## Tham Jit 1005036 AFC HW2

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1)

$$\begin{bmatrix} B & AB & A^2B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since rank is full, system is completely state controllable

$$A^* = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} C^* & A^*C^* & A^{*2}C^* \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & -3 & 5 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since rank is full, system is completely observable  $\begin{bmatrix} CB & CAB & CA^2B & D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ 

Since rank is 1, system is completely output controllable

$$\begin{bmatrix} B & AB & A^2B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 9 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Reduced = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2/3 & -2 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1/3 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since rank is full, system is completely state controllable

$$A^* = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} C^* & A^*C^* & A^{*2}C^* \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since rank is only 2, system is not completely observable

$$[CB \quad CAB \quad CA^{2}B \quad D] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since rank is 1, system is completely output controllable

2)

$$C.E. = |sI - A|$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} s & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & s & -1 \\ -1 & 3 & s - 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= s^3 - 3s^2 - 1 + 0 + 0 + 3s + 0$$

$$= s^3 - 3s^2 + 3s - 1$$

$$= (s - 1)^3$$

Roots are s = 1,1,1

a)

$$(A - \lambda I)v_{1} = 0, \quad \lambda = 1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_{11} \\ v_{12} \\ v_{13} \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$v_{11} = v_{12}$$

$$v_{12} = v_{13}$$

$$v_{11} - 3v_{12} + 2v_{13} = 0$$

$$v_{11} = v_{12} = v_{13} = 1$$

$$v_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(A - \lambda I)v_{2} = v_{1}, \quad \lambda = 1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_{21} \\ v_{23} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-v_{21} + v_{22} = 1$$

$$-v_{22} + v_{23} = 1$$

$$v_{21} - 3v_{22} + 2v_{23} = 1$$

$$v_{21} = -2$$

$$v_{22} = -1$$

$$v_{23} = 0$$

$$v_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(A - \lambda I)v_{3} = v_{2}, \quad \lambda = 1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_{31} \\ v_{32} \\ v_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-v_{31} + v_{32} = -2$$

$$-v_{32} + v_{33} = -1$$

$$v_{31} - 3v_{32} + 2v_{33} = 0$$

$$v_{31} = 0$$

$$v_{32} = -2$$

$$v_{33} = -3$$

$$v_{33} = -3$$

$$v_{31} = 0$$

$$v_{31} = 0$$

$$v_{32} = -2$$

$$v_{33} = -3$$

$$v_{3} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} v_{1} & v_{2} & v_{3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -6 & 4 \\ 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J = S^{-1}AS = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$e^{at} = Se^{Jt}S^{-1}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} e^t & te^t & 0.5t^2e^t \\ 0 & e^t & te^t \\ 0 & 0 & e^t \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -6 & 4 \\ 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & t-2 & 0.5t^2-2t \\ 1 & t-1 & 0.5t^2-t-2 \\ 1 & t & 0.5t^2-3 \end{bmatrix} e^t \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -6 & 4 \\ 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 3+t-2+0.5t^2-2t & -6-3t+6-t^2+4t & 4+2t-4+0.5t^2-2t \\ 3+t-1+0.5t^2-t-2 & -6-3t+3-t^2+2t+4 & 4+2t-2+0.5t^2-t-2 \\ 3+t+0.5t^2-3 & -6-3t-t^2+6 & 4+2t+0.5t^2-3 \end{bmatrix} e^t$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0.5t^2-t+1 & t-t^2 & 0.5t^2 \\ 0.5t^2 & 1-t-t^2 & t+0.5t^2 \\ 0.5t^2+t & 3t-t^2 & 1+2t+0.5t^2 \end{bmatrix} e^t$$

$$t = 0, e^{At} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^* = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[C^* \quad A^*C^* \quad A^{*2}C^*] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 9 \\ 1 & 6 & 24 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Reduced = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 9 \\ 0 & 3 & 15 \\ 0 & -1 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 9 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since rank is only 2, system is not completely observable

3b)

$$[C^* \ A^*C^* \ A^{*2}C^*] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 & 3 & 9 & 9 \\ 1 & 2 & 6 & 15 & 24 & 57 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 6 & 4 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Reduced = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 & 3 & 9 & 9 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 12 & 15 & 48 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 & 3 & 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -9 & -6 & -39 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 12 & 15 & 48 \\ 0 & 0 & -7 & -21 & -25 & -93 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -9 & -6 & -39 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & \frac{57}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 5 & \frac{93}{7} \end{bmatrix}$$

