

## C++ Code :-

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#define N 8

/* A utility function to print solution */
void printSolution(int board[N][N])
{
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)
            printf("%2d ", board[i][j]);
        printf("\n");
    }
}

/* A Optimized function to check if a queen can
be placed on board[row][col] */
int isSafe(int row, int col, int slashCode[N][N],
           int backslashCode[N][N], int rowLookup[],
           int slashCodeLookup[], int backslashCodeLookup[] )
{
    if (slashCodeLookup[slashCode[row][col]] ||
        backslashCodeLookup[backslashCode[row][col]] ||
        rowLookup[row])
        return 0;

    return 1;
}

/* A recursive utility function
to solve N Queen problem */
int solveNQueensUtil(int board[N][N], int col,
                    int slashCode[N][N], int backslashCode[N][N],
                    int rowLookup[N],
                    int slashCodeLookup[],
                    int backslashCodeLookup[] )
{
    /* base case: If all queens are placed
    then return true */
    if (col >= N)
        return 1;

    /* Consider this column and try placing
    this queen in all rows one by one */
}
```

```

for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
{
    /* Check if queen can be placed on
       board[i][col] */
    if ( isSafe(i, col, slashCode,
               backslashCode, rowLookup,
               slashCodeLookup, backslashCodeLookup) )
    {
        /* Place this queen in board[i][col] */
        board[i][col] = 1;
        rowLookup[i] = 1;
        slashCodeLookup[slashCode[i][col]] = 1;
        backslashCodeLookup[backslashCode[i][col]] = 1;

        /* recur to place rest of the queens */
        if ( solveNQueensUtil(board, col + 1,
                              slashCode, backslashCode,
                              rowLookup, slashCodeLookup, backslashCodeLookup) )
            return 1;

        /* If placing queen in board[i][col]
           doesn't lead to a solution, then backtrack */

        /* Remove queen from board[i][col] */
        board[i][col] = 0;
        rowLookup[i] = 0;
        slashCodeLookup[slashCode[i][col]] = 0;
        backslashCodeLookup[backslashCode[i][col]] = 0;
    }
}

/* If queen can not be place in any row in
   this column col then return false */
return 0;
}

/* This function solves the N Queen problem using
   Branch and Bound. It mainly uses solveNQueensUtil() to
   solve the problem. It returns false if queens
   cannot be placed, otherwise return true and
   prints placement of queens in the form of 1s.
   Please note that there may be more than one
   solutions, this function prints one of the
   feasible solutions.*/
int solveNQueens()

```

```

{
    int board[N][N];
    memset(board, 0, sizeof board);

    // helper matrices
    int slashCode[N][N];
    int backslashCode[N][N];

    // arrays to tell us which rows are occupied
    int rowLookup[N] = {0};

    //keep two arrays to tell us
    // which diagonals are occupied
    int slashCodeLookup[2*N - 1] = {0};
    int backslashCodeLookup[2*N - 1] = {0};

    // initialize helper matrices
    for (int r = 0; r < N; r++)
        for (int c = 0; c < N; c++) {
            slashCode[r][c] = r + c,
            backslashCode[r][c] = r - c + 7;
        }

    if (solveNQueensUtil(board, 0,
                        slashCode, backslashCode,
                        rowLookup, slashCodeLookup, backslashCodeLookup) ==
        0 )
    {
        printf("Solution does not exist");
        return 0;
    }

    // solution found
    printSolution(board);
    return 1;
}

// Driver program to test above function
int main()
{
    solveNQueens();

    return 0;
}

```

Output:-

```
1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0
0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
```

Python Code:-

```
#
Python program to solve N Queen
# Problem using backtracking

global N
N = 4

def printSolution(board):
    for i in range(N):
        for j in range(N):
            print (board[i][j],end=' ')
        print()

# A utility function to check if a queen can
# be placed on board[row][col]. Note that this
# function is called when "col" queens are
# already placed in columns from 0 to col -1.
# So we need to check only left side for
# attacking queens
def isSafe(board, row, col):

    # Check this row on left side
    for i in range(col):
        if board[row][i] == 1:
            return False

    # Check upper diagonal on left side
    for i, j in zip(range(row, -1, -1), range(col, -1, -1)):
        if board[i][j] == 1:
            return False
```

```

# Check lower diagonal on left side
for i, j in zip(range(row, N, 1), range(col, -1, -1)):
    if board[i][j] == 1:
        return False

return True

def solveNQUtil(board, col):
    # base case: If all queens are placed
    # then return true
    if col >= N:
        return True

    # Consider this column and try placing
    # this queen in all rows one by one
    for i in range(N):

        if isSafe(board, i, col):
            # Place this queen in board[i][col]
            board[i][col] = 1

            # recur to place rest of the queens
            if solveNQUtil(board, col + 1) == True:
                return True

        # If placing queen in board[i][col]
        # doesn't lead to a solution, then
        # queen from board[i][col]
        board[i][col] = 0

    # if the queen can not be placed in any row in
    # this column col then return false
    return False

# This function solves the N Queen problem using
# Backtracking. It mainly uses solveNQUtil() to
# solve the problem. It returns false if queens
# cannot be placed, otherwise return true and
# placement of queens in the form of 1s.
# note that there may be more than one
# solutions, this function prints one of the
# feasible solutions.

```

```
def solveNQ():  
    board = [ [0, 0, 0, 0],  
              [0, 0, 0, 0],  
              [0, 0, 0, 0],  
              [0, 0, 0, 0]  
            ]  
  
    if solveNQUtil(board, 0) == False:  
        print ("Solution does not exist")  
        return False  
  
    printSolution(board)  
    return True  
  
# driver program to test above function  
solveNQ()
```

Output:-

```
0 0 1 0  
1 0 0 0  
0 0 0 1  
0 1 0 0
```