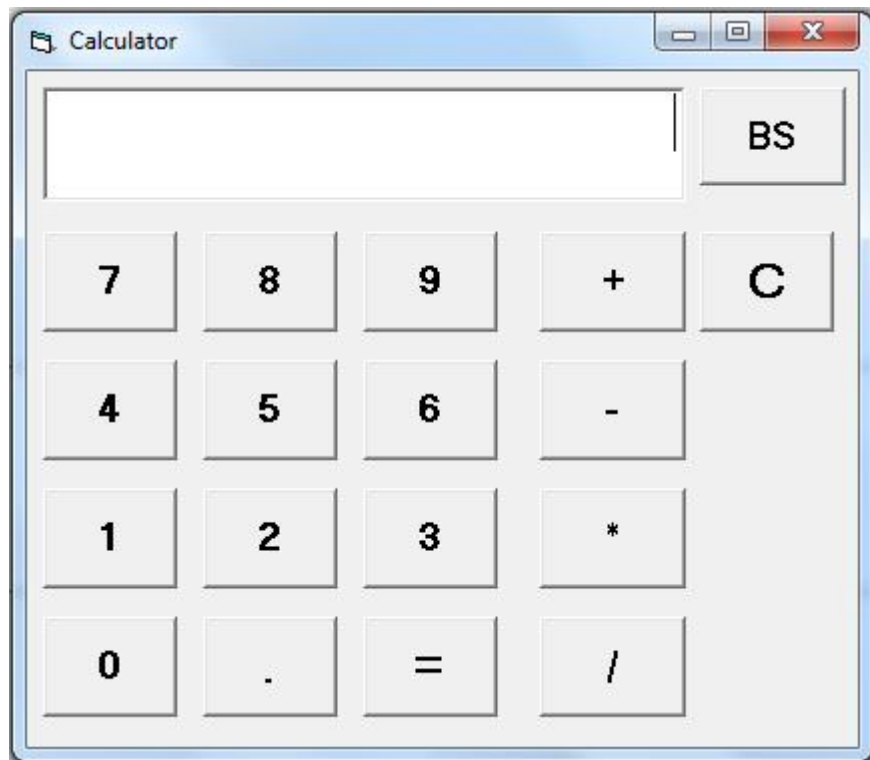


/ 1. CALCULATOR **/**

Form Design



Coding

Dim SIGNE As String

Dim old As Double

Private Sub cmd_bs_Click()

If Len(Text1.Text) > 0 Then

Text1.Text = Left(Text1.Text, Len(Text1.Text) - 1)

End If

End Sub

Private Sub cmd_c_Click()

Call Form_Load

End Sub

Private Sub cmd_equ_Click()

Select Case (SIGNE)

Case Is = "+"

Text1.Text = old + Val(Text1.Text)

Case Is = "-"

Text1.Text = old - Val(Text1.Text)

Case Is = "*"

Text1.Text = old * Val(Text1.Text)

Case Is = "/"

Text1.Text = old / Val(Text1.Text)

End Select

End Sub

Private Sub cmd_no_Click(Index As Integer)

Text1.Text = Text1.Text + cmd_no(Index).Caption

If cmd_no(Index).Caption = "." Then cmd_no(10).Enabled = False

End if

End Sub

Private Sub cmd_op_Click(Index As Integer)

old = Val(Text1.Text)

Text1.Text = Val(" ")

SIGNE = cmd_op(Index).Caption

cmd_no(10).Enabled = True

End Sub

Private Sub Form_Load()

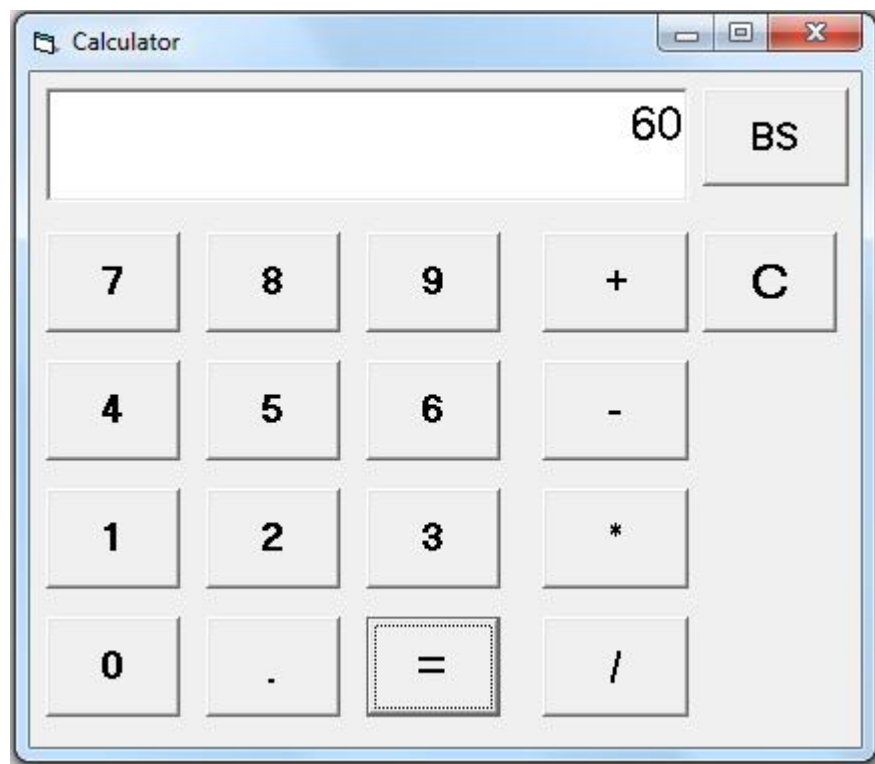
Text1.Text = Val(" ")

old = 0

cmd_no(10).Enabled = True

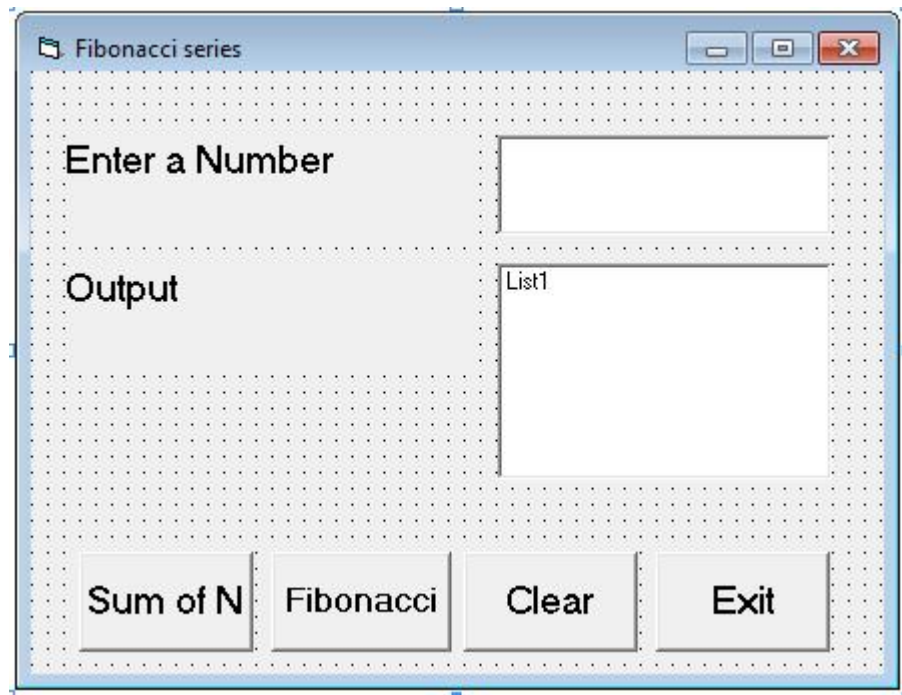
End Sub

/ OUTPUT-CALCULATOR **/**



/*/ 2. FIBONACCI SERIES & SUM OF N NUMBER ***/**

Form Design



Coding

Dim n, i As Integer

Dim f1, f2, f3 As Single

Private Sub cmdclear_Click()

Text1 = ""

List1.Clear

End Sub

Private Sub cmdexit_Click()

End

End Sub

Private Sub cmdfab_Click()

n = Val(Text1)

f1 = -1

f2 = 1

For i = 1 To n

f3 = f1 + f2

List1.AddItem f3

f1 = f2

f2 = f3

Next i

End Sub

Private Sub cmdsum_Click()

n = Val(Text1)

If n = 1 Then

List1.AddItem 1

Else

List1.AddItem $n * (n + 1) / 2$

End If

End Sub

/ OUTPUT- FIBONACCI SERIES & SUM OF N NUMBER **/**

The screenshot shows a Java Swing window titled "Fibonacci series". It contains two text labels, "Enter a Number" and "Output", each followed by a text field. The "Enter a Number" field contains the value "10". The "Output" field contains the value "55". At the bottom of the window, there are four buttons: "Sum of N", "Fibonacci", "Clear", and "Exit". The "Sum of N" button is highlighted with a dotted border.

