

DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS

Chapter 1: Introduction



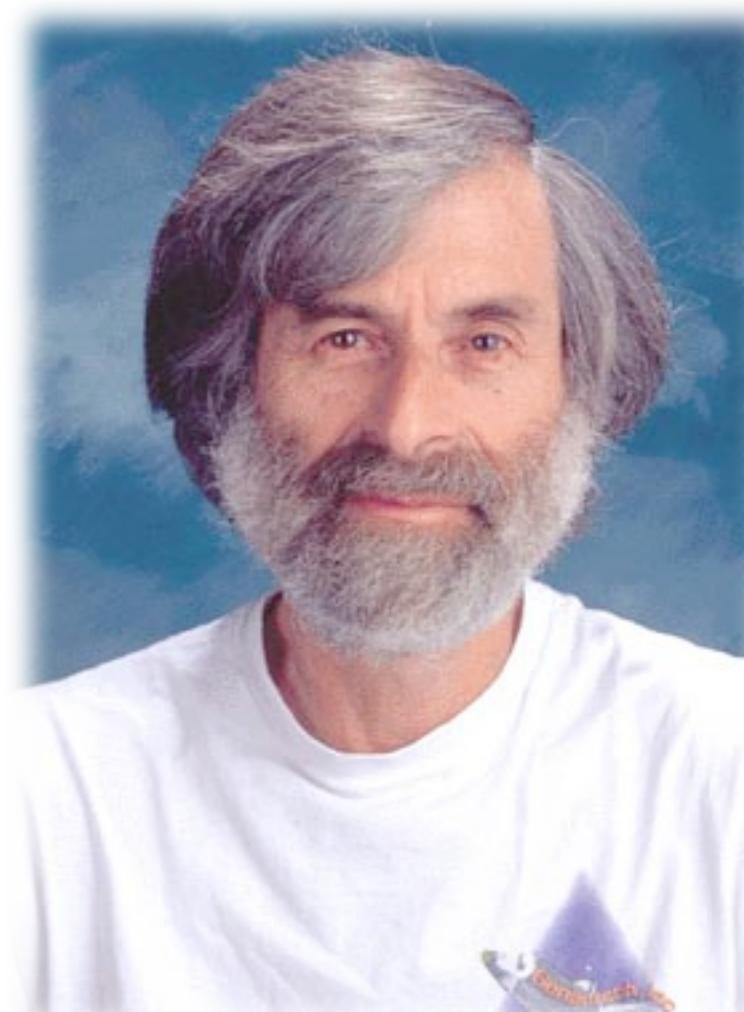
Prof. Dr. Markus Esch
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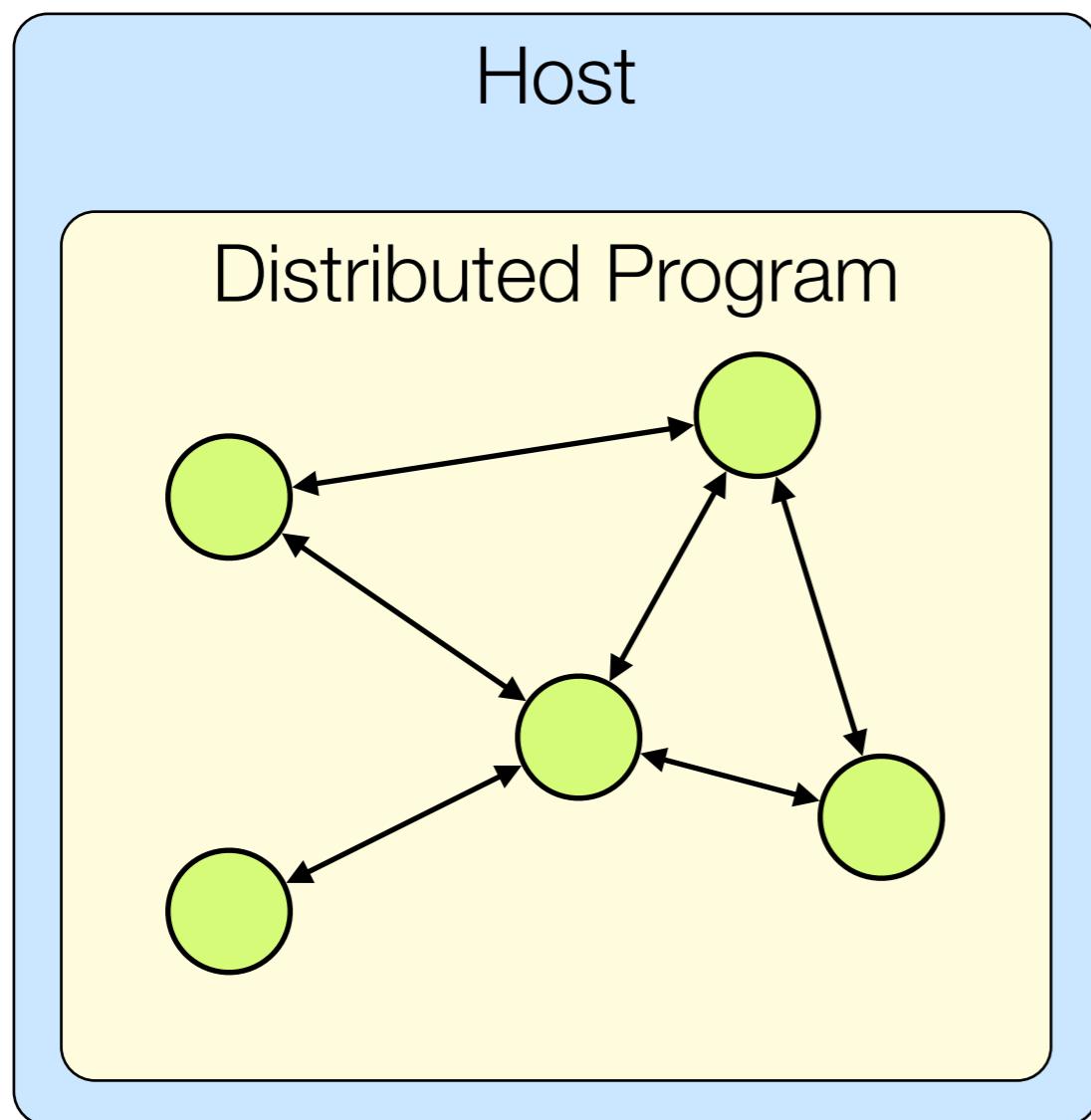
A distributed system is one on which I cannot get any work done because some machine I have never heard of has crashed.

Leslie Lamport



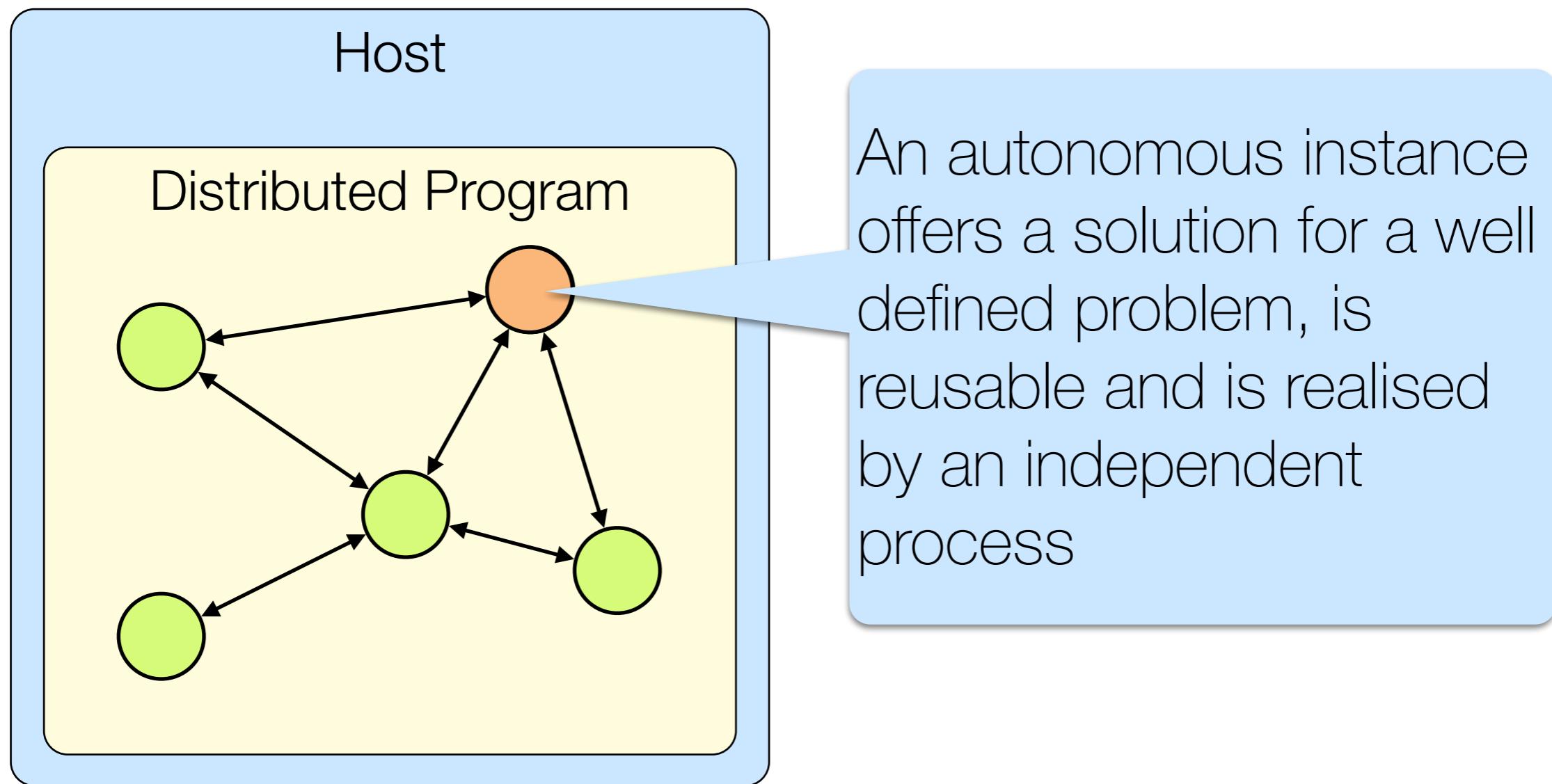
Distributed Program

- ▶ Definition: A distributed program consists of **autonomous** software instances communicating via **messages**.



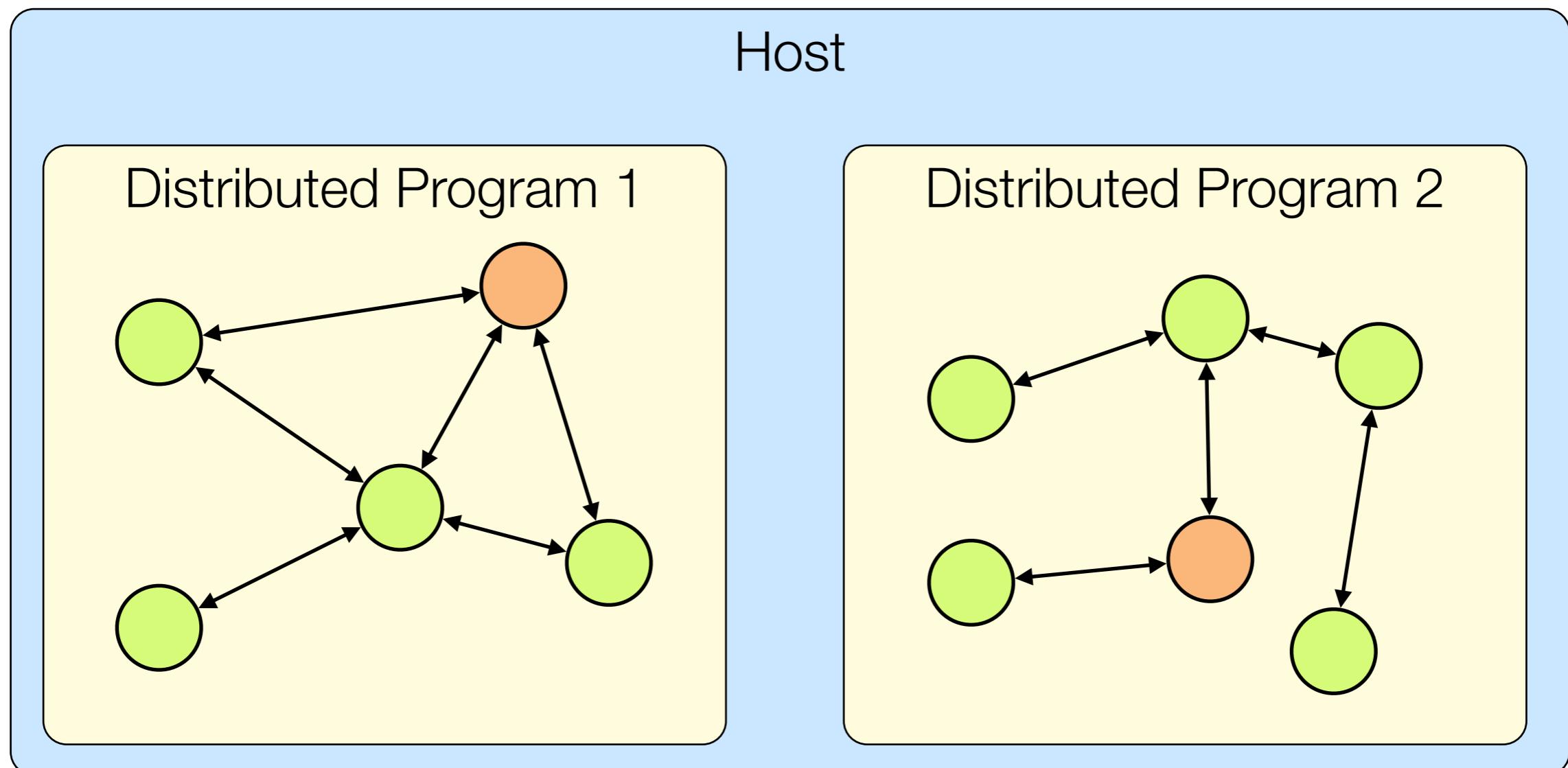
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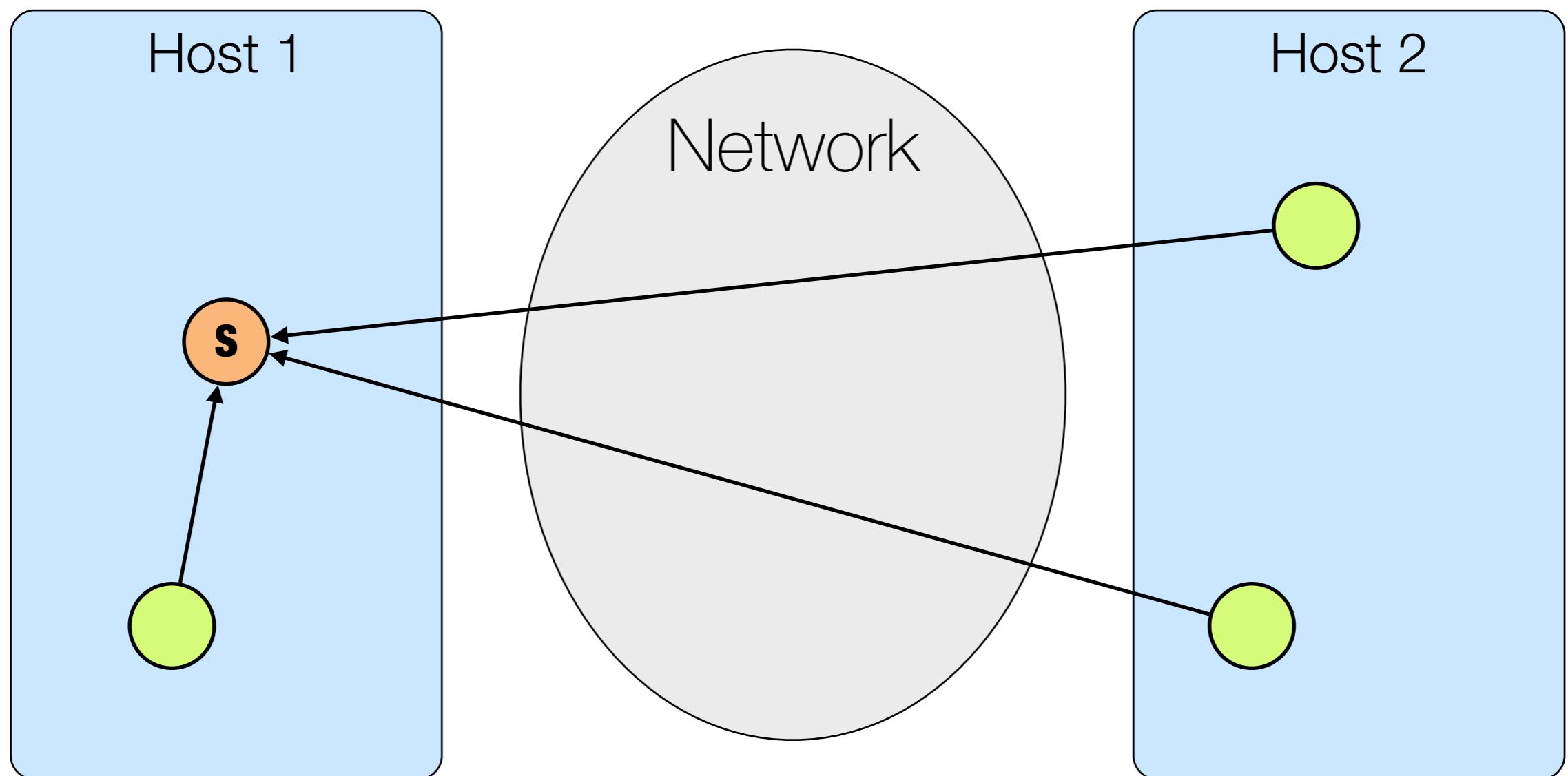
Distributed Program

