Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants 2002 and 2003

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Energy Information Administration
Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels
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Washington DC 20585

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Preface

Background

The Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants 2002 and 2003 is prepared by the Electric Power Division; Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (CNEAF); Energy Information Administration (EIA); U.S. Department of Energy. This publication provides information concerning the quality, quantity, and cost of fossil fuels used by electric power generating plants in the United States. These plants are comprised of regulated utility power plants and independent power producers, including combined heat and power producers in the This publication commercial and industrial sectors. expands the coverage of fuel cost and quality data presented in the publication Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants 2001 and prior issues. This issue includes data from independent power producers (IPPs) and other generators, along with regulated electric utility data, for 2002 and 2003. Prior to 2002, the data for the unregulated plants were not collected by either the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) or EIA.

Coverage of Sources

Beginning with 2002 data, the information contained in this publication is compiled from both the FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants," and the EIA Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report." Both surveys collect data monthly from steam-electric and combined-cycle fossil-fueled plants with a total generator nameplate capacity of 50 or more megawatts. Data for gas turbines and internal combustion units are not collected on the FERC Form 423 survey, nor is their generating capacity used to determine the 50-megawatt threshold. However, on the Form EIA-423, data are collected for gas turbines and internal combustion units and the capacity of those generators is used to determine the 50-megawatt threshold. The geographic coverage of the survey includes the contiguous United States, Alaska, Hawaii, and the District of Columbia.

Understanding the effect of the restructuring of the electricity industry is important when reviewing data presented in this publication. Since January 1998, many electric utilities have sold their plants or created subsidiaries whose assets are not regulated by state public utility commissions. Once a plant becomes the property of such an entity, it is no longer required to file on the FERC Form 423. The EIA has attempted to capture the

data from these unregulated entities on the Form EIA-423, which originated in 2002.

One of the most important effects of restructuring on data presented in this publication is the cost data. Restructuring has allowed many plants to stop reporting data on the FERC Form 423. In doing so, data at the State, Census Division, and National levels have been affected by the elimination of respondents from the survey. Depending on the volume and price of fuel delivered to a specific plant, its removal from the database can substantially change the weighted average cost of fuel shown for a particular State. Data on the cost of fuel collected on this survey have historically been used by many industry participants as part of an index to adjust the price of fuel delivered under contracts. The use of these data should be reviewed to determine the effect that reclassification and subsequent removal of plants from the database have on the index. Please note that the cost data on the Form EIA-423 survey are considered confidential. This may result in the appearance of a 'W' (for withheld) in a State where suppression rules apply. suppression rules methodology: "Policy on the Disclosure of Individually Identifiable Energy Information in the Possession of the EIA" [45 Federal Register 59812, 1980].)

Display of Average Fuel Cost Information

For most of the tables presented in the *Cost and Ouality* of Fuels for Electric Plants 2002 and 2003, costs expressed as a "Total" are reflective of the average delivered costs of fuel as submitted via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. As such, State- and National-level aggregations are published if sufficient data are available to avoid disclosure of individual company plant-level costs. Due to some of the detailed information presented in the Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants 2002 and 2003 tables (i.e. where fuel rank, mine type or purchase type are presented), the sensitive nature of the cost information dictates that a significant amount of information be withheld. Therefore, in order to provide as much meaningful cost information as possible, the average costs presented for these levels of detail are reflective only of the costs submitted via the FERC Form 423. Notes have been provided for each table to assist with the interpretation of the information presented.

Estimation Procedures

Beginning with the data collected in 2003, the EIA implemented an estimation procedure to account for monthly FERC Form 423 fuel receipts data that were determined to either be out of range or missing due to non-response. As such, the 2003 data presented in this publication cannot be compared directly with the 2002 data. See Appendix for details.

Update to Information Previously Published

The EIA has included revisions to the information originally presented in the *Electric Power Annual 2003*, with the publication of the *Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants 2002 and 2003*.

Subsequent to the publication of the *Electric Power Annual* 2003 a few inconsistencies were discovered pertaining to the 2003 data. In addition, the estimation procedure used for the data collected via the FERC Form 423 has been enhanced.

The EIA felt it appropriate to correct the data inconsistencies and to incorporate the enhancements to the estimation procedure in conjunction with the publication of the *Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants 2002 and 2003*.

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Summary Tables

Table ES1.A. Receipts of Fossil Fuels by Type of Fuel, 2003

Type of Fuel	Total All Sectors	Electric Utilities	Independent Power Producers	Commercial Sector	Industrial Sector
Total Coal (thousand tons) ¹	986,026	746,594	223,984	372	15,076
Bituminous ²	436,809	351,513	76,129	372	8,796
Subbituminous	432,513	346,253	83,266		2,993
Lignite	79,869	36,301	41,263		2,305
Total Petroleum Liquids (thousand barrels)	185,567	111,361	66,570	43	7,594
Petroleum Liquids	156,338	95,534	56,138	43	4,624
Residual ³	133,667	84,947	45,616		3,103
Distillate ⁴	19,546	10,587	8,409	43	508
Other Fuel Oil ⁵	3,126		2,113		1,013
Petroleum Coke ⁶	29,229	15,826	10,432		2,971
Total Natural Gas (million cubic feet) ⁷	5,500,704	1,439,513	3,244,368	17,827	798,996

¹ Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal.

² Includes anthracite.

³ Residual fuel oil (No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils and bunker C fuel oil).

⁴ Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils).

⁵ Other Fuel Oil includes jet fuel, kerosene, and waste oil.

⁶ Petroleum coke (converted to liquid petroleum equivalent). As stated in the EIA Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/electricity/page/glossary.html), in order to convert petroleum coke to liquid petroleum equivalent the quantity conversion is 5 barrels (of 42 U.S. gallons per barrel) per short ton (2,000 pounds). Coke from petroleum has a heating value of 6.024 million Btu per barrel.

Notural gas, including a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. Natural gas values do not include blast furnace gas or other gas. Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Mcf = thousand cubic feet.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report;" Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table ES1.B. Receipts of Fossil Fuels by Type of Fuel, 2002

Type of Fuel	Total All Sectors	Electric Utilities	Independent Power Producers	Commercial Sector	Industrial Sector
Total Coal (thousand tons) ¹	884,287	687,747	182,482	399	13,659
Bituminous ²	412,589	318,589	84,844	399	8,756
Subbituminous	391,785	333,228	55,868		2,688
Lignite	65,555 ^R	35,929	27,415		2,211
Total Petroleum Liquids (thousand barrels)	120,851	77,194	38,236	91	5,330
Petroleum Liquids	98,581	63,809	30,043	91	4,638
Residual ³	87,531	59,824	24,308		3,398
Distillate ⁴	9,821	3,986	5,239	91	506
Other Fuel Oil ⁵	1,230		496		734
Petroleum Coke ⁶	22,270	13,385	8,193		692
Total Natural Gas (million cubic feet) ⁷	5,607,737	1,634,734	3,126,308	18,256	828,439

¹ Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal.

Notes: • Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Mcf = thousand cubic feet.

² Includes anthracite.

³ Residual fuel oil (No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils and bunker C fuel oil).

⁴ Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils).

⁵ Other Fuel Oil includes jet fuel, kerosene, and waste oil.

⁶ Petroleum coke (converted to liquid petroleum equivalent). As stated in the EIA Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/electricity/page/glossary.html), in order to convert petroleum coke to liquid petroleum equivalent the quantity conversion is 5 barrels (of 42 U.S. gallons per barrel) per short ton (2,000 pounds). Coke from petroleum has a heating value of 6.024 million Btu per barrel.

⁷ Natural gas, including a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. Natural gas values do not include blast furnace gas or other gas. R = Revised.

Table ES2.A. Average Delivered Cost of Fuels by Type of Fuel, 2003

Type of Fuel	Total All Sectors	Electric Utilities	Independent Power Producers	Commercial Sector	Industrial Sector
Total Coal (dollars per ton) ¹	26.00	25.82	26.20	47.24	31.01
Bituminous ²	34.72	34.05	37.35	47.24	38.41
Subbituminous	19.41	18.76	21.95		23.82
Lignite	13.22	11.38	14.90		12.29
Total Petroleum Liquids (dollars per barrel)	26.78	26.04	28.79	40.82	19.82
Petroleum Liquids	31.02	29.66	33.50	40.82	28.86
Residual ³	29.67	28.40	32.01		30.12
Distillate ⁴	39.72	39.78	39.67	40.82	39.08
Other Fuel Oil ³	34.38		41.33		19.88
Petroleum Coke ⁶	4.08	4.19	3.43		5.75
Total Natural Gas (dollar per Mcf) ⁷	5.55	5.77	5.48	5.06	5.48

¹ Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal.

² Includes anthracite.

³ Residual fuel oil (No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils and bunker C fuel oil).

⁴ Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils).

⁵ Other Fuel Oil includes jet fuel, kerosene, and waste oil.

⁶ Petroleum coke (converted to liquid petroleum equivalent). As stated in the EIA Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/electricity/page/glossary.html), in order to convert petroleum coke to liquid petroleum equivalent the quantity conversion is 5 barrels (of 42 U.S. gallons per barrel) per short ton (2,000 pounds). Coke from petroleum has a heating value of 6.024 million Btu per barrel.

Notes: Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. Mcf = thousand cubic feet. Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report;" Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table ES2.B. Average Delivered Cost of Fuels by Type of Fuel, 2002

Type of Fuel	Total All Sectors	Electric Utilities	Independent Power Producers	Commercial Sector	Industrial Sector
Total Coal (dollars per ton) ¹	25.52	24.74	27.96	50.44	31.29
Bituminous ²	34.07	33.37	36.12	50.44	38.66
Subbituminous	18.47	17.87	21.79		23.59
Lignite	13.50	11.87	15.80		11.46
Total Petroleum Liquids (dollars per barrel)	20.77	20.35	21.69	29.73	19.98
Petroleum Liquids	24.45	23.88	25.98	29.73	22.33
Residual ³	23.81	23.32	25.08		23.30
Distillate ⁴	30.88	32.22	29.88	29.73	30.90
Other Fuel Oil ⁵	18.71		28.75		11.92
Petroleum Coke ⁶	4.46	3.54	6.00		4.24
Total Natural Gas (dollar per Mcf) ⁷	3.65	3.78	3.63	3.52	3.46

¹ Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal.

² Includes anthracite.

³ Residual fuel oil (No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils and bunker C fuel oil).

⁴ Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils).

⁵ Other Fuel Oil includes jet fuel, kerosene, and waste oil.

⁶ Petroleum coke (converted to liquid petroleum equivalent). As stated in the EIA Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/electricity/page/glossary.html), in order to convert petroleum coke to liquid petroleum equivalent the quantity conversion is 5 barrels (of 42 U.S. gallons per barrel) per short ton (2,000 pounds). Coke from petroleum has a heating value of 6.024 million Btu per barrel.

Notes: • Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. these data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Mcf = thousand cubic feet. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report," Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table ES3. Average Quality of Coal by State of Origin: Total (All Sectors), 2003 - 2002

State of Origin	Heat Value (Btu per pound)			Sulfur (percent by weight)		Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)		Ash (percent by weight)	
State of Origin	2003	20021	2003	20021	2003	20021	2003	20021	
Alabama	12,095	12,098	1.14	1.17	.94	.96	12.80	12.24	
Arizona	10,893	10,937	.50	.51	.46	.47	9.82	9.59	
Colorado	11,183	11,229	.55	.50	.49	.45	9.21	8.73	
Illinois	11,345	11,374	2.19	2.27	1.93	2.00	8.18	8.33	
Indiana	11,162	11,114	2.18	2.22	1.95	1.99	8.69	9.04	
Kansas	11,313	10,614	2.77	3.57	2.45	3.37	16.17	19.72	
Kentucky	12,189	12,218	1.49	1.51	1.22	1.23	10.44	10.45	
Louisiana	6,732	6,957	.87	.93	1.29	1.33	13.68	13.28	
Maryland	12,373	12,265	1.40	1.68	1.13	1.37	13.22	14.60	
Mississippi	5,084	5,725	.51	.54	1.01	.95	15.57	16.34	
Missouri	10,675	10,732	4.95	5.69	4.64	5.30	17.55	18.51	
Montana	8,920	8,986	.53	.53	.60	.59	7.05	6.76	
New Mexico	9,293	9,478	.74	.72	.79	.75	19.32	19.31	
North Dakota	6,535	6,523	.69	.73	1.06	1.12	9.50	9.36	
Ohio	12,253	11,977	3.34	3.31	2.72	2.76	9.43	10.32	
Oklahoma	11,971	12,017	2.45	2.69	2.05	2.24	15.67	16.58	
Pennsylvania	11,953	12.390	2.00	1.99	1.68	1.60	13.84	11.71	
Tennessee	12,573	12,877	.97	1.10	.77	.85	9.54	8.62	
Texas	6,433	6,504	1.27	1.10	1.98	1.70	17.05	15.85	
U tah	11,445	11,598	.58	.57	.51	.49	11.38	10.50	
Virginia	12,781	12,907	.90	.98	.70	.76	10.26	9.69	
Washington	7,840	7,829	1.11	1.09	1.42	1.40	15.63	19.98	
West Virginia	12,325	12,380	1.25	1.28	1.02	1.03	11.26	11.08	
Wyoming	8,707	8,687	.32	.32	.37	.37	5.16	5.18	
Subtotal	10,016	10,144	.96	.95	.96	.93	9.11	8.74	
Imported	11,884	12,055	.61	.59	.51	.49	5.57	6.02	
Unclassified	10,842	8,872	1.12	1.68	1.03	1.90	8.53	21.69	
Total	10,137	10,168 ^R	.97	.94	.96	.92	8.98	8.74	

¹ Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423

R = Revised

Notes: • Coal includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • For 2002 the methodology for developing the heat value was modified. As a result, the heat value displayed for the U.S. Total in 2002 differs from the same value published previously in Table 4.7 of the 2004 Electric Power Annual publication. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossilfueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report," Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table ES4. Receipts of Coal by Rank: Total (All Sectors), 2003 - 2002

Rank	Receipts (thousand		Average	Average Delivered Cost			
RailK	tons)	Btu (per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per Million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
2003							
Total Coal ¹	986,026	10,137	.97	.96	8.98	128	26.00
Bituminous ²	436,809	12,069	1.49	1.23	9.94	144	34.72
Subbituminous	432,513	8,783	.38	.43	6.35	110	19.41
Lignite	79,869	6,422	1.03	1.60	14.41	103	13.22
20023							
Total Coal ¹	884,287	10,168 ^R	.94	.92	8.74	125	25.52
Bituminous ²	412,589	12,037	1.47	1.22	10.08	142	34.07
Subbituminous	391,785	8,778	.36	.41	6.22	105	18.47
Lignite	65,555 ^R	6,488	.93	1.43	13.30	104	13.50

¹ Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal.

R = Revised.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

² Includes anthracite.

³ Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423.

Fossil - Fuel Data at the Census Division and State Level

Table 1. Receipts of Coal for Electric Generation by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003 and 2002 (Thousand Tons)

Census Division and State	2003	2002^{1}
New England	7,941	7,146
Connecticut	1,806	1,278
Maine	268	221
Massachusetts	4.378	4,132
	,	,
New Hampshire	1,489	1,515
Rhode Island		
/ermont		
Middle Atlantic	55,661	51,917
New Jersey	4,765	3,948
New York	9,570	8,580
Pennsylvania	41,327	39,389
East North Central	210,248	184.689
llinois	54,244	50,981
ndiana	55,854	45,285
Michigan	33,846	32,596
Ohio	43,200	32,272
Visconsin	23,104	23,555
Vest North Central	144,589	141,445
owa	19,863	22,545
Kansas	21,438	20,982
		*
Ainnesota	20,558	18,860
Missouri	42,999	39,375
Nebraska	12,479	12,432
North Dakota	25,254	25,378
South Dakota	1,998	1,872
South Atlantic	177,204	158,244
Delaware	1,667	1,446
	1,007	1,440
District of Columbia		
Florida	34,303	24,122
Georgia	34,309	31,269
Maryland	11,112	11,371
North Carolina	30,053	24,848
South Carolina	13,214	14,795
Virginia	14,576	14,584
West Virginia	37,970	35,808
East South Central	117,866	100,750
Alabama	36,297	28,984
Kentucky	38,702	32,138
Mississippi	9,581	7,762
Tennessee	33,287	31,865
West South Central	147,294	126,351
Arkansas	13,763	13,728
		*
Louisiana	13,809	16,018
Oklahoma	21,161	21,945
Texas	98,562	74,661
Mountain	113,140	102,916
Arizona	18,657	17,613
Colorado	18,904	19,080
daho	- ye = -	
_	10,724	9,976
Montana	*	*
Nevada	7,732	7,573
New Mexico	16,514	9,718
Jtah	15,330	14,699
Vyoming	25,279	24,256
Pacific Contiguous	11,368	10,235
California	1,430	1,454
Oregon	2,667	2,068
Vashington	7,270	6,712
Pacific Noncontiguous	715	597
Alaska		
Hawaii	715	597
J.S. Total	986,026	884,287

¹ Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423.

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants." Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 2. Average Delivered Cost of Coal by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003 and 2002

Census Division	2	003	2	0021		Percent Change 2002-
and State	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	2003 (cents per million Btu)	2003 (dollars per ton)
New England	189	45.69	200	49.81	-5.10	-8.28
Connecticut	W	W	W	W	W	W
Maine	W	W	241	63.32	W	W
Massachusetts	W	W	W	W	W	W
New Hampshire	170	45.16	180	47.75	-5.54	-5.42
Rhode Island		 				
Vermont Middle Atlantic	134	32.17	136	33.45	99	-3.83
New Jersey	180	46.90	187	49.22	-4.14	-4.71
New York	159	40.01	155	40.36	2.90	87
Pennsylvania	122	28.65	125	30.36	-2.58	-5.63
East North Central	121	24.88	121	24.72	.20	.65
Illinois	116	21.28	119	21.93	-2.19	-2.96
Indiana	W	W	W	W	W	W
Michigan	134	27.23	W	W	W	W
Ohio	121	29.47	W	W	W	W
Wisconsin	W	W	112	20.40	W	W
West North Central	91	15.22	89	14.81	2.41	2.80
Iowa	W	W	W	W	W	W
Kansas	101	17.49	98	16.85	3.23	3.80
Minnesota	W	W	W	W	W	W
Missouri	W	W	W	W	W	W 2.20
Nebraska	60	10.39	58	10.05	3.10	3.38
North Dakota	74 134	9.72 23.00	74 130	9.76 22.14	13 3.73	41 3.88
South Atlantic	162	39.75	159	39.00	1.99	1.91
Delaware	W	W	W	W	W	W
District of Columbia		** 	· · ·			
Florida	176	43.11	176	43.21	37	23
Georgia	172	40.11	W	W	W	W
Maryland	163	41.42	163	41.83	26	98
North Carolina	178	44.31	176	43.75	1.27	1.28
South Carolina	W	W	W	W	W	W
Virginia	167	42.72	169	43.33	-1.57	-1.41
West Virginia	125	30.31	121	29.22	3.31	3.73
East South Central	133	29.68	129	28.85	3.34	2.87
Alabama	W	W	W	W	W	W
Kentucky	123	28.24	119	27.25	3.32	3.63
Mississippi	W	W	W	W	W	W
Tennessee	W	W	W	W	W	W
West South Central	121 120	19.26 20.94	W 84	W 14.52	W 42.99	W 44.21
ArkansasLouisiana	120 W	20.94 W	84 W	14.52 W	42.99 W	44.21 W
Oklahoma	W	W	W	W	W	W
Texas	125	19.08	126	19.42	84	-1.75
Mountain	107	20.70	103	20.17	3.76	2.64
Arizona	W	W	W	W	W	W
Colorado	97	18.92	95	18.58	1.60	1.83
Idaho						
Montana	W	W	W	W	W	W
Nevada	142	31.52	134	30.21	5.89	4.34
New Mexico	143	26.12	153	28.87	-6.76	-9.53
Utah	W	W	W	W	W	W
Wyoming	82	14.53	79	13.76	4.79	5.60
Pacific Contiguous	W	W	W	W	W	W
California	173	41.25	180	42.72	-4.14	-3.44
Oregon	125	21.33	133	23.11	-5.76	-7.70
Washington	W	W	W	W	W	W
Pacific Noncontiguous	W	W	W	W	W	W
Alaska	 W	 W		 W/	 W	 W
Hawaii	W 128	W 26.00	W 125	W 25.52	W 2.18	W 1 88
U.S. Total	128	26.00	125	25.52	2.18	1.88

¹ Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, and Tennessee does not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs presented in this table reflect the initial delivery costs, not any additional costs incurred to deliver the coal from the transfer facility to the power plant site. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms. Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels f

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 3.A. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Coal by Type of Purchase, Mine Type, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003

