Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants 2009

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This report is only available online at: http://www.eia.gov/cneaf/electricity/cq/cq_sum.html

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Preface

Background

The Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants reports have been prepared in the past by the Electric Power Division (EPD) within the Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (CNEAF), U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), U.S. Department of Energy (DOE). Due to a reorganization within EIA, the 2010 edition (which includes 2009 data) and subsequent reports are being prepared by the Electric Power Operations Team within the Office of Electricity, Renewables, and Uranium Statistics (ERUS) under the Assistant Administrator for Energy This publication provides information Statistics. EIA. concerning the quality, quantity, and cost of fossil fuels used by U.S. electric power generating plants for both electric power generation and, in the case of a combined heat and power plant, useful thermal output. These plants are comprised of regulated utility power plants and independent power producers, including combined heat and power producers in the commercial and industrial sectors. This publication continues the coverage of fuel cost and quality data presented in previous annual Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants reports.

Data Sources and Coverage

The information contained in previous reports was compiled from three separate surveys: the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants;" the EIA Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report," and Schedule 2 of Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report." In 2008, EIA made significant changes to its data collection vehicles and the 423 forms were subsumed under the then new Form EIA-923. In this publication, 2009 data are provided solely by Schedule 2 of Form EIA-923. The geographic coverage of all three surveys includes the contiguous United States, Alaska, Hawaii, and the District of Columbia.

In prior *Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants reports*, two sets of tables were presented for most of the detailed data, i.e. Table A and Table B. Table A covered the latest year of final data while Table B covered the previous year. Beginning with this report, the B Tables will no longer be presented. All prior year reports are available at the following website:

http://www.eia.gov/cneaf/electricity/cq/cq sum.html.

For a discussion on the Instrument and Design History for the data contained in this report, please see Appendix A, "Technical Notes."

Please note that the cost data from unregulated plants are protected and not disclosed to the public. This may result in the appearance of a 'W' (for withheld) in a State-level table where suppression rules apply. (See suppression rules methodology: "Policy on the Disclosure of Individually Identifiable Energy Information in the Possession of the EIA" [45 Federal Register 59812, 1980].)

Data Download

The data used to produce this report, other than withheld cost information, are available as Excel files at the following url: http://www.eia.gov/cneaf/electricity/page/eia423.html.

Display of Average Fuel Cost Information

Due to the detailed nature of some of the information presented in the *Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants* 2009 tables (i.e., where fuel rank, mine type, or purchase type are presented), the sensitivity of the cost information dictates that a significant amount of information be withheld. In order to provide as much meaningful cost information as possible, the average costs presented for these levels of detail include only the costs submitted by the regulated (utility) plants. Notes have been provided for each table to assist with the interpretation of the information presented. Wherever possible, State- and national-level aggregations are published if sufficient data are available to avoid disclosure of individual company plant-level costs.

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Quality

The U.S. Energy Information Administration is committed to quality products and service. To ensure that this report meets the highest standards for quality, please forward your comments or suggestions about this publication to Rebecca Peterson at (202) 586-4509, or email: rebecca.peterson@eia.gov. For general inquiries about energy data, please contact the National Energy Information Center at (202) 586-8800, or email: infoctr@eia.gov.

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Summary Tables

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Table ES1. Receipts of Fossil Fuels by Type of Fuel, 2009

		Electric Po	ower Sector	a		
Type of Fuel	Total All Sectors	Electric Utilities		Commercial Sector ¹	Industrial Sector ²	
Total Coal (thousand tons) ³	981,477	719,253	240,687	1,876	19,661	
Bituminous ⁴	418,688	322,426	81,473	1,394	13,395	
Subbituminous	484,007	362,141	115,339	482	6,045	
Lignite	64,966	34,030	30,933		3	
Total Petroleum (thousand barrels)	88,951	52,122	20,066	628	16,135	
Petroleum Liquids	54,181	32,959	11,408	583	9,232	
Residual	35,497	22,441	7,285	228	5,543	
Distillate ⁵	14,980	9,322	2,813	355	2,489	
Other Fuel Oil ⁶	3,705	1,195	1,309	*	1,200	
Petroleum Coke ⁷	34,769	19,163	8,659	45	6,903	
Total Natural Gas (Thousand Mcf) ⁸	8,118,550	2,962,640	3,987,721	79,308	1,088,880	

¹ Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.

Table ES2. Average Delivered Cost of Fuels by Type of Fuel, 2009

		Electric P	ower Sector		Industrial Sector ²	
Type of Fuel	Total All Sectors	Electric Utilities	Independent Power Producers	Commercial Sector ¹		
Total Coal (dollars per ton) ³	43.74	44.47	39.94	63.68	61.68	
Bituminous ⁴	65.81	65.33	66.21	77.02	73.92	
Subbituminous	28.51	28.34	28.66	25.15	35.85	
Lignite	20.37	18.80	22.10		44.30	
Total Petroleum (dollars per barrel)	41.64	44.10	37.22	61.28	38.41	
Petroleum Liquids	62.47	64.18	59.76	65.26	59.52	
Residual	56.67	58.12	52.79	46.65	56.34	
Distillate ⁵	76.53	78.45	73.64	77.21	72.52	
Other Fuel Oil ⁶	61.18	66.84	68.73	29.49	47.31	
Petroleum Coke ⁷	9.18	9.57	7.53	9.31	10.16	
Total Natural Gas (dollar per Mcf) ⁸	4.86	5.63	4.41	5.30	4.38	
Total Coal (cents per MMBtu) ³	221	222	211	290	281	
Total Coal (cents per MMBtu) ³	275	276	267	327	307	
Subbituminous	164	162	166	145	204	
Lignite	158	145	173		321	
Total Petroleum (cents per MMBtu)	702	737	635	1,021	654	
Petroleum Liquids	1,026	1,044	1,002	1,082	983	
Residual	898	915	854	732	891	
Distillate ⁵	1,322	1,353	1,275	1,329	1,255	
Other Fuel Oil ⁶	1,177	1,315	1,336	514	879	
Petroleum Coke ⁷	161	168	131	165	180	
Total Natural Gas (cents per MMBtu)8	474	550	430	518	427	

¹ Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.

² Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants.

³ Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite and waste coal; includes imported coal as well as domestic production.

⁴ Includes anthracite

⁵ Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils).

⁶ Other Fuel Oil includes jet fuel, kerosene, and waste oil data.

⁷ Petroleum coke (converted to liquid petroleum equivalent). As stated in the EIA Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/electricity/page/glossary.html), in order to convert petroleum coke to the liquid petroleum equivalent, the quantity conversion is 5 barrels (42 U.S. gallons per barrel) per short ton (2,000 pounds). Coke from petroleum has an average heating value of 6.024 million Btu per barrel.

Natural gas, including a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. Natural gas values do not include blast furnace gas or other manufactured gases.

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is "1" and values under 0.5 are shown as "*.")

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

² Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants.

³ Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite and waste coal.

⁴ Includes anthracite.

⁵ Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils)

⁶ Other Fuel Oil includes jet fuel, kerosene, and waste oil data .

⁷ Petroleum coke (converted to liquid petroleum equivalent). As stated in the EIA Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/electricity/page/glossary.html), in order to convert petroleum coke to liquid petroleum equivalent the quantity conversion is 5 barrels (42 U.S. gallons per barrel) per short ton (2,000 pounds). Coke from petroleum has an average heating value of 6.024 million Btu per barrel.

8 Natural gas, including a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. Natural gas values do not include blast furnace gas or other manufactured gases.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table ES3. Average Quality of Coal by State of Origin: Total (All Sectors), 2009 - 2008

State of Origin	Heat V (Btu per		Sulf (percent b		Sulf (pounds per M		Ash (percent by weight)	
3 mm 3 1 3 1 3 1	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Alabama	11,986	11,938	1.48	1.59	1.24	1.33	12.84	13.02
Alaska	8,520	8,698	.50	.33	.59	.38	8.91	5.83
Arizona	10,751	10,841	.64	.56	.59	.52	10.56	10.05
Colorado	10,870	11,171	.49	.50	.45	.45	9.98	9.70
Illinois	11,471	11,423	2.73	2.69	2.38	2.36	9.03	8.89
Indiana	11,149	11,138	2.56	2.54	2.30	2.28	9.11	9.21
Kansas	11,521	11,417	3.61	3.48	3.13	3.05	13.78	12.96
Kentucky	12,129	12,138	1.77	1.67	1.46	1.38	10.33	10.53
Louisiana	6,902	7,125	.77	.75	1.11	1.05	13.65	11.56
Maryland	11,956	11,721	2.03	1.86	1.70	1.59	15.32	17.43
Mississippi	5,103	5,068	.47	.48	.92	.95	15.24	15.92
Missouri	10,588	10,946	3.49	3.93	3.29	3.59	14.29	15.86
Montana	8,934	8,843	.49	.51	.55	.57	7.19	7.68
New Mexico	9,276	9,279	.79	.78	.85	.84	19.42	19.70
North Dakota	6,552	6,543	.75	.75	1.14	1.15	9.64	9.88
Ohio	12,105	12,155	3.68	3.69	3.04	3.04	10.43	10.24
Oklahoma	9,539	10,202	1.62	2.05	1.70	2.01	29.56	26.28
Pennsylvania	11,486	11,549	2.08	2.07	1.81	1.79	16.64	16.29
Tennessee	12,650	12,557	1.25	1.22	.98	.97	8.87	9.44
Texas	6,434	6,514	1.17	.98	1.83	1.50	17.13	16.37
Utah	11,472	11,488	.58	.57	.51	.50	11.62	11.83
Virginia	12,688	12,603	1.01	1.01	.79	.80	10.71	11.17
West Virginia	12,310	12,240	1.53	1.48	1.25	1.21	11.56	11.77
Wyoming	8,652	8,646	.30	.30	.35	.35	5.17	5.18
Subtotal	9,875	9,904	1.01	.98	1.03	.99	8.90	8.93
Imported	11,284	11,282	.55	.53	.49	.47	7.00	7.00
Unclassified 1	10,095	10,466	1.48	1.44	1.47	1.37	15.89	14.55
Total	9,902	9,947	1.01	.97	1.02	.98	8.94	8.95

¹ Represents imputed data. Beginning in 2008, the receipts and cost data are imputed for plants between 1 and 50 megawatts.

Notes: • Coal includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, and waste coal. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table ES4. Receipts of Coal by Rank: Total (All Sectors), 2009 - 2008

Table E54. Receipts of Coal by Ra	iik. Totai (1	in Sectors), 2	007 - 2000			1	
P. 1	Receipts		Average Del	e Delivered Cost			
Rank	(thousand tons)	Btu (per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per Million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
2009							
Total Coal ¹	981,477	9,902	1.01	1.02	8.94	221	43.74
Bituminous ²	418,688	11,954	1.77	1.48	10.54	275	65.81
Subbituminous	484,007	8,699	.34	.39	5.84	164	28.51
Lignite	64,966	6,427	.95	1.48	14.03	158	20.37
2008							
Total Coal ¹	1,069,709	9,947	.97	.98	8.95	207	41.14
Bituminous ²	463,943	11,973	1.68	1.40	10.63	250	59.92
Subbituminous	522,228	8,700	.34	.39	5.83	162	28.11
Lignite	68,945	6,495	.86	1.32	13.81	141	18.28

¹ Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, and waste coal; includes imported coal as well as domestic production.

² Includes anthracite.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

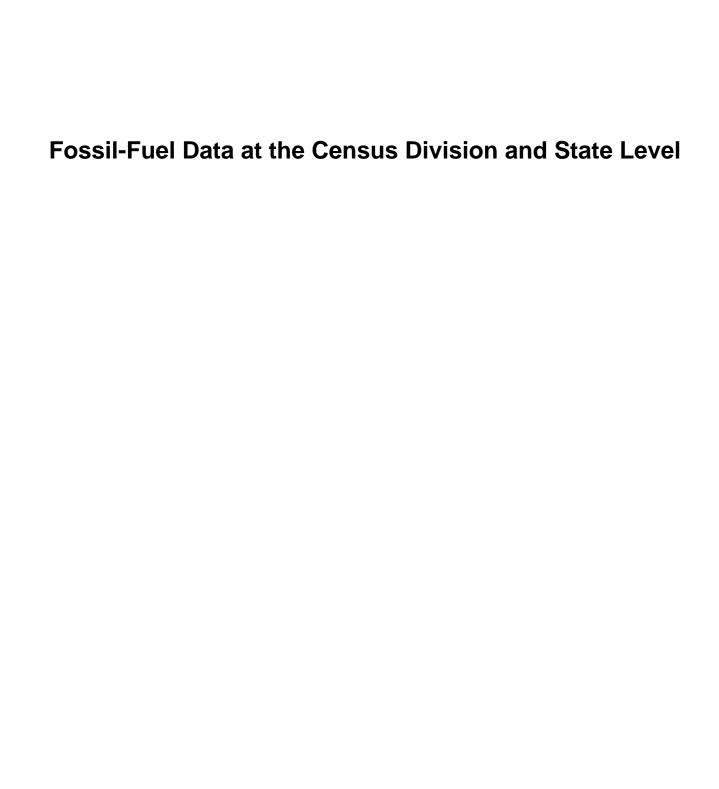


Table 1. Receipts of Coal at Electric Plants by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 and 2008 (Thousand Tons)

Census Division	2009	2008		
and State				
New England	,	8,409		
Connecticut	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,033		
faine		243		
Massachusetts	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,674		
ew Hampshire		1,459		
hode Island				
ermont				
fiddle Atlantic		71,032		
ew Jersey		4,483		
ew York	6,573	9,505		
ennsylvania	51,261	57,044		
ast North Central	225,363	244,955		
linois	55,086	60,517		
ndiana	58,281	61,080		
lichigan	36,474	38,251		
hio	51,834	58,556		
Visconsin	*	26,551		
Vest North Central	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	156,070		
wa		27,801		
ansas	*	21,533		
linnesota		19,860		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,		
Sissouri	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	44,793		
ebraska		14,663		
orth Dakota	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25,163		
outh Dakota		2,257		
outh Atlantic		183,337		
elaware	1,564	2,363		
histrict of Columbia				
lorida	23,912	29,016		
eorgia	35,365	39,683		
Saryland	10,426	11,167		
orth Carolina	28,787	31,394		
outh Carolina	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15,919		
'irginia	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15,511		
Vest Virginia		38,284		
ast South Central		116,508		
labama	*	36,613		
Lentucky	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	41,399		
	,	9,730		
fississippi		28,765		
ennessee		,		
Vest South Central		157,287		
rkansas		15,707		
ouisiana	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15,399		
klahoma		23,213		
exas		102,968		
Iountain	116,525	120,272		
rizona	22,190	23,379		
olorado	19,274	18,913		
aho	177	198		
Iontana		12,321		
evada	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,963		
ew Mexico	*	15,419		
tah		18,142		
/yoming		27,938		
· -		10,236		
acific Contiguous		,		
alifornia	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,804		
regon		2,655		
/ashington		5,777		
acific Noncontiguous		1,603		
laska		922		
awaii		681		
J.S. Total	981,477	1,069,709		

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, and waste coal. • Includes imported coal as well as domestic production. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

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Table 2. Average Delivered Cost of Coal by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 and 2008

Census Division	2	009	2	008	Percent Change 2008-	Percent Change 2008
and State	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	2009 (cents per million Btu)	2009 (dollars per ton)
New England	349	82.56	312	71.74	11.66	15.09
Connecticut	W	W	W	W	W	W
Maine	W	W	W	W	W	W
Massachusetts	338	79.30	294	67.74	14.90	17.07
New Hampshire	366	94.15	353	90.86	3.93	3.62
Rhode Island						
Vermont						
Middle Atlantic	241	53.05	225	50.18	7.40	5.71
New Jersey	401	92.22	333	80.36	20.57	14.76
New York	273	61.09	257	57.88	6.11	5.55
Pennsylvania	230	50.23	210	46.53	9.32	7.95
East North Central	205	41.48	190	38.22	8.23	8.53
llinois	165	29.37	158	28.09	4.75	4.56
ndiana	202	42.32	193	40.50	4.64	4.49
Michigan	207	40.39	197	38.94	5.34	3.72
Ohio	239	56.36	205	46.92	16.81	20.12
Wisconsin	206	36.67	198	35.81	3.63	2.40
West North Central	143	23.86	137	22.95	4.18	3.96
	134	23.21	127	21.93	5.21	3.90 5.84
owa						
Kansas	143	24.38	141	24.15	1.15	.95
Minnesota	164	29.19	169	30.10	-2.75	-3.02
Missouri	W	W	151	26.66	W	W
Nebraska	W	W	90	15.35	W	W
North Dakota	W	W	110	14.69	W	W
South Dakota	176	29.45	174	29.16	1.04	.99
South Atlantic	328	78.29	291	69.17	12.66	13.18
Delaware	W	W	W	W	W	W
District of Columbia						
Florida	339	81.03	297	70.83	14.13	14.40
Georgia	362	79.24	307	67.22	18.01	17.88
Maryland	301	75.24	366	90.47	-17.82	-16.83
North Carolina	359	88.53	326	79.77	10.18	10.98
South Carolina	W	W	W	W	W	W
Virginia	308	76.88	277	69.18	11.05	11.13
West Virginia	254	60.87	222	52.72	14.85	15.46
East South Central	246	53.36	241	52.82	2.14	1.03
Alabama	W	W	271	57.86	W	W
Kentucky	217	49.89	214	49.30	1.73	1.20
Mississippi	W	W	W	W	W	W
Tennessee	257	56.81	W	W	W	W
West South Central	172	27.70	164	26.33	4.98	5.21
Arkansas	W	W W	W	20.33 W	4.76 W	W W
	W	W	W	W	W	W
Louisiana	W W	W W	W W	W	W	W W
Oklahoma						
Texas	W	W	162	25.17	W	W 7 22
Mountain	158	30.13	150	28.63	5.14	5.23
Arizona	W	W	W	W	W	W
Colorado	W	W	W	W	W	W
daho	W	W	W	W	W	W
Montana	W	W	W	W	W	W
levada	W	W	W	W	W	W
lew Mexico	190	35.03	199	36.59	-4.81	-4.26
Jtah	W	W	\mathbf{W}	W	W	W
Vyoming	W	W	W	W	W	\mathbf{W}
acific Contiguous	226	40.92	215	38.36	5.47	6.67
California	W	W	W	W	W	W
Oregon	176	29.57	145	24.15	21.20	22.44
Vashington	W	W	W	W	W	W
Pacific Noncontiguous	223	42.54	277	52.74	-19.21	-19.34
Alaska	W	W	W	W	W	-17.54 W
Hawaii	W	W	W	W	W	W
U.S. Total	221	43.74	207	41.14	6.78	6.32