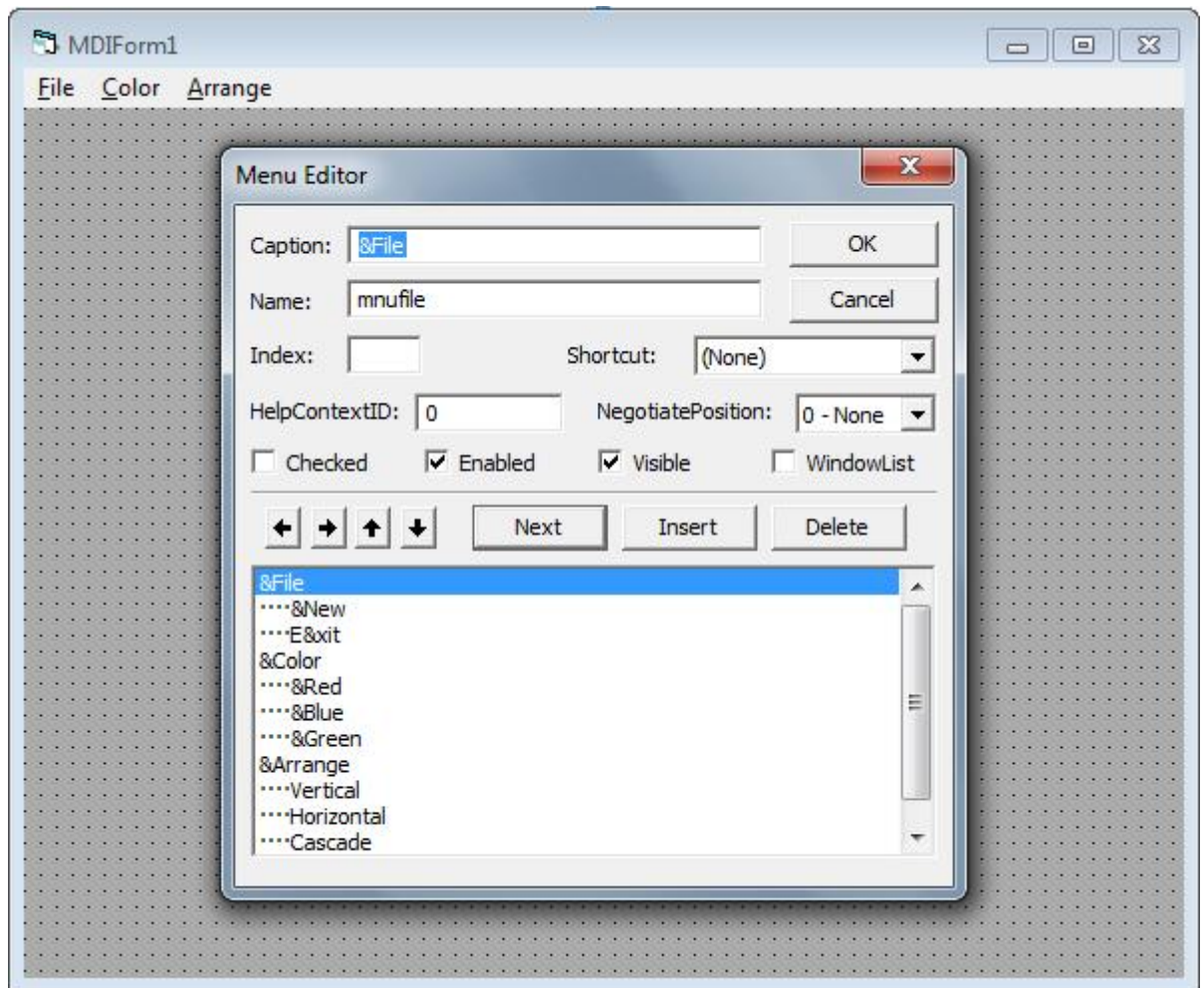
Input	Output
10	55

The screenshot shows the same Java Swing window titled "Fibonacci series". The "Enter a Number" field still contains "10". The "Output" field now displays the first 10 Fibonacci numbers: 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, and 34. The "Fibonacci" button at the bottom is highlighted with a dotted border.

Input	Output
10	0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34

/ 3. MENU DRIVEN USING MDI **/**

Form Design



Coding

Dim frmd As Form1

Private Sub mnublue_Click()

Me.ActiveForm.BackColor = vbBlue

End Sub

Private Sub mnucascade_Click()

Me.Arrange vbCascade

End Sub

Private Sub mnugreen_Click()

Me.ActiveForm.BackColor = vbGreen

End Sub

Private Sub mnuhorizontal_Click()

Me.Arrange vbHorizontal

End Sub

Private Sub MDIForm_Load()

mnucolor.Enabled = True

End Sub

Private Sub mnunew_Click()

Set frmd = New Form1

frmd.Show

End Sub

Private Sub mnured_Click()

Me.ActiveForm.BackColor = vbRed

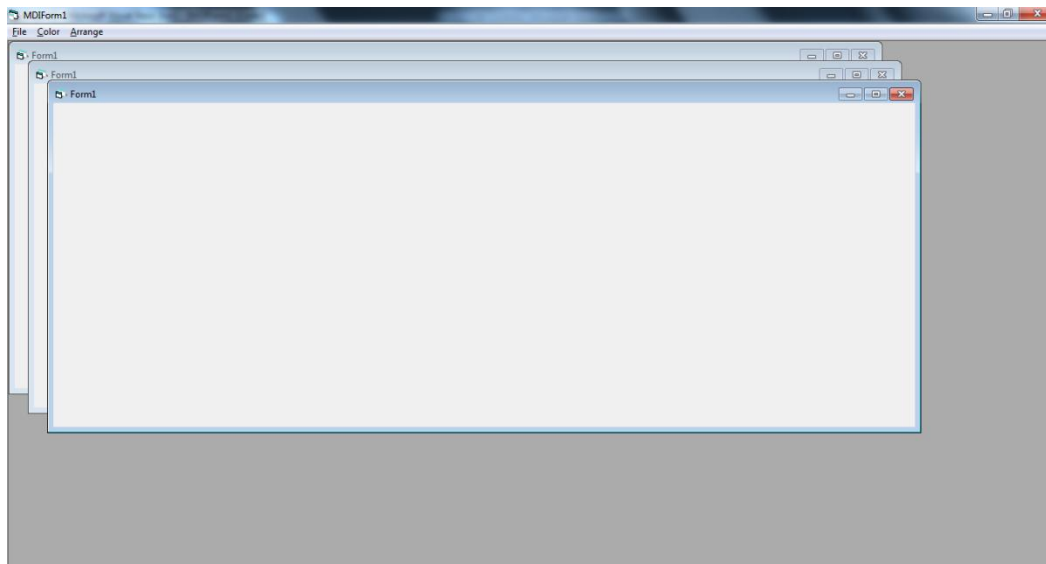
End Sub

Private Sub mnuvertical_Click()

Me.Arrange vbVertical

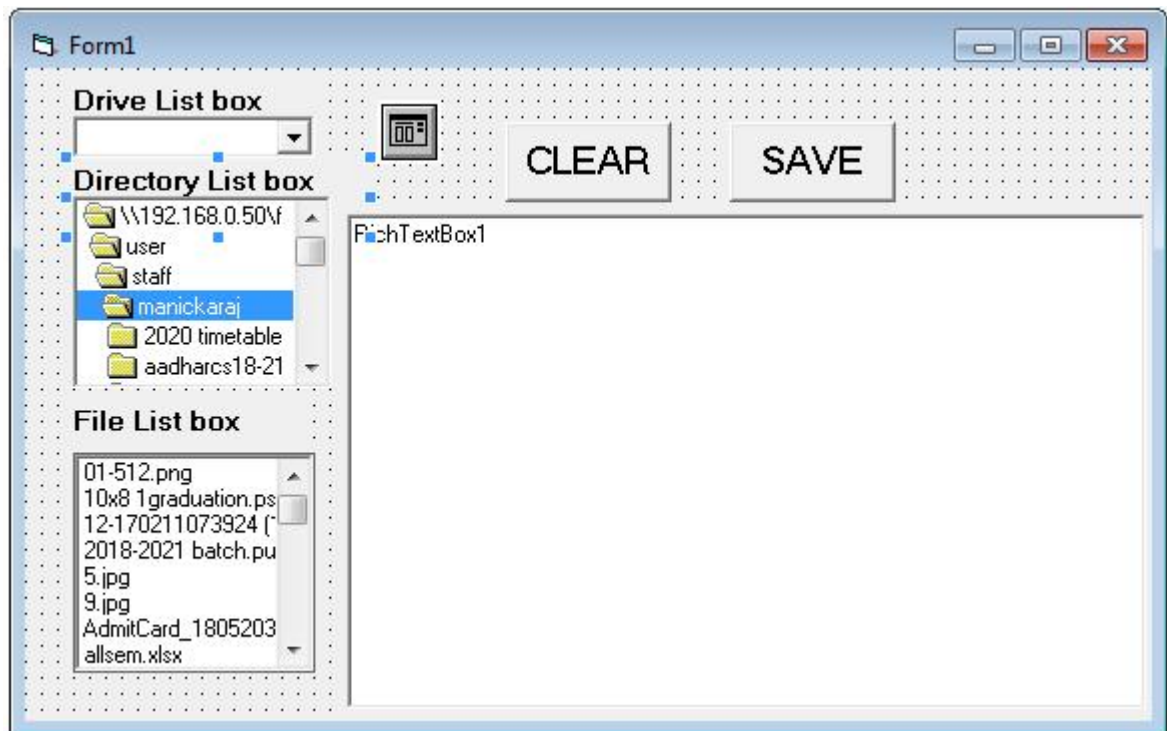
End Sub

/ OUTPUT - MENU DRIVEN USING MDI **/**



/ 4. DRIVE, DIRECTORY AND FILE BOX **/**

Form Design



Coding

```
Private Sub clear_Click()
```

```
    rtb = ""
```

```
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub Dir1_Change()
```

```
    File1.Path = Dir1.Path
```

```
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub Drive1_Change()
```

```
    Dir1.Path = Drive1.Drive
```

```
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub File1_Click()
```

```
    rtb.LoadFile (File1.Path & "/" & File1.FileName)
```

```
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub save_Click()
```

