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قواعد النزاهة INTEGRITY RULES

Relational database integrity rules are very important to good database design. Many (but by no means all) RDBMS enforce integrity rules automatically. Those rules are:

قواعد تكامل قاعدة البيانات العلائقية مهمة جدًا لتصميم قاعدة بيانات جيدة. يفرض العديد من أنظمة RDBMS (ولكن ليس جميعها) قواعد النزاهة تلقائيًا. هذه القواعد هي:

1- ENTITY INTEGRITY 1- نزاهة الكيان

All primary key entries are **unique**, and no part of primary key may be null (**not null**). Each row will have a unique identity, and foreign key values can properly reference primary key values, for example... No invoice can have a duplicate number, nor can it be null. In short, all invoices are uniquely identified by their invoice number.

جميع إدخالات المفتاح الأساسي فريدة ، ولا يجوز أن يكون أي جزء من المفتاح الأساسي فارغًا (وليس فارغًا). سيكون لكل صف هوية فريدة ، ويمكن لقيم المفاتيح الخارجية أن تشير بشكل صحيح إلى قيم المفاتيح الأساسية ، على سبيل المثال ... لا يمكن أن تحتوي الفاتورة على رقم مكرر ، ولا يمكن أن تكون فارغة. باختصار ، يتم تحديد جميع الفواتير بشكل فريد من خلال رقم الفاتورة.

2- REFERENTIAL INTEGRITY التكامل المرجعي

A foreign key may have either a null entry, as long as it is not a part of its table's primary key, or an entry that matches the primary key value in a table to which it is related. (every non –null foreign key value must reference an existing primary key value). It is possible for an attribute not to have corresponding value, but it will be impossible to have an invalid entry. for example, A Customer might not yet have an assigned sales representative(number),but it will be impossible to have an invalid sales representative(number).as in figure below:

قد يحتوي المفتاح الخارجي إما على إدخال فارغ ، طالما أنه ليس جزءًا من المفتاح الأساسي للجدول ، أو إدخالاً يطابق قيمة المفتاح الأساسي في الجدول المرتبط به. (يجب أن تشير كل قيمة مفتاح خارجي غير كاملة إلى قيمة مفتاح أساسي موجودة). من الممكن ألا يكون للسمة قيمة مقابلة ، ولكن سيكون من المستحيل أن يكون لها إدخال غير صالح. على سبيل المثال ، قد لا يكون لدى العميل (رقم) مندوب مبيعات معين ، ولكن سيكون من المستحيل أن يكون لديك (رقم) مندوب مبيعات غير صالح ، كما هو موضح في الشكل أدناه:

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Table nam Primary ke							Databa	se name: Ch03	InsureCo
oreign ke									
		CUS_FNAME	CUS_INITIAL	CUS_AREACODE	- Children - Children	NE CUS_INSURE_TYPE	CUS_INSURE_AMT	CUS_RENEW_DATE	AGENT_CODE
10010		Alfred	A	615	844-2573	T1	100.00	05-Apr-2008	50
10011		Leona	K	713	894-1238	T1	250.00	16-Jun-2008	50
10012		The state of the s	W	615	894-2285	S2	150.00	29-Jan-2009	50
10013		Paul	F	615	894-2180	S1	300.00	14-Oct-2008	50
10014		Myron		615	222-1672	T1	100.00	28-Dec-2008	50
10015		Amy	B	713	442-3381	T2	850.00	22-Sep-2008	50
10016		The state of the s	G	615	297-1228	S1	120.00	25-Mar-2009	50
10017		George		615	290-2556	S1	250.00	17-Jul-2008	50:
10018 F		Service and the service and th	G	713	382-7185	T2	100.00	03-Dec-2008	50
10019	Smith	Olette	K	615	297-3809	S2	500.00	14-Mar-2009	500
rimary ke oreign ke			AGENT PH	ONE AGENT L	NAME (A	GENT_YTD_SLS			
	01 713				-INMINIE A				
			228-1249	Alby		132735.75			
	02 615		882-1244	Hahn		138967.35			
	03 615		123-5589	Okon		127093.45			

To avoid nulls, some designers use special codes, known as flags, to indicate the absence of some value.