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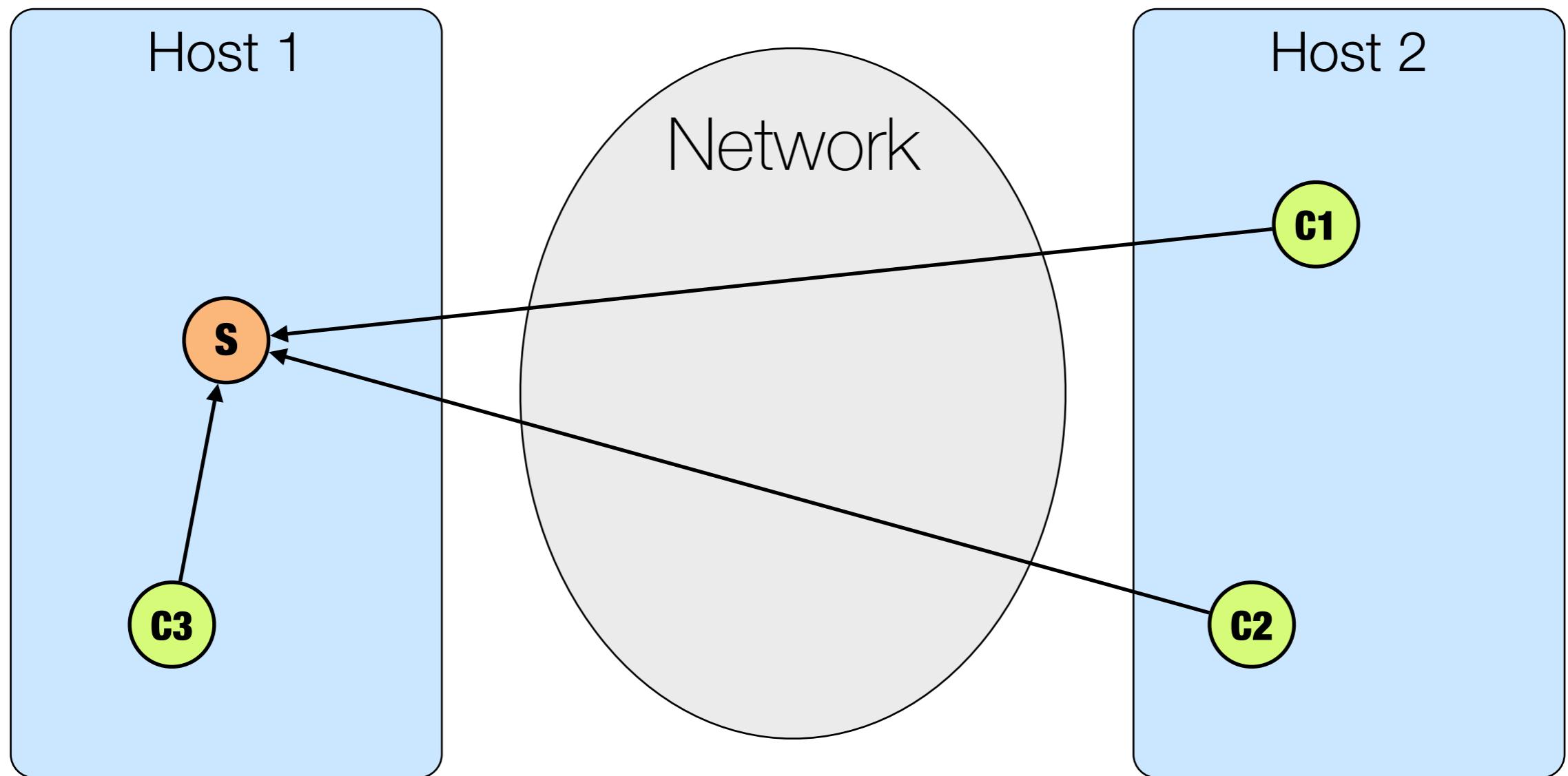
Service

- ▶ Definition: A **service** is an autonomous software instance accessible via network.



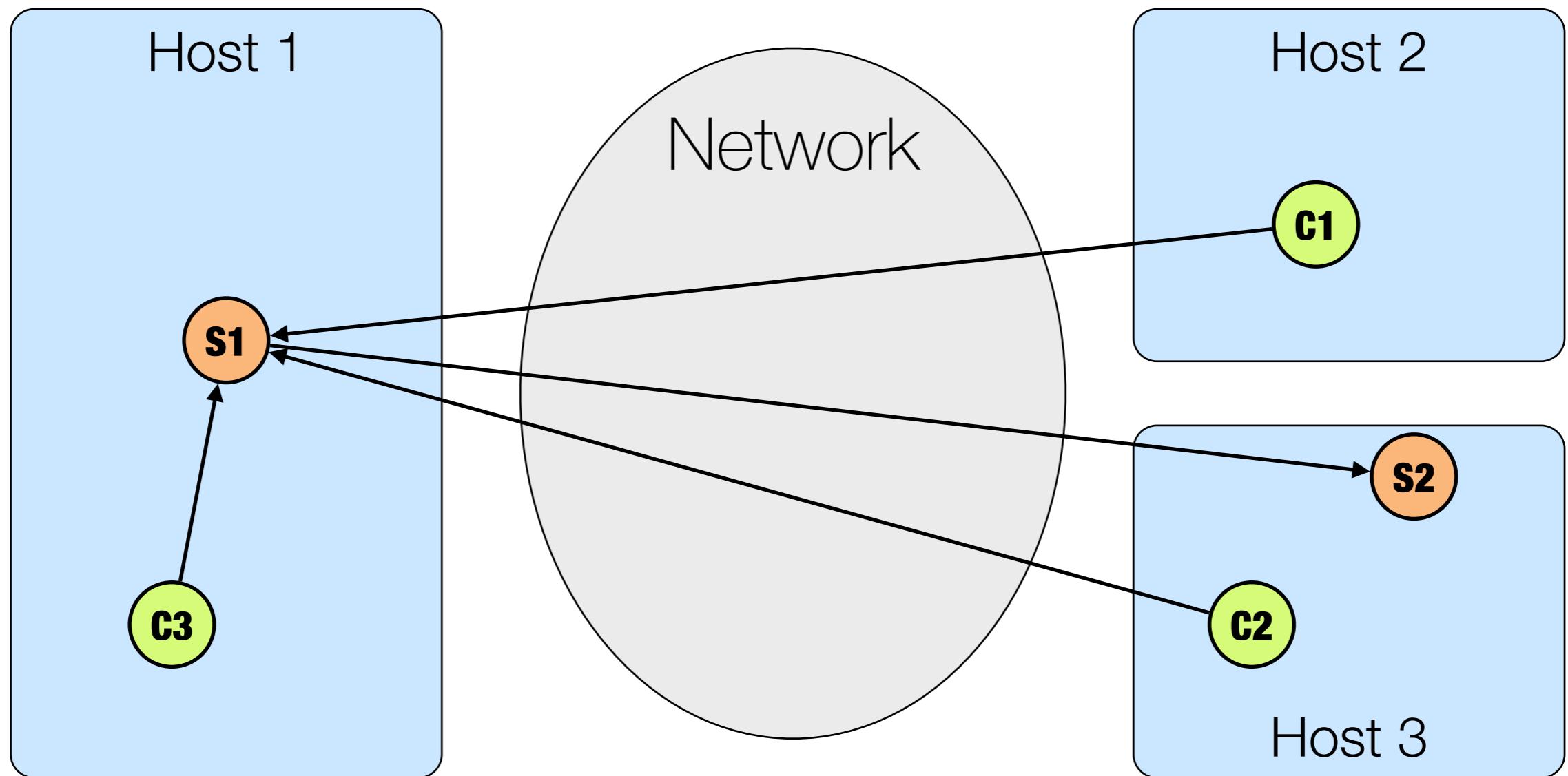
Client

- ▶ Definition: A software instance using a service is called a **client**.