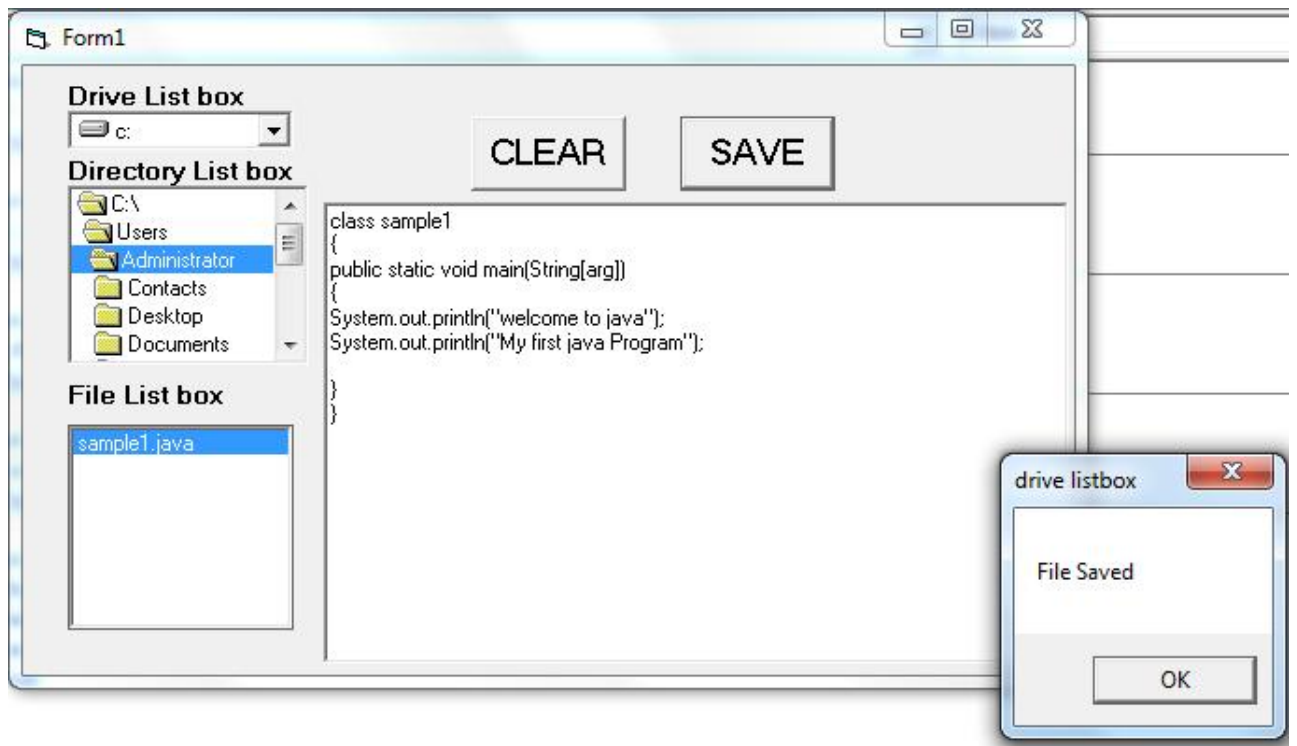
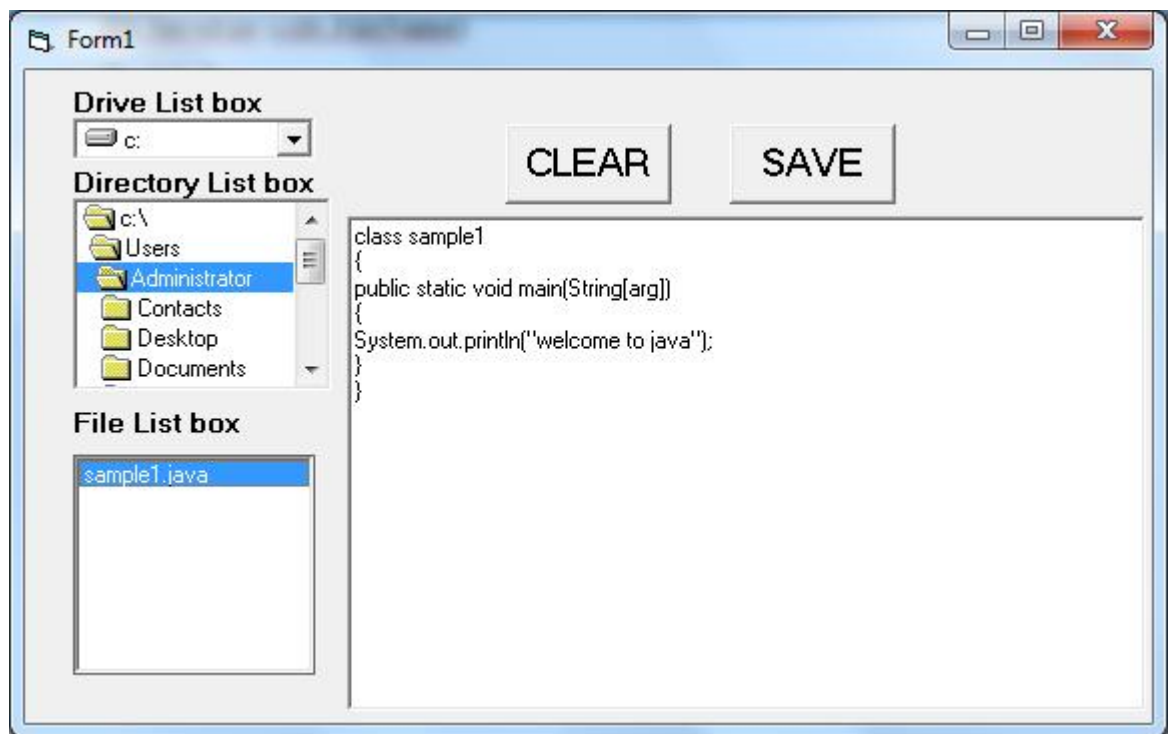
```
    cdb.ShowSave
```

```
    rtb.SaveFile (cdb.FileName)
```

```
    MsgBox "File Saved"
```

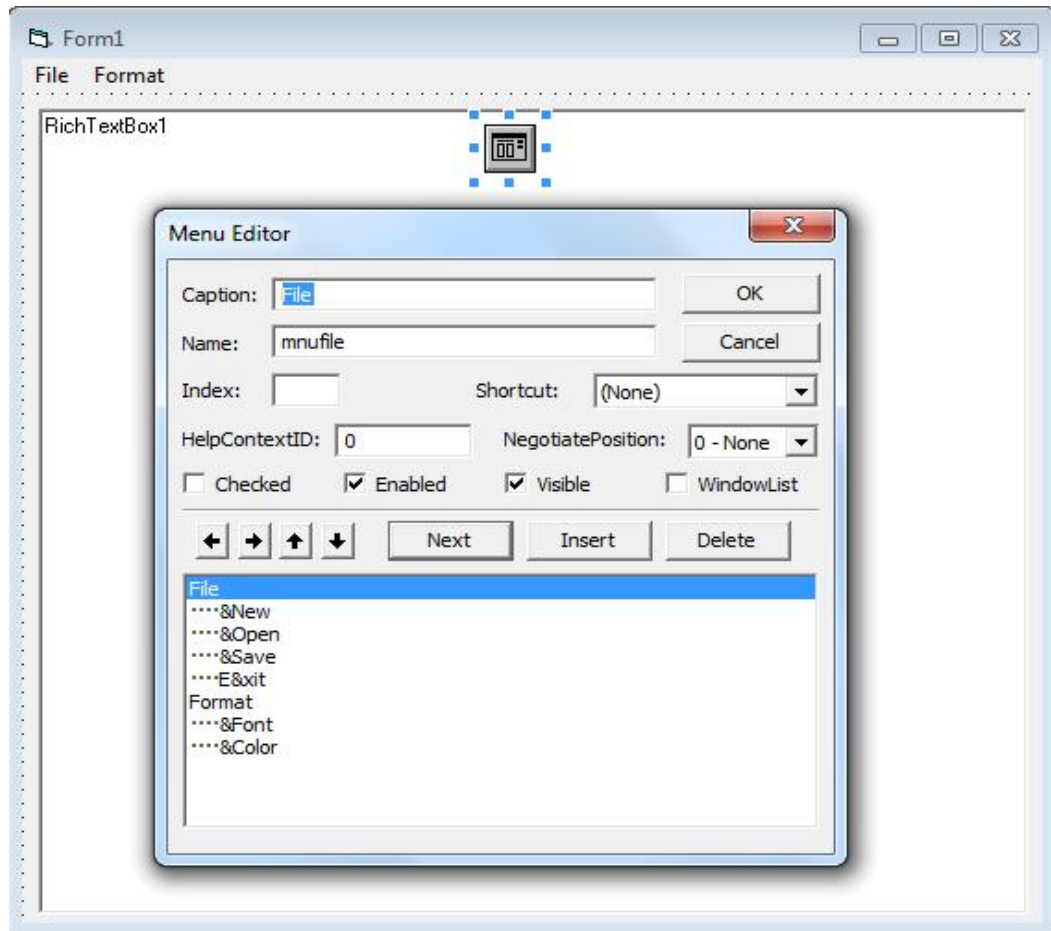
```
End Sub
```

/ OUTPUT - DRIVE, DIRECTORY AND FILE BOX ***/**



/** 5.TEXT FILES **/

Form Design



Coding

Private Sub mnucolor_Click()

cdb.ShowColor

rtb.SelColor = cdb.Color

End Sub

Private Sub mnuexit_Click()

End

End Sub

Private Sub mnufont_Click()

cdb.Flags = cdlCFBoth Or cdlCFLeffects

cdb.ShowFont

rtb.SelFontName = cdb.FontName

rtb.SelFontSize = cdb.FontSize

rtb.SelBold = cdb.FontBold

rtb.SelItalic = cdb.FontItalic

rtb.SelUnderline = cdb.FontStrikethru

End Sub

Private Sub mnuopen_Click()

rtb.Visible = True

cdb.ShowOpen

rtb.LoadFile (cdb.FileName)

End Sub

Private Sub mnusave_Click()

cdb.ShowSave

rtb.SaveFile (cdb.FileName)

MsgBox ("FILE SAVED" & cdb.FileName)

