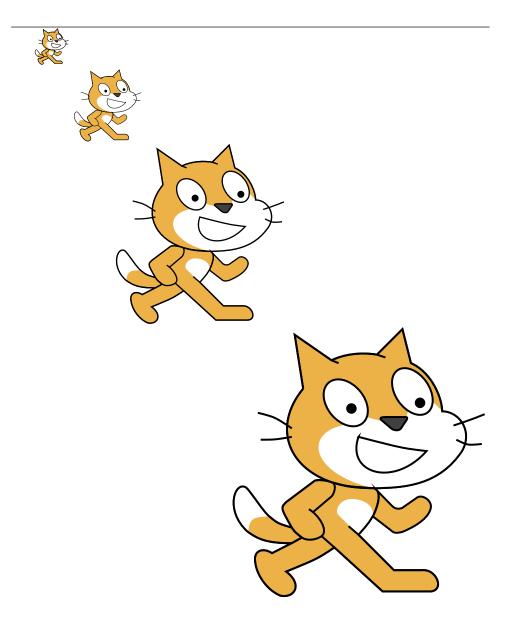
User guide: package (ScratchX.sty)

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1 Introduction

The ScratchX.sty package allows you to write any kind of Scratch program in LATEX.

The ScratchX.sty package has to be put at least in the same file where the document .tex is created, or in the dedicated place in your computer.

The ScratchX.sty package must be called in the preamble of the document .tex with:

\usepackage{ScratchX}

The ScratchX.sty package uses the following packages:

```
\usepackage[nomessages]{fp}
\usepackage{calc}
\usepackage{xstring}
\usepackage[alpine]{ifsym}%pour avoir VarFlag comme
%drapeau de départ de Scratch
\usepackage{ifthen}
\usepackage{multido}
\usepackage{xargs}
```

In the document .tex that you want to create, you need to load:

```
\usepackage{tikz}
\usetikzlibrary{calc}
```

and also:

\usepackage{amssymb}

You can compile with XeLaTeX or pdfLaTeX.

2 General description

We write a program (or simply a command) Scratch with the environment:

\begin{Scratch}

%\LaTeX commands in order to create the Scratch commands \end{Scratch}

The command \begin{Scratch} has the scale in option (1 by default).

Thus, $\begin{Scratch}[2]$ doubles the program size, whereas $\begin{Scratch}[0.7]$ reduces by 70% the size of the created program.



The colors

The ten specific Scratch colors are defined like this:

mvt:	Motion	evt:	Events
app:	Looks	ctrl :	Control
son:	Sound	capt:	Sensing
stylo:	Pen	ope:	Operators
data:	Data	bloc:	More blocks

3 Command list

3.1 Simples

```
Typing:

\begin{Scratch}
\scbox{if on edge, bounce}{mvt}
\scbox{hide}{app}
\scbox{stop all sounds}{son}
\scbox{pen down}{stylo}
\scbox{reset timer}{capt}
\end{Scratch}
```

Obtained with \scbox{<text>}{<color>}.

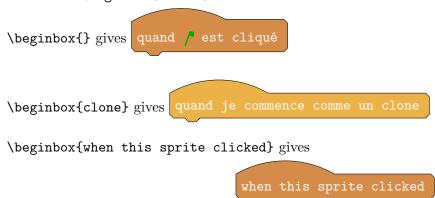
you get:

```
if on edge, bounce
hide
stop all sounds
pen down
reset timer
```

3.2 Specials

3.2.1 Events

Obtained with \beginbox{<text>}.



3.2.2 Turn

Obtained with \turnbox{<orientation>}{<angle>}.

```
\turnbox{}{-145} gives tourner \( \) de \( -145 \) degr\( \) degr\
```

3.2.3 Loops

Obtained with

where $\langle \text{type} \rangle$ is an integer which can be equal to 1 (repeat x times or repeat until) or -1 (forever loop).

Notice that if you want to put a loop into another loop, you have to count the correct number of blocks inside the main loop. Actually, a loop counts for two blocks (without the inside blocks).

