

# Indoor positioning systems to prevent the COVID19 transmission in manufacturing environments

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# Agenda

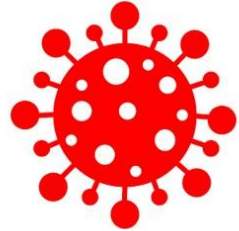
- ① **Current Scenario**
- ② **Risk index**
- ③ **SHIELD4US architecture**
- ④ **Results & Discussion**
- ⑤ **Conclusions & further research**



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## Current Scenario



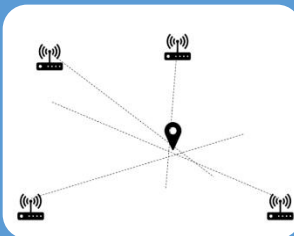
### COVID-19 infections

- Millions of fatalities worldwide
- Major disruptions among several sectors



### Industrial IoT sensors

- Digitalize the human factor
- Increase the consistency of the decision-making process



### Indoor Positioning Systems

- Increase the visibility of manufacturing processes
- Widely adopted in safety management applications



# Contagion risk index

## Personal risk of infection

$i$	Range of distance (m)	Exposure risk weight ( $r_i$ )
1	$D \leq 0.4$	1
2	$0.4 < D \leq 1.2$	0.75
3	$1.2 < D \leq 1.7$	0.5
4	$1.7 < D \leq 2$	0.25

$$R_d^{g',g''} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^4 (w_{i,d}^{g',g''} * r_i) + \overline{RD_d^{g',g''}}}{2}$$