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, and waste coal. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Virginia, Florida, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Michigan, and Alabama may not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs presented in this table is the initial delivery costs, not any additional costs incurred to deliver the coal from the transfer facility to the power plant site. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Table 3.1. Receipts (All Sectors) and Average Delivered Cost (Utility Sector Only) of Coal by Type of Purchase, Census Division, and State, 2009

				Ty	pe of Purch	ase			
		Contract			Spot			Unclassified	1
Census Division		С	ost		C	lost		С	ost
and State	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
New England		366	94.15	2,121	-		50	-	
Connecticut				178					
Maine				1 1,941			50		
New Hampshire	,	366	94.15	1,941					
Rhode Island									
Vermont									
Middle Atlantic		403	100.84	2,782			1,936		
New Jersey		803	207.98	22					
New York		358	89.29	252			28		
Pennsylvania East North Central		203	42.06	2,508 20,257	257	54.79	1,908 2,495	199	43.20
Illinois		177	33.28	8	231	34.19	318	241	52.05
Indiana		195	40.56	5,580	282	64.45	565	241	54.57
Michigan		204	39.75	3,480	191	35.71	309	194	48.95
Ohio	42,277	220	52.61	9,201	271	61.31	356	235	57.16
Wisconsin		194	34.10	1,989	246	44.43	946	165	31.82
West North Central	,	139	23.24	15,872	155	24.48	2,417	154	27.74
Iowa		121	20.72	2,260	144	25.39	819	145	24.79
Kansas Minnesota		143 164	24.29 29.17	1,377 675	149 172	25.56 30.16	991	145	25.72
Missouri		152	26.67	1,305	156	26.88	208	241	56.18
Nebraska		110	18.67	5,604	167	28.84	93		
North Dakota		109	14.69	4,650	138	17.08	307		
South Dakota		176	29.45						
South Atlantic		333	78.82	13,171	369	90.12	1,827	405	100.76
Delaware		 		202			NM 	NM 	NM
District of Columbia		331	78.99	2,500	385	91.11	142		
Georgia		359	78.00	1,067	416	105.34	NM	NM	NM
Maryland				1,183					
North Carolina	28,199	363	89.34	391	410	102.89	197		
South Carolina		361	89.92	2,282	388	96.39	NM	NM	NM
Virginia		298	74.27	1,873	343	85.05	1,455		 >D.6
West Virginia		255 240	61.37 52.81	3,673 6,798	334 308	80.70 70.84	732	NM 428	NM 99.91
East South Central		262	54.55	1,476	350	80.28	397	420	99.91
Kentucky		210	48.18	3,570	294	67.80			
Mississippi	,	337	74.28	252			NM	NM	NM
Tennessee		247	53.60	1,498	301	68.54	330		
West South Central		178	29.55	10,625	225	38.60	123		
Arkansas		167	29.03				120		
Louisiana		235	36.81	2,864	101	25.56	NM	NM	NM
Oklahoma Texas		164 179	28.28 28.73	589 7,172	191 226	35.56 38.68			
Mountain		158	30.40	5,538	202	40.53	1,728	158	29.60
Arizona	′	178	34.72	959	245	44.83			
Colorado		155	30.28	1,908	172	34.40	456	192	40.74
Idaho							177		
Montana	,	137	17.80		246	40.51	245		
Nevada		214	46.95	562	246	49.51			
New Mexico Utah		190 149	35.03 33.29	2,109	198	41.73			
Wyoming		116	20.28	2,109	198	41./3	851	137	24.01
Pacific Contiguous		176	29.51	50	175	32.99	146		
California				22			146		
Oregon	1,524	176	29.51	28	175	32.99			
Washington									
Pacific Noncontiguous				700			1,005	129	20.38
Alaska				700			901 103	129	20.38
HawaiiU.S. Total		219	43.79	77,912	259	52.07	103 12,459	166	31.35
C.D. 10001	071,100	21/	70.17	11,714	109	32.01	14,70)	100	31.33

¹ Represents imputed data. Beginning in 2008, the receipts and cost data are imputed for plants between 1 and 50 megawatts.

NM = Not meaningful due to large relative standard error or excessive percentage change.

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, and waste coal. • Includes imported coal as well as domestic production. • Receipts include data supplied by both regulated and unregulated plants.

Average delivered cost of fuel includes data supplied by regulated plants only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Virginia, Florida, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Michigan, and Alabama may not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs presented in this table include the initial delivery costs, not any additional costs incurred to deliver the coal from the transfer facility to the power plant site. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table 3.2. Receipts (All Sectors) and Average Delivered Cost (Utility Sector Only) of Coal by Mine Type, Census Division, and State, 2009

						Mine	Type					
		Surface			derground	l	Prepa	aration Pla	ant ¹	Uı	nclassified	2
Census Division		C	ost		C	ost		C	ost		C	ost
and State	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
New England	4,307	368	92.26	929	365	95.48	1,301			50		-
Connecticut	793			192			162					
Maine Massachusetts	65 2,934						1,138			50		
New Hampshire	2,934 515	368	92.26	737	365	95.48	1,136			30 		
Rhode Island												
Vermont												
Middle Atlantic	25,523	403	100.84	28,180			1,406			5,061		
New York	1,427 3,909	803 358	207.98 89.29	910 2,627			9			28		
Pennsylvania	20,188		09.29	24,643			1,398			5,033		
East North Central	166,021	191	37.12	48,336	236	56.59	8,511	260	61.27	2,495	199	43.20
Illinois	51,455	175	31.73	3,314	184	37.45				318	241	52.05
Indiana	41,400	181	36.37	13,913	241	55.82	2,403	260	58.94	565	241	54.57
Michigan	31,221	185	34.39	3,456	300	75.60	1,488	270	67.82	309	194	48.95
Ohio Wisconsin	20,123 21,823	229 191	51.63 33.15	26,736 918	223 378	54.72 88.61	4,619	256	60.48	356 946	235 165	57.16 31.82
West North Central	144,041	138	22.82	2,312	305	67.81	45	479	123.12	2,417	154	27.74
Iowa	24,649	120	20.51	833	367	83.05				819	145	24.79
Kansas	20,348	143	24.38									
Minnesota	16,565	163	28.93	363	218	40.82	3	431	94.38	991	145	25.72
Missouri Nebraska	41,205 14,244	145 133	25.30 22.65	1,104 12	318 191	74.26 42.31	42	482	125.23	208 93	241	56.18
North Dakota	24,841	114	15.14	12	191	42.31				307		
South Dakota	2,189	176	29.45									
South Atlantic	76,518	329	74.88	58,416	338	83.41	27,472	349	86.47	1,827	405	100.76
Delaware	606			875			76			NM	NM	NM
District of Columbia	11,628	335	79.28	10.749	338	80.87	1,394	350	86.47	142		
FloridaGeorgia	24,720	319	65.27	10,748 7,088	460	115.31	3,556	406	101.80	NM	NM	NM
Maryland	3,539			6,289			598					
North Carolina	14,901	356	87.41	8,401	362	89.82	5,288	388	95.50	197		
South Carolina	5,867	387	95.66	6,776	311	77.85	5,061	410	102.76	NM	NM	NM
Virginia	6,407	288	70.75	1,614	320	80.76	3,558	331	84.04	1,455	 ND (ND (
West Virginia East South Central	8,850 54,923	276 249	63.38 51.41	16,625 42,624	254 239	62.82 56.57	7,940 2,531	266 272	64.76 64.34	732	NM 360	NM 81.76
Alabama	21,022	268	53.36	8,231	263	61.89	2,531 47	317	74.55	398	261	56.73
Kentucky	18,149	223	49.74	20,980	208	48.74	1,874	270	64.09			
Mississippi	6,579	329	68.95	2,329	346	80.77				NM	NM	NM
Tennessee	9,173	238	44.48	11,084	258	62.49	610			331	251	54.66
West South Central	147,458	182	30.29	845	175	40.84				123		
Arkansas Louisiana	14,387 16,929	167 235	29.03 36.81							120 NM	NM	NM
Oklahoma	20,726	164	28.32	845	175	40.84						
Texas	95,415	187	30.46									
Mountain	86,292	157	28.86	28,053	167	36.58	452	166	34.29	1,728	158	29.60
Arizona	22,190	181	35.16	 5.000	107	41.01				456	102	40.74
ColoradoIdaho	13,750	143	26.57	5,069	187	41.91				456 177	192	40.74
Montana	9,656	137	17.80							245		
Nevada	1,822	204	38.34	2,239	226	52.23						
New Mexico	15,376	186	34.30	1,159	235	44.69						
Utah	1,645	251	44.56	16,000	149	33.51	452	166	34.29			
Wyoming	21,854	108	18.66	3,585	161	29.93				851	137	24.01
Pacific Contiguous	7,250 36	175	29.57	1,442 1,442			7			146 146		
Oregon	1,552	175	29.57	1,442			, 			140		
Washington	5,662											
Pacific	700									1,005	129	20.38
Noncontiguous												20.05
Alaska Hawaii	700									901	129	20.38
11aWall	/00		37.32	211,136	256	60.78	41,724	324	78.95	103 15,584		31.36

¹ Represents coal purchased directly from preparation plants where originating mine cannot be identified.

² Represents imputed data. Beginning in 2008, the receipts and cost data are imputed for plants between 1 and 50 megawatts.

NM = Not meaningful due to large relative standard error or excessive percentage change.

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, and waste coal. • Includes imported coal as well as domestic production. • Receipts include data supplied by both regulated and unregulated plants.

Average delivered cost of fuel includes data supplied by regulated plants only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Virginia, Florida, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Michigan, and Alabama may not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs presented in this table include the initial delivery costs, not any additional costs incurred to deliver the coal from the transfer facility to the power plant site. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table 4. Receipts (All Sectors) and Average Delivered Cost (Utility Sector Only) of Coal by Rank, Census Division, and State, 2009

	I	Bituminous	1	Su	bbitumino	us		Lignite			Total ²	
Census Division and State	Receipts (1,000 tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Cost (cents per million Btu)
New England	6,096	12,053	366	490	9,130					6,586	11,836	349
Connecticut	657	12,459		490	9,130					1,147	11,038	W
Maine	65	12,779								65	12,779	W
Massachusetts	4,122	11,735								4,122	11,735	338
New Hampshire	1,252	12,849	366							1,252	12,849	366
Rhode Island												
Vermont	43,514	12,548	403	5,075	8,933					 (0.170	10,989	241
Middle Atlantic New Jersey	1,397	13,026	803	939	9,210					60,170 2,336	11,491	401
New York	3,824	12,853	358	2,748	8,870					6,573	11,187	273
Pennsylvania	38,293	12,500		1,387	8,872					51,261	10,940	230
East North Central	97,693	11,806	229	127,161	8,796	179				225,363	10,100	205
Illinois	3,959	10,779	210	50,618	8,732	162				55,086	8,876	165
Indiana	38,839	11,311	208	19,442	8,790	185				58,281	10,470	202
Michigan	7,645	12,575	310	28,829	9,003	167				36,474	9,751	207
Ohio	45,289	12,187	230	6,545	8,869	201				51,834	11,768	239
Wisconsin	1,960	11,852	344	21,726	8,656	189				23,686	8,920	206
West North Central	3,328	11,315	297	121,626	8,630	141	23,861	6,552	113	148,815	8,357	143
Iowa	1,179	10,916	315	25,121	8,551	120				26,300	8,657	134
Kansas	265	10,649	199	20,083	8,498	142				20,348	8,526	143
Minnesota	133	11,943	374	17,789	8,855	163				17,922	8,878	164
Missouri	1,738	11,640	308	40,820	8,681	145				42,559	8,802	W
Nebraska	12	11,100	191	14,337	8,542	133				14,349	8,544	W
North Dakota				1,287	8,902	120	23,861	6,552	113	25,148	6,672	W
South Dakota				2,189	8,386	176				2,189	8,386	176
South Atlantic	148,125	12,318	347	15,117	8,553	203				164,233	11,942	328
Delaware	1,564	12,567								1,564	12,567	W
District of Columbia	22.012	11.057	227							22.012	11.057	220
Florida	23,912 21,853	11,957 12,433	337 430	13,512	8,508	202				23,912 35,365	11,957 10,933	339 362
Georgia	10,309	12,433	430	13,312	9,870	202				10,426	12,510	301
North Carolina	28,787	12,340	363		9,070					28,787	12,310	359
South Carolina	17,705	12,471	364							17,705	12,471	W
Virginia	13,033	12,501	306							13,033	12,501	308
West Virginia	30,963	12,252	266	1,488	8,855	214				33,441	11,959	254
East South Central	74,324	11,759	257	22,742	8,788	194	3,744	5,103		100,810	10,841	246
Alabama	17,390	11,771	316	12,308	8,721	176				29,698	10,507	W
Kentucky	39,191	11,593	219	1,812	8,849	182				41,003	11,472	217
Mississippi	3,886	11,617	352	1,281	9,257	279	3,744	5,103		8,911	8,541	W
Tennessee	13,857	12,252	267	7,341	8,803	212				21,197	11,057	257
West South Central	547	10,177	172	110,826	8,567	177	37,053	6,480	226	148,426	8,052	172
Arkansas	120	11,949		14,387	8,673	167				14,507	8,700	W
Louisiana	NM	NM	NM	13,273	8,559	256	3,659	6,902	206	16,933	8,201	W
Oklahoma	427	9,676	172	21,144	8,647	164				21,570	8,668	W
Texas				62,022	8,516	180	33,393	6,434	239	95,415	7,787	W
Mountain	42,627	10,847	177	72,928	8,857	146	307	6,485	137	116,525	9,565	158
Arizona	7,638	10,742	174	14,552	9,171	185				22,190	9,712	W
Colorado	9,097	10,825	180	10,178	8,902	133				19,274	9,810	W
Idaho	123	11,947		NM	NM 9.522	NM	207		127	177	10,963	W
Montana	2,239	11,545	226	9,348 1,822	8,522	204	307	6,485	137	9,901 4,061	8,409 10,505	W W
New Mexico	6,588	9,681	226 236	9,947	9,227 8,924	157				16,535	9,226	w 190
Utah	16,452	11,238	230 149	1,227	8,924 8,883	251				18,097	10,965	190 W
Wyoming	489	11,238	149	25,800	8,731	116				26,290	8,791	W
Pacific Contiguous	1,631	11,854		7,214	8,408	176				8,845	9,044	226
California	1,631	11,854								1,631	11,854	W
Oregon	1,051			1,552	8,426	176				1,552	8,426	176
Washington				5,662	8,403					5,662	8,403	W
Pacific Noncontiguous	803	10,640		828	8,698	117				1,705	9,519	223
Alaska				828	8,698	117				901	8,520	W
	803	10,640								803	10,640	W
Hawaii	005											

¹ Includes anthracite.

² Includes waste coal not included elsewhere in this table; includes imported coal as well as domestic production.

NM = Not meaningful due to large relative standard error or excessive percentage change.

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Receipts, heat value, and total average delivered cost include data supplied by both regulated and unregulated plants. Average delivered cost for Bituminous, Subbituminous, and Lignite include data supplied by regulated plants only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Virginia, Florida, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Michigan, and Alabama may not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs presented in this table include the initial delivery costs, not any additional costs incurred to deliver the coal from the transfer facility to the power plant site. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table 5. Receipts of Petroleum Liquids at Electric Plants by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 and 2008 (Thousand Barrels)

Census Division and State	2009	2008		
New England	4,815	7,014		
Connecticut	658	686		
Maine	1,469	1,929		
Massachusetts	2,204	3,714		
New Hampshire	384	585		
hode Island	90	88		
ermont	NM	NM		
Iiddle Atlantic	8,729	8,595		
lew Jersey	907	817		
ew York	6,457	5,976		
	1,365	1,802		
ennsylvania	1,303 1,997			
Cast North Central	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,320		
linois	245	271		
ndiana	333	372		
lichigan	714	734		
hio	581	570		
/isconsin	124	372		
Vest North Central	833	1,000		
wa	129	186		
ansas	76	100		
linnesota	195	234		
fissouri	198	155		
ebraska	81	88		
orth Dakota	134	168		
outh Dakota	NM	69		
outh Atlantic	16,807	21,267		
elaware	634	457		
istrict of Columbia	53	166		
lorida	10,474	14,234		
eorgia	786 207	1,388		
faryland	397	869		
orth Carolina	899	NM		
outh Carolina	772	571		
irginia	2,481	2,133		
Vest Virginia	310	264		
ast South Central	2,071	1,668		
labama	1,336	589		
entucky	291	290		
fississippi	56	253		
ennessee	388	536		
Vest South Central	939	997		
rkansas	209	147		
ouisiana	402	634		
klahoma	48	35		
exas	280	180		
Iountain	454	542		
rizona	90	109		
	39	68		
olorado				
laho	NM	NM		
Iontana	48	65		
evada	32	31		
ew Mexico	82	103		
tah	NM	82		
yoming	105	84		
acific Contiguous	737	699		
alifornia	320	363		
regon	79	NM		
/ashington	337	307		
acific Noncontiguous	16,799	17,038		
		,		
	2.075	1 659		
laska awaii	2,075 14,724	1,659 15,378		

NM = Not meaningful due to large relative standard error or excessive percentage change.

