

a) $f(x) = (x+2)^3$

Paso 0: $l_0 = \frac{-1.8 + 1.2}{2} = -0.3$

Paso 1: $g(x)$

a) $x = x + (x+2)^2$

b) $x = (x+2)^{1/2}$

Paso 2:

a) $g(x) = x + (x+2)^3$

$g(x)' = x^3 + 6x^2 + 13x + 8$

$g(-2)' = (-2)^3 + 6(-2)^2 + 13(-2) + 8$

$g(-2)' = -2$

b) $g(x) = (x+2)^{1/2}$

$g(x)' = \frac{1}{2}(x+2)^{-1/2}$

$g(-2)' = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{-2+2}}$

$g(-2)' = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{0} = \infty$

$-1 \leq g(x) \leq 1$

Paso 3:

a) $g(-2) = (-2+2)^{1/3} = 0$

$E = \left| \frac{0-2}{0} \right| = 0\%$

b) $f(x) = (x+2)$

Paso 0:

$l_0 = \frac{1+2}{2} = 1.5$

x	f(x)
0	0+2=2
1	1+2=3
2	2+2=4

Paso 1:

$g(x) = x+2=0$

a) $x+x+2=x$

$2x+2=x$

b) $x = -2$

Paso 3:

$g(1.5) = -2$

$E = \left| \frac{-2-1.5}{-2} \right| = 1.75 \times 100 = 175\%$

Paso 2:

a) $g(x) = 2x+2$

$g(x)' = 2$

b) $g(x) = -2$

$g(x)' = 0$

$-1 \leq g(x) \leq 1$

$$c) f(x) = x - 2$$

Paso 0:

$$\frac{1+5}{2} = 2$$

Paso 1: $g(x)$

$$x+2=0$$

$$a) g(x) = x + x - 2 = 2x - 2$$

$$b) x = -2$$

Paso 2:

$$a) g(x) = 2x - 2$$

$$g(x)' = 2$$

$$b) g(x) = -2$$

$$g(x)' = 0$$

$$d) f(x) = 3x^3 - 2e^x + 9$$

Paso 0:

$$1c = \frac{0+1}{2} = 0.5$$

Paso 1:

$$3x^3 - 2e^x + 9 = 0$$

$$a) 3x^3 - 2e^x + 9 + x = x$$

$$b) x = \left(\frac{-2e^x + 9}{3} \right)^{1/3}$$

Paso 3:

$$g(0.5) = \left(\frac{-2e^{0.5} + 9}{3} \right)^{1/3} = 1.94$$

$$\epsilon = \left| \frac{1.94 - 0.5}{1.94} \right| = 0.65 \times 100 = 65.29\%$$

x	f(x)
0	0-2=-2
1	1-2=-1
2	2-2=0
3	3-2=1

Paso 3:

$$g(2) = -2$$

$$\epsilon = \left| \frac{-2-2}{-2} \right| = 2 \times 100 = 200\%$$

x	f(x)
0	3(0)^3 - 2e^{(0)} + 9 = 7
1	3(1)^3 - 2e^{(1)} + 9 = 12

Paso 2: $g(x)$

$$a) g(x) = 3x^3 - 2e^x + 9 + x$$

$$g(x)' = 9x^2 - 2e^x + 1$$

$$g(0.5)' = 3.24$$

$$b) g(x) = \left(\frac{-2e^x + 9}{3} \right)^{1/3}$$

$$g(x)' = \frac{2e^x}{3^2 \sqrt{3} (-2e^x + 9)^{2/3}}$$

$$g(0.5)' = \frac{2e^{(0.5)}}{3^2 \sqrt{3} (-2e^{0.5} + 9)^{2/3}}$$

$$g(0.5)' = -9.24 \times 10^{-11}$$

e) $f(x) = 4x^2 - 5x$
 $x_0 = 1$ $x_5 = 2$

Paso 1:
 $4x^2 - 5x = 0$

a) $x = 4x^2 - 5x + x$
 $x = 4x^2 - 4x$

b) $x = \frac{4x^2}{-5}$

c) $x = \left(\frac{5x}{4}\right)^{1/2}$

Paso 3:

① $g(1.5) = \left(\frac{5(1.5)}{4}\right)^{1/2} = 1.36$

$E = \left| \frac{1.36 - 1.5}{1.36} \right| \times 100 = 10.29$

② $g(1.36) = \left(\frac{5(1.36)}{4}\right)^{1/2} = 1.30$

$E = \left| \frac{1.30 - 1.36}{1.30} \right| \times 100 = 4.61$

Paso 0:
 $1.0 = \frac{1 + 2}{2} = 1.5$

Paso 2:

a) $g(x) = 4x^2 - 4x$
 $g(1.5) = 4(1.5)^2 - 4 = 9$

b) $g(x) = \frac{4x^2}{-5}$
 $g(1.5) = \frac{4(1.5)^2}{-5} = -3.6$

c) $g(x) = \left(\frac{5x}{4}\right)^{1/2}$

$g(x) = \frac{5}{2\sqrt{-5}}$

$g(1.5) = 0.95$

i	$g(x)$	E
1	1.5	
2	1.36	10.24%
3	1.30	4.61%

$$f) f(x) = e^{2x} - 5x$$

$x_1 = -2 \quad x_2 = 2$

Paso 1:

$$e^{2x} - 5x = 0$$

a) $e^{2x} - 5x + x = x = e^{2x} - 4x$

b) $x = \ln(5x)/2 \quad e^{2x} = 5x$

c) $x = \frac{e^{2x}}{5}$

Paso 3:

$$g(x) = \frac{\ln(5(x))}{2} = 0$$

$$E = \left| \frac{0-0}{0} \right| = 0\%$$

Paso 0:

$$10 = \frac{-2 \pm 2}{2} = 0$$

Paso 2:

a) $g(x) = e^{2x} - 4x$
 $g(x)' = 2e^{2x} - 4$
 $g(x)' = 2e^{2(0)} - 4$
 $g(x) = -2$

b) $g(x) = \frac{\ln(5x)}{2}$

$$g(x)' = \frac{1}{2x}$$

$$g(0)' = \frac{1}{2(0)} = 0$$

c) $g(x) = \frac{-e^{2x}}{5}$

$$g(x)' = \frac{-2e^{2x}}{5}$$

$$g(0) = \frac{-2e^{2(0)}}{5} = -0.4$$