## Cluster Analysis

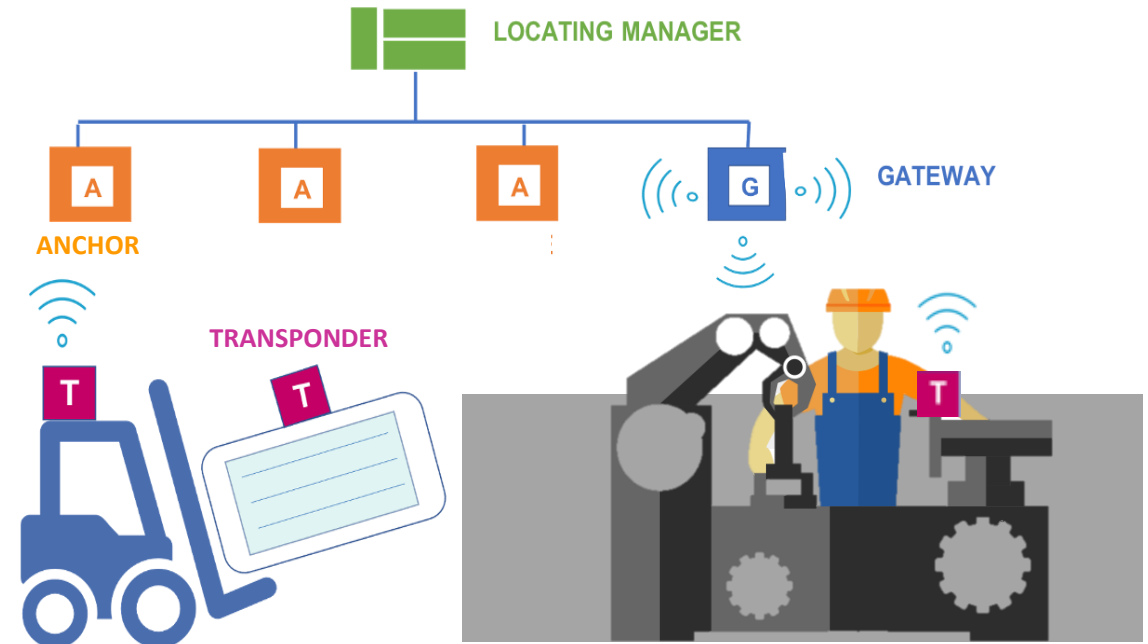
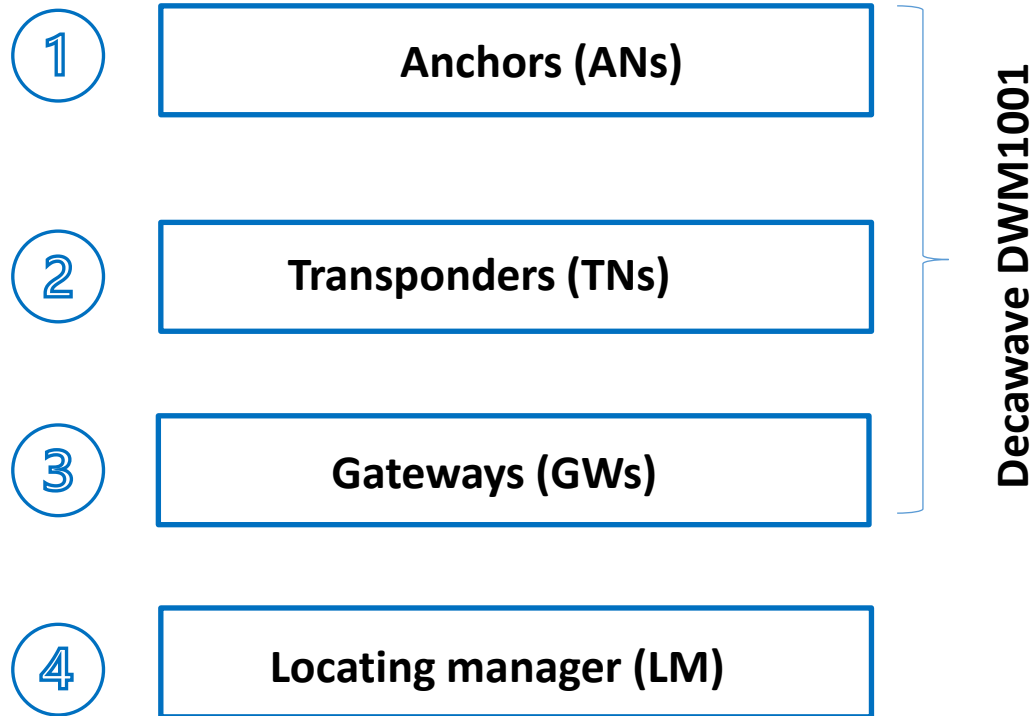
$j$	Ranges of OL ( $m^2/p$ )	Exposure risk weight ( $s_j$ )
1	$OL < 1.7$	1
2	$1.7 \leq OL < 2.1$	0.8
3	$2.1 \leq OL < 2.5$	0.6
4	$2.5 \leq OL < 2.9$	0.4
5	$2.9 \leq OL \leq 3.1$	0.2

$$R_m^c = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^5 (w_{j,m}^c * s_j) + \overline{ROL_m^c}}{2}$$



# SHIELD4US architecture – HW part

The adopted indoor positioning system, based on radio-frequencies, is the **ultra-wideband** technology



