

# Tutamen: A Next-Generation Secret-Storage System

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and Dirk Grunwald

Presented by Andy Sayler

SoCC 2016  
10/06/16



University of Colorado **Boulder**











SFg5asknmc6e



SFg5asknmc6e

## Please Login

Use your [CS Moodle](#) (i.e. [IdentiKey](#)) Credentials



Login



SFg5asknmc6e

Please Login

Use your *CS Moodle* (i.e. *IdentiKey*) Credentials

DTrump

GreatPassword

Login



# Secrets



SFg5asknmc6e

DTrump

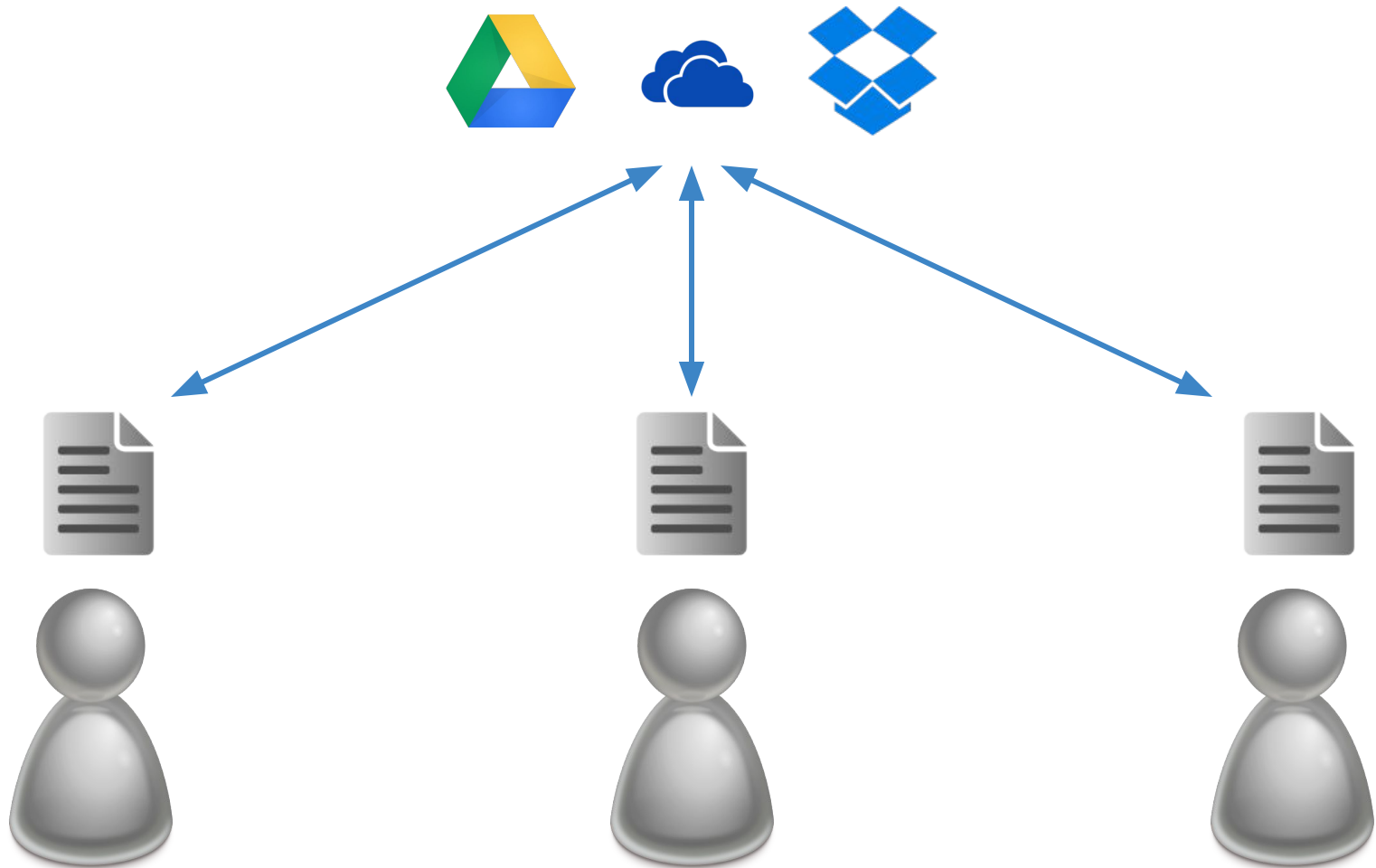
GreatPassword

# Modern Use Cases

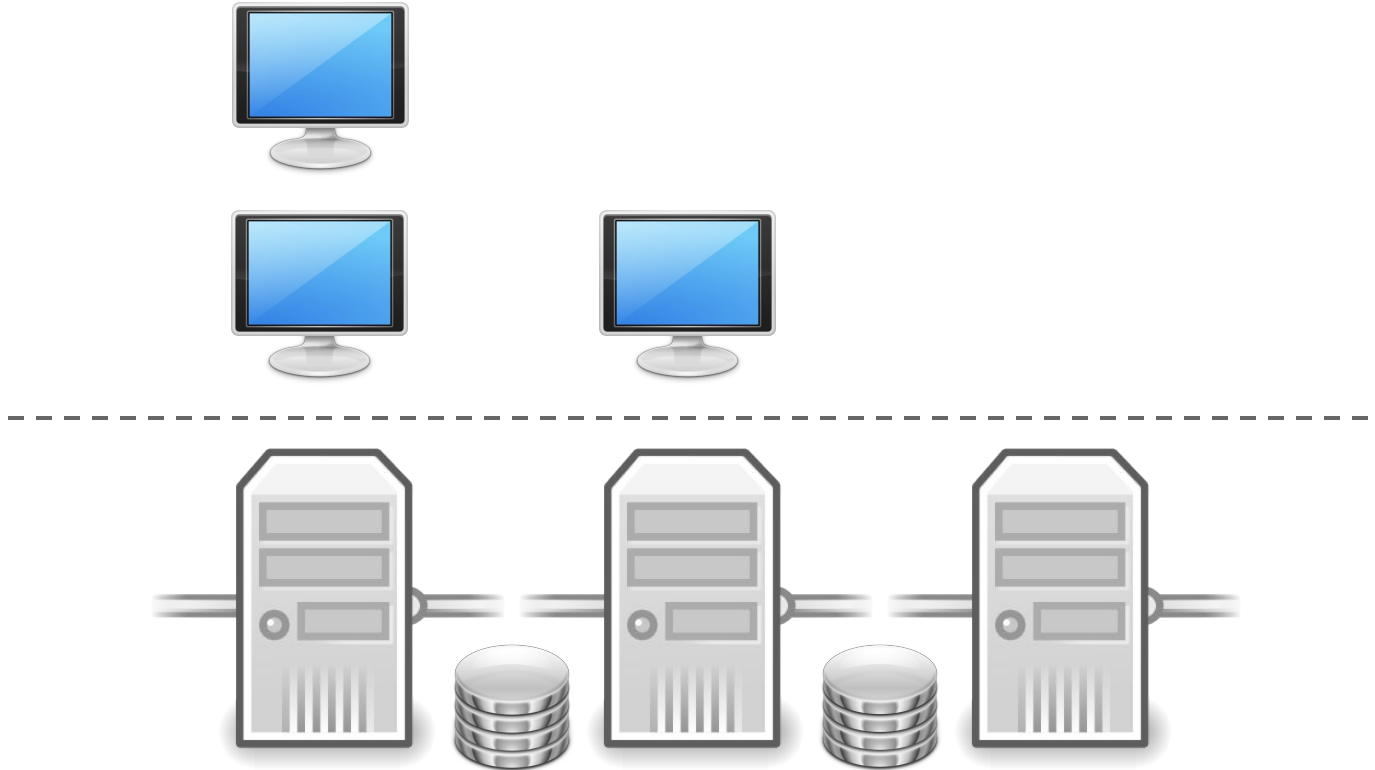
# Multi-Device Access



# Multi-User Sharing



# Cloud Infrastructure



# Secret-Storage Problem

# Secret-Storage Problem

*How do we store and protect secrets  
while also supporting  
a range of modern use cases?*

# Secret-Storage as a Service





# Storage

Storage

Access Control

Storage

Access Control

Auditing



LastPass \*\*\*\*

# LastPass

- Requires single (semi-)trusted third party
- Not designed for automated use cases

# LastPass

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- Not designed for automated use cases

 VAULT



# LastPass

- Requires single (semi-)trusted third party
- Not designed for automated use cases



- Lacks support for out-of-band approval
- Designed for single administrative domain

# Tutamen:

## Next-Gen Secret-Storage

# Goals

# Flexible Authentication

Plugins for Multi-factor, Out-of-Band, Etc Auth

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## Minimally Trusted Infrastructure

Sharding Across Multiple Servers

# Flexible Authentication

Plugins for Multi-factor, Out-of-Band, Etc Auth

## Minimally Trusted Infrastructure

Sharding Across Multiple Servers

## Beyond a Single Administrative Domain

Distributed Federation Between Servers

Architecture





## Storage Server

Storage Server

Access Control Server

Storage Server

Access Control Server

Application

Storage Server

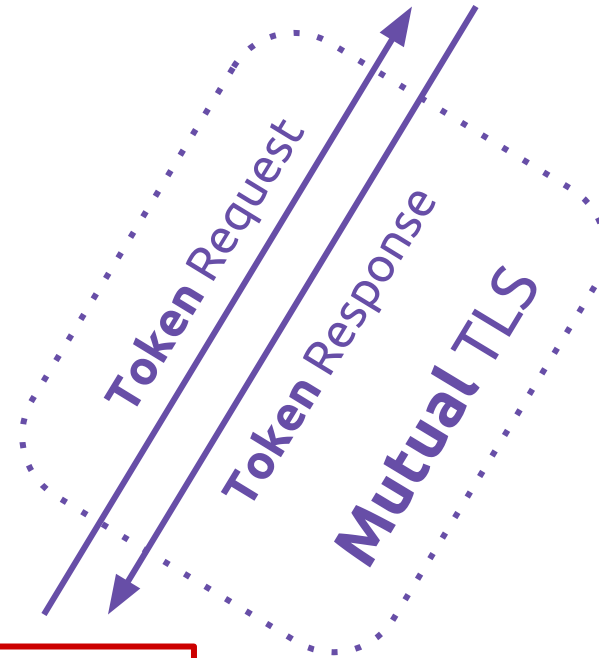
Access Control Server

Client

Application

Storage Server

Access Control Server



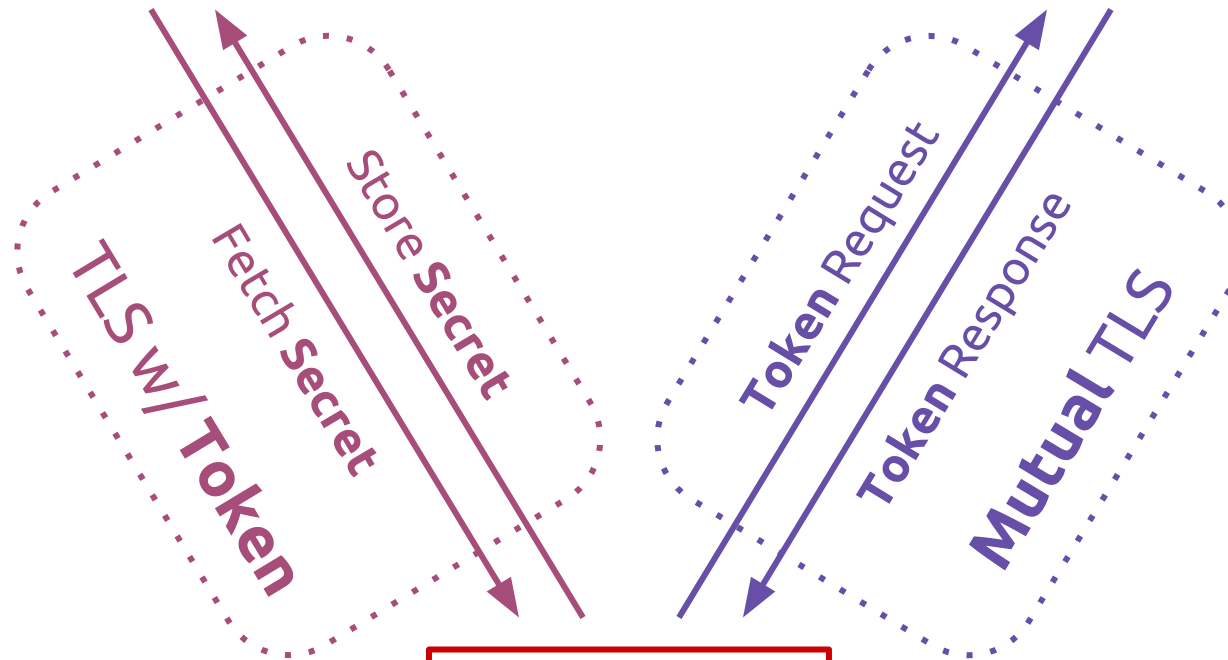
Client



Application

Storage Server

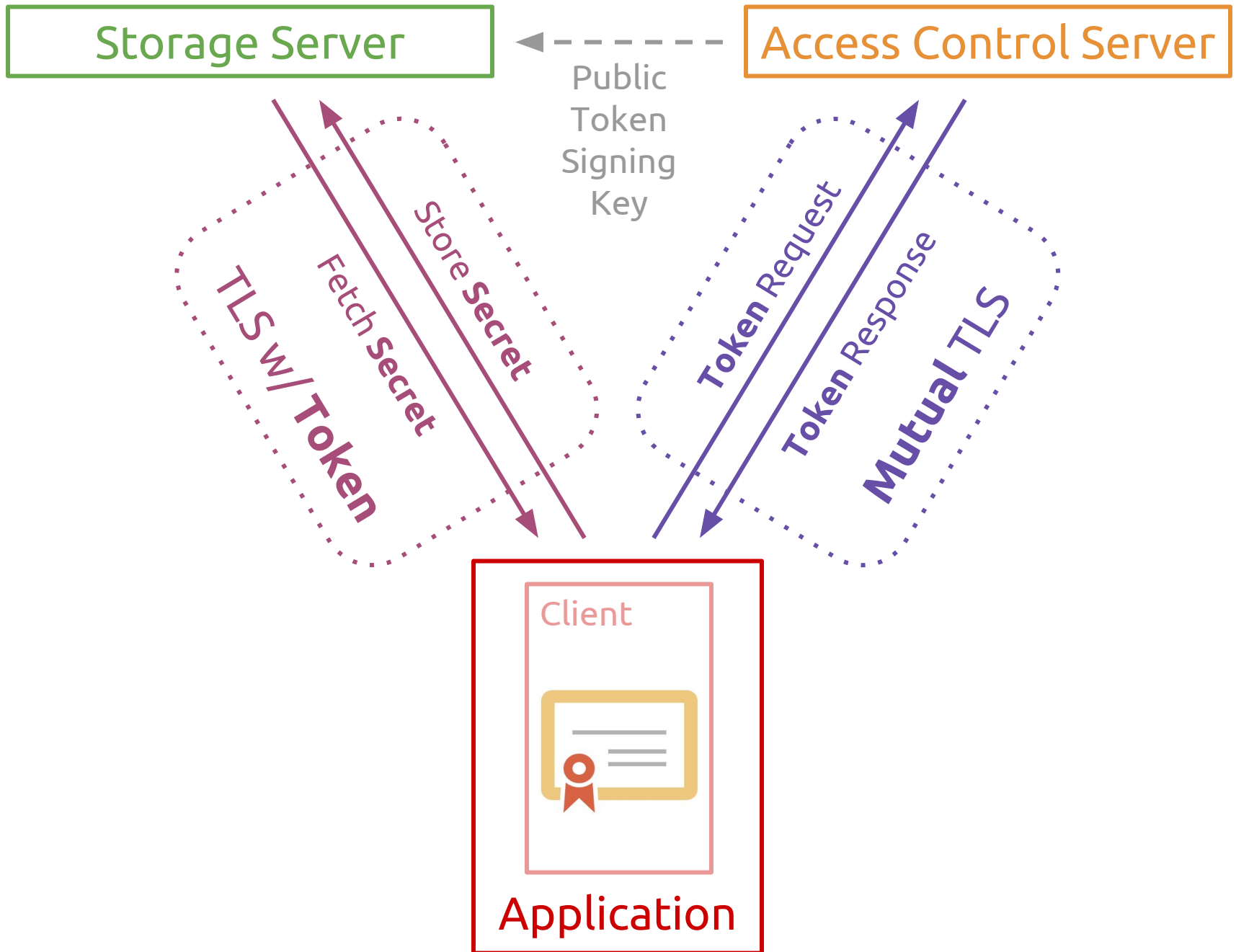
Access Control Server



Client



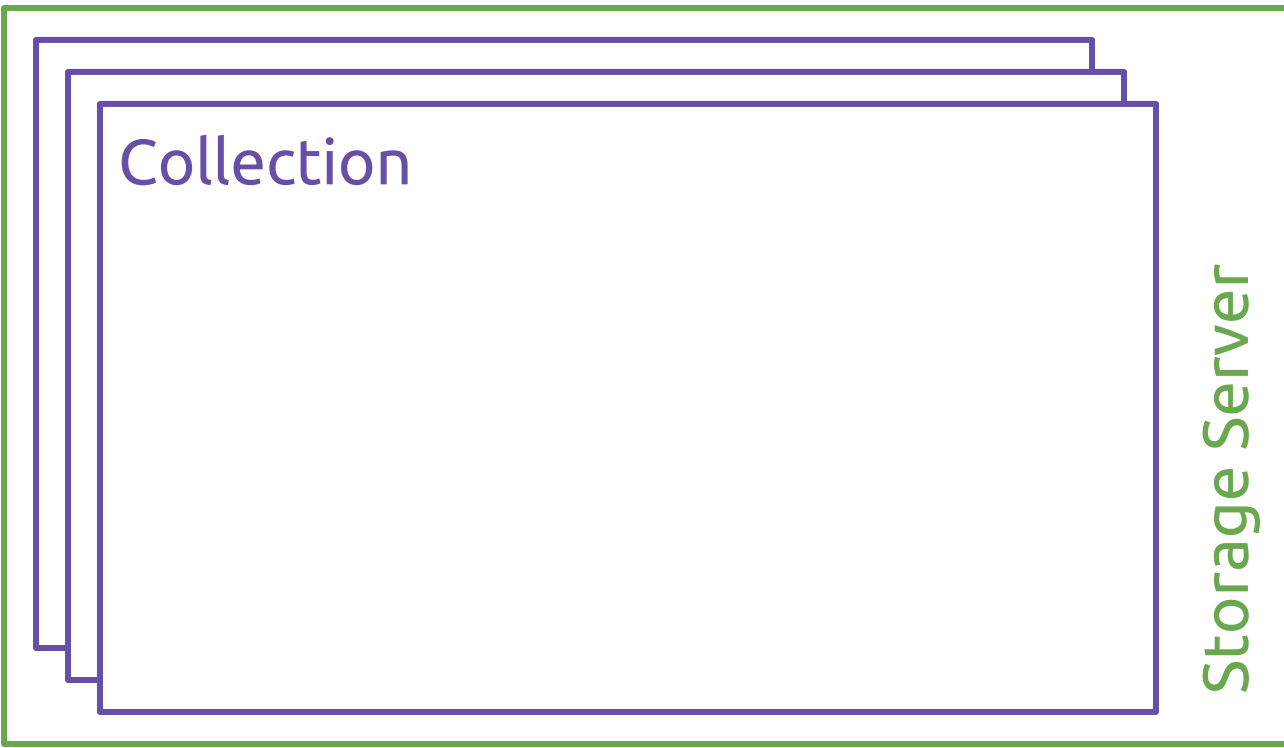
Application

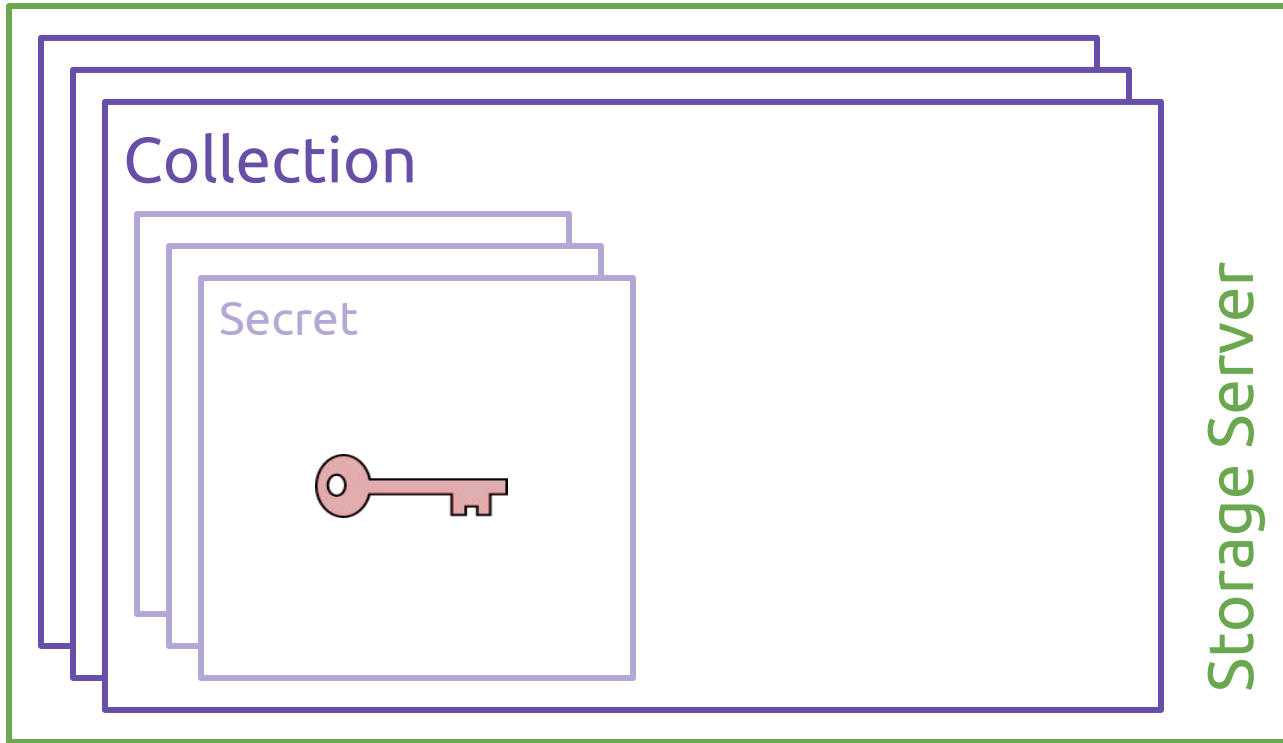


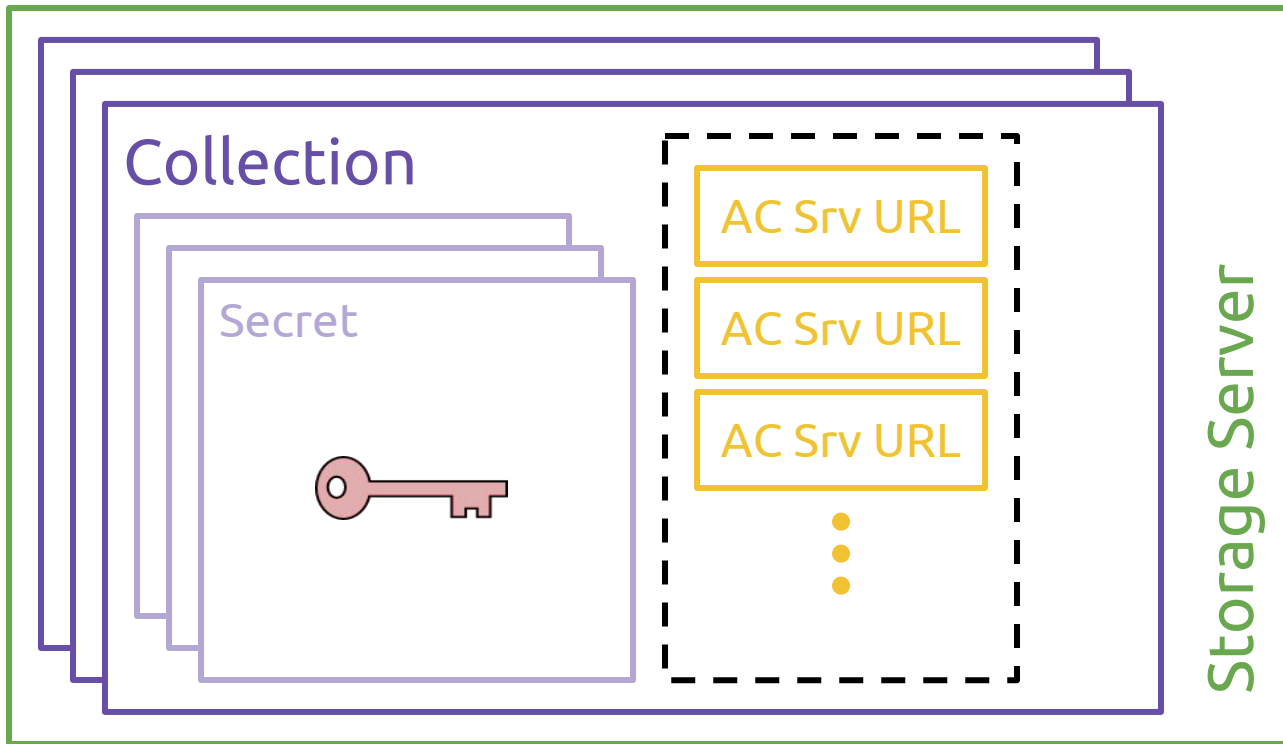


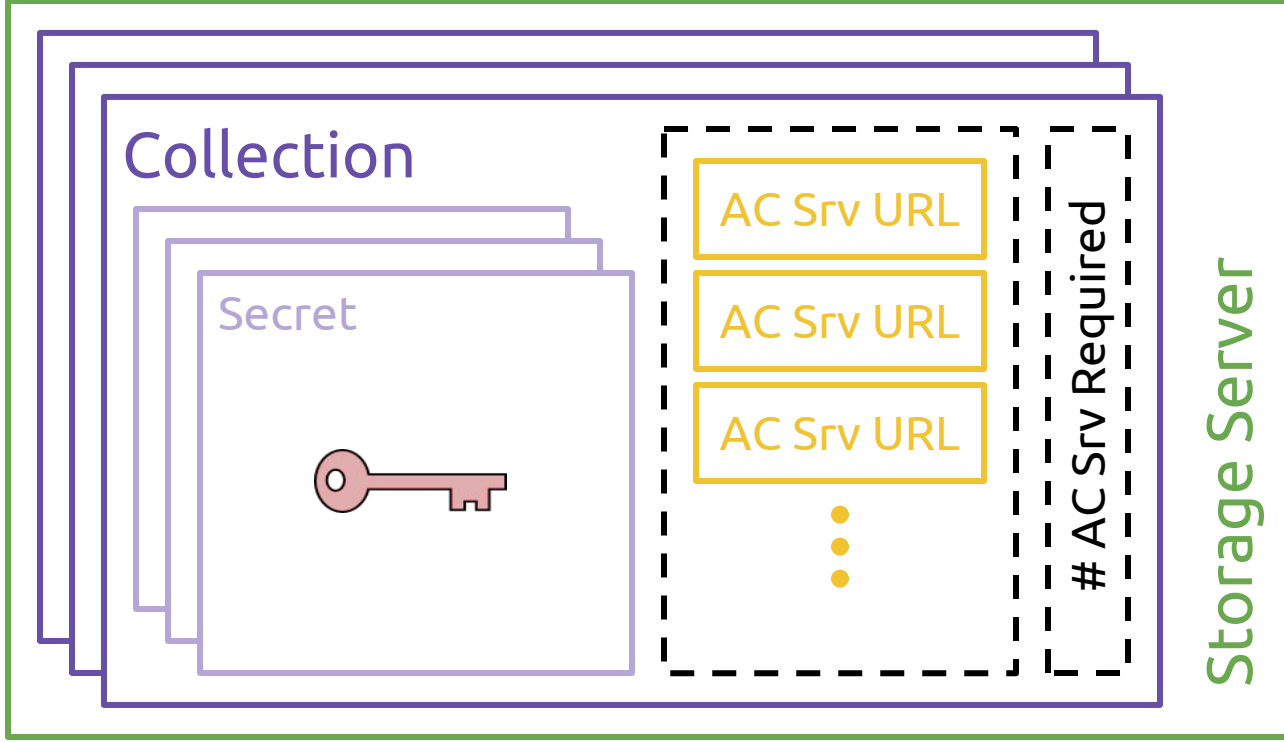


Storage Server











# Access Control Server

# Access Control Server

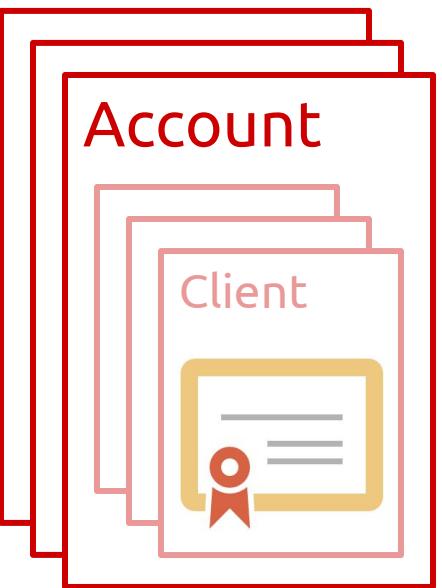


The diagram illustrates the architecture of an Access Control Server. It features a stack of three overlapping rectangular boxes on the left side, each outlined in red. The topmost box is labeled "Account" in red text. To the right of this stack is a large, empty rectangular area, also outlined in red, which represents the main workspace or data area of the server.

