<!DOCTYPE html>

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Software Engineering

< DLMCSPSE01 />

Project: HoppyBrew

Concept Phase

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Abstract: The project aims to develop a comprehensive Beer Brewing Recipe Manager system, catering to brewing enthusiasts and homebrewers. This system facilitates the management of brewing processes and associated data through intuitive interfaces and robust functionalities. Users can create, share, and manage beer recipes, customize water and equipment profiles, schedule brewing sessions, monitor fermentation in real-time, generate reports, and more. The system ensures a seamless user experience by integrating with external devices like ISpindel for data collection and leveraging a database for secure storage and retrieval of brewing-related information. With an emphasis on user-friendly design and versatile features, the Beer Brewing Recipe Manager fosters innovation and tradition in the art of homebrewing.

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Introduction and Goals

This document outlines the architecture and design of HoppyBrew, a web-based application for managing brewing recipes and brews. The application is designed to be user-friendly and intuitive, with a clean and modern user interface. The application is also designed to be compatible with a wide range of devices and browsers, and to integrate with other brewing tools and services, such as iSpindel.

Note! The terminology brew and batch are used interchangeably in this document to refer to the same thing, i.e. a single brewing process.

Quality Goals

The top three quality goals for the architecture and design whose fulfillment is of highest importance to the major stakeholders of HoppyBrew have been identified as follows:

Priority Quality Goal			
1	Usability: The application should be easy to use and intuitive, with		
	a clean and modern user interface.		
2	Compatibility: The application should be compatible with a wide		
	range of devices and browsers. (mobile, desktop, tablet)		

3 Integration: The application should integrate with other brewing tools and services, such as iSpindel.

The motivation behind these goals are to ensure that the application lives up to the expectations of the most important stakeholders, since they are the ones who will be the ones who influence the fundamental architecture and design decisions.

Stakeholders

The following table lists all the stakeholders of HoppyBrew, along with their roles, contact information, and expectations. It is important to note that these stakeholders are the primary sources of requirements and constraints for the architecture and design of HoppyBrew.

	Contact Informa-	
Role/Name	tion	expectations
Primary	Brewing	Wants a user-friendly and intuitive application
Stake-	Enthusiast	for managing brewing recipes and brew logs.
holder		
Secondary	Developer/Co	on Wintson high-quality, open-source application
Stake-		that is easy to maintain and extend.
holder		

Requirements Overview

HoppyBrew is driven by the following essential features and functional requirements:

"'{r define Plantuml, include=FALSE} library(plantuml) x <- ' left to right direction

actor Administrator as Admin actor Brewer as Brewer actor Database as DB actor ISpindel as ISpindel actor "{abstract}" as AbstractUser

Plotting to a file

To save the graph in a file, we simply specify the `file` argument in the plot command:

 $^{&#}x27;x \leftarrow plantuml(x)$

```
```{r exampleFile, include=FALSE}
plot(
 x,
 file = "./documents/01-Conception-Phase/png/testt.png"
)
```

And here is the file

Id	Requirement	Explanation
$\mathbf{F1}$	Manage and create brewing recipes	The application should allow users to manage and create brewing recipes.
<b>F2</b>	Manage and create brews and log their	The application should allow users to manage and create brews and log their
	progress	progress.

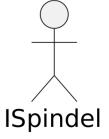
# Plotting Plantuml graphics

## Define plantuml code

```
First, we define a plantuml object based on some plantuml code "'{r definePlantuml, include=FALSE} library(plantuml) x <- ' (*) -> "Initialization" if "Some Test" then ->[true] "Some Activity" -> "Another activity" -right-> () else ->[false] "Something else" -> [Ending process] () endif ' x <- plantuml(x)
```