End Sub

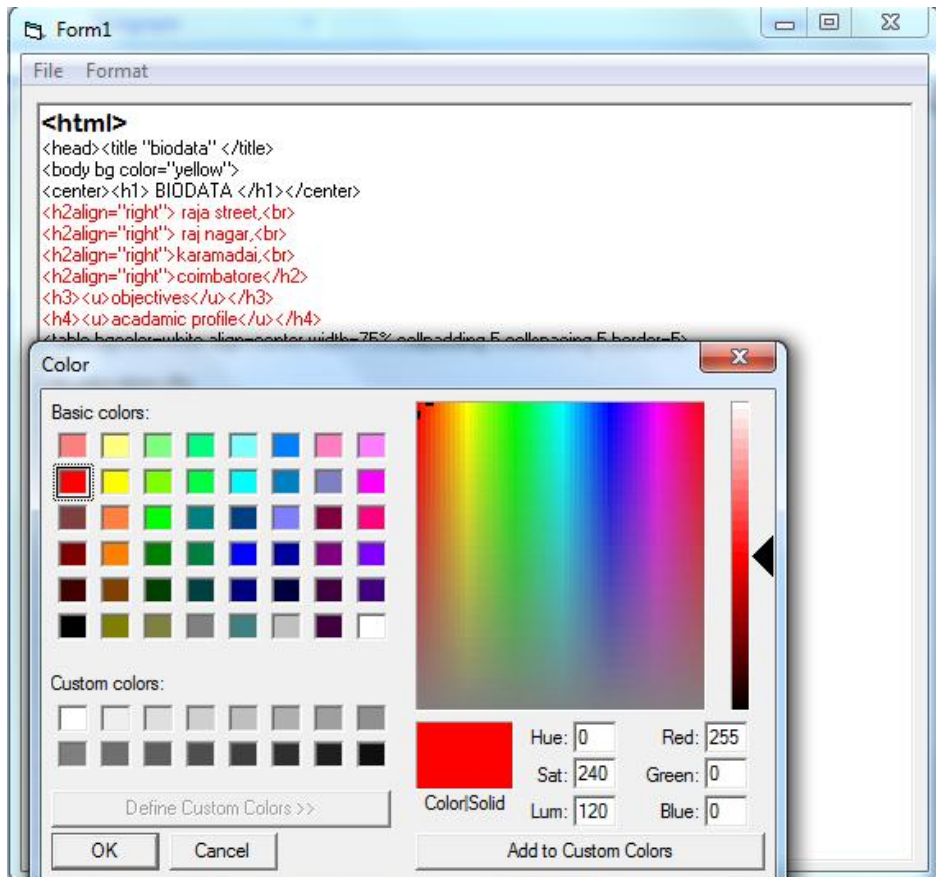
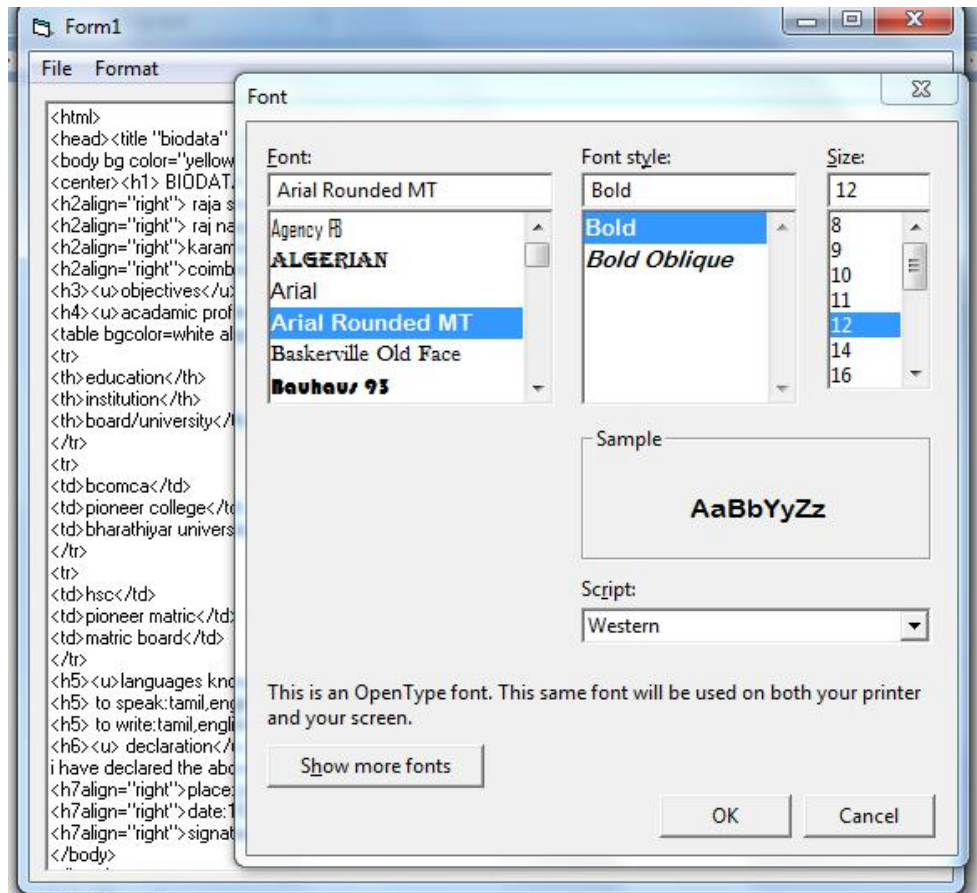
Private Sub mnunew_Click()

rtb.Visible = True

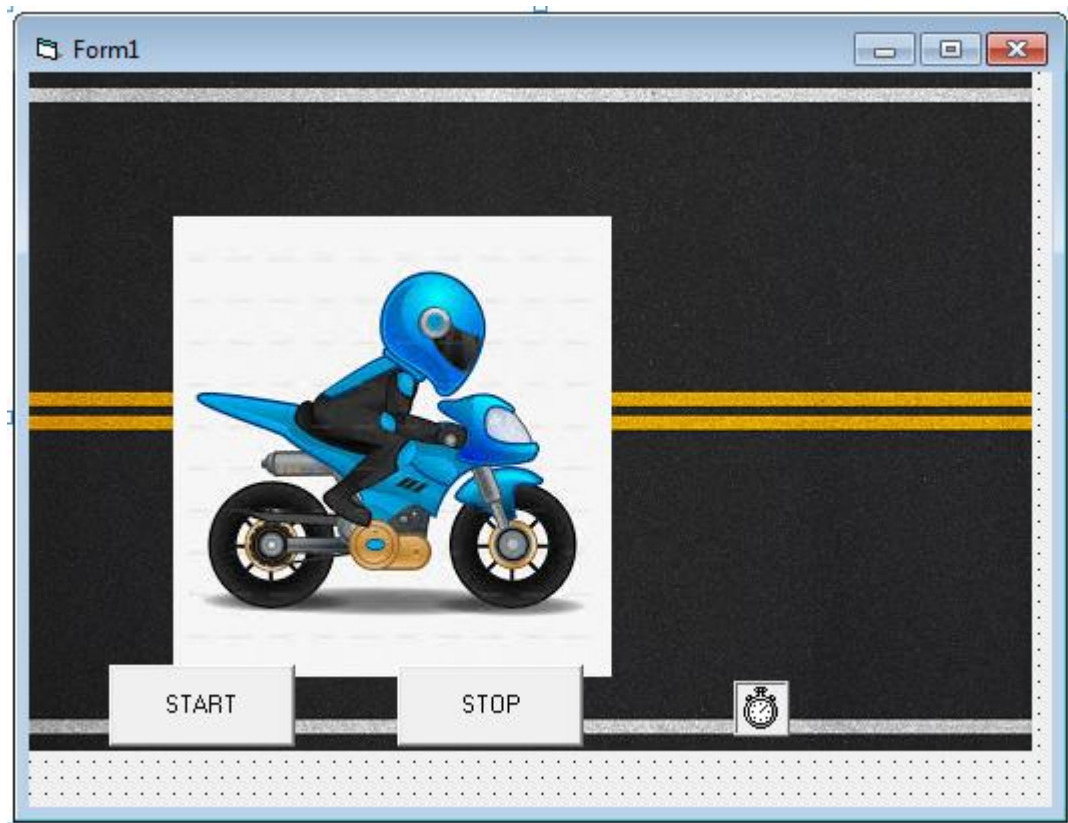
rtb.Text = " "

End Sub

/** OUTPUT - TEXT FILES **/



Form Design



Coding

```
Private Sub Form_Load()
```

```
Timer1.Enabled = False
```

```
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub start_Click()
```

```
Timer1.Enabled = True
```

```
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub stop_Click()
```

```
Timer1.Enabled = False
```

```
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub Timer1_Timer()
```

```
Image1.Left = Image1.Left + 10
```

```
If Image1.Left >= 1000 Then
```

