Asawari Pagare

asawariv@email.unc.edu | +1 919 903 1504 | GitHub: github.com/asawari17 | LinkedIn: asawari-pagare

EDUCATION

University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

Ph.D. in Chemistry, Advisor: Prof. Zhiyue Lu

Chapel Hill, NC 2021–01/2025 (Expected)

Indian Institute of Science

B.S.(Research) - MSc in Chemistry

Bangalore, India 2015–2020

TECHNICAL SKILLS

- Coding: Python, Julia, Bash scripting. (Python libraries: PyTorch, PyTorch Geometric, Pandas, Numpy, Scipy, SciKit, Matplotlib)
- Softwares: Matlab, Mathematica, Autodock vina, KNIME, Blender
- Applied mathematical skills: Information theory, Probability theory, Stochastic thermodynamics, Statistical Mechanics, Calculus, Complex Analysis, Differential Equations (ODEs, PDEs, Markov models, etc.), Linear Algebra, Machine learning, Deep learning.
- Modeling and Simulation: Langevin dynamics simulations, Markov systems, Maximum Likelihood Estimation, Data classification and clustering.
- Relevant courses: Drug metabolism module, Quantitative methods, Population PK / PD analysis, Advanced PK / PD modeling, Drug development and professional skills development, Mathematical methods of theoretical physics, Computational medicinal chemistry school, Computer-Aided Drug Design, Statistical mechanics and thermodynamics, Machine learning with graphs. Mathematical Methods of Theoretical Physics, Introduction to Population PK/PD Analysis with Nonlinear Mixed Effects Models (NONMEM), Computational Medicinal Chemistry school, Computer-Aided Drug Design, Statistical Mechanics and Thermodynamics, Machine learning with Graphs.

RESEARCH AND TEACHING EXPERIENCE

Graduate Research Assistant at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

Lu Group, Department of Chemistry

2020-Current

- Using information theory and numerical simulations to elucidate enhanced performance in sensing concentration changes by multi-state receptors in nonequilibrium.:
 - Demonstrated that a ligand-receptor sensor modeled as a multi-state Markov graph (target proteins) show enhanced performance in sensing a concentration increase if it has experienced another one before in combination with a subsequent critical resetting period of lower concentration (capturing drug concentrations between two doses). This effect was explained using eigen analysis of the transition rate matrix.
 - Sampling and machine learning was applied to establish a relationship between the Markovian graph and the
 observed effect shedding light on exposure-response relationships.

Inspires tweaking the best drug efficacy in target best therapies by identifying the critical resetting period for the target.pagareinprep2

- Stochastic distinguishability of Markovian trajectories.:
 - Derived (using probability theory, Markov model and linear algebra) a computationally cheap formulation
 for the distinguishability of different temporal environments by an arbitrary sensor in nonequlibrium using
 KL divergence that circumvents sampling difficulties and relates it to individual transition events and their
 waiting time statistics.

Novel insights into temporal pattern recognition by biological and artificial sensors. [2]

- Elucidating multiplexing in biological receptors using theoretical modeling and simulations.:
 - Demonstrated (using Langevin dynamics simulations, probability and information theory) that a binary ligand-receptor sensor can multiplex – sense multiple environmental information (concentration, temperature, flow speed, etc) simultaneously.
 - A theoretical upper bound of multiplexing was obtained and a mathematical technique called the rank-deficient maximum likelihood was proposed to obtain the upper bound for a receptor and identify it's accuracy and sensitivity in sensing different environmental variables.

Inspires pharmacological studies on controlling environmental factors in target-based therapies to enhance desired efficacy. [3]

BS Thesis and MSc Thesis at the Indian Institute of Science

Bangalore, India

Cherayil Group, Department of Inorganic and Physical Chemistry

2018-2020

- MSc Thesis Stochastic thermodynamics of a polymer in linear mixed flow.
- BS Thesis Stochastic thermodynamics of a harmonically trapped colloid in linear mixed flow.[4]

Summer Intern at the University at Buffalo

Buffalo, USA

Errington Group, Department of Chemical and Biological Engineering

Summer, 2018

• Monte Carlo and Molecular Dynamics simulations.

Teaching Assistant at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

Quantitative Lab II (102L) in Summer II 2024 and Spring 2022

Physical Chemistry lab (481L) in Fall 2021

- Mentored, managed and lead students to run experiments, analyze and interpret data

PUBLICATIONS

- [1] A. Pagare and Z. Lu, "Mpemba-like sensory withdrawal effect", PRX Life, vol. 2, no. 4, p. 043019, 2024.
- [2] **A. Pagare**, Z. Zhang, J. Zheng, and Z. Lu, "Stochastic distinguishability of markovian trajectories", *J Chem Phys.*, vol. **160**, no. 171101, 2024.
- [3] **A. Pagare**, S. H. Min, and Z. Lu, "Theoretical upper bound of multiplexing in biological sensory receptors", *Physical Review Research*, vol. 5, no. 2, p. 023 032, 2023.
- [4] **A. Pagare** and B. J. Cherayil, "Stochastic thermodynamics of a harmonically trapped colloid in linear mixed flow", *Physical Review E*, vol. **100**, no. 5, p. 052124, 2019.
- [5] **A. Pagare** and B. J. Cherayil, "The different dimensions of dimensional analysis", *Resonance*, vol. **23**, pp. 641–661, 2018.

Presentations

- Poster presentation on Information theoretical study of ligand-receptors reveal the withdrawal effect and the design principles for efficient sensing
 Oct 2024
 2024 Computational Medicinal Chemistry School, Cambridge, MA.
- Poster presentation on Information theory classification of biological sensors

 American Conference on Theoretical Chemistry 2024, Chapel Hill, NC.
- Oral presentation on 'Can a single ligand-receptor sense multiple channels of information?' April 2023 TriMolS Symposium 2023, Raleigh, NC
- Poster presentation on Theoretical upper bound of multiplexing in biological sensory receptors May 2022
 - The Workshop on Stochastic Thermodynamics III, WOST III 2022
- Oral presentation on Can a single ligand-receptor sense multiple channels of information?' March 2022

 $APS\ March\ Meeting\ 2022,\ Chicago,\ Illinois.$

• Poster presentation on 'Stochastic thermodynamics of a harmonically trapped colloid in linear mixed flow

Feb 2020

The Indian Statistical Physics Community Machine (ISPCM) Intermediated Control for Theoretical Sciences

7th Indian Statistical Physics Community Meeting (ISPCM), International Centre for Theoretical Sciences (ICTS), Bangalore.

AWARDS

• Graduate Student Transportation grant awarded by the College of Arts and Science at UNC Chapel Hill.

• Kishore Vigyanik Prothsahan Yojana (KVPY) Fellowship Awarded by the Dept. of Science and Technology, Govt. of India. Awarded to the top 250 (less than 0.001%) students in India for demonstrated abilities in science and technology.

Page 3 of 3

2024

2015 - 2020