Notes: • Includes distillate fuel oil (all diesel and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils), residual fuel oil (No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils and bunker C fuel oil), jet fuel, kerosene, and waste oil. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table 6. Average Delivered Cost of Petroleum Liquids by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 and 2008

Census Division	20	09	20	008	Percent Change 2008-	Percent Change 2008-
and State	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per barrel)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per barrel)	2009 (cents per million Btu)	2009 (dollars per barrel)
New England	831	51.57	1,294	81.21	-35.76	-36.49
Connecticut	860	52.91	1,744	108.85	-50.69	-51.39
Maine	841	52.30	1,081	67.88	-22.20	-22.95
Massachusetts	830	51.44	1,347	84.53	-38.36	-39.15
New Hampshire	W	W	1,069	68.40	W	W
Rhode Island	W	W	1,649	98.20	W	W
Vermont	NM	NM	1,999	115.97	NM	NM
Middle Atlantic	W	W	1,463	90.43	W	W
New Jersey	1,011	58.00	1,547	89.81	-34.65	-35.42
New York	W	W	W	W	W	W
Pennsylvania	W	W	W	W	W	W
East North Central	1,149	68.35	W	W	W	W
Ilinois	1,505	86.74	2,432	140.24	-38.09	-38.15
ndiana	W	W	2,002	117.31	W	W
Michigan	W	W	W	W	W	W
Ohio	W	W	W	W	W	W
Wisconsin	W	W	W	W	W	W
West North Central	W	W	W	W	W	W
owa	W	W	W	W	W	W
Cansas	W	W	2,220	128.29	W	W
Minnesota	1,210	71.12	W W	W	w	W
Missouri	W	W	W	W	w	W
Nebraska	1,056	62.29	1,772	103.81	-40.44	-40.00
North Dakota	W	W	W	W	-40.44 W	-40.00 W
South Dakota	W	W	W	W	W	W
	W	W	W	W	W	W
South Atlantic						
Delaware	1,120	64.91	1,811	109.34	-38.12	-40.63
District of Columbia	W	W	W	W	W	W
Florida	1,019	64.76	1,396	89.63	-26.96	-27.75
Georgia	W	W	W	W	W	W
Maryland	1,014	59.78	1,721	103.36	-41.12	-42.16
North Carolina	1,014	62.30	NM	NM	NM	NM
South Carolina	938	56.92	W	W	W	W
Virginia	978	59.76	1,380	85.40	-29.13	-30.02
West Virginia	W	W	W	W	W	W
East South Central	1,249	72.13	W	W	W	W
Alabama	W	W	1,672	98.37	W	W
Kentucky	1,417	82.55	W	W	W	W
Mississippi	W	W	W	W	W	W
Tennessee	W	W	W	W	W	W
West South Central	1,144	68.64	1,151	71.52	55	-4.02
Arkansas	W	W	W	W	W	W
Louisiana	W	W	W	W	W	W
Oklahoma	W	W	W	W	W	W
Гехаs	W	W	W	W	W	W
Mountain	W	W	W	W	W	W
Arizona	W	W	W	W	W	W
Colorado	1,249	64.99	W	W	W	W
daho	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
Montana	1,328	71.54	W	W	W	W
Nevada	W	W W	W	W	W	W
	W	W	W	W	W	W
New Mexico	1,413	82.77	2,217	129.40	-36.26	-36.04
Jtah	,					
Wyoming	W	W	W	W	W	W
Pacific Contiguous	W	W	W	W	W	W
California		W	W	W	W	W
Oregon	W	W	W	W	W	W
Vashington	W	W	W	W	W	W
Pacific Noncontiguous	1,082	64.84	1,788	106.89	-39.48	-39.34
Alaska	W	W	W	W	W	W
Hawaii	W	W	W	W	W	W
U.S. Total	1,026	62.47	1,552	95.38	-33.93	-34.50

NM = Not meaningful due to large relative standard error or excessive percentage change.

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Includes distillate fuel oil (all diesel and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils), residual fuel oil (No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils and bunker C fuel oil), jet fuel, kerosene, and waste oil. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table 7.A. Receipts (All Sectors) and Average Delivered Cost (Utility Sector Only) of Distillate Fuel Oil by Type of Purchase, Census Division, and State, 2009

		Contract			Spot		Unclassified ¹			
Census Division	Receipts	Co	st	Receipts	Co	st	Receipts Cost			
and State	(1,000 barrels)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per bbl)	(1,000 barrels)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per bbl)	(1,000 barrels)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per bbl)	
New England	80	1,191	69.34	312	1,346	78.46	244	1,187	68.83	
Connecticut		1,455	84.66	53			NM	NM	NM	
Maine	8			4			23	1,273	74.66	
Massachusetts		1,171	68.19	238			155	1,185	68.70	
New Hampshire				16	1,346	78.46	NM	NM	NM	
Rhode Island				1			NM	1,184	68.53	
Vermont		1 222	77.92		1.020	(0.22	NM	NM	NM	
Middle Atlantic New Jersey	776	1,322 1,221	77.83 71.42	443 26	1,030	60.22	231 25	1,253	73.18 67.47	
New York		1,322	77.84	165	1,030	60.22	144	1,253	73.24	
Pennsylvania				251			62	1,215	70.11	
East North Central	481	1,289	74.46	760	1,278	74.03	167	1,326	76.83	
Illinois		1,651	94.88	140	1,369	78.74	NM	1,310	75.47	
Indiana	169	1,286	74.12	81	1,272	73.54	NM	NM	NM	
Michigan	9	1,453	84.29	169	1,275	73.76	NM	1,327	76.87	
Ohio		1,270	73.54	290	1,272	73.72	NM	NM	NM	
Wisconsin		1,317	75.72	79	1,254	73.12	NM	NM	NM	
West North Central	95	1,338	77.12	491	1,304	75.65	144	1,322	76.59	
lowa		1,196	69.67	101	1,347	77.80	NM	NM	NM	
Kansas		1,103 1,306	64.24 74.86	60 62	1,284 1,419	74.31 81.60	NM NM	1,309 1,294	75.80 74.52	
Minnesota Missouri		1,510	86.88	141	1,252	72.52	42	1,294	76.15	
Nebraska		1,510	00.00	45	1,367	79.97	NM	1,510 NM	NM	
North Dakota		1,393	80.39	70	1,269	74.42	NM	NM	NM	
South Dakota		1,575		11	1,148	67.09	NM	NM	NM	
South Atlantic	2,027	1,305	75.86	2,189	1,457	85.14	301	1,255	72.79	
Delaware				111			NM	NM	NM	
District of Columbia										
Florida	335	1,301	75.59	851	1,564	91.10	43	1,365	79.36	
Georgia	216	1,246	72.45	21			142	1,339	76.90	
Maryland				164			NM	NM	NM	
North Carolina		1,243	72.13	68	1,159	68.05	NM	NM	NM	
South Carolina		1,337	77.48	1	1,551	89.89	NM	1,275	74.34	
Virginia		1,329	77.41	827	1,349	79.19	77	1,219	70.50	
West Virginia	156 202	1,457	85.03	146	1,384	80.55	990	1 252	 70 50	
East South Central Alabama		1,257 1,259	72.47 72.27	633 115	1,327 1,193	76.16 67.66	947	1,373 1,289	78.59 73.97	
Kentucky		1,293	74.73	239	1,443	84.20	NM	NM	NM	
Mississippi		1,148	67.02	5	1,684	99.32	22	1,307	76.60	
Tennessee				274	1,251	70.93	NM	1,385	78.53	
West South Central	43			256	1,420	82.69	213	1,267	74.02	
Arkansas				66	1,613	94.39	NM	NM	NM	
Louisiana				42	1,217	70.88	152	1,235	72.09	
Oklahoma				20	1,480	88.03	11	1,277	74.52	
Texas				128	1,288	73.76	29	1,168	66.18	
Mountain	242	1,457	84.14	142	1,411	80.26	NM	NM	NM	
Arizona		1,794	98.67	69	1,439	82.38	NM NM	NM NM	NM NM	
Colorado Idaho				26	1,257	69.98	NM NM	NM NM	NM NM	
Montana				5	1,258	73.99	NM	NM	NM NM	
Nevada	12			19	1,416	82.60	NM	NM	NM	
New Mexico		1,551	87.78	15	1,411	77.61	NM	NM	NM	
U tah		1,396	81.92	7	1,481	85.80	NM	NM	NM	
Wyoming		1,390	81.18	2	2,381	130.95	NM	NM	NM	
Pacific Contiguous	26			118	1,238	71.89	111	1,427	83.03	
California				17	1,691	98.08	96	1,427	83.02	
Oregon				61	967	56.10				
Washington				39	1,689	98.33	NM	1,417	84.53	
Pacific Noncontiguous	2,154	1,373	79.57	35	1,671	95.04	1,047	1,348	77.28	
Alaska		1 272	70.57	26	1,671	95.04	725	1,340	76.53	
Hawaii		1,373	79.57	5 290	1 275	70.92	323	1,381	80.07	
U.S. Total	6,126	1,344	77.95	5,380	1,375	79.82	3,474	1,325	76.38	

Represents imputed data which includes plants below 50 megawatts and missing data. Beginning in 2008, the receipts and cost data are imputed for plants between 1 and 50 megawatts. NM = Not meaningful due to large relative standard error or excessive percentage change.

Notes: • Distillate fuel oil includes all diesel, No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils. • Receipts include data supplied by both regulated and unregulated plants. Average delivered cost of fuel includes data supplied by regulated plants only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table 7.B. Receipts (All Sectors) and Average Delivered Cost (Utility Sector Only) of Residual Fuel Oil by Type of Purchase, Census Division, and State, 2009

		Contract			Spot			Unclassified1	
Census Division	Receipts	Co	ost	Receipts	Co	st	Receipts	Co	st
and State	(1,000 barrels)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per bbl)	(1,000 barrels)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per bbl)	(1,000 barrels)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per bbl)
New England	265			2,473	604	38.84	1,176	768	48.46
Connecticut	200			283			65		
Maine				627			589		
Massachusetts				1,354	643	41.28	340	798	50.23
New Hampshire				209	602	38.72	128		
Rhode Island							54 NM	NM	NM
Vermont		810	51.33	1,606			280	INIVI	NM
New Jersey		778	48.75	63	-		200		
New York		814	51.63	878			233		
Pennsylvania				665			47		
East North Central				234	425	26.35	356	899	57.02
Illinois									
Indiana				74			NM	NM	NM
Michigan				160	425	26.35	242	899	57.02
Ohio							NM		
Wisconsin					405	20.92	NM	NM	NM
West North Central	-	 		38	485	29.82	NM 	 	-
Iowa Kansas									
Minnesota				12	590	38.35	NM		
Missouri						36.33			
Nebraska				27	435	26.09			
North Dakota							NM	NM	NM
South Dakota									
South Atlantic	6,539	920	59.46	3,922	965	61.52	1,520	972	62.44
Delaware							NM	NM	NM
District of Columbia									
Florida		951	61.57	3,718	974	62.15	787	976	62.77
Georgia							NM	NM	NM
Maryland				62			NM 372	NM 	NM
North Carolina				33			3/2		
Virginia		756	48.27	110	632	40.38	255		
West Virginia			10.27			10.56			
East South Central				26	951	62,29	140		
Alabama				14			72		
Kentucky									
Mississippi				12	951	62.29			
Tennessee							NM		
West South Central	14			133	706	45.31	213		
Arkansas				73	515	32.71	NM	NM	NM
Louisiana				60	933	60.63	107		
Oklahoma Texas							NM		
Mountain		-					NM	NM	NM
Arizona								14141	
Colorado									
Idaho									
Montana							NM	NM	NM
Nevada									
New Mexico									
Utah									
Wyoming							NM	NM	NM
Pacific Contiguous				24	1,241	80.16	NM	NM	NM
California				4	1,241	80.16	NIM		
Oregon				20	 		NM NM	NM	NM
Washington Pacific Noncontiguous		935	59.04	511	1,088	64.16	1,709	984	61.15
Alaska	,		39.04	511	1,088	64.16	41	901	53.14
Hawaii		935	59.04				1,668	986	61.40
U.S. Total	21,065	903	57.48	8,967	939	59.40	5,465	972	60.64

¹ Represents imputed data which includes plants below 50 megawatts and missing data. Beginning in 2008, the receipts and cost data are imputed for plants between 1 and 50 megawatts. NM = Not meaningful due to large relative standard error or excessive percentage change.

Notes: • Receipts include data supplied by both regulated and unregulated plants. Average delivered cost of fuel includes data supplied by regulated plants only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table 8. Receipts of Petroleum Coke at Electric Plants by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 and 2008

Census Division	20	009	20	2008			
and State	Thousand Tons	Thousand Barrels Equivalent	Thousand Tons	Thousand Barre Equivalent			
v England							
Connecticut							
Maine							
Massachusetts							
New Hampshire							
Rhode Island							
Vermont							
Middle Atlantic		1,394	192	961			
New Jersey							
New York	179	894	67	334			
Pennsylvania	100	500	126	628			
East North Central	905	4,526	1,149	5,747			
Illinois							
Indiana		66					
Michigan		928	162	811			
Ohio		1,480	519	2,597			
Wisconsin		2,051	468	2,338			
West North Central		344	172	862			
Iowa		45	58	289			
Kansas		240	55	275			
Minnesota			55	273			
Missouri		60	5	25			
Nebraska							
North Dakota							
South Dakota							
South Atlantic		8,707	1,986	9,931			
Delaware			==				
District of Columbia			==				
Florida		7,201	1,610	8,051			
Georgia	,	1,358	374	1,870			
Maryland			==				
North Carolina			==				
South Carolina		148					
Virginia							
West Virginia			2	10			
East South Central	1,059	5,296	1,070	5,349			
Alabama							
Kentucky	1,059	5,296	1,070	5,349			
Mississippi							
Tennessee							
West South Central	1,863	9,315	1,392	6,959			
Arkansas							
Louisiana	1,316	6,579	895	4,477			
Oklahoma	2	8	11	53			
Texas	546	2,728	486	2,429			
Mountain	260	1,299	239	1,193			
Arizona							
Colorado							
Idaho							
Montana	260	1,299	239	1,193			
Nevada							
New Mexico							
Utah							
Wyoming							
Pacific Contiguous		3,889	840	4,198			
California		3,889	840	4,198			
Oregon							
Washington							
Pacific Noncontiguous			-				
Alaska							
Hawaii							
U.S. Total	6,954	34,769	7,040	35,202			

Notes: • As stated in the EIA Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/electricity/page/glossary.html), in order to convert petroleum coke to the liquid petroleum equivalent, the quantity conversion is 5 barrels (42 U.S. gallons per barrel) per short ton (2,000 pounds). Coke from petroleum has an average heating value of 6.024 million Btu per barrel. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table 9. Average Delivered Cost of Petroleum Coke by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 and 2008

Census Division	2	009	2	2008	Percent Change 2008-		
and State	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	2009 (cents per million Btu)	2009 (dollars per ton)	
New England	-				-		
Connecticut							
Maine							
Massachusetts							
New Hampshire							
Rhode Island							
Vermont	W	 XX/	201	 E2 EE	 XV	W	
Middle Atlantic		W	201	53.55	W	VV	
New York	 W	W	W	W	W	W	
Pennsylvania	W	W	W	W	W	W	
East North Central	172	48.36	W	W	W	W	
Illinois					***		
Indiana	W	W					
Michigan	w	w	W	W	W	W	
Ohio	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Wisconsin	W	W	W	W	W	W	
West North Central	W	w	W	W	W	W	
Iowa	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Kansas	156	45.14	157	44.77	22	.83	
Minnesota			114	31.61	==	==	
Missouri	153	44.58	146	41.46	4.81	7.53	
Nebraska							
North Dakota							
South Dakota							
South Atlantic	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Delaware							
District of Columbia							
Florida	251	71.28	216	61.33	16.01	16.22	
Georgia	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Maryland							
North Carolina							
South Carolina	107	32.67					
Virginia							
West Virginia			W	W			
East South Central	98	27.59	W	W	W	W	
Alabama		27.50					
Kentucky	98	27.59	W	W	W	W	
Mississippi	 	 		 			
West South Central	127	36.39	289	83.50	-56.03	-56.42	
Arkansas	127	30.39	209	03.30	-30.03	-30.42	
Louisiana	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Oklahoma	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Texas	w	w	W	W	w	W	
Mountain	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Arizona							
Colorado							
Idaho							
Montana	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Nevada							
New Mexico							
Utah							
Wyoming							
Pacific Contiguous	W	W	W	W	W	W	
California	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Oregon							
Washington							
Pacific Noncontiguous					-		
Alaska							
Hawaii							
U.S. Total	161	45.89	211	59.72	-23.43	-23.16	

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table 10. Receipts (All Sectors) and Average Delivered Cost (Utility Sector Only) of Petroleum Coke by Type of Purchase, Census Division and State, 2009

		Contract			Spot			Unclassified ¹			
Census Division and State	Receipts	Co	ost	Receipts	Co	ost	Receipts	Co	st		
	(1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per ton)	(1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per ton)	(1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per ton)		
New England											
Connecticut											
Maine											
Massachusetts New Hampshire											
Rhode Island											
Vermont											
Middle Atlantic				2			13	NM	NM		
New Jersey											
New York				1			13	NM	NM		
Pennsylvania East North Central		147	41.16	148	144	40.77	375	180	50.76		
Illinois									50.70		
Indiana				10	164	46.77					
Michigan		191	54.65	37			136				
Ohio							NM				
Wisconsin		142	39.56	101	142	40.20	NM	NM	NM		
West North Central		156 220	45.12 58.41	11	153	44.64	9	NM NM	NM NM		
Kansas	•	156	45.14					11111	11111		
Minnesota											
Missouri		153	43.89	11	153	44.64					
Nebraska											
North Dakota											
South Dakota		207	82.30		120	20.71					
South Atlantic Delaware		287	82.30	662	139	38.61					
District of Columbia											
Florida		293	83.71	397	139	38.61					
Georgia	. 7			265							
Maryland											
North Carolina			22.67								
South Carolina Virginia		107	32.67								
West Virginia							 	 			
East South Central		100	28.27	334	92	26.13					
Alabama											
Kentucky		100	28.27	334	92	26.13					
Mississippi											
Tennessee West South Central		132	37.91	128			56				
Arkansas			37.71	120							
Louisiana		132	37.91				46				
Oklahoma											
Texas				128			NM	NM	NM		
Mountain				44							
Arizona Colorado			 			 					
Idaho											
Montana	. 216			44							
Nevada											
New Mexico											
Utah											
Wyoming							707				
Pacific Contiguous				2			707 707				
Oregon							707				
Washington											
Pacific Noncontiguous											
Alaska											
Hawaii											
U.S. Total	4,463	181	51.77	1,332	121	34.07	1,160	180	50.76		

¹ Represents imputed data. Beginning in 2008, the receipts and cost data are imputed for plants between 1 and 50 megawatts.