Since full rank, system in completely observable

4)

For solving non-homogenous equations,

$$x(t) = e^{At}x(0) + \int_0^t e^{A(t-\tau)}Bu(\tau) d\tau$$

a)

For impulse function  $u(t)=\delta(t)\vec{k}$  , where  $\vec{k}$  contains magnitude of function

$$x(t) = e^{At}x(0) + \int_0^t e^{A(t-\tau)}B\delta(\tau)\vec{k}\ d\tau$$

$$x(t) = e^{At}x(0) + e^{At} \int_0^t e^{-A\tau} \delta(\tau) d\tau B\vec{k}$$

$$=e^{At}x(0)+e^{At}B\vec{k}$$

b)

For step function  $u(t) = 1(t)\vec{k}$ , where  $\vec{k}$  contains magnitude of function

$$x(t) = e^{At}x(0) + \int_0^t e^{A(t-\tau)}B1(\tau)\vec{k} \,d\tau$$

$$= e^{At}x(0) + e^{At}\int_0^t e^{-A\tau}d\tau \,B\vec{k}$$

$$= e^{At}x(0) + e^{At}\left(It - \frac{AT^2}{2!} + \frac{A^2t^3}{3!} + \cdots\right)B\vec{k}$$

$$= e^{At}x(0) + e^{At}(A^{-1})(I - e^{-At})B\vec{k}$$

$$= e^{At}x(0) + (A^{-1})(e^{-At} - I)B\vec{k}$$

c)

For step function  $u(t)=t\vec{k}$  , where  $\vec{k}$  contains magnitude of function

$$x(t) = e^{At}x(0) + \int_0^t e^{A(t-\tau)}B\tau \vec{k} d\tau$$

$$= e^{At}x(0) + e^{At} \int_0^t e^{-A\tau}\tau d\tau B\vec{k}$$

$$= e^{At}x(0) + e^{At} \left(\frac{It^2}{2} - \frac{AT^3}{3} + \frac{A^2t^4}{2!4} + \cdots\right)B\vec{k}$$

$$= e^{At}x(0) + \left(I + At + \frac{A^2t^2}{2!} + \cdots\right)\left(\frac{A^2t^2}{2!} - \frac{2A^3t^3}{3!} + \frac{3A^4t^4}{4!} - \cdots\right) (A^{-1})^2 B\vec{K}$$

$$= e^{At}x(0) + \left(I + At + \frac{A^2t^2}{2!} + \cdots - I - At\right) (A^{-1})^2 B\vec{K}$$

$$= e^{At}x(0) + (e^{At} - I - At) (A^{-1})^2 B\vec{K}$$

5)

$$G(s) = \frac{10}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)}$$

$$= \frac{10}{s^3 + 6s^2 + 11s + 6}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}(s^3 + 6s^2 + 11s + 6)Y(s) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}10U(s)$$

$$\ddot{y} + 6\ddot{y} + 11y + 6 = 10u$$

Statespace representation:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -11 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} B & AB & A^2B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 10 & -60 \\ 10 & -60 & 250 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since rank is full, system is completely state controllable

Desired CE = 
$$(s + 2 - j2\sqrt{3})(s + 2 + j2\sqrt{3})(s + 10) = s^3 + 14s^2 + 56 + 160$$

$$|sI - A + BK| = \begin{bmatrix} s & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & s & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & s \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -11 & -6 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 10k_1 & 10k_2 & 10k_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} s & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & s & -1 \\ 10k_1 + 6 & 10k_2 + 11 & s + 10k_3 + 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

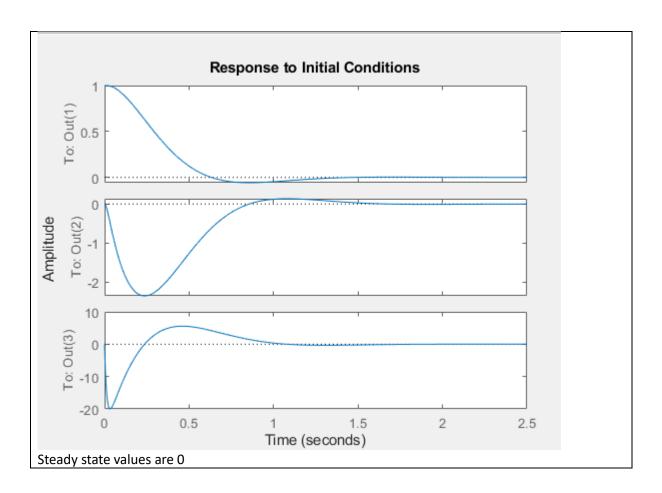
$$= s^3 + (10k_3 + 6)s^2 + 10k_1 + 6 + (10k_2 + 11)s$$

$$= s^3 + 14s^2 + 56 + 160$$

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{160 - 6}{10} & \frac{56 - 11}{10} & \frac{14 - 6}{10} \end{bmatrix} = [15.4 \quad 4.5 \quad 0.8]$$
a)