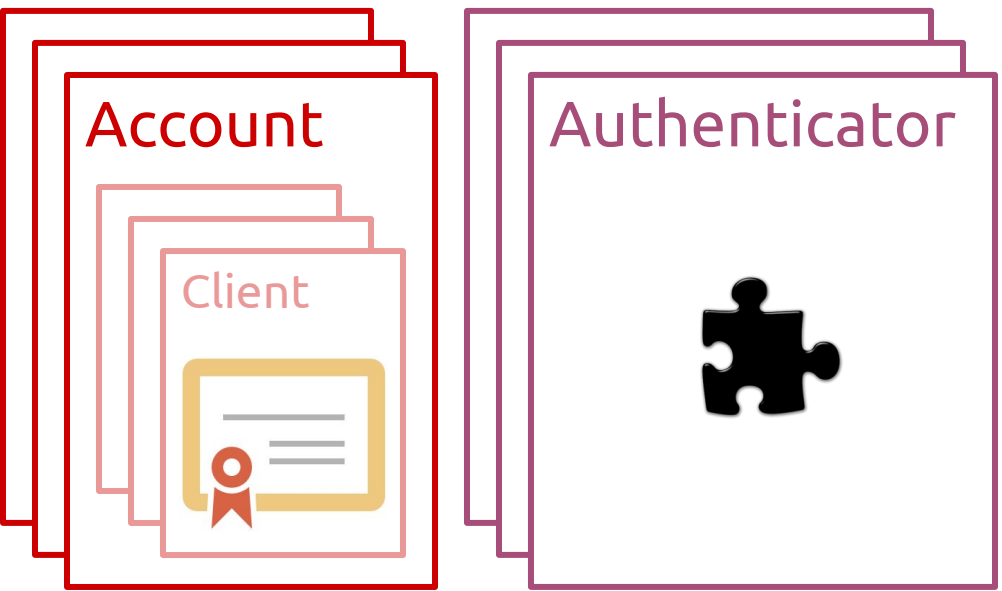
Account



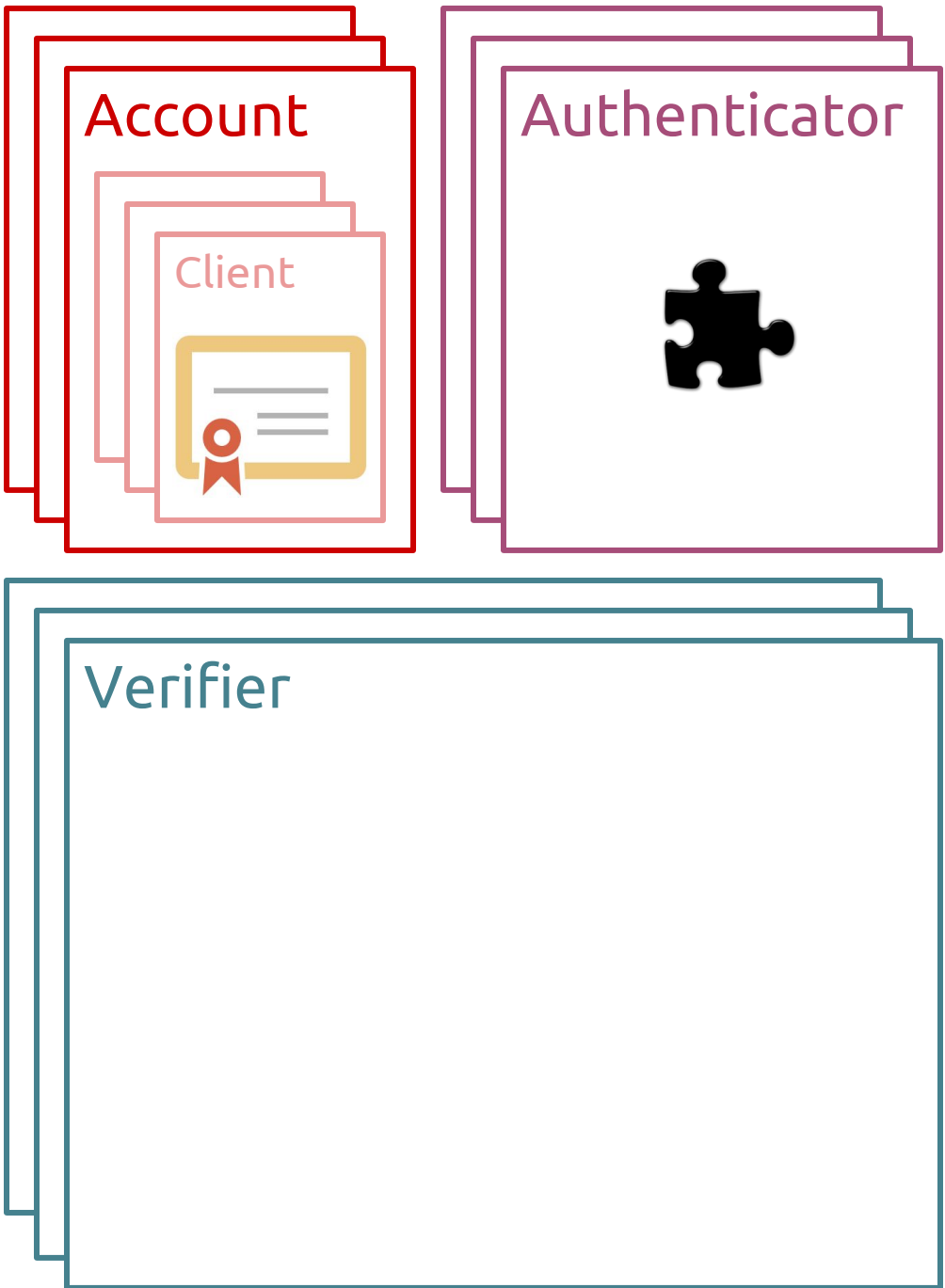
# Access Control Server



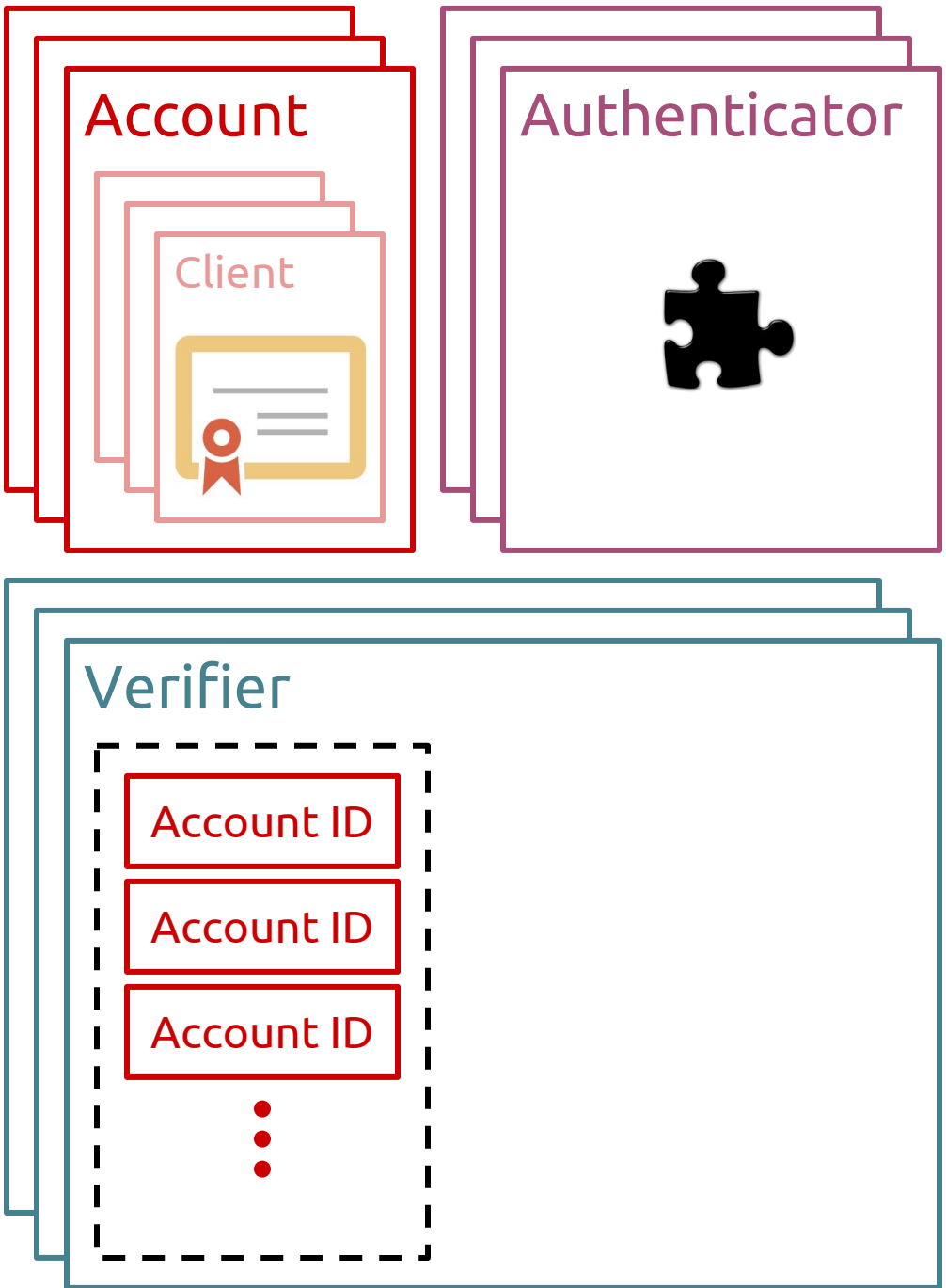
# Access Control Server



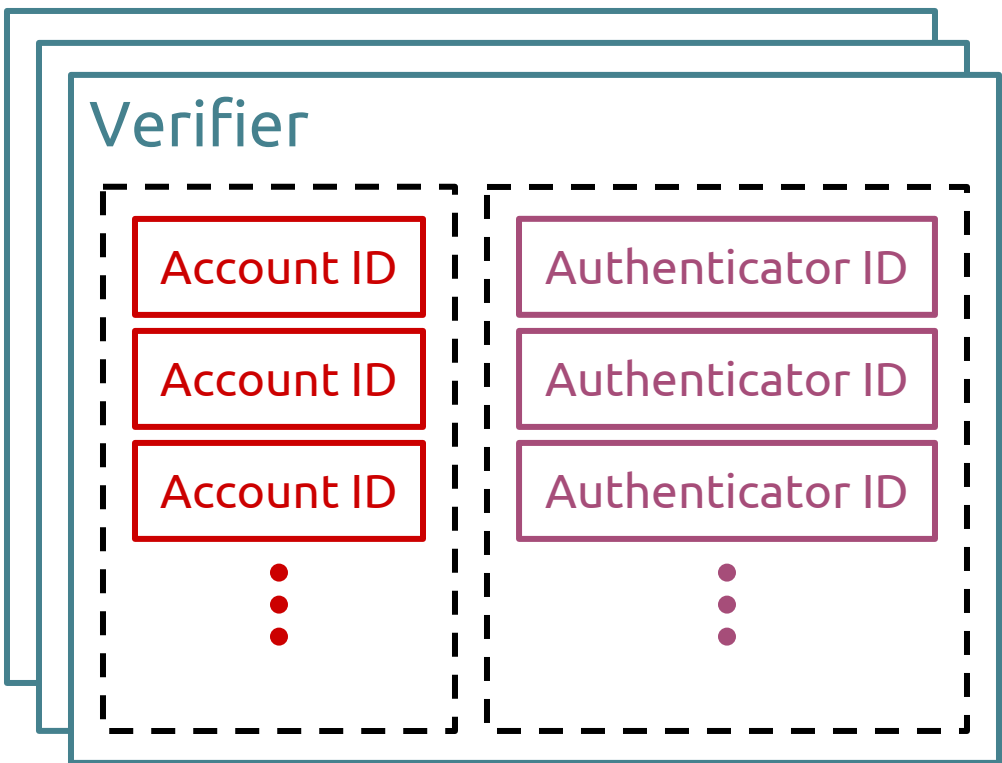
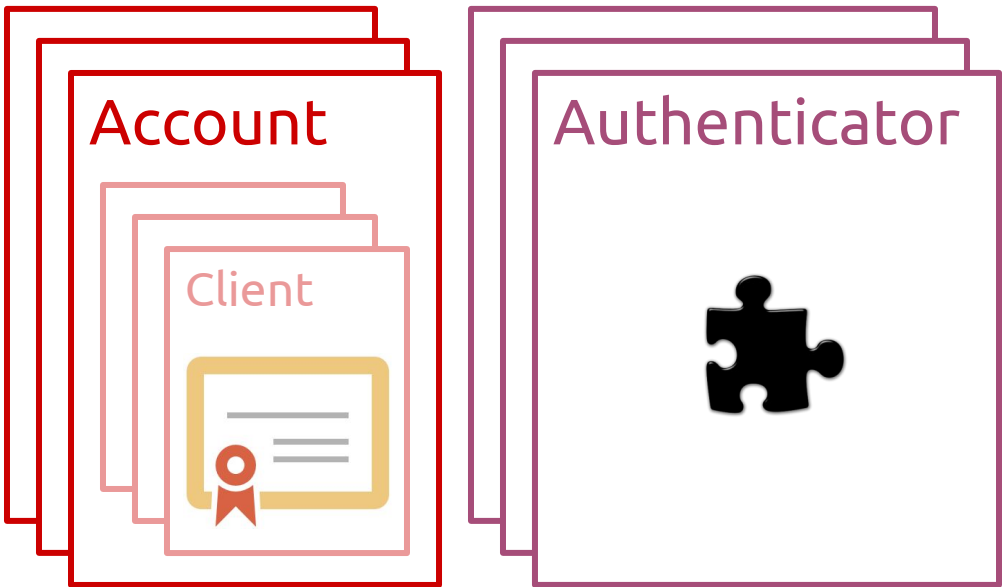
# Access Control Server



# Access Control Server



# Access Control Server



# Access Control Server

Account

Client



Authenticator



Permissions

Object Type

Object ID

Permission Name

Verifier

Account ID

Account ID

Account ID



Authenticator ID

Authenticator ID

Authenticator ID



Access Control Server

Account

Client



Authenticator



Permissions

Object Type

Object ID

Verifier

Account ID

Account ID

Account ID



Authenticator ID

Authenticator ID

Authenticator ID



Permission Name

Verifier ID

Verifier ID

Verifier ID



Why Place Trust In Single Servers?



# Multi-Server Operation



AC Server A

AC Server B

Storage Server A

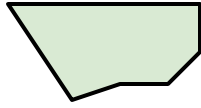
Storage Server B

Storage Server C

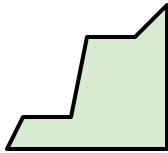
AC Server A

AC Server B

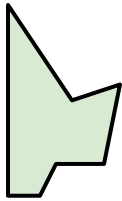
Storage Server A



Storage Server B



Storage Server C

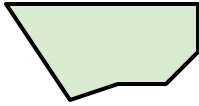


AC Server A

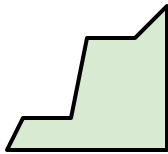
AC Server B

Application

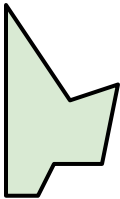
Storage Server A



Storage Server B



Storage Server C

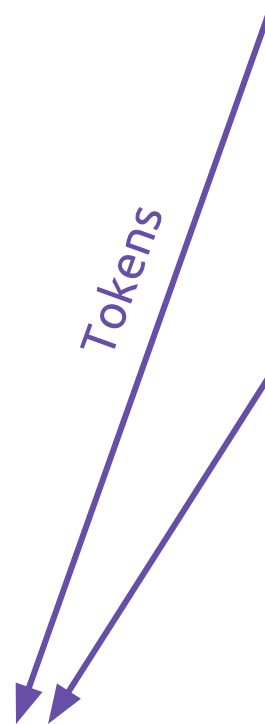


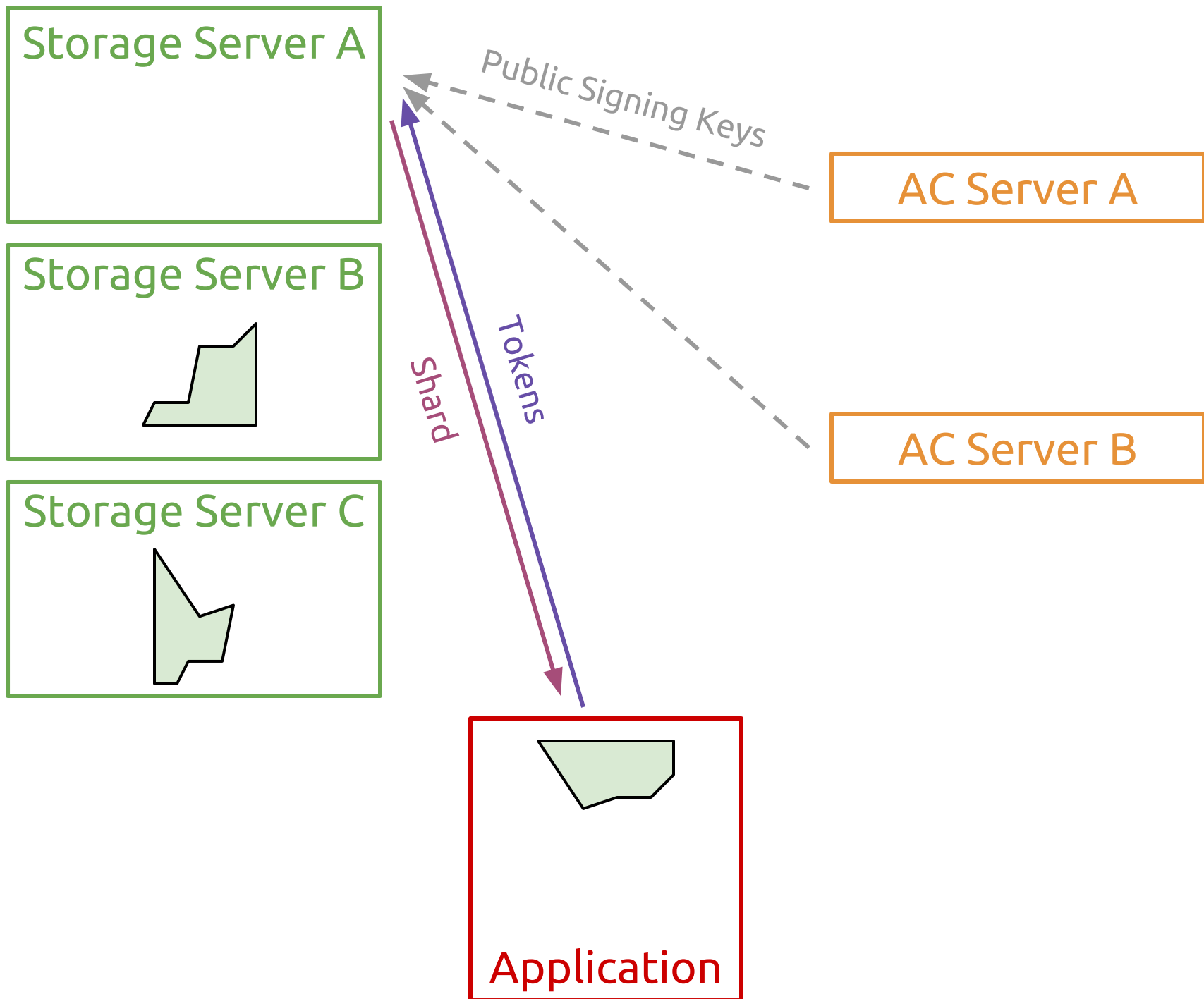
AC Server A

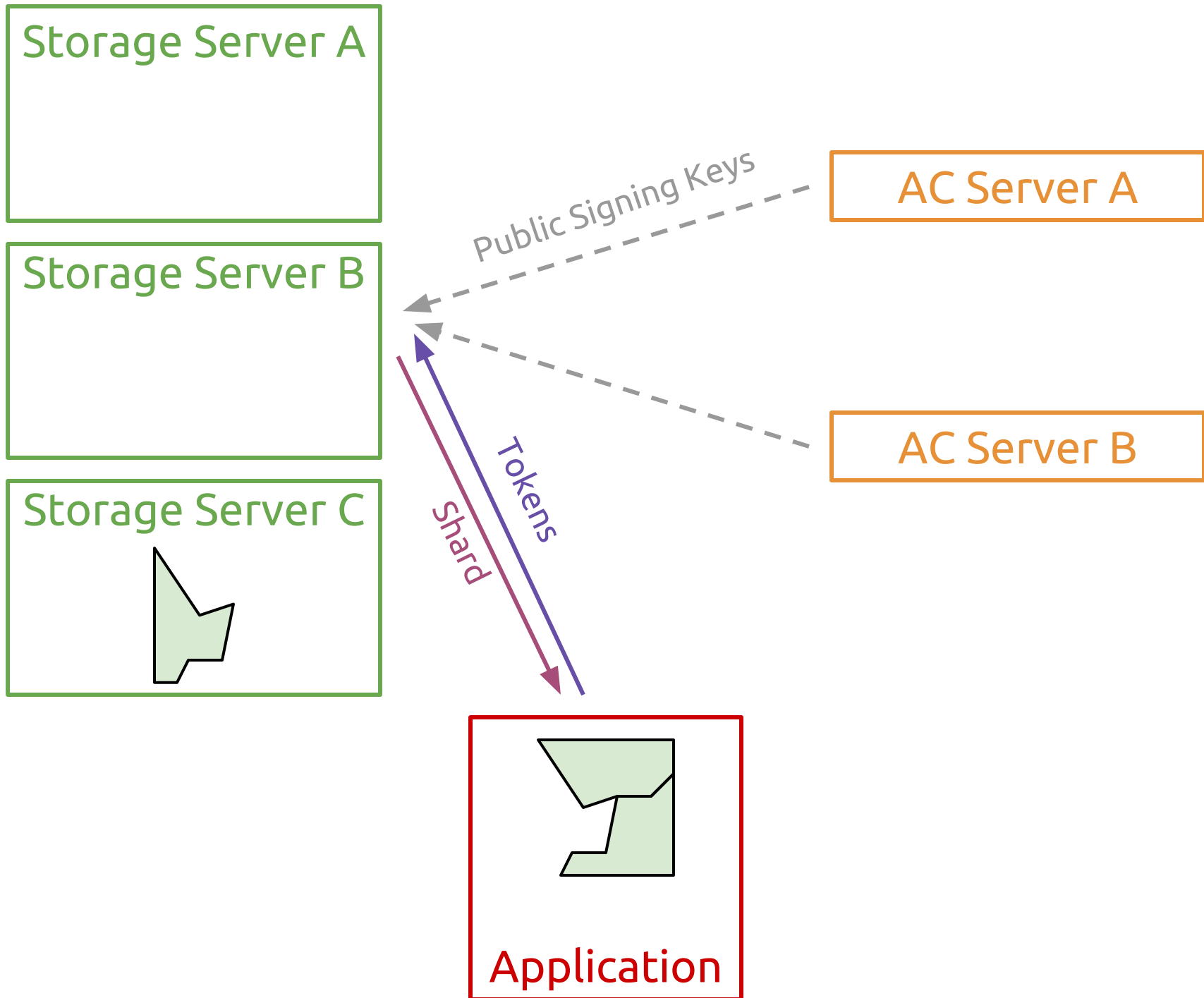
AC Server B

*Tokens*

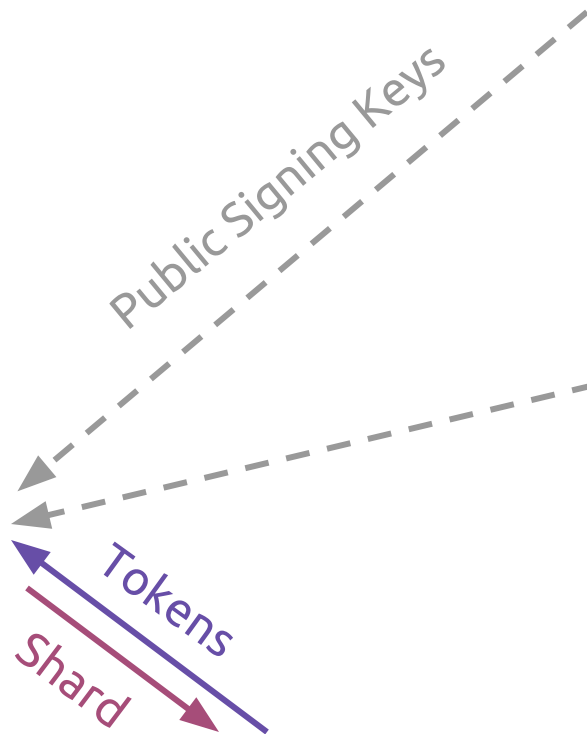
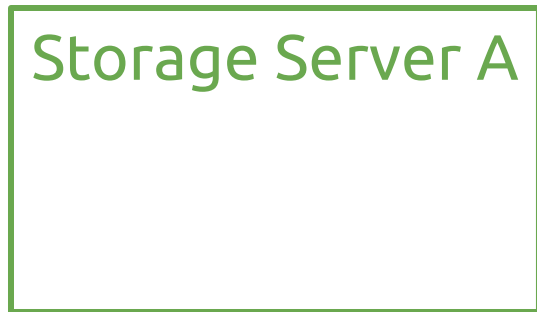
Application











Storage Server A

Storage Server B

Storage Server C

AC Server A

AC Server B

Secret

Application

# Secret Retrieval

# Secret Retrieval

w/ Out of Band Human-in-the-Loop



```
Permissions for Collection cf3529eb13be:  
  { read: [ Verifier a74b2e2d493d ] }
```

Permissions for Collection cf3529eb13be:

```
{ read: [ Verifier a74b2e2d493d ] }
```

Verifier a74b2e2d493d

```
{ Accounts: [ Account cceb832edcdb ] }
```

```
  Authenticators: [ Authenticator 34e85e1bb264 ] }
```

Permissions for Collection cf3529eb13be:

```
{ read: [ Verifier a74b2e2d493d ] }
```

Verifier a74b2e2d493d

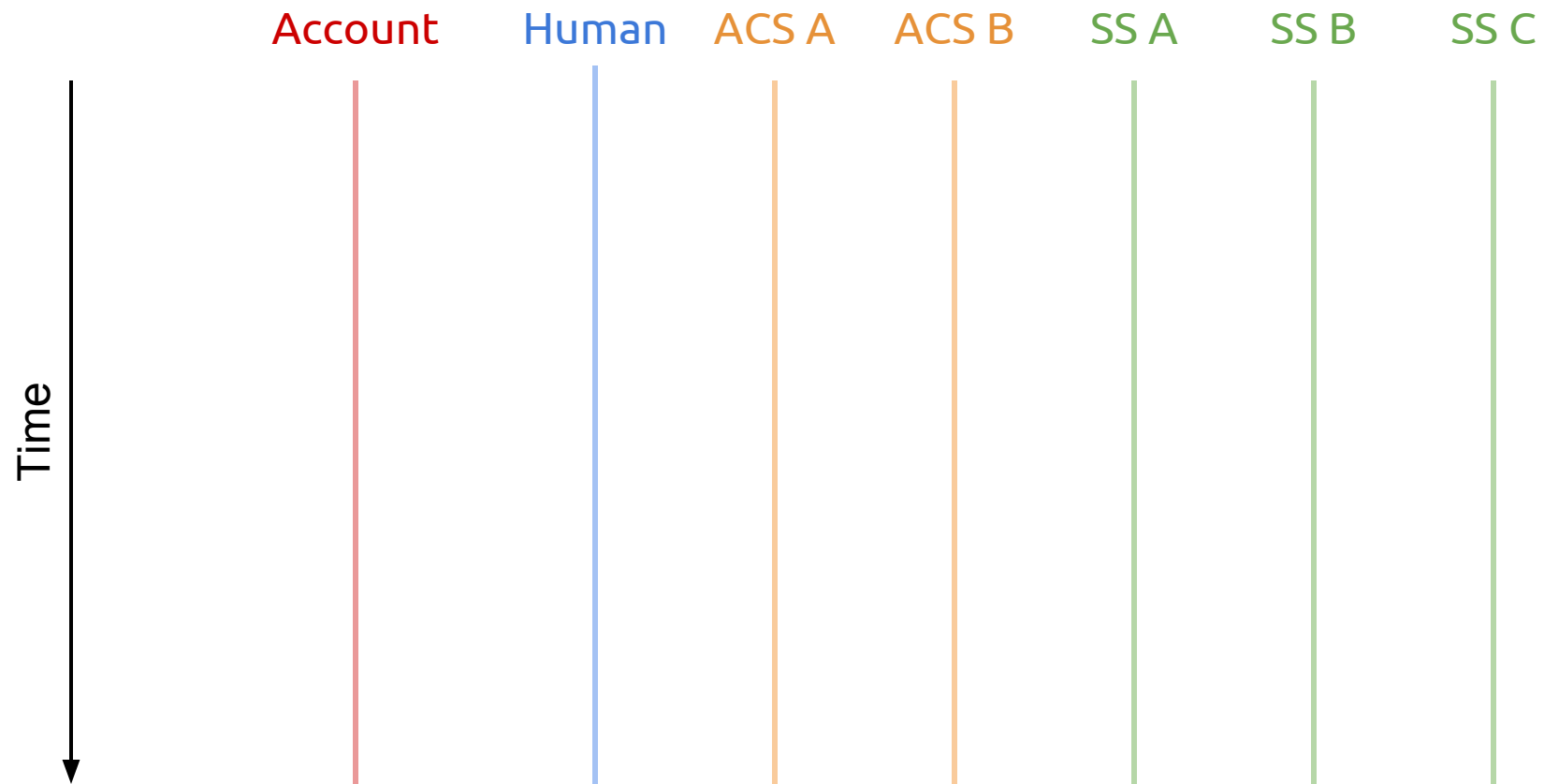
```
{ Accounts: [ Account cceb832edcdb ] }
```

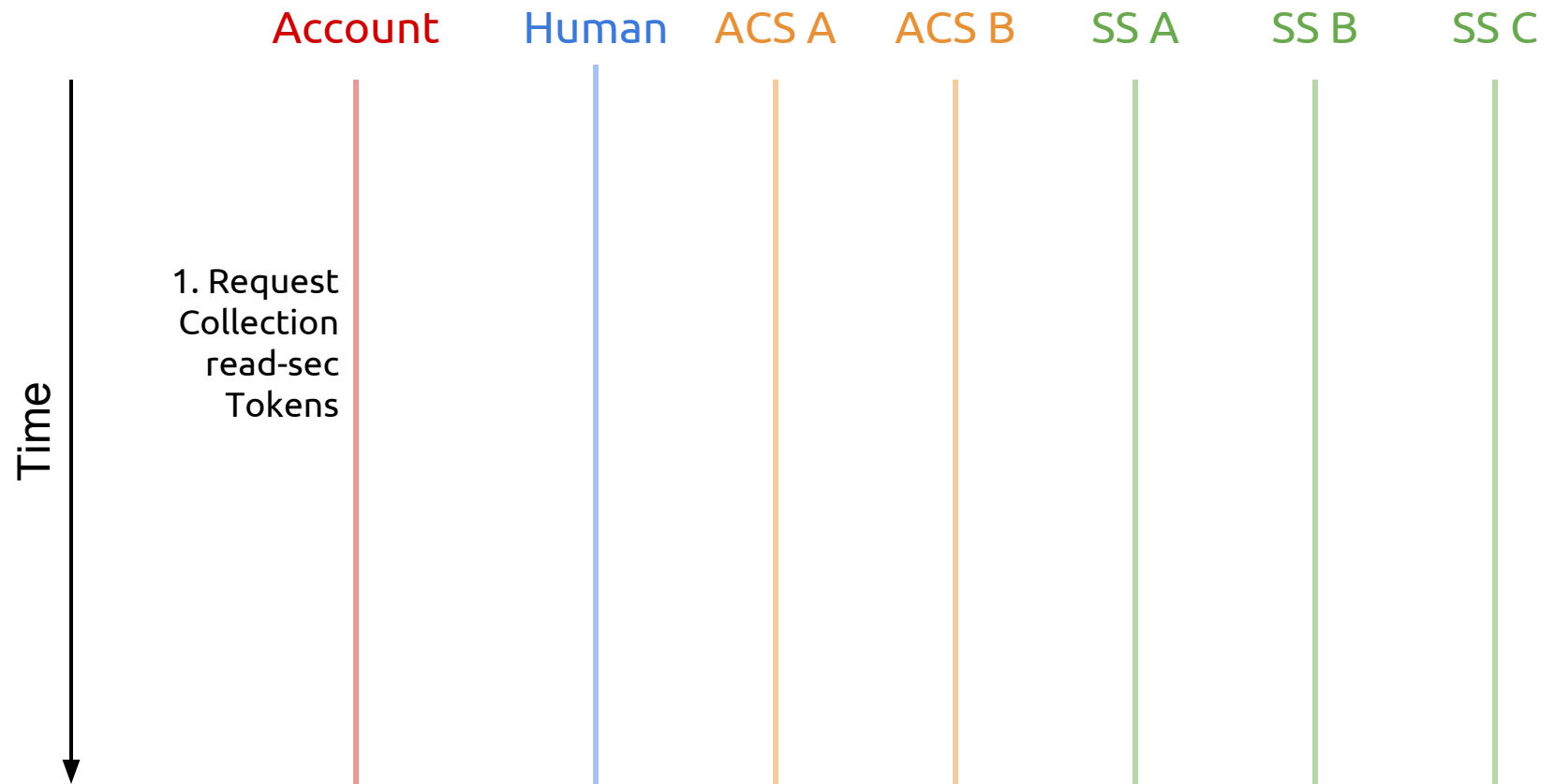
```
  Authenticators: [ Authenticator 34e85e1bb264 ] }
```