3.2.4 If ... Then

Notice that you get this command with the same syntax seen above. Actually: \boucle{<text>}{<number of blocks inside>}{2}.

```
\boucle{if 4 > 5 then}{1}{2}
\scbox{problem!}{app}
produit
if 4 > 5 then
problem!
```

Remark: in order to properly type the *if.*.. then test, see the small boxes in section 3.3.

3.2.5 If ... Then ... Else

Obtained with

\sailors{<text>}{<number of blocks inside>}

```
et
  \simenon{<number of blocks inside>}.

Typing:

\begin{Scratch}
\sailors{if it's an understandable example}{1}
\scbox{then it's all right}{app}
\simenon{2}
\scbox{don't panick}{stylo}
\scbox{see the section \emph{Examples}}{capt}
\end{Scratch}

you get:

if it's an understandable example
then it's all right
sinon
don't panick
see the section Examples
```

3.2.6 More blocks

You get them with \blocbox{<text>}.



3.2.7 Spécial control

```
It's for stop all v and delete this clone.

These commands are obtained with \kbox{<text>}.
```

3.3 Inside the Scratch commands: the little boxes

How to get some specific commands, like: stop all v?

How to type wait until color is touching ??

or point towards mouse-pointer v? or even

```
change volume by pick random 1 to 10
```

3.3.1 The little rectangular boxes

- In the \scbox: obtained with \rb[<color>]{<text>}
- dans les \beginbox : you get them with \rbb[<color>] {<text>}

In both cases, <color> has by default the color of the box it is inside. In order to get a white rectangular box, you just have to put <color> at white or w.

Typing:

```
\begin{Scratch}
\scbox{play sound \rb{meow}}{son}
\scbox{think \rb[white]{Hmm\dots}}{app}
\scbox{ask \rb[w]{What's your name?} and wait}{capt}
\end{Scratch}
```

you get:

```
play sound meow think Hmm...

ask What's your name? and wait
```

3.3.2 The small round boxes

They are hollowed or embossed.

```
You get them with \cb[<color>] {<text>}
```

By default, <color> has the same color of the circular box it is inside. If <color> is white or w, the circular box is hollowed.

Typing:

```
\begin{Scratch}
\scbox{set video transparency to \cb{answer} \%}{capt}
\scbox{go to x:\cb[w]{x} y:\cb[white]{y}}{mvt}
\scbox{change tempo by \cb[data]{variable} }{son}
\end{Scratch}
```

you get:

```
go to x: x y: y

change tempo by variable
```

3.3.3 The small hexagonal boxes

Only for Sensing et Operators commands.

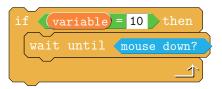
You get them with \hb[<color>]{<text>}

By default, <color> is ope.

Typing:

\begin{Scratch}

you get:



3.3.4 The small squared boxes

Only for the colored squares.

You get them with \sqb{<color>}

Typing:

\begin{Scratch}
\scbox{set pen color to \sqb{brown}}{stylo}
\end{Scratch}

```
you get: set pen color to
```

3.4 Intricate commands

```
quand je commence comme un clone

repeat until color is touching ?

go to x: (x + 10) y: y

if (y < answer) then

set y v to volume

say Hello! for distance to mouse-pointer v secs

stop all v

tourner ( de -146 degrés
```

Got with:

```
\begin{Scratch}
\beginbox{clone}
\boucle{repeat until \hb[capt]{color \sqb{black}}
  is touching \sqb{yellow} ? }{1}{1}
\scbox{go to x: \cb[ope]{\cb[data]{x}+\cb[w]{10}} y: \cb[data]{y}}{mvt}
\boucle{if \hb{\cb[data]{y}<\cb[capt]{answer}} then}{3}{1}
\scbox{set \rb{y} to \cb[son]{volume}}{data}
\scbox{say \rb[w]{Hello!} for \cb[capt]{distance to
\rb{mouse-pointer} } secs}{app}
\kbox{stop \rb{all}}
\turnbox{2}{-146}
\end{Scratch}</pre>
```

