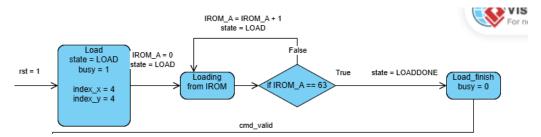
2025 Digital IC Design Homework 2

	黄啟桓 P76134927 Funct Pattern2 Pass	Pattern3						
Pattern1 Pass VSIM 2> run -all	Funct Pattern2	Pattern3						
Pass VSIM 2> run -all	Pattern2	Pattern3						
Pass VSIM 2> run -all				Functional Simulation Result				
VSIM 2> run -all	Pass	_	Pattern4	Pattern5				
		Pass	Pass	Pass				
	Pattern 1							
* * * * * * * *	//////////////////////////////////////	d successfully! ///////////// atulations !! ation PASS !!	/ _ / /0.0 / / / /^^^ / ^^^^					
		/Code/DIC_HW/HW2/ : 0 Instance: /t	file/testfixture estfixture	.sv(162)				
Pattern 2								
# # # # # ** Note: \$fir	/////// / Congr / / Simul / ///////	ed successfully! //////////// ratulations !! lation PASS !! ////////////////// G/Code/DIC_HW/HW2 n: 0 Instance: /	/ _ / /0.0 / / / /^^^ / ^^^^ / \m_m_ _	e.sv(162)				
		Pattern 3						
# # # # Note: \$f.	ve been genera	ted successfully ////////// gratulations !! ulation PASS !!	//// / _ / / 0.0 / / / /^^^\ / ^^^^\	 				

```
Pattern 4
VSIM 11> run -all
 All data have been generated successfully!
                 / 0.0 I
                 / Congratulations !!
                 / Simulation PASS !!
                 ** Note: $finish : E:/GG/Code/DIC_HW/HW2/file/testfixture.sv(162)
    Time: 1805 ns Iteration: 0 Instance: /testfixture
                        Pattern 5
VSIM 13> run -all
# All data have been generated successfully!
                1_{-}H
                  Congratulations !!
                                          / 0.0
                / Simulation PASS !!
                ** Note: $finish : E:/GG/Code/DIC HW/HW2/file/testfixture.sv(162)
   Time: 2345 ns Iteration: 0 Instance: /testfixture
```

LCD_CTRL Finite-State Machine Design:



我把有限狀態機拆成多個 submachine,第一部分是 load 區域,只有處理完 load(state = LOADDONE)才能讀取/執行指令。rst 進來之後,state 設為 LOAD 先維持住 Load 狀態,每次 clk 遞增 IROM_A,讀取 IROM_Q,存到 LCD controller 的 memory。直到 IROM_A==63,也會讀取 IROM_Q,再下一個 clk 之後才會改變狀態為 LOADDONE。說明 Load 結束

```
always @(posedge clk) begin
   if (state == LOAD) begin
       memory[IROM_A] <= IROM_Q;</pre>
always @(posedge clk or posedge rst) begin
   if (rst) begin
       IROM_rd <= 1'b1; // 复位后立刻开始读 IROM
       IROM_A
                 <= 6'd0; // 地址从 0 开始
                <= LOAD;
       state
                <= 1'b1;
       busy
                 <= 1'b0;
       done
       index_x <= 4;</pre>
       index_y <= 4;
   end else begin
       case (state)
           LOAD: begin
               if (IROM_A == 6'd63) begin
                   IROM_rd <= 1'b0; // 读取完成
                   state <= LOADDONE; // 进入下一个阶段
                   busy <= 1'b0;
               end else begin
                   IROM_A <= IROM_A + 1; // 地址递增
               end
           end
           LOADDONE: begin
               IROM_A <= 6'd0;
           end
```

