HeidelTime Standalone Manual Version 1.8

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Abstract

This document contains information on how to install and use the standalone version of HeidelTime. HeidelTime is a multilingual, crossdomain temporal tagger for the extraction and normalization of temporal expressions from documents, developed at the Heidelberg University by Strötgen and Gertz [8, 9, 10].

The original version of HeidelTime is designed to run within a proper UIMA-Pipeline [1]. With this standalone version the original version is wrapped in such a way that it can be run with fewer prerequisites and, in particular, without UIMA.

HeidelTime Standalone comes with resources for 11 languages: English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Vietnamese, Arabic, Dutch, Chinese, Russian and Croatian. In addition, resources called English-colloquial and English-scientific can be used to process colloquial English text (e.g., SMS and tweets) and scientific literature (e.g., clinical trials).

Dutch resources were developed and kindly provided by Matje van de Camp (Tilburg University)[13]. French resources were provided by Véronique Moriceau (LIMSI-CNRS)[5]. A preliminary version of Russian resources was kindly provided by Elena Klyachko[3]. Luka Skukan[7] kindly contributed resources for Croatian.

HeidelTime can process documents of different domains. In all languages, the news and the narratives domains are supported. For news documents, the document creation time is crucial, for narratives (e.g., Wikipedia articles) it is not. For English, colloquial and scientific are additionally supported.

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1 Preface

This document contains information about how to install and use the standalone version of HeidelTime. HeidelTime itself is a multilingual temporal tagger for the extraction and normalization of temporal expressions from documents, developed at the University of Heidelberg from Strötgen and Gertz [8, 9, 10]

The original version of HeidelTime is designed to run within a proper UIMA-Pipeline [1]. With this standalone version the original version is wrapped such that it can be run with less prerequisites and especially without UIMA.

2 Quick Start

This section will briefly outline what is necessary in order to get HeidelTime Standalone going. See Section 3 for a more detailed description.

- 1. Install Java Runtime Environment [11] in order to execute Java programs.
- 2. Install TreeTagger [6] with the parameter files for English, German, Dutch, Spanish, Italian, French, Chinese and Russian.
- 3. Ensure the path to your local TreeTagger installation is set correctly. Therefore, check the variable *treeTaggerHome* in config.props. It has to point to the root directory of your TreeTagger installation.
- 4. Change to the directory containing de.unihd.dbs.heideltime.standalone.jar.
- 5. Run HeidelTime Standalone using "java -jar de.unihd.dbs.heideltime.standalone.jar <file>" where <file> is the path to a text document.

To find out how to set additional parameters, e.g., how to specify the language and domain, see Section 4.1.

3 Installation

This section explains the steps necessary to use HeidelTime Standalone.

3.1 Files

HeidelTime Standalone comes with three files and two folders:

• de.unihd.dbs.heideltime.standalone.jar Executable java file; see Section 4 for more information about possible command line arguments.

• config.props

Configuration file; it has to be located in the same directory as the executable. See Section 3.3 for more information about the configuration of HeidelTime Standalone.

• src/

Folder containing the source files that were used to generate the executable jar file de.unihd.dbs.heideltime.standalone.jar.

- doc/ Folder containing the Javadoc files.
- Manual.pdf This file.

3.2 Prerequisites

HeidelTime Standalone requires the following components to be installed:

- 1. The Java Runtime Environment [11]
- 2. A compatible pre-processing tool that is capable of identifying language tokens, part of speech and sentence boundaries in all languages supported by HeidelTime. We decided to use TreeTagger [6] for English, German, Dutch, Spanish, Italian, Russian, French and Chinese. You will need to download and install so called "parameter files" for those languages as well (all that are available, e.g., for German, download the Latin1 and the UTF-8 variants), to provide TreeTagger with the necessary functionality (see the TreeTagger website http://www.cis.uni-muenchen.de/~schmid/tools/TreeTagger/ for more information or Section 3.3 of http://code.google.com/p/heideltime/source/browse/doc/readme.txt for wget commands).
- 3. To process Chinese documents, please grab a copy of the Chinese TreeTagger parameter file from Serge Sharoff's page http://corpus.leeds.ac.uk/tools/zh/ as well as a copy of the Chinese Tokenizer https://drive.google.com/uc?id=0BwqFBQjz9NUiZ3kybkc4YTliMzA. Extract the parameter files into the TreeTagger home directory so the files from the lib and cmd folders land in the TreeTager folders. Extract the tokenizer into its own directory and remember the path for the configuration later (Section 3.3).
- 4. To process Russian documents, please grab a copy of the Russian parameter file by Serge Sharoff from http://corpus.leeds.ac.uk/mocky/ and extract it into the TreeTagger's lib folder.

