



< Level 1 >

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Description

Editorial

Solutions (8K)

Submissions

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1480. Running Sum of 1d Array

Hint



1

Easy

6.4K

300



Companies

Given an array `nums`. We define a running sum of an array as `runningSum[i] = sum(nums[0]...nums[i])`.



Return the running sum of `nums`.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [1,2,3,4]`

Output: `[1,3,6,10]`

Explanation: Running sum is obtained as follows: `[1, 1+2, 1+2+3, 1+2+3+4]`.

⋮

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [1,1,1,1,1]`

Output: `[1,2,3,4,5]`

Explanation: Running sum is obtained as follows: `[1, 1+1, 1+1+1, 1+1+1+1, 1+1+1+1+1]`.

Example 3:

Input: `nums = [3,1,2,10,1]`

Output: `[3,4,6,16,17]`

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 1000$
- $-10^6 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^6$

Accepted 1.4M

Submissions 1.6M

Acceptance Rate 87.6%

Console ^