				Ту	pe of Purcha	ase			
		Contract			Spot		Un	classified/Ot	her
Census Division and State	D	C	ost	D	C	lost	D	C	ost
	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
New England	6,052	209	52.60	639	178	46.12	1,251	170	44.67
Connecticut	1,738 268			68					
Maine		211	53.00	289	188	47.60	84	162	38.73
New Hampshire	41	195	50.54	281	168	44.66	1,167	170	45.09
Rhode Island									
Vermont									
Middle Atlantic	50,351	152	39.62	5,310	160	41.33	1	158	41.06
New Jersey	4,245	215	56.46	520	180	47.15		150	41.06
New York Pennsylvania	8,797 37,309	146 121	38.50 31.18	772 4,017	151 103	38.84 23.90	1	158	41.06
East North Central	157,526	119	24.91	34,330	103	28.18	18,392	125	25.76
Illinois	46,373	115	22.06	6,532	102	18.84	1,338	134	28.93
Indiana	43,427	117	24.78	7,294	120	26.28	5,133	123	24.60
Michigan	22,924	135	27.28	4,317	137	28.75	6,604	127	24.40
Ohio	23,894	118	28.87	15,535	122	29.05	3,771	121	29.71
Wisconsin		108	19.17	652	142	30.87	1,545	125	22.99
West North Central	130,057 15,216	90 86	15.02 14.89	7,967 449	91 112	16.32 22.99	6,565 4,198	86 85	14.10 14.58
Kansas	19,784	104	17.87	1,474	71	12.40	180	103	17.61
Minnesota	19,833	106	18.77	583	134	24.88	142	111	19.70
Missouri	38,062	91	16.12	4,263	95	16.99	675	98	17.75
Nebraska	11,263	59	10.26	1,139	68	11.67	78	59	10.21
North Dakota	23,958	74	9.72	4	121	21.06	1,292	75	9.76
South Dakota	1,942	135	23.01	56	129	22.70			42.62
South Atlantic Delaware	109,575 1,129	160	39.52	40,025 537	161	38.04	27,604	174	42.63
District of Columbia	1,129								
Florida	13,904	165	40.05	6,695	171	42.60	13,704	179	44.17
Georgia	19,893	172	43.03	10,709	173	35.47	3,707	171	37.97
Maryland	9,966			1,146					
North Carolina	21,121	178	44.03	6,398	179	44.14	2,535	178	44.27
South Carolina	4,413 9,937	162	41.08	3,476	158 159	39.99	5,325	163	41.39 42.46
Virginia West Virginia	29,212	152 128	38.62 31.07	2,396 8,667	139	40.90 31.71	2,242 91	166 127	31.09
East South Central	90,452	133	29.78	10,987	140	34.05	16,427	132	30.93
Alabama	27,631	148	31.79	1,442	154	36.36	7,224	142	32.85
Kentucky	27,432	125	28.53	5,717	130	31.65	5,553	121	28.09
Mississippi		158	37.02	1,455	155	38.56			
Tennessee	27,263	123	27.55	2,373	147	35.28	3,651	130	31.47
West South Central	108,723 1,325	113 149	18.64 25.55	21,875 11,891	118 116	20.70 20.42	16,697 547	127 119	21.17 21.03
Arkansas	10,539	133	21.95	415		20.42	2,855	132	18.07
Oklahoma	19,346	95	16.61	611	98	16.85	1,204	96	16.71
Texas	77,513	122	19.16	8,958	129	22.43	12,091	129	22.35
Mountain	105,787	109	20.97	3,269	106	21.79	4,084	109	24.33
Arizona	16,838	126	25.53	1,767	125	24.00	53	144	27.55
Colorado		97	18.69	1,130	88	19.01	1,072	103	22.43
IdahoMontana	10,631	62	10.56	93	127	22.13			
Nevada		144	32.05	93	127	22.13	1,178	127	28.60
New Mexico	16,514	143	26.12				1,176	127	28.00
Utah		106	23.75	279	76	18.91	1,781	100	22.54
Wyoming	25,279	82	14.53						
Pacific Contiguous	8,595			2,566	127	21.50	207	110	19.35
California	1,324			106	127	21.50	207	110	10.25
Oregon				2,460	127	21.50	207	110	19.35
Washington Pacific Noncontiguous	7,270 715			 					
Alaska	713								
Hawaii	715								
U.S. Total	767,832	121	24.31	126,967	137	29.95	91,227	141	30.30

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal. • Receipts reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost of fuel reflects data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data processes and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, and Tennessee does not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs presented in this table reflect the initial delivery costs, not any additional costs incurred to deliver the coal from the transfer facility to the power plant site. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent roundi

Table 3.A. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Coal by Type of Purchase, Mine Type, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003 (Continued)

					Mine Type				
		Surface			Undergroun	d		Unclassified	
Census Division and State	Di4-	С	ost	Di-4-	C	Cost	D	C	ost
	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
New England	4,515			2,176	187	48.15	1,251	170	44.67
Connecticut	1,022			784					
Maine	143			125		40.05			
Massachusetts	3,350			944	198	49.95	84	162	38.73
New HampshireRhode Island				322	171 	45.41	1,167	170	45.09
Vermont									
Middle Atlantic	14,997	140	34.74	31,462	155	40.31	9,202	158	41.06
New Jersey	1,111			3,654	207	54.22			
New York	1,646	143	35.39	7,923	149	39.17	1	158	41.06
Pennsylvania	12,240	121	30.75	19,886	121	31.19	9,201		
East North Central	144,299	422	99.51	47,550	432	106.33	18,399	125	25.76
Illinois	44,628	99	17.48	8,278	137	29.41	1,338	134	28.93
Indiana	34,320	259	55.58	16,401	271	61.06	5,133	123	24.60
Michigan	21,184 24,093	449 252	106.38	6,050	480 239	122.81 57.98	6,612	127 121	24.40 29.71
Ohio	24,093	252 261	60.05 58.67	15,336 1,485	321	57.98 79.96	3,771 1,545	121	29.71
West North Central	136,011	89	14.92	2,014	137	31.45	6,565	86	14.10
Iowa	15,012	86	14.82	653	136	31.21	4,198	85	14.58
Kansas	21,258	101	17.49				180	103	17.61
Minnesota	20,308	106	18.82	107	182	43.20	142	111	19.70
Missouri	41,071	90	15.82	1,253	132	30.37	675	98	17.75
Nebraska	12,401	60	10.39				78	59	10.21
North Dakota	23,962	74	9.72				1,292	75	9.76
South Dakota	1,998	134	23.00						
South Atlantic	69,552	517	127.24	80,030	515	129.20	27,622	174	42.63
Delaware District of Columbia	63			1,604					
Florida	6,800	555	138.44	13,799	562	140.80	13,704	179	44.17
Georgia	20,812	520	117.67	9,790	529	130.69	3,707	171	37.97
Maryland	7,394			3,718					
North Carolina	15,418	523	130.65	12,100	529	132.46	2,535	178	44.27
South Carolina	1,545	510	128.34	6,344	497	125.79	5,325	163	41.39
Virginia	4,264	154	39.55	8,052	154	38.98	2,260	166	42.46
West Virginia	13,256	129	31.30	24,623	127	31.23	91	127	31.09
East South Central	49,121	422	94.89	52,302	428	99.03	16,444	132	30.93
Alabama	14,736 17,242	442 401	100.17 95.42	14,337 15,890	463 397	105.70	7,224	142 121	32.85 28.09
Kentucky Mississippi	6,252	310	75.52	3,329	397	95.73 76.92	5,569	121	28.09
Tennessee	10,891	429	98.41	18,745	435	105.18	3,651	130	31.47
West South Central	129,846	214	35.84	752	99	16.64	16,697	127	21.17
Arkansas	13,216	120	20.93				547	119	21.03
Louisiana	10,933	133	21.95	20			2,855	132	18.07
Oklahoma	19,579	96	16.62	379			1,204	96	16.71
Texas	86,118	223	36.32	353	99	16.64	12,091	129	22.35
Mountain	84,019	103	19.08	25,036	124	27.05	4,084	109	24.33
Arizona	18,349	125	25.26	255	153	34.69	53	144	27.55
ColoradoIdaho	14,050	94 	17.63	3,782	102	22.71	1,072	103	22.43
Montana	10,724	62	10.56						
Nevada	4,451	139	30.50	2,102	155	35.32	1,178	127	28.60
New Mexico	10,655	122	21.76	5,859	177	34.07	-,1,0		
Utah	512			13,037	105	23.67	1,781	100	22.54
Wyoming	25,279	82	14.53						
Pacific Contiguous	9,818	127	21.50	1,344			207	110	19.35
California	87			1,344					
Oregon	2,460	127	21.50				207	110	19.35
Washington	7,270								
Pacific Noncontiguous	715	 							
Hawaii	715								
U.S. Total	642,891	438	99.88	242,665	465	111.93	100,470	141	30.30

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal. • Receipts reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost of fuel reflects data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data processes and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, and Tennessee does not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs presented in this table reflect the initial delivery costs, not any additional costs incurred to deliver the coal from the transfer facility to the power plant site. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent roundi

Table 3.B. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Coal by Type of Purchase, Mine Type, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2002

				Ту	pe of Purch	ase			
		Contract		-	Spot		Un	classified/Ot	her
Census Division and State		C	ost		C	Cost	.	С	ost
and State	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
New England	5,918	203	52.96	1,227	177	46.75			
Connecticut	1,239			39					
Maine	209			12					
Massachusetts	4,058	231	60.16	74	202	46.00			
New HampshireRhode Island	412	193	50.33	1,103	176	46.79			
Vermont									
Middle Atlantic	46,048	145	37.58	5,870	195	50.43			
New Jersey	3,081	247	64.73	867	224	58.22			
New York	7,388	144	38.31	1,192	163	42.12			
Pennsylvania	35,579	120	30.60	3,810	126	31.69			
East North Central	156,584	118	24.62	28,105	123	27.03			
Illinois	44,965	117	22.83	6,016	115	21.25			
Indiana	39,202	114	24.34	6,083	126	26.34			
Michigan	28,224 21,969	131	26.49	4,372	129	27.74			
Ohio	21,969 22,224	119 108	29.11 19.42	10,303 1,332	119 141	28.61 27.77			
West North Central	124,023	87	14.39	17,422	95	16.80			
Iowa	21,390	86	14.72	1,155	104	19.20			
Kansas	19,016	101	17.28	1,967	74	12.65			
Minnesota	14,340	102	18.02	4,520	116	20.68			
Missouri	30,952	89	15.73	8,423	91	16.15			
Nebraska	11,184	57	9.88	1,248	67	11.55			
North Dakota	25,377	74	9.76	1	70	10.00			
South Dakota	1,764	131	22.37	108	109	18.44			
South Atlantic	122,944	160	39.63	35,300	158	36.85			
Delaware	1,052			394					
District of Columbia	17,946	174	42.59	6,176	173	42.18			
Georgia	20,737	169	42.29	10,531	164	33.02			
Maryland	10,515			856					
North Carolina	21,898	174	42.95	2,950	181	45.07			
South Carolina	9,786	158	40.41	5,010	159	39.95			
Virginia	11,456	161	41.01	2,930	162	41.58			
West Virginia	29,555	125	30.18	6,451	121	29.38			
East South Central	93,060	128	28.83	7,690	132	31.51			
Alabama	28,465	142	30.65	519	128	30.00			
Kentucky	26,935 6,801	118 164	26.85 38.38	5,203 961	124 164	29.27 41.00			
Mississippi Tennessee	30,859	119	27.52	1,006	146	35.41			
West South Central	109,500	115	18.99	16,851	91	15.88			
Arkansas	3,477	100	17.21	10,251	78	13.61			
Louisiana	16,002	129	20.27	16					
Oklahoma	20,378	93	16.17	1,567	100	17.45			
Texas	69,644	126	20.47	5,017	130	22.63			
Mountain	98,188	104	20.49	4,728	102	20.72			
Arizona	16,209	124	25.41	1,404	138	26.80			
Colorado	17,028	95	18.32	2,052	99	20.68			
IdahoMontana	9,976	61	10.29						
Nevada	9,976 7,543	134	30.21	29	121	28.80			
New Mexico	9,718	153	28.87		121	20.00			
Utah	14,120	98	21.96	579	79	19.99			
Wyoming	23,593	79	13.91	663	49	8.22			
Pacific Contiguous	8,158			2,077	133	23.11			
California	1,446			9					
Oregon				2,068	133	23.11			
Washington	6,712								
Pacific Noncontiguous	596								
Alaska	 596								
Hawaii	765,019	120	24.29	119,268	129	27.19	 	 	
U.D. I Utal	703,017	120	44.47	117,200	147	47.17	-	-	-

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal. • Receipts reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost of fuel reflects data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, and Tennessee does not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs presented in this table reflect the initial delivery cost

Table 3.B. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Coal by Type of Purchase, Mine Type, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2002 (Continued)

					Mine Type				
		Surface		1	Underground	ì		Unclassified	
Census Division and State		C	ost		Ü	ost		C	ost
and State	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
New England	3,253	183	45.90	3,892	186	49.18	-	-	
Connecticut				1,278					
Maine	49		45.70	172		50.56			
Massachusetts	3,043	206	45.70	1,088	228	59.56			
New Hampshire	161	177	45.96	1,354	181	47.97			
Vermont									
Middle Atlantic	16,720	170	42.72	33,995	161	41.73	1,202		
New Jersey	967	240	62.93	2,981	233	60.60			
New York	959	171	42.96	7,621	148	39.30			
Pennsylvania	14,795	56	9.50	23,392	120	30.65	1,202		
East North Central	138,812	114	22.65	45,869	130	31.39	8		
Illinois	40,909	101	18.09	10,072	139	29.67			
Indiana	33,134	109	22.23	12,151	132	30.84			
Michigan	26,094	122	23.42	6,495	157	39.86	8		
Ohio	17,482 21,193	127 105	29.90 18.30	14,790 2,363	110 152	27.71 36.98			
West North Central	139,566	87	14.49	2,303 1,879	132	32.88			
Iowa	22,086	86	14.78	458	151	32.44			
Kansas	20,982	98	16.85						
Minnesota	18,845	105	18.65	15	217	55.60			
Missouri	37,970	87	15.25	1,405	135	32.67			
Nebraska	12,432	58	10.05						
North Dakota	25,378	74	9.76						
South Dakota	1,872	130	22.14						
South Atlantic	65,230	160	38.02	92,985	159	39.61	28		
Delaware				1,446					
District of Columbia	7,044	175	42.28	17,078	173	42.55			
Georgia	21,311	165	37.23	9,958	174	43.26			
Maryland	5,673		37.23	5,698		15.20			
North Carolina	12,929	173	42.65	11,919	177	43.98			
South Carolina	1,895	161	40.74	12,900	158	40.18			
Virginia	3,525	166	42.58	10,862	159	40.68			
West Virginia	12,853	129	30.54	23,124	120	29.53	28		
East South Central	51,129	127	27.18	49,620	130	30.84			
Alabama	17,913	133	27.14	11,071	154	36.37			
Kentucky	17,788	122 160	27.68 37.94	14,350	115 167	26.70 39.43			
Mississippi Tennessee	4,565 10,864	118	24.21	3,197 21,002	121	29.43			
West South Central	124,857	110	18.42	1,494	101	17.38			
Arkansas	13,728	84	14.52						
Louisiana	16,002	129	20.27	16					
Oklahoma	21,549	93	16.25	396	114	27.54			
Texas	73,578	127	20.73	1,083	100	16.92			
Mountain	81,480	104	19.53	21,435	106	23.99			
Arizona	17,295	123	25.22	318	184	42.00			
Colorado	15,596	92	17.36	3,485	105	24.00			
IdahoMontana	9,976	61	10.29			 			
Nevada	4,639	131	28.71	2,934	138	32.57			
New Mexico	9,718	153	28.87	2,757		J2.J1			
Utah				14,699	97	21.88			
Wyoming	24,256	79	13.76						
Pacific Contiguous	8,780	133	23.11	1,446			8		
California				1,446			8		
Oregon	2,068	133	23.11						
Washington	6,712								
Pacific Noncontiguous	596			-			-	-	
AlaskaHawaii	 596								
U.S. Total	630,424	113	21.43	252,617	140	33.73	1,246		

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal. • Receipts reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost of fuel reflects data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, and Tennessee does not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs presented in this table reflect the initial delivery costs, not any additional costs incurred to deliver

Table 4.A. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Coal by Rank, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003

		Bituminous		Su	bbitumino			Lignite			Total ²	
Census Division and State	Receipts (1,000 tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Cost (cents per million Btu)
New England	6,799	12,473	176	1,142	9,589					7,941	12,059	189
Connecticut	664	12,244		1,142	9,589					1,806	10,565	W
Maine	268	13,124	102							268	13,124	W
Massachusetts	4,378	12,200	193							4,378	12,200	W
New Hampshire	1,489	13,262	170							1,489	13,262	170
Rhode IslandVermont												
Middle Atlantic	37,233	12,651	154	1,015	8,827		-			55,661	11,986	134
New Jersey	4,765	13,056	207							4,765	13,056	180
New York	8,548	12,989	148	1,015	8,827					9,570	12,545	159
Pennsylvania	23,920	12,449	121							41,327	11,733	122
East North Central	101,237	11,760	125	105,299	8,833	113				210,248	10,288	121
Illinois	11,077	10,803	135	43,167	8,759	97				54,244	9,176	116
Indiana	38,418	11,293	117	17,436	8,913	122				55,854	10,550	W
Michigan	10,150	12,669	160	23,628	9,021	118				33,846	10,123	134
Ohio	39,556 2,037	12,233 12,085	120 162	21,068	8,709	104				43,200 23,104	12,160 9,006	121 W
West North Central	3,643	11,238	136	115,936	8,695	91	25,010	6,535	74	144,589	8,386	91
Iowa	939	11,236	131	18,924	8,589	85	23,010	0,333		19,863	8,705	W
Kansas	467	10,991	123	20,971	8,566	101				21,438	8,619	101
Minnesota	195	11,453	187	20,364	8,871	106				20,558	8,895	W
Missouri	2,043	11,362	136	40,955	8,740	89				42,999	8,865	W
Nebraska				12,479	8,673	60				12,479	8,673	60
North Dakota				244	8,009	86	25,010	6,535	74	25,254	6,549	74
South Dakota				1,998	8,560	134				1,998	8,560	134
South Atlantic	164,327	12,443	163	7,737	8,789	171				177,204	12,267	162
Delaware	1,667	12,803								1,667	12,803	W
District of Columbia	33,973	12,282	173							34,303	12,281	176
Georgia	26,342	12,506	173	7,737	8,789	171				34,309	11,668	170
Maryland	8,465	12,629		7,737	0,707					11,112	12,708	163
North Carolina	30,053	12,423	178							30,053	12,423	178
South Carolina	12,148	12,682	163							13,214	12,669	W
Virginia	14,576	12,826	156							14,576	12,826	167
West Virginia	37,104	12,274	128							37,970	12,166	125
East South Central	85,558	11,857	136	18,509	8,732	119	3,739	5,084		117,866	11,145	133
Alabama	20,206	11,862	153	10,816	8,781	128				36,297	10,977	W
Kentucky	33,090	11,663	126	1,542	8,708	132	2.720			38,702	11,498	123
Mississippi	5,841	11,892	157	(151	0.651	 99	3,739	5,084		9,581	9,235	W W
West South Central	26,421 1,337	12,088 11,963	130	6,151 95,173	8,651 8,663	117	50,785	6,462	120	33,287 147,294	11,465 7,934	121
Arkansas	1,337	11,903		13,763	8,758	120	30,763	0,402	120	13,763	8,758	120
Louisiana	20	12,500		9,794	8,512	132	3,995	6,800	134	13,809	8,023	W
Oklahoma	1,131	11,944		20,030	8,699	96				21,161	8,872	W
Texas	185	12,017		51,586	8,652	128	46,790	6,433	111	98,562	7,605	125
Mountain	35,300	11,123	115	76,993	9,050	105	335	6,718	96	113,140	9,669	107
Arizona	6,749	10,906	117	11,909	9,614	132				18,657	10,081	W
Colorado	6,002	11,050	105	12,903	9,209	92				18,904	9,793	97
Idaho												
Montana	7.722		1.42	10,389	8,573	61	335	6,718	96	10,724	8,515	W
Nevada	7,732	11,120	142	16 51 4	0.164	1/12				7,732	11,120	142
New Mexico	14,818	11,254	105	16,514	9,164	143				16,514 15,330	9,164 11,025	143 W
Wyoming	14,616	11,234	103	25,279	8,826	82				25,279	8,826	82
Pacific Contiguous	1,375	12,082		9,993	8,179	125		-		11,368	8,651	W
California	1,375	12,082		56	8,500					1,430	11,943	173
Oregon		,		2,667	8,516	125				2,667	8,516	125
Washington				7,270	8,052					7,270	8,052	W
Pacific Noncontiguous				715	11,422					715	11,422	W
Alaska				71.5	11 422					71.5		
Hawaii	426 900	12.060	142	715	11,422	106	70.960	6.422		715	11,422	120
U.S. Total	436,809	12,069	142	432,513	8,783	106	79,869	6,422	88	986,026	10,137	128

¹ Includes anthracite

Notes: • Receipts, heat value, and total average delivered cost of fuel reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost for Bituminous, Subbituminous and Lignite reflect data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, and Tennessee does not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs presented in this table reflect the initial delivery costs, not any additional costs incurred to deliver th

² Includes waste coal and synthetic coal not included elsewhere in this table.

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 4.B. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Coal by Rank, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2002

		Bituminous	S ¹	Su	bbitumino	us		Lignite			Total ²	
Census Division and State	Receipts (1,000 tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Cost (cents per million Btu)
New England	6,736	12,664	185	410	9,402					7,146	12,477	200
Connecticut	868	12,400		410	9,402					1,278	11,439	W
Maine	221	13,138	224							221	13,138	241
Massachusetts	4,132	12,482	224 180							4,132 1,515	12,482	W 180
New HampshireRhode Island	1,515	13,245	100							1,313	13,245	160
Vermont												
Middle Atlantic	39,464	12,706	161	24	10,778					51,917	12,339	136
New Jersey	3,948	13,137	233							3,948	13,137	187
New York	8,547	13,028	153	24	10,778					8,580	13,019	155
Pennsylvania	26,969	12,541	120							39,389	12,111	125
East North Central	95,696	11,535	126	88,991	8,852	108				184,689	10,242	121
Illinois	19,148	9,982	134	31,830	8,814	100				50,981	9,253	119 W
Indiana	30,835 10,618	11,389 12,737	116 161	14,450 21,979	8,893 9,056	116 110				45,285 32,596	10,593 10,255	W W
Ohio	32,206	12,757	119	65	8,524	116				32,396	12,143	W
Wisconsin	2,889	12,107	154	20,667	8,667	103				23,555	9,089	112
West North Central	3,175	11,370	134	113,596	8,667	89	24,674	6,523	74	141,445	8,353	89
Iowa	926	10,945	141	21,618	8,549	85		´		22,545	8,648	W
Kansas	398	10,599	117	20,585	8,532	98				20,982	8,571	98
Minnesota	19	12,713	210	18,841	8,856	105				18,860	8,860	W
Missouri	1,832	11,738	134	37,544	8,736	86				39,375	8,875	W
Nebraska				12,432	8,654	58				12,432	8,654	58
North Dakota				704	7,982	87	24,674	6,523	74	25,378	6,564	74
South Dakota	148,751	12,467	160	1,872 7,565	8,550 8,768	130 159				1,872 158,244	8,550 12,276	130 159
South Atlantic Delaware	1,446	12,467	100	7,505	0,700	159				1,446	12,858	W W
District of Columbia	1,440									1,440	12,050	
Florida	23,724	12,316	174	367	8,797	134				24,122	12,263	176
Georgia	24,861	12,437	169	6,408	8,771	164				31,269	11,686	W
Maryland	10,080	12,764								11,371	12,799	163
North Carolina	24,848	12,422	175							24,848	12,422	176
South Carolina	14,795	12,698	159							14,795	12,698	W
Virginia	14,386	12,845	161							14,584	12,845	169
West Virginia	34,612	12,267	124	790	8,735	134	2.04			35,808	12,103	121
East South Central	80,506	11,906	131 152	17,640	8,781	112 115	2,604	5,575		100,750	11,195 10,828	129 W
AlabamaKentucky	18,649 30,447	11,956 11,613	118	10,335 1,691	8,793 8,785	126				28,984 32,138	11,464	119
Mississippi	5,158	11,817	165	1,091	0,705		2,604	5,575		7,762	9,723	W
Tennessee	26,251	12,227	123	5,614	8,756	101	2,004	3,373		31,865	11,615	w
West South Central	1,234	12,042	114	87,123	8,645	108	37,994	6,526	130	126,351	8,041	W
Arkansas				13,728	8,685	84		´		13,728	8,685	84
Louisiana	16	12,500		12,245	8,477	124	3,756	6,829	136	16,018	8,095	W
Oklahoma	911	12,021	114	21,034	8,698	93				21,945	8,836	W
Texas	308	12,083		40,116	8,654	126	34,238	6,493	126	74,661	7,677	126
Mountain	35,572	11,086	110	67,060	9,090	100	283	6,665	94	102,916	9,774	103
Arizona	5,239 5,742	10,925 11,045	120 104	12,374 13,338	9,938 9,217	127 90				17,613 19,080	10,232 9,767	W 95
Idaho	3,742	11,045		13,336	9,217					19,000	9,707	
Montana				9,693	8,535	60	283	6,665	94	9,976	8,482	W
Nevada	7,573	11,284	134							7,573	11,284	134
New Mexico				9,718	9,444	153				9,718	9,444	153
Utah	14,699	11,223	98		´					14,699	11,223	W
Wyoming	2,320	10,035	105	21,936	8,624	75				24,256	8,759	79
Pacific Contiguous	1,454	11,854		8,780	8,174	133				10,235	8,697	W
California	1,454	11,854		2.069	0.05	122				1,454	11,854	180
Oregon				2,068	8,695	133				2,068	8,695 8,014	133 W
Washington Pacific Noncontiguous				6,712 596	8,014 11,535					6,712 597	8,014 11,536	W
Alaska				390	11,555						11,550	
				596	11,535					597	11,536	W
Hawaii							65,555 ^R				11,550	

¹ Includes anthracite

Notes: • Receipts, heat value, and total average delivered cost of fuel reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost for Bituminous, Subbituminous and Lignite reflect data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, and Tennessee does not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs presented in this table reflect the initial delivery costs, not any additional costs incurred to deliver the coal from the transfer facility to the power plant site. • For 2002 the methodology for developing the heat value was modified. As a result, the heat value d

² Includes waste coal and synthetic coal not included elsewhere in this table.