- 5. If you use HeidelTime Standalone to annotate documents in Vietnamese, you will need to get a copy of JVnTextPro [2] from http://sourceforge.net/projects/jvntextpro/
- 6. For Arabic documents, you will need to download a full package of the Stanford POS Tagger [12] from http://nlp.stanford.edu/software/tagger.shtml
- 7. In order to process documents in Croatian, you will need to download a copy of hunpos [4] from https://code.google.com/p/hunpos/ as well as the Croatian tagger model file for it from http://nlp.ffzg.hr/resources/models/tagging/.

Note: If you use HeidelTime Standalone on Windows, please see Appendix A.

3.3 Configuration

After the installation of the prerequisites mentioned in Section 3.2, there are a few parameters to set up in the configuration file config.props:

For most languages

• tree Tagger Home

This variable has to point to the root directory of TreeTagger that you will need to use for most languages. Example: /opt/treetagger/

For Chinese

ullet chinese Tokenizer Path

This variable has to point to the directory where the Chinese Tokenizer Script and files are. Example: /opt/treetagger/chinese-tokenizer/

For use with Vietnamese

• sent model path

This variable needs to point to the *folder* where JVnTextPro's sentence segmentation model is stored.

Example: /opt/jvntextpro/models/jvnsensegmenter

• word model path

This variable needs to point to the *folder* where JVnTextPro's segmentation model is stored.

Example: /opt/jvntextpro/models/jvnsegmenter

• pos model path

This variable needs to point to the *folder* where JVnTextPro's part of speech model is stored.

Example: /opt/jvntextpro/models/jvnpostag/maxent

For use with Arabic

• model path

This variable needs to point to the path where StanfordPOSTagger's tagger model *file* is stored.

Example: /opt/stanfordpostagger/models/arabic.tagger

 \bullet config_path

This variable can be set to point to the path where StanfordPOSTagger's config model *file* is stored. This setting is optional and can be left empty.

Example: /opt/stanfordpostagger/tagger.config

For use with Croatian

• hunpos path

This variable must point to the **folder** where the hunpos executable is located.

Example: /opt/hunpos/

• hunpos model name

This variable needs to represent the **name** of the hunpos model file used, residing in the hunpos_path set above.

Example: model.hunpos.mte5.defnpout

General options

 \bullet considerDate

Indicates whether HeidelTime should consider Timex3 expressions of type DATE.

 $\bullet \ \ consider Duration$

Indicates whether HeidelTime should consider Timex3 expressions of type DURATION.

• considerSet

Indicates whether HeidelTime should consider Timex3 expressions of type SET.

• considerTime Indicates whether HeidelTime should consider Timex3 expressions of type TIME.

All other options are not meant to be changed and therefore skipped in this section.

4 Usage

This section explains how to use HeidelTime Standalone both as a command line tool and as a component in other Java projects.

4.1 Command Line Usage

To use HeidelTime Standalone, open a command line terminal and switch to the directory containing de.unihd.dbs.heideltime.standalone.jar. You then are able to run it using the following command:

"java-jar de.unihd.dbs.heideltime.standalone.jar <file> [options] "where <file> is the path to a text document on your hard disk and [options] are possible options explained in Table 1.

Extra steps for Arabic and Vietnamese tagging

To tag Arabic and Vietnamese documents, you will need to utilize a different command line scheme. First, you will have to set the HT_CP variable to include HeidelTime Standalone's class files as well as those of the languages' respective taggers:

```
Under Unix/Linux/Mac OS X:
    "export HT_CP="<$1>:<$2>:<$3>:$CLASSPATH""

or under Windows:
    "set HT_CP=<$1>;<$2>;<$3>;%CLASSPATH%"

where
<$1> is the path to JVnTextPro's bin folder, e.g. /opt/jvntextpro/bin/,
<$2> is the path to StanfordPOSTagger's .jar file, e.g.
/opt/stanfordpostagger/stanford-postagger.jar and
<$3> is de.unihd.dbs.heideltime.standalone.jar
```

Once you have this variable set, you can use the following command line: java -cp \$HT_CP de.unihd.dbs.heideltime.standalone.HeidelTimeStandalone <file> [options]

where *<file>* is the path to a text document on your hard disk and *[options]* are possible options explained in Table 1.