3.5 Other sort of commands

3.5.1 In the loops

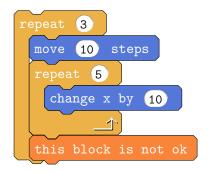
You need to use the command \blank when in the Scratch program, two loops ends at the same time.

```
Typing:
```

```
\begin{Scratch}
\boucle{repeat \cb[w]{3}}{4}{1}
```

\scbox{move \cb[w]{10} steps}{mvt}
\boucle{repeat \cb[w]{5}}{1}{1}
\scbox{change x by \cb[w]{10}}{mvt}
\scbox{this block is not ok}{data}
\end{Scratch}

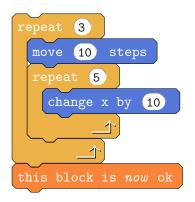
you get:



Whereas typing:

\begin{Scratch}
\boucle{repeat \cb[w]{3}}{4}{1}
\scbox{move \cb[w]{10} steps}{mvt}
\boucle{repeat \cb[w]{5}}{1}{1}
\scbox{change x by \cb[w]{10}}{mvt}
\blank
\scbox{this block is \emph{now} ok}{data}
\end{Scratch}

you get:

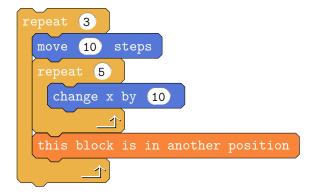


If you type:

\begin{Scratch}
\boucle{repeat \cb[w]{3}}{5}{1}

\scbox{move \cb[w]{10} steps}{mvt}
\boucle{repeat \cb[w]{5}}{1}{1}
\scbox{change x by \cb[w]{10}}{mvt}
\scbox{this block is in another position}{data}
\end{Scratch}

you get:



3.5.2 How to draw the cat

You can get the cover cat with:

\Scratchy[<scale>][<lines width>]

By default, the scale is 0.25 and the lines width is set at 0.25 pt.

Here is the code for the cover:

 $\parbox{1ex}{\Scratchy[0.1][0.1]}\$

4 Known problems and solutions

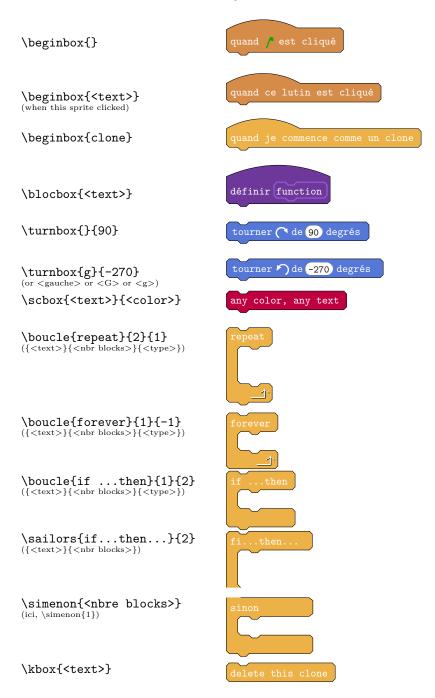
1. The black little triangle doesn't exist in the command *point in direction* (motion). You have to write it down.

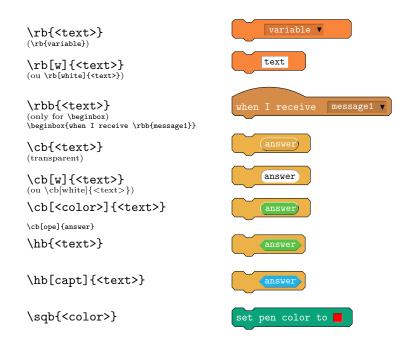
\scbox{point in direction \cb[w]{90 \scriptsize\$\blacktriangledown\$}}{mvt}



- 2. The height of the boxes is set. Therefor, you cannot put a lot of undercommands in a Scratch command.
- 3. When you need to put only one Scratch command into some text, it is not vertically centered. You can use a: \raisebox{-3mm}.
- 4. There is also a tiny horizontal gap. When a Scratch environment is over, you often need to add a \hspace{-1cm}.
- 5. The compile time is sometimes long!

5 Commands summary





6 Examples of programs (in French):

```
\begin{Scratch}
\boucle{répéter \cb[w]{3} fois}{5}{1}
\scbox{avancer de \cb[w]{10}}{mvt}
\boucle{répéter \cb[w]{5} fois}{1}{1}
\scbox{ajouter \cb[w]{10} à x}{mvt}
\scbox{ce bloc est placé autrement}{data}
\scbox{un nouveau bloc}{son}
\end{Scratch}
\begin{Scratch}
\beginbox{quand \rbb{espace} est pressé}
\boucle{répéter \cb[w]{3} fois}{8}{1}
\c x: \c w]{0} y: \c data]{y}}{mvt}
\boucle{répéter \cb[w]{2} fois}{3}{1}
\scbox{mettre \rb{x} à \rb[w]{0}}{data}
\scbox{ajouter à \rb{y} \cb[w]{10}}{data}
\scbox{mettre la couleur du stylo à \sqb{red}}{stylo}
\scbox{mon bloc}{bloc}
\scbox{montrer}{app}
\scbox{effacer tout}{stylo}
\end{Scratch}
```

```
espace v est pressé
     deuxième programme \rightarrow
                                       3 fois
                                               0 y:
premier programme
                                 répéter 2 fois
 répéter (3) fois
                                          x ▼ à 0
  avancer de (10)
                                             y ▼ 10
                                  mettre la couleur du stylo à
  répéter 5
    ajouter 10 à x
                                mon bloc
                                montrer
                                              个
un nouveau bloc
                              effacer tout
```