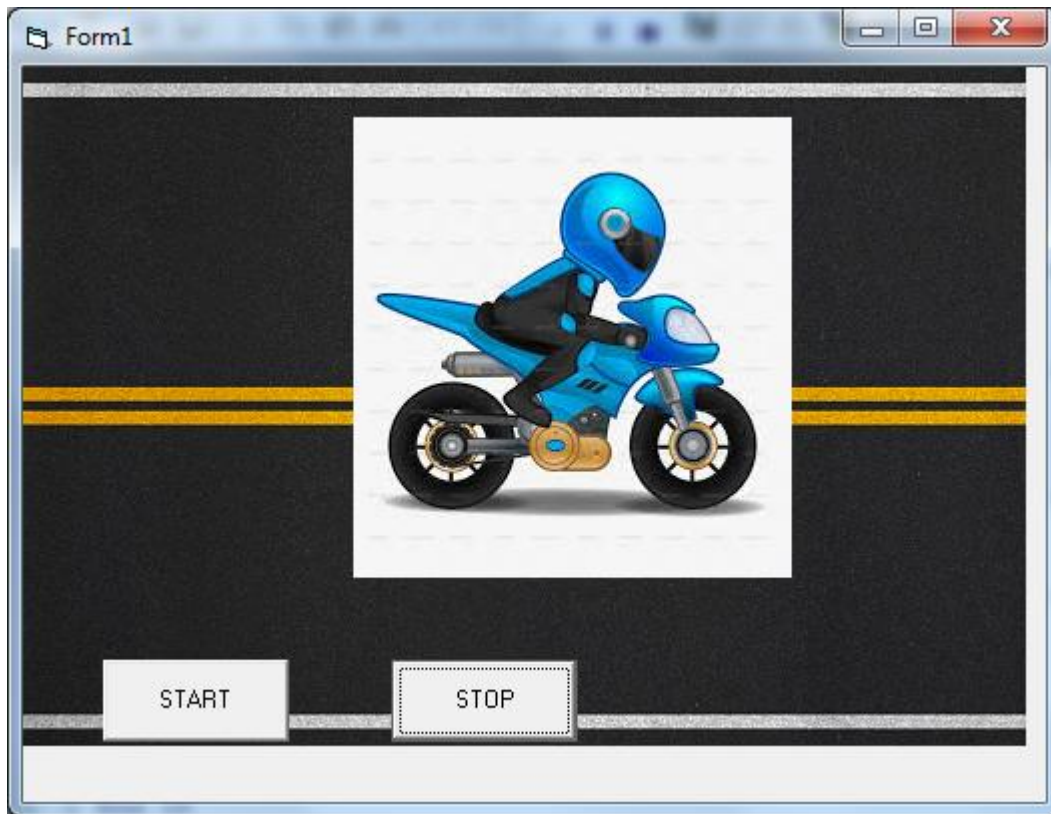
```
Image1.Left = Image1.Left + 10
```

```
Image1.Top = Image1.Top - 10
```

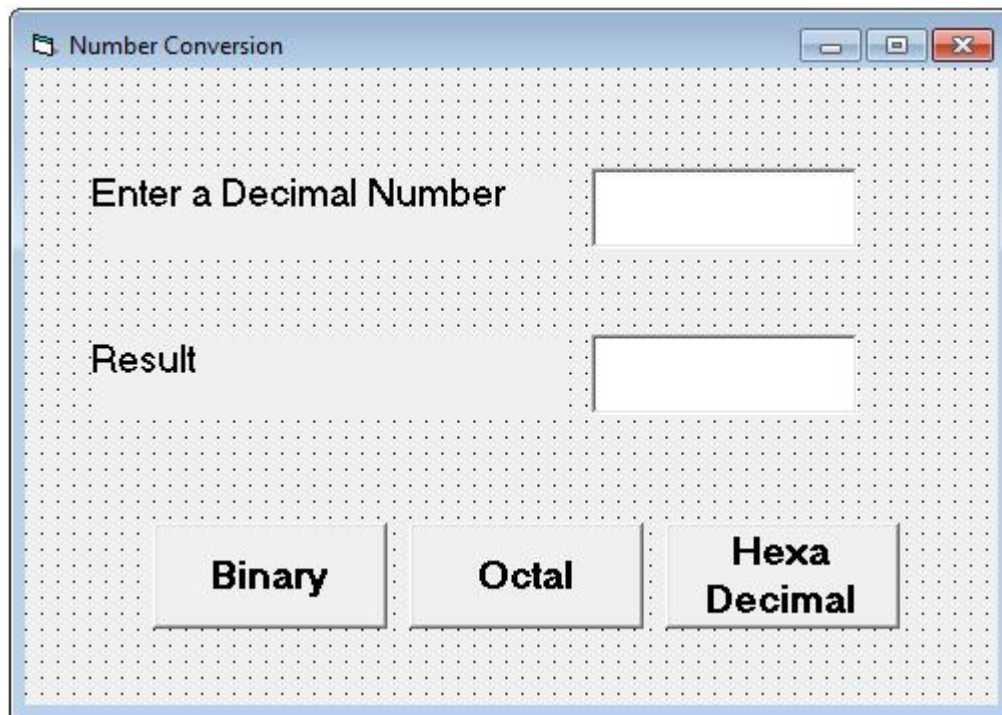
```
End If
```

```
End Sub
```

/ OUTPUT- ANIMATION **/**



Form Design



The image shows a Windows-style form titled "Number Conversion". The form has a light blue border and a dotted grid background. It contains two text boxes: "Enter a Decimal Number" and "Result". Below the "Result" text box are three buttons labeled "Binary", "Octal", and "Hexa Decimal".

Coding

Dim result, no, r As Integer

Private Sub Cmdbin_Click()

convert (2)

End Sub

Private Sub Cmdoct_Click()

convert (8)

End Sub

Private Sub Cmdhex_Click()

convert (16)

End Sub

Public Sub convert(value As Integer)

result = " "

no = 0

no = Val(Text1.Text)

While no > 0

 r = no Mod value

 no = no \ value

 If r > 9 Then

 result = result & Chr(r + 55)

 Else

 result = r & result

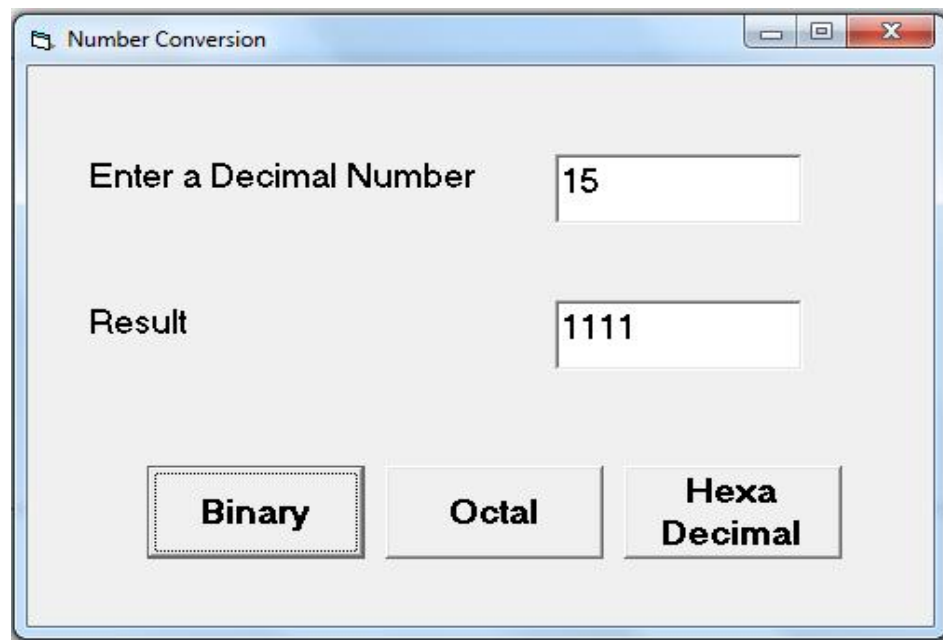
 End If

Wend

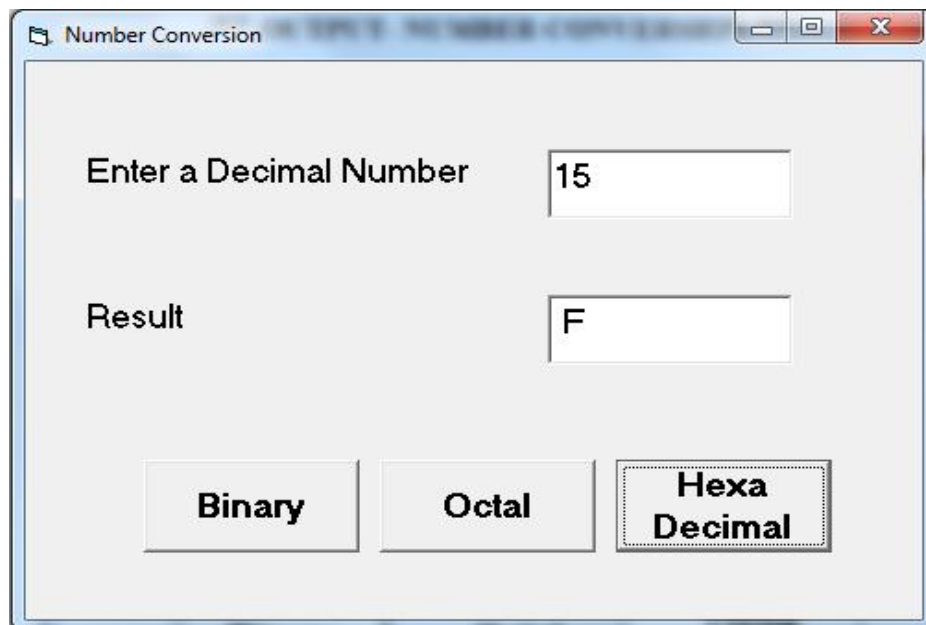
Text2.Text = result

End Sub

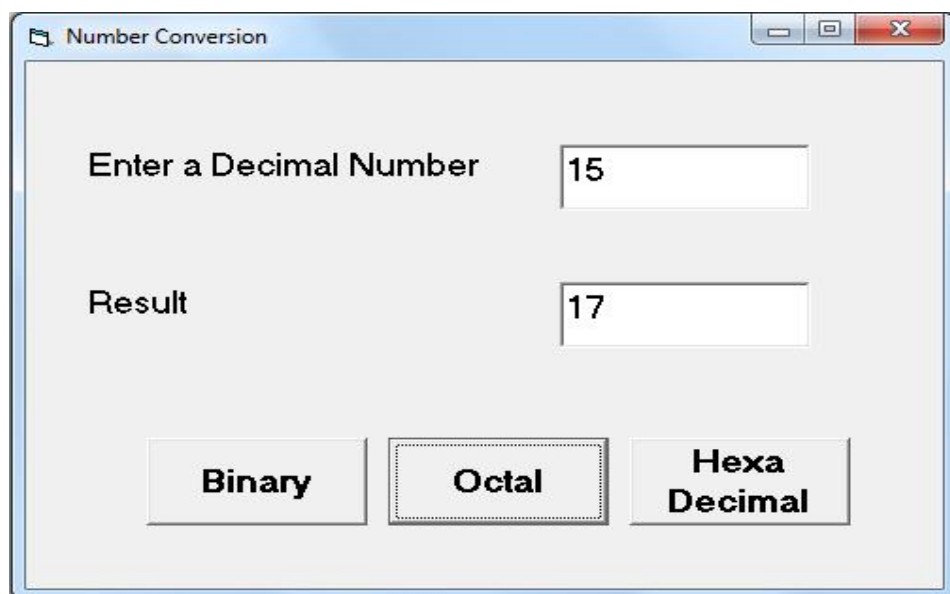
/ OUTPUT- NUMBER CONVERSION **/**



A screenshot of a 'Number Conversion' window. The title bar says 'Number Conversion'. Inside, there are two text input fields. The first is labeled 'Enter a Decimal Number' and contains the value '15'. The second is labeled 'Result' and contains the value '1111'. Below these fields are three buttons: 'Binary' (which is highlighted with a dotted border), 'Octal', and 'Hexa Decimal'.