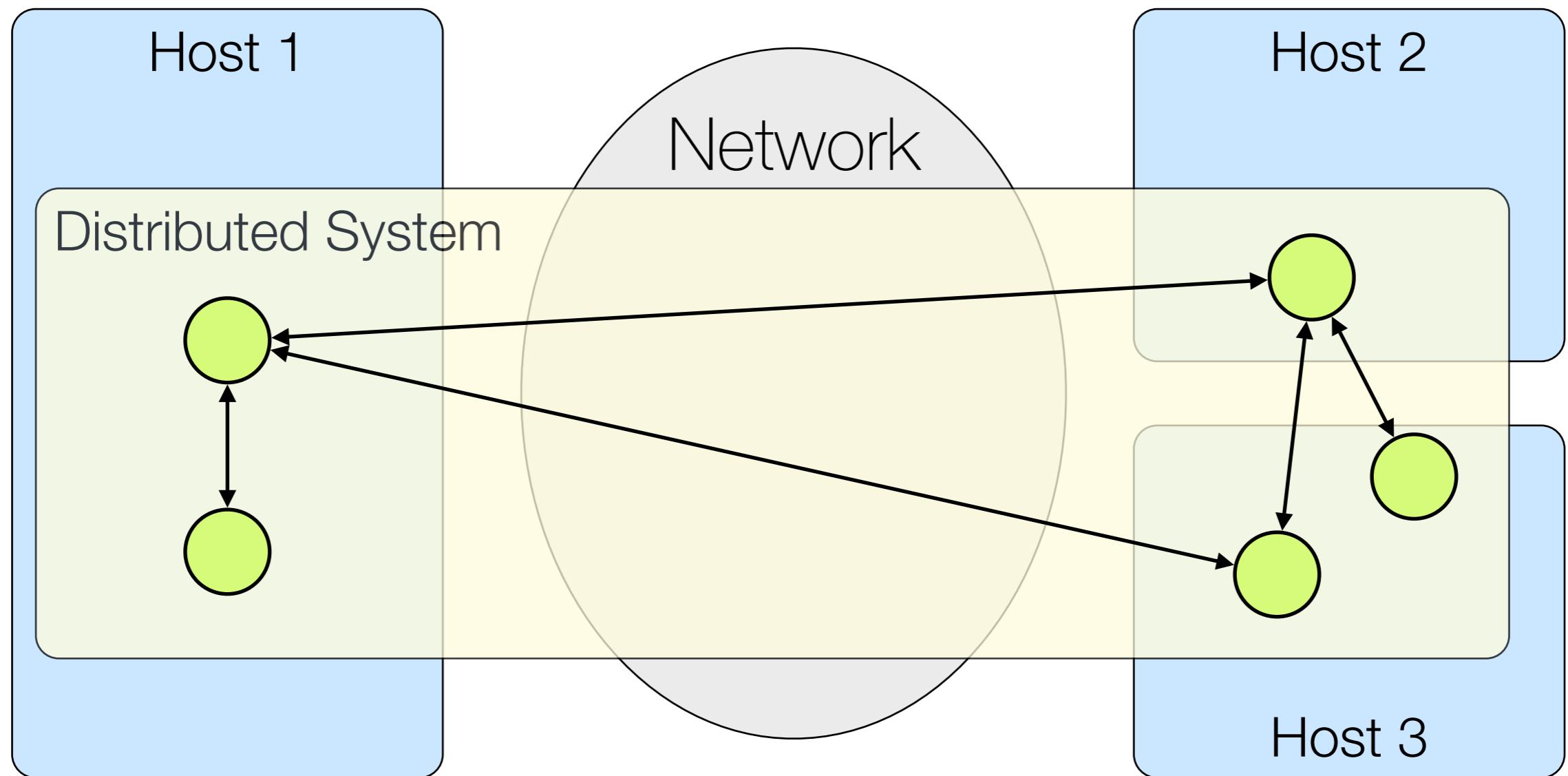
Client

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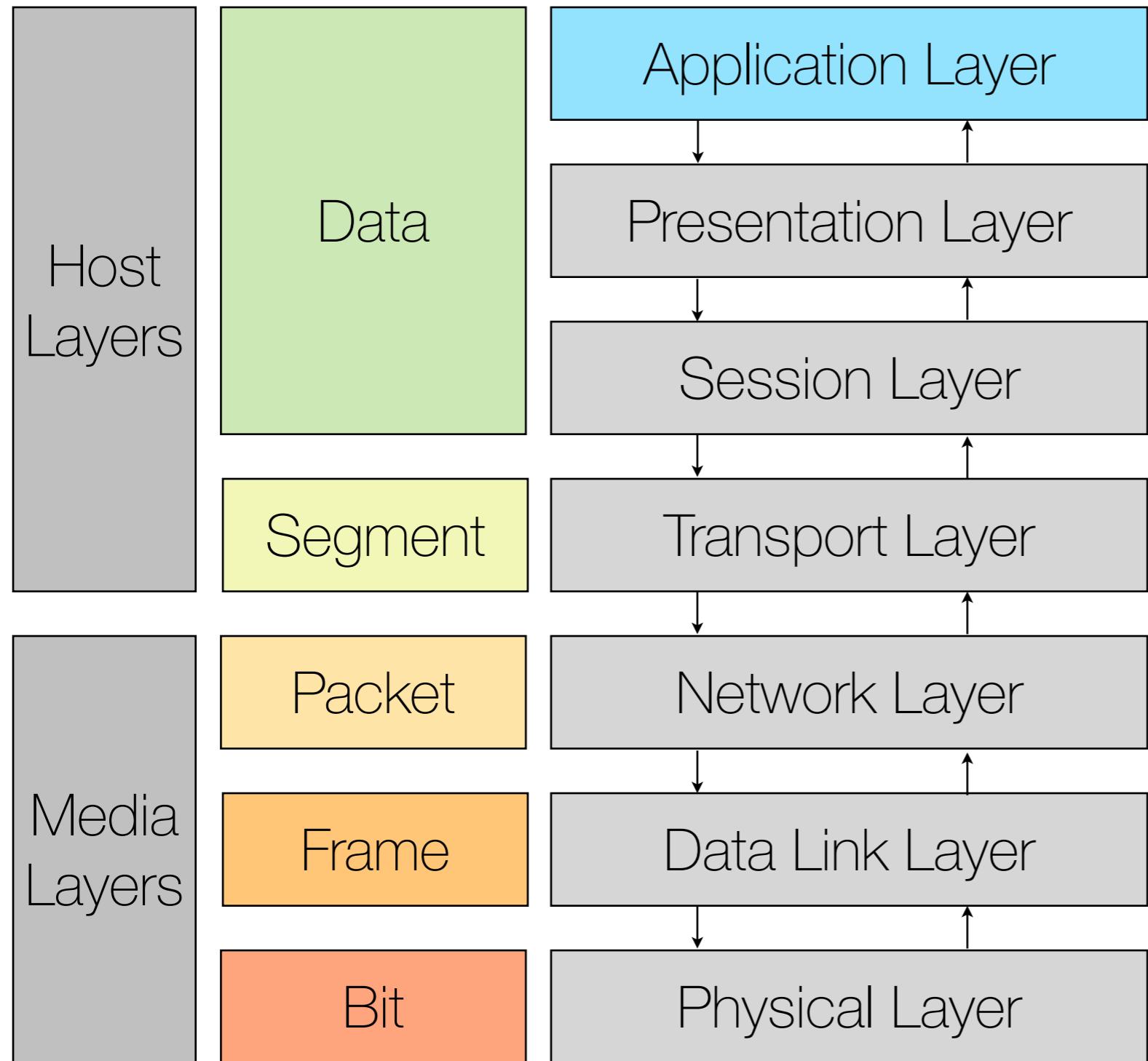


Distributed System

- ▶ Definition: A distributed system is a distributed program whose instances are distributed in a network

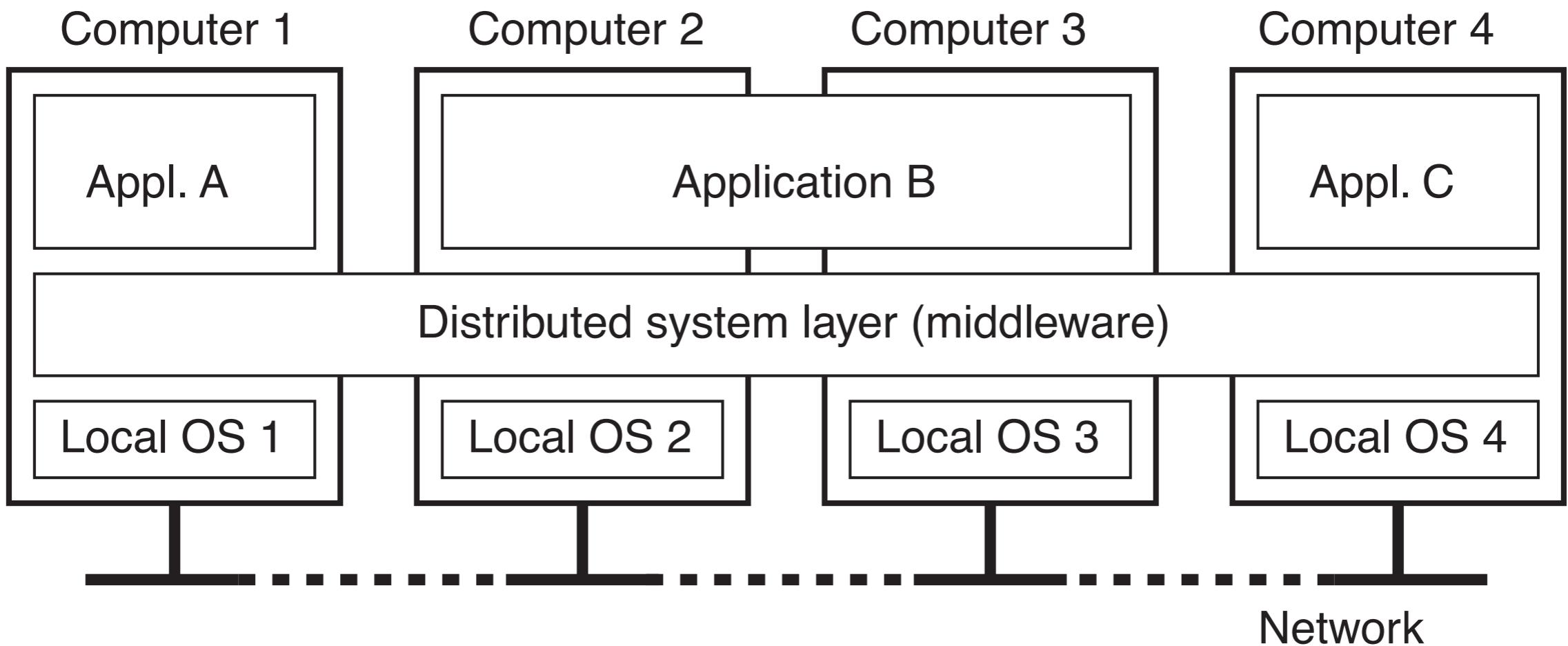


Application Layer



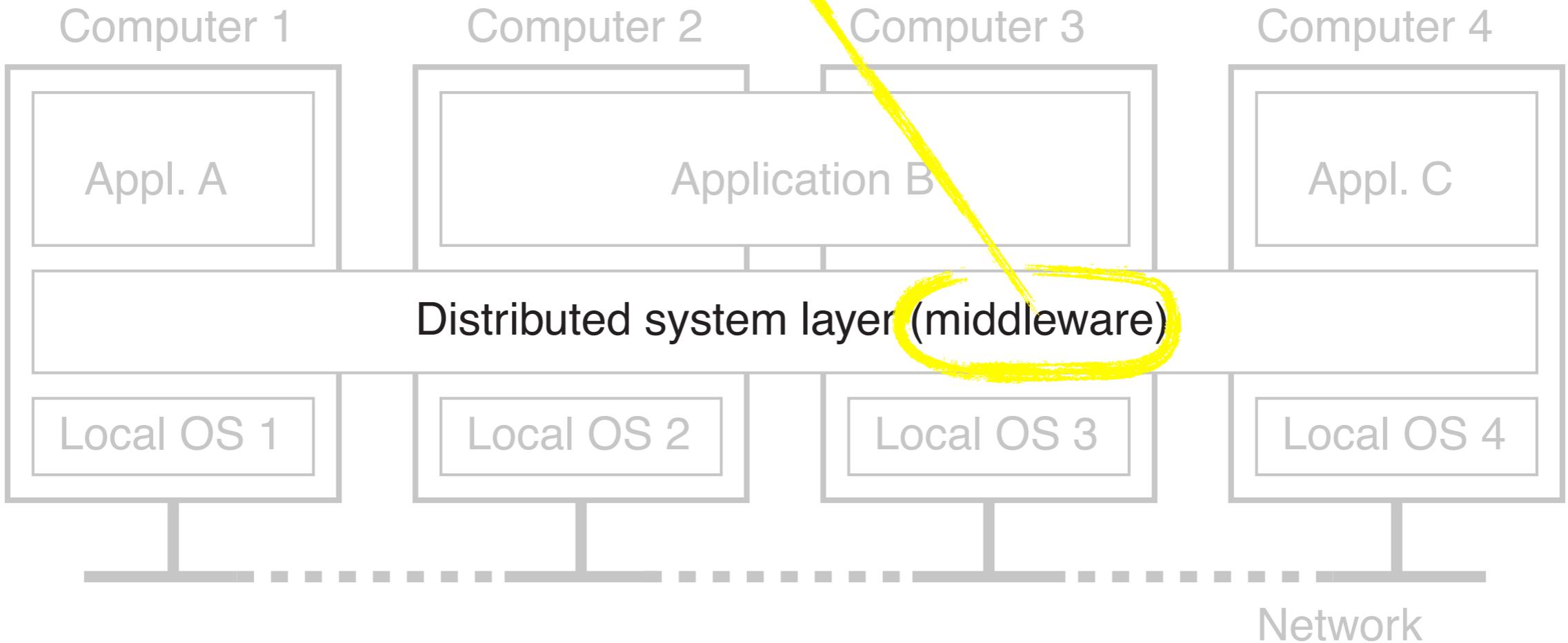
- ▶ protocols used in process-to-process communication
 - ▶ www, VoIP, imap, smtp, DNS...
- ▶ **distributed systems are implemented on the application layer**

Distributed System

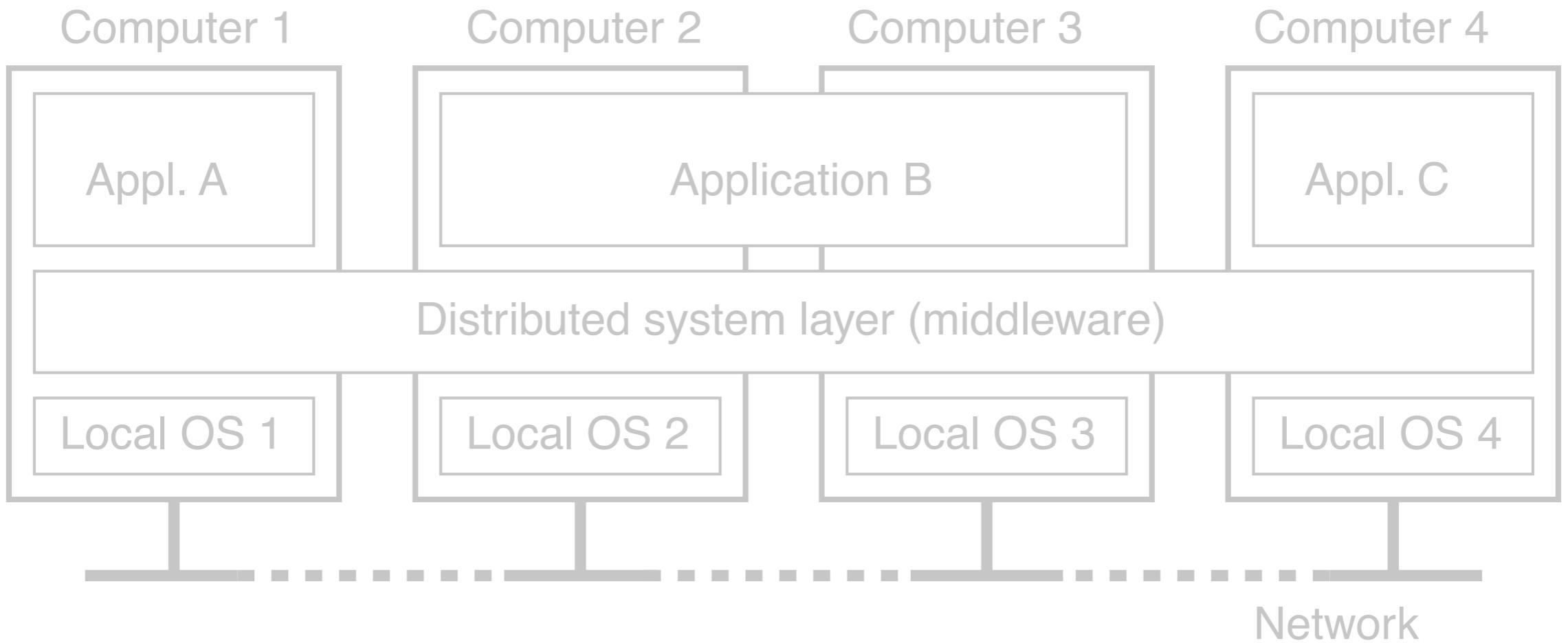


independent computers appearing as **single coherent system**

- Support distributed systems development
- Tackle heterogeneity
- Cope with different data representations



independent computers appearing as **single coherent system**



independent computers appearing as **single coherent system**

→ **single system image**



single system image

Transparency!



Transparency!

access

location

migration

relocation

replication

concurrency

performance

scaling

failure



Transparency!

Access transparency is about hiding differences in data representation and how a resource is accessed

access

location

migration

relocation

replication

concurrency

performance

scaling

failure



Transparency!

Location transparency is about hiding where a resource is located

access

location

migration

relocation

replication

concurrency

performance

scaling

failure



Transparency!

Migration transparency is about hiding that a resource might move to another location

access

location

migration

relocation

replication

concurrency

performance

scaling

failure



Transparency!

Relocation transparency is about hiding that a resource may be moved while in use

access

location

migration

relocation

replication

concurrency

performance

scaling

failure



Transparency!

Replication transparency is about hiding
that a resource is replicated



Transparency!

Concurrency transparency is about hiding
that a resource may be used concurrently by
multiple users

access
relocation
performance

location
replication
scaling

migration
concurrency
failure



Transparency!

