

NoSql Database Management System

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Lab5. Retail Sales Analytics Part-II

Question1: Write 3 queries with at least 1 join per query.

SQL> select stores.store_id,stores.type,sales.dept from stores left join sales on stores.store_id=sales_id where stores.store_id<=2;

| STORE_ID | TYPE | DEPT |
|----------|------|------|
| 1 | A | 1 |
| 2 | A | 1 |

SQL> select stores.store_id,stores.type,sales.dept from stores inner join sales on stores.store_id=sales_id where stores.store_id<=2 and sales_id<=2;

| STORE_ID | TYPE | DEPT |
|----------|------|------|
| 1 | A | 1 |
| 2 | A | 1 |

SQL> select stores.store_id,stores.type,sales.dept from stores inner join sales on stores.store_id=sales_id where stores.type='B';

| STORE_ID | TYPE | DEPT |
|----------|------|------|
| 3 | B | 1 |
| 5 | B | 1 |
| 7 | B | 1 |
| 9 | B | 1 |
| 10 | B | 1 |

| | | |
|----|---|---|
| 12 | B | 1 |
| 15 | B | 1 |
| 16 | B | 1 |
| 17 | B | 1 |
| 18 | B | 1 |
| 21 | B | 1 |
| 22 | B | 1 |
| 23 | B | 1 |
| 25 | B | 1 |
| 29 | B | 1 |
| 35 | B | 1 |
| 45 | B | 1 |

Question2: Write at least 3 queries that must use outer joins.

SQL> select sales.sales_id,weekly_sales from sales full outer join stores on
stores.store_id=sales_id where sales_id<=2 and stores.store_id<=2;

| SALES_ID | WEEKLY_SALES |
|----------|--------------|
| 1 | 24924.5 |
| 2 | 46039.49 |

SQL> select sales.sales_id,weekly_sales from sales full outer join stores on
dept=stores.store_id where sales_id<=2 and stores.type='A';

| SALES_ID | WEEKLY_SALES |
|----------|--------------|
| 1 | 24924.5 |
| 2 | 46039.49 |

SQL> select sales.sales_id,weekly_sales from sales full outer join stores on
sales_id=stores.store_id where isholiday='TRUE' and sales_id<=10;

| SALES_ID | WEEKLY_SALES |
|----------|--------------|
| 2 | 46039.49 |

Lab 6: NoSQL Database Management Lab

Question: Develop aggregate queries in SQL on Retail dataset as follows

- Write 6 SQL queries with aggregation.
- At least 1 aggregate function per query.

- At least 2/5 aggregate functions among the 6 queries.
- At least 4 GROUP BY clauses among the 6 queries.
- At least 3 HAVING clauses among the 6 queries.

SQL> select count(store_id),count(sales_id),count(dept) from sales;

| COUNT(STORE_ID) | COUNT(SALES_ID) | COUNT(DEPT) |
|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| 421570 | 421570 | 421570 |

SQL> select store_id,max(temperature),min(temperature) from features where store_id=5 group by store_id;

| STORE_ID | MAX(TEMPERATURE) | MIN(TEMPERATURE) |
|----------|------------------|------------------|
| 5 | 91.07 | 37.74 |

SQL> select avg(weekly_sales),count(store_id) from sales group by store_id having store_id=5;

| AVG(WEEKLY_SALES) | COUNT(STORE_ID) |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| 5053.41581 | 8999 |

SQL> select avg(temperature),avg(fuel_price) from features group by store_id having store_id=5;

| AVG(TEMPERATURE) | AVG(FUEL_PRICE) |
|------------------|-----------------|
| 68.2245055 | 3.25924176 |

SQL> select max(fuel_price),min(fuel_price) from features group by store_id having store_id=5;

| MAX(FUEL_PRICE) | MIN(FUEL_PRICE) |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 3.907 | 2.514 |

SQL> select avg(size_),max(size_),min(size_) from stores;

| AVG(SIZE_) | MAX(SIZE_) | MIN(SIZE_) |
|------------|------------|------------|
| 130287.6 | 219622 | 34875 |