# SHIELD4US architecture – SW part

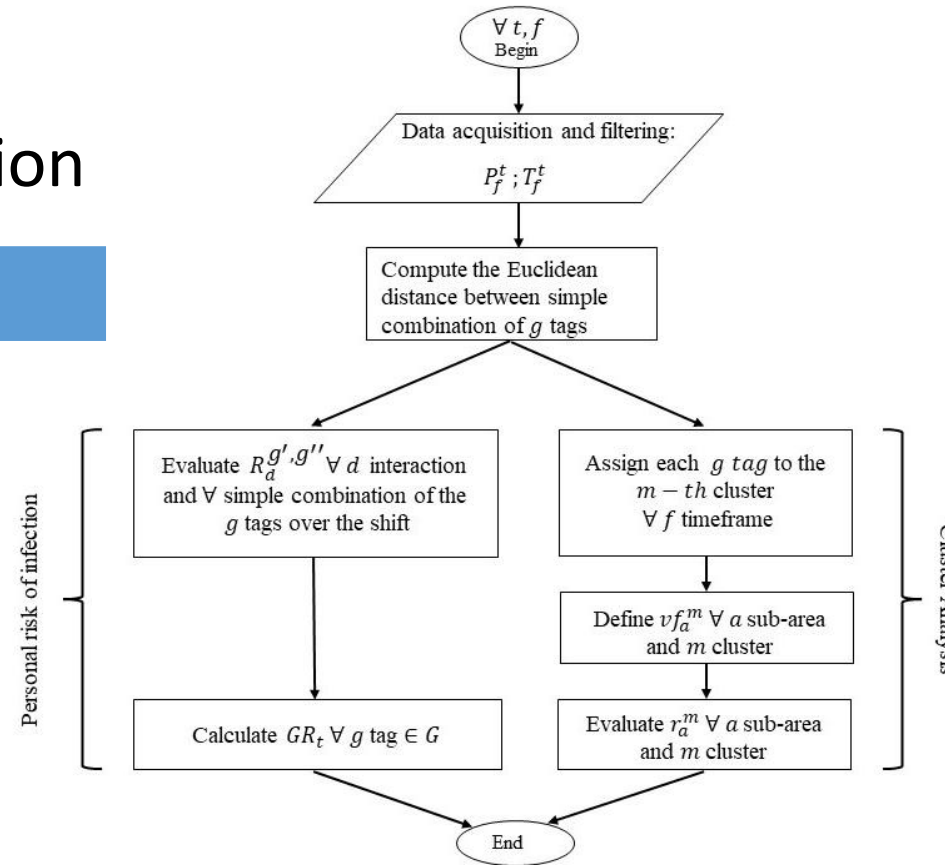
## Personal risk of infection



Local risk of infection



Global risk of infection



## Cluster Analysis



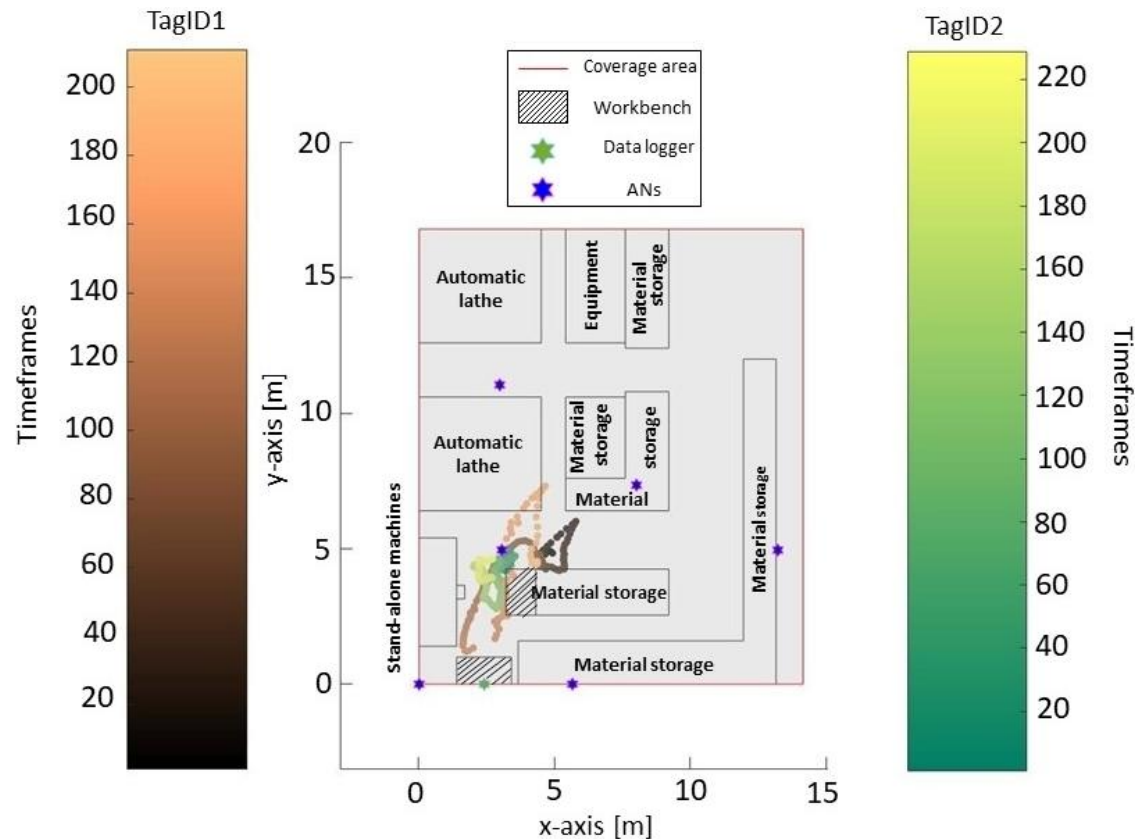
Visiting frequencies of each sub-area of the job shop