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is "1" and values under 0.5 are shown as "*.")

NM = Not meaningful due to large relative standard error or excessive percentage change.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table 11. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Petroleum Liquids and Petroleum Coke by Type, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2009

	Dist	tillate Fuel	Oil ¹	Res	idual Fuel	Oil ²	Total 1	Petroleum	liquids ³	P	etroleum Cok	xe .
Census Division and State	Receipts (1,000 barrels)	Heat Value (Btu per gallon)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 barrels)	Heat Value (Btu per gallon)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 barrels)	Heat Value (Btu per gallon)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Cost (cents per million Btu)
New England	636	138,205	1,200	3,914	150,220	605	4,815	147,771	831			
Connecticut	62	137,812	1,311	547	148,479		658	146,500	860			
Maine	35	139,683	1,273	1,246	150,302		1,469	148,076	841			
Massachusetts New Hampshire	453 44	138,079 139,236	1,181 1,332	1,729 337	150,164 153,026	647 602	2,204 384	147,493 151,240	830 W			
Rhode Island	37	137,879	1,184	54	150,271		90	145,243	W			
Vermont	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM			
Middle Atlantic	1,450	138,669	1,270	6,718	150,281	810	8,729	146,757	W	279	13,624	W
New Jersey	58	137,064	1,218	446	148,886	778	907	136,595	1,011			
New York	757	139,288	1,270	5,560	150,276	814	6,457	148,662	W	179	14,022	W
Pennsylvania	634	138,076	1,215	712	151,193		1,365	144,500	W	100	12,912	W
East North Central	1,407	137,728	1,287	590	151,028	750	1,997	141,652	1,149	905	14,085	172
IllinoisIndiana	244 259	137,190 137,348	1,394 1,282	 74	149,524		245 333	137,181 140,060	1,505 W	13	14,310	W
Michigan	312	137,862	1,282	402	151,514	750	714	145,555	W	186	14,061	W
Ohio	499	137,929	1,271	NM	NM		581	139,671	W	296	14,173	W
Wisconsin	93	138,679	1,265	NM	NM	NM	124	141,574	W	410	14,026	W
West North Central	730	137,978	1,311	92	149,022	485	833	138,975	W	69	14,413	W
Iowa	129	137,676	1,332				129	137,664	W	9	14,073	W
Kansas	76	137,864	1,283				76	137,864	W	48	14,446	156
Minnesota	160	137,193	1,354	NM	NM	590	195	139,955	1,210		14.526	152
Missouri	198 54	137,800 139,350	1,284 1,366	27	142,857	435	198 81	137,800 140,500	W 1,056	12	14,536	153
Nebraska North Dakota	93	139,330	1,295	NM	NM	NM	134	140,360	1,030 W			
South Dakota	NM	NM	1,245				NM	NM	W			
South Atlantic	4,517	138,099	1,394	11,982	152,572	939	16,807	148,392	W	1,741	14,230	W
Delaware	632	137,902	1,159	NM	NM	NM	634	137,938	1,120	´	´	
District of Columbia	53	137,057					53	137,057	W			
Florida	1,229	138,557	1,496	9,232	153,005	962	10,474	151,264	1,019	1,440	14,203	251
Georgia	378	136,945	1,246	407	148,410		786	142,881	W	272	14,255	W
Maryland	259 373	138,626	1,307	64 526	151,795	921	397 899	140,426	1,014	 		
North Carolina	204	138,431 138,619	1,228 1,336	373	151,790 149,874		772	146,243 144,419	1,014 938	30	15,325	107
Virginia	1,086	137,645	1,345	1,378	151,969	742	2,481	145,531	978		13,323	
West Virginia	302	138,688	1,424				310	137,855	W			
East South Central	1,826	136,837	1,315	166	150,673	951	2,071	137,513	1,249	1,059	14,133	98
Alabama	1,198	136,743	1,226	86	150,214		1,336	137,243	W			
Kentucky	291	138,667	1,417				291	138,667	1,417	1,059	14,133	98
Mississippi	45	139,407	1,273	12	155,976	951	56	142,902	W			
Tennessee	293	135,014	1,254	NM 250	NM	706	388	136,798 142.815	W 1 144	1.962	14 226	127
West South Central Arkansas	512 88	138,840 139,479	1,409 1,601	359 99	151,361 150,905	706 515	939 209	142,815	1,144 W	1,863	14,326	127
Louisiana	221	139,062	1,218	166	152,269	933	402	144,119	W	1,316	14,336	W
Oklahoma	34	140,502	1,413	14	149,690		48	143,105	W	2	15,033	W
Texas	169	137,879	1,288	NM	NM		280	140,348	W	546	14,299	W
Mountain	410	137,163	1,437	NM	NM	NM	454	135,143	W	260	14,639	W
Arizona	78	136,000	1,473				90	135,340	W			
Colorado	30	133,445	1,273				39	123,860	1,249			
Idaho	NM	NM	NM	 ND 4	 ND (ND 4	NM	NM	NM	260	14.620	
Montana	34 32	140,507 138,386	1,274 1,413	NM 	NM 	NM 	48 32	128,255 138,386	1,328 W	260	14,639	W
New Mexico	82 82	134,086	1,413				82 82	134,086	W W			
Utah	NM	NM	1,413				NM	NM	1,413			
Wyoming	97	138,948	1,407	NM	NM	NM	105	139,824	W			
Pacific Contiguous	255	139,174	1,333	NM	NM	1,241	737	131,136	W	778	14,376	W
California	114	138,490	1,438	4	153,786	1,241	320	120,226	W	778	14,376	W
Oregon	61	138,186	967	NM	NM		79	137,910	W			
Washington	80	140,900	1,680	NM	NM	050	337	139,905	W			
Pacific Noncontiguous	3,236 751	137,538	1,369	11,632	147,845	9 50	16,799 2,075	142,628	1,082			
Hawaii	751 2,485	136,014 137,998	1,353 1,373	552 11,080	140,476 148,212	1,074 943	2,075 14,724	130,881 144,283	W W			
U.S. Total	14,980	137,862	1,353	35,497	150,276	915	54,181	145,033	1,026	6,954	14,231	161

¹ Distillate fuel oil includes all diesel, No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils.

² Residual fuel oil includes No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils and bunker C fuel oil.

³ Also includes jet fuel, kerosene, and waste oil.

NM = Not meaningful due to large relative standard error or excessive percentage change.

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Receipts, heat value, and total average delivered cost include data supplied by both regulated and unregulated plants. Average delivered cost for distillate and residual fuel oil include data supplied by regulated plants only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table 12. Receipts of Natural Gas at Electric Plants by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 and 2008 (Thousand Mcf)

Census Division and State	2009	2008
New England	394,249	394,730
Connecticut	77,029	65,187
Maine	·	59,901
Massachusetts	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	165,924
Vew Hampshire		49,195
hode Island	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	54,484
ermont		38
liddle Atlantic		752,014
lew Jersey	*	186,281
ew York		413,327
ennsylvania	·	152,405
· ·		
ast North Central	- ,	275,521
linois		49,742
ndiana		52,012
lichigan		99,021
hio		25,605
Visconsin		49,141
/est North Central	119,973	134,928
wa	17,625	21,458
ansas	32,204	26,780
linnesota	·	33,968
fissouri	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	42,888
ebraska	,	7,266
orth Dakota		NM
outh Dakota		2,568
outh Atlantic		1,128,275
elaware	· / / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		12,981
vistrict of Columbia		016.050
lorida		816,252
eorgia		107,306
laryland	·	23,742
orth Carolina	40,384	36,793
outh Carolina	74,785	46,973
irginia	100,902	81,380
Vest Virginia	2,024	2,849
ast South Central		392,067
labama	,	178,936
entucky		13,629
fississippi	,	193,463
ennessee		6,038
Vest South Central		2,757,580
rkansas		73,848
ouisiana		487,810
klahoma		290,446
exas		1,905,476
Iountain		734,036
rizona		284,700
olorado	114,854	108,215
laho	14,512	14,069
Iontana	1,170	1,423
evada	,	184,246
ew Mexico	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	72,539
tah		58,101
yoming		10,744
acific Contiguous	,	1,264,618
	. , ,	
alifornia		1,060,611
regon		126,636
Vashington		77,371
acific Noncontiguous		45,278
laska	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	45,278
awaii		
J.S. Total	8,118,550	7,879,046

NM = Not meaningful due to large relative standard error or excessive percentage change.

Notes: • Natural gas, including small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. Natural gas values do not include blast furnace gas or other manufactured gases. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table 13. Average Delivered Cost of Natural Gas by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 and 2008

Census Division	2	009	2	2008	C	Percent Change 2008-
and State	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per Mcf)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per Mcf)	(cents per million Btu)	2009 (dollars per Mcf)
New England	491	5.05	1,012	10.46	-51.51	-51.69
Connecticut		4.92	1,033	10.46	-53.08	-52.96
Maine	. 493	5.15	1,006	10.60	-51.00	-51.42
Massachusetts		5.05	1,014	10.49	-51.76	-51.86
New Hampshire	. W	W	W	W	W	W
Rhode Island		W	W	W	W	W
Vermont		5.66	909	9.14	-38.07	-38.07
Middle Atlantic		5.13	1,047	10.73	-52.15	-52.21
New Jersey		5.30	1,041	10.74	-50.51	-50.65
New York		5.28	1,062	10.82	-51.21	-51.20
Pennsylvania		4.73	1,016	10.48	-54.63	-54.87
East North Central		4.75	919	9.34	-49.06	-49.10
			967	9.78	-46.59	-46.83
Illinois		5.20				
Indiana		4.71	948	9.62	-50.96	-51.04
Michigan		4.59	861	8.73	-47.43	-47.42
Ohio		4.47	1,035	10.72	-58.15	-58.30
Wisconsin		4.88	895	9.10	-46.26	-46.37
West North Central		W	W	W	W	W
Iowa	. W	W	W	W	W	W
Kansas	. 407	4.13	W	W	W	W
Minnesota	. 598	6.05	891	9.03	-32.83	-33.00
Missouri	. W	W	W	W	W	W
Nebraska		W	W	W	W	W
North Dakota		W	NM	NM	W	W
South Dakota		5.15	724	7.32	-29.09	-29.64
South Atlantic		6.93	1,014	10.44	-33.48	-33.65
Delaware		W	W	W	-33.46 W	-33.03 W
District of Columbia			vv		vv	vv
			1.010		24.20	24.66
Florida		7.82	1,010	10.38	-24.39	-24.66
Georgia		4.68	996	10.31	-54.61	-54.61
Maryland		5.48	1,051	11.03	-50.42	-50.32
North Carolina		W	W	W	W	W
South Carolina		4.18	1,017	10.48	-60.04	-60.11
Virginia		4.69	1,043	10.80	-56.62	-56.57
West Virginia	. 545	5.60	1,048	10.77	-48.03	-48.00
East South Central	432	4.42	962	9.85	-55.09	-55.18
Alabama	. 425	4.36	973	10.00	-56.28	-56.40
Kentucky	. 624	6.39	W	W	W	W
Mississippi	. 428	4.35	942	9.61	-54.63	-54.73
Tennessee		5.16	W	W	W	W
West South Central		4.07	880	9.03	-54.87	-54.95
Arkansas		4.15	890	9.18	-54.45	-54.79
Louisiana		4.41	945	9.78	-54.79	-54.91
Oklahoma		3.92	793	8.18	-52.18	-52.08
Texas		4.00	876	8.96	-55.27	-55.36
Mountain		4.56	778	8.01	-43.00	-43.14
Arizona		4.16	837	8.60	-51.35	-51.63
Colorado		4.27	678	7.02	-39.13	-39.17
Idaho		4.70	W	W	W	W
Montana		W	W	W	W	W
Nevada		5.50	797	8.28	-33.17	-33.57
New Mexico	. W	W	802	8.20	W	W
Utah	. 366	3.82	W	W	W	W
Wyoming	. 299	2.95	423	4.17	-29.37	-29.26
Pacific Contiguous		4.48	799	8.20	-45.41	-45.40
California		4.42	808	8.29	-46.67	-46.68
Oregon		4.29	705	7.20	-40.55	-40.42
Washington		5.30	833	8.57	-38.20	-38.16
Pacific Noncontiguous		W	W	0.57 W	-36.20 W	-38.10 W
Alaska		W	W	W	W	W
						vv
Hawaii						
U.S. Total	474	4.86	902	9.26	-47.41	-47.52

NM = Not meaningful due to large relative standard error or excessive percentage change.

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Natural gas, including small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. Natural gas values do not include blast furnace gas or other manufactured gases. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table 14.1. Receipts (All Sectors) and Average Delivered Cost (Utility Sector Only) of Natural Gas by Type of Purchase, Census Division, and State, 2009

,	,	Contract			Spot		Ur	iclassified 1	
Census Division		Cost	t		Cos	t		Cos	t
and State	Receipts	(cents per		Receipts	(cents per		Receipts	(cents per	
and State	(1,000 Mcf)	million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)	(1,000 Mcf)	million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)	(1,000 Mcf)	million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)
New England	118,687	484	4.95	259,003	589	6.13	16,560	458	4.73
Connecticut		870	8.92	47,025			6,237		
Maine				26,519			291		
Massachusetts		460	4.72	149,118	642	6.59	7,016	458	4.73
New Hampshire				492	557	5.84	334		
Rhode Island				35,849			2,682		
Vermont		563	5.66	41.4.105	40.5	4.02	24.66		
Middle Atlantic		517	5.28	414,185 95,603	485	4.92	24,665 9,195	497	5.06
New York		517	5.28	173,379	485	4.92	12,262	498	5.07
Pennsylvania	,		5.26	145,204		7.72	3,207	480	4.92
East North Central		598	6.10	138,722	498	5.06	28,499	479	4.86
Illinois		365	3.65	24,951	708	7.17	2,650	493	4.97
Indiana		585	6.01	32,626	456	4.64	5,370	512	5.18
Michigan		682	6.88	24,573	590	5.91	8,892	468	4.75
Ohio		499	5.13	33,203	412	4.21	5,015	463	4.78
Wisconsin		590	5.90	23,368	519	5.27	6,572	481	4.89
West North Central		436	4.39	69,031	525	5.33	12,791	467	4.74
Iowa		523	5.32	11,688	487	4.91	520	472 395	4.78
Minnesota		372 483	3.75 4.83	20,085 18,683	425 690	4.33 6.98	1,843 6,461	393 451	4.01 4.56
Missouri	,	426	4.83	17,181	501	5.10	0,401 NM	539	5.48
Nebraska	,	607	6.04	1,112	683	6.87	72	NM	NM
North Dakota		609	6.28				958	506	5.19
South Dakota		514	5.17	282	569	5.67	172	423	4.25
South Atlantic		742	7.60	469,288	691	7.11	30,891	750	7.67
Delaware				10,863			NM	NM	NM
District of Columbia									
Florida		789	8.07	241,085	818	8.37	12,910	779	7.97
Georgia		471	4.85	96,479	427	4.46	4,784	469	4.86
Maryland		262	3.71	9,738	781	8.01	7,128		
North Carolina	,	362 395	4.07	38,449 4,874	829	8.52	441 NM	NM	NM
Virginia	,		4.07	67,114	476	4.95	4,376		11111
West Virginia		632	6.32	687	453	4.79	914		
East South Central		488	4.88	308,947	428	4.38	18,549	433	4.41
Alabama	101,983	452	4.65	139,843	428	4.39	8,267		
Kentucky		710	7.29	1,361	605	6.21	3,723	515	5.28
Mississippi		454	4.34	165,236	426	4.36	4,251	409	4.17
Tennessee				2,508	457	4.70	2,307		
West South Central	,- , -	399	4.13	1,315,501	413	4.22	90,456	408	4.16
Arkansas Louisiana		594	6.12	70,809 216,904	625 423	6.35 4.35	9,909 18,602	399 414	4.09 4.27
Oklahoma	,	397	4.14	99,127	383	3.92	1,785	392	4.27
Texas		387	3.95	928,661	410	4.19	60,160	408	4.16
Mountain		475	4.86	500,538	477	4.90	18,458	471	4.88
Arizona		470	4.81	182,747	396	4.05	1,023		
Colorado	67,181	973	9.85	45,251	380	3.78	2,422	465	4.81
Idaho	8,150			3,104	643	6.45	3,258		
Montana		571	6.12	9			515	451	4.62
Nevada		400		182,721	589	6.09	NM	NM	NM
New Mexico	,	490	5.04	37,942	433	4.44	2,074	NM NM	NM
Utah Wyoming				43,638 5,126	348 496	3.63 4.90	4,888 4,277	NM 480	NM 4.74
Pacific Contiguous		490	4.98	5,120 519,731	496 465	4.90 4.76	166,076	480 468	4.74
California		518	5.25	411,929	431	4.40	161,948	469	4.81
Oregon			5.25	42,759	428	4.39	1,520	477	4.87
Washington		398	4.10	65,043	611	6.29	2,608	453	4.66
Pacific Noncontiguous		511	5.14				5,440	483	4.87
Alaska	34,728	511	5.14				5,440	483	4.87
HawaiiU.S. Total		630	6.45	3,994,946	495	5.07	412,384	488	4.98

¹ Represents imputed data which includes plants below 50 megawatts and missing data. Beginning in 2008, the receipts and cost data are imputed for plants between 1 and 50 megawatts. NM = Not meaningful due to large relative standard error or excessive percentage change.

