Machine Learning

Simple Linear Regression

You have to install Scikit-learn via pip install scikit-learn

How Scikit-learn Works!!

1) Data ---> Model ---> Prediction 2) Give Data to the model and divide it into test and train data 3) *Test* data is use to test he mode when its made and *Train* data is use to train the model 4) MOdel is first created and then Model Learns and then it will predict

Data --> Split_data--> Create_model--> learn the model(fiting)-->Test model---> **Prediction**

Explaination and Task in Simple Linear Regression

1) We have have two continuous variables one is dependent and other is independent

y=a+bx (where y is dependent and x is independent, a is the y-intercept) \ b = slop

How to Find out Slop ----> (Task)

a = (y2-y1)/(x2-x1) where xi and yi are the points on x and y a = slope(x1, y1) = coordinates of first point in the line (x2, y2) = coordinates of second point in the line

Step 1: Import the DataSet

```
import pandas as pd
    df = pd.read_csv("ml_data_salary.csv")
        df.head()
```

Out[216... age distance YearsExperience Salary **0** 31.1 77.75 1.1 39343 31.3 78.25 1.3 46205 31.5 78.75 1.5 37731 32.0 80.00 2.0 43525 32.2 80.50 2.2 39891

Check and Remove the null values

```
In [217... df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[217... age 0 distance 0 YearsExperience 0 Salary 0 dtype: int64
```

Step 2: Splitting Dataset into Training Data and testing Data

```
In [218... x= df [["YearsExperience"]]
y= df ["Salary"]

In []:

In [219... # import library
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2 ,random_state=0)
```

Step-3 Fit the Model

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    model=LinearRegression().fit(x_train,y_train)
    model

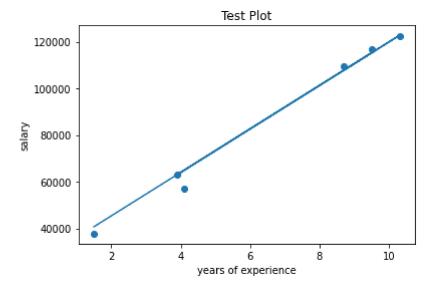
Out[220...
LinearRegression()
```

Step-4 Ploting

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as pt
pt.scatter(x_train,y_train)
# make plot with prediction
pt.plot(x_train,model.predict(x_train))
# Labeling the plot
pt.xlabel("years of experience")
pt.ylabel("salary")
pt.title("Training Plot")
pt.show()
```



```
In [222...
pt.scatter(x_test,y_test)
# make plot with prediction
pt.plot(x_test,model.predict(x_test))
# Labeling the plot
pt.xlabel("years of experience")
pt.ylabel("salary")
pt.title("Test Plot")
pt.show()
```



Step-5 Evaluating

```
In [223... print ("Score of train model", model.score(x_test,y_test))
    print ("Score of test model", model.score(x_train,y_train))

Score of train model 0.988169515729126
Score of test model 0.9411949620562126

In [208... # x=([3],[5],[7])
    # model.predict(x)
```

Multiple Linear Regression

More than two variables like age and year of experience as independent variable and dependent is one i.e Salary

```
In [224...
           # import libararies we have already imported them
           df = pd.read csv("ml data salary.csv")
           df.head()
             age distance YearsExperience Salary
Out[224...
          0 31.1
                     77.75
                                          39343
                                      1.1
            31.3
                    78.25
                                      1.3 46205
            31.5
                    78.75
                                      1.5 37731
            32.0
                    80.00
                                      2.0 43525
          4 32.2
                                      2.2 39891
                    80.50
In [225...
          x=df[["age","distance","YearsExperience"]]
          y=df["Salary"]
In [226...
           # creating the model
          model = LinearRegression().fit(x,y)
          model
          LinearRegression()
Out[226...
In [227...
           # to see the coffiencts
          model.coef
          array([-2.79782201e+15, 1.10953700e+15, 2.39795093e+13])
Out[227...
In [228...
           # to see the intercept
          model.intercept_
          719385278130753.2
Out[228...
In [229...
          model.predict([[31.1,77.75,1.1]])
          C:\Users\Asfandyar\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python310\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:450: U
          serWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but LinearRegression was fitted with fe
          ature names
            warnings.warn(
         array([36205.125])
Out[229...
```

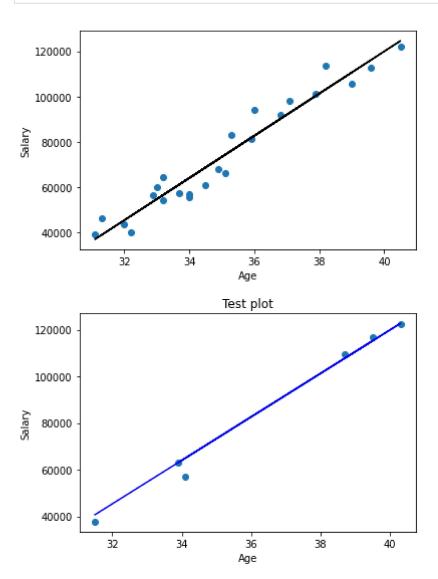
Efficeny with out the split and with split