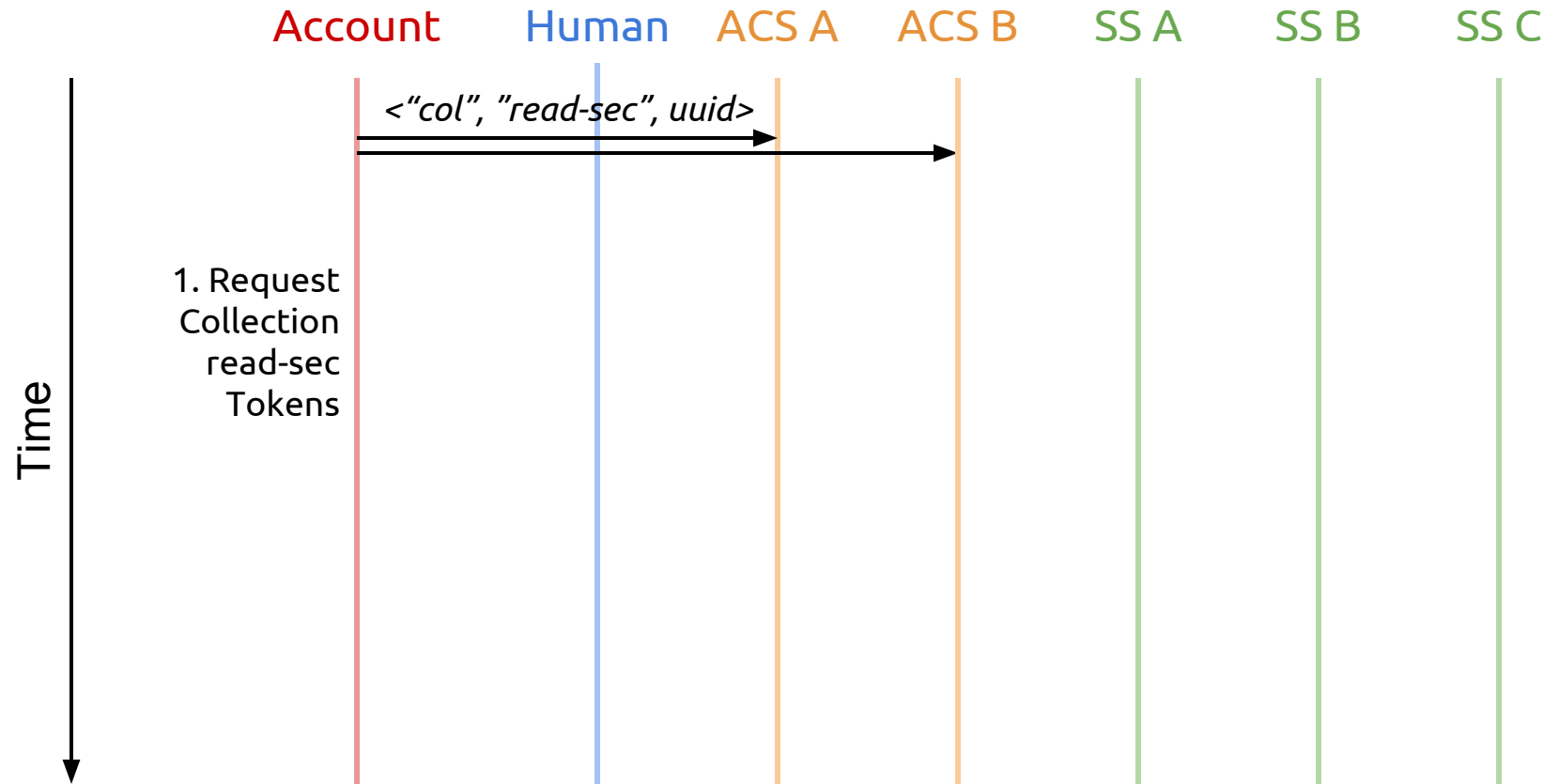
Authenticator 34e85e1bb264

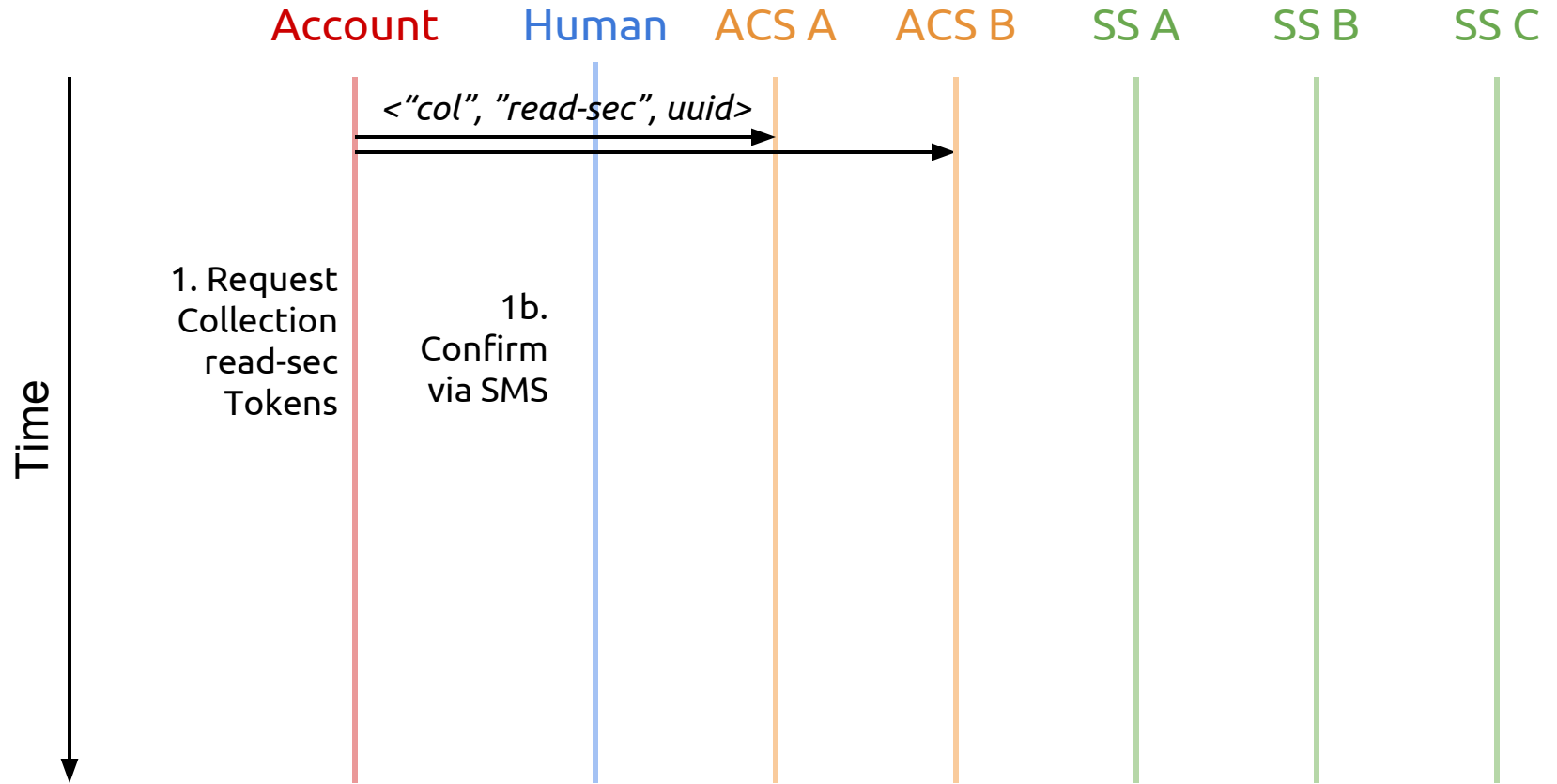
```
{ Plugin: SMS Challenge/Response }
```

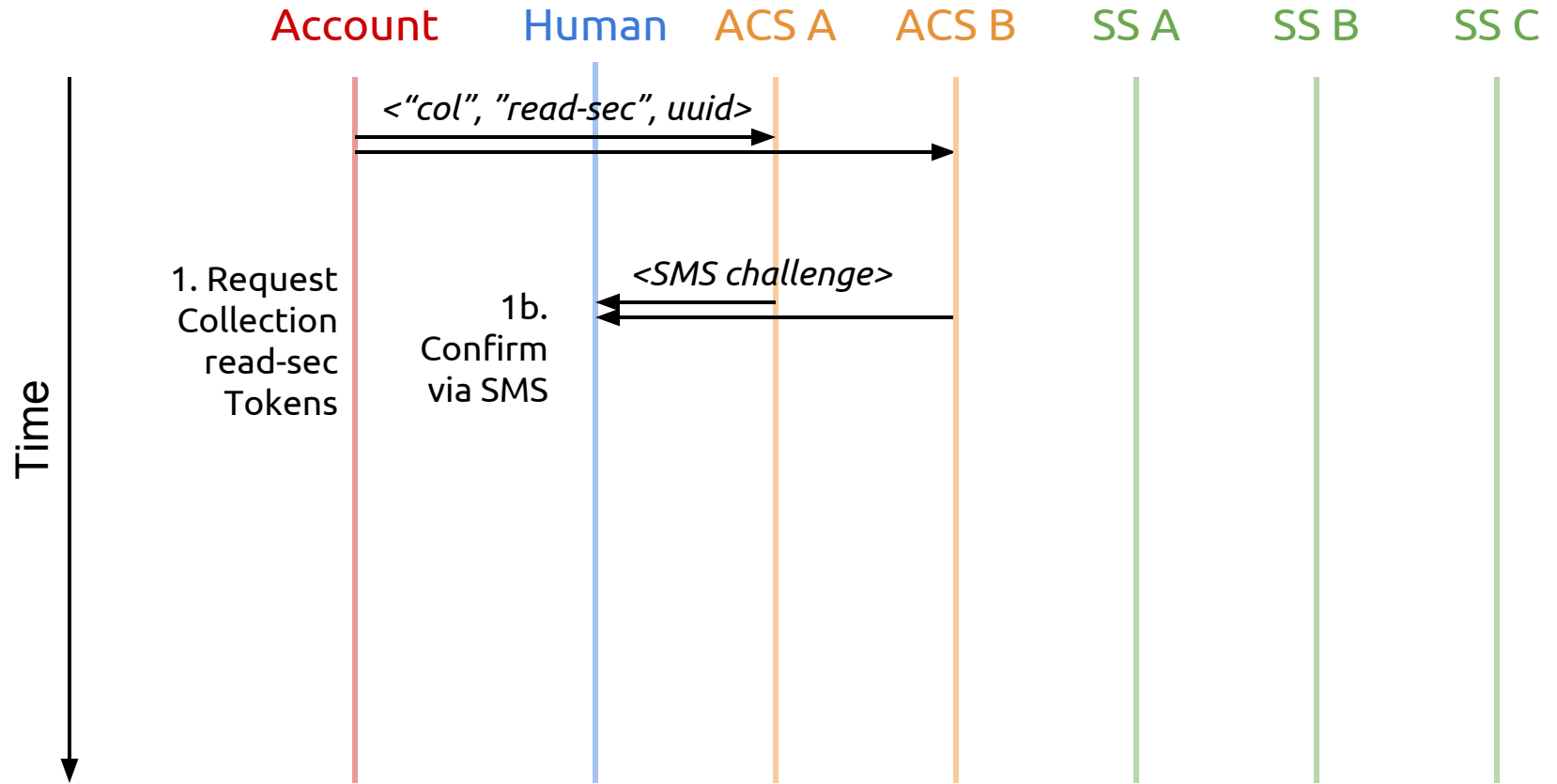


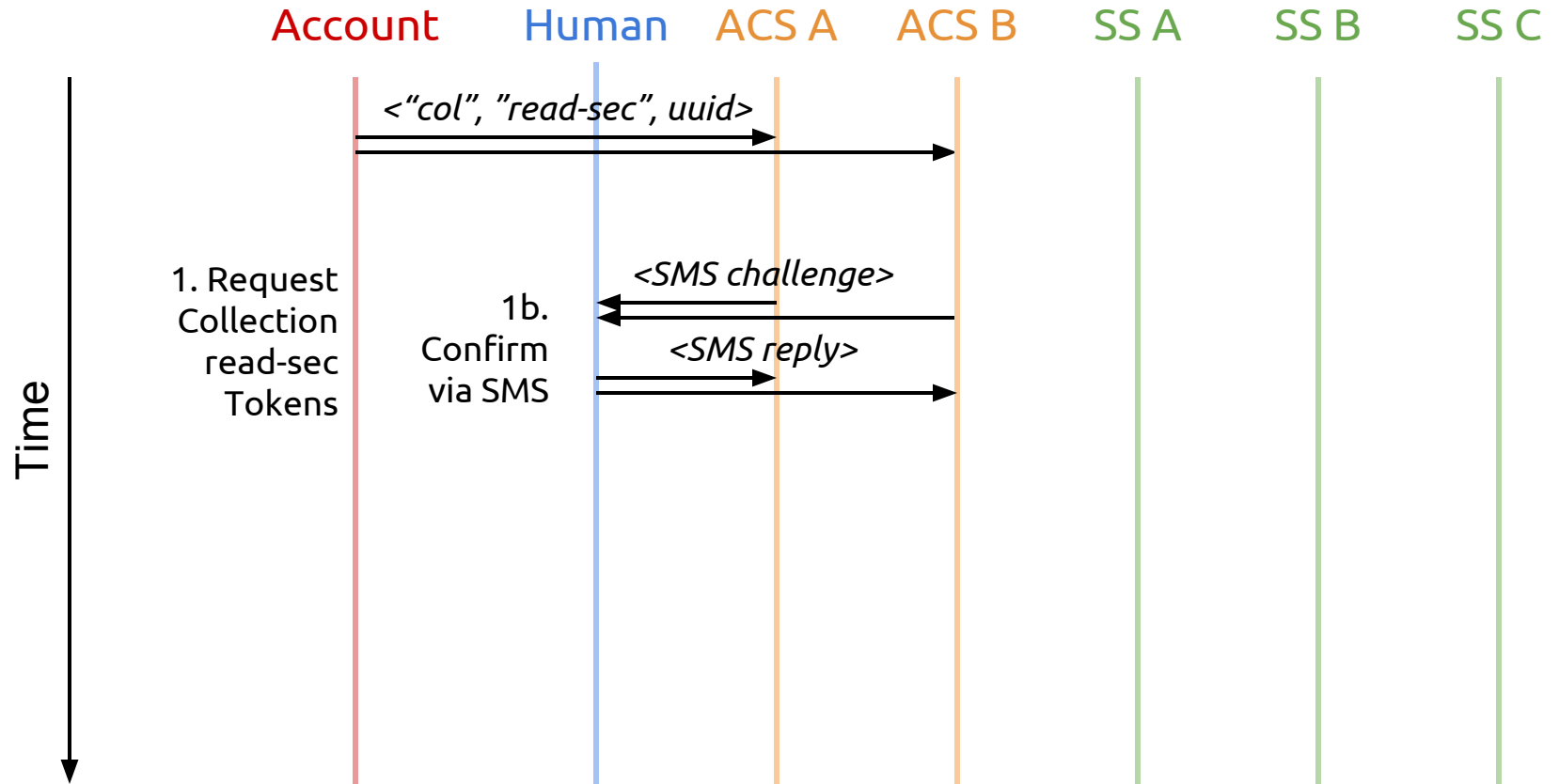


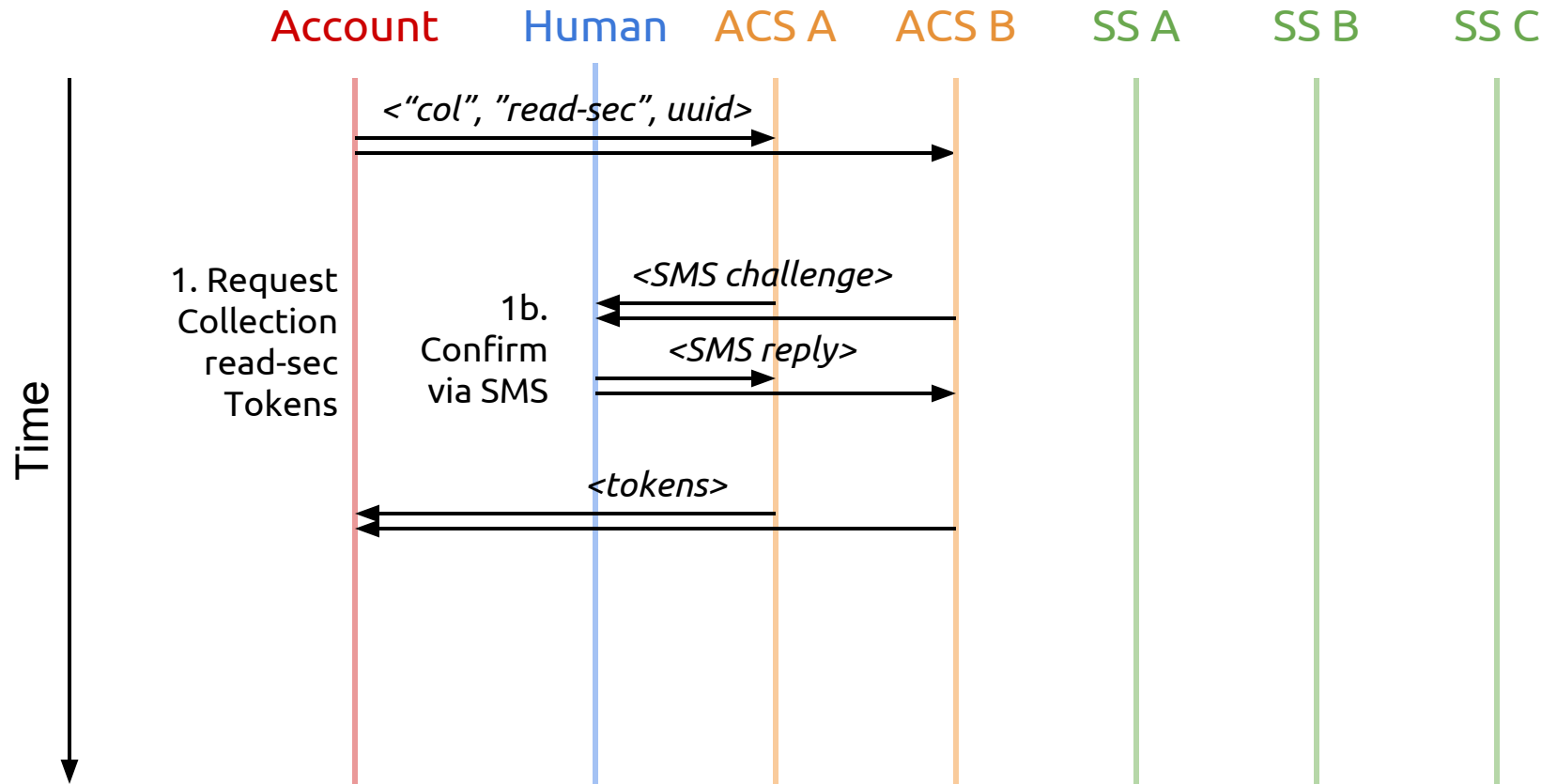


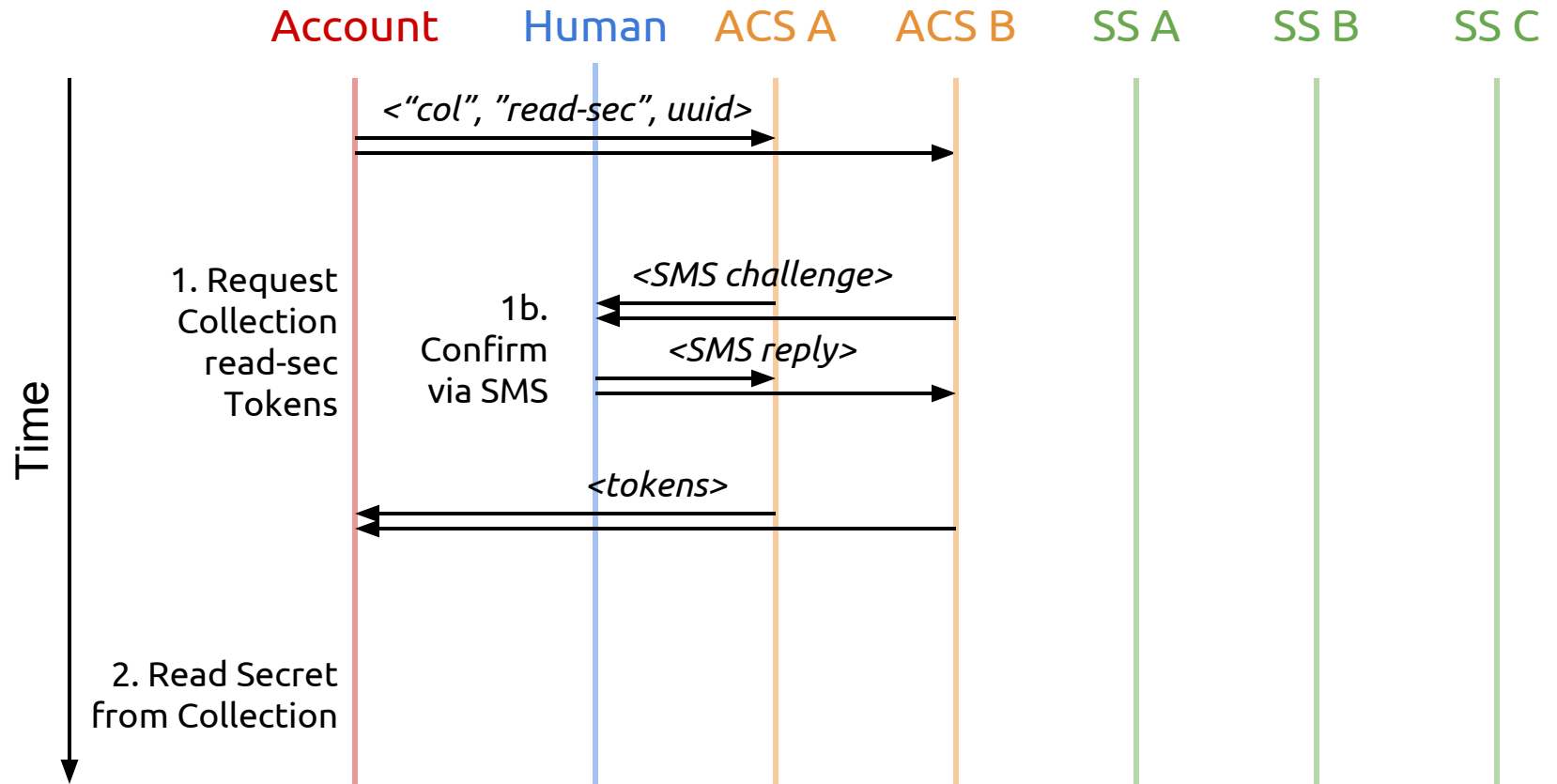




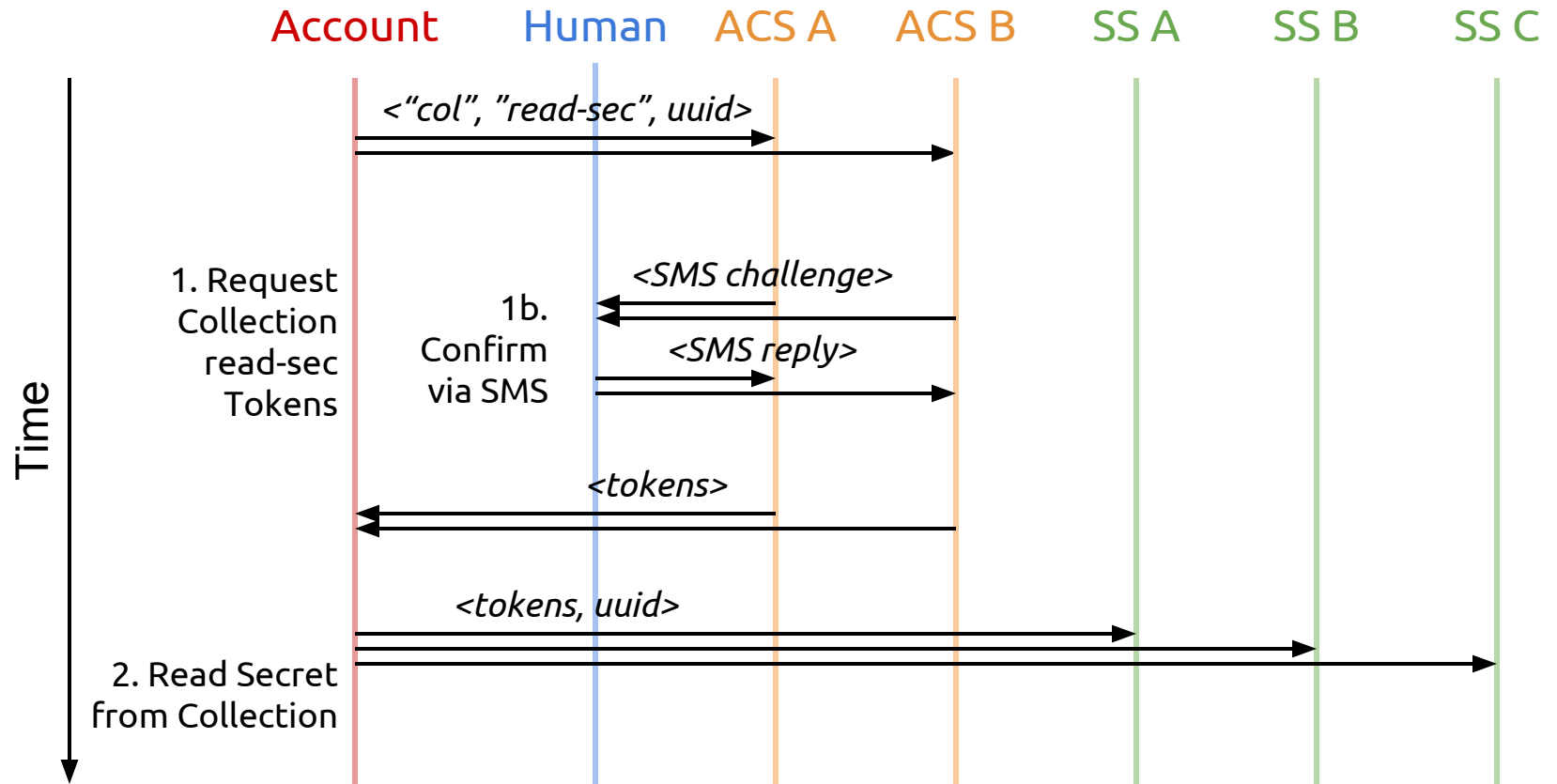


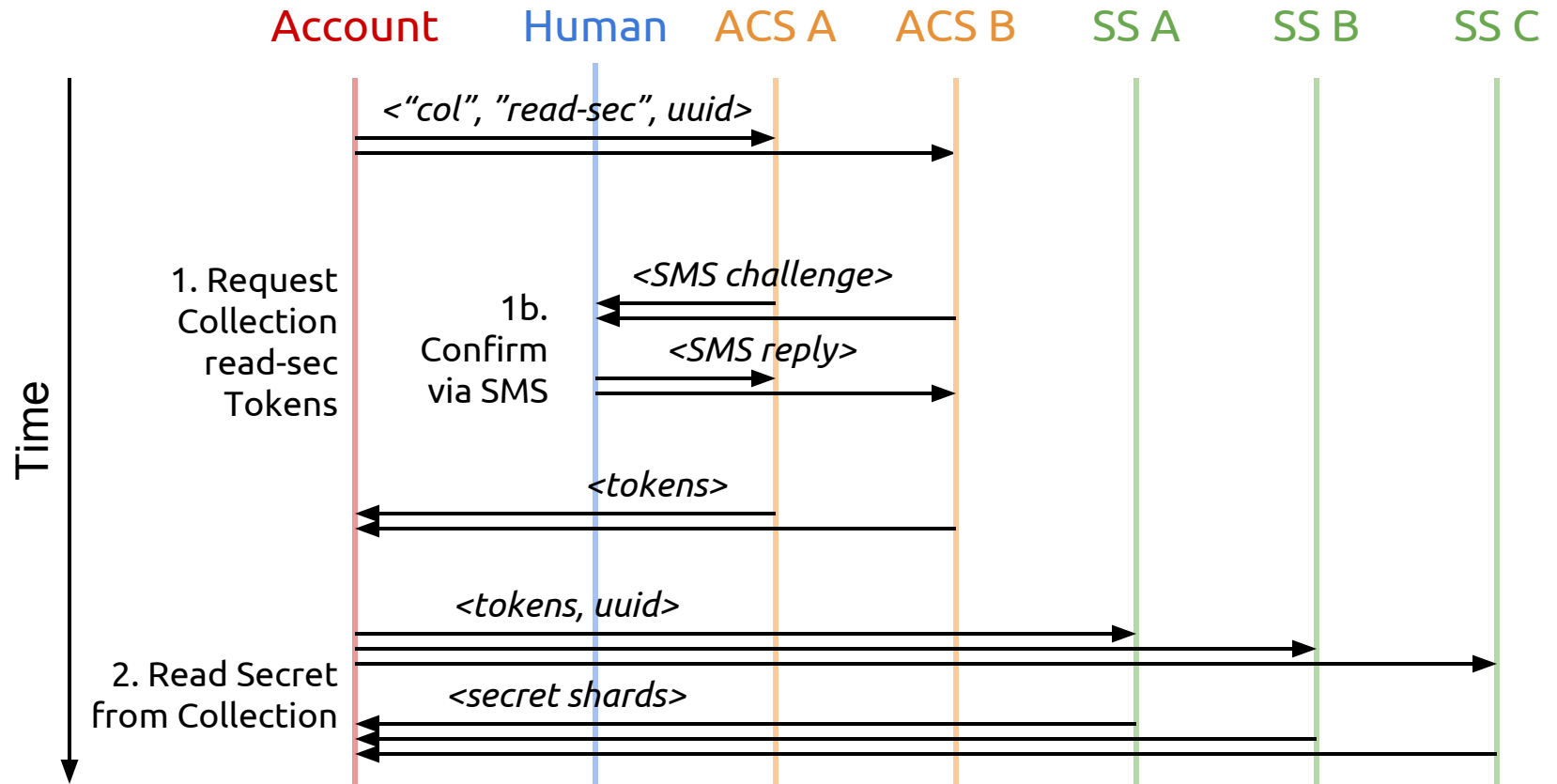






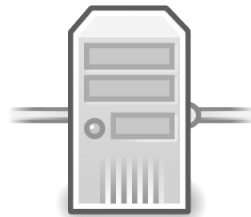


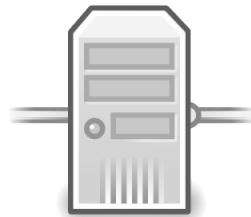


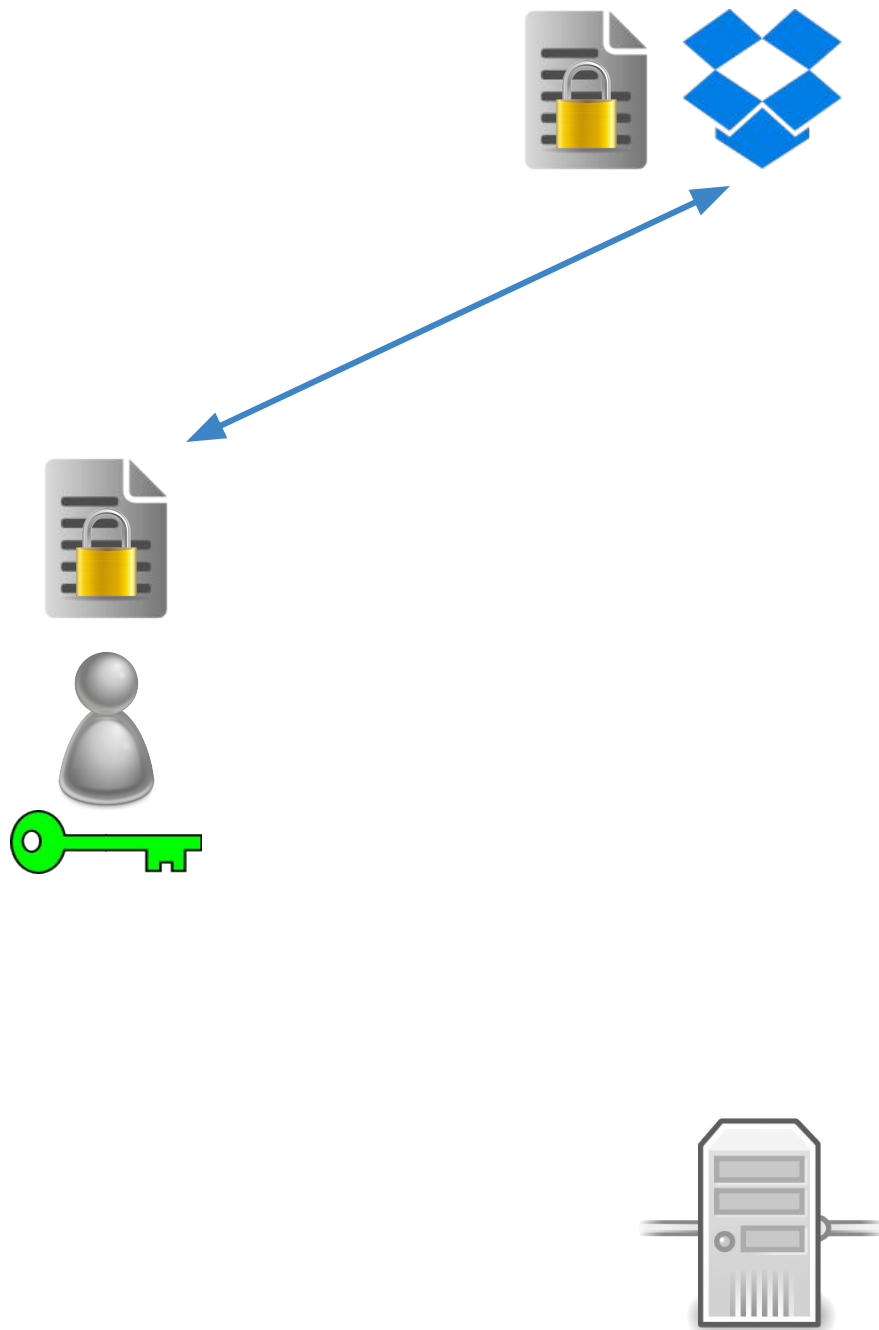


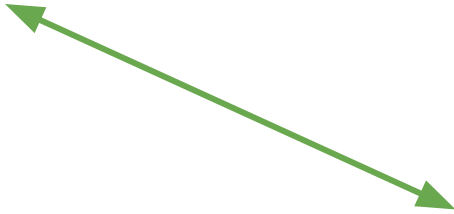
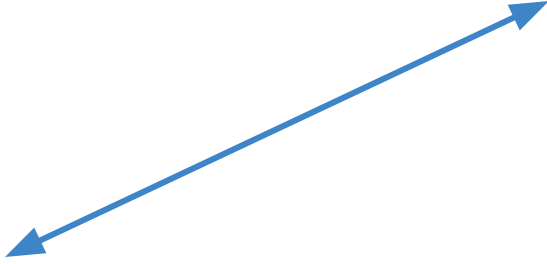
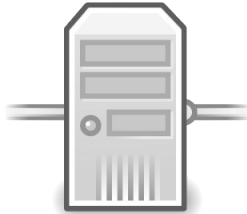
# Applications