Notes: • Natural gas, including a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. Natural gas values do not include blast furnace gas or other manufactured gases. • Receipts and total average delivered cost include data supplied by both regulated and unregulated plants. Average delivered cost for firm, interruptible, and unclassified delivery types include data supplied by regulated plants only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table 14.2. Receipts (All Sectors) and Average Delivered Cost (Utility Sector Only) of Natural Gas by Type of Delivery, Census Division, and State, 2009

		Firm		Int	terruptible		Uı	ıclassified 1	
Census Division		Cost	t		Cos	t		Cos	t
and State	Receipts (1,000 Mcf)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)	Receipts (1,000 Mcf)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)	Receipts (1,000 Mcf)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)
N E1 1	. 259,764	562	5.89	117.026	519	5 22	16.500	,	4.73
New England	,	502	5.89	117,926 24,777	870	5.32 8.92	16,560 6,237	458	4./3
Maine				20,879	670	0.72	291		
Massachusetts				49,879	505	5.18	7,016	458	4.73
New Hampshire		562	5.89	29	472	4.96	334		
Rhode Island				22,297			2,682		
Vermont	,			64	563	5.66	-,		
Middle Atlantic	493,471	508	5.18	266,206	1,136	11.71	24,665	497	5.06
New Jersey	61,027			109,309			9,195		
New York		508	5.18	93,995	1,136	11.71	12,262	498	5.07
Pennsylvania				62,902			3,207	480	4.92
East North Central		538	5.46	85,318	476	4.85	28,499	479	4.86
Illinois		566	5.66	21,705	727	7.37	2,650	493	4.97
Indiana		497	5.06	30,471	466	4.75	5,370	512	5.18
Michigan		646	6.49	18,339	442	4.49	8,892	468	4.75
Ohio		509	5.21	6,040	376 520	3.84	5,015	463	4.78
West North Control		517	5.26 4.75	8,764 40,654	529 532	5.35 5.37	6,572 12,791	481	4.89
West North Central	,	468 529	5.36	8,667	470	4.75	520	467 472	4.74 4.78
Iowa		433	3.30 4.41	11,426	364	3.67	1,843	395	4.78
Kansas Minnesota		580	5.84	14,157	680	6.88	6,461	451	4.56
Missouri	,	442	4.48	4,385	634	6.40	0,401 NM	539	5.48
Nebraska	,	682	6.76	1,933	599	6.01	72	NM	NM
North Dakota				1,,,,,	609	6.28	958	506	5.19
South Dakota		522	5.25	85	635	6.19	172	423	4.25
South Atlantic		735	7.53	109,170	613	6.38	30,891	750	7.67
Delaware				239			NM	NM	NM
District of Columbia									
Florida	. 893,971	790	8.08	29,023	983	10.31	12,910	779	7.97
Georgia	. 141,729	440	4.58	9,554			4,784	469	4.86
Maryland				1,353			7,128		
North Carolina		779	7.98	1,414	406	4.17	441		
South Carolina		401	4.12	380	943	9.63	NM	NM	NM
Virginia				67,016	476	4.95	4,376		
West Virginia		453	4.79	191	632	6.32	914		
East South Central		437	4.46	60,982	484	4.97	18,549	433	4.41
Alabama		434 925	4.45 9.49	10,011	612 588	6.30 6.04	8,267 3,723	515	5.28
Kentucky Mississippi		430	4.36	6,186 44,784	416	4.26	4,251	409	4.17
Tennessee		457	4.70	44,704		4.20	2,307		4.17
West South Central		408	4.18	621,691	412	4.23	90.456	408	4.16
Arkansas	, ,	3,677	37.31	11,721	480	4.88	9,909	399	4.09
Louisiana	,	505	5.18	179,130	423	4.35	18,602	414	4.27
Oklahoma		397	4.11	45,541	366	3.76	1,785	392	4.06
Texas		404	4.12	385,299	411	4.21	60,160	408	4.16
Mountain		478	4.90	37,522	459	4.65	18,458	471	4.88
Arizona	. 261,590	428	4.37	253	637	6.48	1,023		
Colorado		384	3.81	19,466	389	3.90	2,422	465	4.81
Idaho	,	658	6.61	178	391	3.91	3,258		
Montana		582	6.14	19	538	6.04	515	451	4.62
Nevada		589	6.09	6,755			NM	NM	NM
New Mexico	,	425	4.36	8,134	535	5.48	2,074	NM	NM
Utah		348	3.63	2,400		 5 12	4,888	NM	NM
Wyoming		417	4.28	317	567	5.42	4,277	480	4.74
Pacific Contiguous		484	4.94	183,118	429	4.41	166,076 161,948	468	4.80
California Oregon		466 428	4.72 4.39	176,721 4,345	429	4.41	1,520	469 477	4.81 4.87
Washington		558	5.75	2,052			2,608	453	4.66
Pacific Noncontiguous		511	5.14	2,032			5,440	483	4.87
Alaska		511	5.14				5,440	483	4.87
Hawaii			J.11						
		571	5.85	1,522,587	459	4.72	412,384	488	4.98

¹ Represents imputed data which includes plants below 50 megawatts and missing data. Beginning in 2008, the receipts and cost data are imputed for plants between 1 and 50 megawatts. NM = Not meaningful due to large relative standard error or excessive percentage change.

Notes: Natural gas, including a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. Natural gas values do not include blast furnace gas or other manufactured gases. Receipts and total average delivered cost include data supplied by both regulated and unregulated plants. Average delivered cost for firm, interruptible, and unclassified delivery types include data supplied by regulated plants only. Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Origin and Destination of Coal

Table 15. Destination and Origin of Coal to Electric Plants By State: Total (All Sectors), 2009

			Average	Average Delivered Cost			
Destination Origin	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Alabama	29,698	10,507	.92	.87	8.44	W	W
Alabama		11,953	1.45	1.21	13.00	326	77.72
Colorado		11,278	.62	.55	11.21	308	69.54
Illinois		11,724	1.97	1.68	8.56	305	71.49
Indiana		11,543	1.12 2.47	.97 2.09	6.69	334 265	77.04
Kentucky Tennessee		11,842 12,540	1.00	.80	11.46 8.00	265 515	62.82 129.24
Utah		11,783	.73	.62	11.18	294	69.35
Virginia		12,500	1.30	1.04	12.00	258	64.48
West Virginia		12,750	.88	.69	9.29	405	103.31
Wyoming		8,721	.32	.37	5.14	176	30.62
Imported	3,239	11,383	.59	.52	6.38	319	72.71
Unclassified ¹	397	11,759	1.33	1.14	10.74		
Alaska		8,520	.50	.59	8.91	W	W
Alaska		8,520	.50	.59	8.91	129	20.38
Arizona		9,712	.65	.67	10.87	W	W
Arizona		10,751	.64	.59	10.56	169	36.24
Colorado		10,293	.40	.39	6.28	473	97.27
Montana		9,250	.32 .83	.35 .89	4.52	171 192	31.71
New Mexico		9,368			14.68		36.02
Wyoming		8,809 8,700	.38	.43 .31	5.49 4.97	174 W	30.61 W
Wyoming		8,673	.26	.30	4.92	167	29.03
Unclassified ¹		11,949	1.78	1.49	10.59	107	29.03
California		11,854	.62	.52	9.72	W	W
Colorado		10,941	.54	.50	10.71		
Utah		11,899	.62	.52	9.67		
Unclassified ¹		11,893	.64	.54	9.74		
Colorado		9,810	.38	.39	7.28	W	W
Colorado	10,792	10,614	.45	.43	9.03	175	37.06
Montana	50	9,982	.43	.43	6.28	228	45.44
Wyoming		8,667	.27	.32	4.83	127	22.01
Unclassified ¹		10,744	.45	.42	9.02	192	40.74
Connecticut		11,038	.67	.60	6.93	W	W
Pennsylvania		12,967	1.83	1.41	7.30		-
West Virginia		12,436	1.06	.85	10.79		-
Imported		9,130	.09	.10	1.95		
Delaware		12,567	.53	. 64 .43	10.86 9.47	W 	W
Colorado Kentucky		12,166 12,488	.71	.57	10.49		
Pennsylvania		12,784	1.15	.90	11.21		
Virginia		12,672	1.05	.83	11.28		
West Virginia		12,582	.71	.57	11.05		
Unclassified ¹	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
Florida	23,912	11,957	1.45	1.22	9.78	339	81.03
Colorado	1,180	11,327	.60	.53	10.20	429	97.29
Illinois	2,595	11,537	2.74	2.37	8.82	243	56.15
Kentucky	10,123	12,321	1.86	1.51	9.53	335	82.72
Pennsylvania		13,034	1.99	1.53	8.32	540	140.84
Utah		12,019	1.15	.95	8.65	411	98.82
Virginia		12,638	.83	.66	9.38	477	120.45
West Virginia		12,137	.90	.74	11.73	397	95.33
Imported		11,199	.62	.55	8.74	292	65.34
Unclassified ¹		11,933	1.48	1.24	9.77	362	70.2
Georgia		10,933 12,434	.76	. 70	8.25 12.13	362 334	79.2 4 82.89
AlabamaIndiana		11,673	1.04	.95	6.54	334 393	91.66
Kentucky		12,459	1.04	.83	10.51	436	108.53
Pennsylvania		12,441	.87	.70	9.71	337	83.23
Tennessee		12,698	1.27	1.00	8.29	413	104.84
Virginia		12,412	1.22	.98	11.10	436	109.38
West Virginia		12,280	.86	.70	11.67	430	105.77
Wyoming		8,508	.28	.33	4.58	202	34.39
Imported		11,330	.46	.41	4.90	348	78.78
Unclassified ¹		NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM

Table 15. Destination and Origin of Coal to Electric Plants By State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 (Continued)

,	ed)		Average	Average Delivered Cost			
Destination Origin	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Hawaii		10,640	.65	.61	7.80	W	W
Imported		10,640	.65	.61	7.80	 ***	
Idaho		10,963 10,963	1.34 1.34	1.22	9.14 9.14	W	W
Unclassified ¹ Illinois		8,876	.48	.54	5.24	165	29.37
Illinois		10,574	3.08	2.91	10.87	199	41.37
Indiana	,	11,583	1.27	1.10	7.29		
Kentucky		7,348	2.25	3.06	23.98	131	19.24
Wyoming		8,732	.25	.28	4.73	162	28.44
Unclassified ¹		10,803	3.12	2.88	9.61	241	52.05
Alabama		10,470 11,510	1.73 2.15	1.65 1.87	7.72 7.30	202 145	42.32 33.40
Colorado		11,802	.47	.40	9.99	208	49.09
Illinois		11,097	2.58	2.32	8.99	241	54.30
Indiana		11,128	2.59	2.33	9.22	186	41.33
Kentucky		12,274	1.94	1.58	9.35	353	88.21
Montana		9,506	.40	.42	4.16		
Ohio		11,507	1.83 2.23	1.59	9.13	394	90.68
Pennsylvania West Virginia		13,053 12,405	1.45	1.70 1.17	7.79 10.24	263 293	68.62 72.62
Wyoming		8,760	.24	.28	4.78	185	32.47
Unclassified ¹	· ·	11,313	2.49	2.20	9.22	241	54.57
Iowa		8,657	.42	.49	5.15	134	23.21
Colorado	25	10,857	.52	.48	13.61		
Illinois		10,997	3.18	2.89	9.18	267	60.92
Indiana		11,144	.41	.37	8.00	500	111.34
Montana		10,300	.57	.55	7.50	315	64.89
Wyoming Unclassified ¹		8,549 9,252	.31 1.20	.36 1.30	4.96 6.25	120 145	20.41 24.79
Kansas		8,526	.40	.46	5,22	143	24.38
Missouri		10,649	3.52	3.30	14.38	199	42.47
Wyoming		8,498	.35	.42	5.10	142	24.14
Kentucky		11,472	2.54	2.21	10.56	217	49.89
Alabama		10,867	2.91	2.68	9.90	179	38.82
Colorado Illinois		11,601 11,715	.50 2.70	.44 2.31	9.59 8.53	266 263	61.79 61.72
Indiana	· ·	11,051	2.95	2.67	9.46	208	46.06
Kentucky		11,595	2.75	2.37	10.58	211	49.00
Ohio	2,735	11,442	3.74	3.27	14.66	200	45.72
Pennsylvania		13,042	2.67	2.05	8.34	284	74.03
Tennessee		12,138	1.08	.89	10.99	240	58.14
Utah		11,683	.48	.41	9.24	252 235	58.94
West Virginia Wyoming		11,824 8,849	1.86	1.58	14.29 5.16	182	55.52 32.17
Louisiana		8,201	.39	.47	6.69	W	W W
Louisiana	,	6,902	.77	1.11	13.65	206	28.43
Wyoming		8,559	.28	.33	4.77	256	44.13
Unclassified ¹		NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
Maine		12,779	.82	.64	7.42	W	W
Imported		12,779 12,510	.82 1.25	.64 1.00	7.42 10.34	301	75.24
Maryland Kentucky		12,648	1.24	.98	9.03	301	13.24
Maryland		11,493	1.74	1.52	18.41	 	
Pennsylvania		13,007	1.83	1.40	7.36		
Virginia		12,425	.68	.55	11.40		
West Virginia		12,507	.92	.74	11.09		
Wyoming		10,354	.52	.51	7.81		
Imported Massachusetts		11,588 11,735	.52 .58	.45 .49	6.44 7.41	338	79.30
West Virginia		12,446	.81	.65	10.04	338	19.30
Imported		11,458	.49	.43	6.39		
Unclassified ¹		11,775	.58	.49	7.43		
Michigan	. 36,474	9,751	.49	.51	5.78	207	40.39
Colorado		11,614	.52	.45	9.62	354	82.12
Illinois	136	11,184	1.62	1.45	8.08	277	60.17

Table 15. Destination and Origin of Coal to Electric Plants By State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 (Continued)

			Average	Average Delivered Cost			
Dogtiv - 4				Average Denvered Cost			
Destination Origin	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)		(dollars per ton)
Michigan (Continued)							
Kentucky	3,600	12,760	1.39	1.09	8.42	263	67.20
Montana	· ·	9,329	.36	.39	4.71	137	25.61
Ohio		11,875	2.32	1.95	10.74	279	65.79
Pennsylvania		12,975	1.85	1.43	7.18	234	60.68
Utah		11,599 13,380	.84 .72	.72 .54	10.13 8.12		-
Virginia West Virginia		12,655	.95	.75	10.71	400	100.9
Wyoming		8,825	.25	.29	4.92	184	32.4
Unclassified ¹		12,010	1.06	.88	8.51	194	48.9
Minnesota		8,878	.46	.51	6.63	164	29.1
Illinois	10	10,550	.94	.89	8.50	323	68.1
Indiana		10,950	.93	.85	8.50	431	94.3
Kentucky		12,700	.96	.76	8.80	367	93.2
Montana	· ·	8,908	.57	.64	7.86	152	27.1
Wyoming		8,789	.29	.33	4.89	181	31.7
Unclassified ¹		9,063 8,541	.56 .53	.61 . 62	7.00 11.27	145 W	25.7 V
Colorado		11,309	.50	.44	9.23	341	77.1
Kentucky		11,069	.57	.51	7.56	462	102.2
Mississippi		5,103	.47	.92	15.24		
Virginia		12,532	.92	.74	10.60	345	86.4
West Virginia	197	12,583	1.02	.81	10.29	325	81.7
Wyoming		9,433	.35	.37	5.99	282	53.1
Imported		11,092	.64	.57	8.08	356	78.9
Unclassified ¹		NM	NM	NM	NM 5.22	NM	NN
Missouri		8,802	.38 2.93	.44	5.22	W 333	72.0
IllinoisKansas		11,085 11,514	3.60	2.64 3.13	8.66 13.80	236	73.0 54.3
Kentucky		12,128	2.88	2.38	8.78	234	56.7
Missouri		9,922	3.19	3.21	13.33	198	39.2
Utah		12,106	1.09	.90	9.49	430	104.2
Wyoming		8,681	.29	.33	5.04	145	25.1
Unclassified ¹		11,666	2.53	2.17	9.24	241	56.1
Montana		8,409	.67	.80	9.68	W	V
Montana		8,462	.66	.78	9.17	137	17.8
Wyoming		8,387	.22	.27	4.38 43.69		-
Unclassified ¹ Nebraska		6,509 8,544	2.33 .31	3.58 .36	5.18	 W	v
Utah	,	11,100	.42	.38	9.40	191	42.3
Wyoming		8,542	.31	.36	5.18	133	22.6
Unclassified ¹		8,560	.31	.36	5.16		
Nevada		10,505	.42	.40	8.95	W	V
Colorado		11,346	.56	.50	10.95	245	55.5
Utah	,	11,597	.46	.39	10.28	221	51.3
Wyoming		9,227	.34	.37	7.14	204	38.3
New Hampshire		12,849	1.44	1.12	7.41	366	94.1
Pennsylvania		12,982	1.89	1.46	7.27	370	96.14
Virginia West Virginia		13,967 13,128	.69 2.59	.49 1.97	4.83 7.65	438 329	122.25 86.42
Imported		12,545	.67	.53	7.67	368	92.2
New Jersey		11,491	.90	.79	5.58	401	92.2
Pennsylvania		13,047	1.82	1.39	7.02		, 2,2
Virginia		13,470	.98	.72	6.91		-
West Virginia		12,701	1.25	.99	9.84		-
Wyoming		8,684	.34	.39	6.72		-
Imported		9,247	.09	.10	1.99	803	207.9
New Mexico		9,226	.77	.83	21.98	190	35.0
New Mexico		9,226	.77	.83	21.98	190	35.0
New York		11,187 11,735	1.29 1.10	1.16 .93	6.87 12.86	273	61.0
Montana		9,339	.32	.34	5.08	 	
Ohio		12,491	1.68	1.35	8.82	367	91.7
Pennsylvania		12,925	2.00	1.55	8.24	351	87.4
West Virginia		13,044	2.64	2.03	8.38		-
Wyoming	· ·	8,833	.29	.32	5.15		_

Table 15. Destination and Origin of Coal to Electric Plants By State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 (Continued)