Performance transparency is about allowing the system to be reconfigured to improve performance as loads vary

access

location

migration

relocation

replication

concurrency

performance

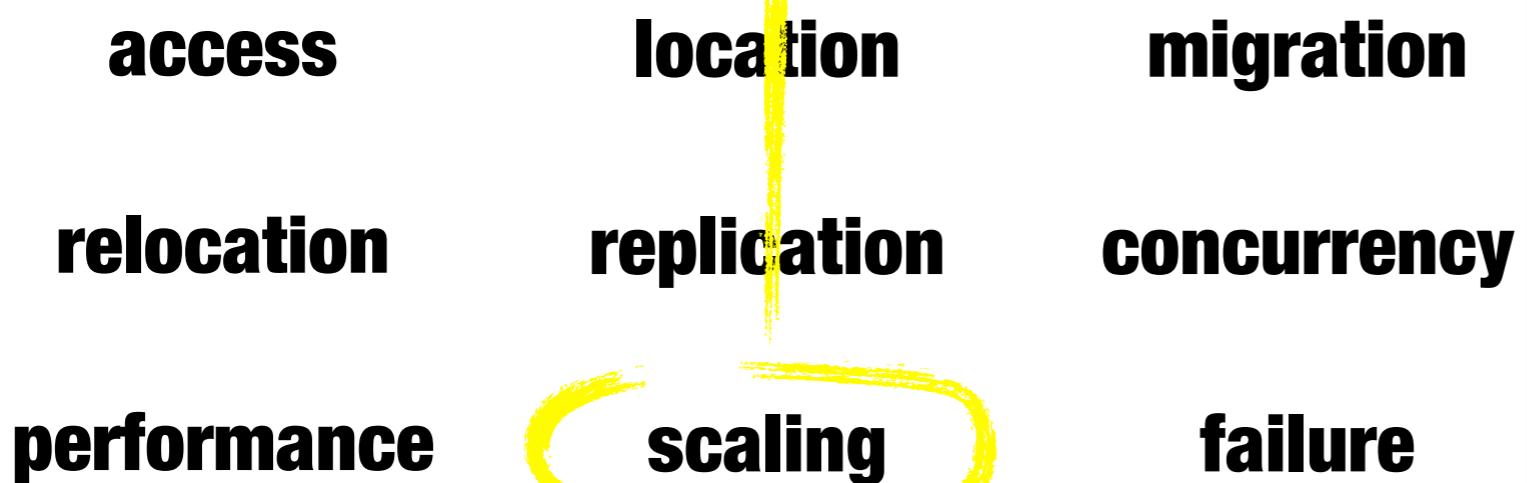
scaling

failure



Transparency!

Scaling transparency is about the system to expand in scale without change to the system structure or the application algorithms



Transparency!

Failure transparency finally is about hiding failures and recovery of a resource

access
relocation
performance

location
replication
scaling

migration
concurrency
failure



Transparency



access

location

migration

relocation

replication

concurrency

performance

scaling

failure



Hiding Failures

Virtually Impossible



Hiding Failures Virtually Impossible



remote machine
just **slow**
or **crashed**

Heterogeneity



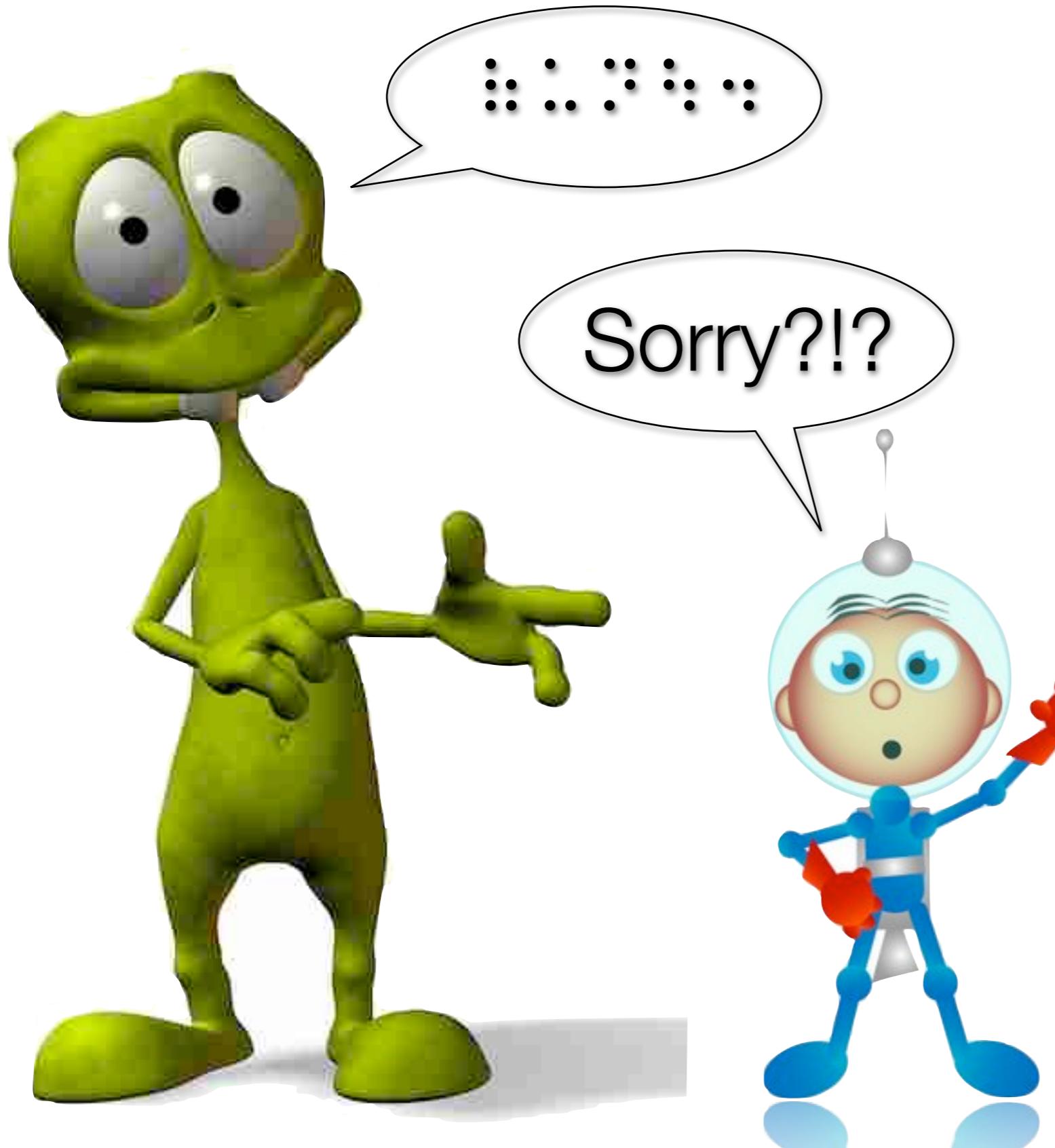
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Sorry?!?



ÍΛΞ' ŸΣΨ

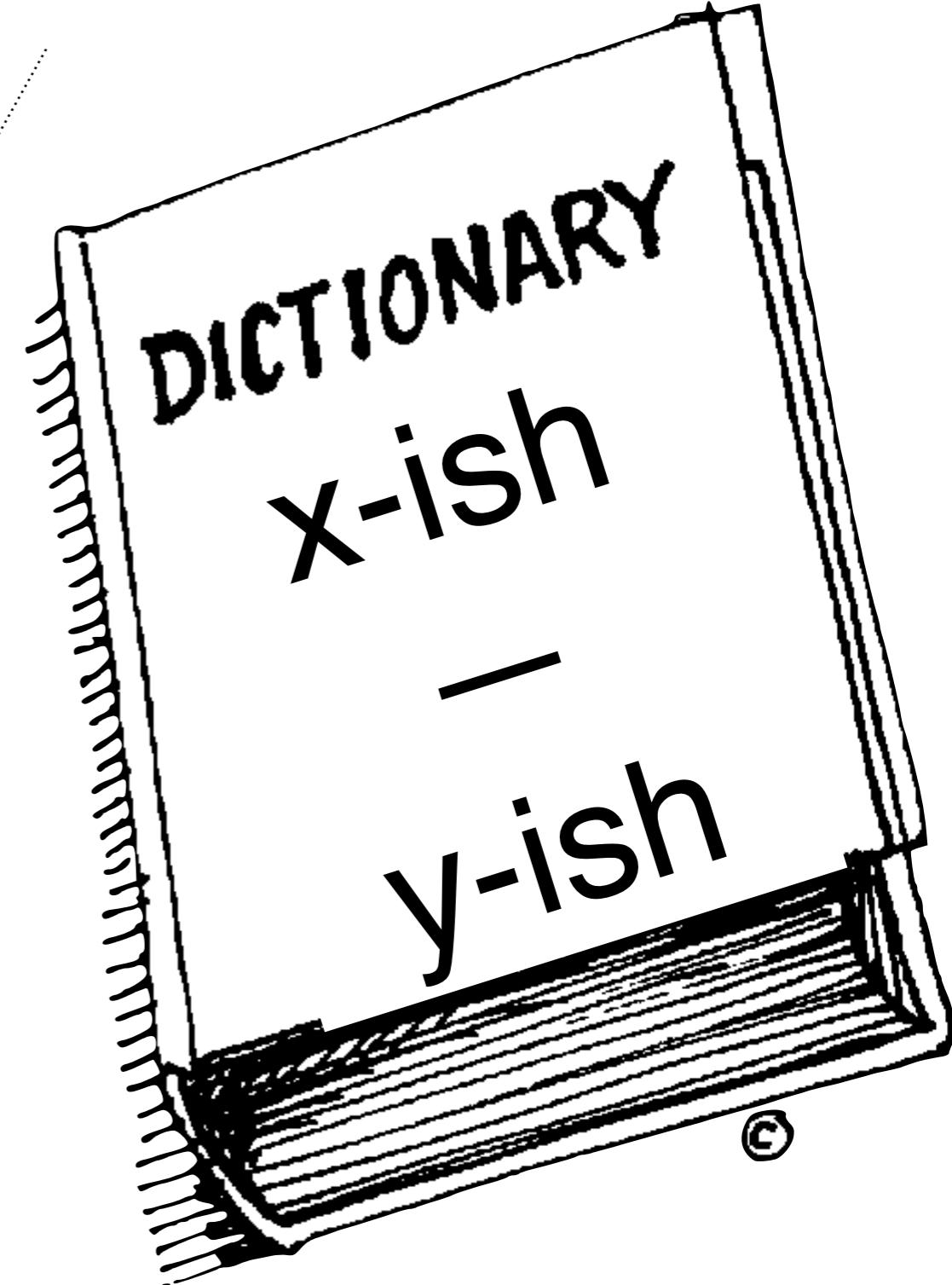




The image features a top section where the word "DICTIONARY" is written in a bold, blocky font, followed by "Alienish" in a larger, slanted font. A horizontal line separates this from the bottom section. The bottom section contains the word "Earthlingish" in a large, bold, slanted font. Below the word "Earthlingish" is a drawing of an open book showing its pages. In the bottom left corner, there is a small, stylized orange hand icon. In the bottom right corner, there is a small copyright symbol (©).

Openness

	Saturnish	Marsianish	Uranusish	Venusish	Jupiterish
Saturnish	.	✓	✓	✓	✓
Marsianish	✓	.	✓	✓	✓
Uranusish	✓	✓	.	✓	✓
Venusish	✓	✓	✓	.	✓
Jupiterish	✓	✓	✓	✓	.
...	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓



$O(n^2)?!?$ Interoperability

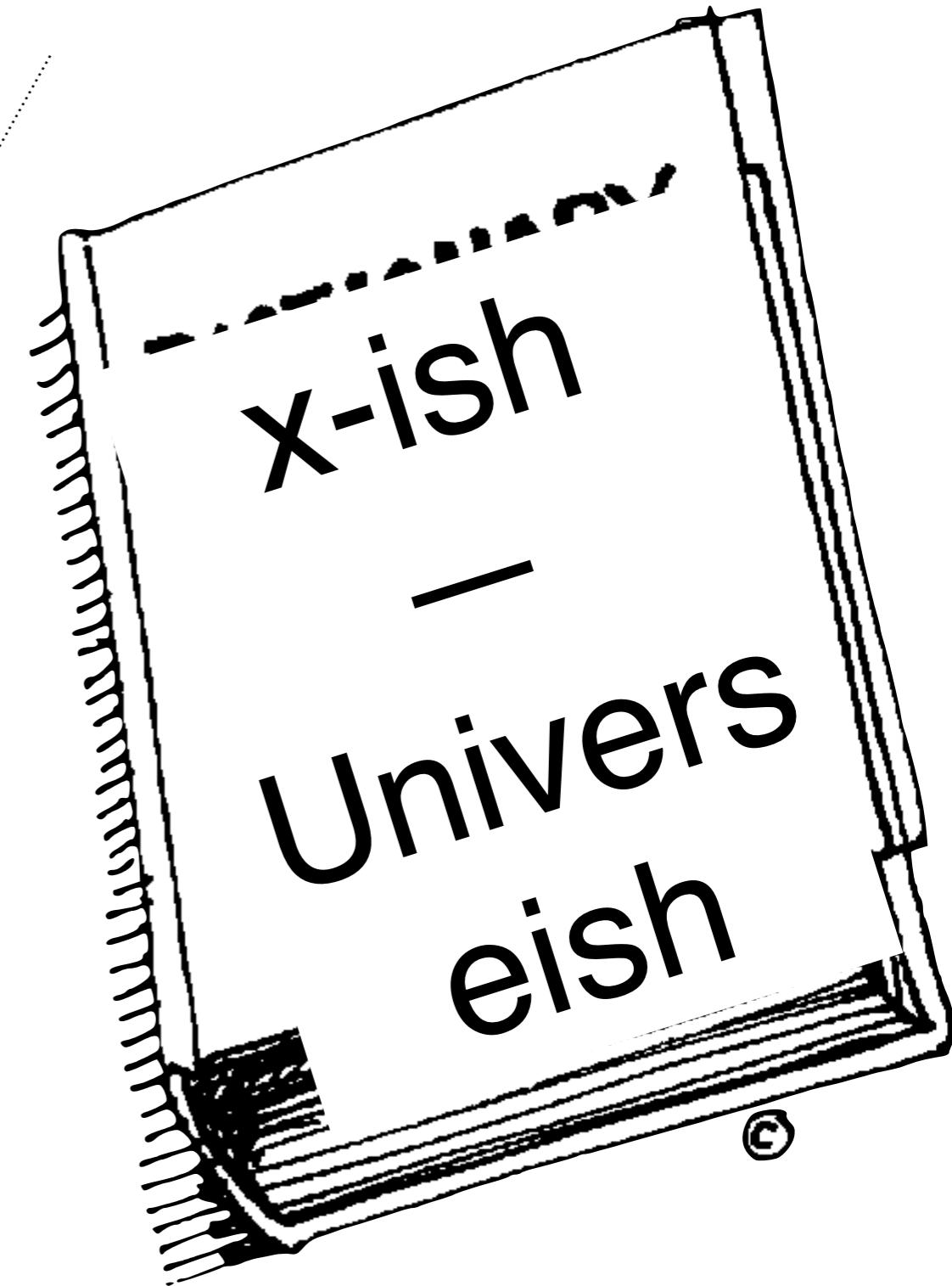
Universeish

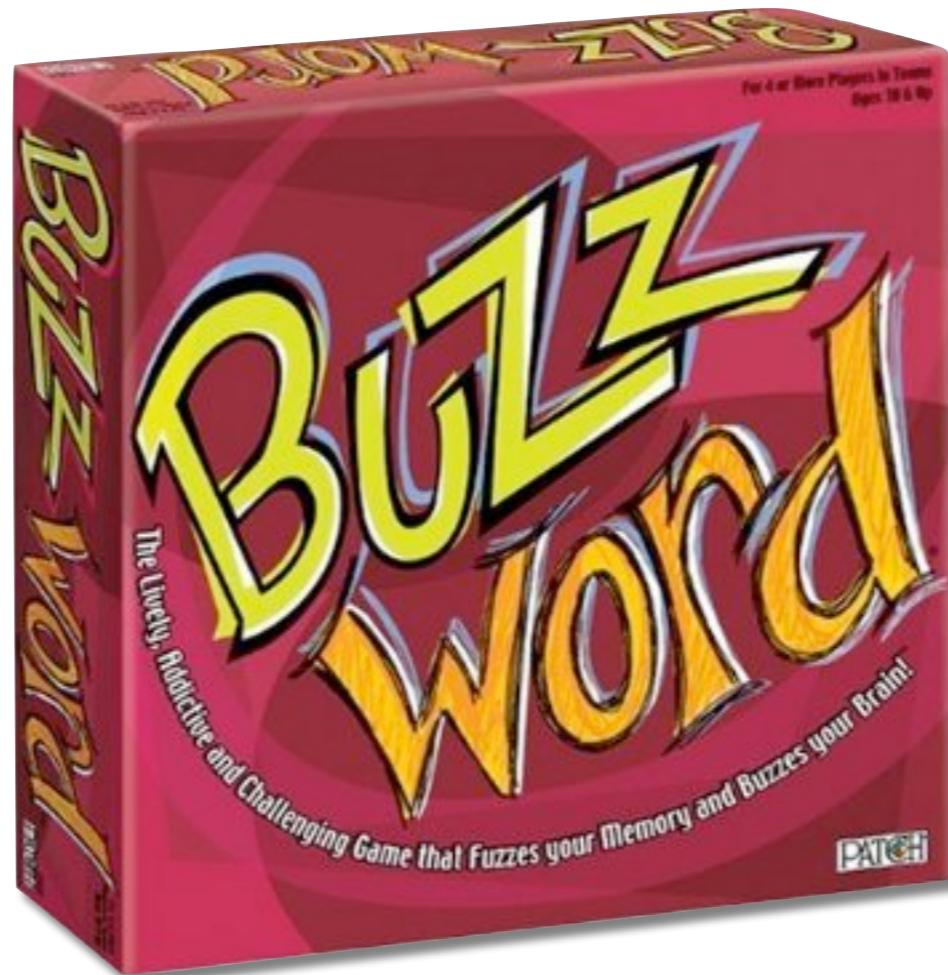


o(n)

Saturnish
Marsianish
Uranusish
Venusish
Jupiterish

Marshalling





Scalability

size

geographical

administrative

Scalability

size

Size scalability deals with the ability of (easily) adding additional users and resources to the system

geographical

administrative

Scalability

size

In a **geographical scalable** system, users and resources might lie far apart

geographical

administrative

Scalability

size

Administrative scalability

is given if a system can be
(easily) managed even if it
spans multiple
administrative domains

geographical

administrative

Scalability



Addressing Scalability . . .

Scalability **Non-Solution**



How to Address Scalability?



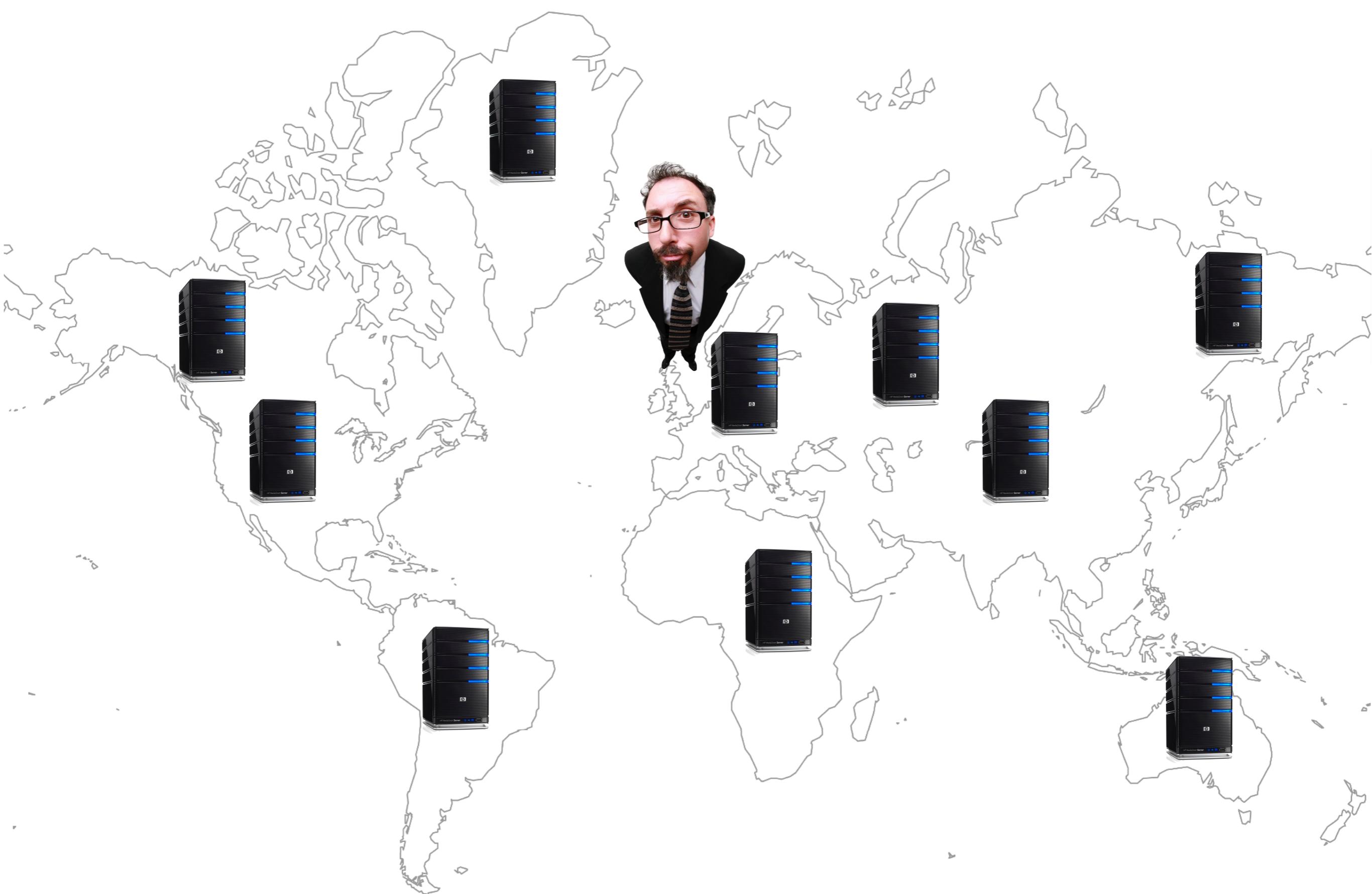
Distribute the Load



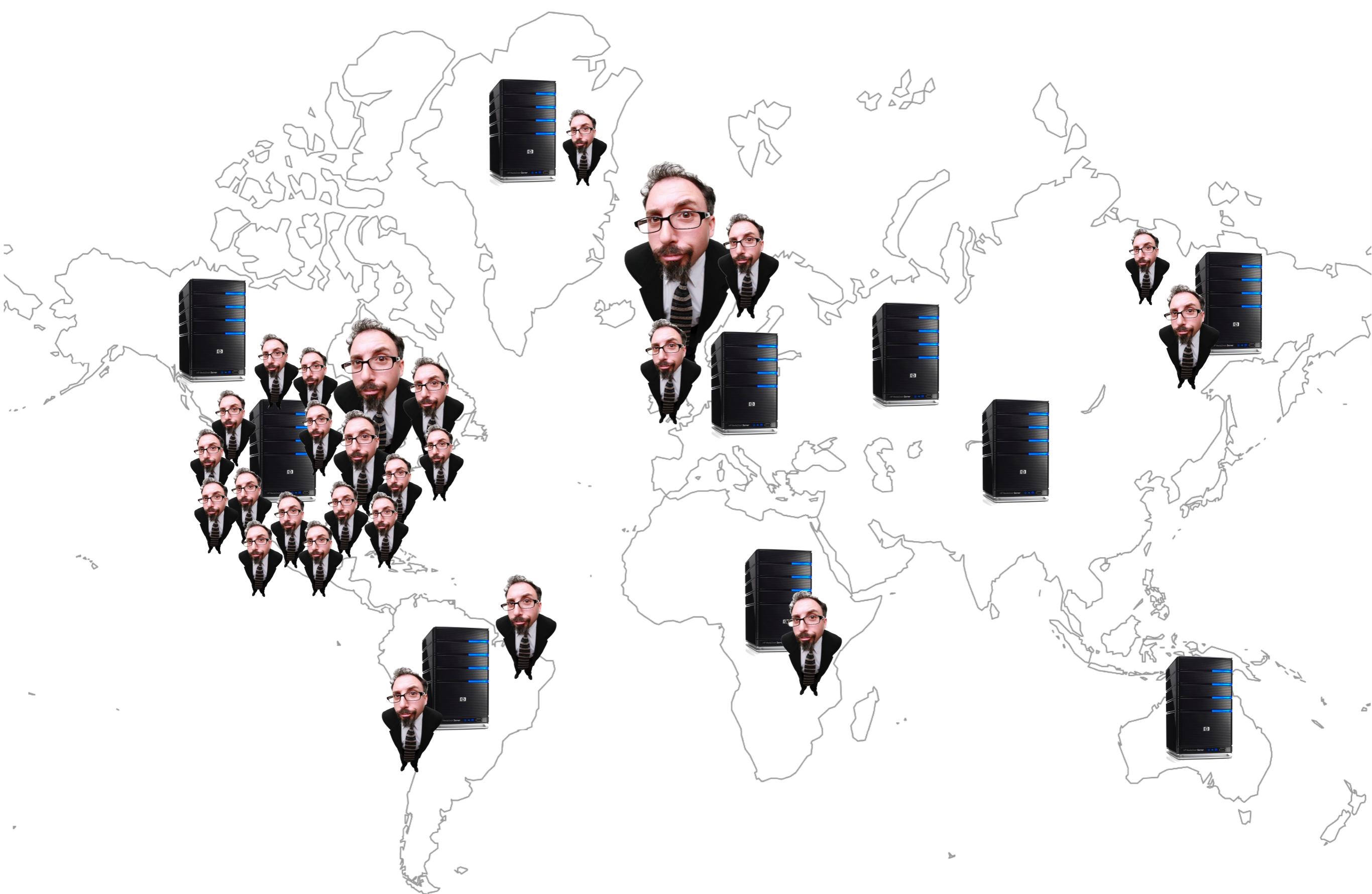
Who Serves Me?



Watch Out for Latency!