A=[ 0 1 0; 0 0 1; -6 -11 -6] B=[0; 0; 10] P=[-2+j\*2\*sqrt(3) -2-j\*2\*sqrt(3) -10] K1=place(A,B,P) K2=acker(A,B,P) Values match b)

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sys = ss(A-B*K,eye(3),eye(3))
initial(sys,[1;0;0])
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6)

Routh array:

For stability, all coefficients in first coloumn > 0

K - 0.5 > 0 K > 0.5	$\frac{\frac{9K-24.5}{K-0.5} > 0}{9K > 24.5}$ $K > \frac{49}{18}$
	10

For stability, K > 0.5

Hence, for instability,  $K \leq 0.5$ 

7a)

$$u(t) = k_1 r(t) - k_1 x_1(t) - k_2 x_2(t) - k_3 x_3(t)$$

7b)

$$\begin{bmatrix} B & AB & A^2B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1\\ 0 & 1 & -6\\ 1 & -6 & 31 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since rank is full, system is completely state controllable

Desired CE = 
$$(s + 2 - j4)(s + 2 + j4)(s + 10) = s^3 + 14s^2 + 60s + 200$$

$$|sI - A + BK| = \begin{vmatrix} s & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & s & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & s \end{vmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -5 & -6 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ k_1 & k_2 & k_3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} s & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & s & -1 \\ k_1 & k_2 + 5 & s + k_3 + 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= s^3 + (k_3 + 6)s^2 + k_1 + (k_2 + 5)s$$

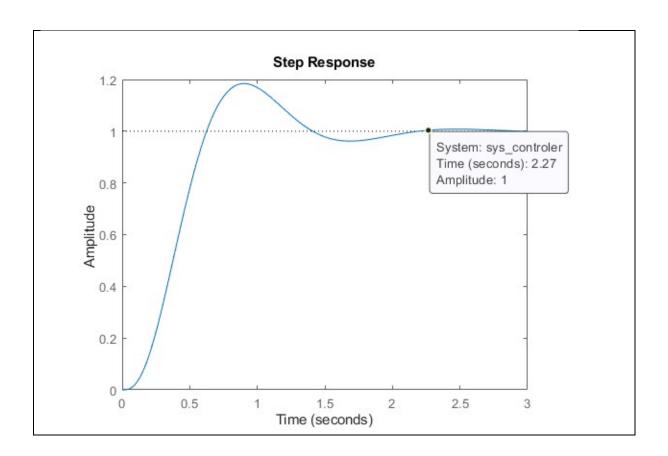
$$s^3 + 14s^2 + 60s + 200$$

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} k_1 & k_2 & k_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 200 & 55 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

7c)

For a servo control system:

$$u(t) = -Kx(t) + k_1 r(t)$$
$$\dot{x}(t) = (A - BK)x(t) + Bk_1 r(t)$$



8)

Checking for observability:

$$A^* = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -5 \\ 1 & 0 & -6 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} C^* & A^*C^* & A^{*2}C^* \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since matrix is full rank, system is completely observable

$$\phi(s) = (s+10)(s+15)(s+10) = s^3 + 35s^2 + 400s + 1500$$

$$\phi(A) = A^3 + 35A^2 + 400A + 1500$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1500 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1500 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1500 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 400 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 400 \\ -2000 & -2400 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 35 \\ -175 & -210 & 0 \\ 0 & -175 & -210 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -6 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & -6 \\ 30 & 36 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1495 & 394 & 35 \\ -175 & 1285 & 394 \\ -1970 & -2539 & 1285 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} C \\ CA \\ CA^2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C \\ CA \\ CA^2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1}$$

$$K_e = \phi(A) \begin{bmatrix} C \\ CA \\ CA^2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1495 & 394 & 35 \\ -175 & 1285 & 394 \\ -1970 & -2539 & 1285 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 35 \\ 394 \\ 1285 \end{bmatrix}$$