Destination	1						
Destination Origin	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
New York (Continued)							
Imported		12,375	.59	.48	7.20		
Unclassified ¹		12,838	2.08	1.62	8.14		
North Carolina		12,333 12,388	1.04 1.05	.84 .85	10.90 9.97	359 344	88.53 85.01
Ohio		13,550	.95	.70	7.00	J44 	65.01
Pennsylvania		12,700	1.37	1.08	9.00	318	80.70
Tennessee		12,571	1.20	.95	10.77	245	61.53
Virginia		12,486	1.16	.93	11.79	371	92.53
West Virginia		12,296	1.03	.83	11.33	372	91.45
Imported		12,105	.63 1.04	.52 .84	5.10 10.99	344	83.26
Unclassified ¹ North Dakota		12,312 6,672	.73	1.09	9.40	W	W
Montana		9,375	.35	.37	4.60	109	20.44
North Dakota		6,552	.75	1.14	9.64	113	14.87
Wyoming		8,059	.36	.44	5.26	157	25.37
Unclassified ¹	307	8,487	.35	.41	5.67		
Ohio		11,768	2.20	1.87	9.52	239	56.36
Colorado		11,600	1.86	1.60	14.40	236	54.75
Illinois Indiana		11,790 11,278	2.51 3.17	2.13 2.81	8.35 8.94	232 179	54.71 40.31
Kentucky		11,831	1.47	1.24	12.04	239	56.55
Montana		9,672	.39	.40	5.34		50.55
Ohio		12,122	3.67	3.03	9.96	232	56.27
Pennsylvania	6,280	12,899	2.29	1.77	8.18	252	64.37
Virginia		14,402	.91	.63	6.89		
West Virginia		12,267	1.75	1.43	11.38	220	53.56
Wyoming		8,818	.26	.29	4.95	201	35.55
Unclassified ¹ Oklahoma		12,150 8,668	2.50 .34	2.06 .39	10.26 5.58	235 W	57.16 W
Colorado		11,701	.49	.41	11.29	175	40.84
Kansas		12,137	4.00	3.30	12.00	144	34.87
Oklahoma		9,539	1.62	1.70	29.56		
Wyoming		8,647	.32	.36	5.12	164	28.32
Oregon		8,426	.36	.42	4.83	176	29.57
Montana		9,447	.33	.35	4.40	175	32.99
Pennsylvania		8,407 10,940	.36 2.21	.42 2.02	4.83 19.11	176 230	29.51 50.23
Alabama		13,030	1.93	1.48	7.00	250	30.23
Kentucky		12,320	1.85	1.50	9.74		
Montana		9,176	.31	.34	4.45		
Ohio		12,347	2.72	2.20	10.28		
Pennsylvania		10,740	2.09	1.95	21.05		
West Virginia		12,676	2.85	2.25	9.80		
Wyoming Imported		8,816 12,630	.27 .67	.30 .53	4.82 8.50		
Unclassified ¹		6,241	2.40	3.85	47.34	 	
South Carolina	. 17,705	12,471	1.43	1.15	10.14	W	W
Kentucky	11,574	12,375	1.43	1.16	10.49	374	92.57
Pennsylvania		12,939	1.88	1.45	8.00	320	82.71
Tennessee		12,630	1.31	1.04	9.85	392	98.99
Virginia		11,394	1.30	1.14	17.42	298	67.82
West Virginia Imported		12,367 12,558	.97 .69	.78 .55	11.49 7.12	352 439	86.99 110.28
Unclassified ¹		NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
South Dakota		8,386	.31	.37	5.35	176	29.45
Wyoming		8,386	.31	.37	5.35	176	29.45
Tennessee	. 21,197	11,057	1.33	1.20	7.93	257	56.81
Colorado		11,507	.52	.45	10.65	301	69.24
Illinois		12,172	2.93	2.41	8.81	220	53.60
Indiana Kentucky		11,505 12,108	1.30 1.54	1.13 1.27	6.40 10.29	263 264	60.49 63.32
Pennsylvania		12,108	2.72	2.09	8.63	264 276	71.90
Tennessee		12,594	.92	.73	7.97	487	122.59
Utah		11,827	.80	.67	11.30	296	70.00
Virginia		13,022	.89	.68	8.85	314	78.76

Table 15. Destination and Origin of Coal to Electric Plants By State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 (Continued)

			Average (Average Delivered Cost		
Destination Origin	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Tennessee (Continued)							
West Virginia		12,762	1.44	1.13	8.87	366	93.25
Wyoming	7,341	8,803	.30	.34	5.00	212	37.30
Unclassified ¹		12,254	1.88	1.54	9.46		
Texas		7,787	.61	.79	9.38	W	W
Texas		6,434	1.17	1.83	17.13	239	28.27
Wyoming		8,516	.31	.37	5.20	180	30.91
Utah		10,965	.56	.51	12.09	W	W
Colorado		10,044	.53	.53	13.44	189	37.92
Utah		11,345	.56	.49	12.25	141	32.54
Wyoming		8,883	.70	.79	7.00	251	44.56
Virginia		12,501	1.00	.80	9.82	308	76.88
Colorado		12,114 12,696	.53 1.26	.43 .99	9.44 9.17	362 326	87.68 82.72
Kentucky		12,096	2.02	1.55	9.17 7.64	326 346	90.30
Pennsylvania		12,606	.91	.72	11.55	269	67.64
Virginia West Virginia	,	12,618	.85	.67	10.20	305	76.36
Imported		11,592	.56	.49	8.35	310	70.30
Unclassified ¹		12,493	1.00	.80	9.85	J10 	/1.//
Washington		8,403	.33	.39	8.15	W	W
Montana		8,455	.31	.37	11.20		
Wyoming		8.360	.34	.40	5.59	==	
West Virginia		11,959	2.13	1.78	12.23	254	60.87
Illinois		11,754	2.37	2.02	8.82		
Kentucky		12,410	1.44	1.16	10.44	382	94.78
Maryland		12,113	2.12	1.75	14.28	220	53.36
Montana	,	9,102	.29	.32	4.45	250	45.63
Ohio		12,329	4.03	3.27	9.54	249	61.42
Pennsylvania		12,637	1.82	1.44	10.24	312	78.94
Virginia		12,882	.91	.71	9.66	328	84.55
West Virginia		11,975	1.79	1.49	13.65	264	64.35
Wyoming		8,843	.25	.29	4.81	212	37.57
Unclassified ¹	26	12,252	2.22	1.82	11.76	NM	NM
Wisconsin	23,686	8,920	.38	.42	5.34	206	36.67
Colorado	680	11,567	.48	.42	9.78	391	90.52
Illinois	312	11,812	1.78	1.51	7.37	263	63.31
Indiana	6	10,900	1.42	1.30	8.60	435	94.80
Kentucky	10	13,379	.91	.68	6.10	432	115.46
Montana	501	9,367	.32	.34	4.28	219	40.98
Pennsylvania	76	12,917	1.85	1.43	7.40	289	74.62
Utah		12,344	1.13	.92	9.90	290	71.68
West Virginia		13,051	2.54	1.94	7.90		
Wyoming		8,639	.30	.35	5.04	189	32.59
Unclassified ¹		11,009	1.13	1.02	7.91	165	31.82
Wyoming		8,791	.51	.58	7.70	W	W
Wyoming		8,731	.49	.56	7.64	116	20.28
Unclassified ¹		10,593	1.23	1.16	9.33	137	24.01
Total	981,477	9,902	1.01	1.02	8.94	221	43.74

¹ Represents imputed data. Beginning in 2008, the receipts and cost data are imputed for plants between 1 and 50 megawatts.

NM = Not meaningful due to large relative standard error or excessive percentage change.

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, and waste coal. • Receipts, heat value, sulfur, ash, and average delivered cost of fuel at the destination include data supplied by both regulated and unregulated plants. Average delivered cost of fuel at the origin includes data supplied by regulated plants only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Virginia, Florida, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Michigan, and Alabama may not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs presented in this table include the initial delivery costs, not any additional costs incurred to deliver the coal from the transfer facility to the power plant site. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Table 16. Origin and Destination of Coal to Electric Plants By State: Total (All Sectors), 2009

			Average	Average Delivered Cost			
Origin Destination	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Alabama	8,750	11,986	1.48	1.24	12.84	325	77.58
Alabama	,	11,953	1.45	1.21	13.00	326	77.72
Georgia		12,434	1.64	1.32	12.13	334	82.89
Indiana		11,510	2.15 2.91	1.87	7.30 9.90	145	33.40
Kentucky Pennsylvania		10,867 13,030	1.93	2.68 1.48	7.00	179	38.82
Alaska		8,520	.50	.59	8.91	129	20.38
Alaska		8,520	.50	.59	8.91	129	20.38
Arizona		10,751	.64	.59	10.56	169	36.24
Arizona	7,487	10,751	.64	.59	10.56	169	36.24
Colorado		10,870	.49	.45	9.98	239	51.95
Alabama		11,278	.62	.55	11.21	308	69.54
Arizona		10,293	.40	.39	6.28	473	97.27
California		10,941	.54	.50	10.71	175	27.06
Colorado Delaware		10,614 12,166	.45 .53	.43 .43	9.03 9.47	175	37.06
Florida		11,327	.60	.53	10.20	429	97.29
Indiana	,	11,802	.47	.40	9.99	208	49.09
Iowa		10,857	.52	.48	13.61		
Kentucky		11,601	.50	.44	9.59	266	61.79
Michigan	· ·	11,614	.52	.45	9.62	354	82.12
Mississippi		11,309	.50	.44	9.23	341	77.16
Nevada		11,346	.56	.50	10.95	245	55.57
Ohio		11,600	1.86	1.60	14.40	236	54.75
Oklahoma		11,701	.49	.41	11.29	175	40.84
Tennessee	· ·	11,507	.52	.45	10.65	301	69.24
Utah		10,044	.53	.53	13.44	189	37.92
Virginia		12,114	.53 .48	.43 .42	9.44 9.78	362 391	87.68 90.52
Wisconsin		11,567 11,471	2.73	2.38	9.78	237	54.79
Alabama		11,724	1.97	1.68	8.56	305	71.49
Florida		11,537	2.74	2.37	8.82	243	56.15
Illinois		10,574	3.08	2.91	10.87	199	41.37
Indiana		11,097	2.58	2.32	8.99	241	54.30
Iowa	821	10,997	3.18	2.89	9.18	267	60.92
Kentucky	2,616	11,715	2.70	2.31	8.53	263	61.72
Michigan		11,184	1.62	1.45	8.08	277	60.17
Minnesota		10,550	.94	.89	8.50	323	68.14
Missouri		11,085	2.93	2.64	8.66	333	73.09
Ohio		11,790	2.51	2.13	8.35	232	54.71
Tennessee		12,172 11,754	2.93 2.37	2.41 2.02	8.81 8.82	220	53.60
West Virginia Wisconsin		11,812	1.78	1.51	7.37	263	63.31
Indiana		11,149	2.56	2.30	9.11	195	43.37
Alabama		11,543	1.12	.97	6.69	334	77.04
Georgia	· ·	11,673	1.11	.95	6.54	393	91.66
Illinois		11,583	1.27	1.10	7.29		
Indiana	28,497	11,128	2.59	2.33	9.22	186	41.33
Iowa		11,144	.41	.37	8.00	500	111.34
Kentucky		11,051	2.95	2.67	9.46	208	46.06
Minnesota		10,950	.93	.85	8.50	431	94.38
Ohio		11,278	3.17	2.81	8.94	179	40.31
Tennessee		11,505	1.30	1.13	6.40	263	60.49
Wisconsin		10,900 11,521	1.42 3.61	1.30 3.13	8.60 13.78	435 235	94.80 54.15
Missouri		11,514	3.60	3.13	13.80	236	54.38
Oklahoma		12,137	4.00	3.30	12.00	144	34.87
Kentucky		12,129	1.77	1.46	10.33	309	74.92
Alabama		11,842	2.47	2.09	11.46	265	62.82
Delaware		12,488	.71	.57	10.49		
Florida		12,321	1.86	1.51	9.53	335	82.72
Georgia		12,459	1.04	.83	10.51	436	108.53
Illinois		7,348	2.25	3.06	23.98	131	19.24
Indiana		12,274	1.94	1.58	9.35	353	88.21
Kentucky	27,565	11,595	2.75	2.37	10.58	211	49.00

Table 16. Origin and Destination of Coal to Electric Plants By State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 (Continued)

(Continued)									
			Average	Average Delivered Cost					
Origin Destination	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)		
Kentucky (Continued)									
Maryland		12,648	1.24	.98	9.03				
Michigan		12,760	1.39	1.09	8.42	263	67.20		
Minnesota		12,700	.96	.76	8.80	367	93.22		
Mississippi Missouri		11,069 12,128	.57 2.88	.51 2.38	7.56 8.78	462 234	102.26 56.71		
New York		11,735	1.10	.93	12.86	234	30.71		
North Carolina		12,388	1.05	.85	9.97	344	85.01		
Ohio		11,831	1.47	1.24	12.04	239	56.55		
Pennsylvania		12,320	1.85	1.50	9.74				
South Carolina	. 11,574	12,375	1.43	1.16	10.49	374	92.57		
Tennessee		12,108	1.54	1.27	10.29	264	63.32		
Virginia		12,696	1.26	.99	9.17	326	82.72		
West Virginia		12,410	1.44	1.16	10.44	382	94.78		
Wisconsin		13,379 6,902	.91 . 77	.68	6.10 13.65	432 206	115.46 28.43		
Louisiana		6,902	.77	1.11 1.11	13.65	206	28.43		
Maryland		11,956	2.03	1.70	15.32	220	53.36		
Maryland		11,493	1.74	1.52	18.41				
West Virginia		12,113	2.12	1.75	14.28	220	53.36		
Mississippi		5,103	.47	.92	15.24				
Mississippi		5,103	.47	.92	15.24				
Missouri		10,588	3.49	3.29	14.29	199	42.20		
Kansas		10,649	3.52	3.30	14.38	199	42.47		
Missouri		9,922	3.19	3.21	13.33	198	39.26		
Montana		8,934	.49	. 55	7.19 4.52	147 171	26.69		
Arizona		9,250 9,982	.32 .43	.43	6.28	228	31.71 45.44		
Indiana		9,506	.40	.43	4.16	226	43.44		
Iowa		10,300	.57	.55	7.50	315	64.89		
Michigan		9,329	.36	.39	4.71	137	25.61		
Minnesota	. 9,725	8,908	.57	.64	7.86	152	27.15		
Montana	. 8,954	8,462	.66	.78	9.17	137	17.80		
New York		9,339	.32	.34	5.08				
North Dakota		9,375	.35	.37	4.60	109	20.44		
Ohio		9,672	.39	.40	5.34				
Oregon		9,447 9,176	.33 .31	.35 .34	4.40 4.45	175	32.99		
Pennsylvania Washington		8,455	.31	.37	11.20				
West Virginia		9,102	.29	.32	4.45	250	45.63		
Wisconsin		9,367	.32	.34	4.28	219	40.98		
New Mexico		9,276	.79	.85	19.42	191	35.37		
Arizona	. 8,922	9,368	.83	.89	14.68	192	36.02		
New Mexico		9,225	.77	.83	21.98	190	35.03		
North Dakota		6,552	.75	1.14	9.64	113	14.87		
North Dakota		6,552	.75	1.14	9.64	113	14.87		
Ohio		12,105	3.68 1.83	3.04 1.59	10.43 9.13	231 394	55.90 90.68		
Indiana Kentucky		11,507 11,442	3.74	3.27	14.66	200	45.72		
Michigan		11,875	2.32	1.95	10.74	279	65.79		
New York		12,491	1.68	1.35	8.82	367	91.78		
North Carolina		13,550	.95	.70	7.00				
Ohio		12,122	3.67	3.03	9.96	232	56.27		
Pennsylvania	. 1,547	12,347	2.72	2.20	10.28				
West Virginia		12,329	4.03	3.27	9.54	249	61.42		
Oklahoma		9,539	1.62	1.70	29.56				
Oklahoma		9,539	1.62	1.70	29.56	202	75 22		
Pennsylvania Connecticut		11,486 12,967	2.08 1.83	1.81 1.41	16.64 7.30	293	75.32		
Delaware		12,784	1.15	.90	11.21	 			
Florida		13,034	1.13	1.53	8.32	540	140.84		
Georgia		12,441	.87	.70	9.71	337	83.23		
Indiana		13,053	2.23	1.70	7.79	263	68.62		
Kentucky		13,042	2.67	2.05	8.34	284	74.03		
Maryland		13,007	1.83	1.40	7.36				
Michigan	. 380	12,975	1.85	1.43	7.18	234	60.68		

Table 16. Origin and Destination of Coal to Electric Plants By State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 (Continued)