Topology-wise **Closest!?**



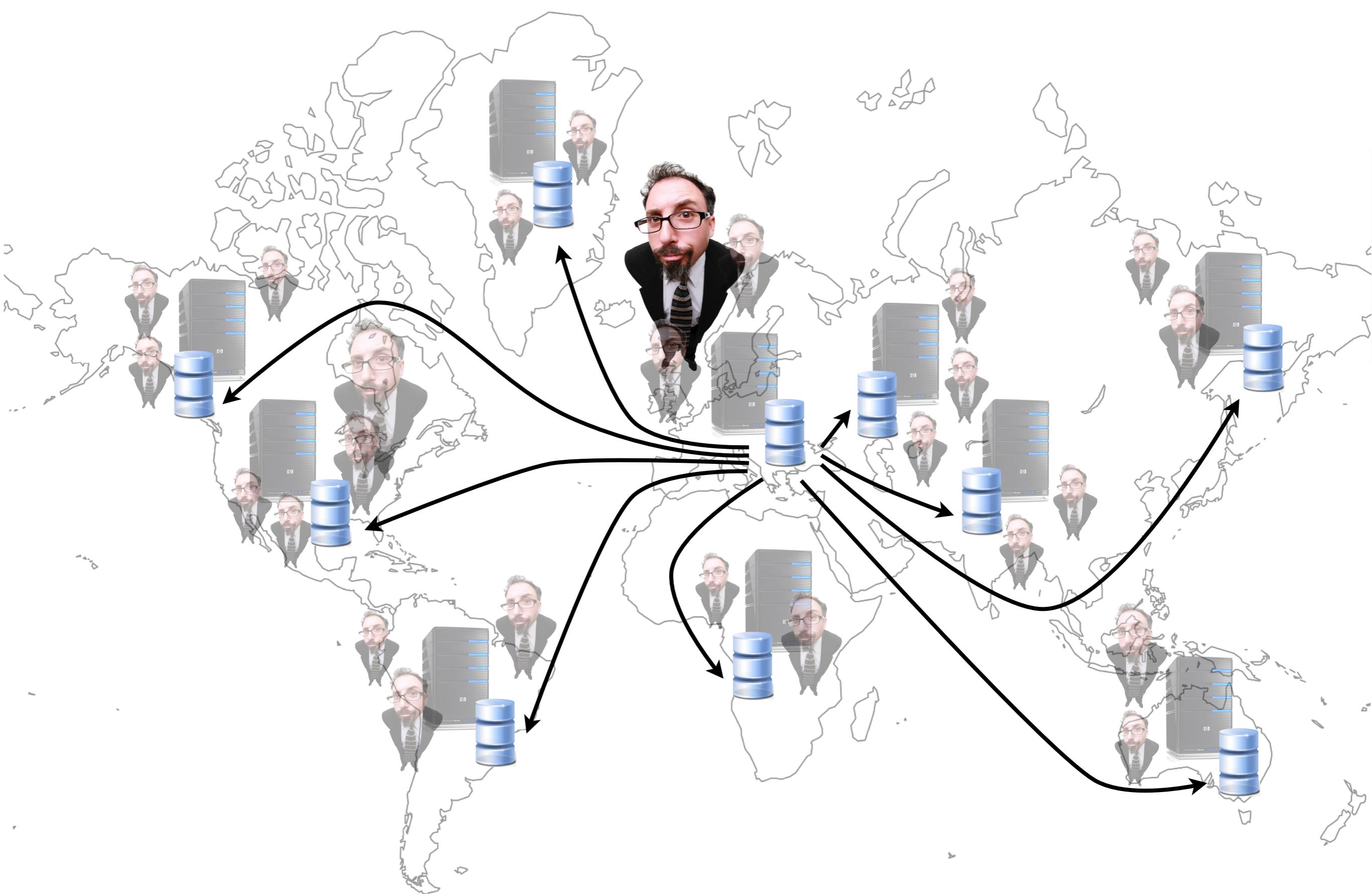
Maybe **Not** Just **Closest!**



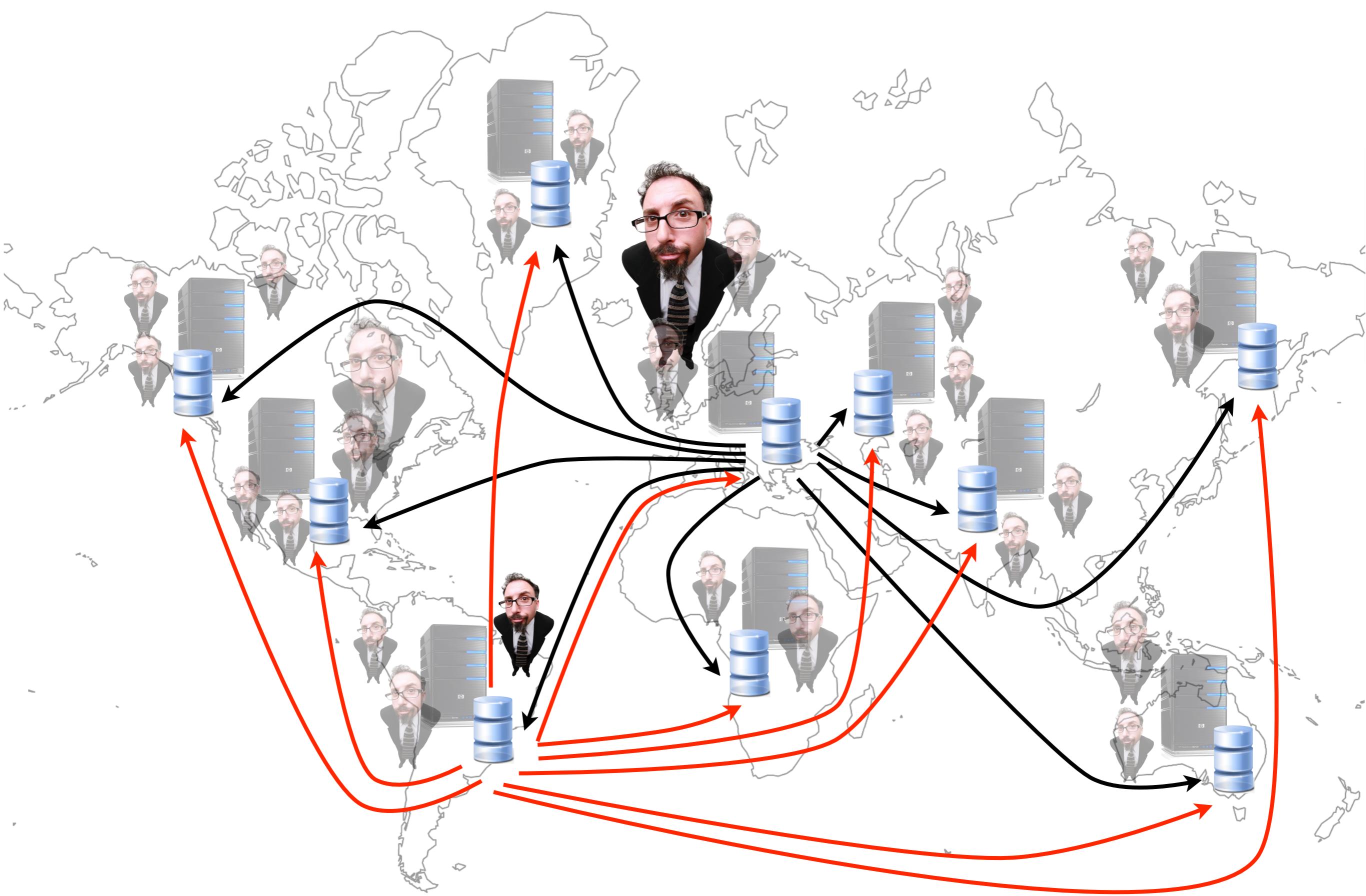
Load-Balancing!



Load-Balancing Requires **Replication**

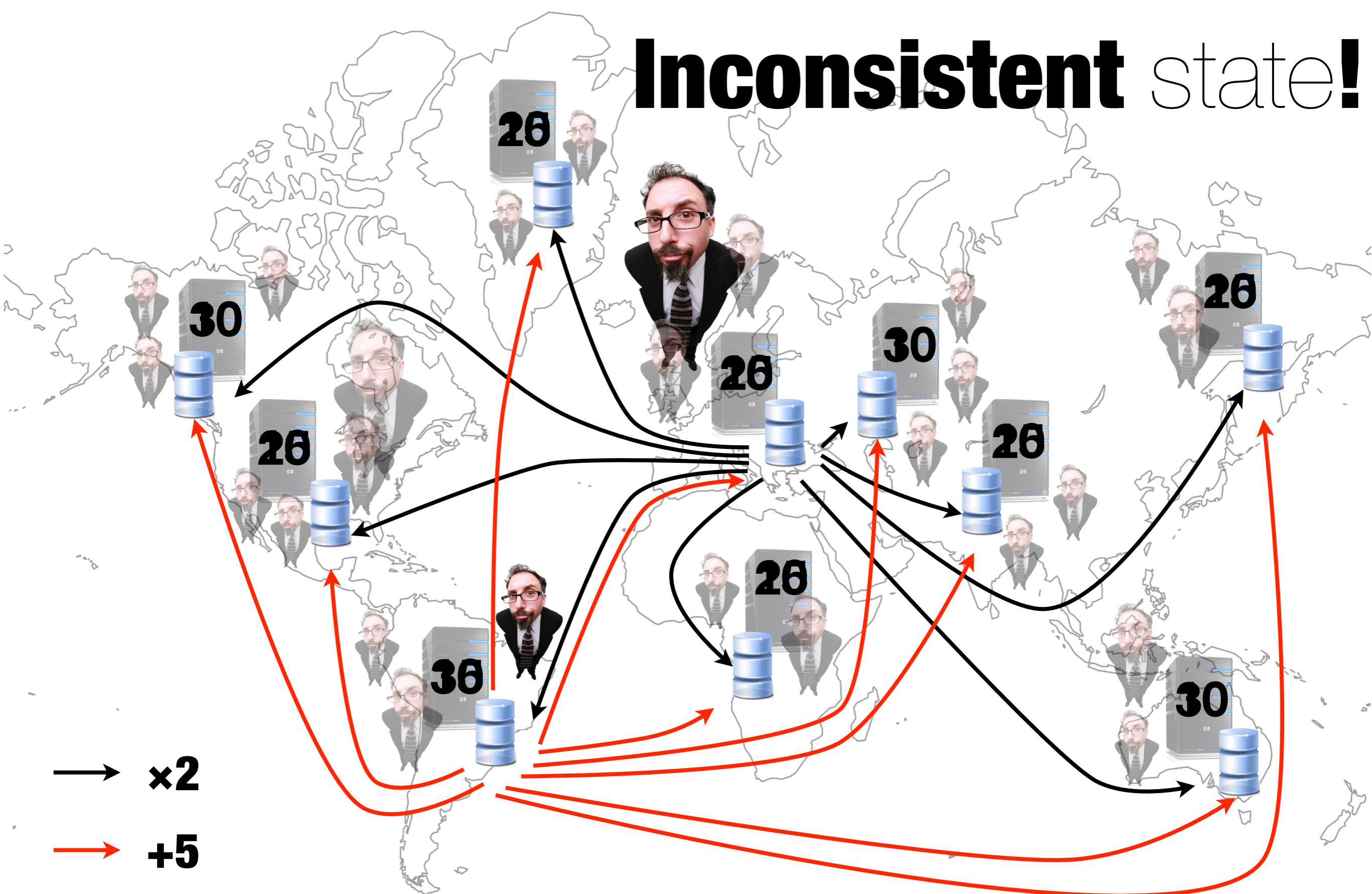


Replication Hampers **Scalability**



What about **Concurrent Updates?**

Inconsistent state!



Example

Network is **reliable, secure & homogeneous**

Topology does **not change**

Latency is **zero**

Bandwidth is **infinite**

Transport cost is **zero**

There is only a **single administrator**
and many more **false assumptions!**

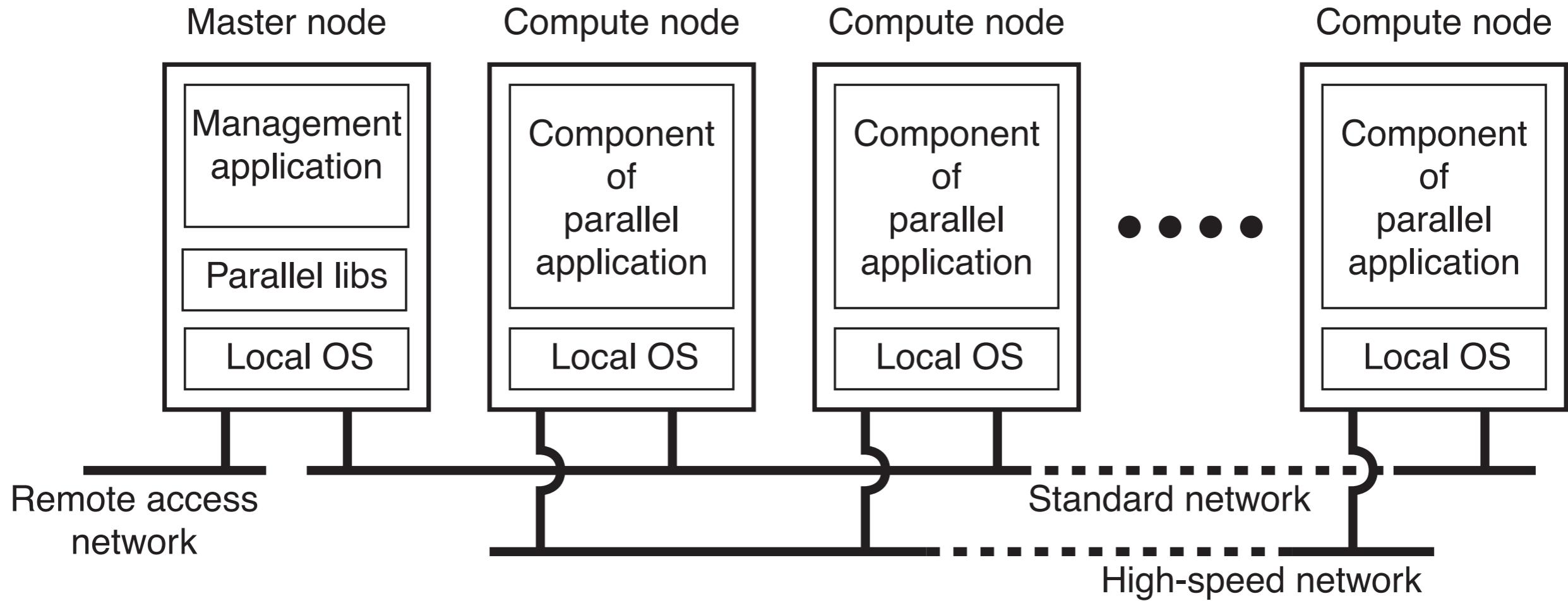


Typical **Pitfalls**

Types of Distributed Systems

- ▶ Distributed ***Computing*** Systems
 - ▶ Distributed computation load across multiple machines
- ▶ Distributed ***Information*** Systems
 - ▶ Provide information from various, heterogenous information sources
- ▶ Distributed ***Pervasive/Embedded*** Systems
 - ▶ Ad-hoc interconnection of mobile devices with wireless communication facilities

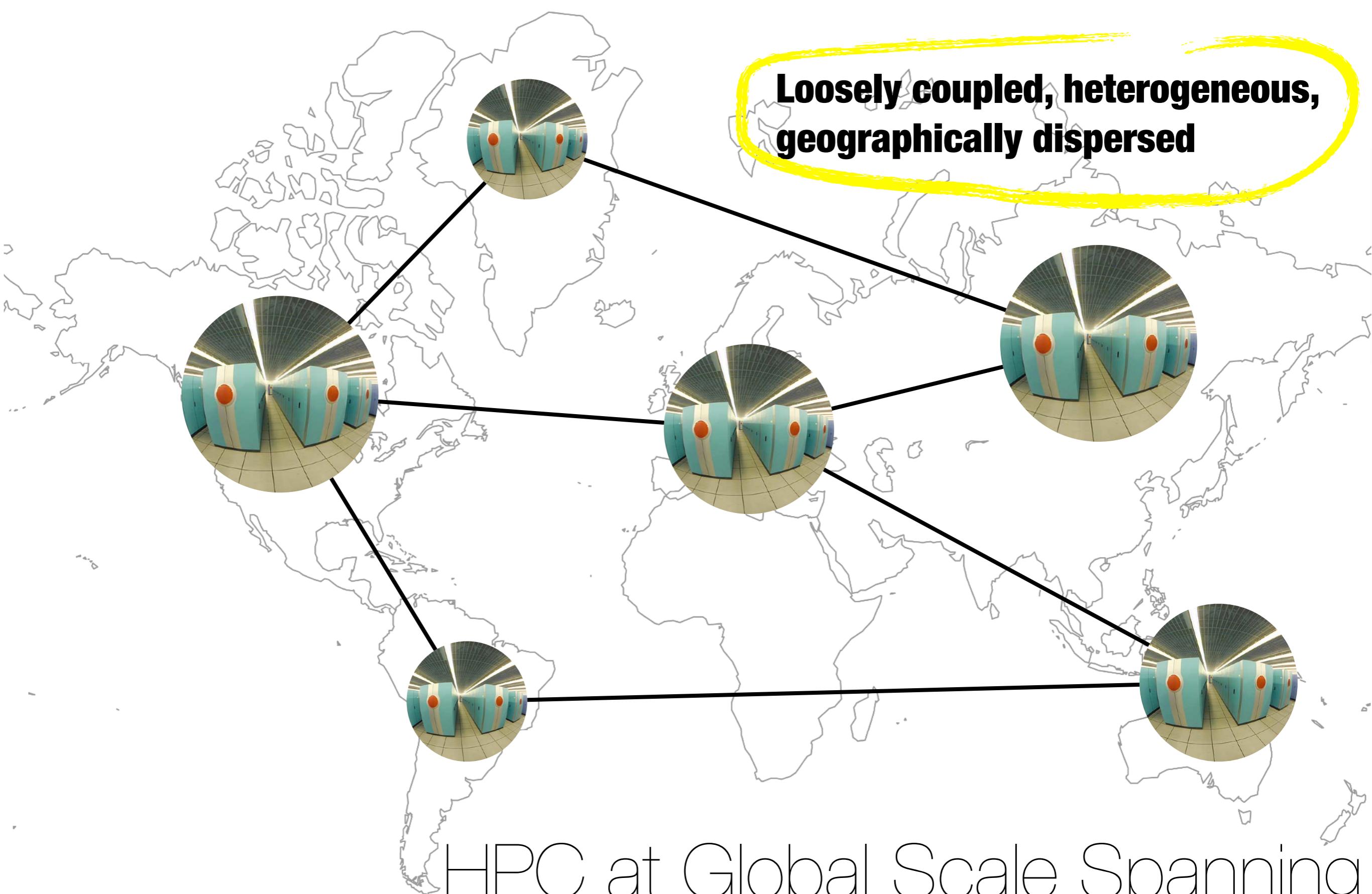
Distributed Computing Systems



Clusters are pretty useful when it comes to
parallel programming and **high-
performance computing**

