

Pizza Liking Prediction using KNN

Name:P.Asha Belcilda

Roll no:225229104

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
```

Step2.Import dataset

```
In [2]: pizza_data=pd.read_csv('pizza.csv')
pizza_data.head()
```

Out[2]:

	age	weight	likePizza
0	50	65	0
1	20	55	1
2	15	40	1
3	70	65	0
4	30	70	1

```
In [5]: #shape
pizza_data.shape
```

Out[5]: (6, 3)

```
In [6]: #columns
pizza_data.shape[1]
```

Out[6]: 3

```
In [7]: #info
pizza_data.info()
```

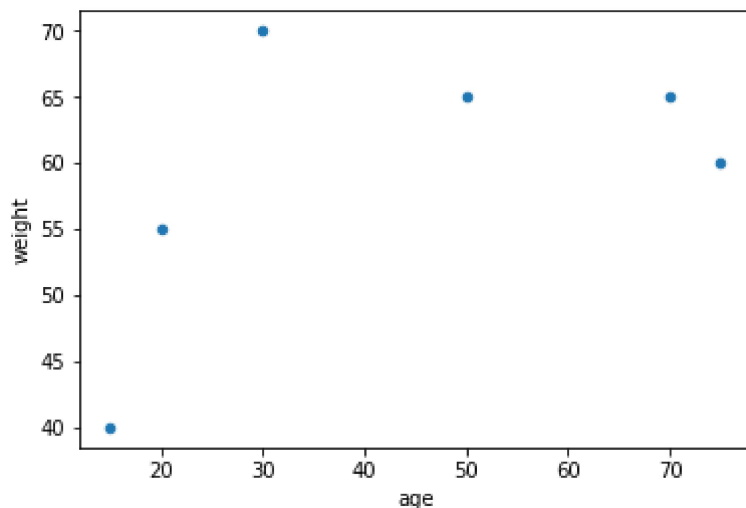
```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 6 entries, 0 to 5
Data columns (total 3 columns):
age           6 non-null int64
weight        6 non-null int64
likePizza     6 non-null int64
dtypes: int64(3)
memory usage: 224.0 bytes
```

Step3.Visualize Relationship

```
In [94]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [106]: df=pd.read_csv("pizza.csv")
df.plot(kind='scatter',x='age',y='weight')
```

```
Out[106]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1edd4a636d8>
```



Step-4.Prepare X matrix and y vector

```
In [84]: x=pd.DataFrame(pizza_data)
cols=[0,1]
x=x[x.columns[cols]]
```

```
In [85]: y=pizza_data['likePizza'].values
```

Step-5.Examine x and y

```
In [86]: x
```

```
Out[86]:
```

	age	weight
0	50	65
1	20	55
2	15	40
3	70	65
4	30	70
5	75	60

```
In [100]: type(x)
```

```
Out[100]: pandas.core.frame.DataFrame
```

```
In [101]: Y
```

```
Out[101]: array([1, 1, 0, 0])
```

```
In [102]: type(y)
```

```
Out[102]: numpy.ndarray
```

Step-6.Model building

```
In [123]: from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier  
knn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=2)  
knn.fit(x,y)
```

```
Out[123]: KNeighborsClassifier(algorithm='auto', leaf_size=30, metric='minkowski',  
metric_params=None, n_jobs=1, n_neighbors=2, p=2,  
weights='uniform')
```

Step-7.Model testing

```
In [124]: knn.predict(X)
```

```
Out[124]: array([0, 1, 1, 0], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [125]: a=[25,50]  
knn.predict([a])
```

```
Out[125]: array([1], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [126]: b=[60,60]  
knn.predict([b])
```

```
Out[126]: array([0], dtype=int64)
```

Step-8.Change n_neighbours=3

```
In [93]: knn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3)  
knn.fit(x,y)
```

```
Out[93]: KNeighborsClassifier(algorithm='auto', leaf_size=30, metric='minkowski',  
metric_params=None, n_jobs=1, n_neighbors=3, p=2,  
weights='uniform')
```

```
In [33]: c=[25,50]  
knn.predict([c])
```

```
Out[33]: array([1], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [35]: d=[60,60]
         knn.predict([d])
```

```
Out[35]: array([0], dtype=int64)
```

Step-9.Predict on entire dataset

```
In [36]: knn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
         knn.fit(x,y)
```

```
Out[36]: KNeighborsClassifier(algorithm='auto', leaf_size=30, metric='minkowski',
                             metric_params=None, n_jobs=1, n_neighbors=5, p=2,
                             weights='uniform')
```

```
In [37]: y_pred=knn.predict(x)
         y_pred
```

```
Out[37]: array([0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0], dtype=int64)
```

Step-10.Accuracy function

```
In [39]: def accuracy(actual,pred):
         return sum(actual==pred)/float(actual.shape[0])
```

Step-11.Find Accuracy

```
In [40]: accuracy_score=accuracy(y,y_pred)
         accuracy_score
```

```
Out[40]: 1.0
```

Step-12.Prediction on Test set

```
In [45]: import pandas as pd
         df=pd.read_csv("pizza_test.csv")
         df.head()
```

```
Out[45]:
```

	age	weight	likepizza
0	48	68	1
1	35	45	1
2	15	40	0
3	55	68	0

```
In [46]: #shape
df.shape
```

```
Out[46]: (4, 3)
```

```
In [48]: #columns
df.shape[1]
```

```
Out[48]: 3
```

```
In [49]: #info
df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4 entries, 0 to 3
Data columns (total 3 columns):
age          4 non-null int64
weight       4 non-null int64
likepizza    4 non-null int64
dtypes: int64(3)
memory usage: 176.0 bytes
```

```
In [50]: x=pd.DataFrame(df)
cols=[0,1]
x=x[x.columns[cols]]
```

```
In [51]: x
```

```
Out[51]:
```

	age	weight
0	48	68
1	35	45
2	15	40
3	55	68

```
In [52]: Y=df['likepizza'].values
Y
```

```
Out[52]: array([1, 1, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [53]: from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
test=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=2)
test.fit(x,Y)
```

```
Out[53]: KNeighborsClassifier(algorithm='auto', leaf_size=30, metric='minkowski',
                             metric_params=None, n_jobs=1, n_neighbors=2, p=2,
                             weights='uniform')
```

```
In [54]: Y_pred=test.predict(x)
Y_pred
```

```
Out[54]: array([0, 0, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [55]: import numpy as np
Y=np.array([1,1,0,0])
Y
```

```
Out[55]: array([1, 1, 0, 0])
```

```
In [56]: Y_test=accuracy(Y,Y_pred)
Y_test
```

```
Out[56]: 0.5
```

Step-13.Find best value for k

```
In [59]: scores=[]
for k in range(1,4):
    kn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=k)
    kn.fit(x,Y)
    kn.predict(x)
    y_test=kn.predict(x)
    a=accuracy(Y,Y_pred)
    scores.append((k,a))
print(scores)
```

```
[(1, 0.5), (2, 0.5), (3, 0.5)]
```

Step-14.Accuracy_score function

```
In [60]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

```
In [61]: accuracy_score(Y,Y_pred)
```

```
Out[61]: 0.5
```