Risk of infection for each sub-area of the job shop



# SHIELD4US architecture – Validation



**Case Study:** Italian manufacturer which performs manual mechanical processing for the automotive industry

$$\text{Contact duration} = T_d^{g',g''} = 25 \text{ seconds}$$

$$\text{Mean distance} = \overline{D_d^{g',g''}} = 1.8 \text{ meters}$$

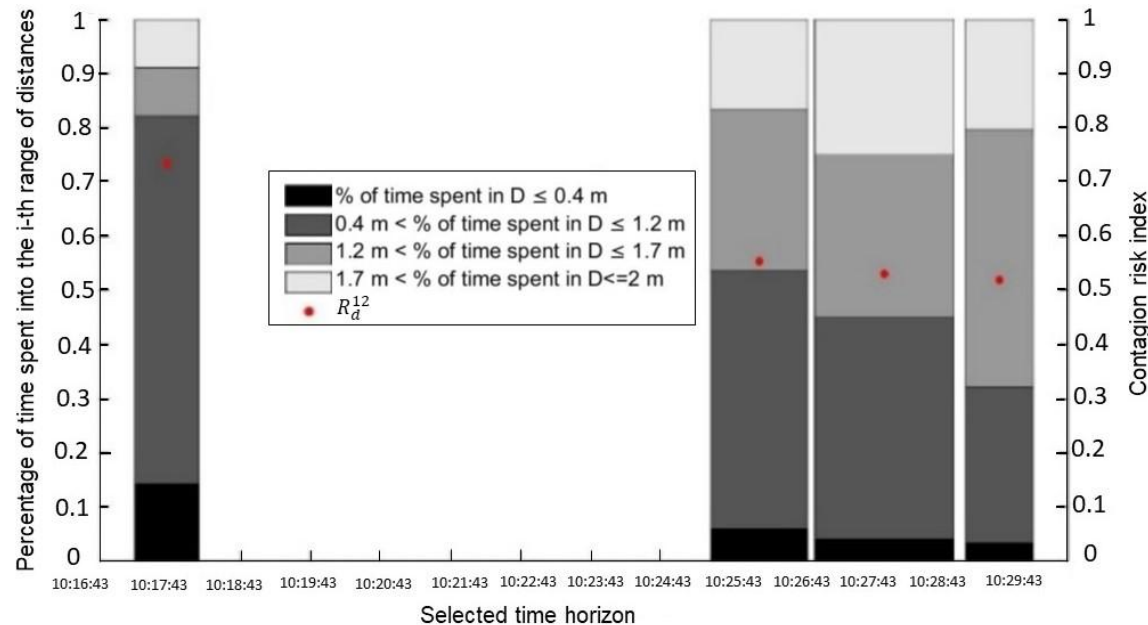
$i$	Range of distance (m)	Exposure risk weight ( $e_i$ )	% time spent
1	$D \leq 0.4$	1	4%
2	$0.4 < D \leq 1.2$	0.75	8%
3	$1.2 < D \leq 1.7$	0.5	32%
4	$1.7 < D \leq 2$	0.25	56%

$$R_d^{g',g''} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^4 (w_{i,d}^{g',g''} * r_i) + \overline{RD_d^{g',g''}}}{2} = 0.325$$



# Results & Discussion

Dynamic values of  $R_d^{1,2}$  from 10:15 to 10:30 on the 7<sup>th</sup> of December 2021