# Fusebox: Tutamen-backed Dropbox Client

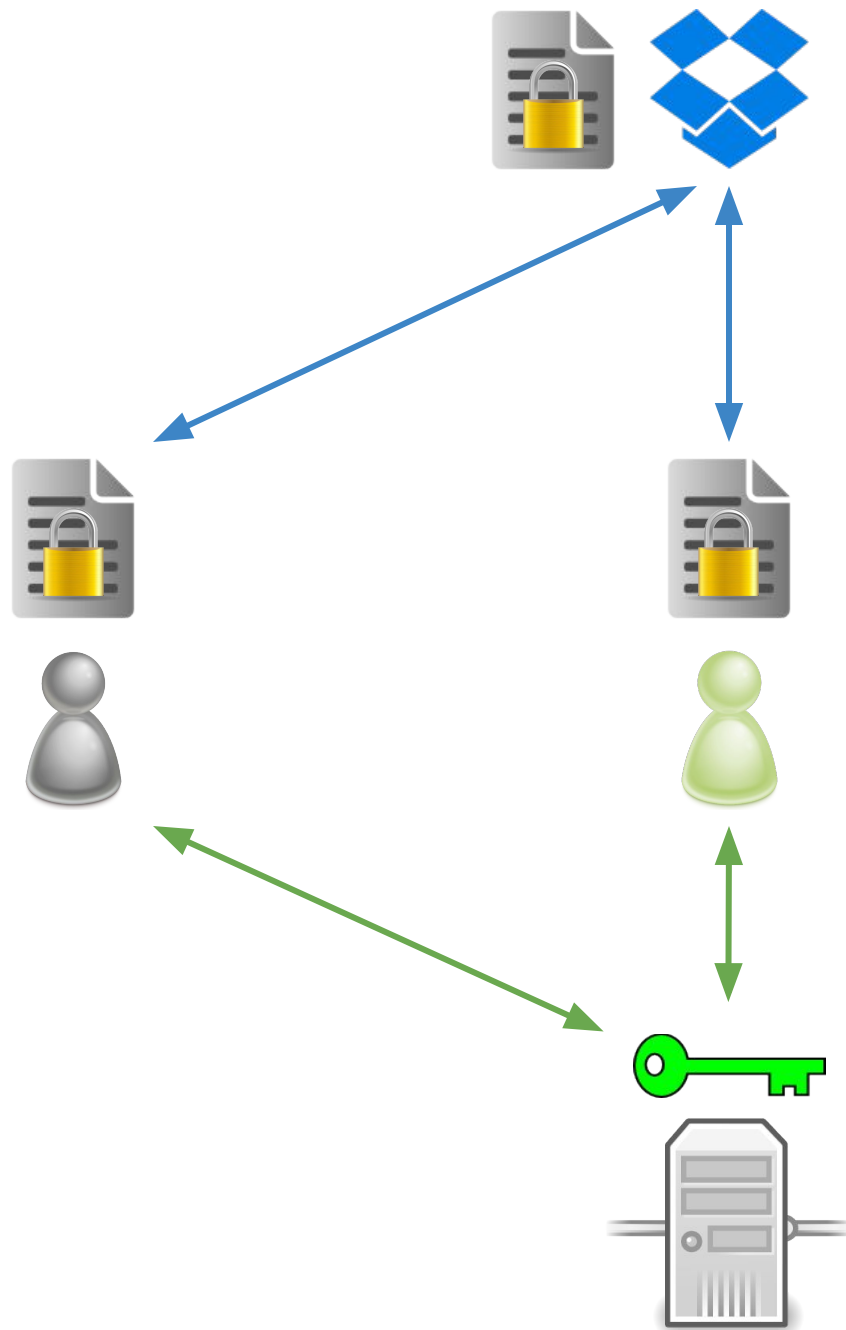


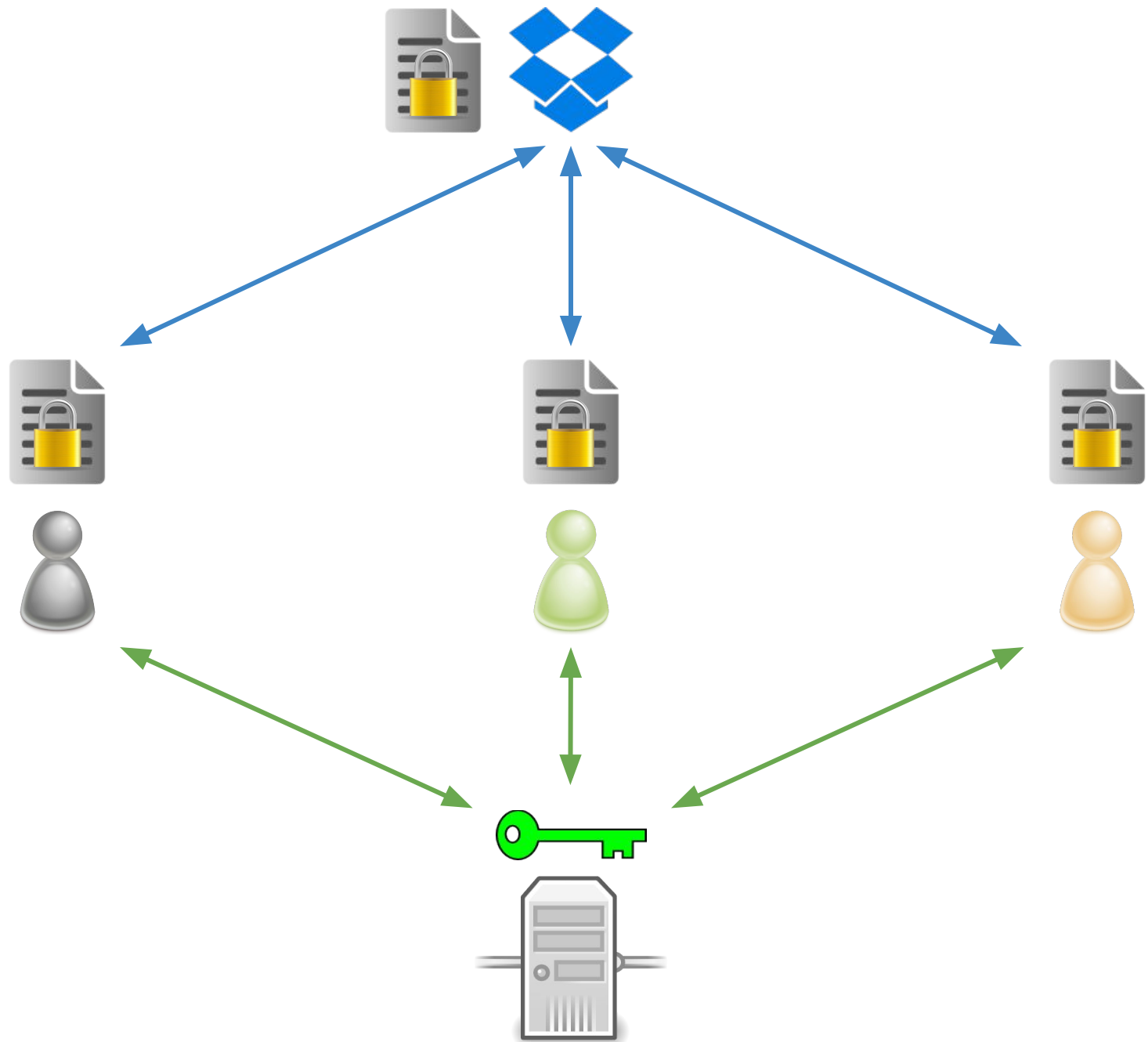


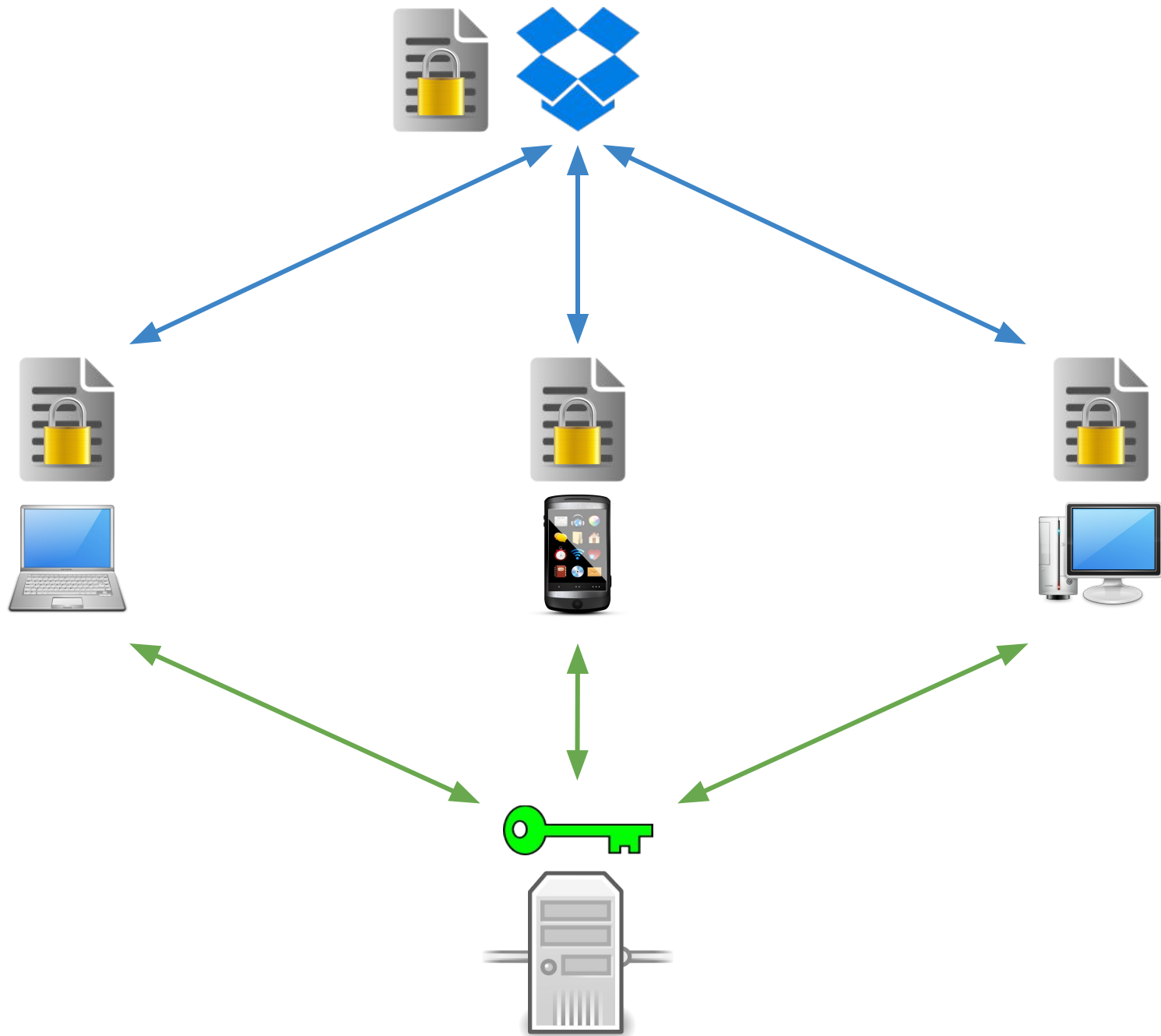






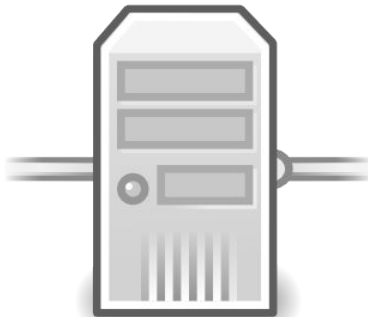


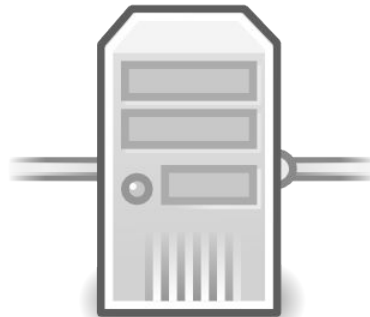




# Tutamen-backed dm-crypt/LUKS FDE



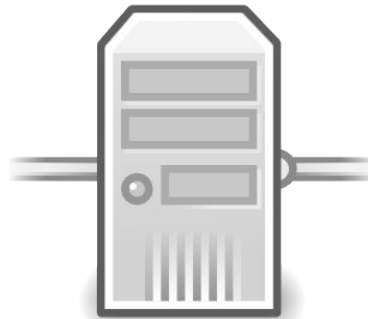




1.2.3.4/24



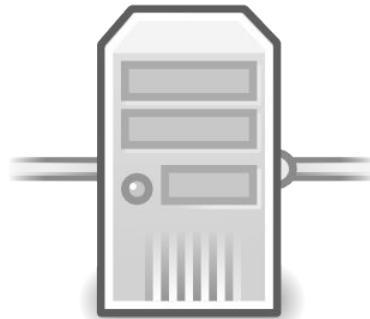
SMS Challenge



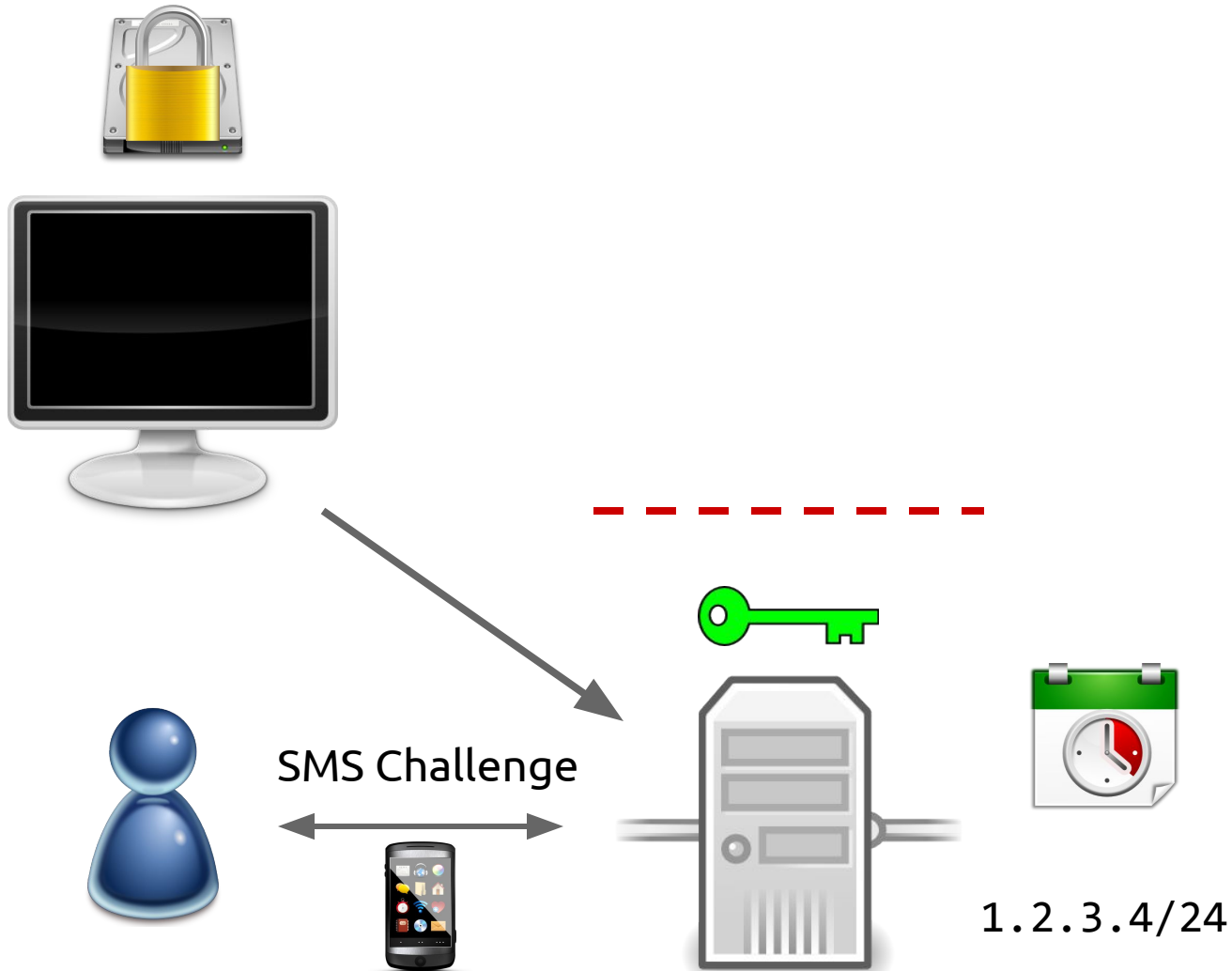


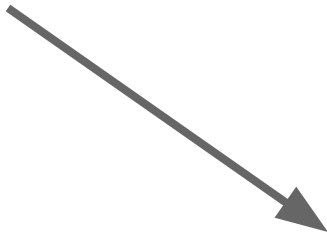


SMS Challenge



1.2.3.4/24

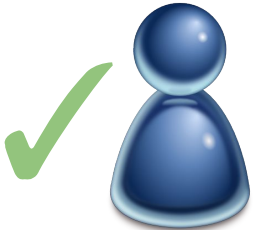




SMS Challenge



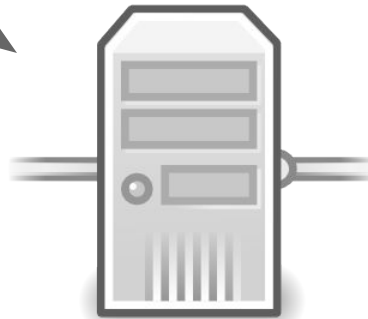
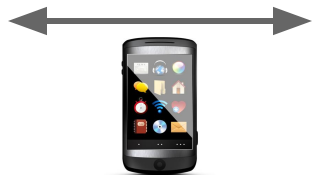
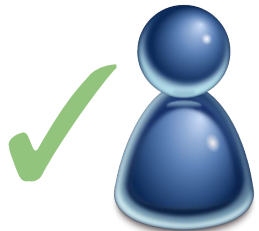
1.2.3.4/24

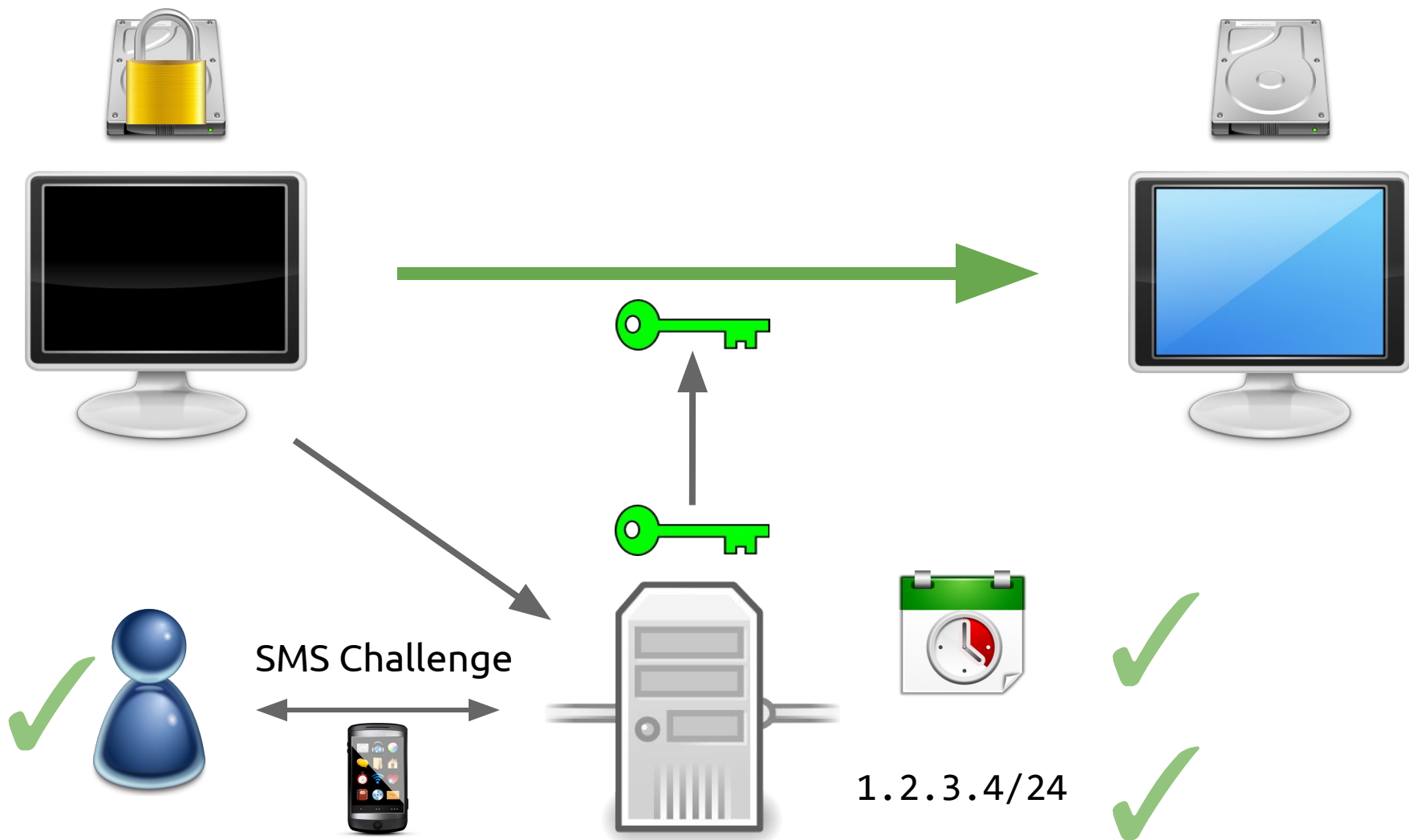




SMS Challenge

1.2.3.4/24

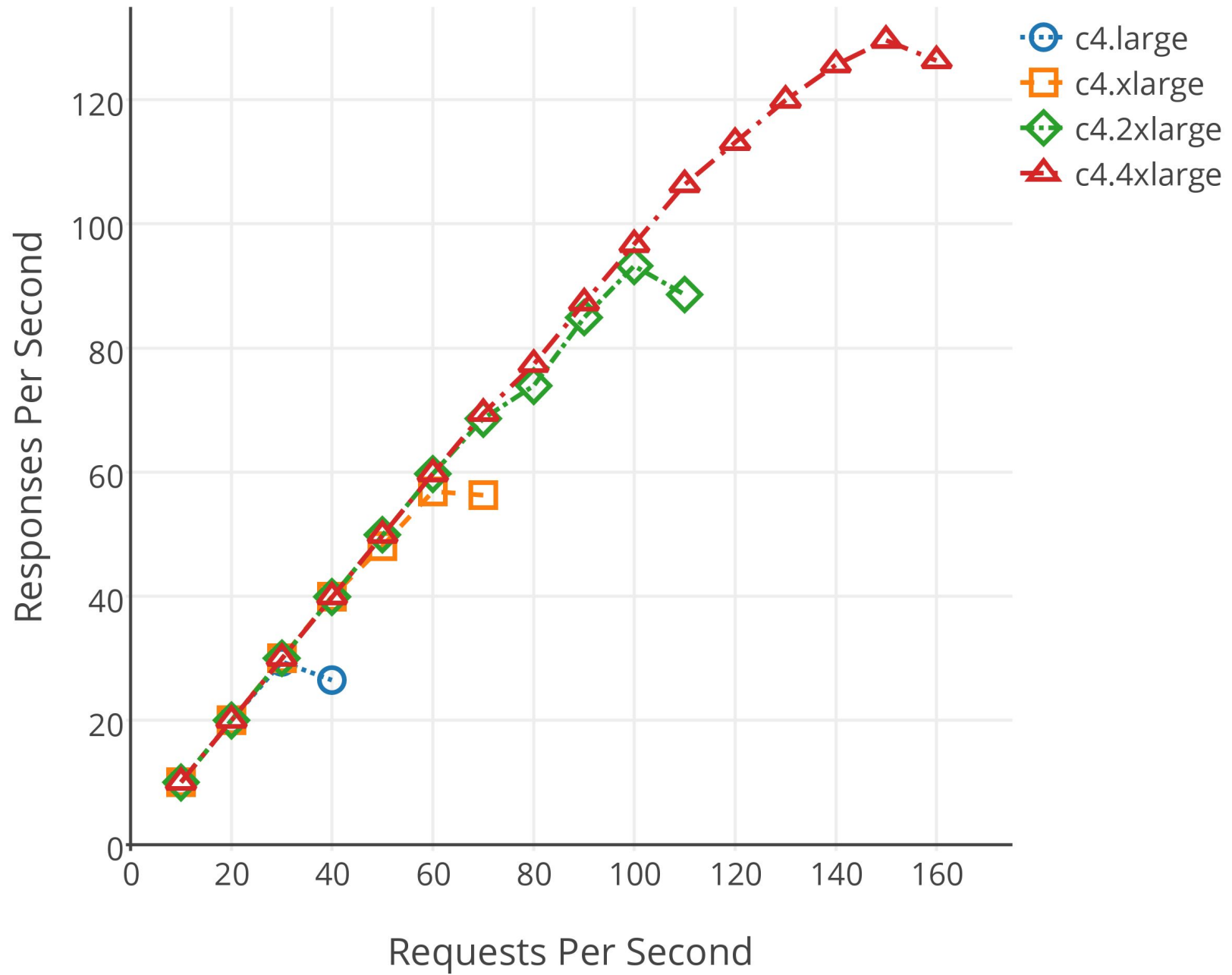




# Evaluation

Useful Across a  
Range of Applications

# Access Control Server - Get Token





# Storage Server - Fetch Secret



# Conclusion

# Next-Generation Secret Storage as a Service

# Next-Generation Secret Storage as a Service

## Tutamen

# Flexible Authentication

Plugins for Multi-factor, Out-of-Band, Etc Auth

## Minimally Trusted Infrastructure

Sharding Across Multiple Servers

## Beyond a Single Administrative Domain

Distributed Federation Between Servers

Thank You

Questions?

Extra Slides



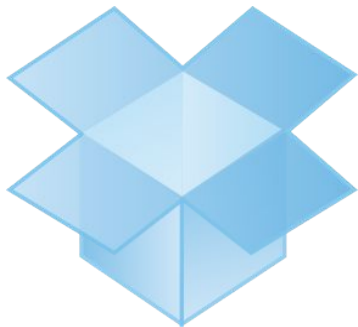
How can we **secure**  
and **control** our data?

*(even in the presence **third parties**)*

*(while also supporting modern **use cases**)*

Client-Side Encryption?