R = Revised. W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report," Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 5. Receipts of Petroleum Liquids for Electric Generation by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003 and 2002

(Thousand Barrels)

Census Division and State	2003	2002^{1}
New England	21,698	15,251
Connecticut	3,712	2,552
Maine	3,373	2,096
Massachusetts	10,999	9,387
New Hampshire	3,610	1,215
Rhode Island	6	
Vermont	Ŭ	
Middle Atlantic	43,329	20,462
		·
New Jersey	2,140	1,198
New York	33,654	16,018
Pennsylvania	7,536	3,246
East North Central	5,105	2,630
Illinois	1,376	222
Indiana	526	804
Michigan	1,674	1,187
Ohio	1,457	305
Wisconsin	72	112
West North Central	1,933	1,150
Iowa	100	170
Kansas	1,541	798
	*	
Minnesota	91	28
Missouri	109	95
Nebraska	16	10
North Dakota	70	49
South Dakota	6	
South Atlantic	69,818	55,273
Delaware	2,552	2,116
District of Columbia	226	614
Florida	48,569	43,333
Georgia	638	231
Maryland	1,876	2,232
	*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
North Carolina	921	713
South Carolina	748	202
Virginia	13,758	5,395
West Virginia	529	436
East South Central	4,745	464
Alabama	367	106
Kentucky	1,055	168
Mississippi	3,061	31
Tennessee	261	160
West South Central	6,328	709
Arkansas	94	64
Louisiana	2,587	178
Oklahoma	306	10
		457
Texas	3,340	_
Mountain	405	492
Arizona	70	76
Colorado	35	14
Idaho		
Montana	82	87
Nevada	24	139
New Mexico	75	48
Utah	54	38
Wyoming	66	89
Pacific Contiguous	998	170
California	752	11
		15
Oregon	110	
Washington	135	144
Pacific Noncontiguous	1,981	1,980
Alaska		
Hawaii	1,981	1,980
U.S. Total	156,338	98,581

¹ Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423.

Notes: • Includes distillate fuel oil (all diesel and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils), residual fuel oil (No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils and bunker C fuel oil), jet fuel, kerosene, and waste oil. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating capacity with a total fossil-fueled anameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts.

Table 6. Average Delivered Cost of Petroleum Liquids by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003 and 2002

Census Division	20	03	20	0021	Percent Change 2002-	Percent Change 2002-
and State	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per barrel)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per barrel)	2003 (cents per million Btu)	2003 (dollars per barrel)
New England	W W	W	372	23.63	W	W
Connecticut	542	33.41	422	26.47	28.31	26.22
Maine	556	35.08	388	24.63	43.04	42.43
Massachusetts	463	29.13	355	22.62	30.41	28.78
New Hampshire	W	W	371	23.72	W	W W
Rhode Island	W	w		25.72	··	
Vermont						
Middle Atlantic	507	31.77	W	W	W	W
New Jersey	604	35.33	468	28.13	29.08	25.60
New York	W	W	W	W W	W	W
Pennsylvania	W	W	W	W	W	W
East North Central	565	34.35	351	21.28	60.99	61.44
Illinois	540	33.53	524	30.92	2.94	8.44
Indiana	W	W	W	W	W W	W
Michigan	W	W	320	19.82	W	W
	731	42.31	W	W	W	W
Ohio	/31 W	42.31 W	W W	W W	W W	W W
Wisconsin	W	W			W	w W
West North Central		37.09	354 570	22.54		9.22
Iowa	635		579	33.96	9.60	
Kansas	362	23.84	273	18.00	32.63	32.44
Minnesota	W	W	528	30.59	W	W
Missouri	W	W	541	31.31	W	W
Nebraska	457	26.51	555	32.16	-17.59	-17.57
North Dakota	676	39.46	573	33.43	17.98	18.04
South Dakota	804	46.65				
South Atlantic	481	30.46	381	24.29	26.27	25.40
Delaware	576	35.79	406	25.38	42.06	41.02
District of Columbia	W	W	W	\mathbf{W}	W	W
Florida	461	29.42	375	24.05	22.96	22.33
Georgia	W	W	549	31.88	W	W
Maryland	534	33.29	375	23.74	42.27	40.23
North Carolina	623	36.83	467	28.23	33.47	30.46
South Carolina	W	W	W	W	W	W
Virginia	499	31.29	380	24.10	31.15	29.83
West Virginia	725	42.77	543	28.02	33.42	52.64
East South Central	504	31.64	W	W	W	W
Alabama	W	W	W	W	W	W
Kentucky	W	W	555	32.44	W	W
Mississippi	412	26.87	428	26.23	-3.70	2.44
Tennessee	619	36.39	536	31.51	15.47	15.49
West South Central	539	32.98	W	W	W	W
Arkansas	646	38.09	550	32.51	17.36	17.16
Louisiana	W	W	W	W	W	W
Oklahoma	548	32.73	484	28.89	13.27	13.29
Texas	W	W	W	W	W	W
Mountain	744	42.77	W	W	W	W
Arizona	W	W	W	W	W	W
Colorado	W	W	705	37.71	W	W
Idaho						
Montana	W	W	W	W	W	W
Nevada	601	34.95	600	35.07	08	- 34
New Mexico	W	W	614	35.07	W	W
Utah	722	42.31	556	32.68	29.80	29.47
Wyoming	714	41.89	553	32.39	29.19	29.33
Pacific Contiguous	W	W	W	W	W	W
California	W	W	W	W	W	W
Oregon	787	45.80	572	33.65	37.59	36.11
e e	W		W	33.03 W	37.39 W	30.11 W
Washington		W				
Pacific Noncontiguous	W	W	W	W	W	W
Alaska	 W	 W/	 W/		 W/	***
Hawaii	W	W	W	W	W	W
U.S. Total	494	31.02	387	24.45	27.86	26.87

¹ Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423.

Notes: • Includes distillate fuel oil (all diesel and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils), residual fuel oil (No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils and bunker C fuel oil), jet fuel, kerosene, and waste oil. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Table 7.A. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Distillate Fuel Oil by Type of Purchase, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003

	C	ontract			Spot		Unclas	sified/Oth	er		Total	
		Cos	st		Co	st		Cos	st		Cos	st
Census Division	Receipts	(cents		Receipts	(cents		Receipts	(cents		Receipts	(cents	
and State	(1,000)	per	(\$ per	(1,000)	per	(\$ per	(1,000	per	(\$ per	(1,000)	per	(\$ per
	barrels)	million	bbl)	barrels)	million	bbl)	barrels)	million	bbl)	barrels)	million	bbl)
	-	Btu)	,		Btu)			Btu)			Btu)	· ·
New England	194			295	731	42.70	645	680	39.48	1,135	685	39.81
Connecticut	129			57						185		
Maine	9			41		45.26				50		
Massachusetts	4 52			164	772	45.36	645	680	39.48	812	686	39.87
New HampshireRhode Island	32			28 6	664	38.40				81 6	664	38.40
Vermont							 					
Middle Atlantic	1,070	675	38.75	1,217	597	34.57	110	699	40.35	2,398	612	35.40
New Jersey	234	685	39.11	157	597	34.57				391	607	35.07
New York				216			110	699	40.35	612	699	40.35
Pennsylvania	551	613	36.33	844	 (5 0	20.20	140		20.50	1,395	613	36.33
East North Central	1,318	742	42.87	1,006	678	39.30	149	665	38.50	2,473 314	712	41.19 38.98
Illinois Indiana	147 71	608	34.88	107 202	695 716	40.08 41.28	60 39	668 691	38.60 39.76	314	675 689	39.64
Michigan	, 1		J4.00	303	665	38.61	15	677	39.51	318	665	38.65
Ohio	1,100	750	43.38	336	665	38.59	21	629	36.54	1,457	732	42.37
Wisconsin	*			58	659	38.74	14	621	36.43	72	649	38.11
West North Central	22	666	38.60	349	617	35.86	102	680	39.61	472	633	36.80
Iowa	*	592	34.80	90	630	36.81	10	684	39.78	100	635	37.09
Kansas	 *			80	633	36.62	*	622	35.91	80	633	36.62
Minnesota				76 91	552 672	32.18 38.83	14 19	675 659	39.12 38.03	91 109	572 670	33.33 38.69
Missouri Nebraska		617	35.78	11	383	22.18	2	625	36.24	16	457	26.51
North Dakota	18	676	39.13			22.10	52	676	39.57	70	676	39.46
South Dakota							6	804	46.65	6	804	46.65
South Atlantic	2,273	663	38.55	4,004	670	39.17	469	747	43.42	6,746	678	39.53
Delaware	64			221	690	40.17	4	743	43.17	289	718	41.80
District of Columbia	226									226		
Florida	712	666	38.64	658	799	46.47	163	875	50.79	1,534	756	43.91
Georgia	170 208	668	38.89	226 123	684	39.74	11 	635	36.98	408 331	673	39.13
North Carolina	386	652	37.91	233	633	36.82	107	641	37.25	726	646	37.54
South Carolina	131	656	38.07	233			154	710	41.20	285	685	39.76
Virginia	278			2,177	603	35.39	14	587	33.83	2,470	603	35.39
West Virginia	97	695	40.79	366	696	40.71	16	725	42.33	479	697	40.79
East South Central	1,046	741	42.90	558	647	38.16	331	593	34.93	1,935	693	40.37
Alabama	156	553	32.30	73	556	32.75	138	579	34.34	367	567	33.35
Kentucky	775	785	45.25	241	691	40.46	39	647	37.51	1,055	769	44.41
Mississippi Tennessee	115	658	38.64	244	632	37.39	7 146	648 589	38.35 34.62	252 261	633 619	37.42 36.39
West South Central	35	038	30.04	2,984	622	37.84	817	647	37.80	3,836	633	37.82
Arkansas				91	646	38.12	3	630	37.12	94	646	38.09
Louisiana	35			498	601	37.70	54	663	39.78	587	607	37.90
Oklahoma				127	606	34.49	70	571	32.71	197	593	33.86
Texas				2,267	748	43.11	690	655	38.25	2,957	667	38.93
Mountain	121	743	42.76	211	751	43.65	64	712	41.26	397	742	43.00
Arizona			51.05	52	795	46.55	18	717	42.06	70	773	45.32
ColoradoIdaho	27	991	51.05	4	710	40.63	4	890	45.70	35	915	48.07
Montana	75	734	43.45							75	734	43.45
Nevada		542	31.67				16	637	36.82	23	607	35.20
New Mexico				75	758	43.27				75	758	43.27
Utah				30	719	42.14	23	726	42.53	54	722	42.31
Wyoming		664	38.48	49	725	42.62	4	744	43.68	66	714	41.89
Pacific Contiguous		-		6	652	38.34	136	753	43.83	143	749	43.60
California				*	652	29 24	32	616	35.96	32	616	35.96
Oregon				6 *	652	38.34	104	795 	46.23	110	787 	45.80
Pacific Noncontiguous	11			2						13		
Alaska												
Hawaii	11			2						13		
U.S. Total	6,090	716	41.49	10,632	660	38.80	2,824	676	39.36	19,546	681	39.78

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is "1" and values under 0.5 are shown as "*".)

Notes: • Distillate fuel oil includes all diesel, No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils. • Receipts reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost of fuel reflects data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled in nominal terms.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report," Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 7.B. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Distillate Fuel Oil by Type of Purchase, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2002

	C	ontract			Spot		Unclas	sified/Oth	er		Total	
		Cos	st		Co	st		Cos	st		Cos	st
Census Division	Receipts	(cents		Receipts	(cents		Receipts	(cents		Receipts	(cents	
and State	(1,000)	per	(\$ per	(1,000	per	(\$ per	(1,000	per	(\$ per	(1,000	per	(\$ per
	barrels)	million	bbl)	barrels)	million	bbl)	barrels)	million	bbl)	barrels)	million	bbl)
		Btu)	,		Btu)			Btu)			Btu)	·
New England	39	-		188	529	30.58				226	529	30.58
Connecticut				54						87		
Maine				42		22.40				48		22.40
Massachusetts				57 35	564 521	32.48 30.17				57 35	564 521	32.48 30.17
New HampshireRhode Island					321	30.17					321	30.17
Vermont												
Middle Atlantic	1,874	541	31.60	1,243	581	32.83				3,117	553	31.96
New Jersey		535	31.22	534	581	32.83				575	549	31.73
New York			25.02	137						1,613		25.02
Pennsylvania East North Central		607 530	35.93 30.93	572 920	533	30.94				929 1,157	607 533	35.93 30.94
Illinois		658	37.51	70	558	32.26				167	564	32.59
Indiana		568	33.26	188	550	31.70				194	551	31.74
Michigan		610	35.37	376	512	29.77				380	513	29.83
Ohio		522	30.47	178	538	31.29				305	529	30.87
Wisconsin		559	32.89	107	575	33.80				111	574	33.76
West North Central		575	33.33	393	560	32.66				420	561	32.70
Iowa				170	579	33.96				170	579	33.96
Kansas				68 28	551 528	31.89 30.59				68 28	551 528	31.89 30.59
Missouri		622	36.83	94	541	31.27				95	541	31.31
Nebraska		610	35.38	8	538	31.17				10	555	32.16
North Dakota	24	570	33.03	25	575	33.82				49	573	33.43
South Dakota												
South Atlantic		533	30.98	1,267	601	35.10	77			3,569	557	32.44
Delaware				192	515	30.00	77			384	515	30.00
District of Columbia		551	31.99	256	732	42.66				614 927	581	33.71
Georgia		530	30.84	94	562	32.70				231	541	31.48
Maryland				49						214		
North Carolina		500	29.07	34	433	25.15				396	499	29.01
South Carolina		529	30.66							86	529	30.66
Virginia				329	566	33.22				332	566	33.22
West Virginia		577	33.85	313	588	34.36				385	586	34.29
East South Central		529 507	30.96 29.65	148 34	569 609	33.20 33.39				453 106	541 520	31.61 30.17
Kentucky		536	31.11	100	568	33.34				168	555	32.44
Mississippi		519	30.42	14	542	31.97				20	534	31.46
Tennessee		536	31.51							160	536	31.51
West South Central	39	506	28.93	308	532	31.71	-			347	532	31.71
Arkansas				64	550	32.51				64	550	32.51
Louisiana				48	559	34.00				87	559	34.00
Oklahoma		506	28.93	10 185	484 453	28.89				10 185	484 453	28.89
Mountain	248	602	35.08	236	589	26.62 34.38				484	596	26.62 34.75
Arizona			33.00	76	674	39.44				76	674	39.44
Colorado		729	37.96	3	634	36.91				14	705	37.71
Idaho												
Montana		579	34.28	7						78	579	34.28
Nevada		600	35.07							139	600	35.07
New Mexico				48	614	35.07				48	614	35.07
Utah		613	35.48	38 63	556 529	32.68				38 89	556 553	32.68
Wyoming Pacific Contiguous		613	33.48	27	529 572	31.10 33.65	*			27	553 572	32.39 33.65
California				10	312	33.03				10	312	33.03
Oregon				15	572	33.65				15	572	33.65
Washington				2			*			2		
Pacific Noncontiguous		-		4	-			-		20	-	-
Alaska												
Hawaii		 542	21 56	4 725	 E61	22.72				20	 EE2	22.22
U.S. Total	5,009	542	31.56	4,735	561	32.72	77	-	-	9,821	553	32.22

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is "1" and values under 0.5 are shown as "*".)

Notes: • Distillate fuel oil includes all diesel, No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils. • Receipts reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost of fuel reflects data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report," Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 7.C. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Residual Fuel Oil by Type of Purchase, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003

	C	ontract			Spot		Unclas	sified/Othe	er		Total	
		Cos	st		Cos	st		Cos	st		Cos	st
Census Division	Receipts	(cents	1	Receipts	(cents	Ī	Receipts	(cents	<u> </u>	Receipts	(cents	Ť
and State	(1,000	per	(\$ per	(1,000	per	(\$ per	(1,000	per	(\$ per	(1,000	per	(\$ per
	barrels)	million	bbl)	barrels)	million	bbl)	barrels)	million	bbl)	barrels)	million	bbl)
	builtels)	Btu)	551)	builtels)	Btu)	001)	builtes)	Btu)	551)	builtels)	Btu)	551)
New England	1,703			18,194	369	23.71	361	491	31.31	20,258	374	24.02
Connecticut				3,181						3,487		
Maine				2,816						3,074		
Massachusetts	. 1,138			8,699	441	27.86	330	511	32.51	10,168	482	30.57
New Hampshire				3,499	367	23.61	30	413	26.58	3,529	368	23.64
Rhode Island												
Vermont		432	27.61	14,890	413	26.16	7,285	472	29.72	39,506	444	28.23
Middle Atlantic	,	521	33.00	402	367	23.24	237	314	19.82	689	355	22.47
New York		432	27.58	8,359	473	29.92	7,048	479	30.18	32,688	446	28.37
Pennsylvania			27.50	6,129			7,010			6,130		20.57
East North Central				2,312	427	27.26	131	412	26.08	2,443	426	27.14
Illinois				1,062						1,062		
Indiana				25			1	487	30.70	25	487	30.70
Michigan				1,226	427	27.26	130	412	26.06	1,356	426	27.14
Ohio												
Wisconsin				1 422	 251	22.25		272	10 11	1.461	240	22.14
West North Central				1,423	351	23.27	38	273	18.11	1,461	349	23.14
Kansas				1,423	351	23.27	38	273	18.10	1,461	349	23.14
Minnesota				1,423		23.21	*	419	26.74	*	419	26.74
Missouri												
Nebraska												
North Dakota												
South Dakota												
South Atlantic		453	28.98	19,384	460	29.31	22,514	448	28.74	62,723	453	28.98
Delaware				1,959	476	30.24				1,959	476	30.24
District of Columbia		452	20.00	10.114	110	20.45	19.042	442	20.46	47.026	110	20 60
Florida Georgia		453	28.98	10,114 29	448 477	28.45 28.60	18,042 36	443 479	28.46 25.79	47,036 230	448 478	28.68 27.06
Maryland				388	4//	28.00			23.19	1,506		27.00
North Carolina										190		
South Carolina				411			52	497	31.51	463	497	31.51
Virginia				6,482	476	30.39	4,384	468	29.89	11,289	473	30.19
West Virginia	. 50									50		
East South Central				2,717	388	25.52	92	576	37.89	2,809	394	25.93
Alabama												
Kentucky				2.717	200	25 52	92	 57(27.00	2 200	204	25.02
Mississippi Tennessee				2,717	388	25.52	92	576	37.89	2,809	394	25.93
West South Central		-	-	1,979	469	30.53	514	455	29.09	2,492	465	30.15
Arkansas									27.07	2,472		
Louisiana				1,550	468	30.48	450	452	28.91	2,000	464	30.10
Oklahoma				50	475	31.12	59	476	30.31	109	475	30.68
Texas				379	566	35.20	4	481	30.35	383	539	33.69
Mountain							1	432	27.51	1	432	27.51
Arizona												
Colorado												
Idaho												
Montana Nevada							1	432	27.51	1	432	27.51
New Mexico									27.31			27.31
Utah												
Wyoming												
Pacific Contiguous				5	592	36.98				5	592	36.98
California				5	592	36.98				5	592	36.98
Oregon												
Washington												
Pacific Noncontiguous								 _		1,968		
Alaska										1 069		
Hawaii		445	28.44	60 904	432	27.73	30 034	453	28.95	1,968	444	28.40
U.S. Total	41,828	443	40.44	60,904	432	41.13	30,934	453	20.93	133,667	444	28.40

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is "1" and values under 0.5 are shown as "*".)