$R_d^{1,2}$  values are affected by both  $w_{i,d}^{1,2}$  and  $T_d^{1,2}$



$T_1^{1,2} = 55$  sec and  $T_3^{1,2} = 120$  sec  $\rightarrow R_1^{1,2} \gg R_3^{1,2}$



$$GR_1 = GR_2 = 0.526.$$

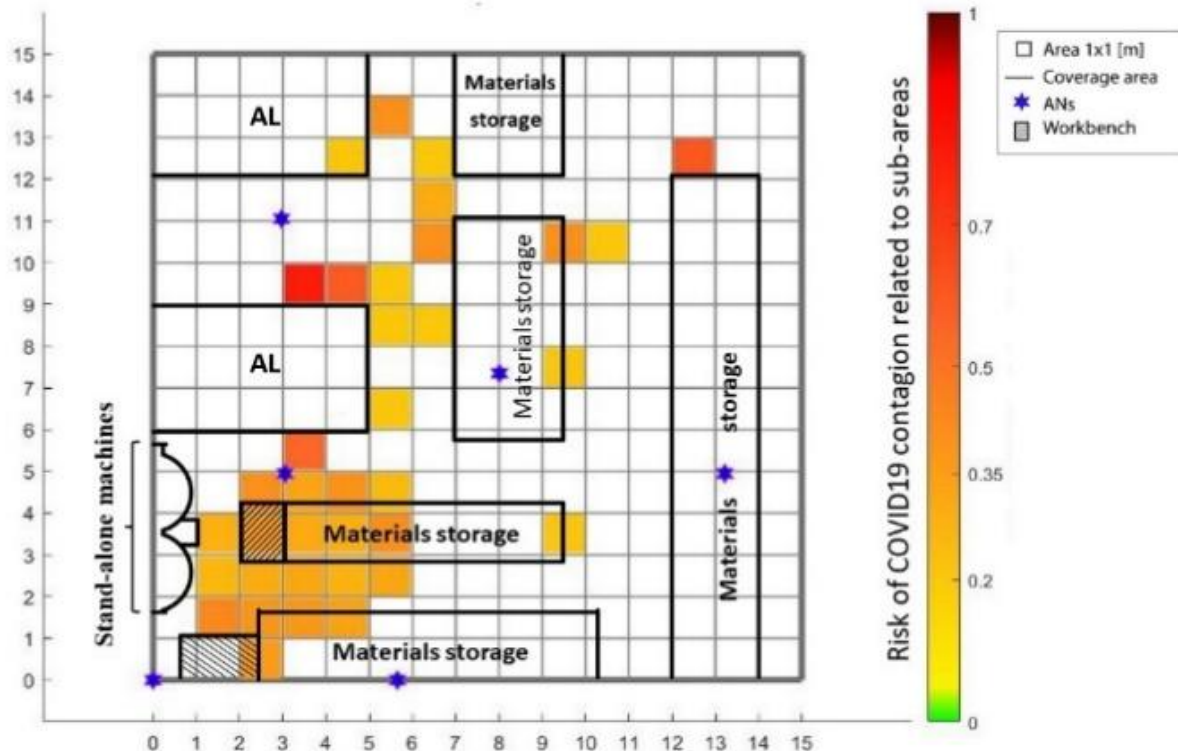


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# Results & Discussion

## Risk of infection connected to sub-areas



Not necessarily the riskiest areas have high visiting frequency values

❖  $vf_{147}^1=0.0018$  and  $r_{147}^1=0.8$  (next to AL)

**In general, at the managerial level**

①

High  $vf_a^m$  and high  $r_a^m$  : tailored re-layout processes

②

High  $r_a^m$  and low  $vf_a^m$  : visual management

# Conclusions & further research



## Industrial IoT sensors

- Digitalize the human factor
- Safety-management



## SHIELD4US digital architecture

- HW part: UWB-IPS
- SW part: safeguard the health of workers



## Results

- Local and Global personal risk of infection
- Cluster analysis



**AIRBORNE TRANSMISSION**



**UPGRADE THE DEVELOPED  
IPS**



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