

Decision Tree Classifiers

```
In [74]: # import the libraries
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
```

```
In [75]: # import the data set
df = pd.read_csv("biryani.csv")
df.head()
```

```
Out[75]:
```

	age	height	weight	gender	likeness
0	27	170.688	76.0	Male	Biryani
1	41	165.000	70.0	Male	Biryani
2	29	171.000	80.0	Male	Biryani
3	27	173.000	102.0	Male	Biryani
4	29	164.000	67.0	Male	Biryani

```
In [76]: # Changing the data from string to numeric in gender
df["gender"] = df['gender'].replace("Male", 1)
df["gender"] = df['gender'].replace("Female", 0)
df.head()
```

```
Out[76]:
```

	age	height	weight	gender	likeness
0	27	170.688	76.0	1	Biryani
1	41	165.000	70.0	1	Biryani
2	29	171.000	80.0	1	Biryani
3	27	173.000	102.0	1	Biryani
4	29	164.000	67.0	1	Biryani

Selection of the input and Output variables

```
In [77]: x = df[['weight', 'gender']]
y = df['likeness']

x.head()
```

```
Out[77]:
```

	weight	gender
0	76.0	1

	weight	gender
1	70.0	1
2	80.0	1
3	102.0	1
4	67.0	1

In [78]: `y.head()`

Out[78]:

```
0    Biryani
1    Biryani
2    Biryani
3    Biryani
4    Biryani
Name: likeness, dtype: object
```

In [80]:

```
# import the library deciesion tree and train the model
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
# graph
from sklearn import tree
#create the model and fit it
model = DecisionTreeClassifier().fit(x,y)
model.predict([[80,1]])
```

C:\Users\Asfandyar\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python310\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:450: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but DecisionTreeClassifier was fitted with feature names

Out[80]:

```
warnings.warn(
array(['Biryani'], dtype=object)
```

Let run the Graph of the Decision Tree

In [82]:

```
tree.export_graphviz(model,
                      out_file="foodies.dot",
                      feature_names=['age', 'gender'],
                      class_names=sorted(y.unique()),
                      label='all',
                      rounded=True,
                      filled=True)
```

In [19]:

```
# how to measure the accuracy of out model
# split the data into test and train (80/20)
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
# Split the weights
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2 ,random_state=0)
# create the model and train on the x_train and y_train
model1= DecisionTreeClassifier().fit (x_train,y_train)
# NOW do prediction of the x_test and then we have to compare the actual result of the
# prediction
```

```
predicted=model1.predict(x_test)
print ("Prediction of test data are as below",predicted)
```

Prediction of test data are as below ['Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Pakora' 'Biryani' 'Samosa' 'Biryani' 'Pakora' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Samosa' 'Samosa' 'Samosa' 'Pakora' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Pakora' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Samosa' 'Biryani' 'Samosa' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Samosa' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani' 'Biryani']

Now Compare the prediction and the actual values

```
In [24]: score = accuracy_score(y_test , predicted)
score
```

Out[24]: 0.6122448979591837

Find the accuracy of the Simple linear Regression

Step 1: Import the DataSet

```
In [58]: # import the libraries
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

```
In [59]: import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv("ml_data_salary.csv")
df.head()
```

```
Out[59]:
```

	age	distance	YearsExperience	Salary
0	31.1	77.75	1.1	39343
1	31.3	78.25	1.3	46205
2	31.5	78.75	1.5	37731
3	32.0	80.00	2.0	43525
4	32.2	80.50	2.2	39891

Step 2: Splitting Dataset into Training Data and testing Data