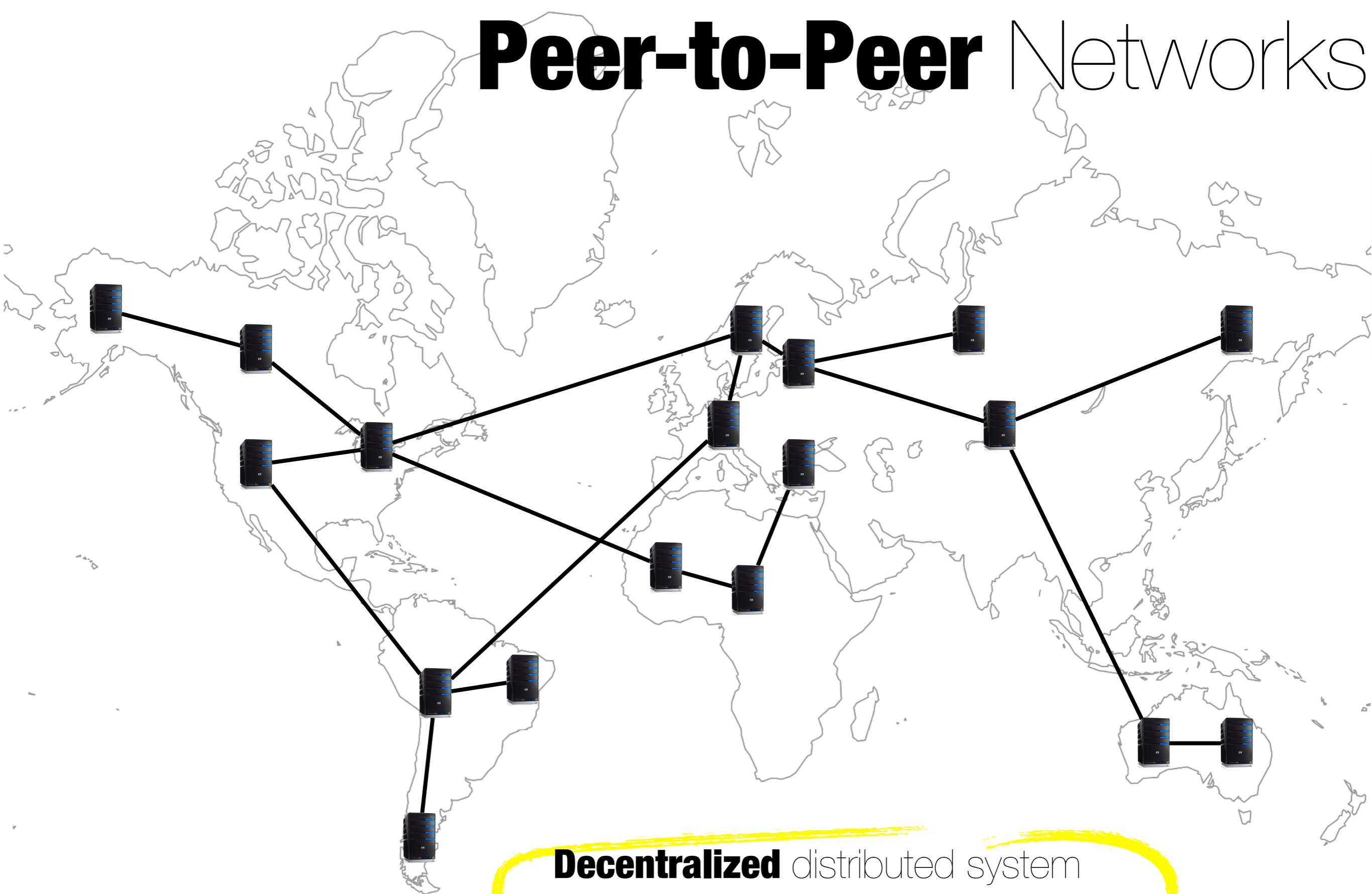
High Performance Computing — **Clusters**

**Loosely coupled, heterogeneous,
geographically dispersed**



HPC at Global Scale Spanning
Multiple Administrative Domains — **Grids**

Peer-to-Peer Networks



Decentralized distributed system
in which **Peers** act as resource
supplier and **consumer**

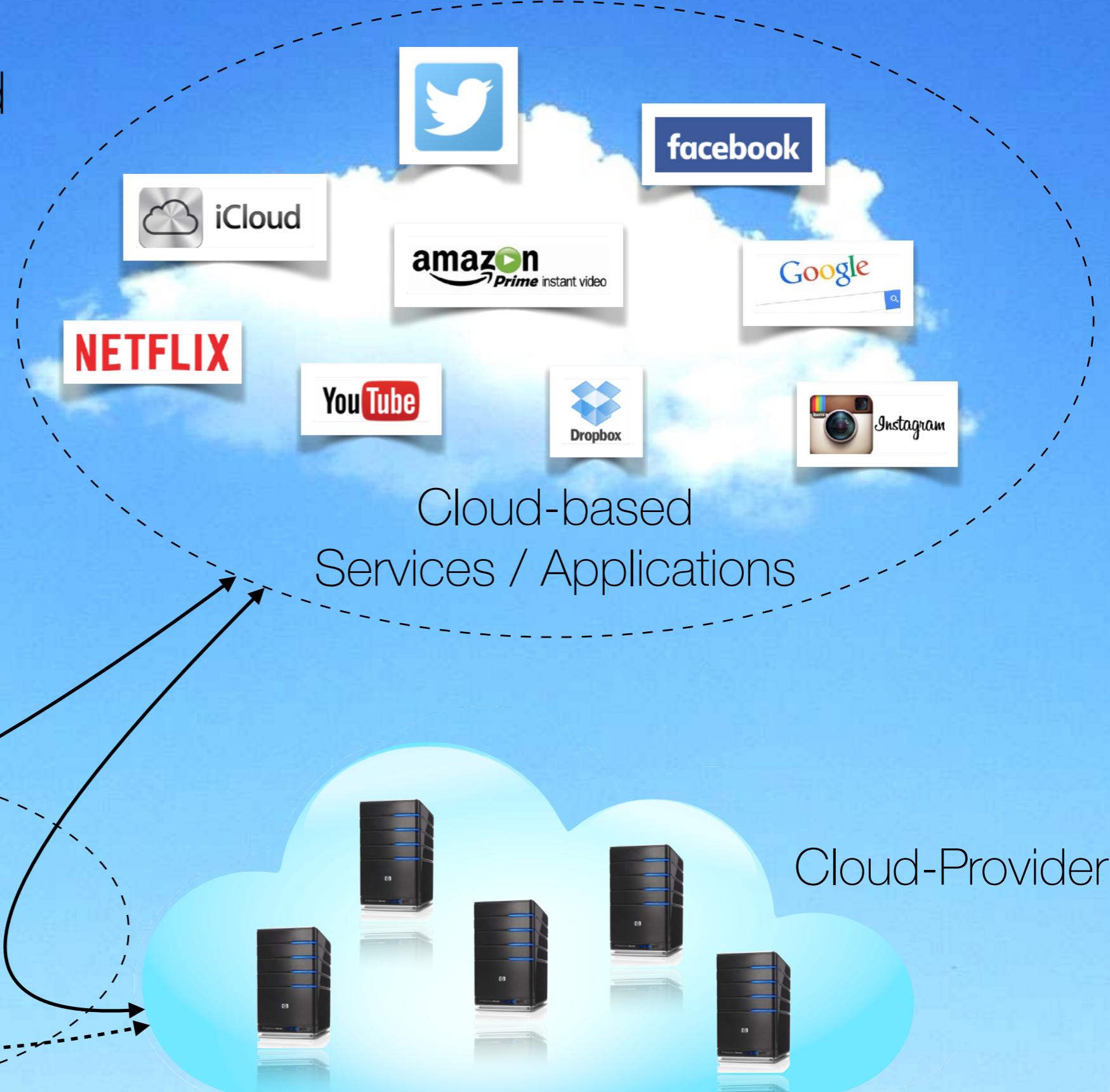
Cloud Computing

- ▶ **Definition:** on demand provision of compute resources via internet



User

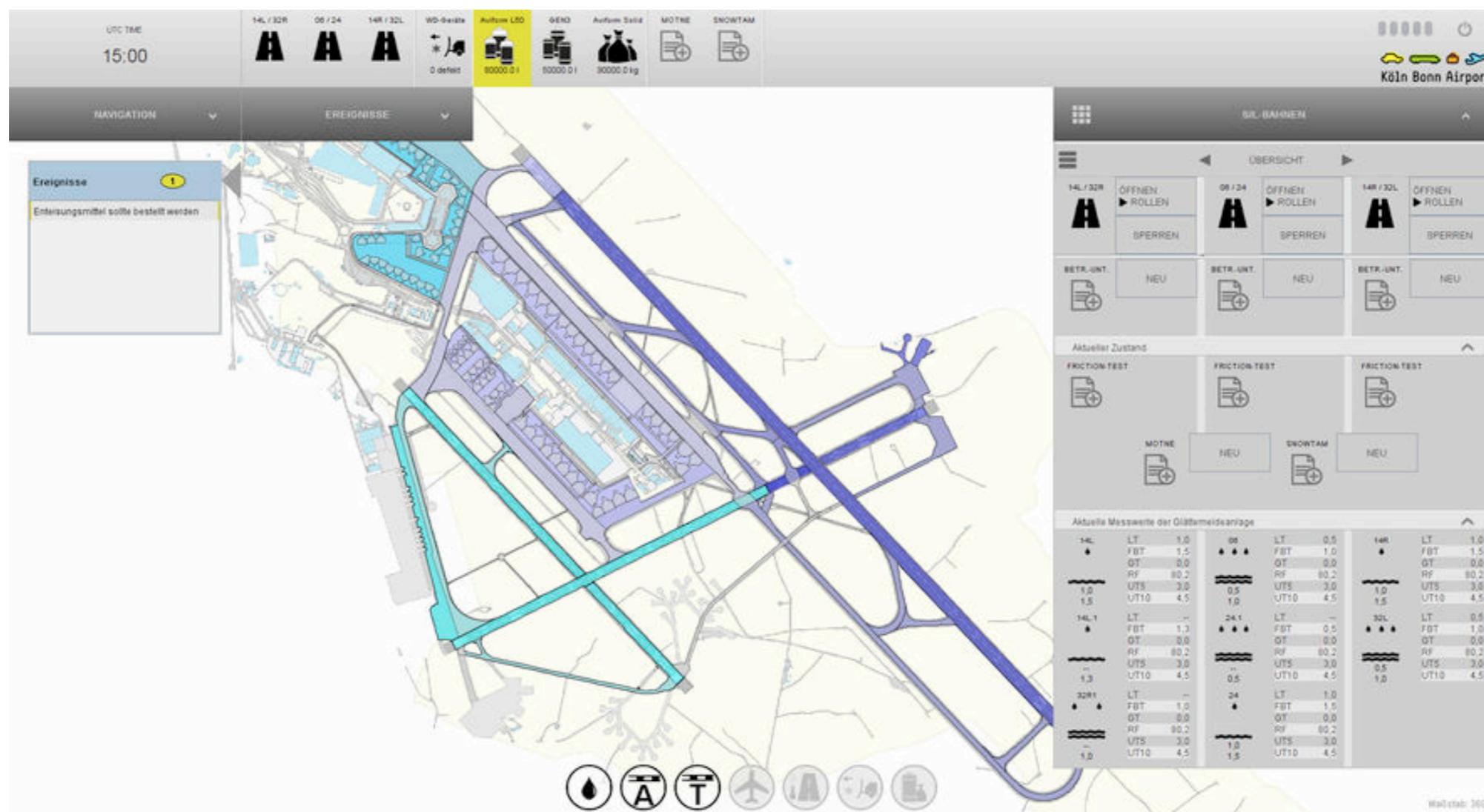
Internet



Distributed **Information** Systems

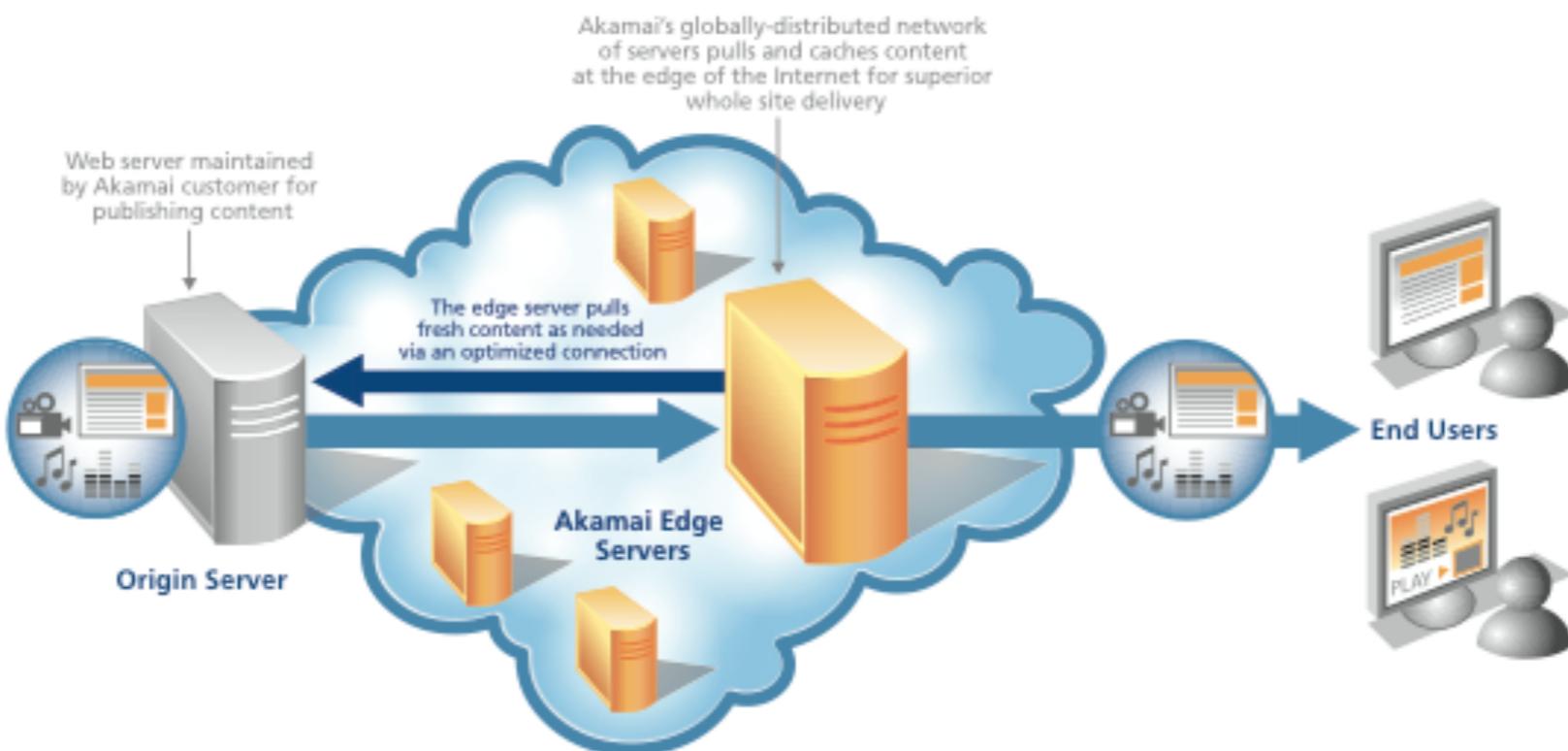
Distributed Information Systems

- ▶ Examples:
 - ▶ distributed situational awareness system for airport winter service