 ${\bf Table\ 1:\ Command\ line\ arguments\ of\ Heidel Time\ Standalone.}$

OPTION	Name	DESCRIPTION
-dct	Document Creation Time	Date of the format YYYY-MM-DD when the document specified by <i><file></file></i> was
		created. This information is used only if "-t" is set to NEWS or COLLOQUIAL.
		It is used to resolve relative temporal expression such as "today". The default
		value is the current date on the local machine.
-l	Language	Language of the document. Possible val-
		ues are: ENGLISH, GERMAN, DUTCH, ENGLISHCOLL (for -t COLLOQUIAL), ENGLISHSCI (for -t SCIENTIFIC), SPANISH, ITALIAN, ARABIC, VIET-
		NAMESE, FRENCH, CHINESE, RUS- SIAN, CROATIAN. The default is EN- GLISH.
-t	Туре	Type of the document specified by <file>. Possible values are: NARRA-TIVES, NEWS, COLLOQUIAL and SCIENTIFIC. The default value is NAR-RATIVES. The major difference between</file>
		these types is the consideration of "-dct" if type is set to NEWS or COLLO-QUIAL.
-О	Output Type	Type of the result. Possible values are: XMI and TIMEML. The default value is TIMEML.
-e	Encoding	Encoding of the document that is to be processed, e.g., UTF-8, ISO-8859-1, Default value is UTF-8.
-с	Configuration file	Relative or absolute path to the configuration file. Default file is config.props
-v/-vv	Verbosity	Turns on verbose or very verbose logging.
-it	IntervalTagger	Enables the IntervalTagger and outputs recognized intervals.
-locale	Locale	Lets you set a custom locale to run HeidelTime under. Format is: X_Y, where X is from ISO 639 and Y is from ISO 3166, e.g.: "en_GB"

OPTION	Name	DESCRIPTION
-pos	POS Tagger	Lets you choose a specific part of speech tagger; either STANFORDPOSTAGGER or TREETAGGER. Note that for Arabic or Vietnamese documents, we allow only StanfordPOSTagger and JVnTextPro respectively. Please take note of the prerequisites in Section 4.1.
-h	Help	Shows you a list of commands and usage information

You may omit any of the options since they are optional. HeidelTime Standalone will however force you to enter a valid document path. It will output an XMI- or TimeML-document to the standard output stream containing all annotations made by HeidelTime. You may save the output to a file by using the following command:

"java -jar de.unihd.dbs.heideltime.standalone.jar <file> [options]
> <outputfile>"

where *<outputfile>* is the path to the document where the output will be saved into.

Encoding settings: HeidelTime Standalone can process files of different encodings. However, independent of the input encoding, the output is always encoded as UTF-8. If the default encoding of your Java Virtual Machine is not UTF-8, **you have to set the encoding to UTF-8** using the -Dfile.encoding option:

"java -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8 -jar de.unihd.dbs.heideltime.standalone.jar <file> [options]"

If the encoding of the document that is to be processed is not UTF-8, you can specify the encoding with parameter "-e" as described in Table 1.

4.2 Component in other Projects

To use HeidelTime Standalone as a component in other projects, you have to prepare the executable jar file de.unihd.dbs.heideltime.standalone.jar: Add the configuration file config.props to the main directory of the executable using a proper archive tool. Once this is done you can copy the executable wherever you want and use it like a library.

To run HeidelTime Standalone, instantiate an object of HeidelTimeStandalone. To do so, you simply have to provide the desired language and type that is to be processed (see Table 1 for further information). To actually run HeidelTime, you have to call process on the recently instantiated object of type HeidelTimeStandalone with the text to be processed. If this text is of type NEWS (remember your decision when instantiating a HeidelTimeStandalone object), you have to provide the document creation time as well. As a result

you will get a string containing the TimeML document with all annotations made by HeidelTime for further treatment.

5 License

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The initial version of HeidelTime Standalone was created by Andreas Fay.

If you use HeidelTime, please cite one of the papers describing HeidelTime: [8, 10]. Thank you.

For details, see http://dbs.ifi.uni-heidelberg.de/heideltime/ or https://code.google.com/p/heideltime/.

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A Information for Windows Users

If you are using HeidelTime standalone on Windows, you have to download and install a Perl interpreter, e.g. ActivePerl from http://www.activestate.com/activeperl, as well as the Windows version of the TreeTagger [6], including parameter files for the languages you want to process. A set of initial files to download and extract to the same folder are the following (newer versions may be available):

- The Windows Version of the TreeTagger: http://www.cis.uni-muenchen.de/~schmid/tools/TreeTagger/data/ tree-tagger-windows-3.2.zip
- The tagging scripts: http://www.cis.uni-muenchen.de/~schmid/tools/TreeTagger/data/ tagger-scripts.tar.gz

As for the parameter files for the respective languages, you will need to put any .par files in the lib/ folder, any language-abbreviations in lib/ and any tree-tagger-language script file in cmd/.

Once this is set up, you will need to specify the *treeTaggerHome*-Variable in config.props as described in Section 3.3. After that, you should be able to run HeidelTime Standalone as described in Section 4.1.