

## *Quizzes: Chapter 19*

1. In Facebook, friendship is a \_\_\_\_\_ relationship.

- a. one-to-one
- b. one-to-many
- c. many-to-one
- d. many-to-many

**Correct Answer: (a)**

2. Communication in Facebook is a \_\_\_\_\_ relationship.

- a. one-to-one
- b. one-to-many
- c. many-to-one
- d. many-to-many

**Correct Answer: (b)**

3. The home page in Facebook can be used \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. only for sign-up
- b. only for log-in
- c. both for sign-up and log-in
- d. neither for sign-up nor for log-in

**Correct Answer: (c)**

4. To find friends in Facebook, the member can \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. can accept Facebook recommendation
- b. follow email contacts
- c. look for old friends
- d. all of the above

**Correct Answer: (d)**

5. When you are in Facebook, you can \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. post news.

b. read news

c. neither a nor b

d. both a and b

**Correct Answer: (d)**

6. In Twitter, a message can be \_\_\_\_\_:

a. of any size

b. of maximum 100 characters

c. of maximum 140 characters

d. of maximum 200 characters

**Correct Answer: (c)**

7. In Twitter, the relationship between member is based on:

a. friendship

b. following

c. either a or b

d. both a and b

**Correct Answer: (b)**

8. In Twitter, follower-member is a \_\_\_\_\_ relationship.

a. one-to-one.

b. one-to-many

c. many-to-one

d. many-to-many

**Correct Answer: (c)**

9. In Twitter, communication between the sender and the receiver of a tweet is a \_\_\_\_\_.

a. one-to-one.

b. one-to-many

c. many-to-one

d. many-to-many

**Correct Answer: (b)**

10. In Twitter, when a message is posted, \_\_\_\_\_
- a. all members in the twitter can see it.
  - b. only followers of the sender can see it.
  - c. only friends of the sender can see it.
  - d. none of the above

**Correct Answer: (b)**

11. In Twitter, \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. you find your followers
  - b. followers find you
  - c. neither a nor b
  - d. either a or b

**Correct Answer: (b)**

12. In Twitter, to refer to another tweet, you can use \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. an ampersand
  - b. a hashtag
  - c. neither a nor b
  - d. both a and b

**Correct Answer: (d)**