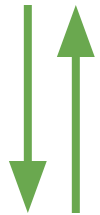
“My Data”

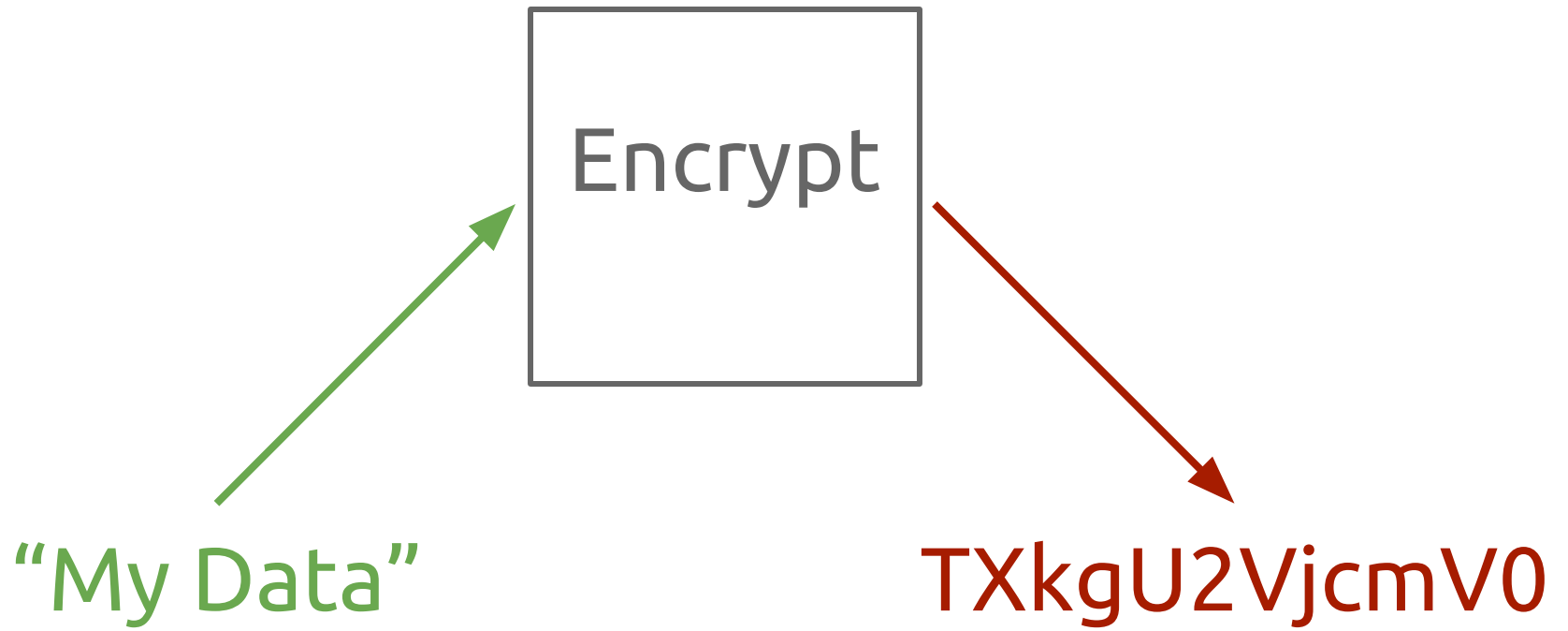


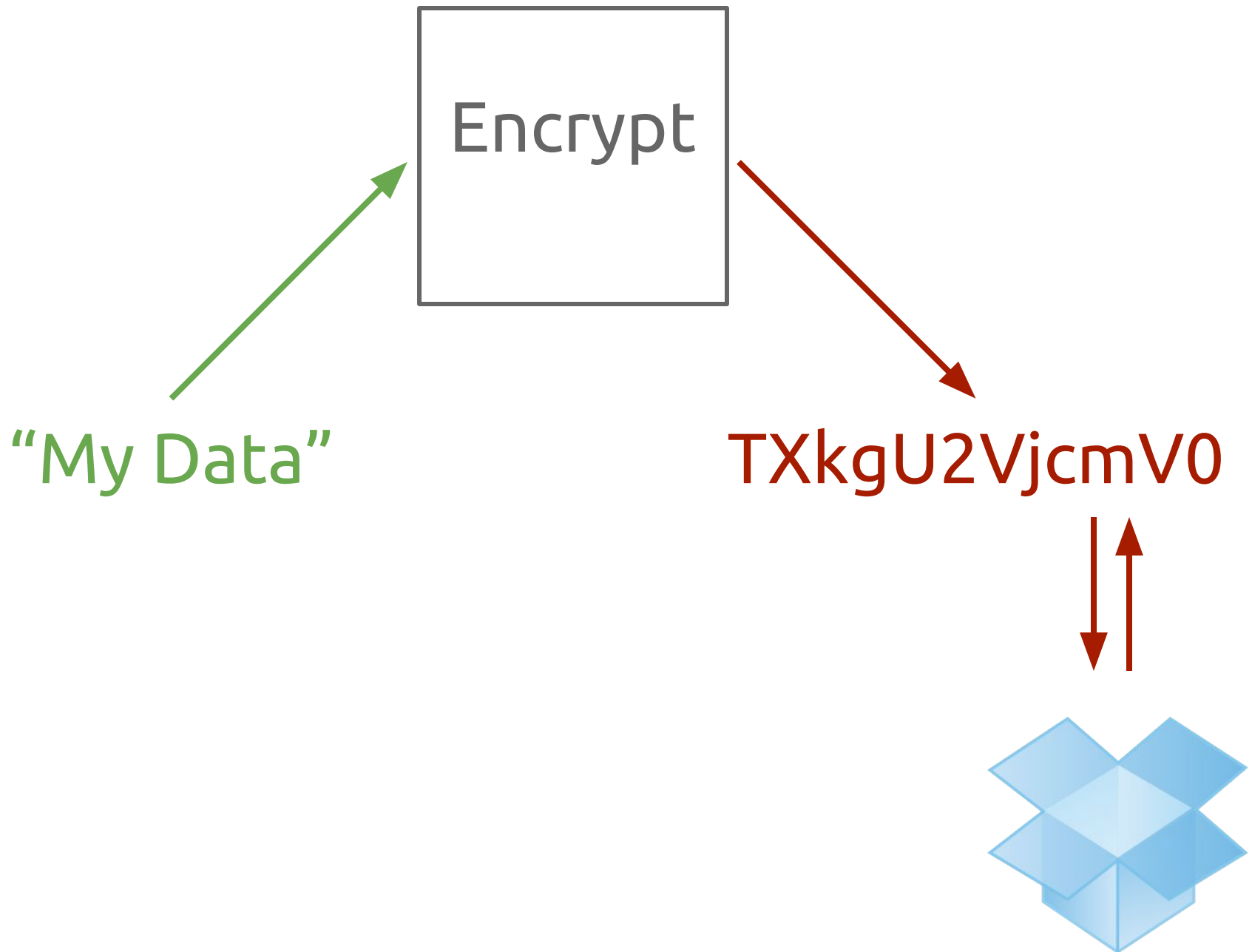


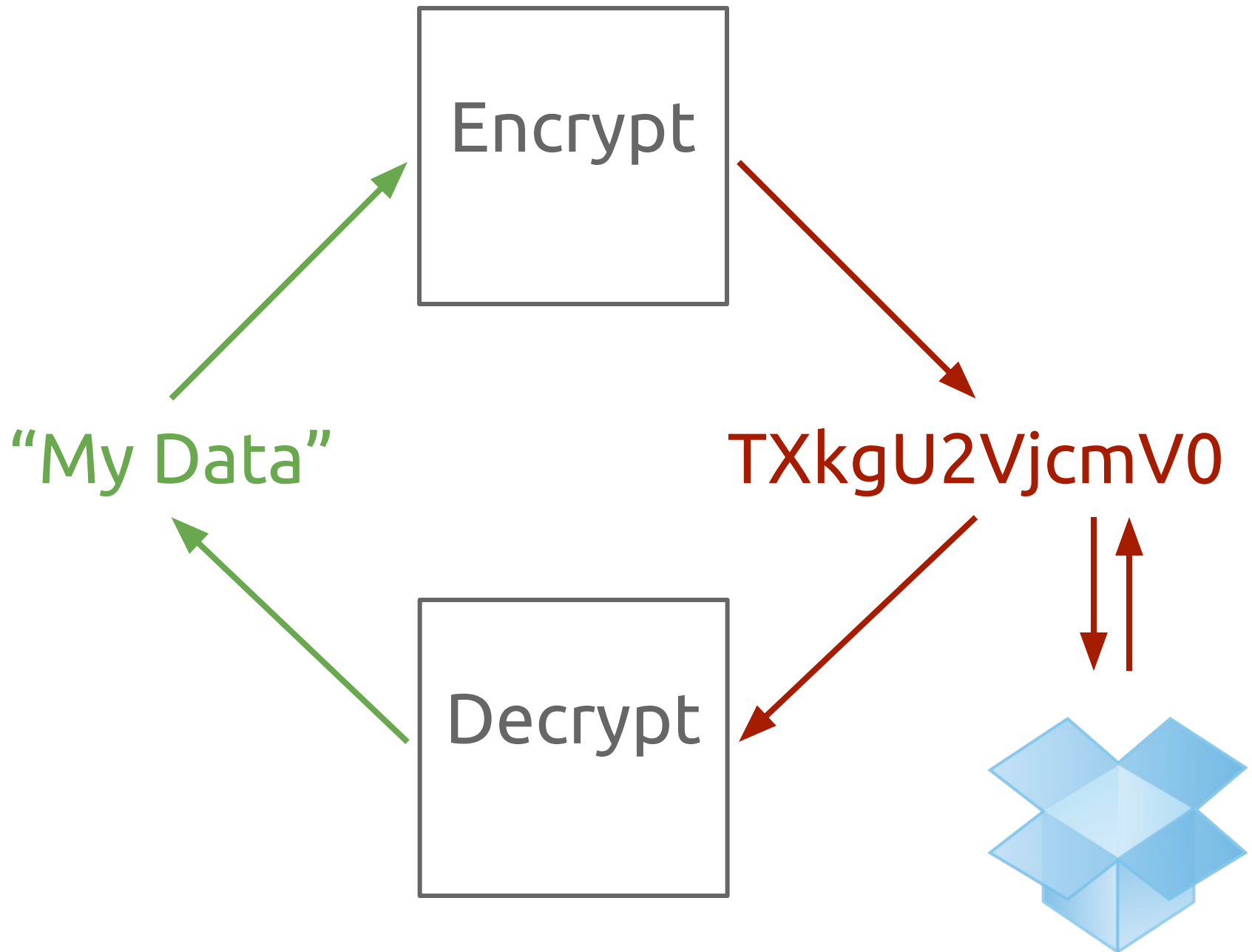
*Cryptography!*

“My Data”





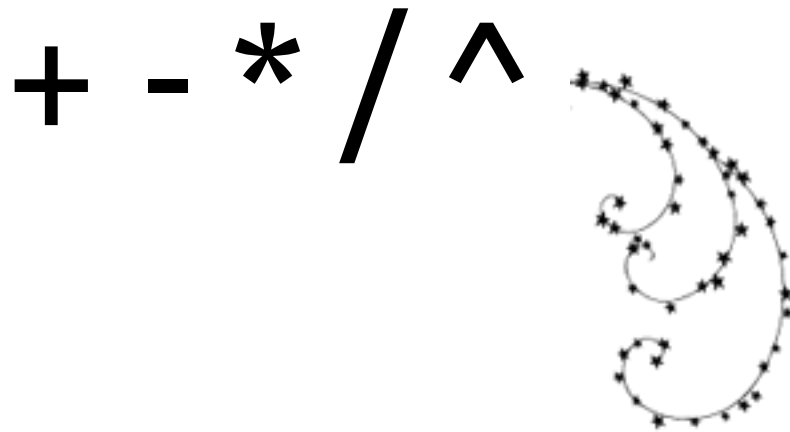




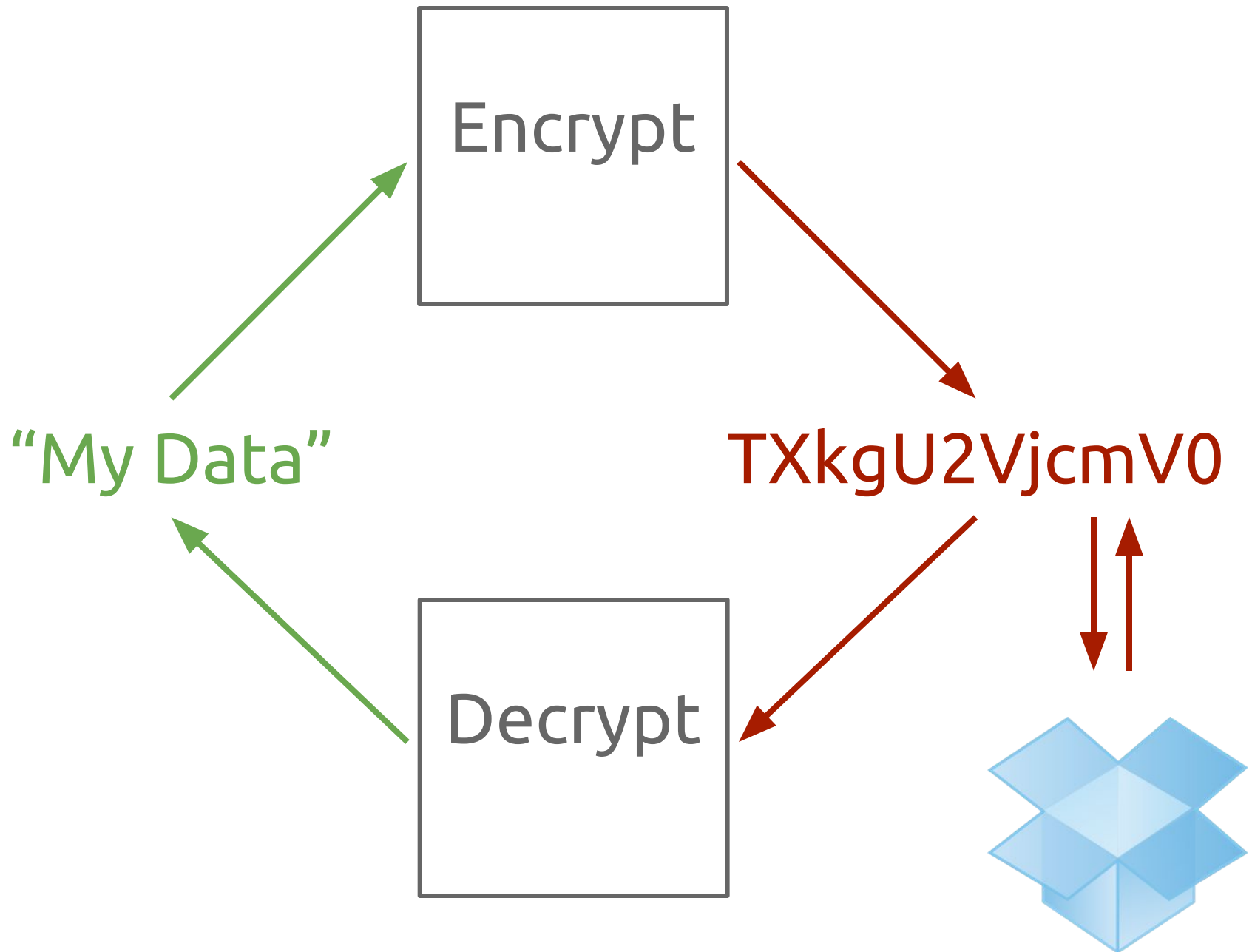


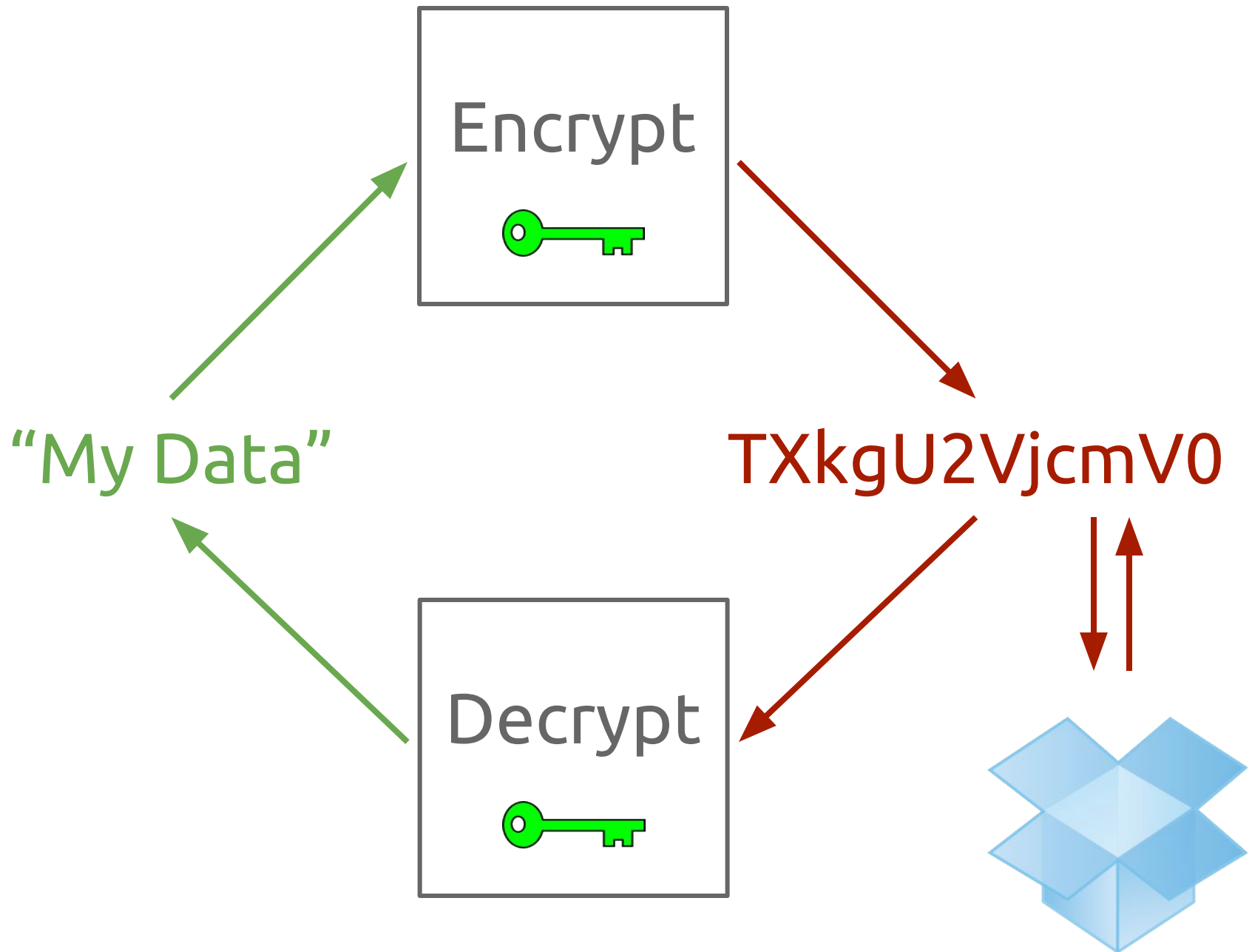


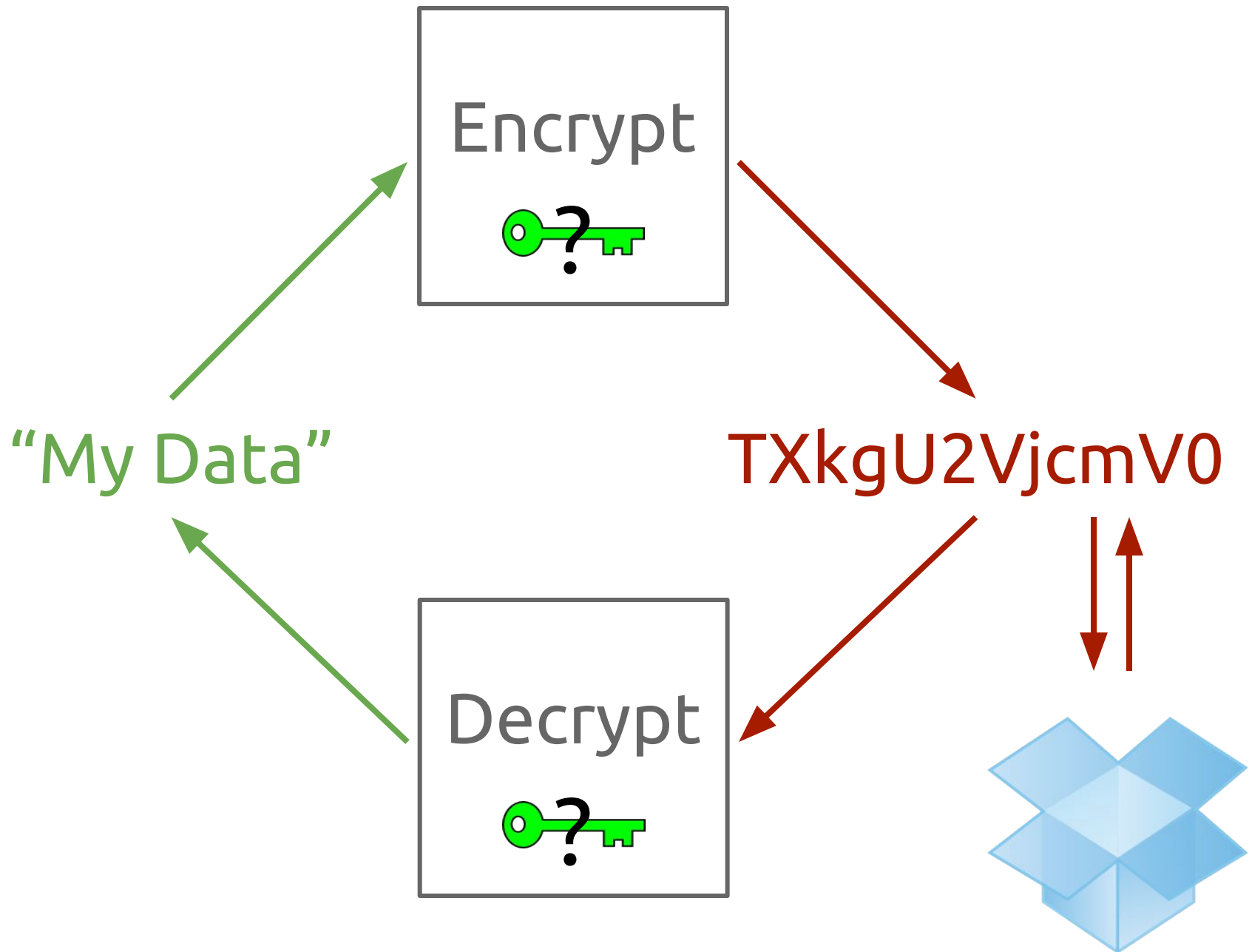
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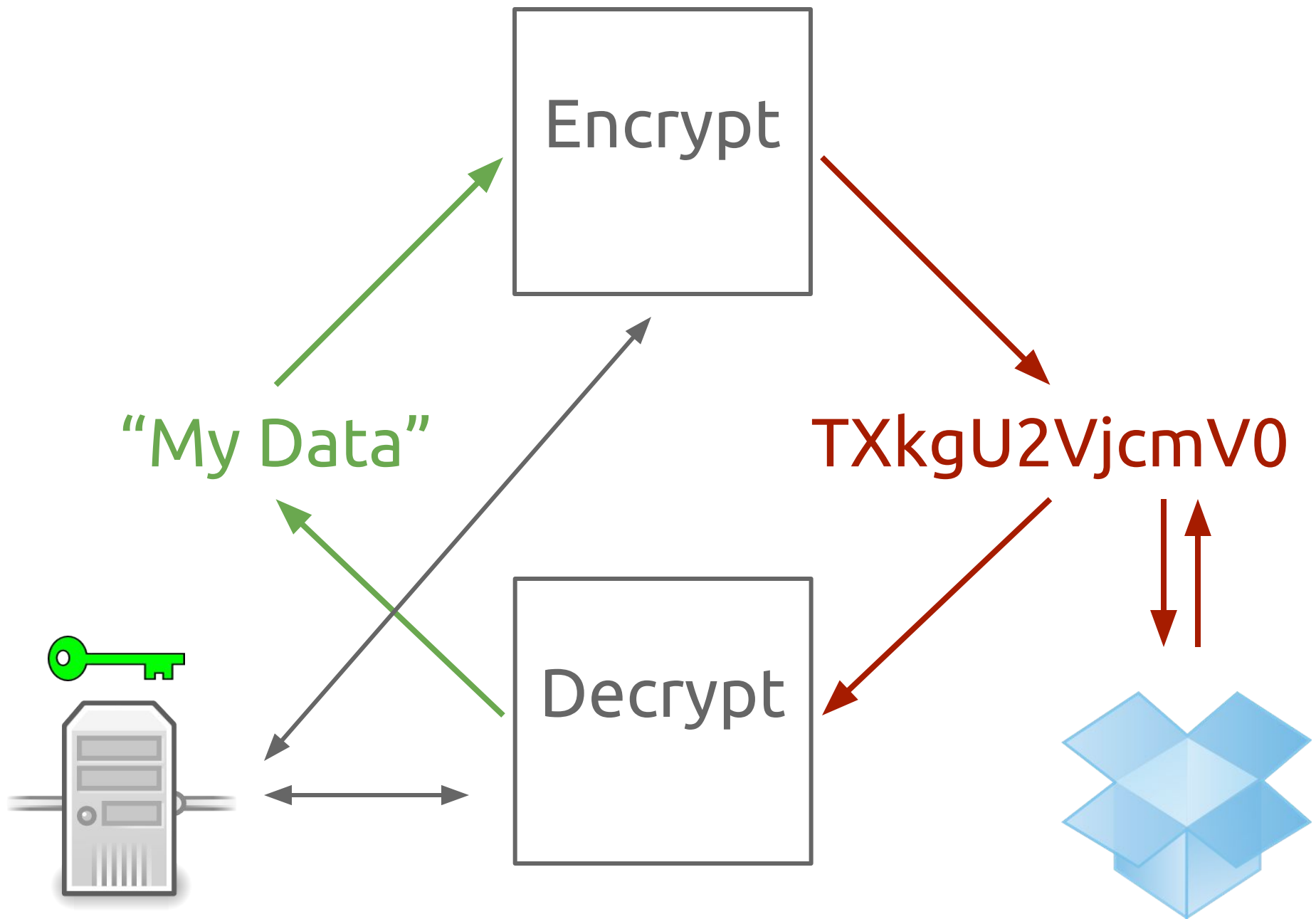


*Cryptography!*

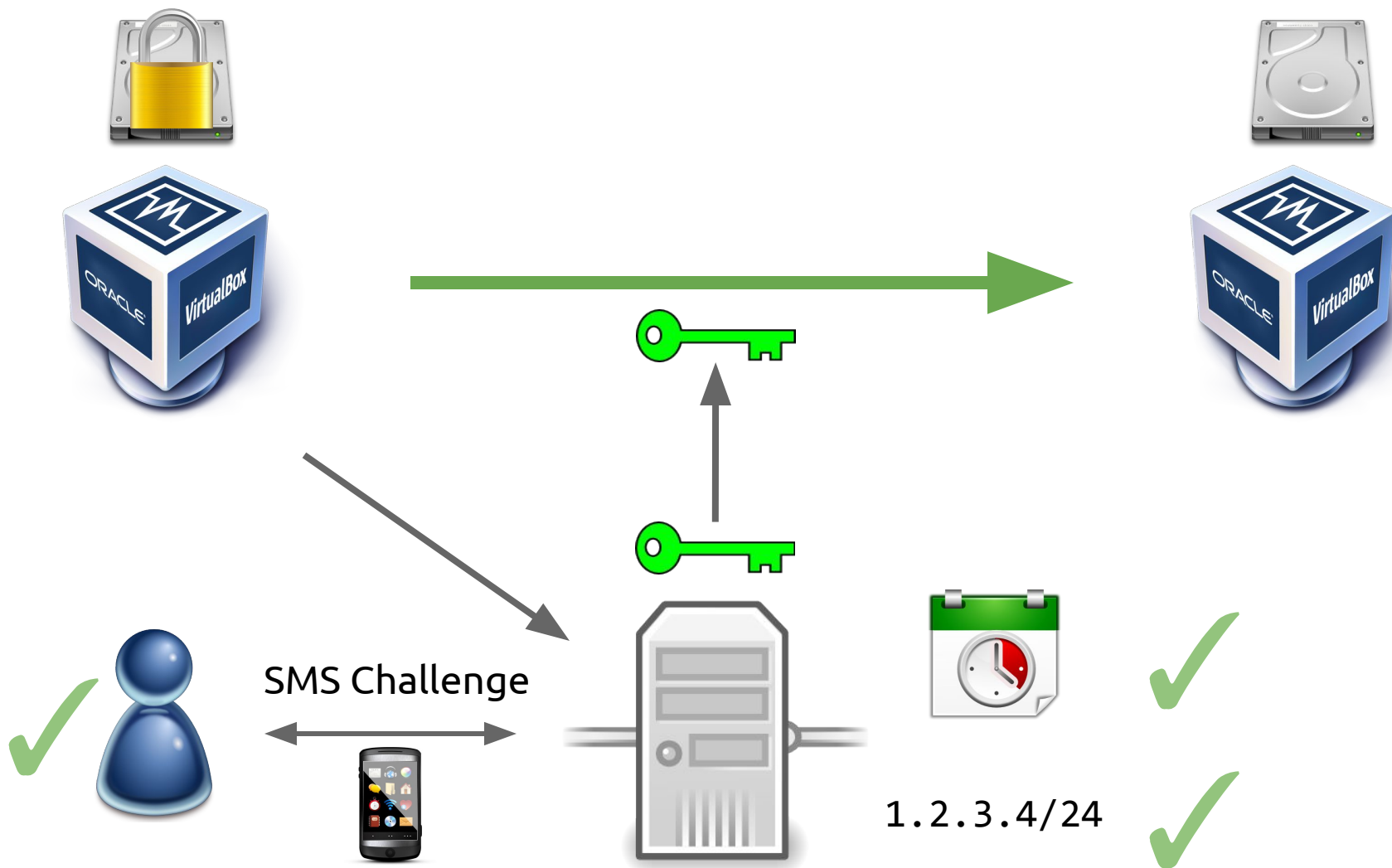






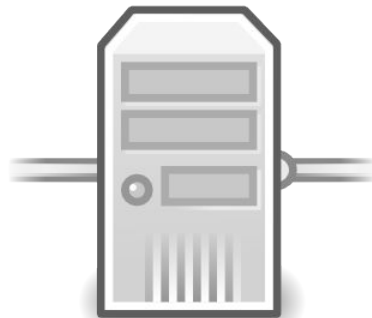


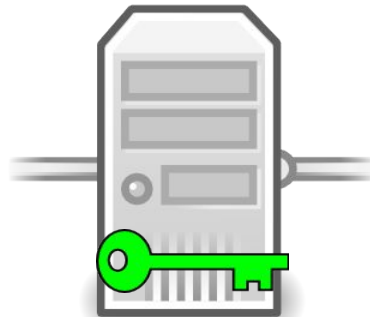
# Tutamen-backed QEMU VM Encryption

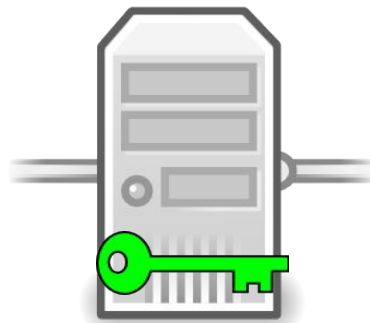


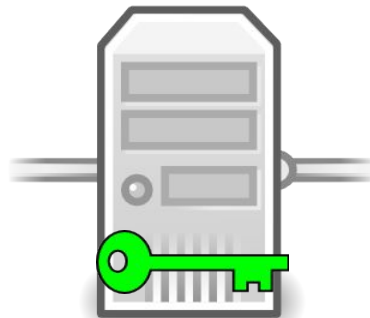


# Tutamen Management Utility



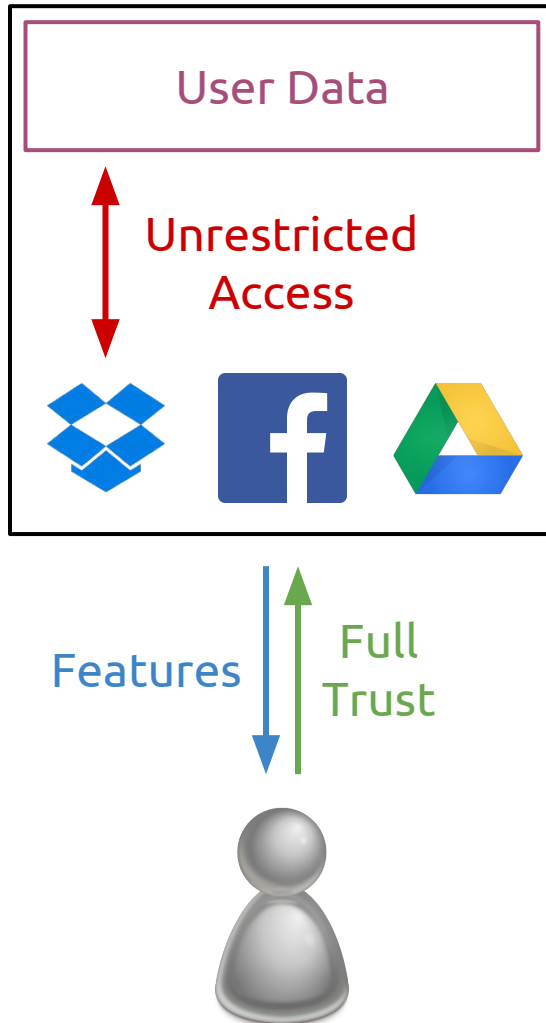






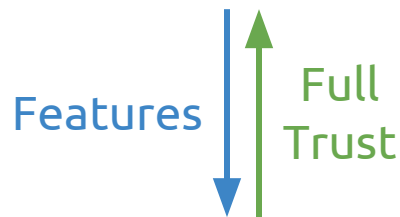
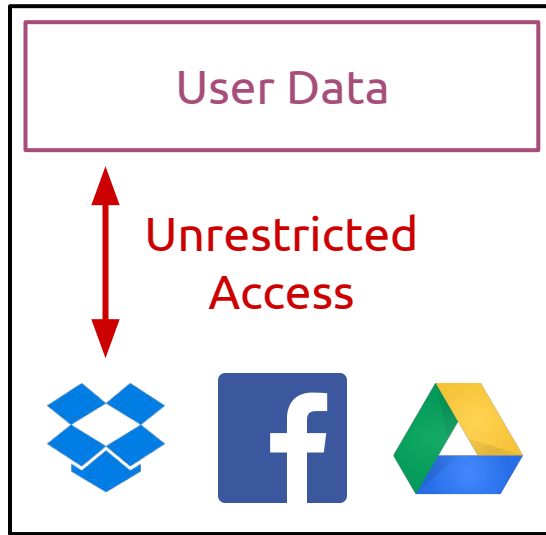
# Traditional Trust Model

Feature Provider



# Traditional Trust Model

Feature Provider



Storage (S)

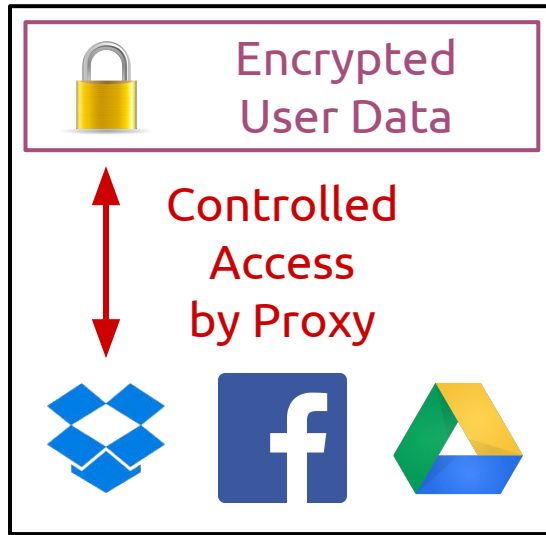
Access (R)

Manipulation (W)

Meta-Analysis (M)