Notes: • Residual fuel oil includes No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils and bunker C fuel oil. • Receipts reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost of fuel reflects data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled in nominal terms.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report," Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 7.D. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Residual Fuel Oil by Type of Purchase, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2002

	C	ontract			Spot		Unclas	sified/Othe	er		Total	
		Cos	et .		Cos	et	0.1101113	Cos			Cos	;t
Census Division	Receipts) i	Receipts	(cents) i	Receipts	(cents	1	Receipts	(cents	, i
and State	(1,000	(cents per	(\$ per	(1,000	per	(\$ per	(1,000	per	(\$ per	(1,000	per	(\$ per
	barrels)	million Btu)	bbl)	barrels)	million Btu)	bbl)	barrels)	million Btu)	bbl)	barrels)	million Btu)	bbl)
New England	7,266	·		7,716	367	23,58				14,982	367	23.59
Connecticut				1,771						2,441		
Maine				870						2,049		
Massachusetts	5,417			3,895	425	27.07				9,312	425	27.07
New Hampshire				1,181	367	23.53				1,181	367	23.53
Rhode Island												
Vermont												
Middle Atlantic	,	354	22.69	6,143	304	19.29		-		16,996	349	22.34
New Jersey		341 354	21.46 22.71	305 3,521	426 270	27.14 17.12				443	396 347	25.10 22.24
New York Pennsylvania		334	22./1	2,317	270	1/.12				14,236 2,317	347	22.24
East North Central				881	238	15.21				881	238	15.21
Illinois				55	285	18.14				55	285	18.14
Indiana				19	203					19		
Michigan				807	237	15.11				807	237	15.11
Ohio												
Wisconsin												
West North Central				730	250	16.70				730	250	16.70
Iowa												
Kansas				730	250	16.70				730	250	16.70
Minnesota												
Missouri												
Nebraska												
North Dakota												
South Dakota		255	22.04		201	24.06				 	251	22.00
South Atlantic		357	23.04	22,144 1,731	391 384	24.86	 			51,611	371	23.80
Delaware District of Columbia				1,/31	364	24.56				1,/31	384	24.56
Florida		357	23.04	15,450	396	25.23				42,401	370	23.80
Georgia		337	23.04	15,450		23.23				42,401	370	23.00
Maryland				108						1,930		
North Carolina	,									317		
South Carolina				116						116		
Virginia				4,734	373	23.78				5,063	373	23.78
West Virginia				4						51		
East South Central	-			11	250	16.45	-			11	250	16.45
Alabama												
Kentucky												
Mississippi				11	250	16.45				11	250	16.45
Tennessee						12.20		-				12.20
West South Central		-		362	203	13.28	-			362	203	13.28
Arkansas Louisiana				90	203	13.28				90	203	12 20
Oklahoma				90 	203	13.26				90	203	13.28
Texas				272						272		
Mountain				2/2		-		-		2/2		
Arizona												
Colorado												
Idaho												
Montana												
Nevada												
New Mexico												
Utah												
Wyoming												
Pacific Contiguous		-		1	592	36.98	-	-		1	592	36.98
California				1	592	36.98				1	592	36.98
Oregon												
Washington										1.057		
Pacific Noncontiguous		-		 _			 _	-		1,957		
Alaska										1,957		
Hawaii		356	22.95		375	23.90				87,531	363	23.32
U.D. 10tal	47,344	330	44.95	37,987	313	43.90				07,551	303	43.34

Notes: • Residual fuel oil includes No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils and bunker C oil. • Receipts reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost of fuel reflects data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Table 8. Receipts of Petroleum Coke for Electric Generation by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003 and 2002

Census Division	2	003	20021			
and State	Thousand Tons	Thousand Barrels	Thousand Tons	Thousand Barrels		
ew England			-			
Connecticut						
Maine						
Massachusetts						
New Hampshire						
Rhode Island						
Vermont						
Middle Atlantic	337	1,683	266	1,331		
New Jersey		´ 		´		
New York	57	284	259	1,297		
Pennsylvania	280	1,399	7	35		
East North Central		2,467	483	2,413		
Illinois				=-		
Indiana		447	88	440		
Michigan		329	65	326		
Ohio						
Wisconsin		1,691	329	1,647		
West North Central		1,420	358	1,789		
Iowa		1,420	336	1,767		
Kansas						
Minnesota		1,295	208	1,039		
		1,293		750		
Missouri		123	150	730		
Nebraska						
North Dakota						
South Dakota						
South Atlantic		14,298	1,900	9,499		
Delaware						
District of Columbia						
Florida	, in the second	12,660	1,900	9,499		
Georgia		1,558				
Maryland						
North Carolina						
South Carolina	16	80				
Virginia						
West Virginia						
East South Central		3,665	8	39		
Alabama						
Kentucky	733	3,665	8	39		
Mississippi						
Tennessee						
West South Central	934	4,672	1,249	6,246		
Arkansas		·		·		
Louisiana	667	3,334	691	3,457		
Oklahoma						
Texas	268	1,338	558	2,789		
Mountain			33	165		
Arizona						
Colorado						
Idaho						
Montana		 	33	165		
Nevada						
New Mexico.						
Utah		 	 			
Wyoming		 				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Pacific Contiguous		1,025	158	788		
California		1,025	158	788		
Oregon						
Washington						
Pacific Noncontiguous			-			
Alaska						
Hawaii						
U.S. Total	5,846	29,229	4,454	22,270		

¹ Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423.

Notes: • As stated in the EIA Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/electricity/page/glossary.html), in order to convert petroleum coke to liquid petroleum equivalent the quantity conversion is 5 barrels (of 42 U.S. gallons per barrel) per short ton (2,000 pounds). Coke from petroleum has a heating value of 6.024 million Btu per barrel. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts.

Table 9. Average Delivered Cost of Petroleum Coke by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003 and 2002

and State	(cents per					Percent Change 2002-	
	million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)	(cents per million Btu)	2003 (dollars per ton)	
New England							
Connecticut							
Maine							
Massachusetts							
New HampshireRhode Island			 				
Vermont							
Middle Atlantic	80	21.31	W	W	W	W	
New Jersey							
New York	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Pennsylvania	W	W	W	W	W	W	
East North Central	W	W 	W 	W 		W	
IllinoisIndiana	92	25.91	86	23.75	7.37	9.09	
Michigan	94	26.49	91	25.78	3.48	2.75	
Ohio							
Wisconsin	W	W	W	W	W	W	
West North Central	50	14.12	54	15.12	-6.57	-6.59	
Iowa							
Kansas							
Minnesota	49	13.62	47	12.94	3.96	5.26	
Missouri Nebraska	67	19.35	63	18.14	5.27	6.67	
North Dakota					 	 	
South Dakota					 		
South Atlantic	W	W	61	17.26	W	W	
Delaware							
District of Columbia							
Florida	75	21.41	61	17.26	24.14	24.04	
Georgia	W	W					
Maryland North Carolina							
South Carolina	70	19.85				 	
Virginia		17.05					
West Virginia							
East South Central	W	W	57	15.75	W	W	
Alabama							
Kentucky	W	W	57	15.75	W	W	
Mississippi							
Tennessee	39	11,39	w	W	 W	W	
Arkansas							
Louisiana	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Oklahoma							
Texas	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Mountain			W	W			
Arizona							
Colorado							
IdahoMontana			W	W			
Nevada						 	
New Mexico							
Utah							
Wyoming							
Pacific Contiguous	W	W	W	W	W	W	
California	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Oregon							
Washington							
Pacific Noncontiguous			 		 		
Hawaii		 			 	 	
U.S. Total	72	20.39	78	22.32	-7.66	-8.65	

¹ Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report;" Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 10.A. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Petroleum Coke by Type of Purchase, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003

	C	ontract			Spot		Unclas	sified/Oth	er		Total	
Census Division		Cos	st		Co	st		Cos	st		Cos	st
and State	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per ton)
New England											-	
Connecticut												
Massachusetts												
New Hampshire												
Rhode Island												
Vermont												
Middle Atlantic				223						337	80	21.31
New York				57						57	W	W
Pennsylvania				166						280	W	W
East North Central		92	25.91	233	80	22.49	3	81	23.13	493	W	W
Illinois												
Indiana		92	25.91			26.40	*	72	20.57	89	92	25.91
Michigan				66	94	26.49	*	84	23.61	66	94	26.49
Wisconsin				167	74	20.92	3	81	23.10	338	W	W
West North Central		49	13.62	6	66	19.02	19	67	19.46	284	50	14.12
Iowa												
Kansas												
Minnesota		49	13.62			10.02			10.46	259	49	13.62
Missouri				6	66	19.02	19	67	19.46	25	67	19.35
Nebraska North Dakota												
South Dakota												
South Atlantic		65	18.51	2,223	78	22.18	259	61	17.16	2,860	W	W
Delaware												
District of Columbia												
Florida		65	18.51	2,105	78	22.18	243	60	16.98	2,532	75 W	21.41
Georgia Maryland				118						312		W
North Carolina												
South Carolina							16	70	19.85	16	70	19.85
Virginia												
West Virginia												
East South Central				182	57	15.87				733	W	W
AlabamaKentucky				182	57	15.87				733	W	W
Mississippi						13.67				733		
Tennessee												
West South Central				41	-	-		-		934	39	11.39
Arkansas											 W/	
Louisiana										667	W	W
Oklahoma Texas				41						268	W	W
Mountain												
Arizona												
Colorado												
Idaho												
Montana												
New Mexico												
Utah												
Wyoming												
Pacific Contiguous	205									205	W	W
California										205	W	W
Oregon												
Washington Pacific Noncontiguous												
Alaska			-								-	
Hawaii												
U.S. Total		62	17.37	2,907	78	22.18	281	61	17.37	5,846	72	20.39

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is "1" and values under 0.5 are shown as "*".)
W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Receipts and total average delivered cost of fuel reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost for contract, spot, and unclassified/other purchase types reflect data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Table 10.B. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Petroleum Coke by Type of Purchase, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2002

	C	ontract			Spot		Unclas	sified/Othe	er		Total	
Census Division		Cos	st		Cos	st		Cos	st		Cos	st
and State	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per ton)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per ton)
New England												
Connecticut												
Massachusetts												
New Hampshire												
Rhode Island												
Vermont										200	 ***	 **7
Middle Atlantic				114						266	W	W
New York				107						259	W	W
Pennsylvania				7						7	W	W
East North Central		86	23.75	256	84	23.75				483	W	W
Illinois			22.75									22.75
Indiana Michigan		86	23.75	65	 91	25.77				88 65	86 91	23.75 25.78
Ohio					91 	23.11					91 	23.78
Wisconsin				191	82	23.06				329	W	W
West North Central		47	12.94	150	63	18.14		-		358	54	15.12
Iowa												
Kansas		47	12.94							208	47	12.94
Minnesota Missouri		4/	12.94	150	63	18.14				150	63	18.14
Nebraska												
North Dakota												
South Dakota												
South Atlantic		57	16.33	1,727	61	17.35	 			1,900	61	17.26
Delaware District of Columbia												
Florida		57	16.33	1,727	61	17.35				1,900	61	17.26
Georgia				´						,		
Maryland												
North Carolina												
South Carolina Virginia												
West Virginia												
East South Central		57	15.75	5	57	15.75				8	57	15.75
Alabama												
Kentucky		57	15.75	5	57	15.75				8	57	15.75
Mississippi Tennessee												
West South Central		50	13.90							1,249	W	W
Arkansas												
Louisiana										691	W	W
Oklahoma			12.00									***
Texas		50 31	13.90 8.99							558 33	W	W
Arizona			0.55									
Colorado												
Idaho												
Montana		31	8.99							33	W	W
Nevada New Mexico												
Utah												
Wyoming												
Pacific Contiguous	. 152	-			-		6	-		158	W	W
California							6			158	W	W
Oregon												
Washington Pacific Noncontiguous				 								
Alaska												
Hawaii												
U.S. Total	2,197	56	15.75	2,251	64	18.17	6			4,454	78	22.32

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Receipts and total average delivered cost of fuel reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost for contract, spot, and unclassified/other purchase types reflect data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Table 11.A. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Petroleum Liquids and Petroleum Coke by Type, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003

	Dis	tillate Fuel	Oil ¹	Res	sidual Fuel	Oil ²	Total	Petroleum !	liquids³	P	etroleum Cok	æ
Census Division and State	Receipts (1,000 barrels)	Heat Value (Btu per gallon)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 barrels)	Heat Value (Btu per gallon)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 barrels)	Heat Value (Btu per gallon)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Cost (cents per million Btu)
New England	1,135	137,866	685	20,258	150,833	374	21,698	149,867	W			
Connecticut	185	137,890		3,487	147,450		3,712	146,743	542			
Maine Massachusetts	50 812	136,402 138,274	686	3,074	152,112 150,805	482	3,373 10,999	150,319 149,850	556 463			
New Hampshire	81	136,274	664	10,168 3,529	150,803	368	3,610	152,724	403 W			
Rhode Island	6	140,564		3,327			6	140,564	W			
Vermont												
Middle Atlantic	2,398	137,604	612	39,506	150,622	444	43,329	149,285	507	337	13,265	80
New Jersey	391	137,652	607	689	150,502	355	2,140	139,250	604			
New York	612	136,438	699	32,688	150,593	446	33,654	150,131	W W	57 280	14,091 13,098	W W
Pennsylvania East North Central	1,395 2,473	138,102 137,810	613 712	6,130 2,443	150,790 151,428	426	7,536 5,105	148,357 144,789	565	493	14,089	W
Illinois	314	137,702	675	1,062	150,886		1,376	147,876	540		14,007	
Indiana	312	137,060	689	25	150,000	487	526	142,426	W	89	14,094	92
Michigan	318	138,350	665	1,356	151,879	426	1,674	149,307	W	66	14,106	94
Ohio	1,457	137,810	732				1,457	137,810	731			
Wisconsin	72	139,162	649				72	139,162	W	338	14,084	W
West North Central	472	138,364 139,171	633	1,461	158,005	349	1,933	153,205	W (25	284	13,983	50
Iowa Kansas	100 80	139,171	635 633	1,461	158,005	349	100 1,541	139,171 156,948	635 362			
Minnesota	91	138,645	572	*	151,929	419	91	138,650	W	259	13,934	49
Missouri	109	137,498	670				109	137,498	W	25	14,491	67
Nebraska	16	138,040	457				16	138,040	457			
North Dakota	70	138,995	676				70	138,995	676			
South Dakota	6	138,210	804				6	138,210	804			
South Atlantic	6,746	138,283	678	62,723	152,124	453	69,818	150,700	481	2,860	14,173	W
Delaware District of Columbia	289 226	138,636 142,324	718	1,959	151,326	476 	2,552 226	147,895 142,324	576 W			
Florida	1,534	138,269	756	47,036	152,352	448	48,569	151,907	461	2,532	14,186	75
Georgia	408	138,333	673	230	132,067	478	638	136,071	W	312	14,077	W
Maryland	331	138,931		1,506	150,826		1,876	148,564	534			
North Carolina	726	138,529	646	190	151,274		921	140,848	623			
South Carolina	285	138,160	685	463	150,952	497	748	146,076	W	16	14,149	70
Virginia	2,470	137,500	603	11,289	151,962	473	13,758	149,367	499			
West Virginia	479 1,935	139,460	697 693	50 2,809	150,640 156,638	394	529 4,745	140,526 149,526	725 504	733	13,772	W
East South Central	367	139,202 141,395	567	2,809	150,038	394	367	149,326	W W	133	13,//2	
Kentucky	1,055	137,879	769				1,055	137,879	W	733	13,772	W
Mississippi	252	140,819	633	2,809	156,638	394	3,061	155,336	412			
Tennessee	261	139,902	619				261	139,902	619			
West South Central	3,836	140,447	633	2,492	153,416	465	6,328	145,555	539	934	14,697	39
Arkansas	94	140,479	646		152 622		94	140,479	646			
Louisiana	587	148,229	607	2,000	153,933	464	2,587	152,638	W 540	667	14,753	W
Oklahoma Texas	197 2,957	135,864 139,207	593 667	109 383	153,660 150,643	475 539	306 3,340	142,205 140,519	548 W	268	14,557	W
Mountain	397	139,207	742	363	151,524	432	3,340 405	136.896	744	208	14,337	
Arizona	70	139,550	773				70	139,550	W			
Colorado	35	123,940	915				35	123,940	W			
Idaho												
Montana	75	140,979	734				82	136,574	W			
Nevada	23	138,126	607	1	151,524	432	24	138,548	601			
New Mexico	75 54	136,048 139,493	758 722				75 54	136,048 139,493	W 722			
Wyoming	54 66	139,493	714				54 66	139,493	714			
Pacific Contiguous	143	138,592	749	5	148,810	592	998	115,680	W	205	14,372	W
California	32	138,933	616	5	148,810	592	752	106,986	W	205	14,372	W
Oregon	110	138,490	787				110	138,490	787			
Washington	*	139,524		1.000	1.40 < 42		135	145,438	W			
Pacific Noncontiguous	13	131,176		1,968	140,643		1,981	140,581	W			
Alaska	13	131,176		1,968	140,643		1,981	140,581	 W			
U.S. Total	19,546	131,170	681	133,667	151,486	444	156,338	140,381	494	5,846	14,145	72
	20,000	100,017	301	200,007	102,100		200,000	1.,500		3,010	2.31.10	

¹ Distillate fuel oil includes all diesel, No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils.

Notes: • Receipts, heat value, and total average delivered cost of fuel reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost for distillate and residual fuel oil reflect data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Monetary values are expressed in pomisal terms

² Residual fuel oil includes No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils and bunker C fuel oil.

³ Also includes jet fuel, kerosene, and waste oil.

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is "1" and values under 0.5 are shown as "*".) W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report," Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 11.B. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Petroleum Liquids and Petroleum Coke by Type, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2002

		tillate Fuel		1	sidual Fuel	Oil ²	Total	Petroleum	liquids ³	P	etroleum Cok	e
Census Division and State	Receipts (1,000 barrels)	Heat Value (Btu per gallon)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 barrels)	Heat Value (Btu per gallon)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 barrels)	Heat Value (Btu per gallon)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Receipts (1,000 tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Cost (cents per million Btu)
New England	226	137,557	529	14,982	151,520	367	15,251	151,264	372			
Connecticut	87	138,529		2,441	149,705		2,552	149,169	422			
Maine Massachusetts	48 57	136,326 136,962	564	2,049 9,312	151,300 151,879	425	2,096 9,387	150,960 151,755	388 355			
New Hampshire	35	137,800	521	1,181	152,829	367	1,215	152,400	371			
Rhode Island												
Vermont												
Middle Atlantic	3,117	138,838	553	16,996	151,904	349	20,462	149,476	W	266	14,052	\mathbf{W}_{-}
New York	575 1,613	144,417 138,836	549	443 14,236	150,983 152,174	396 347	1,198 16,018	143,162 150,629	468 W	259	14,055	W
Pennsylvania	929	135,393	607	2,317	150,421	J47 	3,246	146,119	W	7	13,935	W
East North Central	1,157	134,609	533	881	151,833	238	2,630	144,385	351	483	14,004	W
Illinois	167	136,681	564	55	151,455	285	222	140,345	524			
Indiana	194	137,188	551	19	150,000		804	148,693	W	88	13,873	86
Michigan	380	138,336 125,426	513 529	807	151,902	237	1,187 305	147,557	320 W	65	14,206	91
Ohio Wisconsin	305 111	139,460	529 574				112	125,426 139,445	W	329	13,999	W
West North Central	420	138,687	561	730	159,000	250	1,150	151,579	354	358	13,990	54
Iowa	170	139,667	579		´		170	139,667	579			
Kansas	68	137,848	551	730	159,000	250	798	157,186	273			
Minnesota	28	137,883	528				28	137,883	528	208	13,765	47
MissouriNebraska	95 10	137,698 138,043	541 555				95 10	137,698 138,043	541 555	150	14,303	63
North Dakota	49	138,955	573				49	138,955	573			
South Dakota												
South Atlantic	3,569	137,261	557	51,611	152,693	371	55,273	151,588	381	1,900	14,193	61
Delaware	384	137,845	515	1,731	151,433	384	2,116	148,964	406			
District of Columbia	614	142,114					614	142,114	W			
Florida	927 231	138,498	581 541	42,401	152,929	370	43,333 231	152,633	375 549	1,900	14,193	61
Georgia	214	138,348 145,817	341	1,930	151,721		2,232	138,348 150,717	375			
North Carolina	396	138,250	499	317	151,395		713	144,098	467			
South Carolina	86	137,924	529	116	150,793		202	145,331	W			
Virginia	332	137,445	566	5,063	151,674	373	5,395	149,779	380			
West Virginia	385	119,236	586	51	150,000		436	122,840	543			
East South Central	453 106	139,768 140,588	541 520	11	156,817	250	464 106	140,165 140,588	W	8	13,812	57
Kentucky	168	139,074	555				168	139,074	555	8	13,812	57
Mississippi	20	140,188	534	11	156,817	250	31	145,986	428			
Tennessee	160	139,900	536				160	139,900	536			
West South Central	347	139,273	532	362	150,221	203	709	144,858	W	1,249	14,686	\mathbf{W}
Arkansas	64	140,726	550 550		150 999	203	64 179	140,726	550 W	 601	14 707	W
LouisianaOklahoma	87 10	142,419 142,181	559 484	90	150,888	203	178 10	146,717 142,181	w 484	691	14,707	W
Texas	185	137,121	453	272	150,000		457	144,776	W	558	14,659	W
Mountain	484	138,950	596				492	138,117	W	33	14,461	W
Arizona	76	139,567	674				76	139,567	W			
Colorado	14	127,436	705				14	127,436	705			
IdahoMontana	 78	140,988	 579				87	136,060	W	33	14,461	W
Nevada	139	139,110	600				139	139,110	600			
New Mexico	48	136,000	614				48	136,000	614			
Utah	38	139,821	556				38	139,821	556			
Wyoming	89	139,448	553		1.40.000	 502	89	139,448	553	 170	1.4.407	
Pacific Contiguous	27 10	138,534 136,190	572	1	148,800	592 592	170	137,341	W	158	14,487	W W
California	15	140,000	572	1	148,800	392	15	136,895 140,000	572	158	14,487	
Washington	2	139,524					144	137,098	W			
Pacific Noncontiguous	20	131,488		1,957	139,498		1,980	139,410	W		-	
Alaska												
Hawaii	20	131,488	 552	1,957	139,498	262	1,980	139,410	W 297	4 454	14 208	78
U.S. Total	9,821	137,779	553	87,531	152,119	363	98,581	150,552	387	4,454	14,298	/0

¹ Distillate fuel oil includes all diesel, No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils.

Notes: • Receipts, heat value, and total average delivered cost of fuel reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost for distillate and residual fuel oil reflect data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

² Residual fuel oil includes No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils and bunker C fuel oil.

³ Also includes jet fuel, kerosene, and waste oil.

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report," Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 12. Receipts of Natural Gas for Electric Generation by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003 and 2002

(Thousand Mcf)

Census Division and State	2003	2002^{1}
New England	381,011	345,091
Connecticut	43,766	58,457
Maine	73,955	89,850
Massachusetts	171,799	128,388
New Hampshire	31,472	963
Rhode Island	60,020	67,417
Vermont	, 	17
Middle Atlantic	407,304	529,360
New Jersey	125,972	148,497
New York	228.728	322,176
Pennsylvania	52,604	58,687
East North Central	202,784	255,836
Illinois	47,804	82,380
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Indiana Mishisan	27,525 100,467	16,200
Michigan	100,467	126,426
Ohio	7,985	12,377
Wisconsin	19,002	18,452
West North Central	40,368	48,155
Iowa	2,444	3,418
Kansas	9,617	14,573
Minnesota	11,350	8,930
Missouri	16,094	19,263
Nebraska	863	1,970
North Dakota	*	*
South Dakota		
South Atlantic	572,945	602,298
Delaware	12,639	15,928
District of Columbia.		
Florida	466.940	434,145
Georgia	31,957	62,406
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Maryland	8,626	21,096
North Carolina	3,273	22,994
South Carolina	5,420	4,773
Virginia	38,659	35,217
West Virginia	5,431	5,739
East South Central	163,097	247,296
Alabama	89,180	86,893
Kentucky	1,330	6,597
Mississippi	71,878	150,648
Tennessee	708	3,157
West South Central	2,490,697	2,405,025
Arkansas	56,956	37,188
Louisiana	450,215	509,001
Oklahoma	189,051	175,457
Texas	1,794,475	1,683,379
Mountain	415,049	345,976
Arizona	189,240	123,700
Colorado	73,849	75,799
Idaho	7,552	6,738
Montana	18	23
Nevada	106,625	95,571
New Mexico	32,965	34,113
		6,023
Utah	2,491	6,023 4,008
Wyoming	2,309	,
Pacific Contiguous	808,529	803,263
California	686,540	704,391
Oregon	83,229	67,176
Washington	38,760	31,696
Pacific Noncontiguous	18,919	25,438
Alaska	18,919	25,438
Hawaii		<u></u>
U.S. Total	5,500,704	5,607,737

¹ Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423.

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is "1" and values under 0.5 are shown as "*".)

Notes: • Natural gas, including small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. Natural gas values do not include blast furnace gas or other gas. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combinedcycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Mcf = thousand cubic feet.

Table 13. Average Delivered Cost of Natural Gas by Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003 and 2002

Census Division	2	2003	2	20021	Percent Change 2002-	Percent Change 2002-
and State	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per Mcf)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per Mcf)	2003 (cents per million Btu)	2003 (dollars per Mcf)
New England	579	5.99	389	4.01	48.82	49.44
Connecticut	W	W	392	3.98	W	W
Maine	584	6.09	391	4.08	49.32	49.26
Massachusetts	534	5.51	351	3.60	52.08	53.06
New Hampshire	W	W	388	4.08	W	W
Rhode Island	650	6.72	455	4.70	42.79	42.98
Vermont			384	3.86		
Middle Atlantic	612	6.30	399	4.09	53.28	53.98
New Jersey	620	6.42	404	4.19	53.21	53.22
New York	605	6.20	399	4.06	51.74	52.71
Pennsylvania	625	6.48	390	4.04	60.23	60.40
East North Central	487	4.94	348	3.53	39.67	39.80
Illinois	567	5.76	343	3.50	65.54	64.57
Indiana	616	6.24	324	3.29	90.37	89.67
Michigan	386	3.92	352	3.55	9.68	10.42
Ohio	598	6.20	375	3.86	59.57	60.62
Wisconsin	582	5.83	354	3.54	64.49	64.69
West North Central	W	W	338	3.41	W	W
Iowa	593	5.96	W	W	W	W
Kansas	530	5.37	309	3.11	71.15	72.67
Minnesota	W	W	W	W	W	W
Missouri	W	W	W	W	W	W
Nebraska	564	5.63	417	4.17	35.29	35.01
North Dakota	744	7.67	248	2.54	200.25	201.97
South Dakota						
South Atlantic	574	5.98	391	4.05	46.87	47.63
Delaware	W	W	W	W	W	W
District of Columbia						
Florida	573	5.97	397	4.11	44.51	45.26
Georgia	572	5.92	362	3.74	57.82	58.29
Maryland	537	5.62	416	4.31	28.97	30.39
North Carolina	560	5.78	344	3.52	62.95	64.20
South Carolina	W	W	W	W	W	W
Virginia	618	6.39	413	4.28	49.39	49.30
West Virginia	633	6.48	385	3.95	64.16	64.05
East South Central	560	5.81	346	3.57	61.94	62.72
Alabama	561	5.83	346	3.59	62.42	62.40
Kentucky	658	6.69	351	3.52	87.29	90.06
Mississippi	557	5.77	346	3.57	60.65	61.62
Tennessee	620	6.35	323	3.30	92.09	92.42
West South Central	533	5.48	335	3.44	58.96	59.64
Arkansas	423	4.37	351	3.59	20.49	21.73
Louisiana	561	5.80	342	3.54	63.91	63.84
Oklahoma	542	5.59	344	3.54	57.52	57.91
Texas	528	5.43	332	3.39	59.24	60.18
Mountain	W	W	W	W	W	W
Arizona	506	5.16	320	3.27	58.08	57.80
Colorado	430	4.42	246	2.53	74.57	74.70
Idaho	W	W	W	W	W	W
Montana	W	W	W	W	W	W
Nevada	511	5.31	438	4.53	16.47	17.22
New Mexico	W	W	304	3.03	W	W
Utah	W	W	W	W	W	W
Wyoming	W	W	W	W	W	W
Pacific Contiguous	521	5.33	368	3.75	41.57	42.31
California	537	5.50	372	3.79	44.22	45.12
Oregon	437	4.46	328	3.35	33.08	33.13
Washington	415	4.27	354	3.66	17.26	16.67
Pacific Noncontiguous	229	2.29	W	W	W	W
Alaska	229	2.29	W	W	W	W
Hawaii						
U.S. Total	539	5.55	356	3.65	51.51	52.05
U.S. 10tal	539	3.33	330	3.03	51.51	54.05

¹ Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Natural gas, including small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. Natural gas values do not include blast furnace gas or other gas. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Mcf = thousand cubic feet. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Table 14.A. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Natural Gas by Type of Purchase, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003

		Firm		Int	terruptible			Spot	
Census Division		Cos	t		Cos	t		Cos	t
and State	Receipts (1,000 Mcf)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)	Receipts (1,000 Mcf)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)	Receipts (1,000 Mcf)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)
New England	188,806			25,086	572	5.87	167,118	616	6.35
Connecticut	,			3,721			17,857		
Maine	57,396						16,559		
Massachusetts	,			2,374	572	5.87	116,352	616	6.35
New Hampshire				18,992			12,479		
Rhode Island							3,870		
Vermont				69,051	606	6.29	167,597	630	6.47
New Jersey	,			51,456			27,984		
New York				17,041	606	6.29	107,064	630	6.47
Pennsylvania	19,503			553			32,549		
East North Central		585	5.92	15,350	540	5.48	76,342	614	6.24
Illinois				4,224	589	5.98	24,214		
Indiana				1,505	582	5.94	7,182	682	6.93
Michigan		578	5.84	7,135	515	5.23	29,937	548	5.57
Ohio		663	6.85	57 2,428	580	5.84	7,826 7,182	719 587	7.35 5.88
West North Central		540	5.50	15,160	547	5.53	4.350	557	5.59
Iowa		612	6.19	880	628	6.33	1,297	566	5.66
Kansas		569	5.62	7,709	524	5.33	406	514	5.23
Minnesota		601	6.06	3,501	577	5.81	2,325	541	5.42
Missouri	9,240	522	5.37	2,537	545	5.49	322	850	8.57
Nebraska		574	5.74	533	557	5.56			
North Dakota				*	744	7.67			
South Dakota		 500			 				
South Atlantic		598 584	6.22 6.07	32,701	582 623	6.08 6.51	83,599 61	662	6.74
Delaware		364	0.07	1,654	023	0.31	01		
Florida		598	6.22	19,834	589	6.17	48,156	640	6.47
Georgia	,			5,429	568	5.87	16,787		
Maryland	,			464			3,110		
North Carolina	1,027			650	593	6.18	1,240		
South Carolina				667	430	4.43	55		
Virginia				2,945			13,073	704	7.24
West Virginia			 05	1,058	760	7.60	1,117		(12
East South Central		564 521	5.87 5.45	43,301 42,863	574 574	6.01 6.01	49,691 21,496	591 591	6.12 6.16
Kentucky	,	321	J.4J	42,803	3/4	0.01	1,303	680	6.96
Mississippi		608	6.30	175			26,893	589	6.10
Tennessee				263			,		
West South Central		569	5.89	74,639	507	5.21	1,081,893	546	5.65
Arkansas							22,197	554	5.63
Louisiana		575	6.14	13,819	546	5.64	153,933	579	6.01
Oklahoma		580	6.00	101	501	5.02	100,535	543	5.59
Texas		500	5.12	60,719	466	4.76	805,228	529	5.48
Arizona		508 510	5.17 5.19	35,731 19,966	484 506	4.93 5.15	166,269 59,464	527 574	5.43 5.86
Colorado		427	4.31	415	460	4.63	25,060	3/4	3.00
Idaho			7.51			4.05	25,000		
Montana				9	566	6.52	7		
Nevada		616	6.38				60,015	543	5.63
New Mexico		589	5.92	15,341	436	4.46	17,154	512	5.18
Utah							2,491	284	3.03
Wyoming		337	3.57				2,078		
Pacific Contiguous	,	551	5.55	65,896	502	5.14	256,046	532	5.44
California		551	5.55	59,675	563	5.78	236,116	553	5.66
Oregon				2,607 3,614	454	4.64	13,375 6,555	403	4.11
Pacific Noncontiguous		229	2.29	3,014			0,333		
Alaska		229	2.29			-			
Hawaii									
U.S. Total		567	5.87	376,916	541	5.57	2,052,905	555	5.72

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is "1" and values under 0.5 are shown as "*".)

Notes: • Natural gas, including a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. Natural gas values do not include blast furnace gas or other gas. • Receipts, heat value, and total average delivered cost of fuel reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost for firm, interruptible, spot and unclassified/other purchase types reflect data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Mcf = thousand cubic feet. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Table 14.A. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Natural Gas by Type of Purchase, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2003(Continued)

	Uncl	assified/Other			Total		
Census Division	Receipts	Co	st	Receipts	Heat Value	Co	st
and State	(1,000 Mcf)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)	(1,000 Mcf)	(Btu per Cubic Foot)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)
New England	. 1	611	6.39	381,011	1,034	579	5.99
Connecticut				43,766	1,020	W	W
Maine				73,955	1,042	584	6.09
Massachusetts				171,799	1,032	534	5.51
New Hampshire		611	6.39	31,472 60,020	1,047 1,033	W 650	W 6.72
Vermont				00,020	1,033	050	0.72
Middle Atlantic		567	5.84	407,304	1,030	612	6.30
New Jersey				125,972	1,036	620	6.42
New York	. 6,677	567	5.84	228,728	1,025	605	6.20
Pennsylvania				52,604	1,038	625	6.48
East North Central		637	6.44	202,784	1,015	487	4.94
Illinois				47,804	1,016	567	5.76
Indiana		665	6.74	27,525	1,014	616	6.24
Michigan		399 661	4.07 6.84	100,467 7,985	1,015 1,037	386 598	3.92 6.20
Ohio		586	5.87	19,002	1,002	582	5.83
West North Central		506	5.14	40,368	1,012	W	W
Iowa		594	5.96	2,444	1,004	593	5.96
Kansas		545	5.55	9,617	1,014	530	5.37
Minnesota		737	7.42	11,350	1,007	W	W
Missouri	. 3,995	495	5.03	16,094	1,016	W	W
Nebraska				863	998	564	5.63
North Dakota				*	1,030	744	7.67
South Dakota							
South Atlantic	,	566	5.87	572,945	1,040	574	5.98
Delaware				12,639	1,043	W 	W
District of Columbia		574	5.97	466,940	1,041	573	5.97
Georgia	,	528	5.43	31,957	1,035	572	5.92
Maryland			J. 15	8,626	1,047	537	5.62
North Carolina		541	5.59	3,273	1,032	560	5.78
South Carolina		319	3.29	5,420	1,031	W	W
Virginia		655	6.78	38,659	1,035	618	6.39
West Virginia	. 			5,431	1,024	633	6.48
East South Central		566	5.86	163,097	1,037	560	5.81
Alabama	,	575	5.96	89,180	1,039	561	5.83
Kentucky				1,330	1,017	658	6.69
Mississippi		558	5.77	71,878 708	1,036 1,025	557 620	5.77
Tennessee		583	6.01	2,490,697	1,023	533	6.35 5.48
Arkansas	,	327	3.38	56,956	1,033	423	4.37
Louisiana		605	6.25	450,215	1,033	561	5.80
Oklahoma		519	5.34	189,051	1,031	542	5.59
Texas		558	5.74	1,794,475	1,029	528	5.43
Mountain	. 4,381	508	5.27	415,049	1,025	W	W
Arizona		534	5.46	189,240	1,021	506	5.16
Colorado		447	4.55	73,849	1,027	430	4.42
Idaho	. <u></u>			7,552	1,018	W	W
Montana		506	5.57	18	1,123	W	W
Nevada		508	5.28	106,625	1,040	511	5.31
New Mexico		459	4.64	32,965 2,491	996 1,062	W W	W W
Wyoming				2,309	997	W W	W
Pacific Contiguous		523	5.36	808,529	1,025	521	5.33
California		525	5.37	686,540	1,026	537	5.50
Oregon		440	4.49	83,229	1,022	437	4.46
Washington				38,760	1,029	415	4.27
Pacific Noncontiguous			-	18,919	1,000	229	2.29
Alaska				18,919	1,000	229	2.29
Hawaii			 5.05				
U.S. Total	. 162,329	568	5.85	5,500,704	1,030	539	5.55

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is "1" and values under 0.5 are shown as "*".)
W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Natural gas, including a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. Natural gas values do not include blast furnace gas or other gas. • Receipts, heat value, and total average delivered cost of fuel reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost for firm, interruptible, spot and unclassified/other purchase types reflect data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Mcf = thousand cubic feet. • Monetary values are expressed in nominal terms.

Table 14.B. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Natural Gas by Type of Purchase, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2002

		Firm		Int	terruptible			Spot	
Census Division		Cos	t		Cos	t		Cos	
and State	Receipts	(cents per		Receipts	(cents per		Receipts	(cents per	
and State	(1,000 Mcf)	million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)	(1,000 Mcf)	million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)	(1,000 Mcf)	million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)
New England	209,806		-	2,661	391	4.02	132,624	397	4.12
Connecticut							35,292		
Maine	63,677						26,173		
Massachusetts	,			2,661	391	4.02	70,179	403	4.16
New Hampshire							963	388	4.08
Rhode Island							 17	384	3.86
Vermont		385	3.86	71,039	368	3.79	264,571	383	3.90
New Jersey	,			51,046			30,305		
New York		385	3.86	19,210	368	3.79	189,047	383	3.90
Pennsylvania	12,682			783			45,219		
East North Central		394	3.98	32,445	349	3.54	131,769	417	4.25
Illinois				13,429	343	3.53	54,709		
Indiana			2.00	1,833	379	3.85	9,999	412	4.21
Michigan		394	3.98	11,992	339	3.42	50,143 10,001	413 582	4.21
Ohio		395	4.05	2,281 2,910	378	3.80	6,917	383	5.96 3.83
West North Central		336	3.43	23,837	337	3.38	5,230	366	3.66
Iowa	,	399	4.03	918	390	3.93	2,234	383	3.83
Kansas				14,115	308	3.09	459	345	3.46
Minnesota	5,630	491	4.96	2,672	397	3.99	628	334	3.34
Missouri		329	3.37	4,956	348	3.50	1,910	342	3.44
Nebraska		357	3.57	1,176	457	4.58			
North Dakota				*	248	2.54			
South Dakota		407	4.22	63,791	374	3.88	118,895	456	4.61
South Atlantic Delaware		407	4.22	2,093	345	3.56	110,095	450	4.01
District of Columbia		407	4.20	2,093	343	3.30			
Florida		407	4.22	27,014	369	3.84	44,941	447	4.48
Georgia				8,622	302	3.10	45,850	375	3.84
Maryland	6,018			2,213			12,864		
North Carolina				6,845	421	4.37	901		
South Carolina				37	502	5.16	981		
Virginia				15,863	453	4.53	11,965	478	4.92
West Virginia East South Central		327	3.39	1,104 57,383	453 354	4.53 3.69	1,392 142,113	353	3.63
Alabama		323	3.35	55,863	354	3.69	2,187	304	3.15
Kentucky	,						6,597	425	4.34
Mississippi		340	3.52	367			133,328	353	3.63
Tennessee	2,003			1,154					
West South Central		356	3.68	86,685	326	3.35	1,106,421	346	3.57
Arkansas	,						33,945	353	3.60
Louisiana		340	3.55	39,535	343	3.55	236,221	355	3.68
Oklahoma		361 342	3.74 3.49	163 46,988	354 295	3.55 2.99	91,864 744,392	339 339	3.48 3.50
Texas		345	3.49 3.47	42,288	293 287	2.99	147,829	469	4.81
Arizona		304	3.10	21,136	291	2.95	47,924	376	3.86
Colorado		266	2.64	2,271	222	2.20	18,100		5.00
Idaho				, <u></u>			·		
Montana				13	431	4.82	11		
Nevada		523	5.36				58,881	558	5.74
New Mexico		360	3.66	18,868	293	2.99	13,087	349	3.54
Utah		414	1 20				6,023	455	4.82
Wyoming Pacific Contiguous		414 532	4.38 5.33	84,481	445	4.55	3,803 271,681	336	3.41
California	,	532	5.33	84,481	445	4.55	256,547	344	3.49
Oregon		332	J.JJ	04,401		4.33	12,750	295	3.01
Washington							2,383		
Pacific Noncontiguous		222	2.22			-			
Alaska	25,438	222	2.22						
Hawaii									
U.S. Total	2,821,830	384	3.95	464,610	340	3.49	2,321,134	363	3.73

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is "1" and values under 0.5 are shown as "*".)

Notes: • Natural gas, including a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. Natural gas values do not include blast furnace gas or other gas. • Receipts, heat value, and total average delivered cost of fuel reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost for firm, interruptible, spot and unclassified/other purchase types reflect data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Mcf = thousand cubic feet. • For 2002 the methodology for developing the heat value was modified. As a result, the heat value displayed for the U.S. Total differs from the same value published previ

Table 14.B. Receipts and Average Delivered Cost of Natural Gas by Type of Purchase, Census Division and State: Total (All Sectors), 2002(Continued)

	Uncla	assified/Other			Total		
Census Division	Receipts	Co	st	Dogo! 4-	Heat Value	Co	st
and State	(1,000 Mcf)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)	Receipts (1,000 Mcf)	(Btu per Cubic Foot)	(cents per million Btu)	(\$ per Mcf)
New England				345,091	1,029	389	4.01
Connecticut				58,457	1,016	392	3.98
Maine				89,850	1,042	391	4.08
Massachusetts				128,388	1,024	351	3.60
New Hampshire				963	1,051	388 455	4.08 4.70
Rhode Island				67,417 17	1,032 1,006	384	3.86
Middle Atlantic				529,360	1,025	399	4.09
New Jersey				148,497	1,035	404	4.19
New York				322,176	1,019	399	4.06
Pennsylvania				58,687	1,036	390	4.04
East North Central	12			255,836	1,013	348	3.53
Illinois				82,380	1,022	343	3.50
Indiana				16,200	1,016	324	3.29
Michigan				126,426	1,007	352	3.55
Ohio				12,377 18,452	1,028 999	375 354	3.86 3.54
West North Central				48,155	1,007	338	3.41
Iowa				3,418	1,002	W	W
Kansas				14,573	1,004	309	3.11
Minnesota				8,930	1,007	W	W
Missouri				19,263	1,012	W	W
Nebraska				1,970	1,002	417	4.17
North Dakota				*	1,023	248	2.54
South Dakota							
South Atlantic				602,298	1,034	391	4.05
Delaware				15,928	1,036	W	W
District of Columbia				434.145	1,035	397	4.11
Georgia				62,406	1,031	362	3.74
Maryland				21,096	1,035	416	4.31
North Carolina				22,994	1,012	344	3.52
South Carolina				4,773	1,034	W	W
Virginia				35,217	1,035	413	4.28
West Virginia				5,739	1,026	385	3.95
East South Central				247,296	1,032	346	3.57
Alabama				86,893	1,037	346	3.59
Kentucky				6,597	1,003	351	3.52
Mississippi				150,648	1,030	346	3.57
Tennessee				3,157	1,024	323 335	3.30
West South Central		-		2,405,025 37,188	1,026 1,020	351	3.44 3.59
Louisiana				509,001	1,034	342	3.54
Oklahoma				175,457	1,030	344	3.54
Texas				1,683,379	1,023	332	3.39
Mountain				345,976	1,022	W	W
Arizona				123,700	1,021	320	3.27
Colorado				75,799	1,025	246	2.53
Idaho				6,738	1,020	W	W
Montana				23	1,104	W	W
Nevada				95,571	1,034	438	4.53
New Mexico				34,113	997	304 W	3.03 W
Utah				6,023 4,008	1,056 854	W W	W W
Pacific Contiguous				803,263	1,019	368	3.75
California				704,391	1,019	372	3.79
Oregon				67,176	1,019	328	3.35
Washington				31,696	1,034	354	3.66
Pacific Noncontiguous		-		25,438	1,001	W	W
Alaska				25,438	1,001	W	W
Hawaii							
U.S. Total	163			5,607,737	1,025 ^R	356	3.65

R = Revised

Notes: • Natural gas, including a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. Natural gas values do not include blast furnace gas or other gas. • Receipts, heat value, and total average delivered cost of fuel reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost for firm, interruptible, spot and unclassified/other purchase types reflect data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • Mcf = thousand cubic feet. • For 2002 the methodology for developing the heat value was modified. As a result, the heat value displayed for the U.S. Total differs from the same value published previ

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is "1" and values under 0.5 are shown as "*".)
W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Origin and Destination of Coal

Table 15.A. Destination and Origin of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2003

			Average	Quality		Average Deli	vered Cost
Destination Origin	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Alabama		10,977	.95	.86	8.96	W	7
Alabama	· ·	12,088	1.08	.90	12.87	161	38.9
Colorado		11,342	.58	.51	10.07	149	33.7
Ilinois		11,966	1.44	1.21	6.87	147	35.1
Indiana		11,441	1.38 2.51	1.20 2.14	6.29	163 134	37.1
Centucky Pennsylvania		11,766 13,064	2.46	1.88	11.32 7.90	162	31.5 42.3
rennessee		12,136	.78	.65	12.57	176	42.7
√irginia		12,400	.89	.72	10.50	187	46.3
Vest Virginia		12,408	.84	.67	12.59	178	44.1
Vyoming		8,780	.23	.27	4.83	129	22.7
mported		11,693	.60	.51	5.85	153	35.7
Jnclassified	7,224	11,557	1.34	1.16	10.01	142	32.8
Arizona	18,657	10,081	.64	.64	13.45	W	V
Arizona	7,642	10,863	.51	.47	9.65	116	25.1
Colorado		11,197	.48	.43	9.43	154	34.4
Montana		9,233	.32	.35	4.00	131	24.2
lew Mexico	,	9,495	.74	.78	16.36	134	25.3
Vyoming		8,724	.42	.48	5.50	131	22.8
Jnclassified		9,567	1.11	1.16	15.50	144	27.5
Arkansas		8,758	.28	.32	4.66	120	20.9
Vyoming		8,756 8,805	.28 .25	.32 .28	4.67 4.50	120 119	20.9 21.0
Jnclassified Zalifornia		11,943	.68	.57	7.99	173	41.
llinois	, ,	10,807	3.26	3.01	8.62		71.
Jtah		12,112	.64	.53	8.10		
Vyoming	· ·	8,500	.32	.38	4.80		
mported		12,055	.36	.30	10.50		
Colorado		9,793	.39	.40	6.93	97	18.9
Colorado		10,655	.46	.43	8.43	107	22.
Vyoming	8,208	8,634	.30	.35	4.81	81	13.9
Jnclassified	1,072	10,934	.50	.45	9.75	103	22.4
Connecticut		10,565	.55	.52	5.50	W	`
irginia		13,200	.73	.55	6.10		
Vest Virginia		12,244	1.24	1.02	12.59		
mported		9,361	.11	.11	1.09		
Delaware		12,803	.90	.70	9.31	W	
Centucky		12,677	.63	.49	8.88		
Pennsylvania		12,836 12,698	1.33 .82	1.04 .65	8.86 9.84		
VirginiaVest Virginia		12,820	.74	.58	9.62		
mported		13,120	.66	.50	5.20		
lorida		12,281	1.44	1.17	7.85	176	43.
Colorado		12,030	.48	.40	8.30	158	37.8
llinois		11,883	2.14	1.80	7.35	164	38.9
Cansas		12,597	1.06	.84	9.75		
Centucky	6,896	12,566	1.62	1.29	8.69	170	42.
Ohio		12,676	4.52	3.56	8.67	145	36.
ennsylvania	267	13,006	2.66	2.05	8.19	150	39.
irginia		13,062	1.07	.82	9.91	188	49.
Vest Virginia		12,625	1.02	.81	9.71	213	54.
mported		12,009	.58	.48	5.97	154	37.
Inclassified		12,320	1.38	1.12	7.95	179	44.
eorgialabama		11,668	.82	.70	9.06	172	40. 40.
olorado	,	12,167 12,086	1.66 .43	1.36 .35	12.05 8.04	166 256	61.
linois		12,086	1.21	1.00	6.76	166	40.
entucky		12,478	.96	.77	9.88	172	40.
ennessee		12,796	1.13	.88	7.55	174	44.
riginia		12,641	.91	.72	11.06	167	42.
Vest Virginia		12,399	.69	.56	10.93	208	51.
Vyoming		8,773	.33	.38	5.20	172	30.
mported		12,702	.74	.58	6.56	160	40.
Jnclassified		11,088	.71	.64	8.16	171	37.
Iawaii		11,422	.44	.38	4.75	W	

Table 15.A. Destination and Origin of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2003 (Continued)

			Average	Quality		Average Deli	vered Cost
Destination Origin	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Hawaii (Continued)							
Imported		11,422	.44	.38	4.75		
Illinois		9,176	.66	.72	5.73	116	21.28
Colorado	· ·	11,895 10,584	.48 2.20	.40 2.08	9.78 8.69	163 133	39.55 28.10
IllinoisIndiana		11,400	3.08	2.70	9.45	174	39.09
Kentucky		12,300	2.50	2.03	10.00	1/4	37.07
Montana		9,300	.34	.37	4.00		
Utah	323	11,800	.42	.35	7.60		
West Virginia	61	8,000	.23	.29	4.50		
Wyoming		8,764	.33	.38	4.96	97	16.98
Unclassified		10,767	2.01	1.87	9.03	134	28.93
Indiana		10,550	1.49	1.42	7.42	W	W 25.50
ColoradoIllinois		12,079 10,939	.52 2.20	.43 2.01	7.85 8.85	147 120	35.50 26.27
Indiana	· ·	11,160	2.12	1.90	8.59	113	25.17
Kentucky	· ·	12,070	1.37	1.14	10.75	125	30.13
Montana		9,469	.32	.34	3.89		50.15
Ohio		11,035	3.09	2.80	11.28	121	26.72
Pennsylvania	248	12,898	2.42	1.88	8.55	126	32.44
Utah		12,347	.55	.44	9.01	168	41.54
Virginia		13,848	.77	.56	5.71	169	46.67
West Virginia		12,501	1.83	1.46	9.71	131	32.72
Wyoming		8,848 9,973	.24 1.04	.27 1.04	4.73 6.39	120 123	21.22 24.60
Unclassified Iowa		8,705	.43	.49	5.31	W	24.00 W
Colorado	,	11,320	1.34	1.19	8.28	134	30.34
Illinois		10,745	2.88	2.68	8.60	126	28.82
Kentucky	2	12,000	1.50	1.25	11.00	208	49.90
Wyoming	14,760	8,603	.33	.38	5.17	85	14.65
Unclassified		8,594	.33	.38	5.09	85	14.58
Kansas		8,619	.48	.56	5.41	101	17.49
Kansas		10,718 10,855	3.53 5.99	3.30 5.52	19.15 18.79	125 123	26.75 26.65
Missouri New Mexico		9,059	.49	.54	22.10	100	18.06
Oklahoma		12,534	3.78	3.02	11.38	122	30.51
Wyoming		8,566	.37	.44	5.12	101	17.27
Unclassified		8,551	.39	.46	5.11	103	17.61
Kentucky	38,702	11,498	2.11	1.84	11.46	123	28.24
Colorado	· ·	11,685	.62	.53	9.98	144	33.75
Illinois		12,132	3.35	2.76	10.27	121	29.35
Indiana		11,144	3.25	2.92	10.15	116	25.77
Kentucky Ohio		11,447 11,701	2.51 3.00	2.19 2.56	12.27 12.62	117 115	27.15 26.81
Pennsylvania		12,708	2.56	2.02	9.06	124	31.53
West Virginia		12,241	1.38	1.13	11.01	141	34.55
Wyoming		8,708	.37	.43	5.94	132	22.98
Unclassified	5,573	11,565	2.26	1.96	11.99	121	28.09
Louisiana		8,023	.50	.62	7.77	W	W
Kentucky		12,500	.78	.63	12.22		
Louisiana		6,732	.87	1.29	13.68	138	18.62
Wyoming		8,512 6,827	.37 .79	.43 1.16	5.36 13.64	132 132	22.95 18.07
Unclassified Maine		13,124	.69	.53	5.76	W	W
West Virginia		13,157	.68	.51	5.49		
Imported		13,118	.69	.53	5.80		
Maryland		12,708	1.07	.84	10.09	163	41.42
Kentucky		12,840	.70	.54	8.51		
Maryland		12,653	1.12	.88	10.53		
Pennsylvania		12,822	1.56	1.22	9.10		
Virginia		12,896	1.09	.84	10.11		
West Virginia	· ·	12,755 11,683	1.01 .62	.80 .53	10.02 9.30		
Imported Massachusetts		12,200	1.14	.53	6.20	W	W
Kentucky		12,474	.64	.51	8.96	209	52.62
Virginia		14,209	.61	.43	4.93	184	52.24

Table 15.A. Destination and Origin of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2003 (Continued)

			Average	Quality		Average Deli	vered Cost
Destination Origin	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Massachusetts (Continued)							
West Virginia		12,146	3.39	2.79	8.24		
Imported		12,174	.81	.66	5.61	189	47.09
Unclassified		11,962 10,123	.49 . 57	.41	4.60 6.03	162 134	38.73 27.23
Michigan Colorado		12,182	.73	.56 .60	8.86	162	39.52
Illinois		11,963	1.16	.97	6.56	142	33.82
Kentucky		12,761	1.11	.87	8.08	159	40.62
Montana	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,416	.37	.39	4.58	128	24.02
Ohio	201	11,875	2.92	2.46	10.75	167	40.50
Pennsylvania		12,903	1.83	1.42	8.15	143	36.79
Utah		12,684	1.22	.96	7.71	155	40.14
Virginia		12,672	1.17	.92	9.90	151	38.19
West Virginia	· ·	12,684	1.23	.97	9.98	164	41.58
Wyoming Unclassified		8,833 9,632	.25 .44	.28 .46	4.92 5.48	114 127	20.20 24.40
Minnesota		8,895	.46	.52	6.64	W	24.40 W
Illinois		11,855	1.02	.86	6.15	182	43.20
Indiana		10,966	.89	.81	8.11	193	42.42
Montana		8,883	.58	.65	7.80	102	18.01
Wyoming	· ·	8,850	.26	.29	4.79	112	19.84
Unclassified	142	8,910	.48	.54	6.79	111	19.70
Mississippi		9,235	.59	.63	11.09	W	W
Colorado		11,818	.52	.44	8.91	160	37.72
Illinois		11,895	1.07	.90	6.67	149	35.53
Kentucky		12,623	1.05	.83	10.89	155	39.23
Mississippi	,	5,084 11,556	.51 .53	1.01 .46	15.57 5.44	155	35.80
Imported		8,865	.37	.40	5.09	133 W	33.80 W
Illinois		11,600	2.52	2.17	7.20	129	30.29
Kansas		11,347	3.81	3.36	15.80	116	26.26
Kentucky		13,312	.98	.74	6.74	231	61.61
Missouri		10,333	2.98	2.88	15.19	152	31.51
Oklahoma	5	12,728	3.19	2.51	11.24	131	33.27
Utah	390	12,533	.70	.56	8.07	140	35.02
Wyoming		8,750	.30	.35	4.96	89	15.63
Unclassified		9,085	.48	.53	5.28	98	17.75
Montana		8,515	.62	.72	8.33	W	W
Montana		8,525	.65 .23	.76 .27	8.64 4.51	62	10.56
Wyoming Nebraska		8,386 8,673	.23	.33	4.89	60	10.39
Wyoming	,	8,674	.29	.33	4.89	60	10.39
Unclassified		8,645	.29	.34	4.83	59	10.21
Nevada		11,120	.50	.45	9.65	142	31.52
Arizona		10,944	.49	.44	10.12	139	30.50
Colorado	48	11,932	.57	.48	9.68	138	32.81
Utah	,	11,417	.53	.46	8.82	155	35.38
Unclassified		11,233	.51	.46	9.34	127	28.60
New Hampshire		13,262	1.09	.82	6.00	170	45.16
Ohio		13,054	2.36	1.81	7.19	195	50.89
Pennsylvania Virginia		12,973 14,166	1.77 .62	1.36 .44	7.50 4.79	195 191	50.54 54.24
Imported		13,023	1.66	1.28	5.77	156	40.57
Unclassified		13,260	.97	.73	6.04	170	45.09
New Jersey		13,056	1.11	.85	7.87	180	46.90
Kentucky	, , ,	12,782	.74	.58	8.24		
Pennsylvania	799	12,959	1.63	1.26	7.37	157	40.76
Virginia		13,841	.75	.54	5.40		
West Virginia		12,796	1.17	.91	9.53	209	55.03
Imported		12,551	.72	.57	4.96	207	53.75
New Mexico		9,164	.73	.80	21.21	143	26.12
New Mexico		9,164 12,545	.73	.80	21.21	143	26.12
New York Kentucky	,	12,545 13,400	1.80 .80	1.43 .60	7.82 5.80	159	40.01
Ohio		13,400	.80 4.14	3.24	8.62		
Pennsylvania		12,731	2.37	1.83	8.47	149	38.59
	5,271	12,713	2.37	1.03	0.17	117	30.37

Table 15.A. Destination and Origin of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2003 (Continued)

			Average	Quality		Average Deli	vered Cost
Destination Origin	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
New York (Continued)		10.051					
Utah		12,361 12,808	.46 1.40	.37 1.10	7.93 7.82	145	38.79
West Virginia		8,821	.26	.30	5.21	143	36./9
Imported		13,063	.61	.47	6.46		
Unclassified		12,978	1.89	1.46	7.90	158	41.06
North Carolina		12,423	.87	.70	10.58	178	44.31
Kentucky	. 10,475	12,483	1.01	.81	10.00	176	43.64
Virginia		12,487	.89	.71	11.07	169	42.15
West Virginia		12,359	.78	.63	11.06	181	44.61
Imported		13,022	.62	.48	5.86	158	41.15
Unclassified		12,419	.87	.70	10.57	178	44.27
North Dakota		6,549	.69	1.05	9.46 9.40	74 121	9.72 21.06
Montana North Dakota		8,678 6,535	.69	1.06	9.50	74	9.68
Wyoming		7,997	.38	.48	5.53	85	13.60
Unclassified		6,537	.69	1.05	9.49	75	9.76
Ohio		12,160	2.14	1.76	10.71	121	29.47
Colorado	72	11,811	.89	.76	8.40	166	39.26
Illinois	283	12,174	.91	.75	7.15	142	34.57
Indiana		10,952	.45	.42	7.68	147	32.18
Kentucky		11,764	.88	.75	12.93	131	30.90
Ohio	· ·	12,246	3.24	2.65	9.41	113	27.63
Pennsylvania	·	13,071	2.46	1.88	7.87	106	27.80
Virginia		13,592	.78	.57	6.40	121	32.86
West Virginia		12,094 12,239	1.27 2.22	1.05 1.82	12.08 10.28	123 121	29.52 29.71
Oklahoma		8,872	.41	.47	5.70	W	29./1 W
Colorado		11,500	.60	.52	10.00		
Oklahoma		11,945	2.40	2.01	15.86		
Wyoming		8,700	.30	.35	5.13	96	16.62
Unclassified		8,686	.30	.35	5.13	96	16.71
Oregon		8,516	.29	.34	4.59	125	21.33
Montana	232	9,378	.35	.37	4.06	133	24.85
Wyoming		8,402	.27	.32	4.49	126	21.15
Unclassified		8,780	.38	.43	6.30	110	19.35
Pennsylvania		11,733	1.95	1.67	15.04	122	28.65
Indiana		11,130 12,794	.44 .80	.40 .63	7.60 7.97	121	31.39
Kentucky		12,794	1.71	1.38	8.60	121	31.39
Pennsylvania		11,354	1.99	1.75	17.33	121	31.27
Virginia	·	12,205	2.83	2.32	11.30		31.27
West Virginia		12,583	1.62	1.29	9.87	121	30.85
Imported		12,989	.70	.54	6.06		
Unclassified	. 9,124	12,131	2.17	1.79	12.77		
South Carolina		12,669	1.10	.87	8.98	W	W
Kentucky	·	12,682	1.11	.87	8.83	158	40.13
Tennessee		12,965	1.26	.97	7.92	167	43.19
Virginia		12,632	.92	.73	10.93	179	45.11
West Virginia	. 547	12,422	.88	.71	10.92	174	43.19
Imported		11,897 12,678	.54 1.13	.46 .89	5.38 8.94	184 163	43.73 41.39
Unclassified		8,560	.33	.38	4.61	103 134	23.00
Wyoming		8,560	.33	.38	4.61	134	23.00
Tennessee		11,465	1.19	1.04	9.29	W	W
Colorado		11,711	.69	.59	10.58	135	31.65
Illinois		12,026	2.28	1.90	8.20	111	26.66
Kentucky	. 6,124	12,031	1.51	1.25	10.70	136	32.42
Pennsylvania		13,101	2.58	1.97	7.80	114	29.94
Tennessee		12,494	.84	.67	9.68	166	41.40
Utah		12,172	.68	.56	9.44	133	32.41
Virginia		12,582	.90	.72	10.02	137	33.97
West Virginia		12,124	1.10	.91	11.70	146	35.39
Wyoming		8,651	.36	.41	6.59	99	17.20
Unclassified Texas		12,081 7,605	1.45 .78	1.20 1.02	9.96 10.81	130 125	31.47 19.08
1 CAGS	. 70,304	7,005	./0	1.02	10.01	123	17.00

Table 15.A. Destination and Origin of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2003 (Continued)

			Average	Quality		Average Deli	vered Cost
Destination Origin	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Texas (Continued)							
Colorado		10,657	.38	.36	6.40		
Texas		6,433	1.27	1.98	17.05	111	13.48
Wyoming		8,601	.33	.38	5.12	127	22.11
Unclassified		8,631	.33	.38	5.19	129	22.35
Utah		11,025	.55	.50	12.33	W	W
Colorado	1,961	9,670	.53	.55	11.11	163	31.53
Utah		11,210	.56	.50	12.76	97	22.28
Unclassified		11,318	.52	.46	10.91	100	22.54
Virginia		12,826	.97	.75	9.80	167	42.72
Kentucky		12,895	1.11	.86	8.25	163	41.95
Ohio	·	12,938	.80	.62	11.50	141	36.49
Virginia		12.778	.93	.72	11.07	149	37.70
West Virginia		12,826	.79	.61	9.30	156	39.68
Unclassified		12,827	.99	.77	9.76	166	42.46
Washington		8,052	1.00	1.25	14.04	W	W
Montana	,	9,350	.34	.36	4.30		
Washington		7,840	1.11	1.42	15.63		
West Virginia		12,166	1.69	1.39	12.18	125	30.31
Illinois		11,682	1.21	1.03	6.57	139	32.39
Indiana		10,872	.58	.53	7.90	140	30.36
Kentucky		11,983	1.00	.83	11.37	103	24.63
Maryland		12,005	1.77	1.47	16.76	112	26.85
Ohio	,	12,451	4.13	3.32	8.74	105	26.12
Pennsylvania	,	12,725	1.68	1.32	8.87	118	29.85
Virginia	·	13,332	1.24	.93	6.18	130	35.49
West Virginia		12.049	1.48	1.23	12.84	134	32.59
Unclassified		12,166	1.61	1.33	11.90	127	31.09
Wisconsin		9,006	.38	.43	5.22	W	W
Colorado		11,851	.57	.48	8.71	168	40.07
Illinois		11,981	1.46	1.22	6.89	162	38.84
Indiana		11,231	1.43	1.28	8.91	153	34.32
Kentucky		12,168	2.36	1.94	8.41	185	48.49
Montana		8,949	.32	.36	4.65	113	20.29
Pennsylvania		12,781	1.37	1.07	7.44	153	39.19
Utah		12,781	1.24	.99	8.09	152	38.04
		12,834	2.08	1.62	8.48	132	36.04
West Virginia		8.685	.30	.35	4.94	103	17.90
Wyoming		9.201	.30	.33	5.13	103	22.99
Unclassified		9,201 8.826	.41 .49	.44	6.87	82	14.53
Wyoming		- /	.49	.55	6.87	82	14.53
Wyoming		8,826	.49 . 97	.55 .96	8.98	128	
Total	986,026	10,137	.97	.96	8.98	128	26.00

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal. • Receipts, heat value, sulfur, ash and average delivered cost of fuel at the destination reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost of fuel at the origin reflects data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, and Tennessee does not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs

Table 15.B. Destination and Origin of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2002

			Average	Quality		Average Deli	vered Cost
Destination Origin	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Alabama		10,828	.94	.87	8.58	W	W
Alabama		12,095 11,847	1.16 .62	.96 .52	12.25 9.84	162 135	39.10 32.00
Colorado Illinois		12,205	1.40	1.15	6.43	116	28.28
Kentucky		11,604	2.96	2.55	11.83	126	29.35
Pennsylvania		13,077	2.55	1.95	8.06	127	33.13
Tennessee		12,500	1.03	.82	11.00	169	42.25
Virginia		12,393	.96	.78	10.22	127	31.50
West Virginia	474	12,402	.83	.67	12.56	161	40.05
Wyoming		8,793	.24	.27	4.87	115	20.31
Imported		11,604	.58	.50	4.80	154	35.81
Arizona		10,232	.60	.59	12.53	W	W
Arizona		10,924	.52	.48	9.30	112	24.48
Colorado		10,967	.42	.38	7.69	183	40.16
Montana		9,473	.31 .70	.33 .73	3.60	131 134	24.86
New Mexico		9,518 8,748	.28	.73	16.03 5.19	160	25.49 27.97
Wyoming Arkansas		8,685	.28	.32	4.72	84	14.52
Wyoming	,	8,685	.28	.32	4.72	84	14.52
California		11,854	.48	.40	8.13	180	42.72
Utah		11,857	.48	.40	8.13		
Unclassified		11,370	.32	.28	6.80		
Colorado		9,767	.40	.41	6.61	95	18.58
Colorado	10,571	10,673	.47	.44	8.07	105	22.37
Wyoming		8,642	.31	.35	4.80	80	13.87
Connecticut	1,278	11,439	.89	.78	9.46	W	W
Kentucky	218	13,033	.50	.38	7.76		
West Virginia		12,180	1.49	1.22	13.87		
Imported		9,654	.27	.28	4.27		
Delaware		12,858	.91	.71	9.69	W	W
Kentucky		12,633	.65	.52	9.68		
Pennsylvania		12,745	1.23	.97	9.70		
Virginia		12,688	1.94	1.53	12.21		
West Virginia		12,956	.77 1.55	.60 1.26	9.62 8.43	176	43.21
Florida		12,263 12,678	.65	.51	10.40	183	46.43
AlabamaIllinois		11,991	2.09	1.75	7.49	157	37.70
Indiana	,	11,452	3.05	2.67	8.02	132	30.28
Kentucky		12,486	1.69	1.36	9.07	177	44.14
Pennsylvania	,	13,144	2.48	1.89	7.56	180	47.38
Virginia		13,545	1.08	.80	8.14	183	49.49
West Virginia		12,547	.73	.59	10.08	217	54.64
Wyoming		8,797	.26	.30	5.07	134	23.55
Imported		12,088	.62	.51	7.12	166	40.22
Georgia		11,686	.79	.67	9.62	W	W
Alabama		12,249	1.65	1.35	12.05	175	42.93
Kentucky		12,405	.94	.76	10.49	168	41.73
Tennessee		12,896	1.25	.97	8.61		
Virginia		12,681	.89	.70	10.84	158	40.15
West Virginia		12,154	.70	.58	12.16	190	46.09
Wyoming		8,771	.33	.37	5.20	164	28.72
Imported		12,747	.66	.52	7.13	157	40.10
Unclassified		12,750	.90 .32	.71 .27	8.90 5.1 6	 W	w
Hawaiimported		11,536 11,535	.32	.27	5.16 5.16	W	w
Unclassified		12,205	.34	.28	2.50		
Illinois		9,253	.70	.76	5.85	119	21.93
Colorado		12,106	.54	.45	9.69	171	41.64
Illinois		10,544	2.19	2.07	8.89	131	27.51
indiana		11,212	3.47	3.10	10.51	121	27.68
Kentucky		12,300	2.56	2.08	10.00		
_ouisiana		10,300	1.00	.97	8.00		
Montana		9,508	.35	.36	4.04		
U tah		11,800	.97	.82	9.00		
West Virginia		8,871	.25	.29	4.72		

Table 15.B. Destination and Origin of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2002 (Continued)

Destination Origin Ilinois (Continued) Wyoming Imported Indiana Colorado Illinois Indiana Kentucky Indiana Ohio Pennsylvania Utah Virginia Wyoming Imported Imported Indiana	2	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per
Wyoming	2	8.775			by weight)		ton)
Imported Indiana Colorado Illinois Indiana Kentucky Montana Dhio Pennsylvania Utah Virginia West Virginia Wyoming	2	8.775					
Indiana Colorado Illinois Indiana Kentucky Montana Dhio Pennsylvania Utah Virginia West Virginia Wyoming			.33	.38	4.97	100	17.49
Colorado	45,205	11,148 10,593	.60 1.48	.54 1.40	10.60 7.56	95 W	21.07 W
Illinois Indiana Kentucky Montana Ohio Pennsylvania Utah Wirginia West Virginia Wyoming	62	12,099	.61	.51	7.90	138	33.50
Indiana Kentucky Montana Dhio Pennsylvania Utah Virginia West Virginia Wyoming		10,860	2.45	2.25	9.01	119	25.89
Montana Dhio Pennsylvania. Utah Virginia West Virginia Wyoming.		11,101	2.14	1.92	8.97	109	24.17
Ohio Pennsylvania Utah Wirginia West Virginia Wyoming		12,289	1.03	.84	10.67	156	38.30
Pennsylvania		9,492	.34	.36	4.06		
Utah Virginia West Virginia Wyoming		11,703	3.16	2.70	9.40	115	26.93
Virginia West Virginia Wyoming		12,927	2.01	1.56	7.68	116	29.91
West Virginia Wyoming		12,403 13,905	.54 .73	.43 .52	9.00 5.54	168 170	41.70 47.40
Wyoming		12,654	1.93	1.53	9.43	118	29.83
		8,829	.24	.27	4.80	116	20.44
•		11,506	.58	.51	11.30	210	48.36
[owa		8,648	.39	.45	5.22	W	W
Colorado	189	10,558	.36	.34	5.31	147	30.98
llinois		11,153	3.06	2.75	8.74	145	33.93
Montana		9,300	.38	.41	4.10	101	18.77
Jtah		11,238	.36	.32	8.44	164	36.84
Vyoming	,	8,561 8,571	.32 .44	.38 . 51	5.13 5.36	85 98	14.54 16.8 5
Colorado		10,051	.62	.62	16.12	91	18.28
Kansas		10,614	3.57	3.37	19.72	123	26.01
Aissouri		10,740	5.81	5.41	18.77	121	25.96
Vyoming		8,532	.36	.42	5.10	98	16.69
Kentucky	32,138	11,464	2.16	1.88	11.75	119	27.25
Colorado		11,993	.53	.44	8.34	139	33.35
llinois		12,131	3.25	2.68	10.26	121	29.33
ndiana		11,172	3.41	3.05	10.66	112	25.12
Kentucky		11,303	2.67	2.36	13.23	112	25.33
Ohio Pennsylvania		11,691 13,095	3.19 2.48	2.72 1.89	13.98 7.65	124 111	28.99 29.03
Jtah		12,137	.68	.56	11.90	168	40.78
West Virginia		12,154	1.55	1.28	11.95	127	30.85
Wyoming		8,785	.29	.33	5.30	126	22.17
Louisiana		8,095	.52	.65	7.30	W	W
Kentucky	16	12,500	1.00	.80	9.70		-
ouisiana		6,829	.92	1.35	13.48	136	18.54
Wyoming		8,477	.40	.47	5.40	124	21.77
Maine		13,138	.71	.54	6.00	241	63.32
Vest Virginiamported		13,185 13,078	.75 .66	.57 .50	6.31 5.60		-
Maryland		13,078	1.22	.30 . 96	10.02	163	41.83
Kentucky		12,869	1.20	.93	9.05		41.00
Maryland		12,538	1.50	1.19	11.65		-
Pennsylvania	1,287	12,945	1.63	1.26	8.46		-
/irginia	206	13,213	.77	.59	9.29		-
West Virginia		12,829	1.09	.85	9.94		-
mported		12,950	.67	.52	6.26		-
Jnclassified		13,279	2.41	1.82	7.81		-
Massachusetts		12,482 12,400	.66	.53 .50	8.42 5.80	W	W
Colorado Kentucky		12,400	.62 .63	.50	8.88	228	59.56
Vest Virginia		12,281	.68	.55	10.68		57.50
mported		12,621	.65	.51	6.07	206	45.70
Iichigan		10,255	.57	.55	6.23	W	V
Colorado	1,098	12,115	.57	.47	9.08	158	38.29
ndiana		9,680	.60	.62	16.50	132	25.58
Centucky		12,855	1.06	.82	7.77	170	43.78
Montana		9,403	.36	.38	4.46	114	21.4
Ohio		11,612	2.98	2.57	12.42	173	40.49
Pennsylvania West Virginia		12,993 12,489	1.79 1.05	1.38 .84	7.62 10.83	127 159	33.08 39.72
Wyoming		8,821	.26	.29	5.12	108	19.01

Table 15.B. Destination and Origin of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2002 (Continued)

			Average	Quality		Average Deli	vered Cost
Destination Origin	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Michigan (Continued)							
Unclassified			.62	.04	.20	 W	
Minnesota		8,860 12,220	.45 1.13	. 51 .92	6.46 6.70	181	W 44.24
IllinoisIndiana		12,220	1.13	.92	6.70	181	44.24
Montana		8,872	.60	.68	7.73	106	18.89
West Virginia	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13,137	.71	.54	6.60	232	61.03
Wyoming		8,836	.26	.30	4.85	104	18.30
Mississippi	7,762	9,723	.63	.65	11.44	W	W
Colorado	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11,750	.57	.48	8.89	168	39.47
Illinois		11,906	1.31	1.10	6.20	148	35.19
Kentucky		12,455	1.02	.82	11.25	165	41.12
Mississippi		5,725	.54	.95	16.34	151	20.20
Virginia		13,045 11,303	1.04 .57	.80 .51	9.84 7.17	151 154	39.28 34.87
Imported Unclassified		5,037	.58	1.14	16.03	134	34.67
Missouri		8,875	.36	.40	5.01	W	W
Colorado	,	11,939	.38	.32	8.59	219	52.36
Illinois		11,660	2.40	2.06	7.27	137	32.40
Kentucky	· ·	13,479	1.15	.86	6.27	224	60.31
Missouri	10	10,579	3.19	3.02	13.40	138	29.22
Utah		12,634	.58	.46	7.06	114	28.81
Wyoming		8,746	.30	.34	4.92	87	15.19
Montana		8,482	.64	.76	8.54	W	W
Montana	,	8,491	.67	.79	8.84	61	10.29
Wyoming		8,362	.23	.28	4.66	 50	10.05
Nebraska Utah		8,654 11,592	.30	.34 .28	4.97 6.80	58	10.05 27.15
Wyoming		8,651	.30	.34	4.97	58	10.03
Nevada		11,284	.53	.47	9.71	134	30.21
Arizona	,	10,960	.49	.44	10.12	131	28.71
Colorado	· ·	12,017	.62	.52	8.70	137	32.90
Utah		11,774	.59	.50	9.10	138	32.54
New Hampshire	1,515	13,245	1.17	.88	6.13	180	47.75
Ohio		12,930	2.20	1.70	6.60	196	50.71
Pennsylvania		12,999	1.76	1.35	7.58	188	48.83
Virginia		14,179	.65	.46	4.76	198	56.22
West Virginia		13,166	2.10	1.60	7.51	182	47.93
Imported		12,953 13,137	.69 1.23	.53 .94	5.25 7.81	159 187	41.17 49.22
New Jersey Kentucky		12,816	.87	.68	9.00	10/	47.44
Maryland		13,123	2.53	1.93	9.15	243	63.74
Pennsylvania		13,035	1.70	1.31	7.04	193	49.44
Virginia		13,897	.82	.59	5.49		
West Virginia		12,963	1.20	.93	9.01	235	61.16
Imported	294	13,394	.67	.50	5.04	249	64.11
New Mexico		9,444	.73	.78	22.21	153	28.87
New Mexico	0.500	9,444	.73	.78	22.21	153	28.87
New York		13,019	1.78	1.37	8.26	155	40.36
Kentucky		12,986	.60	.46	7.85	161	41.21
Pennsylvania		12,968 13,060	2.07 1.74	1.60	8.29 8.68	161 148	41.31 39.24
West Virginia Wyoming		10,047	.80	1.34 .79	5.84	146	39.24
Imported		13,235	.64	.48	6.53		
North Carolina		12,422	.85	.69	10.68	176	43.75
Kentucky		12,497	.99	.79	9.91	171	42.57
Virginia		12,803	.87	.68	10.45	163	41.71
West Virginia	14,487	12,360	.76	.61	11.22	177	43.64
North Dakota		6,564	.72	1.10	9.26	74	9.76
North Dakota	,	6,523	.73	1.12	9.36	74	9.64
Wyoming		7,982	.38	.48	5.50	87	13.89
Ohio		12,143	1.98	1.63	10.58	W 126	W 21.71
Illinois		11,631	2.44	2.09	8.33	136	31.71
Indiana		11,385 11,898	1.76 .93	1.54 .78	7.54 11.58	136 126	30.86 29.98
Kentucky Ohio		11,898	3.17	2.66	11.58	126	29.98 26.74
OIII0	12,413	11,510	3.1/	2.00	10.40	112	20.72

Table 15.B. Destination and Origin of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2002 (Continued)

			Average	Quality		Average Deli	vered Cost
Destination Origin	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Ohio (Continued)							
Pennsylvania		13,095	1.94	1.48	7.31	112	29.25
Virginia		13,521	.88	.65	7.35	121	33.17
West Virginia Wyoming		12,293 8,524	1.32	1.08 .36	11.13 5.72	124 116	30.44 19.81
Oklahoma		8,836	.39	.44	5.57	W	W
Colorado		11,937	.55	.46	10.56	114	27.54
Oklahoma		12,017	2.69	2.24	16.58		
Wyoming		8,697	.29	.34	5.11	93	16.25
Oregon		8,695	.31	.36	4.58	133	23.11
Montana		9,392	.36	.38	4.25	129	24.22
Wyoming		8,357	.29	.35	4.73	135	22.57
Pennsylvania Kentucky		12,111 12,784	1.95	1.61	13.20 8.37	125	30.30
Ohio		12,404	2.15	1.73	9.69		
Pennsylvania		12,059	2.05	1.70	13.73	121	31.06
West Virginia		12,667	1.62	1.28	9.58	116	29.23
Imported		12,962	.74	.57	6.42		
Unclassified		9,494	2.21	2.33	26.09		
South Carolina		12,698	1.16	.91	8.84	W	W
Kentucky	· ·	12,678	1.17	.92	8.84	156	39.60
Tennessee		13,115	1.33	1.01	7.07	163	42.73
Virginia West Virginia		12,712 12,562	1.07 .86	.84 .68	9.32 10.27	182 164	46.22 41.10
South Dakota		8,550	.37	.43	4.58	130	22.14
Wyoming		8,550	.37	.43	4.58	130	22.14
Tennessee		11,615	1.32	1.13	8.88	W	W
Colorado		11,826	.56	.47	9.59	133	31.37
Illinois	5,008	12,066	2.48	2.06	8.27	112	27.04
Kentucky		12,073	1.64	1.36	10.62	121	28.97
Pennsylvania		13,142	2.58	1.96	7.74	120	31.48
Tennessee		12,578	.81	.64	10.57	151	38.00
Utah		11,828 12,722	.64 1.27	.54 1.00	10.09 9.58	146 122	34.58 30.84
Virginia West Virginia	·	12,722	1.06	.84	11.72	130	32.68
Wyoming		8,756	.30	.34	5.14	101	17.70
Texas		7,677	.68	.88	10.15	126	19.42
Colorado		10,843	.39	.36	7.13		-
Texas		6,504	1.10	1.70	15.85	126	16.02
West Virginia		8,558	.34	.40	5.10		-
Wyoming		8,604	.31	.36	5.20	126	21.79
Utah		11,223	.55	.49	11.29	W	W
Colorado		9,852 11,455	.37 .57	.38 .50	11.25 11.29	152 90	30.01 20.51
Utah Virginia		11,455 12,845	1.13	.50	9.60	169	43.33
Kentucky	,	12,837	1.16	. 91	8.58	172	44.14
Pennsylvania		12,602	1.56	1.24	11.66	229	57.76
Virginia		12,834	.93	.73	10.60	152	38.85
West Virginia	2.205	12,879	1.46	1.13	9.22	163	41.82
Washington		8,014	1.01	1.26	18.18	W	W
Montana		8,909	.62	.69	9.45		-
Washington		7,829	1.09	1.40	19.98		-
West Virginia		12,103	1.71	1.42	12.33	121	29.22
Illinois Kentucky		12,014 12,149	1.32	1.10 .82	6.20 11.03	141 118	33.76 28.58
Maryland		12,149	1.79	1.48	16.60	113	27.19
Ohio		12,340	4.26	3.45	9.73	99	24.52
Pennsylvania		12,689	1.56	1.23	9.94	117	29.58
Virginia		12,859	.70	.54	10.50	138	35.5
West Virginia	24,122	12,076	1.59	1.32	12.77	128	31.06
Wyoming		8,735	.22	.26	4.57	134	23.40
Wisconsin	,	9,089	.41	.45	5.27	112	20.40
Colorado		12,061	.58	.48	9.14	162	39.13
Illinois		11,946	1.49	1.25	6.32	137	32.64
Indiana		11,335	1.27	1.12	6.93	162	36.66
Kentucky		12,354	2.01	1.63	8.97	238	60.65

Table 15.B. Destination and Origin of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2002 (Continued)

			Average (Average Delivered Cost			
Destination Origin	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Wisconsin (Continued)							
Montana	475	9,318	.32	.35	3.89	118	22.02
Pennsylvania	418	13,117	1.49	1.14	6.81	131	34.26
Utah	115	11,355	.37	.33	8.68	173	39.38
West Virginia	306	12,881	1.76	1.36	9.53		
Wyoming	20,241	8,663	.30	.34	4.95	103	17.79
Unclassified	63	9,937	1.23	1.24	6.22		
Wyoming	24,256	8,759	.49	.55	7.20	79	13.76
Wyoming		8,759	.49	.55	7.20	79	13.76
Total	884,287	10,168 ^R	.94	.92	8.74	125	25.52

 $[\]mathbf{P} = \mathbf{P}_{\text{evised}}$

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal. • Receipts, heat value, sulfur, ash and average delivered cost of fuel at the destination reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost of fuel at the origin reflects data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, and Tennessee does not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being deli

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is "1" and values under 0.5 are shown as "*".)

W = Withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data

Table 16.A. Origin and Destination of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2003

			Average	Quality		Average Delivered Cost			
Origin Destination	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)		
Alabama	,	12,095	1.14	.94	12.80	162	39.10		
Alabama		12,088	1.08	.90	12.87	161	38.98		
Georgia		12,167 10,893	1.66 . 50	1.36 .46	12.05 9.82	166 124	40.27 27.1 2		
Arizona	,	10,863	.51	.47	9.65	116	25.14		
Nevada	· ·	10,944	.49	.44	10.12	139	30.50		
Colorado		11,183	.55	.49	9.21	135	30.28		
Nabama	453	11,342	.58	.51	10.07	149	33.72		
Arizona	312	11,197	.48	.43	9.43	154	34.49		
Colorado		10,655	.46	.43	8.43	107	22.73		
lorida		12,030	.48	.40	8.30	158	37.89		
Georgia		12,086	.43	.35	8.04	256	61.77		
llinois		11,895	.48	.40	9.78	163	39.55		
ndianaowa		12,078 11,320	.52 1.34	.43 1.19	7.85 8.28	147 134	35.50 30.34		
Zentucky		11,685	.62	.53	9.98	144	33.75		
Michigan	· ·	12,182	.73	.60	8.86	162	39.52		
/lississippi		11,818	.52	.44	8.91	160	37.72		
Vevada		11,932	.57	.48	9.68	138	32.8		
Ohio		11,811	.89	.76	8.40	166	39.20		
Oklahoma	3	11,500	.60	.52	10.00		-		
Tennessee		11,711	.69	.59	10.58	135	31.65		
exas		10,657	.38	.36	6.40		-		
Jtah		9,670	.53	.55	11.11	163	31.53		
Visconsin		11,851	.57	.48	8.71	168	40.07		
Ilinois Alabama		11,345 11,966	2.19 1.44	1.93	8.18 6.87	134 147	31.0 1 35.15		
California		10,807	3.26	3.01	8.62	14/	33.1.		
lorida		11,883	2.14	1.80	7.35	164	38.93		
Georgia		12,099	1.21	1.00	6.76	166	40.20		
llinois		10,584	2.20	2.08	8.69	133	28.10		
ndiana	4,656	10,939	2.20	2.01	8.85	120	26.2		
owa	673	10,745	2.88	2.68	8.60	126	28.82		
Centucky		12,132	3.35	2.76	10.27	121	29.35		
Aichigan		11,963	1.16	.97	6.56	142	33.82		
Ainnesota		11,855	1.02	.86	6.15	182	43.20		
Aississippi		11,895	1.07 2.52	.90	6.67	149	35.53		
Missouri Dhio		11,600 12,174	.91	2.17 .75	7.20 7.15	129 142	30.29 34.57		
Tennessee		12,174	2.28	1.90	8.20	111	26.66		
West Virginia		11,682	1.21	1.03	6.57	139	32.39		
Visconsin		11,981	1.46	1.22	6.89	162	38.84		
ndiana		11,162	2.18	1.95	8.69	114	25.39		
Alabama	54	11,441	1.38	1.20	6.29	163	37.19		
llinois		11,400	3.08	2.70	9.45	174	39.09		
ndiana		11,160	2.12	1.90	8.59	113	25.17		
Kentucky	,	11,144	3.25	2.92	10.15	116	25.7		
Minnesota		10,966	.89	.81	8.11	193	42.42		
Jhio		10,952	.45	.42	7.68	147	32.18		
PennsylvaniaVest Virginia		11,130 10,872	.44 .58	.40 .53	7.60 7.90	140	30.36		
Visconsin		11,231	1.43	1.28	8.91	153	34.32		
Kansas		11,313	2.77	2.45	16.17	125	26.74		
lorida		12,597	1.06	.84	9.75				
Cansas		10,718	3.53	3.30	19.15	125	26.75		
1issouri		11,347	3.81	3.36	15.80	116	26.20		
Centucky	86,618	12,189	1.49	1.22	10.44	151	36.7		
labama		11,766	2.51	2.14	11.32	134	31.5		
Delaware		12,677	.63	.49	8.88		-		
lorida		12,566	1.62	1.29	8.69	170	42.8		
eorgia		12,478	.96	.77	9.88	172	42.9		
llinois		12,300	2.50	2.03	10.00	105	20.1		
ndiana		12,070	1.37	1.14	10.75	125	30.13		
owa		12,000	1.50	1.25 2.19	11.00	208	49.90		
Centucky	19,633	11,447	2.51	2.19	12.27	117	27.15		

Table 16.A. Origin and Destination of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2003 (Continued)