cmd 和 cmd_valid 進來時,有一個 command classification 分類 cmd 當遇到 Write/Max/Min/Avg 會 hold cmd 與初始化 4 * 4 的 table。遇到 shift 就簡單的 變化 index x 與 index y。

```
always @(posedge clk) begin
    if (cmd_valid && state == LOADDONE && !busy) begin
        busy <= 1'b1;
        done <= 1'b0;
        count <= 6'd0;
         case (cmd)
             WRITE: begin
                  IRAM_ceb <= 1'b1;</pre>
                  IRAM_web <= 1'b0;
                 IRAM_A <= 6'd0;
IRAM_D <= 8'd0;
                  process <= WRITE;
             SHIFT_UP: begin
                 if (index_y > 2) begin
                      index_y <= index_y - 1;
                  process = SHIFT_UP;
             end
             SHIFT_DOWN: begin
                 if (index_y < 6) begin</pre>
                      index_y <= index_y + 1;
                 process = SHIFT_DOWN;
             end
             SHIFT_LEFT: begin
                 if (index_x > 2) begin
                     index_x <= index_x - 1;
                 process = SHIFT_LEFT;
             end
             SHIFT_RIGHT: begin
                  if (index_x < 6) begin</pre>
                      index_x <= index_x + 1;</pre>
                  process = SHIFT_RIGHT;
             end
             MAX, MIN, AVG: begin
                  region_memory = {
                      memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 18], memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 17],
                      memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 16], memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 15],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 10], memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 9],
                      memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 8 ], memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 7],
                      memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 2 ], memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 1],
                      memory[8 * index_y + index_x ], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 1],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 6], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 7],
                      memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 8 ], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 9]
                  cmd_count <= 4'd0;
                  process = cmd;
                 calculate_done = 1'b0;
             default: begin
```

接著就是執行長的指令(Write/Min/Max/Avg), "process"變數會儲存 hold cmd。Write 時,每個 clk,一步一步的將 LCD memory 的值傳給 IRAM,Write 完即回傳 Done。Min/Max/Avg 時,針對 4*4 的 table,一步一步運算,最後再寫回去 LCD memory,完成後 busy = 0。Shift 已經處理完了,所以就busy = 0

```
always @(posedge clk) begin
if (busy) begin
case (process)
WRITE: begin
                                                                                IRAM_A = IRAM_A + 1;
IRAM_D <= memory[IRAM_A];
if(IRAM_A == 6'd63) begin
process <= DONE;</pre>
                                                         SHIFT_UP, SHIFT_DOWN, SHIFT_LEFT, SHIFT_RIGHT: begin process = NONE; end
                                                         MAX, MIN, AVG: begin

if(!calculate_done) begin

if (cmd_count == 4'd0) begin

max_value <= region_memory[cmd_count*8 +: 8];

sum <= region_memory[cmd_count*8 +: 8];
                                                                                                        else begin
   if (region_memory[cmd_count*8 +: 8] > max_value)
                                                                                                                         max_value <= region_memory[cmd_count*8 +: 8];
if (region_memory[cmd_count*8 +: 8] < min_value)
min_value <= region_memory[cmd_count*8 +: 8];
sum <= sum + region_memory[cmd_count*8 +: 8];
                                                                                                  cmd_count <= cmd_count + 1;
if (cmd_count == 4'd15) begin
     calculate_done = 1'b1;</pre>
                                                                                else begin | modified_value = (process == MAX) ? max_value : (process == MIN) ? min_value : sum >> 4;
                                                                                                                      memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 18], memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 17],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 16], memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 15],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 18], memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 9],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 8], memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 7],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 2], memory[8 * index_y + index_x - 1],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 6], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 7],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 6], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 7],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 6], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 7],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 6], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 7],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 6], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 7],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 6], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 7],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 6], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 7],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 6], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 7],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 6], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 7],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 6], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 7],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 6], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 7],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 6], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 7],
memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 6],
memory[8 * 
                                                                                                  memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 8 ], memory[8 * index_y + index_x + 9]
} = (16(modified_value));
process = NONE;
                                                           DONE: begin
                                                                                done <= 1'b1;
busy <= 1'b0;
IRAM_web <= 1'b1;
                                                         NONE: begin

done <= 1'b0;

busy <= 1'b0;

IRAM_web <= 1'b1;

IRAM_ceb <= 1'b0;

process = NONE;
```