# SSaaS Trust Model

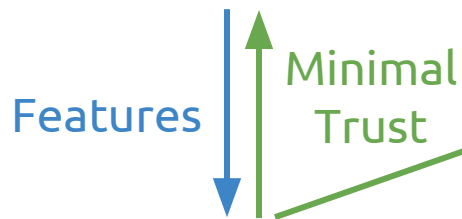
## Feature Provider



## Secret Storage Provider



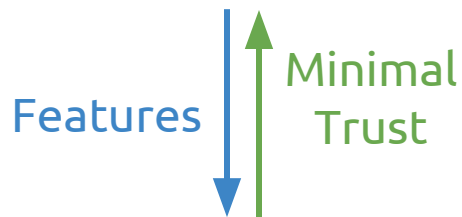
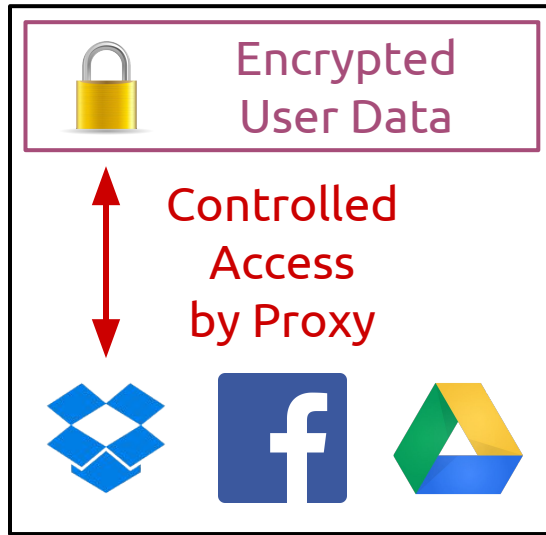
Controlled Access





# SSaaS Trust Model

Feature Provider



Storage (S)

~~Access (R)~~

~~Manipulation (W)~~

Meta-Analysis (M)

# SSaaS Trust Model

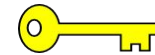
Storage (S)

~~Access (R)~~

~~Manipulation (W)~~

Meta-Analysis (M)

Secret Storage  
Provider

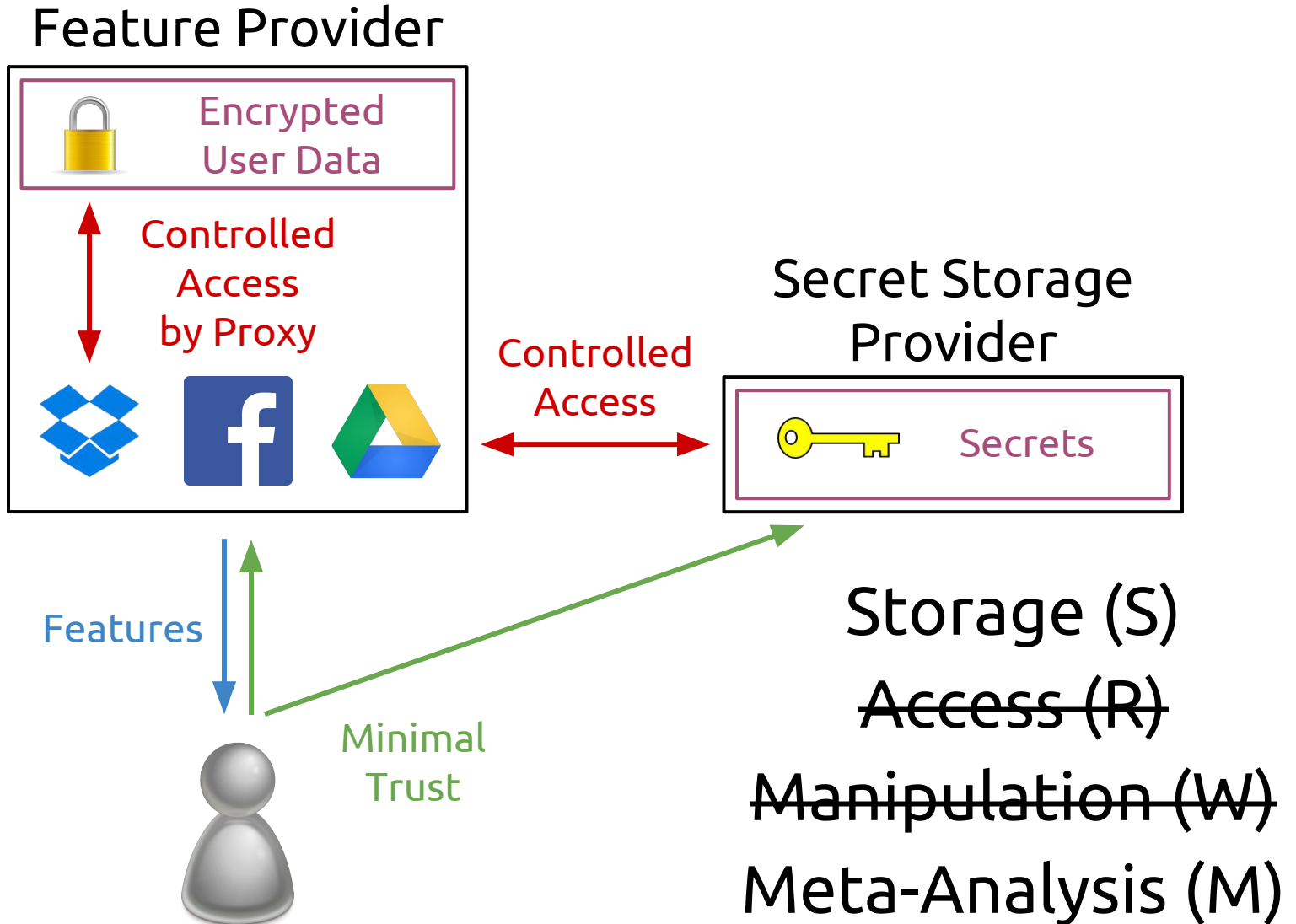


Secrets

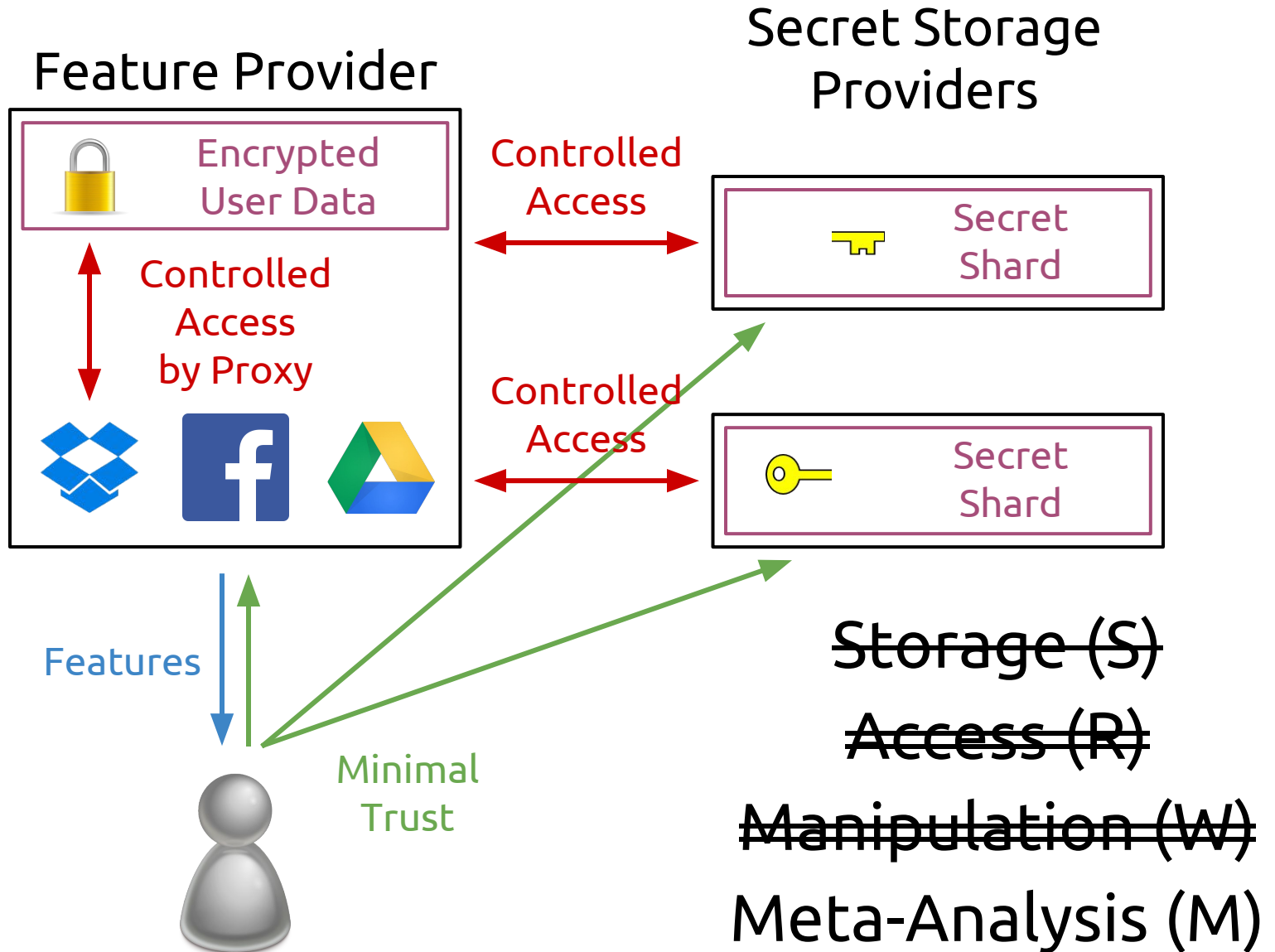


Minimal  
Trust

# SSaaS Trust Model



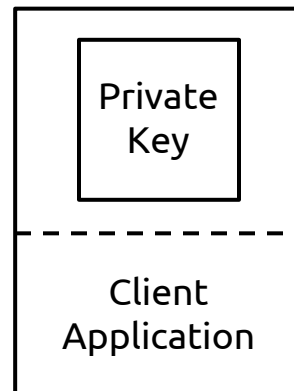
# SSaaS Trust Model

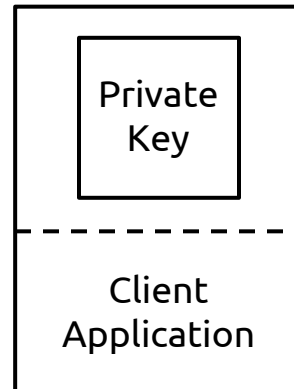
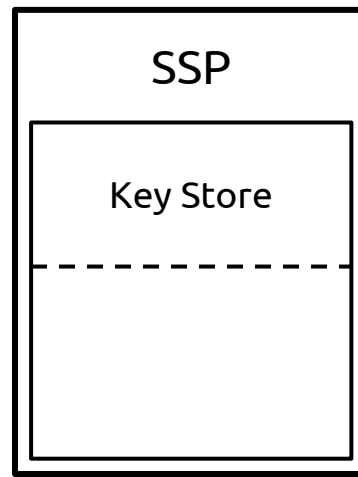


SSaaS

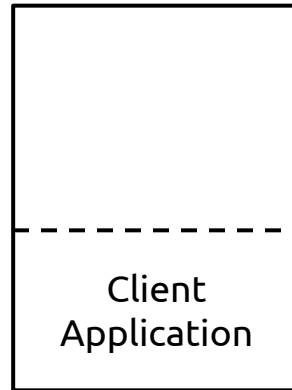
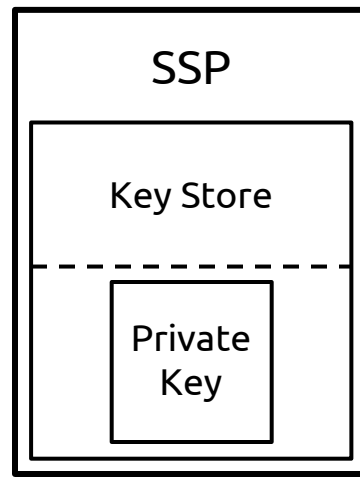
Security & Trust

Single SSP









Should we trust  
a single provider?

Maybe

Incentives aligned with upholding trust

Incentives aligned with upholding trust

Reputation at stake

Incentives aligned with upholding trust

Reputation at stake

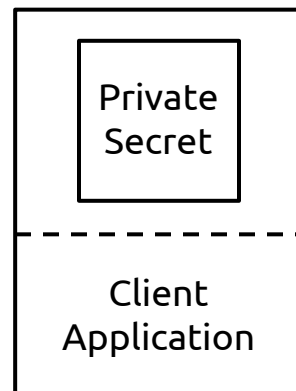
Still a “minimally trusted” entity

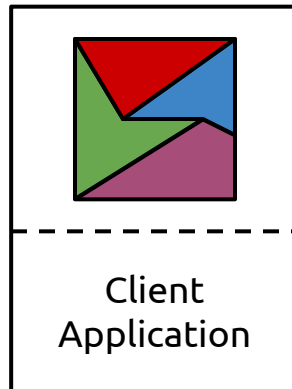
Must we trust  
a single provider?

No



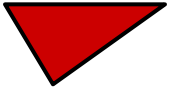
Multiple SSPs



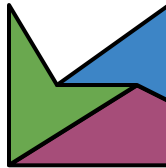


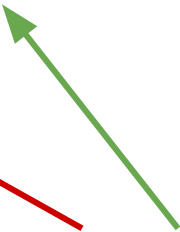
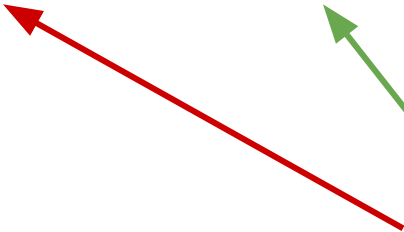
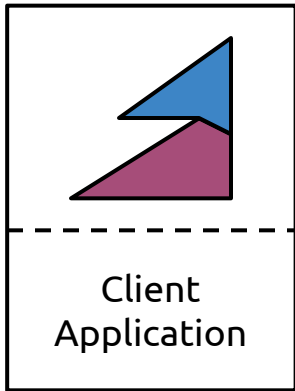
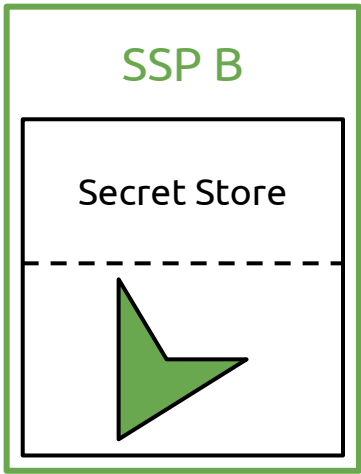
SSP A