لتجنب القيم الخالية ، يستخدم بعض المصممين رموزًا خاصة ، تُعرف باسم الأعلام ، للإشارة إلى عدم وجود بعض القيمة.

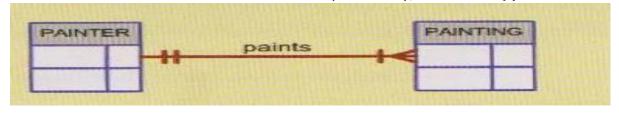
AGENT_CODE	AGENT_AREACODE	AGENT_PHONE	AGENT_LNAME	AGENT YTD SALES
-99	000	000-0000	None	\$0.00

RELATIONSHIPS WITHIN THE RELATIONAL DATABASE

العلاقات ضمن قاعدة البيانات ذات الصلة

1- THE 1:M RELATIONSHIP It is the relational database norm

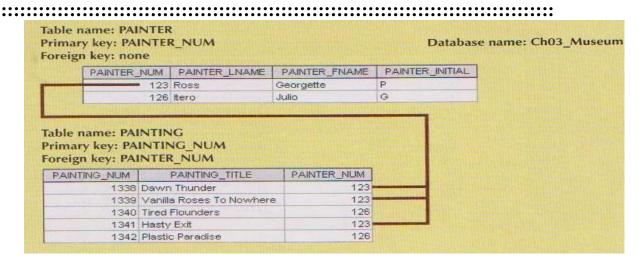
1- العلاقة الأولى: م إنها قاعدة قاعدة البيانات العلائقية



