```
function [stockMod] = simStock SineO1(...
                     stockStruct, ...
                     currentDay)
% This function will simulate the
 % behavior of a stock price as
 % a perfect sinewave. It will
% calculate the next value by
 % pulling it from a pre-set
% array of values based on the
 % current day. A separate
 % function will generate the array
\mbox{\%} of values for as many days as
% are required.
% The only that is changed in this
 % function is the closing price.
% All values in the stock data struct
 % that are not changed will be set
 % to "-1" in their corresponding
 % matrices, denoting an empty value.
 % Set parameters by which to determine
 % the new stock price.
% Amplitude ($).
A = (0.10*stockStruct.close(1));
% Period (days).
T = 14;
% Zero offset ($).
 % This will also be
% the initial value.
k = stockStruct.close(1);
 % Calculate the new price.
secPerDay = 24*60*60;
newPrice = (A*sin(2*pi*(1/(T*secPerDay))...
     *(currentDay(3)*secPerDay)) + k);
 % Update the stock data.
newDataIndex = (length(stockStruct.year) + 1);
stockStruct.currentPrice = newPrice;
stockStruct.high(newDataIndex) = -1;
stockStruct.low(newDataIndex) = -1;
stockStruct.close(newDataIndex) = newPrice;
stockStruct.volume(newDataIndex) = -1;
 % Return updated stock struct.
 stockMod = stockStruct;
```

return;

end