(Continue				0 124			Avarage Delivered C4		
			Average	Average Delivered Cost					
Origin Destination	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)		
Pennsylvania (Continued)									
New Hampshire		12,982	1.89	1.46	7.27	370	96.14		
New Jersey		13,047	1.82	1.39	7.02				
New York		12,925	2.00	1.55	8.24	351	87.45		
North Carolina		12,700 12,899	1.37 2.29	1.08 1.77	9.00 8.18	318 252	80.70 64.37		
Pennsylvania		10,740	2.09	1.95	21.05		04.37		
South Carolina		12,939	1.88	1.45	8.00	320	82.71		
Tennessee		13,029	2.72	2.09	8.63	276	71.90		
Virginia	140	13,046	2.02	1.55	7.64	346	90.30		
West Virginia	1,774	12,637	1.82	1.44	10.24	312	78.94		
Wisconsin		12,917	1.85	1.43	7.40	289	74.62		
Tennessee		12,650	1.25	.98	8.87	405	102.41		
Alabama		12,540	1.00 1.27	.80	8.00 8.29	515 413	129.24 104.84		
Georgia	· ·	12,698 12,138	1.27	1.00 .89	10.99	240	58.14		
North Carolina		12,136	1.20	.95	10.77	245	61.53		
South Carolina		12,630	1.31	1.04	9.85	392	98.99		
Tennessee		12,594	.92	.73	7.97	487	122.59		
Texas		6,434	1.17	1.83	17.13	239	28.27		
Texas	33,393	6,434	1.17	1.83	17.13	239	28.27		
Utah		11,472	.58	.51	11.62	176	40.74		
Alabama		11,783	.73	.62	11.18	294	69.35		
California		11,899	.62	.52	9.67				
Florida		12,019	1.15	.95	8.65	411	98.82		
Kentucky		11,683 11,599	.48 .84	.41 .72	9.24 10.13	252	58.94		
Missouri		12,106	1.09	.90	9.49	430	104.21		
Nebraska		11,100	.42	.38	9.40	191	42.31		
Nevada		11,597	.46	.39	10.28	221	51.35		
Tennessee		11,827	.80	.67	11.30	296	70.00		
Utah	13,899	11,345	.56	.49	12.25	141	32.54		
Wisconsin		12,344	1.13	.92	9.90	290	71.68		
Virginia		12,688	1.01	.79	10.71	347	86.93		
Alabama		12,500	1.30	1.04	12.00	258	64.48		
DelawareFlorida		12,672 12,638	1.05	.83 .66	11.28 9.38	 477	120.45		
Georgia		12,412	1.22	.98	11.10	436	109.38		
Maryland	,	12,425	.68	.55	11.40				
Michigan		13,380	.72	.54	8.12				
Mississippi	906	12,532	.92	.74	10.60	345	86.48		
New Hampshire		13,967	.69	.49	4.83	438	122.28		
New Jersey		13,470	.98	.72	6.91				
North Carolina	·	12,486	1.16	.93	11.79	371	92.53		
Ohio		14,402 11,394	.91 1.30	.63 1.14	6.89 17.42	298	67.82		
Tennessee		13,022	.89	.68	8.85	314	78.76		
Virginia	,	12,606	.91	.72	11.55	269	67.64		
West Virginia	,	12,882	.91	.71	9.66	328	84.55		
West Virginia		12,310	1.53	1.25	11.56	315	77.10		
Alabama		12,750	.88	.69	9.29	405	103.31		
Connecticut		12,436	1.06	.85	10.79				
Delaware		12,582	.71	.57	11.05				
Florida		12,137	.90	.74	11.73	397	95.33		
Georgia		12,280	.86	.70	11.67	430	105.77		
Indiana		12,405 11,824	1.45 1.86	1.17 1.58	10.24 14.29	293 235	72.62 55.52		
Kentucky Maryland	·	12,507	.92	.74	11.09	255	33.32		
Massachusetts		12,446	.81	.65	10.04				
Michigan		12,655	.95	.75	10.71	400	100.97		
Mississippi	·	12,583	1.02	.81	10.29	325	81.74		
New Hampshire		13,128	2.59	1.97	7.65	329	86.42		
New Jersey	458	12,701	1.25	.99	9.84				
New York		13,044	2.64	2.03	8.38				
North Carolina		12,296	1.03	.83	11.33	372	91.45		
Ohio	12,130	12,267	1.75	1.43	11.38	220	53.56		

Table 16. Origin and Destination of Coal to Electric Plants By State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 (Continued)

			Average	Quality	Average Quality					
Origin Destination	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)			
West Virginia (Continued)										
Pennsylvania		12,676	2.85	2.25	9.80					
South Carolina		12,367	.97	.78	11.49	352	86.99			
Tennessee		12,762	1.44	1.13	8.87	366	93.25			
Virginia		12,618	.85	.67	10.20	305	76.36			
West Virginia		11,975 13,051	1.79 2.54	1.49 1.94	13.65 7.90	264	64.35			
Wisconsin		8,652	.30	.35	5.17	163	28.27			
Alabama		8,721	.32	.37	5.14	176	30.62			
Arizona		8,809	.38	.43	5.49	174	30.61			
Arkansas		8,673	.26	.30	4.92	167	29.03			
Colorado		8,667	.27	.32	4.83	127	22.01			
Georgia	. 13,512	8,508	.28	.33	4.58	202	34.39			
Illinois		8,732	.25	.28	4.73	162	28.44			
Indiana		8,760	.24	.28	4.78	185	32.47			
Iowa		8,549	.31	.36	4.96	120	20.41			
Kansas		8,498	.35	.42	5.10	142	24.14			
Kentucky		8,849	.29	.32	5.16	182	32.17			
Louisiana		8,559 10,354	.28 .52	.33 .51	4.77	256	44.13			
Maryland		8,825	.32	.29	7.81 4.92	184	32.43			
Michigan		8,789	.29	.33	4.92	181	31.74			
Minnesota	,	9,433	.35	.37	5.99	282	53.13			
Missouri		8,681	.29	.33	5.04	145	25.13			
Montana	,	8,387	.22	.27	4.38	143	23.13			
Nebraska		8,542	.31	.36	5.18	133	22.65			
Nevada		9,227	.34	.37	7.14	204	38.34			
New Jersey		8,684	.34	.39	6.72					
New York		8,833	.29	.32	5.15					
North Dakota	. 256	8,059	.36	.44	5.26	157	25.37			
Ohio		8,818	.26	.29	4.95	201	35.55			
Oklahoma	. 21,144	8,647	.32	.36	5.12	164	28.32			
Oregon		8,407	.36	.42	4.83	176	29.51			
Pennsylvania		8,816	.27	.30	4.82					
South Dakota		8,386	.31	.37	5.35	176	29.45			
Tennessee		8,803	.30	.34	5.00	212	37.30			
Texas		8,516	.31	.37	5.20	180	30.91			
Utah		8,883	.70	.79	7.00	251	44.56			
Washington		8,360 8,843	.34 .25	.40 .29	5.59 4.81	212	37.57			
West Virginia Wisconsin		8,639	.30	.35	5.04	189	32.59			
Wyoming		8,731	.49	.56	7.64	116	20.28			
Imported		11,284	.55	.49	7.00	319	73.09			
Alabama		11,383	.59	.52	6.38	319	72.71			
Connecticut		9,130	.09	.10	1.95					
Florida		11,199	.62	.55	8.74	292	65.34			
Georgia		11,330	.46	.41	4.90	348	78.78			
Hawaii	. 803	10,640	.65	.61	7.80					
Maine	. 65	12,779	.82	.64	7.42					
Maryland		11,588	.52	.45	6.44					
Massachusetts	,	11,458	.49	.43	6.39					
Mississippi		11,092	.64	.57	8.08	356	78.98			
New Hampshire		12,545	.67	.53	7.67	368	92.26			
New Jersey		9,247	.09	.10	1.99	803	207.98			
New York		12,375	.59	.48	7.20		02.24			
North Carolina		12,105	.63	.52	5.10	344	83.26			
Pennsylvania		12,630 12,558	.67 .69	.53 .55	8.50	439	110.28			
South Carolina Virginia		12,538	.56	.33 .49	7.12 8.35	310	71.77			
Unclassified ¹		10,095	1.48	1.47	15.89	171	33.18			
Alabama		11,759	1.33	1.14	10.74		33.10			
Arkansas		11,949	1.78	1.49	10.74					
California		11,893	.64	.54	9.74					
Colorado		10,744	.45	.42	9.02	192	40.74			
Delaware	. NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM			

Table 16. Origin and Destination of Coal to Electric Plants By State: Total (All Sectors), 2009 (Continued)

(Continue	u)	ı					
			Average (Average Deliv	vered Cost	
Origin Destination	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Unclassified (Continued) ¹							
Georgia	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
Idaho	177	10,963	1.34	1.22	9.14		
Illinois	318	10,803	3.12	2.88	9.61	241	52.05
Indiana	565	11,313	2.49	2.20	9.22	241	54.57
Iowa	819	9,252	1.20	1.30	6.25	145	24.79
Louisiana	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
Massachusetts	50	11,775	.58	.49	7.43		
Michigan	309	12,010	1.06	.88	8.51	194	48.95
Minnesota	991	9,063	.56	.61	7.00	145	25.72
Mississippi	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
Missouri	208	11,666	2.53	2.17	9.24	241	56.18
Montana	245	6,509	2.33	3.58	43.69		
Nebraska	93	8,560	.31	.36	5.16		
New York	28	12,838	2.08	1.62	8.14		
North Carolina	197	12,312	1.04	.84	10.99		
North Dakota	307	8,487	.35	.41	5.67		
Ohio	356	12,150	2.50	2.06	10.26	235	57.16
Pennsylvania	1,908	6,241	2.40	3.85	47.34		
South Carolina	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
Tennessee	330	12,254	1.88	1.54	9.46		
Virginia	1,455	12,493	1.00	.80	9.85		
West Virginia	26	12,252	2.22	1.82	11.76	NM	NM
Wisconsin	946	11,009	1.13	1.02	7.91	165	31.82
Wyoming	851	10,593	1.23	1.16	9.33	137	24.01
Total	981,477	9,902	1.01	1.02	8.94	222	44.47

¹ Represents imputed data. Beginning in 2008, the receipts and cost data are imputed for plants between 1 and 50 megawatts.

NM = Not meaningful due to large relative standard error or excessive percentage change.

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, and waste coal. • Receipts, heat value, sulfur, ash, and average delivered cost of fuel at the origin include data supplied by both regulated and unregulated plants. Average delivered cost of fuel at the destination includes data supplied by regulated plants only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Virginia, Florida, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Michigan, and Alabama may not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs presented in this table include the initial delivery costs, not any additional costs incurred to deliver the coal from the transfer facility to the power plant site. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

Appendices

A. Relative Standard Error

Table A1. Relative Standard Error for Receipts and Average Delivered Cost by Fuel Type: Total (All Sectors) by Census Division and State, 2009

Census Division and	Coa	Coal		Distillate Fuel Oil		Fuel Oil	Petroleum Liquids		Petroleum Coke		Natural Gas	
State	Receipts	Cost	Receipts	Cost	Receipts	Cost	Receipts	Cost	Receipts	Cost	Receipts	Cost
New England	*	*	6	6	4	3	3	2			*	a)
Connecticut			12	12	5	4	4	4			1	1
Maine	*	*	29	21	10	6	9	5			*	1
Massachusetts	*		6	6	3	2	2	2 9			*	7
New HampshireRhode Island			30 49	30 34	10 33	30	10 28	24			1	I 1
Vermont			95	83	241	220	75	70				1
Middle Atlantic	*	*	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	3	*	*
New Jersey			18	18			4	3			*	*
New York	*	*	4	4	1	1	1	1			*	*
Pennsylvania	*	*	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	15	*	*
East North Central	*	*	6	2	14	8	6	2	12	7	*	*
llinois	*	*	2	2			2	2			1	1
ndiana	*	*	2 24	2 8	5 12	2 8	2 13	2 5	3	17	1 *	1
Michigan Ohio	*	*	1	1	75	31	11	4	34	17	1	1
Wisconsin	*	1	23	8	75	67	26	18	10	4	1	1
West North Central	*	*	6	3	47	28	8	4	4	11	1	1
lowa	*	1	15	7			16	7	30	86	1	1
Kansas			9	8			9	8			*	1
Minnesota	*	1	16	9	64	34	18	9			1	1
Missouri	*	*	5 29	5 15			5	5 9			5	3
Nebraska North Dakota	*	1	6	4	123	 51	19 33	13			1 12	1 18
South Dakota		1	79	28	123	31	33 79	28			6	7
South Atlantic	*	*	1	1	1	1	1	1			*	*
Delaware	*	*	1	1	490	209	2	1			2	1
District of Columbia												
Florida	*	*	2	1	1	1	1	1			*	*
Georgia	*	*	5	3	14	14	8	8			*	1
Maryland		*	2	2	4	4	2	1			2	3
North Carolina	*	*	3 7	2 3	20	20	12 2	12			*	1
South Carolina	*	1	2	1	6	5	3	1 3			1	1 *
West Virginia	*	*									9	10
East South Central	*	*	5	2	39	10	6	2			*	*
Alabama	*	*	7	2	23	18	7	3			*	*
Kentucky			1	1			1	1			3	3
Mississippi	*	*	23	5			18	4			*	1
Tennessee	*	*	3	2	89	16	18	5			6	6
West South Central	*	*	6 16	14	19	9	9 17	4 14	1	1	*	*
Arkansas Louisiana	*	*	10	3	26 29	27 8	17	5	1	2	1 *	1 *
Oklahoma			15	15			11	11			*	*
Гехаѕ			5	5	51	16	17	7	4	3	*	*
Mountain	*	*	10	3	103	54	9	3			*	2
Arizona			8	3			7	3			*	4
Colorado	*	1	47	15			38	11			*	1
daho	20	20	4,031	1,342	471	200	4,031	1,342			1	2
Montana	1	1	7	7	471	200	21	9 5			7	15
Nevada			5 5	5 2			5 5	2			*	1 14
Jtah			63	21			63	21			1	7
Wyoming	*	1	3	4	51	52	5	5			2	7
Pacific Contiguous	*	*	9	4	61	11	14	5	9	10	*	*
California	1	2	20	9			7	3	9	10	*	*
Oregon					196	33	34	10			*	*
Washington			10	7	54	14	28	10			*	*
Pacific Noncontiguous	4	5	6	2	2	2	3	1			1	1
Alaska	8 2	15	15	6	2	2	7	3			1	1
Hawaii	2	3	6	2 1	3	2 1	3 1	1 1	2	2	*	*
I Utal		•	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2		

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is "1" and values under 0.5 are shown as "*.")

Notes: • Relative Standard Error is designed to indicate error due to sampling. However, nonsampling error is important for all surveys, census or sample. See Technical Notes for further information. • Beginning in 2008, receipts and average delivered costs are imputed for plants under 50 MW. Purchase type, mine type, and coal origin state are unavailable for these data.

Sources: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Report;"

Table A2. Relative Standard Error for Receipts and Average Delivered Cost with Unclassified Purchase Type: Total (All Sectors) by Census Division and State, 2009

Census Division and	Coa	al	Distillate	Fuel Oil	Residual	Fuel Oil	Petroleu	m Coke	Natura	al Gas
State	Receipts	Cost	Receipts	Cost	Receipts	Cost	Receipts	Cost	Receipts	Cost
New England	21	36	16	15	12	8			5	5
Connecticut			113	112	41	35			8	8
Maine			44	32	21	13			27	32
Massachusetts	21	36	19	19	13	12			7	7
New Hampshire			70 51	70 35	27 33	25 30			34 11	32 11
Rhode Island Vermont			95	83	241	220				
Middle Atlantic	9	9	16	16	24	23	13	72	5	4
New Jersey			42	42					6	6
New York	16	37	21	21	28	27			8	6
Pennsylvania	9	10	28	28	30	27	13	72	12	11
East North Central	4	5	48	17	23	12	29	15	3	4
Illinois	10	14	53	49					16	13
Indiana	5	10	61	61	1,223	520			9	8
Michigan	16 12	16 14	57 154	20 141	20	11 31	4 50	22 21	4 9	6
Ohio	6	8	183	71	75 75	67	118	58	4	7
Wisconsin West North Central	6	7	183 29	16	81	35	30	86	11	8
Iowa	9	11	144	70			30	86	17	25
Kansas			50	46					8	26
Minnesota	9	13	52	30	95	46			5	7
Missouri	10	18	25	23					51	27
Nebraska	15	46	161	83					46	71
North Dakota	21	24	115	74	123	51			12	18
South Dakota			164	65					32	43
South Atlantic	3	5	13	8	11	10			5	4
Delaware District of Columbia	61	101	81	69	490	209			94	54
Florida	13	16	47	21	9	8			8	7
Georgia	136	207	14	9	55	57			14	11
Maryland			61	50	109	108			7	7
North Carolina	8	16	87	53	28	28			44	39
South Carolina	1,607	1,761	127	47					71	229
Virginia	4	6	23	17	32	25			14	12
West Virginia	29	50							20	17
East South Central	8	8	8	3	46	12			6	5
Alabama	10	11	9 89	3 90	27	21			10 10	9 10
Kentucky Mississippi	143	105	47	10					14	12
Tennessee	12	11	52	32	89	16			13	12
West South Central	9	18	15	8	32	15	46	38	3	3
Arkansas	5	18	67	57	99	98			10	8
Louisiana	245	142	18	5	45	13	28	40	7	6
Oklahoma			49	47					22	19
Texas			28	28	51	16	222	102	4	3
Mountain	6	7	153	54	103	54			55_	19
ArizonaColorado	9	14	362 355	145 130					31 18	18 38
Idaho	20	20	4,031	1,342					6	11
Montana	25	28	81	82	471	200			16	26
Nevada			161	163					359	5,315
New Mexico			2,634	970					15	97
Utah			339	116					10	57
Wyoming	8	10	62	63	51	52			5	9
Pacific Contiguous	9	19	22	10	295	78	10	11	3	3
California	9	19	24	10	216		10	11	3	3
Oregon					316	46			9	15
Washington Pacific Noncontiguous	7	13	53 18	40 7	737 6	149 4			8 5	12 8
Alaska	8	15	15	7	22	21	 		5	8
Hawaii	14	26	46	16	6	4				
U.S. Total	2	3	7	3	5	4	11	9	2	2

Notes: • Relative Standard Error is designed to indicate error due to sampling. However, nonsampling error is important for all surveys, census or sample. See Technical Notes for further information. • Beginning in 2008, receipts and average delivered costs are imputed for plants under 50 MW. Purchase type, mine type, and coal origin state are unavailable for these data. Sources: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Report;"

Table A3. Relative Standard Error for Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Coal: Total (All Sectors) by Census Division and State, 2009

Census Division and	Unclassified O	rigin State	Unclassified Mine Type			
State	Receipts	Cost	Receipts	Cost		
New England	21	36	21	36		
Connecticut						
Maine						
Massachusetts	21	36	21	36		
New Hampshire						
Rhode Island						
ermont						
/liddle Atlantic	9	9	3	2		
New Jersey						
New York	16	37	16	37		
Pennsylvania	9	10	4	2		
East North Central	4	5	4	5		
llinois	10	14	10	14		
ndiana	5	10	5	10		
Aichigan	16	16	16	16		
Ohio	12	14	12	14		
Visconsin	6	8	6	8		
West North Central	6	7	6	7		
owa	9	11	9	11		
Cansas			-			
Minnesota	9	13	9	13		
Aissouri	10	18	10	18		
lebraska	15	46	15	46		
North Dakota	21	24	21	24		
outh Dakota						
outh Atlantic	3	5	3	5		
Delaware	61	101	61	101		
District of Columbia						
lorida	13	16	13	16		
Georgia	136	207	136	207		
Maryland						
North Carolina	8	16	8	16		
South Carolina	1,607	1,761	1,607	1,761		
/irginia	4	6	4	6		
Vest Virginia	29	50	29	50		
East South Central	8	8	8	8		
Alabama	10	11	10	11		
Kentucky		105		105		
Mississippi	143	105	143	105		
ennessee	12	11	12	11		
Vest South Central	9	18	-	18		
Arkansas	5	18	5	18		
Louisiana	245	142	245	142		
Oklahoma	 	 	 			
exas	6	 7	6	7		
Mountain	0		0	7 		
rizona	9	14	9	14		
Coloradodaho	20	20	20	20		
Jano Montana	25	28	20 25	20 28		
Tontana	23	20	23	46		
lew Mexico						
tah						
	8	10	8	10		
Vyoming	9	10 19	8	10 19		
acific Contiguous	9	19	9	19		
)regon						
Vashington	 	 	 	 		
acific Noncontiguous	14	26	7	13		
acine Noncontiguous			8	15		
Iawaii	14	26	14	26		
J.S. Total	2	3	2	20		