A screenshot of a 'Number Conversion' window. The title bar says 'Number Conversion'. Inside, there are two text input fields. The first is labeled 'Enter a Decimal Number' and contains the value '15'. The second is labeled 'Result' and contains the value 'F'. Below these fields are three buttons: 'Binary', 'Octal', and 'Hexa Decimal' (which is highlighted with a dotted border).



A screenshot of a 'Number Conversion' window. The title bar says 'Number Conversion'. Inside, there are two text input fields. The first is labeled 'Enter a Decimal Number' and contains the value '15'. The second is labeled 'Result' and contains the value '17'. Below these fields are three buttons: 'Binary', 'Octal' (which is highlighted with a dotted border), and 'Hexa Decimal'.

/*/ 8.EMPLOYEE DETAILS USING DML ***/**

CREATION OF EMPLOYEE TABLE

```
SQL> create table employee(emp_no number(3) primary key, name varchar2(30),  
designation varchar2(30), gender varchar2(7), age number(3), date_of_joining date, salary  
number(6));
```

Table created.

TO VIEW TABLE STRUCTURE

```
SQL> desc employee;
```

Name	Null?	Type
EMP_NO		NOT NULL NUMBER(3)
NAME		VARCHAR2(30)
DESIGNATION		VARCHAR2(30)
GENDER		VARCHAR2(7)
AGE		NUMBER(3)
DATE_OF_JOINING		DATE
SALARY		NUMBER(6)

INSERTING RECORDS INTO TABLE

```
SQL> insert into employee values(&emp_no , '&name' , '&designation' , '&gender' ,  
&age , '&date_of_joining' , &salary);
```

Enter value for emp_no: 111

Enter value for name: smith

Enter value for designation: manager

Enter value for gender: male

Enter value for age: 50

Enter value for date_of_joining: 04-jun-60

Enter value for salary: 265000

old 1: insert into employee

values(&emp_no,'&name','&designation','&gender',&age,'&date_of_joining',&salary)

new 1: insert into employee values(111,'smith','manager','male',50,'04-jun-60',265000)

1 row created.

/ 8.EMPLOYEE DETAILS USING DML **/**

SQL> /

Enter value for emp_no: 112

Enter value for name: larry

Enter value for designation: worker

Enter value for gender: male

Enter value for age: 30

Enter value for date_of_joining: 05-dec-97

Enter value for salary: 12000

old 1: insert into employee

values(&emp_no,&name,&designation,&gender,&age,&date_of_joining,&salary)

new 1: insert into employee values(112,'larry','worker','male',30,'05-dec-97',12000)

1 row created.

SQL> /

Enter value for emp_no: 113

Enter value for name: roberts

Enter value for designation: worker

Enter value for gender: male

Enter value for age: 35

Enter value for date_of_joining: 12-feb-90

Enter value for salary: 18000

old 1: insert into employee

values(&emp_no,&name,&designation,&gender,&age,&date_of_joining,&salary)

new 1: insert into employee values(113,'roberts','worker','male',35,'12-feb-90',18000)

1 row created.

SQL> /

Enter value for emp_no: 114

Enter value for name: rose

Enter value for designation: supervisor

Enter value for gender: female

Enter value for age: 40

Enter value for date_of_joining: 08-jan-85

Enter value for salary: 24500

old 1: insert into employee

values(&emp_no,&name,&designation,&gender,&age,&date_of_joining,&salary)

new 1: insert into employee values(114,'rose','supervisor','female',40,'08-jan-85',24500)

1 row created.

/ 8.EMPLOYEE DETAILS USING DML **/**

SQL> /

Enter value for emp_no: 115

Enter value for name: aasha

Enter value for designation: worker

Enter value for gender: female

Enter value for age: 26

Enter value for date_of_joining: 04-mar-00

Enter value for salary: 10000

old 1: insert into employee

values(&emp_no,&name,&designation,&gender,&age,&date_of_joining,&salary)

new 1: insert into employee values(115,'aasha','worker','female',26,'04-mar-00',10000)

1 row created.

SQL> /

Enter value for emp_no: 116

Enter value for name: alen

Enter value for designation: worker

Enter value for gender: female

Enter value for age: 29

Enter value for date_of_joining: 05-nov-97

Enter value for salary: 12000

old 1: insert into employee

values(&emp_no,&name,&designation,&gender,&age,&date_of_joining,&salary)

new 1: insert into employee values(116,'alen','worker','female',29,'05-nov-97',12000)

1 row created.

SQL> /

Enter value for emp_no: 117

Enter value for name: alex

Enter value for designation: supervisor

Enter value for gender: male

Enter value for age: 42

Enter value for date_of_joining: 18-aug-82

Enter value for salary: 29000

old 1: insert into employee

values(&emp_no,&name,&designation,&gender,&age,&date_of_joining,&salary)

new 1: insert into employee values(117,'alex','supervisor','male',42,'18-aug-82',29000)

1 row created.

/ 8.EMPLOYEE DETAILS USING DML **/**

SQL> /

Enter value for emp_no: 118

Enter value for name: shaw

Enter value for designation: worker

Enter value for gender: male

Enter value for age: 36

Enter value for date_of_joining: 02-jan-95

Enter value for salary: 18000

old 1: insert into employee

values(&emp_no,&name,&designation,&gender,&age,&date_of_joining,&salary)

new 1: insert into employee values(118,'shaw','worker','male',36,'02-jan-95',18000)

1 row created.

SQL> /

Enter value for emp_no: 119

Enter value for name: dev

Enter value for designation: worker

Enter value for gender: male

Enter value for age: 45

Enter value for date_of_joining: 04-jan-82

Enter value for salary: 18000

old 1: insert into employee

values(&emp_no,&name,&designation,&gender,&age,&date_of_joining,&salary)

new 1: insert into employee values(119,'dev','worker','male',45,'04-jan-82',18000)

1 row created.

SQL> /

Enter value for emp_no: 120

Enter value for name: sheela

Enter value for designation: asst.manager

Enter value for gender: female

Enter value for age: 35

Enter value for date_of_joining: 12-dec-99

Enter value for salary: 28000

old 1: insert into employee

values(&emp_no,&name,&designation,&gender,&age,&date_of_joining,&salary)

new 1: insert into employee values(120,'sheela','asst.manager','female',35,'12-dec-99',28000)

1 row created.

/ 8.EMPLOYEE DETAILS USING DML **/**

DISPLAYING TABLE RECORDS

SQL> set linesize 200;

SQL> select * from employee;

EMP_NO	NAME	DESIGNATION	GENDER	AGE	DATE_OF_J	SALARY
111	smith	manager	male	50	04-JUN-60	265000
112	larry	worker	male	30	05-DEC-97	12000
113	roberts	worker	male	35	12-FEB-90	18000
114	rose	supervisor	female	40	08-JAN-85	24500
115	aasha	worker	female	26	04-MAR-00	10000
116	alen	worker	female	29	05-NOV-97	12000
117	alex	supervisor	male	42	18-AUG-82	29000
118	shaw	worker	male	36	02-JAN-95	18000
119	dev	worker	male	45	04-JAN-82	18000
120	sheela	asst.manager	female	35	12-DEC-99	28000

10 rows selected.

RESTRICTING TABLE RECORDS USING WHERE CLAUSE WITH RELATIONAL AND LOGICAL OPERATOR

SQL> select * from employee where gender = 'male';

EMP_NO	NAME	DESIGNATION	GENDER	AGE	DATE_OF_J	SALARY
111	smith	manager	male	50	04-JUN-60	265000
112	larry	worker	male	30	05-DEC-97	12000
113	roberts	worker	male	35	12-FEB-90	18000
117	alex	supervisor	male	42	18-AUG-82	29000
118	shaw	worker	male	36	02-JAN-95	18000
119	dev	worker	male	45	04-JAN-82	18000

6 rows selected.

/ 8.EMPLOYEE DETAILS USING DML **/**

SQL> select * from employee where gender='female' and salary < 20000;

EMP_NO	NAME	DESIGNATION	GENDER	AGE	DATE_OF_J	SALARY
115	aasha	worker	female	26	04-MAR-00	10000
116	alen	worker	female	29	05-NOV-97	12000

SORTING

SQL> select emp_no, name, designation from employee order by name desc;

EMP_NO	NAME	DESIGNATION
111	smith	manager
120	sheela	asst.manager
118	shaw	worker
114	rose	supervisor
113	roberts	worker
112	larry	worker
119	dev	worker
117	alex	supervisor
116	alen	worker
115	aasha	worker

10 rows selected.

SQL> select emp_no,name,designation from employee order by name;

EMP_NO	NAME	DESIGNATION
115	aasha	worker
116	alen	worker
117	alex	supervisor
119	dev	worker
112	larry	worker
113	roberts	worker
114	rose	supervisor
118	shaw	worker
120	sheela	asst.manager
111	smith	manager

10 rows selected.