```
In [60]: x= df[["YearsExperience"]]
y= df[["Salary"]]
```

```
In [61]: # import Library
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2 ,random_state=0)
```

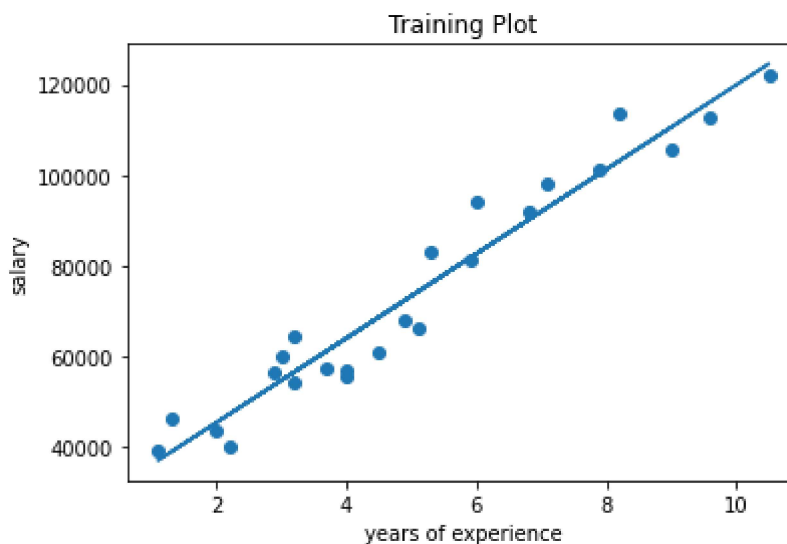
Step-3 Fit the Model

```
In [62]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
model=LinearRegression().fit(x_train,y_train)
model
```

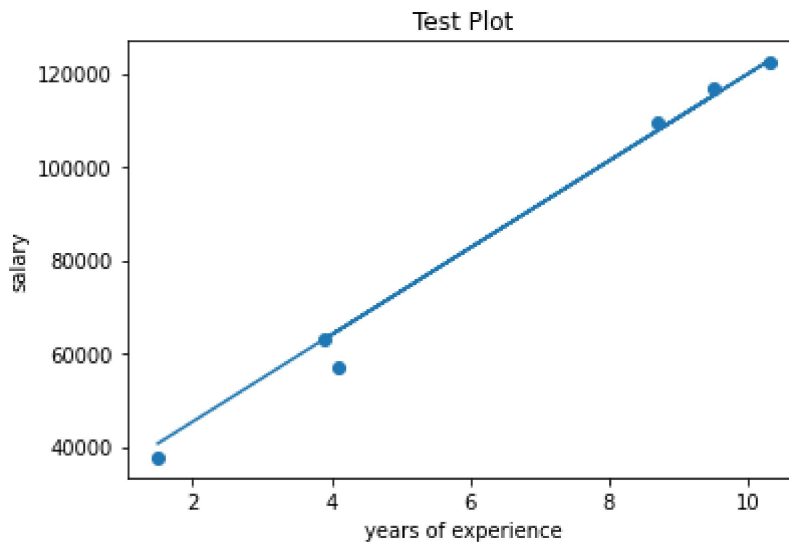
Out[62]: LinearRegression()

Step-4 Plotting

```
In [49]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.scatter(x_train,y_train)
# make plot with prediction
plt.plot(x_train,model.predict(x_train))
# Labeling the plot
plt.xlabel("years of experience")
plt.ylabel("salary")
plt.title("Training Plot")
plt.show()
```



```
In [50]: plt.scatter(x_test,y_test)
# make plot with prediction
plt.plot(x_test,model.predict(x_test))
# Labeling the plot
plt.xlabel("years of experience")
plt.ylabel("salary")
plt.title("Test Plot")
plt.show()
```



Step-5 Evaluating

```
In [52]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
print ("Score of train model",model.score(x_test,y_test))
print ("Score of test model",model.score(x_train,y_train))
# predicted_R=model.predict(x_test)
# score = accuracy_score(y_test , predicted_R)
# print ("Score of test model",score)
```

Score of train model 0.988169515729126
Score of test model 0.9411949620562126

```
In [54]: predicted_R=model.predict(x_test)
predicted_R
```

```
Out[54]: array([ 40748.96184072, 122699.62295594,  64961.65717022,  63099.14214487,
        115249.56285456, 107799.50275317])
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [57]: score1 = accuracy_score(y_test , predicted_R)
score1
```

ValueError Traceback (most recent call last)

Input In [57], in <module>

```
----> 1 score1 = accuracy_score(y_test , predicted_R)
      2 score1
```

File ~\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python310\site-packages\sklearn\metrics_classification.p
y:211, in accuracy_score(y_true, y_pred, normalize, sample_weight)

```
145 """Accuracy classification score.
146
147 In multilabel classification, this function computes subset accuracy:
(... )
207 0.5
208 """
```