Assignment

How to plot multiple linear reg model? \ How test the efficency of model?

```
In [238...
           import pandas as pd
           df1 = pd.read csv("ml data salary.csv")
          df1.head()
Out[238...
             age distance YearsExperience Salary
          0 31.1
                    77.75
                                     1.1 39343
          1 31.3
                    78.25
                                     1.3 46205
          2 31.5
                    78.75
                                     1.5 37731
           32.0
                    80.00
                                     2.0 43525
          4 32.2
                    80.50
                                     2.2 39891
In [239...
          ages= df1[['age']]
          dist= df1[['distance']]
          yearss = df1[['YearsExperience']]
           sals= df1['Salary']
In [240...
          # Lets train the model and test it
          from sklearn.model selection import train test split
          x_train ,x_test ,y_train, y_test =train_test_split(ages, sals, test_size=0.2, random_st
          model= LinearRegression().fit(x train, y train)
          model
          LinearRegression()
Out[240...
In [241...
          ## NOw ploting
          pt.scatter(x_train, y_train)
           pt.plot(x_train, model.predict(x_train), color= "black")
          pt.xlabel("Age")
          pt.ylabel("Salary")
           pt.title("Train plot",color="white")
          pt.show()
           pt.scatter(x_test, y_test)
          pt.plot(x_test, model.predict(x_test), color= "blue")
          pt.xlabel("Age")
          pt.ylabel("Salary")
          pt.title("Test plot")
          pt.show()
          # pt.xlabel("years of experience",color="white")
          # pt.ylabel("salary",color="white")
```

```
# pt.title("Test Plot",color="white")
# pt.show()
```



Efficiency and Accuracy!!

```
print ("Accuracy of the age and salary mode full model", model.score(ages, sals))
print ("Train model score: ", model.score(x_train, y_train))
print ("Test model score: ", model.score(x_test, y_test))
```

Accuracy of the age and salary mode full model 0.9566628347576891

Train model score: 0.9411949620562127 Test model score: 0.988169515729126

Year and Salary

```
In [243...
x1_train, x1_test, y1_train, y1_test= train_test_split(yearss, sals, test_size=0.2, ran
model1= LinearRegression().fit(x1_train, y1_train)
model1
# ages= df[['age']]
```

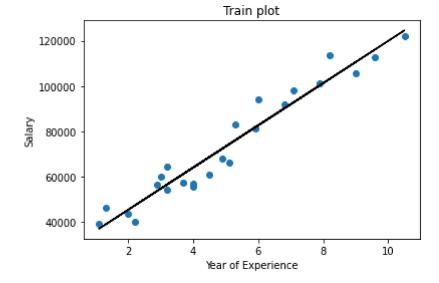
```
# dist= df[['distance']]
# yearss = df[['YearsExperience']]
# sals= df['Salary']
```

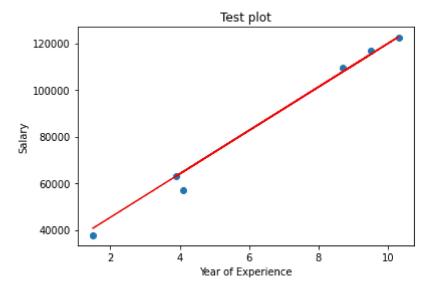
Out[243... LinearRegression()

Ploting the Graphs

```
In [244...
    pt.scatter(x1_train, y1_train)
    pt.plot(x1_train, model1.predict(x1_train), color= "black")
    pt.xlabel("Year of Experience")
    pt.ylabel("Salary")
    pt.title("Train plot")
    pt.show()

pt.scatter(x1_test, y1_test)
    pt.plot(x1_test, model1.predict(x1_test), color= "red")
    pt.xlabel("Year of Experience")
    pt.ylabel("Salary")
    pt.title("Test plot")
    pt.show()
```





Efficiency and Accuracy of the Year Experience and Salary !!

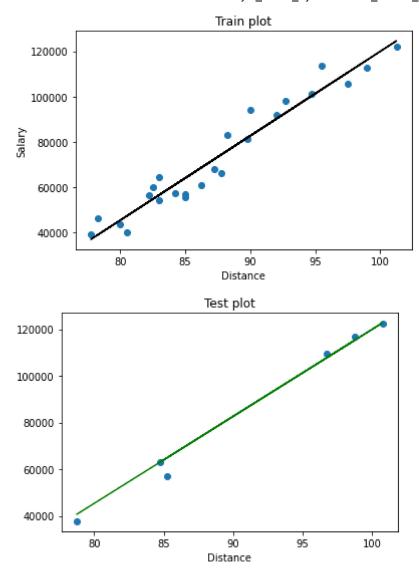
```
print ("Accuracy of model with out split", model1.score(yearss, sals))
print ("Train model score: ", model1.score(x1_train, y1_train))
print ("Test model score: ", model1.score(x1_test, y1_test))

Accuracy of model with out split 0.9566628347576891
```

Train model score: 0.9411949620562126 Test model score: 0.988169515729126

Distance and Salary

```
In [246...
          disx_train, disx_test, y11_train, y11_test= train_test_split(dist, sals, test_size=0.2,
          model2= LinearRegression().fit(disx train, y11 train)
          model2
         LinearRegression()
Out[246...
In [247...
          pt.scatter(disx train, y11 train)
          pt.plot(disx_train, model2.predict(disx_train), color= "black")
          pt.xlabel("Distance")
          pt.ylabel("Salary")
          pt.title("Train plot")
          pt.show()
          pt.scatter(disx_test, y11_test)
          pt.plot(disx_test, model2.predict(disx_test), color= "green")
          pt.xlabel("Distance")
          pt.title("Test plot")
          pt.show()
```



Efficiency Distance and Salary !!

```
In [248...
# ages= df[['age']]
# dist= df[['distance']]
# yearss = df[['YearsExperience']]
# sals= df['Salary']
print ("Accuracy of the Distance and salary model without split", model2.score(dist, sal print ("Train model score: ", model2.score(disx_train, y11_train))
print ("Test model score: ", model2.score(disx_test, y11_test))
```

Accuracy of the Distance and salary model without split 0.9566628347576892

Train model score: 0.9411949620562127 Test model score: 0.988169515729126