```
1 import cv2 as cv
 2 import numpy as np
 3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 4 from google.colab.patches import cv2_imshow
 1 # Initialize YuNet face detector
 2 detector = cv.FaceDetectorYN.create(
       "/content/drive/MyDrive/ProgressSoft /face Bluring/model/face/face_detection_yunet_2023mar.onnx", # Path to YuNet ONNX model
      (320, 320),
                                                       # Input size
      0.5,
                                                       # Score threshold
      0.3,
                                                       # NMS threshold
 8
       5000
                                                       # Top K faces to detect
 9)
 1 path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/ProgressSoft /face Bluring/images'
 2 # Paths for input and output images
 3 source_image_path = path + "/rotated.png"
 4 result_image_path = path + "/result_gaussian_blur.jpg"
 1 # Load the input image
 2 img = cv.imread(source_image_path)
 3 if img is None:
      print("Error: Unable to load image.")
      exit()
 1 # Gets image dimensions
 2 height, width, _ = img.shape
 4 # Sets input size for the detector
 5 detector.setInputSize((width, height))
 7 # Detect faces
 8 result = detector.detect(img)
10 # Check if faces are detected
11 if result[1] is not None:
      print(f"Detected {len(result[1])} face(s) in the image.")
13
      for idx, face in enumerate(result[1]):
14
          # Extract face coordinates (x, y, width, height)
15
          coords = face[:-1].astype(np.int32)
          x, y, w, h = coords[0], coords[1], coords[2], coords[3]
16
17
18
          # Ensuring coordinates are within image bounds and dimensions are positive
19
          x = max(0, x)
20
          y = max(0, y)
21
          w = min(width - x, w) # Ensures width doesn't exceed image bounds
22
          h = min(height - y, h) # Ensures height doesn't exceed image bounds
23
24
          # Checking if the face region has valid dimensions before processing
25
          if w > 0 and h > 0:
26
               # Extracting the face region
27
               face_region = img[y:y+h, x:x+w]
```

28

29

#Applying Pixelation bluring to the face region

Step 1: Resizing the face region to a very small size (e.g., 10x10)

```
30
               small_face = cv.resize(face_region, (10, 10), interpolation=cv.INTER_NEAREST)
31
32
               # Step 2: Resizing the small face region back to its original size
33
               pixelated_face = cv.resize(small_face, (w, h), interpolation=cv.INTER_NEAREST)
34
35
               # # Apply Gaussian blur to the face region
               # blurred_face = cv.GaussianBlur(face_region, (31, 31), 30) # Kernel size and sigma
36
37
38
               # Replace the face region with the pixelated version
39
               img[y:y+h, x:x+w] = pixelated_face
40
          else:
               print(f"Warning: Skipping face with invalid dimensions (x=\{x\}, y=\{y\}, w=\{w\}, h=\{h\})")
41
    Detected 1 face(s) in the image.
1 print(result)
→ (1, None)
 1 # Save the output image
 2 cv.imwrite(result_image_path, img)
 3 print(f"Blurred image saved to {result_image_path}")
 5 # Display the result (optional)
 6 cv2_imshow(img)
 7 cv.waitKey(0)
 8 cv.destroyAllWindows()
```