/ 8.EMPLOYEE DETAILS USING DML **/**

SET OPERATION

SQL> select * from employee where gender = 'male' and salary > 20000
2 union
3 select * from employee where gender = 'female' and salary < 20000;

EMP_NO	NAME	DESIGNATION	GENDER	AGE	DATE_OF_J	SALARY
111	smith	manager	male	50	04-JUN-60	265000
115	aasha	worker	female	26	04-MAR-00	10000
117	alex	supervisor	male	42	18-AUG-82	29000

GROUPING FUNCTION

SQL> select min(salary) MINIMUM_SALARY , max(salary) MAXIMUM_SALARY,
2 avg(salary) AVERAGE_SALARY from employee;

MINIMUM_SALARY	MAXIMUM_SALARY	AVERAGE_SALARY
10000	265000	43450

SQL> commit;

Commit complete.

SQL> exit

/ 9. INVENTORY TABLE UPDATION USING PL/SQL **/**

CREATION OF INVENTORY TABLE

SQL> create table inventory(prono number(3) primary key,praname varchar2(25),rate number(8,2));

Table created.

TO VIEW TABLE STRUCTURE

SQL> desc inventory;

Name	Null?	Type
PRONO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(3)
PRONAME		VARCHAR2(25)
RATE		NUMBER(8,2)

INSERTING RECORDS INTO TABLE

SQL> insert into inventory values(&Prono,'&Proname',&Rate);

Enter value for prono: 1

Enter value for praname: keyboard

Enter value for rate: 500

old 1: insert into inventory values(&Prono,'&Proname',&Rate)

new 1: insert into inventory values(1,'Keyboard',500)

1 row created.

SQL> /

Enter value for prono: 2

Enter value for praname: monitor

Enter value for rate: 6000

old 1: insert into inventory values(&Prono,'&Proname',&Rate)

new 1: insert into inventory values(2,'monitor',6000)

1 row created.

SQL> /

Enter value for prono: 3

Enter value for praname: mouse

Enter value for rate: 200

old 1: insert into inventory values(&Prono,'&Proname',&Rate)

new 1: insert into inventory values(3,'mouse',200)

1 row created.

/ 9. INVENTORY TABLE UPDATION USING PL/SQL **/**

```
SQL> /
Enter value for prono: 4
Enter value for prona: pendrive
Enter value for rate: 800
old 1: insert into inventory values(&Prono,'&Prona',&Rate)
new 1: insert into inventory values(4,'pendrive',800)

1 row created.
```

```
SQL> /
Enter value for prono: 5
Enter value for prona: cpu
Enter value for rate: 15000
old 1: insert into inventory values(&Prono,'&Prona',&Rate)
new 1: insert into inventory values(5,'cpu',15000)

1 row created.
```

DISPLAYING TABLE RECORDS

```
SQL> select * from inventory;
```

PRONO	PRONAME	RATE
1	keyboard	500
2	monitor	6000
3	mouse	200
4	pendrive	800
5	cpu	15000

```
SQL> ed up_rate;
```

```
begin
update inventory
set rate = rate + rate * 20 / 100;
end;
/
```

```
SQL> @up_rate;
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

/ 9. INVENTORY TABLE UPDATION USING PL/SQL **/**

DISPLAYING TABLE RECORDS AFTER UPDATEING RATE

SQL> select * from inventory;

PRONO	PRONAME	RATE
1	Keyboard	600
2	monitor	7200
3	mouse	240
4	pendrive	960
5	cpu	18000

ADDING NEW COLUMN INTO A TABLE

SQL> alter table inventory add no_of_item number(3);

Table altered.

SQL> desc inventory;

Name	Null?	Type
PRONO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(3)
PRONAME		VARCHAR2(25)
RATE		NUMBER(8,2)
NO_OF_ITEM		NUMBER(3)

UPDATEING THE VALUE FOR NEW COLUMN

SQL> update inventory set no_of_item =&no_of_item where prono=&prono;

Enter value for no_of_item: 2

old 1: update inventory set no_of_item =&no_of_item

new 1: update inventory set no_of_item =2

Enter value for prono: 1

old 2: where prono=&prono

new 2: where prono=1

1 row updated.

/ 9. INVENTORY TABLE UPDATION USING PL/SQL **/**

SQL> /

Enter value for no_of_item: 3

old 1: update inventory set no_of_item =&no_of_item

new 1: update inventory set no_of_item =3

Enter value for prono: 2

old 2: where prono=&prono

new 2: where prono=2

1 row updated.

SQL> /

Enter value for no_of_item: 10

old 1: update inventory set no_of_item =&no_of_item

new 1: update inventory set no_of_item =10

Enter value for prono: 3

old 2: where prono=&prono

new 2: where prono=3

1 row updated.

SQL> /

Enter value for no_of_item: 6

old 1: update inventory set no_of_item =&no_of_item

new 1: update inventory set no_of_item =6

Enter value for prono: 4

old 2: where prono=&prono

new 2: where prono=4

1 row updated.

SQL> /

Enter value for no_of_item: 15

old 1: update inventory set no_of_item =&no_of_item

new 1: update inventory set no_of_item =15

Enter value for prono: 5

old 2: where prono=&prono

new 2: where prono=5

1 row updated.

/ 9. INVENTORY TABLE UPDATION USING PL/SQL **/**

DISPLAYING TABLE RECORDS AFTER UPDATION

SQL> select * from inventory;

PRONO	PRONAME	RATE	NO_OF_ITEM
1	Keyboard	600	2
2	monitor	7200	10
3	mouse	240	3
4	pendrice	960	6
5	cpu	18000	15

SQL> commit;

Commit complete.

SQL>

/ 10. IMPLEMENTATION OF TRIGGERS **/**

CREATION OF INVENTORY MASTER TABLE

```
SQL>create table inventory_master(prono number(4) primary key, proname  
2 varchar2(30),rate number(8,2),avail_qty number(4));
```

Table created.

CREATION OF INVENTORY TRANSACTION TABLE

```
SQL>create table inventory_trans(prono number(4) references inventory_master(prono)  
2 purchase_date date,pur_qty number(4));
```

Table created

CREATION OF TRIGGER FOR DATA VALIDATION

```
SQL>ed trigger1
```

```
  Create or replace trigger inv_master_trigger  
  Before insert or update on inventory_master for each row  
  Begin  
  If(:new.rate<=0)then  
  Raise_application_error(-20001,'invalid rate value');  
  End if;  
  End;  
  /
```

```
SQL>@trigger1
```

Trigger created

```
SQL>insert into inventory_master values(&prono,'&praname',&rate,&avail_qty);
```

Enter value for prono:5

Enter value for praname:pencil

Enter value for rate:2.50

Enter value for avail_qty:25

Old 1:insert into inventory_master values(&prono,'&praname',&rate,&avail_qty)

New 1:insert into inventory_master values(5,'pencil',2.50,25)

1 row created