```

210 # Compute accuracy for each possible representation
--> 211 y_type, y_true, y_pred = _check_targets(y_true, y_pred)
212 check_consistent_length(y_true, y_pred, sample_weight)
213 if y_type.startswith("multilabel"):

File ~\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python310\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\_classification.p
y:93, in _check_targets(y_true, y_pred)
    90     y_type = {"multiclass"}
    92     if len(y_type) > 1:
--> 93         raise ValueError(
    94             "Classification metrics can't handle a mix of {0} and {1} targets".form
at(
    95         type_true, type_pred
    96     )
    97 )
    99 # We can't have more than one value on y_type => The set is no more needed
100 y_type = y_type.pop()

```

ValueError: Classification metrics can't handle a mix of multiclass and continuous targets

Why the accuracy_score is not working

for classification we use metric structure and for Simple Linear Regression we use RMSE and MSE \

Function used

sklearn.metrics.mean_squared_error(y_true, y_pred, *, sample_weight=None, multioutput='uniform_average', squared=True)\ squared = If **True** returns MSE value, if False returns RMSE value.

Finding MSE

```

In [66]: # import Library
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
#find MSE
mse=mean_squared_error(y_test, predicted_R, squared=False)
print ("MSE for the model is :",mse)

```

MSE for the model is : 3580.979237321343

```

In [68]: print (y_test)

2      37731
28     122391
13      57081
10      63218
26     116969
24     109431
Name: Salary, dtype: int64

```

```

In [69]: print (predicted_R)

```

```
[ 40748.96184072 122699.62295594 64961.65717022 63099.14214487
 115249.56285456 107799.50275317]
```

Find out RMSE

```
In [70]: RMSE=mean_squared_error(y_test, predicted_R, squared=True)
print ("RMSE for the model is :",RMSE)
```

RMSE for the model is : 12823412.298126549

Train and Save the model

```
In [90]: # import Library
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

import joblib
# fit the model
models= DecisionTreeClassifier()
joblib.dump(model,"foodie.joblib")
```

Out[90]: ['foodie.joblib']

Take the data and load it

```
In [84]: # import the data
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
# Loading the data
dfs=pd.read_csv("bayani.csv")
dfs.head()
```

Out[84]:

	age	height	weight	gender	likeness
0	27	170.688	76.0	Male	Biryani
1	41	165.000	70.0	Male	Biryani
2	29	171.000	80.0	Male	Biryani
3	27	173.000	102.0	Male	Biryani
4	29	164.000	67.0	Male	Biryani

```
In [85]: # change the male to 1 and female
dfs['gender']=dfs['gender'].replace('Male',1)
dfs['gender']=dfs['gender'].replace('Female',0)

dfs.head()
```

```
Out[85]:
```

	age	height	weight	gender	likeness
0	27	170.688	76.0	1	Biryani
1	41	165.000	70.0	1	Biryani
2	29	171.000	80.0	1	Biryani
3	27	173.000	102.0	1	Biryani
4	29	164.000	67.0	1	Biryani

```
In [91]: # input and outputs!!
xx=dfs [['weight','gender']]
yy=dfs ['likeness']
```

Load the Model which is Saved

```
In [92]: modelss=joblib.load("foodie.joblib")
```

Now pass the Data

```
In [94]: #assign the model that is fit to xx,yy in mods
x_train1,x_test1,y_train1,y_test1=train_test_split(xx,yy,test_size=0.2 ,random_state=0)
mods=modelss.fit(x_train1,y_train1)
# now prediction on the test and than accuracy
pred=mods.predict(x_test1)
pred
```

```
Out[94]: array(['Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Pakora', 'Biryani', 'Samosa', 'Biryani',
        'Pakora', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Samosa', 'Samosa',
        'Samosa', 'Pakora', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani',
        'Biryani', 'Pakora', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani',
        'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Samosa', 'Biryani', 'Samosa',
        'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani',
        'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Samosa', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani',
        'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani', 'Biryani',
        'Biryani'], dtype=object)
```

Finally we found Accuracy from Loading the Model !!

```
In [95]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
score = accuracy_score(y_test1 , pred)
score
```

```
Out[95]: 0.6122448979591837
```