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CRS CODE	DEPT CODE					
ACCT-211	ACCT	CRS_DESCRI	TION C	RS_CREDI	T	
ACCT-212	ACCT	Accounting I			3	
CIS-220	CIS	Accounting II			3	
CIS-420	CIS	Intro. to Microcomputing			3	
QM-261	CIS	Database Design and Implementation			4	
	CIS	Intro. to Statistics			3	
GRM-362	CIS	Statistical Applications			4	
CLASS_CODE			CLASS_TIME		ASS_ROOM	PROF_NUM
CLASS_CODE		E CLASS_SECTION				
CLASS_CODE 10012 10013	CRS_COD		MVVF 8:00-8:50 a.	m. BUS	311	105
CLASS_CODE 10012 10013 10014	ACCT-211	1	MVVF 8:00-8:50 a. MVVF 9:00-9:50 a.	m. BUS	311	105 105
CLASS_CODE 10012 10013 10014 10015	ACCT-211	1 2	MVVF 8:00-8:50 a. MVVF 9:00-9:50 a. TTh 2:30-3:45 p.m	m. BUS	311 200 252	105 105 342
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CLASS_CODE 10012 10013 10014 10015 10016 10017	ACCT-211 ACCT-211 ACCT-211 ACCT-211 ACCT-212 ACCT-212	1 2 3 1 2	MVVF 8:00-8:50 a MVVF 9:00-9:50 a TTh 2:30-3:45 p.m MVVF 10:00-10:50 Th 6:00-8:40 p.m. MVVF 9:00-9:50 a	m. BUS n. BUS n. BUS n. BUS n. BUS n. KLR	311 3200 3252 311 352 209	105 105 342 301 301 228
CLASS_CODE 10012 10013 10014 10015 10016 10017 10018	CRS_COD ACCT-211 ACCT-211 ACCT-211 ACCT-212 ACCT-212 CIS-220	1 2 3 1 1 2	M/VF 8:00-8:50 a M/VF 9:00-9:50 a TTh 2:30-3:45 p.m M/VF 10:00-10:50 Th 6:00-8:40 p.m. M/VF 9:00-9:50 a M/VF 9:00-9:50 a	m. BUS n. BUS n. BUS n. BUS n. BUS m. KLR m. KLR	311 2200 2252 311 2252 209 211	105 105 342 301 301 228 114
CLASS_CODE 10012 10013 10013 10014 10015 10016 10017 10018 10019 10020	CRS_COD ACCT-211 ACCT-211 ACCT-211 ACCT-212 ACCT-212 CIS-220 CIS-220	1 2 3 1 2 1 2	M/VF 8:00-8:50 a M/VF 9:00-9:50 a TTh 2:30-3:45 p.m M/VF 10:00-10:50 Th 6:00-8:40 p.m. M/VF 9:00-9:50 a M/VF 9:00-9:50 a M/VF 10:00-10:50	m. Bus n. Bus n. Bus a.m. Bus m. KLR m. KLR	311 2200 2252 311 2252 2252 209 211 209	105 105 342 301 301 228 114 228
CLASS_CODE 10012 10013 10014 10015 10016 10017 10018 10019 10020 10021	CRS_COD ACCT-211 ACCT-211 ACCT-211 ACCT-212 ACCT-212 CIS-220 CIS-220 CIS-220	1 2 3 1 2 1 2 1 2	MVF 8:00-8:50 a MVF 9:00-9:50 a Th 2:30-3:45 p.m MVF 10:00-10:50 Th 6:00-8:40 p.m MVF 9:00-9:50 a MVF 9:00-9:50 a MVF 10:00-10:50 V 6:00-8:40 p.m	m. Bus n. Bus n. Bus a.m. Bus m. KLR m. KLR KKLR	3311 3200 3252 3311 252 209 211 209 209	105 105 342 301 301 228 114 228 162
CLASS_CODE 10012 10013 10014 10015 10016 10017 10018 10019 10020 10021	CRS_COD ACCT-211 ACCT-211 ACCT-211 ACCT-212 ACCT-212 CIS-220 CIS-220 CIS-220 CIS-220 CIS-420	1 2 3 1 2 1 2 2 3	MVVF 8:00-8:50 a MVVF 9:00-9:50 a TTh 2:30-3:45 p.m MVVF 10:00-10:50 Th 6:00-8:40 p.m MVVF 9:00-9:50 a MVVF 10:00-10:50 MVVF 10:00-8:40 p.m MVVF 8:00-8:50 a.m	m. BUS n. BUS n. BUS n. KLR m. KLR KLR m. KLR	3311 5200 5252 3311 5252 209 211 209 209	105 105 342 301 301 228 114 228 162 114
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2- THE 1:1 RELATIONSHIP

In this relationship, one entity can be can be related to only one other entity, and vice versa. It should be rare in any relational database design.

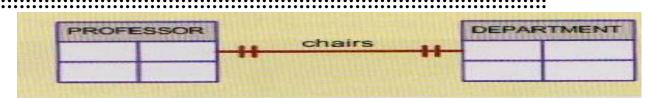
العلاقة 1:1 .2

في هذه العلاقة ، يمكن أن يرتبط كيان واحد بكيان آخر فقط ، والعكس صحيح. يجب أن يكون نادرًا في أي تصميم لقاعدة بيانات علائقية