```
SQL>/
```

Enter value for prono:6

Enter value for praname:geometric box

Enter value for rate:0

Enter value for avail_qty:4

Old 1:insert into inventory_master values(&prono,'&praname',&rate,&avail_qty)

New 1:insert into inventory_master values(6,'geometric box',0,4)

*

/** 10. IMPLEMENTATION OF TRIGGERS **/

ERROR at line 1
ORA-20001:invalid rate value
ORA-06512:at "14BSCA01.INV_MASTER_TRIGGER",line3
ORA-04088:error during execution of trigger'14BSCA01.INV_MASTER_TRIGGER'

SQL>select * from inventory_master;

PRONO	PRONAME	RATE	AVAIL_QYT
1	rice	40	45
2	pen	20	36
3	eraser	2	4
5	pencil	2.5	25

SQL> edit trigger2

Create or replace trigger inv_trans_trigger
Before insert or update on inventory_trans for each row
Begin
If(:new.pur_rate<=0)then
Raise_application_error(-20001,'invalid purchase quantity');
End if;
End;
/

SQL> @ trigger2

Trigger created.

SQL>insert into inventory_trans values(&prono,'&purchase_date',&pur_qty);

Enter value for prono:1

Enter value for purchasedate:26-sep-16

Enter value for pur_qty:0

Old 1:insert into inventory_trans values(&prono,'&purchase_date',&pur_qty)

New 1:insert into inventory_trans values(1,'26-sep-16,0)

*

ERROR at line 1

ORA-20001:invalid purchase quantity

ORA-06512:at "14BSCA01.INV_TRANS_TRIGGER",line3

ORA-04088:error during execution of trigger'14BSCA01.INV_TRANS_TRIGGER'

SQL>/

Enter value for prono:1

Enter value for purchasedate:13-oct-16

Enter value for pur_qty:3

1 row Created.

/ 10. IMPLEMENTATION OF TRIGGERS **/**

SQL> select * from inventory_tans;

PRONO	PURCHASE_	PUR_QTY
-----	-----	-----
2	27-SEP-16	56
1	13-OCT-16	3

SQL>commit;

Commit completed.

SQL>exit

/ 11. IMPLEMENTATION OF PROCEDURES **/**

SQL> set serveroutput on;

declare

a number;

b number;

c number;

procedure findmin(x IN number,y IN number,z OUT number)

IS

begin

if x<y then

z:=x;

else

z:=y;

end if;

end;

begin

a:=23;

b:=45;

findmin(a,b,c);

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('minimum of (23,45):'||c);

end;

/

SQL>minimum of (23,45):23

SQL>exit

/** 12. STUDENT DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM **/

ORACLE Database Creation

SQL> connect

Enter user-name: system

Enter password:

Connected.

SQL> create table student1 (sno number(3), sname varchar2(20), m1 number(3), m2 number(3), m3 number(3));

Table created.

SQL> desc student;

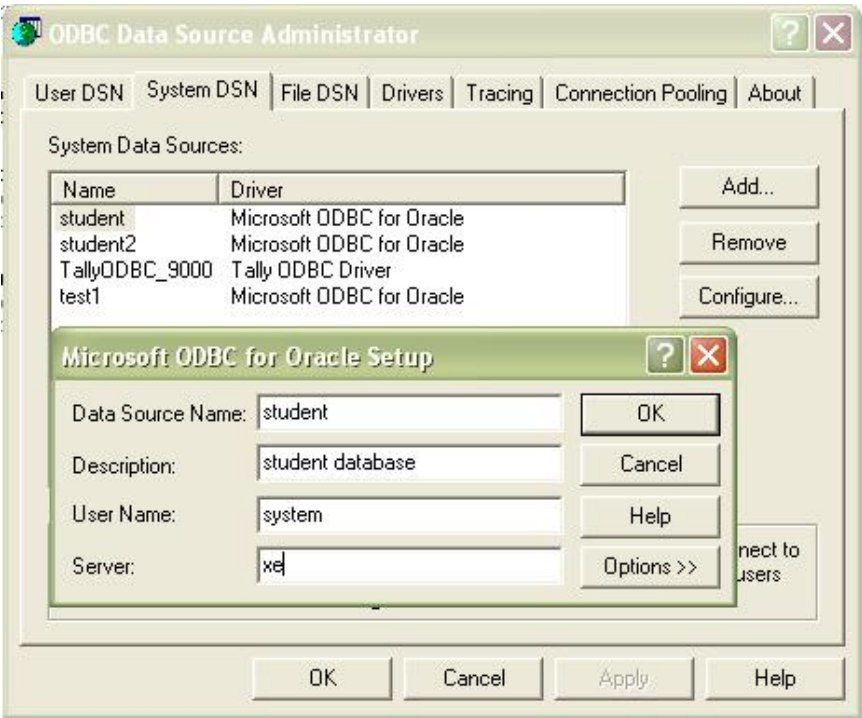
Name	Null?	Type
SNO		NUMBER(10)
SNAME		VARCHAR2(20)
M1		NUMBER(3)
M2		NUMBER(3)
M3		NUMBER(3)

SQL> select * from student;

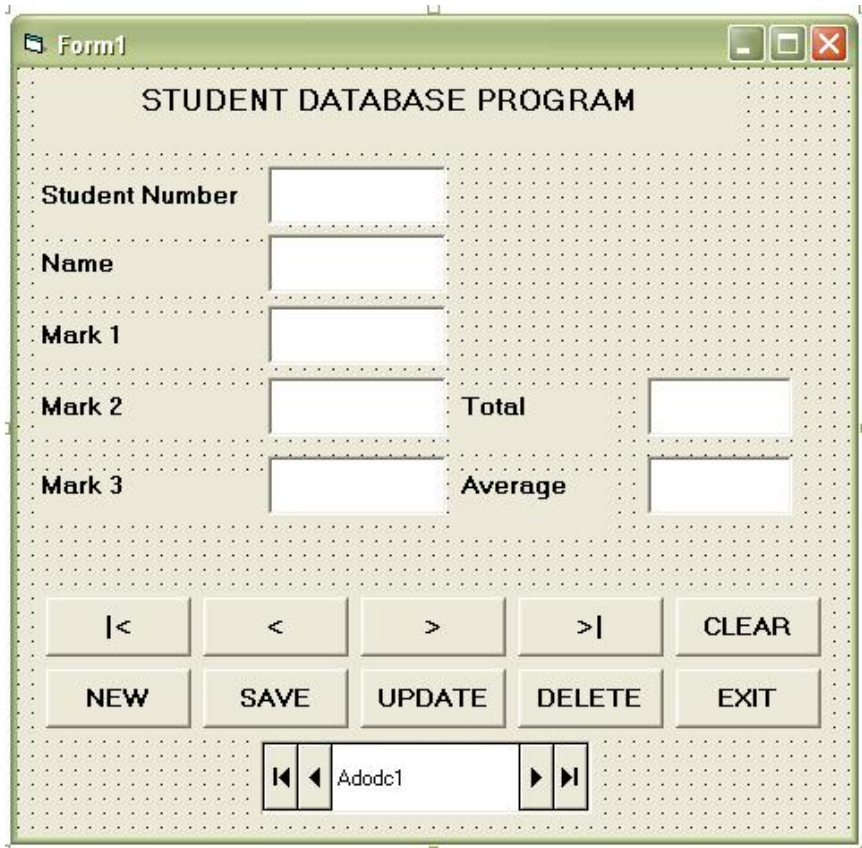
SNO	SNAME	M1	M2	M3
115	Elizabeth	88	77	88
118	Ramu	60	75	65
111	arun	88	99	77
112	banu	88	99	77
113	chitra	99	99	99

5 rows selected.

ODBC for Oracle setup



Form Design



CODING IN FRONTEND TO ACCESS BACKEND

Dim con As New ADODB.Connection

Dim rs As New ADODB.Recordset

Private Sub cmdclear_Click()

Text1 = ""

Text2 = ""

Text3 = ""

Text4 = ""

Text5 = ""

Text6 = ""

Text7 = ""

Text1.SetFocus

End Sub

Private Sub cmddelete_Click()

rs.Delete

MsgBox "Record Deleted"

End Sub

Private Sub cmdexit_Click()

End

End Sub

Private Sub cmdfirst_Click()

rs.MoveFirst

Call display

End Sub

Private Sub cmdlast_Click()

rs.MoveLast

Call display

End Sub

Private Sub cmdnew_Click()

Call cmdclear_Click

End Sub

Private Sub cmdnext_Click()

rs.MoveNext

If rs.EOF Then

MsgBox "Last Record"

Exit Sub

Else

Call display

End If

End Sub

Private Sub cmdprevious_Click()

rs.MovePrevious

```
If rs.BOF Then
MsgBox "First Record"
Exit Sub
Else
Call display
End If
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub cmdsave_Click()
rs.AddNew
rs.Fields(0) = Text1
rs.Fields(1) = Text2
rs.Fields(2) = Text3
rs.Fields(3) = Text4
rs.Fields(4) = Text5
strsql = "insert into student(sno,sname,m1,m2,m3) values('" & rs.Fields(0).Value & "'," & rs.Fields(1).Value & "'," & rs.Fields(2).Value & "'," & rs.Fields(3).Value & "'," & rs.Fields(4).Value & "')"
Set rs = con.Execute(strsql)
MsgBox "Record Saved"
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub cmdupdate_Click()
rs.Fields(0) = Text1
rs.Fields(1) = Text2
rs.Fields(2) = Text3
rs.Fields(3) = Text4
rs.Fields(4) = Text5
rs.Update
MsgBox "Record Updated"
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub Form_Load()
con.Open "student", "system", "manager"
rs.Open "select * from student", con, adOpenDynamic, adLockOptimistic
Adodc1.Visible = False
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub Text5_Change()
Text6 = Val(Text3) + Val(Text4) + Val(Text5)
Text7 = Val(Text6) / 3
End Sub
```

```
Public Sub display()
Text1.Text = rs.Fields("sno")
Text2 = rs.Fields(1)
Text3 = rs.Fields(2)
Text4 = rs.Fields(3)
Text5 = rs.Fields(4)
End Sub
```

/ OUTPUT - STUDENT DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM **/**

Output – Navigating Records

Form1

STUDENT DATABASE PROGRAM

Student Number	113		
Name	chitra		
Mark 1	99		
Mark 2	99	Total	297
Mark 3	99	Average	99

<	<	>	>	CLEAR
NEW	SAVE	UPDATE	DELETE	EXIT

Output – Adding new

The screenshot shows a Windows-style application window titled 'Form1' with the text 'STUDENT DATABASE PROGRAM'. It contains several input fields and buttons. The 'Student Number' field has '117', 'Name' has 'Ganesh', 'Mark 1' has '87', 'Mark 2' has '69', and 'Mark 3' has '89'. To the right, 'Total' is '245' and 'Average' is '81.66666666'. A small dialog box titled 'lab12' with a red 'X' button is open, showing 'Record Saved' and an 'OK' button. At the bottom, there are two rows of buttons: the first row has '|<', '<', '>', '>|', and 'CLEAR'; the second row has 'NEW', 'SAVE', 'UPDATE', 'DELETE', and 'EXIT'.

Records

SQL> select * from student;

SNO	SNAME	M1	M2	M3
115	Elizabeth	88	77	88
118	Ramu	60	75	65
114	dworthy	88	88	88
117	Ganesh	87	69	89
111	arun	88	99	77
112	banu	88	99	77
113	chitra	99	99	99

7 rows selected.

Output – Updating a Record

Form1

STUDENT DATABASE PROGRAM

Student Number: 118

Name: Ramu

Mark 1: 60

Mark 2: 75

Mark 3: 88

Total

Average

lab12

Record Updated

OK

<| < > >| CLEAR

NEW SAVE UPDATE DELETE EXIT

SQL> select * from student;

SNO	SNAME	M1	M2	M3
115	Elizabeth	88	77	88
118	Ramu	60	75	88
114	dworthy	88	88	88
117	Ganesh	87	69	89
111	arun	88	99	77
112	banu	88	99	77
113	chitra	99	99	99

7 rows selected.

Output – Deleting a Record

The screenshot shows a Windows application window titled 'Form1' with the text 'STUDENT DATABASE PROGRAM'. It contains several input fields for 'Student Number' (114), 'Name' (dworthy), 'Mark 1' (88), 'Mark 2' (88), and 'Mark 3' (88). A modal dialog box titled 'lab12' is overlaid on the window, displaying the message 'Record Deleted' and an 'OK' button. At the bottom of the main window, there are two rows of buttons: the first row contains '<|', '<', '>', '>|', and 'CLEAR'; the second row contains 'NEW', 'SAVE', 'UPDATE', 'DELETE' (which is highlighted with a black border), and 'EXIT'.

SQL> select * from student;

SNO	SNAME	M1	M2	M3

115	Elizabeth	88	77	88
118	Ramu	60	75	88
117	Ganesh	87	69	89
111	arun	88	99	77
112	banu	88	99	77
113	chitra	99	99	99

6 rows selected.