Notes: • Relative Standard Error is designed to indicate error due to sampling. However, nonsampling error is important for all surveys, census or sample. See Technical Notes for further information. • Beginning in 2008, receipts and average delivered costs are imputed for plants under 50 MW. Purchase type, mine type, and coal origin state are unavailable for these data. Sources: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Report;"

Table A4. Relative Standard Error for Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Natural Gas by Type of Delivery: Total (All Sectors) by Census Division and State, 2009

Census Division and State	Unclassified De	livery Type
Census Division and State	Receipts	Cost
New England	5	5
Connecticut	8	8
Maine	27	32
Massachusetts	7	7
New Hampshire	34	32
Rhode Island	11	11
Vermont		
Middle Atlantic	5	4
New Jersey	6	6
New York	8	6
Pennsylvania	12	11
East North Central	3	4
Illinois	16	13
Indiana	9	8
Michigan	$\stackrel{\frown}{4}$	6
Ohio	9	9
Wisconsin	4	7
West North Central	11	8
Iowa	17	25
Kansas	8	26
Minnesota	5	7
Missouri	51	27
Nebraska	46	71
North Dakota	12	18
South Dakota	32	43
	5 5	43
South Atlantic	94	54
Delaware District of Columbia	94	34
		7
Florida	8	•
Georgia	14	11
Maryland	7	7
North Carolina	44	39
South Carolina	71	229
Virginia	14	12
West Virginia	20	17
East South Central	6	5
Alabama	10	9
Kentucky	10	10
Mississippi	14	12
Tennessee	13	12
West South Central	3	3
Arkansas	10	8
Louisiana	7	6
Oklahoma	22	19
Texas	4	3
Mountain	5	19
Arizona	31	18
Colorado	18	38
Idaho	6	11
Montana	16	26
Nevada	359	5,315
New Mexico	15	97
Utah	10	57
Wyoming	5	9
Pacific Contiguous	3	3
California	3	3
Oregon	9	15
Washington	8	12
Pacific Noncontiguous	5	8
Alaska	5	8
Hawaii		
U.S. Total	2	2

Note:

B. Technical Notes

This appendix describes how the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) collects, estimates, and reports electric power data in the *Cost and Quality of Fossil Fuels for Electric Plants* reports. Following is a description of the ongoing data quality efforts and sources of data.

Data Quality

The Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants reports have been prepared in the past by the Electric Power Division (EPD) within the Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (CNEAF), U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), U.S. Department of Energy (DOE). Due to reorganization within EIA, the 2010 edition (which includes 2009 data) and subsequent reports are being prepared by the Electric Power Operations Team within the Office of Electricity, Renewables, and Uranium Statistics (ERUS) under the Assistant Administrator for Energy Statistics, EIA. The ERUS office performs routine reviews of the data collected and the forms on which they are collected. Additionally, to assure that the data are collected from the complete set of respondents, ERUS routinely reviews the frames for each data collection.

Unified Data Submission Process

Data submitted to EIA are either received on paper forms or entered directly by respondents into CNEAF's Internet Data Collection (IDC) System. Hard copy forms are keyed by EIA into the IDC. All data are subject to review via edits built into the IDC, additional quality assurance reports, and review by subject matter experts. Questionable data values are verified through contacts with respondents. Also, survey non-respondents are identified and contacted.

Initial edit checks of the data are performed through the IDC by the respondent. Other program edits include both deterministic checks, in which records are checked for the presence of data in required fields, and statistical checks, in which the data are checked against a range of values based on historical data values and for logical or mathematical consistency with data elements reported in the survey. Discrepancies found in the data, as a result of these checks, are resolved either by the processing staff or by further information obtained from a telephone call to the respondent.

Those respondents unable to use the electronic reporting method provide the data in hard copy, typically via fax and email. These data are manually entered into the computerized database and are subjected to the same data edits as those that are electronically submitted. Resolution of questionable data is accomplished via telephone or email contact with the respondents.

Reliability of Data

Survey data have non-sampling errors. Non-sampling errors can be attributed to many sources: (1) inability to obtain complete information about all cases in the sample (i.e., nonresponse); (2) response errors; (3) definitional difficulties; (4) differences in the interpretation of questions; (5) mistakes in recording or coding the data; and (6) other errors of collection, response, coverage, and estimation for missing data. Although no direct measurement of the biases due to non-sampling errors can be obtained, precautionary steps are taken in all phases of the frame development and data collection, processing, and tabulation processes, in an effort to minimize their influence.

Data Revision Procedure

ERUS has adopted the following procedures with respect to the revision of data disseminated in energy data products:

- Annual survey data are disseminated either as preliminary or final when first appearing in a data product. Data initially released as preliminary will be so noted in the data product. These data are typically released as final by the next dissemination of the same product; however, if final data are available at an earlier interval they may be released in another product.
- After data are disseminated as final, further revisions will be considered if they make a difference of 1 percent or greater at the national level. Revisions for differences that do not meet the 1 percent or greater threshold will be determined by the Office Director. In either case, the proposed revision will be subject to the EIA revision policy concerning how it affects other EIA products.
- The magnitudes of changes due to revisions experienced in the past will be included periodically in the data products, so that the reader can assess the accuracy of the data.

The Cost and Quality of Fossil Fuels for Electric Plants 2009 presents the most current annual data available to the EIA, and will be consistent with the Electric Power Annual 2009. Previous reports have included 2 years of data, i.e. the most current year and the preceding year. Data comparisons to prior years can be made by accessing back issue of the Cost and Quality of Fossil Fuels for Electric Plants reports.

Rounding and Percent Change Calculations

Rounding Rules for Data. To round a number to n digits (decimal places), add one unit to the nth digit if the (n+1) digit is 5 or larger and keep the nth digit unchanged if the (n+1) digit is less than 5. The symbol for a number rounded to zero is (*).

Percent Change. The following formula is used to calculate percent differences:

Percent Change =
$$\left(\frac{x(t_2) - x(t_1)}{x(t_1)} \right) x 100,$$

where $x(t_1)$ and $x(t_2)$ denote the quantity at year t_1 and subsequent year t_2 .

Data Sources for the Cost and Quality of Fossil Fuels for Electric Plants

Data published in the report are compiled from forms filed monthly and annually by electric utilities and electricity generators. The current applicable EIA form is Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report", which began collection in 2008. Previously, cost and quality of fuels data at nonutility plants were collected on Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report."

Cost and quality of fuel data at utility plants were collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Understanding the effect of the restructuring of the electricity industry is important when reviewing data presented in previous Cost and Quality of Fossil Fuels for Electric Plants reports. FERC's predecessor agency, the Federal Power Commission, began collecting these data in July of 1972 from each electric power producer for each of its electric generating plants whose total steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity was 25 or more megawatts. (In 1983 the threshold was changed to 50 or more megawatts.) Only fuel delivered for use in steam-turbine and combined-cycle units was to be reported. received for use in gas turbine or internal combustion units that were not associated with a combined-cycle operation were not reported.

In the mid- to late-1990s, many electric utilities sold their plants to nonutility entities or created subsidiaries whose assets were not regulated by State public utility commissions. Once a plant became the property of such an entity, it was no longer required to file on the FERC Form 423. In 2002, EIA initiated the Form EIA-423 to capture the data from these plants. The respondents from both the FERC Form 423 and the Form EIA-423 now

submit their cost and quality of fuels data on Schedule 2 of the Form EIA-923.

Form EIA-923

Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," is used to collect information on receipts and cost of fossil fuels, fuel stocks, electric power generation, fuel consumption, and environmental data (e.g., emission controls and cooling systems). Data are collected from a monthly sample of approximately 1,800 plants, which includes a census of nuclear and pumped storage hydroelectric plants. The plants in the monthly sample report their receipts, cost and stocks of fossil fuels, electric power generation, and the total consumption of fuels for both electric power generation and, if a combined heat and power plant, useful thermal output. At the end of the year, the monthly respondents report their annual source and disposition of electric power (nonutilities only), and if applicable, the environmental data on the Form EIA-923 Supplemental Form (Schedules 6, 7, and 8A to 8F). Approximately 3,400 plants, representing all generators not included in the monthly sample and with a nameplate capacity of 1 MW or more, report data on the entire form (Schedules 1 to 8F, as applicable) annually. In addition to electric power generating plants, respondents include fuel storage terminals without generating capacity that receive shipments of fossil fuels for eventual use in electric power generation. The monthly data are due by the last day of the month following the reporting period.

Receipts of fossil fuels, fuel cost and quality information, and fuel stocks at the end of the reporting period are all reported at the plant level. Fuel receipts and costs are collected from plants with a nameplate capacity of 50 MW or more and burn fossil fuels. Plants that burn organic fuels and have a steam-turbine capacity of at least 10 megawatts report consumption at the boiler level and generation at the generator level for each month, regardless of whether the plant reports in the monthly sample or reports once a year (annually). For all other plants, consumption is reported at the prime-mover level. For these plants, generation is reported either at the prime-mover level or, for noncombustible sources (e.g., wind, nuclear), at the prime-move and energy source level (including generating unit for nuclear only). The source and disposition of electricity is reported annually for nonutilities at the plant level, as is revenue from sales for resale. Additional operational data, including environmental data, are collected annually from facilities that have a steam-turbine capacity of at least 10 megawatts.

Instrument and Design History: On July 7, 1972, the Federal Power Commission (FPC) issued Order Number 453 enacting the New Code of Federal Regulations, Section 141.61, legally creating the FPC Form 423. Originally, the form was used to collect data only on

fossil-steam plants, but was amended in 1974 to include data on internal-combustion and combustion-turbine units. The FERC Form 423 replaced the FPC Form 423 in January 1983. The FERC Form 423 eliminated peaking units, for which data were previously collected on the FPC Form 423. In addition, the generator nameplate capacity threshold was changed from 25 megawatts to 50 megawatts. This reduction in coverage eliminated approximately 50 utilities and 250 plants. All historical FPC Form 423 data in this publication were revised to reflect the new generator-nameplate-capacity threshold of 50 or more megawatts reported on the FERC Form 423. In January 1991, the collection of data on the FERC Form 423 was extended to include combined-cycle units. Historical data have not been revised to include these units. Starting with the January 1993 data, the FERC began to collect the data directly from the respondents.

The Form EIA-423 was originally implemented in January 2002 to collect monthly cost and quality data for fossil fuel receipts from owners or operators of nonutility electricity generating plants. Due to the restructuring of the electric power industry, many plants which had historically submitted this information for utility plants on the FERC Form 423 (see above) were being transferred to the nonutility sector. As a result, a large percentage of fossil fuel receipts were no longer being reported. The Form EIA-423 was implemented to fill this void and to capture the data associated with existing nonregulated power producers. Its design closely followed that of the FERC Form 423. Understanding the effect of the restructuring of the electricity industry is important when reviewing data presented in previous Cost and Ouality of Fossil Fuels for Electric Plants reports.

Both the Form EIA-423 and FERC-423 were superseded by Form EIA-923 (Schedule 2) in January of 2008. The EIA-923 maintains the same 50 megawatt threshold for these data. However, not all data are collected monthly on the new form. Beginning with 2008 data, a sample of the respondents reported monthly, with the remainder reporting annually (monthly values are imputed via regression). For 2007, Schedule 2 annual data were not be collected or imputed, as most of the plants required to report on Schedule 2 already submitted their 2007 receipts data on a monthly basis via the FERC Form 423 or the Form EIA-423.

Data Processing and Data System Editing: Respondents are encouraged to enter data directly into a computerized database via the e-filing system. A variety of automated quality control mechanisms are run during this process, such as range checks and comparisons with historical data. These edit checks are performed as the data are provided, and many problems that are encountered are resolved during the reporting process. Those plants that are unable to use the electronic reporting medium provide the data in hard copy, typically via fax. These data are manually entered into the computerized database, and are subjected to the same edits as those that were electronically submitted.

If the reported data appeared to be in error and the data issue could not be resolved by follow up contact with the respondent, or if a facility was a nonrespondent, a regression methodology was used to impute for the facility.

Issues within Historical Data Series: Beginning with 2008 data, tables for total receipts will include imputed quantities for plants with capacity one megawatt or more, to be consistent with other electric power data. Previously published receipts data were from plants over a 50-megawatt threshold, which was a legacy of their original collection as information for a regulatory agency (FERC), not as a survey to provide more meaningful estimates of totals for statistical purposes. appeared to become smaller as more electric production came from unregulated plants, until the Form EIA-423 was created to help fill that gap. As a further improvement, the Form EIA-923 collects data from the universe of power plants depicted in the Electric Power Annual (i.e., one megawatt and above), provides estimates for plants not required to report fuel cost and quality data (i.e., plants under 50 MW) and provides associated relative standard errors, thus portraying a more complete assessment of the market.

Imputation: Estimation by regression prediction, or imputation, is done for all missing data including non-sampled plants, nonrespondents, and plants not required to report Schedule 2 (under 50 MW). Fossil fuel receipts at electric generating plants not required to report this data element are imputed using a weighted least squares regression model stratified by fuel, plant type, and geographic region. The model uses the current annual consumption as the sole regressor. The amount of imputed receipts data for 2009 is summarized in the table at the end of this appendix.

Receipts of Fossil Fuels: Receipts data, including cost and quality of fuels, are collected at the plant level from selected electric generating plants and fossil-fuel storage terminals in the United States. These plants include independent power producers, electric utilities, and commercial and industrial combined heat and power producers whose total fossil-fueled nameplate capacity is 50 megawatts or more (excluding storage terminals, which do not produce electricity). The data on receipts include imported coal as well as domestic production. The data on cost and quality of fuel shipments are used in the following formulas to produce aggregates and averages for each fuel type at the State, Census Division, and U.S. levels. For these formulas, receipts and average heat content are at the plant level. For each geographic region, the summation sign, \sum , represents the sum of all facilities in that geographic region.

For coal, units for receipts are in tons and units for average heat contents (A) are in million Btu per ton.

For petroleum, units for receipts are in barrels and units for average heat contents (A) are in million Btu per barrel.

For gas, units for receipts are in thousand cubic feet (Mcf) and units for average heat contents (A) are in million Btu per thousand cubic foot.

For each of the above fossil fuels:

Total Btu =
$$\sum_{i} (R_i \times A_i)$$
,

where *i* denotes a facility; R_i = receipts for facility *i*; A_i = average heat content for receipts at facility *i*;

Weighted Average Btu =
$$\frac{\sum_{i} (R_i \times A_i)}{\sum_{i} R_i},$$

where *i* denotes a facility; R_i = receipts for facility i; and, A_i = average heat content for receipts at facility i.

The weighted average cost in cents per million Btu is calculated using the following formula:

Weighted Average Cost =
$$\frac{\sum_{i} (R_i \times A_i \times C_i)}{\sum_{i} (R_i \times A_i)},$$

where *i* denotes a facility; R_i = receipts for facility *i*; A_i average heat content for receipts at facility *i*; and C_i = cost in cents per million Btu for facility *i*.

The weighted average cost in dollars per physical unit (i.e., tons, barrels, or Mcf) is calculated using the following formula:

Weighted Average Cost =
$$\frac{\sum_{i} (R_i \times A_i \times C_i)}{10^2 \sum_{i} R_i},$$

where *i* denotes a facility; R_i = receipts for facility *i*; A_i = average heat content for receipts at facility *i*; and, C_i = cost in cents per million Btu for facility *i*.

Relative Standard Error

The relative standard error (RSE) statistic, usually given as a percent, describes the magnitude of sampling error that might reasonably be incurred. The estimated RSEs here are the square root of the estimated variance, divided by a statistic for the variable(s) of interest, expressed as a percent. This statistic may be the estimated ratio of two variables, say a price, or an estimated total for a single variable.

The sampling error may be less than the nonsampling error. In fact, large RSE estimates found in preliminary work with these data have often indicated nonsampling errors, which were then identified and corrected. Nonsampling errors may be attributed to many sources, including the response errors, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, mistakes in recording or coding data obtained, and other errors of collection, response, or coverage. These nonsampling errors also occur in complete censuses. In a complete census, this problem may become unmanageable.

Using the Central Limit Theorem, which applies to sums and means such as are applicable here, there is approximately a 68-percent chance that the true total or mean is within one RSE of the estimated total. Note that reported RSEs are always estimates, themselves, and are usually, as here, reported as percents. As an example, suppose that a net generation from coal value is estimated to be 1,507 total million kilowatthours with an estimated RSE of 4.9 percent. This means that, ignoring any nonsampling error, there is approximately a 68-percent chance that the true million kilowatthour value is within approximately 4.9 percent of 1,507 million kilowatthours (that is, between 1,433 and 1,581 million kilowatthours). Also under the Central Limit Theorem, there is approximately a 95-percent chance that the true mean or total is within 2 RSEs of the estimated mean or total.

Note that there are times when a model may not apply, such as in the case of a substantial reclassification of sales, when the relationship between the variable of interest and the regressor data does not hold. In such a case, the new information represents only itself, and such numbers are added to model results when estimating totals. Further, there are times when sample data may be known to be in error, or are not reported. Such cases are treated as if they were never part of the model-based sample, and values are imputed.

Imputed Receipts Quantities, 2009

	Coal	Natural Gas	Petroleum Liquids
	(thousand tons)	(thousand mcf)	(thousand barrels)
Total Receipts	973,140	8,123,487	55,088
All Imputed Receipts	12,459	412,399	10,942
Under 50 MW	12,459	411,723	10,938
Over 50 MW	0	676	4

Glossary

The Office of Electricity, Renewables, and Uranium Statistics' Master Glossary contains all references used in this publication.

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