Practical No. 9

Title: Android program to work with images and videos

Aim: Create an application to demonstrate images and videos components

Introduction

Android provides many ways to control playback of audio/video files and streams. One of this way is through a class called **MediaPlayer**.

Android is providing MediaPlayer class to access built-in mediaplayer services like playing audio, video e.t.c. In order to use MediaPlayer, we have to call a static Method **create()** of this class. This method returns an instance of MediaPlayer class. Its syntax is as follows –

MediaPlayer mediaPlayer = MediaPlayer.create(this, R.raw.song);

The second parameter is the name of the song that you want to play. You have to make a new folder under your project with name **raw** and place the music file into it.

Once you have created the Mediaplayer object you can call some methods to start or stop the music. These methods are listed below.

mediaPlayer.start(); mediaPlayer.pause();

On call to **start()** method, the music will start playing from the beginning. If this method is called again after the **pause()** method, the music would start playing from where it is left and not from the beginning.

In order to start music from the beginning, you have to call **reset()** method. Its syntax is given below.

mediaPlayer.reset();

Apart from the start and pause method, there are other methods provided by this class for better dealing with audio/video files. These methods are listed below –

Sr.No	Method & description
1	isPlaying()
	This method just returns true/false indicating the song is playing or not

2	seekTo(position) This method takes an integer, and move song to that particular position millisecond
3	getCurrentPosition() This method returns the current position of song in milliseconds
4	getDuration() This method returns the total time duration of song in milliseconds
5	reset() This method resets the media player
6	release() This method releases any resource attached with MediaPlayer object
7	setVolume(float leftVolume, float rightVolume) This method sets the up down volume for this player
8	setDataSource(FileDescriptor fd) This method sets the data source of audio/video file
9	selectTrack(int index) This method takes an integer, and select the track from the list on that particular index
10	getTrackInfo()

This method returns an array of track information

Exercise - Create android application to demonstrate images and videos components

Implementation:

Program:

MainActivity.java

```
package com.example.maxpromediaplayer;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.media.MediaPlayer;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.SeekBar;
import java.io.IOException;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    private Button play;
    private Button pause;
    private SeekBar sb1;
    private MediaPlayer mp1;
    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
        play=findViewById(R.id.button);
        pause=findViewById(R.id.button2);
        sb1=findViewById(R.id.seekBar);
        //mp1=MediaPlayer.create(this,R.raw.inspiring);
        //mp1.start();
        mp1=new MediaPlayer();
        try {
```

```
mp1.setDataSource("https://www.soundhelix.com/examples/mp3/SoundHelix-
Song-1.mp3");
        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        play.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
            @Override
            public void onClick(View view) {
                mp1.start();
        });
        pause.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
            @Override
            public void onClick(View view) {
                mp1.pause();
        });
        mpl.setOnPreparedListener(new MediaPlayer.OnPreparedListener() {
            @Override
            public void onPrepared(MediaPlayer mediaPlayer) {
                mediaPlayer.start();
                sb1.setMax(mp1.getDuration());
                sb1.setOnSeekBarChangeListener(new
SeekBar.OnSeekBarChangeListener() {
                @Override
                public void onProgressChanged(SeekBar seekBar, int i,
boolean b) {
                if(b) {
                    mpl.seekTo(i);
                }
                @Override
                public void onStartTrackingTouch(SeekBar seekBar) {
                @Override
                public void onStopTrackingTouch(SeekBar seekBar) {
                });
        });
```

```
mp1.prepareAsync();
    } }
activity main.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout</pre>
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="match parent"
    tools:context=".MainActivity">
    <TextView
        android:id="@+id/textView"
        android:layout width="wrap content"
        android:layout_height="wrap content"
        android:layout marginTop="156dp"
        android:shadowColor="#CD291D"
        android:text="MaxProMediaPlayer"
        android:textColor="#F42121"
        android:textSize="34sp"
        app:layout constraintBottom toTopOf="@+id/imageView"
        app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
        app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
        app:layout constraintTop toTopOf="parent"
        app:layout_constraintVertical bias="0.0" />
    <Button
        android:id="@+id/button"
        android:layout width="wrap content"
        android:layout height="wrap content"
        android:layout marginBottom="160dp"
        android:text="Play"
        app:layout constraintBottom toBottomOf="parent"
        app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
        app:layout constraintHorizontal bias="0.318"
        app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent" />
    <SeekBar
        android:id="@+id/seekBar"
        android:layout width="250dp"
        android:layout height="22dp"
        android:layout marginBottom="80dp"
        app:layout constraintBottom toTopOf="@+id/button"
        app:layout_constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
        app:layout constraintHorizontal bias="0.496"
        app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent" />
    <ImageView</pre>
```

```
android:id="@+id/imageView"
        android:layout width="148dp"
        android:layout height="129dp"
        android:layout marginBottom="60dp"
        app:layout constraintBottom toTopOf="@+id/seekBar"
        app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
        app:layout constraintHorizontal bias="0.498"
        app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
        app:srcCompat="@drawable/ad"
        tools:srcCompat="@drawable/ad" />
    <Button
        android:id="@+id/button2"
        android:layout width="wrap content"
        android:layout height="wrap content"
        android:text="Pause"
        app:layout constraintBaseline toBaselineOf="@+id/button"
        app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
        app:layout constraintHorizontal bias="0.709"
        app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent" />
</androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout>
```

Output:

