Electric Power Monthly March 2003

With Data for December 2002

Energy Information Administration

Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric, and Alternate Fuels
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To ensure that this report meets the highest standards for quality and customer satisfaction, we encourage our readers to contact Melvin Johnson on (202) 287-1754 (Internet: MELVIN.JOHNSON@EIA.DOE.GOV) with comments or suggestions to further improve the report.

Preface

The Electric Power Monthly (EPM) presents monthly electricity statistics for a wide audience including Congress, Federal and State agencies, the electric power industry, and the general public. The purpose of this publication is to provide energy decision makers with accurate and timely information that may be used in forming perspectives on electric power issues. The EIA collected the information in this report to fulfill its data collection and dissemination responsibilities as specified in the Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-275) as amended.

Background

The Electric Power Division; Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels, Energy Information Administration (EIA), Department of Energy prepares the EPM. This publication provides monthly statistics at the State, Census division, and U.S. levels for net generation, fossil fuel consumption and stocks, quantity and quality of fossil fuels, cost of fossil fuels, electricity retail sales, associated revenue, and average revenue per kilowatthour of electricity sold. In addition, data on net generation, fuel consumption, fuel stocks, quantity and cost of fossil fuels are also displayed for the North American Electric

Reliability Council (NERC) regions. The EPM also includes the capability of new generating units by company and plant.

Data Sources

The EPM contains information from the following data sources: Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants"; Form EIA-900, "Monthly Nonutility Power Report"; Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions"; Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report"; Form EIA-860A, "Annual Electric Generator Report – Utility;" Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report - Nonutility": and the Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report" (Regulated and Nonregulated). Copies of these forms and their instructions may be obtained from the National Energy Information Center. A detailed description of these forms is in Appendix B, "Technical Notes." Note: Beginning with the January 2001 submissions, the Form EIA-906 replaced the Form EIA-759 and Form EIA-900.

Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels Electric Power Industry Related Data: Available in Electronic Form

(as of September 2002)

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	Portable Document Format (PDF)	Executable Data Files	Hypertext Markup Language (HTML)	MS Word Format	CD-ROM	Diskette
Surveys:						
Form EIA-411: Coordinated Bulk Power Supply Program Report	Х			Х		
Form EIA-412: Annual Report of Public Electric Utilities	X (instructions only)	Х		Х		х
Form EIA-417R, "Electric Power System- Emergency Report"	X		Х			
Form EIA-767: Steam-Electric Operation and Design Report	X	X		Х		Х
Form EIA-826: Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions	X	Х		Х	X	Х
Form EIA-860A: Annual Electric Generator Report – Utility (formerly Form EIA-860)	X	X		Х	X	Х
Form EIA-860B: Annual Electric Generator Report – Nonutility (formerly Form EIA-867)	Х	х		Х		
Form EIA-861: Annual Electric Utility Report	X	Х		Χ	Х	Х
Form EIA-906: Power Plant Report (Regulated; formerly Form EIA-759)	X	X		Х	X	Х
Form EIA-906: Power Plant Report (Nonregulated; formerly Form EIA-900)	X	X		Х		
FERC Form 1: Annual Report of Major Electric Utilities, Licensees, and Others		X				Х
FERC Form 423: Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants		Х		Х		Х
Publications:						
Electric Power Monthly	Х		Х		Х	
Data tables for Form EIA-906, Form EIA-826, Form EIA-860 (new units only), and FERC Form 423	Х		х			
Electric Power Annual Volume I	X		Х		Х	
Electric Power Annual Volume II	Χ		Х		Х	
Inventory of Electric Utility Power Plants in the United States	X		Х		X	
Inventory of Nonutility Electric Power Plants in the United States	Х		Х		Х	
U.S. Electric Utility Demand-Side Management	X	Х	Х		Х	
Electric Sales and Revenue	X		Х		Х	
Financial Statistics of Major U.S. Investor Owned Electric Utilities	Х				Х	
Financial Statistics of Major U.S. Publicly Owned Electric Utilities	X		х		Х	
Electric Trade in the United States (1996)	X		Х			
Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants (unpublished)	Х		Х			

Note: If you have any questions and/or need additional information, please contact the National Energy Information Center at (202) 586-8800.

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Monthly Update

Net Generation Year-to-Date 2002

In 2002, total U.S. net generation of electricity was 3,841 billion kilowatthours, 2 percent above what was reported for the corresponding period in 2001. Fifty percent of the generation was produced by coal-fired plants. This was followed by 20 percent from nuclear, 18 percent from gas, 7 percent from hydro, 2 percent from petroleum, and 2 percent from renewables.

Net Generation and Utility Retail Sales— December 2002

Net Generation. Total U.S. net generation of electricity was 323 billion kilowatthours, 6 percent above the amount reported in December 2001. Electric utilities generated 212 billion kilowatthours (65 percent of total generation) and nonutility power producers generated 112 billion kilowatthours (35 percent of total generation). At utilities, fossil fuels (primarily coal) accounted for 70 percent of net generation, followed by 21 percent from nuclear, and 9 percent from renewable resources (including hydro). At nonutilities, fossil fuels (primarily coal) accounted for 69 percent of total generation, followed by 23 percent from nuclear, and 8 percent from renewables (including hydro).

Utility Retail Sales. Total sales of electricity to ultimate consumers in the United States were 284 billion kilo-

watthours, 15 billion kilowatthours (6 percent) more than reported in December 2001. The residential sector had sales of 109 billion kilowatthours, 13 percent more than reported in December 2001. Retail sales in the commercial were 3 percent more than reported a year ago. Sales in the industrial sector were up slightly more than reported a year ago.

Utility Fuel Receipts, Costs, and Quality— November 2002

Coal. Receipts of coal at electric utilities totaled 60 million short tons, 1 million short tons more than the amount reported in November 2001. The year-to-date weighted average cost for coal was \$1.22 per million Btu. Data for several utilities were not available at the time of publication. In addition, data for Central Power & Light Company, Texas Utilities Electric Company, and West Texas Utilities are no longer included in this data series due to deregulation in Texas in 2002.

Petroleum and Gas. Receipts of petroleum totaled 5.6 million barrels, down 500 thousand barrels from the level reported in November 2001. Gas receipts totaled 95 billion cubic feet (Bcf), down from 111 Bcf reported in November 2001. Year-to-year comparisons of gas and petroleum receipts were affected by the transfer of plants to the nonutility sector as well as an increase in the number of nonrespondents. The year 2002 11-month weighted average costs were \$3.68 and \$3.60 for petroleum and natural gas, respectively.

1

Electric Utility Plants Sold/Transferred and Reclassified as Nonutility Plants in 2002

Electric Utility Plants Sold/Transferred an			Nameplate			
Utility	Plant	State	Capacity (megawatts)	Date ^a	Buyer	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Lake Hubbard	TX	928	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Mountain Creek	TX	958	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	North Lake	TX	709	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Parkdale	TX	341	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Eagle Mount	TX	706	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Graham	TX	635	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Handley	TX	1,433	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Morgan Creek	TX	1,364	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	North Main	TX	81	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Permian Basin	TX	1,097	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Big Brown	TX	1,187	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Collin	TX	156	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Lake Creek	TX	322	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	River Crest	TX	113	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Stryker Creek	TX	713	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Tradinghouse	TX	1,380	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Trinidad	TX	243	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Valley	TX	1,175	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Martin Lake	TX	2,380	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Monticello	TX	1,980	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Sandow	TX	591	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	DeCordova	TX	1,157	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Comanche Peak 1	TX	1,215	January 1, 2002	TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Texas Utilities Electric Co	Comanche Peak 2	TX	1,215		TXU Generation Co, LLC	
Central Power & Light Co	E S Joslin	TX	235		American Electric Power, Inc	
Central Power & Light Co	Eagle Pass	TX	14	•	American Electric Power, Inc	
Central Power & Light Co	J L Bates	TX	166	•	American Electric Power, Inc	
Central Power & Light Co	Laredo	TX	168	•	American Electric Power, Inc	
Central Power & Light Co	Lon C Hill	TX	511	•	American Electric Power, Inc	
Central Power & Light Co	Nueces Bay	TX	514	•	American Electric Power, Inc	
Central Power & Light Co	La Palma	TX	242	•	American Electric Power, Inc	
Central Power & Light Co	Victoria	TX	461	• •	American Electric Power, Inc	
Central Power & Light Co	B M Davis	TX	647	• •	American Electric Power, Inc	
Central Power & Light Co	Coleto Creek	TX	570	•	American Electric Power, Inc	
West Texas Utilities Co	Oklaunion	TX	664	•	American Electric Power, Inc	
West Texas Utilities Co	Abilene	TX	15	•	American Electric Power, Inc	
West Texas Utilities Co	Fort Stockton	TX	5	•	American Electric Power, Inc	
West Texas Utilities Co		TX		•	American Electric Power, Inc	
	Lake Pauline		40 75	• •	•	
West Texas Utilities Co	Oak Creek	TX	75	-	American Electric Power, Inc	
West Texas Utilities Co	Paint Creek	TX	218	•	American Electric Power, Inc	
West Texas Utilities Co	Presidio	TX	2	•	American Electric Power, Inc	
West Texas Utilities Co	Rio Pecos	TX	122	•	American Electric Power, Inc	
West Texas Utilities Co	San Angelo	TX	110	-	American Electric Power, Inc	
West Texas Utilities Co	Vernon	TX	11	•	American Electric Power, Inc	
West Texas Utilities Co	Fort Phantom	TX	337	•	American Electric Power, Inc	
Vermont Yankee Nuc Pwr Corp	Vermont Yankee	VT	563	•	Entergy Nuclear Vermont Yankee, LLC	
North Atlantic Energy Serv Corp	Seabrook	NH	1,242		FPL Energy Seabrook, LLC	
Texas – New Mexico Power Co	TNP ONE	TX	349	November 1, 2002	Sempra Energy Resources	
Total			29,360			

^aStart date for facility to begin reporting as a nonutility generator.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels, U.S. Department of Energy.

After an electric utility plant is sold/transferred to a nonregulated entity, data on net generation, fuel consumption, and fuel stocks for that plant will be reported as part of the unregulated industry. Consequently, a comparison of data between historical years at the State, Census Division, and U.S. level will be affected by the reclassification of plants.

Electricity Supply and Demand Forecast for 2003¹

The EIA prepares a short-term forecast for electricity that is published in the Short-Term Energy Outlook and updated monthly. This page provides that forecast for the current year along with explanations behind the forecast.²

- With the 2003 economy expected to continue to recover, electricity demand is expected to increase less than 1 percent. Little or no net weather-related demand growth would be expected under our assumption of normal temperatures for the remainder of the year. Demand growth of 2.9 percent in 2002 was based on both weather-related and economic-related factors.
- Under normal weather assumptions, this summer's cooling degree-days would be well below those of last summer, which was 9.7 percent hotter than normal. Thus, summer 2003 electricity demand is expected to be about 1.0 percent lower than comparable 2002 levels.
- Natural gas-generated electricity production is expected to drop 7.5 percent in 2003, largely due to the high natural gas prices seen so far (see below) and expected through the year. Hydroelectric generation, while down in the Pacific Northwest, is up in other parts of the country due to high water levels and is expected to increase by 12 percent overall in 2003.
- The spot prices of natural gas remain historically and unseasonably high, hovering around \$5.00 per million btu. Natural gas prices will likely stay above \$4.00 per million through the entire year. Cold weather during the end of the winter diminished underground storage to historically low levels for this time of the year. By the end of March, working natural gas in storage stood about 54 percent below end-March 2002 and 42 percent below the previous 5-year average.
- Cool summer weather and falling crude oil prices could relieve storage pressures, but the reverse also holds. Hot summer weather, in regions of the country where electricity generation depends on natural gas, could lower needed high storage injections and prices could once again soar above \$6.00 during the heating season.

¹Energy Information Administration, *Short-Term Energy Outlook: March 2003*, DOE/EIA-0202 (Washington, DC, October 2002), www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/steo/pub/contents.html. ²Further questions on this section may be directed to the National Energy Information Center at 202-586-8800 (Internet: infoctr@eia.doe.gov).

Electric Supply and Demand

(Billion Kilowatthours)

			2003		
	1 st	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	Year
Supply					
Net Electricity Generation ^a					
Coal	490.7	432.9	509.4	474.4	1907.3
Petroleum	27.4	28.5	30.7	23.7	110.3
Natural Gas	111.1	106.3	186.1	111.6	515.0
Nuclear	194.6	190.8	205.3	190.4	781.1
Hydroelectric	72.5	79.7	67.5	64.6	284.3
Geothermal and Other ^b	13.6	13.6	15.1	13.5	55.9
Subtotal		851.8	1014.1	878.2	3654.0
Other Sectors ^c	44.0	51.1	59.4	53.4	207.8
Total Generation		902.9	1073.5	931.5	3861.8
Net Imports ^d	6.1	7.7	11.1	6.6	31.4
Total Supply		910.6	1084.6	938.1	3893.3
Losses and Unaccounted for ^e	28.4	34.0	41.3	54.0	157.6
Demand					
Retail Sales ^f					
Residential	341.8	271.9	380.8	285.9	1280.5
Commercial	271.1	276.4	314.8	268.9	1131.3
Industrial	231.0	239.8	250.7	241.4	962.9
Other	26.9	26.7	30.3	27.3	111.2
Subtotal		814.8	976.7	823.5	3485.8
Other Use/Sales ⁹	60.9	61.8	66.6	60.5	249.8
Total Demand	931.6	876.7	1043.3	884.1	3735.7

^a Electric utilities and independent power producers.

Sources: **Historical Data**: Energy Information Administration, latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226; **Projections**: Energy Information Administration, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric, and Alternate Fuels.

^b "Other" includes generation from other gaseous fuels, wind, wood, waste, and solar sources.

^c Electricity generation from combined heat and power facilities and electricity – only plants in the industrial and commercial sectors.

^d Data are estimates.

^e Balancing item, mainly transmission and distribution losses.

f Total of retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers. Utility sales for historical periods are reported in EIA's Electric Power Monthly and Electric Power Annual. Power marketers' sales are reported annually in Appendix C of EIA's Electric Sales and Revenue. Quarterly data for power marketers (and thus retail sales totals) are imputed.

^g Defined as the sum of facility use of onsite net electricity generation plus direct sales of power by industrial- or commercial-sector generators to third parties, reported annually in Table 7.5 of the Monthly Energy Review (MER). Notes: • Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. • The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Heating Degree-Days by Census Division, December 2002

Census Division	nsus Division Number of Degree-Days			Percent	Change
	Normal ^a	2001	2002	Normal to 2002	2001 to 2002
New England	1,078	895	1,061	-2	18
Middle Atlantic	998	805	1,013	2	26
East North Central	1,135	931	1,031	-9	11
West North Central	956	1,056	1,052	10	(S)
South Atlantic	719	429	575	-20	34
East South Central	715	585	696	-3	19
West South Central	520	450	462	-11	3
Mountain	928	923	813	-12	-12
Pacific Contiguous ^b	563	558	441	-22	-21
U.S. Average ^b	827	693	757	-8	9

^a "Normal" is based on calculations using temperature data from 1961 through 1990.

NM = Not meaningful.

Notes: • Heating Degree-days are relative measures of outdoor air temperature used as indices of heating energy requirements. Heating degree-days are the number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature falls below 65 degrees Fahrenheit. • The daily average temperature is the mean of the minimum and maximum temperatures in a 24-hour period.

Source: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's National Weather Service Climate Analysis Center.

^b Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

S = Less than 0.5 percent and greater than -0.5 percent

Cooling Degree-Days by Census Division, December 2002

Census Division	Nur	Number of Degree-Days			Change
	Normal ^a	2001	2002	Normal to 2002	2001 to 2002
New England	0	0	0	NM	NM
Middle Atlantic	0	0	0	NM	NM
East North Central	0	0	0	NM	NM
West North Central	0	0	0	NM	NM
South Atlantic	30	47	18	NM	NM
East South Central	3	4	0	NM	NM
West South Central	10	20	7	NM	NM
Mountain	0	0	0	NM	NM
Pacific Contiguous	0	0	0	NM	NM
U.S. Average ^b	7	11	4	NM	NM

^a "Normal" is based on calculations using temperature data for 1961 through 1990.

NM = Not meaningful.

Notes: • Cooling degree-days are relative measures of outdoor air temperature used as indices of cooling energy requirements. Cooling degree-days are the number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature falls above 65 degrees Fahrenheit. The daily average temperature is the mean of the minimum and maximum temperatures in a 24-hour period.

Source: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's National Weather Service Climate Analysis Center.

^b Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

Table 1. New U.S. Electric Generating Units by Operating Company, Plant, and Month, 2002

Month/ Company	Type Co.	Plant	State	Generating Unit Number	Net Summer Capability (megawatts)	Energy Source	Unit Type Code
January			, -	••••	120.0		a.m.
Alabama Electric Coop Inc	U	McWilliams	AL	VAN1 VAN2	139.0 139.0	NG NG	CT CT
Altamont City of	U	Altamont	IL	VAN3 1 2	147.0 1.8 1.8	NG DFO DFO	CA IC IC
Benson City ofGreenfield City of		Benson North	MN IA	3 4 9	1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8	DFO DFO DFO DFO	IC IC IC IC
Kissimmee Utility Authority	U	Cane Island	FL	2 3	1.8 144.0	DFO NG	IC CT
Murray City of Seminole Electric Coop Inc		Murray Turbine Payne Creek	UT FL	3A 3 CT1A	71.0 135.0 157.0	NG NG NG	CA GT CT
Strawberry Point City of	U	South Strawberry	IA	CT1B ST1 1A 2A	157.0 174.0 1.8 1.8	NG NG DFO DFO	CT CA IC IC
Viola Village of		Viola	WI	3	1.8	DFO	IC
AES Energy Services Cogen Technologies Linden Vent	N N	Desert Sky Wind Farm	TX NJ	1 GTG6	160.5 182.8	Wind NG	WT CT
Griffith Energy LLC		Linden Cogen Griffith Energy	AZ	CTG1 CTG2 STG	151.4 151.4 259.5	NG NG NG NG	CT CT CA
Liberty Electric Power LLC	N	Liberty Electric Power	PA	1 2 3	160.0 160.0 154.0	NG NG NG	CT CT CA
Northwestern Wind Power LLC	N	Klondike Wind Farm	OR	Ph 1	25.0	Wind	WT
Shady Hills Power Co LLC		Shady Hills Generating	FL	G101 G201 G301	154.7 154.7 154.7	NG NG NG	GT GT GT
TPS-Arkansas Operations February	N	Union Power	AR	CTG1	151.0	NG	CT
Chanute City of		Chanute 2	KS	14	49.0	NG	GT
Graettinger City of Mt Pleasant City of		Graettinger Mt Pleasant	IA IA	6 1 10 11 12 2 3 4A 5A 6 7	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	DFO	IC
Russell City of	U	Russell Energy Cntr	KS	9 T-1	2.0 6.4	DFO NG	IC GT
Calpine Corp Green Country OP Services LLC	N N	Gilroy Energy Center Green Country Energy	CA NC	T-2 S5 CTG1 CTG2 CTG3 STG1 STG2	6.4 38.3 138.5 138.5 138.5 91.2 91.2	NG NG NG NG NG NG NG	GT GT CT CT CT CA CA
Merchant Energy Partners	N	Aries	МО	STG3 ST-1	91.2 227.9	NG NG	CA CA
Stora Enso North America Tri-State Power LLC	N	Stevens Point Mill Limon Generating	WI CO	SP L1 L2	7.1 65.5 65.5	NG NG NG	ST GT GT
United States Steel-Mon Valley Williams Generation Co-Hazeltn March	N N	Mon Valley Works Continental Energy	PA PA	GEN3 GEN3	1.9 28.1	BFG NG	ST GT
South Carolina Pub Serv Auth AES Red Oak LLC		John S Rainey Red Oak	SC NJ	CT2A 1 2	140.2 182.3 182.3	NG NG NG	GT CT CT
Catawba County	N	Blackburn Cogen	NC	3 BB3	182.3 0.9	NG LFG	CT OT

Table 1. New U.S. Electric Generating Units by Operating Company, Plant, and Month, 2002 (Continued)

(Continuea)							
Month/ Company	Type Co.	Plant	State	Generating Unit Number	Net Summer Capability (megawatts)	Energy Source	Unit Type Code
La Paloma Generating Co LLC	N	La Paloma Generating	CA	GEN1 GEN2 GEN3 GEN4	240.8 240.8 240.8 240.8	NG NG NG NG	CS CS CS CS
	N N	New Hanover County Kendall County	NC IL	4TG CTG1 STG1	3.9 171.1 108.9	MSW NG NG	ST CT CA
Oleander Power Project LP	N	Oleander Power Project	FL	OG1 OG2 OG3	168.3 168.3 168.3	NG NG NG	GT GT GT
Plains End LLC Pleasants Energy LLC	N	Plains End Pleasants Energy LLC	CO	OG4 GE10 GE11 GE12 GE13 GE14 GE15 GE16 GE17 GE18 GE19 GE20 GEN1 GEN2 GEN3 GEN4 GEN5 GEN6 GEN7 GEN8 GEN7 GEN8 GEN9	168.3 5.6 5.6 5.6 5.6 5.6 5.6 5.6 5.6 5.6 5.6	NG N	GT IC
	N	Renaissance Power LLC	MI	CT1 CT2 CT3 CT4	146.2 144.5 144.5 144.5 144.5	NG NG NG NG NG	GT GT GT GT GT
April Delaware Municipal Electric Corp Gulf Power Co	U	NA1 Lansing Smith	DE FL	1 3A 3B 3C	38.0 148.0 148.0 155.0	NG NG NG NG	GT CT CT CA
,	U	Winston	FL	WD01 WD02 WD03 WD04	12.2 12.2 12.2 12.2	DFO DFO DFO DFO	IC IC IC IC
Marshall City of	U	Marshall	IL	10 11 6 7 8 9	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	DFO DFO DFO DFO DFO DFO	IC IC IC IC IC IC
	U U	Talbot County Energy Douglas Co Lf	GA NE	8 9 2 1 2 3 4	103.0 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8	NG LFG LFG LFG LFG	GT IC IC IC IC
Rochester Public Utilities Shelbina City of	U U	Cascade Creek Shelbina Power #3	MN MO	2 G7 G8	42.0 1.8 1.8	NG DFO DFO	GT IC IC
Tampa Electric Co Winterset City of	U U	Polk Winterset	FL IA	3 5 6 7	166.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	NG DFO DFO DFO	GT IC IC IC
ANP Operations Co - Hayes	N N N	Red Oak Hays Channel Energy Center The Hoover Co	NJ TX TX TX	4 U2 CTG2 544	283.8 240.8 184.9	NG NG NG DFO	CA CS GT IC
NRG North Central Op Inc	N	Kendall County	IL	545 CTG2	1.8 171.1	DFO NG	IC CT

Table 1. New U.S. Electric Generating Units by Operating Company, Plant, and Month, 2002 (Continued)

(Continued)			1	Ī	37.4		
Month/ Company	Type Co.	Plant	State	Generating Unit Number	Net Summer Capability (megawatts)	Energy Source	Unit Type Code
				CTG3	171.1	NG	CT
				STG3 STG4	108.9 108.9	NG NG	CA CA
Orion Power Operating Services	N	Liberty Generating	PA	GTG1	482.5	NG	CT
				GTG2 STG	482.5 396.5	NG NG	CT CA
Southern Co Services Inc	N	Goat Rock CC	GA	1 2	169.0 161.0	NG NG	CA CT
				3	161.0	NG	CT
Whiting Clean Energy Inc	N	Whiting Clean Energy	IN	CT1 CT2	183.2 183.2	NG NG	CT CT
				ST1	183.2	NG	CA
May Arcadia City of	U	Arcadia Electric	WI	7	2.0	DFO	IC
Avista Corporation		Boulder Park	WA	1	3.0	NG	GT
				2 3	3.0 3.0	NG NG	GT GT
				4	3.0	NG	GT
				5 6	3.0 3.0	NG NG	GT GT
Brooklyn City of Louisville Gas & Electric Co		North Plant Trimble County	IA KY	6 5	2.0 148.0	DFO NG	IC GT
Louisville das & Electric Co	0	Timble County	KI	6	148.0	NG	GT
Oglethorpe Power Corp Peru City of		Talbot County Energy Peru	GA IL	1 3	103.0 0.9	NG DFO	GT IC
-				7	0.9	DFO	IC
South Carolina Pub Serv Auth Union Electric Co		John S Rainey Peno Creek	SC MO	CT2B GT1	140.0 51.0	NG NG	GT GT
Cilion Electric Co	0	I cho ciccx	WIO	GT2	51.0	NG	GT
				GT3 GT4	51.0 51.0	NG NG	GT GT
UtiliCorp United	U	Airport Industrial	CO	IC1	2.4	DFO	IC
				IC2 IC3	2.4 2.4	DFO DFO	IC IC
Will Grand	**	W.C.L.	7.4	IC4	2.4	DFO	IC
Wilton City of	U	Wilton	IA	8 9	2.1 2.1	DFO DFO	IC IC
ANP Operations Co - Hayes		Hays	TX	U1 CEN1	240.8	NG	CS
Appleton Coates LLC CalPeak Power LLC		Combined Locks Energy CalPeak Power El Cajon	WI CA	GEN1 CPP6	40.8 42.1	NG NG	GT GT
Calpine Eastern Corp	N	Auburndale	FL	CTP CTG1	98.2	NG	GT CT
Delta Energy Center LLC	N	Delta Energy Center	CA	CTG2	182.3 182.3	NG NG	CT
				CTG3 STG1	183.6 263.1	NG NG	CT CA
Dominion Resources Inc	N	Armstrong Energy LLC	PA	1	146.0	NG	GT
				2 3	146.0 146.0	NG NG	GT GT
				4	146.0	NG	GT
DTE Crete Operations LLC	N	Crete Energy Park	IL	GT1 GT2	75.7 75.7	NG NG	GT GT
				GT3	75.7	NG	GT
DTE East China LLC	N	DTE East China LLC	MI	GT4 GT1	75.7 76.0	NG NG	GT GT
				GT2	76.0	NG	GT
				GT3 GT4	76.0 76.0	NG NG	GT GT
Duke Energy Enterprise LLC	N	Enterprise Energy	MS	CT1	68.0	NG	GT
				CT2 CT3	68.0 68.0	NG NG	GT GT
				CT4 CT5	68.0 68.0	NG NG	GT GT
				CT6	68.0	NG NG	GT
				CT7 CT8	68.0 68.0	NG NG	GT GT
Duke Energy Southaven LLC	N	Duke Energy Southaven	MS	1	68.0	NG	GT
				2 3	68.0 68.0	NG NG	GT GT
				4	68.0	NG	GT
				5	68.0	NG	GT

Table 1. New U.S. Electric Generating Units by Operating Company, Plant, and Month, 2002 (Continued)

(Continued)				1	ı			_
Month/ Company		Type Co.	Plant	State	Generating Unit Number	Net Summer Capability (megawatts)	Energy Source	Unit Type Code
					6	68.0	NG	GT
					7 8	68.0 68.0	NG NG	GT GT
El Paso Merchant Energy Co		N	Bastrop Energy Center	TX	1	155.0	NG	CT
					2 3	155.0 155.0	NG NG	CT CA
Ennis Tractebel Power Co LP		N	Ennis Tractebel Power	TX	GT1	245.1	NG	CT
Entergy Power Group		N	DeSoto County Power	FL	ST1 DES1	114.4 154.7	NG NG	CA GT
		N	Lake Road	СТ	DES2 U3	154.7 240.8	NG NG	GT CS
Lake Road Generating Co LP NRG North Central Op Inc		N N	Kendall County	IL	CTG4	171.1	NG	CT
Pacific Klamath Energy Inc		N	Klamath Expansion	OR	STG2 GT1	108.9 25.0	NG NG	CA GT
racine relatival Energy me		11	Ridinatii Expansion	on	GT2	25.0	NG	GT
					GT3 GT4	25.0 25.0	NG NG	GT GT
PPL Sundance Energy LLC		N	Sundance Energy LLC	AZ	CT1	38.3	NG	GT
					CT2 CT3	38.3 38.3	NG NG	GT GT
					CT4	38.3	NG	GT
					CT5 CT6	38.3 38.3	NG NG	GT GT
Rio Nogales Power Project LP		N	Rio Nogales Power	TX	CTG1 CTG2	150.5 150.5	NG NG	CT CT
					CTG3	150.5	NG	CT
SeaWest Windpower Inc		N	Condon Windpower	OR	STG1 GEN2	258.0 25.2	NG Wind	CA WT
Tenaska Alabama Partners LP			Lindsay Hill	AL	GTG1	157.5	NG	CT
					GTG2 GTG3	157.5 157.5	NG NG	CT CT
			.		STG1	335.5	NG	CA
Tri-State Power LLC		N	Brighton Generating	СО	BR1 BR2	65.5 65.5	NG NG	GT GT
		N	Vanderbilt University	TN	GT1	4.0	NG	GT
June Alabama Power Co		U	Goat Rock	AL	1	490.2	NG	CC
Associated Electric Coop Inc		U	Holden	MO	1 2	77.6 77.6	NG NG	GT GT
					3	77.6	NG	GT
Clarksdale City of		U	L L Wilkins	MS	3 4	65.5 65.5	NG NG	GT GT
Maquoketa City of		U	Maquoketa 2	IA	13	2.0	DFO	IC
McLeansboro City of		U	McLeansboro	IL	14 9	2.0 2.0	DFO DFO	IC IC
Northern States Power Co		U	Black Dog	MN	5	176.3	NG	CT
Oglethorpe Power Corp		U	Talbot County Energy	GA	3 4	103.0 103.0	NG NG	GT GT
Platte River Power Authority Public Service Co of NM			Rawhide Lordsburg Generating	CO NM	A GT1	76.0 37.0	NG NG	GT GT
					GT2	37.0	NG	GT
Red Bud City of		U	Red Bud	IL	7 8	3.0 3.0	DFO DFO	IC IC
Rock Falls City of		U	Industrial Park	IL	6	1.5	DFO	GT
South Carolina Electric&Gas Co		U	Urquhart	SC	7 CT1	1.5 80.0	DFO NG	GT GT
Sterling City of		U	Sterling	KS	CT2 7	80.0 1.4	NG DFO	GT IC
Wrangell City of		U	Wrangell	AK	13	2.0	DFO	IC
Allegheny Energy Supply Co LLC		N	Buchanan Generating	VA	1 2	42.9 42.9	OG OG	GT GT
ANP Operations Co		N	Midlothian Energy	TX	STK5	248.5	NG	CS
Aquila Services Inc		N	Raccoon Creek Energy	IL	STK6 CT01	248.5 97.0	NG NG	CS GT
-					CT02	97.0	NG	GT
					CT03 CT04	97.0 97.0	NG NG	GT GT
Bayswater Peaking Facility LLC Bluegrass Generation Co LLC		N N	Bayswater Peaking Bluegrass Generation Co	NY KY	1 CT1	49.0 176.8	NG NG	GT GT
Dialograpo Ocheration Co LLC		1.4	Diacgiass Generation Co	IX I	CT2	176.8	NG	GT

Table 1. New U.S. Electric Generating Units by Operating Company, Plant, and Month, 2002 (Continued)

(Continuea)			1		1		
Month/ Company	Type Co.	Plant	State	Generating Unit Number	Net Summer Capability (megawatts)	Energy Source	Unit Type Code
				CT3	176.8	NG	GT
CalPeak Power LLC	. N	CalPeak Power Vaca	CA	CPP1	42.1	NG	GT
Calpine Central LP	N	Baytown Energy Center	TX	CTG1	185.0	NG NC	CT
				CTG2 CTG3	185.0 185.0	NG NG	CT CT
				STG1	309.6	NG	CA
Calpine Construction Fin Co LP	N	Decatur Cogen	AL	CTG1	155.0	NG	CT
				CTG2	155.0	NG	CT
Calpine Corp-King City	N	King City	CA	STG1 CTG1	159.0 40.7	NG NG	ST CT
Dominion Resources Inc		Troy Energy LLC	OH	1	146.0	NG	GT
		3 23		2	146.0	NG	GT
				3	146.0	NG	GT
DPL Energy LLC	N	Darby	ОН	4 GT5	146.0 79.9	NG NG	GT GT
DI L Elicigy LLC	. 19	Daiby	OH	GT6	79.9	NG NG	GT
DPL Energy LLC	N	Tait	OH	GT4	79.9	NG	GT
				GT5	79.9	NG	GT
				GT6	79.9	NG	GT
Duke Egy Arlington Vly Egy LLC	N	Arlington Valley Energy	AZ	GT7 CTG1	79.9 151.0	NG NG	GT CT
Duke Egy Attnigton Viy Egy EEC	11	runigion vancy Energy	112	CTG2	151.0	NG	CT
				STG1	151.0	NG	CA
Duke Energy Hot Spring LLC	N	Hot Spring	AR	CT1	171.0	NG	CT
				CT2 ST1	171.0 171.0	NG NG	CT CT
Duke Energy Marshall Cnty LLC	N	Marshall County	KY	CT1	68.0	NG NG	GT
Build Bilding, Mansham City, BEC	- '	maionan county		CT2	68.0	NG	GT
				CT3	68.0	NG	GT
				CT4	68.0	NG	GT
Duke Energy Moapa LLC	N	Moapa Energy Facility	NV	CT5 CTG4	68.0 133.0	NG NG	GT GT
Duke Energy North America LLC	N	Duke Energy Murray	GA	1GT1	126.4	NG	CT
83				1GT2	126.4	NG	CT
				1STG	259.7	NG	CA
Duke Energy Sandersville LLC	N	Duke Energy	GA	CT1 CT2	73.5 73.5	NG NG	GT GT
				CT3	73.5	NG NG	GT
				CT4	73.5	NG	GT
Duke Energy Washington LLC	N	Washington Energy	OH	CT1	137.6	NG	CT
				CT2 ST1	137.6	NG NC	CT
Entergy Power Group	N	DeSoto County Power	FL	DES3	258.0 154.7	NG NG	CA GT
Foothills Generating Co LLC		Foothills	KY	GTG4	195.5	NG	GT
				GTG5	195.5	NG	GT
Freestone Power Generation LP	N	Freestone Power	TX	GT1	142.0	NG	CT
				GT2 ST3	142.0 159.0	NG NG	CT CA
Gas Recovery Services-IL Inc	N	Quad Cities	IL	2	1.0	LFG	IC
	N	Hermiston Power Project	OR	CTG1	215.0	NG	CT
				CTG2	215.0	NG	CT
Mirant Sugar Creek LLC	N	Mirant Sugar Creek	IN	STG1 CT01	267.0 131.0	NG NG	CA CT
Willant Sugar Creek ELC	. 19	Will allt Sugar Creek	111	CT02	131.0	NG NG	CT
NRG Rockford II LLC	. N	NRG Rockford I Energy	IL	1	154.8	NG	CT
NRG Rockford II LLC	N	NRG Rockford II Energy	IL	2 GT3	86.0 141.1	NG NG	CA GT
PacifiCorp Power Marketing Inc	N	West Valley Generation	UT	U1	37.0	NG NG	GT
ruemeerp rewer manacing me	- '	west valley delicitation	0.1	U2	37.0	NG	GT
				U3	37.0	NG	GT
DDI Sundanaa Enaray I I C	N	Sundance Energy LLC	A 7	U4 CT10	37.0	NG NG	GT
PPL Sundance Energy LLC	. N	Sundance Energy LLC	AZ	CT10 CT7	38.3 38.3	NG NG	GT GT
				CT8	38.3	NG NG	GT
				CT9	38.3	NG	GT
PPL University Park LLC	. N	University Park Power	IL	1	38.3	NG	GT
				2 3	38.3 38.3	NG NG	GT GT
				4	38.3	NG NG	GT
				5	38.3	NG	GT

Table 1. New U.S. Electric Generating Units by Operating Company, Plant, and Month, 2002 (Continued)

(Continued)	1		1	T			
Month/ Company	Type Co.	Plant	State	Generating Unit Number	Net Summer Capability (megawatts)	Energy Source	Unit Type Code
				6	38.3	NG	GT
				7 8	38.3 38.3	NG NG	GT GT
PSEG Fossil LLC	N	Bergen	NJ	9 2101	38.3 150.0	NG NG	GT CT
102010301220	,	Deigen	110	2201 2301	150.0 222.0	NG NG	CT CA
Reliant Energy Oseola LLC		Osceola	FL	CTG3	170.0	NG	GT
Reliant Energy Power Ops I Inc	. N	Channelview	TX	GT1 GT2	165.1 165.1	NG NG	CT CT
				GT3 ST1	165.1 129.0	NG NG	CT CA
Southeast Chicago Energy Proj	. N	Southeast Chicago	IL	GT05 GT06	43.3 43.3	NG NG	GT GT
				GT07	43.3	NG	GT
				GT08 GT09	43.3 43.3	NG NG	GT GT
				GT10 GT11	43.3 43.3	NG NG	GT GT
Southern Co Services Inc	N	Wansley	GA	GT12 6	43.3 167.5	NG NG	GT CA
Southern Co Services inc	. 11	wansiey	ŮA.	7	167.5	NG	CA
				CT6 CT6A	159.6 159.6	NG NG	CT CT
				CT7 CT7A	159.5 159.6	NG NG	CT CT
Tenaska Georgia Partners LP	. N	Tenaska Georgia	GA	GTG4 GTG5	156.0 156.0	NG NG	GT GT
V III C IIC	N	II 1	EI	GTG6	156.0	NG	GT
Vandolah Power Co LLC	. N	Hardee	FL	G101 G201	154.7 154.7	NG NG	GT GT
				G301 G401	154.7 154.7	NG NG	GT GT
Williams Generation Co-Hazeltn	N	Continental Energy	PA	GEN2 GEN4	28.1 28.1	NG NG	GT GT
Wisvest Corp	. N	Calumet Energy Team	IL	CT1 CT2	132.6 132.6	NG NG	GT GT
July		V-44- F-11-	337 A	2			
Avista CorporationBenson City of		Kettle Falls Benson	WA MN	10	6.0 1.8	NG DFO	GT IC
				11 7	1.8 1.8	DFO DFO	IC IC
Clarksdale City of	U	Crossroads Energy	MS	8 CT01	1.8 65.1	DFO NG	IC GT
		A		CT02 CT03	65.1 65.1	NG NG	GT GT
D.L. Civ. C	**	D.1	VOI	CT04	65.1	NG	GT
Delano City of FirstEnergy		Delano Sumpter	MN MI	9	11.0 72.2	NG NG	GT GT
				2 3	72.2 72.2	NG NG	GT GT
Kansas Electric Power Coop Inc	. U	Sharpe	KS	4	72.2 2.0	NG DFO	GT IC
				10	2.0 2.0	DFO DFO	IC IC
				4	2.0	DFO	IC
				5 6	2.0 2.0	DFO DFO	IC IC
				7 8	2.0 2.0	DFO DFO	IC IC
Logan City of	II	Logan City	UT	9 1	2.0 4.5	DFO NG	IC GT
Logari City of	. 0	Logan City	01	2	4.5	NG	GT
National Power Coop Inc	. U	Robert P Mone Plant	ОН	3	4.5 168.0	NG NG	GT GT
				$\frac{2}{3}$	168.0 168.0	NG NG	GT GT
PacifiCorp	. U	Gadsby	UT	4 5	43.7 43.7	NG NG	ST ST
Poplar Bluff City of	. U	Poplar Bluff Gen	MO	5	7.0	DFO	IC

Table 1. New U.S. Electric Generating Units by Operating Company, Plant, and Month, 2002 (Continued)

(Continued)			,				,
Month/ Company	Type Co.	Plant	State	Generating Unit Number	Net Summer Capability (megawatts)	Energy Source	Unit Type Code
Portland City of	U	Frank Jenkins	MI	6	1.0	DFO	IC
Sitka City & Borough of		Indian River	AK	4	4.0	DFO	IC
Springfield City of		McCartney	MO	MGS1	50.0	NG	GT
		-		MSG2	50.0	NG	GT
Tennessee Valley Authority	U	Kemper County	MS	GT1	79.0	NG	GT
				GT2	79.0	NG	GT
				GT3 GT4	79.0 79.0	NG NG	GT GT
Bayou Cove Peaking Power LLC	N	Bayou Cove Peaking	LA	1	94.0	NG	GT
Bayou Cove I caking I ower Elec	11	Bayou cove I caking	1.71	2	94.0	NG	GT
Bio-Energy Partners	N	Pheasant Run Landfill	WI	GE10	0.8	LFG	IC
				GE11	0.8	LFG	IC
				GEN8	0.8	LFG	IC
Calpine Central LP	NI	Oneta Energy Center	OK	GEN9 CTG1	0.8 163.0	LFG NG	IC CT
Calpine Central LP	IN	Offeta Energy Center	OK	CTG2	163.0	NG NG	CT
				CTG3	163.0	NG	CT
				CTG4	163.0	NG	CT
Calpine Corp	N	Acadia Power Station	LA	CT11	159.0	NG	CT
				CT12	159.0	NG	CT
	N	TDG G	NIX	ST13	223.0	NG	CA
Calpine Eastern Corp Duke Energy Moss Landing LLC	N N	TBG Cogen Moss Landing	NY CA	GEN5 NWG1	51.0 455.8	NG NG	GT CT
Duke Energy Woss Landing LLC	11	Woss Landing	CA	NWG2	455.8	NG	CT
Duke Energy North America LLC	N	Duke Energy Murray	GA	2GT1	126.4	NG	CT
		g,,		2GT2	126.4	NG	CT
				2STG	126.4	NG	CA
Duke Energy Sandersville LLC	N	Duke Energy	GA	CT5	73.5	NG	GT
				CT6	73.5	NG	GT
				CT7 CT8	73.5 73.5	NG NG	GT GT
Freestone Power Generation LP	N	Freestone Power	TX	GT3	142.0	NG	CT
Treestone Tower Constant Dr	- 1	Treestone Tower		GT4	142.0	NG	CT
				ST6	159.0	NG	CA
GWF Energy LLC	N	Henrietta Peaker	CA	HPP1	41.9	NG	GT
W. L. W. D. G.	3.7	1 1 NGE 35		HPP2	41.9	NG	GT
Kinder Morgan Power Co	N	Jackson MI Facility	MI	7EA LM1	67.0 51.6	NG NG	GT CT
				LM1 LM2	51.6	NG	CT
				LM3	51.0	NG	CT
				LM4	51.0	NG	CT
				LM5	51.0	NG	CT
				ST1	90.3	NG	CA
PacifiCorp Power Marketing Inc	N	West Valley Generation	UT	ST2 U5	90.3 37.0	NG NG	CA GT
Perryville Energy Partners		Perryville	LA	CT-2	148.7	NG	CT
Terry vine Energy Futurers	- 1	1 city vine	1271	ST-1	161.2	NG	CA
Pinnacle West Energy	N	Redhawk Unit 1	AZ	GE1	147.9	NG	CT
				GE2	147.9	NG	CT
D' 1 W (E	3.7	D II 1 1 1 1 2 2	4.77	GE3	162.5	NG	CA
Pinnacle West Energy	N	Redhawk Unit 2	AZ	GE1 GE2	147.9	NG NG	CT CT
				GE2 GE3	147.9 162.5	NG NG	CA
Pinnacle West Energy	N	Saguaro CT3	ΑZ	GE3 GE1	68.8	NG	CT
PPL Edgewood Energy LLC	N	Edgewood	NY	CT01	42.5	NG	GT
				CT02	42.5	NG	GT
PPL Shoreham Energy LLC	N	Shoreham	NY	CT01	42.5	DFO	GT
DDI Hairranita Deal LLC	N.T	Hairrania D. I.D.	11	CT02	42.5	DFO	GT
PPL University Park LLC	N	University Park Power	IL	10 11	38.3 38.3	NG NG	GT GT
				11	38.3 38.3	NG NG	GT
SDS Lumber Co	N	Gorge Energy Div SDS	WA	TG3	4.7	Wood	ST
Taft Cogeneration LP	N	Taft Cogeneration	LA	CT1	145.0	NG	CT
Trent Wind Farm LP		Trent Mesa Wind	TX	WTG1	1.5	Wind	WT
Vanderbilt University		Vanderbilt University	TN	GT2	4.0	NG	GT
Wrightsville Power Fac LLC	N	Wrightsville Power	AR	G1 G2	52.0 52.0	NG NG	CT
				G2 G3	52.0 52.0	NG NG	CT CT
				G3 G4	52.0	NG	CT
				G5	52.0	NG	CT

Table 1. New U.S. Electric Generating Units by Operating Company, Plant, and Month, 2002 (Continued)

Month/ Company	Type Co.	Plant	State	Generating Unit Number	Net Summer Capability (megawatts)	Energy Source	Unit Type Code
August				G6 G7 G8 G9	52.0 91.0 91.0 91.0	NG NG NG NG	CT CA CA CA
August Basin Electric Power Coop	U	Hartzog	WY	1 2	5.0 5.0	NG NG	GT GT
Metropolitan Water District	U	Diamond Valley Lake	CA	3 10 11 12 5 6 7 8	5.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	NG Water Water Water Water Water Water Water	GT HY HY HY HY HY HY HY
PacifiCorp		Gadsby	UT	6	43.7	NG	ST
Platte River Power Authority Poplar Bluff City of		Rawhide Poplar Bluff Gen	CO MO	B 4	76.0 7.0	NG DFO	GT IC
ANP Operations Co - Hayes		Hays	TX	U3	240.8	NG	CS
Bayou Cove Peaking Power LLC	N	Bayou Cove Peaking	LA	U4 3	240.8 94.0	NG NG	CS GT
Brady Power Partners	N	Brady	NV	4 OEC	93.5 6.5	NG Geothermal	GT ST
	N	Ontelaunee Energy	PA	CTG1 CTG2 STG	197.8 197.8 197.8	NG NG NG	CT CT CA
Calpine Corp	N	Acadia Power Station	LA	CT24 CT25 ST26	159.0 159.0 223.0	NG NG NG	CT CT ST
Calpine Corp-Yuba City Duke Energy Marshall Cnty LLC	N N	Calpine Yuba City - Marshall County	CA KY	CTG1 CT6 CT7 CT8	40.7 68.0 68.0 68.0	NG NG NG NG	CT GT GT GT
Formosa Plastics Corp Frederickson Power LP		Formosa Utility Venture Frederickson Power LP	TX WA	ST3 FICT FIST	47.3 143.0 82.1	NG NG NG	CA CT CA
Mirant Zeeland LLC	N	Mirant Zeeland	MI	2A 2B 2C	158.2 158.2 163.4	NG NG NG	CT CT
Ouachita Operating Services LL	N	Ouachita	LA	CTG1 CTG2 CTG3 STG1 STG2 STG3	154.2 154.2 154.2 154.2 104.9 104.9	NG NG NG NG NG NG	CA CT CT CT CA CA CA
Taft Cogeneration LP TransAlta Centralia Gen LLC		Taft Cogeneration Centralia	LA WA	CT2 30 40 50 60 70	145.0 40.4 40.4 40.4 40.4 68.8	NG NG NG NG NG NG	CT CT CT CT CT CT
September Basin Electric Power Coop	U	Arvada	WY	1 2 3	6.0 6.0	NG NG	GT GT
Basin Electric Power Coop	U	Barber Creek	WY	3 1 2 3	6.0 6.0 6.0	NG NG NG	GT GT GT
Clarksdale City of	U	L L Wilkins	MS	1 2	6.0 65.5 65.5	NG NG NG	GT GT GT
Energy Northwest		Nine Canyon Wansley	WA GA	1 6 7	48.1 488.8	Wind NG	WT CC
Marshall City ofUSCE-Savannah District		Marshall Richard B Russell	IL GA	5 5 6 7	488.8 2.4 71.3 71.3 71.3	NG DFO Water Water Water	CC IC HY HY HY
Ameren Energy Generating Co Bio-Energy Partners	N N	Elgin Energy Center Ridgeview	IL WI	8 CT01 GEN1	71.3 115.0 0.8	Water NG LFG	HY GT IC

Table 1. New U.S. Electric Generating Units by Operating Company, Plant, and Month, 2002 (Continued)

(Continued)				Т	Net		_
Month/ Company	Type Co.	Plant	State	Generating Unit Number	Summer Capability (megawatts) ¹	Energy Source	Unit Type Code
				GEN2	0.8	LFG	IC
Biola University	N	Biola University	CA	GEN3 EG3	0.8 1.0	LFG NG	IC IC
Corpus Christi Cogeneration LP		Corpus Christi Energy	TX	CT1	161.5	NG	CT
Holland Energy LLC		Holland Energy Facility	IL	CTG1	154.0	NG	CT
				CTG2	154.0	NG	CT
Taft Cogeneration LP	N	Taft Cogeneration	LA	STG1 CT3	297.0 145.0	NG NG	CA CT
University of Missouri-Columba	N	University of Missouri	MO	DGT1	2.0	DFO	IC
0				NTG1	10.8	NG	GT
0.41				NTG2	10.8	NG	GT
October Arizona Electric Pwr Coop Inc	U	Apache	ΑZ	GT4	34.0	NG	GT
Lakeland City of		C D McIntosh Jr	FL	5ST	103.2	NG	CA
Platte River Power Authority	U	Rawhide	CO	C	76.0	NG	GT
Ameren Energy Generating Co	N	Elgin Energy Center	IL	CT02	115.0	NG	GT
Black Hills Colorado LLC	N	Arapahoe Combustion	CO	CT03 UN7	115.0 44.5	NG NG	GT CA
Black Hills Colorado LLC		Corpus Christi Energy	TX	CT2	161.5	NG NG	CT
		Corpus Christi Energy		ST1	159.1	NG	CA
FPL Energy Operating Serv Inc	N	FPLE Rhode Island State	RI	CTG1	168.6	NG	CT
				CTG2 STG1	168.6	NG	CT
Haywood Power I LLC	N	AES Greystone	TN	CTG1	175.4 156.0	NG NG	CA CT
maywood rower rele	11	ALS GICYSTOILE	111	CTG2	156.0	NG	CT
				CTG3	156.0	NG	GT
Newington Energy LLC	N	Newington Power	NH	GT-1	160.0	NG	GT
				GT-2 ST	160.0 201.0	NG NG	GT CA
Taft Cogeneration LP	N	Taft Cogeneration	LA	ST1	302.0	NG NG	CA
Valero Refining Co California		Valero Cogeneration	CA	GT 1	43.4	OG	GT
November							
Public Service Co of NM Salt River Proj Ag I & P Dist		Afton Generating Station Kyrene	NM AZ	1 KY7	150.5 129.0	NG NG	GT CT
Sait River Proj Ag I & P Dist	U	Kylelle	AL	KY7A	86.0	NG NG	CA
Albuquerque City of	N	Southside Water	NM	GEN1	2.1	OBG	IC
			**	GEN2	2.1	OBG	IC
Ameren Energy Generating Co ANP Bellingham Energy Co	N N	Elgin Energy Center ANP Bellingham Energy	IL MA	CT04 U1	115.0 216.8	NG NG	GT GT
ANP Bellingham Energy Co Aventis Pharmaceuticals Inc		Aventis Pharmaceuticals	NJ	2	3.8	NG NG	GT
December	- 1	11venus 1 narmaceuricus		-	5.0	1.0	0.
Duke Energy Corp	U	Mill Creek	SC	1	69.5	NG	GT
				2 3	69.5 69.5	NG NG	GT GT
				3 4	69.5	NG NG	GT
Michigan Public Power Agency	U	Kalkaska CT #1	MI	i	46.8	NG	GT
ANP Bellingham Energy Co		ANP Bellingham Energy	MA	U2	216.8	NG	GT
CalWind Resources Inc		Tehachapi Wind	CA	PLAN	0.6	Wind	WT
CalWind Resources Inc Conectiv Bethlehem Inc		Tehachapi Wind Bethlehem Power Plant	CA PA	PLAN CTG1	7.8 120.0	Wind NG	WT CT
Conocut Dounchelli IIIc	. 1	Donnellom 1 Ower 1 idill	111	CTG2	120.0	NG	CT
				CTG3	120.0	NG	CT
Georgia-Pacific Corporation		Old Town Division	ME	TG5	8.8	NG	ST
Granger Electric Co Mirant Kendall LLC		Brent Run Kendall Square	MI MA	7-3 CT1	0.8 145.0	LFG NG	IC GT
Total Capacity of Newly Added Units		-	IVIA	-	55,113.9	-	-
Total Capacity of Retired Units	-	-	-	-	· -	-	-
US Total Capacity	-		-	-	903,367.9	-	

¹ Net summer capability is estimated.
Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are preliminary. • Type Companies are: U = Utility and N= Nonutility. • For a list of energy sources and their associated codes, access a copy of the Form EIA 860, "Annual Electric Generator Report" at http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/electricity/page/forms.html

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA 860, "Annual Electric Generator Report ."

 Table 2.
 U.S. Electric Power Industry Summary Statistics

**	December	November	December		Year To Date	
Items	2002	2002	2001	2002	2001	Difference (percent)
Electric Power Industry						
Net Generation (Million kWh)	171 100	155.020	157 700	1 005 500	1.012.642	0.7
Coal	171,122	155,928	157,780	1,925,792	1,912,643	0.7
Petroleum ³	7,754 46,957	6,186 47.008	6,659 45,950	91,629 695,226	128,012 649,906	-28.4
Gas Nuclear Power	46,957 68,905	47,008 61.520	45,950 67,419	779.461	768.826	7.0 1.4
Hydroelectric (Pumped Storage) ⁴	-688	-615	-694	-8,425	-8,823	-4.5
Renewable	-000	-013	-074	-0,423	-0,023	-4.5
Hydroelectric (Conventional)	21.594	19.637	19.310	263.502	216.966	21.4
Geothermal	1,140	1,124	1,190	13,408	13,874	-3.4
Biomass	5,598	5,453	6,076	71,534	69,763	2.5
Wind	657	583	412	8,612	5,815	48.1
Photovoltaic/Solar	4	30	46	717	860	-16.6
All Energy Sources	323,044	296,854	304,148	3,841,456	3,757,844	2.2
Consumption ²	,	,	***,***	-,,	-,,-,,	
Coal (1,000 short tons) Petroleum (1,000 barrels) ⁵	86,137	79,094	82,230	978,118	981,511	-0.3
Petroleum (1,000 barrels) 5	11,723	9,060	9,534	134,009	206,082	-35.0
Gas (1,000 Mcf)	466,081	466,718	487,225	6,856,086	6,941,118	-1.2
Stocks (end-of-month)2						
Coal (1,000 short tons)	152,567	156,113	149,570	-	-	-
Petroleum (1,000 barrels) ⁶	44,811	43,944	56,746	-	-	-
Nonutility						
Net Generation (Million kWh)1						
Coal	38,445	35,042	28,589	406,894	352,498	15.4
Petroleum ³	3,558	2,651	2,747	35,444	49,093	-27.8
Gas	34,985	33,971	30,519	465,944	385,473	20.9
Nuclear Power	25,305	22,943	22,490	272,091	234,619	16.0
Hydroelectric (Pumped Storage) ⁴	-111	-76	-99	-965	-1,119	-13.8
Renewable Hydroelectric (Conventional)	2,175	1,903	1,479	22,628	19,157	18.1
Geothermal	1.123	1,903	1,479	13.224	13,722	-3.6
Biomass	5.416	5,288	5,948	69.766	67.902	2.7
Wind	631	557	402	8,410	5,680	48.1
Solar	4	30	46	714	856	-16.7
All Energy Sources	111,529	103,416	93,301	1,294,150	1,127,882	14.7
Consumption ¹	111,027	105,110	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,271,100	1,127,002	1
Coal (1,000 short tons)	18.859	17,383	14,535	207.747	175,241	18.5
Petroleum (1,000 barrels) 5	5.298	3.617	3.928	48.385	79,695	-39.3
Gas (1,000 Mcf)	350,681	343,888	333,946	4,612,589	4,254,831	8.4
Stocks (end-of-month) ¹	,	*	*			
Coal (1,000 short tons)	36,531	37,457	32,420	-	-	-
Petroleum (1,000 barrels)	15,236	16,074	20,856	-	-	-
Electric Utility						
Net Generation (Million kWh) ²						
Coal	132,678	120,886	129,191	1,518,898	1,560,146	-2.6
Petroleum ³	4,196	3,535	3,913	56,185	78,919	-28.8
Gas	11,972	13,037	15,431	229,282	264,434	-13.3
Nuclear Power	43,601	38,577	44,929	507,370	534,207	-5.0
Hydroelectric (Pumped Storage) ⁴	-577	-539	-595	-7,460	-7,704	-3.2
Renewable	10.420	15.504	17.021	240.074	107.000	21.0
Hydroelectric (Conventional)	19,420	17,734	17,831	240,874	197,809	21.8
Geothermal	18	17	10	184	152	21.0
Biomass	181	165	127 10	1,767	1,861	-5.0 49.7
Wind	27	26	10	202	135	49.7 -2.0
Photovoltaic	211,515	193,438	210,847	2,547,306	2,629,962	-2.0 -3.1
Consumption ²	211,313	193,436	410,847	4,547,500	2,029,902	-3.1
Coal (1 000 short tons)	67.278	61.711	67.695	770.371	806.269	-4.5
Coal (1,000 short tons) Petroleum (1,000 barrels) ⁵	6,425	5,443	5,606	85,625	126,386	-4.5 -32.3
Gas (1,000 Mcf)	115,399	122,830	153,279	2,243,497	2,686,287	-32.3 -16.5
Stocks (end-of-month) ²	113,377	144,030	133,417	4,473,471	4,000,407	-10.3
Coal (1,000 short tons)	116,035	118,656	117,150	_	_	_
Petroleum (1,000 barrels) ⁶	29,575	27,870	35,891	-	-	-
1 Caroleum (1,000 barrers)	27,515	27,070	55,671	-	-	_

Table 2. U.S. Electric Power Industry Summary Statistics (Continued)

				,		
14	December	November	December		Year To Date	
Items	2002	2002	2001	2002	2001	Difference (percent)
Electric Utility	, ,					
Residential	. 108,977	88,903	96,222	1,266,930	1,200,992	5.5
Commercial	. 87,655	85,425	85,505	1,121,845	1,085,036	3.4
Industrial		79,983	77,756	972,912	994,083	-2.1
Other ⁸	. 8,494	8,428	8,939	109,472	116,652	-6.2
All Sectors		262,738	268,423	3,471,159	3,396,764	2.2
Revenue (Million Dollars)7						
Residential		7.405	7,989	106.823	102.972	3.7
Commercial		6.662	6,550	88.977	85.816	3.7
Industrial		3.763	3.740	47.098	50.423	-6.6
Other ⁸	. 573	560	574	7.228	7,519	-3.9
All Sectors	19.894	18.390	18.852	250.126	246.730	1.4
Average Revenue/kWh (Cents) ⁷		10,570	10,002	200,120	2.0,750	
Residential	8.10	8.33	8.30	8.43	8.57	-1.7
Commercial		7.80	7.66	7.93	7.91	0.3
Industrial		4.70	4.81	4.84	5.07	-4.6
Other ⁸		6.65	6.42	6.60	6.45	2.4
All Sectors		7.00	7.02	7.21	7.26	-0.8
				7,21	Year To Date	0.0
	November	October	November		Tear To Date	
	2002 9	2002 9	2001 9	2002 9	2001 9	Difference (percent)
Receipts						
Coal (1,000 short tons)	. 60,252	62,424	59,551	631,739	697,435	-9.4
Petroleum (1,000 barrels) ¹⁰	5,570	6,787	6,121	57,601	109,201	-47.3
		134,776	111,201	1,537,642	2,029,071	-24.2
Gas (1,000 Mc1)				*	** * ** * *	
Gas (1,000 Mcf) Cost (cents/million Btu) ¹¹						
Cost (cents/million Btu) ¹¹	•	122.4	123.7	122.1	123.3	-0.9
	. 122.1 404.2	122.4 426.9	123.7 291.5	122.1 368.2	123.3 397.2	-0.9 -7.3

Values are estimated based on a cutoff sample; see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for Form EIA-900.

² Values for 2002 are estimates based on a cutoff model sample; see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-906. 2001 estimates have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data; see Technical Notes for adjustment methodology.

Includes petroleum coke.

Represents total pumped storage facility production minus energy used for pumping. Pumping energy used at pumped storage plants for December 2002 was 1,475 million kilowatthours.

The December 2002 petroleum coke consumption was 133,120 short tons for electric utilities and 333,410 short tons for nonutilities.

The December 2002 petroleum coke stocks were 258,130 short tons for electric utilities.

Values for 2002 are estimates based on a cutoff model sample; see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-826. Values for 2001 have been revised and are preliminary. Retail revenue and retail average revenue per kilowatthour do not include taxes such as sales and excise taxes that are assessed on the consumer and collected through the utility. Retail sales and net generation may not correspond exactly for a particular month for a variety of reasons (i.e., sales data may include purchases of electricity from nonutilities or imported electricity). Net generation is for the calendar month while retail sales and associated revenue accumulate from bills collected for periods of time (28 to 35 days) that vary dependent upon customer class and consumption occurring in and outside the calendar month.

Includes public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.

Values for 2002 and 2001 preliminary.

The November 2002 petroleum coke receipts were 141,320 short tons.

Average cost of fuel delivered to electric generating plants; cost values are weighted values.

The November 2002 petroleum coke cost was 61.5 cents per million Btu.

¹³ Includes small amounts of coke-oven, refinery, and blast-furnace gas.

^{* =} For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

Notes: • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • kWh=kilowatthours, and Mcf=thousand cubic feet. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Sources: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions." • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants." • Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation

Table 3. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation, 1990 Through December 2002 (Million Kilowatthours)

(MIII	ion Kilowai	tnours)						
Period	Coal	Petroleum ¹	Gas ²	Nuclear	Hydro- Electric	Geothermal	Other ³	Total
1990	1,559,606	117,017	264,089	576,862	279,926	8,581	2,070	2,808,151
1991	1,551,167	111,463	264,172	612,565	275,519	8,087	2,050	2,825,023
1992	1,575,895	88,916	263,872	618,776	239,559	8,104	2,096	2,797,219
1993	1,639,151	99,539	258,915	610,291	265,063	7,571	1,994	2,882,525
1994	1,635,493	91,039	291,115	640,440	243,693	6,941	1,992	2,910,712
1995	1,652,914	60,844	307,306	673,402	293,653	4,745	1,664	2,994,529
1996	1,737,453	67,346	262,730	674,729	327,970	5,234	1,980	3,077,442
1997	1,787,806	77,753	283,625	628,644	337.233	5,469	1,993	3,122,522
1998	1,807,480	110,158	309,222	673,702	304,403	5,176	2,030	3,212,171
1999	1,767,679	86,929	296,381	725,036	293,932	1,698	2,018	3,173,674
2000	1,707,077	00,727	270,501	723,030	275,752	1,070	2,010	3,173,074
January	153,871	4,771	18,152	66,214	22,811	14	158	265,991
February	137.477	3,184	16,166	60.053	20.253	13	177	237,324
March	135,329	2.974	20.186	58,704	23.997	13	194	241.397
April	122,437	3,110	20,937	54,514	25,830	13	191	227,031
May	134.171	5.743	29.146	59.864	24.755	13	198	253.890
June	145.722	7.395	29.226	62,973	22.636	13	164	268.128
July	150,690	7,004	35,077	64,538	21,920	13	180	279,421
August	156,643	8,689	38,381	62,905	19,875	13	176	286,682
September	139,802	7,488	27,366	54,521	15,783	11	165	245,137
October	137,211	5,758	20,693	49,097	15,434	12	185	228,389
November	134,200	4,914	17,332	52,841	17,288	12	177	226,765
December	149,065	11,150	18,054	59,209	17,613	13	125	255,229
Total	1,696,619	72,180	290,715	705,433	248,195	151	2,090	3,015,383
2001								
January	143,601	11,245	15,687	48,873	16,519	14	167	236,107
February	121,342	6,070	13,643	43,544	15,628	12	141	200,381
March	126,826	6,753	16,826	43,476	18,045	14	176	212,116
April	115,574	6,826	20,771	39,031	15,287	13	174	197,676
May	126,350	7,010	22,918	43,328	16,647	*	183	216,436
June	134,165	7,753	25,865	47,849	17,863	15	190	233,699
July	147,348	7,225	35,093	48,444	15,594	16	180	253,900
August	149,805	8,944	35,267	48,262	16,674	16	194	259,161
September	126,751	5,190	25,363	43,859	13,342	13	167	214,685
October	121,573	4,244	22,347	41,200	13,666	16	158	203,204
November	117,619	3,747	15,223	41,411	13,603	14	133	191,749
December	129,191	3,913	15,431	44,929	17,236	10	137	210,847
Total 2002	1,560,146	78,919	264,434	534,207	190,105	152	1,999	2,629,962
January	131,313	3.997	15,492	46,960	19,565	16	159	217,503
February	112.494	3,128	14.223	40,338	17,912	15	147	188.257
March	119,218	4.960	16.574	42,230	18,260	16	174	201.433
April	110,816	5.160	17.011	39.054	21,291	13	132	193,476
May	120.135	5,464	17,825	40.469	23.620	16	136	207.665
June	130,456	4,929	23,419	42,988	25,129	14	121	227,056
July	144.573	5.599	29,415	46.101	22,845	14	148	248.695
August	141.438	5.411	29.376	45.960	18.909	11	177	241.283
September	130,218	4.904	23,137	41,859	15,093	17	188	215,416
October	124,674	4,902	17,800	39,233	14,752	18	192	201,569
November	120,886	3,535	13,037	38,577	17,195	17	191	193,438
December	132,678	4,196	11,972	43,601	18,843	18	208	211,515
Total	1,518,898	56,185	229,282	507,370	233,414	184	1,973	2,547,306
Year to Date		_						
2002	1,518,898	56,185	229,282	507,370	233,414	184	1,973	2,547,306
2001	1,560,146	78,919	264,434	534,207	190,105	152	1,999	2,629,962
2000	1,696,619	72,180	290,715	705,433	248,195	151	2,090	3,015,383

¹ Includes fuel oils nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6, crude oil, kerosene, and petroleum coke.

Notes: • Values for electric utilities for 2002 are estimates based on a cutoff model sample - see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759 • Values for electric utilities for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary - see Technical Notes for adjustment methodology. • Values for electric utilities for 2000 and prior years are final. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Sources: • 1990 - 2000: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • 2001 forward - Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

² Includes supplemental gaseous fuel.

³ Includes biomass, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy sources.

^{* =} For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

Table 4. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation by Nonrenewable Energy Source, 1990 Through December 2002

(Million Kilowatthours)

Period	All Nonrenewable Energy Sources	Coal ¹	Petroleum ²	Gas	Nuclear	Hydroelectric (Pumped Storage) ³
1990	2,514,066	1,559,606	117,017	264,089	576,862	-3,508
1991		1,551,167	111,463	264,172	612,565	-4,541
1992		1,575,895	88,916	263,872	618,776	-4,177
1993		1,639,151	99,539	258,915	610,291	-4,036
1994		1,635,493	91,039	291,115	640,440	-3,378
		1,652,914	60,844		, .	-2,725
1995				307,306	673,402	-2,725 -3 . 088
1996		1,737,453	67,346	262,730	674,729	
1997		1,787,806	77,753	283,625	628,644	-4,041
1998		1,807,480	110,158	309,222	673,702	-4,441 5 092
1999	2,870,044	1,767,679	86,929	296,381	725,036	-5,982
2000	242.520	152.071	4.771	10.153	66.214	470
January		153,871	4,771	18,152	66,214	-470
February		137,477	3,184	16,166	60,053	-401
March		135,329	2,974	20,186	58,704	-534
April		122,437	3,110	20,937	54,514	-342
May		134,171	5,743	29,146	59,864	-435
June		145,722	7,395	29,226	62,973	-500
July	257,061	150,690	7,004	35,077	64,538	-247
August		156,643	8,689	38,381	62,905	-317
September		139,802	7,488	27,366	54.521	-570
October		137,211	5.758	20.693	49,097	-354
November		134,200	4,914	17,332	52,841	-314
December		149.065	11.150	18.054	59.209	-475
Total		1,696,619	72,180	290,715	705,433	-4,960
2001	2,737,700	1,070,017	72,100	270,713	703,433	-4,500
January	218.879	143,601	11,245	15,687	48.873	-528
February		121,342	6.070	13,643	43.544	-402
						-402 -473
March		126,826	6,753	16,826	43,476	
April		115,574	6,826	20,771	39,031	-523
May		126,350	7,010	22,918	43,328	-671
June		134,165	7,753	25,865	47,849	-786
July		147,348	7,225	35,093	48,444	-835
August		149,805	8,944	35,267	48,262	-839
September		126,751	5,190	25,363	43,859	-823
October		121,573	4,244	22,347	41,200	-537
November	177,307	117,619	3,747	15,223	41,411	-692
December	192,868	129,191	3,913	15,431	44,929	-595
Total	2,430,001	1,560,146	78,919	264,434	534,207	-7,704
2002						
January	197,104	131,313	3,997	15,492	46,960	-658
February		112,494	3.128	14.223	40.338	-518
March		119,218	4.960	16,574	42,230	-604
April	,	110.816	5.160	17.011	39.054	-512
May		120.135	5,464	17.825	40.469	-431
June		130.456	4 929	23.419	42.988	-754
July		144,573	5,599	29,415	46.101	-898
August		141.438	5.411	29,376	45,960	-736
	, , ,		4.904	23.137	41.859	-683
September		130,218	4,904		39.233	
October		124,674		17,800		-551
November		120,886	3,535	13,037	38,577	-539
December		132,678	4,196	11,972	43,601	-577
Total	2,304,274	1,518,898	56,185	229,282	507,370	-7,460
Year to Date		4 =40 05 -		*** *		
2002		1,518,898	56,185	229,282	507,370	-7,460
2001		1,560,146	78,919	264,434	534,207	-7,704
2000	2,759,988	1,696,619	72,180	290,715	705,433	-4,960

Sources: • 1990 - 2000: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • 2001 forward - Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Includes lignite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and anthracite.
 Includes fuel oils Nos. 2, 4, 5, and 6, crude oil, kerosene, and petroleum coke.
 Pumping energy used for pumped storage plants for December 2002 was 3,191 million kilowatthours.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary --see Technical Notes for adjustment methodology. Values for 2000 and prior years are final. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current

Table 5. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation by Renewable Energy Source, 1990 Through December 2002

(Thousand Kilowatthours)

Period	All Renewable Energy Sources	Hydroelectric (Conventional)	Geothermal	Biomass	Wind	Photovoltaic	Solar Thermal
1990	294,085,003	283,433,659	8,581,228	2,067,270	398	2,448	NA
1991		280,060,621	8,087,055	2,046,499	285	3,338	NA NA
		243,736,029	8,103,809	2,092,945	308	3,169	NA NA
1992							
1993		269,098,329	7,570,999	1,990,407	243	3,802	NA
1994		247,070,938	6,940,637	1,988,257	309	3,472	NA
1995	302,786,828	296,377,840	4,744,804	1,649,178	11,097	3,909	NA
1996	338,272,329	331,058,053	5,233,927	1,967,057	10,123	3,169	NA
1997	348,735,077	341,273,443	5,469,110	1,983,066	5,977	3,481	NA
1998		308,843,767	5,176,280	2,024,242	2,957	2,518	NA
1999		299,913,955	1,698,400	1,991,534	22,998	3,035	NA
2000	000,020,022	2////10,/55	1,070,100	1,771,554	22,770	5,055	1172
	23,452,309	23,280,823	13,666	154,473	3,300	47	NA
January							
February	20,844,360	20,654,471	12,608	173,562	3,610	109	NA
March		24,530,640	12,744	192,488	1,790	141	NA
April	26,376,090	26,172,009	13,350	188,853	1,688	190	NA
May		25,190,065	12,783	195,698	2,087	282	NA
June		23,136,233	12,503	161,271	2,286	300	NA
July	, ,	22,167,420	12,886	177,157	1.943	425	NA
		20.192.802	12,907	173.824	1.925	342	NA
August							
September		16,352,489	10,827	162,889	1,700	318	NA
October		15,787,970	11,679	183,003	2,104	207	NA
November	17,791,050	17,602,061	12,314	172,363	4,209	103	NA
December	18,225,804	18,087,738	13,108	122.917	1.962	79	NA
Total		253,154,721	151,375	2,058,498	28,604	2,543	NA
2001	200,000,711	200,101,721	101,070	2,000,170	20,00	2,0.0	
	17,227,785	17,047,166	13,671	158,135	8,783	30	NA
January						148	NA NA
February		16,029,834	12,322	132,268	8,293		
March		18,517,880	13,596	165,138	10,674	253	NA
April	15,997,260	15,810,690	12,934	159,652	13,728	256	NA
May	17,501,049	17,318,470	-160	170,276	12,042	421	NA
June	18,853,608	18,648,904	14,817	177,472	12.026	389	NA
July		16,429,286	15,994	166,355	13,078	471	NA
August		17.512.395	16,289	180.297	13.252	428	NA
						393	
September		14,165,303	13,057	155,364	11,218		NA
October		14,203,076	15,866	145,280	12,590	296	NA
November		14,294,834	14,003	123,570	9,331	136	NA
December	17,978,824	17,831,363	10,064	127,335	9,951	111	NA
Total	199,961,094	197,809,201	152,453	1.861.142	134,966	3,332	NA
2002							
January	20,398,652	20,223,495	16,481	140,568	17,976	132	NA
February		18.430.092	14.989	130.208	16.951	193	NA
							NA NA
March		18,864,068	15,820	157,851	16,046	280	
April		21,802,225	12,877	115,744	15,709	291	NA
May		24,050,757	16,052	121,982	13,585	326	NA
June	26,018,099	25,883,017	14,121	110,303	10,219	439	NA
July		23,742,150	14,276	136,904	10.491	437	NA
August		19.645.159	10.762	163,295	13.729	433	NA
September		15.776.900	17,020	169,582	17.795	313	NA
			17,620	174,717	17,793	217	NA NA
October		15,302,625					
November		17,734,107	16,688	164,729	26,011	127	NA
December		19,419,838	17,720	181,492	26,553	77	NA
Total	243,031,586	240,874,433	184,447	1,767,375	202,066	3,265	NA
Year to Date							
2002	243,031,586	240,874,433	184,447	1,767,375	202,066	3,265	NA
2001		197,809,201	152,453	1.861.142	134,966	3,332	NA
2000		253,154,721	151,375	2,058,498	28,604	2,543	NA NA
4000	433,373,741	433,134,741	131,373	4,030,470	40,004	4,343	11/1

NA = This estimated value is not available due to insufficient data or inadequate data/model performance.

Sources: • 1990 - 2000: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • 2001 forward - Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary --see Technical Notes for adjustment methodology. Values for 2000 and prior years are final. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Table 6. Electric Utility Net Generation by NERC Region and Hawaii (Million Kilowatthours)

NERC Region	December	November	December	Year to Date			
and Hawaii	2002	2002	2001	2002	2001	Difference (percent)	
ECAR	42,324	39,008	39,618	487,422	475,362	2.5	
ERCOT	7,119	6,002	14,880	101,247	213,384	-52.6	
FRCC	11,799	11,712	11,997	162,743	163,781	-0.6	
MAAC	265	170	261	2,536	4,100	-38.2	
MAIN	10,120	8.674	10.253	116.128	123.876	-6.3	
MAPP (U.S.)	15.934	14.903	14.646	183.718	170.158	8.0	
NPCC (U.S.)	4.434	4,234	5,338	60,392	80.798	-25.3	
SERC	58.053	50,539	50,536	650,346	626,649	3.8	
SPP	23,225	23.037	24,638	313,454	319,569	-1.9	
WSCC (U.S.)	37.206	34.172	37.638	457.223	440.487	3.8	
Contiguous U.S	210,479	192,453	209,807	2,535,207	2,618,163	-3.2	
Alaska	512	462	518	5,525	5,416	2.0	
Hawaii	524	523	522	6,573	6,383	3.0	
Noncontiguous U.S	1.036	985	1,040	12.098	11,799	2.5	
U.S. Total	211,515	193,438	210,847	2,547,306	2,629,962	-3.1	

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • See Glossary for explanation of acronyms. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 7. Electric Utility Net Generation by Census Division and State (Million Kilowatthours)

Census Division	December	November	December	Year to Date			
and State	2002	2002	2001	2002	2001	Difference (percent)	
New England	742	569	1,721	16,955	22,229	-23.7	
Connecticut		17	3	184	2,817	-93.5	
Maine		1	*	6	5	11.1	
Massachusetts		113	123	1,510	1,566	-3.6	
New Hampshire		381	1,197 1	12,273	13,095	-6.3	
Rhode Island		57	397	2,975	11 4,734	-26.8 -37.2	
Vermont		6.180	6.122	75.430	87.833	-37.2 - 14.1	
New Jersey		81	34	1,587	1,630	-2.6	
New York		3,665	3,628	43,437	58,569	-25.8	
Pennsylvania		2,434	2,460	30,406	27,634	10.0	
East North Central		34,704	35,941	426,443	432,012	-1.3	
Illinois		1,360	2,548	20,909	29,835	-29.9	
Indiana		9,395	9,456	112,390	114,666	-2.0	
Michigan		8,548	7,904	100,296	97,067	3.3	
Ohio		10,948 4,452	11,603 4.430	138,080	135,484	1.9 -0.3	
Wisconsin West North Central		4,452 23,286	4,430 23,717	54,768 290,016	54,959 275,135	-0.3 5.4	
Iowa		3,201	3,283	40,083	38,756	3.4	
Kansas		3.898	3,802	46.697	44.643	4.6	
Minnesota		3,994	4,108	52,109	44,798	16.3	
Missouri		6,115	6,863	80,712	78,991	2.2	
Nebraska		2,666	2,236	31,547	30,412	3.7	
North Dakota		2,721	2,833	31,147	30,136	3.4	
South Dakota		691	591	7,721	7,401	4.3	
South Atlantic		45,580	45,939	619,796	593,777	4.4	
Delaware		3	138	149	1,872	-92.0	
District of Columbia		12,510	12,460	171,796	170,966	0.5	
Georgia		7,405	8,872	112.657	110.565	1.9	
Maryland		7,103	6	31	88	-65.1	
North Carolina		9,588	8,500	115,536	109,807	5.2	
South Carolina		6,622	6,825	93,660	86,735	8.0	
Virginia		4,531	5,119	62,673	62,135	0.9	
West Virginia		4,919	4,018	63,294	51,609	22.6	
East South Central		27,201	27,343	342,141	342,910	-0.2	
Alabama		10,944	9,653	123,446	118,744	4.0	
Kentucky		5,450 3,551	7,046 3,118	80,176 46,007	83,678 47,550	-4.2 -3.2	
Mississippi Tennessee		7,256	7,526	92,513	92.937	-3.2 -0.5	
West South Central		19,525	30.416	293.547	410,533	-28.5	
Arkansas		3.280	4,335	42.930	44,728	-4.0	
Louisiana.		3,392	3,609	50,479	50,378	0.2	
Oklahoma		3,420	3,788	50,264	50,414	-0.3	
Texas		9,433	18,684	149,875	265,013	-43.4	
Mountain		21,472	22,931	271,079	277,803	-2.4	
Arizona		6,569	6,975	81,614	85,808	-4.9	
Colorado		3,379	3,677	41,537	41,958	-1.0	
Idaho		393	448	8,112	6,667	21.7	
Montana Nevada		356 1,986	420 2.056	6,730 24,930	4,416 27,896	52.4 -10.6	
New Mexico		2.416	2,030	29,957	32.211	-7.0	
Utah		2,808	2,945	35.699	35,139	1.6	
Wyoming		3,565	3,702	42,499	43,764	-2.9	
Pacific Contiguous		13,935	15,748	199,800	175,876	13.6	
California	5,515	4,433	5,498	72,922	70,133	4.0	
Oregon	3,179	3,120	3,576	39,625	38,060	4.1	
Washington	6,594	6,382	6,674	87,253	67,683	28.9	
Pacific Noncontiguous		985	1,040	12,098	11,799	2.5	
Alaska		462	518	5,525	5,416	2.0	
Hawaii		523	522	6,573	6,383	3.0 -3.1	
U.S. Total	211,515	193,438	210,847	2,547,306	2,629,962	-3.1	

^{* =} For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent
Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 8. Electric Utility Net Generation from Coal by Census Division and State (Million Kilowatthours)

						Year to Date		
Census Division and State	December 2002	November 2002	December 2001		Coal Generation			tal (percent)
				2002	2001	Difference (percent)	2002	2001
New England		NM	408	4,812	4,803	0.2	28.4	21.6
Connecticut		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts		NM	98	1.089	1.097	-0.7	72.2	70.0
New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	358	327	310	3,722	3,706	0.4	30.3	28.3
Mid Atlantic		1,635	1,573	19,045	17,390	9.5	25.2	19.8
New Jersey		90	NM	1,427	1,439	-0.8	89.9	88.3
New York	. 177	170	296	1,682	2,088	-19.4	3.9	3.6
Pennsylvania		1,375	1,234	15,936	13,863	15.0	52.4	50.2
East North Central		29,092 1,346	30,393 2,448	359,998	368,144 29,125	- 2.2 -29.7	84.4 97.9	85.2 97.6
Illinois Indiana		1,346 9,159	2,448 9,340	20,460 109,792	113,135	-29.7	97.9 97.7	97.6 98.7
Michigan		5.552	5.342	65.593	66.932	-2.0	65.4	69.0
Ohio		9.963	10.142	125.598	118.767	5.8	91.0	87.7
Wisconsin		3,072	3,120	38,555	40,186	-4.1	70.4	73.1
West North Central	. 20,658	19,025	19,163	225,370	214,297	5.2	77.7	77.9
Iowa		2,677	2,751	34,067	33,472	1.8	85.0	86.4
Kansas		2,972	2,841	35,358	31,768	11.3	75.7	71.2
Minnesota		2,828 5,960	2,919 5,817	36,048 67,207	31,038 65,445	16.1 2.7	69.2 83.3	69.3 82.9
Missouri Nebraska		1.700	1.772	19,900	20.194	-1.5	63.1	66.4
North Dakota	. 2,653	2,575	2,721	29,519	28,770	2.6	94.8	95.5
South Dakota		312	342	3,272	3,612	-9.4	42.4	48.8
South Atlantic		24,603	25,295	331,769	325,007	2.1	53.5	54.7
Delaware		-	NM	-	1,626	-	-	86.9
District of Columbia		-		-	-		-	-
Florida		3,886	4,777	52,270	63,091	-17.2	30.4	36.9
Georgia Maryland		5,022	5,776	78,120	73,444	6.4	69.3	66.4
North Carolina	6,035	5,695	5,383	71,225	68,775	3.6	61.6	62.6
South Carolina		2,578	2,587	36.491	36,303	0.5	39.0	41.9
Virginia	. 2,887	2,553	2,671	30,862	30,657	0.7	49.2	49.3
West Virginia		4,870	3,981	62,802	51,111	22.9	99.2	99.0
East South Central	. 18,981	17,273	17,680	223,074	228,228	-2.3	65.2	66.6
Alabama		6,191	5,313	71,470	71,484	£ 1	57.9	60.2
Kentucky Mississippi		5,142 1,894	6,783 1,183	75,337 18,187	79,382 19,196	-5.1 -5.3	94.0 39.5	94.9 40.4
Tennessee		4.046	4.401	58.081	58.167	-0.1	62.8	62.6
West South Central	, , , , ,	12,349	17,500	158,392	200,057	-20.8	54.0	48.7
Arkansas		2,012	2,441	22,987	24,678	-6.9	53.5	55.2
Louisiana		868	1,124	11,484	10,917	5.2	22.8	21.7
Oklahoma		2,843	2,736	33,444	32,165	4.0	66.5	63.8
Texas		6,627	11,198	90,477	132,297	-31.6	60.4	49.9
Mountain		16,081	16,740	192,464	197,601	-2.6	71.0	71.1
Arizona Colorado		3,405 2,895	3,134 3.134	37,957 35.137	39,732 35.654	-4.5 -1.5	46.5 84.6	46.3 85.0
Idaho		2,693	5,154	33,137	55,054	-1.5	04.0	65.0
Montana	. 31	31	30	286	311	-8.2	4.2	7.0
Nevada	. 1,498	1,280	1,374	16,416	17,737	-7.4	65.9	63.6
New Mexico	. 2,165	2,232	2,588	26,901	28,402	-5.3	89.8	88.2
Utah		2,706	2,846	34,081	33,204	2.6	95.5	94.5
Wyoming		3,532	3,634	41,686	42,561	-2.1	98.1	97.3
Pacific Contiguous		398	410	3,769	4,424	-14.8	1.9	2.5
California Oregon		398	410	3,769	4,424	-14.8	9.5	11.6
Washington		<i>37</i> 0	-10	5,709	-1, 1 2-1	-14.0	7.5 -	11.0
Pacific Noncontiguous		16	17	204	194	5.4	1.7	1.6
Alaska		16	17	204	194	5.4	3.7	3.6
Hawaii		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
U.S. Total	. 132,678	120,886	129,191	1,518,898	1,560,146	-2.6	59.6	59.3

^{* =} For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

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NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers. Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Negative generation denotes that electric power consumed for plant use exceeds gross generation. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Coal includes lignite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and anthracite. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 9. Electric Utility Net Generation from Petroleum by Census Division and State (Million Kilowatthours)

						Year to Date		
Census Division and State	December 2002	November 2002	December 2001	Petroleum Generation			Share of Total (percent)	
				2002	2001	Difference (percent)	2002	2001
New England		NM	11	671	615	9.2	4.0	2.8
Connecticut		NM	NM	8	11	-26.8	4.4	0.4
Massachusetts		NM	NM	55	132	-58.5	3.6	8.4
New Hampshire	. 135	28	7	592	429	38.1	4.8	3.3
Rhode Island		NM	NM	8	11	-26.8	100.0	100.0
Vermont		NM 735	NM 417	8 7.661	32 9.429	-74.5 -18.8	0.3 10.2	0.7 10.7
New Jersey		1	NM	210	231	-8.9	13.2	14.1
New York	. 904	732	414	7,412	9,177	-19.2	17.1	15.7
Pennsylvania	. NM	NM	NM	39	22	82.3	0.1	0.1
East North Central		75	95	1,958	1,772	10.5	0.5	0.4
IllinoisIndiana		NM 22	NM 25	48 454	99 372	-52.1 22.2	0.2 0.4	0.3 0.3
Michigan		NM	NM	955	724	31.8	1.0	0.7
Ohio		22	19	341	406	-16.0	0.2	0.3
Wisconsin	. 10	NM	11	161	170	-5.8	0.3	0.3
West North Central		NM	113	1,776	2,059	-13.7	0.6	0.7
Iowa Kansas		NM 19	NM 13	50 503	95 616	-46.9 -18.4	0.1 1.1	0.2 1.4
Minnesota		NM	56	637	600	6.2	1.1	1.3
Missouri		NM	39	528	638	-17.1	0.7	0.8
Nebraska	. NM	NM	NM	17	25	-32.0	0.1	0.1
North Dakota		1	2	36	34	5.7	0.1	0.1
South Dakota	•	1.982	NM 2,267	4 35,816	52 45,397	-91.4 -21.1	0.1 5.8	0.7 7.6
Delaware		NM	17	135	209	-35.5	90.2	11.2
District of Columbia		-	-	-		-		-
Florida		1,745	1,847	31,241	39,075	-20.0	18.2	22.9
Georgia		6 NM	7 NM	192 28	276 88	-30.2 -68.1	0.2 91.0	0.2 99.6
Maryland North Carolina		12	14	348	413	-08.1 -15.8	0.3	99.6
South Carolina		6	7	178	225	-20.9	0.2	0.3
Virginia	. 339	192	344	3,463	4,855	-28.7	5.5	7.8
West Virginia		17	NM	231	257	-10.0	0.4	0.5
East South Central		26 7	NM 17	477 130	5,883 263	- 91.9 -50.5	0.1 0.1	1.7 0.2
Alabama Kentucky		8	13	121	120	0.2	0.1	0.2
Mississippi		2	NM	30	5,121	-99.4	0.1	10.8
Tennessee		8	25	196	380	-48.3	0.2	0.4
West South Central		8	326	236	4,456	-94.7	0.1	1.1
Arkansas		3 1	269 48	137	846 1.722	-83.8 -96.4	0.3 0.1	1.9 3.4
LouisianaOklahoma		NM	48 NM	62 9	1,722	-96.4 -93.9	U.1 *	0.3
Texas		NM	NM	29	1,741	-98.4	*	0.7
Mountain	. 15	17	30	216	1,508	-85.7	0.1	0.5
Arizona		2	5	50	312	-84.0	0.1	0.4
Colorado		3	NM *	24	159 4	-85.1	0.1	0.4 0.1
Idaho Montana		NM	NM	1	1	-36.0	*	V.1 *
Nevada		2	6	25	912	-97.2	0.1	3.3
New Mexico	. 4	5	*	31	30	1.7	0.1	0.1
Utah		NM	NM	47	58	-18.8	0.1	0.2
Wyoming		2 4	3 3	39 59	34 589	14.3 -90.0	0.1	0.1 0.3
Pacific Contiguous		4	3	48	317	-90.0 -84.7	0.1	0.5
Oregon		*	*	6	93	-93.6	*	0.2
Washington	*	*	*	5	179	-97.4	*	0.3
Pacific Noncontiguous	. 575	569	595	7,314	7,211	1.4	60.5	61.1
Alaska		NM 522	74 521	751 6 563	848	-11.4	13.6 99.8	15.7 99.7
HawaiiU.S. Total		523 3.535	3.913	6,563 56,185	6,363 78,919	3.1 -28.8	99.8 2.2	99.7 3.0

^{*} = For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

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NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers. Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Negative generation denotes that electric power consumed for plant use exceeds gross generation. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Includes fuel oil Nos. 2, 4, 5, and 6, crude oil, kerosene, and petroleum coke. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 10. Electric Utility Net Generation from Gas by Census Division and State (Million Kilowatthours)

(Million Kilow	attilouis)		I	ı					
			December 2001	Year to Date					
Census Division and State	December 2002	November 2002		Gas Generation			Share of Total (percent)		
				2002	2001	Difference (percent)	2002	2001	
New England	NM	NM	NM	332	272	22.1	2.0	1.2	
Connecticut	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Massachusetts	NM	NM	NM	233	218	6.6	15.4	13.9	
New Hampshire	9	-	2	96	42	126.7	0.8	0.3	
Rhode Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Vermont	*	*	*	3	11	-70.2	0.1	0.2	
Mid Atlantic	520	711	859	10,769	8,974	20.0	14.3	10.2	
New Jersey New York	518	709	858	96 10,672	102 8,871	-6.2 20.3	6.0 24.6	6.3 15.1	
Pennsylvania	NM	NM	NM	10,672	0,071	-1.7	24.0	13.1	
East North Central	341	294	325	5,959	4,702	26.7	1.4	1.1	
Illinois	NM	NM	NM	337	546	-38.3	1.6	1.8	
Indiana	150	173	40	1,733	589	194.4	1.5	0.5	
Michigan	114	45	163	2,111	2,362	-10.6	2.1	2.4	
Ohio	NM 50	17 52	NM 32	803 975	336 868	138.6 12.3	0.6	0.2	
Wisconsin West North Central	50 NM	158	356	6,595	7,017	-6.0	1.8 2.3	1.6 2.6	
Iowa	NM	19	25	421	454	-7.4	1.0	1.2	
Kansas	NM	NM	NM	1.794	1.912	-6.1	3.8	4.3	
Minnesota	NM	NM	NM	594	372	60.0	1.1	0.8	
Missouri	NM	56	239	3,292	3,634	-9.4	4.1	4.6	
Nebraska	NM	NM	NM	407	340	19.8	1.3	1.1	
North Dakota	*	*	- >D/	*	205	NM	*	*	
South Atlantia	1 3,455		NM 3,696	86 62,996	305 41,477	-71.9 51.9	1.1 10.2	4.1 7.0	
South Atlantic	3, 4 33 *	4,149	3,090	15	41,4 77	-60.0	9.8	2.0	
District of Columbia	_	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Florida		4,049	3,520	54,278	36,944	46.9	31.6	21.6	
Georgia	NM	NM	NM	1,194	1,168	2.2	1.1	1.1	
Maryland	24	NM	NM 9	1.902	1.000	NM	9.0	0.4 0.9	
North Carolina	24	15 39	2	1,902 3,465	1,000	90.3 1.689.6	1.6 3.7	0.9	
South Carolina Virginia	46	38	160	2,137	2,131	0.3	3.4	3.4	
West Virginia	*	*	NM	3	2,131	-7.1	*	*	
East South Central	1,507	1,455	1,693	29,628	21,920	35.2	8.7	6.4	
Alabama	588	686	672	11,164	8,285	34.8	9.0	7.0	
Kentucky	15	18	24	693	321	116.3	0.9	0.4	
Mississippi	883 20	745 6	997	17,730 40	13,310	33.2 660.1	38.5	28.0	
Tennessee West South Central	3,404	3,713	5,697	77,715	129,782	-40.1	26.5	31.6	
Arkansas	3,404	47	37	1,689	1,875	-9.9	3.9	4.2	
Louisiana	877	1,012	866	21,628	20,402	6.0	42.8	40.5	
Oklahoma	654	535	934	15,001	15,887	-5.6	29.8	31.5	
Texas		2,120	3,860	39,398	91,618	-57.0	26.3	34.6	
Mountain	1,355	1,440	1,540	20,759	25,783	-19.5	7.7	9.3	
Arizona Colorado	182 472	261 430	357 450	5,293 5,345	9,106 4,884	-41.9 9.4	6.5 12.9	10.6 11.6	
Idaho	1	*	430	3,343	4,004	NM	0.5	11.0	
Montana	*	*	-	7	10	-32.4	0.1	0.2	
Nevada	465	524	546	6,229	6,743	-7.6	25.0	24.2	
New Mexico	169	166	114	2,766	3,541	-21.9	9.2	11.0	
Utah	NM	NM	51	911	1,224	-25.6	2.6	3.5	
Wyoming	13 957	9 863	22 1.068	171 11.587	274 21.480	-37.7	0.4	0.6 12.2	
Pacific Contiguous	9 5 7 633	863 601	1,068 619	8,723	21,480 11,919	- 46.1 -26.8	5.8 12.0	12.2 17.0	
California Oregon	205	189	325	1,799	5.184	-20.8 -65.3	4.5	13.6	
Washington	119	73	123	1,065	4,378	-75.7	1.2	6.5	
Pacific Noncontiguous	296	246	306	2,942	3,028	-2.8	24.3	25.7	
Alaska	296	246	306	2,942	3,028	-2.8	53.3	55.9	
Hawaii	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
U.S. Total	11,972	13,037	15,431	229,282	264,434	-13.3	9.0	10.1	

^{*} = For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Negative generation denotes that electric power consumed for plant use exceeds gross generation. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 11. Electric Utility Net Generation from Hydroelectric by Census Division and State (Million Kilowatthours)

				Year to Date					
Census Division and State	December 2002	November 2002	December 2001	Hydroelectric Generation			Share of Tot	al (percent)	
				2002	2001	Difference (percent)	2002	2001	
New England		86	NM	843	709	18.8	5.0	3.2	
Connecticut		3	NM NM	32 6	29 5	11.1 11.1	17.6 100.0	1.0 100.0	
Massachusetts		14	NM	133	120	10.9	8.8	7.6	
New Hampshire	. 21	26	17	263	225	16.9	2.1	1.7	
Rhode Island		- 42	- ND 6	409	- 221	- 22.7	12.7	7.0	
Vermont		42 1.777	NM 1.707	20.534	331 18.106	23.7 13.4	13.7 27.2	7.0 20.6	
New Jersey		-13	-11	-146	-142	2.9	-9.2	-8.7	
New York	. 1,724	1,698	1,690	19,845	17,679	12.2	45.7	30.2	
Pennsylvania		91	NM	835	569	46.7	2.7	2.1	
East North Central		296 ₄	345 NM	3,778 64	3,349 57	12.8 13.5	0.9 0.3	0.8 0.2	
Indiana		42	51	411	571	-27.9	0.3	0.2	
Michigan	. NM	33	NM	524	323	62.0	0.5	0.3	
Ohio		45	60	473	511	-7.4	0.3	0.4	
Wisconsin		172 761	191 592	2,306 9,943	1,888	22.2 21.6	4.2	3.4	
West North Central		82	69	9 ,943 926	8,176 830	21.6 11.5	3.4 2.3	3.0 2.1	
Kansas		-	-	-	-	-	2.3	2.1	
Minnesota	. 39	52	65	734	619	18.5	1.4	1.4	
Missouri		18	22	1,239	838	47.8	1.5	1.1	
Nebraska	. 55 . 160	87 145	NM 109	1,098 1,593	1,124 1,332	-2.4 19.6	3.5 5.1	3.7 4.4	
North DakotaSouth Dakota		377	245	4,354	3,432	26.9	56.4	46.4	
South Atlantic		650	281	3,948	3,076	28.4	0.6	0.5	
Delaware		-	-	-		-	-	-	
District of Columbia		- 24	- 12	104	140	24.6	- 0.1	- 0.1	
FloridaGeorgia		24 263	12 158	184 2.044	148 1.995	24.6 2.4	0.1 1.8	0.1 1.8	
Maryland		203	NM	2,044	1,995	2.4	-	1.0	
North Carolina	. 436	295	174	2,434	1,845	31.9	2.1	1.7	
South Carolina		68	NM	185	143	28.7	0.2	0.2	
Virginia		-29 30	-95 NM	-1,135 236	-1,267 211	-10.4 11.8	-1.8 0.4	-2.0 0.4	
West Virginia East South Central		2.218	1.737	19.471	18,021	8.0	5.7	5.3	
Alabama		1,228	927	8,825	8,356	5.6	7.1	7.0	
Kentucky	. 320	282	226	4,025	3,856	4.4	5.0	4.6	
Mississippi		708	584	- -	5.809	140	7.2		
Tennessee West South Central		212	384 428	6,622 6,290	5,809 5,959	14.0 5.6	7.2 2.1	6.3 1.5	
Arkansas		136	247	3,559	2,548	39.7	8.3	5.7	
Louisiana		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oklahoma		43	116	1,810	2,216	-18.3	3.6	4.4	
Texas		32 1.399	NM 1.822	921 26.481	1,195 24,000	-22.9 10.3	0.6 9.8	0.5 8.6	
Arizona		392	691	7,419	7,900	-6.1	9.1	9.2	
Colorado	. 27	44	NM	972	1,222	-20.5	2.3	2.9	
Idaho		393	448	8,074	6,663	21.2	99.5	99.9	
Montana		326 182	390 130	6,437 2,259	4,094 2,505	57.2 -9.8	95.6 9.1	92.7 9.0	
Nevada New Mexico		12	NM	2,239	2,303	-9.8 9.4	0.9	0.7	
Utah		31	NM	476	500	-4.8	1.3	1.4	
Wyoming		20	41	585	879	-33.5	1.4	2.0	
Pacific Contiguous		9,642	10,101	140,492	107,345	30.9	70.3	61.0	
California Oregon		1,649 2.534	1,575 2,840	29,604 34,051	24,468 28,360	21.0 20.1	40.6 85.9	34.9 74.5	
Washington		5.459	5,686	76,836	54.517	40.9	88.1	80.5	
Pacific Noncontiguous		154	NM	1,635	1,364	19.9	13.5	11.6	
Alaska	. NM	154	NM	1,626	1,346	20.9	29.4	24.8	
Hawaii		* 17.105	17.226	9	18	-52.9	0.1	0.3	
U.S. Total	. 18,843	17,195	17,236	233,414	190,105	22.8	9.2	7.2	

^{*} = For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers. Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Negative generation denotes that electric power consumed for plant use exceeds gross generation. • Pumping energy used at pumped storage plants in December was 1,475 million kilowatthours. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 12. Electric Utility Net Generation from Nuclear by Census Division and State (Million Kilowatthours)

						Year to Date	!	
Census Division and State	December 2002	November 2002	December 2001	Nuclear Generation			Share of Total (percent)	
				2002	2001	Difference (percent)	2002	2001
New England		-	1,219	9,967	15,494	-35.7	58.8	69.7
Connecticut		-	-	-	2,630	-	-	93.4
Maine		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts New Hampshire			862	7,600	8,693	-12.6	61.9	66.4
Rhode Island		_	-		-	-	-	-
Vermont		-	357	2,367	4,171	-43.2	79.6	88.1
Mid Atlantic		1,323	1,566	17,422	33,933	-48.7	23.1	38.6
New Jersey		-	-	-	-	-	-	
New York	369	357 966	369	3,827	20,753	-81.6	8.8	35.4
Pennsylvania		4,911	1,197 4,748	13,595 54,401	13,179 53,682	3.2 1.3	44.7 12.8	47.7 12.4
East North Central		4,911	4,/40	54,401	55,062	1.3	12.6	12.4
Indiana		_	-	_	_	-	_	_
Michigan		2,894	2,325	31,087	26,711	16.4	31.0	27.5
Ohio		902	1,379	10,865	15,464	-29.7	7.9	11.4
Wisconsin	1,145	1,115	1,043	12,449	11,507	8.2	22.7	20.9
West North Central		3,206	3,449	45,812	43,099	6.3	15.8	15.7
Iowa		415	431	4,574	3,853	18.7	11.4	9.9
Kansas Minnesota		858 1,003	888 1,025	9,042 13,685	10,347 11,789	-12.6 16.1	19.4 26.3	23.2 26.3
Missouri		1,003	742	8,390	8,384	0.1	10.4	10.6
Nebraska		862	364	10.122	8,726	16.0	32.1	28.7
North Dakota		-	-	-		-	52.1	20.7
South Dakota		-	-	-	-	_	-	-
South Atlantic	16,083	14,187	14,390	185,111	178,669	3.6	29.9	30.1
Delaware		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District of Columbia		2.002	2 205	22.704	21.502	-	10.6	10.5
Florida		2,802 2,106	2,295 2,927	33,704 31,108	31,583 33.682	6.7 -7.6	19.6 27.6	18.5 30.5
Georgia Maryland		2,100	2,921	31,106	33,062	-7.0	27.0	30.3
North Carolina		3,572	2.919	39,627	37,775	4.9	34.3	34.4
South Carolina	,	3,931	4,209	53,326	49,870	6.9	56.9	57.5
Virginia	1,923	1,778	2,040	27,346	25,759	6.2	43.6	41.5
West Virginia		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
East South Central		6,230	6,177	69,490	68,857	0.9	20.3	20.1
Alabama		2,833	2,724	31,857	30,357	4.9	25.8	25.6
Kentucky Mississippi		910	936	10.059	9.924	1.4	21.9	20.9
Tennessee		2.488	2.517	27.574	28.576	-3.5	29.8	30.7
West South Central		3,243	6,465	50,914	70,280	-27.6	17.3	17.1
Arkansas		1,082	1,341	14,559	14,781	-1.5	33.9	33.0
Louisiana	1,556	1,512	1,571	17,305	17,336	-0.2	34.3	34.4
Oklahoma			_	.	.	-	5	
Texas		649	3,553	19,050	38,163	-50.1	12.7	14.4
Mountain		2,507	2,786	30,862	28,724	7.4	11.4	10.3
Arizona Colorado	,	2,507	2,786	30,862	28,724	7.4	37.8	33.5
Idaho		-		-		-	-	-
Montana		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nevada		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Mexico		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Utah		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming		2.970	4 120	42 201	41 470	-	21.7	22.6
Pacific Contiguous		2,970 2.163	4,129 3,287	43,391 34.342	41,470 33.220	4.6 3.4	21.7 47.1	23.6 47.4
Oregon		2,103	3,401	J 1 ,J42	- ,220	J. 4	4/.1	47.4
Washington		807	842	9.048	8.250	9.7	10.4	12.2
Pacific Noncontiguous		-	- 0.2	-,0.0	-,200	-	-	
Alaska		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii			-			-	-	-
U.S. Total	43,601	38,577	44,929	507,370	534,207	-5.0	19.9	20.3

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Negative generation denotes that electric power consumed for plant use exceeds gross generation. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 13. Electric Utility Net Generation from Other Energy Sources by Census Division and State

(Million Kilowatthours)

						Year to Date	:	
Census Division and State	December 2002	November 2002	December 2001	Other Generation			Share of Total (percent)	
				2002	2001	Difference (percent)	2002	2001
New England		27	11	330	336	-1.8	1.9	1.5
Connecticut		14	-	143	147	-2.5	78.0	5.2
Maine Massachusetts			_	_				_
New Hampshire		-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Rhode Island		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	24	14	11	187	189	-1.2	6.3	4.0
Mid Atlantic		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Jersey New York		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pennsylvania		-	-	_	-	-	-	_
East North Central		35	35	349	364	-4.1	0.1	0.1
Illinois		-	-	-	8	-	-	*
Indiana		-	-	-	-		-	-
Michigan		2	1	26	15	73.1	•	*
Ohio Wisconsin		33	34	322	340	-5.3	0.6	0.6
West North Central		48	44	520	488	6.7	0.2	0.2
Iowa		5	4	46	52	-11.7	0.1	0.1
Kansas				.	_	_ 5		
Minnesota	37	36	35	411	381	7.9	0.8	0.9
Missouri Nebraska	/	6	4	55 3	52 3	7.0 1.9	0.1	0.1
North Dakota		· -	- -	-	-	1.9	· <u>-</u>	_
South Dakota		1	*	6	1	589.8	0.1	*
South Atlantic		8	10	156	151	2.9	*	*
Delaware		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District of Columbia	12	-	- 10	110	125		- 0.1	- 0.1
FloridaGeorgia		5	10	118	125	-5.2	0.1	0.1
Maryland		-	-	_	-	-	-	_
North Carolina		-	_	_	-	-	-	_
South Carolina	1	1	-	16	-	-	*	-
Virginia		-	-				-	
West Virginia		2	-	22	26	-17.3	*	0.1
East South Central		=	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kentucky		-	-	_		-		_
Mississippi		-	_	_	-	-	-	_
Tennessee		-	-	_	-	-	-	-
West South Central		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arkansas Louisiana		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oklahoma		-	_		-	-	-	
Texas		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mountain	29	29	3	297	34	770.1	0.1	*
Arizona	4	3	3	33	34	-2.8	*	*
Colorado		7	3	60	39	54.8	0.1	0.1
Idaho		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Montana Nevada		-	-	_	_	-	-	_
New Mexico		-	_	_	-	-	-	_
Utah	-	-	-	184	-	-	0.5	-
Wyoming		2	1	19	16	17.6	*	*
Pacific Contiguous		59	36	503	568	-11.5	0.3	0.3
California Oregon	19	16	13	204	210	-2.8	0.3	0.3
Washington		43	23	299	358	-16.5	0.3	0.5
Pacific Noncontiguous		*	*	2	3	-28.4	*	*
Alaska	NM	*	*	1	1	-38.4	*	*
Hawaii		*	*	2	2	-23.9	*	*
U.S. Total	226	208	137	2,157	1,999	7.9	0.1	0.1

^{* =} For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Negative generation denotes that electric power consumed for plant use exceeds gross generation. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Other energy sources include geothermal, wood, wind, waste, and solar. Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

U.S.	Electric	Utility	Consump	otion of	f Fossil	Fuels
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U.S. Electric Utility Consumption of Fossil Fuels, 1990 Through December 2002 Table 14.

Period		Coal (thousand shor	t tons)			Petroleum usand barre	ls)	Petroleum Coke	Gas (thousand
Feriou	Anthracite ¹	Bituminous ²	Lignite	Total	Distillate	Residual	Total	(thousand short tons)	Mcf)
1990	1,031	694,317	78,201	773,549	14,823	181,231	196,054	819	2,787,332
1991		691,275	79,999	772,268	13,729	171,157	184,886	722	2,789,014
1992	986	698,626	80,248	779,860	11,556	135,779	147,335	999	2,765,608
1993	951	732,736	79,821	813,508	13,168	149,287	162,454	1,220	2,682,440
1994		737,102	79,045	817,270	16,338	134,666	151,004	875	2,987,146
1995		749,950	78,078	829,007	15,565	86,584	102,150	761	3,196,507
1996		795,252	78,421	874,681	16,892	96,382	113,274	681	2,732,107
1997		821,823	77,524	900,361	15,157	109,989	125,146	1,400	2,968,453
1998		832,094	77,906	910,867	22,041	156,573	178,614	1,769	3,258,054
1999	686	815,909	77,525	894,120	21,528	122,303	143,830	1,608	3,113,419
2000									
January		70,591	6,499	77,090	1,769	6,194	7,963	162	190,316
February		63,085	6,357	69,442	1,068	4,083	5,150	132	166,842
March		61,921	6,004	67,925	913	3,859	4,772	87	207,545
April		56,301	4,912	61,214	824	4,222	5,046	89	214,599
May		61,750	5,678	67,428	1,921	7,781	9,702	81	308,787
June		67,458	6,452	73,910	1,659	10,533	12,192	99	307,218
July		69,993	7,058	77,051	1,957	9,792	11,749	58	373,256
August		72,974	7,046	80,021	2,198	12,149	14,347	114	410,344
September		64,397	6,328	70,725	1,485	10,836	12,321	87	283,535
October		63,225	6,610	69,835	1,023	8,222	9,245	69	213,487
November		62,711	6,404	69,114	1,292	6,827	8,120	74	180,318
December		69,129	6,450	75,579	6,668	12,852	19,520	80	186,846
Total	NA	783,536	75,799	859,335	22,779	97,350	120,129	1,132	3,043,094
2001									
January		67,134	6,101	73,236	6,425	13,210	19,636	108	157,736
February	-	57,143	5,380	62,523	1,694	8,190	9,884	100	143,619
March	-	59,244	5,749	64,993	1,886	9,032	10,917	80	172,448
April	-	53,468	5,421	58,889	1,820	9,427	11,246	53	212,257
May	-	59,258	5,975	65,233	1,626	9,801	11,427	77	236,407
June	-	63,127	5,999	69,126	1,355	11,111	12,466	111	261,345
July	-	69,891	6,597	76,487	1,261	10,018	11,279	139	356,801
August	-	71,139	6,700	77,839	1,762	12,440	14,202	177	361,218
September	-	60,296	5,830	66,126	787	7,102	7,889	145	255,236
October	-	57,899	5,064	62,963	959	5,384	6,343	145	224,674
November	-	55,763	5,397	61,160	672	4,817	5,490	122	151,268
December	-	61,331	6,364	67,695	856	4,750	5,606	160	153,279
Total	-	735,694	70,575	806,269	21,103	105,283	126,386	1,418	2,686,287
2002									
January	-	62,768	4,008	66,776	1,319	4,672	5,992	151	147,359
February	-	53,951	3,602	57,553	710	3,773	4,483	150	137,277
March	-	56,546	3,578	60,123	1,139	6,360	7,499	146	160,864
April	-	53,049	2,914	55,963	1,171	6,657	7,828	131	169,266
May	-	57,252	3,583	60,836	1,361	6,776	8,137	188	180,028
June	-	62,589	3,735	66,324	1,041	6,205	7,247	179	228,513
July	-	68,924	4,092	73,016	1,374	7,314	8,688	145	294,491
August		67,840	4,153	71,994	1,215	7,486	8,700	135	288,243
September		62,056	3,853	65,909	1,051	6,574	7,626	139	225,979
October	-	58,960	3,929	62,889	1,187	6,372	7,559	132	173,249
November		57,723	3,988	61,711	767	4,676	5,443	93	122,830
December	-	63,361	3,917	67,278	809	5,616	6,425	133	115,399
Total		725,019	45,352	770,371	13,145	72,480	85,625	1,720	2,243,497
Year to Date									
2002	-	725,019	45,352	770,371	13,145	72,480	85,625	1,720	2,243,497
2001	-	735,694	70,575	806,269	21,103	105,283	126,386	1,418	2,686,287
2000	NA	783,536	75,799	859,335	22,779	97,350	120,129	1,132	3,043,094

¹ Includes anthracite silt stored off-site.

Sources: • 1990 - 2000: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • 2001 forward - Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

² Includes subbituminous coal.

NA = This estimated value is not available due to insufficient data or inadequate data/model performance.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary --see Technical Notes for adjustment methodology. Values for 2000 and prior years are final. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Mcf=thousand cubic feet. Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Table 15. Electric Utility Consumption of Coal by NERC Region and Hawaii (Thousand Short Tons)

NERC Region	December	November	December 2001	Year to Date			
and Hawaii	2002	2002	2001	2002	2001	Difference (percent)	
ECAR	16,492	15,245	15.764	191,642	189,575	1.1	
ERCOT	3,336	2,782	6,330	39,289	73,974	-46.9	
FRCC	1,639	1,393	1,827	19,603	23,420	-16.3	
MAAC	70	39	NM	669	1,405	-52.4	
MAIN	4,763	4,178	4,596	53,126	57,904	-8.3	
MAPP (U.S.)	8,384	7,768	8,111	91,289	90,147	1.3	
NPCC (U.S.)	256	NM	305	2,673	2,852	-6.3	
SERC	14,216	12,465	12,484	165,605	161,329	2.7	
SPP	9,413	9,441	9,682	109,512	106,598	2.7	
WSCC (U.S.)	8,692	8,142	8,473	96,762	98,885	-2.1	
Contiguous U.S	67,261	61,694	67,678	770,171	806,089	-4.5	
Alaska	18	16	17	200	181	10.7	
Hawaii	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Noncontiguous U.SU.S. Total	18 67.278	16 61.711	17 67.695	200 770,371	181 806,269	10.7 -4.5	

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Coal includes lignite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and anthracite.

• See Glossary for explanation of acronyms. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 16. Electric Utility Consumption of Petroleum by NERC Region and Hawaii (Thousand Barrels)

NERC Region	December	November	December		Year to Date	
and Hawaii	2002	02 2002	2001	2002	2001	Difference (percent)
ECAR	273	145	187	3,524	3,217	9.5
ERCOT	6	11	15	52	3,120	-98.3
FRCC	2.439	2,516	2.333	45.841	59.402	-22.8
MAAC	30	10	43	655	984	-33.4
MAIN	21	18	22	478	633	-24.4
MAPP (U.S.)	22	21	18	598	917	-34.8
NPCC (U.S.)	1,749	1.244	753	13,959	16,863	-17.2
SERC	689	406	608	7.577	10.742	-29.5
SPP	164	57	526	1.511	14.741	-89.8
WSCC (U.S.)	42	44	68	516	4,588	-88.8
Contiguous U.S	5,435	4,472	4,572	72,991	113,789	-35.9
Alaska	92	81	130	1,360	1,542	-11.8
Hawaii	898	890	904	11.273	11.056	2.0
Noncontiguous U.S	990	971	1,034	12,633	12,598	0.3
U.S. Total	6,425	5,443	5,606	85,625	126,386	-32.3

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • See Glossary for explanation of acronyms. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 17. Electric Utility Consumption of Gas by NERC Region and Hawaii (Million Cubic Feet)

NERC Region	December	November	December		Year to Date	
and Hawaii	2002	2002 2002	2001	2002	2001	Difference (percent)
ECAR	3,330	2,915	2,932	65,221	49,049	33.0
ERCOT	9,125	12,395	29,457	238,273	739,231	-67.8
FRCC	25,330	28.854	30.779	436,753	327,041	33.5
MAAC	31	40	60	1.441	1.720	-16.2
MAIN	996	1,010	1.286	18,175	17,453	4.1
MAPP (U.S.)	721	900	633	36.034	18.572	94.0
NPCC (U.S.)	5.196	7,318	9,313	115.159	96,561	19.3
NPCC (U.S.)	14,367	14.172	12,331	211,712	145.965	45.0
SPP	32.158	30.871	37.413	770.900	768.435	0.3
WSCC (U.S.)	21.062	21.779	25.874	318.240	489.672	-35.0
Contiguous U.S.	112,316	120,253	150,078	2,211,908	2,653,699	-16.6
Alaska	3.084	2.577	3.201	31.589	32.588	-3.1
Hawaii	-	-,5 / /	-	- 1,007	-	-
Noncontiguous U.S	3,084 115,399	2,577 122,830	3,201 153,279	31,589 2,243,497	32,588 2,686,287	-3.1 -16.5

^{* =} For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • See Glossary for explanation of acronyms. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 18. Electric Utility Consumption of Coal by Census Division and State (Thousand Short Tons)

Census Division	December	November	December		Year to Date	
and State	2002	2002	2001	2002	2001	Difference (percent)
New England	. NM	NM	172	1,968	1,981	-0.6
Connecticut		-	-	-	-	-
Maine		-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts		NM	43	441	447	-1.3
New Hampshire		133	130	1,527	1,533	-0.4
Rhode Island		-	-	-	-	-
Vermont			-			-
Mid Atlantic		634	691	7,801	7,317	6.6
New Jersey		39	NM	669	691	-3.1
New York		72	138	705	871	-19.0
Pennsylvania		523	513	6,427	5,755	11.7
East North Central		14,070	14,968	175,446	181,567	- 3.4 -29.6
Illinois		749	1,345	11,421	16,227	
Indiana		4,477	4,651 2.697	53,822 33.243	55,846	-3.6 -1.4
Michigan		2,778			33,728	
Ohio		4,262 1.805	4,454 1.820	53,619	51,705 24.062	3.7 -3.0
Wisconsin		,	,	23,341	137,929	
West North Central		12,237 1,738	12,442 1,729	142,861 21,887	21,171	3.6 3.4
lowa	,	1,736	1,729	22.650	20.150	12.4
Kansas Minnesota		1,658	1,764	19.126	18.410	3.9
		3,508	3,496	39,703	38,585	2.9
Missouri Nebraska		1,032	1,100	12,210	12,606	-3.1
North Dakota		2,196	2.411	25,235	24.795	1.8
South Dakota		196	208	2,051	2,212	-7.3
South Atlantic		9,955	10,325	135,855	132,824	2.3
Delaware		7,733	NM	100,000	714	2.5
District of Columbia		_	-	_	, , , ,	_
Florida		1.647	2.031	22.586	26,479	-14.7
Georgia		2,110	2,440	32,793	30,891	6.2
Maryland		_,	-,	-	-	-
North Carolina		2.220	2,093	27,953	27.109	3.1
South Carolina		1.018	1.030	14.347	14.382	-0.2
Virginia		1,029	1,061	12,465	12,267	1.6
West Virginia		1,932	1,617	25,711	20,982	22.5
East South Central		7,763	7,870	100,408	102,594	-2.1
Alabama	2,855	2,902	2,476	33,312	33,627	-0.9
Kentucky		2,311	3,062	34,551	36,146	-4.4
Mississippi		821	424	7,915	8,334	-5.0
Tennessee	1,874	1,730	1,909	24,630	24,487	0.6
West South Central	8,817	7,972	12,029	101,096	134,756	-25.0
Arkansas	. 1,130	1,285	1,512	14,165	15,110	-6.3
Louisiana	810	597	778	7,882	7,634	3.3
Oklahoma	1,920	1,734	1,773	20,342	19,575	3.9
Texas		4,357	7,965	58,706	92,438	-36.5
Mountain		8,671	8,945	102,581	104,631	-2.0
Arizona		1,739	1,591	19,328	20,158	-4.1
Colorado		1,594	1,698	19,139	19,435	-1.5
Idaho		-	-	-	-	-
Montana		30	29	283	307	-7.7
Nevada		661	672	7,887	8,190	-3.7
New Mexico		1,279	1,452	15,193	15,955	-4.8
Utah		1,198	1,263	15,194	14,403	5.5
Wyoming		2,171	2,240	25,558	26,184	-2.4
Pacific Contiguous		224	229	2,155	2,490	-13.5
California		-	-	2 1 5 5	2 400	10.5
Oregon		224	229	2,155	2,490	-13.5
Washington		-		-	-	-
Pacific Noncontiguous		16	17	200	181	10.7
Alaska		16	17	200	181	10.7
Hawaii		- (1 711	- 	770.271	906 360	4.5
U.S. Total	67,278	61,711	67,695	770,371	806,269	-4.5

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Coal includes lignite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and anthracite.

Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 19. Electric Utility Consumption of Petroleum by Census Division and State (Thousand Barrels)

Census Division	December	November	December		Year to Date	
and State	2002	2002	2001	2002	2001	Difference (percent)
New England	NM	74 NM	29 NM	1,314 20	1,227 29	7.1 -31.5
Maine		6	NM	111	261	-57.3
New Hampshire		66 NM	20 NM	1,144 13	831 19	37.7 -31.5
Rhode Island Vermont		NM	NM	26	87	-31.3 -70.6
Mid Atlantic	1,495	1,174	731	13,095	16,120	-18.8
New Jersey		1 170	NM	382	446	-14.5
New York Pennsylvania		1,170 3	725 NM	12,645 68	15,636 37	-19.1 81.9
East North Central		119	150	3,072	3,034	1.2
Illinois		5	NM	82	200	-59.1
Indiana Michigan		27 45	34 74	415 2.009	455 1.485	-8.9 35.4
Ohio		40	31	585	775	-24.5
Wisconsin	NM	9	NM	173	230	-24.9
West North Central		67 8	64 NM	1,454 118	2,158 214	-32.6 -44.6
Kansas		36	35	909	1.169	-22.3
Minnesota		23	NM	292	425	-31.4
Missouri		14	NM	376	497	-24.4
Nebraska North Dakota		2 2	NM 4	42 68	62 64	-32.9 5.8
South Dakota		1	NM	15	107	-86.4
South Atlantic	3,123	2,921	2,943	52,215	68,613	-23.9
Delaware District of Columbia		6	NM	225	367	-38.6
Florida		2,583	2,456	45,855	59,424	-22.8
Georgia	17	13	12	413	570	-27.5
Maryland	NM	NM	NM	48	170	-71.8
North Carolina		28 13	26 12	730 346	855 473	-14.6 -26.8
Virginia		314	485	5,409	7,297	-25.9
West Virginia		29	NM	353	386	-8.4
East South CentralAlabama		49 14	90 27	849 230	10,040 534	- 91.5 -57.0
Kentucky		14	26	220	219	0.8
Mississippi	NM	5	NM	61	8,396	-99.3
Tennessee		16	36	337	891	-62.2
West South Central		21 7	497 399	449 260	8,038 1,421	-94.4 -81.7
Louisiana		2	77	108	2,977	-96.4
Oklahoma	NM	*	NM	18	258	-93.1
Texas		12 32	NM 63	64 415	3,383 3,368	-98.1 -87.7
Mountain		32	8	96	660	-85.4
Colorado		7	NM	56	339	-83.4
Idaho		-	*	*	7	-
Montana Nevada		NM 4	NM 11	1 49	2 2,125	-35.2 -97.7
New Mexico		9	1	53	61	-13.7
Utah	NM	NM	NM	84	109	-22.8
Wyoming		4	7 7	76 120	66 1 100	15.6
Pacific Contiguous		13 12	7	129 107	1,190 648	-89.2 -83.5
Oregon		*	*	14	182	-92.4
Washington	*	*	*	8	360	-97.6
Pacific Noncontiguous		971 81	1,034 130	12,633 1,360	12,598 1,542	0.3 -11.8
Alaska Hawaii		890	904	11,273	11,056	2.0
U.S. Total		5,443	5,606	85,625	126,386	-32.3

^{* =} For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Data do not include petroleum coke. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 20. Electric Utility Consumption of Gas by Census Division and State (Million Cubic Feet)

Census Division	December	November	December		Year to Date	
and State	2002	2002	2001	2002	2001	Difference (percent)
New England	134	94	208	3,574	2,891	23.6
Connecticut		-	-	-	-	-
Maine		-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts		NM	NM	2,441	2,248	8.6
New Hampshire	. 103	-	29	1.096	527	107.9
Rhode Island		-	-	· -	-	-
Vermont		4	3	37	116	-68.2
Mid Atlantic		7,260	9,120	112,765	94,905	18.8
New Jersey		37	14	1,169	1,224	-4.5
New York		7,223	9,105	111,585	93,669	19.1
Pennsylvania		NM	NM	10	11	-4.8
East North Central		3,464	3,794	73,060	62,172	17.5
Illinois		NM	NM	3.218	5.109	-37.0
Indiana		1,528	434	15,436	6,357	142.8
Michigan		883	2.204	30.638	33.546	-8.7
Ohio		280	2,204 NM	10.702	5.124	108.8
Wisconsin		684	425	13,067	12.036	8.6
		2.011			,	
West North Central		2,011 461	3,364 277	68,871 6,996	73,317 5,754	-6.1 21.6
Iowa						
Kansas		NM	NM	21,416	23,267	-8.0
Minnesota		NM	NM	6,534	5,143	27.0
Missouri		453	1,850	27,734	30,365	-8.7
Nebraska		NM	NM	4,916	4,290	14.6
North Dakota				1	3	-69.8
South Dakota		12	NM	1,274	4,496	-71.7
South Atlantic		31,607	32,510	531,486	372,078	42.8
Delaware		2	21	242	481	-49.7
District of Columbia		-	-	-	-	-
Florida	. 26,592	30,383	30,792	453,479	328,147	38.2
Georgia	. NM	NM	NM	13,430	12,257	9.6
Maryland	*	NM	NM	19	4	406.1
North Carolina		412	159	18,340	11,083	65.5
South Carolina		364	51	27,450	2,314	1,086.4
Virginia		347	1.419	18,494	17,759	4.1
West Virginia		3	NM	33	33	-0.9
East South Central		13,551	15,108	266,187	196,609	35.4
Alabama		5.324	5.257	87.832	66.225	32.6
Kentucky		228	278	8.536	4.140	106.2
Mississippi		7,923	9,573	169,235	126,198	34.1
Tennessee		7,723	7,515	585	47	1.145.3
West South Central		40,442	61,420	836.631	1,366,004	-38.8
		484	411	18,990	20.999	-9.6
Arkansas		11,962	10,157	243,091	226,632	7.3
Louisiana						
Oklahoma		5,850	9,188	153,060	160,890	-4.9
Texas		22,146	41,664	421,491	957,483	-56.0
Mountain		13,791	14,903	206,150	273,726	-24.7
Arizona		2,672	3,840	55,718	102,420	-45.6
Colorado		3,533	3,598	44,893	45,981	-2.4
Idaho		*	-	466	-	-
Montana		1	*	103	146	-29.4
Nevada		5,071	5,326	62,204	68,960	-9.8
New Mexico		1,814	1,206	30,164	38,350	-21.3
Utah		NM	709	10,869	15,141	-28.2
Wyoming		95	224	1,731	2,727	-36.5
Pacific Contiguous		8,032	10,323	113,184	211,997	-46.6
California		6,135	6,401	88,583	120,036	-26.2
Oregon		1,271	2.774	15.099	44.998	-66.4
Washington		626	1.148	9.502	46.964	-79.8
Pacific Noncontiguous		2,577	3,201	31.589	32,588	-3.1
Alaska	,	2,577	3,201	31,589	32,588	-3.1 -3.1
	. 2,007	4,511	2,401	21,202	24,200	1.ر-
Hawaii				_		

^{* =} For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Total may not equal sum of components because Yutuca 100 Timber 2001 Industrial of independent rounding.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Fossil-Fuel Stocks at U.S. Electric Utilities

Table 21. U.S. Electric Utility Stocks of Coal and Petroleum, 1990 Through December 2002

Period		Coal (thousand shor	t tons)	_	(the	Petroleum ousand barrels	s)	Petroleum Coke
Feriou	Anthracite ¹	Bituminous ²	Lignite	Total	Distillate	Residual	Total	(thousand short tons)
1990	6,499	142,650	7,016	156,166	16,471	67,030	83,501	94
1991	6,513	145,367	5,996	157,876	16,357	58,636	74,993	70
1992	6,215	142,156	5,759	154,130	15,714	56,135	71,849	67
1993	5,639	98,560	7,142	111,341	15,674	46,769	62,443	89
1994	4,879	115,325	6,693	126,897	16,644	46,342	62,986	69
1995	4,325	116,749	5,231	126,304	15,392	35,102	50,495	65
1996	3.687	105,807	5,129	114,623	15,216	32,473	47,690	91
1997	3.021	90,905	4,900	98,826	15,456	33,336	48,792	469
1998	2,503	113,626	4,373	120,501	16,343	37,447	53,790	559
	2,303 548	123,975		129,041			44,312	355
1999	340	123,975	4,518	129,041	16,549	27,763	44,312	333
2000	W	110.404	***	122 ((1	14.655	21 (70	26 222	207
January		119,494	W	123,661	14,655	21,678	36,333	297
February	W	124,667	W	129,055	15,048	22,055	37,103	195
March	W	122,773	W	127,130	14,643	20,966	35,608	171
April	W	124,196	W	128,669	14,698	21,135	35,834	150
May	W	122,432	W	127,090	14,206	20,169	34,375	113
June	W	114,709	W	119,634	14,693	19,133	33,826	87
July	W	106,744	W	111,494	14,579	20,136	34,715	108
August	W	101,314	W	106,201	14,419	18,759	33.178	157
September	W	97.820	W	102.876	13,780	17.265	31,046	199
October	w	99.570	w	104,422	13,932	17,302	31,234	247
November	W	97,664	w	102.227	14,020	18,451	32,470	245
	W	84.985	W	90.115	12,655		29.570	186
December	W	84,983	W	90,113	12,055	16,915	29,370	180
2001	337	70.004	***	04.005	14.022	15.005	20.217	200
January	W	79,984	W	84,825	14,922	15,295	30,217	200
February	W	81,461	W	86,462	15,447	18,074	33,521	156
March	W	89,811	W	94,644	14,704	17,721	32,425	155
April	W	97,847	W	102,626	14,622	17,658	32,280	140
May	W	104,956	W	109,595	14,404	20,932	35,336	130
June	W	103,005	W	107,452	14,957	19,855	34,812	246
July	W	98,357	W	102,664	14,950	21,147	36,097	232
August	W	92,128	W	96,440	14,794	17,831	32,625	200
September	W	94,592	W	98,915	14,848	17,993	32.841	318
October	W	102.935	W	107.745	14,909	18,283	33.192	353
November	W	110.009	w	115,250	15.143	18,873	34.016	341
December	W	112.140	w	117.150	15,312	20,578	35,891	300
2002	vv	112,140	vv	117,130	13,312	20,376	33,671	300
	W	112 (11	W	116 022	12.913	10.622	22.526	326
January	W W	112,611		116,032		19,623	32,536	
February		114,162	W	117,506	13,006	18,233	31,239	259
March	W	118,324	W	121,482	12,908	15,480	28,388	309
April	W	121,141	W	124,155	12,382	15,865	28,247	339
May	W	123,757	W	126,739	12,339	17,101	29,440	263
June	W	120,635	W	123,590	12,327	17,821	30,147	247
July	W	113,156	W	115,953	12,033	16,110	28,143	171
August	W	109,384	W	112,103	12,047	16,271	28,318	270
September	W	107.111	W	109,795	11,822	13,931	25,752	296
October	W	112,461	w	115,249	11,597	14,924	26,521	336
November	W	115,675	w	118,656	11,958	15,912	27,870	272
December	W	113,320	W	116,035	12,363	17,212	29,575	258
December	w	113,320	W	110,033	12,303	1/,412	49,373	238

Anthracite includes anthracite silt stored off-site.
 Bituminous coal includes subbituminous coal.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary --see Technical Notes for adjustment methodology. Values for 2000 and prior years are final. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Prior to 1993, values represents December end-of-month stocks. For 1993 forward, values represent end-of-month stocks. Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Sources: • 1990 - 2000: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • 2001 forward - Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 22. Electric Utility Stocks of Coal by NERC Region and Hawaii

(Thousand Short Tons)

NERC Region and Hawaii	December 2002	November 2002	December 2001	Monthly Difference (percent)	Yearly Difference (percent)
ECAR	30,133	31,299	28,286	-3.7	6.5
ERCOT	4,710	5,040	8,040	-6.5	-41.4
FRCC	4,178	4,257	3,678	-1.9	13.6
MAAC	168	176	225	-4.7	-25.5
MAIN	12,479	11,979	11,441	4.2	9.1
MAPP (U.S.)	12.991	12.953	11.931	0.3	8.9
NPCC (U.S.)	571	564	475	1.2	20.2
SERC	19,622	20,710	23,996	-5.3	-18.2
SPP	18.898	19.205	16.970	-1.6	11.4
WSCC (U.S.)	12.285	12.473	12.108	-1.5	1.5
Contiguous U.S	116,035	118,656	117,150	-2.2	-1.0
Alaska	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	-	-	-	-	-
Noncontiguous U.S	-	-	_	-	-
U.S. Total	116,035	118,656	117,150	-2.2	-1.0

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Coal includes lignite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and anthracite. • Stocks are end-of-month stocks at electric utilities. • See Glossary for explanation of acronyms. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 23. Electric Utility Stocks of Petroleum by NERC Region and Hawaii (Thousand Barrels)

NERC Region	December	November	December	Monthly Difference	Yearly Difference
and Hawaii	2002	2002	2001	(percent)	(percent)
ECAR	1,905	1,984	2,792	-4.0	-31.8
ERCOT	1,124	1,148	3,273	-2.1	-65.7
FRCC	9,389	8,200	9,392	14.5	*
MAAC	222	238	232	-6.8	-4.4
MAIN	297	303	443	-2.1	-33.0
MAPP (U.S.)	838	742	898	12.9	-6.7
NPCC (U.S.)	3,286	3,395	4,571	-3.2	-28.1
SERC	5,033	4,393	5,959	14.6	-15.5
SPP	3,900	3,870	4,691	0.8	-16.9
WSCC (U.S.)	2,353	2,349	2,480	0.2	-5.1
Contiguous U.S	28,347	26,622	34,731	6.5	-18.4
Alaska	221	210	250	5.1	-11.5
Hawaii	1,006	1,038	910	-3.0	10.6
Noncontiguous U.S	1,227	1,248	1,160	-1.7	5.8
U.S. Total	29,575	27,870	35,891	6.1	-17.6

^{*=} For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Data do not include petroleum coke. • Stocks are end-of-month stocks at electric utilities. • See glossary for explanation of acronyms. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 24. **Electric Utility Stocks of Coal by Census Division**

(Thousand Short Tons)

Census Division	December 2002	November 2002	December 2001	Monthly Difference (percent)	Yearly Difference (percent)
New England	445	422	424	5.4	5.0
Mid Atlantic	1,656	1,822	1,330	-9.1	24.5
East North Central	31,664	32,076	30,233	-1.3	4.7
West North Central	23,377	23,075	21,142	1.3	10.6
South Atlantic	19,051	21,267	23,672	-10.4	-19.5
East South Central	12,011	11,754	11,571	2.2	3.8
West South Central	15,024	15,267	16,267	-1.6	-7.6
Mountain	12,662	12,806	12,316	-1.1	2.8
Pacific Contiguous	144	166	197	-13.2	-26.7
Pacific Noncontiguous	_	-	-	-	-
U.S. Total	116,035	118,656	117,150	-2.2	-1.0

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Coal includes lignite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and anthracite. • Stocks are end-of-month stocks at electric utilities. Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 25. **Electric Utility Stocks of Petroleum by Census Division**

(Thousand Barrels)

(Thousand Da	11013)				
Census Division	December 2002	November 2002	December 2001	Monthly Difference (percent)	Yearly Difference (percent)
New England	758	591	882	28.4	-14.0
Mid Atlantic	2,704	2,991	3,902	-9.6	-30.7
East North Central	1,884	1,979	2,860	-4.8	-34.1
West North Central	2,174	2,058	2,346	5.6	-7.3
South Atlantic		11,905	14,428	12.4	-7.2
East South Central		1,638	2,205	21.8	-9.5
West South Central	3,126	3,136	5,658	-0.3	-44.7
Mountain	1,164	1,165	1,267	-0.1	-8.1
Pacific Contiguous	1,156	1,159	1,182	-0.3	-2.2
Pacific Noncontiguous	1,227	1,248	1,160	-1.7	5.8
U.S. Total	29,575	27,870	35,891	6.1	-17.6

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates based on a cutoff model sample--see Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-759. Values for 2001 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-906 census data and are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Data do not include petroleum coke. • Stocks are end-of-month stocks at electric utilities. Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data. Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Receipts and Cost of Fossil Fuels at U.S. Electric Utilities

Table 26. U.S. Electric Utility Receipts of and Average Cost for Fossil Fuels, 1990 Through November 2002

	Соа	al ¹		Petrol	eum		(Gas	All Fossil Fuels ²
Period	Receipts	Cost	Heav	y Oil³	To	otal	Receipts	Cost (cents/	Cost (cents/
	(thousand short tons)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	Receipts (thousand barrels)	Cost (cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	Receipts (thousand barrels)	Cost (cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(thousand Mcf)	10 ⁶ Btu)	10 ⁶ Btu)
1990	786,627	145.5	202,281	331.9	209,350	338.4	2,490,979	232.1	168.9
1991	769,923	144.7	163,106	246.5	169,625	254.8	2,630,818	215.3	160.3
1992	775,963	141.2	138,537	247.5	144,390	255.1	2,637,678	232.8	159.0
1993	769,152	138.5	141,719	236.2	147,902	243.3	2,574,523	256.0	159.5
1994	831,929	135.5	135,184	240.9	142,940	248.8	2,863,904	223.0	152.6
1995	826,860	131.8	78,216	258.6	84,292	267.9	3,023,327	198.4	145.3
1996	862,701	128.9	98,926	303.4	106,629	315.7	2,604,663	264.1	151.9
1997	880,588	127.3	110,906	278.8	117,789	288.0	2,764,734	276.0	152.2
1998	929,448	125.2	156,852	207.9	165,191	213.6	2,922,957	238.1	143.8
1999	908,232	121.6	123,219	243.6	131,407	252.7	2,809,455	257.4	144.1
	69.471	119.9	2,668	353.6	3.035	378.4	170.117	270.9	139.4
JanuaryFebruary	67,199	121.2	2,008 3,846	333.6 391.7	3,035 4,271	378.4 419.6	151,152	290.2	143.2
March	69,703	121.2	3,840	385.8	4,271	402.7	191,465	293.0	146.0
April	63,890	121.6	4,961	379.6	5,258	389.5	199,696	315.8	153.0
May	67.779	120.4	7.708	409.7	8,331	422.8	268.772	354.9	167.2
June	65.615	121.1	10.034	435.4	10.650	444.4	270.015	445.9	187.2
July	68,217	119.3	11,397	431.0	12,027	439.8	323,950	434.0	191.6
August	69,160	118.5	10,992	418.0	11,412	426.5	332,154	429.4	189.2
September	64,642	117.6	9,696	454.9	10,168	466.9	240,233	486.7	187.8
October	61.904	121.7	8.944	475.9	9.355	487.2	177.839	530.3	185.9
November	61,175	119.1	8,184	462.8	8,676	477.8	147,630	539.5	177.1
December	61,520	118.7	10,454	431.0	12,607	471.8	156,963	840.9	217.4
Total	790,274	120.0	92,648	429.4	99,855	445.0	2,629,986	430.2	173.8
2001 ⁴									
January	67,470	122.3	13,773	421.7	17,254	471.4	134,549	920.7	214.5
February	57,397	123.9	9,166	442.2	9,799	455.8	114,039	694.7	189.3
March	64,359	122.6	8,685	402.3	9,635	419.6	141,653	573.8	178.5
April	60,277	123.9	9,422	388.4	10,152	404.7	178,222	563.7	192.2
May	68,369	124.5	12,171	376.7	12,897	389.6	203,724	514.1	186.5
June	63,667	124.8	10,717	380.1	11,240	391.2	212,536	425.1	178.7
July	65,920	122.5	10,872	359.7	11,282	367.0	282,929	374.3	176.6
August	67,986	123.3	8,546	347.7	8,965	359.0	277,039	355.8	169.9
September	57,998	123.4	6,612	341.3	7,017	358.1	207,491	295.5	156.8
October	64,442	121.0	4,503	309.0	4,838	325.6	165,688	271.5	142.4
November	59,551	123.7 122.0	5,728	280.0	6,121	291.5	111,201 123,295	324.1	145.3
December Total	65,380 762,815	122.0 123.1	4,853 105,048	274.5 372.4	5,321 114,523	286.3 392.0	2,152,366	307.6 448.6	141.9 173.3
20024	702,013	123.1	103,040	372.4	114,323	392.0	2,132,300	440.0	173.3
January	60.026	121.9	3.649	266.4	3.981	279.7	98.478	321.2	139.9
February	56.544	124.0	1.920	251.6	2.219	274.8	97.866	297.0	139.3
March	57,216	124.0	3,221	290.7	3.554	309.3	118.372	343.2	144.8
April	51.499	121.1	5.894	353.2	6,256	363.0	120.934	379.8	155.6
May	51,574	121.1	6.317	359.4	6.696	368.6	130.691	378.3	158.2
June	51,965	121.4	6,210	362.8	6,561	370.4	165,341	357.9	161.6
July	60.607	120.8	4,730	349.3	5,091	361.2	205,575	343.6	158.0
August	61,386	123.4	6,681	383.6	6,934	389.3	205,148	338.4	161.2
September	58,245	123.0	3,680	369.8	3,955	385.4	165,108	367.6	157.7
October	62,424	122.4	6,318	409.9	6,787	426.9	134,776	414.7	159.4
November	60,252	122.1	5,136	389.2	5,570	404.2	95,352	428.9	152.0
Total	631,739	122.1	53,756	356.5	57,601	368.2	1,537,642	360.0	153.6
Year to Date									
20024	631,739	122.1	53,756	356.5	57,601	368.2	1,537,642	360.0	153.6
20014	697,435	123.3	100,194	377.2	109,201	397.2	2,029,071	457.2	176.1
2000	728,754	120.1	82,194	429.2	87,248	441.2	2,473,023	403.9	170.2

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • As of 1991, data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Data for 1990 are for steam-electric plants with a generator nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Mci=thousand cubic feet. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants." and

predecessor forms.

¹ Includes lignite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and anthracite.
² The weighed average for all fossil fuels includes both heavy oil and light oil (Fuel Oil No.2, Kerosene, and jet fuel) prices. Data do not include petroleum coke.

Heavy Oil includes Fuel Oil Nos. 4, 5, and 6, and topped crude fuel oil.

⁴ Data for 2002 and 2001 are preliminary.

Table 27. Electric Utility Receipts of Coal by NERC Region and Hawaii

(Thousand Short Tons)

NERC Region	November	October	November		Year to Date		
and Hawaii	20021	2002 ¹	2001 ¹	2002 ¹	2001 ¹	Difference (percent)	
ECAR	13,488	14,010	12,766	137,707	158,252	-13.0	
ERCOT	1,816	1,684	3,468	19,175	63,499	-69.8	
FRCC	1,768	1,848	1,808	17,807	20,796	-14.4	
MAAC	74	65	40	506	404	25.3	
MAIN	4.491	5.052	4.965	50.251	53.778	-6.6	
MAPP (U.S.)	6.807	6.789	7.388	74.798	74.720	0.1	
NPCC (U.S.)	214	260	223	2,155	2,277	-5.4	
NPCC (U.S.)	13,251	14,310	13,621	147,810	146.551	0.9	
SPP	8,804	8,810	7,364	89,412	87,586	2.1	
WSCC (U.S.)	9,539	9.597	7.906	92.118	89.571	2.8	
Contiguous U.S	60,252	62,424	59,551	631,739	697,435	-9.4	
Alaska	· -	· -	· -	· -	· -	-	
Hawaii	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Noncontiguous U.S	-	-	-	-	-	-	
U.S. Total	60,252	62,424	59,551	631,739	697,435	-9.4	

¹ Data for 2002 and 2001 are preliminary.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Includes lignite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and anthracite. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 28. Average Cost of Coal Delivered to Electric Utilities by NERC Region and Hawaii (Cents/Million Btu)

NERC Region	November	October	November		Year to Date	
and Hawaii	20021	2002 ¹	2001 ¹	2002 ¹	2001 ¹	Difference (percent)
ECAR	120.4	119.8	118.1	121.9	121.8	0.1
ERCOT	112.2	116.0	145.3	116.3	130.4	-10.9
FRCC	179.0	181.0	174.2	175.8	172.8	1.7
MAAC	208.9	210.3	253.9	230.3	191.8	20.1
MAIN	101.8	103.6	106.8	104.7	107.4	-2.5
MAPP (U.S.)	86.4	88.8	83.5	86.7	82.9	4.7
NPCC (U.S.)	170.8	169.9	176.0	176.0	158.5	11.1
SERC	149.6	148.6	151.5	149.7	149.1	0.4
SPP	107.4	110.5	107.0	101.4	105.3	-3.7
WSCC (U.S.)	106.5	102.6	106.7	105.1	108.4	-3.1
Contiguous U.S	122.1	122.4	123.7	122.1	123.3	-0.9
Alaska	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	-	_	-	_	-	_
Noncontiguous U.S	-	-	-	-	-	-
U.S. Average	122.1	122.4	123.7	122.1	123.3	-0.9

¹ Data for 2002 and 2001 are preliminary.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Includes lignite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and anthracite. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data. Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 29. Electric Utility Receipts of Petroleum by NERC Region and Hawaii (Thousand Barrels)

NERC Region	November	October	November		Year to Date	
and Hawaii	20021	20021	2001 ¹	2002 ¹	2001 ¹	Difference (percent)
ECAR	155	123	172	1,826	3,336	-45.3
ERCOT	-	*		*	1,887	NM
FRCC	3,475	4,963	2,996	38,257	54,834	-30.2
MAAC	67	40	9	713	1,143	-37.6
MAIN	8	12	18	188	343	-45.0
MAPP (U.S.)	16	6	16	164	249	-34.1
NPCC (U.S.)	1,187	1,305	1,351	10,259	15,532	-33.9
NPCC (U.S.)	552	129	361	4,908	7.477	-34.4
SPP	77	116	378	924	12.716	-92.7
WSCC (U.S.)	33	92	41	361	1.424	-74.7
Contiguous Ú.S	5,570	6,787	5,341	57,601	98,939	-41.8
Alaska	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	_	_	780	_	10,262	NM
Noncontiguous U.S	_	_	780	_	10,262	-100.0
U.S. Total	5,570	6,787	6,121	57,601	109,201	-47.3

¹ Data for 2002 and 2001 are preliminary.

Table 30. Average Cost of Petroleum Delivered to Electric Utilities by NERC Region and Hawaii (Cents/Million Btu)

NERC Region	November	October	November		Year to Date	
and Hawaii	20021	2002 ¹	2001 ¹	2002 ¹	2001 ¹	Difference (percent)
ECAR	527.4	562.5	374.3	398.5	497.7	-19.9
ERCOT	-	506.3	-	506.3	678.2	-25.3
FRCC	408.8	433.0	271.8	367.4	364.7	0.7
MAAC	290.9	468.3	342.0	397.7	383.4	3.7
MAIN	625.2	672.8	521.0	507.3	606.0	-16.3
MAPP (U.S.)	748.4	656.7	523.5	553.4	642.5	-13.9
NPCC (U.S.)	367.7	365.6	269.0	343.5	354.1	-3.0
SERC	415.7	517.9	276.8	393.5	406.8	-3.3
SPP	376.6	375.2	241.1	326.5	407.3	-19.8
WSCC (U.S.)	616.8	702.2	541.5	598.3	690.9	-13.4
Contiguous U.S	404.2	426.9	275.8	368.2	387.6	-5.0
Alaska	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	-	-	400.0	-	490.3	NM
Noncontiguous U.S	-	-	400.0	-	490.3	NM
U.S. Average	404.2	426.9	291.5	368.2	397.2	-7.3

¹ Data for 2002 and 2001 are preliminary.

^{* =} For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 31. Electric Utility Receipts of Gas by NERC Region and Hawaii (Million Cubic Feet)

NERC Region	November	October	November		Year to Date	
and Hawaii	20021	2002 ¹	2001 ¹	2002 ¹	2001 ¹	Difference (percent)
ECAR	910	1,138	2.190	22,137	25,499	-13.2
ERCOT	5,109	9,166	20,315	55,542	658,871	-91.6
FRCC	22,420	33.043	21.403	330.418	231.908	42.5
MAAC	2	11	104	250	527	-52.5
MAIN	276	243	815	6.820	6,544	4.2
MAPP (U.S.)	495	743	327	7.458	5.177	44.1
NPCC (U.S.)	3.716	6,551	8.400	77,815	88.009	-11.6
NPCC (U.S.)	9,204	10.008	4.203	134,710	63.983	110.5
SPP	30.594	46.737	37.274	646,262	622,587	3.8
WSCC (U.S.)	21.562	26.365	15.222	244.133	316.560	-22.9
Contiguous U.S	94,286	134,005	110,253	1,525,544	2,019,665	-24.5
Alaska	1.066	771	948	12.097	9,406	28.6
Hawaii	-,000	-	-	-2,077	-	-
Noncontiguous U.SU.S. Total	1,066 95,352	771 134,776	948 111,201	12,097 1,537,642	9,406 2,029,071	28.6 -24.2

¹ Data for 2002 and 2001 are preliminary.

Notes: • Totals may not equal the some of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 32. Average Cost of Gas Delivered to Electric Utilities by NERC Region and Hawaii (Cents/Million Btu)

NERC Region	November	October	November		Year to Date	
and Hawaii	20021	2002 ¹	2001 ¹	2002 ¹	2001 ¹	Difference (percent)
ECAR	256.7	365.4	293.4	332.7	401.5	-17.1
ERCOT	395.3	383.8	301.5	336.0	426.6	-21.2
FRCC	459.0	463.8	369.9	394.4	470.4	-16.2
MAAC	409.5	474.9	302.5	352.3	482.4	-27.0
MAIN	478.5	425.7	245.0	355.6	431.4	-17.6
MAPP (U.S.)	484.0	435.7	366.6	379.6	487.2	-22.1
NPCC (U.S.)	496.3	441.4	345.5	375.4	410.5	-8.5
SERC		448.0	256.3	354.4	409.2	-13.4
SPP		414.5	306.6	339.4	424.7	-20.1
WSCC (U.S.)	400.8	350.9	348.2	379.2	608.7	-37.7
Contiguous U.S	431.4	416.0	324.3	360.9	458.1	-21.2
Alaska	198.2	196.8	289.6	241.2	251.1	-3.9
Hawaii	-	-	-	· -	-	-
Noncontiguous U.S	198.2	196.8	289.6	241.2	251.1	-3.9
U.S. Average	428.9	414.7	324.1	360.0	457.2	-21.3

¹ Data for 2002 and 2001 are preliminary.

Notes: • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Monetary values are expressed in monetary terms. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 33. Electric Utility Receipts of Coal by Type, Census Division, and State, November 2002

Conque Division	Anth	racite	Bitun	ninous	Subbitu	ıminous	Lig	nite	To	otal
Census Division and State	(thousand short tons)	(billion Btu)	(thousand short tons)	(billion Btu)	(thousand short tons)	(billion Btu)	(thousand short tons)	(billion Btu)	(thousand short tons)	(billion Btu)
New England	_	_	144	3,778	_	_	_	_	144	3,778
Connecticut	-	-	-	· -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	-	-	17	451	-	-	-	-	17	451
New Hampshire		-	126	3,326	-	-	-	-	126	3,326
Rhode Island		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	- 200
Middle Atlantic		-	208	5,388	-	-	-	-	208 74	5,388 1.907
New Jersey New York		-	74 71	1,907 1,846	-	-	-	-	74 71	1,907
Pennsylvania		-	64	1,635	-	-	-	-	64	1.635
East North Central		-	7.190	168,829	5,676	100,677	-	-	12,867	269,506
Illinois			365	7.839	398	7.026			764	14.864
Indiana		-	3,179	72,558	1,201	21,244	_	_	4,380	93,803
Michigan		_	709	17,884	2,256	40,927	_	_	2.965	58,811
Ohio		_	2,729	65,490	-,		_	_	2,729	65,490
Wisconsin		_	209	5,058	1,820	31,480	-	-	2,029	36,538
West North Central	-	-	220	4,960	9,419	163,436	2,174	28,491	11,812	196,886
Iowa	-	-	42	935	1,474	25,254	-		1,516	26,189
Kansas	-	-	24	514	1,818	31,015	-	-	1,842	31,529
Minnesota		-	9	215	1,583	28,070	-	-	1,591	28,285
Missouri		-	144	3,296	3,171	55,408	-	-	3,315	58,704
Nebraska		-	-	-	1,162	20,112	.	-	1,162	20,112
North Dakota		-	-	-	23	372	2,174	28,491	2,197	28,862
South Dakota		-	-	-	188	3,205	-	-	188	3,205
South Atlantic	-	-	10,277	255,294	506	8,875	-	-	10,784	264,168
Delaware		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District of Columbia Florida		-	2.027	50.290	-	-	-	-	2.027	50.290
Georgia		-	1,755	43,477	506	8,875	-	-	2,262	52,351
Maryland		-	1,733	45,477	300	0,075	_	-	2,202	32,331
North Carolina			2.184	53.826					2.184	53.826
South Carolina	_	_	1.166	29,668	_	_	_	_	1.166	29,668
Virginia	_	_	990	25,244	_	_	_	_	990	25,244
West Virginia		-	2,155	52,789	-	-	-	-	2,155	52,789
East South Central	_	-	6,382	151,722	1,390	24,423	_	_	7,772	176,145
Alabama		-	1,470	34,897	932	16,416	-	-	2,402	51,313
Kentucky	-	-	2,300	53,572	170	2,982	-	-	2,470	56,553
Mississippi	-	-	338	8,037	-	-	-	-	338	8,037
Tennessee		-	2,273	55,216	288	5,025	-	-	2,561	60,241
West South Central		-	12	294	6,149	106,314	965	12,104	7,127	118,713
Arkansas		-	-	-	1,405	24,279		4.51.6	1,405	24,279
Louisiana		-	- 12	204	428	7,494	350	4,716	778	12,210
Oklahoma	-	-	12	294	1,859	32,332 42,209	(16	7,388	1,871 3,073	32,627 49,597
Texas	-	-	3,067	68,852	2,457 6.246	42,209 11 5.618	616 30	7,388 393	9,343	49,397 184.863
Mountain		-	3,007	704	1.798	36.434	30	393	1.828	37.138
Arizona Colorado	-	-	468	10,257	891	16,542		-	1,359	26,798
Idaho		_	400	10,237	071	10,542		_	1,559	20,796
Montana		_	_	_	494	8.470	30	393	524	8.864
Nevada		_	1,130	25,926	-		-	-	1,130	25.926
New Mexico		-	-,	-2,520	1,284	23,501	_	_	1,284	23,501
Utah		-	1,246	28,183	-		-	-	1,246	28,183
Wyoming		-	192	3,782	1,779	30,671	-	-	1,971	34,454
Pacific Contiguous	-	-	-	-	196	3,396	-	-	196	3,396
California	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oregon		-	-	-	196	3,396	-	-	196	3,396
Washington		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pacific Noncontiguous	-	-	=.	-	-	-	-	-	=	-
Alaska	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	-	-	27 501	- 650 116	20 592	522 730	2 160	40.000	60.252	1 222 942
U.S. Total	-	-	27,501	659,116	29,582	522,739	3,169	40,988	60,252	1,222,843

Notes: • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Data for 2002 are preliminary. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 34. Receipts and Average Cost of Coal Delivered to Electric Utilities by Census Division and State

	Novemb Reco		Novemb Rece			Year to	o Date	
Census Division and State	(thousand short	(billion	(thousand short	(billion	Receipts	(billion Btu)	Averag (cents/mil	
	tons)	Btu)	tons)	Btu)	2002	2001	2002	2001
New England	144	3,778	158	4,103	40,113	40,885	185.3	165.8
Connecticut	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Massachusetts	17	451	_	_	4.435	_	221.7	_
New Hampshire	126	3,326	158	4,103	35,678	40,885	180.8	165.8
Rhode Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	-	-	-	-	-		-	
Middle Atlantic	208	5,388	105	2,672	51,199	39,704	159.2	144.1
New Jersey	74 71	1,907 1,846	40 64	995 1,677	13,176 16,564	4,424 18,412	230.3 153.7	233.2 142.2
New York Pennsylvania	64	1,635	04	1,0//	21,459	16,868	119.9	122.7
East North Central	12,867	269,506	13,180	274,313	2,717,808	3,186,675	119.1	120.8
Illinois	764	14,864	1,329	25,558	228,473	287,665	117.1	119.6
Indiana	4,380	93,803	5,036	106,082	840,671	1,002,382	115.7	113.6
Michigan	2,965	58,811	2,342	47,674	603,024	628,801	129.7	127.5
Ohio	2,729	65,490	2,404	57,422	667,038	870,628	119.4	131.9
Wisconsin	2,029	36,538	2,068	37,577	378,602	397,198	110.7	104.7 89.1
West North Central	11,812 1,516	196,886 26,189	11,722 1.944	195,385 33.702	2,115,883 338,258	2,134,415 351,199	88.2 87.1	81.6
Kansas	1.842	31,529	1.427	24,574	328,137	337,115	98.4	104.1
Minnesota	1,591	28,285	1,779	31,699	293,724	289,741	105.5	102.2
Missouri	3,315	58,704	3,152	55,761	627,458	633,391	89.3	96.0
Nebraska	1,162	20,112	1,022	17,556	195,767	201,932	58.1	56.6
North Dakota	2,197	28,862	2,216	29,015	303,557	287,671	74.6	73.8
South Dakota	188	3,205	182	3,077	28,982	33,365	130.2	103.3
South Atlantic	10,784	264,168	11,051	269,268	2,910,727	3,066,667	159.8	156.8
Delaware District of Columbia	-	-	-	-	-	602	-	216.9
Florida	2,027	50,290	2,041	49,620	497,866	581,272	173.9	171.2
Georgia	2.262	52,351	2.728	64,296	679,386	749.957	167.6	166.1
Maryland	-,	-	-,, -,		-	-	-	-
North Carolina	2,184	53,826	2,670	65,812	553,031	581,199	174.6	159.4
South Carolina	1,166	29,668	1,316	33,161	345,323	355,167	158.6	155.9
Virginia	990	25,244	401	10,147	268,716	259,352	160.2	159.0
West Virginia	2,155	52,789	1,895	46,231 170,532	566,404	539,116	124.0 128.0	125.0
East South Central	7,772 2,402	176,145 51,313	7,577 2,467	53,743	2,001,598 568,338	1,945,372 596,437	141.3	126.3 141.7
Kentucky	2,470	56.553	2.125	48.090	679.967	706.330	118.5	110.1
Mississippi	338	8,037	581	13.689	110,791	132,258	164.4	163.1
Tennessee	2,561	60,241	2,404	55,010	642,502	510,345	120.0	121.4
West South Central	7,127	118,713	7,852	131,306	1,205,131	1,805,444	109.4	120.8
Arkansas	1,405	24,279	1,052	18,417	219,657	234,633	79.5	89.5
Louisiana	778	12,210	725	11,775	115,135	117,408	129.4	130.6
Oklahoma Texas	1,871 3,073	32,627 49,597	1,700 4,375	29,493 71,621	322,315 548,023	267,412 1,185,990	93.9 126.3	90.6 132.9
Mountain	9,343	184,863	7,673	152.029	1,772,630	1,733,297	104.5	108.4
Arizona	1.828	37.138	1.674	33.861	327.570	359.633	124.4	124.6
Colorado	1,359	26,798	1,581	30,785	340,899	332,681	95.4	92.1
Idaho	· -	-	· -	-	· -	· -	-	-
Montana	524	8,864	22	287	95,771	3,621	61.0	95.5
Nevada	1,130	25,926	686	15,486	155,227	163,336	133.5	126.5
New Mexico	1,284	23,501	1,157	21,828 21,745	169,975	187,837	151.9 97.9	150.1
Utah Wyoming	1,246 1.971	28,183 34,454	947 1.606	21,745 28.038	301,362 381.827	295,784 390,406	97.9 78.9	112.1 77.0
Pacific Contiguous	196	3,396	233	4.262	32.054	41,315	133.2	108.6
California	-	-	-	-1,202	-		-	-
Oregon	196	3,396	233	4,262	32,054	41,315	133.2	108.6
Washington	-	· -	-	-	-	· -	-	-
Pacific Noncontiguous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	60,252	1,222,843	59,551	1,203,870	12.847.141	13,993,774	122.1	123.3
U.S. Total	00,252	1,444,843	37,331	1,203,8/0	14,04/,141	13,773,//4	122.1	123.3

¹ Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Notes: ◆ Data for 2002 and 2001 are preliminary. ◆ Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. ◆ Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. ◆ Coal includes lignite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and anthracite. ◆ Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility.

**Trivial Conference of Advanced and A sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data. • See footnotes 3 through 6 of Table 57 for information concerning delivered cost of coal to Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, and Tennessee.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 35. Receipts and Average Cost of Coal Delivered to Electric Utilities by Type of Purchase, Mining Method, Census Division, and State, November 2002

			Type of	Purchase					Type of	f Mining		
Census Division		Contract			Spot		Str	ip and Aug	er	U	nderground	l
and State	Receipts	Averag	e Cost ¹	Receipts	Averag	ge Cost ¹	Receipts	Averag	e Cost ¹	Receipts	Averag	e Cost ¹
	(1,000 short tons)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)									
New England	49	209.6	54.52	95	169.5	44.83	-	-	-	144	183.0	48.12
Connecticut		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine		236.9	61.78	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	236.9	61.78
Massachusetts New Hampshire		194.6	50.53	95	169.5	44.83	-	-	-	126	175.7	46.25
Rhode Island Vermont	-	-		- -			-	-	-			-
Middle Atlantic		135.2	34.86	111	183.0	47.44	9	135.9	33.86	199	161.9	41.94
New Jersey		250.1	63.90	71	207.2	53.75	-	-	-	74	208.9	54.15
New York		152.2	40.25	41	141.0	36.51	9	135.9	33.86	61	147.1	38.72
Pennsylvania		121.7	31.03	-	-	-		-	-	64	121.7	31.03
East North Central		116.1	24.12	1,942	119.9	26.27	9,458	111.8	22.18	3,409	127.9	30.73
IllinoisIndiana		116.1 114.9	22.56 24.75	17 727	127.8 121.5	26.89 25.25	437 3,018	91.3 109.7	16.41 22.49	326 1,363	144.6 128.0	31.04 30.02
Michigan		119.7	23.61	364	121.3	25.14	2,553	113.9	21.67	412	148.6	36.99
Ohio		120.9	29.22	797	116.1	27.41	1,606	125.4	29.15	1,123	111.8	28.04
Wisconsin		107.5	19.30	37	156.2	32.55	1,843	101.9	17.69	186	154.9	37.89
West North Central		87.0	14.36	1,679	92.9	16.34	11,693	87.2	14.47	119	133.0	31.67
Iowa		87.5	15.07	64	106.3	19.77	1,487	86.8	14.92	29	151.6	32.98
Kansas		101.9	17.43	269	70.7	12.12	1,842	97.3	16.66		-	
Minnesota		102.8	18.22	431	116.8	20.91	1,586	106.3	18.87	5	181.0	44.24
Missouri Nebraska		88.4 56.4	15.71 9.73	763 111	87.8 72.8	15.36 12.85	3,230 1,162	86.9 58.0	15.24 10.03	85	124.5	30.49
North Dakota		74.4	9.77	111	72.6	12.03	2,197	74.4	9.77			
South Dakota		131.1	22.38	41	107.2	18.17	188	125.9	21.46	_	_	_
South Atlantic		163.2	40.55	3,121	154.6	36.53	4,532	161.3	38.51	6,252	160.4	40.02
Delaware	-	-	-	· -	-	-		-	-	· -	-	-
District of Columbia		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
Florida		177.9	44.01	435	172.3	43.22	539	182.1	45.52	1,488	174.7	43.23
Georgia Maryland		172.3	42.73	793	160.3	32.19	1,503	166.4	37.17	759	172.7	42.74
North Carolina		178.4	44.14	487	168.2	40.93	1,214	173.0	42.45	969	180.1	44.65
South Carolina		159.6	40.85	520	160.8	40.57	210	160.6	40.73	956	160.0	40.73
Virginia		161.5	41.06	245	149.4	38.35	191	153.0	39.41	800	159.8	40.62
West Virginia		123.7	30.37	642	123.2	30.05	874	125.6	30.29	1,280	122.3	30.27
East South Central		129.0	29.12	438	128.3	31.10	3,057	129.9	28.05	4,715	128.4	29.99
Alabama		143.0	30.54	206	159.6	38.30	1,186	136.5	27.81	1,216	148.9	33.23
Kentucky Mississippi		120.2 160.7	27.35 38.00	286 31	126.4 167.3	30.34 41.58	1,113 57	127.9 162.4	29.11 38.12	1,357 281	115.4 161.2	26.54 38.37
Tennessee		120.1	28.18	118	121.2	29.96	700	119.7	25.95	1,861	120.3	29.13
West South Central		115.3	18.89	1,997	117.3	20.36	6,838	116.5	19.38	289	101.8	17.52
Arkansas		191.8	32.47	1,362	120.9	20.91	1,405	123.1	21.27		-	-
Louisiana	778	123.8	19.44	· -	-	-	778	123.8	19.44	-	-	-
Oklahoma		91.1	15.89	426	97.3	16.95	1,859	92.3	16.06	12	115.6	27.24
Texas		125.1	20.06	209	134.7	23.67	2,797	128.4	20.62	277	100.9	17.08
Mountain		106.8 113.1	21.10 23.10	390 105	88.2 106.7	18.09 19.58	7,055 1,798	102.9 112.1	19.32 22.71	2,288 31	113.9 148.0	26.07 34.00
Arizona Colorado		96.3	18.85	167	90.8	18.91	1,070	93.3	17.65	289	103.0	23.29
Idaho		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Montana		53.1	8.98	-	-	-	524	53.1	8.98	-	-	-
Nevada	1,130	141.1	32.38	-	-	-	408	137.4	30.22	722	143.1	33.60
New Mexico		142.9	26.16		-	-	1,284	142.9	26.16	-	-	-
Utah		99.2	22.26	71	80.8	20.58	1.071	75.2	12.16	1,246	98.0	22.16
Wyoming		75.9	13.28	48 106	49.2	8.30	1,971	75.3	13.16	-	-	-
Pacific Contiguous		-	-	196	131.3	22.75	196	131.3	22.75	-	-	-
Oregon		-	-	196	131.3	22.75	196	131.3	22.75	-	-	_
Washington		-	-					-	-	-	-	-
Pacific Noncontiguous		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii		120.7	24.27	0.000	120.0	26.96	42 927	112.2	21 21	17 415	120.1	22 21
U.S. Total	50,283	120.7	24.37	9,969	128.8	26.86	42,837	113.3	21.31	17,415	139.1	33.31

¹ Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Notes: • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Data for 2002 are preliminary. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data. • See footnotes 3 through 6 of Table 57 for information concerning delivered cost of coal to Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, and Tennessee.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 36. Receipts and Average Cost of Coal Delivered to Electric Utilities by Sulfur Content, Census Division, and State, November 2002

	-	0.5% or Less		More th	ıan 0.5% up t	to 1.0%	More tl	More than 1.0% up to 1.5%			
Census Division and State	Receipts	Ave	rage st ¹	Receipts	Ave Co	rage est ¹	Receipts	Aver Cos			
and State	(1,000 short tons)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)	(1,000 short tons)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)	(1,000 short tons)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)		
New England		-	_	102	177.8	46.91	_	-	_		
Connecticut		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Maine		-	-	-	-		-	-	-		
Massachusetts New Hampshire		-	-	17 85	236.9 165.9	61.78 43.87	-	-	-		
Rhode Island				-	103.9	43.67	_	-	_		
Vermont		_	_	-	-	-	-	-	_		
Middle Atlantic		-	-	27	209.4	52.35	-	-	-		
New Jersey		-	-	25	215.1	53.87	-	-	-		
New York		-	-	3	152.0	37.45	-	-	-		
Pennsylvania		105.9	18.90	2,131	140.6	34.00	1 061	132.0	30.55		
East North Central		103.9	18.51	2,131 68	127.4	26.22	1,061 29	173.4	39.04		
Indiana		120.0	21.68	478	144.0	35.10	583	119.2	26.71		
Michigan		102.2	18.51	415	167.5	41.74	166	170.0	43.52		
Ohio		-	-	1,091	127.5	30.67	186	119.8	27.01		
Wisconsin		101.0	17.47	78	164.8	39.38	97	144.4	35.70		
West North Central		88.5 88.2	15.37 15.20	2,765	83.0 77.8	11.94 13.09	244 5	89.0 171.3	13.64 42.65		
Iowa Kansas		96.9	16.53	110	//.0	13.09	3	1/1.5	42.03		
Minnesota		108.9	19.54	580	100.9	17.55	9	181.0	44.24		
Missouri		86.2	15.08	112	102.5	20.87	21	135.2	32.21		
Nebraska	1,162	58.0	10.03	-	-	-	-	-	-		
North Dakota		84.1	13.41	1,964	74.6	9.71	210	71.2	9.90		
South Dakota		125.9	21.46	-	-	-	-	-	-		
South Atlantic		159.1	27.88	6,102	165.6	41.02	2,727	158.8	39.97		
Delaware District of Columbia		_		-		_	-		_		
Florida		_	_	689	196.6	49.40	651	168.3	42.23		
Georgia		159.1	27.88	1,336	170.9	42.27	419	169.8	42.21		
Maryland		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
North Carolina		-	-	1,805	177.6	43.72	379	169.3	42.04		
South Carolina		-	-	432	172.9	43.91	670 308	153.0	39.10		
Virginia West Virginia		_		583 1,257	154.5 127.7	39.04 31.17	300	162.8 118.4	41.62 29.56		
East South Central		122.4	21.79	2,675	143.1	34.46	1,168	137.6	33.06		
Alabama		126.8	22.34	565	165.6	39.37	529	150.3	36.09		
Kentucky		120.0	21.69	784	139.5	33.47	171	120.7	28.67		
Mississippi		192.1	43.85	271	156.4	37.32	21	159.6	39.07		
Tennessee		94.9	16.53	1,055	130.7	31.82	447	128.0	30.87		
Arkansas		115.1 123.1	19.91 21.27	61	136.1	21.04	661	133.1	17.79		
Louisiana		117.4	20.55	48	145.4	19.44	301	132.2	17.87		
Oklahoma		92.3	16.06	12	115.6	27.24	-	-			
Texas		127.7	21.93	-	-	-	360	133.9	17.72		
Mountain		96.8	18.68	4,903	114.5	22.95	127	83.5	20.62		
Arizona		126.8	24.94	1,324	107.6	22.12	-	-	-		
Colorado		94.9	18.36	123	101.9	23.17	34	96.2	20.64		
Idaho Montana		93.5	12.13	494	51.2	8.79	-		_		
Nevada		144.3	33.20	771	139.6	32.00	_	_	_		
New Mexico		-	-	1,284	142.9	26.16	-	-	-		
Utah	625	97.0	21.07	492	103.1	23.61	93	79.6	20.62		
Wyoming		73.0	12.70	416	83.6	14.90	-	-	-		
Pacific Contiguous		131.3	22.75	-	-	-	-	-	-		
California Oregon		131.3	22.75	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Washington		131.3	44.13	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Pacific Noncontiguous		-	-	-	_	-	_	-	_		
Alaska		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Hawaii		-	-	-	-	-	-	.	-		
U.S. Total	27,132	103.0	18.31	18,767	138.7	30.27	5,987	144.4	33.02		

¹ Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Notes: • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Data for 2002 are preliminary. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 36. Receipts and Average Cost of Coal Delivered to Electric Utilities by Sulfur Content, Census Division, and State, November 2002 (Continued)

	More tha	n 1.5% up	to 2.0%	More tha	ոո 2.0% սր	to 3.0%	Mor	e than 3.0	%	All Pu	chases
Census Division and State	Receipts		erage ost ^I	Receipts		verage Cost ¹	Receipts			erage Cost ¹	
	(1,000 short tons)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)	(1,000 short tons)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)	(1,000 short tons)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)
New England	32	194.6	50.53	10	199.1	52.71	_	_	_	183.0	48.12
Connecticut	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Massachusetts	32	194.6	50.53	10	199.1	52.71	-	-	-	236.9 175.7	61.78 46.25
New HampshireRhode Island	32	194.0	30.33	10	199.1	32.71	_	_	_	1/3./	40.23
Vermont	_	-	-	_	-			_	_	-	_
Middle Atlantic	21	127.2	32.48	160	157.1	40.91	_	-	-	160.8	41.59
New Jersey	-	-	-	49	205.9	54.29	-	-	-	208.9	54.15
New York	15	130.3	33.91	53	149.9	39.32	-	-	-	145.8	38.09
Pennsylvania	5	117.9	28.53	59	122.1	31.27		-		121.7	31.03
East North Central	477	124.7	27.85	2,038 5	112.0 51.4	26.47	1,325 222	105.6 131.5	24.27 27.96	116.7 116.4	24.45 22.66
IllinoisIndiana	381	119.8	26.29	1,062	104.0	8.20 24.04	550	99.0	22.00	115.4	24.83
Michigan	14	132.8	34.41	124	124.2	31.89	-	-	-	120.0	23.79
Ohio	51	127.3	29.79	847	120.0	28.83	553	102.6	25.05	119.6	28.69
Wisconsin	31	171.7	40.66	-	-	-	-	-	-	108.5	19.54
West North Central	-	-	-	53	137.2	31.75	35	129.2	27.19	87.8	14.64
Iowa	-	-	-	13	138.6	31.41	-	-	-	88.4	15.27
Kansas	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	125.5	26.35	97.3	16.66
Minnesota	-	-	-	20	1267	21.06	10	120 1	20.22	106.6	18.95
Missouri Nebraska	-	-	-	39	136.7	31.86	10	138.1	29.22	88.2 58.0	15.63 10.03
North Dakota	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	74.4	9.77
South Dakota	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	125.9	21.46
South Atlantic	691	132.6	32.82	304	170.8	40.52	453	145.8	35.91	160.8	39.38
Delaware	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District of Columbia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Florida	67	164.2	41.04	304	170.8	40.52	315	158.1	38.81	176.7	43.84
Georgia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	168.7	39.04
Maryland North Carolina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	176.2	43.43
South Carolina	64	148.0	36.28	-	-	-	_	-	-	160.1	40.73
Virginia	100	168.0	44.46	-	_	_	_	_	_	158.5	40.39
West Virginia	460	117.4	28.61	_	-	-	137	118.0	29.25	123.6	30.28
East South Central	282	135.1	32.68	925	109.0	26.67	1,268	108.7	24.30	129.0	29.23
Alabama	141	143.7	34.63	21	110.6	25.84	215	119.4	27.16	143.0	30.55
Kentucky	55	141.1	34.43	219	115.5	28.83	1,053	106.5	23.72	121.0	27.70
Mississippi	- 06	1171	20.24	-	106.0	26.00	-	-	-	161.4	38.33
Tennessee	86	117.1	28.34	685 256	106.8 81.0	26.00 8.32	-	-	-	120.2 115.9	28.26 19.30
West South Central	-	-	-	250	01.0	0.34	-	-	-	123.1	21.27
Louisiana	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	123.1	19.44
Oklahoma	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92.5	16.13
Texas	-	-	-	256	81.0	8.32	-	-	-	125.8	20.30
Mountain	37	98.2	25.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	106.0	20.97
Arizona	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	112.7	22.90
Colorado	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95.6	18.85
Idaho Montana	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	53.1	8.98
Nevada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	141.1	32.38
New Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	142.9	26.16
Utah	37	98.2	25.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	98.0	22.16
Wyoming	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75.3	13.16
Pacific Contiguous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	131.3	22.75
California	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	121.2	22.75
Oregon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	131.3	22.75
Washington Pacific Noncontiguous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Hawaii	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
U.S. Total	1,539	131.2	31.43	3,746	118.0	27.18	3,081	113.5	26.03	122.1	24.78

¹ Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Data for 2002 are preliminary. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data. • See footnotes 3 through 6 of Table 57 for information concerning delivered cost of coal to Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, and Tennessee.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 37. Electric Utility Receipts of Petroleum by Type, Census Division, and State, November

Census Division	No. 2 F	uel Oil	No. 4 F	uel Oil¹	No. 5 Fu	iel Oil¹	No. 6 F	uel Oil	Tot	tal
and State	(thousand barrels)	(billion Btu)								
New England	2	14	-	_	-	-	105	674	107	688
Connecticut		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Massachusetts		1	-	-	-	-	105	-	107	1
New Hampshire		13	-	-	-	-	105	674	107	687
Rhode Island Vermont		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Middle Atlantic		13	_	_	_	_	1,131	7,227	1.133	7,241
New Jersey		11	-	-	_	-	51	328	53	340
New York		-	-	-	-	-	1,080	6,899	1,080	6,899
Pennsylvania		2	-	-	-	-	-	-	*	2
East North Central		516	-	-	-	-	40	256	129	772
Illinois	2	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	9
Indiana		215	-	-	-	-	-	256	37	215
Michigan		49 214	-	-	-	-	40	256	49 37	305 214
Ohio Wisconsin		214	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	29
West North Central		211	-	-	-	-	45	301	81	512
Iowa		52				_	-	301	9	52
Kansas		87	_	_	_	_	45	301	60	388
Minnesota		1	-	_	_	-	-	-	*	1
Missouri	7	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	40
Nebraska		15	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	15
North Dakota		15	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	15
South Dakota		-	-	-	-	-		-		-
South Atlantic		793	-	-	-	-	3,812	24,448	4,047	25,791
Delaware District of Columbia	3	16	-	-	-	-	11	69	14	85
Florida		225	_	_	_	_	3,340	21,430	3,477	22.205
Georgia		60	_	_	_	_	3,540	21,430	10	60
Maryland		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
North Carolina	34	196	-	-	_	-	-	_	34	196
South Carolina	8	49	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	49
Virginia		78	-	-	-	-	462	2,950	475	3,028
West Virginia		169	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	169
East South Central		159	-	-	-	-	1	9	28	167
Alabama Kentucky		35 48	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 8	35 48
Mississippi		8	-	-	-	-	1	9	3	48 17
Tennessee		67	_	_	_	_	-	_	11	67
West South Central		54	_	_	_	_	_	_	9	54
Arkansas		51	-	-	_	_	-	-	9	51
Louisiana		0	-	-	-	-	-	-	*	0
Oklahoma	*	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	*	2
Texas		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mountain		190	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	190
Arizona		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colorado		5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5
Idaho Montana		17	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	17
Nevada		37	_	_	_	_	_	_	6	37
New Mexico		63	_	_	-	_	_	_	11	63
Utah		12	-	-	_	-	-	-	2	12
Wyoming		57	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	57
Pacific Contiguous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
California	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oregon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Washington		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pacific Noncontiguous		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska Hawaii	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
U.S. Total	335	1,949		_	-	-	5,136	32,916	5,570	35,414
C 10tu1	333	1,777					5,150	52,710	3,370	00,717

¹ Blend of No. 2 Fuel Oil and No. 6 Fuel Oil.

* = For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

Notes: • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Total may include small quantities of jet fuel or kerosene. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Data for 2002 are preliminary. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 38. Receipts and Average Cost of Petroleum Delivered to Electric Utilities by Census **Division and State**

New England Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont Middle Atlantic New Jersey New York Pennsylvania East North Central Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Ilowa Kansas Minnesota	(thousand barrels) 107	(billion Btu) 688	(thousand barrels) 234	(billion Btu) 1,497	Recc (billion 2002 4,813 	6,971 	Averag (cents/mill 2002 367.9 - 451.6 366.5 - 344.2 405.0	
New England Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont Middle Atlantic New Jersey New York Pennsylvania East North Central Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central lowa Kansas Minnesota	107 	688	234 - - 1 232 - - 1,126 9 1,117 - 146 6	1,497 	4,813 	6,971 1,001 5,970 - 96,316 405	367.9 - 451.6 366.5 - 344.2	359.2 - 494.0 336.6
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont Middle Atlantic New Jersey New York Pennsylvania East North Central Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Ilowa Kansas Minnesota	* 107 - 1,133 53 1,080 * 129 2 37 49 37 5 81	7,241 340 6,899 2 772 9 215 305 214	1,126 9 1,117 	7,488 7,202 59 7,143	79 4,734 - 63,524 2,612	1,001 5,970 - 96,316 405	451.6 366.5 - 344.2	494.0 336.6
Maine	107 1,133 53 1,080 * 129 2 37 49 37 5 81 9	687 7,241 340 6,899 2 772 9 215 305 214	232 1,126 9 1,117 - 146 6	1,488 	4,734 	5,970 - 96,316 405	366.5 - - 344.2	336.6
Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont Middle Atlantic New Jersey New York Pennsylvania East North Central Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Ilowa Kansas Minnesota	107 1,133 53 1,080 * 129 2 37 49 37 5 81 9	687 7,241 340 6,899 2 772 9 215 305 214	232 1,126 9 1,117 - 146 6	1,488 	4,734 	5,970 - 96,316 405	366.5 - - 344.2	336.6
New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont Middle Atlantic New Jersey New York Pennsylvania East North Central Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Ilowa Kansas Minnesota	1,133 53 1,080 * 129 2 37 49 37 5 81	7,241 340 6,899 2 772 9 215 305 214	1,126 9 1,117 - 146 6	7,202 59 7,143	63,524 2,612	96,316 405	344.2	-
Vermont Middle Atlantic New Jersey New York Pennsylvania East North Central Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Iowa Kansas Minnesota	53 1,080 * 129 2 37 49 37 5 81	340 6,899 2 772 9 215 305 214	9 1,117 - 146 6	59 7,143	2,612	405		- 354.9
Middle Atlantic New Jersey New York Pennsylvania East North Central Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Iowa Kansas Minnesota	53 1,080 * 129 2 37 49 37 5 81	340 6,899 2 772 9 215 305 214	9 1,117 - 146 6	59 7,143	2,612	405		354.9
New Jersey. New York. Pennsylvania East North Central Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Iowa Kansas Minnesota	53 1,080 * 129 2 37 49 37 5 81	340 6,899 2 772 9 215 305 214	9 1,117 - 146 6	59 7,143	2,612	405		354.9
New York Pennsylvania East North Central Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Iowa Kansas Minnesota	1,080 * 129 2 37 49 37 5 81	6,899 2 772 9 215 305 214	146 6	7,143				
Pennsylvania East North Central Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Iowa Kansas Minnesota	* 129 2 37 49 37 5 81	2 772 9 215 305 214	146 6	´ -		91.905	405.0 341.6	454.0 353.7
East North Central	2 37 49 37 5 81 9	772 9 215 305 214	6	_	10	4,006	516.9	372.9
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Iowa Kansas Minnesota	2 37 49 37 5 81 9	9 215 305 214	6	893	10,073	19,713	379.5	487.9
Michigan Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Iowa Kansas Minnesota	49 37 5 81 9	305 214	19	34	426	1,091	444.4	582.9
Ohio Wisconsin West North Central Iowa Kansas Minnesota	37 5 81 9	214		109	1,030	1,593	545.1	585.5
Wisconsin West North Central Lowa Kansas Minnesota	5 81 9		102	640	6,861	13,353	311.4	433.5
West North Central Iowa Kansas Minnesota	81	29	17	99	1,395	3,044	526.0	608.5
Iowa	9		2 196	10	361	633	558.9	645.7
Kansas Minnesota	,	512 52	196	1,290 38	6,036 481	11,782 827	340.5 559.4	393.0 632.0
Minnesota		388	173	1,155	4,590	9,680	275.6	339.9
3.61	*	1	2	10	140	231	509.6	676.1
Missouri	7	40	9	52	524	716	538.4	626.1
Nebraska	3	15	*	2	56	59	550.4	628.1
North Dakota	3	15	6	33	245	268	559.7	655.6
South Dakota	-	-	- 220	-	-	-	-	-
South Atlantic	4,047 14	25,791 85	3,369	21,518	277,988 1,908	399,316 2,826	370.4 387.7	370.4 388.4
Delaware District of Columbia	14	6.5	-		1,906	2,820	301.1	300.4
Florida	3,477	22,205	2,996	19,194	245,737	349,800	367.4	364.8
Georgia	10	60	15	90	988	1,823	536.7	676.0
Maryland	-	-	-	-	-	· -	-	-
North Carolina	34	196	47	272	1,679	2,454	499.3	591.6
South Carolina	8	49	10	58	488	749	528.3	596.6
Virginia	475	3,028	274	1,748	25,771	39,646	368.5	371.2
West Virginia East South Central	29 28	169 167	27 27	157 159	1,418 2,323	2,018 56,767	570.7 519.3	679.2 383.6
Alabama	6	35	5	31	439	476	509.4	570.1
Kentucky	8	48	14	82	830	786	537.0	586.5
Mississippi	3	17	-	-	190	55,051	427.7	377.4
Tennessee	11	67	8	47	864	453	527.3	590.3
West South Central	9	54	202	1,310	948	28,635	495.8	592.1
Arkansas	9	51	9	54	367 390	478	550.2	628.9
LouisianaOklahoma	*	2	185	1,209	390 62	14,787 1.426	471.9 483.8	519.0 633.0
Texas	_	_	8	47	130	11,944	419.1	676.3
Mountain	33	190	25	143	2.013	3,744	599.5	785.8
Arizona	-	-	3	17	267	2,737	673.5	820.2
Colorado	1	5	1	5	63	213	676.3	734.5
Idaho			-	-		-		-
Montana	3	17	-	- 14	283	-	575.0	505.1
Nevada	6 11	37	2	14	491 235	55 143	638.2	585.1
New Mexico Utah	2	63 12	3	51 19	235 196	246	604.6 543.8	658.9 659.5
Wyoming	10	57	6	36	479	351	543.1	720.5
Pacific Contiguous	-	-	16	94	92	4,721	573.1	615.7
California	-	-	1	6	4	2,740	591.7	600.9
Oregon	-	-	15	88	88	1,982	572.3	636.2
Washington	-	-	-		-		-	-
Pacific Noncontiguous	-	-	780	4,931	-	64,456	-	490.3
Alaska Hawaii	-	-	780	4,931	-	64,456	-	490.3
U.S. Total	5,570	35,414	6,121	39.036	367.810	692,421	368.2	397.2

¹ Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.
* = For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

Notes: • Data for 2002 and 2001 are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • The November 2002 petroleum coke receipts were 141,320 short tons and the cost was 61.5 cents per million Btu. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 39. Receipts and Average Cost of Petroleum Delivered to Electric Utilities by Type of Purchase, Census Division, and State, November 2002

		Fuel O	il No. 6 by	y Type of Pu	rchase			A	veraged Cost	of Fuel	Oils ¹	
Census Division		Contract			Spot		No	. 2	No. 4-N	No. 5	No	. 6
and State	Receipts	Average	e Cost ¹	Receipts	Average	Cost ¹	(cents/	(\$/	(cents/	(\$/	(cents/	(\$/
	(1,000 bbl)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ bbl)	(1,000 bbl)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ bbl)	10 ⁶ Btu)	bbl)	10 ⁶ Btu)	bbl)	10 ⁶ Btu)	bbl)
New England		-	-	105	337.8	21.67	563.3	32.60	-	-	337.8	21.67
Connecticut		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine Massachusetts		_	_	-	_	_	559.5	32.38	-	-	_	_
New Hampshire		-	-	105	337.8	21.67	563.6	32.62	-	-	337.8	21.67
Rhode Island		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont Middle Atlantic		370.8	23.68	46	208.3	13.29	477.8	28.02	-	_	364.2	23.26
New Jersey		461.4	29.20	46	208.3	13.29	470.5	27.54	_		236.1	15.05
New York	1,080	370.3	23.65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	370.3	23.65
Pennsylvania		-	-	-	-	-	517.7	30.66	-	-	-	-
East North Central		-	-	40	332.2	21.16	608.4 681.6	35.27 39.17	-	-	332.2	21.16
Illinois Indiana		-	-	-	-	-	633.9	36.41	-	-	-	-
Michigan		-	-	40	332.2	21.16	607.4	35.19	-	-	332.2	21.16
Ohio		-	-	-	-	-	576.2	33.67	-	-	-	-
Wisconsin West North Central		-	-	45	266.7	17.81	637.2 650.9	37.47 37.77	-	-	266.7	17.81
Iowa		-	-	-	200.7	17.01	840.3	49.22	-	-	200.7	- 17.01
Kansas		-	-	45	266.7	17.81	576.6	33.37	-	-	266.7	17.81
Minnesota		-	-	-	-	-	700.6	40.31	-	-	-	-
Missouri		-	-	-	-	-	593.8	34.20	-	-	-	-
Nebraska North Dakota		-	-	_	-	-	602.7 616.9	34.94 36.03	_	-	-	-
South Dakota		_	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_
South Atlantic		389.2	25.27	2,480	406.1	25.87	569.2	33.16	-	-	400.2	25.66
Delaware		-	-	11	462.5	29.37	552.8	32.04	-	-	462.5	29.37
District of Columbia Florida		389.2	25.27	2,007	411.0	26.17	573.7	33.38	_	_	402.2	25.81
Georgia		307.2	-	2,007	-111.0	20.17	528.2	30.72	_	_	-102.2	23.01
Maryland		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Carolina		-	-	-	-	-	564.9	32.80	-	-	-	-
South Carolina Virginia		-	-	462	383.6	24.49	564.0 529.7	32.78 31.04	-	-	383.6	24.49
West Virginia		_	_	-	- 303.0	24.49	604.2	35.34	_		-	24.47
East South Central		-	-	1	204.9	13.42	695.3	40.73	-	-	204.9	13.42
Alabama		-	-	-	-	-	621.7	36.04	-	-	-	-
Kentucky		-	-	1	204.9	12.42	644.5	37.86 31.13	-	-	204.0	12.42
Mississippi Tennessee		-	-	1	204.9	13.42	528.2 790.6	46.45	_	-	204.9	13.42
West South Central		_	_	_	_	_	556.8	32.85	_	-	_	_
Arkansas		-	-	-	-	-	553.0	32.65	-	-	-	-
Louisiana		-	-	-	-	-	536.3	31.67	-	-	-	-
Oklahoma Texas		-	-	-	_	-	653.3	37.73	_	_	_	_
Mountain		_	_	-	_	_	616.8	35.69	_	-	_	_
Arizona		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colorado		-	-	-	-	-	898.1	46.15	-	-	-	-
Idaho Montana		-	-	-	-	-	694.8	41.14	-	-	-	-
Nevada		_	_	-	_	-	583.2	34.07	-	-	_	_
New Mexico		-	-	-	-	-	552.9	31.58	-	-	-	-
Utah		-	-	-	-	-	709.0	41.69	-	-	-	-
Wyoming		-	-	-	-	-	644.1	37.56	-	-	-	-
Pacific Contiguous		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oregon		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Washington		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pacific Noncontiguous		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii U.S. Total		381.0	24.56	2,718	396.5	25.29	602.3	35.03	-	-	389.2	24.94

¹ Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Notes: • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Data for 2002 are preliminary. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 40. Receipts and Average Cost of Heavy Oil Delivered to Electric Utilities by Sulfur Content, Census Division, and State, November 2002

		0.3% or Less		More tl	han 0.3% up t	0 0.5%	More th	han 0.5% up to	1.0%
Census Division and State	Receipts	Averag	e Cost¹	Receipts	Averag	e Cost ¹	Receipts	Average	e Cost ¹
	(1,000 bbl)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ bbl)	(1,000 bbl)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ bbl)	(1,000 bbl)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ bbl)
New England		-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_
Connecticut		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Hampshire		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rhode Island Vermont		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Middle Atlantic		_		_	_		1,131	364.2	23.26
New Jersey		-	_	-	-	_	51	236.1	15.05
New York		_	_	_	_	_	1,080	370.3	23.65
Pennsylvania		-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-
East North Central	9	277.0	16.35	-	-	-	-	-	-
Illinois		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indiana			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Michigan		277.0	16.35	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ohio		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wisconsin		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West North Central		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iowa Kansas		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minnesota		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Missouri									
Nebraska		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
North Dakota	···	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
South Dakota		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
South Atlantic		_	_	_	_	_	2,810	402.7	25.70
Delaware		-	-	-	-	-	11	462.5	29.37
District of Columbia		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Florida		-	-	-	-	-	2,337	406.2	25.93
Georgia		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Carolina		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Carolina		-	-	-	-	-	162	202 (24.49
Virginia		-	-	-	-	-	462	383.6	24.49
West Virginia East South Central		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alabama							_	_	
Kentucky		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mississippi		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Tennessee		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
West South Central		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Arkansas		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Louisiana		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oklahoma		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Texas		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mountain		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arizona		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colorado		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Idaho		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Montana		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Mexico		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Utah		-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Wyoming		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Pacific Contiguous		-	-	-	_	-	_	-	_
California		-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
Oregon		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Washington		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pacific Noncontiguous		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
U.S. Total	9	277.0	16.35	-	_	-	3,941	391.6	25.00

¹ Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Notes: • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Fuel Oil No.2 has been omitted from this table. • Oil and petroleum are used interchangeably in this report. • Data for 2002 are preliminary. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data

selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 40. Receipts and Average Cost of Heavy Oil Delivered to Electric Utilities by Sulfur Content, Census Division, and State, November 2002 (Continued)

		п 1.0 /0 ир	to 2.0%	More tha	ın 2.0% up	to 3.0%	Mor	e than 3.0%	6 All P		All Purchases		
Census Division and State	Receipts	Avera	ge Cost ¹	Receipts	Avera	ge Cost ¹	Receipts		Avera	ge Cost ¹			
and State	(1,000 bbls)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ bbl)	(1,000 bbls)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ bbl)	(1,000 bbls)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ bbl)	(cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ bbl)		
New England	105	337.8	21.67	-	-	-	-	-	-	337.8	21.67		
Connecticut	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Massachusetts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
New Hampshire	105	337.8	21.67	_	-	_	-	-	-	337.8	21.67		
Rhode Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Vermont	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2642	22.26		
Middle Atlantic New Jersey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	364.2 236.1	23.26 15.05		
New York			-	-	-	_	-	-		370.3	23.65		
Pennsylvania	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	-		
East North Central	31	347.0	22.59	-	-	-	-	-	-	332.2	21.16		
Illinois	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Indiana Michigan	31	347.0	22.59	-	-	-	-	-	-	332.2	21.16		
Ohio	51	347.0	22.39	-	-	_		-		332.2	21.10		
Wisconsin	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	_		
West North Central	45	266.7	17.81	-	-	-	-	-	-	266.7	17.81		
Iowa		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Kansas	45	266.7	17.81	-	-	-	-	-	-	266.7	17.81		
Minnesota Missouri	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	-		
Nebraska	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_		
North Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
South Atlantic	889	402.9	26.08	114	320.2	21.30	-	-	-	400.2	25.66		
Delaware District of Columbia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	462.5	29.37		
Florida	889	402.9	26.08	114	320.2	21.30	_	-	-	402.2	25.81		
Georgia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Maryland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
North Carolina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
South Carolina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2026	24.49		
Virginia West Virginia		-	-	_	-		_	_	-	383.6	24.49		
East South Central	_	_	_	1	204.9	13.42	-	_	_	204.9	13.42		
Alabama	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-		
Kentucky	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Mississippi	-	-	-	1	204.9	13.42	-	-	-	204.9	13.42		
Tennessee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
West South Central	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Louisiana	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Oklahoma	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Texas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Mountain	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Arizona Colorado	-	-	-	_	-	_		-	-	_	-		
Idaho	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Montana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Nevada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
New Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Utah Wyoming	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Pacific Contiguous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_		
California	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Oregon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Washington	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Pacific Noncontiguous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Hawaii	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
U.S. Total	1,070	389.0	25.20	115	318.9	21.21				389.2	24.94		

¹ Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Fuel Oil No. 2 has been omitted from this table. • Oil and petroleum are used interchangeably in this report. • Data for 2002 are preliminary. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 41. Electric Utility Receipts of Gas by Type, Census Division, and State, November 2002

Census Division	Nati	ıral	Blast-Fu	urnace ¹	Refi	nery	То	tal
and State	(thousand Mcf)	(billion Btu)	(thousand Mcf)	(billion Btu)	(thousand Mcf)	(billion Btu)	(thousand Mcf)	(billion Btu)
New England	532	545	=	_	-	-	532	545
Connecticut		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	528	541	-	-	-	-	528	541
New Hampshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rhode Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	4	4	-	-	-	-	4	4
Middle Atlantic	3,184	3,276	-	-	_	-	3,184	3,276
New Jersey		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New York	3,184	3,276	-	-	-	-	3,184	3,276
Pennsylvania		· -	-	-	-	-	· -	· -
East North Central		690	323	2,234	_	_	1,003	2,924
Illinois		51	-	-	_	_	50	51
Indiana		30	_	_	_	_	29	30
Michigan		468	323	2,234	-	_	783	2,702
Ohio		18	-	-	_	_	18	18
Wisconsin		124	-	-	-	-	123	124
West North Central		1,484	_	_	_	_	1.465	1,484
Iowa		199	_	_	_	_	199	199
Kansas		523	_	_	_	_	515	523
Minnesota		140	_	_	_	_	140	140
Missouri		465	_	_	_	_	455	465
Nebraska		156	_	_	_	_	156	156
North Dakota		150	-	-	_	_	130	130
South Dakota		-	-	-	_	_	-	-
South Atlantia	24,445	25,239	-	-	24	24	24.469	25 262
South Atlantic		25,239	-	-	24	24	24,468	25,263
Delaware		2	-	-	-	-	2	2
District of Columbia		24.051	-	-	-	-	24.067	24.051
Florida		24,851	-	-	-	-	24,067	24,851
Georgia		56	-	-	-	-	55	56
Maryland		- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Carolina		1	-	-	-	-	1	1
South Carolina		3	-	-	-	-	3	3
Virginia		317	-	-	24	24	332	341
West Virginia	8	8	-	-	-	-	8	8
East South Central		9,270	-	-	-	-	8,954	9,270
Alabama		4,837	-	-	-	-	4,651	4,837
Kentucky		74	-	-	-	-	72	74
Mississippi		4,360	-	-	-	-	4,232	4,360
Tennessee		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West South Central		34,057	-	-	-	-	33,126	34,057
Arkansas		497	-	-	-	-	485	497
Louisiana		12,348	-	-	-	-	11,939	12,348
Oklahoma		5,940	-	-	-	-	5,746	5,940
Texas	14,955	15,273	-	-	-	-	14,955	15,273
Mountain	13,334	13,546	-	-	-	-	13,334	13,546
Arizona	2,600	2,640	-	-	-	-	2,600	2,640
Colorado	3,900	3,880	-	-	-	-	3,900	3,880
Idaho		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Montana	*	*	-	-	-	-	*	*
Nevada	4,948	5,118	-	-	-	-	4,948	5,118
New Mexico		1,766	-	-	-	-	1,752	1,766
Utah		121	-	-	-	-	115	121
Wyoming		20	-	-	-	-	19	20
Pacific Contiguous		7,754	-	-	-	_	7,664	7,754
California		6,263	-	-	-	-	6,203	6,263
Oregon		1,491	-	-	-	-	1,462	1,491
Washington	,	-,	_	_	_	_	-,	-,
Pacific Noncontiguous		1,622	_	_	_	_	1,622	1,622
Alaska		1,622	_	_	_		1,622	1,622
Hawaii		1,022	-	_	_	_	1,022	1,022
U.S. Total		97,484	323	2,234	24	24	95,352	99,742
C.D. 10td1	73,003	J1,707	323	2,237	24	27	73,332	22,174

¹ Includes coke oven gas.

* = For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

Notes: • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Data for 2002 are preliminary. • Mcf=thousand cubic feet. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 42. Receipts and Average Cost of Gas Delivered to Electric Utilities by Census Division and State

	Novemb Rece		Novemb Rece			Year t	o Date	
Census Division and State	(thousand	(billion	(thousand	(billion		ceipts on Btu)	Averag (cents/mil	
	Mcf)	Btu)	Mcf)	Btu)	2002	2001	2002	2001
New England Connecticut	532	545	300	308	4,967	5,457	384.7	340.2
Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire	528	541	300	308	4,042 909	4,826 532	389.7 362.1	348.5 238.7
Rhode Island Vermont Middle Atlantic	4 3,184	4 3,276	8,204	8,368	17 74,403	100 84,632	383.7 374.8	477.6 415.4
New YorkPennsylvania	3,184	3,276	104 8,100	104 8,264	74,403	209 84,298 125	374.8	302.5 415.0 851.4
East North Central Illinois Indiana	1,003 50 29	2,924 51 30	2,897 568 48	2,559 584 49	25,646 3,596 445	29,419 3,389 1,418	334.9 340.6 377.5	405.1 384.6 511.5
MichiganOhio	783 18 123	2,702 18 124	2,079 20 182	1,723 21 183	18,552 220 2,833	21,172 421 3,019	325.0 502.9 373.0	382.7 810.0 478.8
Wisconsin	1,465 199	1,484 199	1,020 166	1,030 166	32,201 3,198	27,131 2,679	332.9 379.4	405.7 487.1
Kansas Minnesota Missouri	515 140 455	523 140 465	528 93 178	535 94 181	14,197 2,714 10,684	17,133 1,399 5,048	306.3 383.9 336.0	361.7 526.9 473.2
Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	156	156	54 - -	54 - -	1,408	871 1	373.5 247.9	434.1 687.5
South Atlantic	24,468 2	25,263 2	21,451	22,208	370,725 258	254,827 205	398.7 352.3	467.3 440.7
FloridaGeorgia	24,067 55	24,851 56	21,406	22,163	355,666 348	243,297 1,257	396.5 301.1	469.6 327.6
Maryland North Carolina South Carolina	1 3	1 3	9 3	9 3	2,510 38	706 818	419.4 501.6	433.3 255.9
Virginia	332 8 8,954	341 8 9,270	33 6,251	33 6,383	11,735 169 169,565	8,380 164 80,069	463.4 431.0 331.1	439.9 678.3 381.4
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi	4,651 72 4,232	4,837 74 4,360	111 10 6,131	114 10 6,260	65,437 796 103,332	12,408 246 67,416	336.5 418.8 327.1	524.5 507.5 354.6
Tennessee	33,126 485	34,057 497	54,803 1,186	56,296 1,211	637,799 17,521	1,269,941 20,696	341.1 352.3	429.0 432.4
LouisianaOklahoma Texas	11,939 5,746 14,955	12,348 5,940 15,273	11,492 8,426 33,699	11,859 8,653 34,573	239,505 149,822 230,951	222,575 142,100 884,570	348.4 343.6 331.1	420.1 456.5 426.8
Mountain	13,334 2,600 3,900	13,546 2,640 3,880	10,533 3,013 2,730	10,751 3,069 2,741	158,525 40,937 37,714	191,266 62,773 37,205	377.9 315.6 255.4	525.1 470.8 384.9
Idaho Montana	*	*	1	1	14	11	426.0	676.7
New Mexico	4,948 1,752 115 19	5,118 1,766 121 20	2,236 2,277 277	2,327 2,323 291	48,579 25,542 5,527 213	43,046 36,139 11,667 425	549.1 316.4 455.2 391.7	830.6 421.1 463.6 381.8
Pacific Contiguous	7,664 6,203 1,462	7,754 6,263 1,491	4,227 1,104 3,124	4,309 1,123 3,186	87,347 75,725 11,623	125,497 83,340 42,157	385.7 399.6 294.9	750.8 940.9 374.8
Washington Pacific Noncontiguous Alaska	1,622 1,622	1,622 1,622	1,515 1,515	1,515 1,515	17,063 17,063	15,650 15,650	232.8 232.8	233.0 233.0
Hawaii U.S. Total	95,352	99,742	111,201	113,728	1,578,243	2,083,889	360.0	457.2

¹ Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

* = For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

Notes: • Data for 2002 and 2001 are preliminary. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Includes small quantities of coke-oven, refinery, and blast-furnace gas. • Mcf=thousand cubic feet. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 43. Receipts and Average Cost of Gas Delivered to Electric Utilities by Type of Purchase, Census Division and State, November 2002

		Firm Gas		Inter	ruptible G	as		Spot Gas		7	Fotal Gas	
Census Division and State	Receipts	Average	e Cost ¹	Receipts	Average	e Cost ¹	Receipts	Average	Cost ¹	Receipts	Average	Cost ¹
	(1,000 Mcf)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ Mcf)	(1,000 Mcf)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ Mcf)	(1,000 Mcf)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ Mcf)	(1,000 Mcf)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ Mcf)
New England	_	_	-	452	464.1	4.76	80	444.2	4.56	532	461.1	4.73
Connecticut		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine		-	-	452	464.1	4.76	76	442.2	4.54	528	461.0	4.73
Massachusetts New Hampshire		-	-	432	404.1	4.70	76	442.2	4.34	328	401.0	4./3
Rhode Island		_	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	-
Vermont		-	-	-	-	-	4	483.6	4.86	4	483.6	4.86
Middle Atlantic		-	-	685	467.9	4.83	2,498	511.6	5.26	3,184	502.2	5.17
New York	-	-	-	685	467.9	4.83	2,498	511.6	5.26	3,184	502.2	5.17
Pennsylvania		_	-	-		05	2,476	511.0	3.20	5,164	JUZ.Z -	J.17 -
East North Central		472.3	4.75	527	157.6	7.30	384	867.8	8.85	1,003	262.6	7.66
Illinois		-	-	50	483.0	5.00	-	-	-	50	483.0	5.00
Indiana		474.0	4.76	29	494.0	4.96	272	072.4	0.01	29	494.0	4.96
MichiganOhio		474.0 451.0	4.76 4.62	325	128.1	8.80	372 11	873.4 690.5	8.91 7.07	783 18	243.8 597.7	8.41 6.12
Wisconsin		-		122	477.1	4.80	1	590.9	5.91	123	477.6	4.81
West North Central		431.4	4.39	776	437.3	4.43	270	463.6	4.64	1,465	440.4	4.46
Iowa		475.3	4.80	71	498.8	5.00	102	533.4	5.33	199	513.5	5.15
Kansas		592.2	-	408	413.1	4.20	108	404.3	4.05	515	411.3	4.17
Minnesota		392.2 399.4	5.98 4.09	120 124	501.6 469.4	5.03 4.81	18 42	357.1 490.6	3.57 4.93	140 455	484.9 426.8	4.86 4.36
Nebraska		509.1	5.09	54	323.8	3.24	42	490.0	4.93	156	445.5	4.45
North Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	-
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Atlantic		454.4	4.71	1,010	433.1	4.52	3,751	515.8	5.21	24,468	462.7	4.78
Delaware		409.5	4.23	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	409.5	4.23
District of Columbia Florida		454.4	4.71	943	440.6	4.60	3,419	483.8	4.88	24,067	457.9	4.73
Georgia	19,705	-34.4	4./I -	55	229.0	2.35	5,417	465.6		55	229.0	2.35
Maryland		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-
North Carolina		-	-	1	585.8	6.07	-	-	-	1	585.8	6.07
South Carolina		-	-	3	480.4	4.94	-	-		3	480.4	4.94
Virginia		-	-	8	902.7	9.03	332	840.1	8.62	332 8	840.1 902.7	8.62 9.03
West Virginia East South Central		415.4	4.29	3.931	454.7	4.73	4.009	418.6	4.31	8.954	434.2	4.50
Alabama	696	420.6	4.34	3,931	454.7	4.73	24	384.0	3.97	4,651	449.3	4.67
Kentucky	-	-	-	´ -	-	-	72	479.0	4.91	72	479.0	4.91
Mississippi		404.3	4.19	-	-	-	3,913	417.7	4.30	4,232	416.7	4.29
Tennessee		472.1	4 00	1 010	421.1	4 20	27,290	420 (4.41	22.126	422.6	4.46
West South Central		473.1	4.88	1,819	421.1	4.30	485	428.6 416.7	4.41 4.26	33,126 485	433.6 416.7	4.46 4.26
Louisiana.		424.9	4.46	1,369	438.0	4.49	10.442	444.7	4.60	11.939	443.7	4.59
Oklahoma	2,567	506.2	5.25	16	459.6	4.61	3,164	452.7	4.67	5,746	476.7	4.93
Texas		412.4	4.20	435	365.6	3.69	13,199	410.3	4.19	14,955	409.2	4.18
Mountain		413.7	4.17	2,019	389.1	3.94	4,907	403.2	4.14	13,334	406.1	4.13
Arizona		404.2 315.5	4.11 3.14	1,202 159	390.0 367.6	3.95 3.65	556	374.6	3.82	2,600 3,900	391.3 317.6	3.97 3.16
Colorado Idaho		313.3	3.14	139	307.0	3.03	_	-		3,900	317.0	5.10
Montana	-	_	_	0	500.8	5.21	_	_	_	0	500.8	5.21
Nevada	1,715	621.8	6.42	-	-	-	3,234	403.8	4.18	4,948	479.3	4.96
New Mexico	92	435.6	4.40	658	392.4	3.98	1,002	424.0	4.25	1,752	412.6	4.16
Utah		-	- - 0.4	-	-	-	115	345.5	3.63	115	345.5	3.63
Wyoming Pacific Contiguous		556.3 469.6	5.84 4.70	105	352.2	3.60	5,353	381.6	3.88	19 7,664	556.3 406.2	5.84 4.11
California		469.6 469.6	4.70 4.70	105	352.2 352.2	3.60	3,891	395.6	4.02	6.203	40 6.2 420.9	4.11
Oregon		-	-	-	-	-	1,462	344.4	3.51	1,462	344.4	3.51
Washington	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	· -	-	-
Pacific Noncontiguous		202.4	2.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,622	202.4	2.02
Alaska		202.4	2.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,622	202.4	2.02
HawaiiU.S. Total		437.7	4.49	11,324	384.2	4.60	48,542	434.7	4.46	95,352	428.9	4.49
U.S. 10tal	JJ,40/	43/./	4.47	11,324	304.4	4.00	40,344	434./	4.40	93,334	440.9	4.47

¹ Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Notes: • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Data for 2002 are preliminary. • Mcf=thousand cubic feet. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, electric utilities are selling/transferring plants to the nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

U.S. Electric Utility Sales, Revenue, and Average Revenue per Kilowatthour

Table 44. U.S. Electric Utility Retail Sales of Electricity by Sector, 1990 Through December 2002 (Million Kilowatthours)

(Million Kilov	vaunours)				
Period	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other ¹	All Sectors
1990	924.019	751,027	945,522	91,988	2,712,555
1991	955,417	765,664	946,583	94,339	2,762,003
1992	935,939	761,271	972,714	93,442	2,763,365
1993	994,781	794,573	977,164	94,944	2,861,462
1994	1,008,482	820,269	1,007,981	97,830	2,934,563
1995	1,042,501	862,685	1,012,693	95,407	3.013.287
1996	1,082,512	887,446	1,033,631	97,539	3,101,127
1997	1,075,881	928,633	1,038,196	102,901	3,145,611
1998	1,130,109	979,401	1,051,203	103,518	3,264,230
1999	1,144,923	1.001.996	1,058,217	106,952	3,312,088
2000	1,144,923	1,001,990	1,030,217	100,932	3,312,000
	109.492	83.414	85.988	8.869	287.764
January					
February	98,446	80,425	84,611	8,613	272,095
March	84,645	81,012	88,299	8,462	262,418
April	76,228	78,377	86,439	8,131	249,175
May	83,366	86,362	90,562	8,972	269,263
June	103,976	94,258	92,185	9,345	299,765
July	119,475	98,459	89,895	9,737	317,566
August	123,769	102,422	94,327	10,214	330,733
September	108,546	94,453	90,599	10,094	303,693
October	86,832	87,326	89,418	9,260	272,835
November	84,516	83,019	87,687	8,899	264,121
December	113,153	85,704	84,230	8,900	291,988
Total	1,192,446	1,055,232	1,064,239	109,496	3,421,414
2001		, ,		•	
January	128.287	91.062	82.730	9.400	311.479
February	100.887	81.761	81.807	8.856	273.310
March	93.439	84,157	83.027	8,952	269,575
April	82.823	81.230	82.295	8.742	255.090
May	81,427	87,623	85,298	9,268	263,616
June	98.553	95.790	85,174	10.332	289.849
	119,654	102,474	83,267	10,532	316,014
July	128.295	105.832	86.868	11.305	332.300
August					
September	105,240	96,899	82,614	11,203	295,956
October	85,090	89,479	83,064	9,906	267,539
November	81,077	83,224	80,182	9,129	253,611
December	96,222	85,505	77,756	8,939	268,423
Total	1,200,992	1,085,036	994,083	116,652	3,396,764
2002					
January	117,512	88,319	76,633	8,927	291,391
February	97,486	82,365	74,610	8,262	262,723
March	97,003	85,101	76,253	8,396	266,753
April	87,644	86,382	78,917	8,510	261,453
May	87,897	92,599	82,036	8,593	271,125
June	104,856	100.494	82,239	9,433	297,022
July	133,306	109.537	85.938	10.203	338,984
August	133.997	108.279	87.756	10.346	340.378
September	115.071	100,275	85,268	10.404	310.968
October	94.277	95.466	84.832	9.477	284.052
November	88.903	85.425	79.983	8.428	262,738
December	108.977	87,655	78,446	8,428 8,494	283,573
	1,266,930	0.,,000	972,912	71.7	
Total	1,200,930	1,121,845	9/2,912	109,472	3,471,159
Year to Date	1.266.020	1 121 845	072 012	100 453	2 451 150
2002	1,266,930	1,121,845	972,912	109,472	3,471,159
2001	1,200,992	1,085,036	994,083	116,652	3,396,764
2000	1,192,446	1,055,232	1,064,239	109,496	3,421,414

¹ Includes public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, sales for irrigation, and interdepartmental sales.

Sources: • 2001-2002; Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions." • 1990-2000: Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report."

Notes: • Sales values for 1996-2001 include energy service provider (power marketer) data. Values for 2000 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-861 annual total. See technical notes for methodology. • Values for 2001 have been revised and are preliminary. • Values for 2002 are estimates based on a cutoff model sample. See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-826. Utilities may classify commercial and industrial consumers based on either NAICS codes or demand/or usage falling within specified limits (based on different rate schedules.) • Retail sales and net generation may not correspond exactly for a particular month for a variety of reasons (i.e., sales data may include purchases of electricity from nonutilities or imported electricity). Net generation is for the calendar month while retail sales and associated revenue accumulate from bills collected for periods of time (28 to 35 days) that vary dependent upon customer class and consumption occurring in and outside the calendar month. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Table 45. Estimated U.S. Electric Utility Retail Sales of Electricity to Ultimate Consumers by Sector, Census Division, and State, December 2002 and 2001

(Million Kilowatthours)

Census Division	Resid	ential	Comn	nercial	Indu	strial	Oth	ier¹	All Se	ectors
and State	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001
New England	4,375	3,832	4,252	4,158	1,923	2,085	155	141	10,706	10,216
Connecticut	1,268	1,152	1,052	1,095	399	440	54	54	2,774	2,741
Maine ²	399	366	337	325	295	423	5	5	1,035	1,118
Massachusetts	1,807	1,565	2,048	1,973	792	806	63	61	4,711	4,405
New Hampshire	441	332	372	342	190	164	20	11	1,023	849
Rhode Island	254	236	277	264	107	114	8	7	647	620
Vermont	207	181	166	160	139	138	4	4	516	483
Mid Atlantic	11,459	9,669	11,918	10,956	6,670	6,563	1,345	1,271	31,392	28,459
New Jersey	2,616	1,953	2,980	2,674	921	951	54	51	6,571	5,629
New York	4,016	3,640	5,272	4,937	2,002	1,933	1,165	1,107	12,454	11,617
Pennsylvania	4,828	4,076	3,666	3,345	3,747	3,679	126	113	12,367	11,213
East North Central	16,823 3,999	14,935	13,333 3,553	12,661	16,166 2,992	1 5,906 3.088	1,335 801	1,305	47,657	44,808 10,973
Illinois	2,918	3,747 2.526	3,333 1,781	3,375 1.686	3.925	3,088 3,567	61	763 63	11,345 8.685	7.842
Indiana	3.051	2,739	3,133	2,999	2,697	2,608	84	81	8,965	8,428
Michigan	4.811	4.079	3,133	3.093	4.479	4.604	327	337	12.868	12.114
Ohio Wisconsin	2.044	1.845	1,614	1,508	2,073	2.039	63	60	5,793	5.451
West North Central	8,389	7,531	6,466	6,342	6,148	6,138	490	498	21,493	20,508
Iowa	1,119	1,069	693	692	1,334	1,277	122	122	3,268	3,160
Kansas	965	882	1.067	938	788	769	NM	49	2.865	2.637
Minnesota	1.823	1.726	1.620	1.596	1.799	1.721	59	57	5.301	5.100
Missouri	2,990	2.476	1.938	1.994	1.253	1.404	101	96	6.282	5.971
Nebraska	766	714	577	590	617	623	NM	108	2.061	2.035
North Dakota	384	354	322	294	NM	210	NM	35	961	892
South Dakota	340	311	250	238	136	134	NM	30	755	713
South Atlantic	27,612	21,723	18,909	19,066	13,657	12,325	1,951	1,798	62,129	54,912
Delaware	357	266	299	273	299	305	5	5	960	849
District of Columbia	169	121	672	701	23	25	29	33	894	880
Florida	8,148	7,111	6,017	6,053	1,566	1,390	471	463	16,202	15,018
Georgia	4,150	3,181	3,008	2,927	2,588	2,505	138	129	9,884	8,742
Maryland ³	2,623	2,000	1,363	2,097	1,797	850	74	80	5,857	5,027
North Carolina	4,572	3,342	3,105	2,852	2,407	2,356	171	162	10,256	8,713
South Carolina	2,391	1,704	1,404	1,310	2,526	2,418	72	72	6,393	5,503
Virginia	4,102	3,114 882	2,412 629	2,303 550	1,510 939	1,578 898	983 7	846 7	9,007 2,677	7,841 2.338
West Virginia	1,101 10.086	7.812				9.916	491	491	2,677 26.551	2,338 23.668
East South Central	2.662	1, 812 1,989	5,695 1,489	5,448 1,458	10,280 2,646	2.349	491 59	491 54	6.856	5.850
Alabama	2,862	1,989	1,183	1,438	3,859	3.860	268	270	7,794	7.180
Kentucky Mississippi	1,347	1,147	893	853	1,260	1,216	58	63	3,558	3,279
Tennessee	3,593	2,738	2,130	2,025	2,514	2,492	105	105	8,342	7,359
West South Central	11,987	12,034	8,367	9,607	12,291	12,242	1,310	1,557	33,955	35,440
Arkansas	1.202	1.058	700	658	1,350	1,316	43	55	3.295	3.087
Louisiana	1.946	1.740	1.432	1.352	2.457	2.361	198	206	6.033	5.659
Oklahoma	1,555	1,452	961	1,009	1,075	983	305	175	3,897	3,618
Texas 4	7,284	7,784	5,273	6,588	7,408	7,582	765	1,122	20,730	23,075
Mountain	6,352	6,427	6,143	5,958	5,189	5,211	633	612	18,317	18,208
Arizona	1,830	1,908	1,663	1,650	926	944	250	230	4,669	4,732
Colorado	1,388	1,345	1,529	1,548	824	871	98	96	3,839	3,860
Idaho	735	797	446	447	486	483	NM	28	1,693	1,755
Montana	430	373	371	330	284	238	NM	20	1,104	960
Nevada	690	715	NM	519	926	906	39	40	2,286	2,181
New Mexico	458	441	528	549	440	417	131	127	1,557	1,534
Utah	599	635	713	662	673	682	62	58	2,047	2,037
Wyoming	221	214	262	252	629	669	NM	14	1,120	1,149
Pacific Contiguous	11,470	11,821	NM	10,853	5,736	6,973	NM	1,243	30,083	30,890
California 5	6,418	6,699	NM	7,484	3,727	4,908	NM NM	806	19,216	19,898 3,987
Oregon	1,820 3.231	1,833 3,289	1,282 2,146	1,238 2,132	926 NM	878 1.187	NM 341	39 398	4,066 6,801	3,987 7,005
Washington	3,231 426	3,289 437	2,146 451	2,132 456	386	1,187 396	341 NM	398 24	6,801 1.290	7,005 1.312
Pacific Noncontiguous	426 189	207	451 199	208	386 85	396 99	NM	2 4 19	1,290 496	533
Alaska Hawaii	237	230	252	248	301	296	4	5	794	333 779
U.S. Total	108,977	96,222	87 ,655	85,505	78,446	77 ,756	8,494	8.939	283,573	268,423
U.G. 10ta1	100,7//	70,222	07,033	05,505	70,440	11,130	0,474	0,737	403,373	400,443

¹ Includes public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, sales for irrigation, and interdepartmental sales.

² Decline in industrial sales in Maine is partly attributed to some large industrial customers generating their own electricity (self generators).

Notes: • Values for 2001 have been revised and are preliminary. • Values for 2002 are estimates based on a cutoff model sample. See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-826. Utilities may classify commercial and industrial consumers based on either NAICS codes or demand/or usage falling within specified limits (based on different rate schedules.) • Retail sales and net generation may not correspond exactly for a particular month for a variety of reasons (i.e., sales data may include purchases of electricity from nonutilities or imported electricity). Net generation is for the calendar month while retail sales and associated revenue accumulate from bills collected for periods of time (28 to 35 days) that vary dependent upon customer class and consumption occurring in and outside the calendar month. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions."

³ A major utility in Maryland reclassified consumers from commercial class to industrial in July 2002.

⁴ Residential and commercial in Texas have been adjusted by approximately 3 million kwh in December to account for over-reporting from a major REP in prior months. The year-to-date numbers will remain unchanged.

Reclassification of California Industrial customers in 2001 resulted in a shift of customers from the Industrial to the Commercial sector. Comparison of data of the Commercial and Industrial sectors with prior year same month data might exhibit a wide variance.

Table 46. Relative Standard Error for U.S. Electric Utility Retail Sales of Electricity to Ultimate Consumers by Sector, Census Division and State, December 2002 (Percent)

Census Division and State	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other ¹	All Sectors
New England	0.2	0.2	1.5	1.3	0.3
Connecticut	0.1	0.2	0.6	1.4	0.2
Maine	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.9	0.2
Massachusetts	0.3	0.1	2.7	1.0	0.4
New Hampshire	0.5	0.8	3.6	2.1	0.4
Rhode Island	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.8
	0.6	0.0	1.6	2.2	0.6
Vermont Mid Atlantic	0.0 0.1	0.3 0.1	3.3	6.8	0.8 0.8
	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.1
New Jersey New York	0.1	0.1	8.2	6.3	1.4
	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1
Pennsylvania	0.1	0.5	1.0	0.2	0.1 0.7
East North Central	0.4	0.5	1.0	0.6	1.0
Illinois	0.5				
Indiana		0.3	1.8	2.6	1.6
Michigan	0.4	1.1	1.2	4.1 0.4	0.3
Ohio	0.6	0.2	1.7		1.2
Wisconsin	0.6	1.3	2.5	3.1	0.5
West North Central	0.6	0.9	2.6	9.4	0.8
Iowa	1.3	3.9	4.6	8.3	1.3
Kansas	0.9	1.5	1.3	NM	0.7
Minnesota	1.1	2.0	2.4	8.9	0.7
Missouri	1.0	0.3	7.9	2.8	2.5
Nebraska	1.5	1.3	4.3	NM	1.0
North Dakota	1.5	1.0	NM	NM	1.6
South Dakota	2.1	1.3	7.0	NM	1.3
South Atlantic	1.0	0.7	0.8	1.1	0.7
Delaware	0.2	0.4	1.2	0.6	0.3
District of Columbia	-	-	-	-	-
Florida	1.3	0.9	2.5	1.7	1.1
Georgia	1.8	0.8	1.2	4.1	1.0
Maryland	0.3	0.6	0.4	1.2	0.4
North Carolina	1.1	0.6	0.7	1.9	0.7
South Carolina	1.4	0.5	0.6	1.5	0.7
Virginia	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.4
West Virginia	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.2
East South Central	0.6	0.5	1.6	1.3	1.1
Alabama	1.2	0.7	3.5	5.9	1.4
Kentucky	1.2	0.5	2.1	0.5	2.0
Mississippi	1.7	2.2	0.9	8.7	0.8
Tennessee	0.9	0.5	3.7	1.2	2.4
West South Central	1.4	2.9	0.7	5.2	0.7
Arkansas	1.3	1.9	2.2	6.5	1.1
Louisiana	1.6	2.0	0.2	2.1	0.5
Oklahoma	1.2	1.7	1.0	1.0	0.6
Texas	1.5	3.2	0.5	6.8	0.8
Mountain	1.0	2.7	0.5	7.9	0.7
Arizona	1.0	0.5	0.7	8.9	0.8
Colorado	2.3	1.0	1.2	7.9	1.4
Idaho	0.6	0.4	1.5	NM	2.0
Montana	1.5	0.7	2.2	NM	0.8
Nevada	0.7	NM	0.2	8.3	1.0
New Mexico	2.9	1.8	2.0	8.9	2.3
Utah	2.2	1.1	0.4	4.6	1.1
Wyoming	1.3	0.9	1.4	NM	0.5
Pacific Contiguous	0.6	NM	3.9	NM	2.0
California	0.7	NM	1.4	NM	1.7
Oregon	1.0	0.6	6.7	NM	3.9
Washington	1.0	0.8	NM	6.3	5.7
Pacific Noncontiguous	0.4	0.8 0.3	0.4	0.3 NM	0.3
	0.8	0.8	1.6	NM	0.8
Alaska Hawaii	0.8	0.8	1.0	INIVI	0.8
	0.4	1.9	0.8	3.2	0.4
U.S. Average	0.4	1.9	0.8	3.2	0.4

¹ Includes public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, sales for irrigation, and interdepartmental sales.

Notes: • Relative Standard Error is designed to indicate error due to sampling. However, nonsampling error is important for all surveys, census or sample. See technical notes for further information. • It should be noted that such things as large changes in retail sales, reclassification of retail sales, or changes in billing procedures can contribute to unusually high relative standard error.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions."

Table 47. Estimated U.S. Electric Utility Retail Sales of Electricity to Ultimate Consumers by Sector, Census Division, and State, Year-to-Date (December) 2002 and 2001 (Million Kilowatthours)

Census Division	Resid	lential	Comn	nercial	Indu	strial	Oth	er ¹	All S	ectors
and State	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001
New England	44,186	42,396	49,862	49,055	23,925	25,953	1,627	1,526	119,601	118,929
Connecticut	12,479	11,978	12,622	12,448	5,353	5,556	571	565	31,025	30,547
Maine ²	4,031	3,914	3,802	3,815	3,562	4,752	57	57	11,452	12,539
Massachusetts	18,720	17,983	24,122	23,710	9,853	10,179	724	656	53,419	52,529
New Hampshire	4,044	3,786	4,044	3,911	2,244	2,477	143	132	10,474	10,307
Rhode Island	2,830	2,700	3,316	3,240	1,327	1,384	85	67	7,558	7,391
Vermont	2,082	2,034	1,957	1,930	1,586	1,604	47	47	5,673	5,616
Mid Atlantic	123,804	116,009	141,593	136,485	83,409	84,865	15,385	15,758	364,190	353,117
New Jersey	27,243	25,376	35,551	34,440	11,395	12,502	512	509	74,702	72,827
New York	46,540 50.020	43,979	62,015	60,765	24,944	24,680	13,475	13,663	146,973	143,087
Pennsylvania	183,291	46,654 170,648	44,027 162,941	41,280 159,047	47,070 207,501	47,683 210,909	1,398 16,176	1,586 16.859	142,515 569,909	137,203 557,463
East North Central	44.834	41,694	44,032	43,436	38,637	41,566	9,695	10,326	137,199	137,022
IllinoisIndiana	31,193	29,165	21,546	21,353	47,851	46,518	639	945	101,229	97,980
Michigan	34,452	31,802	37,734	36,197	35,651	35,160	895	880	108,733	104,038
Ohio	50.995	47,447	40,667	39,576	59,030	61,443	4,185	3,979	154,877	152,445
Wisconsin	21,817	20,540	18,962	18,485	26,331	26,223	762	729	67,872	65,977
West North Central	94,495	89,641	81,772	81,040	75,725	74,548	6,749	6,765	258,740	251,993
Iowa	13.129	12,507	8,593	8,419	16,821	16,745	1,540	1,544	40,082	39,214
Kansas	12.796	12.092	13,394	12,899	9,827	10,072	606	609	36,623	35,672
Minnesota	20,564	19,394	19,180	19,938	21,919	20,568	697	729	62,359	60,629
Missouri	31.643	29,979	26,775	26,102	15,456	15,884	1.154	1.121	75,027	73,086
Nebraska	8.914	8,577	7,376	7,292	7,521	7,328	1,841	1,821	25.651	25.018
North Dakota	3,711	3,527	3,448	3,402	2,539	2,368	451	462	10,149	9,759
South Dakota	3,739	3,565	3,007	2,988	1,641	1,583	461	479	8,848	8,615
South Atlantic	313,926	293,369	245,551	244,110	167,262	159,324	22,882	22,189	749,620	718,992
Delaware	3,974	3,767	3,724	3,646	4,097	4,017	57	61	11,851	11,490
District of Columbia	1,800	1,699	8,645	8,537	284	282	411	362	11,140	10,880
Florida	107,756	100,836	77,357	74,756	19,067	18,307	5,849	5,656	210,028	199,556
Georgia	47,927	44,003	39,192	38,590	34,406	33,418	1,677	1,651	123,201	117,662
Maryland 3	25,864	24,518	21,929	26,226	15,531	10,241	943	915	64,267	61,901
North Carolina	49,401	46,315	39,434	38,326	31,533	31,433	2,222	2,182	122,590	118,256
South Carolina	26,655	25,026	18,251	18,041	31,820	31,109	933	939	77,660	75,114
Virginia	40,141	37,277	29,977	29,168	19,607	19,517	10,714	10,348	100,439	96,310
West Virginia	10,409	9,929	7,042	6,820	10,917	11,000	76	75 7011	28,443	27,824
East South Central	112,271	105,943	73,448	71,166	125,887	118,983	6,000	5,911	317,606	302,004
Alabama	30,177 25,052	27,840 23,678	19,791 14.577	19,140 14.267	34,083 43.766	32,549 38.864	696 3,359	682 3.303	84,746 86.755	80,211 80,112
Kentucky	25,052 17.840	23,678 16.991	14,577	14,267	43,766 15.033	38,864 15.377	3,339 828	3,303 825	45.709	80,112 44,640
Mississippi	39,202	37,434	27,072	26,313	33,005	32,193	1,117	1,102	100,396	97,041
Tennessee West South Central	185,184	178.432	133.651	127.875	147.460	157.628	18,714	21,165	485.010	485,100
Arkansas	15.516	15.056	8.977	8.990	16,827	16,952	725	743	42.045	41.740
Louisiana	28,225	26,673	18,940	18,203	29,720	29,846	2,809	2,750	79.694	77,472
Oklahoma	20.077	19,813	13,135	13,458	13,206	13,500	3,568	2.938	49.987	49.708
Texas ⁴	121,366	116,890	92,599	87,225	87,707	97,330	11,611	14,734	313,284	316,179
Mountain	76,937	75,055	78,030	75,354	62,018	64,377	10,072	10,027	227,056	224,812
Arizona	26,427	26,231	22,324	22,120	10,896	11,535	3,960	3,871	63,608	63,757
Colorado	15,394	14,542	18,698	18,265	10,387	10,483	1,477	1,444	45,955	44,734
Idaho	6,927	6,857	7,018	6,519	6,238	7,222	332	328	20,515	20,926
Montana	4,061	3,909	3,942	3,878	3,403	3,291	304	322	11,711	11,399
Nevada	9,686	9,581	7,706	6,624	11,430	11,380	601	581	29,423	28,166
New Mexico	5,262	5,055	6,965	6,839	5,138	5,287	2,215	2,234	19,580	19,416
Utah	6,960	6,733	8,356	8,199	7,011	7,384	1,008	1,035	23,335	23,351
Wyoming	2,220	2,147	3,020	2,910	7,515	7,795	174	211	12,929	13,064
Pacific Contiguous	128,133	124,944	149,703	135,633	74,943	92,767	11,600	16,197	364,379	369,540
California 5	78,672	75,848	111,086	97,148	49,544	63,830	7,256	11,846	246,558	248,672
Oregon	17,395	17,398	14,670	14,747	10,787	12,118	459	440	43,312	44,703
Washington	32,066	31,698	23,946	23,738	14,611	16,819	3,886	3,911	74,510	76,166
Pacific Noncontiguous	4,704	4,557	5,294	5,272	4,783	4,730	268	255	15,048	14,813
Alaska	1,925 2,779	1,891 2.665	2,220 3.074	2,256 3,016	1,143 3.639	1,093 3.637	215 53	202 53	5,503 9,544	5,443 9,370
Hawaii U.S. Total		1,200,992	3,074 1,121,845	1,085,036	972,912	994,083	109,472	116,652	3,471,159	3,396,764
C.S. I Utai	1,200,730	1,200,772	1,121,073	1,000,000	2149214	227,000	107,772	110,032	J,T/1,13/	3,370,704

¹ Includes public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, sales for irrigation, and interdepartmental sales.

² Decline in industrial sales in Maine is partly attributed to some large industrial customers generating their own electricity (self generators).

Notes: • Values for 2001 have been revised and are preliminary. • Values for 2002 are estimates based on a cutoff model sample. See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-826. Utilities may classify commercial and industrial consumers based on either NAICS codes or demand/or usage falling within specified limits (based on different rate schedules.) • Retail sales and net generation may not correspond exactly for a particular month for a variety of reasons (i.e., sales data may include purchases of electricity from nonutilities or imported electricity). Net generation is for the calendar month while retail sales and associated revenue accumulate from bills collected for periods of time (28 to 35 days) that vary dependent upon customer class and consumption occurring in and outside the calendar month. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions."

³ A major utility in Maryland reclassified consumers from commercial class to industrial in July 2002

⁴ Residential and commercial Revenues in Texas have been adjusted by approximately 3 million kwh in December to account for over-reporting from a major REP in prior months. The year-to-date numbers will remain unchanged.

⁵ Reclassification of California Industrial customers in 2001 resulted in a shift of customers from the Industrial to the Commercial sector. Comparison of data of the Commercial and Industrial sectors with prior year same month data might exhibit a wide variance.

Table 48. Revenue from U.S. Electric Utility Retail Sales of Electricity to Ultimate Consumers by Sector, 1990 Through December 2002

(Million Dollars)

Period	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other ¹	All Sectors	
1990	72,378	55,117	44,857	5,891	178,243	
1991		57,655	45,737	6,138	186,359	
1992	76,848	58,343	46,993	6.296	188,480	
1993		61,521	47,357	6,528	198,220	
1994		63,396	48,069	6,689	202,706	
1995		66,365	47,175	6,567	207,717	
1996		67,827	47,385	6,741	212,455	
1997		70.482	46,772	7,110	215,059	
		71,769	46,772 46,549	6,864		
1998					218,346	
1999	93,313	71,680	46,355	6,790	218,137	
2000	0.202	5 702	2.702	550	10.410	
January		5,782	3,703	550	18,418	
February		5,594	3,656	555	17,396	
March		5,691	3,808	546	16,893	
April	6,215	5,524	3,734	548	16,021	
May	6,956	6,259	4,089	576	17,880	
June	8,898	7,258	4,378	630	21,164	
July	,	7.640	4.451	647	23.024	
August		8.120	4.781	681	24.263	
September		7,297	4,387	677	21,600	
October		6.699	4.241	616	18.929	
		6,091	4,027	569	17,579	
November						
December		6,448	4,114	584	19,996	
Total	98,209	78,405	49,369	7,179	233,163	
2001	0.000					
January		6,690	4,153	571	21,347	
February		6,153	3,980	561	18,815	
March	7,762	6,464	4,075	571	18,871	
April	7,015	6,262	4,033	559	17,870	
May	7,188	6,764	4,284	602	18,838	
June	8.901	7.741	4.446	671	21.758	
July		8.575	4.592	703	24.648	
August	.,	8.820	4.728	744	25.805	
September	***	7.951	4.365	711	22,386	
October		7.407	4.193	663	19.800	
November		6.440	3,835	589	17,740	
	.,			574	18.852	
December		6,550	3,740			
Total	102,972	85,816	50,423	7,519	246,730	
2002	0.201	6.602	2.602	501	20.247	
January		6,693	3,682	581	20,347	
February		6,272	3,528	540	18,279	
March		6,542	3,624	547	18,605	
April	7,256	6,514	3,683	580	18,033	
May	7,583	7,158	3,823	576	19,140	
June	9,139	8,207	4,145	638	22,129	
July	11.717	9.144	4.406	667	25.934	
August		8,973	4,448	666	25,782	
September		8.196	4.187	669	22,974	
October	- 1	7,809	4.116	632	20.619	
November		6.662	3.763	560	18.390	
	.,	6,805	3,703	573	18,390	
December	- ,				. ,	
Total	106,823	88,977	47,098	7,228	250,126	
Year to Date	106622		4= 000	#.65 0	200 425	
2002		88,977	47,098	7,228	250,126	
2001	102,972	85,816	50,423	7,519	246,730	
2000	98,209	78,405	49,369	7,179	233,163	

¹ Includes public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, sales for irrigation, and interdepartmental sales

Sources: • 2001-2002: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions." • 1990-2000: Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report."

Notes: • Revenue values for 1999 - 2001 include energy service provider (power marketer) data. • Values for 2000 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-861 annual total. See technical notes for methodology. • Values for 2001 have been revised and are preliminary. • Values for 2002 are estimates based on a cutoff model sample. See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-826. Utilities may classify commercial and industrial consumers based on either NAICS codes or demand/or usage falling within specified limits (based on different rate schedules.) • Values for 1996 in the commercial and industrial sectors for Maryland, the South Atlantic Census Division, and the U.S. Total reflect an electric utility's reclassification for this information by Standard Industrial Classification (SIC). • Retail sales and net generation may not correspond exactly for a particular month for a variety of reasons (i.e., sales data may include purchases of electricity from nonutilities or imported electricity). Net generation is for the calendar month while retail sales and associated revenue accumulate from bills collected for periods of time (28 to 35 days) that vary dependent upon customer class and consumption occurring in and outside the calendar month. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding

Table 49. Estimated Revenue from U.S. Electric Utility Retail Sales of Electricity to Ultimate Consumers by Sector, Census Division, and State, December 2002 and 2001 (Million Dollars)

Census Division and State	Resid	Residential		Commercial		Industrial		Other ¹		All Sectors	
	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	
New England	485	445	405	420	152	160	21	18	1,064	1,043	
Connecticut	134	124	97	103	31	33	5	5	266	265	
Maine ⁴	53	47	35	48	12	18	1	1	101	114	
Massachusetts	195	185	194	193	70	72	10	8	469	458	
New Hampshire	51	40	37	34	19	16	2	1	110	92	
Rhode Island	26	27	23	25	8	9	2	2	60	62	
Vermont	26	23	18	18	12	12	1	1	57	53	
Mid Atlantic	1,229	1,047	1,174	1,073	379	378	116	80	2,898	2,579	
New Jersey	259 526	191 478	256 614	245 559	66 96	76 92	9 93	5 62	590 1,329	517 1,191	
New York	443	378	304	269	217	210	93 14	12	978	870	
Pennsylvania East North Central	1.269	1.145	956	886	754	726	7 9	73	3,059	2,830	
Illinois	298	297	282	229	159	135	44	37	784	698	
Indiana	189	171	104	102	152	148	5	5	450	426	
Michigan	258	219	224	224	141	137	8	8	631	589	
Ohio	354	311	240	236	208	218	17	18	820	783	
Wisconsin	170	147	105	94	94	88	5	4	374	334	
West North Central	562	509	351	351	248	255	29	29	1,190	1,144	
Iowa	88	83	42	42	47	47	7	7	184	178	
Kansas	69	62	62	54	36	35	NM	4	171	155	
Minnesota	129	121	89	88	74	80	4	4	297	293	
Missouri	182	157	94	105	54	59	6	6	336	327	
Nebraska	46	43	31	31	23	22	NM	6	105	101	
North Dakota	23	21	18	16	8	7	NM	1	50	45	
South Dakota	24	22	15	15	6	. 5	NM	1	47	43	
South Atlantic	2,033	1,701	1,200	1,215	559	519	125	117	3,916	3,551	
Delaware	28	22	20	18	12	13	1	1	61	55	
District of Columbia	13	9	43	43	1	1	2	2	59	54	
Florida	651 273	609 230	400 186	418 189	81 98	75 102	36 11	36 11	1,168	1,138 532	
Georgia	179	141	91	116	98 66	31	7	6	568 343	293	
North Carolina	356	271	198	184	110	110	12	11	676	576	
North Carolina South Carolina	177	133	90	83	94	89	5	5	367	310	
Virginia	288	230	137	134	61	64	51	44	538	473	
West Virginia	67	55	34	30	36	34	1	ï	137	120	
East South Central	632	507	358	341	365	364	31	32	1,387	1,243	
Alabama	178	140	99	96	95	89	4	4	377	329	
Kentucky	132	106	61	58	111	109	12	13	316	285	
Mississippi	94	81	61	57	53	52	6	6	214	196	
Tennessee	228	180	137	130	106	115	10	9	481	433	
West South Central	908	919	568	677	542	550	86	106	2,105	2,252	
Arkansas	82	79	38	39	53	55	3	4	175	177	
Louisiana	142	113	102	83	115	87	15	12	373	294	
Oklahoma	96	87	53	50	42	33	14	8	205	177	
Texas ²	588	640	376	506	333	375	55	82	1,353	1,603	
Mountain	474 138	481 140	395 114	384 115	244 45	235 45	35 NM	33 10	1,149	1,133	
Arizona	99	104	83	84	36	31	7	7	308 226	310 226	
ColoradoIdaho	48	53	27	26	21	21	NM	1	98	101	
Montana	31	26	22	20	12	11	NM	2	67	58	
Nevada	65	66	NM	47	61	59	NM	3	187	174	
New Mexico	39	38	40	42	20	21	NM	8	107	109	
Utah	39	41	36	36	25	24	3	2	103	103	
Wyoming	15	14	15	13	23	23	NM	1	53	51	
Pacific Contiguous	1,170	1,175	NM	1,147	409	513	NM	83	2,966	2,918	
California 5	831	825	NM	929	307	414	NM	63	2,278	2,231	
Oregon	133	136	88	85	46	48	4	4	270	272	
Washington	207	214	137	133	56	51	18	16	418	415	
Pacific Noncontiguous	61	59	57	56	41	40	NM	3	161	158	
Alaska	22	25	19	21	6	8	NM	2	50	57	
Hawaii	39	34	37	35	35	32	1	_1	111	101	
U.S. Total	8,823	7,989	6,805	6,550	3,693	3,740	573	574	19,894	18,852	

¹ Includes public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, sales for irrigation, and interdepartmental

sales.

² Residential and commercial revenues in Texas have been adjusted in December to account for over reporting from a major REP in prior months. The year-to-date revenues will remain unchanged.

3 A major utility in Maryland reclassified consumers from commercial to industrial in July 2002; hence, a decline in commercial revenues and a

corresponding increase in industrial revnues.

⁴ Revenue decline in the industrial sector in Maine is due to lower sales caused by self-generation by several large industrial customers.

⁵ Reclassification of California Industrial customers in 2001 resulted in a shift of customers from the Industrial to the Commercial sector. Comparison of data of the Commercial and Industrial sectors with prior year same month data might exhibit a wide variance.

Notes: • Values for 2001 have been revised and are preliminary. • Values for 2002 are estimates based on a cutoff model sample. See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-826. Utilities may classify commercial and industrial consumers based on either NAICS codes or demand/or usage falling within specified limits (based on different rate schedules.) • Retail sales and net generation may not correspond exactly for a particular month for a variety of reasons (i.e., sales data may include purchases of electricity from nonutilities or imported electricity). Net generation is for the calendar month while retail sales and associated revenue accumulate from bills collected for periods of time (28 to 35 days) that vary dependent upon customer class and consumption occurring in and outside the calendar month. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions."

Table 50. Relative Standard Error for Revenue from U.S. Electric Utility Retail Sales of Electricity to Ultimate Consumers by Sector, Census-Division, and State, December 2002

(Percent)

(Percent)					
Census Division and State	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other ¹	All Sectors
New England	0.1	0.1	4.6	0.8	0.2
Connecticut	0.1	0.1	1.9	0.8	0.1
Maine	0.1	0.1	1.7	0.6	0.1
Massachusetts	0.1	0.1	7.5	0.5	0.1
New Hampshire	0.4	0.3	6.6	1.2	0.6
Rhode Island	0.1	0.0	1.5	0.1	0.1
Vermont	0.6	0.2	5.2	1.1	0.5
Mid Atlantic	0.1	0.0	2.0	4.4	0.5
New Jersey	0.1	0.0	1.8	0.1	0.1
New York	0.1	0.1	6.6	4.5	0.9
Pennsylvania	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.1
East North Central	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2
Illinois	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.3
Indiana	0.3	0.2	0.5	1.2	0.4
Michigan	0.3	0.4	0.5	2.4	0.2
	0.3		0.5	0.7	0.2
Ohio		0.1			
Wisconsin	0.5	0.5	0.6	1.5	0.4
West North Central	0.4	0.4	1.0	6.6	0.4
Iowa	1.1	1.4	1.7	5.1	0.9
Kansas	0.7	1.0	1.0	NM	0.6
Minnesota	1.0	0.7	1.1	5.5	0.5
Missouri	0.4	0.3	3.6	1.2	0.8
Nebraska	1.3	1.3	3.4	NM	1.2
North Dakota	1.5	1.2	5.7	NM	1.7
South Dakota	1.8	1.2	2.4	NM	1.5
South Atlantic	1.4	0.9	0.8	1.2	1.2
	0.2	0.9	5.7	0.3	0.3
Delaware	0.2	0.2	3.7	0.3	0.3
District of Columbia	-		-		
Florida	1.6	1.1	2.1	1.7	1.5
Georgia	3.1	1.2	1.2	3.9	2.0
Maryland	0.4	0.2	2.0	0.6	0.5
North Carolina	1.7	1.1	0.8	1.9	1.4
South Carolina	2.0	0.9	0.6	1.8	1.4
Virginia	1.1	0.7	0.8	0.4	0.9
West Virginia	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.7	0.1
East South Central	0.6	0.4	0.9	1.3	0.5
Alabama	1.8	1.0	3.1	4.3	1.7
Kentucky	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.5
	1.0	1.0	0.0	5.2	0.5
Mississippi					
Tennessee	0.3	0.3	1.0	0.6	0.6
West South Central	0.8	1.4	0.5	3.6	0.6
Arkansas	0.8	1.2	1.6	6.3	0.8
Louisiana	0.9	0.9	0.2	1.5	0.4
Oklahoma	0.9	1.1	0.7	1.6	0.6
Texas	0.9	1.5	0.4	4.1	0.7
Mountain	0.5	7.0	0.7	9.0	0.8
Arizona	0.7	0.5	1.3	8.7	0.8
Colorado	1.1	1.1	2.0	NM	1.3
Idaho	0.7	0.5	0.6	9.9	0.8
Montana	1.2	0.7	1.4	NM	0.9
Nevada	0.5	NM	0.7	4.3	2.8
New Mexico	1.3	1.5	2.8	NM	1.8
Utah	0.9	1.2	0.8	7.4	1.2
Wyoming	1.1	0.8	0.8	NM	0.7
Pacific Contiguous	0.4	NM	2.9	NM	3.1
California	0.6	NM	3.2	NM	3.7
Oregon	0.9	0.7	2.1	7.0	1.1
Washington	0.9	0.8	4.4	3.9	1.9
	0.4	0.8	0.4	NM	0.4
Pacific Noncontiguous					
Alaska	1.2	1.0	2.9	NM	1.3
Hawaii	-	-	-		-
U.S. Average	0.4	6.8	0.6	2.7	0.6

¹ Includes public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, sales for irrigation, and interdepartmental sales

Notes: • Relative Standard Error is designed to indicate error due to sampling. However, nonsampling error is important for all surveys, census or sample. See technical notes for further information. • It should be noted that such things as large changes in retail sales, reclassification of retail sales, or changes in billing procedures can contribute to unusually high relative standard error.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions."

Table 51. Estimated Revenue from U.S. Electric Utility Retail Sales to Ultimate Consumers by Sector, Census Division, and State, Year-to-Date (December) 2002 and 2001 (Million Dollars)

Census Division	Resid	ential	Comn	nercial	Indu	strial	Oth	ier¹	All Se	ectors
and State	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001
New England	4,931	5,080	4,877	5,083	1,784	2,098	219	191	11,811	12,452
Connecticut	1,367	1,306	1,173	1,152	413	425	55	52	3,008	2,936
Maine ⁴	504	505	401	481	136	262	13	12	1,054	1,260
Massachusetts	2,032	2,213	2,402	2,489	806	927	106	87	5,346	5,716
New Hampshire	474	474	403	412	201	227	17	18	1,095	1,131
Rhode Island	288	327	279	335	103	130	21	14	692	806
Vermont	266	255	217	214	126	127	8	_7	616	604
Mid Atlantic	13,929	13,185	14,382	14,081	4,835	4,968	1,288	971	34,433	33,205
New Jersey	2,843	2,612	3,215	3,162	858	1,025	79	56	6,994	6,855
New York	6,282	6,132	7,511	7,521	1,230	1,242	1,050	764	16,074	15,659
Pennsylvania	4,803	4,440	3,656	3,398	2,747	2,701	159	152	11,365	10,691
East North Central	14,729	13,886	12,187	11,491 3,206	9,699	9,681 1,978	989 543	1,000	37,603 10.129	36,057 9,381
Illinois	3,763 2,140	3,636 2,020	3,673 1,298	1,248	2,151 1.895	1,978	543 60	561 59	5.392	9,381 5.188
Indiana ²	2,140	2,669	2,843	2,754	1,742	1,817	99	96	7,599	7,336
Michigan	4.141	3.937	3.135	3.109	2.754	2.886	227	229	10.257	10.161
Ohio Wisconsin	1.771	1,623	1,238	1,175	1,157	1,138	60	56	4.226	3.992
West North Central	6,970	6,603	4,927	4,889	3,221	3,257	416	401	15,534	15,150
Iowa	1.095	1,046	569	565	680	700	97	96	2,441	2,407
Kansas	979	927	837	799	454	463	46	45	2,315	2,233
Minnesota	1.541	1.475	1.132	1.194	923	942	55	56	3.651	3,666
Missouri	2.232	2.102	1.580	1.540	698	719	70	68	4.580	4.429
Nebraska	601	557	414	398	290	272	109	99	1.414	1.326
North Dakota	241	230	207	199	101	92	19	18	568	539
South Dakota	282	267	189	194	76	70	19	19	566	550
South Atlantic	24,821	23,606	15,971	16,060	7,113	6,973	1,488	1,434	49,393	48,073
Delaware	344	323	273	252	174	178	9	9	800	763
District of Columbia	151	134	628	616	14	13	25	20	818	784
Florida	8,798	8,627	5,156	5,252	1,002	983	456	444	15,412	15,306
Georgia	3,681	3,456	2,539	2,577	1,367	1,454	144	143	7,731	7,629
Maryland ³	1,998	1,884	1,487	1,664	610	425	87	74	4,182	4,048
North Carolina	4,036	3,769	2,567	2,472	1,491	1,491	150	145	8,245	7,877
South Carolina	2,067	1,937	1,189	1,165	1,230	1,205	62	60	4,548	4,367
Virginia	3,097	2,854	1,751	1,691	810	812	546	532	6,204	5,889
West Virginia	650	620	380	371	415	411	8	8	1,453	1,410
East South Central	7,365	6,900	4,651	4,447	4,758	4,552	379	370	17,153	16,269
Alabama	2,141 1,403	1,963 1,308	1,318	1,255 736	1,316	1,264	50 154	48 152	4,825 3,701	4,531 3,396
Kentucky	1,403	1,251	772 821	796	1,372 664	1,200 685	75	74	2,868	2,807
Mississippi Tennessee	2,512	2,378	1,741	1,659	1,406	1,403	99	96	5,759	5,536
West South Central	14,401	14,963	8,890	9,578	6,699	8,086	1,261	1,534	31,251	34,162
Arkansas	1.136	1.159	536	556	703	757	50	52	2.424	2.524
Louisiana	2,052	2.117	1.280	1.383	1.317	1.645	184	210	4.833	5.355
Oklahoma	1.352	1.417	760	847	506	569	185	164	2.803	2.997
Texas ²	9,860	10,271	6,315	6,792	4,173	5,115	843	1,109	21,191	23,286
Mountain	6,051	5,855	5,181	4,928	3,066	3,079	490	483	14,789	14,345
Arizona	2.185	2.179	1,631	1,640	576	612	151	147	4.543	4,578
Colorado	1,124	1,087	1,062	1,044	458	464	96	96	2,739	2,691
Idaho	469	419	406	339	287	263	18	16	1,180	1,036
Montana	294	266	236	219	138	185	24	23	692	693
Nevada	907	866	703	561	834	740	37	35	2,481	2,202
New Mexico	454	442	512	513	240	283	114	114	1,320	1,352
Utah	464	452	459	456	265	264	41	43	1,229	1,215
Wyoming	154	143	173	157	268	268	9	10	604	578
Pacific Contiguous	12,967	12,240	17,259	14,591	5,446	7,235	663	1,099	36,336	35,165
California 5	9,597	9,221	14,736	12,419	4,291	5,823	427	895	29,051	28,358
Oregon	1,289	1,132	1,009	827	535	537	43	36	2,876	2,531
Washington	2,081	1,888	1,515	1,345	621	876	193	169	4,409	4,277
Pacific Noncontiguous	660	655 220	651	668	477	494	35	34	1,823	1,851
Alaska	233	229	226	231	88	84	28	27	575	572
Hawaii	426	425	426 88.977	437	389	410	7 228	7 7.519	1,248	1,279
U.S. Total	106,823	102,972	88,9//	85,816	47,098	50,423	7,228	7,519	250,126	246,730

¹ Includes public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, sales for irrigation, and interdepartmental

sales.

² Residential and commercial revenues in Texas have been adjusted in December to account for over reporting from a major REP in prior months. The year-to-date revenues will remain unchanged.

3 A major utility in Maryland reclassified consumers from commercial to industrial in July 2002; hence, a decline in commercial revenues and a

corresponding increase in industrial revnues.

⁴ Revenue decline in the industrial sector in Maine is due to lower sales caused by self-generation by several large industrial customers.

⁵ Reclassification of California Industrial customers in 2001 resulted in a shift of customers from the Industrial to the Commercial sector. Comparison of data of the Commercial and Industrial sectors with prior year same month data might exhibit a wide variance.

Notes: • Values for 2001 have been revised and are preliminary. • Values for 2002 are estimates based on a cutoff model sample. See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-826. Utilities may classify commercial and industrial consumers based on either NAICS codes or demand/or usage falling within specified limits (based on different rate schedules.) • Retail sales and net generation may not correspond exactly for a particular month for a variety of reasons (i.e., sales data may include purchases of electricity from nonutilities or imported electricity). Net generation is for the calendar month while retail sales and associated revenue accumulate from bills collected for periods of time (28 to 35 days) that vary dependent upon customer class and consumption occurring in and outside the calendar month. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions."

Table 52. U.S. Electric Utility Average Revenue per Kilowatthour by Sector, 1990 Through December 2002

(Cents)

Period	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other ¹	All Sectors
1990	7.83	7.34	4.74	6.40	6.57
1991	8.04	7.53	4.83	6.51	6.75
1992	8.21	7.66	4.83	6.74	6.82
1993	8.32	7.74	4.85	6.88	6.93
1994	8.38	7.73	4.77	6.84	6.91
1995	8.40	7.69	4.66	6.88	6.89
1996	8.36	7.64	4.60	6.91	6.86
1997	8.43	7.59	4.53	6.91	6.85
1998	8.26	7.41	4.48	6.63	6.74
1999	8.16	7.26	4.43	6.35	6.66
2000	0.10	7.20	1.15	0.03	0.00
January	7.66	6.93	4.31	6.20	6.40
February	7.71	6.96	4.32	6.44	6.39
	8.09	7.03	4.31	6.45	6.44
March	8.15	7.05	4.31	6.74	6.43
April		7.03	4.51	****	6.64
May	8.34			6.42	
June	8.56	7.70	4.75	6.74	7.06
July	8.61	7.76	4.95	6.65	7.25
August	8.63	7.93	5.07	6.66	7.34
September	8.51	7.73	4.84	6.71	7.11
October	8.49	7.67	4.74	6.66	6.94
November	8.15	7.34	4.59	6.40	6.66
December	7.82	7.52	4.88	6.57	6.85
Average	8.24	7.43	4.64	6.56	6.81
2001					
January	7.74	7.35	5.02	6.08	6.85
February	8.05	7.53	4.87	6.33	6.88
March	8.31	7.68	4.91	6.38	7.00
April	8.47	7.71	4.90	6.40	7.01
May	8.83	7.72	5.02	6.50	7.15
June	9.03	8.08	5.22	6.49	7.51
July	9.01	8.37	5.51	6.62	7.80
August	8.97	8.33	5.44	6.58	7.77
September	8.89	8.21	5.28	6.34	7.56
October	8.86	8.28	5.05	6.70	7.40
	8.48	7.74	4.78	6.45	6.99
November					7.02
December	8.30	7.66	4.81	6.42	
Average	8.57	7.91	5.07	6.45	7.26
2002	7.00	7.50	4.01	6.51	6.00
January	7.99	7.58	4.81	6.51	6.98
February	8.14	7.62	4.73	6.53	6.96
March	8.14	7.69	4.75	6.51	6.97
April	8.28	7.54	4.67	6.81	6.90
May	8.63	7.73	4.66	6.70	7.06
June	8.72	8.17	5.04	6.76	7.45
July	8.79	8.35	5.13	6.53	7.65
August	8.73	8.29	5.07	6.44	7.57
September	8.62	8.18	4.91	6.43	7.39
October	8.55	8.18	4.85	6.67	7.26
November	8.33	7.80	4.70	6.65	7.00
December	8.10	7.76	4.71	6.74	7.02
Average	8.43	7.93	4.84	6.60	7.21
Year to Date Average	0.43	1.53	7.07	0.00	7.21
2002	8.43	7.93	4.84	6.60	7.21
2001	8.57	7.93 7.91	5.07	6.45	7.26
2000	8.24	7.43	4.64	6.56	6.81
2000	0.24	7.43	4.04	0.50	0.81

¹ Includes public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, sales for irrigation, and interdepartmental

Notes: • Values for 2000 have been adjusted to reflect the Form EIA-861 annual total. See technical notes for methodology. Values for 2001 have been revised and are preliminary. • Values for 2002 are estimates based on a cutoff model sample. See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-826. Utilities may classify commercial and industrial consumers based on either NAICS codes or demand/or usage falling within specified limits (based on different rate schedules.) • Values for 1996 in the commercial and industrial sectors for Maryland, the South Atlantic Census Division, and the U.S. Total reflect an electric utility's reclassification for this information by Standard Industrial Classification Code (SIC). • Retail sales and net generation may not correspond exactly for a particular month for a variety of reasons (i.e., sales data may include purchases of electricity from nonutilities or imported electricity). Net generation is for the calendar month while retail sales and associated revenue accumulate from bills collected for periods of time (28 to 35 days) that vary dependent upon customer class and consumption occurring in and outside the calendar month.

Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.
 Sources: • 1990-2000: Form EIA-861,"Annual Electric Utility Report." • 2001-2002: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions."

Table 53. Estimated U.S. Electric Utility Average Revenue per Kilowatthour to Ultimate Consumers by Sector, Census Division, and State, December 2002 and 2001 (Cents)

Census Division	Resid	ential	Comm	nercial	Indus	strial	Oth	ier ¹	All Se	ctors
and State	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001
New England	11.1	11.6	9.5	10.1	7.9	7.7	13.7	13.0	9.9	10.2
Connecticut	10.6	10.8	9.2	9.4	7.8	7.6	9.0	9.2	9.6	9.7
Maine ²	13.2	12.8	10.5	14.8	4.0	4.3	22.6	22.4	9.8	10.2
Maine ²	10.8	11.8	9.5	9.8	8.8	8.9	16.4	13.8	10.0	10.4
New Hampshire	11.6	12.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	9.8	10.7	12.5	10.7	10.8
Rhode Island ²	10.4	11.4	8.5	9.4	7.8	7.7	24.6	27.3	9.3	10.0
Vermont	12.7	12.5	11.1	11.1	8.5	8.4	17.3	16.3	11.1	10.9
Mid Atlantic	10.7	10.8	9.9	9.8	5.7	5.8	8.6	6.3	9.2	9.1
New Jersey	9.9	9.8 13.1	8.6	9.2 11.3	7.2	8.0	16.1	10.2	9.0 10.7	9.2 10.3
New York	13.1 9.2	9.3	11.7 8.3	8.1	NM 5.8	4.8 5.7	8.0 10.9	5.6 11.0	7.9	7.8
Pennsylvania East North Central	7.6	9.3 7 . 7	7.2	7.0	3.8 4.7	4.6	5.9	5.6	6.4	6.3
Illinois	7. 5	7.7 7.9	8.0	6.8	5.3	4.4	5.5	4.9	6.9	6.4
Indiana ³	6.5	6.8	5.8	6.0	3.9	4.1	8.3	8.3	5.2	5.4
Michigan	8.5	8.0	7.2	7.5	5.2	5.3	9.6	9.7	7.0	7.0
Ohio	7.4	7.6	7.4	7.6	4.7	4.7	5.4	5.4	6.4	6.5
Wisconsin	8.3	8.0	6.5	6.3	4.5	4.3	7.7	7.5	6.5	6.1
West North Central	6.7	6.8	5.4	5.5	4.0	4.2	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.6
Iowa	7.8	7.7	6.1	6.0	3.5	3.7	5.9	5.8	5.6	5.6
Kansas	7.1	7.1	5.9	5.8	4.6	4.5	NM	7.3	6.0	5.9
Minnesota	7.1	7.0	5.5	5.5	4.1	4.7	7.1	7.1	5.6	5.8
Missouri	6.1	6.4	4.8	5.3	4.3	4.2	5.8	5.8	5.3	5.5
Nebraska	6.1	6.0	5.3	5.3	3.7	3.5	NM	5.3	5.1	5.0
North Dakota	6.0	5.9	5.5	5.4	NM	3.2	4.0	3.8	5.2	5.0
South Dakota	7.2	7.0	6.1	6.2	4.6	4.1	NM	4.1	6.2	6.1
South Atlantic	7.4	7.8	6.3	6.4	4.1	4.2	6.4	6.5	6.3	6.5
Delaware	8.0	8.4	6.7	6.7	4.0	4.4	15.8	15.0	6.4	6.5
District of Columbia	7.5	7.3	6.4	6.1	4.3	4.0	6.4	6.0	6.6	6.2
Florida	8.0	8.6 7.2	6.7 6.2	6.9 6.4	5.2 3.8	5.4	7.7 8.0	7.8 8.7	7.2 5.8	7.6 6.1
Georgia	6.6 6.8	7.2	6.7	5.5	3.8	4.1 3.6	9.0	7.3	5.8 5.9	5.8
Maryland North Carolina	7.8	8.1	6.4	6.5	4.6	3.6 4.7	6.8	7.0	6.6	6.6
South Carolina	7.4	7.8	6.4	6.3	3.7	3.7	6.8	6.7	5.7	5.6
Virginia	7.0	7.4	5.7	5.8	4.1	4.1	5.2	5.3	6.0	6.0
West Virginia	6.1	6.2	5.3	5.5	3.8	3.8	9.5	9.4	5.1	5.1
East South Central	6.3	6.5	6.3	6.3	3.6	3.7	6.4	6.5	5.2	5.3
Alabama	6.7	7.0	6.7	6.6	3.6	3.8	7.0	7.6	5.5	5.6
Kentucky	5.3	5.5	5.2	5.2	2.9	2.8	4.5	4.9	4.1	4.0
Mississippi	7.0	7.1	6.8	6.7	4.3	4.3	NM	8.9	6.0	6.0
Tennessee	6.4	6.6	6.4	6.4	4.2	4.6	9.1	8.7	5.8	5.9
West South Central	7.6	7.6	6.8	7.1	4.4	4.5	6.6	6.8	6.2	6.4
Arkansas	6.8	7.5	5.4	5.9	3.9	4.2	NM	6.6	5.3	5.7
Louisiana	7.3	6.5	7.1	6.1	4.7	3.7	7.4	5.8	6.2	5.2
Oklahoma	6.2	6.0	5.5	4.9	3.9	3.4	4.8	4.5	5.3	4.9
Texas	8.1	8.2	7.1	7.7	4.5	5.0	7.1	7.4	6.5	7.0
Mountain	7.5	7.5	6.4	6.4	4.7 4.9	4.5	5.6	5.5	6.3	6.2
Arizona	7.5 7.2	7.3 7.8	6.9 5.4	7.0 5.4	4.9 4.4	4.8 3.6	4.6 NM	4.4 7.4	6.6 5.9	6.6 5.9
ColoradoIdaho	6.6	6.6	6.0	5.9	4.4	4.4	NM	5.1	5.8	5.8
Montana	7.2	6.9	5.9	6.2	4.3	4.6	NM	7.7	6.1	6.1
Nevada	9.5	9.2	NM	9.0	6.6	6.5	7.0	6.4	8.2	8.0
New Mexico	8.5	8.6	7.5	7.7	4.6	5.1	NM	6.0	6.9	7.1
Utah	6.5	6.4	5.1	5.5	3.8	3.5	4.2	4.3	5.1	5.1
Wyoming	6.7	6.4	5.6	5.3	3.6	3.5	NM	4.9	4.7	4.5
Pacific Contiguous	10.2	9.9	NM	10.6	7.1	7.4	6.1	6.7	9.9	9.5
California	13.0	12.3	NM	12.4	8.2	8.4	NM	7.8	11.9	11.2
Oregon	7.3	7.4	6.9	6.9	5.0	5.5	10.1	9.0	6.7	6.8
Washington	6.4	6.5	6.4	6.2	NM	4.3	5.4	4.1	6.2	5.9
Pacific Noncontiguous	14.2	13.5	12.5	12.3	10.6	10.1	11.4	12.7	12.5	12.1
Alaska	11.6	12.0	9.7	10.3	7.2	8.4	10.9	12.6	10.0	10.7
HawaiiU.S. Average	16.3 8.10	14.9	14.8	14.0	11.5 4.71	10.7	14.1	13.1	14.0	13.0
		8.30	7.76	7.66		4.81	6.74	6.42	7.02	7.02

¹ Includes public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, sales for irrigation, and interdepartmental

sales.

² Availability of lower Standard Offer rates to consumers of Massachusetts, Maine, and Rhode Island, resulted in significant revenue declines and subsequent reduction in cost of retail electricity (cent/KWH).

³ General rate reduction in Indiana due to Utility Regulatory Commission Order of September 23, 2002.

Notes: • Values for 2001 have been revised and are preliminary. • Values for 2002 are estimates based on a cutoff model sample. See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-826. Utilities may classify commercial and industrial consumers based on either NAICS codes or demand/or usage falling within specified limits (based on different rate schedules.) • Retail sales and net generation may not correspond exactly for a particular month for a variety of reasons (i.e., sales data may include purchases of electricity from nonutilities or imported electricity). Net generation is for the calendar month while retail sales and associated revenue accumulate from bills collected for periods of time (28 to 35 days) that vary dependent upon customer class and consumption occurring in and outside the calendar month. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions."

Table 54. Relative Standard Error for U.S. Electric Utility Average Revenue per Kilowatthour to Ultimate Consumers by Sector, Census Division, and State, December 2002 (Percent)

Census Division and State	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other ¹	All Sectors
New England	0.2	0.2	5.9	0.8	0.3
Connecticut	0.1	0.2	2.5	0.9	0.2
Maine	0.1	0.1	2.1	0.4	0.1
Massachusetts	0.3	0.3	9.9	0.8	0.4
New Hampshire	0.5	0.7	9.8	2.5	0.8
Rhode Island	0.1	0.1	2.0	0.1	0.1
Vermont	0.8	0.5	6.7	1.7	0.8
Mid Atlantic	0.1	0.1	4.4	8.7	0.6
New Jersey	0.1	0.1	2.3	0.1	0.1
New York	0.1	0.1	NM	8.7	0.9
Pennsylvania	0.2	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.1
East North Central	0.4	0.4	1.0	0.6	0.5
	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.3	0.8
Illinois	1.0	0.4	1.7	3.1	1.4
Indiana	0.3	1.0	1.6	1.9	0.3
Michigan	0.3	0.3	1.6	1.9	1.0
Ohio					
Wisconsin	0.4	1.0	2.7	2.4	0.4
West North Central	0.6	1.0	2.6	4.1	0.7
Iowa	1.0	3.2	5.8	3.6	1.0
Kansas	1.3	2.1	1.2	NM	0.8
Minnesota	0.9	2.0	3.2	4.9	0.7
Missouri	1.3	0.5	4.9	2.9	2.1
Nebraska	2.2	2.2	7.1	NM	1.3
North Dakota	2.5	2.0	NM	7.8	1.6
South Dakota	3.1	2.2	6.8	NM	1.5
South Atlantic	2.2	1.2	1.1	1.7	1.6
Delaware	0.3	0.5	6.7	0.5	0.5
District of Columbia	-	-	-	-	-
Florida	2.6	1.5	3.0	2.5	2.2
Georgia	4.5	1.6	1.7	5.2	2.7
Maryland	0.6	0.7	2.3	1.1	0.7
North Carolina	2.6	1.3	1.1	2.9	1.8
South Carolina	3.1	1.1	0.9	2.5	1.8
Virginia	1.7	0.8	1.2	0.6	1.2
West Virginia	0.2	0.1	0.2	1.3	0.2
East South Central	1.0	0.6	1.8	2.3	1.2
Alabama	2.7	1.3	4.5	6.2	2.4
Kentucky	1.5	0.7	2.2	0.6	2.1
Mississippi	1.9	2.2	1.0	NM	1.0
Tennessee	1.0	0.6	3.3	1.5	2.0
West South Central	1.6	3.1	0.6	7.5	0.9
Arkansas	1.6	2.4	2.0	NM	1.1
Louisiana	1.7	1.8	0.2	2.3	0.6
Oklahoma	1.6	2.2	1.0	2.3	0.0
Texas	1.7	3.3	0.6	9.0	1.0
Mountain	1.4	9.6	1.0	8.0	1.2
Arizona	1.4	0.8	1.8	5.8	1.3
	3.1	1.8	2.9	NM	2.3
Colorado	1.0	0.6	1.9	NM	2.3
Idaho	2.2				0.9
Montana		1.2	3.1	NM	***
Nevada	0.5	NM	0.8	4.6	3.7
New Mexico	3.8	2.6	4.2	NM	3.3
Utah	2.7	2.0	1.1	7.8	2.0
Wyoming	1.9	1.5	2.0	NM	0.7
Pacific Contiguous	0.5	NM	4.1	6.5	4.0
California	0.5	NM	4.3	NM	5.1
Oregon	1.3	0.8	6.7	7.0	3.6
Washington	1.4	0.9	NM	5.7	4.5
Pacific Noncontiguous	0.6	0.5	0.6	7.2	0.6
Alaska	1.8	1.3	3.9	9.0	1.9
Hawaii	-	-	=	-	-
U.S. Average	0.6	8.6	1.0	3.0	0.8

¹ Includes public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, sales for irrigation, and interdepartmental sales

Notes: • Relative Standard Error is designed to indicate error due to sampling. However, nonsampling error is important for all surveys, census or sample. See technical notes for further information. • It should be noted that such things as large changes in retail sales, reclassification of retail sales, or changes in billing procedures can contribute to unusually high relative standard error.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions."

Table 55. Estimated U.S. Electric Utility Average Revenue per Kilowatthour to Ultimate Consumers by Sector, Census Division, and State, Year-to-Date (December) 2002 and 2001

(Cents)

Census Division	Resid	ential	Comn	nercial	Indu	strial	Oth	ier¹	All Se	ectors
and State	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001
New England	11.2	12.0	9.8	10.4	7.5	8.1	13.5	12.5	9.9	10.5
Connecticut	11.0	10.9	9.3	9.3	7.7	7.6	9.6	9.3	9.7	9.6
Maine ²	12.5	12.9	10.6	12.6	3.8	5.5	22.6	21.7	9.2	10.1
Maine ² Massachusetts ²	10.9	12.3	10.0	10.5	8.2	9.1	14.7	13.2	10.0	10.9
New Hampshire	11.7	12.5	10.0	10.5	8.9	9.2	11.7	13.7	10.5	11.0
Rhode Island ²	10.2	12.1	8.4	10.3	7.8	9.4	24.4	21.3	9.2	10.9
Vermont	12.8	12.5	11.1	11.1	7.9	7.9	16.4	14.8	10.9	10.8
Mid Atlantic	11.3	11.4	10.2	10.3	5.8	5.9	8.4	6.2	9.5	9.4
New Jersey	10.4	10.3	9.0	9.2	7.5	8.2	15.4	11.0	9.4	9.4
New York	13.5	13.9	12.1	12.4	4.9	5.0	7.8	5.6	10.9	10.9
Pennsylvania	9.6	9.5	8.3	8.2	5.8	5.7	11.4	9.6	8.0	7.8
East North Central	8.0	8.1	7.5	7.2	4.7	4.6	6.1	5.9	6.6	6.5
Illinois	8.4	8.7	8.3	7.4	5.6	4.8	5.6	5.4	7.4	6.8
Indiana 3	6.9	6.9	6.0	5.8	4.0	4.0	9.4	6.3	5.3	5.3
Michigan	8.5	8.4	7.5	7.6	4.9	5.2	11.1	10.9	7.0	7.1
Ohio	8.1	8.3	7.7	7.9	4.7	4.7	5.4	5.7	6.6	6.7
Wisconsin	8.1	7.9	6.5	6.4	4.4	4.3	7.9	7.7	6.2	6.1
West North Central	7.4	7.4	6.0	6.0	4.3	4.4	6.2	5.9	6.0	6.0
Iowa	8.3	8.4	6.6	6.7	4.0	4.2	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.1
Kansas	7.6	7.7	6.2 5.9	6.2	4.6	4.6	7.7 7.9	7.4	6.3	6.3
Minnesota	7.5 7.1	7.6 7.0	5.9 5.9	6.0 5.9	4.2 4.5	4.6 4.5	6.1	7.6 6.1	5.9 6.1	6.0 6.1
Missouri		6.5	5.9 5.6		4.5 3.9	4.5 3.7	5.9			
Nebraska	6.7 6.5	6.5	6.0	5.5 5.9	3.9 4.0	3.7	3.9 4.2	5.4 4.0	5.5 5.6	5.3 5.5
North Dakota	7.5	7.5	6.3	6.5	4.6	3.9 4.4	4.2	3.9	6.4	5.5 6.4
South Atlantia	7.3 7.9	8.0	6.5				6.5			6.7
South Atlantic Delaware	8.6	8.0 8.6	7.3	6.6 6.9	4.3 4.2	4.4 4.4	16.5	6.5 14.2	6.6 6.8	6. 6
District of Columbia	8.4	7.9	7.3	7.2	4.9	4.8	6.2	5.5	7.3	7.2
	8.4	7.9 8.6	6.7	7.0	5.3	4.8 5.4	7.8	7.8	7.3	7.7
FloridaGeorgia	7.7	7.9	6.5	6.7	4.0	4.3	8.6	8.6	6.3	6.5
Maryland	7.7	7.7	6.8	6.3	3.9	4.1	9.2	8.1	6.5	6.5
North Carolina	8.2	8.1	6.5	6.4	4.7	4.7	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.7
South Carolina	7.8	7.7	6.5	6.5	3.9	3.9	6.6	6.4	5.9	5.8
Virginia	7.7	7.7	5.8	5.8	4.1	4.2	5.1	5.1	6.2	6.1
West Virginia	6.2	6.2	5.4	5.4	3.8	3.7	10.6	10.4	5.1	5.1
East South Central	6.6	6.5	6.3	6.2	3.8	3.8	6.3	6.3	5.4	5.4
Alabama	7.1	7.1	6.7	6.6	3.9	3.9	7.2	7.1	5.7	5.6
Kentucky	5.6	5.5	5.3	5.2	3.1	3.1	4.6	4.6	4.3	4.2
Mississippi	7.3	7.4	6.8	7.0	4.4	4.5	9.0	9.0	6.3	6.3
Tennessee	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.3	4.3	4.4	8.9	8.7	5.7	5.7
West South Central	7.8	8.4	6.7	7.5	4.5	5.1	6.7	7.2	6.4	7.0
Arkansas	7.3	7.7	6.0	6.2	4.2	4.5	6.9	7.0	5.8	6.0
Louisiana	7.3	7.9	6.8	7.6	4.4	5.5	6.5	7.6	6.1	6.9
Oklahoma	6.7	7.2	5.8	6.3	3.8	4.2	5.2	5.6	5.6	6.0
Texas	8.1	8.8	6.8	7.8	4.8	5.3	7.3	7.5	6.8	7.4
Mountain	7.9	7.8	6.6	6.5	4.9	4.8	4.9	4.8	6.5	6.4
Arizona	8.3	8.3	7.3	7.4	5.3	5.3	3.8	3.8	7.1	7.2
Colorado	7.3	7.5	5.7	5.7	4.4	4.4	6.5	6.7	6.0	6.0
Idaho	6.8	6.1	5.8	5.2	4.6	3.6	5.5	4.8	5.8	5.0
Montana	7.2	6.8	6.0	5.6	4.1	5.6	7.9	7.1	5.9	6.1
Nevada	9.4	9.0	9.1	8.5	7.3	6.5	6.1	6.0	8.4	7.8
New Mexico	8.6	8.7	7.4	7.5	4.7	5.4	5.2	5.1	6.7	7.0
Utah	6.7	6.7	5.5	5.6	3.8	3.6	4.1	4.1	5.3	5.2
Wyoming	6.9	6.6	5.7	5.4	3.6	3.4	5.2	4.6	4.7	4.4
Pacific Contiguous	10.1	9.8	11.5	10.8	7.3	7.8	5.7	6.8	10.0	9.5
California	12.2	12.2	13.3	12.8	8.7	9.1	5.9	7.6	11.8	11.4
Oregon	7.4	6.5	6.9	5.6	5.0	4.4	9.4	8.1	6.6	5.7
Washington	6.5	6.0	6.3	5.7	4.2	5.2	5.0	4.3	5.9	5.6
Pacific Noncontiguous	14.0	14.4	12.3	12.7	10.0	10.5	13.0	13.5	12.1	12.5
Alaska	12.1	12.1	10.2	10.2	7.7	7.7	13.0	13.3	10.4	10.5
Hawaii	15.3	16.0	13.8	14.5	10.7	11.3	13.3	14.0	13.1	13.7
U.S. Average	8.43	8.57	7.93	7.91	4.84	5.07	6.60	6.45	7.21	7.26

¹ Includes public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, sales for irrigation, and interdepartmental sales. ² Availability of lower Standard Offer rates to consumers of Massachusetts, Maine, and Rhode Island, resulted in significant revenue declines and

subsequent reduction in cost of retail electricity (cents/KWH).

General rate reduction in Indiana due to Utility Regulatory Commission Order of September 23, 2002.

Notes: • Values for 2001 have been revised and are preliminary. • Values for 2002 are estimates based on a cutoff model sample. See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design for the Form EIA-826. Utilities may classify commercial and industrial consumers based on either NAICS codes or demand/or usage falling within specified limits (based on different rate schedules.) • Retail sales and net generation may not correspond exactly for a particular month for a variety of reasons (i.e., sales data may include purchases of electricity from nonutilities or imported electricity). Net generation is for the calendar month while retail sales and associated revenue accumulate from bills collected for periods of time (28 to 35 days) that vary dependent upon customer class and consumption occurring in and outside the calendar month. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions."

Monthly Plant Aggregates: U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002

Company (Holding Company)				ration lowatthours)				onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Alabama Elec Coop Inc	311,336	-6	32,908	3,277	-	_	141	_	394
Gantt (AL)		-	-	938	-	-	-	-	-
Lowman (AL)		-	3,108	-	-	-	141	-	21
McWilliams (AL)			29,800		_	_	_	_	373
Point A (AL)		-	-	2,339	-	-	_	-	-
Portland (FL)		-6	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Alabama Power Co	4,559,298	3,617	442,548	812,708	1,240,922	_	2,104	7	3,632
Bankhead Dam (AL)		-	-	33,718	-	-	=	-	-
Barry (AL)		-	296,811	-	1.240.922	-	417	-	2,162
Farley (AL)Gadsden New (AL)			283		1,240,922		24	*	4
Gaston, E C (AL)		1,346	203	_	_	_	445	2	-
GE Plastics (AL)		· -	55,079	-	-	-	_	-	639
Gorgas (AL)		867		-	-	-	301	2	
Greene County (AL)		1,404	9,205	41 427	-	-	136	3	121
H Neely Henry Dam (AL) Harris (AL)		-	_	41,437 32,001	_	_	_	-	-
Holt Dam (AL)		-	-	31.485	_	_	-	-	_
Jordan (AL)		-	-	58,574	-	-	-	-	-
Lay Dam (AL)		-	-	110,469	-	-	-	-	-
Lewis Smith Dam (AL)		-	-	27,500	-	-	-	-	-
Logan Martin Dam (AL) Martin Dam (AL)		_	_	73,936 59,728	_	_	_	_	_
Miller (AL)		-	2,895	39,726	-		782		41
Mitchell Dam (AL)		-	-,	97,997	-	-	-	-	-
Thurlow Dam (AL)		-	-	39,918	-	-	-	-	-
Walter Bouldin Dam (AL)		-	-	142,237	-	-	-	-	-
Washington County (AL) Weiss Dam (AL)		-	78,275	40,207	-	-	-	-	666
Yates Dam (AL)		-	-	23,501	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska Elec Lgt & Pwr Co		2		32,452					
Annex Creek (AK)		-		2,514	-	-	-	-	-
Auke Bay (AK)		-	_	2,51.	_	-	-	-	-
Gold Creek (AK)		-	-	494	-	-	-	-	-
Lemon Creek (AK)		2	-	2.700	-	-	-	*	-
Salmon Creek (AK) Snettisham (AK)		-	-	2,790 26,654	-	-	-	-	-
, ,		-	-	20,034	-	_	-	_	-
Alexandria (City of) D G Hunter (LA)		-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-
		-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Amer Mun Power-Ohio Inc		-	207 207	-	-	-	68 68	-	3 3
Ameren-UE	,	1.076	6,739	19 520	741 242	4.536		3	101
Callaway (MO)		1,976	0,739	48,520	741,242 741,242	4,536	1,905	3	101
Howard Bend (MO)		-	_	_	7 11,2 12	-	_	-	_
Jefferson City (MO)		7	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Keokuk (IA)		-	-	69,263	-	-	-	-	-
Kirksville (MO)		1,762	-9	-	-	-	883	- 2	-
Labadie (MO) Meramec (MO)		1,762	7,915	-	_	-	201	*	86
Mexico (MO)		10	-	_	_	-	-	*	-
Moberly (MO)		32	-	-	_	-	_	*	-
Moreau (MO)		19	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Osage (MO) Peno Creek (MO)		62	159	394	-	-	-	-	3
Portable (MO)		02	139	-	_	-	-		-
Rush Island (MO)		77	_	-	_	-	492	*	_
Sioux (MO)	624,531	6	-	-	-	4,536	329	*	-
Taum Sauk (MO)		-	1 202	-21,137	-	-	-	-	-
Venice No. 2 (IL) Viaduct (MO)		-	-1,292 -34	-	-	-	-	-	12
			-34	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ames (City of)		85 85	-	-	-	-	21	- *	-
Ames (IA)		85	-	-	-	-	21	*	-
711105 Gt (1/1)		-	-	-	-	-	-		-

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					Consumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Anchorage (City of)		24	55,500	11,829	-	=	-	-	720
Anchorage (AK)		1	122	-	-	-	-	*	4
Eklutna (AK)				11,829	-	-	-	7	
GMS 2 (AK)	·····	23	55,378	-	-	-	-	*	716
Appalachian Power Co	3,153,844	9,180	-	69,371	-	-	1,278	15	-
Amos, John E (WV)		6,594	-	-	-	-	628	11	-
Buck (VA)		-	-	4,821	-	-	-	-	-
Byllesby 2 (VA)		-	-	6,599	-	-	-	-	-
Claytor (VA)		462	-	23,857	-	-	185	1	-
Glen Lvn (VA)		1,513			-	-	49	3	_
Kanawha River (WV)		203	_	_	_	_	88	*	_
Leesville (VA)			-	5,735	-	-	-	-	-
London (WV)		-	-	9,521	-	-	-	-	-
Marmet (WV)		-	-	7,824	-	-	-	-	-
Mountaineer (WV)		408	-	-	-	-	329	1	-
Niagara (VA)		-	-	371	-	-	-	-	-
Reusens (VA)		-	-	2,419 -4,600	-	-	-	-	-
Smith Mountain (VA) Winfield (WV)		_	_	12,824	_	_	_	-	_
		-		12,024	-	-		-	
Arizona Elec Pwr Coop Inc		-	1,872	-	=	-	135	-	29
Apache Station (AZ)	244,200	-	1,872	-	-	-	135	-	29
Arizona Public Service Co		513	93,355	2,612	2,812,543	-	895	1	1,031
Childs (AZ)				1,568	-	-	.	-	-
Cholla (AZ)		480	167	-	-	-	343	1	2
Fairview (AZ) Four Corners (NM)		24	12.576	-	-	-	552	*	122
Irving (AZ)	,	-	12,576	1,044	-	-	332	-	132
Ocotillo (AZ)		-	4,942	1,044	-	_	-	-	80
Palo Verde (AZ)		_	1,5 12	_	2,812,543	_	_	_	-
Phoenix (AZ)		_	49,621	-	-,,	-	-	-	534
Saguaro (AZ)		-	110	-	-	-	-	-	3
Yucca (AZ)		9	25,939	-	-	-	-	*	281
Arkansas Elec Coop Corp	<u>-</u>	40,400	683	43,329	_	_	_	67	7
Bailey (AR)		21,020	182	-	-	-	-	35	2
Clyde Ellis (AR)		-	-	5,797	-	-	-	-	-
Dam #2 (AR)		-	-	29,863	-	-	-	-	-
Dam 9 (AR)		-	-	7,669	-	-	-	-	-
Fitzhugh (AR)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fulton (AR) Mc Clellan (AR)		19,380	501	-	-	-	-	31	5
				-	-	-	-		
Arkansas Power & Light Co		743	2,639	9,164	1,353,074	-	904	2	41
Arkansas Nuclear One(AR) Blytheville (AR)		-	-	-	1,353,074	-	-	-	-
Carpenter (AR)		-	-	6,043	-	-	-	-	-
Couch, Harvey (AR)		-	3,019	0,043	-	-	-	-	41
Independence (AR)		613	-	_	_	-	362	2	-
L Catherine (AR)		-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-
Mablevale (AR)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Remmel (AR)		-	-	3,121	-	-	-	-	-
Ritchie, R E (AR)		-	-380	-	-	-		-	-
White Bluff (AR)	851,485	130	-	-	-	-	543	*	-
Associated Elec Coop		349	35,357	-	-	-	812	1	319
Chouteau (MO)		-	24,756	-	-	-	-	-	213
Essex (MO)		-	424	-	-	-	-	-	-
Holden (MO)		-	434 3,810	-	-	-	-	-	4 44
Nadaway (MO) New Madrid (MO)		65	3,810	-	_	-	426	*	44
St Francis (MO)		-	6,357	-	-	-		_	57
Thomas Hill (MO)		278	-	_	_	-	385	1	-
Unionville (MO)		6	-	_	_	-	-	*	-

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company) Plant (State)			Gener (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)			Consumption (thousand)			
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Atlantic City Elec Co (Continued)										
Deepwater (NJ) England, B L (NJ)		25 11,762	451	-		-	18 50	* 11	7 -	
Austin (City of)		,	123,674	_	_	_	-	<u>-</u>	1,377	
Decker Creek (TX)	-	-	97,443	-	-	-	-	-	1,094	
Holly Street (TX) Sandhill (TX)		-	21,227 5,004	-	-	-	-	-	226 57	
Avista Corporation		-	2,730	252,083	_	32,210	_	_	27	
Boulder Park (WA)		-	1,945	-	-	-	-	-	18	
Cabinet Gorge (ID) Kettle Fls (WA)		-	785	72,824	-	32,210	-	-	9	
Little Falls (WA)		-	765	11,743	-	32,210	-	-	-	
Long Lake (WA)		-	-	28,098	-	-	-	-	-	
Monroe Street (WA)		-	-	8,969	-	-	-	-	-	
Nine Mile (WA) Northeast (WA)		-	-	7,954	-	-	-	-	-	
Noxon Rapids (MT)	 	-	-	110,350	-	-	-	-	_	
Post Falls (ID)	-	-	-	5,163	-	-	-	-	-	
Rathdrum (ID)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Upper Falls (WA)		-	-	6,982	-		-	-	-	
Basin Elec Power Coop		581 27	-	-	-	478	1,609 519	1	-	
Antelope Valley (ND) Laramie River (WY)		42	-	-	-	-	749	*		
Leland Olds (ND)		512	_	-	-	-	341	1	_	
Prairie Winds (ND)		-	-	-	-	478	-	-	-	
Spirit Mound (SD)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Black Hills Pwr and Lt Co		99	11,282	-	-	-	93	-	129	
French, Ben (SD)	14,931	17	1,079	-	-	-	13 47	*	18	
Neil Simpson 2 (WY) Osage (WY)		5	10,203	_	_	_	22	-	111	
Simpson, Neil (WY)		77	-	-	-	-	11	*	-	
Braintree (City of)		2,047	694	_	_	_	_	4	9	
Potter Station (MA)		2,047	694	-	-	-	-	4	9	
Brazos Elec Pwr Coop Inc		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Miller, R W (TX)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
North Texas (TX)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Brownsville (City of)		-	958 958	-	-	-	-	-	12 12	
Bryan (City of)			21,219						252	
Bryan (TX)		-	1.846	-	-	-	-	-	232	
Dansby (TX)		-	19,373	-	-	-	-	-	230	
Burbank (City of)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Magnolia (CA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Olive (CA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Burlington (City of)		44	204	-	-	22,589	-	-	3	
Burlington (VT) J C McNeil (VT)		18 26	204	-	<u>-</u>	22,589	-	*	3	
California (State of)		20	204	156,555		22,30)			,	
Alamo (CA)		-	-	6.527	-	-	-	-	-	
Bottle Rock (CA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Devil Canyon (CA)		-	-	86,776	-	-	-	-	-	
Edw Hyatt (CA) Mojave Siphon (CA)		-	-	67,874 4,202	-	-	-	-	-	
Thermal Div (CA)	 	-	-	1,824	-	-	-	-	-	
Thermalito (CA)		-	-	12,129	-	-	-	-	-	
W E Warne (CA)	-	-	-	45,764	-	-	-	-	-	
William R Gianelli (CA)		-	-	-68,541	-	-	-	-	-	
Cardinal Operating Co	962,723	2,411	-	-	-	-	393	4	-	

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Cardinal Operating Co (Continued)		2.411					202		
Cardinal (OH)	962,723	2,411	-	-	-	-	393	4	-
Carolina Power & Light Co	2,671,159	8,750	22,134	95,515	2,534,250	-	1,071	22	259
Asheville (NC)	222,480	828	220	-	-	-	88	2	4
Blewett (NC)		-39	-	16,672	-	-	-	*	-
Brunswick (NC)		-	-	-	1,285,249	-	-	-	-
Cape Fear (NC)		-197	-	-	-	-	63	*	-
Darlington County (SC)		775	658	-	-	-	-	4	16
Harris (NC)		1,112	-	-	696,922	-	72	2	-
Lee (NC)		1,112	-	407	-	-	12	2	-
Mayo (NC)		807		407			173	1	
Morehead (NC)		-	_	_	_	_	-	-	_
Richmond (NC)		97	21,256	_	_	_	_	1	239
Robinson, H B (SC)		334		_	552,079	-	31	1	
Rowan (NC)		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Roxboro (NC)	1,323,549	1,653	-	-	-	-	518	3	-
Sutton (NC)		805	-	-	-	-	98	2	-
Tillery (NC)		-	-	29,305	-	-	-	-	-
Walters (NC)		25	-	49,131	-	-	-		-
Wayne County (NC)		2,403	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
Weatherspoon (NC)	69,406	172	-	-	-	-	27	1	-
Cedar Falls (City of)	3,475	-	-39	_	-	691	2	-	-
Cedar Falls Gt (IA)		-	35	-	-	-	2	-	*
IDWGP (IA)		-	-	-	-	691	-	-	-
Streeter (IA)		-	-74	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cent NE Pub Pwr & Ir Dist	_	_	_	10,909	_	_	_	_	_
Jeffrey Canyon (NE)		_	_	3,319	_	_	_	_	_
Johnson No 1 (NE)		-	_	2,784	-	-	_	-	_
Johnson No 2 (NE)		-	-	3,455	-	-	_	-	-
Kingsley (NE)		-	-	1,351	-	-	-	-	-
Central Elec Pwr Coop	47,308	6	_	_	_	_	30	_	_
Chamois (MO)		6	_	_	_	_	30	*	_
				15 212					
Central Hudson Gas & Elec		310	8	15,312	-	-	-	I 1	-
Coxsackie (NY) Dashville (NY)		306	8	2.534	-	-	-	1	
High Falls (NY)		-	-	1.175	-	-	-	-	-
Neversink (NY)				3,577					
South Cairo (NY)		4	_	5,577	_	_	_	*	_
Sturgeon Pool (NY)		-	_	8,026	_	_	_	_	_
- · · ·		1.561	6.040	-,-			222		25
Central Illinois Light Co		1,561	6,849	-	-	-	222	3	35
Duck Creek (IL) E D Edwards (IL)		664 897	-	-	-	-	77 145	2	-
Pekin Cogen (IL)		097	6,828	-	-	-	143	2	35
Sterling Avenue (IL)		_	21	_	_	_		_	*
			21						
Central Illinois Public Service Co		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Coffeen (IL)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Tower (IL) Hutsonville (IL)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Meredosia (IL)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Newton (IL)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central Iowa Power Coop		-	163	-	-	-	15	-	2
Fair Station (IA)		-	113	-	-	-	15	-	1
Summit Lake (IA)		-	50	-	-	-	-	-	1
Central Louisiana Elec Co	758,783	-	119,460	_	_	_	565	_	1,140
Dolet Hills (LA)		-	25	-	-	-	386	-	*
Franklin (LA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rodemacher (LA)		-	40,949	-	-	-	179	-	434
Teche (LA)		-	78,486	-	-	-	-	-	706

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					Consumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Central Operating Co (Continued) Sporn, Phil (WV)		4,829	-	-	-	-	176	7	-
Chelan Pub Util Dist #1 Chelan (WA) Rock Island (WA)		-	-	694,993 21,758 202,487	-	-	- -	<u>-</u> -	-
Rocky Reach (WA)		-	-	470,748	-	-	-	-	-
Chillicothe (MO)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*
Chugach Elec Assn Inc		-	191,774 163,190	60,171	-	-		-	2,329 1,978
Bernice Lake (AK) Bradley Lake (AK) Cooper Lake (AK)		-	237	55,785 4,386	- -	-	-	-	3
International (AK) Soldotna (AK)		-	45 28,302	4,360 - -	-	-	- -	- -	4 343
Cincinnati Gas Elec Co	2,656,381	2,718 1,240	952	-	-	-	1,078 278	6 3	32
Dicks Creek (OH) East Bend (KY)	420,606	752	-	-		-	181	1	-
Miami Fort (OH) W. H. Zimmer (OH) Woodsdale (OH)	936,289	618 92 16	952	-	-	-	284 334	1 * *	32
Clarksdale (City of)		-	1,352 1,352	-	-	-	-	-	25 25
Third St (MS)		33	39	-	-	-	-	-	1
Collinwood (OH) Lake Road (OH)	-	21	11	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	*	*
West 41st Street (OH)		12 2.461	28	- -16,210	- 931,166	-	348	*	1
Ashtabula (OH) Eastlake (OH)	56,597	312 1,211	-	-10,210 - -		-	34 280	1 2	-
Lake Shore (OH) Perry (OH) Seneca (PA)		938	-	- -16,210	931,166	-	34	2	-
Coffeyville (City of)		-	- -	-10,210	-	-	-	-	-
Colorado Springs(City of)	256,259	142	14,947 1,640	1,220	-	-	144 55	-	267 20
George Birdsal (CO)		-	12,898	- -4	-	-		-	242
Ray D. Nixon (CO) Ruxton (CO)	146,612	142	409	-		-	89	*	5 -
Tesla (CO) Columbia (City of)		-	-	1,224	-	-	5	-	-
Columbia (MO) Columbus Southern Pwr Co		731	-	-	-	-	5 358	2	-
Conesville (OH)	746,943	640 91	-	- -	-	-	358 1	1 1	-
Consol Edison Co N Y Inc		-12	52,138	- -	-	-	-	- -	611
74Th Street (NY)	-	-12	-	-		- -		-	-
East River (NY)		- -	-	-	-	- -	- -	-	-
Indian Point (NY) Oil Storage (NY) Oil Storage (NY)		- - -	-	- - -	- - -	-	- - -	- - -	-

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gene (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)				onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Consol Edison Co N Y Inc (Continued) Waterside (NY)			52,138	_			_		611
Consolidated Water Pwr Co			52,150	14,955					011
Biron (WI)		-	-	3,204	_	_	_		-
Du Bay (WI)		-	-	3,720	-	-	-	-	-
Stevens Point (WI)		-	-	2,409	-	-	-	-	-
Wisconsin Rapids (WI) Wisconsin River Di (WI)		-	-	4,489 1,133	-	-	-	-	-
Consumers Power Co	1,867,711	28,140	21,622	-55,149	507,080	-	938	66	307
Alcona (MI)		-	-	1,629 785	-	-	-	-	-
Campbell, J H (MI)	970,577	591	_	-	_	_	467	1	_
Cobb, B C (MI)		-	2,118	_	-	-	99	-	21
Cooke (MI)		-	-	1,685	-	-	-	-	-
Croton (MI)		-	-	2,096	-	-	-	-	-
Five Channels (MI)		-	-	1,536 2,007	-	-	-	-	-
Gaylord (MI)		-	709	2,007	-	-	-	-	11
Hardy (MI)		_	-	4,484	_	-	-	-	-
Hodenpyl (MI)		-	-	2,656	-	-	-	-	-
Karn, DE (MI)		27,470	16,870	- 1 124	-	-	149	65	250
Loud (MI) Ludington (MI)		-	-	1,134 -79.927	-	-	-	-	-
Mio (MI)		-	-	891	-	-	-	-	-
Morrow, B E (MI)		-	140	-	-	-	-	-	2
Palisades (MI)		-	-	-	507,080	-	-	-	-
Rogers (MI)		-	-	1,416	-	-	-	-	-
Straits (MI)		-	32	-	-	-	-	-	1
Thetford (MI) Tippy, C W (MI)		-	599	4,118	-	-	-	-	11
Weadock, J C (MI)		-	1,154	4,116	-	_	106	-	11
Webber (MI)		-	-	341	-	_	-	-	-
Whiting, J R (MI)		79	-	-	-	-	116	*	-
Cooperative Power Asso	735,872	614	_	_	_	_	648	1	_
Bonifacius (MN)		80	-	_	-	-	-	*	-
Coal Creek (ND)	735,872	534	-	-	-	-	648	1	-
Corn Belt Power Coop	129	_	4	-	-	_	-	-	-
Wisdom, Earl F (IA)	129	-	4	-	-	-	*	-	*
Dairyland Power Coop	457,037	433	489	4,100	_	_	260	1	8
Alma (WI)	68,238	48	-	-	-	-	39	*	-
Elk Mound (WI)		-	489	4 100	-	-	-	-	8
Flambeau (WI)Genoa (WI)		52	-	4,100	-	-	95	- *	-
J P Madgett (WI)		333			-	-	126	1	_
Dayton Pwr & Lgt Co (The)	*	3,639	1,704				731	6	16
Frank M Tait (OH)	1,930,276	3,039	-120	-	-	-	731	-	*
Hutchings (OH)		-	1,824	-	-	-	17	*	16
Killen Station (OH)	424,457	421	-	-	-	-	162	1	-
Monument (OH)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sidney (OH) Stuart, J M (OH)		3,218	-	-	-	-	551	5	-
Yankee Street (OH)		3,216	-	-	-	-	331	<i>-</i>	-
Denton (City of)									
Lewisdale (TX)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Roberts (TX)		-	_	-	-	_	_	-	_
Spencer (TX)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deseret Gen & Trans Coop		281	_	_	_	_	186	1	_
Bonanza (UT)		281	-	-	-	-	186	ī	-
Detroit (City of)		787	16,060	_	_	_	_	5	187
Mistersky (MI)		787	16.060	_	_	_	-	5	187

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)				onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Detroit Edison Co (The)		52,515	65,637	-	733,036	-	1,671	88	871
Beacon Heating (MI)			-1,596	-	-	-	-	-	.
Belle River (MI)		1,777	9,346	-	-	-	436	3	144
Central Storage (MI)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colfax (MI)		-	-254	-	-	-	-	*	-
Conners Creek (MI)		-55	-234	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dayton (MI) Delray (MI)		-33	-	-	_	_	_		_
Enrico Fermi (MI)		-57	_	_	733,036	_	_	*	_
Greenwood (MI)		27,241	32,056	_	-	_	_	45	327
Hancock (MI)		-	2,696	-	-	-	-	-	39
Harbor Beach (MI)	15,573	195	· -	-	-	-	7	*	-
Marysville (MI)		-	-6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monroe (MI)		8,164	-	-	-	-	590	14	-
Northeast (MI)		233	495	-	-	-	-	*	10
Oliver (MI)		22	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Placid (MI)		54	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Putnam (MI)		49	-	-	-	-	-	*	257
River Rouge (MI)		4	14,042	-	-	-	121	*	257
Slocum (MI)		-51	0.050	-	-	-	206	20	94
St. Clair (MI)		14,596 -57	8,858	-	-	-	306	26	94
Superior (MI) Trenton Channel (MI)		305	-	-	-	-	210	1	-
Wilmott (MI)		95					210	*	
		,,,		***					
Douglas Pub Util Dist #1 Wells (WA)		-	-	338,080 338,080	-	-	-	-	-
		-		336,060	-	-	-	-	-
Dover (City of)		-	254	-	-	-	5	-	4
Dover (OH)	7,396	-	254	-	-	-	5	-	4
Dover Electric Dept		4,623	277	_	_	_	_	8	3
Mckee Run (DE)		3,749	277	-	-	-	-	6	3
Van Sant (DE)		874	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Duke Power Co	3,472,005	3,729	-1	149,859	5,373,561	_	1,318	15	_
99 Islands (SC)		3,727	-1	6,206	3,373,301		1,516	-	
Allen (NC)		2,402	_		_	_	116	4	_
Bad Creek (SC)		-,	_	-46,202	_	_	-	_	_
Bear Creek (NC)		-	-	4,062	-	-	-	-	-
Belews Creek (NC)		733	-	´ -	-	-	584	1	-
Bridgewater (NC)		-	-	6,096	-	-	-	-	-
Bryson (NC)		-	-	102	-	-	-	-	-
Buck (NC)		-34	-1	-	-	-	34	1	*
Buzzard Roost (SC)		-121	-	6,083		-	-	*	-
Catawba (SC)		-	-	2.000	1,742,277	-	-	-	-
Cedar Cliff (NC)		-	-	3,098	-	-	-	-	-
Cedar Creek (SC)		507	-	20,426	-	-	96	- 1	-
Cliffside (NC)		587	-	16,146	-	-	86	1	-
Cowans Ford (NC) Dan River (NC)		-128	-	10,140	_	_	10	2	_
Dearborn (SC)		-120	_	22,939	_	_	-	_	_
Dillsboro (NC)		_	_	28	_	_	_	_	_
Fishing Creek (SC)		_	_	21,154	_	_	_	_	_
Franklin (NC)		_	_	-47	_	_	_	_	_
Gaston Shoals (SC)		-	-	2,336	-	-	-	-	-
Great Falls (SC)		-	-	3,179	-	-	-	-	-
Jocassee (SC)		-	-	-34,502	-	-	-	-	-
Keowee (SC)		-	-	3,515	-	-	-	-	-
Lee (SC)		-15	-	-	-	-	13	2	-
Lincoln (NC)		-1,016	-	0.775	-	-	-	-	-
Lookout Shoals (NC)		1 450	-	8,775	-	-	445	- 2	-
Marshall (NC)		1,459	-	-	1 606 202	-	445	2	-
Mc Guire (NC)		-	-	-3	1,696,392	-	-	-	-
Mission (NC)		-	-	-3 11,784	-	-	-	-	-
Mountain Island (NC)Nantahala (NC)		-	_	-49	-	-	-	-	-
Oconee (SC)		-		- 4 7	1,934,892	_	-	-	-
Oxford (NC)		-	_	13,409	1,734,092	-	-	-	-
Oueens Creek (NC)		-	-	540	-	-	-	-	-

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Duke Power Co (Continued)									
Rhodhiss (NC)	61,843	-138	-	7,714	-	-	29	2	-
Rocky Creek (SC)	01,043	-136	-	2,264	-	-	-	- -	_
Tennessee Creek (NC)	-	-	-	4,918	_	_	_	-	_
Thorpe (NC)	-	-	-	10,287	-	-	-	-	-
Tuckasegee (NC)	-	-	-	1,123	-	-	-	-	-
Tuxedo (NC)	-	-	-	2,849	-	-	-	-	-
Wateree (SC)	-	-	-	33,176 18,453	-	-	-	-	_
	-			10,433	-	-		-	
East Kentucky Power Coop	885,327	173	8,677	-	-	-	379	-	115
Cooper (KY) Dale (KY)	208,168 119,084	56 76	-	-	-	-	88 55	*	-
Smith (KY)	119,064	25	8,677				-	*	115
Spurlock, H L (KY)	558,075	16	-	_	_	_	236	*	-
	,		124 640						1.510
El Paso Electric Co	_	_	134,649 230		_	_		_	1,510
Newman (TX)	_	_	96.025	_	_	_	-	-	1,045
Rio Grande (NM)	-	-	38,394	-	-	-	_	-	460
Electric Energy Inc	744,071	_	1,667				438		24
Joppa Steam (IL)	744,071	-	1,667				438		24
**				2.500		2 207			
Asbury (MO)	156,136 115,536	75 73	975	3,789	-	2,207 2,207	84 61	*	28
Energy Center (MO)	113,330	2	79		-	2,207	-	*	4
Ozark Beach (MO)	_	-	-	3,789	_	_	_	_	
Riverton (KS)	40,600	-	660	-	-	-	23	-	8
State Line (MO)	-	-	236	-	-	-	-	-	16
Energy Northwest	_	_	_	5,567	837,172	_	_	_	_
Packwood (WA)	-	-	-	5,567	-	-	_	-	_
WNP-2 (WA)	-	-	-	-	837,172	-	-	-	-
Eugene (City of)	_	_	_	22,167	_	_	_	_	_
Carmen (OR)	-	-	-	16,578	-	-	-	-	-
Leaburg (OR)	-	-	-	5,589	-	-	-	-	-
Walterville (OR)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Willamette (OR)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fayetteville (City of)	-	-20	2,159	-	-	-	-	-	31
Pod #2 (NC)	-	-20	2,159	-	-	-	-	*	31
Florida Power & Light Co	-	1,001,689	2,252,49	_	2,352,348	_	_	1,622	17,892
Cape Canaveral (FL)	-	94,218	33,460	-	-	-	-	148	366
Cutler (FL)	-		1,462	-	-	-	-		24
Fort Meyers (FL)	-	6,035	520,927	-	-	-	-	18	3,993
Lauderdale (FL)	-	30 454.377	478,685	-	-	-	-	736	3,808
Manatee (FL)	_	127,736	518,874	_	_	_	_	201	4,180
Port Everglades (FL)	_	111,097	46,711	_	_	_	_	187	578
Putnam (FL)	_	-	47,478	-	-	-	-	-	531
Riviera (FL)	-	93,021	19,454	-	-	-	-	148	170
Sanford (FL)	-	-	539,139	-		-	-	-	3,748
St. Lucie (FL)	-	115 175	46.205	-	1,277,141	-	-	102	406
Turkey Point (FL)	-	115,175	46,305	-	1,075,207	-	-	183	496
Florida Power Corporation	484,718	379,653	371,628	-	634,766	-	188	612	2,907
Anclote (FL)	-	218,388	582	-	-	-	-	356	6
Avon Park (FL)	-	13	142 826	-	-	-	-	237	2 15
Bartow, P L (FL) Bayboro (FL)	-	151,879 1,433	820	-	-	-	-	3	13
Crystal River (FL)	484,718	3,931	-	-	634,766	-	188	6	_
Debary (FL)	-	1,231	10,049	-	-	_	-	3	111
Higgins (FL)	-	-,	994	-	-	-	-	-	14
Hines Energy (FL)	-	=	183,835	-	-	-	-	-	1,320
Intercession City (FL)	-	1,917	9,732	-	-	-	-	4	112
Port St. Joe (FL)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration lowatthours)				onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Florida Power Corporation (Continued)		12							
Rio Pinar (FL)Suwannee River (FL)		13 848	132	-	-	-	-	2	2
Tiger Bay (FL)		-	132,109	-	-	-	-	-	989
Turner, G E (FL)		-	22 227	-	-	-	-	*	225
Univ Proj (FL)		_	33,227	-	-	-	-	-	335
Fort Pierce (City of)		5 5	588 588	-	-	-	-	*	13 13
Fremont (City of)		-	606 606	-		-	23 23	-	7 7
Gainesville (City of)		557	16,561	-	_	_	56	1	214
Deerhaven (FL)		440	13,470	-	-	-	56	1	170
Kelly, J R (FL)		117	3,091	-	-	-	-	*	44
Newman, C E (TX)		-	34,319 42	-	-	-	-	-	476 3
Olinger, Ray (TX)		-	34,277	-	-	-	-	-	473
Georgia Power Co		7,658	1,221	190,574	2,535,437	-	2,476	16	13
Arkwright (GA)Atkinson (GA)		-9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Barnett Shoals (GA)		-		281	_	_	_	-	
Bartlett Ferry (GA)		-	-	47,740	-	-	-	-	-
Bowen (GA) Burton (GA)		-19	-	2,873	-	-	639	-	-
Dahlberg ((GA)		-	-	2,073	-	-	-	-	-
Estatoah (GA)		-	-	40	-	-	-	-	-
Flint River (GA) Goat Rock (GA)		-	-	2,923 14,443	-	-	-	-	-
Hammond (GA)	. 296,649	2,055	-	-	-	-	126	4	-
Harllee Branch (GA)		720	-	-	1 201 201	-	315	1	-
Hatch, Edwin I. (GA) Langdale (GA)		-	-	72	1,301,301	-	-	-	-
Lloyd Shoals (GA)		-	-	8,200	-	-	-	-	-
Mcdonough, J (GA) Mcmanus (GA)		447 -239	997	-	-	-	104	1	9
Mitchell, W (GA)		81	-	-	-	-	17	*	-
Morgan Falls (GA)	. '-	-	-	2,759	-	-	-	-	-
Nacoochee (GA)		-	-	1,882 13,795	-	-	-	-	-
North Highlands (GA) Oliver Dam (GA)		-	-	23,066	-	-	-	-	-
Riverview (GA)		-	-	51	-	-	-	-	-
Robins (GA)		261	224	-	-	-	607	1	3
Scherer (GA) Sinclair Dam (GA)		2,080	-	17.991	-	-	697	4 -	-
Tallulah Falls (GA)		-	-	19,998	-	-	-	-	-
Terrora (GA)		-	-	5,339 13,415	-	-	-	-	-
Tugalo (GA) Vogtle (GA)		-	-	13,413	1,234,136	-	-	-	-
Wallace Dam (GA)		-	-	9,243		-	-	-	-
Wansley (GA)		-67	-	-	-	-	418	*	-
Wilson (GA) Yates (GA)		197 2,151	-	-	-	-	160	4	-
Yonah (GA)	,	-	-	6,463	-	-	-	-	-
Glendale (City of)	 	-	7,160 7,160	-	- -	6,329 6,329	-	-	99 99
Golden Valley Elec Assn	. 17,901	37,671	-	-	_	_	18	69	_
Fairbanks (AK)		330	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Healy (AK) North Pole (AK)		42 37,299	-	-	-	-	18	* 68	-
* '			-	-	-	-		00	-
Grand Haven (City of)		1 1	-	-		-	12	*	*
J B Simms (MI)		-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					Consumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Grand Island (City of)	56,850	11	-46	-	-	-	34	-	4
Burdick, C W (NE) Platte (NE)		11	-46	-	-	-	34	- *	4
Grand River Dam Authority	*	3	301	12.000	-	-	407		5
GRDA No 1 (OK)		3	301	-12,069	-	-	407	*	5
Markham (OK)		-	-	-176	-	-	-	-	-
Pensacola (OK)		-	-	1,553 -13,446	-	-	-	-	-
Grant Pub Util Dist #2		_	_	827,841	_	_	_	_	_
Pec Hdwks (WA)		-	-	· -	-	-	-	-	-
Priest Rapids (WA)		-	-	413,755	-	-	-	-	-
Quincy Chut (WA) Wanapum (WA)		-	-	414,086	_	-	-	-	-
Green Mountain Power Corp		251	_	9,318	_	1,498	_	1	_
Berlin (VT)		222	-	, -	-		-	î	-
Bolton Falls (VT) Colchester (VT)		-	-	1,964	-	-	-	-	-
Essex Junction 19 (VT)		-	-	2,830	-			-	_
Gorge 18 (VT)		-	-	1,053	-	-	-	-	-
Marshfield 6 (VT) Middlesex 2 (VT)		-	-	667 954	-	-	-	-	-
Searsburg (VT)		-	-	-	-	1,498	-	-	-
Vergennes 9 (VT)		29	-	1,044 607	-	-	-	*	-
West Danville 15 (VT)	 	-	-	199	-	-	-	-	-
Gulf Power Company		376	181,987	_	_	_	302	1	1,262
Crist (FL)	466,543	321	478	-	-	-	208	1	5
Scholz (FL) Smith (FL)		21 34	181,509	-	-	-	10 84	*	1,257
Gulf States Utilities Co	,	26	769.844	27,098	733,393		245		8,626
Lewis Creek (TX)		-	170,793	-	-	-	-		1,811
Louisiana 1 (LA)	399.812	21	68,890	-	-	-	245	-	1.020
Nelson, R S (LA) River Bend (LA)		-	08,890	-	733,393	-	245	-	1,029
Sabine (TX)		5	474,216	-	-	-	-	*	5,012
Toledo Bend (TX) Willow Glen (LA)		-	55,945	27,098	-	-	-	-	775
Hamilton (City of)			748	26,264			15		11
Hamilton (OH)	25,818	-	748	-	-	-	15	-	11
Hamilton Hydro (OH)		-	-	202 26,062	-	-	-	-	-
Vanceburg Hydro (KY)		-	150	20,002	-	-	- 22	-	-
Hastings (City of)		-	-172 -23	-	-	-	32	-	*
North Denver (NE)		-	-149	-	-	-	-	-	-
Whelan (NE)	,	-	-	-	-	-	32	-	-
Hawaii Electric Light Co		41,980 394	-	116	-	104	-	95 1	-
Keahole (HI)		5,617	-	-	-			13	_
Lalamilo (HI)		-	-	-	-	104	-	- 22	-
Puma (HI) Puueo (HI)		14,189	-	-4	-	-	-	33	-
Shipman (HI)		2,543	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
W. H. Hill (HI) Waiau (HI)		18,537	-	120	-	-	-	40	-
Waimea (HI)		700	-	120	-	-	-	1	-
Hawaiian Elec Co Inc		371,576	_	-	-	_	-	611	-
Honolulu (HI)		3,492	-	-	-	-	-	9 452	-
Kahe (HI) Oil Storage (CA)		282,848	-	-	-	-	-	432	-
Waiau (HI)		85,236	-	-	-	-	-	151	-

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Homestead (City of)	Generation nd kilowatthou	urs)			Consumption (thousand)	
Holm, Dion R (CA) Kirkwood, Robert C (CA) Moccasin (CA) Moccasin (CA) Moccasin (CA) Moccasin (CA) Holland (City of) 48 Street (MI) 31	s Hydr	o Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Kirkwood, Robert C (CA)	- 98,1	73 -	-	_	-	_
Moccasin (CA)	- 58,9		-	-	-	-
Molcasin Low (CA)	- 20,6		-	-	-	-
Holland (City of)	- 18,6	45 -	-	-	-	-
48 Street (MI)	-	-	-	-	-	-
6Th Street (MI)			-	14	-	57
James De Young (MI)	28	-	-	-	-	56
Homestead (City of)	53		-	14	-	1
G W Ivey (FL)		-	-	14	-	•
Hoosier Energy Rural 759,617 567 Merom (IN)	32 32		-	-	*	6 6
Merom (IN). Ratts (IN). Ratts (IN). Ratts (IN). Ratts (IN). Ratts (IN). Ratts (IN). Ratts (IN). Ratts (IN). 132,578 56 Plant No. 1 (MN). - 20 Plant No. 2 (MN). 20 Plant No. 2 (MN).				255	1	
Ratts (IN)	-		-	355 295	1	-
Hutchinson (City of)	-			60	*	_
Plant No. 1 (MN)	26			00		
Plant No. 2 (MN)	36 36	-	-	-	*	*
Idaho Power Co	-		-	-	_	_
American Falls (ID) Bliss (ID) Brownlee (ID) Cascade (ID) Clear Lake (ID) Hells Canyon (OR) Lower Malad (ID) Lower Salmon (ID) Milner (ID) Mountain Home (ID) Salmon (ID) Strike, C J (ID) Strike, C J (ID) Swan Falls (ID) Twin Falls (ID) Tuyper Malad (ID) Loper Salmon (ID) Twin Falls (ID) Twin Falls (ID) Twin Falls (ID) Touger Salmon (ID) IES Utilities Co. Searcy GT (IA) Amanosa (IA) Arnold, Duane (IA) Arnold, Duane (IA) Fox Lake (MN) Crimell (IA) Fox Lake (MN) Crimell (IA) Possible (IA) Fox Lake (MN) Crimell (IA) Possible (0.5				10
Bliss (ID) Brownlee (ID) Cascade (ID) Clear Lake (ID) Hells Canyon (OR) Lower Malad (ID) Milner (ID) Mountain Home (ID) Salmon (ID) Salmon (ID) Salmon (ID) Salmon (ID) Strike, C. J (ID) Swan Falls (ID) Swan Falls (ID) Thousand Springs (ID) Thousand Springs (ID) Typer Malad (ID) Upper Malad (ID) Upper Salmon (ID) Sam Falls (ID) Swan Falls (ID) Thousand Springs (ID) Swan Falls (ID)	38 407,8 1		-	-	-	18
Brownlee (ID)	- 26,9		_		_	
Cascade (ID) Clear Lake (ID)	- 112,2		_	-	-	_
Clear Lake (ID)		22 -	_	_	_	_
Lower Malad (ID)	- 1,2	73 -	-	-	-	-
Lower Salmon (ID)	- 98,9		-	-	-	-
Milner (ID) - - 1,4 Oxbow (OR) - - 1,4 Oxbow (OR) - - - Salmon (ID) - 1 Shoshone Falls (ID) - - - Strike, C J (ID) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 8,7		-	-	-	-
Mountain Home (ID)	- 18,3		-	-	-	-
Oxbow (OR) -	- 3,5:	-	-	-	-	18
Salmon (ID) - 1 Shoshone Falls (ID) - - Strike, C J (ID) - - Swan Falls (ID) - - Thousand Springs (ID) - - Twin Falls (ID) - - Upper Malad (ID) - - Upper Salmon (ID) - - ES Utilitée 962 7,1 6Th Stret (IA) - - Amasoa (IA	- 48,9	79 -			-	-
Shoshone Falls (ID)	-	-	-	_	*	-
Swan Falls (ID)	- 9,6	21 -	-	-	-	-
Thousand Springs (ID)	- 34,8		-	-	-	-
Twin Falls (ID) Upper Malad (ID) Upper Salmon (ID) Upper Salmon (ID) IES Utilities Co	- 10,1		-	-	-	-
Upper Malad (ID)	- 4,6 - 5,7		-	-	-	-
Upper Salmon (ID) Upper Salmon (ID) Upper Salmon (ID) IES Utilities Co	- 4,8				-	_
Upper Salmon (ID)	- 9,7		_	_	_	_
IES Utilities Co	- 8,8		-	_	-	-
6Th Street (IA). 10,700 - 2,5 Agency GT (IA) 105	19 4	15 428,684	2,948	640	3	314
Agency GT (IÁ)		- 420,004	641	22	-	110
Anamosa (IA)	13		-	-	*	*
Arnold, Duane (IA)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Burlington (IA) 118,879 - Centerville (IA)95 Dubuque (IA) 27,788 -8 6 Fox Lake (MN)15 -2 Grinnell (IA) Hills (MN)24 Iowa Falls (IA) Kapp, M L (IA) 93,583 - 1 Lansing (IA) 76,054 93 Lime Creek (IA) - 347 Maquoketa (IA) Marshalltown (IA) - 769 Montgomerry (MN) 769 Montgomerry (MN) 15 New Albin (IA) 444,062 -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Centerville (IA) - -95 Dubuque (IA) 27,788 -8 6 Fox Lake (MN) - -15 -2 Grinnell (IA) - - -15 -2 Grinnell (IA) - - -24	20	- 428,684	-	74	-	-
Dubuque (IÀ) 27,788 -8 6 Fox Lake (MN) - -15 -2 Grinnell (IA) - - -1 Hills (MN) - -24 -24 Iowa Falls (IA) - - -3 Kapp, M L (IA) 93,583 - 1 Lansing (IA) 76,054 93 - Lime Creek (IA) - - 347 Maquoketa (IA) - - - Marshalltown (IA) - - 769 Montgomery (MN) - - - New Albin (IA) - - - Ottumwa (IA) 444,062 -	-		-	/4	-	
Fox Lake (MN)15 -2 Grinnell (IA) Hills (MN) 24 lowa Falls (IA) Kapp, M L (IA) 93,583 - 1 Lansing (IA) 76,054 93 Lime Creek (IA) - 347 Maquoketa (IA) Marshalltown (IA) - 769 Montgomery (MN) 15 New Albin (IA) Ottumwa (IA) 444,062 -	10		_	16	*	8
Hills (MN)24 Iowa Falls (IA) Kapp, M L (IA) - 93,583 - 1 Lansing (IA) - 76,054 93 Lime Creek (IA) - 347 Maquoketa (IA) 347 Marshalltown (IA) - 769 Montgomery (MN)15 New Albin (IA) Ottumwa (IA) 444,062 -	32		-	_	*	4
Iowa Falls (IA). - - Kapp, M L (IA). 93,583 - Lansing (IA). 76,054 93 Lime Creek (IA) - 347 Maquoketa (IA) - - Marshalltown (IA) - 769 Montgomery (MN) - -15 New Albin (IA) - - Ottumwa (IA) 444,062 -	99		-	-	-	*
Kapp, M L (IA) 93,583 - Lansing (IA) 76,054 93 Lime Creek (IA) - 347 Maquoketa (IA) - - Marshalltown (IA) - 769 Montgomery (MN) - -15 New Albin (IA) - - Ottumwa (IA) 444,062 -	-	-	-	-	*	-
Lansing (IA) 76,054 93 Lime Creek (IA) - 347 Maquoketa (IA) - - Marshalltown (IA) - 769 Montgomery (MN) - -15 New Albin (IA) - - Ottumwa (IA) 444,062 -		-1 -	-	63	-	2
Lime Creek (IA) - 347 Maquoketa (IA) - - Marshalltown (IA) - 769 Montgomery (MN) - -15 New Albin (IA) - - Ottumwa (IA) 444,062 -	40		_	56	*	2
Maquoketa (IA) - - Marshalltown (IA) - 769 Montgomery (MN) - -15 New Albin (IA) - - Ottumwa (IA) 444,062 -	_	1 1	-	-	1	_
Marshalltown (IA) - 769 Montgomery (MN) - -15 New Albin (IA) - - Ottumwa (IA) 444,062 -	- 3	85 -	-	_	-	-
New Albin (IA) Ottumwa (IA) 444,062 -	-		-	-	2	-
Ottumwa (IA)	-	-	-	-	*	-
	-		-	202	-	-
	80	-	2,307	282 78	*	6
	80 77		2,307	7.0	-	135
Sutherland (IA) - 74,627 - 4,0			-	50	-	48
	21 11,7	00		_		6

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)				onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Imperial Irrigation Dist (Continued)									
Brawley (CA)		19	261	-	-	-	-	*	4
Coachella (CA) Double Weir (CA)		-	261	-	-	-	-	-	4
Drop 2 (CA)		-		2,488	_		-	_	
Drop 3 (CA)		-	-	2,043	-	-	-	-	-
Drop 4 (CA)		-	-	4,873	-	-	-	-	-
Drop No 1 (CA)		-	-	1,207	-	-	-	-	-
Drop No. 5 (CA)		-	-	537	-	-	-	-	-
E Highline (CA)		-	-	307	-	-		_	-
Pilot Knob (CA)		-	-	274	- -	-	-	_	_
Rockwood (CA)		-	160		_	-	-	-	2
Turnip (CA)		-	-	70	-	-	-	-	-
Independence (City of)	9,578	-297	542	_	_	_	7	_	8
Blue Valley (MO)			542	_	-	-	7	_	8
Jackson Square (MO)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Missouri City (MO)		-322	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Station H (MO)		25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Station I (MO)		25	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
Indiana Michigan Power Co		2,900	-	6,172	1,562,297	-	871	6	-
Berrien Springs (MI)		-	-	1,995	-	-	-	-	-
Buchanan (MI) Constantine (MI)		-	-	1,092 303	-	-	-	-	-
Cook, Donald C. (MI)		-	-	303	1,562,297	_		-	
Elkhart (IN)		_	_	835	1,502,257	_	_	_	_
Fourth Street (IN)		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Mottville (MI)		-	-	326	-	-	-	-	-
Rockport (IN)		1,887	-	-	-	-	611	4	-
Tanners Creek (IN)		1,013	-	1.621	-	-	261	2	-
Twin Branch (IN)		-	-	1,621	-	-	-	-	-
Indiana Mun Power Agency		1	16	-	=	-	-	-	-
Anderson (IN)		1	16	-	-	-	-	*	•
Indiana-Kentucky El Corp		380	-	-	-	-	292	1	-
Clifty Creek (IN)	564,336	380	-	-	-	-	292	1	-
Indianapolis Pwr & Lgt Co	1,491,085	1,009	309	_	-	_	694	2	12
Georgetown (IA)		-	115	-	-	-	-	-	5
Petersburg (IN)		937	-	-	-	-	483	2	-
Pritchard, H T (IN)		117	104	-	-	-	53	*	7
Stout, Elmer W (IN)		-45	194	-	-	-	159	*	/
International Bound & Water Comm		-	-	-46	-	-	-	-	-
Amistad (TX)		-	-	-73 27	-	-	-	-	-
Falcon (TX)		-	-	2.7	-	-	-	-	-
Interstate Power Co		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dubuque (IA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fox Lake (MN)Hills (MN)		_		_	_	_		_	-
Kapp, M L (IA)		-		_	-	-		-	_
Lansing (IA).		-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-
Lime Creek (IA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Montgomery (MN)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Albin (IA)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jacksonville (City of)		245,353	50,985	-	-	929	291	218	573
Brandy Branch (FL)		-	15,596	-	-	-	-	-	185
Girvin Road (FL)		200	265	-	-	750	-	- 1	- *
Kennedy, J D (FL)		289 87,874	-265 35,654	-	-	179	-	1 159	388
Southside (FL)		-	JJ,0J 4	-	-	-	-	139	-
St. Johns River (FL)		157,190	-	-	=	-	291	57	-
Jamestown (City of)		89	1,327				13	-	13

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					Consumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Jersey Central Power&Light Co Forked River (NJ). Yards Creek (NJ).		1,859 1,859	1,240 1,240	-11,915 -11,915	- - -	-	-	4 4	20 20
Kansas City (City of)		88	318		_	_	158	_	6
Kaw (KS)		-	-	-	-	-	_	.	-
Nearman Creek (KS)		88	318	-	-	-	105 53	*	6
Kansas City Pwr & Lgt Co		1,102	-536	_	_	_	1,230	3	-
Grand Ave (MO)		´ -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hawthorn (MO)		312	-536	-	-	-	208 279	- 1	-
Iatan (MO) La Cygne (KS)		278			-	-	592	1	
Montrose (MO)		899	-	_	-	_	150	2	_
Northeast (MO)		-387	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kauai Electric Company		14,750	-	-	-	-	-	26	-
Port Allen (HI)		14,750	-	-	-	-	-	26	-
Kentucky Power Co		8,825 8,825	-	-	-	-	49 49	14 14	-
Kentucky Utilities Co	*	2,803	1,866	8,898	_	-	626	5	43
Brown, E W (KY)	315,906	493	1,915	´ -	-	-	139	1	43
Dix Dam (KY)		2.021	-	8,900	-	-	445	4	-
Ghent (KY) Green River (KY)		2,021 267	-	-	-	-	445 36	4	_
Haefling (KY)		207	-49	-	-		-	-	_
Lock 7 (KY)		-	-	-2	-	-	-	-	-
Pineville (KY)		- 22	-	-	-	-	- 7	- *	-
Tyrone (KY)		22	-	-	-	-	/	•	-
Key West (City of)		99 2	-	-	-	-	-	*	
Cudjoe (FL)		4	_	_	_	_	_	*	_
Key West (FL)		-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-
Stock Island (FL)		15	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Stock Island D 1 (FL)		78		-	-	-	-		
KeySpan Energy Barrett, E F (NY)		785,913 46,596	171,445 83,275	-	-	-	-	1,283 79	1,857 885
Brookhaven (NY)		29.070	63,273	-	-	_	_	65	005
East Hampton (NY)		-31	_	_	-	-	_	-	_
Far Rockway (NY)		-	-353	-	-	-	-	-	*
Glenwood (NY)		-81	55,957	-	-	-	-	*	635
Holbrook (NY) Montauk (NY)		2,939 -6	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
Northport (NY)		570,890	27,696	-	-	-	-	910	285
Port Jefferson (NY)		136,657	4,870	_	-	-	_	224	51
Shoreham (NY)		-59		-	-	-	-	*	-
Southhampton (NY)		-7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Southold (NY) West Babylon (NY)		-18 -37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			2 100	_	_	_	_	(7	24
KG&E - Western Resources Evans, Gordon (KS)		40,879 39,486	3,108 3,061	-	-	-	-	67 63	34 30
Gill, Murray (KS)		1,393	232	-	-	-	-	4	4
Neosho (KS)		-	-185	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kings River Conserv Dist			-	- -		- -	-	- -	-
Kissimmee (City of)		5	64,999	_	_	_	_	_	704
Cane Island (FL)		-	64,617	-	-	-	-	-	695
Kissimmee (FL)		5	382	-	-	-	-	*	8
KPL - Western Resources		9,757	1,137	-	-	-	1,029	19	19
Abilene (KS)	-	-	-58	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					Consumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
KPL - Western Resources (Continued)	••••								
Hutchinson (KS)		7,822	548	-	-	-	726	16	11
Jeffrey (KS)		1,935	185	-	-	-	726 220	4	2
Lawrence (KS) Tecumseh (KS)		-	462	_	-	-	83	-	6
Lafayette Util Sys (City)	,		5,506				-		67
Doc Bonin (LA)			5,506	-		-	-	-	67
Rodemacher (LA)		-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-
Lake Worth (City of)									
Smith, Tom G (FL)				-	-				-
Lakeland (City of)		35,232	56,107			1,459	67	15	485
Larsen Memorial (FL)		-322	-94	-	-	1,439	-	*	2
Mcintosh, C D (FL)		35,554	56,201	_	-	1,459	67	15	483
Lansing (City of)	185,781	_	_	_	_	_	111	_	_
Eckert Station (MI)			-	-	-		74		_
Erickson (MI)		-	-	_	-	-	38	-	-
Moores Park (MI)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lincoln (City of)		19	62	_	_	218	_	_	1
Lincoln J Street (NE)		-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Rokeby (NE)		19	62	-	-	-	-	*	1
Salt Valley (NE)		-	-	-	-	218	-	-	-
Logansport (City of)		-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-
Logansport (IN)	10,673	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-
Los Angeles (City of)	1,224,878	700	251,664	64,164	-	-	492	1	2,587
Big Pine Creek (CA)		-	-	346	-	-	-	-	-
Castaic (CA)		-	-	49,063	-	-	-	-	-
Control Gorge (CA) Cottonwood (CA)		-	-	904 298	-	-	-	-	-
Division Creek (CA)		-	-	289	-	-	-	-	
Foothill (CA)		-	-	1,371	-	-	_	-	-
Franklin Canyon (CA)		-	-	3,635	-	-	_	-	-
Haiwee (CA)	-	-	-	-85	-	-	-	-	-
Harbor (CA)	-	-	29,840 132,725	-	-	-	-	-	263 1,421
Haynes (CA)Intermountain (UT)		700	132,723	_	_		492	1	1,421
Middle Gorge (CA)		700	_	917	_	-	- 7/2	-	_
Pleasant Valley (CA)		-	-	-8	-	-	-	-	-
San Fernando (CA)		-	-	-10	-	-	-	-	-
San Francisquito 1 (CA)		-	-	6,319	-	-	-	-	-
San Francisquito 2 (CA)		-	-	-2 160	-	-	-	-	-
Sawtelle (CA) Scattergood (CA)		-	86,383	100	-	-	-	-	874
Upper Gorge (CA)		-	-	967	-	-	_	-	-
Valley (CA)		-	2,716	-	-	-	-	-	29
Louisiana Pwr & Light Co		_	456,448	_	823,094	_	_	_	5,453
Buras (LA)		-		_	-	-	_	-	´ -
Little Gypsy (LA)		-	62,164	-	-	-	-	-	533
Monroe (LA)		-	292.282	-	-	-	-	-	3.792
Nine Mile Point (LA) Sterlington (LA)		-	292,282 66,765	-	-	-	-	-	702
Waterford (LA)		-	-	-	823,094	-	-	-	-
Waterford (LA)		-	35,237	-	-	-	-	-	426
Louisville Gas & Elec Co	1,340,650	_	4,813	18,162	_	_	614	_	54
Cane Run (KY)	297,255	-	1,106		-	-	140	-	13
Mill Creek (KY)		-	3,428	.	-	-	317	-	39
Ohio Falls (KY)		-	270	18,162	-	-	-	-	-
Paddys Run (KY)	362,167	-	279	-	-	-	158	-	3
Trimble County (KY)	302,10/	-	_	-	-	-	138	-	-
Zorn (KY)		_		_	_	_	_		_

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					Consumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Lower Colorado River Auth		1,099	154,386	14,804 2,338	-	-	631	3	1,577
Buchanan (TX)		_	-	710	-	_	-	-	
Granite Shoals (TX)		-	-	2,176	-	-	-	-	-
Inks (TX) Mansfield (TX)	-	-	-	239 7,866	-	-	-	-	-
Marble Falls (TX)		-	_	1.475	-			-	_
Sam Seymour (TX)		1,099	-	-	-	-	631	3	-
Sim Gideon (TX)		-	77,551	-	-	-	-	-	772 804
T. C. Ferguson (TX)		-	76,835	-	-	-	-	-	
Lubbock (City of)		-	40,925 2,449	-	-	-	-	-	405 32
Cooke (TX)LP&L Co GEN		-	14,338	-	-	-	-	-	150
Massengale (TX)		-	24,138	-	-	-	-	-	223
Madison Gas & Elec Co	23,225	46	8,259	_	_	3,496	15	_	119
Blount Street (WI)	23,225	-	4,197	-	-	1,069	15	-	62
Fitchburg (WI)		-	336	-	-	-	-	- *	7
Marinette (WI) Nine Springs (WI)		46	3,585	-	-	-	-	_	47
Sycamore (WI)		-	141	-	_	_	-	-	4
Wind Energy (WI)		-	-	-	-	2,427	-	-	-
Manitowoc (City of)	16,000	7,550	96	_	-	_	10	4	1
Custer St (WI)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Manitowoc (WI)	*	7,550	96	-	-	-	10	4	I
Marquette (City of)		2,373	-	1,098	-	-	21	6	-
Plant Four (MI) Plant Two (MI)	-	2,319	-	827	-	-	-	6	-
Russell, Frank J (MI)		-	_	271	-	_	_	_	_
Shiras (MI)	31,185	54	-	-	-	-	21	*	-
Marshall (City of)		-47	-63	-	-	143	1	-	_
Marshall (MO)	1,381	-47	-63	-	-	143	1	-	*
Mass Mun Wholesale Elec		2,776	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
Stonybrook (MA)	-	2,776	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
Maui Electric Co Ltd		95,328	-	-	-	-	-	165	-
Cook (HI)		3,280 19,948	-	-	-	-	-	5 45	-
Kahului (HI) Maalaea (HI)		69,652	-	-	-	-	-	110	_
Miki Basin (HI)		2,448	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
Mcpherson (City of)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
McPherson 3 (KS)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plant No. 2 (KS)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medina Electric Coop Inc		-	2,108	-	-	-	-	-	30
Pearsall (TX)		-	2,108	-	-	-	-	-	30
Merced Irrigation Dist		-	-	3,720	-	-	-	-	-
Canal Creek (CA)		-	_	3,737	-	_	-	-	-
Fairfield (CA)		-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
Mcswain (CA)		-	-	-17	-	-	-	-	-
Parker (CA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Michigan So Cent Pwr Agen Endicott (MI)		1,856 1.856	-	-	-	-	14 14	1	-
MidAmerican Energy		1,030	5,433	2,477	_	-	1,157	1	69
Coralville (IA)		-34	-33	4,411 -	-	-	1,15/	-	-
Council Bluffs (IA)	567,275	22	405	-	-	-	336	*	4
Electrifarm (IA)		-	115	-	-	-	- 221	- *	5
George Neal South (IA) Louisa (IA)		114 1	1,621	-	-	-	221 243	*	17
Moline (IL)		-	- 1,021	2,477	-	_	243	_	-

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration lowatthours)				Consumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
MidAmerican Energy (Continued)	•••••								
Neal, George (IA)	519,775	-	1,813	-	-	-	313	-	19
Parr (IA)		-38	-38	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pleasant Hill (IA)		-9	-156	-	-	-	-	*	-
River Hills (IA) Riverside (IA)		-	1,760	_	-	-	44		25
Sycamore (IA)	,	-54	-54	_	_	_		_	-
Minnesota Power Inc		539		32,267			440		
Blanchard (MN)		-	-	7,032			440		
Boswell (MN)		465	-		_	-	403	1	-
Fond Du Lac (MN)		-	-	3,401	-	-	-	-	-
Hibbard, M L (MN)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Knife Falls (MN)		- 74	-	617	-	-	- 27	-	-
Laskin (MN) Little Falls (MN)		74	-	3,087	-	-	37	T	-
Pillager (MN)		-	-	586	_	-	_	-	
Prairie River (MN)		-	-	172	-	_	_	-	-
Scanlon (MN)		-	-	527	-	-	-	-	-
Sylvan (MN)		-	-	746	-	-	-	-	-
Thompson (MN)		-	-	15,009	-	-	-	-	-
Winton (MN)		-	-	1,090	-	-	-	-	-
Minnkota Power Coop Inc		2,979	-	-	-	-	400	5	-
Young, Milton R (ND)	473,316	2,979	-	-	-	-	400	5	-
Mississippi Power Co	1,676,979	-	433,462	-	_	-	630	-	6,523
Daniel, Victor J Jr. (MS)	1,253,358	-	297,016	-	-	-	482	-	3,550
Eaton (MS)		-	-100	-	-	-	-	-	2.742
Standard Oil (MS) Sweatt (MS)		-	109,696 -81	-	-	-	-	-	2,742
Watson (MS)		-	26,931	_	-	-	148	-	230
	*	9	199,004						2,207
Mississippi Pwr & Lgt Co Andrus (MS)		9	199,004	_	_	_	-	_	2,207
Brown, Rex (MS)		9	14,662	_	_	_	_	*	238
Delta (MS)		-	7,298	-	-	-	-	-	106
Wilson, B (MS)		-	177,044	-	-	-	-	-	1,863
Missouri Basin Mun Pwr Agency		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Watertown (SD)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Modesto Irrigation Dist		1,116	24,076	195	_	_	_	3	222
McClure (CA)		1,116	388	-	-	-	_	3	8
New Hogan (CA)		-	-	197	-	-	-	-	-
Stone Drop (CA)		-	-	-2	-	-	-	-	214
Woodland (CA)		-	23,688	-	-	-	-	-	214
Monongahela Power Co		624	299	-	=	345	115	1	3
Albright (WV)		482 142	-	-	-	-	54 18	1	-
Rivesville (WV) Willow Island (WV)		142	299	-	-	345	44	-	3
						3.5			
Montana Dakota Utils Co		<u>-</u>	212 232	- -	- -	<u>-</u>	83	-	4 4
Heskett (ND)		-	-	-	_	-	52	-	-
Lewis & Clark (MT)	31,363	-	1	-	-	-	31	-	*
Miles City (MT)		-	-12	-	-	-	-	-	*
Williston (ND)		-	-9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Morgan (City of)		-	6,796	-	-	-	-	-	97
Morgan City (LA)		-	6,796	-	-	-	-	-	97
Muscatine (City of)		2 2	2,009 2,009	-	-	-	104 104	*	29 29
Nebraska Pub Power Dist		250	1,883	6,697	561,208	_	599	-	19
Canaday (NE)		-	-	· -	,	-	-	-	-
Columbus (NE)		-	-	3,512	-	-	-	-	-
Cooper (NE)		-	-	-	561,208	-	-	-	-

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					Consumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Nebraska Pub Power Dist (Continued)									
David City (NE)		13	7	-	-	-	-	*	10
Gentleman (NE)		- 40	1,829	-	-	-	511	-	19
Hallam (NE) Hebron (NE)		49 117	6	-	-	-	-	*	*
Kearney (NE)		-		-	-	-	-	_	
Lodgepole (NE)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Lyons (NE)		3	-	_	-	-	_	*	_
Madison (NE)		1	1	-	-	-	-	*	*
Mc Cook (NE)		51	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Minnechaduza (NE)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monroe (NE)		-	-	876	-	-	-	-	-
North Platte (NE) Ord (NE)		11	5	1,186	-	-	-	*	*
Sheldon (NE)		- 11	35	_	_	_	88	_	*
Spencer (NE)		_	-	1,123	-	_	-	-	_
Sutherland (NE)		3	_		_	_	_	*	_
Wakefield (NE)		2	-	_	-	-	_	*	-
Nevada Irrigation Dist				22,265					
Bowman (CA)			_	464	_	_		_	-
Chicago Park (CA)		_	_	11,642	_	_	_	-	_
Combie No (CA)		_	-	36	-	-	_	-	_
Combie So (CA)		-	-	485	-	-	_	-	-
Dutch Flat No.2 (CA)		-	-	2,845	-	-	-	-	-
Rollins (CA)		-	-	6,793	-	-	-	-	-
Scott Flat (CA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nevada Power Co	358,206	1,194	253,401	_	_	-	169	2	2,231
Clark (NV)		· -	253,401	-	-	-	-	-	2,231
Gardner, Reid (NV)		1,194	-	-	-	-	169	2	-
Sun Peak (NV)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sunrise (NV)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*
New Orleans Pub Serv Inc		_	161,100	-	-	_	_	-	1,778
Michoud (LA)		-	161,100	-	-	-	-	-	1,778
Paterson, A B (LA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Ulm (City of)	-	18	1,274	_	_	_	_	_	40
New Ulm (MN)		18	1,274	_	-	_	_	*	40
Northern Ind Pub Serv Co		1,212	4,347	1,786			595		56
Bailly (IN)		1,212	318	1,700		-	136	-	4
Michigan City (IN)		_	326	_	_	_	152	_	3
Mitchell, Dean H (IN)		_	-	_	-	_		-	-
Norway (IN)		-	-	640	-	-	_	-	-
Oakdale (IN)		-	-	1,146	-	-	-	-	-
Schahfer, R. M. (IN)	548,360	1,212	3,703	-	-	-	306	*	49
Northern States Power Co		64,990	8,377	60,884	1,162,688	44,503	1,291	24	118
Angus Anson (SD) Apple River (WI)		-	-228	1,558	-	-	-	-	5
Bay Front (WI)	10,491		847	1,556		16.684	7		12
Big Falls (WI)		_	-	2,674	_	-	<u>-</u>	_	- 12
Black Dog (MN)		_	6,120	-,07.	_	_	86	_	69
Blue Lake (MN)		-253	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cedar Falls (WI)		-	-	2,973	-	-	-	-	-
Chippewa Falls (WI)		-	-	2,973	-	-	-	-	-
Cornell (WI)		-	-	5,456	-	-	-	-	-
Dells (WI)		-	62	3,543	-	-	-	-	-
Flambeau (WI)French Island (WI)		-126	-63 16	-	-	6,543	-	-	*
Granite City (MN)		-126 18	9	-	-	0,343	-	*	*
Hayward (WI)		-	-	127	-	-	-	_	_
Hennepin Island (MN)		_	_	4,306	_	_	_	-	_
High Bridge (MN)	135,496	-	377	-	_	-	79	-	4
Holcombe (WI)		-	-	6,102	-	-	-	-	-
Inver Hills (MN)	-	-	369		-	-	-	-	8
Jim Falls (WI)		-	-	7,858	-	-	-	-	-
Key City (MN)		-56	_	_	_	-	_	_	_

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration lowatthours)				onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Northern States Power Co (Continued)		46.040							
King (MN)		46,349	9	705	-	-	173	16	*
Ladysmith (WI)		-	-	785 2,035	-	-	-	-	-
Minnesota Valley (MN)		_	-48	2,033	-	_	-	_	
Monticello (MN)			-40		438,164		-		
Pathfinder (SD)		_	-116	_	-	_	_	_	_
Prairie Island (MN)		-	-	-	724,524	-	-	-	-
Redwing (MN)		-	187	-	-	9,559	-	-	3
Riverdale (WI)		-	-	322	-	-	-	-	-
Riverside (MN)		18,497	76		-	-	119	7	1
Saxon Falls (MI)		-	-	1,145	-	-	-	-	-
Sherburne County (MN)		392	-	7.420	-	-	827	1	-
St Croix Falls (WI)		-	-	7,430 1,316	-	-	-	-	-
Thornapple (WI)		_	_	472	_	-	-	_	_
Trego (WI)		_	_	613	_	_	_	_	_
West Faribault (MN)		-	-22	-	-	_	-	-	_
Wheaton (WI)		169	715	_	-	-	-	1	13
White River (WI)		-	-	342	-	-	-	-	-
Wilmarth (MN)		-	129	-	-	11,717	-	-	2
Wissota (WI)		-	-	8,854	-	-	-	-	-
Northwestern Pub Serv Co	_	-38	-6	_	_	_	_	_	1
Aberdeen (SD)		-18	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Clark (SD)		-9	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Faulkton (SD)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Highmore (SD)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Huron (SD)		-	-6	-	-	-	-	-	1
Mobile (SD)		-4	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Redfield (SD)		- -7	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
Webster (SD) Yankton New (SD)		-/	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_
Oakdale South San Joaquin		-	-	18,869	-	-	-	-	-
Beardsley (CA)		-	-	4,113	-	-	-	-	-
Donnels (CA)		-	-	8,318	-	-	-	-	-
Tulloch (CA)	· -	-	-	6,438	-	-	-	-	-
Oglethorpe Power Corp		-	6,208	-38,876	-	-	-	-	76
Rocky Mountain (GA)		-	-	-38,887	-	-	-	-	-
Sewell Creek Energy (GA)		-	102	-	-	-	-	-	3
Smarr Energy (GA)		-	6,270	-	-	-	-	-	73
Talbot (GA) Tallassee (GA)		-	-164	11	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-
Ohio Edison Co		287	-505	-	-	-	456	-	-
Burger, R E (OH)		110	-	-	-	-	72	*	-
Edgewater (OH)		-	-43	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mad River (OH) Sammis (OH)		-69 246	-	-	-	-	385	*	-
West Lorain (OH)		240	-462		_	_	363	_	_
			-402		_	_			_
Ohio Power Co	3,399,182	8,018	-	10,519	-	=	1,456	14	-
Gavin, Gen J M (OH)		947	-	-	-	-	751	2	-
Kammer (WV)	,	469 5,318	-	-	-	-	139 284	9	-
Mitchell (WV) Muskingum River (OH)		1,284	-	-	-	-	282	2	-
Racine (OH)	. 007,221	1,204		10,519			- 202	-	
* *				10,517					
Ohio Valley Elec Corp		759 750	-	-	-	-	224	1	-
Kyger Creek (OH)	574,662	759	-	-	-	-	224	1	-
Oklahoma Gas & Elec Co		5	253,285	-	-	-	978	-	2,796
Conoco (OK)		-	42,940	-	-	-	-	-	399
Enid (OK)		-	1 000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Horseshoe Lake (OK)		-	1,008	-	-	-	-	-	11
Muskogee (OK)		-	1,905	-	-	-	583	-	25 905
Mustang (OK) Seminole (OK)		-	86,008 121,424	-	-	-	-	-	1,456
Deminore (OK)	· -	-	141,747	-	-	-	-	-	1,450

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Oklahoma Gas & Elec Co (Continued) Sooner (OK)		5	_	_	_	_	395	*	_
Woodward (OK)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oklahoma Mun Power Authority		_	_	1,890	_	_	_	_	_
Kaw Hydro (OK)		-	-	1,890	-	-	-	-	-
Ponca Steam (OK)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ponca Steam (OK)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Omaha Public Power Dist		432	7,653	-	364,577	-	435	1	85
Fort Calhoun (NE)		154	-	-	364,577	-	-	*	-
Nebraska City (NE)		48	-	-	-	-	245	*	-
North Omaha (NE)		-	7,523	-	-	-	190	-	82
Sarpy (NE)		230	130	-	-	-	-	1	3
Orlando (City of)	603,677	357	5,377	_	_	9,712	241	1	74
Indian River (FL)		16	5,377	-	-	-	_	*	74
St Cloud (FL)		-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Stanton (FL)	603,677	341	-	-	-	9,712	241	1	-
Oroville Wyandotte I Dist		-	-	51,038	-	-	-	-	-
Forbestown (CA)		-	-	16,874	-	-	-	-	-
Kelly Ridge (CA)		-	-	8,156 1,999	-	-	-	-	-
Sly Creek (CA) Woodleaf (CA)		-	_	24,009	-	-	_	-	-
			5.4	21,000			12		
Orrville (City of)		-	54 54	-	-	-	13 13	-	1
Otter Tail Power Co	640,821	596	_	1,640	_	_	451	1	_
Bemidji (MN)		-	-	33	-	-	-	-	-
Big Stone (SD)		7	-	-	-	-	197	*	-
Coyote (ND)		488	-	496	-	-	212	1	-
Dayton Hollow (MN) Hoot Lake (MN)		75	_	486 459	_		42	*	_
Jamestown (ND)		11	_	-	_	_	-	*	_
Lake Preston (SD)		15	-	-	-	-	_	*	-
Pisgah (MN)		-	-	272	-	-	-	-	-
Taplin Gorge (MN) Wright (MN)		-	-	390		-	-	-	-
Owensboro (City of)	166,409	1,188	-	-	-	-	89	3	-
Elmer Smith (KY)		1,188	-	-	-	-	89	3	-
Pacific Gas & Electric Co		1,576	135,655	885,273 344	1,220,974	-	-	3	1,472
Balch 1 (CA)		-	-	4,640	-		-		_
Balch 2 (CA)		-	-	31,695	-	-	_	-	-
Belden (CA)		-	-	22,512	-	-	-	-	-
Black, James B (CA)		-	-	63,794	-	-	-	-	-
Bucks Creek (CA) Butt Valley (CA)		-	-	25,269 6,806	-	-	-	-	-
Caribou 1 (CA)		-	-	4,007	-		-		_
Caribou 2 (CA)		-	-	34,582	-	-	-	-	-
Centerville (CA)		-	-	42	-	-	-	-	-
Chili Bar (CA)		-	-	1,746	-	-	-	-	-
Coal Canyon (CA) Coleman (CA)			_	6,385	_		_		_
Cow Creek (CA)		_	_	858	-	_	_	_	_
Crane Valley (CA)		-	-	295	-	-	-	-	-
Cresta (CA)		-	-	32,684	-	-	-	-	-
De Sabla (CA)		-	-	6,062	-	-	-	-	-
Deer Creek (CA) Diablo Canyon (CA)		-	-	1,262	1,220,974	-	-	-	-
Downieville (CA)		-	-	_	-,0,> / -	-	-	-	_
Drum 1 (CA)		-	-	2,142	-	-	-	-	-
Drum 2 (CA)		-	-	23,306	-	-	-	-	-
Dutch Flat (CA)		-	-	9,950	-	-	-	-	-
Electra (CA)		-	-	35,207	-	-	-	-	-

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration lowatthours)				onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Pacific Gas & Electric Co (Continued)									
Haas (CA)		-	-	30,410	-	-	-	-	-
Halsey (CA)		-	-	4,045	-	-	-	-	-
Hamilton Branch (CA)		-	-	1,693	-	-	-	-	-
Hat Creek 1 (CA)		-	-	3,696	-	-	-	-	-
Hat Creek 2 (CA)		-	-	3,097	-	-	-	-	-
Helms (CA)		-	-	-15,883	-	-	-	-	-
Humbolt Bay (CA)		1,363	27,166	-	-	-	-	3	370
Hunters Point (CA)		213	108,489	-	-	-	-	*	1,102
Inskip (CA)		-	-	3,679	-	-	-	-	-
Kerckhoff (CA)		-	-	1,763	-	-	-	-	-
Kerckhoff 2 (CA)		-	-	18,037	-	-	-	-	-
Kern Canyon (CA)		-	-	4,171	-	-	-	-	-
Kilarc (CA)		-	-	1,159	-	-	-	-	-
Kings River (CA)		-	-	11,493	-	-	-	-	-
Lime Saddle (CA)		-	-	509	-	-	-	-	-
Merced Falls (CA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mobile Turbine (CA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Narrows (CA)		-	-	1,575	-	-	-	-	-
Newcastle (CA)		-	-	4,226	-	-	-	-	-
Oak Flat (CA)		-	-	296	-	-	-	-	-
Phoenix (CA)		-	-	457	-	-	-	-	-
Pit 1 (CA)		-	-	25,895	-	-	-	-	-
Pit 3 (CA)		-	-	35,033	-	-	-	-	-
Pit 4 (CA)		-	-	43,271	-	-	-	-	-
Pit 5 (CA)		-	-	77,247	-	-	-	-	-
Pit 6 (CA)		-	-	34,493	-	-	-	-	-
Pit 7 (CA)		-	-	48,325	-	-	-	-	-
Poe (CA)		-	-	46,747	-	-	-	-	-
Potter Valley (CA)		-	-	2,517	-	-	-	-	-
PVUSA 1 (CA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rock Creek (CA)		-	-	48,874	-	-	-	-	-
Salt Springs (CA)		-	-	22,338	-	-	-	-	-
San Joaquin 3 (CA)		-	-	1,616	-	-	-	-	-
San Joaquin No. 1a (CA)		-	-	165	-	-	-	-	-
San Joaquin No. 2 (CA)		-	-	1,267	-	-	-	-	-
South (CA)		-	-	3,008	-	_	-	_	_
Spaulding No. 1 (CA)		-	-	1,715	-	_	-	_	_
Spaulding No. 2 (CA)		-	-	352	_	_	-	_	_
Spaulding No. 3 (CA)		-	-	2,106	-	-	-	-	-
Spring Gap (CA)		-	-	3,605	-	-	-	-	-
Stanislaus (CA)		-	-	40,755	_	_	-	_	_
Tiger Creek (CA)		-	-	30,023	_	_	-	_	_
Toadtown (CA)		_	-	271	_	-	-	_	_
Tule River (CA)		_	_	1,893	_	_	-	_	_
Volta (CA)	<u>-</u>	_	_	3,312	_	_	-	_	_
Volta 2 (CA)		_	_	390	_	_	_	_	_
West Point (CA)		_	_	8,358	_	_	-	_	_
Wise (CA)		_	_	6,876	_	_	-	_	_
Wishon, A G (CA)		-	-	6,810	-	_	-	_	-
Pacificorp	4,048,785	4,747	40 642	241,631		17,720	2,199	8	474
American Fork (UT)		4,/4/	40,642	364	-	17,720	2,199	0	4/4
Ashton (ID)		-	-	1,434	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	231	-	-	-	-	-
Beaver Upper (UT)		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Bend (OR)		-	-	80 1,490	-	-	-	-	-
Big Fork (MT)		-	-	1,490	-	17 720	-	-	-
Blundell (UT)		1,020	-	-	-	17,720	779	2	-
Bridger, Jim (WY)	, ,	1,020 79	-	-	-	-		∠ *	-
Carbon (UT)		/9	-	2 522	-	-	55	T	-
Clearwater 1 (OR)		-	-	3,522	-	-	-	-	-
Clearwater 2 (OR)		-	-	2,791	-	-	-	-	-
Cline Falls (OR)		-	-	396	-	-	-	-	-
Condit (WA)		-	-	4,798	-	-	-	-	-
Copco 1 (CA)		-	-	4,260	-	-	-	-	-
Copco 2 (CA)		-	-	5,566	-	-	-	-	-
Cove (ID)		-	-	546	-	-	-	-	-
Cutler (UT)		-	-	3,609	-	-	-	-	-
Eagle Point (OR)		-	-	1,657	-	-	-	-	-
East Side (OR)	_	_	_	-439	_	_	_	_	_

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gene (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)				Consumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Pacificorp (Continued)									
Fall Creek (CA)		-	-	981	-	-	-	-	-
Fish Creek (OR)		-	-	2,028	-	-	-	-	-
Ftn Green (UT)		-	29,185	44	-	-	-	-	298
Gadsby (UT) Grace (ID)		-	29,183	2.479	-	-	-	-	298
Granite (UT)		_	_	271	_	_	_	_	_
Hunter (emery) (UT)		1,260	_	-	_	_	378	2	_
Huntington Canyon (UT)		2,108	-	-	-	_	229	4	-
Hydro No. 1 (UT)		· -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hydro No. 2 (UT)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hydro No. 3 (UT)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iron Gate (CA)		-	-	6,334	-	-	-	-	-
John C Boyle (OR)		206	-	10,486	-	-	224	-	-
Johnston, Dave (WY) Last Chance (UT)		206	-	107	-	-	334	·	-
Lemolo 1 (OR)		_		7,549				_	
Lemolo 2 (OR)		_	_	5,734	_	_	-	_	_
Little Mountain (UT)		-	11,200	-	-	-	-	-	173
Merwin (WA)		-	-	45,010	-	-	-	-	-
Naches (WA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Naches Drop (WA)		-	-	-53	-	-	-	-	-
Naughton (WY)		-	257	-	-	-	250	-	2
Olmstead (UT)		-	-	2.4	-	-	-	-	-
Oneida (ID)		-	-	34 35	-	-	-	-	-
Paris (ID) Pioneer (UT)		-	-	33	-	-	-	-	-
Powerdale (OR)				1,932					- :
Prospect 1 (OR)		_	_	1,752	_	_	_	_	_
Prospect 2 (OR)		_	-	4,784	-	_	-	-	_
Prospect 3 (OR)		-	-	1,139	-	-	-	-	-
Prospect 4 (OR)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Skookumchuck (WA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Slide Creek (OR)		-	-	5,068	-	-	-	-	-
Snake Creek (UT)		-	-	124	-	-	-	-	-
Soda (ID) Soda Springs (OR)		-	-	-230 4,326	-	-	-	-	-
St Anthony (ID)		_	_	4,320 -4	_		_	-	
Stairs (UT)		_	_	133	_	_	-	_	_
Swift 1 (WA)		_	_	52,070	_	_	_	_	_
Swift No. 2 (WA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Toketee (OR)		-	-	13,053	-	-	-	-	-
Viva (WY)		-	-	-106	-	-	-	-	-
Wallowa Falls (OR)		-	-	279	-	-	-	-	-
Weber (UT)		-	-	56	-	-	-	-	-
West Side (OR)		74	-	-3	-	-	175	-	-
Wyodak (WY) Yale (WA)		/4	_	47,666	_		1/3	_	
		-		47,000	-	_		-	_
Painesville (City of)		-	20	-	-	-	7	-	-
Painesville (OH)	12,257	-	20	-	-	-	/	-	~
Pasadena (City of)		-	5,281	902	-	-	-	-	65
Azusa (CA)		-	.	902	-	-	-	-	
Broadway (CA)		-	4,746	-	-	-	-	-	58
Glenarm (CA)		-	535	-	-	-	-	-	8
Peabody (City of)		4 4	14 14	-	-	-	-	- *	*
Pend Oreille Pub Util D#1				36,521					
Box Canyon (WA)		-	-	36,264	-	-	-	-	-
Calispel Creek (WA)		-	-	36,264 257	-	-	-	-	-
		_	_	231	_	_	_	_	_
Pennsylvania Power Co		758	-	=	1,242,688	-	643	1	-
Beaver Valley (PA)		750	-	-	1,242,688	-	- (42	1	-
Mansfield, Bruce (PA)	1,657,922	758	-	-	-	-	643	1	-
Piqua (City of)		-142	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Piqua (OH)	_	-142						*	

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				eration ilowatthours)				onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Placer County Wtr Agency		-	-	48,534	-	-	-	_	_
French Meadows (CA)		-	-	3,720	-	-	-	-	-
Hell Hole (CA)		-	-	258 22,306	-	-	-	-	-
Middle Fork (CA) Oxbow (CA)		-	-	1,837	-	-	-	-	-
Ralston (CA)		-	-	20,413	-	-	-	-	-
Platte River Power Auth	192,533	59	_	_	_	2,115	113	_	_
Medicine Bow (WY)		-	-	-	-	2,115	-	-	-
Rawhide (CO)	192,533	59	-	-	-	-	113	*	-
Portland General Elec Co		171	205,111	174,828	-	-	231	-	1,322
Beaver (OR)		23	46,533	-	-	-	- 221	*	292
Boardman (OR) Bull Run (OR)		148	-	5,879	-	-	231	•	-
Coyote Springs (OR)		-	158,578	3,679	-	-	-	-	1,030
Faraday (OR)		-	-	11,310	-	-	-	-	-
North Fork (OR)		-	-	11,058	-	-	-	-	-
Oak Grove (OR)		-	-	24.676	-	-	-	-	-
Pelton (OR) Pelton Re Regulation (OR)		-	-	34,676 6,700	-	-	-	-	-
Portland Hydro Proj 1 (OR)		-		4,727	-			-	
Portland Hydro Proj 2 (OR)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
River Mill (OR)		-	-	7,455	-	-	-	-	-
Round Butte (OR)		-	-	81,988	-	-	-	-	-
Sullivan (OR)		-	-	11,035	-	-	-	-	
Power Authy of St of N Y Ashokan (NY)		116,891	291,725	1,660,123	-	-	-	189	2,563
Blenheim (NY)		-	_	-42,894	_	_	-	-	
Brentwood (NY)		-	5,874	´ -	-	-	-	-	62
Crescent (NY)		-		6,301	-	-	-	-	-
Flynn (NY)		-	111,257	-	-	-	-	-	736
Harlem (NY) Hell Gate (NY)		-	20,453 21,165	-	-	-	-	-	214 221
Hinckley (NY)		_	-	2,721	_	_	_	_	-
Kensico (NY)		-	-	· -	-	-	-	-	-
Lewiston (NY)		-	-	-24,214	-	-	-	-	-
Moses Niagara (NY) Moses Power Dam (NY)		-	-	1,215,300 495,530	-	-	-	-	-
Poletti (NY)		116,891	125,336	493,330	-	-	-	189	1,250
Pouch (NY)		-	1,412	-	-	-	_	-	15
Vernon (NY)		-	6,228	-	-	-	-	-	66
Vischer Ferry (NY)		-	-	7,379	-	-	-	-	-
PSI Energy, Inc		4,636	139,341	25,082	-	-	1,316	9	1,176
Cayuga (IN)		115	962	-	-	-	266	*	11
Connersville (IN) Edwardsport (IN)		-23 97	-	-	-	-	15	*	-
Gallagher, R (IN)		1,937	-	-	-	-	38	4	-
Gibson (IN)		2,076	-	-	-	-	808	4	-
Markland (IN)			-	25,082	-	-	-	-	-
Miami Wabash (IN)		-123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Noblesville (IN)		557	138,379	-	-	-	189	ī	1,164
				21.552				-	
Pub Serv Co of New Hamp Amoskeag (NH)		134,602	9,397	21,573 6,816	-	_	143	247	103
Ayers Island (NH)		-	_	2,529	-	-	-	_	-
Canaan (VT)		-	-	615	-	-	-	-	-
Eastman Falls (NH)		-	-	1,383	-	-	-	-	-
Garvins Falls (NH)		-	-	2,882	-	-	-	-	-
Gorham (NH) Hooksett (NH)		-	-	691 997	-	-	-	-	-
Jackman (NH)		-	-	1,036	-	-	-	-	-
Lost Nation (NH)	-	-4	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Merrimack (NH)		23		-	-	-	104	*	-
Newington (NH)		129,311	9,397	-	-	-	39	235	103
Schiller (NH)	81,170	5,257	-	-	-	-	39	11	-

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gene (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)				onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Pub Serv Co of New Hamp (Continued)				4.624					
Smith (NH) White Lake (NH)		15	-	4,624	-	-	-	*	
Pub Serv Co of New Mexico	1,080,235	3,498	2,312	_	_	_	600	6	27
Las Vegas (NM)		-15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reeves (NM) San Juan (NM)		3,513	2,312	-	-	-	600	6	27
Public Service Co of Colo		501	448,265	-4,915	_	5,622	954	3	3,429
Alamosa (CO)		500	543	´ -	-	-	-	3	15
Ames (CO)		-	9,205	409	-	-	65	-	121
Boulder Hydro (CO)		-	9,203	-	-	-	-	-	121
Cabin Creek (CO)		-	-	-14,177	-	-	-	-	-
Cameo (CO) Cherokee (CO)		-	775 2,839	-	-	-	28 190	-	11 31
Comanche (CO)	430,785	-	270	-	-	-	258	-	3
Fort Lupton (CO)		-	433,399	-	-	-	-	-	2 224
Fort St. Vrain (CO) Fruita (CO)		1	433,399	-	-	-	-	*	3,234 2
Georgetown Hydro (CO)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hayden (CO) Palisade Hydro (CO)		-	-	1,913	-	-	166	-	-
Pawnee (CO)	299,130	-	1,170	-	-	-	189	-	12
Ponnequin (CO)Salida No. 1 Hydro (CO)		-	-	35	-	5,622	-	-	-
Salida No. 2 Hydro (CO)		_	-	30	-	-	_	_	-
Shoshone Hydro (CO)		-	-	5,164	-	-	-	-	-
Tacoma (CO) Valmont (CO)		-	27	1,711	-	-	58	-	1
Zuni (CO)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Service Co of Okla		_	322,401	-	-	_	355	-	3,380
Comanche (OK)		-	123,610	-	-	-	255	-	1,142
Northeastern (OK)		_	1,267 142,283	-	-	-	355	-	13 1,571
Southwestern (OK)		-	55,241	-	-	-	-	-	655
Tulsa (OK) Weleetka (OK)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puget Sound Pwr & Lgt Co		68	83,809	80,459					984
Crystal Mountain (WA)		18	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Electron (WA)		-	00.001	8,079	-	-	-	-	055
Encogen (WA) Frederickson (WA)		-	80,981	-	-	-	-	-	955 -
Fredonia (WA)		50	2,828	-	-	-	-	*	29
Lower Baker (WA) Nooksack (WA)		-	-	24,540	-	-	-	-	-
Snoqualmie (WA)		-	-	17,725	-	-	-	_	-
South Whidbey (WA)		-	-	21,489	-	-	-	-	-
Upper Baker (WA) White River (WA)		_	-	8,626	-	-		_	-
Whitehorn (WA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Redding (City of)		-	4,794	2,499	-	-	-	-	53
Redding Power (CA)		-	4,794	2,499	-	-	-	-	53
		70	292 225		1,207,192	-	1 645	_	4,804
Reliant Energy HL&P		70	382,225 681	-	1,40/,194	-	1,645	-	4,804 41
Cedar Bayou (TX)		-	159,419	-	-	-	-	-	1,959
Clarke, Hiram (TX) Deepwater (TX)		-	-372	-	-	-	-	-	-
Greens Bayou (TX)		70	1,952	-	-	-	-	*	36
Limestone (TX)		-	8,430	-	-	-	718	-	85 246
Parish, W A (TX) Robinson, P H (TX)		-	20,825 -1,183	-	-	-	927	-	246
San Jacinto (TX)		-	124,731	-	-	-	-	-	1,505
South Texas (TX)		-	-	-	1,207,192	-	-	-	-

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gene (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)				onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Reliant Energy HL&P (Continued)		- -	-301 68,043	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	932
Richmond (City of)	. 56,711	19 19	-	<u>-</u>	- -	-	27 27	-*	-
Rochester (City of)	 	- - -	267 - - 267	720 - 720	- - -	- - -	4 - - 4	- - -	4 - - 4
Rochester Gas & Elec Corp	. 156,324	422	954 -	12,229	369,312 369,312	- -	60	1	14
Station 160 (NY) Station 170 (NY) Station 2 (NY) Station 26 (NY)	 	- - -	- - -	313 3,030 217	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Station 3 (NY) Station 5 (NY) Station 7 (NY)	. 156,324	344 - 78	- -	8,669	- - -	- - -	- - 60	1 - *	- - -
Station 9 (NY) Ruston (City of) Ruston (LA)	. =	- - -	954 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	- - -	14 - -
Sacramento Mun Util Dist	<u>-</u>	- -	150,978	142,478 24,288	-	65	-	- -	1,755
Camp Far W (CA) Campbell Soup (CA) Carson (CA) Hedge PV (CA)	 	-	67,835 26,844	- - -	-	- - 10	-	-	825 343
Jaybird (CA)	 	-	-	36,158 3,636 31,439	- - -	- - -	-	-	-
McClellan (CA) Proc&Gamble (CA) Robbs Peak (CA)	 	- - -	56,299	11,158	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	587
Slab Creek (CA) Solano (CA) Solar (CA)	. - 	- - -	- - -	81 - - 7,938	- - -	55	- - -	- - -	- - -
Union Valley (CA)		- -	- -	27,780 123,501	-	- -	- -	- -	-
Safe Harbor (PA)	. 2,110,929	- 1,161	69,329	123,501 25,660	-	-	1,012	2	723
Agua Fria (AZ) Coronado (AZ) Crosscut (AZ)	. 517,839	195	16,166	-	- - -	- - -	276	*	220
Horse Mesa (AZ)	. - 	-	-673 -	18,092 7,630	-	-	- - - 725	- - 2	2
Navajo (AZ)		966 - -	53,836	-51 -	-	-	735	- - -	501
Stewart Mtn (AZ) San Antonio Pub Serv Brd	. 954,700	- 794	45,466	-11 -	- -	- -	555	2	563
Arthur von Rosenburg (TX) Braunig, V H (TX) Deely, J T (TX) J K Spruce (TX)	. 540,699	438 341	-322 40,305 - 62	- - -	- - -	- - -	332 223	1 1	460
Leon Creek (TX)	 	- - 15	-146 -150 5,983	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - *	103

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration lowatthours)				onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
San Miguel Elec Coop IncSan Miguel (TX)		193 193		-	-		313 313	1 1	-
Santa Clara (City of)		-	3,673	2,817	-	-	-	-	54
Black Butte (CA) Cogen Plant (CA)		- -	3,674	1,307	- -	-	-	-	54
Gianera (CA)		-	-1		-	-	-	-	-
Grizzly (CA) Highline (CA)		-	-	727	-	-	_	-	-
Stony Gorge (CA)		-	-	783	-	-	-	-	-
Savannah Elec & Pwr Co	203,392	61	1,324	-	-	-	89	-	17
Boulevard (GA)		-	6 726	-	-	-	51	-	*
Kraft (GA) McIntosh (GA)		61	592	-	-	-	38	*	9
Riverside (GA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Seattle (City of)		-	-	350,153	-	-	-	-	-
Boundary (WA) Cedar Falls (WA)		-	-	229,287 -80	-	-	-	-	-
Diablo (WA)		-	-	35,918	-	-	-	-	-
Gorge (WA) New Halem (WA)		-	-	45,352 580	-	-	-	-	-
Ross Dam (WA)		-	-	34,110	-	-	-	-	-
South Fork Tolt (WA)		-	-	4,986	-	-	-	-	-
Seminole Electric Coop		104,971	68,241	-	-	-	244	43	777
Payne Creek (FL) Seminole (FL)		104,971	68,241	-	-	-	244	43	777
Sierra Pacific Power Co		639	211,028	283	_	_	162	2	2,106
26 Foot Drop (NV)		-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Battle Mt (NV) Brunswick (NV)		-34 -45	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Elko (NV)			-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Fallon (NV)		-	-	- -5	-	-	-	-	-
Farad (CA)Fleish (NV)		-	-	-5 -5	-	-	_	-	-
Fort Churchill (NV)		-	85,044	-	-	-	-	-	855
Gabbs (NV) Kings Beach (CA)		-33 394	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Lahontan (NV)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Valmy (NV) Pinon Pine (NV)		183	-	-	-	-	162	1	-
Portola (CA)		174	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Tracy (NV)		-	126,039	-	-	-	-	-	1,251
Valley Road (NV) Verdi (NV)		-	-	168	-	-	-	-	-
Washoe (NV)		-		125	-	-	-	-	-
Winnemucca (NV)		-	-55	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sikeston (City of)		48	-	-	-	-	101	-	-
Sikeston (MO)		48	-		-	-	101	*	-
So Carolina Elec & Gas Co		3,529 22	19,512	22,691	729,647	-	451	6	163
Canadys (SC)		789	2	-	-	-	20	1	*
Coit (SC) Columbia Hydro (SC)		61	-	-	-	-	_	*	-
Cope (SC)		1	-	-	-	-	82	*	-
Faber Place (SC)		-	4	17 205	-	-	-	-	*
Fairfield County (SC) Hagood (SC)		868	343	-17,205	-	-	-	2	2
Hardeeville (SC)	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Mcmeekin (SC) Neal Shoals (SC)		-	-	3,239	-	-	-	-	-
Parr (SC)		407	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Parr Hydro (SC)		-	-	5,732	-	-	-	-	-
Saluda Hydro (SC)		-	-	25,988	-	-	-	-	-

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)				Consumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
So Carolina Elec & Gas Co (Continued)									
SRS (SC)		23	-	4.027	-	-	19	*	-
Stevens Creek Hydro (GA)		1	19,163	4,937	-	-	23	*	161
Urquhart (SC) V. C. Summer (SC)		1	19,103		729,647	_	23	_	101
Wateree (SC)		120	_	_	727,047	_	178	*	_
Williams (SC)		1,227	_	_	_	_	129	2	_
				56.055		1 104			
So Carolina Pub Serv Auth Cross (SC)		6,109 4,315	-	56,977	-	1,184	696 285	12 7	-
Grainger, Dolphus M (SC)		4,515	_	-	_	_	42	*	-
Hilton Head (SC)		762	_	_	-	_	-	2	_
Horry County (SC)		-	_	_	_	1,184	_	-	-
Jefferies (SC)		205	-	16,392	-	-,	76	*	_
Myrtle Beach (SC)		478	-	· -	-	-	_	2	-
Rainey (SC)		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Spillway (SC)		-	-	1,438	-	-	-	-	-
St Stephens (SC)		-	-	39,147	-	-	-	-	-
Winyah (SC)	756,772	303	-	-	-	-	293	1	-
South Miss Elec Pwr Assoc	186,358	526	38,122	_	_	_	80	1	450
Benndale (MS)		-	-	_	_	_	-	-	-
Morrow (MS)		508	_	_	_	_	80	1	-
Moselle (MS)		-	38,122	-	-	-	-	-	450
Paulding (MS)		18	-	-	-	-	_	*	-
Southern Calif Edison Co	957,813	1,025	767	160,122	1,651,527		432	5	8
Baker Dam (CA)		1,023	707	100,122	1,031,327	_	432	3	
Big Creek 1 (CA)		_	_	9,130	-	_	_	-	_
Big Creek 2 (CA)		_	_	7,843	_	_	_	_	_
Big Creek 2a (CA)		_	_	21,368	_	_	_	_	_
Big Creek 3 (CA)		-	-	29,380	-	-	_	-	_
Big Creek 4 (CA)		-	-	14,199	-	-	-	-	-
Big Creek 8 (CA)		-	-	9,375	-	-	-	-	-
Bishop Creek 2 (CA)		-	-	1,286	-	-	-	-	-
Bishop Creek 3 (CA)		-	-	1,392	-	-	-	-	-
Bishop Creek 4 (CA)		-	-	2,458	-	-	-	-	-
Bishop Creek 5 (CA)		-	-	620	-	-	-	-	-
Bishop Creek 6 (CA)		-	-	558	-	-	-	-	-
Borel (CA)		-	-	4,542	-	-	-	-	-
Dominguez Hills (CA)		-	-	13,305	-	-	-	-	-
Eastwood (CA)Fontana (CA)		-	-	258	-	-	-	-	-
Kaweah 1 (CA)				1,264			_		
Kaweah 2 (CA)		_	_	1,569	_	_	_	_	_
Kaweah 3 (CA)		_	_	2,644	_	_	_	_	_
Kern River 1 (CA)		_	_	7,389	_	_	_	_	_
Kern River 3 (CA)		-	-	9,282	-	-	_	-	_
Lundy (CA)		-	-	278	-	-	-	-	-
Lytle Creek (CA)		-	-	140	-	-	_	-	-
Mammoth Pool (CA)		-	-	14,440	-	-	-	-	-
Mill Creek 1 (CA)		-	-	93	-	-	-	-	-
Mill Creek 3 (CA)		-	-	170	-	-	-	-	-
Mohave (NV)		-	767		-	-	432	-	8
Ontario 1 (CA)		-	-	169	-	-	-	-	-
Ontario 2 (CA)		1.025	-	60	-	-	-	-	-
Pebbly Beach (CA)		1,025	-	1 160	-	-	-	5	-
Poole (CA) Portal (CA)		-	-	1,160 547	-	-	-	-	-
Rush Creek (CA)		-	-	3,472	-	-	-	-	-
San Gorgonio (CA)		-	-	J,412 -	_	_	-	-	-
San Onofre (CA)		-	-	-	1,651,527	-	-	-	-
Santa Ana 1 (CA)		-	-	497	1,001,021	-	-	-	_
Santa Ana 3 (CA)		_	_	454	_	_	_	_	_
Sierra (CA)		_	_	102	_	-	_	-	_
Tule River (CA)		_	_	678	_	-	_	-	_
Southern Ill Pwr Coop	137,810	1,553					81	4	

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Southern Indiana G & E Co	596,946	-	5,931	-	_	-	283	-	100
A. B. Brown (IN)		-	5,610	-	-	-	121	-	96
Broadway (IN)		-	221	-	-	-	115	-	-
Culley (IN) Northeast (IN)			321	_	_	_	115	_	4
Warrick (IN)		-	-	_	-	-	47	-	-
Southwestern Elec Pwr Co		808	137,480	-	-	-	1,046	1	1,469
Arsenal Hill (LA) Flint Creek (AR)		109	1,965	-	-	-	226	*	28
Knox Lee (TX)		109	40,810	-			-	_	421
Lieberman (LA)		_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Lone Star (TX)		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pirkey (TX)		-	3,271	-	-	-	203	-	36
Welsh (TX)		699	.	-	-	-	617	1	
Wilkes (TX)		-	91,434	-	-	-	-	-	985
Southwestern Pub Serv Co	1,412,861	49	262,522	_	-	_	800	_	2,873
Carlsbad (NM)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cunningham (NM)		-	63,612	-	-	-		-	683
Harrington (TX)		-	2,418	-	-	-	393	-	24
Jones (TX)		-	137,582	-	-	-	-	-	1,466
Maddox (NM) Moore County (TX)		-	38,482 -74	-	-	-	-	-	409
Nichols (TX)			-717						5
Plant X (TX)		_	20,062	_	_	_	_	_	276
Riverview (TX)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tolk Station (TX)	726,320	_	1,157	-	-	-	407	-	11
Tucumcari (NM)		49	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Springfield (City of)	163,723	132	_	_	_	_	90	_	_
Dallman (IL)		122	-	-	-	-	87	*	-
Factory (IL)		1	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Interstate (IL)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lakeside (IL)		4	-	-	-	-	2	*	-
Reynolds (IL)		5	-	-	-	-	-	Ψ.	-
Springfield (City of)		13	2,035	-	-	-	166	-	23
James River (MO)		13	880	-	-	-	89	*	11
Main Street (MO)		-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
McCartney (MO) Moonlake (NE)		-	10	-	-	-	-	-	*
Southwest (MO)		-	1,135	-	-		76	-	13
		220							
St Joseph Lgt & Pwr Co Lake Road (MO)	 61,431 61,431	-239 -239	431 431	-	-	-	36 36	*	10 10
		237	130						
Sunflower Elec Coop		_	-186	_	_		133	_	5
Holcomb (KS)		_	316	-	_	_	133	_	5
			310		056 270		100		
Systems Energy Resources Inc		-	-	- -	956,270 956,270	-	-	-	-
		-	-		930,270	-	-	-	-
Tacoma (City of)		-	-	160,458	-	-	-	-	-
Alder (WA)		-	-	7,403	-	-	-	-	-
Cushman 1 (WA) Cushman 2 (WA)		-	-	22,207 47,826	-	-	-	-	-
La Grande (WA)		_	_	13,481	_	_	-	-	_
Mayfield (WA)		_	-	30,112	_	-	-	_	-
Mossyrock (WA)		_	-	34,250	-	-	-	-	-
Wynoochee (WA)		-	-	5,179	-	-	-	-	-
Tallahassee (City of)		_	202,085	2,396	-	_	_	_	1,626
Hopkins, Arvah B (FL)		-	50,845	-	-	-	-	_	562
Jackson Bluff (FL)		-	· -	2,396	-	-	-	-	-
Purdom, S O (FL)		-	151,240	-	-	-	-	-	1,064
Tampa Electric Co	1,153,099	18,220	3,807	-	-	-	550	32	43
Big Bend (FL)		1,946					342	4	

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration ilowatthours)				Consumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Гатра Electric Co (Continued)									
Coal Storage (FL)		2 470	-	-	-	-	150	-	-
Gannon, F J (FL) Hookers Point (FL)		2,470 -135	-	-	-	-	158	6	-
Polk (FL)		9,331	3,807	-	-	-	50	15	43
S Dinner Lk (FL)			-	_	_	_	-	-	-
S Phillips (FL)		4,608	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
Faunton (City of)		6,738	989	_	_	_	_	12	17
Cleary, B F (MA)		6,738	989	-	-	-	-	12	17
ennessee Valley Auth		21,179	20,711	1,701,175	4,047,544	-	3,490	42	288
Allen (TN)		397	-15	-	-	-	242	2	1
Apalachia (TN)		-	-	56,848	-	-	-	-	-
Blue Ridge (GA) Boone (TN)		-	-	701 23,831	-	-	-	-	-
Browns Ferry (AL)			_	23,631	1,617,101				_
Bull Run (TN)		-	_	-	-,017,101	_	232	_	_
Chatuge (NC)		-	-	3,615	-	-		-	-
Cherokee (TN)		-	-	67,094	-	-	-	-	-
Chickamauga (TN)		-	-	84,647	-	-	-		_
Colbert (AL)		5,521	260	-	-	-	258	11	7
Cumberland (TN)		6,633	-	42 100	-	-	336	12	-
Douglas (TN)		-	-	42,186 131.940	-	-	-	-	-
Fort Loudoun (TN)		_	_	87,483	_	_	_	_	_
Fort Patrick Henry (TN)		_	_	5,838	-	_	-	-	
Gallatin (TN)		276	1,609	-	_	_	247	1	31
Great Falls (TN)			-,,,,,	24,278	-	-		-	
Guntersville (AL)		-	-	81,731	-	-	-	-	-
Hiwassee (NC)		.		28,514	-	-			
Johnsonville (TN)		4,746	18,857	-	-	-	290	10	249
Kentucky (KY)		1 222	-	125,121	-	-	256	2	-
Kingston (TN)		1,233	-	23.109	-	-	356	2	-
Nickajack (TN)				56,735					
Norris (TN)		_	_	65,587	_	_	_	_	
Nottely (GA)		-	-	6,956	-	-	_	-	
Ocoee 1 (TN)		-	-	6,779	-	-	-	-	-
Ocoee 2 (TN)		-	-	10,811	-	-	-	-	
Ocoee 3 (TN)		-	-	13,586	-	-	-	-	-
Paradise (KY)		58	-	146.005	-	-	640	•	-
Pickwick (TN)		-	-	146,995 -68,105	-	-	-	-	-
Raccoon Mountain (TN)		_	_	-00,103	1,566,979	_	_	_	
Sevier, John (TN)		128	_	-	1,300,777	_	171	*	
Shawnee (KY)		1,118	-	-	-	_	365	2	
South Holston (TN)		· -	-	21,570	-	-	-	-	
Tims Ford (TN)		-	-	13,879	-	-	-	-	-
Watauga (TN)		-	-	15,848	-	-	-	-	-
Watts Bar (TN)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Watts Bar (TN)		-	-	-	863,464	-	-	-	
Watts Bar (TN)		_	_	218,559	803,404	_	_	-	
Widows Creek (AL)		1,069	_	210,337	-	_	353	2	
Wilbur (TN)		-,	-	2,954	-	-	-	-	-
Wilson (AL)		-	-	402,085	-	-	-	-	-
'errebonne Parish Consol Govt Houma (LA)		-35 -35	-258 -258	- -	- -	-	- -	-	6
Gexas Mun Power Agency		- -	36 36	- -	- -	- -	192 192	-	1 1
TNP One (TX)		-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	-	=	<u>-</u>	-
Coledo Edison Co (The)		135	14,601	-	-2,865	-	138	-	210
Bay Shore (OH)	297,612	174	14,001	-	· -	-	138	*	410
Davis-Besse (OH)	_	_	_	_	-2,865	_	_	_	

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration lowatthours)				Consumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Toledo Edison Co (The) (Continued) Richland (OH) Stryker (OH)		-39	14,601	- -	- -	- -	-	- -	210
Tri-state G & T Assn Inc Burlington (CO)		656 4	459	-	-	-	566	1	2
Craig (CO) Escalante (NM) Nucla (CO)	898,138 161,707	652	70 23 366	- -	- - -	- -	442 93 32	1 -	1 * 1
Tucson Electric Power Co De Moss Petrie (AZ)	553,595	156	30,062 3,133	-	-	3,123	306	<u>-</u>	369 48
Irvington (AZ) North Loop (AZ) Springerville (AZ)		156	26,929 - -	- - -	- - -	3,123	29 - 278	- - *	321
Turlock Irrigation Dist		-	114 131	5,943	-	<u>-</u> -	-	<u>-</u>	3 3
Hickman (CA) Lagrange (CA)		- -	-	-3 878	- -	-	- -	- -	-
New Don Pedro (CA) Turlock Lake (CA) Uppr Dawson (CA)		- - -	-	5,077 -6 -3	- - -	-	- - -	- - -	-
Walnut (CA) United Power Assn		- 89	-17 393	-	-	15,481	104	-	1 6
Cambridge (MN) Elk River (MN) Maple Lake (MN)		23	393	- - -	- - -	15,481	- - -	*	6
Rock Lake (MN) Stanton (ND)	120,936	66	-	-	-	-	104	*	-
USBR-Great Plains Region		-	-	95,796 2,597 -14	-	-	- -	- - -	-
Boysen (WY) Buffalo Bill (WY)	 		-	5,930 -29	-	-		-	-
Canyon Ferry (MT) Estes (CO) Flatiron (CO)		- - -	-	26,425 12,054 -216	- - -	-	-	- - -	- - -
Fremont Canyon (WY)		-	-	4,434 -78 625	-	-	-	-	-
Guernsey (WY) Heart Mountain (WY)	- 	-	-	-32 -32	- -	-	- -	- -	-
Kortes (WY) Marys Lake (CO) Mount Elbert (CO)		- - -	- - -	5,715 4,859 -13,834	- - -	-	- - -	- - -	- - -
Pilot Butte (WY) Pole Hill (CO) Seminoe (WY)	- 	-	-	-4 19,376 4,146	- -	-	-	-	-
Shoshone (WY) Spirit Mountain (WY)	 	- -	-	-34 -24	-	-	- -	- -	-
Yellowtail (MT) USBR-Lower Colorado Region		-	-	23,932 358,259	-	-	-	-	-
Davis (AZ)	 	- - -	- - -	67,335 120,283 149,326	- - -	- - -	- - -	-	-
Parker (CA) USBR-Mid Pacific Region		-	-	21,315 185,281	-	-	-	-	-
Folsom (CA) Judge F Carr (CA) Keswick (CA)	 	- - -	- - -	25,838 1,294 25,411	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	-
Lewiston (CA) New Melones (CA) Nimbus (CA)		-	-	136 4,476 3,403	-	-	- -	- - -	-
O Neill (CA) Shasta (CA)		- - -	-	77,730	- - -	-	-	- - -	- - -

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				eration ilowatthours)				Consumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
USBR-Mid Pacific Region (Continued)									
Spring Creek (CA)	-	-	-	41,328	-	-	-	-	-
Stampede (CA)	-	-	-	125	-	-	-	-	-
Trinity (CA)	-	-	-	5,540	-	-	-	-	-
USBR-Pacific NW Region	-	-	-	1,747,731	-	-	-	-	-
Anderson Ranch (ID)	-	-	-	2,819	-	-	-	-	-
Black Canyon (ID)	-	-	-	1,755	-	-	-	-	-
Boise River Div (ID)	-	-	-	1,733	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Coulee (WA)	-	-		1,667,258	-	-			
Green Springs (OR)		-	_	3,680	-	_	-	_	_
Hungry Horse (MT)		-	-	61,224	-	-	_	-	-
Minidoka (ID)	-	-	-	859	-	-	_	-	-
Palisades (ID)	-	-	-	5,632	-	-	-	-	-
Roza (WA)	-	-	-	2,771	-	-	-	-	-
USBR-Upper Colorado Region	_	-	_	289,461	-	-	-	-	_
Blue Mesa (CO)	-	-	-	2,767	-	-	-	-	-
Crystal (CO)	-	-	-	-144	-	-	-	-	-
Deer Creek (UT)		-	-	802	-	-	-	-	-
Elephant Butte (NM)	-	-	-	-65	-	-	-	-	-
Flaming Gorge (UT)	-	-	-	15,991	-	-	-	-	-
Fontenelle (WY)	-	-	-	2,545 262,568	-	-	-	-	-
Lower Molina (CO)		-		499	-	-	-		
McPhee (CO)		_	_	-118	_	_	_	_	_
Morrow Point (CO)	_	-	_	4,097	_	_	_	_	
Towaoc (CO)	-	-	-	-343	-	-	_	-	-
Upper Molina (CO)	-	-	-	862	-	-	-	-	-
USCE-Hartwell Power Plant	_	_	_	26,574	_	_	_	_	_
Hartwell (GA)	_	_	_	26,574	_	_	_	_	_
USCE-J Strom Thur Pwr Plt									
J Strom Thurmond (SC)	_	-	_	25,250 25,250	-	_	_	_	-
* '									
USCE-Kansas City Dist	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-
Harry S Truman (MO) Stockton (MO)	-	-	-	-78 89	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	_
USCE-Little Rock	-	-	-	99,911	-	-	-	-	-
Beaver (AR)	-	-	-	6,180	-	-	-	-	-
Bull Shoals (AR)	-	-	-	26,323 19.040	-	-	-	-	-
Dardanelle (AR)	-	-	-	19,040	-	-	-	-	-
Norfork (AR)				10,646					
Ozark (AR)	_	_	_	9,814	_	_	_	_	_
Table Rock (MO)	-	-	-	16,677	-	-	_	-	-
USCE-Missouri River District				507,278					
Big Bend (SD)	-			47,079	-				
Fort Peck (MT)	_	_	_	91.729	_	_	_	_	_
Fort Randall (SD)	-	-	-	61,351	-	-	_	-	
Garrison (ND)	-	-	-	160,183	-	-	_	-	
Gavins Point (NE)	-	-	-	37,300	-	-	-	-	-
Oahe (SD)	-	-	-	109,636	-	-	-	-	
JSCE-Mobile District	_	_	_	215,352	_	_	_	_	
Allatoona (GA)	-	-	-	21,836	-	-	-	-	
Buford (GA)	-	-	-	5,000	-	-	-	-	-
Carters (GA)	-	-	-	29,674	-	-	-	-	-
J Woodruff (FL)	-	-	-	16,265	-	-	-	-	-
Jones Bluff (AL)	-	-	-	41,634	-	-	-	-	
Millers Ferry (AL)	-	-	-	37,614 39,922	-	-	-	-	
Walter F George (GA)	-	-	-	39,922 23,407	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	_
USCE-Nashville	-	-	-	341,156	-	-	-	-	-
Barkley (KY)	-	-	-	93,380	-	-	-	-	

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)		(eration ilowatthours)				onsumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
USCE-Nashville (Continued)									
Center Hill (TN)		-	-	36,552	-	-	-	-	-
Cheatham (TN)	-	-	-	22,365	-	-	-	-	-
Cordell Hull (TN)	-	-	-	35,952	-	-	-	-	-
Dale Hollow (TN)		-	-	5,689	-	-	-	-	-
J Percy Priest (TN)	-	-	-	16,196	-	-	-	-	-
Laurel (KY)		-	-	5,501	-	-	-	-	-
Old Hickory (TN)	-	-	-	56,494	-	-	-	-	-
Wolf Creek (KY)	-	-	-	69,027	-	-	-	-	-
USCE-North Pacific Div	_	_	_	3,717,634	_	-	_	_	_
Albeni Falls (ID)		-	-	16,584	-	-	-	-	-
Big Cliff (OR)	-	-	-	8,025	-	-	-	-	-
Bonneville (OR)	-	-	-	407,051	-	-	-	-	-
Chief Joseph (WA)	-	-	-	874,784	-	-	-	-	-
Cougar (OR)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Detroit (OR)		-	-	24,432	-	-	-	-	-
Dexter (OR)		-	-	4,816	-	-	-	-	-
Dworshak (ID)		-	-	35,405	-	-	-	-	-
Foster (OR)		-	-	9,914	-	-	-	-	-
Green Peter (OR)		-	-	25,228	-	-	-	-	-
Hills Creek (OR)		-	-	10,956	-	-	-	-	-
Ice Harbor (WA)		-	-	86,317	-	-	-	-	-
John Day (OR)		-	-	656,293	-	-	-	-	-
Libby (MT)		-	-	304,751	-	-	-	-	-
Little Goose (WA)		-	-	81,409	-	-	-	-	-
Lookout Point (OR)		-	-	14,006	-	-	-	-	-
Lost Creek (OR)		-	-	14,600	-	-	-	-	-
Lower Granite (WA)		-	-	82,797	-	-	-	-	-
Lower Monumental (WA)		-	-	86,157	-	-	-	-	-
McNary (OR)	-	-	-	441,372	-	-	-	-	-
The Dalles (WA)	-	-	-	532,737	-	-	-	-	-
USCE-R B Russell		-	-	41,915 41,915	-	-	-	-	-
, ,				*					
USCE-Tulsa District		-	-	56,257	-	-	-	-	-
Broken Bow (OK)		-	-	4,568	-	-	-	-	-
Denison (TX) Eufaula (OK)		-	-	15,400 3,131	-	-	-	-	-
Fort Gibson (OK)		-	-	1.218	-	-	-	-	-
Keystone (OK)		-	-	11.719	-	-	-	-	-
Robert S Kerr (OK)				11,359	_	_			
Tenkiller Ferry (OK)		_	_	3,382	_	_	_	_	_
Webbers Falls (OK)		-	_	5,480	_	_	-	_	_
USCE-Vickburg District		-	-	5,565	-	-	-	-	-
Blakely Mountain (AR)		-	-	523	-	-	-	-	-
Degray (AR)		-	-	2,802	-	-	-	-	-
Narrows (AR)	-	-	-	2,240	-	-	-	-	-
USCE-Wilmington	_	_	-	56,980	-	-	_	_	_
John H Kerr (VA)		-	-	56,414	-	_	-	-	-
Philpott (VA)		-	-	566	-	-	-	-	-
HeliCom United Inc	309,331	2	896				162		18
UtiliCorp United Inc		2	223	-	-	-	102	-	4
Greenwood (MO)		-	701	-	-	-	-	-	14
Kci (MO)			-28		_	_	_		14
Nevada (MO)		-21	-20	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sibley (MO)		23	_	_	_	_	162	*	_
UtiliCorp United Inc		-28	31,046	_	_	_	13	_	458
Cimarron River (KS)			-31	-	-	_	-	-	18
Clark, W N (CO)		-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-
Clifton (KS)		-	-65	-	-	-	-	-	-
Judson Large (KS)		-	26,681	-	-	-	-	-	350
Mullergren, Arthur (KS)	-	-	-208	-	-	-	_	-	1
Pueblo (CO)	-	11	4,669	-	-	-	-	*	89
Rocky Ford (CO)		-39	-	-	_	-	-	*	-

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gene (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)				consumption (thousand)	
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Vero Beach (City of)		1 1	851 851		-		-	- *	15 15
Vineland (City of)	5,759	1,183	_	_	_	_	3	3	-
Down, Howard (NJ)		503 680	-	-	-	-	3	1 2	-
West (NJ)			-	2012	1 000 010	-			-
1st Energy (VA)		345,162	43,843	2,813	1,922,842	-	1,367	550	385
Altavista (VA)		_	_		_	_	19	-	*
Bath County (VA)		-	-	-82,226	-	-	-	-	-
Bell Meade (VA)		270	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Bremo Bluff (VA)		370 1,566	-	-	-	-	59 154	1 3	-
Chesapeake (VA) Chesterfield (VA)		1,388	43,493	-	-	-	275	5	381
Clover (VA)	624,915	386	-	-	-	-	246	1	-
Cushaw (VA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Darbytown (VA)		149	6	41,751	-	-	-	*	*
Gaston (NC) Gravel Neck (VA)		19	-	41,/31	-	-		*	
Hopewell (VA)		-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-
Kitty Hawk (NC)		23	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Low Moor (VA)		9 660	-	-	-	-	403	15	-
Mt Storm (WV) North Anna (VA)		8,660	_	-	695,764	_	403	15	-
North Branch (WV)		603	_	-	-	_	18	2	_
Northern Neck (VA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Possum Point (VA)		80,876	-	-	-	-	91	135	-
Roanoke Rapids (NC) Southhampton (VA)		2,069	-	43,288	-	-	14	4	-
Surry (VA)		2,009	-	-	1,227,078	-	-	-	_
Yktn Term A (VA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Yorktown (VA)	227,080	249,053	344	-	-	-	89	385	3
Waverly (City of)		53	59	-	-	633	-	-	1
East Hydro (IA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Plant (IA) Northwest (IA)		53	59	-	-	421	-	*	I
Skeets 1 (IA)		-	-	-	-	212	-	-	_
South Plant (IA)		-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Western Farmers Elec Coop		118	78,145 71,468	-	-	-	180	-	749 676
Hugo (OK)	289,101	118	-	-	-	-	180	*	-
Mooreland (OK)		-	6,677	-	-	-	-	-	74
Wisconsin Electric Pwr Co		1,679	3,920	27,017 1,120	754,656	384	918	4	64
Big Quinnesec 61 (MI)		-	-	, -	-	-	-	-	-
Big Quinnesec 92 (MI)		-	-	7,695	-	-	-	-	-
Brule (MI) Byron (WI)		-	-	1,334	-	384	-	-	-
Chalk Hill (MI)		-		2,335	-	-		-	_
Concord (WI)		-	-	-,	-	-	-	-	-
Germantown (WI)		353	284	-	-	-	-	1	4
Hemlock Falls (MI) Kingsford (MI)		-	-	2,124	-	-	-	-	-
Lower Paint (MI)		-	-	2,124	-	-	-	-	
Michigamme Falls (MI)		-	-	2,259	-	-	-	-	_
Milwaukee County (WI)	2,593	-	-	· -	-	-	5	-	-
Oil Storage (WI)		-	102	-	-	-	-	-	- 4
Paris (WI) Peavy Falls (MI)		-	102	3,732	-	-	-	-	4
Pine (WI)		-	-	726	-	-	-	- -	-
Pleasant Prairie (WI)	784,278	16	418	-		-	500	*	6
Point Beach (WI)		-	-	-	754,656	=	-	*	-
Port Washington (WI)		1,306	-	-	-	-	10 142	3	-
Presque Isle (MI) South Oak Creek (WI)		1,300	2,781	-	-	-	200	3	43

Table 56. U.S. Electric Utility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Company and Plant, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					Consumption (thousand)	-
Plant (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other ¹	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Wisconsin Electric Pwr Co (Continued)									
Sturgeon (MI)		_	-	296	_	-	_	-	-
Twin Falls (MI)		-	-	2,522	-	-	-	-	-
Valley (WI)		4	335	· -	-	-	61	*	6
Way (MI)		-	-	696	-	-	-	-	-
White Rapids (MI)		-	-	2,178	-	-	-	-	-
Wisconsin Pub Serv Corp		114	21,385	25,305 2,054	390,843	2,538	342	-	295
Caldron Falls (WI)		_	-	618	-	_	-	_	-
Eagle River (WI)		48	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Glenmore (WI)		-	-	-	-	237	-	-	-
Grand Rapids (MI)		-	-	2,881	-	-	-	-	-
Grandfather Falls (WI)		-	-	10,011	-	-	-	-	-
Hat Rapids (WI)		-	-	849	-	-	-	-	-
High Falls (WI)		-	-	1,030	-	-	-	-	-
Jersey (WI)		-	-	336	-	-	-	-	-
Johnson Falls (WI)		-	-	633	200.042	-	-	-	-
Kewaunee (WI)		-	-	-	390,843	2 201	-	-	-
Lincoln (WI)		-	-	1 205	-	2,301	-	-	-
Merrill (WI)		-	-	1,205	-	-	-	-	-
Oneida Casino (WI) Otter Rapids (WI)		-	-	205	-	-	-	-	-
Peshtigo (WI)		-	-	254	-	-	-	-	-
Potato Rapids (WI)		-	-	256	-	-	-	-	-
Pulliam (WI)		_	1,223	230		_	151		15
Sandstone Rapids (WI)		_	1,225	706	_	_	131	_	- 13
Tomahawk (WI)		_	_	1.385	_	_	_	_	_
Wausau (WI)		_	_	2,882	_	_	_	_	_
West Marinette (WI)		66	12,028	-,	_	_	_	*	166
Weston (WI)		-	8,134	_	-	_	191	-	114
Wisconsin Pwr & Lgt Co	1,109,128	1,533	14,720	15,060		5,194	671	3	200
Blackhawk (WI)		1,555	14,720	15,000	-	5,194	0/1	3	200
Columbia (WI)		1,086	-	-	-	-	380	2	1
Dewey, Nelson (WI)		28				_	50	*	
Edgewater (WI)		377	_	_	_	5.194	241	1	_
Kilbourn (WI)		-	_	4.943	_	5,171	211	-	_
NA 1 (WI)		_	644	1,7 13	_	_	_	_	23
Prairie Du Sac (WI)		_	-	10,117	_	_	_	_	
Rock River (WI)		42	14,076	-	-	-	_	*	176
Shawano (WI)		-	· -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sheepskin (WI)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wolf Creek Nuclear Corp Wolf Creek (KS)		-	-	-	887,671 887,671	-	-	-	-
		CO	5.530						60
Wolverine Pwr supply Coop		60	5,530	-	-	-	-	-	68
Gaylord (MI)		-	834	-	-	-	-	-	12
Johnson, George (MI) Scottville (MI)		-	2,794	-	-	-	-	-	30
Tower (MI)		11		-	-	-	-	*	-
Vandyke, Claude (MI)		11	1,631	-	-	-	<u>-</u>		21
Vestaburg (MI)		49	271	-	_	_	-	*	5
Wyandotte (City of)	21,414	-	-	-	-	726	12	-	-
Wyandotte (MI)	21,414	-	-	-	-	726	12	-	•
Yuba County Water Agency		-	-	52,375	-	-	-	-	-
Fish Power (CA)		-	-	90	-	-	-	-	-
New Colgate (CA)		-	-	37,087	-	-	-	-	-
New Narrows (CA)		-	-	15,198	-	-	-	-	-

¹ Other energy sources include geothermal, wood, waste, wind, and solar.

 $Source: \bullet Energy\ Information\ Administration, Form\ EIA-906, "Power\ Plant\ Report."$

^{* =} For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

Notes: • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Net generation for jointly owned units is reported by the operator. • Negative generation denotes that electric power consumed for plant use exceeds gross generation. • Station losses include energy used for pumped storage. • Generation is included for plants in test status. • Nuclear generation is included for those plants with an operating license issued authorizing fuel loading/low power testing prior to receipt of full power amendment. • Central storage is a common area for fuel stocks not assigned to specific plants. • Mcf=thousand cubic feet and bbls=barrels. • Holding Companies are: AEP is American Electric Power, APS is Allegheny Power System, ACE is Atlantic City Electric, CSW is Central & South West Corporation, CES is Commonwealth Energy System, DMV is Delmarva, EU is Eastern Utilities Associates Company, GPS is General Public Utilities, MSU is Middle South Utilities, NEES is New England Electric System, NU is Northeast Utilities, SC is Southern Company.

Monthly Plant Aggregates: U.S. Electric Utility Receipts, Cost, and Quality of Fossil Fuels

Table 57. Receipts, Average Cost, and Quality of Fossil Fuels Delivered to U.S. Electric Utilities by Company and Plant, November 2002

	Coal					Petrole	um¹			Gas		% 0	of Total	Btu
Utility (Holding Company) Plant (State)	Receipts	Average	Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Average	e Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Average	Cost ²		Pe-	
((1,000 short tons)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)	Sulfur %	(1,000 bbls)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$ bbl)	Sulfur %	(1,000 Mcf)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ Mcf)	Coal	tro- leum	Gas
Alabama Electric Coop Inc		142.9	34.02	1.45	1	662.2	36.29	-	720	419.3	4.33	79	- *	21
Lowman (AL)		142.9	34.02	1.45	1	662.2	36.29	-	720	419.3	4.33	100	-	100
Alabama Power Co ³	2,003	145.8	30.59	0.62	4	550.3	32.13	-	3,931	454.7	4.73	91	-	9
Barry (AL)		168.5 157.9	39.76 38.41	0.62 1.51	-	-	-	-	2,681 10	453.5 142.8	4.75 1.46	73 98	-	27 2
Gaston (AL)		156.9	37.66	1.10	2	547.4	31.95	_	-	142.6	1.40	100	*	-
GE Plastic (AL)	-	-	-	- 0.02	-		-	-	585	466.9	4.79	-	-	100
Gorgas 2 and 3 (AL)		161.8 128.2	39.00 30.85	0.82 1.28	2	552.5	32.25	-	5	565.4	5.79	100 100	*	*
James Miller (AL)		126.8	22.34	0.26	-	-	-	_	42	496.8	4.99	100	-	*
Washington (AL)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	607	449.9	4.65	-	-	100
Ameren UE		87.5 79.9	15.32 13.88	0.40 0.32	2 1	600.0 590.1	34.52 33.95	0.29 0.29	123	473.8	4.88	100 100	*	-
Meramec (MO)		92.8	16.65	0.31	-	-	-	-	103	477.4	4.91	98	-	2
Rush Island (MO)		89.7	15.17	0.40	1	609.8	25.00	0.20	-	-	-	100	- *	-
Sioux (MO) Venice No.2 (IL)		97.0	17.92	0.63	1	609.8	35.09	0.29	20	455.7	4.69	100	_	100
American Municipal Power	62	122.4	28.15	2.10	-	-	-	-	3	486.3	5.06	100	-	-
Gorsuch (OH)		122.4	28.15	2.10	-	-	-	-	3	486.3	5.06	100	-	*
Ames City of		148.4 148.4	25.75 25.75	0.20 0.20	-		-	_	-		_	100 100	_	-
Anchorage City of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	556	210.5	2.11	-	-	100
George Sullivan (AK) Appalachian Power Co		129.4	31.71	0.77	15	589.8	34.40	-	556	210.5	2.11	100	-	100
Amos (WV)		124.3	30.26	0.80	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	100	-	-
Clinch River (VA)		133.5	33.10	0.75	*	604.1	35.41	-	-	-	-	100	*	-
Glen Lyn (VA) Kanawha River (WV)		143.2 118.5	37.05 29.24	0.86 0.82	4	570.3 597.7	33.20 35.50	-	-	-	-	99 100	1	-
Mountaineer (WV)		134.4	32.65	0.70	10	597.7	34.86	_	-	_	_	99	1	-
Arizona Electric Pwr Coop Inc		152.1	28.70	0.71	-	-	-	-	405	338.2	3.45	85	-	15
Apache (AZ) Arizona Public Service Co		152.1 114.0	28.70 20.37	0.71 0.68	-	-	-	-	405 934	338.2 407.3	3.45 4.14	85 95	-	15 5
Cholla (AZ)	347	113.7	21.71	0.61	-	-	-	-	1	456.3	4.65	100	-	*
Four Corners (NM)		114.2	19.78	0.71	-	-	-	-	92 44	435.6 408.0	4.40 4.16	99	-	1 100
Ocotillo (AZ) Phoenix (AZ)		-	_	_		-	-	_	525	408.0	4.16	-	-	100
Saguaro (AZ)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	399.0	4.07	-	-	100
Yucca (AZ) Arkansas Power & Light Co		117.4	20.34	0.29	7	555.7	32.85	0.50	268 485	396.0 416.7	4.00 4.26	97	-	100 2
Couch (AR)		-	20.54	0.27	-	-	<i>32.</i> 63	0.50	10	474.7	4.93	-	_	100
Independence (AR)	650	110.1	19.51	0.24	5	558.6	33.03	0.50		-	-	100	*	-
Lake Catherine (AR)		-	_	_	-	-	-	_	474 1	416.3 78.9	4.26 0.82	-	_	100 100
Whitebluff (AR)		126.6	21.34	0.36	2	546.2	32.25	0.50	-	- 10.5	0.02	100	*	-
Associated Electric Coop Inc		88.1	15.69	0.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Hill (MO) Madrid (MO)		81.0 95.3	14.51 16.89	0.20 0.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 100	-	
Atlantic City Electric Co	71	207.2	53.75	1.99	46	208.7	13.31	0.97	-	-	-	86	14	-
Deepwater (NJ)		210.4 205.9	52.55 54.29	0.74 2.55	46	208.7	13.31	0.97	-	-	-	100 81	- 19	-
England (NJ) Basin Electric Power Coop	1,531	64.0	9.48	0.56	7	627.8	36.36	0.97	_	_	_	100	19	_
Antelope Valley (ND)	491	73.0	9.63	0.75	ĺ	611.3	35.40	0.34	-	-	-	100	*	-
Laramie River (WY) Leland Olds (ND)		50.5 84.1	8.40 11.33	0.34 0.72	6	631.1	36.55	0.34	-	-	-	100 100	*	-
Big Rivers Electric Corp		122.0	29.76	3.02	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	100	_	_
Reid-Henderson (KY)	25	122.0	29.76	3.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Neal Simpson II (WY)		44.8 44.8	7.26 7.26	0.52 0.52	*	7.0 7.0	0.42 0.42	0.04 0.04	-	-	_	100 100	- *	-
Brazos Electric Power Coop Inc			7.20	0.52	-	7.0	0.42	-	263	364.0	3.64	-	-	100
Miller (TX)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	263	364.0	3.64	-	-	100
Bryan City of		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	209 123	382.2 382.2	3.88 3.88	-	-	100 100
Dansby (TX)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	86	382.2	3.88	-	-	100
Burbank City of		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	792.0	8.03	-	-	100
Magnolia-Olive (CA) Burlington City of		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 4	792.0 483.6	8.03 4.86	-	-	100 100
J C McNeil (VT)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	483.6	4.86	-	1	100
Cardinal Operating Co		139.3	33.42	1.35	12	561.6	32.97					99		

Table 57. Receipts, Average Cost, and Quality of Fossil Fuels Delivered to U.S. Electric Utilities by Company and Plant, November 2002 (Continued)

		Coal				Petrole	um¹			Gas		% (of Total	Btu
Utility (Holding Company) Plant (State)	Receipts	Average	Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Averag	e Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Average	e Cost ²		Pe-	
Tiant (State)	(1,000 short tons)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)	Sulfur %	(1,000 bbls)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$ bbl)	Sulfur %	(1,000 Mcf)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ Mcf)	Coal	tro- leum	Gas
Carolina Power & Light Co		188.6	46.86	0.79	25	572.3	33.17	0.20	-	-	-	99	1	-
Asheville (NC) Cape Fear (NC)		192.2 160.4	48.26 39.80	0.77 0.80	12	584.5	33.88	0.20	-	-	-	97 100	3	-
Lee (NC)	69	164.9	40.75	0.82	4	559.2	32.41	0.20	-	-	-	99	1	-
Mayo (NC)		202.8 191.7	50.08 47.45	0.66 1.04	1	558.7	32.38	0.20	-	-	-	100 100	*	-
Robinson (SC)		188.8	46.73	0.77	7	558.2	32.36	0.20	-	_	-	100	*	-
Sutton (NC)	123	194.5	49.10	0.88	2	577.0	33.44	0.20	-	-	-	100	*	-
Weatherspoon (NC)		165.0 171.3	41.54 42.65	1.16 1.36	-	-	-	_	1	576.0	5.76	100 99	_	1
Streeter (IA)		171.3	42.65	1.36	_	-	-	_	1	576.0	5.76		_	1
Central Electric Pwr Coop-MO		112.7	20.60	0.47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Chamois (MO) Central Illinois Light Co		112.7 155.8	20.60 33.90	0.47 1.89	1	744.5	43.46	0.03	-	-	-	100 100	_	-
Duck Creek (IL)		163.4	34.90	3.38	ī	744.5	43.46	0.03	-	-	-	100	*	-
Edwards (IL)		151.8	33.35	1.07	-	-	-	-	-	552.4		100	-	-
Fair Station (IA)		138.6 138.6	31.41 31.41	2.55 2.55	-	-	-	-	2 2	553.4 553.4	5.56 5.56		-	1 1
Central Louisiana Elec Co Inc	518	135.7	20.10	0.81	-	-	-	-	1,369	438.0	4.49	85	-	15
Dolet Hills (LA)		134.0	18.08 24.30	0.98 0.47	-	-	-	-	3 500	534.2 433.1	5.51 4.38	100	-	* 15
Rodemacher (LA) Teche (LA)		138.5	24.30	0.47	-	-	-	_	867	440.5	4.55	85	_	100
Central Operating Co	168	123.2	29.58	0.95	1	662.2	38.21	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Sporn (WV) Chugach Electric Assn Inc		123.2	29.58	0.95	1	662.2	38.21	-	1,066	198.2	1.98	100	*	100
Beluga (AK)		-	_	_	_	-	-	_	1,066	198.2	1.98	-	_	100
Colorado Springs City of		89.6	18.66	0.40	-	-	-	-	232	355.4	3.52	94	-	6
Birdsall (CO) Drake (CO)		94.0	21.63	0.49	-	_	-	_	216 9	351.6 456.4	3.49 4.53	100	_	100
Nixon (CO)		83.3	15.27	0.29	-	-	-	_	7	342.1	3.39		-	*
Columbia City of		231.4	61.55	1.39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Columbia (MO) Columbus & Southern Ohio El Co		231.4 130.5	61.55 30.53	1.39 2.65	1	576.3	33.38	-	-	-	-	100 100	-	-
Conesville (OH)	. 387	131.1	30.70	2.69	1	576.3	33.38	-	-	-	-	100	*	-
Picway (OH)		117.4	26.82	1.78	-	-	-	-	- (05	467.0	4.02	100	-	100
Consolidated Edison Co-NY Inc East River (NY)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	685 231	467.9 467.9	4.83 4.83	-	-	100 100
Waterside (NY)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	455	467.9	4.83	-	-	100
Consumers Power Co		137.1 145.3	27.98 30.53	0.48 0.50	44 2	359.0 644.6	22.69 37.36	1.08 0.50	363	885.1	9.03	96 100	2	2
Cobb (MI)		143.3	28.30	0.50	-	044.0	37.30	0.30	20	613.1	6.25	98	-	2
Karn-Weadock (MI)	. 85	105.7	18.57	0.28	40	332.2	21.16	1.14	343	901.0	9.19		12	17
Weadock (MI) Whiting (MI)		132.8 120.9	27.70 22.96	0.53 0.35	2	670.3 641.0	38.85 37.15	0.50 0.50	-	-	-	100 100	*	-
Coop Power Assn		76.6	9.55	0.58	-	-	57.15	0.50	_	_	_	100	-	-
Coal Creek (ND)		76.6	9.55	0.58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Alma-Madgett (WI)	149 106	144.9 136.8	27.85 24.74	0.75 0.58	2 2	685.4 685.4	40.30 40.30	0.50 0.50	-	-	-	100 99	- 1	-
Genoa No.3 (WI)	. 44	161.0	35.32	1.16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Dayton Power & Light Co		117.5	27.16	0.86	8	597.7	34.98	0.40	7 7	784.5	8.00		-	-
Hutchings (OH) Killen (OH)		139.9 120.4	35.97 28.94	0.78 0.63	-	-	-	_	-	784.5	8.00	100	-	1
Stuart (OH)	620	115.9	26.39	0.93	8	597.7	34.98	0.40	-	-	-	100	*	-
Denton City of		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8 8	439.0 439.0	4.58 4.58		-	100 100
Descret Generation & Tran Coop		172.4	32.58	0.36	-	514.5	29.82	0.10	-	439.0	4.36	100	_	-
Bonanza (UT)	171	172.4	32.58	0.36	*	514.5	29.82	0.10				100	*	-
Belle River (MI)		1 09.3 90.8	21.43 17.01	0.54 0.34	2	659.4 649.6	38.01 37.60	0.34 0.10	387	137.3	8.15	94 100	- *	6
Greenwood (MI)		-	17.01	0.54	-	-	37.00	0.10	1	405.3	4.07		-	100
Harbor Beach (MI)	. 17	181.4		0.89	1	674.6	38.63	0.40	-	-	-	99	1	-
Monroe (MI) River Rouge (MI)		129.1 128.8	25.74 24.96	0.56 0.36	1	647.4	37.52	0.35	362	133.8	8.40	100 43	*	57
St Clair (MI)		96.1	19.27	0.72	-	-	-	_	24	458.1	4.62		-	*
Trenton Channel (MI)		111.8	20.62	0.38	-	450.5	20.01	0.50	-	400 =		100	-	-
Mckee Run (DE)		-	-	-	14 14	479.5 479.5	29.91 29.91	0.78 0.78	2 2	409.5 409.5	4.23 4.23		97 97	3 3
Duke Power Co	1,251	166.6		0.88	12	543.9	31.75	0.30	-	-		100	-	-
Allen (NC)		175.4 167.4		0.91	2 4	542.1	31.69	0.30	-	-	-	100	*	-
Belews Creek (NC)	414	167.4	41.15	0.84	4	559.8	32.64	0.30	-	-	-	100		-

Table 57. Receipts, Average Cost, and Quality of Fossil Fuels Delivered to U.S. Electric Utilities by Company and Plant, November 2002 (Continued)

		Coal				Petrole	um¹			Gas		% (of Total	Btu
Utility (Holding Company) Plant (State)	Receipts	Average	Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Average	e Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Average	e Cost ²		Pe-	
Time (oute)	(1,000 short tons)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)	Sulfur %	(1,000 bbls)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$ bbl)	Sulfur %	(1,000 Mcf)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ Mcf)	Coal	tro- leum	Gas
Duke Power Co (Continued)														
Buck (NC)		182.4 184.8	43.34 46.30	0.70 1.05	1	552.5	32.26	0.30	-	-	-	100 100	*	-
Lee (SC)	. 18	167.5	43.39	0.89	3	541.7	31.64	0.30	-	-	-	96	4	-
Marshall (NC)		155.3 174.1	38.16 39.43	0.86 1.03	2	513.2	29.96	0.30	-	-	-	100 100	*	-
Riverbend (NC) East Kentucky Power Coop		128.6		0.97	-	616.0	35.86	0.12	-	_	-	100	_	-
Cooper (KY)	. 86	124.9		1.26	*	591.0	34.40	0.12	-	-	-	100	*	-
Dale (KY) Spurlock (KY)		136.4 128.2		0.83 0.87	-	641.0	37.31	0.12	-	-	-	100 100	-	-
El Paso Electric Co		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	1,627	410.9	4.18		-	100
Newman (TX)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	983 643	422.0 394.0	4.30 4.01	-	-	100 100
Rio Grande (TX) Electric Energy Inc		91.1	16.07	0.25	-	-	-	_	29	501.9	5.21	100	_	100
Joppa (IL)	398	91.1	16.07	0.25	-	-	-	-	29	501.9	5.21	100	-	*
Empire District Electric Co		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	289 289	399.4 399.4	4.09 4.09	-	-	100 100
Fayetteville Public Works		_	-	-	-	-	-	_	1	585.8	6.07	-	-	100
Butler Warner (NC)		-	-	-	2 520	412.2	26 10	0.05	16 244	585.8 457.3	6.07	-	49	100
Florida Power & Light Co Cape Canaveral (FL)		-	-	-	2,530 290	412.3 390.8	26.19 24.87	0.95 1.00	16,244 458	457.3 457.3	4.74 4.74	-	80	51 20
Cutler (FL)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	457.3	4.74	-	-	100
Fort Myers (FL) Lauderdale (FL)		-	-	-	17 65	649.4 566.9	36.00 31.43	0.05 0.05	5,232 3,854	457.3 457.3	4.73 4.74	-	2 8	98 92
Manatee (FL)		-	_	_	1,193	412.2	26.22	0.03	17	457.3	4.74	-	100	*
Martin (FL)		-	-	-	162	417.5	26.53	0.90	596	457.3	4.74	-	62	38
Port Everglades (FL) Putnam (FL)		-	_	_	363	405.9	26.08	0.97	467 1.664	457.3 457.3	4.74 4.74	-	83	17 100
Riviera (FL)		-	_	_	110	396.4	25.32	1.00	482	457.3	4.74	-	58	42
Sanford (FL)		-	-	-	70 260	413.2	26.32	0.94	2,527	457.3	4.74	-	15	85
Turkey Point (FL) Florida Power Corp ⁴		221.5	56.06	0.87	586	402.1 383.0	25.82 25.23	1.03 1.61	934 135	457.3 540.5	4.74 5.40		63 24	37 5
Anclote (FL)		-	-	-	1	583.2	34.15	0.49	135	518.2	5.18	-	4	96
Bartow (FL) Crystal River (FL)		221.1	55.75	0.93	554 9	376.7 601.4	24.90 35.22	1.67 0.49	-	-	_	99	100 1	-
IMT Transfer (LA)		222.7		0.69	-		-	0.42	_	_	_	100	-	-
Suwannee (FL)		-	-	-	22	454.8	29.10	0.79	-	102.2	2 00	-	100	100
Fort Pierce City of		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16 16	193.3 193.3	2.00 2.00	-	_	100 100
Fremont City of	28	119.8		0.20	-	-	-	-	11	522.0	5.22	98	-	2
Wright (NE)		119.8 213.0		0.20 0.70	13	485.3	21 20	1.01	11 514	522.0 434.1	5.22 4.50	98 77	3	2 20
Deerhaven (FL)		213.0		0.70	13	485.3	31.38 31.38	1.01 1.01	342	434.1	4.50	82	3	14
Jr Kelly (FL)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	173	434.1	4.50	-	-	100
Atkinson-Mcdonough (GA)		168.8 152.5	38.93 38.43	0.76 0.94	10	528.2	30.72	0.50	1	563.9	5.85	100 100	-	-
Bowen (GA)	556	161.0	39.06	0.91	4	526.7	30.64	0.50	-	-	-	100	*	-
Hammond (GA)		154.8	39.31	0.99	3 2	520.5	30.28	0.50	-	-	-	99	1	-
Harllee Branch (GA) Mitchell (GA)		174.7 178.6	42.90 45.57	1.03 0.98	_	534.1	31.07	0.50	-	_	_	100 100	_	-
Scherer (GA)	853	181.0	37.10	0.47	-	-	-	-	-	-		100	-	-
Wansley (GA)	229 120	157.7		0.85 1.16	2	536.1	31.18	0.50	1	563.9	5.85	100 100	- *	*
Yates (GA)Glendale City of	120	161.2	40.70	1.10	-	330.1	31.16	0.50	102	338.0	3.45		_	100
Glendale (CA)		-	-	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	102	338.0	3.45	-	-	100
J B Simms (MI)		154.0 154.0		2.24 2.24	-	-	-	-	23 23	495.4 495.4	4.95 4.95	94 94	-	6
Grand Island City of		72.7		0.32	-	-	-	-	92	507.6	5.08	88	-	12
Burdick (NE)		72.7	12.00	0.22	-	-	-	-	92	507.6	5.08	100	-	100
Platte (NE) Grand River Dam Authority		72.7 84.0	12.80 14.26	0.32 0.35	-	653.3	37.73	0.08	16	459.6	4.61	100 100	-	-
GRDA No 1 (OK)	339	84.0	14.26	0.35	*	653.3	37.73	0.08	16	459.6	4.61	100	*	*
Crist (FL)		1 60.3 159.3	39.02 38.81	0.79 0.85	2 1	576.0 556.7	33.49 32.35	0.45 0.45	1,647 6	443.3 392.1	4.61 4.05	79 100	*	21
Scholtz (FL)		159.3		0.85	-	<i>55</i> 0./	<i>52.53</i> -	0.43	-	374.1 -	+.03	100	-	-
Smith (FL)	. 55	163.8	39.74	0.53	1	595.3	34.63	0.45	1,641	443.5	4.61	44	*	56
Gulf States Utilities Co Lewis Creek (TX)	260	103.7	18.12	0.45	-	-	-	-	7,773 1,107	421.6 406.2	4.35 4.19	36	-	64 100
Nelson (LA)	260	103.7	18.12	0.45	-	-	-	-	1,964	423.6	4.39		-	31
Sabine (TX)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,700	424.4	4.36	-	-	100

Table 57. Receipts, Average Cost, and Quality of Fossil Fuels Delivered to U.S. Electric Utilities by Company and Plant, November 2002 (Continued)

		Coal				Petrole	um¹			Gas		% (of Total	Btu
Utility (Holding Company) Plant (State)	Receipts	Average	Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Average	e Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Average	Cost ²		Pe-	
riant (state)	(1,000 short tons)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)	Sulfur %	(1,000 bbls)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$ bbl)	Sulfur %	(1,000 Mcf)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ Mcf)	Coal	tro- leum	Gas
Gulf States Utilities Co (Continued)														400
Willow Glen (LA) Hamilton City of		160.5	40.51	0.72	-	-	-	-	1 7	471.1 451.0	4.85 4.62	97	-	100 3
Hamilton (OH)	. 10	160.5	40.51	0.72	-	-	-	-	7		4.62	97	-	3
Hastings (NE)		69.7 69.7	11.75 11.75	0.35 0.35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 100	-	-
Holland City of		09.7 -	11./3	0.33	-	-	-	_	10	439.7	4.48	100	_	100
James De Young (MI)		2260	-	0.71	-	-	22.20		10	439.7	4.48	100	-	100
Holyoke Water Power Co Mount Tom (MA)		236.9 236.9	61.78 61.78	0.71 0.71	*	559.5 559.5	32.38 32.38	0.27 0.27	-	-	-	100 100	*	-
Hoosier Energy R E C Inc	337	103.7	22.90	2.60	-	601.3	34.85	0.10	-	-	-	100	-	-
Frank E Ratts (IN)		104.8 103.4	23.24	1.28	*	601.3	34.85	0.10	-	-	-	100 100	*	-
Merom (IN) IES Utilities		90.3	22.83 15.65	2.87 0.30	6	937.5	55.13	-	99	522.1	5.22	98	_	1
6th St (IA)	. 25	147.2	31.15	0.37	-	-	-	-	76	448.8	4.49	87	-	13
Burlington (IA) Ottumwa (IA)		89.9 73.6	15.02 12.39	0.28	6	937.5	55.13	-	6	638.7	6.39	99 99	1	1
Praire Creek (IA)		106.0	17.87	0.30	-	-	-	_	17	805.6	8.06	98	-	2
Sutherland (IA)	. 57	116.3	21.95	0.27	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.40	100	-	-
Imperial Irrigation District El Centro (CA)		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	61 61	413.0 413.0	4.18 4.18	-	-	100 100
Independence City of	10	138.1	29.22	3.19	_	_	_	_	-	-	- -	100	_	-
Blue Valley (MO)	. 10	138.1	29.22	3.19	-	-	25.22	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Indiana & Michigan Electric Co Rockport (IN)		117.9 118.3	23.15 21.86	0.61 0.34	24 22	650.4 642.4	37.33 36.82	-	-	-	-	99 99	1	-
Tanners Creek (IN)	. 228	116.7	27.55	1.52	2	766.5	45.04	-	-	-	-	100	*	-
Indiana-Kentucky Electric Corp		124.0	26.56	0.71	1	633.6	36.19	0.30	-	-	-	100	-	-
Clifty Creek (IN) Indianapolis Power & Light Co		124.0 98.0	26.56 21.86	0.71 2.49	1	633.6	36.19	0.30	-	-	_	100 100	_	-
Petersburg (IN)	413	92.4	20.82	3.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Pritchard (IN)Stout (IN)		112.2 108.4	24.88 23.47	1.18 1.52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 100	-	-
Interstate Power Co		128.4	21.62	0.25	2	651.6	38.32	_	21	436.5	4.37	92	3	5
Dubuque (IA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3		9.12	-	-	100
Fox Lake (MN) Kapp (IA)		128.4	21.62	0.25	_	-	-	_	18	357.1	3.57	100	_	100
Lansing (IA)		-	-	0.25	2	651.6	38.32	-	-	-	-	-	100	-
Jacksonville Electric Auth		159.8		1.58	325	417.3	26.41	1.62	407		4.83	70	25	5
Northside (FL) St Johns River (FL)		175.2 157.4	44.92 39.31	2.78 1.39	320 5	415.2 556.1	26.31 32.47	1.64 0.35	407	458.7	4.83	24 99	63 1	13
Jamestown City of	. 9	135.9	33.86	1.62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Samuel A Carlson (NY) Kansas City City of		135.9 84.1	33.86 14.01	1.62 0.35	-	-	-	-	108	404.3	4.05	100 95	-	5
Nearman (KS)		73.3	11.78	0.35	-	-	_	-	100	404.5	4.05	100	_	-
Quindaro (KS)	. 54	99.0	17.40	0.28	-				108		4.05	90	-	10
Hawthorne (MO)		74.5 63.4	13.01 10.91	0.44 0.35	15	584.7	33.77	0.23	13 13		4.56 4.56	99 100	-	*
Iatan (MO)		72.2	12.64	0.29	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	100	_	-
La Cygne (KS)		73.0	12.77	0.55	10	581.3	33.62	0.23	-	-	-	99	1	-
Montrose (MO) Kansas Gas & Electric Co		93.7	16.38	0.42	5 42	591.4 263.9	34.07 17.62	0.23 1.70	26	415.9	4.29	99	1 91	9
Evans (KS)		-	-	-	42	263.9	17.62	1.70	24	415.9	4.29	-	92	8
Gill (KS)		100.2	10.50	0.20	-	450.0	20.00	0.60	2 9		4.28	100	-	100
Kansas Power & Light Co Hutchinson (KS)		109.3	18.59	0.39	8 3	458.0 305.1	28.09 20.37	0.68 1.70		419.4	4.24	100	100	-
Jeffrey Energy Cnt (KS)	921	113.7	19.16	0.40	5	567.3	32.88		-			100	*	-
Lawrence (KS) Tecumseh (KS)	. 206 . 76	95.2 96.2	16.68 16.83	0.38 0.37	-	-	-	-	3 6		4.24 4.24	100 100	-	*
Kentucky Power Co		112.5	27.99	0.37	2	587.8	34.51	-	-	417.4	4.24	98	2	_
Big Sandy (KY)	. 27	112.5	27.99	0.91	2	587.8	34.51	-	-	-	-	98	2	-
Brown (KY)		137.4 143.1	32.35 34.64	1.47 1.48	3	593.4	34.89	0.40	-	-	-	100 100	-	-
Ghent (KY)		136.5	31.87	1.42	1	573.3	33.71	0.40	-	-	-	100	*	-
Green River (KY)	. 36	137.6	34.37	2.51	2	608.9	35.81	0.40	-	-	-	99	1	-
Tyrone (KY)Lafayette City of		139.0	35.14	0.79	-	-	-	-	461	410.2	4.29	100	-	100
Bonin (LA)		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	461		4.29	-	-	100
Lansing City of		140.5		0.33	1	341.0	19.76		-	-	-	100	-	-
Eckert (MI) Erickson (MI)		131.9 153.0	23.14 31.01	0.29 0.40	1 1	341.0 341.0	19.76 19.76		-	-	-	100 100	*	-
EFICKSOII (IVII)	. 52	155.0	51.01	0.40	1	341.0	19.76	0.50	-	-	-	100	^	-

Table 57. Receipts, Average Cost, and Quality of Fossil Fuels Delivered to U.S. Electric Utilities by Company and Plant, November 2002 (Continued)

		Coal				Petrole	um¹			Gas		% 0	of Total	Btu
Utility (Holding Company) Plant (State)	Receipts	Average	Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Average	e Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Average	Cost ²		Pe-	
Time (oute)	(1,000 short tons)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)	Sulfur %	(1,000 bbls)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$ bbl)	Sulfur %	(1,000 Mcf)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ Mcf)	Coal	tro- leum	Gas
Long Island Lighting Co	-	-	-	_	1,080	370.3	23.65	0.87	2,498	511.6	5.26	_	73	27
Barrett (NY)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,301	499.0	5.17	-	-	100
Far Rockaway (NY)Glenwood (NY)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	362 348	533.0 523.1	5.53 5.37	-	-	100 100
Northport (NY)		_			869	370.9	23.68	0.85	446	504.0	5.06	_	93	7
Port Jefferson (NY)		-	-	-	211	368.0	23.56		42	710.0	7.14	-	97	3
Los Angeles City of	482	103.2	24.33	0.69	-	-	-	-	2,396	389.0	3.95	82	-	18
Harbor (CA) Havnes (CA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 1,710	389.0 389.0	3.94 3.95	-	-	100 100
Intermountain (UT)		103.2	24.33	0.69			-	_	1,/10	309.0	3.93	100	_	100
Scattergood (CA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	529	389.0	3.97	-	_	100
Valley (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	389.0	3.97	-	-	100
Louisiana Power & Light Co		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,368	457.2	4.73	-	-	100
Little Gypsy (LA) Nine Mile (LA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	785 4,278	478.8 453.0	4.95 4.69	-	-	100 100
Sterlington (LA)		_	-				-	_	664	436.6	4.50		_	100
Waterford (LA)		_	_	-	-	-	-	-	641	479.5	4.96	-	_	100
Louisville Gas & Electric Co	548	113.2		3.40	1	626.5	36.84	0.25	72	479.0	4.91	99	-	1
Cane Run (KY)		114.8	26.33	3.39	-	-	-	-	16	479.0	4.91	99	-	1
Mill Creek (KY) Trimble County (KY)		111.6 114.4	25.40 26.34	3.39 3.42	1	626.5	36.84	0.25	56	479.0	4.91	99 100	- *	1
Lower Colorado River Authority	637	101.7	17.15	0.34	1	020.3	30.64	0.23	1,995	384.8	3.97	84	_	16
Gideon (TX)		-	-	-	_	_	-	-	1,144	389.6	4.05	-	_	100
Sam Seymour (TX)		101.7	17.15	0.34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
T C Ferguson (TX)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	852	378.3	3.87	-	-	100
Holly Ave (TX)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	435 313	365.6 366.6	3.69 3.69	-	-	100 100
Plant 2 (TX)	-	-	-			-	-	-	122	363.0	3.70		_	100
Madison Gas & Electric Co	18	162.6	35.50	1.47	_	-	-	-	45	458.9	4.59	90	-	10
Blount (WI)	18	162.6		1.47	-	-	-	-	45	458.9	4.59	90	-	10
Manitowoc Public Utilities	3	202.7		1.15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Manitowoc (WI)	3 25	202.7 126.5		1.15 0.29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 100	-	-
Shiras (MI)	25	126.5		0.29	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	100	_	_
Massachusetts Mun Wholes El Co	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	452	464.1	4.76	-	-	100
Stonybrook (MA)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	452	464.1	4.76	-	-	100
Medina Electric Coop Inc	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41 41	413.0	4.78	-	-	100
Pearsall (TX) Michigan South Central Pwr Agy	14	175.5	41.17	2.62	-		_		41	413.0	4.78	100		100
Project I (MI)	14	175.5		2.62	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	100	_	-
MidAmerican Energy	916	84.7	14.55	0.30	1	624.9	35.70	-	71	498.7	5.00	100	-	-
Council Bluffs (IA)	290	86.8	14.87	0.27	-	-	25.70	-	6	296.2	2.97	100	- *	*
George Neal 1-4 (IA) Louisa (IA)		74.0 101.2	12.70 17.43	0.34 0.30	1	624.9	35.70	-	26 11	517.4 491.4	5.17 4.98	99 100	^	*
Riverside (IA)		73.8		0.30		_	_	_	28	528.3	5.28	96	_	4
Minnesota Power & Light Co	445	118.0		0.53	_	700.6	40.31	0.20	-	-	-	100	-	-
Boswell Energy Center (MN)		117.7	21.13	0.54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Laskin Energy Center (MN)		121.1	22.67	0.39	*	700.6	40.31	0.20	-	-	-	100	*	-
Minnkota Power Coop Inc Young (ND)	323 323	59.5 59.5	7.97 7.97	0.78 0.78	1	621.1 621.1	36.52 36.52	0.40 0.40	-	-	-	100 100	*	-
Mississippi Power & Light Co	525	39.3	1.91	0.76	3	364.7	22.64	1.70	1,717	427.1	4.39	100	1	99
Brown (MS)	-	-	-	-	*	538.1	31.80	0.50	114	425.9	4.33	-	*	100
Gerald Andrus (MS)	-	-	-	-	2	310.9	19.66	2.13	1,243	426.6	4.39	-	1	99
Wilson (MS)	207	160.5	20.00	0.64	1	527.1	31.01	0.50	359	429.2	4.41	-	1	99
Mississippi Power Co	307 191	1 60.7 165.4		0.64 0.62	-	-	-	-	2,107 1,609	410.1 409.8	4.23 4.23	77 73	-	23 27
Eaton (MS)		105.4	39.10	0.02		_	_	_	1,009	445.7	4.60	-	_	100
Petal Gas (MS)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	340	412.0	4.25	-	-	100
Sweatt (MS)	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	1	395.3	4.05		-	100
Watson (MS)		153.1		0.67	-	(15.5	26.45	0.30	157	408.3	4.22	94	-	6
Monongahela Power Co		118.6 115.3	29.72 28.96	2.80 1.66	*	615.5 601.5	36.45 35.62		8	902.7	9.03	100 99	1	-
Ft Martin (WV)	41	110.2		1.75	*	458.1	27.13	0.30	_	_	_	100	1 *	-
Harrison (WV)		124.9	31.03	3.35	*	639.3	37.86	0.30	2	787.6	7.88	100	*	*
Pleasants (WV)	41	101.8	25.11	3.94	*	839.8	49.73	0.30	4	1,099.7	11.00	100	*	*
Rivesville (WV)		130.2		1.12	*	674.0	39.91	0.30	-	625.0	6.25	100	1	-
Willow Island (WV) Montana-Dakota Utilities Co	25 77	134.4 97.1		1.43 0.53	-	-	-	-	2	635.0 500.8	6.35 5.21	100 100	-	*
Heskett (ND)	46	99.2		0.55	-	_	-	_	-	300.0	3,41	100	_	-

Table 57. Receipts, Average Cost, and Quality of Fossil Fuels Delivered to U.S. Electric Utilities by Company and Plant, November 2002 (Continued)

		Coal	l			Petrole	um¹			Gas		% (of Total	Btu
Utility (Holding Company) Plant (State)	Receipts	Average	Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Averag	e Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Average	Cost ²		Pe-	
Fiant (State)	(1,000 short tons)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)	Sulfur %	(1,000 bbls)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$ bbl)	Sulfur %	(1,000 Mcf)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ Mcf)	Coal	tro- leum	Gas
Morgan City City of		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97	420.2	4.42	_	-	100
Morgan City (LA)		77.8	13.09	0.71	-	-	-	-	97 22		4.42 4.69	99	-	100 1
Muscatine (IA).		77.8	13.09	0.71	-		-	-	22	463.9	4.69	99	-	1
Nebraska Public Power District		52.4	9.00	0.30	-	658.7	38.22	0.10	17		0.20	100	-	-
Gerald Gentleman (NE)		48.8	8.33	0.30	*	658.7	38.22	0.10	16		0.02	100	*	*
Sheldon (NE) Nevada Power Co		73.2 138.6	13.05 33.05	0.30 0.69	6	583.2	34.07	0.30	3,217	621.7 403.0	6.22 4.17	100 74	_	26
Clark (NV)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,052		4.17	-	_	100
Gardner (NV)		138.6	33.05	0.69	6	583.2	34.07	0.30	.			100	*	
Sunrise (NV)		-	-	-	-	F26 2	21 67	0.50	165		4.16 4.47	-	-	100 100
New Orleans Public Service Inc Michoud (LA)		-	_	_	-	536.3	31.67	0.50	1,678 1,678		4.47	-	_	100
Paterson (LA)		-	-	-	*	536.3	31.67	0.50	-	-	-	-	100	-
Northern Indiana Pub Serv Co		131.0	27.68	1.51	-	-	-	-	29		4.96	100	-	-
Bailly (IN) Michigan City (IN)		114.1 129.1	25.96 23.75	2.87 0.34	-	_	_	_	1 14	593.2 441.7	5.95 4.43	100 99	_	* 1
Rollin Schahfer (IN)		138.6		1.41	-		_	_	14		5.37	100		*
Northern States Power Co	1,085	99.9	17.57	0.40	-	-	-	-	118	500.2	5.01	99	-	1
Bay Front (WI)		160.0	36.14	0.38	-	-	-	-	- 111	402.0	1.05	100	-	12
Black Dog (MN) High Bridge (MN)		122.0 110.8	21.44 19.70	0.20 0.20	-	-	-	-	111 7	493.9 595.5	4.95 5.98	88 99	-	12 1
King (MN)		118.5	21.09	0.32	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Riverside (MN)		107.8	19.34	0.19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Sherburne County (MN)		91.6	16.00	0.48	2.	- 	24.01	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Ohio Power Co		115.1 100.9	28.63 24.67	2.41 3.70	24 12	583.2 563.4	34.01 32.82	-	-	-	-	100 99	1	-
Kammer (WV)		113.5		1.46	*	702.1	41.11	_	_	_	_	100	*	_
Mitchell (WV)	314	127.1	31.35	0.96	9	597.9	34.92	-	-	-	-	99	1	-
Muskingum (OH)		129.6		2.05	3	614.9	35.85	0.20	-	-	-	100	*	-
Ohio Valley Electric Corp Kyger Creek (OH)		109.2 109.2		1.80 1.80	1 1	623.6 623.6	35.62 35.62	0.30 0.30	-	-	-	100 100	*	-
Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co		87.8	15.43	0.25	-	-	-	-	2,553	506.3	5.25	87	-	13
Muskogee (OK)		88.6	15.60	0.25	-	-	-	-	49		5.25	99	-	1
Mustang (OK) Seminole (OK)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	620 1,884	506.3 506.3	5.25 5.25	-	-	100 100
Sooner (OK)		86.8	15.19	0.25	_		_	_	1,004	500.5	3.23	100		-
Omaha Public Power District	359	60.4	10.60	0.29	2	597.8	34.65	0.20	37	464.2	4.64	99	-	1
Nebraska City (NE)		58.3	10.21	0.29	2	597.8	34.65	0.20	- 27	464.2	1.64	100	*	-
North Omaha (NE) Orlando Utilities Comm		62.6 163.2		0.29 1.13	-	_	_	_	37	464.2	4.64	99 100	_	1
Stanton Energy (FL)		163.2		1.13	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	100	_	_
Orrville City of		123.1		3.55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Orrville (OH)		123.1 104.3	28.76 16.46	3.55 0.65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 100	-	-
Otter Tail Power Co		125.9	21.46	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	100	-	-
Coyote (ND)	210	71.2	9.90	1.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Hoot Lake (MN)		130.7	24.23	0.29	-	-	-	-	1 107	410.5	4 1 5	100	-	100
Pacific Gas & Electric Co Humboldt Bay (CA)		-	-	-	-		-	-	1,197 318	410.5 410.5	4.17 4.19	-	-	100 100
Hunters Point (CA)	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	880		4.16	-	-	100
PacifiCorp	1,836	84.0	16.45	0.53	6	698.5	41.07	0.30	134	375.4	3.95	100	-	-
Carbon (UT) Emery-Hunter (UT)		71.8 75.9	16.96 17.53	0.50 0.48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 100	-	-
Gadsby (UT)		13.9	17.33	0.46	-		-	-	115	345.5	3.63	100	_	100
Huntington (UT)	209	76.8	17.26	0.48	2	710.0	41.75	0.30	-	-	-	100	*	-
Jim Bridger (WY)		101.5	18.84	0.49	4	692.8	40.74	0.30	-	-	-	100	*	-
Johnston (WY) Naughton (WY)	. 283 192	61.7 107.1	10.34 21.10	0.40 1.00	-	-	-	-	19	556.3	5.84	100 99	-	1
Wyodak (WY)		62.6		0.57	-	-	-	-	-		J.04 -	100	_	-
Painesville City of	. 7	140.4	34.96	2.42	-	-	-	-	1	680.6	6.81	99	-	1
Painesville (OH)		140.4	34.96	2.42	-	-	-	-	1	680.6	6.81	99	-	1
Platte River Power Authority Rawhide (CO)		62.6 62.6		0.28 0.28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 100	_	-
Portland General Electric Co		131.3		0.29	-	_	_	_	1,462	344.4	3.51	69	_	31
Beaver (OR)		-	22.77		-	-	-	-	471	365.9	3.73	100	-	100
Boardman (OR) Coyote Springs (OR)		131.3	22.75	0.29	-	-	-	-	990	334.1	3.41	100	-	100
		116.0	25.77	1.68	12	602.1	34.64	0.30	77 0	JJ4.1 _	3.41	100	-	100
PSI Energy Inc	1,301	110.0	43.11	1.00	14	002.1	37.07	0.50	-		-	100	-	

Table 57. Receipts, Average Cost, and Quality of Fossil Fuels Delivered to U.S. Electric Utilities by Company and Plant, November 2002 (Continued)

		Coal				Petrole	um¹			Gas		% 0	of Total	Btu
Utility (Holding Company) Plant (State)	Receipts	Average	Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Averag	e Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Average	e Cost ²		Pe-	
Time (state)	(1,000 short tons)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)	Sulfur %	(1,000 bbls)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$ bbl)	Sulfur %	(1,000 Mcf)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ Mcf)	Coal	tro- leum	Gas
PSI Energy Inc (Continued)														
Edwardsport (IN)		126.4 116.3	28.60 27.69	2.35 2.01	4	589.5	33.92	0.30	-	-	-	100 99	- 1	-
Gallagher (IN) Gibson Station (IN)		110.3	24.76	1.73	4	589.5 579.1	33.32	0.30	-		-	100	1 *	-
Noblesville (IN)		-		-	1	649.3	37.36	0.30	-	-	-	-	100	-
Wabash River (IN)		118.5		1.67	1	607.4	34.95	0.30	2.660	215.1	214	100	*	-
Araphoe (CO)		94.3 96.2		0.38 0.31	-	-	-	-	3,660 100	315.1 308.9	3.14 2.76	79 93	-	21 7
Cameo (CO)	23	100.0	21.99	0.52	-	-	-	-	13	367.6	3.71	97	-	3
Cherokee (CO)		100.4		0.51	-	-	-	-	14	330.4	3.29	99	-	1
Comanche (CO) Fort St. Vrain (CO)		70.9	12.18	0.28	-	-	-	-	3,323	338.7 307.2	3.37 3.07	100	-	100
Hayden (CO)		99.0	20.42	0.44	-	_	-	-	- 5,525	- 307.2	5.07	100	-	-
Pawnee (CO)	146	96.0	16.23	0.38	-	-	-	-	1	354.3	3.59	100	-	*
Valmont (CO)		123.5	26.96	0.41	-	-	-	-	3 204	409.6 442.0	4.04 4.40	100	-	100
Zuni (CO) Public Service Co of NH		175.7	46.25	1.11	107	341.9	21.89	1.82	204	442.0	4.40	83	17	100
Merrimack (NH)		196.1	53.37	1.30	*	573.8	33.21	0.27	-	-	-	100	*	-
Newington Station (NH)		122.1	22.70	0.75	107	341.4	21.86	1.82	-	-	-	100	100	-
Schiller (NH) Public Service Co of NM		133.1 186.6	32.78 37.34	0.75 0.65	11	552.9	31.58	_	26	202.2	2.08	100 99	1	_
Reeves (NM)		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	26	202.2	2.08	-	-	100
San Juan (NM)	445	186.6	37.34	0.65	11	552.9	31.58	-	-			99	1	-
Public Service Co of Oklahoma Comanche (CS) (OK)		101.7	17.97	0.39	-	-	-	-	2,650 574	467.0 479.8	4.82 4.92	70	-	30 100
Northeastern (OK)		101.7	17.97	0.39	-		-	-	20	474.9	4.79	100	-	*
Riverside (OK)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,416	457.2	4.71	-	-	100
Southwestern (OK)		51.2	- 0.70	0.66	-	-	41.14	0.50	640	476.9	4.97	100	-	100
Puget Sound Power & Light Co Colstrip (MT)		51.2 51.2	8.79 8.79	0.66 0.66	3 3	694.8 694.8	41.14 41.14	0.50 0.50	-	-	-	100 100	*	-
Richmond City of		145.1		1.99	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	100	_	-
Whitewater (IN)		145.1	34.84	1.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Rochester City of		181.0 181.0	44.24 44.24	1.13 1.13	-	-	-	-	4 4	592.2 592.2	5.98 5.98	98 98	-	2 2
Rochester Gas & Electric Corp		147.1	38.72	2.24	_	_	_	_	-	392.2	3.96	100	-	-
Russell Station 7 (NY)	61	147.1	38.72	2.24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
S Mississippi Elec Pwr Assn		167.3	41.58	1.02	-	-	-	-	408 408	407.0 407.0	4.21 4.21	65	-	35 100
Moselle (MS)R D Morrow (MS)		167.3	41.58	1.02	-		-	-	406	407.0	4.21	100	-	100
Sacramento Municipal Utility		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,444	461.1	4.61	-	-	100
Central Valley (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	407	461.1	4.61	-	-	100
SCA Cogen Proj (CA)	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	863 1,174	461.1 461.2	4.61 4.61	-	-	100 100
Salt River Proj Ag I & P Dist	1,009	112.2	24.01	0.54	-	_	-	-	1,202	390.0	3.95	95	-	5
Agua Fria (AZ)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	517	390.9	3.94	-	-	100
Coronado (AZ) Kyrene (AZ)		123.3	23.83	0.58	-	-	-	-	315	393.9	3.99	100	-	100
Navajo (AZ)		109.3	24.07	0.53	_		_	_	-	393.9	3.99	100	_	-
Santan (AZ)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	370	385.5	3.92	-	-	100
San Antonio City of		115.4	19.59	0.32	-	-	-	-	2,592	407.2	4.11	72	-	28
Arthur Rosenberg (TX) Braunig (TX)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,074 755	407.2 407.2	4.09 4.12	-	-	100 100
JT Deely/Spruce (TX)	392	115.4	19.59	0.32	-	-	-	-	12	407.2	4.11	100	-	*
Sommers (TX)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	734	407.2	4.13	-	-	100
Tuttle (TX) San Miguel Electric Coop Inc		81.0	8.32	2.25	-	-	-	-	17	407.2	4.15	100	-	100
San Miquel (TX)		81.0		2.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Savannah Electric & Power Co	73	165.3		0.62	-	-	-	-	54	223.1	2.28	97	-	3
Kraft (GA)		155.0	40.15	0.60	-	-	-	-	54	223.1	2.28	95	-	5
McIntosh (GA) Seminole Electric Coop Inc		176.9 164.7		0.63 3.04	5	586.9	34.02	0.29	1,880	493.8	4.94	100 78	-	21
Payne Creek (FL)	-	-		-	-	-		-	1,880	493.8	4.94	-	-	100
Seminole (FL)	286	164.7		3.04	5	586.9	34.02	0.29		-	-	100	*	-
Sierra Pacific Power Co		148.9	34.29	0.38	-	-	-	-	1,715 841	621.8 618.7	6.42 6.45	81	-	19 100
North Valmy (NV)		148.9	34.29	0.38	-	-	_	-	041	- 010./	0.43	100	-	100
Tracy (NV)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	873	624.8	6.40	-	-	100
Sikeston City of		111.5		0.31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
South Carolina Electric&Gas Co	100 445	111.5 165.4		0.31 1.04	5	576.4	33.41	0.20	3	480.4	4.94	100 100	_	-

Table 57. Receipts, Average Cost, and Quality of Fossil Fuels Delivered to U.S. Electric Utilities by Company and Plant, November 2002 (Continued)

		Coal				Petrole	um¹			Gas		% (of Total	Btu
Utility (Holding Company)	Receipts	Average	Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Averag	e Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Average	e Cost ²		Pe-	
Plant (State)	(1,000 short tons)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)	Sulfur %	(1,000 bbls)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$ bbl)	Sulfur %	(1,000 Mcf)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ Mcf)	Coal	tro- leum	Gas
South Carolina Electric&Gas Co														
Canadys (SC)		157.8 158.8	40.54 39.86	1.24 0.90	- 1	587.0	34.02	0.20	*	468.3	4.81	100 100	- *	*
Cope (SC)		161.7	40.43	0.80	-	367.0	34.02	0.20	-	-	-	100	_	
Urguhart (SC)	. 54	167.0	43.53	1.33	-	-	-	-	3	480.4	4.94	100	-	*
Wateree (SC)		173.7	44.03	1.11	3	571.1	33.10	0.20	-	-	-	99	1	-
Williams (SC) South Carolina Pub Serv Auth		165.2 154.2		0.80 1.24	1	578.3	33.52	0.20	-	-	-	100 100	_	-
Cross (SC)		147.8	37.50	1.32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Grainger (SC)		191.6	48.76	0.91	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Jefferies (SC) Winyah (SC)		136.9 158.0	33.43 40.61	1.61 1.13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 100	-	-
Southern California Edison Co		137.4	30.22	0.51	_	_	_	_	17	567.1	5.86		_	_
Mohave (NV)	408	137.4		0.51	-	-	-	-	17	567.1	5.86	100	-	*
Southern Illinois Power Coop		88.9		3.18	1	647.1	36.87	-	-	-	-	99 99	1	
Marion (IL) Southwestern Electric Power Co		88.9 143.4	18.58 23.04	3.18 0.55	1 2	647.1 544.2	36.87 32.00	_	222	412.0	4.40		1	1
Flint Creek (AR)		154.7	26.35	0.24	2	544.2	32.00	_	-	- 412.0	-	100	*	
Knox Lee (TX)					-	-	-	-	*	408.4	4.32		-	100
Pirkey (TX) Welsh Station (TX)		133.9 143.8	17.72 24.90	1.24 0.27	-	-	-	-	1	414.0	4.54	100 100	-	*
Wilkes (TX)		143.6	24.90	0.27	-	-	-	-	221	412.0	4.40	100	-	100
Southwestern Public Service Co	612	141.9	24.95	0.31	-	-	-	-	3,376	417.8	4.20	76	-	24
Cunningham (NM)		1242	22.64	0.21	-	-	-	-	853	419.5	4.20		-	100
Harrington (TX) Jones (TX)		134.3	23.64	0.31	-	_	_	_	20 1,735	504.4 409.4	5.10 4.13	100	_	100
Maddox (NM)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	124	502.4	5.07	-	_	100
Nichols (TX)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	429.0	4.33	-	-	100
Plant X (TX)		151.9	26.64	0.31	-	-	-	-	530 14	415.2 504.4	4.16 5.03	100	-	100
Tolk (TX) Springfield City of		116.6	24.43	3.24	-	_	_	-	14	304.4	3.03	100	-	_
Dallman (IL)		117.7	24.67	3.24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Lakeside (IL)		107.6		3.24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Springfield City of. James River (MO)		111.5 113.0	20.03 20.29	0.21 0.22	-	-	-	-	8 6	385.7 385.7	3.92 3.92	100 100	-	*
Southwest (MO)		109.9	19.75	0.19	-	-	_	_	2	385.7	3.92	100	_	*
St Joseph Light & Power Co	. 12	84.7		0.27	-	-	-	-	42	490.6	4.93	83	-	17
Lakeroad (MO)		84.7	14.94	0.27	-	-	-	-	42 1,529	490.6	4.93	83	-	17
Tallahassee City of		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	547	445.0 445.0	4.61 4.62	-	-	100 100
Purdom (FL)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	982	445.0	4.61	-	-	100
Tampa Electric ⁵ Co		157.5	38.56	2.04	16	558.5	32.37	-	-	-	-	99	1	
Big Bend (FL) Davant Transfer (FL)	571	156.8	38.39	2.08	4	519.5	30.11	-	-	-	-	100	100	-
Gannon (FL)		181.8		1.00	3	558.2	32.36	_	_	_	_	97	3	
Polk Station (FL)		-	-	-	10	575.3	33.34	-	-	-	-	-	100	
Taunton City of		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76	442.2	4.54	-	-	100
Cleary (MA) Tennessee Valley Authority ⁶		118.5	27.37	1.67	15	785.4	46.15	0.50	76	442.2	4.54	100	-	100
Bull Run (TN)		129.3		0.87	4	810.4	47.62	0.50	-	-	-	100	*	-
Cora Transfer (TN)		118.2		0.44	-	-	45.70	- 0.50	-	-	-	100	-	-
Cumberland (TN)GRT Terminal (TN)		104.7 119.1	24.99 27.15	2.80 1.00	6	779.1	45.78	0.50	-	-	-	100 100	*	-
Johnsonville (TN)		126.7		1.50	_	_	_	-	_		-	100	_	-
Kingston (TN)	383	134.1	32.77	1.07	1	800.0	47.01	0.50	-	-	-	100	*	-
Paradise (KY)		98.2		3.47	*	779.4	45.80	0.50	-	-	-	100	*	-
Sevier (TN)Shawnee (KY)		130.7 128.2		0.83	1 2	746.0 784.7	43.83 46.11	0.50 0.50	-	-	_	100 100	*	-
Widows Creek (AL)		125.2		2.93	2	751.7	44.17	0.50	-	_	-	100	*	_
Texas Municipal Power Agency	171	137.1	23.09	0.34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Gibbons Creek (TX)		137.1	23.09	0.34	-	- Q00 1	- 46 15	-	22	2262	2 10	100	-	-
Tri State Gen & Trans Assn, Inc Craig (CO)		108.4 104.7	21.92 21.39	0.52 0.42	1 1	898.1 898.1	46.15 46.15	-	23 8	326.3 355.4	3.10 4.06		*	*
Escalante (NM)	62	140.8		0.82	-			-	14	304.3	2.57	99	-	1
Nucla (CO)	. 34	96.2		1.05	-	-	-	-	-		-	100	-	-
Tucson Electric Power Co		99.8 148.0		0.88 0.49	-	-	-	-	151 151	472.3 472.3	4.82 4.82		-	18
Irvington (AZ)	320	94.1		0.49	-	_	-	-	131	- 1/2.3	4.82	100	-	10
United Power Assn	. 92	75.5	10.06	0.68	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Stanton (ND)	. 92	75.5	10.06	0.68	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-

Table 57. Receipts, Average Cost, and Quality of Fossil Fuels Delivered to U.S. Electric Utilities by Company and Plant, November 2002 (Continued)

1 0		Coal				Petrole	um¹			Gas		% (of Total	Btu
Utility (Holding Company) Plant (State)	Receipts	Average	Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Averag	e Cost ²	Avg.	Receipts	Average	e Cost ²		Pe-	
	(1,000 short tons)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ short ton)	Sulfur %	(1,000 bbls)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$ bbl)	Sulfur %	(1,000 Mcf)	(Cents/ 10 ⁶ Btu)	(\$/ Mcf)	Coal	tro- leum	Gas
UtiliCorp United Inc		96.7 96.7	19.86 19.86	0.39 0.39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 100	-	-
Vero Beach (FL)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,048 1,048	403.0 403.0	4.18 4.18	-	-	100 100
Vineland City of		250.1	63.90	0.71	7	478.8	29.88	0.73	-	-	-	63	37	-
H M Down (NJ)		250.1	63.90	0.71	7	478.8	29.88	0.73	-	-	-	63	37	-
Virginia Electric & Power Co		149.7	37.58	1.32	477	388.8	24.75	0.87	319	840.1	8.62	90	9	1
Bremo Bluff (VA)		167.4	42.07	1.23	2	615.5	36.19	0.20	-	-	-	99	1	-
Chesapeake Energy (VA)		174.9	45.40	1.01	-							100	-	-
Chesterfield (VA)		172.9	44.55	1.25	*	572.8	33.68	0.20	296	819.4	8.42	95	*	5
Clover (VA)		146.9	37.17	1.01	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Mount Storm (WV)		118.3	28.59	1.67	7	609.1	35.81	0.20	-	-	-	100	*	-
Possum Point (VA)		164.6	40.44	0.78	163	404.4	25.74	0.68	-	-	-	35	65	-
Storage Facility #1		1.60.7	41.01	1 40	305	374.5	23.91	1.00	-	-	2.04	-	100	-
Yorktown (VA)		160.7	41.21	1.48	-		20.66	0.20	24	394.7	3.94	99	-	1
West Penn Power Co		121.7	31.03	2.24	-	517.7	30.66	0.30	-	-	-	100	- *	-
Hatfield (PA)		121.7	31.03	2.24	*	517.7	30.66	0.30	530	201.4	2.01	100		1.
Western Farmers Elec Coop Inc		113.8	19.52	0.27	-	-	-	-	528	381.4	3.91	86	-	14
Anadarko (OK)		112 0	10.52	0.27	-	-	-	-	528	381.4	3.91	100	-	100
Hugo (OK)		113.8	19.52	0.27	-	-	-	-	373	412.7	4.19	100	-	100
WestPlains Energy Cimarron River (KS)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37 3 19	412.7 425.0	4.19	-	-	100
Large (KS)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	353	423.0	4.44	_	_	100
Mullergren (KS)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	333	469.0	4.18	-	-	100
Wisconsin Electric Power Co		101.4	18.80	0.37	1	635.5	37.18	0.26	52	484.6	4.92	100	-	100
Oak Creek (WI)		99.5	17.66	0.20		055.5	37.10	0.20	34	468.1	4.76	99	-	1
Pleasant Prairie (WI)		76.2	12.89	0.20	_		_		10	512.0	5.19	100		*
Port Washington (WI)		127.0	33.32	1.39	_	_	_	_	4	527.2	5.32	100	_	*
Presque Isle (MI)		118.6	23.33	0.35	1	635.5	37.18	0.26		321.2	3.32	100	*	_
Valley (WI)		164.8	39.38	0.61		055.5	57.10	0.20	4	513.2	5.18	100	_	*
Wisconsin Power & Light Co		114.6	19.74	0.34	3	611.5	35.96	_	1	590.9	5.91	100	_	_
Blackhawk (WI)		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	i	590.9	5.91	-	_	100
Columbia (WI)		114.0	19.30	0.36	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	100	_	-
Edgewater (WI)		114.1	19.95	0.31	1	680.1	39.99	_	_	_	_	100	*	_
Nelson Dewey (WI)		121.7	22.57	0.30	2	557.1	32.76	-	_	_	_	99	1	-
Wisconsin Public Service Corp		102.2	18.07	0.27	_	-	-	-	25	493.8	4.96	100	_	_
Pulliam (WI)		102.7	18.30	0.23	-	-	-	-	20	493.8	4.96	99	-	1
Weston (WI)		101.9	17.91	0.30	-	-	-	-	5	493.8	4.96	100	-	*
Wyandotte Municipal Serv Comm		165.0	41.85	0.74	-	-	-	-	1	265.0	2.65	100	-	-
Wyandotte (MI)	. 16	165.0	41.85	0.74	-	-	-	-	1	265.0	2.65	100	-	*
U.S. Total	. 60,252	122.1	24.78	0.87	5,570	404.2	25.70	1.02	95,352	428.9	4.49	90	3	7

¹ The November 2002 petroleum coke receipts were 141,320 short tons and cost was 61.5 cents per million Btu.

Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

² The entry includes at least one delivery at a price of 1, 000 cents per million Btu or greater. High price is frequently caused when fixed costs are average into a small quality.

³ Most coal destined for the Barry plant is reported by the Alabama Power Company as it is received at the Gorgas Transshipping Facility.

⁴ The cost reported under IMT Transfer (Louisiana) is the weighted average cost of coal delivered to this facility. Florida Power Corporation incurs additional costs for transporting coal from the transfer facility to the Crystal River power plant. These additional costs are not included in data shown in this report. When aggregated at the Sate level, data for this transfer facility are shown as though the coal were delivered to Florida.

⁵ The cost reported under Davant Transfer (Louisiana) is the weighted average cost of coal delivered to this facility located in Louisiana. The Tampa Electric Company incurs additional costs for transporting this coal from Davant to its power plants which are located in Florida. These costs are not included in data shown in this report. When aggregated at the State level, data for this transfer facility are shown as though the coal were delivered to Florida.

⁶ Coal reported as delivered to the Cahokia, Cora, and GRT transfer facilities is later transferred to individual electric plants located in Alabama, Kentucky, and Tennessee. The cost of transportation from these facilities to the electric plants is not included in the costs shown in this report. Coal delivered to Cahokia is later transferred primarily to the Colbert and Widows Creek plants in Alabama. Nearly all the coal delivered to the Cora facility is transferred to plants in Tennessee. Almost 1 percent was transferred to plants in Alabama. All coal delivered to the Cora facility is shown in this report as being delivered to Plants in Tennessee. Approximately 64 percent was transferred to plants in Alabama. It coal delivered to the GRT facility was transferred to plants in Tennessee.

^{*=} For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5, for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less than 0.05 percent

Notes: • Data for 2002 are preliminary. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Data are for electric generating plants with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. • Mcf=thousand cubic feet and bbl=barrel. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation

U.S. Nonutility Net Generation, 1990 Through December 2002 Table 58. (Million Kilowatthours)

(IVIIIII	on Kilowai	unours)						
Period	Coal	Petroleum ¹	Gas ²	Nuclear	Hydroelectric	Geothermal	Other ³	Total
1990	30,699	7,031	114,253	113	9,580	7,207	47,733	216,615
1991	38,773	7,494	128,419	77	9,446	7,953	54,017	246,178
1992	45,189	10,508	154,429	65	9,352	8,318	58.287	286,148
1993	50,859	12,814	169,502	76	11,396	9,454	60,299	314,399
1994	56,197	14,464	186,924	52	13,095	9,816	62,539	343,087
1995	57,261	14,416	204,804	3 <u>2</u>	14,626	9,614	62,587	363,308
1996	58,257	14,337	207,417		16,390	9,892	63,260	369,552
1997	56,298	15,272	213,160	_	17,673	9,100	60,196	371,700
1998	66,466	16,775	239,992	-	14,486	9,550	58,433	405,702
1999	116,642	36.631	273,598	3,218	19,445	13,316	68.020	530,871
2000	110,042	30,031	273,376	3,210	17,443	13,310	00,020	330,071
January	19.634	3.547	23.541	1.799	2.215	1,186	5.684	57,605
February	17.847	2.528	22,514	1.635	1.826	1.061	5.440	52.851
March	17,923	1,919	22,490	1,790	2,250	1,052	5,740	53,164
April	17,148	1,791	21.712	1,737	2,333	1.095	5,635	51,450
May	19.593	2.086	25.596	1.615	2,293	1.120	5,510	57.814
	21,593	2,681	28,142	1,622	2,293	1,120	5,613	62,896
June	26,755	2,656	30,352	4.633	2.077	1,132	5,941	73.618
July	27,707	3,509	34,600	5.049	2,077	1,203	5,774	79,996
August	24,967	2,735	30,281	7.028	2,120	1,237	5,548	73,849
September	24,967	3.232	28,271	6.143	1.829	1,197	5,770	70.637
October	24,161	3,232 3,307	27,071	6,737	1,829	1,232	5,571	70,637
November	28.884	6.611	27.096	8.672	1,811	1,238	5,571	80.051
December	271.106	36.601	321,665	48,460	24.886	1,290 14,046	67,796	784,561
Total 2001	2/1,100	30,001	321,003	40,400	24,000	14,040	07,790	/64,501
	34.248	7,550	28,403	19.831	1.632	1.277	5.963	98.905
JanuaryFebruary	29.666	4.771	25,981	17.725	1,632	1.142	5.259	86.231
March	28.936	5,392	29,453	18,664	1.881	1,142	5,239	91.422
	25,730	4.137	27,124	16,961	2.291	1,178	6.187	83.518
April May	26,244	3.724	30.315	18.200	2,291	1,088	6.201	87.831
June	29.355	4.346	33.616	20.173	1.969	1.071	6.293	96.823
July	32.770	4.030	39,214	20,719	1,360	1,071	6.659	105.912
August	34,379	5,575	43,329	20,719	1,086	1,100	6,669	112,308
September	28,402	2.247	34.999	19,521	872	1.123	6,244	93,409
October	27,441	2,360	33,755	19,321	855	1,143	6,393	91.229
November	26,737	2,300	28.763	20.927	950	1,143	6,258	86.992
December	28,589	2,747	30,519	22,490	1.380	1,141	6,396	93.301
Total	352.498	49.093	385.473	234,619	18.038	13.722	74.439	1.127.882
2002	332,470	47,075	303,473	254,017	10,050	15,722	74,437	1,127,002
January	33,420	2.297	32,570	24.096	1.347	1,187	6,297	101,214
February	26.163	2.335	30.632	21,400	1.641	1.023	7.342	90.536
March	30,643	3,254	36,770	19,997	1,979	1,147	7,190	100,979
April	31,153	2.666	33,882	19,383	2.729	1.020	6,200	97.034
May	30.968	2,439	32.842	22.564	2.898	1.111	6.551	99.372
June	33,660	2.849	41,188	23,384	2,327	1.035	6,572	111,015
July	38,379	4.352	54.100	24,319	1.545	1.145	7.126	130,966
August	38.050	3.635	52.563	24.818	986	1.125	6.807	127.985
September	36.099	2.526	45.001	22,622	1.067	1.087	6.629	115,031
October	34.872	2.881	37.440	21.260	1.254	1.115	6,251	105.072
November	35,042	2,651	33.971	22,943	1,828	1.107	5,875	103,416
December	38,445	3.558	34.985	25.305	2.063	1.123	6.051	111.529
Total	406,894	35,444	465,944	272,091	21,663	13.224	78,890	1,294,150
Year to Date	.00,021	00,	.00,2.11	2.2,071	-1,000	,1	. 0,0,0	1,2, 1,120
2002	406,894	35,444	465,944	272,091	21,663	13,224	78,890	1,294,150
2001	352,498	49,093	385,473	234,619	18,038	13,722	74,439	1,127,882
	,	,	,	,>	,0	,·- -	,	-,

¹ Includes fuel oil nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6, crude oil, kerosene, and petroleum coke.

Includes fuel on nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, and o, crude on, kerosene, and petroleum coke.

Includes supplemental gaseous fuel.

Includes supplemental gaseous fuel.

Includes biomass, wind, photovoltaic, solar thermal, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, sulfur, pitch, purchased steam and miscellaneous technologies.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates. • Values for 2001 are preliminary. • Values for 2000 and prior years are final. • See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons

Sources: • 2000: Form EIA - 900 "Monthly Nonutility Power Plant Report." • 1990 - 1999: Energy Information Administration Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report - Nonutility," and predecessor forms. • 2001 forward - Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 59. U.S. Nonutility Net Generation by Nonrenewable Energy Source, 1990 Through December 2002

(Million Kilowatthours)

Period	All Nonrenewable Energy Sources	Coal ¹	Petroleum ²	Gas	Nuclear	Hydroelectric (Pumped Storage)
1990	152,095	30,699	7,031	114,253	113	_
1991		38,773	7,494	128,419	77	_
1992		45,189	10,508	154,429	65	_
1993		50,859	12,814	169,502	76	-
		56,197	14,464		52	-
1994				186,924	32	-
1995		57,261	14,416	204,804	-	-
1996		58,257	14,337	207,417	-	-
1997		56,298	15,272	213,160	-	-
1998		66,466	16,775	239,992	-	-
1999	429,964	116,642	36,631	273,598	3,218	-124
2000						
January	48,502	19,634	3,547	23,541	1,799	-19
February		17.847	2.528	22.514	1.635	-16
March		17,923	1,919	22,490	1,790	-13
April		17,148	1,791	21,712	1,737	-41
May		19,593	2,086	25,596	1.615	-57
June		21.593	2,681	28,142	1,613	-61
July		26,755	2,656	30.352	4.633	-01 -71
August		27,707	3,509	34,600	5,049	-73
September		24,967	2,735	30,281	7,028	-71
October		24,161	3,232	28,271	6,143	-60
November		24,894	3,307	27,071	6,737	-54
December		28,884	6,611	27,096	8,672	-56
Total	677,241	271,106	36,601	321,665	48,460	-592
2001						
January	89,981	34,248	7,550	28,403	19,831	-52
February		29,666	4,771	25,981	17,725	-71
March		28,936	5,392	29,453	18,664	-93
April		25,730	4,137	27,124	16,961	-96
May		26,244	3,724	30,315	18,200	-93
June		29.355	4.346	33,616	20,173	-105
July		32,770	4.030	39.214	20,779	-106
			,			
August		34,379	5,575	43,329	20,123	-111
September		28,402	2,247	34,999	19,521	-122
October		27,441	2,360	33,755	19,284	-92
November		26,737	2,216	28,763	20,927	-79
December		28,589	2,747	30,519	22,490	-99
Total	1,020,564	352,498	49,093	385,473	234,619	-1,119
2002						
January	92,343	33,420	2,297	32,570	24,096	-40
February	80,465	26,163	2,335	30,632	21,400	-64
March		30,643	3,254	36,770	19,997	-45
April		31.153	2,666	33,882	19,383	-69
May		30,968	2.439	32.842	22,564	-94
June		33,660	2.849	41.188	23,384	-102
July		38,379	4.352	54.100	24.319	-88
	,	38,050	3,635	52,563	24,818	-101
August		36.099	2,526		22,622	-101 -65
September				45,001		
October		34,872	2,881	37,440	21,260	-110
November		35,042	2,651	33,971	22,943	-76
December		38,445	3,558	34,985	25,305	-111
Total	1,179,408	406,894	35,444	465,944	272,091	-965
Year to Date						
2002	1,179,408	406,894	35,444	465,944	272,091	-965
2001	1,020,564	352,498	49,093	385,473	234,619	-1,119

¹ Includes lignite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and anthracite.

² Includes fuel oil Nos. 2, 4, 5, and 6, crude oil, kerosene, and petroleum coke.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates. • Values for 2001 are preliminary. • Values for 2000 and prior years are final. • See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons for current and historical data.

Sources: • 1990 - 1999: Energy Information Administration Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report - Nonutility," and predecessor forms.
• 2000: Form EIA-900, "Monthly Nonutility Power Plant Report." • 2001 forward - Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 60. U.S. Nonutility Net Generation by Renewable Energy Source, 1990 Through December 2002

(Million Kilowatthours)

	All Renewable Energy Sources 61,873 67,914 72,545 78,059 82,055 83,155 85,864 83,519 78,862	Hydroelectric (Conventional) 9,580 9,446 9,352 11,396 13,095 14,626 16,390	7,207 7,953 8,318 9,454 9,816	41,408 46,740 51,264 53,318	3,035 3,019 2,887	Photovoltaic 8 5	Solar Thermal 636 751
1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	67,914 72,545 78,059 82,055 83,155 85,864 83,519	9,446 9,352 11,396 13,095 14,626	7,953 8,318 9,454 9,816	46,740 51,264	3,019	5	
1991	67,914 72,545 78,059 82,055 83,155 85,864 83,519	9,446 9,352 11,396 13,095 14,626	7,953 8,318 9,454 9,816	46,740 51,264	3,019	5	
1992	72,545 78,059 82,055 83,155 85,864 83,519	9,352 11,396 13,095 14,626	8,318 9,454 9,816	51,264			
1993	78,059 82,055 83,155 85,864 83,519	11,396 13,095 14,626	9,454 9,816		2,007	3	720
1994	82,055 83,155 85,864 83,519	13,095 14,626	9,816		3,022	2	868
1995	83,155 85,864 83,519	14,626		54,898	3,447	0	799
1996	85,864 83,519		0.614			U	199
1997	83,519		9,614	54,962	3,153	-	-
1998 1999 2000			9,892	55,341	3,366	-	-
1999 2000		17,673	9,100	52,664	3,216	-	-
2000		14,486	9,550	50,988	2,985	10	843
	100,906	19,570	13,316	62,710	4,465	55	790
January							
	9,103	2,234	1,186	5,262	387	5	30
February	8,343	1,842	1,061	5,029	364	5	42
March	9.055	2.263	1.052	5.255	426	5	56
April	9,103	2,374	1,095	5.074	491	5	64
May	8,981	2,350	1,120	4.977	458	5	71
June	8,920	2,176	1,132	5.084	424	5	100
	9.294	2,178	1,132	5,442	397	5	97
July	9,294	2,148	1,205	5,442 5.264	405	5	97
August							
September	8,908	2,162	1,197	5,076	379	5	90
October	8,891	1,889	1,232	5,281	440	5	45
November	8,674	1,865	1,238	5,100	414	5	53
December	8,844	1,983	1,290	5,186	341	5	40
Total	107,320	25,478	14,046	62,030	4,925	55	787
2001							
January	8,924	1.684	1,277	5.642	309	_	12
February	8,159	1.758	1.142	4.935	311	_	13
March	9.069	1.974	1.178	5,393	479	_	44
April	9,662	2,387	1,088	5,479	648	_	60
May	9,440	2,169	1,071	5.496	614	_	91
	9,439	2,109	1.071	5,544	637	_	112
June						-	
July	9,286	1,466	1,160	5,970	568	-	121
August	9,013	1,197	1,147	6,052	495	-	122
September	8,361	994	1,123	5,714	405	-	125
October	8,483	947	1,143	5,889	456	-	49
November	8,428	1,028	1,141	5,841	356	-	62
December	9,054	1,479	1,180	5,948	402	-	46
Total	107,318	19,157	13,722	67,902	5,680	-	856
2002							
January	8,871	1,387	1,187	6,115	151	_	30
February	10.071	1.706	1.023	6.808	502	_	33
March	10,360	2.023	1.147	6,553	591	_	46
April	10,018	2,798	1,020	5,181	960	-	59
	10,653	2,798	1,020		1,005	-	90
May				5,456		-	
June	10,035	2,429	1,035	5,559	903	-	109
July	9,904	1,633	1,145	6,266	753	-	106
August	9,020	1,088	1,125	5,965	743	-	99
September	8,847	1,132	1,087	5,618	959	-	52
October	8,730	1,364	1,115	5,540	655	-	55
November	8,885	1,903	1,107	5,288	557	-	30
December	9,348	2,175	1,123	5,416	631	-	4
Total	114,742	22,628	13,224	69,766	8,410	_	714
Year to Date	·,· · -	,0	,	J. 7. 30	-,		
2002	114,742	22,628	13,224	69,766	8,410	_	714
2001	107,318	19,157	13,722	67,902	5,680	_	856

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates. • Values for 2001 are preliminary. • Values for 2000 and prior years are final. • See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design. • Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons for current and historical data.

Sources: • 1990 - 1999: Energy Information Administration Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report - Nonutility," and predecessor forms.
• 2000: Form EIA-900, "Monthly Nonutility Power Plant Report." • 2001 forward - Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 61. Nonutility Net Generation by Census Division (Million Kilowatthours)

G	December	November	December	Year to Date					
Census Division	2002	2002	2001	2002	2001	Difference (percent)			
New England	10,853	10,013	8,686	108,280	96,085	12.7			
Middle Atlantic	29,122	25,593	27,296	329,851	316,280	4.3			
East North Central	17,201	15,626	15,413	202,603	185,362	9.3			
West North Central	746	638	645	9,619	7,467	28.8			
South Atlantic	12.855	11.220	10.809	147.380	146,144	0.8			
East South Central	2.191	2,574	2.108	31.307	27.328	14.6			
West South Central	22,553	21,919	12,964	279,314	151,497	84.4			
Mountain	4.144	4.007	3,660	44.883	39,098	14.8			
Pacific Contiguous	11,383	11,345	11,264	135,657	153,051	-11.4			
Pacific Noncontiguous	481	481	455	5,256	5,570	-5.6			
U.S. Total	111,529	103,416	93,301	1,294,150	1,127,882	14.7			

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates. • Values for 2001 are preliminary. • See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons for current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 62. Nonutility Net Generation from Coal by Census Division (Million Kilowatthours)

	·	November 2002				Year to Date			
Census Division	December 2002		December 2001	Coal Generation			Share of Total (percent)		
Now England				2002	2001	Difference (percent)	2002	2001	
New England	1,475	1,489	1,220	15,292	14,845	3.0	14.1	15.4	
Middle Atlantic	12,191	10,398	10,482	126,972	129,897	-2.3	38.5	41.1	
East North Central	6,709	6,282	5,129	75,627	62,401	21.2	37.3	33.7	
West North Central	NM	NM	NM	3,718	3,150	18.0	38.7	42.2	
South Atlantic	7,690	6,716	6,044	80,423	80,258	0.2	54.6	54.9	
East South Central	1,035	1,673	1,079	13,923	13,834	0.6	44.5	50.6	
West South Central	6,381	5,441	1,474	63,517	16,666	281.1	22.7	11.0	
Mountain	1,229	1.474	1,613	14.833	18.112	-18.1	33.0	46.3	
Pacific Contiguous	1,231	1,110	1,142	10,723	11,483	-6.6	7.9	7.5	
Pacific Noncontiguous	NM	NM	NM	1,866	1,851	0.8	35.5	33.2	
U.S. Total	38,445	35,042	28,589	406,894	352,498	15.4	31.4	31.3	

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers. Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates. • Values for 2001 are preliminary. • See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design. • Negative generation denotes that electric power consumed for plant use exceeds gross generation. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Coal includes lignite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, synthetic coal and waste coal. • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons for current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 63. Nonutility Net Generation from Petroleum by Census Division (Million Kilowatthours)

	·			Year to Date							
Census Division	December 2002	November 2002	December 2001	Pet	roleum Gene	eration	Share of Total (percent)				
N. F. I. I			•	2002	2001	Difference (percent)	2002	2001			
New England	1,236	710	1,162	10,607	16,037	-33.9	9.8	16.7			
Middle Atlantic	917	653	NM	7,749	12,250	-36.7	2.3	3.9			
East North Central	NM	NM	NM	1,038	2,236	-53.6	0.5	1.2			
West North Central	NM	NM	NM	44	89	-51.0	0.5	1.2			
South Atlantic	592	NM	NM	6,819	8,957	-23.9	4.6	6.1			
East South Central	NM	NM	NM	284	300	-5.5	0.9	1.1			
West South Central	300	332	260	3,837	3,269	17.4	1.4	2.2			
Mountain	NM	NM	NM	679	627	8.3	1.5	1.6			
Pacific Contiguous	NM	306	NM	2,934	3,280	-10.5	2.2	2.1			
Pacific Noncontiguous	146	156	NM	1,455	2,048	-29.0	27.7	36.8			
U.S. Total	3,558	2,651	2,747	35,444	49,093	-27.8	2.7	4.4			

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers. Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates. • Values for 2001 are preliminary. • See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design. • Negative generation denotes that electric power consumed for plant use exceeds gross generation. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Includes fuel oil Nos. 2, 4, 5, and 6, crude oil, kerosene, petroleum coke, and waste oil. • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons for current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 64. Nonutility Net Generation from Gas by Census Division (Million Kilowatthours)

	,			Year to Date							
Census Division	December 2002	November 2002	December 2001		Gas Generat	ion	Share of Total (percent)				
				2002	2001	Difference (percent)	2002	2001			
New England	3,846	3,502	3,272	42,763	33,322	28.3	39.5	34.7			
Middle Atlantic	3,641	3,349	3,958	54,299	51,324	5.8	16.5	16.2			
East North Central	1,578	1,249	1,755	29,698	22,069	34.6	14.7	11.9			
West North Central	NM	NM	NM	2,303	1,290	78.5	23.9	17.3			
South Atlantic	1,372	1,204	NM	25,992	21,281	22.1	17.6	14.6			
East South Central	NM	NM	NM	8,943	6,167	45.0	28.6	22.6			
West South Central	13,613	14,196	10,341	184,175	122,064	50.9	65.9	80.6			
Mountain	2,323	2,045	1,563	22,993	14,699	56.4	51.2	37.6			
Pacific Contiguous		8,011	7,900	93,696	112,461	-16.7	69.1	73.5			
Pacific Noncontiguous	NM	NM	71	1,081	796	35.9	20.6	14.3			
U.S. Total	34,985	33,971	30,519	465,944	385,473	20.9	36.0	34.2			

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates. • Values for 2001 are preliminary. • See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design. • Negative generation denotes that electric power consumed for plant use exceeds gross generation. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons for current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 65. Nonutility Net Generation from Hydroelectric by Census Division (Million Kilowatthours)

	,			Year to Date								
Census Division	December 2002	November 2002	December 2001	Hydroelectric Generation			Share of Total (percent)					
				2002	2001	Difference (percent)	2002	2001				
New England	434	412	NM	5,190	4,458	16.4	4.8	4.6				
Middle Atlantic	489	463	343	5,026	4,729	6.3	1.5	1.5				
East North Central	NM	NM	NM	466	396	17.7	0.2	0.2				
West North Central	NM	NM	NM	384	323	18.9	4.0	4.3				
South Atlantic	539	456	243	3,681	2,798	31.5	2.5	1.9				
East South Central	108	82	56	648	406	59.8	2.1	1.5				
West South Central	64	60	88	939	737	27.4	0.3	0.5				
Mountain	299	250	219	3,870	3.092	25.2	8.6	7.9				
Pacific Contiguous		NM	NM	1,370	1,051	30.3	1.0	0.7				
Pacific Noncontiguous	NM	NM	NM	89	49	83.6	1.7	0.9				
U.S. Total	2,063	1,828	1,380	21,663	18,038	20.1	1.7	1.6				

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates. • Values for 2001 are preliminary. • See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design. • Negative generation denotes that electric power consumed for plant use exceeds gross generation. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons for current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 66. Nonutility Net Generation from Nuclear by Census Division (Million Kilowatthours)

		November 2002		Year to Date							
Census Division	December 2002		December 2001	N	luclear Gener	ation	Share of Total (percent)				
Navy England				2002	2001	Difference (percent)	2002	2001			
New England	3,007	3,147	1,916	23,977	17,942	33.6	22.1	18.7			
Middle Atlantic	11,268	10,154	11,341	128,557	110,662	16.2	39.0	35.0			
East North Central	8,378	7,607	7,946	90,860	92,358	-1.6	44.8	49.8			
West North Central	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
South Atlantic	1,292	1,079	1,287	12,128	13,656	-11.2	8.2	9.3			
East South Central			-		-	-		-			
West South Central	1,360	955	-	16,568	-	-	5.9	-			
Mountain	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Pacific Contiguous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Pacific Noncontiguous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
U.S. Total	25,305	22,943	22,490	272,091	234,619	16.0	21.0	20.8			

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates. • Values for 2001 are preliminary. • See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design. • Negative generation denotes that electric power consumed for plant use exceeds gross generation. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons for current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 67. Nonutility Net Generation from Other Energy Sources by Census Division (Million Kilowatthours)

(willing Kilow				Year to Date							
Census Division	December 2002	November 2002	December 2001	(Other Genera	ition	Share of Total (percent)				
New England			-	2002	2001	Difference (percent)	2002	2001			
New England	855	753	843	10,451	9,482	10.2	9.7	9.9			
Middle Atlantic	617	575	656	7,247	7,418	-2.3	2.2	2.3			
East North Central	NM	380	NM	4,914	5,901	-16.7	2.4	3.2			
West North Central	NM	242	273	3,170	2,615	21.3	33.0	35.0			
South Atlantic	1,370	1,441	1,723	18,337	19,193	-4.5	12.4	13.1			
East South Central	554	509	579	7,508	6,621	13.4	24.0	24.2			
West South Central	836	934	800	10,277	8,760	17.3	3.7	5.8			
Mountain	NM	NM	213	2,509	2.568	-2.3	5.6	6.6			
Pacific Contiguous	1,930	1,882	1,954	26,935	24,776	8.7	19.9	16.2			
Pacific Noncontiguous	NM	NM	NM	765	826	-7.4	14.6	14.8			
U.S. Total	7,174	6,982	7,576	92,114	88,161	4.5	7.1	7.8			

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates. • Values for 2001 are preliminary. • See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design. • Negative generation denotes that electric power consumed for plant use exceeds gross generation. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Other energy sources include geothermal, biomass, wind, solar batteries, chemical, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, and miscellaneous technologies. • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons for current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

U.S. Electric Nonutility Consumption of Fossil Fuels

U.S. Nonutility Consumption of Fossil Fuels, 1990 Through December 2002 Table 68.

Period		Coal (thousand shor	t tons)			Petroleum usand barrel	s)	Petroleum Coke (thousand short	Gas (thousand
Terrou	Anthracite ¹	Bituminous ²	Lignite	Total	Distillate	Residual	Total	tons)	Mcf)
1990	1,652	28,038	2,621	32,311	6,699	21,179	27,878	1,108	1,388,020
1991		32,601	2,359	38,119	6,217	21,665	27,882	1,629	2,934,556
1992		37,522	4,612	44,607	7,266	24,610	31,876	2,750	3,432,489
1993		41,157	3,576	48,343	8,534	28,427	36,961	3,182	3,695,704
		43,204	5,017	52,261	10,036	31,853	41,889	4,740	3,740,297
1994								, .	
1995		42,414	4,901	50,329	11,559	23,473	35,032	4,188	3,915,937
1996		45,052	4,307	53,199	5,851	32,593	38,444	4,484	4,184,990
1997		43,836	4,165	52,557	12,394	22,481	34,875	4,364	3,184,970
1998		48,757	4,825	56,850	11,521	42,754	54,275	4,470	3,547,447
1999	. NA	NA	NA	58,396	NA	NA	52,141	2,915	2,635,525
2000									
January	NA	NA	NA	9.590	NA	NA	5,173	270	242,693
February		NA	NA	8,738	NA	NA	3.460	254	231.211
March		NA	NA	8,910	NA	NA	2,367	282	236,980
April		NA NA	NA	8,501	NA NA	NA	2,236	261	226,604
		NA NA	NA NA	9,664	NA NA	NA NA	2,230	229	263,660
May									
June		NA	NA	10,691	NA	NA	3,935	230	288,515
July		NA	NA	12,925	NA	NA	3,701	263	309,759
August		NA	NA	13,345	NA	NA	5,301	235	352,104
September	NA	NA	NA	11,931	NA	NA	3,910	259	307,180
October	NA	NA	NA	11,714	NA	NA	4,533	257	288,131
November	NA	NA	NA	11,853	NA	NA	4,681	251	269,785
December	NA	NA	NA	13,769	NA	NA	10,496	228	270,468
Total		NA	NA	131,631	NA	NA	52,640	3,021	3,287,090
2001				101,001			02,010	0,021	0,207,070
January	NA	NA	NA	16,518	NA	NA	13,230	311	321,568
February		NA	NA	14,378	NA	NA	8,102	279	294,145
		NA NA	NA	14,250	NA NA		8,823	301	334,966
March						NA			
April		NA	NA	12,712	NA	NA	6,748	272	301,883
May		NA	NA	13,021	NA	NA	5,818	304	342,101
June		NA	NA	14,585	NA	NA	7,181	275	360,632
July	NA	NA	NA	16,438	NA	NA	6,321	310	425,552
August	NA	NA	NA	17,045	NA	NA	9,362	257	468,439
September	NA	NA	NA	14,475	NA	NA	3,361	268	388,320
October		NA	NA	13.811	NA	NA	3.434	276	367.636
November		NA	NA	13,473	NA	NA	3,386	239	315,643
December		NA	NA	14,535	NA	NA	3,928	321	333,946
Total		NA	NA	175,241	NA	NA	79,695	3,413	4,254,831
2002	11/1	11/1	1171	173,241	11/1	1171	17,073	5,415	4,234,031
	NA	NA	NA	17,082	NA	NIA	3,068	381	254 150
January						NA			354,150
February		NA	NA	13,386	NA	NA	2,986	275	327,071
March		NA	NA	16,067	NA	NA	4,683	255	377,586
April		NA	NA	16,401	NA	NA	3,366	270	337,909
May		NA	NA	16,547	NA	NA	3,063	312	328,845
June	NA	NA	NA	17,668	NA	NA	4,002	301	399,700
July		NA	NA	19,969	NA	NA	5,736	305	516,890
August		NA	NA	19,320	NA	NA	5,152	486	484,732
September		NA	NA	17,515	NA	NA	3,208	244	408.798
October		NA NA	NA NA	17,513	NA	NA	4,206	290	382.342
		NA NA					3.617	304	343,888
November			NA	17,383	NA	NA			
December		NA	NA	18,859	NA	NA	5,298	333	350,681
Total	. NA	NA	NA	207,747	NA	NA	48,385	3,755	4,612,589
Year to Date									
2002		NA	NA	207,747	NA	NA	48,385	3,755	4,612,589
2001	. NA	NA	NA	175,241	NA	NA	79,695	3,413	4,254,831

¹ Includes anthracite silt stored off-site.

² Includes subbituminous coal.

NA = This estimated value is not available due to insufficient data or inadequate data/model performance.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimated value is not available due to insufficient data of inadequate data/model performance.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates. • Values for 2001 are preliminary. • Values for 2000 and prior years are final. • See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design. • 1992-2000 consumption also includes fuels used for the production of thermal heat from cogenerators. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Mcf = thousand cubic feet. • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons for current and historical data. historical data.

Sources: • 1990 - 1999: Energy Information Administration Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report - Nonutility," and predecessor forms.

^{• 2000:} Form EIA-900, "Monthly Nonutility Power Plant Report." • 2001 forward - Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 69. Nonutility Consumption of Coal by Census Division (Thousand Short Tons)

C P'''	December	November	December	Year to Date			
Census Division	2002	2002	2001	2002	2001	Difference (percent)	
New England	648	735	551	6,188	6,196	-0.1	
Middle Atlantic	5,394	4,697	4,730	55,450	57,805	-4.1	
East North Central	3,855	3,660	2,947	43,200	36,159	19.5	
West North Central	NM	NM	NM	2,874	2,646	8.6	
South Atlantic	3.201	2.833	2.635	33.855	34.527	-1.9	
East South Central	458	446	552	6,283	6,644	-5.4	
West South Central	3,336	2,937	1,022	42,382	11,249	276.8	
Mountain	786	933	1,035	9,603	11,663	-17.7	
Pacific Contiguous	820	781	754	6,837	7,299	-6.3	
Pacific Noncontiguous	NM	NM	NM	1,075	1,053	2.1	
U.S. Total	18,859	17,383	14,535	207,747	175,241	18.5	

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers. Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates. • Values for 2001 are preliminary. • See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Coal includes lignite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, synthetic coal and waste coal. • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons for current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 70. Nonutility Consumption of Petroleum by Census Division (Thousand Barrels)

Census Division	December	November	December	Year to Date			
	2002	2002	2001	2002	2001	Difference (percent)	
New England	2,009	1,194	1,941	16,880	27,341	-38.3	
Middle Atlantic	1,589	1,067	NM	13,229	22,278	-40.6	
East North Central	NM	NM	NM	1,387	3,944	-64.8	
West North Central	NM	NM	NM	115	210	-45.3	
South Atlantic	1.012	NM	NM	10.640	16.342	-34.9	
East South Central	NM	NM	NM	715	1.116	-36.0	
West South Central	NM	NM	NM	1,366	1,643	-16.8	
Mountain	NM	NM	NM	180	405	-55.6	
Pacific Contiguous	NM	NM	NM	1,339	3,143	-57.4	
Pacific Noncontiguous	291	284	NM	2,534	3,273	-22.6	
U.S. Total	5,298	3,617	3,928	48,385	79,695	-39.3	

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates. • Values for 2001 are preliminary. • See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Data do not include petroleum coke, therefore, percent change in fuel consumption and generation may not be consistent. • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons for current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 71. Nonutility Consumption of Gas by Census Division (Million Cubic Feet)

Census Division	December	November	December	Year to Date			
	2002 2002		2001	2002	2001	Difference (percent)	
New England	29,934	26,986	27,548	327,092	281,187	16.3	
Middle Atlantic	34,733	30,766	40,578	526,205	515,903	2.0	
East North Central	33,664	NM	38,523	545,867	512,745	6.5	
West North Central	NM	NM	NM	27,429	23,613	16.2	
South Atlantic	16,734	16,863	16,375	315,248	257,796	22.3	
East South Central	NM	NM	NM	103,579	97,838	5.9	
West South Central	135,441	137,616	107,169	1,756,364	1,283,702	36.8	
Mountain	17,924	16,661	13,832	193,739	146,077	32.6	
Pacific Contiguous	73,596	75,364	80,707	806,883	1,126,407	-28.4	
Pacific Noncontiguous	NM	NM	836	10,183	9,565	6.5	
U.S. Total	350,681	343,888	333,946	4,612,589	4,254,831	8.4	

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Values for 2002 are estimates. • Values for 2001 are preliminary. • See Technical Notes for a discussion of the sample design. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons for current and historical data.

Fossil-Fuel Stocks at U.S. Electric Nonutilities

Table 72. U.S. Nonutility Stocks of Coal and Petroleum, 1990 Through December 2002

Period		Coal (thousand shor	t tons)	(the	Petroleum ousand barrels	s)	Petroleum Coke (thousand short	
1 criou	Anthracite	Bituminous	Lignite	Total	Distillate	Residual	Total	tons)
1990	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1991	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1992	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA
1993	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA
1994	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA
	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
1995								
1996	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1997	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1998	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1999	NA	NA	NA	14,050	NA	NA	8,666	NA
2000								
January	NA	NA	NA	15,233	NA	NA	6,710	NA
February	NA	NA	NA	14,446	NA	NA	6,611	NA
March	NA	NA	NA	14,983	NA	NA	6,587	NA
April	NA	NA	NA	16,235	NA	NA	7,336	NA
May	NA	NA	NA	17.240	NA	NA	7.621	NA
June	NA	NA	NA	16,719	NA	NA	9,344	NA
July	NA	NA	NA	16.317	NA	NA	12.470	NA
August	NA	NA	NA	16.546	NA	NA	11.383	NA
September	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	16.020	NA NA	NA	11,784	NA NA
	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA		NA NA
October				15,980			12,365	NA NA
November	NA	NA	NA	15,537	NA	NA	12,701	
December	NA	NA	NA	13,001	NA	NA	11,089	NA
2001								
January	NA	NA	NA	20,876	NA	NA	15,502	NA
February	NA	NA	NA	21,545	NA	NA	16,557	NA
March	NA	NA	NA	23,831	NA	NA	15,105	NA
April	NA	NA	NA	25,751	NA	NA	16,411	NA
May	NA	NA	NA	27,276	NA	NA	19,700	NA
June	NA	NA	NA	27,555	NA	NA	19,264	NA
July	NA	NA	NA	26,537	NA	NA	19,886	NA
August	NA	NA	NA	26,106	NA	NA	16,703	NA
September	NA	NA	NA	28,536	NA	NA	18,473	NA
October	NA	NA	NA	30,588	NA	NA	20,098	NA
November	NA	NA	NA	31.936	NA	NA	20,876	NA
	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	32,420	NA NA	NA NA	20,876	NA NA
December	INA	INA	NA	32,420	INA	INA	20,830	INA
2002	37.4	37.4	37.4	25.222	374	374	22.762	3.7.4
January	NA	NA	NA	35,332	NA	NA	22,762	NA
February	NA	NA	NA	34,114	NA	NA	20,980	NA
March	NA	NA	NA	34,936	NA	NA	18,762	NA
April	NA	NA	NA	39,415	NA	NA	19,881	NA
May	NA	NA	NA	38,891	NA	NA	19,491	NA
June	NA	NA	NA	38,943	NA	NA	21,774	NA
July	NA	NA	NA	37,134	NA	NA	17,854	NA
August	NA	NA	NA	30,392	NA	NA	15,376	NA
September	NA	NA	NA	35,774	NA	NA	14,920	NA
October	NA	NA	NA	36,864	NA	NA	16,156	NA
November	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	37,457	NA	NA NA	16,074	NA NA
	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA		NA NA
December	INA	INA	INA	36,531	INA	INA	15,236	INA

NA = This estimated value is not available due to insufficient data or inadequate data/model performance.

Notes: • Values are not available for nonutility plants prior to 1999. Data for 2000 - 2002 represent only stocks reported by facilities that are in the cutoff model sample. Data do not include estimates for facilities that are not required to report on Form EIA-906. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a components containing the containing of the certain power industry, in safe of generating assets it restaining in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons for current and historical data.

Sources: •1990 - 2000: Energy Information Administration Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report - Nonutility," and predecessor forms.

^{• 2000:} Form EIA-900, "Monthly Nonutility Power Plant Report." • 2001 forward - Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 73. Nonutility Stocks of Coal by Census Division

(Thousand Short Tons)

Census Division	December 2002	November 2002	December 2001	Monthly Difference (percent)	Yearly Difference (percent)	
New England	559	1,005	774	-44.4	-27.8	
Middle Atlantic	10,435	10,573	11,760	-1.3	-11.3	
East North Central	6,448	6,082	5,824	6.0	10.7	
West North Central	306	65	311	367.9	-1.7	
South Atlantic	3,884	4,390	4,002	-11.5	-3.0	
East South Central	2,384	2,273	1,289	4.9	84.9	
West South Central	6,066	6,499	2,238	-6.7	171.0	
Mountain	5,404	5,408	5,577	-0.1	-3.1	
Pacific Contiguous	1,002	1,134	522	-11.6	92.2	
Pacific Noncontiguous	44	28	122	58.1	-63.9	
U.S. Total	36,531	37,457	32,420	-2,5	12.7	

Notes: • Data for 2001 and 2002 represent only stocks reported by facilities that are in the cutoff model sample. Data do not include estimates for facilities that are not required to report on Form EIA-906. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Coal includes lignite, subbituminous, bituminous, and anthracite coal. • Stocks are end-of-month stocks at nonutility facilities reporting on the EIA Form 906. • Due to restructuring of the electric power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons of current and historical data.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table 74. Nonutility Stocks of Petroleum by Census Division

(Thousand Barrels)

(The state of the									
Census Division	December 2002	November 2002	December 2001	Monthly Difference (percent)	Yearly Difference (percent)				
New England	2,228	2,964	4,274	-24.8	-47.9				
Middle Atlantic	5,403	5,539	7,951	-2.4	-32.0				
East North Central	1,767	1,744	2,058	1.3	-14.1				
West North Central	21	21	7	1.6	197.0				
South Atlantic	3,762	3,901	4,381	-3.6	-14.1				
East South Central	136	139	54	-2.3	150.2				
West South Central	911	951	508	-4.2	79.4				
Mountain	28	30	37	-5.8	-23.9				
Pacific Contiguous	899	741	1,493	21.3	-39.8				
Pacific Noncontiguous	80	44	92	80.6	-13.4				
U.S. Total	15,236	16,074	20,856	-5.2	-26.9				

Notes: • Data for 2001 and 2002 represent only stocks reported by facilities that are in the cutoff model sample. Data do not include estimates for facilities that are not required to report on Form EIA-906. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding. • Data do not include petroleum coke. • Stocks are end-of-the-month stocks at nonutility facilities reporting on the EIA Form 906. • Due to the restructuring of the electrical power industry, the sale of generating assets is resulting in a reclassification of plants from the utility to nonutility sector. This will affect comparisons for current and historical data. Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Monthly Plant Aggregates: U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002

Company (Holding Company)			Gene (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)				Consumption (thousand)			
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)		
A E Staley Manufacturing Co Decatur Cogen (IL)		-		-	-		36 36	- -	-		
Abitibi Consolidated Sale CorpAbitibi Consolidated Snowflake (AZ)		1,705 1,705	4,708 4,708	- -	- -	-	21 21	6 6	99 99		
ACE Cogeneration CoACE Cogen (CA)		3,017 3,017	25 25	-	-	-	37 37	1 1	*		
Adirondack Resource Recy Assoc		-	2 2	-	-	-	-	- -	*		
Aera Energy LLC-Coalinga		-	35,091 35,091	-	-	-	-	- -	411 411		
AES Cayuga LLCAES Cayuga (NY)		786 786	-	-	-	-	87 87	1 1	-		
AES Corp		117,443	-	-		750	242	47	-		
AES Shady Point Inc (OK) Beaver Valley (PA) Deepwater (TX) Hawaii (HI)	. 89,860 - 122,946	116,084 1,359	-	- - -	-	750	83 45 53	- 44 2	- - -		
Thames (CT)		-	-	- -	- -	- -	61	- -	- -		
AES Ironwood Inc		- -	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	-	- -	-	-		
AES Red Oak LLC		- -	-	- -	- -	-	- -	<u>-</u>	-		
AES Somerset LLC	500,264	189 189	-	-	-	-	182 182	*	-		
AES Southland LLC-AlamitosAES Alamitos LLC (CA)		-	267,753 267,753	-	-	-	- -	-	2,817 2,817		
AES Southland LLC-Huntington		-	124,512 124,512	- -	- -	-	-	-	1,320 1,320		
AES Southland LLC-RedondoRedondo Beach (CA)		-	938 938	- -	- -	-		-	26 26		
AES Westover LLC		80 80	-	- -	- -	-	39 39	*	-		
AES WR Ltd Partnership Warrior Run Cogen (MD)		98 98	-	- -	- -	-	60 60	*	-		
Ag Energy LPAG Energy LP (NY)		-	5,432 5,432	- -	- -	-	-	-	48 48		
Ag Processing IncAG Processing Inc (IA)		-	- -	- -	-	-	8 8	-	-		
Agrilectric Power Partners Ltd		-	49 49	- -	-	6,057 6,057	-	-	1 1		
Air Liquide America Corp		- - -	156,458 156,458	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,950 1,950		
Alabama Pine Pulp Co Inc		78 78	-	-	-	33,506 33,506	-	*	-		

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					Consumption (thousand)	
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Alabama River Pulp Co Inc	-	4,196 4,196	- -	- -	-	23,196 23,196	-	23 23	-
Albuquerque City of	-		609 609	-	- -	5,240 5,240		-	2 2
Alcoa Inc	241,994 241,994	-	-	-	-	-	200 200	-	-
Alcoa World Alumina LLC	-	- -	30,120 30,120	- -	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	962 962
Aliso Water Management Agency	-	-	33 33	<u>-</u> -	- -	513 513	<u>-</u>	-	*
Allegheny Energy Unit 1&2 LLC	3,964,202	966	20,167	15,321	_	_	1,571	4	191
Allegheny Energy Unit 8&9 (PA)		-	3,586		-	-		-	35
Allegheny Energy Units 1&2 (PA)	-	-	4,679	-	-	-	-	-	46
Armstrong (PA)	196,014	291	1.750	-	-	-	79	*	17
Buchanan Generating Units 1& 2 (VA) Chambersburg Unit 12 & 13 (PA)	_	_	1,759 6,487	_	_	_	_		59
Fort Martin (WV)	729.373	1,010	-	-	_	_	279	2	-
Gleason (TN)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*
Harrison (WV)	1,292,472		961	-	-	-	509		9
Hatfields Ferry (PA)	839,215	491	-	15 221	-	-	329	1	-
Lake Lynn (WV) Lincoln Energy Center (IL)	-	-	-	15,321	-	-	-	-	-
Mitchell (PA)	137.404	-1,343	-	-	-	_	58		
Pleasants (WV)	730,129		2,695	-	-	-	297	-	25
R Paul Smith (MD)	39,595	517	-	-	-	-	20	1	-
Wheatland (IN)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*
Alliant Energy Integ Ser-Cogen	-	91	507	-	-	-	-	*	8
Alliant SBD 9205 A Y McDona (IA)	-	2 2	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Alliant SBD 8601 ACG (IA)	-	10		-	-	-	-	*	
Alliant SBD 8602 Marion Sub (IA)	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Alliant SBD 9106 Rockwell CR (IA)	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Alliant SBD 9107 Swift (IA)	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Alliant SBD 9201 Norplex (IA)	-	3 2	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Alliant SBD 9203 Profol (IA) Alliant SBD 9206 Donaldson (IA)	_	1	_	_	_	_	_	*	_
Alliant SBD 9200 Bolladson (IA)		2		-	-	-	-	*	
Alliant SBD 9302 Aegon NP (IA)	-	1	-	-	-	-	_	*	-
Alliant SBD 9402 Climax (IA)	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Alliant SBD 9403 Aegon DC (IA)	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Alliant SBD 9502 Eaton (IA)SBD 9702 Cedar Graphics (IA)	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
SBG-9805 Rockford Products (IL)	-	-	507	-	-	-	-	-	8
Altamont-Midway Ltd	-	-	-	- -	<u>-</u>	360 360	-	<u>-</u>	-
Amalgamated Sugar Co LLC	5,318						13		
Amalgamated Sugar Vyssa (OR)	5,318	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-
AmerGen	_	_	_	_	762,212	_	_	_	_
Clinton (IL)	-	-	-	-	762,212	-	-	-	-
AmerGen Energy Co LLC	-	-	-	-	633,949 633,949	- -	-	-	-
AmerGen Energy LLC Oyster Creek (NJ)	- -		-	-	473,574 473,574	-	- -	-	-
American Atlas #1 Ltd American Atlas 1 Cogen (CO)	-		-	-	- -	-		-	-
American Bituminous Power LP	56,534 56,534	-	- -	- -	-	-	45 45	- -	-

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki			Consumption (thousand)			
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
American Crystal Sugar Co	13,123	-	-	-	-	_	24	-	_
ACS Drayton (ND)	4,409	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-
ACS Hillsboro (ND)	8,714	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-
American Electric Power Co Inc	784,654	194	123,849	2,561	_	_	430	*	1,380
Abilene (TX)	-	-	-	-,	-	-	-	-	-
Barney M Davis (TX)	-	-	64,229	-	-	-	-	-	668
Coleto Creek (TX)	354,943	1	· -	-	-	-	173	*	-
E S Joslin (TX)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eagle Pass (TX)	-	-	-	2,561	-	-	-	-	-
Fort Phantom (TX)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fort Stockton (TX)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
J L Bates (TX)	-	-	24 200	-	-	-	-	-	200
La Palma (TX)	-	-	24,209	-	-	-	-	-	280
Lake Pauline (TX)	-	-	22 100	-	-	-	-	-	270
Laredo (TX)	-	-	23,190	-	-	-	-	-	279
Lon C Hill (TX)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nueces Bay (TX) Oak Creek (TX)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oklaunion (TX)	429.711	193					257	*	
Paint Creek (TX)	429,/11	193		_			231	_	
Presidio (TX)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Rio Pecos (TX)	_	_	12,221	_	_	_	_	_	153
San Angelo (TX)	_	_	,	_	_	_	_	_	-
Vernon (TX)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Victoria (TX)	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_
` '		166				2.470		4	
American Ref-Fuel Co Hempstead (NY)	-	166 166	-	-	-	2,479 2,479	-	*	-
American Ref-Fuel Co of Essex	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
American Ref-Fuel Co of SE CT American Ref Fuel Co of SE CT (CT)	-	-	<u>-</u> -	- -	- -	- -		- -	-
American Ref-Fuel Co-Niagara	_	_	799	_	_	964	_	_	21
Niagara (NY)	_	_	799	_	_	964	_	_	21
						701			
Amoco Corp	-	-	26,715	-	-	-	-	-	493
Chocolate Bayou Works (TX)	-	-	26,715	-	-	-	-	-	493
Amoco Production Co	-	_	20,736	_	_	-	-	_	249
Anschutz Ranch East (WY)	-	-	20,736	-	-	-	-	-	249
Androscoggin Energy LLC			72,206						1,061
Androscoggin Energy EEC			72,206						1,061
									-
Anheuser-Busch Inc	8,860	-	6,876	-	-	1,743	14	-	129
Anheuser Busch Inc Newark Brew (NJ)	- 0.000	-	6,576	-	-	1,142	-	-	117
Anheuser Busch Inc St Louis (MO)	8,860	-	300	-	-	601	14	-	12
ANP Blackstone Energy Co Blackstone (MA)	-	-	188,022 188,022	-	-	-	-	-	1,371 1,371
Applied Energy Inc	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Naval Station Energy (CA)	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Arabian Exploration Dev Co Inc	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	
Raccoon Creek Energy Center (IL)	-		-	-				-	_
	105 500								
Archer Daniels Midland Co	197,688	-	6,412	-	-	1,307	260	-	191
Cedar Rapids (IA)	65,862	-	-	-	-	1 207	92 145	-	-
Decatur (IL) Enderlin (ND)	115,277	-	-	-	-	1,307	145	-	-
	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lincoln (NE)	4,136						7		

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)	· · · · ·		Gene (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)				onsumption (thousand)	
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Southport (NC)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
ARCO Products Co-Watson	-	-	274,322 274,322	- -	- -	-	-	-	3,280 3,280
ARCO Western Energy Berry Placerita Cogen (CA)	-	-	30,754 30,754	-	- -	-	-	-	322 322
Arthur Kill Power LLC	-	-	37,836 37,836	-	- -	-	-	-	461 461
Astoria Gas Turbines Power LLC Astoria Gas Turbines (NY)	-	-	19,808 19,808	-	- -	-	-	-	266 266
Athens Regional Medical Center Athens Regional Medical Center (GA)	-	-	-	-	-	- -	- -	- -	-
Attala Generating Co LLC Attala Generating Co LLC (MS)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auburndale Power Partners LP Auburndale Power Partners LP (FL)	-	-	94,552 94,552	-	-	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	716 716
Baconton Power LLC	-	1,164 381 783	771 - 771	- -	-	-	-	2 1	7 - 7
Badger Creek Ltd	-		27,322 27,322	-	-	-	-	-	246 246
BAF Energy Inc	-	-	90,781 90,781	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	-	719 719
BASF Corp	-	-	64,203 64,203	-	-	-	-	- -	637 637
BASF Fina Petrochemicals Ltd	-	-	52,426 52,426	-	-	-	-	-	704 704
Bassett Furniture Industl Inc	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	6 6	<u>-</u>	-	-
Bayou Cove Peaking Power LLC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bayshore Group	-	-	6,983 6,983	-	-	-	-	-	2 2
Bear Mountain Ltd	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bethlehem Steel Corp	-	5,657	95,944 72,157	-	-	-	-	34	16,266 6,372
Sparrows Point (MD)	-	5,657	23,787	-	-	-	-	34	9,894
Big Cajun 1 Peakers (LA)	-	-	4,274 4,274	-	-	-	-	-	44 44
Big Rivers Electric Corp D B Wilson (KY)	842,379 183,980 117,649	7,351 4,795	4,752	- - -	- - -	- - -	377 54 74	11 5 -	38
K C Coleman (KY) R D Green (KY) Robert Reid (KY)	245,370 265,747 29,633	573 1,983	4,752	- - -	- - -	-	86 146 16	1 4	38
Big Sandy Peaker Plant LLC	-		347 347	- -	- -	-	- -	- -	4 4
Bio-Energy Corp	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gene (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)			Consumption (thousand)			
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Bio Energy Corp (NH)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bio-Energy Partners CSL Gas Recovery (FL)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Biomass One LP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Birchwood Power Partners LP	142,184 142,184	- -	-	- -	-	-	57 57	-	-	
Black Hills Colorado LLC	-	-	528 528	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	- -	6 6	
Black Hills Energy Capital Inc BHG Gas Turbine #2 (WY)	-	-	14,880 14,880	- -	-	-	-	-	167 167	
Black River Ltd Partnership Black River Power (NY)	29,622 29,622	7,630 7,630	-	- -	-	-	15 15	3 3	-	
Blandin Paper Co	1,529 1,529	, -	4,718 4,718	<u>-</u>	- -	5,784 5,784	2 2	- -	132 132	
Blue Ridge Paper Products Inc	13,944 13,944	142 142	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	10,927 10,927	39 39	2 2	-	
Bluegrass Generation Co LLC	- -	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	- -	- -	- -	-	
Boise Cascade Corp	-	-	18,331 10,954 7,377	-	-	11,432 11,432	-	-	1,091 653 438	
Boise Cascade Corp-DeRiddle DeRidder Mill (LA)	-	-	13,929 13,929	-	<u>-</u>	29,690 29,690	-	-	517 517	
Boise-Kuna Irrigation District Lucky Peak (ID)	-	-	-	1,626 1,626	-		-	-	-	
Boralex Stratton Energy Inc	-	113 113	- -		-	27,622 27,622	-	*	-	
Borden Chemical Co	-	-	-	-	- -	- -	-	- -	-	
Borger Energy Associates LP	-	-	156,434 156,434	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	2,107 2,107	
Bowater Newsprint Calhoun Bowater Newsprint Calhoun Op (TN)	17,749 17,749	-	925 925	-	- -	28,092 28,092	18 18	-	31 31	
BP Amoco Alliance Refinery	-	-	2,335 2,335	-	-		-	-	35 35	
BP Amoco PLC	-	-	175,017 50,053 124,964	- - -	-	-	- -	- - -	3,184 1,322 1,862	
BP PLC	-	11,364 11,364	49,455 49,455	<u>-</u>	- -	-	-	62 62	1,357 1,357	
Bridgeport Energy LLC	-	-	321,634 321,634	-	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	2,236 2,236	
Bridgewater Power Co LP Bridgewater Power Co LP (NH)	-	26 26	-	-	-	10,544 10,544	-	*	-,===	
Broad River Energy LLC	-	-	- -	- -	- -		- -	<u>-</u> -	*	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Helding Company)			Gene (thousand ki				Consumption (thousand)			
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Brooklyn Navy Yard Cogen PLP Brooklyn Navy Yard Cogen (NY)	-	12,198 12,198	166,217 166,217	- -	-	- -	-	22 22	1,654 1,654	
Brownsville Power I LLC	-	- -	-	-	-	- -	- -	- -	-	
Brush Cogeneration Partners	-	-	28,481 28,481	-	-	-	-	-	3 3	
Buckeye Florida Ltd Partners Buckeye Florida LP (FL)	-	1,259 1,259	478 478	- -	-	25,313 25,313	-	13 13	29 29	
Bucksport Energy&Internt Paper Champion Clean Energy (ME)	-	20,374 20,374	110,671 110,671	- -	- -	-	-	36 36	1,040 1,040	
Burney Forest Products	-	-	1,517 1,517	- -	- -	19,226 19,226	-	-	29 29	
Cadillac Renewable Energy LLC	-	-	-	- -	- -	16,409 16,409	-	-	-	
Calasieu Power LLC	-	-	-	-	-	- -	- -	- -	-	
Calaveras County Water Dist	-	- -	-	17,896 17,896	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	
Caledonia Power I LLC	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CalEnergy Co Inc	-	-	115,508 115,508	-	-	-	-	-	1,094 1,094	
Callahan Clinton S	-	- -	6,849 6,849	-	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	66 66	
Callery Properties Inc	-	- -	1,483 1,483	-	-	- -	- -	- -	19 19	
CalPeak Power LLC	-	-	7,008 2,056	-	-	-	-	-	84 22	
CalPeak Power Enterprise No. 7 (CA) CalPeak Power Lonestar No. 4 (CA)	- -	-	1,268 2,146	-	-	-		-	17 24	
CalPeak Power Panoche No. 2 (CA) CalPeak Power Vaca Dixon No.1 (CA)	-	-	759 779	-	-	-	-	-	10 11	
Calpine Construction F Corp LP Decatur Cogen (AL)	-	-	28,190 28,190	-	-	-	-	-	185 185	
Calpine Construction Fin Co LP	-	-	708,274 375,790	- -	- -	-	-	-	5,104 2,747	
Ontelaunee Energy Center (PA) Westbrook Energy Center (ME)	-	-	7,213 325,271	-	-	-	-	-	64 2,293	
Calpine Corp Oneta Energy Center (OK)	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	
PWD Northwest (PA)PWD Southwest (CA)	-	-	-	- -	- -	30	- -	- -	-	
Calpine Corp & Gentex Pwr Corp Lost Pines I (TX)	-	-	260,568 260,568	- -	- -	-	-	-	1,819 1,819	
Calpine Corp-Los Medanos Los Medanos Energy Center (CA)	-	-	330,430 330,430	- -	- -	-	-	-	2,249 2,249	
Calpine Corp-Magic Valley Greenleaf Unit One (CA)	-	-	282,032 34,566	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	2,126 285	
Greenleaf Unit Two (CA)	-	-	32,503 214,963	-	-	-	-	-	359 1,482	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Helding Company)				ration llowatthours)			Consumption (thousand)			
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Calpine Corp-Sutter Sutter Energy Center (CA)	- -		334,210 334,210	- -	-	<u>-</u> -	-	<u>-</u> -	2,381 2,381	
Calpine Corp-Texas City Texas City Cogen (TX)	-	-	192,871 192,871	- -	-	-		-	2,030 2,030	
Calpine Eastern Corp	-	149 149	86,602 86,602	- -	- -	-	- -	*	440 440	
Calpine Geysers Co LP	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	32,493 12,429 20,064	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Calpine Geysers-Sonoma Power Aidlin Geothermal (CA) Calistoga (CA) Calpine Geysers-Sonoma (CA) Geysers Unit 5-20 (CA)	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	484,518 11,694 50,117 26,579 396,128	- - - -	- - - -	-	
Calpine Gilroy Cogen LP Calpine Gilroy Cogen LP (CA)	-	-	35,369 35,369	- -	-	-	- -	-	290 290	
Calpine Parlin Inc	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-	-	
Calpine Pittsburg LLC Calpine Pittsburg LLC (CA)	-	-	31,766 31,766	-	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	496 496	
CalWind Resources Inc Tehachapi Wind Resource II (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	15,485 15,485	-	-	-	
Cambria Cogen Co	57,780 57,780	-	-	- -	- -	- -	48 48	-	-	
Camden Cogen LP Camden Cogen LP (NJ)	-	28 28	1,278 1,278	-	-	-		*	11 11	
Capital District Energy Center Capital District Energy Center (CT)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42 42	
Cardinal Cogen	-	-	34,323 34,323	-	-	- -	- -	- -	367 367	
Cargill Fertilizer Inc	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	<u>-</u> -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Carr Street Generating Stat LP	-	-	3,352 3,352	-	-	-	-	-	28 28	
Carson Cogeneration Co Carson Cogen (CA)	-	-	31,514 31,514	- -	- -	<u>-</u>	-	-	274 274	
Carthage Energy LLC Carthage Energy LLC (NY)	-	30 30	1,152 1,152	- -	-	-	- -	*	12 12	
Casco Bay Energy Co LLC	-	- -	343,897 343,897	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	-	- -	2,227 2,227	
CE Puna Ltd Partnership Puna Geothermal Venture I (HI)	-	<u>-</u>	-	- -	- -	4,096 4,096	-	- -	- -	
Cedar Bay Cogeneration Co LP	168,379 168,379	267 267	<u>-</u>	-	- -	-	86 86	1 1	-	
Celanese Engineering Resin Inc	-	- -	21,342 21,342	-	-	-	- -	- -	280 280	
Central & South West Engy Inc Newgulf Cogen (TX)	- -	-	- -	- -	- -	-	-	- -	-	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					onsumption (thousand)	
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Central Louisiana Electric Co Acadia Power Station (LA)	-	-	37,233 37,233	-	-	-	-	- -	292 292
Central Power & Lime Inc Central Power&Lime Inc (FL)	83,150 83,150	-	-	-	-	-	37 37	-	-
Central Wayne Energy Recvy LP Central Wayne Air Quality (MI)	-	-	866 866	- -		-	-	-	16 16
CF Industries Inc	-	-	-	- -		-	-	-	-
Chalk Cliff Ltd	-	- -	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	<u>-</u>	- -	-
Chambers Cogeneration LP	167,885 167,885	87 87	-	-	-	-	79 79	*	-
Champion International Corp	35	24,331 24,241 90	155,266 131,045 23,494	- - -	- - - -	81,336 22,249 39,350	* - - -	13 13 *	1,483 1,039 411
Quinnesee Michigan (MI) Roanoke Rapids North Carolina (NC) Sartell Mill (MN)	35	- - -	727 - -	-	- - -	19,737 - -	*	- - -	33
Channel Energy Center LLC	-	-	365,369 365,369	-	-	-	-	-	2,790 2,790
Cherokee County Cogen PLP	-	-	4,366 4,366	-	-	-	-	-	37 37
Chevron Refinery	-	3,941 3,941	2,410 2,410	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	17 17	37 37
Chevron USA Inc	- - -	- - -	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	-
Chevron USA Inc-El Sequndo El Segundo Refinery (CA)	-	-	94,820 94,820	-	-	-	-	-	1,031 1,031
Chevron USA Inc-Kern	-	- -	29,680 29,680	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	-	-	- -	344 344
CHI Energy Inc-Theresa Diamond Island Plant (NY)	-	-	-	722 722	-	-	-	-	-
CII Carbon LLC	-	3,644 3,644	460 460	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	-	2 2	9 9
CITGO Petroleum Corp	-	- -	24,306 24,306	- -	- -	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,164 1,164
Citrus World Inc	-	- -	6,783 6,783	-	-	-	-	-	82 82
Clear Lake Cogeneration LP Clear Lake Cogen (TX)	-	<u>-</u>	174,790 174,790	- -	- -	-	- -	- -	1,802 1,802
CLECO Evangeline LLC	-	- -	109,755 109,755	-	-	-	-	-	819 819
Cleveland Cliffs Inc	65,585 65,585	4 4	68 68	-	-	-	46 46	*	1
CMS Generation CoLakewood Cogen (NJ)	- -	1,235 1,235	13,424 13,424	- -	-		- -	2 2	125 125

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration lowatthours)			Consumption (thousand)			
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
CMS Generation MI Power LLC Kalamazoo River (MI) Livingston (MI)	- - -	- -	32 32	- - -	- -	- - -	- - -	- -	1 - 1	
Cobisa-Person Ltd Partnership Delta Person LLC (NM)	<u>-</u>	201 201	579 579	-		- -		*	7 7	
Co-Energy Corp of America	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-	-	
Cogen Energy Technology LP Fort Orange TransCana (NY)	-	- -	27,694 27,694	-	- -	-	- -	- -	240 240	
CoGen Funding LP Cogen Lyondell Inc (TX)	-	-	260,231 260,231	-	-	-	-	-	2,962 2,962	
Co-Gen II	-	-	-	-	-	2,149 2,149	-	-	-	
Cogen Technologies Linden Vent Linden Cogen (NJ)	-	3,567 3,567	435,854 435,854	-	-	-	-	8 8	4,147 4,147	
Cogen Technologies NJ Venture	-	-	122,228 122,228	-		-		-	1,028 1,028	
CogenAmerica Morris LLC Calpine Morris LLC (IL)	-	-	42,028 42,028	-	-	-	-	-	525 525	
Co-Generation Co	-	-	-	-	-	4,748 4,748	-	-	-	
Cogentrix Energy Inc	- - -	- - -	105,790 38,287 67,503	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	- - -	863 274 589	
Cogentrix of N Carolina Inc	344,508 53,741 117,840 36,970 18,369 35,438 82,150	-	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	184 31 65 21 9 20 37	-	- - - -	
Cokenergy Inc Heat Recovery Coke (IN)	-	-	31,598 31,598	- -	-	-	-	-	1,861 1,861	
Collins Pine Co Collins Pine (CA)	-	-	-	- -	-	720 720	-	-	-	
Colmac Energy Inc	-	3,130 3,130	41 41	-	-	31,467 31,467	-	1 1	1 1	
Colorado Energy Management LLC Brush IV (CO)	-	-	5,889 5,889	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	-	1 1	
Colorado Power Partners	-	-	4,172 4,172	- -	-	-	-	-	*	
Colstrip Energy Ltd Partnershp Colstrip Energy LP (MT)	21,169 21,169	-	-	-	-	-	18 18	-	-	
Commonwealth Atlantic LP Commonwealth Atlantic LP (VA)	-	138 138	36 36	-	-	-	-	*	1 1	
Commonwealth Chesapeake Co LLC Commonwealth Chesapeake (VA)	-	8,174 8,174	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	15 15	-	
Conectiv Atlantic Generatn Inc	- -	895 141	7,273 1,690	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	3	99 28 -	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki				Consumption (thousand)			
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Cumberland (NJ)		_	-51	-	_	_	_	_	_	
Micketon (NJ)		-	4,444	-	-	-	-	-	62	
Middle (NJ) Missouri Avenue (NJ)	-	642 112	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	
Sherman Avenue (NJ)		-	1,190	-	-	-	-	_	9	
Conectiv Energy Supply Inc		36,265	30,122	_	_	_	57	67	329	
Bayview (VA)		256	-	_	_	-	-	1	-	
Christiana (DE)		-11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Crisfield (MD)	-	366	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
Delaware City 10 (DE) Edge Moor (DE)	144,297	-8 32,669	2,411	-	-	_	57	59	27	
Hay Road (DE)		2,912	27,711	-	-	_	-	6	302	
Tasley (VA)		41	-	-	-	-	_	*	-	
West Station (DE)		40	-	-	-	-	-	*	-	
Connecticut Resource Recv Auth	174	-	_	_	-	_	*	_	_	
Mid Connecticut (CT)	174	-	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	
Conoco Inc & BP Amoco		_	6.081	_	_	_	_	_	374	
Ponca City Refinery (OK)		-	6,081	-	-	-	-	-	374	
Consolidated Edison E MA Inc		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Doreen (MA)			-	-	-	-	-		-	
Dwight (MA)		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Gardners Falls (MS) Indian Orchard (MA)		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Putts Bridge (MA)		-			_	-	-	-		
Redbridge (MA)		-	_		_	_	-	_	_	
West Springfield (MA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Woodland Road (MA)			-	-	-	-	-		-	
Consolidated Papers Inc		-	9,713	5,235	-	25,436	49	-	315	
Biron Mill (WI)		-	-	-	-	1,355	21	-	-	
Duluth Paper Mill (MN) Kimberly Mill (WI)	5.893	-	6,028	536	-	-	7	-	198	
Niagara Mill (WI)	4,146	-	0,020	4,699	_	663	7	-	-	
Wisconsin Rapids Pulp (WI)		-	3,685	-	-	23,418	15	-	117	
Constellation Power Source Gen	995,767	146,743	4.885	_	2,022,786	_	423	265	59	
Brandon Shores (MD)		4,014	-	-	-,,	-	271	7	-	
C P Crane (MD)		831	684	-	-	-	47	1	7	
Calvert Cliffs (MD)		23.487	199	-	1,292,322	-	-	42	2	
Gould Street (MD) H A Wagner (MD)	245,157	95,218	2,256		_	_	105	160	22	
Nine Mile Point (NY)	213,137	-	-	-	730,464	_	-	-	_	
Notch Cliff (MD)		-	1,745	-	-	-	-	-	27	
Perryman (MD)		19,499	-	-	-	-	-	44 7	-	
Philadelphia (MD)		2,458 1,236	1	-	-	_	_	4	1	
Westport (MD)		1,230	-	_	_	-	-	-	*	
Continental Energy Associates		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Continental Energy Associates Continental Energy Assoc (PA)		_	_	_	-	_		-		
Worthington (IN)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cordova Energy Co Inc		_	11,183	_	_	_	_	_	90	
Cordova (IL)		-	11,183	-	-	-	-	-	90	
Corn Products Internat'l Inc	31,574	-	1,014	-	-	-	26	-	15	
Corn Products Illinois (IL)		-	1,014	-	-	-	26	-	15	
Corona Energy Partners Ltd Corona Cogen (CA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Corpus Christi Cogeneration LP		-	82,042	-	-	-	-	-	561	
Corpus Christi Energy Center (TX)		-	82,042	-	-	-	-	-	561	
Coso Energy Developers		-	-	-	-	131,449 63,139	-	-	-	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration llowatthours)			Consumption (thousand)			
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Coso Power Developers (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	68,310	-	-	-	
Coso Finance Partners Coso Finance Partners (CA)	-	-	-	-	- -	68,052 68,052	-	-	-	
County Sanitation-Orange Cnty Plant No 1 (CA) Plant No 2 (CA).	-	- -	2,017 1,618 399	- -	-	7,558 1,775 5.783	-	<u>-</u> -	19 18 2	
CPN South Point LLC South Point Energy Center (AZ)	-	-	336,070 336,070	-	-	-	-	-	2,396 2,396	
Craven County Wood Energy LP Craven County Wood Energy LP (NC)	-	<u>-</u>	-	- -	- -	31,507 31,507	- -	-	-	
Crockett Cogeneration	-	-	151,195 151,195	-	-	-	-	-	1,284 1,284	
Crown Paper Co	-	-	-	13,595 13.595	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	
CT Jet Power LLC	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Daggett Leasing Corp et al	-	-	17 17	-	-	73 73	- -	-	*	
Dartmouth Power Associates LP Dartmouth Power Assoc (MA)	-	3 3	50,270 50,270	-	- -	-	-	*	412 412	
Davenport City of	-	-	116 116	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	369 369	-	-	1 1	
Davis CSWM & Energy RSSD	-	2 2	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	*	-	
De Pere Energy LLC	-	-	22,593 22,593	-	-	-	-	-	264 264	
Deanborn Industrial Gen Inc Dearborn Industrial (MI)	-	-	97,873 97,873	-	- -	-	-	-	608 608	
Del Ranch Ltd Partnership A W Hoch (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	29,754 29,754	-	-	-	
Delano Energy Co Inc Delano Energy Co Inc (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	27,632 27,632	-	-	-	
Delmarva Operating Inc Delta Energy Center (CA)	-	-	533,693 533,693	-	-	-	-	-	3,811 3,811	
Denver City Energy Assoc LP Mustang (TX)	-	<u>-</u>	222,968 222,968	<u>-</u>	- -	-	- -	-	1,629 1,629	
Des Moines Metro WRF Des Moines Metro WRA Wastewate (IA)	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	1,053 1,053	- -	<u>-</u>	-	
Devon Power LLC Devon (CT)	-	-	-	-	- -	· -	-	-	-	
Dexter Corp Ahlstrom Fiber Composities (CT)	-	203 203	33,294 33,294	- -	- -	-	-	*	111 111	
DFO Partnership	-	- -	- -	- -	- -	-	- -	<u>-</u>	-	
Difwind Farms Ltd V	-	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u> -	- -	729 729	- -	-	-	
Difwind Farms Ltd VI	-	-	-	-	-	1,850	-	-	-	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gene (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)				Consumption (thousand)	
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Difwind Farms Ltd VI (CA)	-	_	_	-	-	1,850	-	-	-
Difwind Farms Ltd VII Difwind Farms Ltd VII (CA)	-	-	-	-	- -	975 975	-	-	-
Difwind Farms Ltd VIII Difwind Farms Ltd VIII (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	954 954	-	-	-
Dighton Power Associates LP Dighton Power Assoc (MA)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dominion Energy Elwood Energy LLC (IL)	-	- -	4,824 4,824	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	52 52
Dominion Kincaid Inc	409,922 409,922	-	985 985	- -	- -	-	246 246	- -	10 10
Dominion Nuclear Conn Inc	-	- -	-	-	1,260,093 1,260,093	-	- -	-	- -
Dominion Resources Inc	- - -	- - -	25,100 25,100	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	251 251
Domino Sugar Corp	-	-	5,888 5,888	-	<u>-</u> -	- -	-	-	167 167
Domtar Corp	12,323 9,240 3,083	3,387 - 794 2,593	7,041 6,889 142 10	2,830 3,585 10,289	- - - -	99,892 61,024 13,804 4,660 20,404	29 20 9	50 - - 34 16	364 351 10 3
Donohue Inc Lufkin Texas (TX)	-	-	6,409 6,409	- -	-	5,788 5,788	-	- -	260 260
Donohue Industries Inc	-	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-
Doswell Ltd Partnership	-	327 327	174,665 174,665	-	- -	-	-	1 1	1,442 1,442
Double 'C' Ltd Double C (CA)	-	-	36,007 36,007	-	-	-	-	-	372 372
Dow Chemical Co	-	-	795,960 298,953	- -	-	-	-	-	10,469
Power and Utilities (LA) The Dow Chemical Co Texas Op (TX)	-	-	497,007	-	-	-	-	-	4,682 5,787
DPL Energy Inc(Tait) Darby (OH) Greenville (OH) Montpelier (OH) The (OH)	- - -	- - -	735 723 12	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	10 * 7 * 2
Tait (OH) DPL Inc DTE East China LLC (MI)	-		7,885 7.885	-	- -	-	-	-	91 91
Duke Energy Enterprise LLC Enterprise Energy Facility (MS)	- -	- -	1,152 1,152	-	- -	- -	- -	-	14 14
Duke Energy Hinds LLC Hinds (MS)	-	-	43,480 43,480	- -	- -	-	- -	- -	309 309
Duke Energy Hot Spring LLC	-	- -	8,321 8.321	-	<u>-</u>	-	- -	-	67 67
Duke Energy Lee County LLC Lee County (IL)	- -	- -	-	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	-

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Helding Company)			Gener (thousand ki				Consumption (thousand)			
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Duke Energy Marshall Cnty LLC	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-	-	
Duke Energy McClain LLC	-	-	56,902 56,902	- -	-	-	-	-	387 387	
Duke Energy Morro Bay LLC Morro Bay (CA)	- -	-	54,382 54,382	-	- -	-	-	-	580 580	
Duke Energy Moss Landing LLC	- -	-	846,116 846,116	-	-	-		-	6,347 6,347	
Duke Energy North America LLC Duke Energy Murray LLC (GA) Duke Energy Sandersville LLC (GA)	- - -	- - -	3,838 3,838	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	31 31	
Duke Energy Oakland LLC Duke Energy Oakland LLC (CA)	- -	910 910	- -	- -	- -	-	- -	2 2	<u>-</u> -	
Duke Energy South Bay LLC Duke Energy South Bay LLC (CA)	-	11 11	82,193 82,193	- -	-	-	- -	*	890 890	
Duke Energy Washington LLCWashington Energy Facility (OH)	- -	-	- -	- -	- -	-	- -	-	8 8	
Duncan Walter Et Al Duke Energy Southaven LLC (MS)	- -	-	- -	- -	- -	-	- -	-	<u>-</u> -	
DuPage County DuPage County Region 9 West Wa (IL)	- -	23 23	150 150	- -	- -	27 27	- -	*	1 1	
Dynegy Inc Danskammer (NY) Division (CA) El Cajon (CA)	130,352 130,352	282,178 8,577 37 41	175,258 1,463	- - -	- - -	- - -	53 53	445 14 * *	1,881 15	
Encina (CA)	- - -	121	169,840 368 164	- - -	-	- - -	- - -	- * - -	1,823 6 2	
Naval Training Center (CA) North Island (CA) Roseton (NY)	- - -	273,402	3,423	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	430	34	
Dynegy Midwest Generation	1,890,319 1,121,151 229,749 190,227	1,853 1,144 709	6,023 66 76	- - -	-	11,273 11,273	1,079 659 103 112	3 2 1	74 - 1	
Oglesby (IL)	94,842	- - - -	5,125 483	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - 49	- - -	1 * 64 5	
Wood River (IL)	254,350	-	201 - 109	-	-	-	156	-	3 -	
Crete Energy Park (IL) E I DuPont De Nemours & Co	3,537	321	-109 138,337	-	-	-	4	2	1,685	
Sabine River Works (TX) Victoria Texas Plant (TX) Waynesboro Virginia (VA)	3,537	321	74,715 63,558 64	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - 4	2	923 760 2	
Eagle Point Cogen Partnership Eagle Point Cogen (NJ)	-	-	-	- -	- -	-	-	- -	-	
Eastern Conn Res Recvy AuthLisbon (CT)	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Eastex CoGeneration LP Eastex Cogeneration Facility (TX)	-	-	265,367 265,367	-	-	- -	-	<u>-</u> -	2,743 2,743	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gene (thousand ki				Consumption (thousand)			
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Eastman Kodak Co	48,185 48,185	3,925 3,925	4,139 4,139	-	-	- -	50 50	17 17	108 108	
Ebensburg Power Co	36,119 36,119	- -	-	-	-	-	41 41	-	-	
Edgan Wray Love Trust Lakota Ridge (MN) Shaokatan Hills (MN)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	6,783 3,082 3,701	- - -	- - -	- - -	
EF Oxnard Inc	- -	-	13,106 13,106	-	-	-	-	-	116 116	
El Dorado Energy LLC	-	-	352,766 352,766	-	-	-	-	-	2,487 2,487	
El Paso Merchant Energy Co	-	-	164,789 164,789	-	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	1,160 1,160	
El Segundo Power LLC	-	<u>-</u>	212,481 212,481	-	- -	-	- -	<u>-</u>	2,124 2,124	
Elkem Metals Co	15,835 15,835	- - -	- - -	63,104	-	-	8 8	- - -	-	
Elmore Ltd Partnership J J Elmore (CA)	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	- -	25,953 25,953	-	-	-	
EME Homer City Generation LP	1,268,683 1,268,683	-	-	-	<u>-</u>		505 505	-	-	
Empire Energy LLC	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	1,792 1.792	-	-	-	
Encina Joint Powers Authority Encina Water Pollution Control (CA)	<u>-</u>	-	349 349	-	- -	297 297	-	-	5 5	
Ennis-Tractebel Co Inc Ennis Tractebel Power Co LP (TX)	-	- -	96,183 96,183	-	-	-	-	-	658 658	
Enron Wind	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Entergy Nuclear Oper-Fitz James A Fitzpatrick (NY)	- -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -	-	629,316 629,316	-	- -	-	-	
Entergy Nuclear Oper-Indian Indian Point 2 (NY)	-	-	- -	- -	1,371,825 666,841		-	-	-	
Indian Point 3 (NY) Entergy Nuclear Vermont Yankee	-	-	-	-	704,984 394,389	-	-	-	-	
Vermont Yankee (VT) Equilon Enterprises LLC	-	-	-	-	394,389	-	-	-	-	
Equilon Los Angeles Refining (CA) Equistar Chemicals LP	-	- -	27,584	-	-	-	-	-	362	
Corpus Christi (TX)	235	-	27,584 641	-	-	-	- 1	-	362 93	
Erie Coke Corp (PA)	235	-	641	-	-	- 0.474	1	-	93	
ESI Mojave LLC Delaware Mountain Windfarm (TX) Mojave 16 (CA) Mojave 17 (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	9,474 3,660 1,955 1.812	-	-	-	
Mojave 18 (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	2,047	-	-	-	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					onsumption (thousand)	
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
ESI Vansycle Partners LP Vansycle Ridge (OR)	-	-	-	-	-	6,269 6,269	-	-	-
EUI Management PH Inc EUIPH Wind Farm (CA)	-	- -	-	-	- -	2,277 2,277	-	-	-
Exelon Generation Co LLC	134,167	92,954	69,058	160,733	10,908,444	-	69	208	982
Braidwood (IL)	-	-	-	=	1,686,273 1,793,412	-	-	-	-
Byron (IL) Chester (PA)	_	75	-	-	1,/93,412	-	-	*	-
Conowingo (MD)	-	-	-	207,813	-	_	-	_	-
Cromby (PA)	-1,489	16,670	1,059	-	-	-	-	36	14
Croydon (PA)	-	-210	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Delaware (PA) Dresden (IL)	_	14,223	_	_	1,145,176	_	-	36	-
Eddystone (PA)	135,656	62,089	6,928	_	-	_	69	131	89
Fairless (PA)	· -	9	28	-	-	-	-	*	1
Falls (PA)	-	64	-	-	-	-	-	*	055
Handley (TX)LaPorte (TX)	_	_	60,621 -293	_	_	_	-	-	855
LaSalle (IL)	_	_	-	-	1,707,453	_	-	-	_
Limerick (PA)	-	-	-	-	1,753,837	-	-	-	-
Moser (PA)	-	30	- (11	-	-	-	-	*	22
Mountain Creek (TX)	_	_	611	-47,080	_	_	-	-	22
Peach Bottom (PA)	-	_	-	-	1,539,148	_	-	-	_
Quad Cities (IL)	-	-	-	-	1,283,145	-	-	-	-
Richmond (PA)	-	-131	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Schuylkill (PA)Southeast Chicago (IL)		67	104	_	_	_	_	3	2
Southwark (PA)	_	68	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Exeter Energy LP	_	30	_	_	_	15,119	_	*	_
Exeter (CT)	_	30	-	-	_	15,119	-	*	_
Exxon Chemical Co	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Baton Rouge Cogen (TX)	-	_		_	_	_	_	-	
Baton Rouge Turbine (LA)	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Exxon Co USA	_	_	37,731	_	_	_	_	-	350
Baytown PP3 (TX)	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Baytown Turbine (TX)	-	-	27 721	-	-	-	-	-	250
Santa Ynez (CA)	-	-	37,731	-	-	-	-	-	350
Fairhaven Power Co	-	-	349 349	-	-	4,587 4,587	-	-	7 7
Farmland Hydro Ltd Partner Farmland Hydro LP (FL)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal Paper Board Co Inc	755	11,120	511			20,945	2	111	31
International Paper Riegelwood (NC)	755 755	11,120	511	-	-	20,945	2	111	31
Fibertek Energy LLC Trigen Syracuse (NY)	25,054 25,054	-	-	-	-	-	22 22	-	-
Finch Pruyn & Co Inc	-	2,299 2,299	2,212 2,212	6,950 6,950	-	1,985 1,985	-	22 22	130 130
Finch Pruyn (NY)	-	2,299	4,414		-	1,903	-	22	130
First National Bank-Commerce	-	-	-	61,042 61,042	-	-	-	-	-
Flowind Corp	-	-	-	-	-	9,413	-	-	-
Altamont Power LLC (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	79	-	-	-
Cameron Ridge (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	9,334	-	-	-
Footville Water&Electric Comm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*
Ford Master Credit Co	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					onsumption (thousand)	
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Bay Resource Management Center (FL)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Formosa Plastics Corp	- - -	- - -	420,444 86,470 333,974	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	4,628 974 3,654
Fort Howard Corp Green Bay West Mill (WI)	32,662 32,662	14,208 14,208	-	-	-	-	26 26	10 10	-
Fort James Operating Co	5,780 5,780	41,603 41,603	2,071 2,071	-	-	338 338	4 4	24 24	42 42
Foster Wheeler Power Sys Inc	-	-	74,792	-		-	-	-	656
Foster Wheeler Martinez Inc (CA) Foster Wheeler-Mt Carmel Inc	- 26,295	- -	74,792	- -	- -	- -	- 49	- -	656
Mount Carmel Cogen (PA) Fountain Valley Power LLC	26,295	-	23,232	-	-	-	49	-	258
Fountain Valley (CO)	-	-	23,232	-	-	-	-	-	258 258
Fox Metro Water Reclamation Di (IL)	-	-	- -	- -	- -	-	-	- -	*
Badger Windpower LLC (KS)	-	-	-	- -	- -	62,927 4,881	-	- -	-
Gray County Wind Energy (KS)Lake Benton II (MN)	-	-	-	-	-	25,883 32,163	-	-	-
FPL Energy LLC	-	-	-	-	861,635 861,635	-	-	-	-
FPL Energy Maine Inc	-	98,407 -	-	75,524	-	22,488	-	167	-
Aroostook Valley (ME)	-	-	-	1,620	- -	22,488	- -	-	-
Bates Mill Upper (ME) Bonny Eagle (ME)	-	-	-	5,578	-	-	-	-	-
Brunswick (ME)	-	-	-	4,627 4,163 5,970	-	-	-	-	-
Continental Mills (ME) Deer Rips (ME)	-	- -	-		-	-	-	- -	-
Fort Halifax (ME)	-	-	-	786 9,597	-	-	-	-	-
Harris (ME) Hill Mill (ME)	-	-	-	5,883	-	-		-	-
Hiram (ME)	-	-	-	3,370	-	-	-	-	-
Messalonkskee 2 (Oakland) (ME) Messalonkskee 3 (ME) Messalonkskee 5 (ME)	-	-	-	1,127	-	-	-	-	-
North Gorham (ME) Shawmut (ME)	-	- -	- -	711 2,729	-	-	- -	- -	-
Skelton (ME)	-	-	-	8,045	-	-	-	-	-
Weston (ME) William F Wyman (ME)	-	98,407	-	4,276	-	-	-	167	-
Williams (ME) Wyman Hydro (ME)	-	-	-	4,361 12,681	-	-	-	-	-
FPLE Rhode Island State Energ (RI)	-	-	169,160 169,160			-			1,223 1,223
FPL Energy Uptond Wind LP Upton Wind I (TX)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FPL Energy Vansycle LLC ESI Vansycle Partners, LLC (OR)	-	-	-	- -	-	53,564 21,473	-	<u>-</u> -	-

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)	,		Gener (thousand ki				Consumption (thousand)			
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
FPL Enegy Vansycle LLC (WA)	-	-	-	-	-	32,091	-	-	-	
Fraser Paper Co	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Freede Henry J Dr	-	-	124,190 124,190	- -	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -	878 878	
Freestone Power Generation LP Freestone Power Generation LP (TX)	-	-	263,395 263,395	-		- -	-	-	1,879 1,879	
Fresno Cogeneration Partners	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	
Frontier Generation LP	-	-	68,848 68,848	-	-	-	-	-	567 567	
Ft Worth City of	-	-	2,023 2,023	-	-	419 419	-	-	104 104	
Fulton Cogeneration Associates	-	-	1,440 1,440	-	-	-	-	-	15 15	
G H Drilling CoBackbone Mountain Windpower (WV)	-	-	-	-	-	9,023 9,023	-	-	-	
Gas Recovery Systems Inc	-	-	39 39	-	- -	-	-	-	1 1	
Gaylord Container Corp	-	1,810	4,443	- -	- -	28,647	- -	11	165	
Gaylord Container Corp Bogalus (LA)	-	1,810	4,443	-	-	28,647	-	11	165	
Gaylord Entertainment Co Opryland USA (TN)	-	- -	3,253 3,253	- -	- -	-	-	-	39 39	
GEM Resources	-	-	-	-	-	6,218 - 6,218	-	-	-	
General Chemical Corp	19,465 19,465	17 17	1,623 1,623	-	- -		43 43	*	88 88	
General Electric Co	- -	11,619 11,619	6 6	- -	- -	-		42 42	*	
General Growth Proper Tire Inc	-	65 65	852 852	-	- -	-	- -	*	11 11	
General Motors Corp Powertrain Warren GMC (MI)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Genesee Power Station LP	-	-	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	16,771 16,771	- -	-	-	
Georgia Gulf CorpPlaquemine (LA)	-	- -	147,584 147,584	- -	- -	-	- -	<u>-</u>	1,901 1,901	
Georgia-Pacific Corp	76	4,118	16,318	_	-	105,369	*	36	761	
Big Island (VA) Brunswick (GA)	-	4,069	1,541	-	-	29,805	-	36	83	
Cedar Springs (GA)	76	4,069	3	-	-	375	*	*	*	
Crossett (AR)	-	-	1,208	-	-	45,567	-	-	177	
Fort Bragg (CA) Leaf River (MS)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Monticello (MS)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Naheola Mill (AL) Palatka (FL)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Port Hudson (LA)	-	-	13,566	-	-	29,622	-	-	501	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration lowatthours)			Consumption (thousand)			
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
German Al Trust	41,973 41,973	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Gilberton Power Co	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Gillette Co	-	- -	5,920 5,920	-	-	-	-	-	120 120	
Gilman Paper Co Durango-Georgia Paper Co (GA)	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Glen Park Associates	-	-	-	1,893 1,893	- -	-		-	-	
Goal Line LP (CA)	-	-	38,143 38,143	-	-	-	-	- -	304 304	
Goodyear (OH)	8,206 8,206	31 31	22,563 22,563	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 10	*	904 - 904	
Gorbell Thermo Electron Pwr Co Boralex Athens Energy (ME)	-	<u>-</u>	- -	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	- -	-	
Gordonsville Energy LP	-	16,003 16,003	8,523 8,523	-	-	- -	-	34 34	4 4	
GPU International Inc-Onondaga Onondaga Cogen (NY)	-	- -	17,724 17,724	-	-	- -	-	- -	143 143	
Granger Electric Co	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	-	
Grayling Generating Station LP	-	- -	1 1	-		16,360 16,360	-	-	*	
Grays Ferry Cogeneration Partn	-	5,331 5,331	51,177 51,177	-	-	-	-	16 16	830 830	
Great Northern Paper Inc East Millinocket (ME) Great Northern Paper (ME) Millinocket (ME)	- - -	13,860 2,729 - 11,131	- - - -	43,044 43,044	- - -	9,971 6,220 - 3,751	- - -	77 19 - 58	- - -	
Greenville Steam Co	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	11,659 11,659	-	-	-	
Gregory Power Partners LP	-	-	271,462 271,462	-	-	-	-	-	2,772 2,772	
Griffith Energy LLC	-	-	121,011 121,011	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	870 870	
GTE Alaska Inc	- - -	- - -	8,943 4,499 4,444	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	84 43 41	
Guadalupe Power Partners LP	-	- -	167,994 167,994	- -	- -	-	-	-	1,230 1,230	
Gulf States Paper Corp Gulf States Paper Corp (AL)	1,687 1,687	61 61	1,075 1,075	- -	-	9,533 9,533	4 4	1 1	73 73	
GWF Power Systems LP	-	23,940	126	-	-	-	-	9	1	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration llowatthours)			Consumption (thousand)			
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
East Third Street (CA)	-	9,828 14,112	126	-	- -	-	-	4 6	1	
Hamakua Energy Partners LP	-	30,529 30,529	7,700 7,700	-	- -	-	-	65 65	-	
Handsome Lake Energy LLC	-	-	66 66	- -	- -	-	-	-	1 1	
Harbor Cogeneration Co	-	-	3,744 3,744	-	-	-	-	-	39 39	
Hardee (FL)	-	14 14	64,105 64,105	- -	- -	-	-	*	584 584	
Hartwell Energy Ltd Partners	-	7 7	1,297 1,297	-	- -	-	-	*	16 16	
Hawaiian Coml & Sugar Co Ltd	-	-	-	-	-	- -	- -	<u>-</u> -	-	
Hawkins H S	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	10,901 10,901	-	-	-	
Hays Energy LP	-	-	181,383 181,383	-	-	-	-	- -	1,335 1,335	
Heard County Power LLC	-	-	680 -	- -	-	-	- -	-	8 - 8	
Heber Geothermal Co Heber Geothermal Co (CA)	-	-		-	-	27,610 27,610	-	-	- -	
Hemphill Power & Light Co Hemphill Power & Light Co (NH)	-	-	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	10,390 10,390	-	-	<u>-</u> -	
Hercules Inc	7,100 -7,100	959 938 21	849 849	- - -	- - -	3 - 3	10 - 10	2 2 *	- - -	
Herold A C	-	-	292,682 292,682	- -	- -	-	-	-	2,044 2,044	
Hidalgo Energy Center LP	-	-	55,936 55,936	- -	- -	-	-	-	381 381	
High Sierra Ltd	-	-	35,918 35,918	- -	- -	-	-	-	362 362	
Hillman Power Co	-	-	72 72	<u>-</u>	- -	12,528 12,528	-	-	1 1	
Hillsborough County	-	-	23 23	-	-	- -	- -	<u>-</u> -	*	
HL Power Co HL Power (CA)	-	<u>-</u> -	3,024 3,024	-	-	14,793 14,793	-	-	46 46	
Holland Energy LLC	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Hopewell Cogeneration Inc	-	5,155 5,155	8,371 8,371	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	18 18	97 97	
Howden Wind Parks Inc	-	- -	- -	- -	-	306 306	-	-	-	
Huntsman Corp	- -	-	42,222 42,222	- -	- -	- -	-	- -	527 527	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					Consumption (thousand)	
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Hydro Technology Systems Inc Meyers Falls (WA)	-	-	- -	941 941	- -	-	-	-	-
Hydro-Op One Associates	-	-	-	765 765	-	-	-	-	-
IBM CorpIBM San Jose Standby (CA)	-	26 26	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
IMC Phosphates Co	- - -	- - -	76,229 31,260 27,201 17,768	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -
Indeck-Corinth Ltd Partnership Indeck Corinth Energy Center (NY)	-	-	97,566 97,566	- -	- -	-	-	-	765 765
Indeck-Energy Serv Silver Sprg Silver Springs (NY)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indeck-Ilion Ltd Partnership NRG Ilion LP (NY)	-	- -	4,533 4,533	-	- -	-	-	- -	36 36
Indeck-Maine Energy LLC	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	13,101 - 13,101	- - -	- - -	-
Indeck-Olean Ltd Partnership Indeck Olean Energy Center (NY)	- -	-	2,031 2,031	-	- -	- -	- -	-	18 18
Indeck-Oswego Ltd Partnership Indeck Oswego Energy Center (NY)	-	-	864 864	<u>-</u>	- -	-	- -	-	8 8
Indeck-Pepperell Power Assoc Indeck Pepperell (MA)	-	1,085 1,085	797 797	-	-	-	-	2 2	3 3
Indeck-Yerkes Ltd Partnership Indeck Yerkes Energy Center (NY)	-	· -	<u>-</u>	-	-	<u>-</u> -	-	<u>-</u>	-
Independent Power Americas Inc Manchief (TX)	-	<u>-</u>	72,647 72,647	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	<u>-</u>	7 7
Indiantown Cogeneration LP Indiantown Cogen (FL)	223,276 223,276	- -	1,441 1,441	- -	-	-	92 92	- -	16 16
Ingersoll Milling	-	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-
Ingleside Cogeneration LP Ingleside Cogen (TX)	-	-	259,039 259,039	-	-	<u>-</u> -	-	<u>-</u>	2,304 2,304
Inland Container Corp Inland Paperboard and Packagin (TX)	-	<u>-</u>	1,697 1,697	-	<u>-</u>	29,466 29,466	-	<u>-</u>	545 545
Inland Paperboard & Pack'g Inc	8,411 8,411	5,645 5,645	49 49	-	-	18,018 18,018	17 17	48 48	3 3
Inland Steel Co	- - -	- - - -	89 89 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	6,371 6,371
Intercontinental Energy Corp	- - -	- - -	436,666 250,416 186,250	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	3,465 1,929 1,537
International Paper Co	14,546 6,924	10,861 3,038	10,239 413	- - -	- - -	74,844 39,108	22 12	59 20	433 16

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Gene (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)			Consumption (thousand)			
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Texarkana Mill (TX) Thilmany Pulp Paper (WI)	7,622	5,604 2,219	9,246 580	-	-	26,648 9,088	- 11	34 4	396 21	
International Paper Co-Padgett Augusta Mill (GA)	11,056 11,056	692 692	3,800 3,800	-	- -	31,353 31,353	20 20	5 5	173 173	
International Turbine Res Inc	-	-	-	-	-	794 794	-	-	-	
IPC-Androscoggin Mill Androscoggin Mill (ME) Jay Hydro (ME) Livermore Hydro (ME) Riley Hydro (ME)	- - - -	7,849 7,849 - -	16,911 16,911 - -	3,913 800 1,685 1,428	- - - -	33,727 33,727	- - - -	45 45 -	574 574	
IPC-Camden	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IPC-LouisLouisiana Mill (LA)	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	
IPC-Mansfield Mill	1,313 1,313	2,064 2,064	15,120 15,120	- -	-	42,066 42,066	2 2	12 12	202 202	
IPC-Natchez	-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	
IPC-Pine IPC Pine Bluff Mill (AR) Pineville Mill (LA)	- - -	- - -	7,179 3,755 3,424	- - -	- - -	36,623 29,999 6,624	- - -	- - -	208 31 177	
IPC-Riverdale Road	-	392 392	32,866 32,866	-	-	25,033 25,033	-	3 3	629 629	
IPC-Ticonderoga Ticonderoga Mill (NY)	-	1,349 1,349	- -	-	- -	25,755 25,755	- -	7 7	- -	
IPC-Vicks	-		3,788 3,788	-	-	11,276 11,276	-	-	169 169	
Islip Resource Recovery Agency Mac Arthur Waste to Energy (NY)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
James River Corp Naheola Mill (AL) Old Town Division (ME)	5,647 5,647	3,023 3,023	2,332 2,332	- - -	- -	41,020 30,109	9 9	19 19	89 89	
St Francisville Mill (LA)	-	-	-	-	-	10,911	-	-	-	
Jefferson Smurfit Corp Jefferson Smurfit Corp (FL)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Jefferson Smurfit Corp-LA Smurfit Stone Container Corp (CA)	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
John Deere Harvester Works Co	666 666	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -	3 3	-	-	
Kaiser Aluminum&Chemical Corp Kaiser Aluminum (LA)	-	-	21,749 21,749	-	-	-	-	-	560 560	
Kalaeloa Partners LP	-	91,232 91,232	30,268 30,268	-	-	-	-	175 175	-	
Kenetech Windpower Inc	-	-	-	- -	- -	534 534	-	- -	-	
Kent County Kent County Waste to Energy (MI)	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	
Kern Front Ltd	-	-	35,687	-	-	-	-	-	353	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand kil					Consumption (thousand)	
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Kern Front (CA)	-	-	35,687	-	-	-	-	-	353
Kern River Cogeneration Co Kern River Cogen (CA)	-	- -	225,072 225,072	-	- -	- -	-	-	2,698 2,698
KES Chateaugay LP	-	-	-	-	-	3,257 3,257	-	-	-
KeySpan-Ravenswood Inc	-	60,649 60,649	65,293 65,293	-	- -	-	-	104 104	694 694
KIAC Partners		-	50,992 50,992	-	-		-	- -	430 430
Kimberly-Clark Corp	18,709 18,709	12,082 12,082	1,223 1,223	-		319 319	23 23	9 9	21 21
Kinder Morgan Power Co	-	- -	4,893 4,893	-		- -		- -	38 38
King County Dept-Natural Res West Point Treatment Plant (WA)	-	-	-	- -	- -	1,401 1,401	-	-	-
Klamath Falls City of	-	-	267,052 267,052	- -	- -	<u>-</u> -	-	-	1,912 1,912
KN/Thermo LLC	-	-	17,664 17,664	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	-	<u>-</u>	-	187 187
Koch Petroleum Group LP Koch Corpus Refinery (TX)	-	-	24,032 24,032	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	-	13 13	303 303
Koppers Industries Inc	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	4,351 4,351	-	- -	-
Lafarge CorpLaFarge Corp Alpena (MI)	27,078 27,078	-	-	-	-	-	39 39	-	-
Lake Benton I (MN)	-	-	-	-	-	28,145 28,145	-	-	-
Lake Cogen Ltd Lake Cogen Ltd (FL)	-	-	56,931 56,931	-		-		-	435 435
Lake Road Generating Co LP	-	-	212,998 212,998	-	-	-	-	-	1,481 1,481
Lancaster County Solid WR Auth Lancaster County Resource Reco (PA)	-	-	122 122	-	-	-	-	-	1 1
Landfill Generating Partners Orange County New York (NY)	-	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	*	-
Las Vegas Cogeneration Las Vegas Cogen (NV)	-	-	19,173 19,173	-	-	-	-	-	145 145
Leathers LP	-	-	- -	- -	-	29,993 29,993	-	-	-
Lee County Board-Commissioners Lee County Solid Waste Energy (FL)	-	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	-	-
L'Energia Ltd Partnership UAE Lowell Power LLC (MA)	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LG&E Westmoreland Rensselaer Rensselaer Cogen (NY)	-	-	-	- -	- -	-	- -	<u>-</u>	-
Liberty Electric Power LLC Liberty Electric Power LLC (PA)	-	- -	56,239 56,239	- -	-	- -	- -	- -	445 445

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Halding Company)				ration lowatthours)				Consumption (thousand)	
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Little Rock Wastewater Utility Fourche Creek Wastewater (AR)	-	-	53 53	-	-	439 439	-	-	3 3
Live Oak Ltd	-	-	32,819 32,819	- -	-	-	-	- -	290 290
Llano Estacado Wind LPLlano Estacado Wind Ranch (TX)	-	-	-	-	-	22,516 22,516	-	-	-
Lockport Energy Associates LP Lockport Cogen (NY)	-	102 102	121,064 121,064	- -	-	- -	-	*	1,069 1,069
Logan Generating Co LP Logan (NJ)	107,483 107,483	658 658	-	- -	-	- -	45 45	1 1	-
Long Beach Generation LLC Long Beach Generation LLC (CA)	-	-	7,275 7,275	-	-	-	-	- -	78 78
Longview Fibre Co Longview Fibre Co (WA)	- -	2,886 2,886	3,790 3,790	-	-	18,560 18,560	- -	23 23	167 167
Los Angeles County Sanitation	- - - -	- - - -	3,723 490 1,239	- - - -	- - - -	9,501 - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	40 10 30
Total Energy Facilities (CA) Louisiana Generating LLC	1,072,758 - 1,072,758	1,075	1,994 394 394	- - -	- - -	9,501 - -	702 - 702	2 - 2	5 5
Louisiana Pacific Samoa Inc Pulp Mill Power House (CA)	1,072,736	1,075	-	-	-	9,220 9,220		-	-
LSP Energy Ltd Partnership	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
LSP-Cottage Grove LP Cogentrix LSP Cottage Grove (MN)	- -	- -	20,501 20,501	- -	- -	-	-	-	180 180
LSP-Whitewater LP	-	-	45,665 45,665	-	-	-	-	- -	361 361
LTV Steel Co Inc	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	-
Luz Solar Partners Ltd III SEGS III (CA)	-	-	2,817 2,817	-	-	761 761	-	- -	33 33
Luz Solar Partners Ltd IV SEGS IV (CA)	-	-	3,020 3,020	-	-	735 735	-	- -	36 36
Luz Solar Partners Ltd IX SEGS IX (CA)	-	-	832 832	-	-	78 78	-	- -	11 11
Luz Solar Partners Ltd V SEGS V (CA)	-	-	2,026 2,026	-	-	658 658	-	-	24 24
Luz Solar Partners Ltd VI SEGS VI (CA)	-		2,150 2,150	- -	- -	1,029 1,029	-	-	26 26
Luz Solar Partners Ltd VII SEGS VII (CA)	-	-	1,973 1,973	- -	-	809 809	-	- -	22 22
Luz Solar Partners Ltd VIII	-	-	839 839	-	- -	79 79	-	- -	12 12

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company			Gene (thousand ki					onsumption (thousand)	
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
MacMillan Bloedel Packaging	269 269	1,360 1,360	7,831 7,831	-	-	28,620 28,620	*	8 8	255 255
Madison Generating Station LLC Madison (OH)	-	-	2,058 2,058	-	-		-	-	29 29
Madison Paper Industries Inc Anson Abenaki Hydros (ME)	-	1,680 1,680	-	5,866 5,866	-	-	-	21 21	-
Magee J W	- -	-	-	-	-	18,870 18,870	<u>-</u> -	-	-
Maine Energy Recovery Co Maine Energy Recovery Co (ME)	-	-	216 216	- -	-	-	-	-	3 3
Mammoth Pacific LP	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	-	- - - -	- - -	- - -
March Point Cogeneration Co	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Martinez Refining Co	-	-	71,855 71,855	-	-	-	-	-	686 686
Maryland Dept-Pub Safety&Corr Eastern Correctional Institute (MD)	-	53 53	-	- -	-	879 879	-	*	-
Massachusetts Bay Trans Auth	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts Water Res Auth Deer Island (MA)	-	535 535	-	387 387	-	2,198 2,198	-	3 3	-
MASSPOWER	-	2,219 2,219	178,975 178,975	-	- -	-	-	5	1,492 1,492
McKittrick Ltd	-	- - -	34,113 34,113	- -	- -	-	- -	- -	312 312
Mead Coated Board Inc Mead Coated Board Inc (AL)	-	302 302	18,345 18,345	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	43,388 43,388	<u>-</u>	2 2	342 342
Mead Corp	20,460 - 17,718 2,742	2,781 2,658 123	1,519 1,519 -	15,000 - - - 15,000	- - - -	88,393 24,199 64,194	25 23 2	27 26 1	93 93 -
Mead Paper Corp	-	-	-	-	-	- -		-	-
Mecklenberg Cogeneration LP Mecklenburg Cogen (VA)	69,784 69,784	252 252	-	-	-	-	33 33	1 1	-
Medical Area Totl Engy Plt Inc Medical Area Total Energy (MA)	- -	13,727 13,727	13,600 13,600	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	27 27	327 327
Mendota Biomass Power Ltd Mendota Biomass Power Ltd (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	12,281 12,281	-	-· - -	-
Merchant Energy Partners	-	<u>-</u>	12,364 12,364	-	- -	,	- -	-	87 87
Merck & Co Inc Merck Rahway (NJ)	-	38 38	4,972 4,972	-	-	209 209	-	*	256 256
Merck & Co Inc-West Point	- -	5,333 5,333	31,205 31,205	- -	- -	- - -	-	*	435 435

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki				Consumption (thousand)			
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Merrimac Paper Co Inc Merrimac Paper Co Inc (MA)	-	792 792	-	- -	-	-	-	4 4	-	
Metro Dade County	-	- -	1 1	-	-	-	- -	- -	*	
Metropolitan Wastewater Reclam	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	2,469 - 2,469	- -	- - -	- - -	
Miami Dade Water & Sewer Auth Central District Wastewater (FL) South District Wastewater (FL)	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	2,153 1,624 529	- -	- - -	- - -	
Michigan Automotive Research	-	- -	-	-	-	-	- -	- -	-	
Michigan Power Ltd Partnership Michigan Power (MI)	-	-	91,511 91,511	-	-	-	-	-	852 852	
Michigan State University	17,215 17,215	-	1,082 1,082	- -	- -	-	20 20	-	31 31	
Mid-America Power LLC E J Stoneman Station (WI)	- -	<u>-</u> -	-	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	-	- -	- -	-	
Mid-Continent Power Co Inc	-	-	29,268 29,268	-	- -	-	-	-	399 399	
Middletown Power LLC	- -	2,236 2,236	37 37	-	-	-	-	43 43	4 4	
Mid-Georgia CoGen LP Mid Georgia Cogen (GA)	-	-	10,163 10,163	-	-	-	-	- -	84 84	
Midlothian Energy LP	-	-	162,068 162,068	-	-	-		-	1,195 1,195	
Mid-States NGV Coalition	<u>-</u> -	- -	-	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	-	- -	- -	-	
Midway-Sunset Cogeneration Co	-	-	165,814 165,814	-	- -	-	-	-	1,747 1,747	
Midwest Generations EME LLC Bloom (IL)	2,140,849	3,427	21,232	-	-	-	1,306	6	351	
Calumet (IL) Collins (IL)	-		95	-	-	-	-	-	2 85	
Crawford (IL)	215,709	-	1,754 5,348	-	-	-	117	-	17 96	
Fisk Street (IL)	36.223	32	3,348 154	-	-	-	18	*	1	
Joliet 29 (IL)	439,349	-	9,293	-	-	-	270	-	98	
Joliet 9 (IL)	87,059	-	2,038	-	-	-	56	-	15	
Lombard (IL) Powerton (IL)	768,524	-	-	-	-	-	490	-	-	
Sabrooke (IL)	· -	-	1,868	-	-	-	-	-	30	
Waukegan (IL) Will County (IL)	228,011 365,974	285 3,110	682	-	-	-	141 215	1 5	7	
Midwest Wind Developers	-		<u>-</u>	- -	- -	-		- -	-	
Milford Power Ltd Partnership	-	-	32,026 32,026	-	-	-	-	-	257 257	
Millennium Power (MA)	- -	-	227,100 227,100	-	-	-	- -	-	1,600 1,600	
Minnesota Mining & Mfg Co	_	52	2,094	_	_	_	_	*	23	
Mining & Mig Co	-	32	2,077						23	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gene (thousand ki				Consumption (thousand)			
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
3M Central (TX)	-	52	2,094	-	-	-	-	*	23	
Mirant Canal LLC Canal (MA) Oak Bluffs Diesel (MA) West Tisbury (MA)	- - -	590,122 590,122	147 147 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	907 907 -	1 1 -	
Mirant Chalk Point LLC	427,313 427,313	148,282 148,282	28,891 28,891	-	-	-	166 166	238 238	325 325	
Mirant Corp	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mirant Kendall LLC	-	497 497	30,281 30,281	-	-	-	-	*	112 112	
Mirant Mid-Atlantic LLC Dickerson (MD)Morgantown (MD)	1,085,725 242,731 842,994	1,872 1,740 132	842 842	- - -	-	- - -	384 94 291	3 3 *	16 16	
Mirant Potomac River LLC Potomac River (VA)	215,053 215,053	903 903	-	-	-	-	85 85	2 2	-	
Mirant Sugar Creek LLC	- - -	- - -	20,430 -446 20,876	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	183 183	
Mobil Oil Corp-Beaumont Beaumont Refinery (TX)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mobil Oil Corp-Joliet	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mobil Oil Corp-Torrance Torrance Refinery (CA)	-	-	25,180 25,180	-	-	<u>-</u>	- -	-	210 210	
Mobile Energy LLC	-	- -	-	- -	- -	-	- -	-		
Mobile Energy Service Holdings	20,471 20,471	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	15,839 15,839	13 13	-	-	
Mojave Cogeneration Co	-	- -	29,443 29,443	- -	- -	-	- -	<u>-</u>	297 297	
Monsanto Co Pensacola Florida (FL)	-	1,175 1,175	29,200 29,200	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -	-	8 8	3,939 3,939	
Montenay Montgomery LP Montenay Montgomery (PA)	-	98 98	-	-	-	-	-	*	-	
Morgantown Energy Associates	37,515 37,515	-	-	-	-	-	36 36	-	-	
Morrill Worcester	- -	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mosinee Paper Corp	978 978	56 56	<u>-</u>	2,410 2,410	-	7,372 7,372	5 5	1 1	-	
Motiva Enterprises LLC Port Arthur Refinery (TX)	- -	- -	58,097 58,097	- -	- -	-	- -	-	1,301 1,301	
Mountain View I (CA)	-	-		-	<u>-</u>	5,804 5,804	-	-	-,	
Mountain Petroleum Ltd	-	- -	-	- -	- - -	2,715 2,715	- -	-	-	
Mountainview Power Co Inc	-	-	-	-	-	2,715	-	=	-	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Helding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					onsumption (thousand)	
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Mountainview (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MRWPCA	-	- -	327 327	- -	- -	456 456	- -	-	4 4
Mt Poso Cogeneration Co	28,327 28,327	16,108 16,108	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -	13 13	6 6	*
Multitrade-Pittsylvania Cnty	-	-	-	-	-	35,701 35,701	- -	- -	-
MWRD:W/SW Facility Stickney Water Reclamation (IL)	-	-	-	- -	- -	- -	-	-	-
Naniwa Energy LLC Tri-Center - Naniwa Energy (NV)	-	-	-	-	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	-
Nelson Industrial Steam Co Nelson Industrial Steam Co (LA)	-	121,185 121,185	1,090 1.090	- -	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	47 47	12 12
Nevada Cogeneration Assoc # 1	-	- -	63,259 63,259	- -	-	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	539 539
Nevada Cogeneration Assoc # 2	-	-	63,146 63,146	-	-	-	-	-	550 550
Nevada Sun-Peak Ltd Partners Nevada Sun Peak (NV)	-	-	2,175 2,175	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	25 25
New Albany Power I LLC New Albany (MS)	-	-	498 498	-	-	-	-	-	6 6
New Century Energies	-	-	7,968 7,968	-	-	-	-	-	81 81
New Hanover County Wastec (NC)	-	-	53 53	-	-	-	-	-	2 2
New Martinsville City of New Martinsville Hydro (WV)	-	-	-	24,291 24,291	-	-	-	-	-
New Mexico LP Gas Assn Okeelanta Cogen (FL)	-	58 58	1,672 1,672	-	-	14,028 14,028	-	1	86 86
New World Power Corp	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Newark Bay Cogen Partners LP Newark Bay Cogen (NJ)	-	-	1,953 1,953	-	-	-	- -	-	157 157
Newman & Co Inc	-	704 704	1,933 7 7	-	- -	-	-	6	*
NGE Eneterprises Inc	-	860	19,157	-	-	-	-	2 2	166
Nissequoque Cogen Partners	-	860	19,157	-	-	-	-	- -	166
Stony Brook Cogen (NY) Norcon Power Partners LP	-	-	1,854	-	-	-	-	-	19
North American Power Group	-	-	1,854	-	-	-	-	-	19 -
Vorthampton Generating Co LP	46,089	22,781	218	-	-	2,885	- 41	10	1
Northbrook Carolina Hydro LLC Boyds Mill Hydro (SC)	46,089 - -	22,781 - -	218 - -	4,453 510	-	2,885 - -	41 - -	10 - -	1 - -

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)		(Gener (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)				onsumption (thousand)	
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Hollidays Bridge Hydro (SC)Saluda (SC)	-	- -	-	1,594 836	-	-	-	-	-
Turner Shoals (NC)	-	-	-	1,513	-	-	-	-	-
Northeast Empire LP #1 Beaver Livermore Falls (ME)	- -	-	-	-	-	22,629 22,629	-	-	-
Northeast Empire LP #2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Northeast Generation Serv Co	-	13	-	24,004 64	-	-	-	*	-
Bulls Bridge (CT)	-	-	-	4,052	-	-	-	-	-
Cabot (MA) Cobble Mt (MA)	-	-	-	20,406 875	-	-	-	-	-
Fls Village (CT)		_	-	5,114		_		_	-
Northfield Mountain (MA)	-	-	-	-48,560	-	-	-	-	-
Robertsvle (CT)Rocky River (CT)	-	-	-	101 7,221	-	-	-	-	-
Scotland Dam (CT)	_	-		944	-	-	-	_	-
Shepaug (CT)	-		-	16,725	-	-	-	-	-
South Meadow (CT) Stevenson (CT)	-	11	-	12.907	-	-	-	*	-
Taftville (CT)	_	-		755	-	-	-	_	-
Tunnel (CT)	-	2	-	1,085	-	-	-	*	-
Turners Fl (MA)	-	-	-	2,315	-	-	-	-	-
Northeast Maryland W D Auth	-	-	119 119	-	-	-	-	-	2 2
Northeastern Power Co	31,489 31,489	658 658	-	-	-	238 238	47 47	2 2	-
Northern Alternative Energy	-	-	_	-	-	10,504	-	-	_
Agassiz Beach LLC (MN)	-	-	-	-	-	556	-	-	-
Autumn Hills (MN)	-	-	-	-	-	596 711	-	-	-
Hadley Ridge LLC (MN)	-	-	-	-	-	705	-	-	-
Hope Creek LLC (MN)	-	-	-	-	-	691	-	-	-
Jack River LLC (MN) Jessica Mills LLC (MN)	-	-	-	-	-	573 597	-	-	-
Julia Hills LLC (MN)	-	-	-	-	-	600	-	_	-
Ruthton Ridge LLC (MN)	-	-	-	-	-	767	-	-	-
Soliloquoy Ridge LLC (MN) Spartan Hills LLC (MN)	-	-	-	-	_	704 717	-	-	-
Sun River LLC (MN)	-	-	-	-	-	627	-	-	-
Tsar Nicholas LLC (MN)	-	-	-	-	-	621	-	-	-
Twin Lake Hills (MN)	-	-	-	-	-	713 554	-	-	-
Winter Spawn (MN)	-	-	-	-	-	772	-	-	-
Northern Electric Power Co LP	-	-	-	19,236 19,236	-	-	-	-	-
Northern Intrastate P/L Co Top of Iowa Windfarm (IA)	-	-	-	-	-	10,041 10,041	-	-	-
Northern Sun/ADM-Enderlin K80 Enderlin (ND)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Northlake Energy	-	-	26,878	-	-	-	-	-	7,036
5 AC Station (IN)	-	-	26,878	-	-	582	-	-	7,036
Northwind Energy Inc (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	582 582	-	-	-
Norwalk Harbor Power LLC	-	10,961 10,961	-	-	-	-	- -	25 25	-
Nose Rock Inc	-	-	-	-	-	2,383	-	-	-

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gene (thousand ki				Consumption (thousand)			
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Klondike Wind Farm (OR)	-	-	-	-	-	2,383	-	-	-	
Novactis Pharmacueticals Corp	-	-	1,676 1,676	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	-	28 28	
NRG Energy Arthur Kill	79,674 79,674	<u>-</u> -	-	- -	- -	-	32 32	<u>-</u> -	-	
NRG Generating Newark	-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	
NRG Huntley Operations Inc	320,166 320,166	760 760	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	133 133	1 1	-	
NRG Huntley Power LLC Dunkirk (NY)	348,758 348,758	522 522		- -	- -		134 134	1 1		
NRG Montville Operations Inc	-	9,631 9,631	13 13	-		-	- -	20 20	*	
NRG South Central Generatg LLCNRG Sterlington Power LLC (LA)	-	-	-	-	-	- -	- -	- -	-	
NUI Corp NWP Indian Mesa Wind Farm (TX)	-	-	-	-	-	11,088 11,088	- -	- -	-	
O & R Development Inc	-	-	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-	
Oak Creek Energy System Inc IIOak Creek Energy Systems Inc (CA)	-	-	- -	- -	-	4,396 4,396	-	-	-	
O'Brien Biogas IV LLC O Brien Biogas IV LLC (NJ)	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -	- -	-	-	-	-	
Occidental Chemical Corp Deer Park (TX)	-	-	140,424	<u>-</u> -	- -	<u>-</u> -	-	-	1,408	
Houston Chemical Complex Battl (TX)	-	-	140,424	-	-	-	-	-	1,408	
Ocean County Utilities Auth	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ocean State Power Co Ocean State (RI)	- -		99,469 99,469	-	-	- -	- -	-	875 875	
Ocean State Power II Ocean State II (RI)	-	-	90,069 90,069	-		-	-	-	799 799	
Odessa-Ector Power Partners LP Odessa-Ector Generating (TX)	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	-	-	
Odgen Projects Inc-Hall	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27 27	
Odom Oil Co Elk Hills Cogen (CA)	-	- -	378 378	- -	- -	<u>-</u>	-	-	4 4	
Ogden Energy Group Inc-Stanisl	-	44	-	- -	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	*	-	
I 95 Energy Resource Recovery (VA) Stanislaus Resource Recovery (CA)	-	44	-	-	-	- -		- *	-	
Ogden Energy Group Inc-Warren Warren Energy Resource Co (NJ)	-	- -	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	
Ogden Projects Inc-Babylon Babylon (NY)	-	26 26	- -	- -	- -	-	- -	*		
Ogden Projects Inc-Bristol	-	-	55 55	-	-	- -		-	1 1	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration lowatthours)				onsumption (thousand)	
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Ogden Projects Inc-Haverhill Covanta Haverhill Inc (MA)	- -	- -	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-
Ogden Projects Inc-Huntington	-	- -	-	- -	- -	-	-	-	-
Ogden Projects Inc-Lake County Lake County (FL)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ogden Projects Inc-Marion	-	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-
Ogden Projects Inc-Onondaga Onondaga County (NY)	-	-	<u>-</u>	- -	-	-	-	-	-
Ogden Projects Inc-Wallingford	-	150 150	-	- -	- -	-	- -	1 1	-
Oildale Energy LLC Oildale Cogen (CA)	- -	- -	28,654 28,654	<u>-</u>	- -	-	- -	- -	278 278
Oklahoma State University Oklahoma State University (OK)	-	-	1,018 1,018	- -	-	-	-	-	75 75
Oleander Power Project LP Oleander Power Project LP (FL)	-	302 302	11,978 11,978	<u>-</u>	- -	-	- -	1 1	121 121
Omaha City of	- - -	-	150 27 123	- - -	- - -	1,218 668 550	- - -	- - -	2 * 2
Oncida County Industl Dev Agcy Sterling Energy (NY)	-	1 1	449 449	-	- -	<u>-</u>	-	*	4 4
Oneok Power Marketing Co	- -	-	<u>-</u>	- -	-	-	-	-	-
Orange Cogeneration LP	- -	-	46,464 46,464	- -	-	-	-	-	328 328
Orion Power Holdings Inc	1,108,692	2,220	1,744	_	_	_	471	5	19
Avon Lake (OH)	332,085	1,410	-,	-	-	-	137	3	-
Brunot Island (PA)	-	417	354	-	-	-	-	1	6
Cheswick (PA)	312,338	-	1,390	-	-	-	121	-	13
Elrama (PA)	191,747	337	-	-	-	-	86	1	-
New Castle (PA)	156,430	70	-	-	-	-	74	*	-
Niles (OH)	116,092	-14	-	-	-	-	53	*	-
Orion Power MidWest LP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ceredo (WV)	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Orion Power New York	-	4,994	336	264,550	-	-	-	15	5
Allens Falls (NY)	-	-	-	1,935	-	-	-	-	-
Astoria (NY)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beardslee (NY)	-	-	-	3,277	-	-	-	-	-
Beebee Island (NY)	-	-	-	4,634	-	-	-	-	-
Belfort (NY)	-	-	-	892	-	-	-	-	-
Bennetts Bridge (NY)		-	-	9,564	-	-	-	-	-
Black River (NY)		-	-	4,304	-	-	-	-	-
Blake (NY)	-	-	-	3,663	-	-	-	-	-
Browns Falls (NY)	-	-	-	5,140 1,719	-	-	-	-	-
Chasm (NY)Colton (NY)	-	-	-	1,/19	-	-	-	-	-
Deferiet (NY)	-	-	-	6,311	-	-	-	-	-
Eagle (NY)	-	-	-	2,753	-	-	-	-	-
East Norfolk (NY)	-	-	-	1,255	-	-		-	_
Eel Weir (NY)	_	_	_	1,042	_	_	_	_	_
Effley (NY)	_	_	_	1,251	_	_	_	_	_

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki				Consumption (thousand)			
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Elmer (NY)	-	-	-	788	-	-	-	-	-	
Ephratah (NY)	-	-	-	1,382	-	-	-	-	-	
Feeder Dam (NY)	-	-	-	3,054	-	-	-	-	-	
Five Falls (NY)Flat Rock (NY)	-	-	-	5,045 1,471	-	-	-	-	-	
Franklin (NY)	-	_		778	-	-	_	-		
Fulton (NY)	_	_	_	634	_	_	_	_	_	
Glenwood (NY)	_	_	-	185	-	-	_	-	-	
Gowanus Gas Turbines (NY)	-	329	1	-	-	-	-	1	*	
Granby (NY)	-	-	-	6,771	-	-	-	-	-	
Hannawa (NY)	-	-	-	4,001	-	-	-	-	-	
Herrings (NY) Heuvelton (NY)	-	-	-	2,078 560	-	-	-	-	-	
High Falls (NY)		_		2,561	-			-	-	
Higley (NY)	_	_	_	2,016	_	_	_	_	_	
Hydraulic Race (NY)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Inghams (NY)	-	-	-	2,490	-	-	-	-	-	
Johnsonville (NY)	-	-	-	1,260	-	-	-	-	-	
Kamargo (NY)	-	-	-	3,040	-	-	-	-	-	
Lighthouse Hill (NY)	-	-	-	512	-	-	-	-	-	
Minetto (NY)	_	_		5,238	_	_	_	_	_	
Moshier (NY)	_	_	_	4,525	-	_	-	-	_	
Narrows Gas Turbines (NY)	-	4,665	335	,525	-	-	_	14	5	
Norfolk (NY)	-		-	1,466	-	-	-	-	-	
Norwood (NY)	-	-	-	846	-	-	-	-	-	
Oswego Falls East (NY)	-	-	-	4,674	-	-	-	-	-	
Oswego Falls West (NY)	-	-	-	7(0	-	-	-	-	-	
Parishville (NY)	-	-	-	769 1,450	-	-	-	-	-	
Prospect (NY)	_			6,227	-			-	-	
Rainbow Falls (NY)	_	_	_	5,818	_	_	_	_	_	
Raymondville (NY)	_	-	-	765	-	-	_	-	-	
Schaghticoke (NY)	-	-	-	8,802	-	-	-	-	-	
School Street (NY)	-	-	-	22,628	-	-	-	-	-	
Schuylerville (NY)	-	-	-	1,040	-	-	-	-	-	
Sewalls (NY)	-	-	-	1,541 16,813	-	-	-	-	-	
Soft Maple (NY)	-			2,858	-			-	-	
South Colton (NY)	_	_	_	4,849	_	_	_	_	_	
South Edwards (NY)	-	-	-	2,764	-	-	-	-	-	
Spier Falls (NY)	-	-	-	21,632	-	-	-	-	-	
Stark (NY)	-	-	-	5,439	-	-	-	-	-	
Stewarts Bridge (NY)	-	-	-	16,258	-	-	-	-	-	
Sugar Island (NY) Talcville (NY)	-	-	-	715 34	-	-	-	-	-	
Taylorville (NY)	-	-		1,817	-	_	_	-	-	
Trenton Falls (NY)	_	_	_	12.207	-	_	-	-	_	
Varick (NY)	_	-	-	4,011	-	-	_	-	-	
Waterport (NY)	-	-	-	407	-	-	-	-	-	
Yaleville (NY)	-	-	-	334	-	-	-	-	-	
Orlando CoGen Ltd LP Orlando Cogen (FL)	- -	-	77,385 77,385	-	-	-	-	-	610 610	
Ormesa Geothermal	-	-	-	-	-	12,014 12,014	-	-	-	
Ormesa Geothermal 1H Trust	-	-	-	-	-	6,595 6,595	-	-	-	
Ormesa 1H (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	10,979	-	-	-	
Ormesa Geothermal II (CA) Oswego Harbor Power LLC	-	-	-2,944	-	-	10,979 -	-	- -	48	
Oswego Harbor (NY)	-	-	-2,944	-	-	-	-	-	48	
Oxbow Geothermal Corp	-	-	-	-	-	42,369 42,369	-	-	-	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand kil					Consumption (thousand)	
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Oxbow Power of Beowawe	-	-	-	-	-	9,017 9,017	-	-	-
Oxbow Power-N Tonawanda NY Inc Oxbow Power of North Tonawanda (NY)	-	- -	-	-		-	-	-	-
Oxnard City of Oxnard Wastewater Treatment (CA)	-	-	135 135	-	-	488 488	-	-	2 2
Oyster Creek Ltd Oyster Creek Unit VIII (TX)	-	-	236,065 236,065	-	-	- -	-	-	2,425 2,425
P H Glatfelter Co	26,190 26,190	517 517	-	-	-	25,973 25,973	27 27	2 2	-
Pacific Lumber Co The Pacific Lumber Co (CA)	-	-	-	- -	- -	16,124 16,124	-	-	-
Pacific Ultrapower Chinese	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	37,026 7,678 7,216 12,253	- - -	- - -	- - -
Ultrapower Chinese Station (CA) Pacific West I	- -	- -	-	- -	- -	9,879 281	-	- -	-
Pacific West (CA) PacifiCorp Power Marketing Inc Jackson (OR)	- -	- -	153 153	- - -	- -	281	- -	- - -	2 2
Palmer Hydroelectric Curtis Palmer Hydroelectric (NY)	-	<u>-</u>	-	29,104 29,104	- -	<u>-</u>	-	- -	-
Panda Energy International Inc Lamar (TX)	-	-	386,295 386,295	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	2,686 2,686
Panda-Brandywine LP	-	- -	64,860 64,860	- -	- -	-	-	- -	480 480
Panda-Rosemary LP	-	6,030 6,030	4,456 4,456	-	-	-	-	15 15	8 8
Panther Creek Partners	54,590 54,590	168 168	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -	49 49	*	-
Parkedale Pharmaceuticals Inc	-	-	2,060 2,060	-	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	30 30
Pasadena Cogeneration LP	-	-	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-
Pasco Cogen Ltd Pasco Cogen Ltd (FL)	-	-	52,090 52,090	-		-	-	-	416 416
Pasco County	-	-	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-
Pawtucket Power Associates LP	-	399 399	-	-	- -	-	-	1 1	-
PCS Phosphate PCS Phosphate Co Inc Texasgulf (NC)	-	-	-	- -	- -	-	-	-	-
Pedersen Fleming L	-	<u>-</u>	-	- -	- -	12,623 12,623	- -	- -	-
Pedricktown Cogeneration LP	<u>-</u>	2,772 2,772	7,694 7,694	- -	- -		-	6 6	59 59
Peel Glenn W	-	-,,,,_	-	-	-	12,288	-	-	-

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gene (thousand ki					onsumption (thousand)	
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Woodward Mountain II (TX)	-	-	-	-	-	12,288	-	-	-
PEI Power CorpArchbald (PA)	-	-	397 397	-	-	-	-	-	7 7
Pekin Paperboard Co LP Pekin Paperboard Co (IL)	-	-	630 630	-	-	-	-	-	24 24
Penobscot Energy Recovery Co	-	246 246	-	-	-	-	-	1 1	-
Penobscot Hydro LLC Ellsworth Hydro (ME)	-	-	-	16,830 3,993	-	-	-	-	-
Howland Hydro (ME)	_		-	926	-		_	-	-
Medway Hydro (ME)	_	-	_	2.129	_	_	_	-	_
Milford Hydro (ME)	_	_	_	4,443	_	_	_	_	_
Stillwater Hydro (ME)	_	-	_	1.033	_	_	_	_	_
Veazie Hydro (ME)	-	-	-	4,306	-	-	-	-	-
Perryville Energy Partners	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Perryville (LA)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Phelps Dodge Corp	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chino Mines Co (NM)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Phelps Dodge Cobre Mining Co (NM)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Phelps Dodge Tyrone Inc (NM)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Phillips A C	_	_	47,602	_	_	_	_	_	598
Central Production Facility 1 (AK)	_	_	25,606	_	_	_	_	_	297
Central Production Facility 2 (AK)	_	_	8,940	_	_	_	_	_	127
Central Production Facility 3 (AK)	-	-	13,056	-	_	_	-	-	174
Pierce & Petersen	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pilgrim Nuclear Power Station	-	-	-	-	491,128	-	-	-	-
Pilgrim Nuclear (MA)	-	-	-	-	491,128	-	-	-	-
PIMA County Wastewater Manage INA Road Water Pollution (AZ)	-		1,195 1,195	-	-	427 427	- -	-	15 15
Pine Bluff Energy LLC	-	-	109,578 109,578	-	- -	-	-	-	1,174 1,174
Pinellas County Solid Waste	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pinellas County Resource Recov (FL)	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Pinetree Power Fitchburg Inc									
Pinetree Power Fitchburg Inc (MA)									
- · · ·						44 =0=			
Pinetree Power Inc	-	-	-	-	-	11,595 11,595	-	-	-
Pinetree Power Tamworth Inc	-	-	-	-	-	13,560 13,560	-	-	-
	-	-		-	-	13,300	-	-	
Pinnacle West Energy	-	-	487,442	-	-	-	-	-	3,497
Redhawk Unit 1 (AZ)	-	-	231,412	-	-	-	-	-	1,621
Redhawk Unit 2 (AZ)	-	-	225,436	-	-	-	-	-	1,616
Saguaro CT3 (AZ) West Phoenix CC4 (AZ)	-	-	1,752 28,842	-	-	-	-	-	27 233
Pittsfield Generating Co LP Pittsfield Generating Co LP (MA)	-	2,048 2,048	119,100 119,100	-	-	-		4 4	1,052 1,052
Plains End LLC	-	-	9,204 9,204	-	-	-	-	-	88 88
* *			,						00
Pleasants Energy LLC (WV)	-	-	-	-	- -	- -	-	- -	-

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gene (thousand ki				Consumption (thousand)			
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
PMCC Leasing CorpGreater Detroit Resource Recov (MI)		- -	- -	- -	-	-	-	-	-	
Polk Power Partners LP Mulberry Cogen (FL)		-	48,338 48,338	-	- -	-	- -	- -	360 360	
Port Townsend Paper Co Port Townsend Paper Corp (WA)		973 973	-	84 84	- -	4,140 4,140		19 19	-	
Portland City of		- - -	- - -	4,367	-	-	- -	- - -	-	
Portside Energy Corp		- -	33,585 33,585		- -	-	- -	-	422 422	
POSDEF Power Co LP	24,889	999 999	- -	- -	-	- -	14 14	*	-	
Potlatch Corp		-	5,329 6	-	-	53,616	-	-	495 301	
Potlatch Corp Idaho Pulp Paper (ID) Potlatch Corp Minnesota Pulp P (MN) Potlatch Corp Minnesota Wood P (MN)	 	- - -	5,323	- - -	- - -	5,600	- - -	- - -	194 - -	
Potlatch Corp Southern Wood Pr (AR) Potomac Power Resources Benning (DC)		3,589 -640	- - -	- - -	- -	6,300 - -	- -	13 1	- -	
Buzzard Point (DC) Power City Partners LP	 	4,229 -	907	-	-	-	-	13	9	
Massena (NY) Power Development Co Inc Berkshire Power (MA)		-	907 154,911 154,911	-	-	-	-	-	9 1,078 1,078	
PowerSmith Cogeneratn Proj LP PowerSmith Cogen (OK)		-	78 78	-	- -	-	- -	- - -	698 698	
PP&L Montana LLC	1,104,408	4,073	34	277,787 9,714	-	-	676	2	*	
Cochrane (MT)	990,195	4,073	34	15,215 - 9,966	- - -	- -	605	2	*	
Holter (MT) J E Corette SES (MT) Kerr (MT)	114,213	-	-	19,503 - 106,868	- -	-	71	-	-	
Madison (MT) Morony (MT)	-	- - -	-	5,419 17,838	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Mystic (MT) Rainbow (MT) Ryan (MT)	 	-	-	3,396 18,065 30,531	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	
Thompson Falls (MT)		-	245,367	41,272	-	-	-	-	2,576	
Natrium (WV). Powerhouse A (LA) PPG Powerhouse C (LA). PPG Riverside (LA)	 	- - -	7,863 201,446 36,058	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	53 2,374 149	
PPL Corp	1,993,382	140,780 470	25,641	78,242	1,663,585	-	767	276	271	
Brunner Island (PA) Edgewood (NY) Fishbach (PA)		2,533 - 85	9,445	- - -	- - -	- - -	351	4 - *	97	
Harrisburg (PA) Harwood (PA) Holtwood (PA)	-	1,971 204	-	- - 65,098	-	- - -	- - -	5	- -	
Jenkins (PA)		196	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Halding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					onsumption (thousand)	
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Lock Haven (PA)	112,779 966.490	84 130,730 4,209	5,291	- -	- - -	- - -	56 360	* 256 7	64
Shoreham (NY)	- -	50	528	- - -	1,663,585	- - -	-	*	5
University Park Power (IL)	- - -	- -	3,153 - 7,224	13,144	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	32 73
West Shore (PA)	-	148 100	- -	-	-	-	-	*	-
Premcor Refining Group Inc	-	-	985	-	-	-	-	-	-
Primary Childrens Medical Cntr	-	-	985	- -	-	6,705	- -	- -	8 8
Lyonsdale Power Co LLC (NY) Prime Energy LP	-	-	42,142	- -	-	6,705	-	- -	445
Prime Energy LP (NJ) Procter & Gamble Co	-	-	42,142 68,534 33,845	-	-	-	-	-	445 849 422
Oxnard (CA) The Proctor & Gamble Paper (PA) Project Orange Associates LP	-	-	34,689 2.308	-	-	-	- -	-	427 427 156
Project Orange Assoc (NY) Propiertors of Susquenhana Cnl	-	- 811	2,308	-	-	-	-	2	156
DeSoto County Power (FL) Effingham Co Project (GA) LG&E Monroe (GA)	- - -	811	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	2	- - -
MPC Generating (GA) Rowan (NC) Washingon County (GA)	- - -	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
PSEG Nuclear LLC	- - -	20 - 20	- - -	- - -	2,472,055 804,666 1,667,389	- - -	- - -	* - *	- - -
PSEG Power LLC	535,925	19,106 183 -25	460,541 142,461	- -	-	-	211	39	4,976 1,769
Bergen (NJ) Burlington (NJ)	- -	5,611 1,657 2,095	254,304 5,616 1,777	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	11 3 5	2,652 46 23
Edison (NJ) Essex (NJ) Hudson (NJ)	197,054	2,140 981	15,441 3,044	- - -	- - -	- - -	85	2 - *	83 32 55
Kearny (NJ) Linden (NJ) Mercer (NJ)	338,871	7,669	4,291 26,417 7,069	-	- - -	- - -	126	14	245 66
Sewaren (NJ)	10,350 10.350	757 1 1	121 97 97	- - -	- -	- - -	16 16	3 *	3 3 3
Questar Gas Management Co		1 1	367 367	<u>-</u>	-	-	- -	*	3 3
Questar Pipeline Co	-	-	-	- -	-	- -		- -	-
R J Reynolds Tobacco Co	39,706 39,706	117 117	- -	-	-	-	18 18	*	- -
RAMCO Inc	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Helding Company)			Gener (thousand ki				Consumption (thousand)			
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Rathdrum Power LLC	-	-	153,220 153,220	-	- -	-	-	-	1,019 1,019	
Rayonier Inc	- - -	11,025 7,325 3,700	1,753 1,753	- - -	- - -	50,432 37,466 12,966	- - -	87 59 28	89 89	
Regional Waste Systems	-	-	- -	- -	- -	-	-	-	-	
Reliance Energy Power Gen Inc	-	- -	67,764 67,764	-	-	- -	-	- -	794 794	
Reliant Energy Coolwater LLC Coolwater (CA) Ellwood (CA) Etiwanda (CA) Mandalay (CA) Ormond Beach (CA)	- - - - -	- - - -	339,393 185,294 380 17,177 6,004 130,538	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	3,737 1,855 3 283 68 1,529	
Reliant Energy Desert Basin LP Desert Basin (AZ)	-	-	338,817 338,817	-		-		-	2,400 2,400	
Reliant Energy Indian Rvr LLCIndian River (FL)	-	27,470 27,470	13,267 13,267	-	-	-	-	49 49	146 146	
Reliant Energy Oseola LLC Osceola (FL)	-	-	19,506 19,506	-	-	-	-	-	223 223	
Reliant Energy Power Gen Inc	- - -	- - -	414,990 414,990	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	4,210 4,210	
Renaissance Power LLC	-	-	7,097 7,097	- -	-	-	-	-	74 74	
Resource Technology Corp	- - - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - - -	- - - - - -	:	- - - - - -	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - -	
Rhodia Inc	<u>-</u> -	1 1	12 12	-	- -	- -	- -	*	*	
Ridge Generating Station LP	-	-	-	-		9,944 9,944	- -	- -	-	
Ridgetop Energy LLC	-	-	- -	- -	- -	7,432 7,432	- -	-	-	
Ridgetop Energy LLC II	-	-	<u>-</u> -	-	- -	2,106 2,106	-	-	- -	
Ridgewood Providence Power PLP Ridgewood Providence (RI)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rigatti E R Peetz Table Windfarm (CO)	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	- -	8,978 8,978	-	-	-	
Rio Bravo Fresno	-	-	-	-	- -	15,333 15,333	-	-	*	
Rio Bravo Poso	12,612	13,194	181	-	-	-	6	5	1	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gene (thousand ki				Consumption (thousand)			
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Rio Bravo Poso (CA)	12,612	13,194	181	-	-	-	6	5	1	
Rio Bravo Rocklin	-	- -	387 387	-	- -	16,040 16,040	-	-	5 5	
Rio Nogales Power Project LP	<u>-</u> -	-	12,889 12,889	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	154 154	
Ripon Cogeneration Inc-Ripon	-	-	29,338 29,338	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	274 274	
Riverside Canal Power Co Inc	-	-	- -	-	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	<u>-</u>	-	
Riverside Generating Co LLC	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	-	-	-	-	-	*	
Riverwood International Corp	-	- -	9,639 9,639	-	- -	22,683 22,683	-	-	529 529	
Riverwood Internatl USA Inc	3,463 3,463	1,154 1,154	989 989	-	- -	14,341 14,341	6 6	8 8	41 41	
Roche Vitamins	-	- -	19,356 19,356	-	- -	- -	- -	- -	241 241	
RockGen Energy LLC	-	- -	- 625 -625	-	-	-	- -	-	-	
Rockingham Power LLC	-	- -	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	-	
Rocky Road Power LLC	-	- -	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	- -	-	*	
Rolls Royce Corp	-	<u>-</u>	14 14	- -	-	2,903 2,903	-	-	*	
Roseburg Forest Products Co	-	<u>-</u>	-	- -	-	9,488 9,488	-	-	-	
RS Cogen (LA)	-	-	194,389 194,389	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	1,544 1,544	
Rumford Power Associates LP	-	-	128,268 128,268	-	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	-	929 929	
Ryegate Associates	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	15,388 15,388	-	-	-	
S D Warren Co	27,037 14,265 12,772	463 106 357	373 373	401 - 401	- -	31,646 8,625 23,021	27 18 10	2 1 1	14 14	
S&L Cogeneration Co	12,//2		29,747 29,747	401 - -	- - -	23,021	-	- -	395 395	
Saguaro Power Co	-	-	66,960 66,960	-	-	-	-	-	686 686	
Salton Sea 4/Fish Lake Pwr Gen	-	-	-	- -	- -	25,276 25,276	-	-	-	
Salton Sea Power Generatn LP 1	-	-	-	-	-	4,744 4,744	-	-	-	
Salton Sea Power Generatn LP 2 Salton Sea Unit 2 (CA)	-	-	- -	-	- -	8,236 8,236	- -	- -	-	
Salton Sea Power Generatn LP 3	-	-	-	-	-	27,851	- -	-	-	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)	-		Gener (thousand ki				Consumption (thousand)		
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Salton Sea Unit 3 (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	27,851	-	-	-
San Diego City of	-	-	-	-	-	2,767 2,767	-	-	-
San Gorgonio Wind Farms Inc San Gorgonio Farms Wind Energy (CA)	-	-	-	-	- -	3,461 3,461	-	-	-
San Joaquin Cogen Ltd	-	-	-	- -	- -	- -	- -	-	-
Santa Fe Snyder Oil Corp Beaver Creek Gas Plant (WY)	-	-	3,021 3,021	-	-	-	-	-	36 36
SAPPI	- -	16,591 16,591	- -	-	-	52,134 52,134	- -	75 75	- -
Saranac Power Partners LP	-	-	178,520 178,520	- -	-	- -	-	-	1,502 1,502
Schuylkill Energy Resource Inc	69,359 69,359	-	-	- -	- -	-	112 112	-	
Scott Wood Inc	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -	- -	-	- -	- -	-
Scrubgrass Generating Co LP	55,125 55,125	-	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	54 54	-	-
SDS Lumber Co	-	-	-	-	-	785 785	-	-	-
Seawest Windpower Inc	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	11,191 1,552 9,639	- - -	- - -	- - -
Second Imperial Geothermal Co Second Imperial Geothermal Co (CA)	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	- -	27,413 27,413	-	- -	-
SEI Wisconsin LLC	-	2 2	6,374 6,374	-	-	-	-	*	76 76
Selkirk Cogen Partners LP Selkirk Cogen Partners LP (NY)	-	-	245,413 245,413	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>	-	-	<u>-</u>	2,198 2,198
SEMASS Partnership	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sempra Energy Resources Twin Oaks Power (TX)	212,365 212,365	<u>-</u>	4,940 4,940	- -	- -	-	180 180	- -	56 56
Seneca Energy	-	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-
Seneca Power Partners LP Seneca Power Partners LP (NY)	-	1 1	-105 -105	-	-	-	-	*	-
SERRF Joint Powers Authority	-	- -	- -	- -	- -	<u>-</u>	-	-	<u>-</u>
SF Phosphates Ltd Co	-	-	156 156	-	<u>-</u>	-	- -	<u>-</u>	6
Shady Hills Power Co LLC	- -	537 537	7,223 7,223	- -	- - -	-	- -	1 1	76 76
Shawmut Bank Delaware Valley (PA)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shell Oil Co-Deer Park	-	-	163,673	-	-	-	-	-	3,771

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki				Consumption (thousand)			
(Holding Company) Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Deer Park (TX)	-	-	163,673	-	-	-	-	-	3,771	
Shelton George H	-	-	-	-	-	18,430 18,430	-	-	-	
Sierra Pacific Industries Inc	-	-	-	-	-	44,143 11,058	-	-	-	
Loyalton (CA)Quincy (CA)Susanville (CA)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	7,566 16,166 9,353	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Simplot Leasing Corp	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Simpson Paper Co	-	-	-	1,491 1,491	-	-	- -	-	-	
Sinclair Oil Corp Sinclair Oil Refinery (WY)		-	-	-	-	- -		-	-	
Sithe New England Holdings LLC Fore River (MA)	- -	41,297	108,995	-	- -	- -	- -	93	1,269	
Mystic (MA) New Boston (MA)	-	41,294	35,368 73,627	-	-	-	- -	93	486 784	
Sithe Edgar LLC (MA) Sithe Framingham LLC (MA) Sithe Medway LLC (MA)	- - -	- - 3	- - -	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	*	-	
Sithe New Jersey Holdings LLC	3,084,269	37,676	5,447	10,027	-	-	1,212	87	46	
Blossburg (PA) Conemaugh (PA) Deep Creek (MD)	1,249,934	396	45 817	3.154	-	-	472	1	7	
Gilbert (NJ)	-	5,871 679	3,511 556	5,154	-	-	-	17 2	18	
Hamilton (PA)	-	1,274 1,162	-	-	-	-	-	3 3	-	
Keystone (PA)	1,146,377	1,885 280	-	-	-	-	447	3	-	
Ortanna (PA) Piney (PA)	-	1,076	-	6,873	-	-	-	2	-	
Portland (PA)	197,241	8,093 1,278	11 507	-	-	-	81	16 5	* 11	
Seward (PA)	102,233	384	-	-	-	-	49	1	-	
Shawnee (PA) Shawville (PA) Titus (PA)	290,212 98,272	1,178 453	-	-	-	-	122 41	2	-	
Tolna (PA)	98,272	709	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	
Warren (PA)	-	13,027 177	-	-	-	-	-	28 1	-	
Werner (NJ) Sithe/Independence Pwr Part LP Sithe Independence Station (NY)	-	-246 -	524,103 524,103	-	-	-	-	-	3,838 3,838	
Sky River Partnership	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Sloss Industries Inc	- -	-	- -	- -	- -	-	- -	- -	- -	
Smith Falls Hydro (ID)	-	-	-	106 106	- - -	- -	- - -	-	-	
Soda Lake Ltd Partnership	-	- -	-	-	<u>-</u>	6,756 6,756	- -	<u>-</u>	-	
Solid Waste Auth of Palm Beach North County Regional Resource (FL)	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -		- -	- -	- -	
Solutia Inc-Indian	2,577	_	_	-	-	-	4	_	_	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gene (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)			Consumption (thousand)			
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Indian Orchard 1 (MA)	2,577	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	
Sonoco Products Inc	- -	-	-	- -	-	2,732 2,732	-	-	-	
South Eastern Elec Devel Corp Lee County (AL)	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	
Southeast Missouri State Univ Southeast Missouri State Univ (MO)	-	814 814	-	-	-	-	-	*	-	
Southeast Paper Mfg Co Inc	4,859 4,859	38 38	2,758 2,758	-	-	8,162 8,162	6 6	*	7 7	
Southern Calif Sunbelt Devel Edom Hill (CA)	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	-	- -	465 465	- -	- -	-	
Southern Co Services Inc	- - -	68 68	186,646 4,008 63,567	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	* * -	1,347 51 464	
Wansley (GA)	-	-	119,071	-	-	-	-	-	831	
Contra Costa (CA)	- - -	5,862	451,749 96,225 336,172	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	13	4,716 956 3,556	
Potrero (CA)	102.170	5,862	19,352	- 10 410	-	-	-	13	204	
Bowline Point (NY)	193,168	140,789 140,789	26,490 6,131	10,410 5,280	-	- -	80 - -	239 239	280 63	
Hillburn (NY) Lovett (NY) Mongaup (NY)	193,168	- - -	201 20,123	1,409	- - -	- - -	80	- - -	211 -	
Rio (NY) Shoemaker (NY) Swinging Bridge 2 (NY)	- - -	- -	35	2,076	- - -	- - -	- -	- - -	2	
Swinging Bridge I (NY) Southern Energy Wichita Falls Mirant Wichita Falls LP (TX)	-	-	-	1,482	-	-	-	-	-	
Spokane City of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Springfield Water & Sewer Comm	95,748 95,748	170 170	- - -	- -	-	-	39 39	*	-	
SRW Cogeneration LP	-	-	285,420 285,420	<u>-</u> -	-	6,066 6,066	-	-	2,605 2,605	
St Laurent Paper Products Co	10,335 10,335	4,353 4,353	- -	- -	- -	33,359 33,359	13 13	21 21	-	
Star Enterprises	- -	-	-	- -	- -	-	-	-	-	
Star Group IE Geothermal Partn	-	-	-	-	-	6,328 6,328	-	<u>-</u> -	-	
Star Group Stillwater I	-	- -	-	-	-	4,814 4,814	-	- -	-	
State Farm Mutual Auto Ins Co	- - -	9 - 9	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	-	* *	- - -	
State Line Energy LLC	237,917 237,917	- -	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -	121 121	-	-	
State of Wisconsin	976	-	27	-	-	44	2	-	2	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration llowatthours)			Consumption (thousand)			
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Capitol Heat and Power (WI)Waupun Correctional Inst Ctr (WI)	466 510	-	27	-	-	- 44	1	-	2	
State Street Bank & Trust Co	-	-	666,637 666,637	-	- -		-	-	5,522 5,522	
Steamboat Development Corp	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	23,155 11,797 11,358	- -	- - -	- - -	
Stockton Cogen Co	18,398 18,398	15,089 15,089	-	-	-	2,550 2,550	11 11	8 8	-	
Stone Container Corp	8,860	7,420	26,861	-	-	103,904	18	101	650	
Florence Mill (SC). Hodge Louisiana (LA). Hopewell Mill (VA). Missoula Mill (MT). Panama City Mill (FL).	1,702 5,300 1,858	2,758 - 1,651 - 3,011	219 26,013 - 390 239	- - - -	- - - -	18,335 39,873 21,737 6,053 17,906	7 - 5 - 7	47 - 7 - 47	22 560 - 46 22	
Storm Lake Power PartnerII LLC Storm Lake II (IA)	-	-	-	-	-	21,057 21,057	-	-	-	
Sumas Cogeneration Co LP Sumas Cogen (WA)	- -	-	96,151 96,151	- -	- -		- -	- -	758 758	
Sumpter Energy Associates	-	-	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-	
Sunbury Generation LLC	174,821 174,821	36 36	-	-	-	-	128 128	*	-	
Sunnyside Cogeneration Assoc Sunnyside Cogen Assoc (UT)	33,767 33,767	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	43 43	-	-	
Sunray Energy Inc	-	-	43 43	-	-	13 13	- -	-	*	
Sunrise Cogeneration&Power Co Sunrise Power Co LLC (CA)	-	-	25,740 25,740	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -	262 262	
Sweeny Cogeneration LP	-	- -	312,903 312,903	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	- -	3,786 3,786	
Sycamore Cogeneration Co	-	-	200,516 200,516	-	-	-	-	-	2,408 2,408	
Taft Cogeneration LP Taft Cogeneration Facility (LA)	-	-	170,298 170,298	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	-	1,284 1,284	
Tampa City of	-	-	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-	
Tampa Dept of Sanitary Sewers	-	-	-	-	- -	1,167 1,167	- -	-	-	
Tapoco Inc	:	- - - - -	- - - -	200,782 82,174 71,649 24,463 22,496	- - - -	- - - -	:	- - - -	- - - -	
Temple-Inland Forest Prod Corp Westvaco Evadale (TX)	-	-	2,577 2,577	<u>-</u> -	-	41,004 41,004	-	-	70 70	
Tenaska Alabama Partners LPLindsay Hill (AL)	-	-	103 103	-	- -	- -	-	-	4 4	
Tenaska Frontier Partners Ltd	-	106	263,772	-	-	-	-	*	1,899	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration ilowatthours)			Consumption (thousand)			
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Tenaska Frontier (TX)	-	106	263,772	-	-	-	-	*	1,899	
Tenaska Gateway Partners Ltd Tenaska Gateway (TX)	-	-	333,782 333,782	-	-	-	-	-	2,312 2,312	
Tenaska Georgia Partners LP Tenaska Georgia (GA)	-	659 659	2,755 2,755	-	-	-	-	1 1	35 35	
Tenaska III Inc Tenaska III Texas Partners (TX)	- -	3 3	147,161 147,161	- -	- -		- -	*	1,227 1,227	
Tenaska IV Texas Partners Ltd Ponderosa Pine Energy Ptrs (TX)	-	-	158,829 158,829	-	- -	-	- -	- -	1,155 1,155	
Tenaska Washington Inc Tenaska Washington Partners LP (WA)	-	36 36	182,403 182,403	-		-	-	*	1,463 1,463	
Tenneco Packaging	4,570 2,980 1,590	2,053 2,053	1,625 1,198 427	1,514 1,514	- - -	34,450 26,888 7,562	17 6 10	19 19	130 64 66	
Tennessee Eastman Co Tennessee Eastman Ops (TN)	105,066 105,066	- -	532 532	-	-	671 671	127 127	<u>-</u> -	43 43	
TES Filer City Station LP TES Filer City (MI)	4,174 4,174	- -	-	-	- -	411 411	19 19	- -	-	
Thermal Energy Dev Partner L/P Tracy Biomass (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	36,478 36,478	-	-	-	
Thermo Cogeneration Partner LP TCP 122 (CO) TCP 150 (CO)	- - -	- - -	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	-	
Thermo Power & Electric Inc Thermo Power Electric Inc (CO)	-	-	56,863 56,863	<u>-</u>		-	-	-	390 390	
Thomson Corp	<u>-</u> -	4 4	-	-	-	- -	- -	*	-	
Timber Energy Resources Inc Timber Energy Resources Inc (FL)	- -	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	8,114 8,114	-	-	-	
Tiverton Power Associates LP	<u>-</u> -	-	156,676 156,676	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	- -	1,073 1,073	
Tomen Power Corp	-	-	-	-	-	3,341 3,341	-	- -	- -	
Tosco Corp-Wilmington Los Angeles Refinery Wilmingto (CA)	- -	<u>-</u> -	38,304 38,304	-	<u>-</u> -	- -	-	-	295 295	
TPC 3/5 Inc	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	5,803 2,804 2,999	- - -	- - -	- - -	
TPC 4 Inc Mojave 4 (CA)	-	-	-	-	-	2,953 2,953	-	-	-	
Transalta Centralia Mining LLC	1,017,488 1,017,488	- -	99,360 99,360	-	-		683 683	-	748 748	
Tri-Cities Trent Mesa Wind (TX)	- -	- -	- -	- -		42,086 42,086	-	-	-	
Trigen-Cinergy Sol-Tuscola LLC Tuscola (IL)	7,369 7,369	<u>-</u> -	176 176	- -	-	- -	17 17	-	8 8	
Trigen-Nassau Energy Corp Trigen Nassau (NY)	- -		37,785 37,785	-	-	<u>-</u> -	- -		340 340	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki				Consumption (thousand)			
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
Trigen-Philadelphia Engy Corp Schuylkill Turbine (PA)		-	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	
Tri-State Power LLC		- -	2,871	-	- -	-	-	-	35	
Limon Generating Station (CO) Tropicana Products Inc		-	2,871 31.928	-	-	-	-	-	35 303	
Tropicana Products Inc Bradent (FL)		-	31,928	-	-	-	-	-	303	
TXU Generation Co, LLC	. 776,293	20,696	1,090,09 1,261	-	1,359,642	-	3,014 540	26	11,838 15	
Collin (TX) Comanche Peak (TX)		-315	-	-	1,359,642	-	-	-	-	
DeCordova (TX)		250	261,001	-	1,559,042		-	*	2.426	
Eagle Mountain (TX)		-	54,017	-	-	-	_	_	803	
Graham (TX)		71	76,763	-	-	-	-	*	854	
Lake Creek (TX)		-	4,834	-	-	-	-	-	67	
Lake Hubbard (TX)Martin Lake (TX)		911 4.005	92,615	-	-	-	1.266	2 8	1,030	
Monticello (TX)		965		-	-		1,043	2	-	
Morgan Creek (TX)		882	20.091	_	_	_	1,045	2	282	
North Lake (TX)		-	32,490	-	-	-	-	-	459	
North Main (TX)		-	-65	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Parkdale (TX)		-307	102 277	-	-	-	-	-	2.010	
Permian Basin (TX)		236	192,277 -96	_	_		_	-	2,010	
Sandow (TX)		6,576	-90	-	-	-	165	10	-	
Stryker Creek (TX)		-	48,535	-	-	-	-	-	461	
Sweetwater (TX)		-	62,075	-	-	-	-	-	581	
Tradinghouse (TX)		-	237,444	-	-	-	-	-	2,635	
Trinidad (TX) Valley (TX)	 	7,322 100	6,852	-	-	-	-	*	85 129	
U S Agri Chemicals Corp U S Agri Chemicals Corp Fort M (FL)		-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	
U S Air Force-Luke Upton Wind II (TX)		-	-	-	-	11,864 11,864	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
U S Alliance Corp		-	-	- -	-	6,020 6,020	25 25	-	-	
U S Borax Inc U S Borax Inc (CA)		-	27,195 27,195	-	-	-	-	-	350 350	
U S Gen New England Inc		92,527	154,752	76,889	-	_	382	144	1,185	
Bear Swamp (MA)		´ -	´ -	-15,740	-	-	-	-	· -	
Bellows FLS (VT)		40.060	2.702	-	-	-	205	72	25	
Brayton (MA) Comerford (NH)		49,060	3,792	14,262	-	-	295	72	35	
Deerfield 2 (MA)		-		3.076	-					
Deerfield 3 (MA)		_	_	2.777	_	_	_	_	_	
Deerfield 4 (MA)		-	-	2,387	-	-	-	-	-	
Deerfield 5 (MA)		-	-	5,115	-	-	-	-	-	
Fife Brook (MA)		-	-	3,368	-	-	-	-	-	
Harriman (VT)		-	150.060	25,369	-	-	-	-	1 151	
Manchester St (RI)		-	150,960	2.200	-	-	-	-	1,151	
S C Moore (NH)		-	-	11,619	-	-	-	-		
Salem Harbor (MA)		43,467	_	,	-	-	87	71	-	
Searsburg (VT)			-	1,651	-	-	=	-	-	
Sherman (MA)		-	-	2,796	-	-	-	-	-	
Vernon (VT) Wilder (VT)	 	-	-	9,752 8,257	-	-	-	-	-	
U S Navy-Public Works Center	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration llowatthours)				Consumption (thousand)	
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
U S Trust Co of California		- -	590 590	-	-	- -	54 54	-	22 22
UGI Utilities Inc	25,039	129 129	1,428 1,428	-	- -	-	18 18	*	14 14
Union Camp Corp	7,601 25,318 3,117	10,490 2,639 2,617 2,981 2,253	5,099 5,266 28,840	- - - -	- - - -	127,843 32,242 39,204 32,846 23,551	65 13 26 5 21	67 19 10 21 16	128 195 329
Union Carbide Corp-Seadrift Seadrift (TX)	-	-	77,316 77,316	-		-	-	-	766 766
Union Carbide Corp-Taft		- -	114,146 114,146	-	-	- -	-	-	1,350 1,350
Union Carbide Corp-Texas City Texas City Plant Union Carbide (TX)		-	42,941 42,941	-	-	-	-	-	313 313
Union County Utilities Auth	- -	- -	160 160	-	-	- -	-	<u>-</u> -	3 3
Union Electric Develop Corp Coffeen (IL) Columbia (MO)	353,870	2,382 649	1,023	- - -	- - -	- - -	626 188	4 1	50
Elgin Energy Center (IL)	-	54 - 291	2,575 81 -1,674	- - -	- - -	-	- - - 29	- * - *	32 3 2
Kinmundy (IL) Meredosia (IL) Newton (IL) Pinckneyville (IL)	92,845 596,690	530 858	-249 5 - 285	- - -	- - -	- - -	52 357	1 2	1 * - 13
Union Oil Co of California Phillips 66 Co Rodeo Refinery (CA)	-	- -	35,591 35,591	-		-	-	-	422 422
Union Pacific R E M Inc Upton Wind I (TX)		-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-
Union Pacific Resources Co East Texas Gas Plant (TX)		-	2 2	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	16 16
United States Sugar Corp	-	136 28 108	- - -	- - -	- - -	21,900 9,019 12,881	- - -	1 1 *	- - -
University of California-LA	-	-	23,461 23,461	-	-	-	-	-	289 289
University of Iowa Main (IA)		10 10	1,301 1,301	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	12 12	*	39 39
University of Michigan		<u>-</u>	15,350 15,350	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	319 319
University of Missouri	10,109	<u>-</u>	-	- -	- -	269 269	14 14	- -	-
University of North Carolina	9,050	<u>-</u>	1,387 1,387	- -	- -	-	10 10	- -	42 42
University of Oregon Central (OR)	-	5 5	957 957	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	*	47 47
University of Texas at Austin	-	- -	22,952 22,952	-	-	-	- -	-	335 335

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration ilowatthours)			Consumption (thousand)		
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
University Park Energy LLC		-	1,062 1,062	-	- -	- -	-	- -	11 11
USCE-Philpott Lake Upton Wind IV (TX)		- -	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-
USX Corp		1,913 1,913	57,402 57,402	- -	-	-	-	6 6	9,352 9,352
USX Corp-Fairfield Works Fairfield Works (AL)		-	14,253 14,253	- -	-	-	-	-	398 398
USX Corp-Mon Valley		-	32,134 32,134	-	-	-	-	-	4,677 4,677
Utah City/County Health Dept Upton Wind III (TX)		-	-	- -	-	6,268 6,268	-	-	-
Valero Refining Co		11,983 11,983	22,274 22,274	-	-	-	-	5 5	366 366
Valero-Saber	 	-	25,597 25,597	-	-	- -	-	-	438 438
Vandolah Power Co LLC Hardee (FL)		- -	1,280 1,280	-	- -	- -	-	-	13 13
Vermillion Generating Stat LLC Vermillion (IN)		-	613 613	- -	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	8 8
Victory Garden Phase IV Part Victory Garden Phase IV (CA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Viersen & Cochran	213,569	18,412 3,098 15,314	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	97 97	37 6 31	- - -
Viking Energy Corp Viking Energy Northumberland (PA) Viking Energy of Lincoln (MI) Viking Energy of McBain (MI)	 	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	37,586 12,120 12,944 12,522	- - - -	- - -	- - -
Vineland Cogeneration LP Vineland Cogen (NJ)		159 159	7,828 7,828	-	-	- -	-	*	66 66
Vintage Petroleum Inc		-	- -	<u>-</u>	-	454 454	- -	-	-
VMSO IV CorpCabazon Wind Farm (CA)		- -	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	- -	-	-
Vulcan Materials Co		-	57,476 57,476	<u>-</u>	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	-	777 777
Vulcan/BN Geothermal Power Co Vulcan (CA)		-	-	<u>-</u>	-	27,942 27,942	-	-	-
Wadham Energy Ltd Partners Wadham Energy LP (CA)		-	63 63	-	-	11,493 11,493	-	-	1
Warren Power LLC Warren Peaking Power (TX)		-	-	<u>-</u>	-	- -	-	-	-
Washington State University	1,208	<u>-</u>	296 296	- -	<u>-</u>	-	3 3	-	19 19
Weirton Steel Corp (WV)		88 88	16,138 16,138	- -	<u>-</u> -	-	- -	1 1	9,189 9,189
Wellesley College		-	2,407	-	-	-	-	-	26

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki					Consumption (thousand)	
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
Wellesley College Utility (MA)		-	2,407	-	-	-	-	-	26
Wells Project		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Gates Peaker (CA) Panoche Peaker (CA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West Georgia Generating Co LP West Georgia (TX)		-	655 655	- -	-	-	-	-	7 7
West Texas Wind Energy Partner West Texas Wind Energy LLC (TX)	_	-	-	-	-	13,710 13,710	-	-	-
Westchester County IDA Westchester Resco (NY)		- -	-	- -	- -	- -	<u>-</u>	-	-
Westmoreland-LG&E Partners		_	_	_	_	_	54	_	_
Roanoke Valley 1 (NC)	. 105,749	-	-	-	-	-	38	-	-
Rova II (NC)	. 36,792	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-
Westvaco Corp		-	-	-	-	56,913	9	-	-
Covington (VA) Luke Mill (MD)		-	-	-	-	41,514 15,399	4 5	-	-
Westward Seafoods Inc	,	931				10,000		2	
Westward Seafoods Inc (AK)	· -	931	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
Westwind Trust		-	-	-	-	1,410 1,410	- -	- -	-
Westwood Energy Properties Westwood (PA)		207 207	-	-	-	-	25 25	1 1	-
Weyerhaeuser Co		9,297	12,718	-	-	123,453	_	67	644
Columbus MS (MS)		272	1,286	-	-	46,962	-	3	66
Cosmopolis WA (WA)Flint River Operations (GA)		960 256	-	-	-	9,927 25,157	-	6 2	-
Longview WA (WA)		-	_	_	_	23,137	-	-	_
New Bern NC (NC)		3,387	-	-	-	17,290	-	21	-
Springfield Oregon (OR) Valliant OK (OK)		4,422	11,432	-	-	24,117	-	36	578
Weyhaeuser Co-Plymouth		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plymouth NC (NC)		-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-
WFEC GENCO	-	-	955	-	-	-	-	-	9
WFEC GENCO (OK)		-	955	-	-	-	-	-	9
Wheelabrator Environmental Sys			41,969	-	-	54,403	42	-	401
Bridgeport (CT)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claremont (NH)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gloucester (NJ)		_	_		_	_	-	_	_
Hudson (CA)		-	-	-	-	4,505	-	-	-
Lassen (CA)Millbury (MA)		-	30,240	-	-	-	-	-	286
North Andover (MA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Broward (FL)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Norwalk (CA)		-	11,729	-	-	-	-	-	115
Saugus (MA) Shasta (CA)			-	-	-	36,865	-	-	-
Sherman (ME)		-	-	-	-	13,033	-	-	-
South Broward (FL)		-	-	-	-	-	42	-	-
Wheelabrator Falls Inc		- -	-	-	-	-	→ ∠	-	-
Falls (PA)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wheelabrator Martell Inc Martell (CA)		-	-	-	-	207 207	-	-	-

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)				ration lowatthours)			Consumption (thousand)			
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)	
White Springs Agr Chemical Inc		278 - 278	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 - 2	- - -	
Whitefield Power & Light Co		- -	-	- -		6,459 6,459	- -	-	-	
Whiting Clean Energy Inc			-	-		-	-	-	-	
Willamette Industries Inc Kentucky Mills (KY) Kingsport Mill (TN)		- - -	391 391	- - -	- - -	13,807 13,807	- - -	- - -	31 31	
Willamina Lumber Co Tillamook Lumber Co (OR)		-	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-	
Williamette Industries Inc	. '-	157 157	29,745 28,810 935	- - -	- - -	27,477 11,303 16,174	12 12	1 - 1	429 405 25	
Williams Field Services Co		- - -	46,987 3,737 43,250	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	956 361 595	
Williams Gas Processing Co	. -	1,990 1,990	5,073 5,073	-	-	-	-	5 5	59 59	
Windland Inc	 	- -	-	-	- -	-	- -	- -	-	
Windpower Partners 1989 LP Montezuma Hills Windplant (CA)		- -	- -	-	- -	-	-	-	-	
Windpower Partners 1993 LP Buffalo Ridge Windplant WPP 19 (MN). San Gorgonio Windplant WPP93 (CA). West Texas Windplant (TX).	. - 	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	17,939 5,708 4,483 7,748	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Windpower Partners 91 LP San Gorgonio Windplant (CA)		-	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	-	
Wintec Energy Ltd		- -	- -	- -	- -	1,781 1,781	- -	- -	- -	
Wisvest Corp	 	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wisvest-Connecticut LLC		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Wolf Hills Energy LLC		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Woodland Biomass Power Ltd Woodland Biomass Power Ltd (CA)		-	384 384	<u>-</u> -	-	13,248 13,248	-	<u>-</u> -	5 5	
Woodstock Hills LLC		-	-	-	-	2,667 2,667	-	-	-	
WPS New England Generation Inc	 	- 36 -19 -17	- - -	714 7217	- - -	- - -	- - -	* * *	- - -	
WPS Power Development Inc	23,268	- - -	5,697 995 240	- - -	- - -	- - -	14 - 14	- - -	50 10 3	

Table 75. U.S. Electric Nonutility Net Generation and Fuel Consumption, by Owner and Facility, December 2002 (Continued)

Company (Holding Company)			Gener (thousand ki	ration lowatthours)			Consumption (thousand)		
Facility (State)	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Other	Coal (short tons)	Petroleum (bbls)	Gas (Mcf)
CH Resources Syracuse (NY)	-	-	4,462	-	-	-	-	-	37
Wrightsville Power Fac LLC	-		17,066 17,066	-	- -	-	- -	- -	143 143
Yadkin Inc	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	114,208 16,436 17,451 62,068 18,253	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Yankee Caithness Joint Vent LP Steamboat Hills Geothermal (NV)	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -	-	6,624 6,624	- -	-	-
Yellowstone Energy LP	<u>-</u> -	40,932 40,932	2 2	- -	-	- -	- -	24 24	1 1
York Cogen Facility York Cogen Facility (PA)	-	-	4,289 4,289	-	-	-	-	-	71 71
York County Solid W & R Auth York County Resource Recovery (PA)	-	230 230	-	-	-	- -	- -	1 1	-
Yuba City Cogen Partners LP Yuba City Cogen (CA)	- -	-	15,037 15,037	-	<u>-</u> -	- -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -	145 145
Yuma Cogeneration Associates	-	-	42,714 42,714	-	<u>-</u> -	- -	- -	<u>-</u> -	369 369
Zinc Corp of America	57,541 57,541	-	99 99	-	-	-	25 25	-	1 1
Zion Energy LLC Zion Energy Center (IL)	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Zond Systems Inc	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	-	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -
Painted Hills Wind Developers (CA) Santa Clara (CA)	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Net generation for jointly owned units is reported by the operator. • Negative generation denotes that electric power consumed for plant use exceeds gross generation. • Station losses include energy used for pumped storage. • Generation is included in plant test status. • Nuclear generation is included for those plants with an operating license issued authorizing fuel loading/low power testing prior to receipt of full power amendment. • Mcf = thousand cubic feet and bbls = barrels.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Appendix A

General Information

Articles

Feature articles on electric power energy-related subjects are sometimes included in this publication. The following articles and special focus items have appeared in previous issues.

June 1990	Petroleum Fuel-Switching Capability in the Electric Utility Industry
April 1991	U.S. Wholesale Electricity Transactions
April 1992	Electric Utility Demand-Side Management
April 1992	Nonutility Power Producers
August 1992	Performance Optimization and Repowering of Generating Units
February 1993	Improvement in Nuclear Power Plant Capacity Factors
October 1993	Municipal Solid Waste in the U.S. Energy Supply
November 1993	Electric Utility Demand-Side Management and Regulatory Effects
November 1994	The Impact of Flow Control and Tax Reform on Ownership and Growth in the U.S. Waste-to-Energy Industry
July 1995	Nonutility Electric Generation: Industrial Power Production
August 1995	Steam Generator Degradation and Its Impact on Continued Operation of Pressurized Water Reactors in the United States
September 1995	New Sources of Nuclear Fuel
November 1995	Relicensing and Environmental Issues Affecting Hydropower
May 1996	U.S. Electric Utility Demand-Side Management: Trends and Analysis
June 1996	Upgrading Transmission Capacity for Wholesale Electric Power Trade
May 1998	Reducing Nitrogen Oxide Emissions: 1996 Compliance with Title IV Limits

For additional information or questions regarding availability of article reprints, please contact the National Energy Information Center at (202)586-8800 or by FAX at (202)586-0727.

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Appendix B Major Disturbances and Unusual Occurrences

This discussion was prepared for publication in the *Electric Power Monthly* by the Office of Energy Emergency Management (under the Office of Nonproliferation and National Security).

Electric power systems are subject to a variety of incidents that, to a smaller or greater degree, may adversely affect the delivery of electricity to consumers. Among these are natural phenomena (such as storms and earthquakes); failure of electric system components; accidental or purposeful activities inimical to continued safe operation of electric power systems; and, difficulties associated with the normal operation of large, extremely complex real-time systems.

Under current Federal regulations, some disturbances are reported to the Federal Government. The legal basis for the requirements and the specifications of information reported are detailed in Title 10, Part 205, Subpart W, of the *Code of Federal Regulations*, Sections 205.350—205.353, published in the *Federal Register* on October 31, 1986.

In general, the incidents to be reported are grouped into two categories: (1) mandatory in all cases; and (2) mandatory if the incident meets specified criteria, where the utility involved is permitted to exercise some judgment as to whether the criteria have been met. Underlying the formulation of the reporting criteria, requirements, and procedures was the need for the Federal Government to be aware of potentially dangerous situations, tempered by the desire to minimize burdens on the reporting utilities. Another consideration in the development of the rules was the benefit gained from knowledge of the causes and effects of undesired events that may have been caused by unforeseen system defects or by purposeful adverse actions to system design and operation. The final rules reflect modification of the preliminary rules, as published in the Federal Register, based on comments from the electric power industry and the general public.

A report is mandatory when, for the purpose of maintaining the continuity of the bulk power supply

system, a utility, due to any equipment failure/system operational action or event, (1) initiates a system voltage reduction of 3 percent or more, (2) disconnects circuits supplying over 100 megawatts of firm customer load, (3) issues an appeal to the public for a voluntary reduction in the use of electricity, or (4) has existing or anticipated fuel supply emergency situations requiring abnormal use of a particular fuel with the potential to reduce supply or stocks if needed to maintain reliable electric service. A report is also mandatory in regard to any actual or suspected act of sabotage or terrorism directed at the bulk power supply system.

In general, reports are to be made by telephone to the Emergency Operating Center, Department of Energy, in Washington, DC, as soon as practicable for instances of load shedding or loss of service, and, at the last, within 3 hours of the beginning of a service interruption. For other disturbances, the allowable reporting time ranges from 24 hours to days. Written reports may be required by the Director, Office of Energy Emergency Management, if the circumstances so indicate.

The DOE is concerned that the operation of the bulk power system in the United States shall be as trouble free as possible. To that end, information is collected, as discussed above, regarding major disturbances to the normal functioning of that system. Events, such as damage to some local distribution circuits by storms or other uncontrollable events, while annoying to the customers affected, do not greatly affect the supply of bulk power to the system as a whole. These events are more properly the concern of local and State authorities. By collecting data on major incidents, the Department is able to monitor the bulk power supply and provide a focus on those matters that may need investigation.

Suggestions regarding the reporting requirements, regulations, procedures, or any other phase of the Power System Emergency Reporting elements are welcomed. Comments can be addressed to the Office of Energy Emergency Operations (NN-63), Department of Energy, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC20585.

Table B1. Major Disturbances and Unusual Occurrences, 2002

Table B	Table B1. Major Disturbances and Unusual Occurrences, 2002								
Date	Utility/Power Pool (NERC Council)	Time	Area	Type of Disturbance	Loss (mega- watts)	Number of Customers Affected	Restoration Time		
1/30/02	Oklahoma Gas & Electric (SPP)	6:00 am	Oklahoma	Ice Storm	500	1,881,134	12:00 pm, February 7		
1/29/02	Kansas City Power & Light (SPP)	Evening	Metropolitan Kansas City Area	Ice Storm	500-600	270,000	NA		
1/30/02	Missouri Public Service (SPP)	4:00 pm	Missouri	Ice Storm	210	95,000	9:00 pm, February 10		
2/27/02	San Diego Gas & Electric (WSCC)	10:48 am	California	Interruption of Firm Load	300	255,000	11:35 am, February 27		
3/09/02	Consumers Energy Co. (ECAR)	12:00 am	Lower Peninsula of Michigan	Severe Weather	190	190,000	12:00 pm, March 11		
4/08/02	Arizona Public Service (WSCC)	3:00 pm	Arizona	Vandalism/ Insolators	None	None	April 9		
7/09/02	Pacific Gas & Electric (WSCC)	12:27 pm	California	Interruption of Firm Power	240	1 PG&E	7:54 pm, July 9		
7/19/02	Pacific Gas & Electric (WSCC)	11:51 am	California	Interruption of Firm Power (Unit Tripped)	240	1 PG&E	4:30 pm, July 19		
7/20/02	Consolidated Edison Co. of New York (NPCC)	12:40 pm	New York	Fire	278	63,500	8:12 pm, July 20		
8/02/02	Central Illinois Light Co. (MAIN)	12:43 pm	Illinois	Interruption of Firm Power	232	53,565	6:36 pm, August 2		
8/09/02	Lake Worth Utils (SERC)	8:23 am	Florida	Interruption of Firm Power	51	25,000	12:13 pm, August 9		
8/25/02	Pacific Gas & Elec. (WSCC)	3:41 am	California	Interruption of Firm Power	120	1 PG&E	9:17 am, August 25		
8/28/02	Lakeworth Utils (SERC)	2:09 pm	Florida	Severe Weather	67.6	25,000	3:38 pm, August 28		
10/03/02	Entergy Corporation (SPP)	3:33 am	Coastal Areas of Southern Louisiana	Hurricane Lily	NA	242,910	October 12		
11/6/02	Pacific Gas & Electric Co. (WSCC)	10:00 pm	Northern and Central California	Winter Storm	270	939,000	Noon November 10		
11/17/02	Long Island Power Authority (NPPC)	3:48 pm	Northport, NY Norwalk, CT	Cable Tripped	None	None	Unknown		
11/17/02	Northeast Utilities (NPCC)	6:00 am	Northwest and North Central Connecticut	Ice Storm	NA	224,912	8:00 am November 21		
12/3/02	Entergy Corporation (SPP)	6:30 pm	Arkansas	Ice Storm	NA	43,000	10:30 pm December 9		
12/11/02	Dominion-Virginia Power/North Carolina Power (SERC)	1:09 pm	Northern Virginia to Fredericksburg Staunton to Harrisonburg	Winter Storm	63	130,000	10:00 pm December 13		
12/14/02	Pacific Gas & Electric (WSCC)	11:00 am	Northern and Central California	Winter Storm	180	1.5 million	4:00 pm on December 19		
12/19/02	Pacific Gas & Electric (WSCC)	6:00 am	Northern and Central California	Winter Storm	56	385,000	5:00 pm December 21		
12/25/02	PPL Corporation (MAAC)	5:00 pm	Eastern Pennsylvania	Winter Storm	250	106,000	5:00 am December 26		
12/25/02	Metropolitan Edison Co./First Energy (MAAC)	10:00 am	Reading, York, Hanover, Hamburg Pennsylvania	Winter Storm	NA	95,630	8:30 am December 27		

Source: Emergency Operations Center, Form EIA-417R, "Electric Power System Emergency Report."

Appendix C

Technical Notes

Data Sources

The *Electric Power Monthly (EPM)* is prepared by the Electric Power Division, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (CNEAF), Energy Information Administration (EIA), U.S. Department of Energy. Data published in the EPM are compiled from the following data sources: Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," Form EIA-900, "Monthly Nonutility Power Report," FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants," Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions," Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report," Form EIA-860A, "Annual Electric Generator Report—Utility," Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility," and the Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report (Regulated and Nonregulated).

Form EIA-759

The Form EIA-759 is a cutoff model sample of approximately 240 electric utilities drawn from the frame of all operators of electric utility plants (approximately 700 electric utilities) that generate electric power for public use. Data will be collected on an annual basis from the remaining operators of electric utility plants. The new monthly data collection is from all utilities with at least one plant with a nameplate capacity of 50 megawatts or more. (Note: includes all nuclear units). However, the few utilities that generate electricity using renewable fuel sources other than hydroelectric are all included in the sample. The Form EIA-759 is used to collect monthly data on net generation; consumption of coal, petroleum, and natural gas; and end-of-the-month stocks of coal and petroleum for each plant by fuel-type combination. Summary data from the Form EIA-759 are also contained in the Electric Power Annual (EPA), Monthly Energy Review (MER), and the Annual Energy Review (AER). These reports present aggregate data estimates for electric utilities at the U.S., Census division, and North American Electric Reliability Council Region (NERC) levels.

Instrument and Design History. Prior to 1936, the Bureau of the Census and the U.S. Geological Survey collected, compiled, and published data on the electric power industry. In 1936, the Federal Power Commission (FPC) assumed all data collection and publication responsibilities for the electric power industry and

implemented the FPC Form 4. The Federal Power Act, Sections 311 and 312, and FPC Order 141 define the legislative authority to collect power production data. The Form EIA-759 replaced the FPC Form 4 in January 1982. In January 1996, the Form EIA-759 was changed to collect data from a cutoff model sample of plants with a nameplate capacity of 25 megawatts or more. In January 1999, the Form EIA-759 was changed to collect data for a cutoff sample of plants with a nameplate capacity of 50 megawatts or more.

Data Processing. The Form EIA-759, along with a return envelope, is mailed to respondents approximately 4 working days before the end of the month. The completed forms are to be returned to the EIA by the 10th day after the end of the reporting month. After receipt, data from the completed forms are manually logged in and edited before being keypunched for automatic data processing. An edit program checks the data for errors not found during manual editing. The electric utilities are telephoned to obtain data in cases of missing reports and to verify data when questions arise during editing. After all forms are received from the respondents, the final automated edit is submitted. Following verification of the data, text and tables of aggregated data are produced for inclusion in the EPM. Following EIA approval of the EPM, the data are made available for public use, on a cost-recovery basis, through custom computer runs, data tapes, or in publications.

FERC Form 423

The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Form 423 is a monthly record of delivered-fuel purchases, submitted by approximately 230 electric utilities for each electric generating plant with a total steam-electric and combined-cycle nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. Summary data from the FERC Form 423 are also contained in the *EPA*, *MER*, and the *Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants – Annual*. These reports present aggregated data on electric utilities at the U.S., Census division, and State levels.

Instrument and Design History. On July 7, 1972, the FPC issued Order Number 453 enacting the New Code of Federal Regulations, Section 141.61, legally creating the FPC Form 423. Originally, the form was used to collect data only on fossil-steam plants, but was amended in 1974 to include data on internal combustion and combustion

turbines. The FERC Form 423 replaced the FPC Form 423 in January 1983. The FERC Form 423 eliminated peaking units, which were previously collected on the FPC Form 423. In addition, the generator nameplate capacity threshold was changed from 25 megawatts to 50 megawatts. This reduction in coverage eliminated approximately 50 utilities and 250 plants. All historical FPC Form 423 data in this publication were revised to reflect the new generator nameplate capacity threshold of 50 or more megawatts reported on the FERC Form 423. In January 1991, the collection of data on the FERC Form 423 was extended to include combined-cycle units. Historical data have not been revised to include these units. Starting with the January 1993 data, the FERC began to collect the data directly from the respondents.

Data Processing. The FERC processes the data through edits and each month provides the EIA with a diskette containing the data. The EIA reviews the data for accuracy. Beginning with May 1994 data, an additional quality check began in which coal data are compared with data prepared by Resource Data International, Inc., of Boulder, Colorado. Following verification of the data, text and tables of aggregated data are produced for inclusion in the *EPM*. After the *EPM* is cleared by the EIA, the data become available for public use, on a cost-recovery basis, through custom computer runs or in publications.

Form EIA-826

The Form EIA-826 is a monthly collection of data from approximately 340 of the largest primarily investor-owned and publicly owned electric utilities as well as a census of energy service producers with retail sales in deregulated States. A model is then applied to estimate for the entire universe of U.S. electric utilities. The electric power sales data are used by the Federal Reserve Board in their economic analyses.

Instrument and Design History. The collection of electric power sales, revenue, and income data began in the early 1940's and was established as FPC Form 5 by FPC Order 141 in 1947. In 1980, the report was revised with only selected income items remaining and became the FERC Form 5. The Form EIA-826 replaced the FERC Form 5 in January 1983. In January 1987, the Form EIA-826 was changed to the "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions." It was formerly titled, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." The Form EIA-826 was revised in January 1990, and some data elements were eliminated. In 1993, EIA for the first time used a model sample for the Form EIA-826. A stratified-random sample, employing auxiliary data, was used for each of the 4 previous years. (See previous issues of this publication, and (Knaub, 12) for

details.) The current sample for the Form EIA-826, which was designed to obtain estimates of electricity sales and revenue per kilowatthour at the State level by end-use sector, was chosen to be in effect for the January 1993 data

Frame. The frame for the Form EIA-826 was originally based on the 1989 submission of the Form EIA-861 (Section 1.4), which consisted of approximately 3,250 electric utilities selling retail and/or sales for resale. Note that for the Form EIA-826, the EIA is only interested in retail sales. Updates have been made to the frame to reflect mergers that affect data processing. Some electric utilities serve in more than one State. Thus, the State-service area is actually the sampling unit. For each State served by each utility, there is a utility State-part, or "State-service area." This approach allows for an explicit calculation of estimates for sales, revenue, and revenue per kilowatthour by end-use sector (residential, commercial, industrial and other) at State, Census division, and the U.S. level. Regressor data came from the Form EIA-861. (Note that estimates at the "State level" are for sales for the entire State, and similarly for "Census division" and "U.S." levels.)

The preponderance of electric power sales to ultimate consumers in each State are made by a few large utilities. Ranking of electric utilities by retail sales on a State-by-State basis revealed a consistent pattern of dominance by a few electric utilities in nearly all 50 States and the District of Columbia. These dominant electric utilities were selected as a model sample. These electric utilities constitute about 8 percent of the population of U.S. electric utilities, but provide three-quarters of the total U.S. retail electricity sales. The procedures used to derive electricity sales, revenue, revenue per kilowatthour. and associated relative standard error (RSE) estimates are provided in the Form EIA-826 subsection of the Formulas Data Section. See (Knaub, 12) for a study of RSE estimates for this survey. In 2001, EIA began collecting from a census of investor-owned utilities for the EIA-826, based upon the prior-year EIA-861 frame. The modelbased sampling now applies only to the municipal, cooperative, and Federally-owned utilities.

Data Processing. The forms are mailed each year to the electric utilities with State-parts selected in the sample. The completed form is to be returned to the EIA by the last calendar day of the month following the reporting month. Nonrespondents are telephoned to obtain the data. Imputation, in model sampling, is an implicit part of the estimation. That is, data that are not available, either because it was not part of the sample or because the data are missing, are estimated using a model. The data are edited and entered into the computer where additional checks are completed. After all forms have been received

from the respondents, the final automated edit is submitted. Following verification, tables and text of the aggregated data are produced for inclusion in the EPM. After the *EPM* receives clearance from the EIA, the data are made available for public use through custom computer runs, data tapes, or in publications (*EPA*, *AER*) on a cost-recovery basis.

Form EIA-900

The Form EIA-900, "Monthly Nonutility Power Report," is a cutoff model sample drawn from the frame for the Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report – Nonutility." Members of the Form EIA-860B frame with nameplate capacity greater than or equal to 50 megawatts constitute the sample for the Form EIA-900. The Form EIA-900 currently is used to collect monthly data on net generation; consumption of coal, petroleum, and natural gas; and end-of-the month stocks of coal and petroleum.

Instrument and Design History. The Form EIA-900 was implemented to collect monthly data, starting with January 1996. The reason for its inception was to fill, in part, a "data gap" that existed on a monthly basis when comparing utility sales to end users (from the Form EIA-826) with utility generation (from the Form EIA-759). This data gap occurred because utility sales data include electricity purchased from nonutilities and because of other factors such as transmission losses and imports/exports. In light of sampling and nonsampling error, a more complete description of events may be gleaned by including results based on the Form EIA-900.

Data Processing. The Form EIA-900 is mailed to all operating Form EIA-860B respondent facilities with more than 50 megawatts of total operating capacity. In 1996, there were approximately 380 respondents for the Form EIA-900. Data submission is allowed by Internet e-mail, postal mail, telephone or facsimile (FAX) transmission. In the near future, the EIA plans to allow touchtone data entry. At first submission, the number for the one datum element collected is compared to a previously submitted number, through the use of an interactive edit. Later, batch edits are applied. One edit is used to compare total sales, generation, line losses and imports/exports to determine if the results are reasonable. Another edit is applied on an individual, annual basis, to compare 12 month totals for the Form EIA-900 submissions to the corresponding Form EIA-860B submissions.

Form EIA-861

The Form EIA-861 is a mandatory census of electric utilities in the United States. The survey is used to collect information on power production and sales data from approximately 3,250 electric utilities. The data collected

are used to maintain and update the EIA's electric utility frame data base. This data base supports queries from the Executive Branch, Congress, other public agencies, and the general public. Summary data from the Form EIA-861 are also contained in the *Electric Sales and Revenue*; the *Electric Power Annual*; the *Financial Statistics of Selected Publicly Owned Electric Utilities*; the *Financial Statistics of Selected Investor-Owned Electric Utilities*; the *AER*; and, the *Annual Outlook for U.S. Electric Power*. These reports present aggregate totals for electric utilities on a national level, by State, and by ownership type.

Instrument and Design History. The Form EIA-861 was implemented in January 1985 to collect data as of year-end 1984. The Federal Administration Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-275) defines the legislative authority to collect these data.

Data Processing. The Form EIA-861 is mailed to the respondents in February of each year to collect data as of the end of the preceding calendar year. The data are manually edited before being entered into the interactive on-line system. Internal edit checks are performed to verify that current data total across and between schedules, and are comparable to data reported the previous year. Edit checks are also performed to compare data reported on the Form EIA-861 and similar data reported on the Forms EIA-826; EIA-412, "Annual Report of Public Electric Utilities;" and FERC Form 1, "Annual Report of Major Electric Utilities, Licensees, and Others." Respondents are tele-phoned to obtain clarification of reported data and to obtain missing data.

Form EIA-860A

The Form EIA-860A is a mandatory census of electric utilities in the United States that operate power plants or plan to operate a power plant within 5 years of the reporting year. The survey is used to collect data on electric utilities' existing power plants and their 5-year plans for constructing new plants, generating unit additions, modifications, and retirements in existing plants. Data on the survey are collected at the generating unit level. These data are then aggregated to provide totals by energy source (coal, petroleum, gas, water, nuclear, other) and geographic area (State, NERC region, Federal region, Census division). Additionally, at the national level, data are aggregated to provide totals by prime mover. Data from the Form EIA-860 are also summarized in the Inventory of Power Plants in the United States and the EPA, and as input to publications (AER) and studies by other offices in the Department of Energy.

Instrument and Design History. The Form EIA-860A was implemented in January 1999 to collect data as of

January 1, 1999. The Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-275) defines the legislative authority to collect these data. Form EIA-860A replaced Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generating Report." The difference in the data requirements of Form EIA-860A and those of the Form EIA-860 that preceded it is that respondents are required to report 5-year plans on Form EIA-860A instead of 10-year plans previously required to be reported on Form EIA-860.

Data Processing. The Form EIA-860A is mailed to approximately 900 respondents in November or December to collect data as of January 1 of the reporting year, where the reporting year is the calendar year in which the report was filed. Effective with the 1996 reporting year, respondents have the option of filing Form EIA-860A directly with the EIA or through an agent, such as the respondent's regional electric reliability council. Data reported through the regional electric reliability councils are submitted to the EIA electronically from the North American Electric Reliability Council (NERC). Data for each respondent are preprinted from the applicable data base. Respondents are instructed to verify all preprinted data and to supply missing data. The data are manually edited before being keypunched for automatic data processing. Computer programs containing additional edit checks are run. Respondents are telephoned to obtain correction or clarification of reported data and to obtain missing data, as a result of the manual and automatic editing process.

Form EIA-860B

The Form EIA-860B is a mandatory survey of all existing and planned nonutility electric generating facilities in the United States with a total generator nameplate capacity of 1 or more megawatts. In 1992, the reporting threshold of the Form EIA-860B was lowered to include all facilities with a combined nameplate capacity of 1 or more megawatts. Previously, data were collected every 3 years from facilities with a nameplate capacity between 1 and 5 megawatts. Planned generators are defined as a proposal by a company to install electric generating equipment at an existing or planned facility. The proposal is based on the owner having obtained (1) all environmental and regulatory approvals, (2) a contract for the electric energy, or (3) financial closure on the facility. The Form consists of Schedules I, "Identification and Certification;" Schedule II, "Facility Information"; Schedule III, "Standard Industrial Classification Code Designation"; Schedule IVA, "Facility Fuel Information"; Schedule IVB, "Facility Thermal and Generation Information"; Schedule V, "Facility Environmental Information"; and Schedule VI, "Electric Generator Information."

Submission of the Form EIA-860B is required from all facilities that have a combined facility nameplate capacity of 1 megawatt or more. Schedule V, "Facility Environmental Information" is only required of those facilities of 25 megawatts or more.

The form is used to collect data on the installed capacity, energy consumption, generation, and electric energy sales to electric utilities and other nonutilities by facility. Additionally, the form is used to collect data on the quality of fuels burned and the types of environmental equipment used by the respondent. These data are aggregated to provide geographic totals for selected States and at the Census division and national levels. Since the Form EIA-860B data are considered confidential, suppression of some data is necessary to protect the confidentiality of the individual respondent data. See "Confidentiality of the Data" in this section for further information.

Instrument and Design History. The Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report," was implemented in December 1989 to collect data as of year-end 1989. The Federal Energy Administration Act of 1984 (Public Law 93-275) defines the legislative authority to collect these data. Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generating Report – Nonutility," replaced Form EIA-867 in 1998.

Data Processing. The Form EIA-860B is mailed to the respondents in January to collect data as of the end of the preceding calendar year. Static data for each respondent are preprinted from the previous year, and the respondents are instructed to verify all preprinted information and to supply the missing data. The completed forms are to be returned to the EIA by April 30. The response rate for all facilities for which addresses were confirmed was 100 percent. The data are manually edited before being keyed for automatic data processing. Computer programs containing additional edit checks are run. Respondents are telephoned to obtain corrections or clarifications of reported data and to obtain missing data as a result of the manual and automated editing.

Form EIA-906

In January 2001, Form EIA-906 superseded Forms EIA-759 and 900. The Form EIA-906 collects monthly plant-level data on generation, fuel consumption, stocks and useful thermal output from electric utilities and nonutilities. It is a model-based sample of approximately 240 electric utilities and 800 nonutilities.

The census data from Form EIA-860B are used as regressors in a regression model that estimates (imputes) values for those not collected on the sample. The relationship between the data that are collected on the sample

and the corresponding regressor data is needed to impute these values and arrive at aggregate level estimates. The modeling is described in detail in the Internet statistics journal, InterStat, August 1999, "Using Prediction Oriented Software for Survey Estimation," http://interstat.stat.vt.edu/InterStat/ARTICLES/1999/abstracts/99001. html-ssi. For a more general discussion of model-based sampling and estimation, please see the EIA website at http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/electricity/forms/eiawebme. pdf. Note that there are times when a model may not apply, such as for a new plant, when the relationship between the variable of interest and the regressor data does not hold. In such a case, the new information represents only itself, and such numbers are added to model results when estimating totals. Further, there are times when sample data may be known to be in error, or are not reported. Such cases are treated as if they were never part of the model-based sample, and values are imputed. The data processing procedures for Form EIA-906 are the same as those described for Forms EIA-759 and EIA-900.

Note that there are times when a model may not apply, such as in the case of a substantial reclassification of sales, when the relationship between the variable of interest and the regressor data does not hold. In such a case, the new information represents only itself, and such numbers are added to model results when estimating totals. Further, there are times when sample data may be known to be in error, or are not reported. Such cases are treated as if they were never part of the model-based sample, and values are imputed.

Formulas/Methodologies

The following formula is used to calculate percent differences.

Percent Difference =
$$\left(\frac{x(t_2)-x(t_1)}{x(t_1)}\right)x100$$
,

where $x(t_1)$ and $x(t_2)$ denote the quantity at year t_1 and subsequent year t_2 .

Form EIA-826

The Form EIA-826 data are collected at the utility level by sector and State. Data from the Form EIA-826 are used to determine estimates by sector at the State, Census division, and national level for the entire corresponding State, Census division, or national category. Form EIA-861 data were used as the frame from which the sample was selected, and also as regressor data.

The sample consists of approximately 340 electric utilities, as well as a census of energy service providers with retail

sales in deregulated States. This includes a somewhat larger number of State-service areas for electric utilities. Estimation procedures include imputation to account for nonresponse. Nonsampling error must also be considered. The nonsampling error is not estimated directly, although attempts are made to minimize it.

State-level sales and revenue estimates are calculated. Also, a ratio estimation procedure is used for estimation of revenue per kilowatthour at the State level. These estimates are accumulated separately to produce the Census division and U.S. level estimates.

The relative standard error (RSE) statistic, usually given as a percent, describes the magnitude of sampling error that might reasonably be incurred. The RSE is the square root of the estimated variance, divided by the variable of interest. The variable of interest may be the ratio of two variables (for example, revenue per kilowatthour), or a single variable (for example, sales).

The sampling error may be less than the nonsampling error. Nonsampling errors may be attributed to many sources, including the response errors, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, mistakes in recording or coding data obtained, and other errors of collection, response, or coverage. These nonsampling errors also occur in complete censuses. In a complete census, this problem may become unmanageable. One indicator of the magnitude of possible nonsampling error may be gleaned by examining the history of revisions to data for a survey (Table B2).

Relative standard errors (RSEs) are indicators of error due to sampling. (RSEs do not account for nonsampling errors, such as errors of misclassification or transposed digits. However, estimates of RSEs, although not designed to measure nonsampling error, are affected by them). In fact, large RSE estimates found in preliminary work with these data have often indicated nonsampling errors, which were then identified and corrected. Using the Central Limit Theorem, which applies to sums and means such as are applicable here, there is approximately a 68-percent chance that the true sampling error is less than the corresponding RSE. Note that reported RSEs are always estimates, themselves, and are usually, as here, reported as percents. As an example, suppose that a revenue-per-kilowatthour value is estimated to be 5.13 cents per kilowatthour with an estimated RSE of 1.6 percent. This means that, ignoring any nonsampling error, there is approximately a 68-percent chance that the true average revenue per kilowatthour is within approximately 1.6 percent of 5.13 cents per kilowatthour (that is, between 5.05 and 5.21 cents per kilowatthour). There is approximately a 95-percent chance of a true sampling error being 2 RSEs or less.

The basic approach is shown in (Royall, 6) with additional discussion of variance estimation in (Royall and Cumberland, 7), (Royall and Cumberland, 8), and (Knaub, 5).

The detailed methodology for estimation for this survey is described in InterStat, June 2000, "Using Prediction-Oriented Software for Survey Estimation - Part II: Ratios of Totals," http://interstat.stat.vt.edu/InterStat/ARTICLES/2000/abstracts/U00002.html-ssi.

Note that there are times when a model may not apply, such as in the case of a substantial reclassification of sales, when the relationship between the variable of interest and the regressor data does not hold. In such a case, the new information represents only itself, and such numbers are added to model results when estimating totals. Further, there are times when sample data may be known to be in error, or are not reported. Such cases are treated as if they were never part of the model-based sample, and values are imputed.

As a final adjustment based on our most complete data, use is made of final Form EIA-861 data, when available. The annual totals for Form EIA-826 data by State and enduse sector are compared to the corresponding Form EIA-861 values for sales and revenue. The ratio of these two values in each case is then used to adjust each corresponding monthly vale.

Additional information or clarification can be addressed to the Energy Information Administration as indicated in the "Contacts" section of this publication.

Form EIA-900

The Form EIA-900 data are collected at the facility level, which is roughly the nonutility equivalent of plant level. The cutoff sample uses generation to determine the estimated total nonutility monthly generation based on the annual Form EIA-860B, "Annual Generator Report – Nonutility," data available. Fuel consumption estimates are based on relating the estimated monthly generation to the consumption data for the Form EIA-860B.

Form EIA-759

Data for the Form EIA-759 are collected at the plant level. Estimates are then provided for geographic levels. Consumption of fuel(s) is converted from quantities (in short tons, barrels, or thousand cubic feet) to Btu at the plant level. End-of-month fuel stocks for a single generating plant may not equal beginning-of-the-month stocks plus receipts less consumption, for many reasons, including the fact that several plants may share the same fuel stock.

A cutoff model sampling and estimation are employed, using the same multiple regression model. Once again, as described under the corresponding subsection on the Form EIA-900, details of the estimation of totals and variances of totals are published on the Internet in a paper entitled "Weighted Multiple Regression Estimation for Survey Model Sampling (Knaub, 13)."

At the fuel and State level (i.e., lowest aggregate level), there are a number of cases where the minimal sample size of three is not met, when using a 25 MW cutoff. Imputation of historic values for the smallest plants is used to supplement actual values for the largest ones. However, at the NERC level, this is not necessary. Data element totals for each NERC region, by fuel type, are estimated using model sampling. These samples are composed solely of data reported for the plants actually in the sample. The national level estimate from this is then considered our best estimate, and all other estimates are apportioned accordingly.

As a final adjustment based on our most complete data, use is made of final Form EIA-759 annual census, when available. The annual census for Form EIA-759 data by State and energy source are compared to the corresponding monthly Form EIA-759 values. The ratio of these two values in each case is then used to adjust each corresponding monthly value.

FERC Form 423

Data for the FERC Form 423 are collected at the plant level. These data are then used in the following formulas to produce aggregates and averages for each fuel type at the State, Census division, and U.S. level. For these formulas, receipts and average heat content are at the plant level. For each geographic region, the summation Σ represents the sum of all plants in that geographic region. Additionally,

For coal, units for receipts (R) are in tons, units for average heat content (A) are in Btu per pound, and the unit conversion (U) is 2,000 pounds per ton;

For petroleum, units for receipts (R) are in barrels, units or average heat content (A) are in Btu per gallon, and the unit conversion (U) is 42 gallons per barrel;

For gas, units for receipts (R) are in thousand cubic feet (Mcf), average heat content (A) are in Btu per cubic foot, and the unit conversion (U) is 1,000 cubic feet per Mcf.

Total Btu =
$$\sum_{i} (R_i \times A_i \times U)$$
,

where I denotes a plant; R_i = receipts for plant I;

 A_i = average heat content for receipts at plant I; and, U = unit conversion;

Weighted Average Btu =
$$\frac{\sum_{i} (R_i \times A_i)}{\sum_{i} R_i},$$

where I denotes a plant; R_i = receipts for plant I; and, A_i = average heat content for receipts at plant I.

The weighted average cost in cents per million Btu is calculated using the following formula:

Weighted Average Cost =
$$\frac{\sum_{i} (R_i \ x \ A_i \ x \ C_i)}{\sum_{i} (R_i \ x \ A_i)},$$

where *I* denotes a plant; R_i = receipts for plant *I*; A_i average heat content for receipts at plant *I*; and C_i = cost in cents per million Btu for plant *I*.

The weighted average cost in dollars per unit is calculated using the following formula:

Weighted Average Cost =
$$\frac{U \sum_{i} (R_i \times A_i \times C_i)}{10^8 \sum_{i} R_i},$$

where I denotes a plant; R_i = receipts for plant I; A_i = average heat content for receipts at plant I; U = unit conversion; and, C_i = cost in cents per million Btu for plant I.

Form EIA-861

Data for the Form EIA-861 are collected at the utility level from all electric utilities in the United States, its territories, and Puerto Rico. Form EIA-861 data in this publication are for the United States only. These data are then aggregated to provide geographic totals at the State, NERC region, Census division, and national level. Sources and disposition of data are also provided by utility class of ownership and retail consumer class of service. Average revenue (nominal dollars) per kilowatthour of electricity sold is calculated by dividing total annual retail revenue (nominal dollars) by the total annual retail sales of electricity.

Average revenue per kilowatthour is defined as the cost per unit of electricity sold and is calculated by dividing retail electric revenue by the corresponding sales of electricity. The average revenue per kilowatthour is calculated for all consumers and for each sector (residential, commercial, industrial, and other sales).

Electric utilities typically employ a number of rate schedules within a single sector. These alternative rate schedules reflect the varying consumption levels and patterns of consumers and their associated impact on the costs to the electric utility for providing electrical service. The average revenue per kilowatthour reported in this publication by sector represents a weighted average of consumer revenue and sales within that sector and across sectors for all consumers.

The electric revenue used to derive the average revenue per kilowatthour is the operating revenue reported by the electric utility. Operating revenue includes energy charges, demand charges, consumer service charges, environmental surcharges, fuel adjustments, and other miscellaneous charges.

Electric utility operating revenues cover, among other costs of service, State and Federal income taxes and taxes other than income taxes paid by the utility. The Federal component of these taxes are, for the most part, "payroll" taxes. State and local authorities tax the value of plant (property taxes), the amount of revenues (gross receipts taxes), purchases of materials and services (sales and use taxes), and a potentially long list of other items that vary extensively by taxing authority. Taxes deducted from employees' pay (such as Federal income taxes and employees' share of social security taxes) are not a part of the utility's "tax costs," but are paid to the taxing authorities in the name of the employees. These taxes are included in the utility's cost of service (for example, revenue requirements) and are included in the amounts recovered from consumers in rates and reported in operating revenues.

Electric utilities, like many other business enterprises, are required by various taxing authorities to collect and remit taxes assessed on their consumers. In this regard, the electric utility serves as an agent for the taxing authority. Taxes assessed on the consumer, such as a gross receipts tax or sales tax, are called "pass through" taxes. These taxes do not represent a cost to the utility and are not recorded in the operating revenues of the utility. However, taxing authorities differ as to whether a specific tax is assessed on the utility or the consumer—which, in turn, determines whether or not the tax is included in the operating revenue of the electric utility.

Form EIA-860A

Data from the Form EIA-860A are submitted at the generating unit level and are then aggregated to provide total capacity by energy source and geographic area. In addition, at the national level, data are aggregated by prime mover.

Estimated values for net summer and net winter capability for electric generating units were developed by use of a regression formula. The formula is used to estimate values for existing units where data are missing and for projected units. It was found that a zero-intercept linear regression works very well for estimating capability based on nameplate capacity. The only parameter then is the slope (\hat{b}) that is used to relate capacity to capability as follows: $\hat{y} = \hat{b} x$, where \hat{y} is the estimated capability, and x is the known nameplate capacity. There will be a different value for \hat{b} for different prime movers and for summer and winter capabilities and it will also depend upon the age of the generator. For more details see the *Inventory of Power Plants*.

Form EIA-860B

Gross electricity generation data from the Form EIA-860B, reported by generator, are aggregated to provide totals by energy source and geographic area. Nonutility power producers report gross electricity generated on the Form EIA-860B, unlike electric utilities that report net generation on various EIA and FERC forms. Nonutilities generally do not measure and record electrical consumption used solely for the production of electricity. Nonutility generators and associated auxiliary equipment are often an integral part of a manufacturing or other industrial process and individual watthour meters are not generally installed on auxiliary equipment.

Estimated values for net generation from nonutility power producers were developed by EIA using gross generation, prime mover, fuels, and type of air pollution control data reported on the Form EIA-860B. The difference between gross and net generation is the electricity consumed by auxiliary equipment and environmental control devices such as pumps, fans, coal pulverizers, particulate collectors, and flue gas desulfurization (FGD) units. The difference between gross and net generation is sometimes called parasitic load. In smaller power plants rotating auxiliaries are almost always electric motors. In large power plants that produce steam, rotating auxiliaries can be powered by either steam turbines or electric motors and sometimes both because of cold startup requirements.

This methodology for estimating net generation from gross generation is based on determining typical energy consumption for auxiliary electrical equipment associated with electrical generators. For instance, wind turbines have none of the auxiliaries common to a coal-burning power plant such as a coal pulverizers, fans, and emission controls. On the other hand, windfarms do consume electricity since automatic, computer-based control systems are used to control blade pitch and speed thereby affecting generator electricity output.

Shown below are the conversion factors used to estimated net generation by nonutility generators. The factors are typical of a modern electric power plant but could vary significantly between individual plants. Net generation is calculated by multiplying the appropriate conversion factor by the reported gross electrical generation.

These conversion factors were estimated by the staff of the Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels, Energy Information Administration. The primary reference used in developing the conversion factors was *Steam, Its Generation and Use,* 40th Edition, Babcock & Wilcox, Barberton, Ohio.

Prime Mover Type	Gross-to-Net Generation Conversion Factor
Gas (Combustion) Turbine)	.98
Steam Turbine	.97 ^a
Internal Combustion	.98
Wind Turbine	.99
Solar-Photovoltaic	.99
Hydraulic Turbine	.99
Fuel Cell	.99
Other	.97

^aFactor reduced by .01 if the facility has flue gas particulate collectors and another .03 if the facility has flue gas desulfurization (FGD) equipment. Facilities under 25 megawatts and burning coal in traditional boilers (e.g., not fluidized bed boilers) are assumed to have particulate and FGD equipment.

Average Heat Content

Heat content values (Table C1) collected on the FERC Form 423 were used to convert the consumption data from the Form EIA-759 into Btu. Respondents to FERC Form 423 represent a subset of all generating plants (steam plants with a capacity of 50 megawatts or larger), while Form EIA-759 respondents generally represent generating plants with a combined capacity of 25 or more megawatts. The results, therefore, may not be completely representative.

Quality of Data

The CNEAF office is responsible for routine data improvement and quality assurance activities. All operations in this office are done in accordance with formal standards established by the EIA. These standards are the measuring rod necessary for quality statistics. Data improvement efforts include verification of data-keyed input by automatic computerized methods, editing by subject matter specialists, and follow-up on nonrespondents. The CNEAF

office supports the quality assurance efforts of the data collectors by providing advisory reviews of the structure of information requirements, and of proposed designs for new and revised data collection forms and systems. Once implemented, the actual performance of working data collection systems is also validated. Computerized respondent data files are checked to identify those who fail to respond to the survey. By law, nonrespondents may be fined or otherwise penalized for not filing a mandatory EIA data form. Before invoking the law, the EIA tries to obtain the required information by encouraging cooperation of nonrespondents.

Completed forms received by the CNEAF office are sorted, screened for completeness of reported information, and keyed onto computer tapes for storage and transfer to random access data bases for computer processing. The information coded on the computer tapes is manually spot-checked against the forms to certify accuracy of the tapes. To ensure the quality standards established by the EIA, formulas that use the past history of data values in the data base have been designed and implemented to check data input for err ors automatically. Data values that fall outside the ranges prescribed in the formulas are verified by telephoning respondents to resolve any discrepancies.

Conceptual problems affecting the quality of data are discussed in the report, An Assessment of the Quality of Selected EIA Data Series: Electric Power Data. This report is published by the Energy Information Administration (Office of Statistical Standards). See item 2 in Appendix A.

Data Precision

Monthly sample survey data have both sampling and nonsampling errors. Sampling errors may be expected since all data are not collected and, therefore, must be mathematically estimated. (Note that the annual series for a monthly sample is not subject to sampling error because it is a census). Nonsampling errors are the result of incorrect allocation of data (for example, transcriptions or misclassifications) and can be difficult to control and estimate. A study of coefficients of variance and data revisions was conducted so that the appropriate levels of precision, based on the accuracy and completeness of the data from which the estimates are derived, is provided in this report for average revenue per kilowatthour of electricity sold. It was judged that three significant digits are justified for average revenue per kilowatthour of electricity sold at the U.S. level except for monthly data prior to 1990 where two significant digits are more appropriate.

Data Imputation

It may become necessary (as in March and April 1996 FERC Form 423 data) to impute for some data, even if a 100-percent census is normally collected without incident. In such cases, a modeling approach, similar to what is done for the Form EIA-826, can be implemented. The estimation methodologies for model sampling and model imputation are identical.

Data Editing System

Data from the form surveys are edited on a monthly basis using automated systems. The edit includes both deterministic checks, in which records are checked for the presence of required fields and their validity; and statistical checks, in which estimation techniques are used to validate data according to their behavior in the past and in comparison to other current fields. When all data have passed the edit process, the system builds monthly master files, which are used as input to the *EPM*.

Confidentiality of the Data

In general, the data collected on the forms used for input to this report are not confidential. However, data from the Form EIA-900, "Monthly Nonutility Power Report," and from the Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report – Nonutility," are considered confidential and must adhere to EIA's "Policy on the Disclosure of Individually Identifiable Energy Information in the Possession of the EIA" (45Federal Register 59812 (1980)).

Rounding Rules for Data

Given a number with r digits to the left of the decimal and d+t digits in the fraction part, with d being the place to which the number is to be rounded and t being the remaining digits which will be truncated, this number is rounded to r+d digits by adding 5 to the (r+d+1)th digit when the number is positive or by subtracting 5 when the number is negative. The t digits are then truncated at the (r+d+1)th digit. The symbol for a rounded number truncated to zero is (*).

Data Correction Procedure

The Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels has adopted the following policy with respect to the revision and correction of recurrent data in energy publications:

1. Annual survey data collected by this office are published either as preliminary or final when first appearing in a data report. Data initially released as

preliminary will be so noted in the report. These data will be revised, if necessary, and declared final in the next publication of the data.

- 2. All monthly and quarterly survey data collected by this office are published as preliminary. These data are revised only after the completion of the 12-month cycle of the data. No revisions are made to the published data before this.
- The magnitudes of changes due to revisions experienced in the past will be included in the data reports, so that the reader can assess the accuracy of the data.
- 4. After data are published as final, corrections will be made only in the event of a greater than one percent difference at the national level. Corrections for differences that are less than the before-mentioned threshold are left to the discretion of the Office Director. Note that in this discussion, changes or revisions are referred to as "errors."

In accordance with policy statement number 3, the mean value (unweighted average) for the absolute values of the 12 monthly revisions of each item are provided at the U.S. level for the past 4 years (Table C2). For example, the

mean of the 12 monthly absolute errors (absolute differences between preliminary and final monthly data) for coal-fired generation in 1995 was 49. That is, on average, the absolute value of the change made each month to coal-fired generation was 49 million kilowatthours.

The U.S. total net summer capability, updated monthly in the EPM (Table 1), is based solely on new electric generating units and retirements which come to the attention of the EIA during the year through telephone calls with electric utilities and on the Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and may not include all activity for the month. Data on net summer capability, including new electric generating units, are collected annually on the

Form EIA-860A, "Annual Electric Generator Report – Utility," and Form 860B "Annual Electric Generator Report – Nonutility."

Use of the Glossary

The terms in the glossary have been defined for general use. Restrictions on the definitions as used in these data collection systems are included in each definition when necessary to define the terms as they are used in this report.

Table C1. Average Heat Content of Fossil-Fuel Receipts, November 2002

Census Division and State	Coal (Btu per ton) ¹	Petroleum (Btu per barrel)	Gas (Btu per thousand cubic feet)	
New England	26,294,878	6,402,351	1,025,136	
Connecticut		-	-	
Maine		_	_	
Massachusetts		5,787,600	1,025,288	
New Hampshire		6,403,308	1,023,288	
		0,403,308	-	
Rhode Island		-	1 005 000	
Vermont		-	1,005,000	
Middle Atlantic		6,386,475	1,029,146	
New Jersey		6,356,934	-	
New York		6,388,088	1,029,146	
Pennsylvania	25,494,214	5,922,000	-	
East North Central	20,946,298	5,975,767	2,916,286	
Illinois	19.466.268	5,746,973	1.034.304	
Indiana		5,744,022	1,003,000	
Michigan		6.271.157	3.449.981 ^a	
Ohio		5,843,159	1,024,177	
Wisconsin		5,880,000	1,006,983	
West North Central		6,287,919	1,012,407	
Iowa		5,857,500	1,002,096	
Kansas	17,112,942	6,455,540	1,014,040	
Minnesota	17,773,784	5,754,000	1,002,142	
Missouri		5,759,287	1.022.485	
Nebraska		5,796,475	1,000,000	
North Dakota		5,841,296	1,000,000	
South Dakota		3,641,290	-	
		(271 002	1 022 464	
South Atlantic		6,371,992	1,032,464	
Delaware		6,238,588	1,032,000	
District of Columbia		-	-	
Florida		6,385,701	1,032,584	
Georgia	23,145,182	5,817,000	1,024,223	
Maryland			<u>-</u>	
North Carolina		5,806,741	1,037,000	
South Carolina		5,812,140	1,028,000	
Virginia	25,487,535	6,369,308	1,025,951	
			1,023,931	
West Virginia		5,848,560		
East South Central		5,889,928	1,035,310	
Alabama		5,796,247	1,040,043	
Kentucky	22,895,507	5,874,201	1,025,000	
Mississippi	23,751,900	6,207,277	1,030,284	
Tennessee	23,519,244	5,875,800	<u>-</u>	
West South Central		5,898,824	1.028.130	
Arkansas		5,903,908	1,023,390	
Louisiana.		5,905,410	1,034,232	
Oklahoma		5,775,000	1,033,723	
Texas			1,021,264	
Mountain		5,785,666	1,015,873	
Arizona		-	1,015,552	
Colorado	19,715,426	5,139,120	995,119	
Idaho		<u>-</u>	-	
Montana		5,922,000	1.039.934	
Nevada		5,842,620	1,034,251	
New Mexico.		5,712,000	1,007,902	
Utah		5,879,582	1,052,000	
Wyoming		5,831,469	1,049,000	
Pacific Contiguous		=	1,011,703	
California		-	1,009,748	
Oregon	17,328,000	-	1,020,000	
Washington		_	-	
Pacific Noncontiguous		-	1,000,000	
Alaska			1,000,000	
Hawaii		-	1,000,000	
		(350 415	1.046.026	
U.S. Average	20,295,373	6,358,415	1,046,036	

¹ Data represents weighted values.
 a = Includes blast furnace gas which has a heat content of 74,000 Btu per thousand cubic feet.
 Note: • Data for 2002 are preliminary.
 Source: • Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table C2. Comparison of Preliminary Versus Final Published Data at the U.S. Level, 1995

Through 1999

	Mean Absolute Value of Change					
Item	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	
onutility						
Generation (million kilowatthours)						
Coal	. NA	NA	NA	NA	2,272	
Petroleum.		NA	NA	NA	1,205	
Gas		NA	NA	NA	811	
Hydroelectric		NA	NA	NA	936	
Nuclear		NA	NA	NA	28	
Other ¹		NA	NA	NA	504	
Total		NA	NA	NA	4,559	
Consumption		****	****	****	1,000	
Coal (thousand short tons)	. NA	NA	NA	NA	1,767	
Petroleum (thousand barrels)		NA	NA	NA	2,694	
Gas (million cubic feet)		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	17,168	
Stocks ¹	. 11/1	11/1	11/1	11/1	17,108	
	NIA	NIA	NIA	NIA	216	
Coal (thousand short tons)		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	316	
Petroleum (thousand barrels)	. NA	NA	NA	NA	40	
Jtility						
Generation (million kilowatthours)	40	1/2	201	201	200	
Coal		162	201	201	288	
Petroleum		64	53	39	103	
Gas		84	168	102	147	
Hydroelectric		298	325	322	354	
Nuclear		4	65	0	0	
Other		0	0	0	0	
Total	. 11	462	285	504	695	
Consumption						
Coal (thousand short tons)	. 27	105	169	114	147	
Petroleum (thousand barrels)	. 1	94	43	76	228	
Gas (million cubic feet)	. 300	899	1,243	1,084	1,668	
Stocks ¹						
Coal (thousand short tons)	. 310	233	501	229	118	
Petroleum (thousand barrels)	. 239	201	130	98	165	
Retail Sales (million kilowatthours)						
Residential	. 79	345	350	626	454	
Commercial		476	1,265	175	2,233	
Industrial		1,129	257	771	654	
Other ²		267	363	33	553	
Total		1,153	1,724	1,466	3,894	
Revenue (million dollars)		-,	-,,	-,.00	2,0,1	
Residential	. 17	2	3	42	27	
Commercial		29	60	17	214	
Industrial		46	32	30	34	
Other ²		1	31	2	3	
Total		46	62	79	277	
Average Revenue per Kilowatthour (cents) ³	. 44	70	02	17	211	
	01	.03	.03	.02	.01	
Residential		.03	.05	.02	.06	
Commercial						
Industrial Other ³		.01	.02	.01	.01	
0 4141	20	.22	.07	.02	.39	
Total	01	.01	.02	.01	.03	
Receipts	2.4	61	71	0.4	1.40	
Coal (thousand short tons)		61	71	84	148	
Petroleum (thousand barrels)		77	28	20	89	
Gas (million cubic feet)	. 227	566	122	365	157	
Cost (cents per million Btu) ³						
Coal		.06	.16	.23	.22	
Petroleum	01	.01	*	*	.01	
Gas	15	.87	.68	.35	.09	

Stocks are end of month values.

Notes: • Change refers to the difference between estimates or preliminary monthly data published in the *Electric Power Monthly* (EPM) and the final monthly data published in the EPM. • Mean absolute value of change is the unweighted average of the absolute changes.

Sources: • Energy Information Administration: Form EIA-900, "Monthly Nonutility Power Plant Report"; For EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions"; and Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report."

Includes public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.

Data represents weighted values.

^{* =} For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5; for percentage calculations, the absolute value is less that 0.05 percent. NA = Not Available.

Table C3. Unit-of-Measure Equivalents for Electricity

Table C5. Unit-of-Measure Equivalents for Elect	nery
Unit	Equivalent
Kilowatt (kW)	1,000 (One Thousand) Watts
Megawatt (MW)	1,000,000 (One Million) Watts
Gigawatt (GW)	1,000,000,000 (One Billion) Watts
Terawatt (TW)	1,000,000,000,000 (One Trillion) Watts
Gigawatt	1,000,000 (One Million) Kilowatts
Thousand Gigawatts	
Kilowatthours (kWh)	1,000 (One Thousand) Watthours
Megawatthours (MWh)	1,000,000 (One Million) Watthours
Gigawatthours (GWh)	1,000,000,000 (One Billion) Watthours
Terawatthours (TWh)	1,000,000,000,000 (One Trillion) Watthours
Gigawatthours	1,000,000 (One Million) Kilowatthours
Thousand Gigawatthours	

Source: Energy Information Administration.

Table C4. Comparison of Sample Versus Census Published Data at the U.S. Level, 1998 and 1999

_		1998	-	1999		
Item	Sample	Census	Difference (percent)	Sample	Census	Difference (percent)
tility						
Generation (million kilowatthours)						
Coal	1,808,070	1,807,480	*	1,773,499	1,767,679	-0.3
Petroleum	105,743	105,440	-0.3	85,737	82,981	-3.3
Gas	308,858	309,222	0.1	297,346	296,381	-0.3
Other ¹	990.948	990.029	-0.1	1,026,354	1,026,632	*
Total		3,212,171	*	3,182,936	3,173,674	-0.3
Consumption						
Coal (1,000 short tons)	912,060	910,867	-0.1	896,616	894,120	-0.3
Petroleum (1,000 barrels)	179,401	178,614	-0.4	148,868	143,830	-3.5
Gas (1,000 Mcf)		3,258,054	-0.1	3,125,417	3,113,419	-0.4
Stocks ²				, ,		
Coal (1,000 short tons)	121.384	120.501	-0.7	128.929	129.041	0.
Petroleum (1,000 barrels)	53,893	53,790	-0.2	45,191	44,312	-2.
Retail Sales (million kilowatthours)				*		
Residential	1,131,520	1,127,735	-0.3	1,139,481	1,140,761	0.1
Commercial		968,528	1.9	975,196	970,601	-0.:
Industrial	1,055,459	1,040,038	-1.5	1,050,363	1,017,783	-3.2
Other ³	100.260	103.518	3.1	100.316	106.754	6.0
All Sectors		3,239,818	0.1	3,265,356	3,235,899	-0.9
Revenue (million dollars)	., ., .	-,,-		-,,	-,,	
Residential	93.511	93.164	-0.4	93.148	93.142	,
Commercial		71,769	1.6	70,190	70,492	0.4
Industrial	47.391	46,550	-1.8	46.442	45,056	-3.
Other ³		6,863	0.7	6,763	6,783	0
All Sectors		218,346	*	216,544	215,473	-0.
Average Revenue per Kilowatthour (cents) ⁴	- /	- /		- /-	- , -	
Residential	8.26	8.26	*	8.17	8.16	-0.
Commercial		7.41	-0.3	7.20	7.26	0.
Industrial	4.49	4.48	-0.3	4.42	4.43	0.
Other ³	6.80	6.63	-2.5	6.74	6.35	-6.
All Sectors		6.74	-0.1	6.63	6.66	0.

Includes geothermal, wood, waste, wind, and solar.

Notes: • The average revenue per kilowatthour is calculated by dividing revenue by sales. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Percent difference is calculated before rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-900, "Monthly Nonutility Power Report;" Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report;" Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report;" Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report;" Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions."

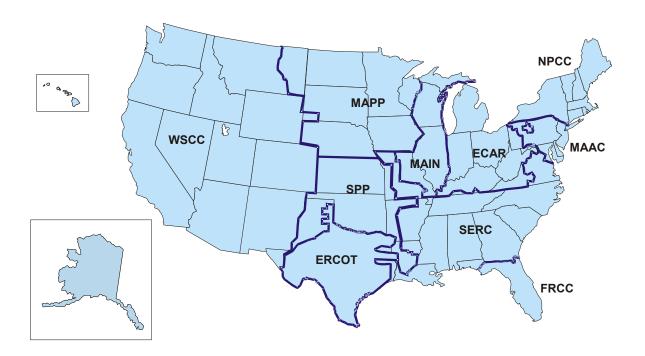
Stocks are end-of-month values.

³ Includes public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.

Data represent weighted values.

^{* =} For detailed data, the absolute value is less than 0.5; for percentage calculations, the absolute values is less than 0.05 percent. NA = Not Available.

Figure C1. North American Electric Reliability Council Regions for the Contiguous United States, Alaska and Hawaii



ECAR – East Central Area Reliability Coordination Agreement

ERCOT – Electric Reliability Council of Texas FRCC – Florida Reliability Coordinating Council

MAAC – Mid-Atlantic Area Council

MAIN – Mid-Atlantic Interconnected Network
 MAPP – Mid-Continent Area Power Pool
 NPCC – Northeast Power Coordinating Council
 SERC – Southeastern Electric Reliability Council

SPP – Southwest Power Pool

WSCC - Western Systems Coordinating Council

Source: North American Electric Reliability Council.

Table C5. Relative Standard Error for Electric Utility Net Generation by State, December 2002 (Percent)

(Percent)	1	1				
State	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydroelectric	Nuclear	Other ¹
Alabama	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska	-	9.04	0.55	NM	-	NM
Arizona	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arkansas	-	0.16	-	5.38	_	-
California	-	_	1.03	0.77	-	_
Colorado	_	4.3	1.15	5.26	_	-
Connecticut	_	NM	-	NM	_	NM
Delaware	_	8.39	_		_	-
Florida	_	0.01	0.03	_	_	_
Georgia	0.02	0.01	NM	2.27	_	_
Hawaii	0.02		1111	2.27		
Idaho	-	-	_	2.51	_	-
Illinois	1.27	NM	NM	NM	-	-
				INIVI	-	-
Indiana	0.16	2.33	1.71	-	-	-
Iowa	0.43	NM	NM	-	-	-
Kansas	-	1.93	NM	-	-	-
Kentucky	0.13			-	-	-
Louisiana	-	-410	0.83	-	-	-
Maine	-	-	-	NM	-	-
Maryland	-	NM	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	NM	NM	NM	NM	-	-
Michigan	0.28	1.05	3.7	NM	-	-
Minnesota	0.77	1.12	NM	3.67	_	-
Mississippi	0.53	NM	0.7	-	_	_
Missouri	<u>-</u>	NM	NM	NM	_	-
Montana	_	NM		0.5	_	_
Nebraska	_	NM	NM	0.36	_	_
Nevada	_	- 1111	- 1111	0.50	_	_
New Hampshire	_	_	_	_	_	_
New Jersey	_	_	_	_	_	_
New Mexico	0.32	-	4.43	NM	-	_
	0.32	0.08	0.49	1.26	-	-
New York	-	0.08	0.49	0.34	-	-
North Carolina	-	-	-	0.34	-	-
North Dakota	0.10	1.52	- >D.4	-	-	-
Ohio	0.18	1.52	NM	-	-	-
Oklahoma	-	NM	0.73	-	-	-
Oregon	-	=	-	=	-	-
Pennsylvania	-	NM	NM	9.01	-	-
Rhode Island	-	NM	-	-	-	-
South Carolina	-	0.24	-	5.15	-	-
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tennessee	-	-	-	-	-	-
Texas	-	NM	0.38	NM	-	-
Utah	-	NM	NM	NM	-	-
Vermont	-	NM	-	NM	-	-
Virginia	_	0.21	2.91	NM	_	_
Washington	_	-	71	0.11	_	_
West Virginia	_	_	_	V.11	_	_
Wisconsin	0.14	4.51	5.11	NM	_	
Wyoming	0.14	7.51	5.11	8.83	-	-
w young	-	-	-	0.03	-	-

¹ Includes geothermal, wood, waste, wind, and solar.

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Relative Standard Error is designed to indicate error due to sampling. However, nonsampling error is important for all surveys, census or sample. See technical notes for further information • Estimates for 2002 are preliminary.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table C6. Relative Standard Error for Electric Utility Fuel Consumption by State, December 2002 (Percent)

	Consumption					
State	Coal	Petroleum	Gas			
Alabama	- ·	-	-			
Alaska	=	8.08	0.73			
Arizona	-	-	-			
Arkansas	-	0.19	-			
California	-	-	0.95			
Colorado	-	2.34	1.26			
Connecticut	-	NM	-			
Delaware	-	7.38				
Florida	-	0.03	0.02			
Georgia	0.05	-	NM			
Hawaii	-	-	-			
Idaho	1.25	- ND 6	- >D/			
Illinois	1.25	NM	NM			
Indiana	0.19	2.2	0.87			
Iowa	0.44	NM 2.22	6 NM			
Kansas	0.14	2.33	NM			
Kentucky	0.14	NM.	0.44			
Louisiana	-	NM	0.44			
Maine	-	NM	NM			
Maryland	NM	NM NM	NM NM			
Massachusetts	0.3	1.19	1.46			
Minnesota	0.3	NM	NM			
Mississippi	0.53	NM	0.38			
Missouri	0.07	NM	5.32			
Montana		NM	5.32			
Nebraska	_	NM	NM			
Nevada	_	-	-			
New Hampshire	_	_	_			
New Jersey	_	_	_			
New Mexico	0.31	_	5.21			
New York	-	0.1	0.26			
North Carolina	-	· · ·	· · · · ·			
North Dakota	-	-	-			
Ohio	0.23	1.43	7.15			
Oklahoma	-	NM	0.35			
Oregon	-	-	-			
Pennsylvania	=	NM	NM			
Rhode Island	=	NM	=			
South Carolina	=	0.16	=			
South Dakota	-	-	-			
Tennessee	-	-	-			
Texas	-	NM	0.24			
Utah	-	NM	NM			
Vermont	-	NM	-			
Virginia	-	0.24	1.62			
Washington	-	-	-			
West Virginia	-	-	.			
Wisconsin	0.11	NM	1.71			
Wyoming	-	-	-			

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers. Notes: • Relative Standard Error is designed to indicate error due to sampling. However, nonsampling error is important for all surveys, census or sample. See technical notes for further information • Estimates for 2002 are preliminary.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table C7. Relative Standard Error for Nonutility Net Generation by Census Division, December 2002

(Percent)

Census Division	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Hydroelectric	Nuclear	Other ¹
New England Mid Atlantic		7.1	2.3 2.6	5.5 3.9	-	9.3
East North Central	0.5	3.5 NM	7.0	NM	-	NM NM
West North Central South Atlantic	0.4	NM 7.8	NM 6.7	NM 1.1	- -	NM 2.8
East South Central West South Central		NM 5.7	NM 1.2	2.1 1.8	-	8.0 3.3
Mountain Pacific Contiguous		NM NM	2.4 1.5	2.8 NM	- -	NM 8.0
Pacific Noncontiguous		7.7	NM	NM	-	NM

¹ Includes geothermal, wood, waste, wind, and solar.

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Relative Standard Error is designed to indicate error due to sampling. However, nonsampling error is important for all surveys, census or sample. See technical notes for further information • Estimates for 2002 are preliminary.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Table C8. Relative Standard Error for Nonutility Fuel Consumption and Stocks by Census **Division, December 2002**

(Percent)

Census Division		Consumption	Stocks		
Census Division	Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Coal	Petroleum
New England	0.7 0.8 NM 1.2	7.7 3.8 NM NM 9.0 NM	2.7 4.0 8.9 NM 5.4 NM		
West South Central	0.3 1.5	NM NM NM 8.3	2.0 3.5 2.3 NM	- - -	- - -

NM = This estimated value is not meaningful due to either insufficient data, large data revisions or the impact that round-off has on small numbers.

Notes: • Relative Standard Error is designed to indicate error due to sampling. However, nonsampling error is important for all surveys, census or sample. See technical notes for further information • Estimates for 2002 are preliminary.

Source: • Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

Glossary

Ampere: The unit of measurement of electrical current produced in a circuit by 1 volt acting through a resistance of 1 ohm.

Anthracite: A hard, black lustrous coal, often referred to as hard coal, containing a high percentage of fixed carbon and a low percentage of volatile matter. Comprises three groups classified according to the following ASTM Specification D388-84, on a dry mineral-matter-free basis:

		Fixed on Limits	Volatil Mattei		
	GE	LT	GT	LE	
Meta-Anthracite	98	_	-	2	
Anthracite	92	98	2	8	
Semiathracite	86	92	8	14	

Average Revenue per Kilowatthour: The average revenue per kilowatthour of electricity sold by sector (residential, commercial, industrial, or other) and geographic area (State, Census division, and national), is calculated by dividing the total monthly revenue by the corresponding total monthly sales for each sector and geographic area.

Barrel: A volumetric unit of measure for crude oil and petroleum products equivalent to 42 U.S. gallons.

Baseload: The minimum amount of electric power delivered or required over a given period of time at a steady rate.

Baseload Capacity: The generating equipment normally operated to serve loads on an around-the-clock basis.

Baseload Plant: A plant, usually housing high-efficiency steam-electric units, which is normally operated to take all or part of the minimum load of a system, and which consequently produces electricity at an essentially constant rate and runs continuously. These units are operated to maximize system mechanical and thermal efficiency and minimize system operating costs.

Bcf: The abbreviation for 1 billion cubic feet.

Bituminous Coal: The most common coal. It is dense and black (often with well-defined bands of bright and dull material). Its moisture content usually is less than 20 percent. It is used for generating electricity, making coke, and space heating. Comprises five groups classified according to the following ASTM Specification D388-84, on a dry mineral-matter-free (mmf) basis for fixed-carbon and volatile matter and a moist mmf basis for calorific value.

	Fixed Carbon Limits		Volatile Matter Limits		Calorific Value Limits Btu/lb	
	GE	LT	GT	LT	GE	LE
LV	78	86	14	22	-	-
MV	69	78	22	31	-	-
HVA	-	69	31	-	14000	_
HVB	-	-	-	-	13000	14000
HVC	-	-	-	-	10500	13000

LV = Low-volatile bituminous coal

MV = Medium-volatile bituminous coal

HVA = High-volatile A bituminous coal

HVB = High-volatile B bituminous coal

HVC = High-volatile C bituminous coal

Boiler: A device for generating steam for power, processing, or heating purposes or for producing hot water for heating purposes or hot water supply. Heat from an external combustion source is transmitted to a fluid contained within the tubes in the boiler shell. This fluid is delivered to an end-use at a desired pressure, temperature, and quality.

Btu (British Thermal Unit): A standard unit for measuring the quantity of heat energy equal to the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water by 1 degree Fahrenheit.

Capability: The maximum load that a generating unit, generating station, or other electrical apparatus can carry under specified conditions for a given period of time without exceeding approved limits of temperature and stress.

Capacity: The full-load continuous rating of a generator, prime mover, or other electric equipment under specified conditions as designated by the manufacturer. It is usually indicated on a nameplate attached to the equipment.

Capacity (Purchased): The amount of energy and capacity available for purchase from outside the system.

Census Divisions: The nine geographic divisions of the United States established by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, for the purpose of statistical analysis. The boundaries of Census divisions coincide with State boundaries. The Pacific Division is subdivided into the Pacific Contiguous and Pacific Noncontiguous areas.

Circuit: A conductor or a system of conductors through which electric current flows.

Coal: A black or brownish-black solid combustible substance formed by the partial decomposition of vegetable matter without access to air. The rank of coal, which includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and lignite, is based on fixed carbon, volatile matter, and heating value. Coal rank indicates the progressive alteration from lignite to anthracite. Lignite contains approximately 9 to 17 million Btu per ton. The contents of subbituminous and bituminous coal range from 16 to 24 million Btu per ton and from 19 to 30 million Btu per ton, respectively. Anthracite contains approximately 22 to 28 million Btu per ton.

Coincidental Demand: The sum of two or more demands that occur in the same time interval

Coincidental Peak Load: The sum of two or more peak loads that occur in the same time interval.

Coke (Petroleum): A residue high in carbon content and low in hydrogen that is the final product of thermal decomposition in the condensation process in cracking. This product is reported as marketable coke or catalyst coke. The conversion factor is 5 barrels (42 U.S. gallons each) per short ton.

Combined Pumped-Storage Plant: A pumped-storage hydroelectric power plant that uses both pumped water and natural streamflow to produce electricity.

Commercial Operation: Commercial operation begins when control of the loading of the generator is turned over to the system dispatcher.

Compressor: A pump or other type of machine using a turbine to compress a gas by reducing the volume.

Consumption (Fuel): The amount of fuel used for gross generation, providing standby service, start-up and/or flame stabilization

Contract Receipts: Purchases based on a negotiated agreement that generally covers a period of 1 or more years.

Cost: The amount paid to acquire resources, such as plant and equipment, fuel, or labor services.

Crude Oil (including Lease Condensate): A mixture of hydrocarbons that existed in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and that remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Included are lease condensate and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite, and shale oil. Drip gases are also included, but topped crude oil (residual oil) and other unfinished oils are excluded. Liquids produced at natural gas processing plants and mixed with crude oil are likewise excluded where identifiable.

Current (Electric): A flow of electrons in an electrical conductor. The strength or rate of movement of the electricity is measured in amperes.

Demand (Electric): The rate at which electric energy is delivered to or by a system, part of a system, or piece of equipment, at a given instant or averaged over any designated period of time.

Demand Interval: The time period during which flow of electricity is measured (usually in 15-, 30-, or 60-minute increments.)

Electric Plant (Physical): A facility containing prime movers, electric generators, and auxiliary equipment for converting mechanical, chemical, and/or fission energy into electric energy.

Electric Utility: An enterprise that is engaged in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electric energy primarily for use by the public and that is the major power supplier within a designated service area. Electric utilities include investor-owned, publicly owned, cooperatively owned, and government-owned (municipals, Federal agencies, State projects, and public power districts) systems.

Energy: The capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy). Energy has several forms, some of which are easily convertible and can be changed to another form useful for work. Most of the world's convertible energy comes from fossil fuels that are burned to produce heat that is then used as a transfer medium to mechanical or other means in order to accomplish tasks. Electrical energy is usually measured in kilowatthours, while heat energy is usually measured in British thermal units.

Energy Deliveries: Energy generated by one electric utility system and delivered to another system through one or more transmission lines.

Energy Receipts: Energy generated by one electric utility system and received by another system through one or more transmission lines.

Energy Source: The primary source that provides the power that is converted to electricity through chemical, mechanical, or other means. Energy sources include coal, petroleum and petroleum products, gas, water, uranium, wind, sunlight, geothermal, and other sources.

Fahrenheit: A temperature scale on which the boiling point of water is at 212 degrees above zero on the scale and the freezing point is at 32 degrees above zero at standard atmospheric pressure.

Failure or Hazard: Any electric power supply equipment or facility failure or other event that, in the judgment of the reporting entity, constitutes a hazard to maintaining the continuity of the bulk electric power supply system such that a load reduction action may become necessary and a reportable outage may occur. The imposition of a special operating procedure, the extended purchase of emergency power, other bulk power system actions that may be caused by a natural disaster, a major equipment failure that would impact the bulk power supply, and an environmental and/or regulatory action requiring equipment outages are types of abnormal conditions that should be reported.

Firm Gas: Gas sold on a continuous and generally long-term contract.

Fossil Fuel: Any naturally occurring organic fuel, such as petroleum, coal, and natural gas.

Fossil-Fuel Plant: A plant using coal, petroleum, or gas as its source of energy.

Fuel: Any substance that can be burned to produce heat; also, materials that can be fissioned in a chain reaction to produce heat.

Fuel Emergencies: An emergency that exists when supplies of fuels or hydroelectric storage for generation are at a level or estimated to be at a level that would threaten the reliability or adequacy of bulk electric power supply. The following factors should be taken into account to determine that a fuel emergency exists: (1) Fuel stock or hydroelectric project water storage levels are 50 percent or less of normal for that particular time of the year and a continued downward trend in fuel stock or hydroelectric project water storage level are estimated; or (2) Unscheduled dispatch or emergency generation is causing an abnormal use of a particular fuel type, such that the future supply or stocks of that fuel could reach a level which threatens the reliability or adequacy of bulk electric power supply.

Gas: A fuel burned under boilers and by internal combustion engines for electric generation. These include natural, manufactured and waste gas.

Generation (Electricity): The process of producing electric energy by transforming other forms of energy; also, the amount of electric energy produced, expressed in watthours (Wh).

Gross Generation: The total amount of electric energy produced by the generating units at a generating station or stations, measured at the generator terminals.

Net Generation: Gross generation less the electric energy consumed at the generating station for station use.

Generator: A machine that converts mechanical energy into electrical energy.

Generator Nameplate Capacity: The full-load continuous rating of a generator, prime mover, or other electric power production equipment under specific conditions as designated by the manufacturer. Installed generator nameplate rating is usually indicated on a nameplate physically attached to the generator.

Geothermal Plant: A plant in which the prime mover is a steam turbine. The turbine is driven either by steam produced from hot water or by natural steam that derives its energy from heat found in rocks or fluids at various depths beneath the surface of the earth. The energy is extracted by drilling and/or pumping.

Gigawatt (GW): One billion watts.

Gigawatthour (GWh): One billion watthours.

Gross Generation: The total amount of electric energy produced by a generating facility, as measured at the generator terminals.

Heavy Oil: The fuel oils remaining after the lighter oils have been distilled off during the refining process. Except for start-up and flame stabilization, virtually all petroleum used in steam plants is heavy oil.

Horsepower: A unit for measuring the rate of work (or power) equivalent to 33,000 foot-pounds per minute or 746 watts.

Hydroelectric Plant: A plant in which the turbine generators are driven by falling water.

Instantaneous Peak Demand: The maximum demand at the instant of greatest load.

Integrated Demand: The summation of the continuously varying instantaneous demand averaged over a specified interval of time. The information is usually determined by examining a demand meter.

Internal Combustion Plant: A plant in which the prime mover is an internal combustion engine. An internal combustion engine has one or more cylinders in which the process of combustion takes place, converting energy released from the rapid burning of a fuel-air mixture into mechanical energy. Diesel or gas-fired engines are the principal types used in electric plants. The plant is usually operated during periods of high demand for electricity.

Interruptible Gas: Gas sold to customers with a provision that permits curtailment or cessation of service at the discretion of the distributing company under certain circumstances, as specified in the service contract.

Kilowatt (kW): One thousand watts.

Kilowatthour (kWh): One thousand watthours.

Light Oil: Lighter fuel oils distilled off during the refining process. Virtually all petroleum used in internal combustion and gas-turbine engines is light oil.

Lignite: A brownish-black coal of low rank with high inherent moisture and volatile matter (used almost exclusively for electric power generation). It is also referred to as brown coal. Comprises two groups classified according to the following ASTM Specification D388-84 for calorific values on a moist material-matter-free basis:

	Limits Btu/lb.	
	GE	LT
Lignite A	6,300	8,300
Lignite B	-	6,300

Maximum Demand: The greatest of all demands of the load that has occurred within a specified period of time.

Mcf: One thousand cubic feet.

Megawatt (MW): One million watts.

Megawatthour (MWh): One million watthours.

MMcf: One million cubic feet.

Natural Gas: A naturally occurring mixture of hydrocarbon and nonhydrocarbon gases found in porous geological formations beneath the earth's surface, often in association with petroleum. The principal constituent is methane.

Net Energy for Load: Net generation of main generating units that are system-owned or system-operated plus energy receipts minus energy deliveries.

Net Generation: Gross generation minus plant use from all electric utility owned plants. The energy required for pumping at a pumped-storage plant is regarded as plant use and must be deducted from the gross generation.

Net Summer Capability: The steady hourly output, which generating equipment is expected to supply to system load exclusive of auxiliary power, as demonstrated by tests at the time of summer peak demand.

Noncoincidental Peak Load: The sum of two or more peak loads on individual systems that do not occur in the same time interval. Meaningful only when considering loads within a limited period of time, such as a day, week, month, a heating or cooling season, and usually for not more than 1 year.

North American Electric Reliability Council (NERC): A council formed in 1968 by the electric utility industry to

promote the reliability and adequacy of bulk power supply in the electric utility systems of North America. The NERC Regions are:

ASCC – Alaskan System Coordination Council

ECAR – East Central Area Reliability Coordination Agreement

ERCOT - Electric Reliability Council of Texas

FRCC – Florida Reliability Coordinating Council

MAIN – Mid-America Interconnected Network

MAAC – Mid-Atlantic Area Council

MAPP - Mid-Continent Area Power Pool

NPCC – Northeast Power Coordinating Council

SERC – Southeastern Electric Reliability Council

SPP – Southwest Power Pool

WSCC - Western Systems Coordinating Council

Nuclear Fuel: Fissionable materials that have been enriched to such a composition that, when placed in a nuclear reactor, will support a self-sustaining fission chain reaction, producing heat in a controlled manner for process use.

Nuclear Power Plant: A facility in which heat produced in a reactor by the fissioning of nuclear fuel is used to drive a steam turbine.

Off-Peak Gas: Gas that is to be delivered and taken on demand when demand is not at its peak.

Ohm: The unit of measurement of electrical resistance. The resistance of a circuit in which a potential difference of 1 volt produces a current of 1 ampere.

Operable Nuclear Unit: A nuclear unit is "operable" after it completes low-power testing and is granted authorization to operate at full power. This occurs when it receives its full power amendment to its operating license from the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Other Gas: Includes manufactured gas, coke-oven gas, blast-furnace gas, and refinery gas. Manufactured gas is obtained by distillation of coal, by the thermal decomposition of oil, or by the reaction of steam passing through a bed of heated coal or coke.

Other Generation: Electricity originating from these sources: biomass, fuel cells, geothermal heat, solar power, waste, wind, and wood.

Other Unavailable Capability: Net capability of main generating units that are unavailable for load for reasons other than full-forced outrage or scheduled maintenance. Legal restrictions or other causes make these units unavailable.

Peak Demand: The maximum load during a specified period of time.

Peak Load Plant: A plant usually housing old, low-efficiency steam units; gas turbines; diesels; or pumped-storage hydroelectric equipment normally used during the peak-load periods.

Peaking Capacity: Capacity of generating equipment normally reserved for operation during the hours of highest daily, weekly, or seasonal loads. Some generating equipment may be operated at certain times as peaking capacity and at other times to serve loads on an around-the-clock basis.

Percent Difference: The relative change in a quantity over a specified time period. It is calculated as follows: the current value has the previous value subtracted from it; this new number is divided by the absolute value of the previous value; then this new number is multiplied by 100.

Petroleum: A mixture of hydrocarbons existing in the liquid state found in natural underground reservoirs, often associated with gas. Petroleum includes fuel oil No. 2, No. 4, No. 5, No. 6; topped crude; Kerosene; and jet fuel.

Petroleum Coke: See Coke (Petroleum).

Petroleum (Crude Oil): A naturally occurring, oily, flammable liquid composed principally of hydrocarbons. Crude oil is occasionally found in springs or pools but usually is drilled from wells beneath the earth's surface.

Plant: A facility at which are located prime movers, electric generators, and auxiliary equipment for converting mechanical, chemical, and/or nuclear energy into electric energy. A plant may contain more than one type of prime mover. Electric utility plants exclude facilities that satisfy the definition of a qualifying facility under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978.

Plant Use: The electric energy used in the operation of a plant. Included in this definition is the energy required for pumping at pumped-storage plants.

Plant-Use Electricity: The electric energy used in the operation of a plant. This energy total is subtracted from the gross energy production of the plant; for reporting purposes the plant energy production is then reported as a net figure. The energy required for pumping at pumped-storage plants is, by definition, subtracted, and the energy production for these plants is then reported as a net figure.

Power: The rate at which energy is transferred. Electrical energy is usually measured in watts. Also used for a measurement of capacity.

Price: The amount of money or consideration-in-kind for which a service is bought, sold, or offered for sale.

Prime Mover: The motive force that drives an electric generator (e.g., steam engine, turbine, or water wheel).

Production (Electric): Act or process of producing electric energy from other forms of energy; also, the amount of electric energy expressed in watthours (Wh).

Pumped-Storage Hydroelectric Plant: A plant that usually generates electric energy during peak-load periods by using water previously pumped into an elevated storage reservoir during off-peak periods when excess generating capacity is available to do so. When additional generating capacity is needed, the water can be released from the reservoir through a conduit to turbine generators located in a power plant at a lower level.

Pure Pumped-Storage Hydroelectric Plant: A plant that produces power only from water that has previously been pumped to an upper reservoir.

Qualifying Facility (QF): This is a cogenerator or small power producer that meets certain ownership, operating and efficiency criteria established by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) pursuant to the PURPA, and has filed with the FERC for QF status or has self-certified. For additional information, see the Code of Federal Regulation, Title 18, Part 292.

Railroad and Railway Electric Service: Electricity supplied to railroads and interurban and street railways, for general railroad use, including the propulsion of cars or locomotives, where such electricity is supplied under separate and distinct rate schedules.

Receipts: Purchases of fuel.

Reserve Margin (Operating): The amount of unused available capability of an electric power system at peak load for a utility system as a percentage of total capability.

Restoration Time: The time when the major portion of the interrupted load has been restored and the emergency is considered to be ended. However, some of the loads interrupted may not have been restored due to local problems.

Restricted-Universe Census: This is the complete enumeration of data from a specifically defined subset of entities including, for example, those that exceed a given level of sales or generator nameplate capacity.

Retail: Sales covering electrical energy supplied for residential, commercial, and industrial end-use purposes. Other small classes, such as agriculture and street lighting, also are included in this category.

Running and Quick-Start Capability: The net capability of generating units that carry load or have quick-start capability. In general, quick-start capability refers to generating units that can be available for load within a 30-minute period.

Sales: The amount of kilowatthours sold in a given period of time; usually grouped by classes of service, such as residential, commercial, industrial, and other. Other sales include public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities and railways, and interdepartmental sales.

Sales for Resale: Energy supplied to other electric utilities, cooperatives, municipalities, and Federal and State electric agencies for resale to ultimate consumers.

Scheduled Outage: The shutdown of a generating unit, transmission line, or other facility, for inspection or maintenance, in accordance with an advance schedule.

Short Ton: A unit of weight equal to 2,000 pounds.

Spot Purchases: A single shipment of fuel or volumes of fuel, purchased for delivery within 1 year. Spot purchases are often made by a user to fulfill a certain portion of energy requirements, to meet unanticipated energy needs, or to take advantage of low-fuel prices.

Standby Facility: A facility that supports a utility system and is generally running under no-load. It is available to replace or supplement a facility normally in service.

Standby Service: Support service that is available, as needed, to supplement a consumer, a utility system, or to another utility if a schedule or an agreement authorizes the transaction. The service is not regularly used.

Steam-Electric Plant (Conventional): A plant in which the prime mover is a steam turbine. The steam used to drive the turbine is produced in a boiler where fossil fuels are burned.

Stocks: A supply of fuel accumulated for future use. This includes coal and fuel oil stocks at the plant site, in coal cars, tanks, or barges at the plant site, or at separate storage sites.

Subbituminous Coal: Subbituminous coal, or black lignite, is dull black and generally contains 20 to 30 percent moisture. The heat content of subbituminous coal ranges from 16 to 24 million Btu per ton as received and averages about 18 million Btu per ton. Subbituminous coal, mined in the western coal fields, is used for generating electricity and space heating.

Substation: Facility equipment that switches, changes, or regulates electric voltage.

Sulfur: One of the elements present in varying quantities in coal which contributes to environmental degradation when coal is burned. In terms of sulfur content by weight, coal is generally classified as low (less than or equal to 1

percent), medium (greater than 1 percent and less than or equal to 3 percent), and high (greater than 3 percent). Sulfur content is measured as a percent by weight of coal on an "as received" or a "dry" (moisture-free, usually part of a laboratory analysis) basis.

Switching Station: Facility equipment used to tie together two or more electric circuits through switches. The switches are selectively arranged to permit a circuit to be disconnected, or to change the electric connection between the circuits.

System (Electric): Physically connected generation, transmission, and distribution facilities operated as an integrated unit under one central management, or operating supervision.

Transformer: An electrical device for changing the voltage of alternating current.

Transmission: The movement or transfer of electric energy over an interconnected group of lines and associated equipment between points of supply and points at which it is transformed for delivery to consumers, or is delivered to other electric systems. Transmission is considered to end when the energy is transformed for distribution to the consumer.

Transmission System (Electric): An interconnected group of electric transmission lines and associated equipment for moving or transferring electric energy in bulk between points of supply and points at which it is transformed for delivery over the distribution system lines to consumers, or is delivered to other electric systems.

Turbine: A machine for generating rotary mechanical power from the energy of a stream of fluid (such as water, steam, or hot gas). Turbines convert the kinetic energy of fluids to mechanical energy through the principles of impulse and reaction, or a mixture of the two.

Watt: The electrical unit of power. The rate of energy transfer equivalent to 1 ampere flowing under a pressure of 1 volt at unity power factor.

Watthour (Wh): An electrical energy unit of measure equal to 1 watt of power supplied to, or taken from, an electric circuit steadily for 1 hour.

Wheeling Service: The movement of electricity from one system to another over transmission facilities of intervening systems. Wheeling service contracts can be established between two or more systems.

Year to Date: The cumulative sum of each month's value starting with January and ending with the current month of the data.