6.1 Loops of loops

```
\begin{Scratch}
\beginbox{quand \rb{chronomètre} > \cb[w]{10}}
\sailors{si \hb[capt]{touche \rb{espace} pressée?} alors}{12}
\sailors{si \hb[capt]{souris pressée?} alors}{1}
\c x: \c w]{0} y: \c w]{0}{mvt}
\simenon{2}
\scbox{donner la valeur \cb[w]{0} à x}{mvt}
\scbox{ajouter \cb[w]{10} à y}{mvt}
\sailors{si couleur \sqb{son} touchée?}{1}
\c x: \c w]{0} y: \c w]{0}{mvt}
\simenon{1}
\scbox{donner la valeur \cb[w]{0} à x}{mvt}
\simenon{1}
\scbox{donner la valeur \cb[w]{0} à y}{mvt}
\sailors{si \hb[capt]{souris pressée?} alors}{1}
\scbox{ajouter \cb[w]{10} à y}{mvt}
\simenon{2}
\scbox{donner la valeur \cb[w]{0} à x}{mvt}
\scbox{cacher la variable \rb{variable}}{data}
\end{Scratch}
```

```
quand chronomètre ▼ > 10
si (touche espace ▼ pressée? alors
 si souris pressée? alors
  aller à x:
              0 y:
                       0
  donner la valeur 0 à x
  ajouter 10 à y
 si couleur touchée?
  aller à x:
                       0
              0 y:
  donner la valeur () à x
donner la valeur 0 à y
si souris pressée? alors
ajouter 10 à y
 donner la valeur 0 à x
```

```
\begin{Scratch}
\beginbox{}

\sailors{si couleur \sqb{stylo} touchée?}{12}

\sailors{si \hb[capt]{souris pressée?} alors}{6}
\scbox{aller à x: \cb[w]{0} y: \cb[w]{0}}{mvt}

\sailors{si \hb[capt]{touche \rb{espace} pressée?} alors}{1}
\scbox{aller à x: \cb[w]{0} y: \cb[w]{0}}{mvt}

\simenon{1}
\scbox{donner la valeur \cb[w]{0} à x}{mvt}

\simenon{2}
\scbox{donner la valeur \cb[w]{0} à x}{mvt}

\scbox{ajouter \cb[w]{10} à y}{mvt}

\simenon{1}
\scbox{donner la valeur \cb[w]{0} à x}{mvt}

\simenon{1}
\scbox{donner la valeur \cb[w]{0} à x}{mvt}

\simenon{2}
\scbox{donner la valeur \cb[w]{0} à x}{mvt}

\scbox{donner la valeur \cb[w]{0} à x}{mvt}

\schox{donner la valeur \cb[w]{0} à x}{mvt}

\schox{donner la valeur \cb[w]{0} à x}{mvt}

\end{Scratch}
```

```
quand / est cliqué
si couleur touchée?
 si souris pressée? alors
   aller à x: 0 y: 0
   si touche espace pressée? alors
    aller à x: 0 y: 0
    donner la valeur 0 à x
   donner la valeur 0 à x
  ajouter 10 à y
 donner la valeur 0 à x
```

```
\begin{Scratch}
\beginbox{}
\boucle{répéter indéfiniment}{13}{-1}
\textstyle \text{turnbox} \{ 24 \}
\scbox{stylo en position d'écriture}{stylo}
\scbox{ajouter \cb[w]{20} au tempo}{son}
\boucle{quand le lutin s'en va}{6}{1}
\scbox{cacher la variable \rb{A}}{data}
\scbox{costume suivant}{app}
\scbox{arrêter tous les sons}{son}
\textstyle \text{turnbox}\{g\}\{24\}
\scbox{stylo en position d'écriture}{stylo}
\scbox{ajouter \cb[w]{20} au tempo}{son}
\blank
\end{Scratch}
```

```
quand / est cliqué

répéter indéfiniment

tourner de 24 degrés

répéter 4 fois

stylo en position d'écriture

ajouter 20 au tempo

répéter 4 fois

cacher la variable A v

costume suivant

arrêter tous les sons

tourner de 24 degrés

stylo en position d'écriture

ajouter 20 au tempo
```

```
\begin{Scratch}
\beginbox{quand on le veut}
\boucle{répéter un certain nombre de fois}{8}{1}
\scbox{aller à x: \cb[w]{0} y: \cb[w]{0}}{mvt}
\boucle{le dernier ??}{2}{1}
\scbox{on peut faire}{gray}
\scbox{ce que l'on veut}{black}
\boucle{ne pas répéter}{1}{1}
\scbox{faux bloc}{brown}
\blank
\scbox{dernier bloc}{pink}
\end{Scratch}
```

```
quand on le veut

répéter un certain nombre de fois

aller à x: 0 y: 0

se répéter que

l'on peut faire
ce que l'on veut

ne pas répéter
faux bloc

dernier bloc
```

```
\begin{Scratch}
\beginbox{}
\boucle{répéter \cb[w]{3} fois}{19}{1}
\scbox{costume suivant}{app}
\scbox{arrêter tous les sons}{son}
\textstyle \text{turnbox}\{1\}\{24\}
\scbox{stylo en position d'écriture}{stylo}
\boucle{répéter \cb[data]{compteur} fois}{10}{1}
\scbox{ajouter \cb[w]{20} au tempo}{son}
\label{local_abs} $$ \ \end{area} \ \cb[data]{A}+1$ fois}{6}{1}
\scbox{réinitialiser le chronomètre}{capt}
\boucle{répéter jusqu'à \hb[capt]{\rb{pointeur de souris} touché?}}{2}{1}
\scbox{cacher la variable \rb{A}}{data}
\scbox{avancer de 35}{mvt}
\scbox{regroupe \rb[w]{hello}\rb[w]{world}}{ope}
\scbox{nouveau bloc}{bloc}
\turnbox{2}{-146}
\scbox{estampiller}{stylo}
\scbox{annuler les effets graphiques}{app}
\sailors{si ça marche}{1}
\scbox{je suis content}{stylo}
\simenon{1}
\scbox{je suis déçu}{app}
\end{Scratch}
```

```
quand / est cliqué
répéter 3 fois
  tourner ( de 24 degrés
  stylo en position d'écriture
  répéter (compteur) fois
    ajouter 20 au tempo
   répéter (A +1) fois
     répéter jusqu'à pointeur de souris v touché?
       cacher la variable A V
     regroupe hello world
    nouveau bloc
  tourner ( de -146 degrés
  estampiller
  annuler les effets gRaphiques
si ça marche
 je suis content
 je suis déçu
```

7 Conclusion

Please feel free to leave a comment: Thibault.Ralet@ac-clermont.fr. Thank you!