



Geodetic Astronomy

FC 22239

Continuous Assessment 04

Name : H.S.A.Jayarathne
Registration No. : 19GES1156
Submission Date : 2023.01.05

***Faculty of Geomatics
Sabaragamuwa University of Sri Lanka***



No.

Date

FC 22239 CA

19GE51156

H.S.A. Jayarathne

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$\phi = 7^\circ 10' 25'' \text{ N}$
 $\lambda = 81^\circ 25' 15'' \text{ E}$

Geodetic coordinate of place

Longitude of the CM = $\lambda_0 = 80^\circ 46' 18'' \text{ E}$

| Set | Time | Object | Face | Horizontal Angle | Vertical Angle |
|-----|-----------------|--------|------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | - | RO | FL | $165^\circ 30' 40''$ | $23^\circ 05' 50''$ |
| | $8^h 24^m 50^s$ | Sun | FL | $14^\circ 12' 13''$ | $23^\circ 06' 16''$ |
| | $8^h 25^m 10^s$ | Sun | FR | $194^\circ 12' 15''$ | - |
| | - | RO | FR | $345^\circ 30' 44''$ | - |

$$\text{Mean Horizontal Angle to RO} = \frac{(345^\circ 30' 44'' - 180^\circ) + 165^\circ 30' 40''}{2}$$

$$= 165^\circ 30' 42''$$

$$\text{Mean Horizontal angle to Sun} = \frac{(194^\circ 12' 15'' - 180^\circ) + 14^\circ 12' 13''}{2}$$

$$= 14^\circ 12' 14''$$

$$\text{Mean Vertical angle to Sun} = \frac{23^\circ 5' 50'' + 23^\circ 6' 16''}{2}$$

$$= 23^\circ 6' 3''$$

$$\text{Mean Standard time to Sun} = \frac{8^h 24^m 50^s + 8^h 25^m 10^s}{2}$$

$$= 8^h 25^m$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Refraction correction} &= -58'' \cot H \\
 &= -58 \cot (23^\circ 6' 3'') \\
 &= \underline{\underline{-0^\circ 2' 16''}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Parallax correction} &= 9'' \cos H \\
 &= 9 \cos (23^\circ 6' 3'') \\
 &= \underline{\underline{0^\circ 0' 8''}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Corrected
Altitude = Mean Vertical + Parallax + refraction
Angle to sun correction Correction

$$23^\circ 6' 3'' + 0^\circ 0' 8'' - 0^\circ 2' 16''$$

ST $\xrightarrow{5^h 30^m}$ GST

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{GMT of Sun} &= 8^h 25^m \\
 &\quad \underline{5^h 30^m} \\
 &= \underline{\underline{2^h 55^m}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Declination (δ) for $2^h 55^m$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta \text{ for } 0^h &= 9^\circ 11.3' \\
 \delta \text{ for } 6^h &= 9^\circ 6.0' \\
 &\quad \underline{5.3'} \\
 &= 5.3'
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta \text{ for } 2^h 55^m &= \frac{0^\circ 5.3'}{6} \left(2 + \frac{55}{60} \right) \\
 &= 0^\circ 2' 35'' \\
 &= \underline{\underline{0^\circ 2' 6''}}
 \end{aligned}$$



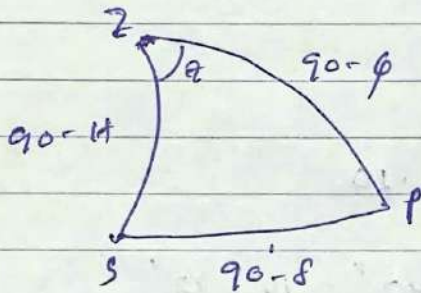
No.