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	e: PROFESS					Database name: Cl	n03_Tin
	y: DEPT_CO	PROF_OFFICE	PROF EXTENSION	PROF HIGH	DEGREE		
	HIST	DRE 156	6783	Ph.D.			
	ENG	DRE 102	5561	MA			
	ACCT	KLR 229D	8665	Ph.D.			
	MKT/MGT	KLR 126	3899	Ph.D.			
	BIOL	AAK 160	3412	Ph.D.	ALC: N		
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	ACCT	KLR 211	4436	Ph.D.	5111		
	MATH	AAK 201	4440	Ph.D.	The second second		
	ENG	DRE 102	2248	Ph.D.			
162		KLR 203E	2359	Ph.D.	The second second		
	MKT/MGT	KLR 409B	4016	DBA			
	PSYCH	AAK 297	3550	Ph.D.			
	CIS	KLR 333	3421	Ph.D.			
	CIS	KLR 300	3000	Ph.D.			
	MATH	AAK 194	1145	Ph.D.			
	ECON/FIN	KLR 284	2851	Ph.D.			
The second secon	ACCT	KLR 244	4683	Ph.D.	1911		
	ENG	DRE 208	2000	Ph.D.	Hill		
The second second second	soc	BBG 208	5514	Ph.D.			
387	BIOL	AAK 230	8665	Ph.D.			
	HIST	DRE 156	6783	MA			
425	ECON/FIN	KLR 284	2851	MBA			
435	ART	BBG 185	2278	Ph.D.			
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Table nam Primary ke Foreign ke DEPT_COD ACCT ART	ee: DEPART/ ey: DEPT_C ey: EMP_NU E DEPT Accounting Fine Arts Biology	MENT ODE JM T_NAME	SCHOOL_CODE EN	The 1:1 P is implem EMP_NUM DEP 114 KLR 2 435 BBG 1 387 AAK 2 209 KLR 3	in the PRO ROFESSOR of the through	chairs DEPARTMENT augh the placement of	relationsh of the
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3- THE M:N RELATIONSHIP

A many-to-many relationship is not supported directly in the relational environment. However, this relationship can be implemented by creating a new entity in 1: M relationships with the original entities.

3- العلاقة M: N

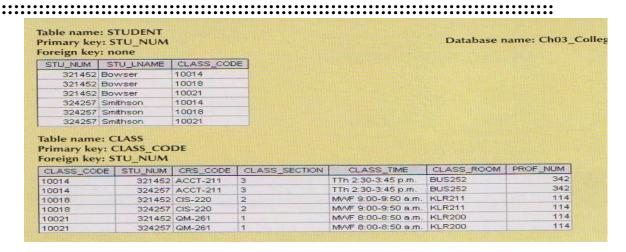
لا يتم دعم علاقة أطراف بأطراف مباشرة في البيئة العلائقية. ومع ذلك ، يمكن تنفيذ هذه العلاقة عن طريق إنشاء كيان جديد في علاقات 1:M مع الكيانات الأصلية.



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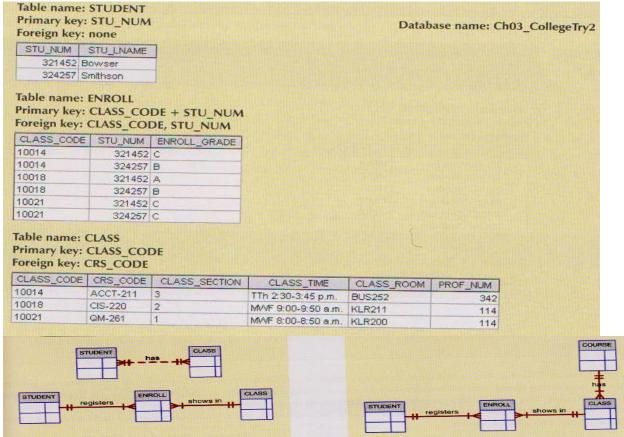


- The tables create many redundancies(STU_NUM).
- Given this structure, the relational operations become very complex. This problem can easily be avoided by creating a **composite entity**

This problem can easily be avoided by creating a **composite entity** also referred to as a **bridge entity** or an **associative entity**.

- تخلق الجداول العديد من حالات التكرار (STU_NUM).
- بالنظر إلى هذا الهيكل ، تصبح العمليات العلائقية معقدة للْغاية.

يمكن تجنب هذه المشكلة بسهولة عن طريق إنشاء كيان مركب يشار إليه أيضًا باسم كيان جسر أو كيان ترابط.



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