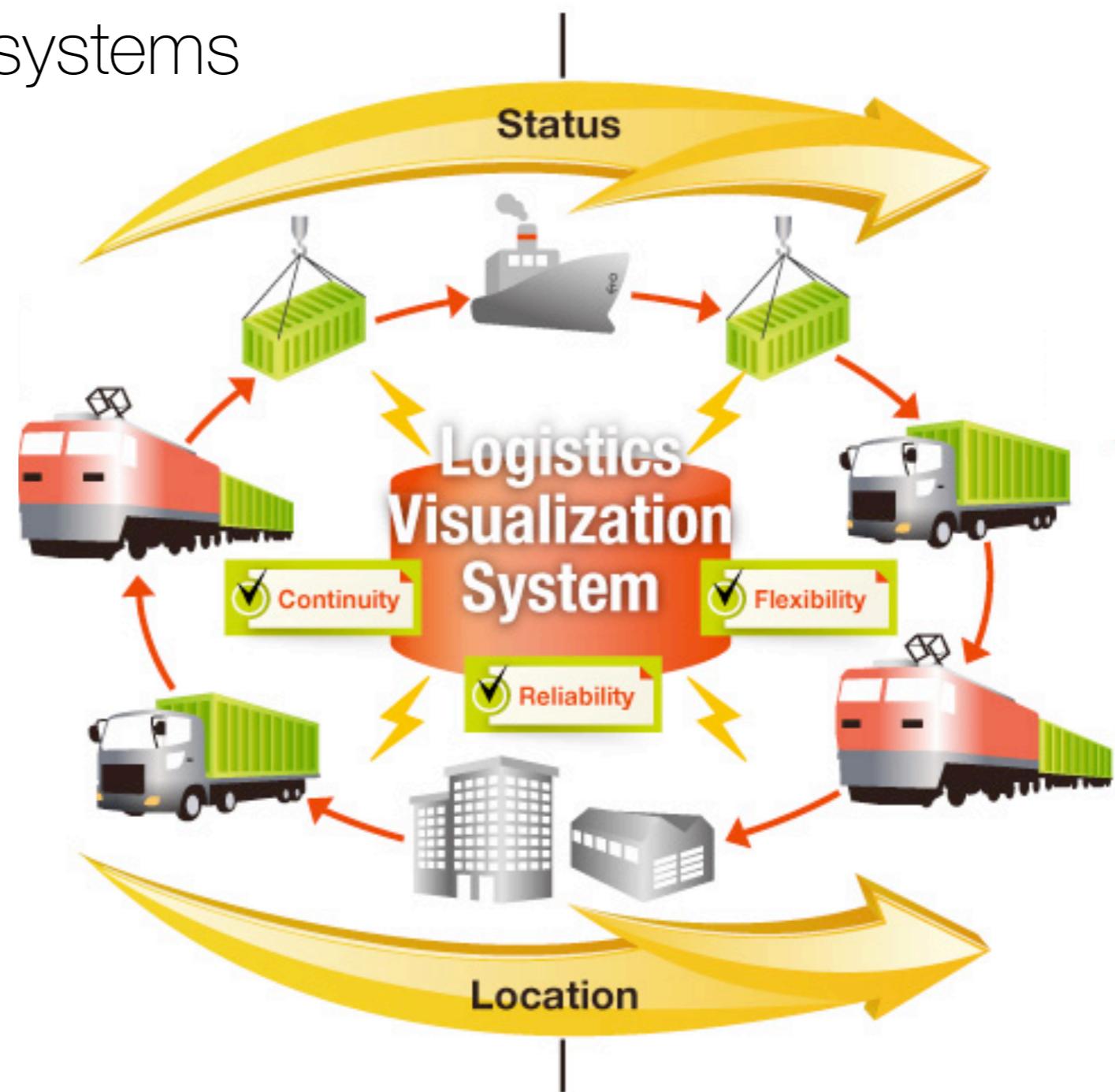
Distributed Information Systems

- ▶ Examples:
 - ▶ Akamai



Distributed Information Systems

- ▶ Examples:
 - ▶ logistics information systems



Distributed Information Systems

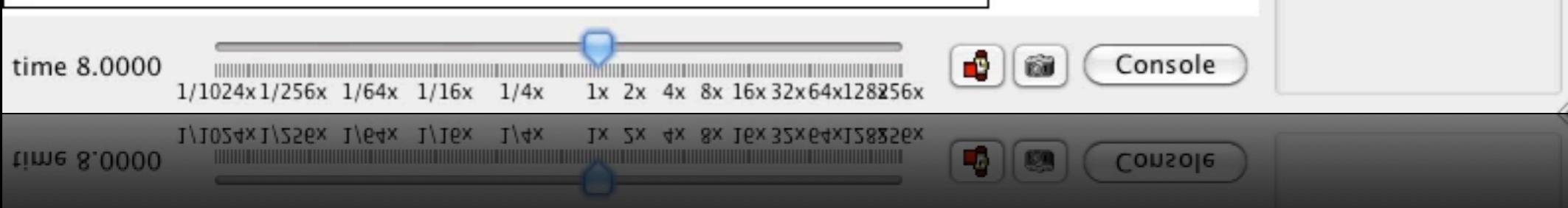
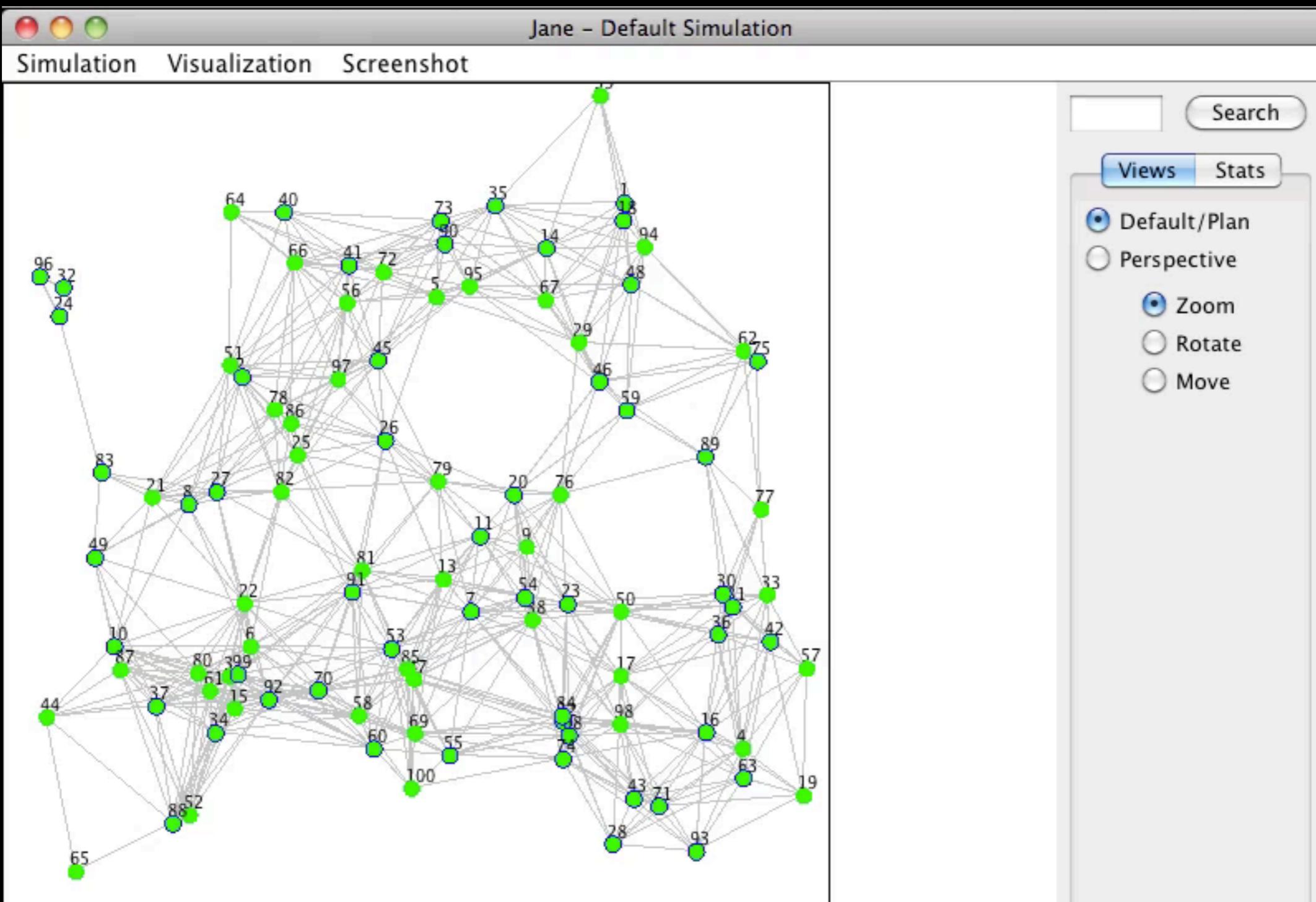
- ▶ Examples:
 - ▶ enterprise resource planning systems
 - ▶ integration of various enterprise information systems



Distributed Pervasive Systems

Mobile Computing





e2

Mobile Ad-Hoc Networks



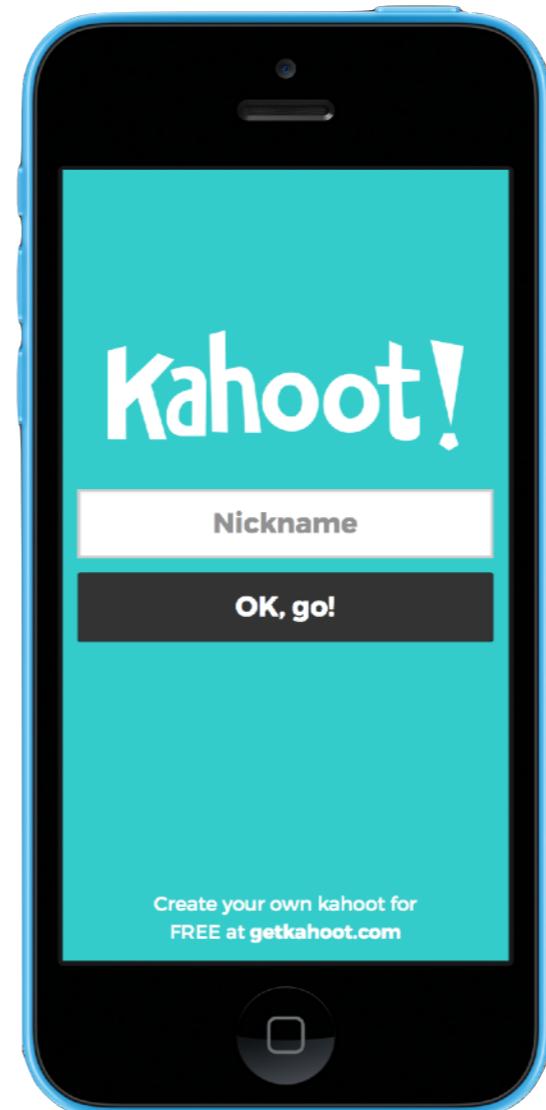
Kahoot!

go to
kahoot.it

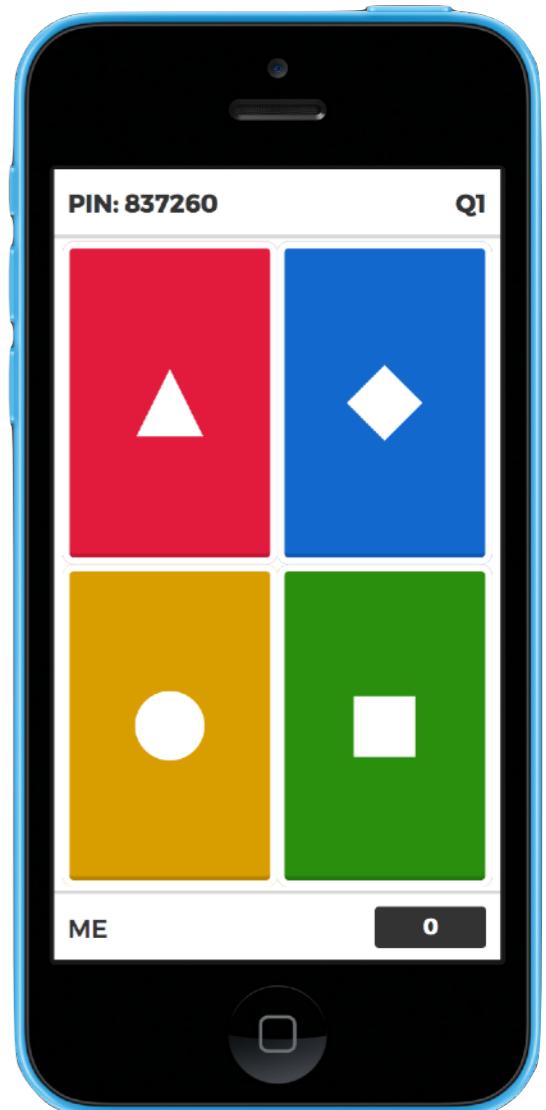
PIN
eingeben



Nickname
eingeben



mitspielen



1

2

3

4