```
Plotting to a file
To save the graph in a file, we simply specify the `file` argument in the plot command:
```{r exampleFile, include=FALSE}
plot(
    x,
    file = "./documents/01-Conception-Phase/png/test.png"
```
```

And here is the file





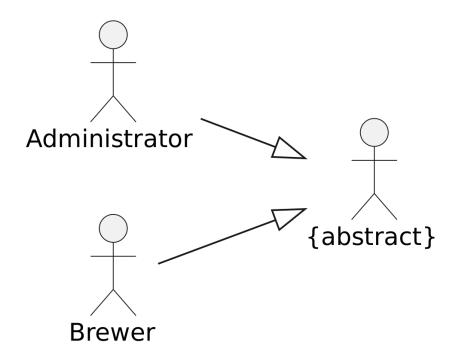


Figure 1: vignettes/test.png 4

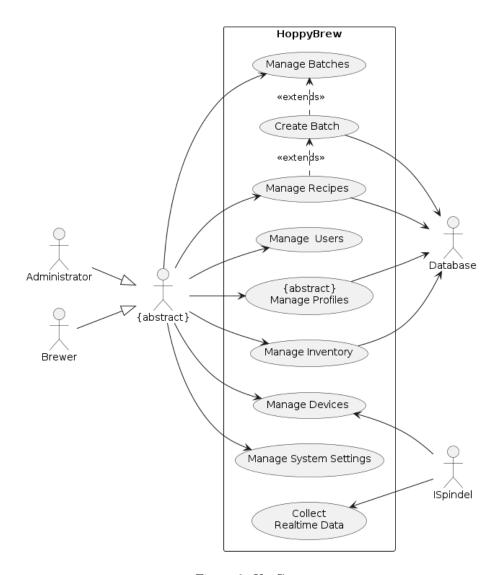
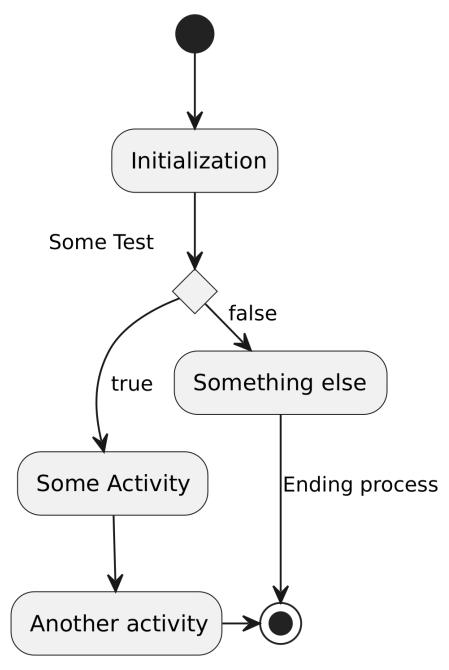


Figure 2: UseCases



# Architecture Constraints # System Scope and Context

```
Business Context
<Diagram or Table>
<optionally: Explanation of external domain interfaces>
Technical Context
<Diagram or Table>
<optionally: Explanation of technical interfaces>
< Mapping Input/Output to Channels> # Solution Strategy # Building
Block View
Whitebox Overall System
<Overview Diagram>
Motivation
<text explanation>
Contained Building Blocks
<Description of contained building block (black boxes)>
Important Interfaces
<Description of important interfaces>
<Name black box 1>
<Purpose/Responsibility>
< Interface(s) >
<(Optional) Quality/Performance Characteristics>
<(Optional) Directory/File Location>
<(Optional) Fulfilled Requirements>
<(optional) Open Issues/Problems/Risks>
<Name black box 2>

black box template>
<Name black box n>

black box template>
<Name interface 1>
```

```
<Name interface m>
Level 2
White Box

building block 1>
<white box template>
White Box < building block 2>
<white box template>
White Box < building block m>
<white box template>
Level 3
White Box <_building block x.1_>
<white box template>
White Box <_building block x.2_>
<white box template>
White Box <_building block y.1_>
<white box template> # Runtime View
<Runtime Scenario 1>
 \bullet \ <\! insert\ runtime\ diagram\ or\ textual\ description\ of\ the\ scenario\! >\!
 - <insert description of the notable aspects of the interactions between
 the building block instances depicted in this diagram.>
<Runtime Scenario 2>
<Runtime Scenario n>
Deployment View
Infrastructure Level 1
<\!Overview\ Diagram\!>
```

```
Motivation
<explanation in text form>
Quality and/or Performance Features
<explanation in text form>
Mapping of Building Blocks to Infrastructure
<description of the mapping>
Infrastructure Level 2
<Infrastructure Element 1>
< diagram + explanation >
<Infrastructure Element 2>
<diagram + explanation>
<Infrastructure Element n>
<diagram + explanation> # Cross-cutting Concepts
<Concept 1>
< explanation >
<Concept 2>
< explanation >
<Concept n>
< explanation > \# Architecture Decisions \# Quality Requirements
Quality Tree
Quality Scenarios
Risks and Technical Debts
Glossary
```

Term	Definition
< <i>Term-1&gt;</i>	< definition-1>
<Term-2 $>$	$<\!definition - 2\!>$