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$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total declination} &= 9^{\circ} 11.3' 0'' - 0^{\circ} 2.6' \\ &= 9^{\circ} 8.7'\end{aligned}$$

Azimuth of Sun

$$\cos Z = \frac{\sin \delta - \sin H \sin \phi}{\cos H \cos \phi}$$



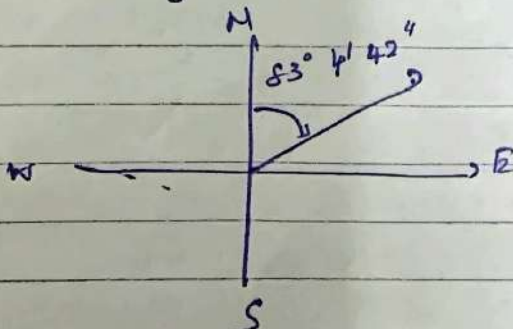
$$\delta = 9^{\circ} 8.7' \quad H = 23^{\circ} 3' 55'' \quad \phi = 7^{\circ} 10' 25'' N$$

$$\cos Z = \frac{\sin (9^{\circ} 8.7') - \sin (23^{\circ} 3' 55'') \sin (7^{\circ} 10' 25'')}{\cos (23^{\circ} 3' 55'') \cos (7^{\circ} 10' 25'')}$$

$$Z = 83^{\circ} 4' 42.21''$$

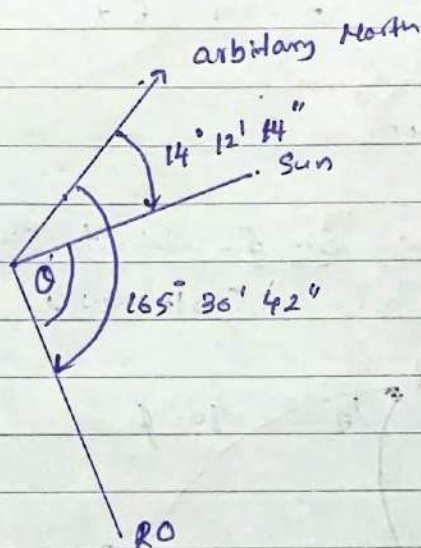
Azimuth of the sun (A) = $83^{\circ} 4' 42''$ (Morning set)

If ST is $8^h 25^m$ then this is the morning set



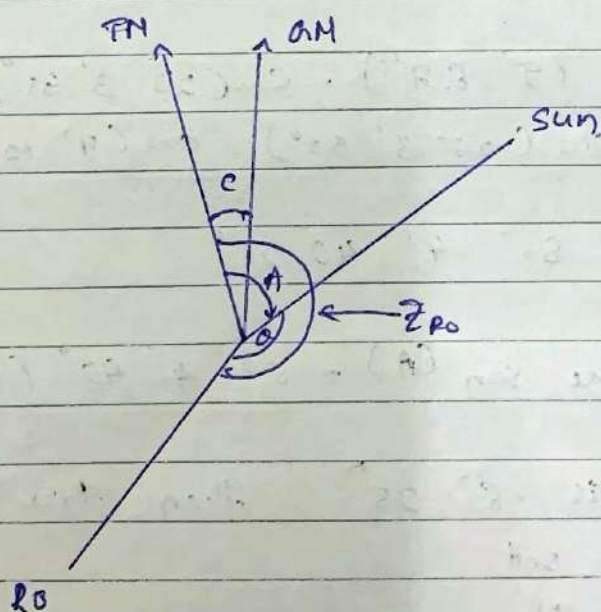


Included angle from sun to RO



$$\theta = 165^{\circ} 30' 42'' - 14^{\circ} 12' 44''$$

$$\theta = 151^{\circ} 18' 28'' \text{ (Included Angle of Sun and RO)}$$





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Azimuth of RO = A + θ

$$Z_{PO} = 83^{\circ} 4' 42'' + 151^{\circ} 18' 24''$$

$$Z_{RO} = 234^{\circ} 23' 10''$$

Bearing of RO

$$\text{Convergence (C)} = \Delta\lambda \sin \phi$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta\lambda &= 81^{\circ} 25' 15'' - 80^{\circ} 46' 18'' \\ &= 0^{\circ} 38' 57''\end{aligned}$$

$$C = 0^{\circ} 38' 57'' \sin(7^{\circ} 10' 25'')$$

$$= 0^{\circ} 4' 51.84''$$

$$= 0^{\circ} 4' 52''$$

$$\text{Bearing of RO} = Z_{PO} - C$$

$$= 234^{\circ} 23' 10'' - 0^{\circ} 4' 52''$$

$$= 234^{\circ} 18' 18''$$