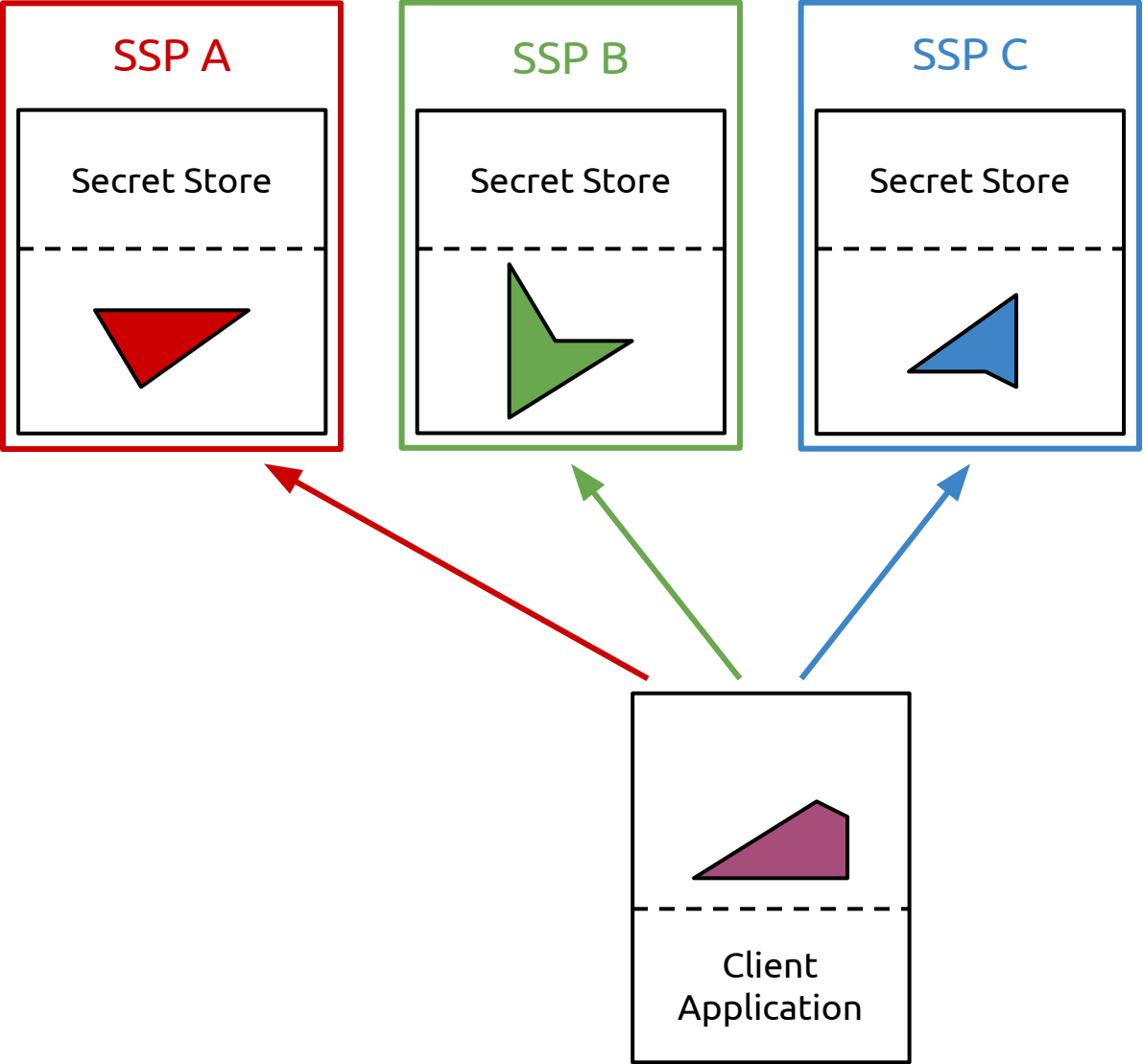
Secret Store

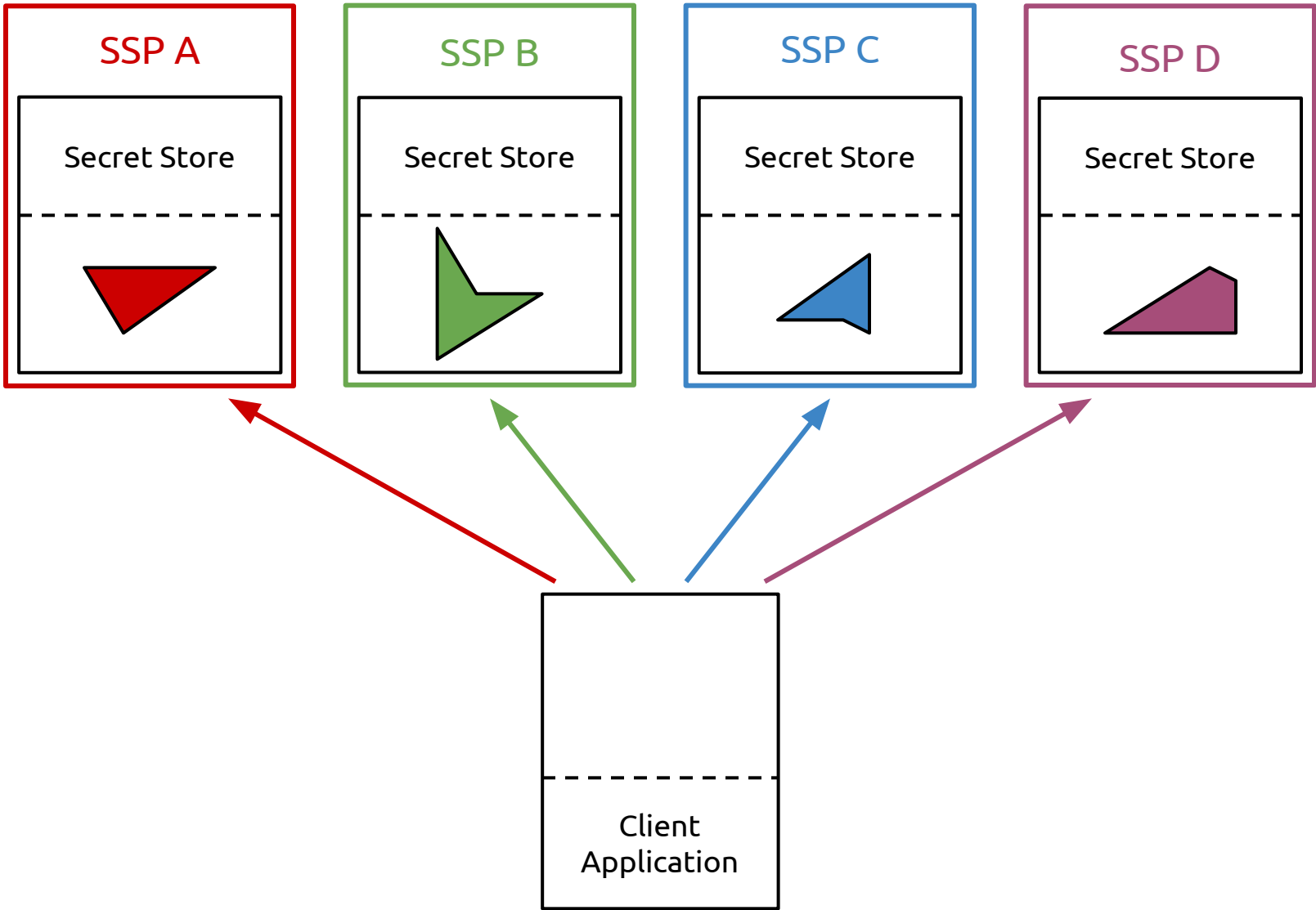


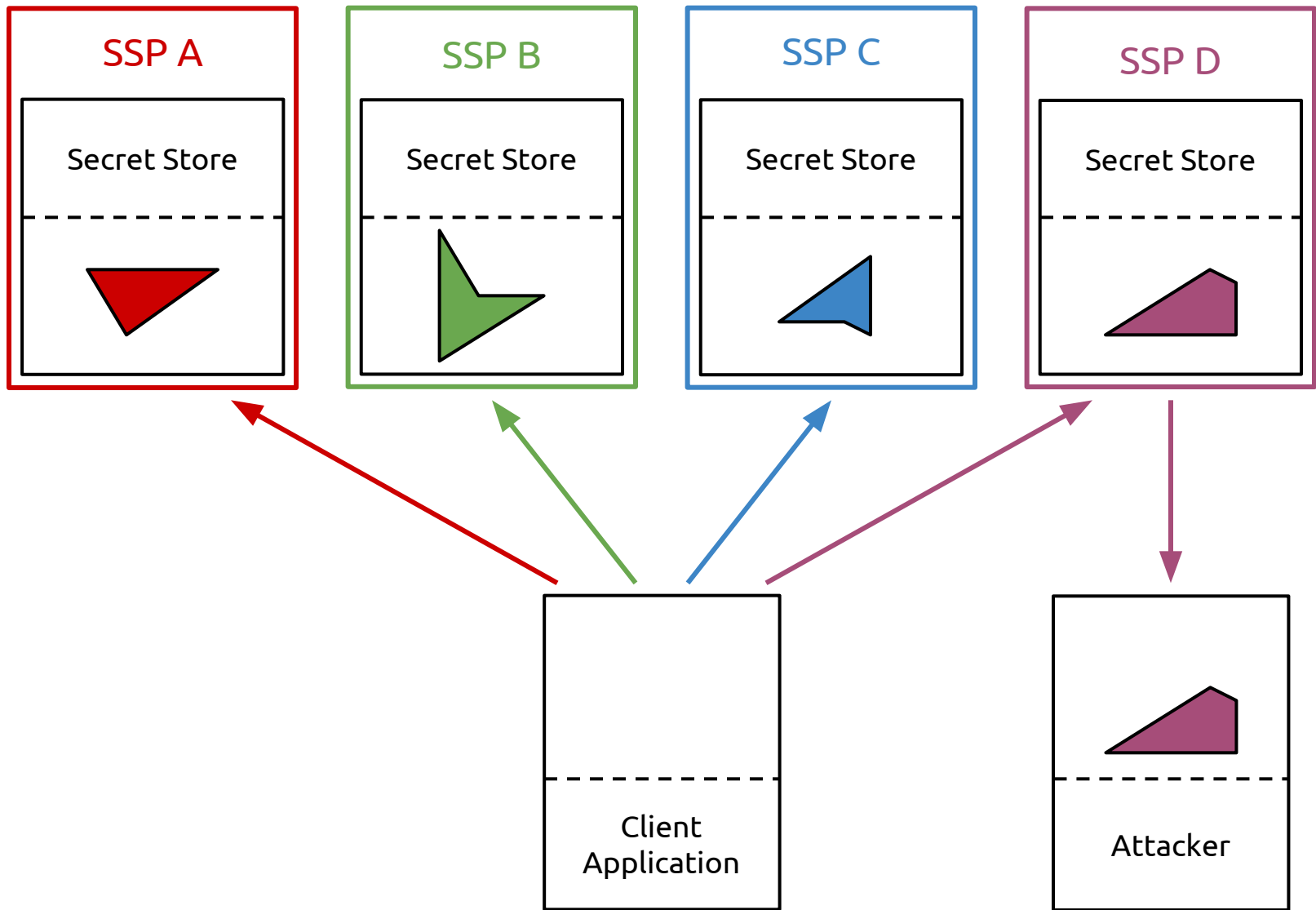
Client  
Application



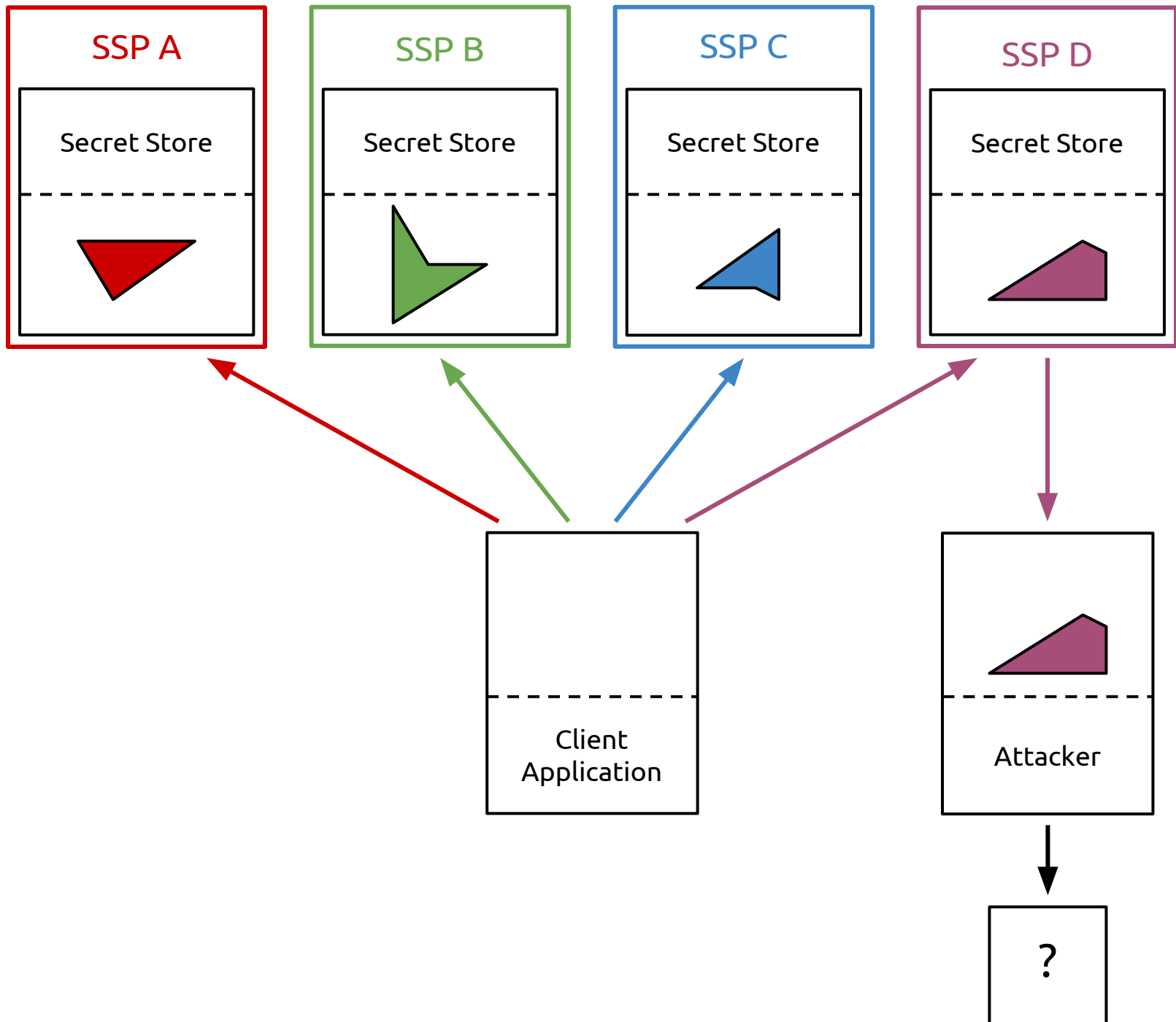




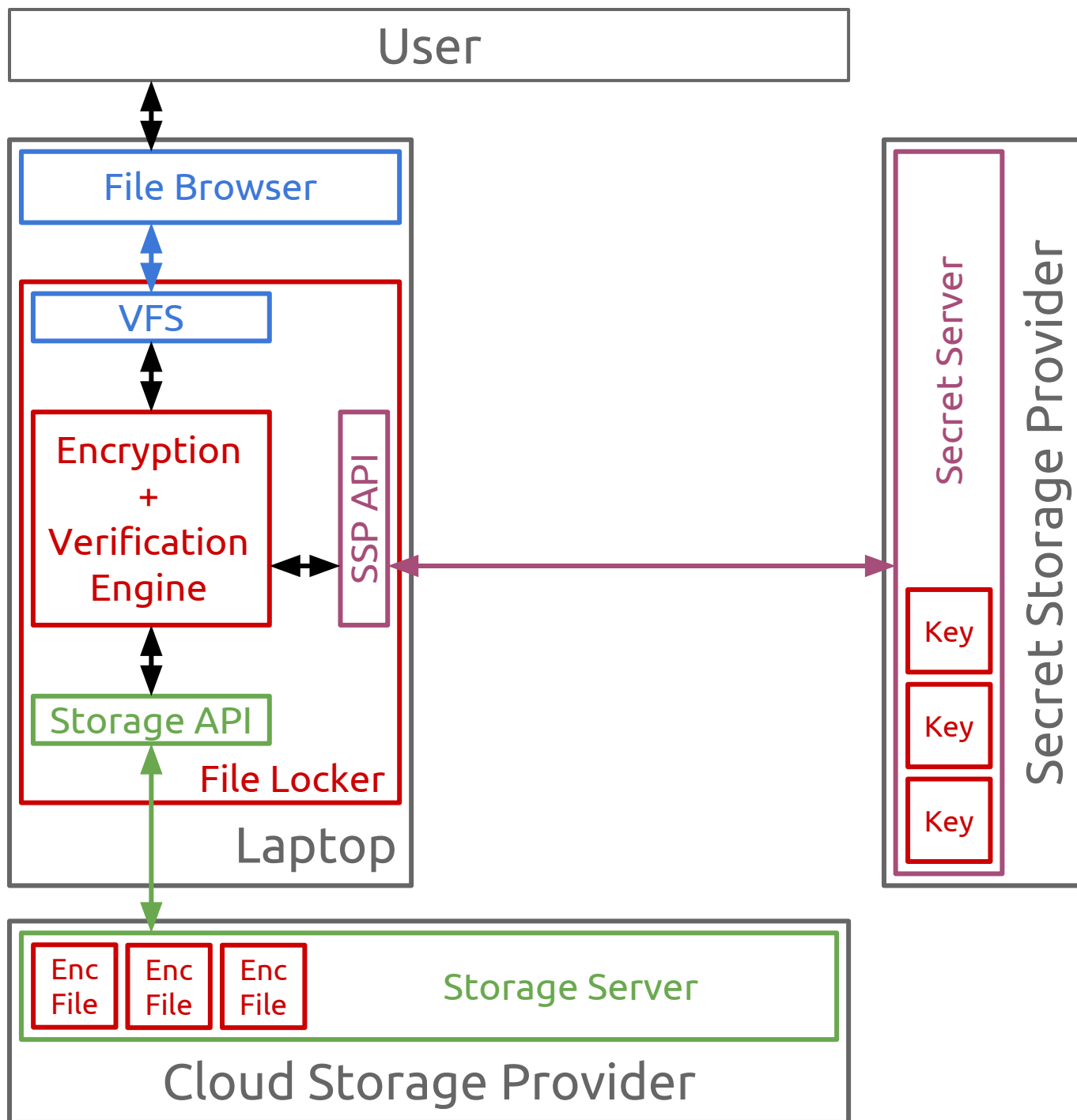


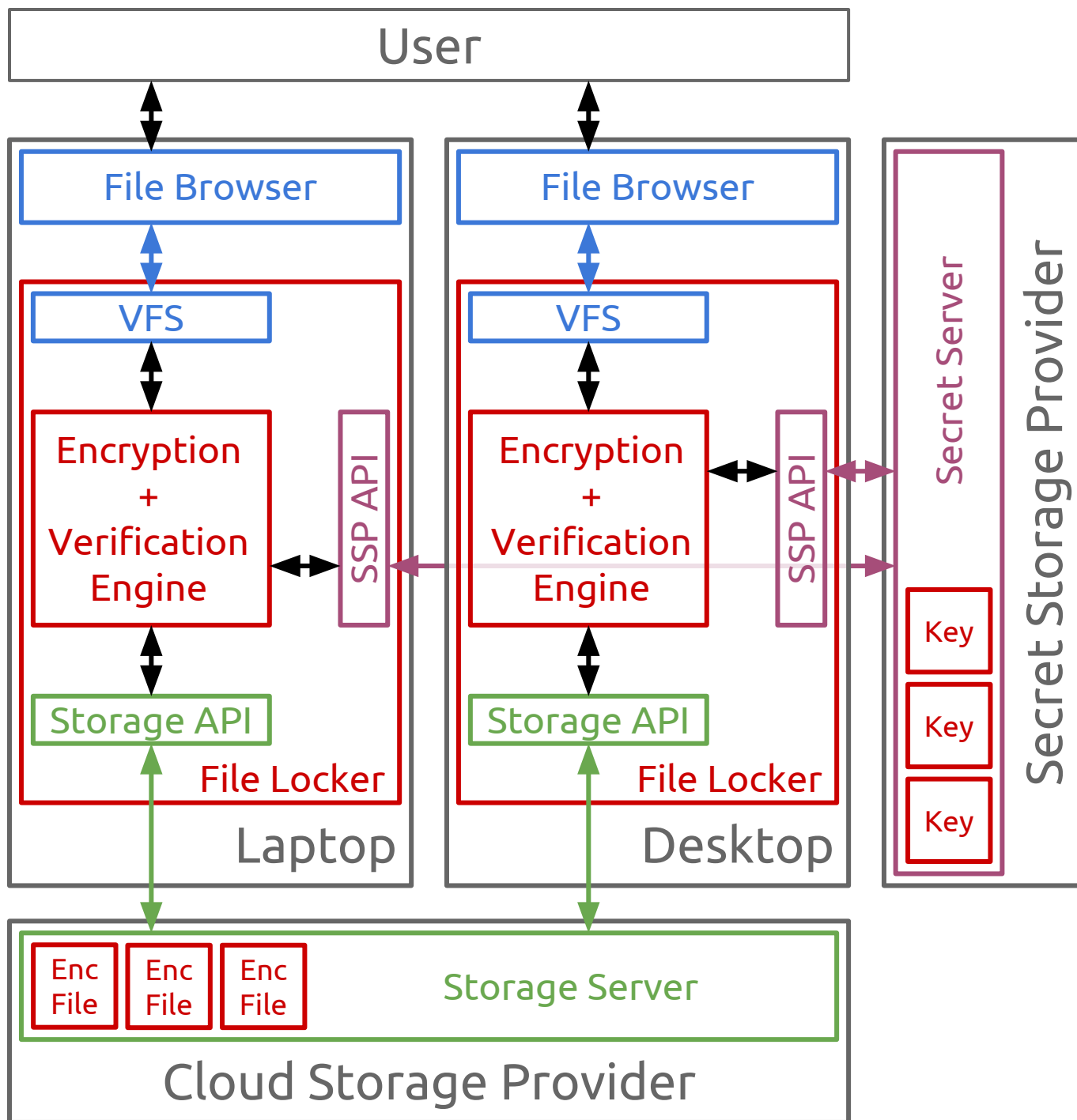




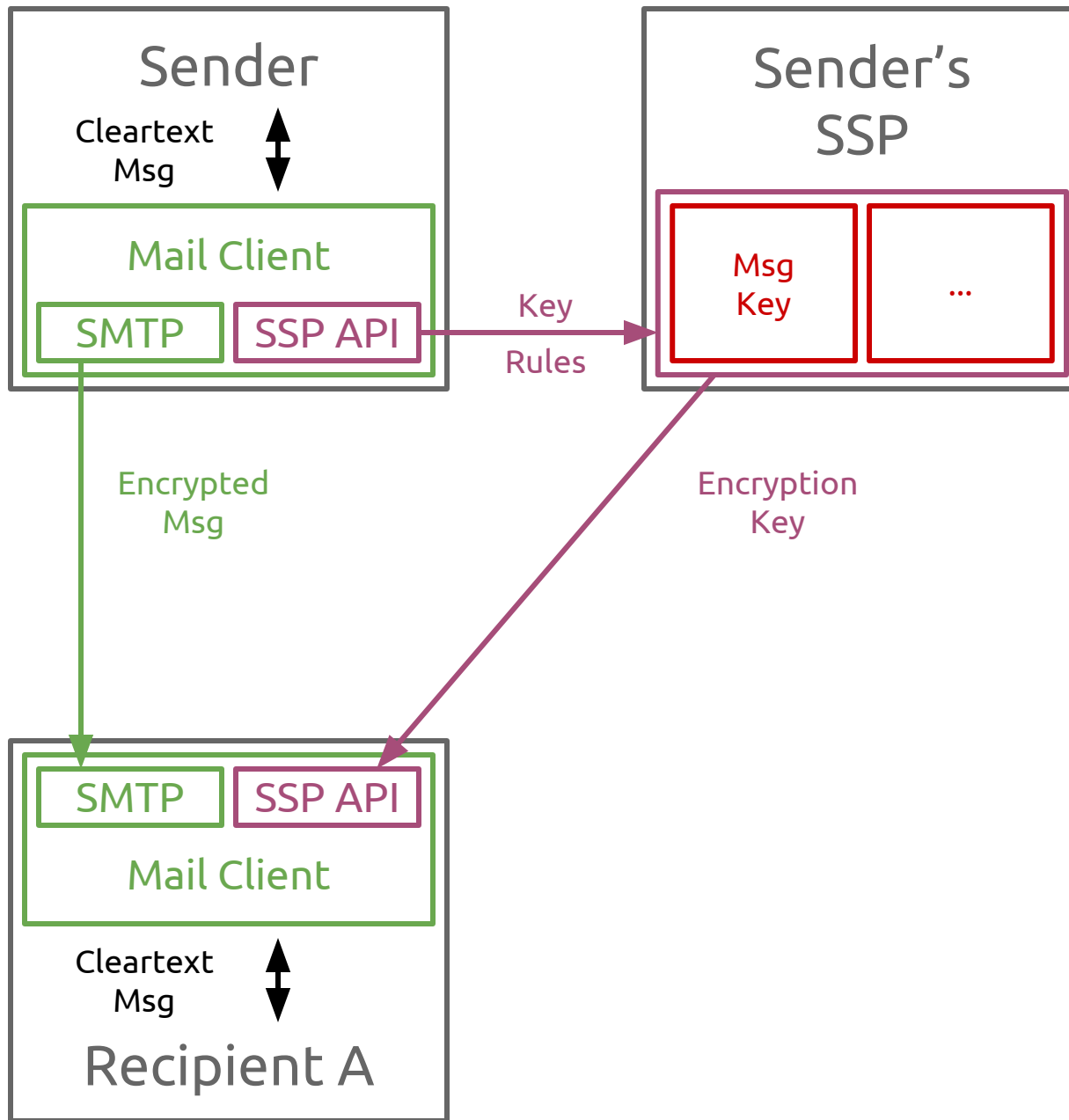


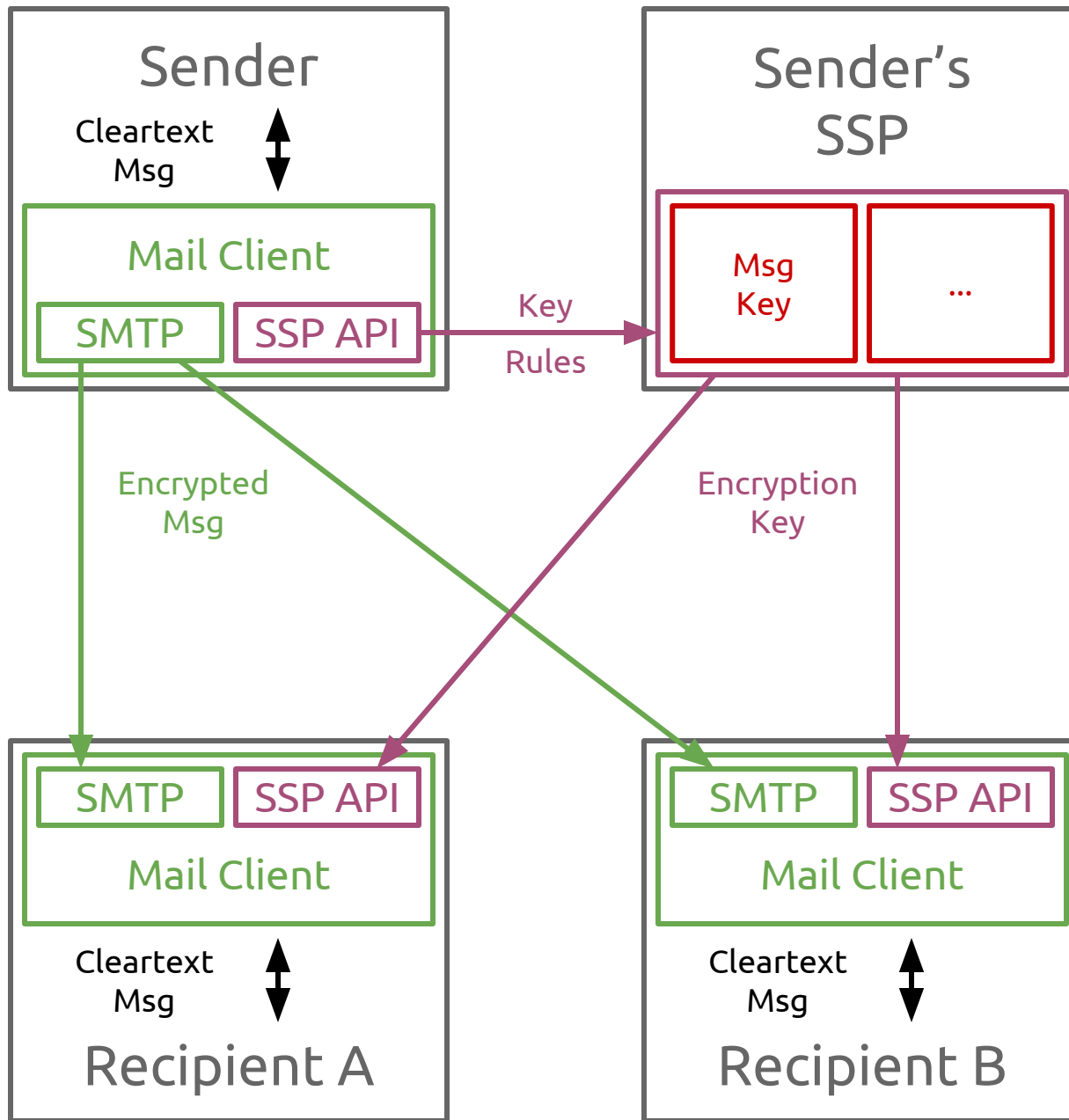
# Storage Applications





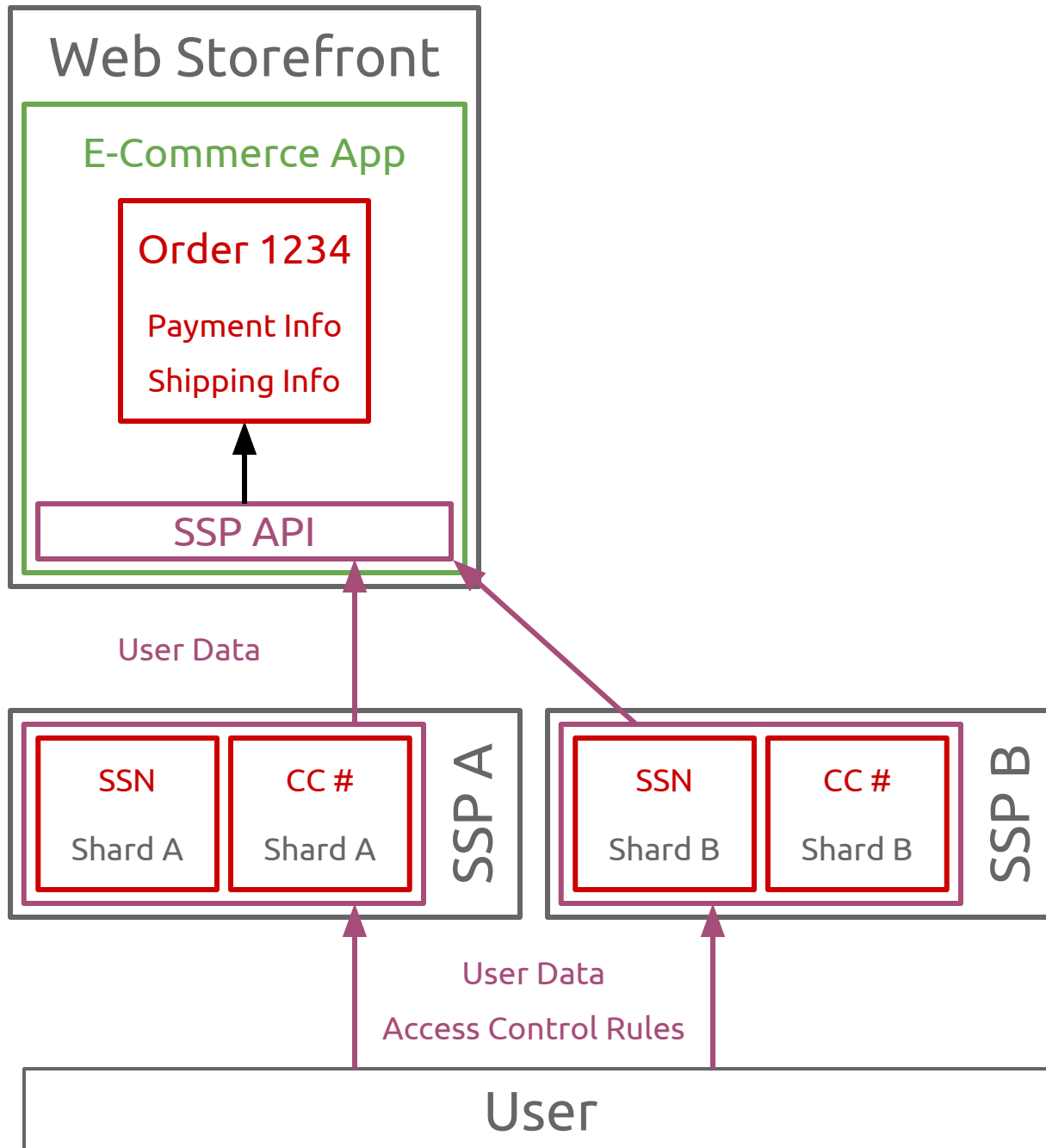
# Communication Applications

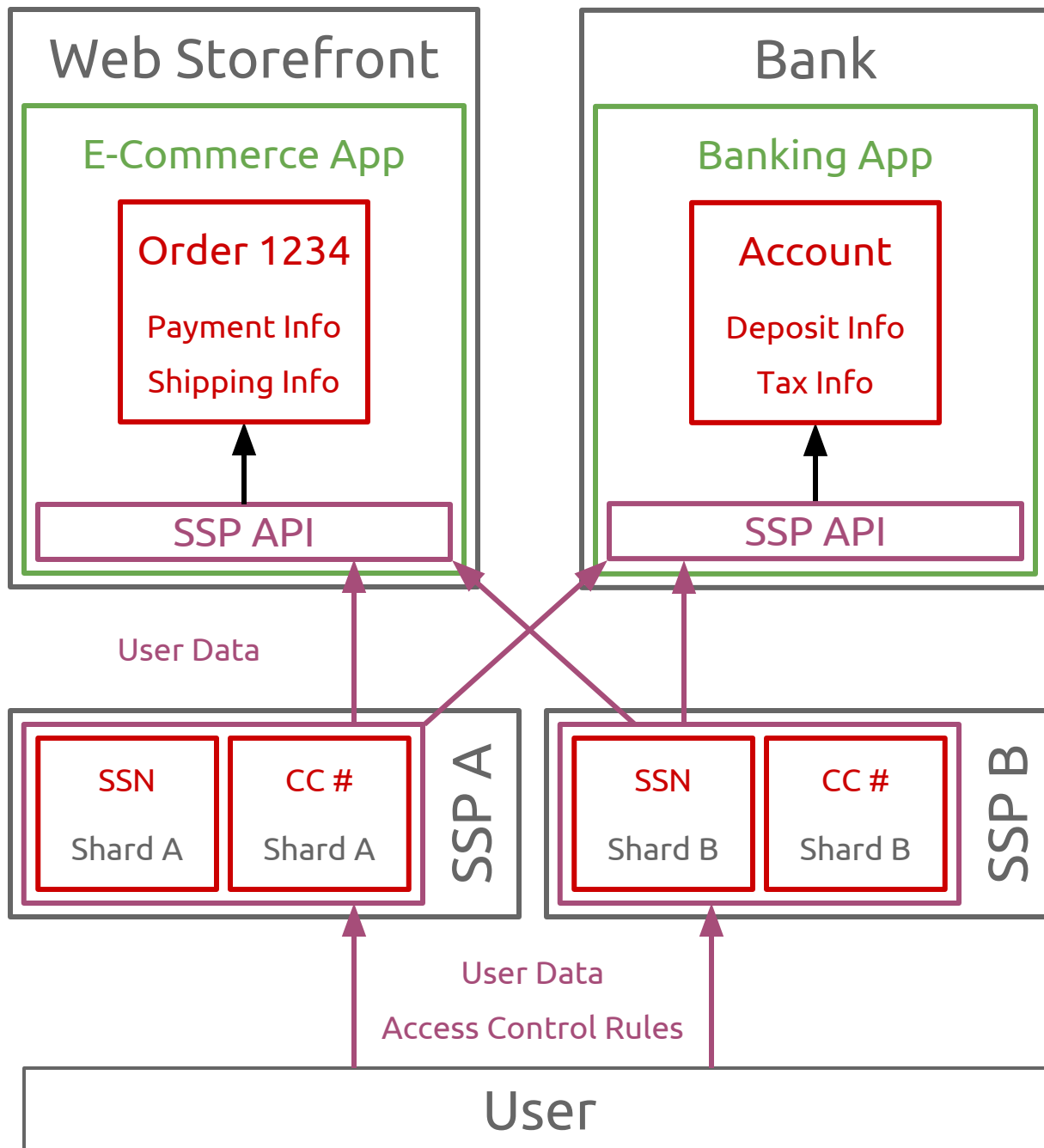




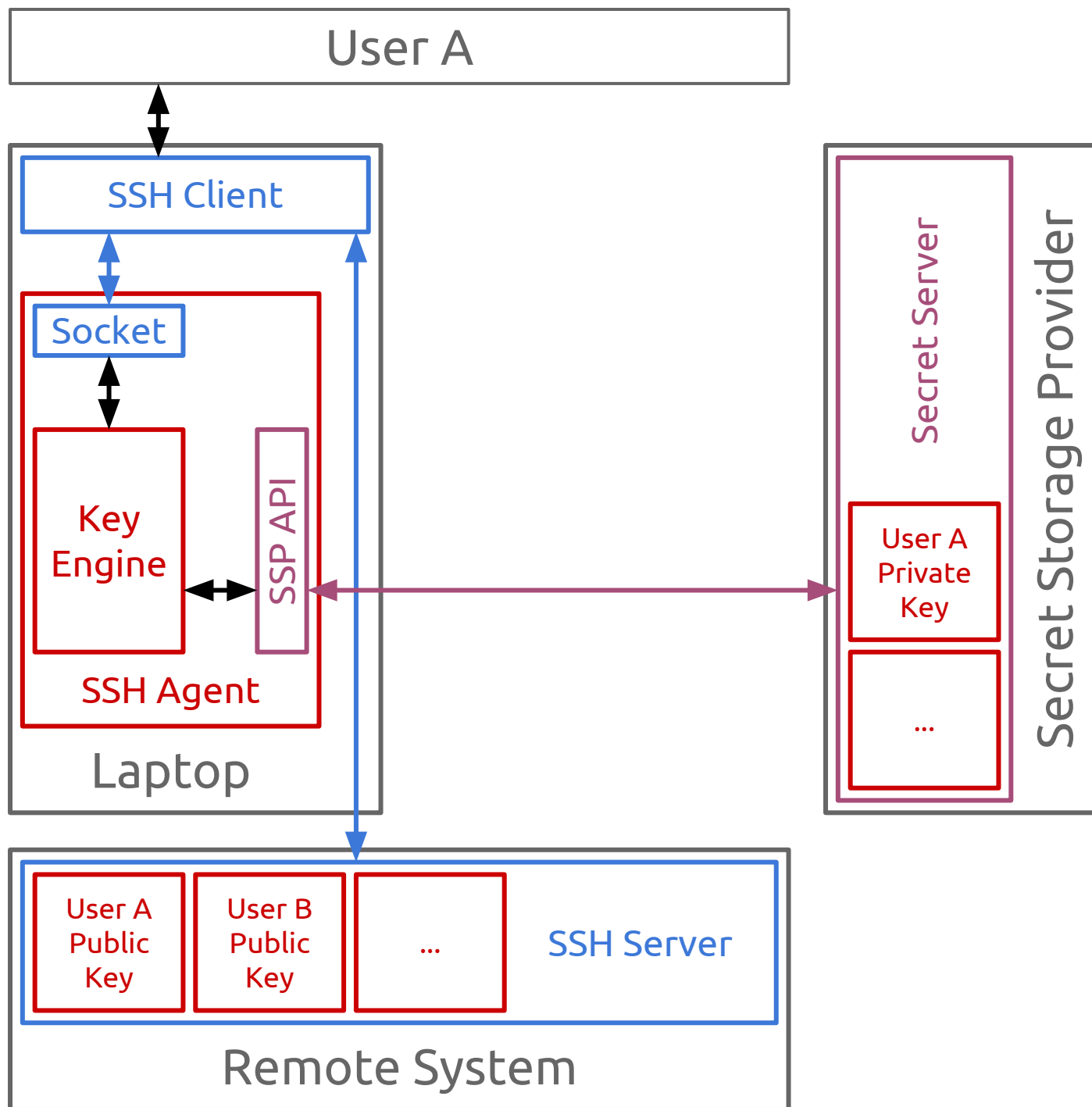
# Personal Data Repository

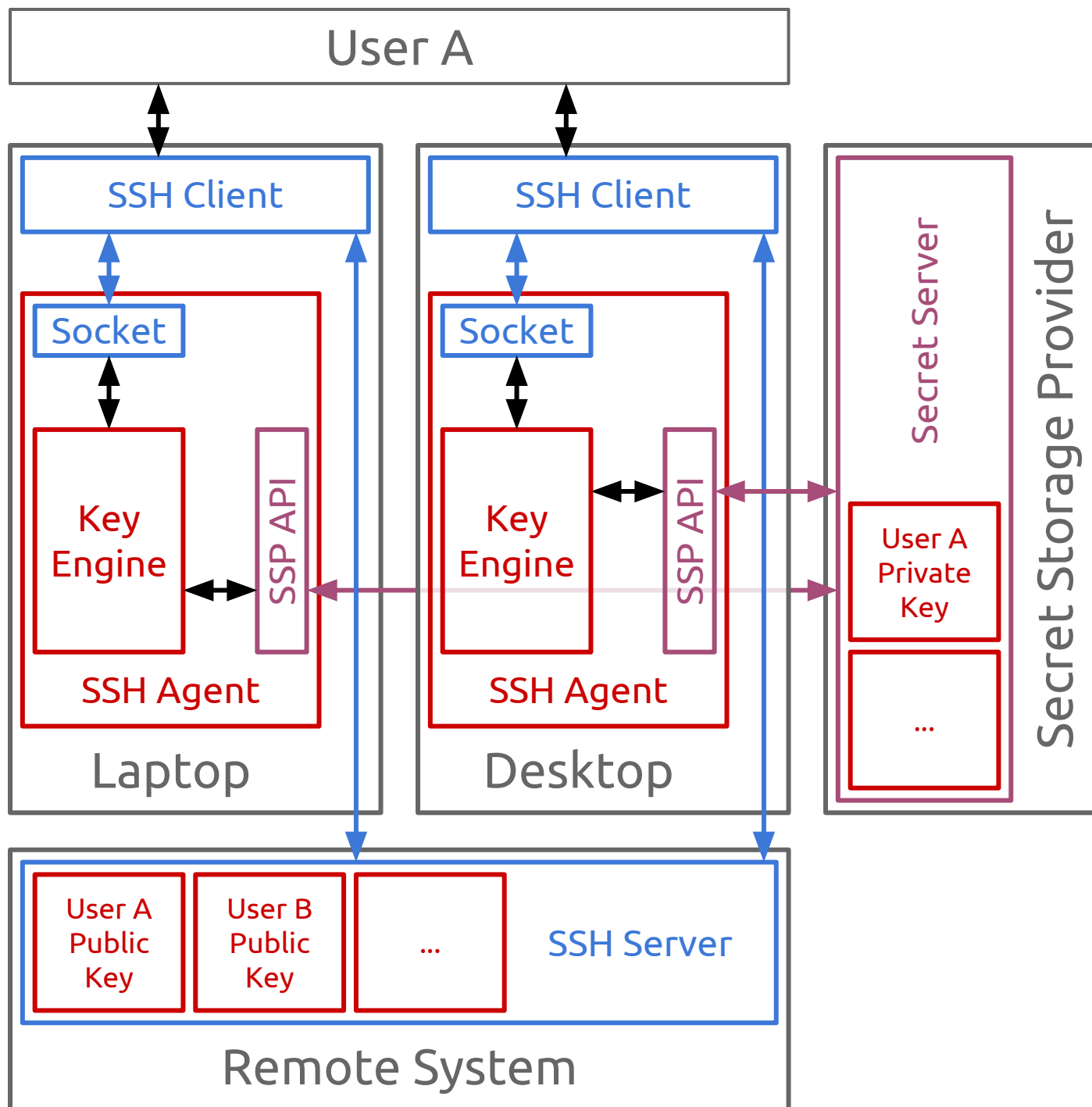




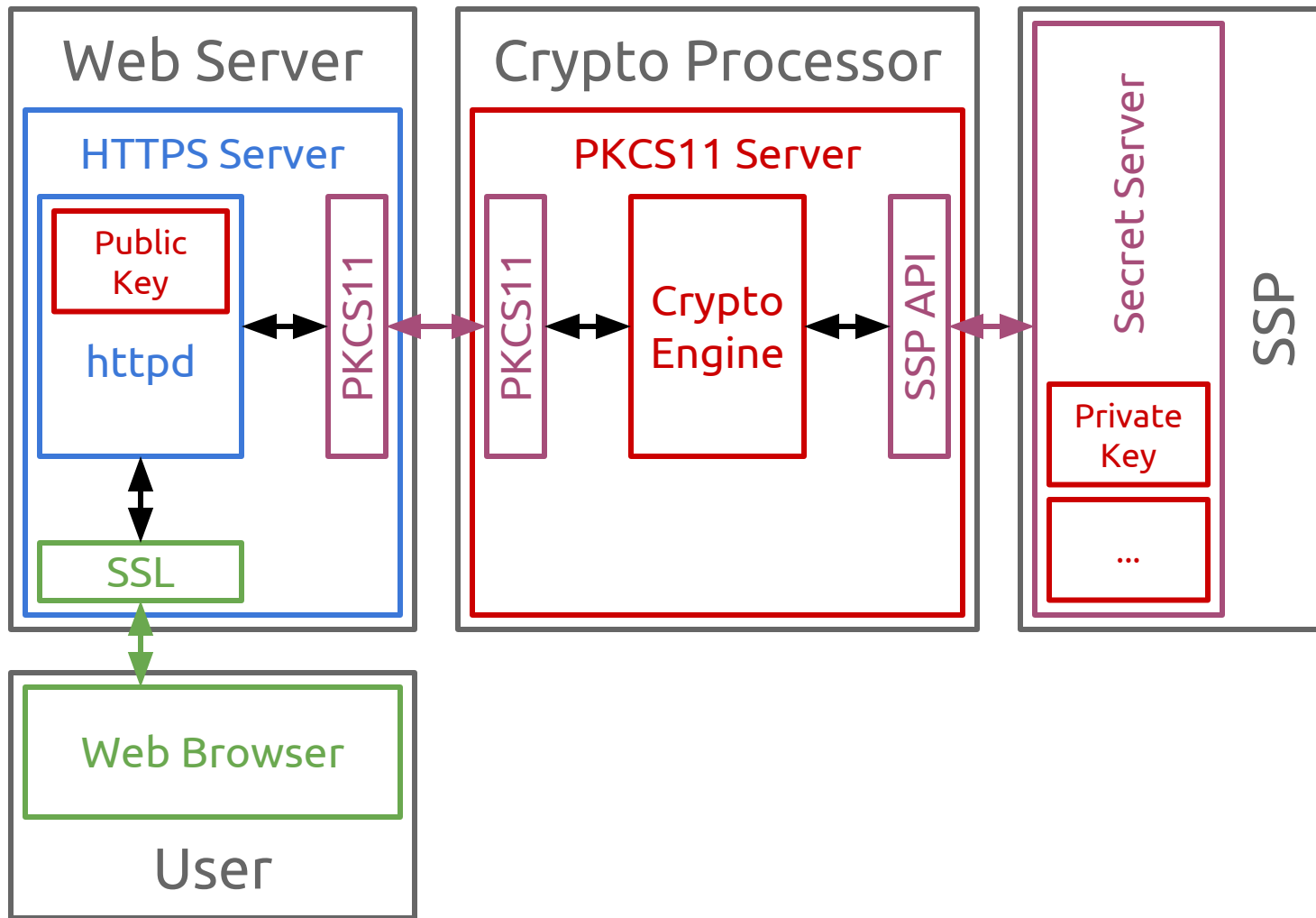


# Authentication Applications



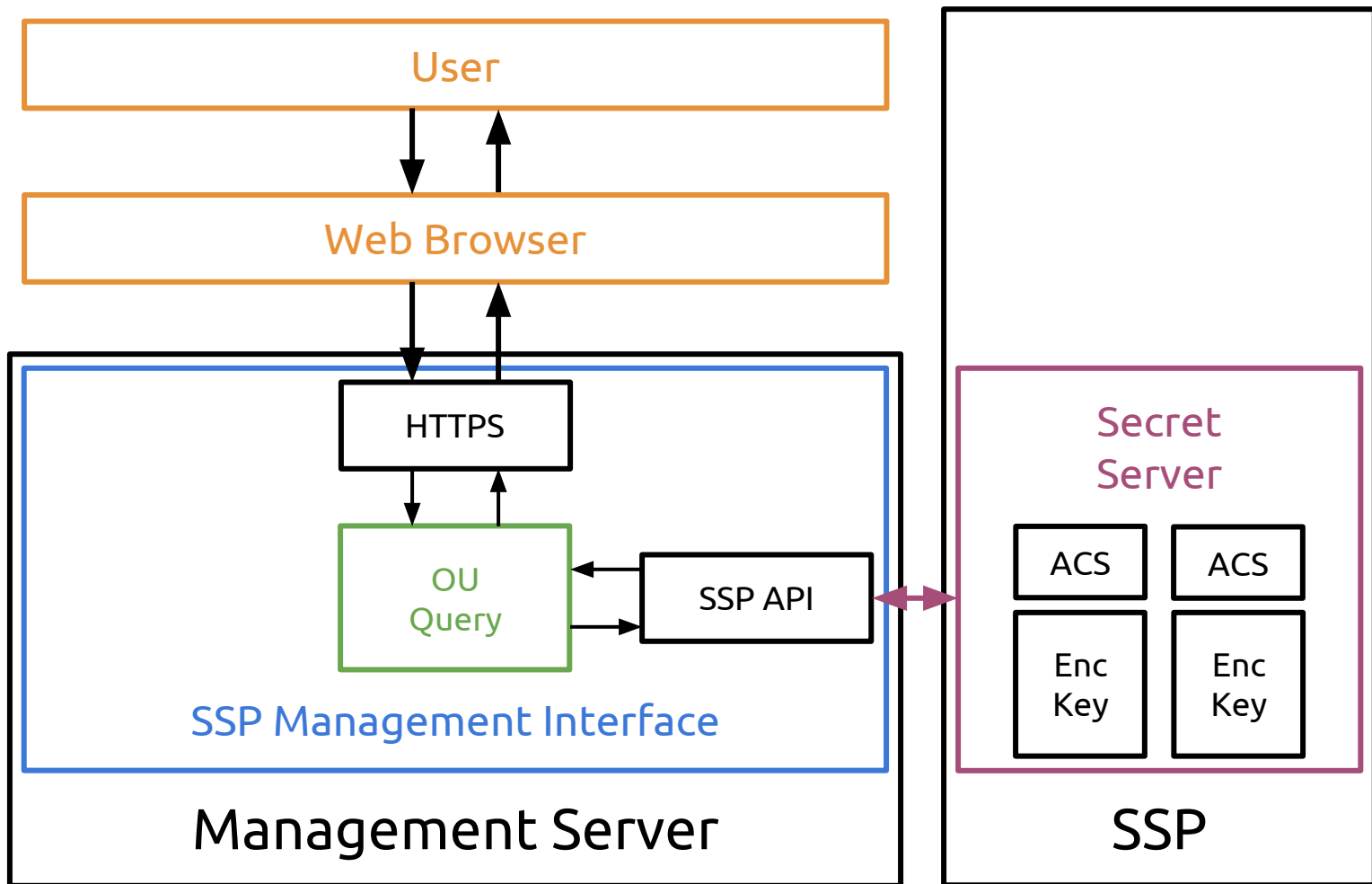


# Crypto Processing Applications

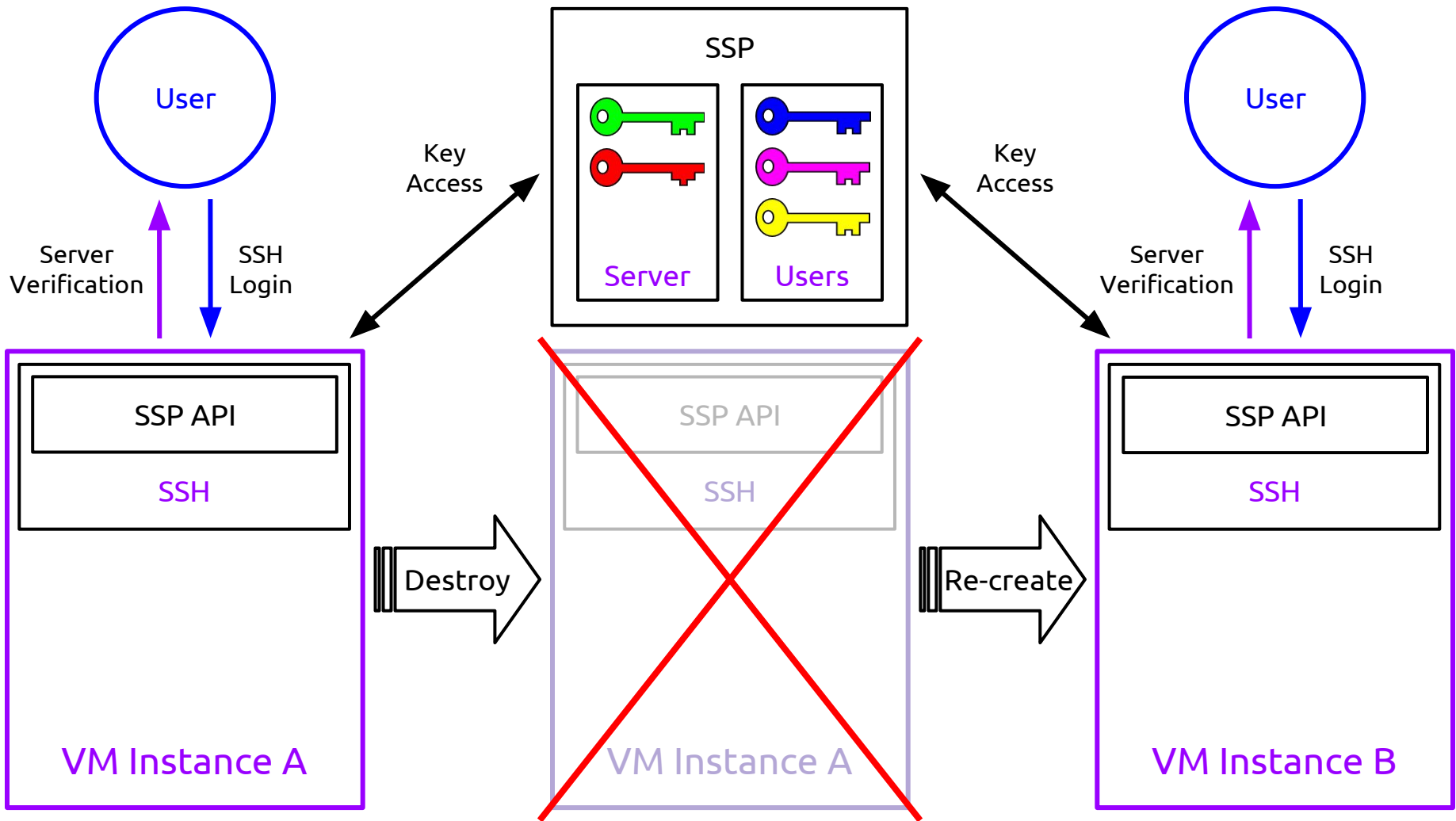


Management Server



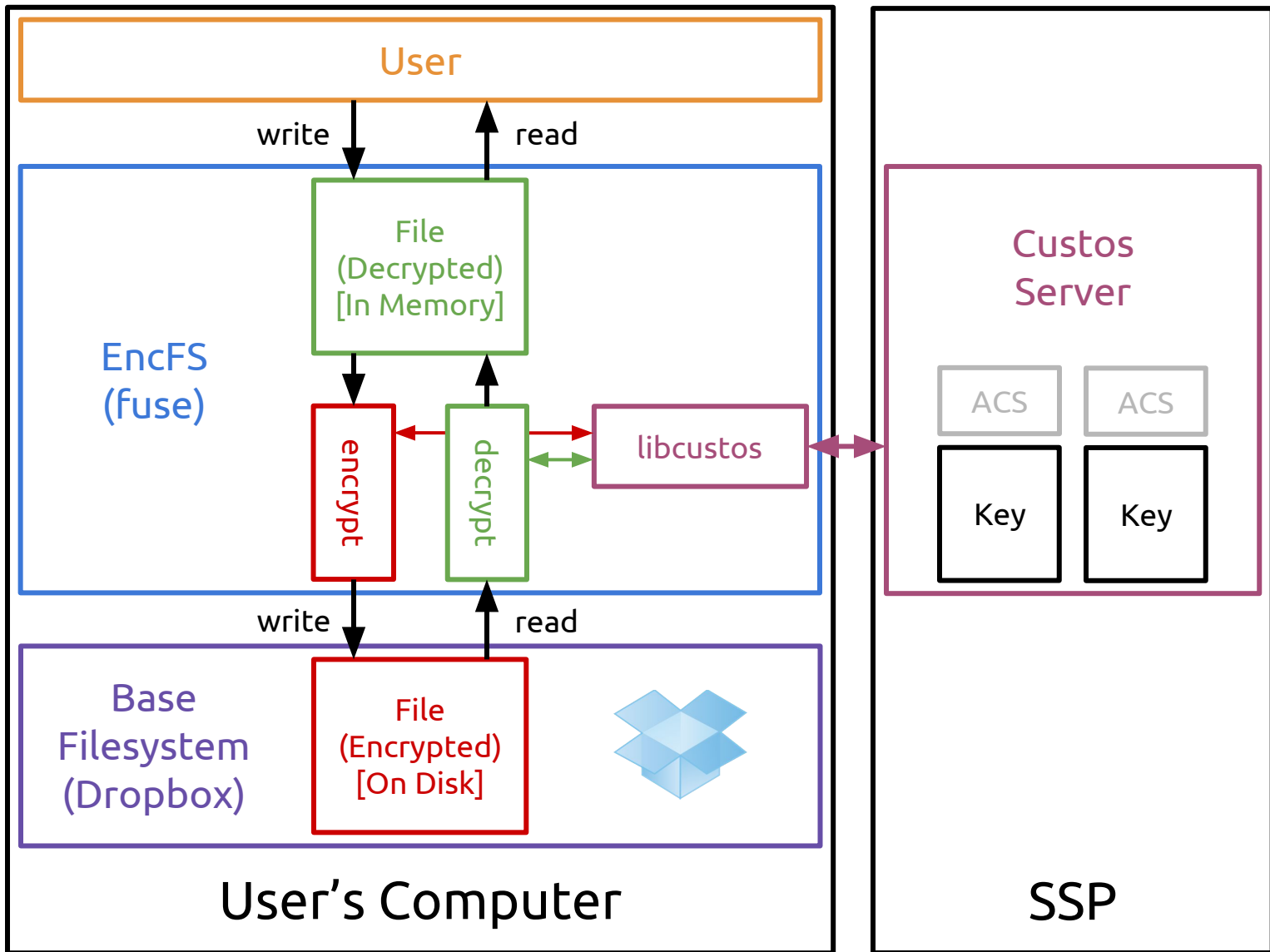


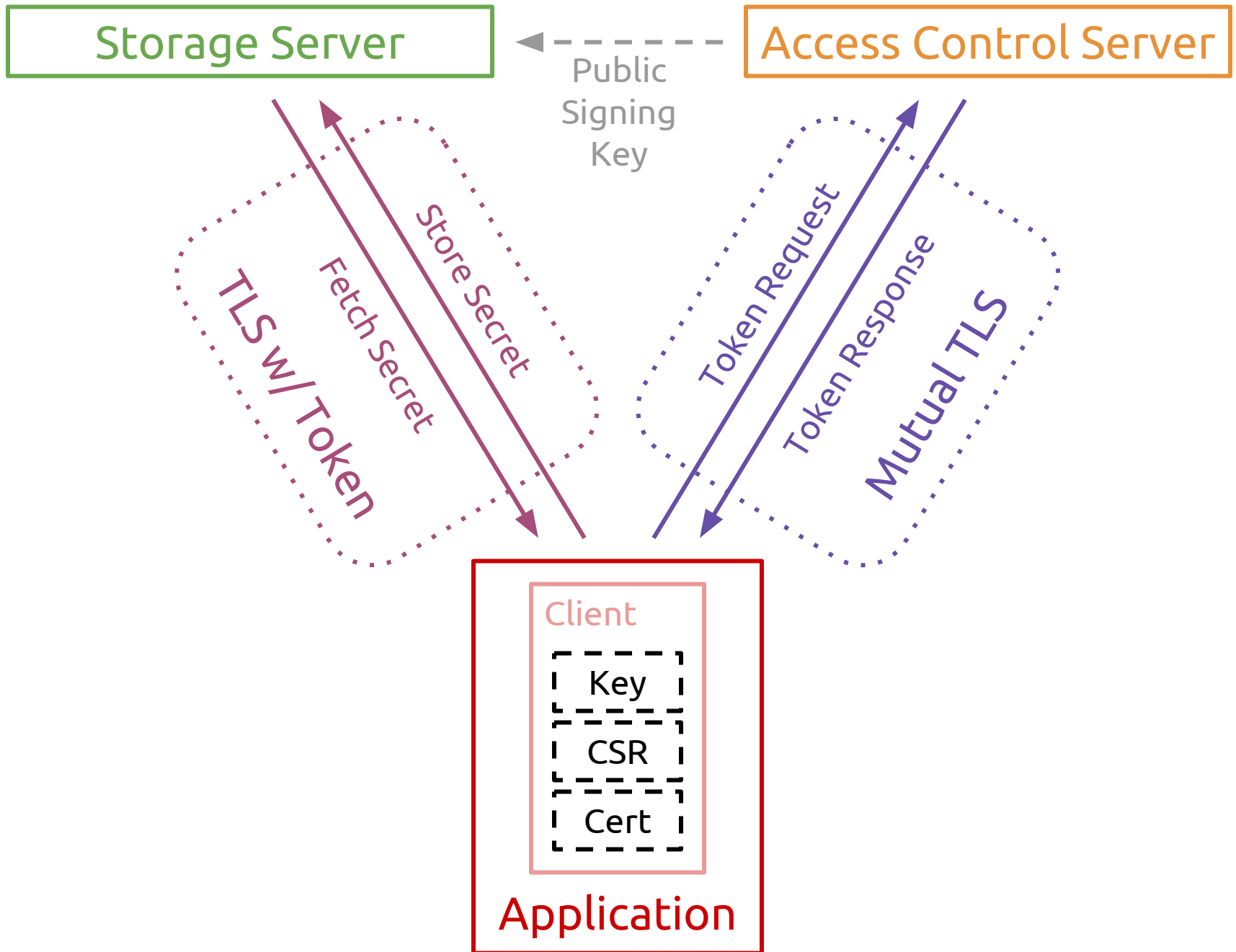
# SSH Server Key Management

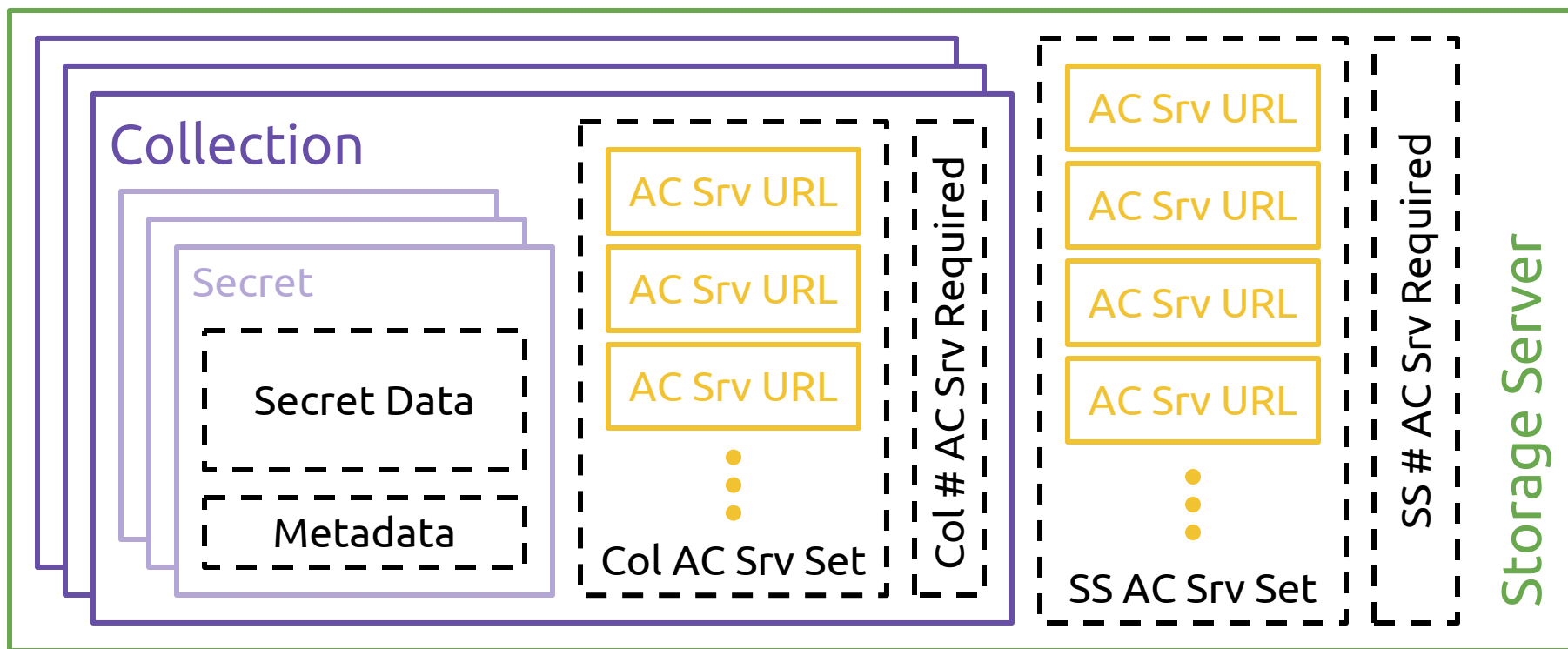


# EncFS: Custos-Backed Encrypted File System











# Access Control Server

Account

Client

CSR

Cert

Authenticator



Auth Plugin

Plugin Data

Permissions

Object Type

Object ID

Verifier

Account ID

Account ID

Account ID



Account Set

Authenticator ID

Authenticator ID

Authenticator ID



Authenticator Set

Permission Name

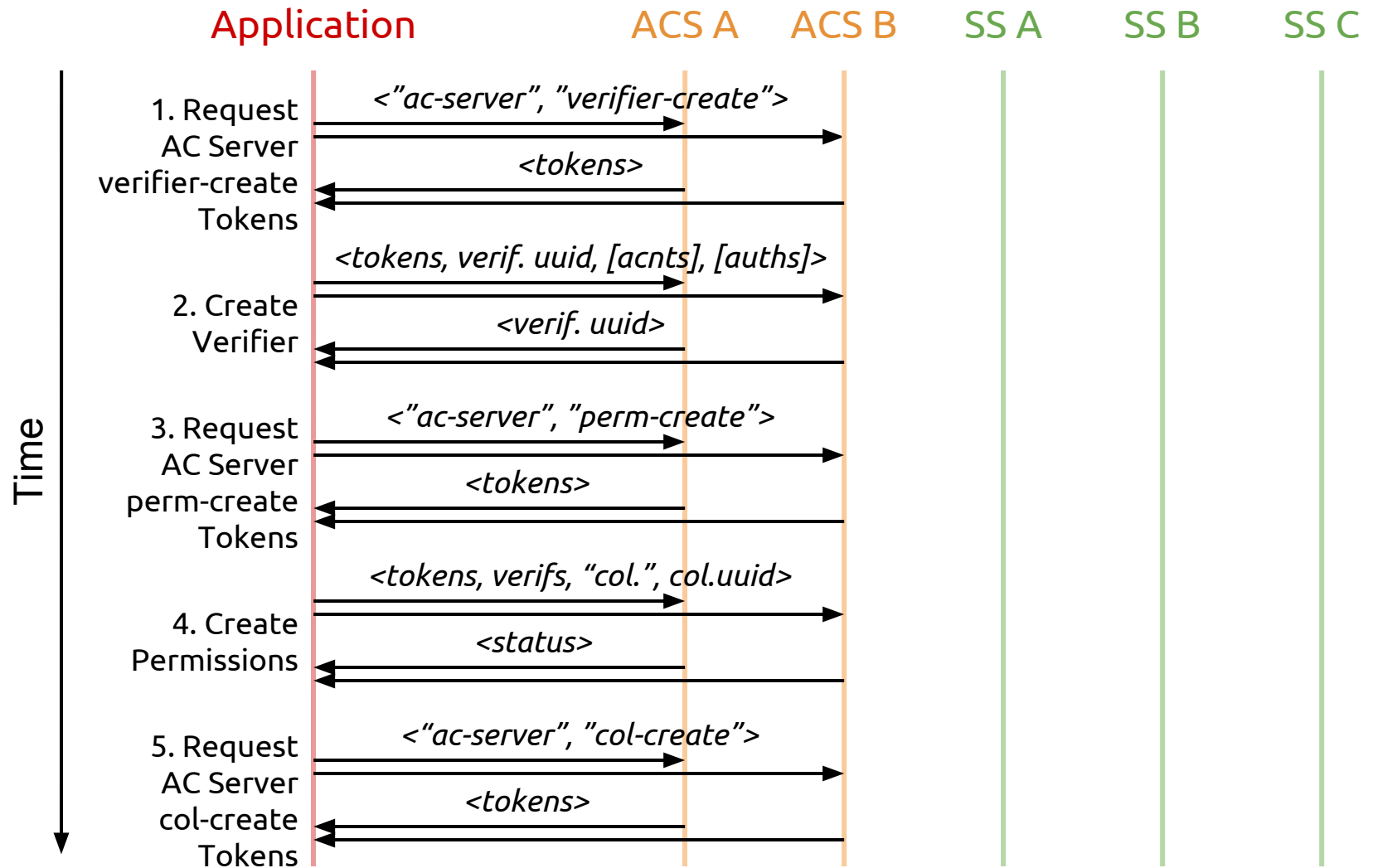
Verifier ID

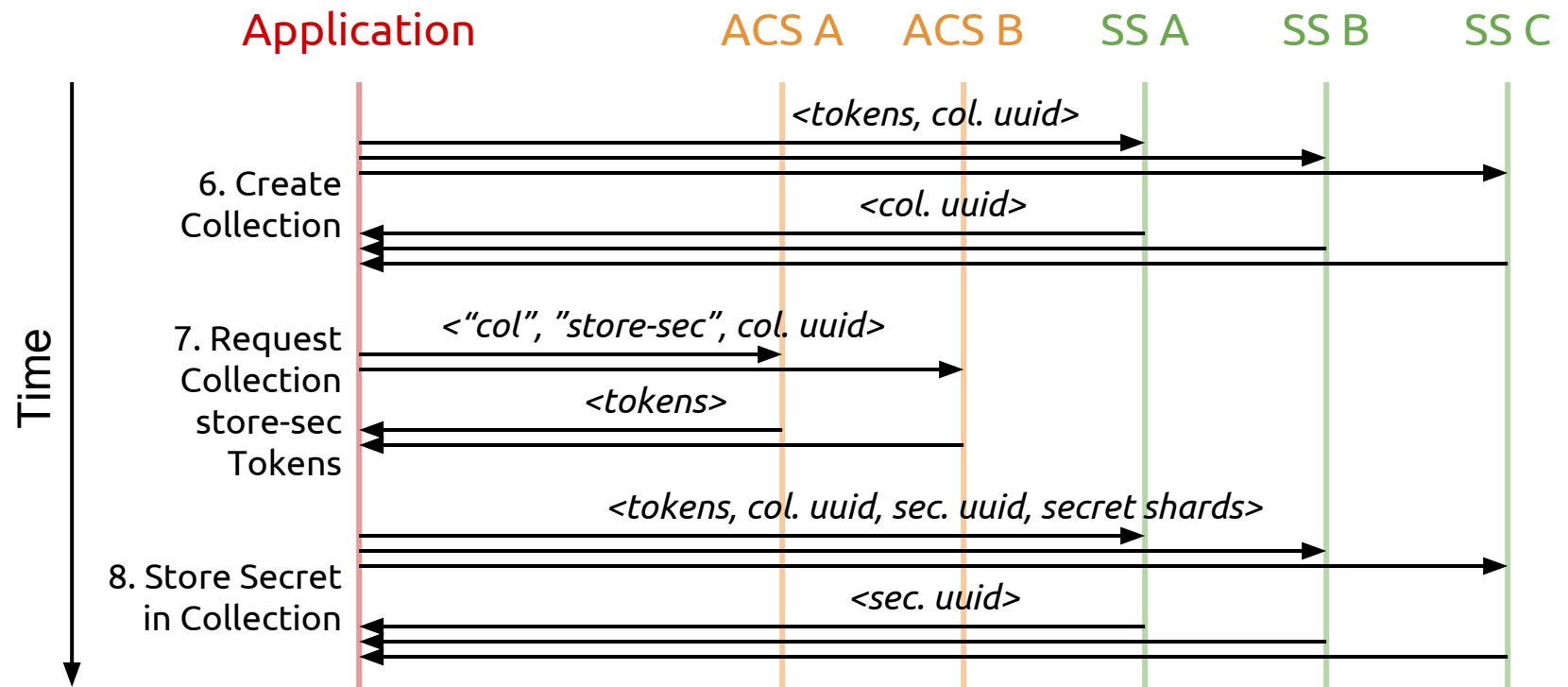
Verifier ID

Verifier ID

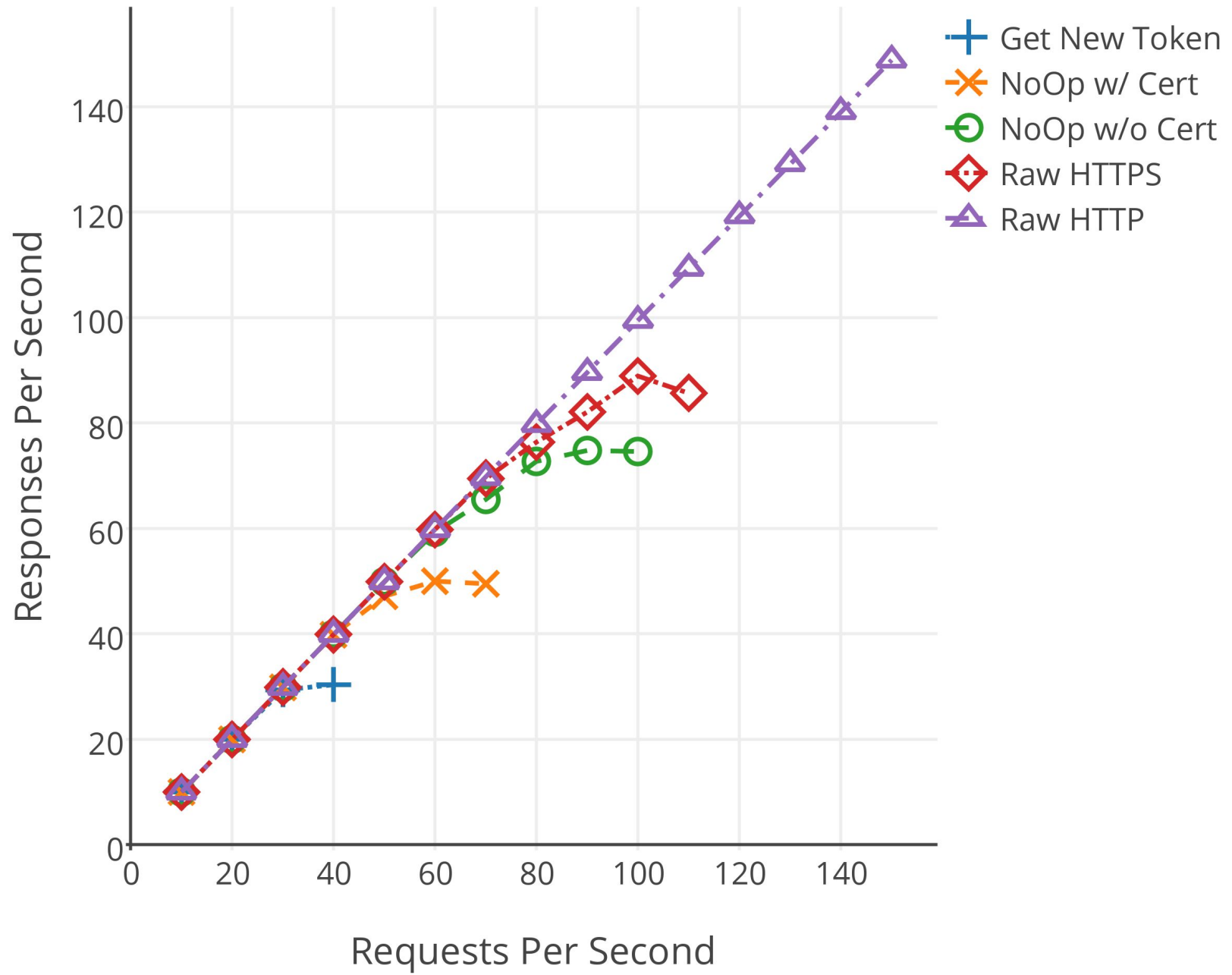


Verifier Set

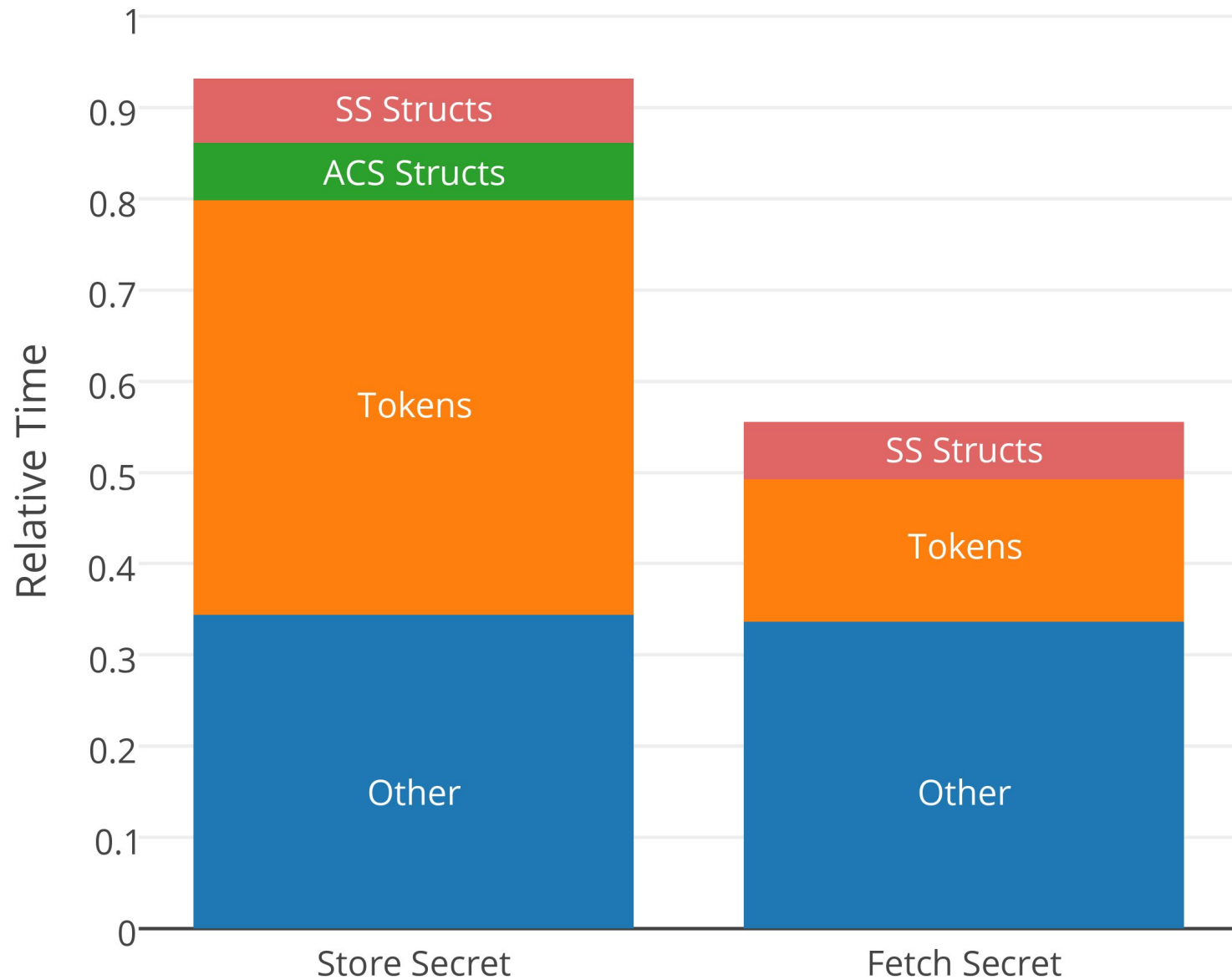




# Relative Performance



# Relative Time



Tutamen Operation

# Future Work

Auditing -> Automation

Auditing -> Automation

Performance



Auditing -> Automation

Performance

Additional Client Integrations