			Average	Quality		Average Deli	vered Cost
Origin Destination	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Kentucky (Continued)							
Louisiana		12,500	.78	.63	12.22		
Maryland		12,840	.70	.54	8.51	200	
Massachusetts		12,474	.64	.51	8.96	209	52.62
Michigan		12,761 12,623	1.11 1.05	.87 .83	8.08 10.89	159 155	40.62 39.23
Mississippi Missouri	,	13,312	.98	.74	6.74	231	61.61
New Jersey		12,782	.74	.58	8.24	231	01.01
New York		13,400	.80	.60	5.80	 	
North Carolina		12,483	1.01	.81	10.00	176	43.64
Ohio		11,764	.88	.75	12.93	131	30.90
Pennsylvania		12,794	.80	.63	7.97	121	31.39
South Carolina		12,682	1.11	.87	8.83	158	40.13
Tennessee		12,031	1.51	1.25	10.70	136	32.42
Virginia		12,895	1.11	.86	8.25	163	41.95
West Virginia	1,070	11,983	1.00	.83	11.37	103	24.63
Wisconsin		12,168	2.36	1.94	8.41	185	48.49
Louisiana		6,732	.87	1.29	13.68	138	18.62
Louisiana	1,139	6,732	.87	1.29	13.68	138	18.62
Maryland	6,248	12,373	1.40	1.13	13.22	112	26.85
Maryland	3,552	12,653	1.12	.88	10.53		
West Virginia		12,005	1.77	1.47	16.76	112	26.85
Mississippi		5,084	.51	1.01	15.57		
Mississippi		5,084	.51	1.01	15.57		
Missouri		10,675	4.95	4.64	17.55	133	28.32
Kansas		10,855	5.99	5.52	18.79	123	26.65
Missouri		10,333	2.98	2.88	15.19	152	31.51
Montana		8,920	.53	.60	7.05	99	17.54
Arizona		9,233	.32	.35	4.00	131	24.21
Illinois		9,300	.34	.37	4.00		
Indiana		9,469	.32 .37	.34 .39	3.89	128	24.02
Minnesota		9,416 8,883	.58	.65	4.58 7.80	102	18.01
Montana	,	8,525	.65	.76	8.64	62	10.56
North Dakota	,	8,678	.77	.89	9.40	121	21.06
Oregon		9,378	.35	.37	4.06	133	24.85
Washington		9,350	.34	.36	4.30		21.05
Wisconsin		8,949	.32	.36	4.65	113	20.29
New Mexico		9,293	.74	.79	19.32	139	25.81
Arizona	,	9,495	.74	.78	16.36	134	25.32
Kansas		9,059	.49	.54	22.10	100	18.06
New Mexico		9,164	.73	.80	21.21	143	26.12
North Dakota		6,535	.69	1.06	9.50	74	9.68
North Dakota		6,535	.69	1.06	9.50	74	9.68
Ohio	21,795	12,253	3.34	2.72	9.43	113	27.72
Florida	,	12,676	4.52	3.56	8.67	145	36.79
Indiana		11,035	3.09	2.80	11.28	121	26.72
Kentucky		11,701	3.00	2.56	12.62	115	26.81
Michigan		11,874	2.92	2.46	10.75	167	40.50
New Hampshire	19	13,054	2.36	1.81	7.19	195	50.89
New York	156	12,751	4.14	3.24	8.62		
Ohio	,	12,246	3.24	2.65	9.41	113	27.63
Pennsylvania		12,386	1.71	1.38	8.60		
Virginia		12,938	.80	.62	11.50	141	36.49
West Virginia		12,451	4.13	3.32	8.74	105	26.12
Oklahoma		11,971	2.45	2.05	15.67	123	30.79
Kansas		12,534	3.78	3.02	11.38	122	30.51
Missouri		12,728	3.19	2.51	11.24	131	33.27
Oklahoma		11,945	2.40	2.01	15.86		21.00
Pennsylvania		11,953	2.00	1.68	13.84	124	31.89
Alabama		13,064	2.46	1.88	7.90	162	42.30
Delaware		12,836	1.33	1.04	8.86	150	20.00
Florida		13,006	2.66	2.05	8.19	150	39.06
Indiana		12,898	2.42	1.88	8.55	126	32.44
Kentucky		12,708	2.56	2.02	9.06	124	31.53
Maryland	699	12,822	1.56	1.22	9.10		

Table 16.A. Origin and Destination of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2003 (Continued)

			Average	Quality		Average Deli	vered Cost
Origin Destination	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Pennsylvania (Continued)							
Michigan		12,903	1.83	1.42	8.15	143	36.79
New Hampshire		12,973	1.77	1.36	7.50	195	50.54
New York		12,959 12,945	1.63 2.37	1.26 1.83	7.37 8.47	157 149	40.76 38.59
Ohio		13,071	2.46	1.88	7.87	106	27.80
Pennsylvania	,	11,354	1.99	1.75	17.33	121	31.27
Tennessee		13,101	2.58	1.97	7.80	114	29.94
West Virginia		12,725	1.68	1.32	8.87	118	29.85
Wisconsin		12,781	1.37	1.07	7.44	153	39.19
Tennessee	. 660	12,573	.97	.77	9.54	169	42.47
Alabama		12,136	.78	.65	12.57	176	42.75
Georgia		12,796	1.13	.88	7.55	174	44.67
South Carolina		12,965	1.26	.97	7.92	167	43.19
Tennessee		12,494	.84	.67	9.68	166	41.40
Texas		6,433 6,433	1.27 1.27	1.98 1.98	17.05 17.05	111	13.48 13.48
Texas		11,445	.58	.51	11.38	110	25.53
California		12,112	.64	.53	8.10		25.55
Illinois		11,800	.42	.35	7.60		
Indiana		12,347	.55	.44	9.01	168	41.54
Michigan		12,684	1.22	.96	7.71	155	40.14
Missouri		12,533	.70	.56	8.07	140	35.02
Nevada		11,417	.53	.46	8.82	155	35.38
New York		12,361	.46	.37	7.93		
Tennessee		12,172	.68	.56	9.44	133	32.41
Utah	11,587	11,210	.56	.50	12.76	97	22.28
Wisconsin		12,549	1.24	.99	8.09	152	38.04
Virginia		12,781	.90	.70	10.26	156	39.55
Alabama		12,400	.89	.72	10.50	187	46.33
Connecticut		13,200	.73	.55	6.10		
Delaware		12,698	.82	.65	9.84		40.02
Florida		13,062	1.07	.82	9.91	188	49.03
Georgia		12,640 13,848	.91 .77	.72 .56	11.06 5.71	167 169	42.30
Indiana		12,896	1.09	.84	10.11	109	46.67
Massachusetts		14,209	.61	.43	4.93	184	52.24
Michigan		12,672	1.17	.92	9.90	151	38.19
New Hampshire		14,166	.62	.44	4.79	191	54.24
New Jersey		13,841	.75	.54	5.40		
North Carolina	,	12,487	.89	.71	11.07	169	42.15
Ohio	429	13,592	.78	.57	6.40	121	32.86
Pennsylvania	. 19	12,205	2.83	2.32	11.30		
South Carolina	. 253	12,632	.92	.73	10.93	179	45.11
Tennessee		12,582	.90	.72	10.02	137	33.97
Virginia		12,778	.93	.72	11.07	149	37.70
West Virginia		13,332	1.24	.93	6.18	130	35.49
Washington		7,840	1.11	1.42	15.63		
Washington	6,249	7,840	1.11	1.42	15.63	1.40	26.60
West Virginia		12,325	1.25	1.02	11.26	149 178	36.60
Alabama		12,408 12,244	.84 1.24	.67 1.02	12.59 12.59		44.13
Connecticut Delaware		12,244	.74	.58	9.62		
Florida		12,625	1.02	.81	9.71	213	54.08
Georgia		12,399	.69	.56	10.93	208	51.70
Illinois		8,000	.23	.29	4.50		
Indiana		12,501	1.83	1.46	9.71	131	32.72
Kentucky	· ·	12,241	1.38	1.13	11.01	141	34.55
Maine		13,157	.68	.51	5.49		
Maryland		12,755	1.01	.80	10.02		
Massachusetts		12,146	3.39	2.79	8.24		
Michigan		12,684	1.23	.97	9.98	164	41.58
New Jersey		12,796	1.17	.91	9.53	209	55.03
New York		12,808	1.40	1.10	7.82	145	38.79
North Carolina		12,359	.78	.63	11.06	181	44.61
Ohio	. 13,055	12,094	1.27	1.05	12.08	123	29.52

Table 16.A. Origin and Destination of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2003 (Continued)

			Average		Average Delivered Cost		
Origin Destination	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
West Virginia (Continued)							
Pennsylvania		12,582	1.62	1.29	9.87	121	30.85
South Carolina		12,422	.88	.71	10.92	174	43.19
Tennessee		12,124	1.10	.91	11.70	146	35.39
Virginia West Virginia		12,826 12,049	.79 1.48	.61 1.23	9.30 12.84	156 134	39.68 32.59
Wisconsin		12,834	2.08	1.62	8.48	134	32.39
Wyoming		8,707	.32	.37	5.16	102	17.80
Alabama		8,780	.23	.27	4.83	129	22.72
Arizona	,	8,724	.42	.48	5.50	131	22.84
Arkansas		8,756	.28	.32	4.67	120	20.93
California	56	8,500	.32	.38	4.80		
Colorado	8,208	8,634	.30	.35	4.81	81	13.98
Georgia	6,292	8,773	.33	.38	5.20	172	30.15
Illinois		8,764	.33	.38	4.96	97	16.98
Indiana		8,848	.24	.27	4.73	120	21.22
Iowa		8,603	.33	.38	5.17	85	14.65
Kansas		8,566	.37	.44	5.12	101	17.27
Kentucky	· ·	8,708	.37	.43	5.94	132	22.98
Louisiana	· ·	8,512	.37	.43	5.36	132	22.95
Michigan		8,833	.25	.28	4.92	114	20.20
Minnesota		8,850	.26	.29	4.79	112	19.84
Missouri	· ·	8,750	.30	.35	4.96	89	15.63
Montana		8,386	.23	.27	4.51		10.20
Nebraska	, , ,	8,674	.29	.33	4.89	60	10.39
New York		8,821	.26	.30	5.21		12.60
North Dakota		7,997 8,700	.38 .30	.48 .35	5.53 5.13	85 96	13.60 16.62
Oklahoma Oregon	· ·	8,402	.27	.32	4.49	126	21.15
South Dakota		8,560	.33	.38	4.61	134	23.00
Tennessee	,	8,651	.36	.41	6.59	99	17.20
Texas	· ·	8,601	.33	.38	5.12	127	22.11
Wisconsin	· ·	8,685	.30	.35	4.94	103	17.90
Wyoming	,	8,826	.49	.55	6.87	82	14.53
Imported		11,884	.61	.51	5.57	155	36.99
Alabama		11,693	.60	.51	5.85	153	35.78
California		12,055	.36	.30	10.50		
Connecticut		9,361	.11	.11	1.09		
Delaware	1	13,120	.66	.50	5.20		
Florida	4,835	12,009	.58	.48	5.97	154	37.01
Georgia	540	12,702	.74	.58	6.56	160	40.69
Hawaii		11,422	.44	.38	4.75		
Maine		13,118	.69	.53	5.80		
Maryland		11,683	.62	.53	9.30		
Massachusetts	· ·	12,174	.81	.66	5.61	189	47.09
Mississippi	,	11,556	.53	.46	5.44	155	35.80
New Hampshire		13,023	1.66	1.28	5.77	156	40.57
New Jersey	0.53	12,551	.72	.57	4.96	207	53.75
New York		13,063	.61	.47	6.46	150	41.15
North Carolina		13,022	.62	.48	5.86	158	41.15
Pennsylvania		12,989	.70	.54	6.06	104	42.72
South Carolina		11,897 10,842	.54 1.12	.46 1.03	5.38 8.53	184 141	43.73 30.30
Alabama		11,557	1.34	1.16	10.01	142	32.85
Arizona	· ·	9,567	1.11	1.16	15.50	144	27.55
Arkansas		8,805	.25	.28	4.50	119	21.03
Colorado		10,934	.50	.45	9.75	103	22.43
Florida		12,320	1.38	1.12	7.95	179	44.17
Georgia		11,088	.71	.64	8.16	171	37.97
Illinois		10,767	2.01	1.87	9.03	134	28.93
Indiana		9,973	1.04	1.04	6.39	123	24.60
lowa		8,594	.33	.38	5.09	85	14.58
Kansas		8,551	.39	.46	5.11	103	17.61
Kentucky		11,565	2.26	1.96	11.99	121	28.09
Louisiana		6,827	.79	1.16	13.64	132	18.07
Massachusetts	84	11,962	.49	.41	4.60	162	38.73

Table 16.A. Origin and Destination of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2003 (Continued)

(Continued)			Average	Quality		Average Deli	vered Cost
Origin Destination	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Unclassified (Continued)							
Michigan	6,612	9,632	.44	.46	5.48	127	24.40
Minnesota	142	8,910	.48	.54	6.79	111	19.70
Missouri	675	9,085	.48	.53	5.28	98	17.75
Nebraska	78	8,645	.29	.34	4.83	59	10.21
Nevada	1,178	11,233	.51	.46	9.34	127	28.60
New Hampshire	1,167	13,260	.97	.73	6.04	170	45.09
New York		12,978	1.89	1.46	7.90	158	41.06
North Carolina	2,535	12,419	.87	.70	10.57	178	44.27
North Dakota		6,537	.69	1.05	9.49	75	9.76
Ohio	3,772	12,239	2.22	1.82	10.28	121	29.71
Oklahoma	1,204	8,686	.30	.35	5.13	96	16.71
Oregon	207	8,780	.38	.43	6.30	110	19.35
Pennsylvania	9,124	12,131	2.17	1.79	12.77		
South Carolina		12,678	1.13	.89	8.94	163	41.39
Tennessee	3,651	12,081	1.45	1.20	9.96	130	31.47
Texas	12,091	8,631	.33	.38	5.19	129	22.35
Utah	1,781	11,318	.52	.46	10.91	100	22.54
Virginia	2,242	12,827	.99	.77	9.76	166	42.46
West Virginia		12,166	1.61	1.33	11.90	127	31.09
Wisconsin		9,201	.41	.44	5.13	125	22.99
Total	986,026	10,137	.97	.96	8.98	126	25.82

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal. • Receipts, heat value, sulfur, and ash reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost of fuel reflects data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. For 2003 only, estimates were developed for missing or incomplete data from some facilities reporting on the FERC Form 423. This was not done for earlier years. Therefore, 2003 data cannot be directly compared to previous years' data. Additional information regarding the estimation procedures that were used is provided in the Technical Notes. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to the plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combinedcycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, and Tennessee does not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs presented in this table reflect the initial delivery costs, not any additional costs incurred to deliver the coal

Table 16.B. Origin and Destination of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2002

			Average	Quality		Average Deli	vered Cost
Origin Destination	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Alabama		12,098	1.17	.96	12.24	162	39.18
Alabama		12,095	1.16	.96	12.25	162	39.10
Florida		12,678 12,249	.65 1.65	.51 1.35	10.40 12.05	183 175	46.43 42.93
Georgia		10,937	.51	.47	9.59	1/3 119	26.00
Arizona	, ,	10,924	.52	.48	9.30	112	24.48
Nevada		10,960	.49	.44	10.12	131	28.71
Colorado		11,229	.50	.45	8.73	133	29.74
Alabama		11,847	.62	.52	9.84	135	32.00
Arizona		10,967 10,673	.42 .47	.38 .44	7.69 8.07	183 105	40.16 22.37
Illinois	· ·	12,105	.54	.45	9.69	171	41.64
Indiana		12,099	.61	.51	7.90	138	33.50
owa		10,558	.36	.34	5.31	147	30.98
Kansas		10,051	.62	.62	16.12	91	18.28
Kentucky		11,993	.53	.44	8.34	139	33.35
Massachusetts Michigan		12,400 12,115	.62 .57	.50 .47	5.80 9.08	158	38.29
Mississippi	,	11,750	.57	.48	8.89	168	39.47
Missouri		11,939	.38	.32	8.59	219	52.36
Nevada	261	12,017	.62	.52	8.70	137	32.90
Oklahoma		11,937	.55	.46	10.56	114	27.54
Tennessee		11,826	.56	.47	9.59	133	31.37
Texas Utah		10,843 9,852	.39 .37	.36 .38	7.13 11.25	152	30.01
Wisconsin		12,061	.58	.48	9.14	162	39.13
[]][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][11,374	2.27	2.00	8.33	132	30.45
Alabama		12,205	1.40	1.15	6.43	116	28.28
Florida	, .	11,991	2.09	1.75	7.49	157	37.70
Illinois		10,544	2.19	2.07	8.89	131	27.51
Indianaowa	· ·	10,860 11,153	2.45 3.06	2.25 2.75	9.01 8.74	119 145	25.89 33.93
Kentucky		12,131	3.25	2.68	10.26	121	29.33
Minnesota	,	12,220	1.13	.92	6.70	181	44.24
Mississippi	86	11,906	1.31	1.10	6.20	148	35.19
Missouri		11,660	2.40	2.06	7.27	137	32.40
Ohio		11,631	2.44	2.09	8.33	136	31.71
Tennessee		12,066 12,014	2.48 1.32	2.06 1.10	8.27 6.20	112 141	27.04 33.76
Wisconsin		11,946	1.49	1.10	6.32	137	32.64
Indiana		11,114	2.22	1.99	9.04	111	24.57
Florida		11,452	3.05	2.67	8.02	132	30.28
Illinois		11,212	3.47	3.10	10.51	121	27.68
Indiana		11,101	2.14	1.92	8.97	109	24.17
Kentucky		11,172 9,680	3.41 .60	3.05 .62	10.66 16.50	112 132	25.12 25.58
Michigan Minnesota		12,220	1.13	.92	6.70	181	44.24
Ohio		11,385	1.76	1.54	7.54	136	30.86
Wisconsin	527	11,335	1.27	1.12	6.93	162	36.66
Kansas		10,614	3.57	3.37	19.72	123	26.01
Kansas		10,614	3.57	3.37	19.72	123	26.01
Kentucky Alabama		12,218 11,604	1.51 2.96	1.23 2.55	10.45 11.83	149 126	36.32 29.35
Connecticut		13,033	.50	.38	7.76	120	29.33
Delaware		12,633	.65	.52	9.68		
Florida		12,486	1.69	1.36	9.07	177	44.14
Georgia		12,405	.94	.76	10.49	168	41.73
llinois		12,300	2.56	2.08	10.00		
Indiana		12,289	1.03	.84	10.67	156	38.30
Kentucky Louisiana	,	11,302 12,500	2.67 1.00	2.36 .80	13.23 9.70	112	25.33
Maryland		12,869	1.00	.93	9.05		
Massachusetts		12,657	.63	.50	8.88	228	59.56
Michigan		12,855	1.06	.82	7.77	170	43.78
Mississippi		12,455	1.02	.82	11.25	165	41.12

Table 16.B. Origin and Destination of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2002 (Continued)

			Average	Quality		Average Deli	vered Cost
Origin Destination	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Kentucky (Continued)							
Missouri		13,479	1.15	.86	6.27	224	60.31
New Jersey		12,816	.87 .60	.68 .46	9.00 7.85		
New York		12,986 12,497	.99	.79	9.91	171	42.57
Ohio	,	11,898	.93	.78	11.58	126	29.98
Pennsylvania	,	12,784	.70	.55	8.37		
South Carolina		12,677	1.17	.92	8.84	156	39.60
Tennessee	. 8,469	12,072	1.64	1.36	10.62	121	28.97
Virginia		12,837	1.16	.91	8.58	172	44.14
West Virginia		12,149	.99	.82	11.03	118	28.58
Wisconsin		12,353	2.01	1.63	8.97	238	60.65
Louisiana		6,957 10,300	. 93 1.00	1.33 .97	13.28 8.00	136	18.54
Louisiana		6,829	.92	1.35	13.48	136	18.54
Maryland		12,265	1.68	1.37	14.60	115	27.87
Maryland	,	12,538	1.50	1.19	11.65		
New Jersey		13,123	2.53	1.93	9.15	243	63.74
West Virginia	3,243	12,073	1.79	1.48	16.60	113	27.19
Mississippi		5,725	.54	.95	16.34	-	
Mississippi		5,725	.54	.95	16.34		
Missouri		10,732	5.69	5.30	18.51	122	26.11
Kansas		10,740	5.81 3.19	5.41 3.02	18.77 13.40	121 138	25.96 29.22
Missouri		10,579 8,986	.53	3.02 . 59	6.76	100	17.96
Arizona	,	9,473	.31	.33	3.60	131	24.86
Illinois		9,508	.35	.36	4.04		21.00
Indiana	,	9,492	.34	.36	4.06		
Iowa		9,300	.38	.41	4.10	101	18.77
Michigan	8,812	9,403	.36	.38	4.46	114	21.41
Minnesota		8,872	.60	.68	7.73	106	18.89
Montana		8,491	.67	.79	8.84	61	10.29
Oregon		9,392	.36	.38	4.25	129	24.22
Washington		8,909 9,318	.62 .32	.69 .35	9.45 3.89	110	22.02
Wisconsin		9,318 9,478	.72	.33 .75	19.31	118 144	27.31
Arizona	,	9,518	.70	.73	16.03	134	25.49
New Mexico		9,443	.73	.78	22.21	153	28.87
North Dakota		6,523	.73	1.12	9.36	74	9.64
North Dakota	,	6,523	.73	1.12	9.36	74	9.64
Ohio	15,116	11,977	3.31	2.76	10.32	113	26.89
Indiana		11,703	3.16	2.70	9.40	115	26.93
Kentucky		11,691	3.19	2.72	13.98	124	28.99
Michigan		11,612	2.98	2.57	12.42	173	40.49
New Hampshire		12,930 11,918	2.20 3.17	1.70 2.66	6.60 10.40	196 112	50.71 26.74
Pennsylvania	,	12,404	2.15	1.73	9.69	112	20.74
West Virginia		12,340	4.26	3.45	9.73	99	24.52
Oklahoma	865	12,017	2.69	2.24	16.58	-	
Oklahoma	. 865	12,017	2.69	2.24	16.58		
Pennsylvania	48,384	12,390	1.99	1.60	11.71	127	32.80
Alabama		13,076	2.55	1.95	8.06	127	33.13
Delaware		12,745	1.23	.97	9.70		
Florida		13,144	2.48	1.89	7.56	180	47.38
Indiana		12,927 13,095	2.01 2.48	1.56 1.89	7.68 7.65	116 111	29.91 29.03
Maryland		13,095	1.63	1.89	7.65 8.46		29.03
Michigan		12,943	1.79	1.38	7.62	127	33.08
New Hampshire		12,999	1.76	1.35	7.58	188	48.83
New Jersey		13,035	1.70	1.31	7.04	193	49.44
New York		12,968	2.07	1.60	8.29	161	41.31
Ohio	1,455	13,094	1.94	1.48	7.31	112	29.25
Pennsylvania		12,059	2.05	1.70	13.73	121	31.06
Tennessee		13,142	2.58	1.96	7.74	120	31.48
Virginia		12,602	1.56	1.24	11.66	229	57.76
West Virginia	4,926	12,689	1.56	1.23	9.94	117	29.58

Table 16.B. Origin and Destination of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2002 (Continued)

			Average	Quality		Average Deli	vered Cost
Origin Destination	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Pennsylvania (Continued)							
Wisconsin		13,117	1.49	1.14	6.81	131	34.26
Tennessee		12,877	1.10	.85	8.62	158	40.65
AlabamaGeorgia		12,500 12,896	1.03 1.25	.82 .97	11.00 8.61	169	42.25
South Carolina		13,115	1.33	1.01	7.07	163	42.73
Tennessee		12,578	.81	.64	10.57	151	38.00
Texas		6,504	1.10	1.70	15.85	126	16.02
Texas	34,448	6,504	1.10	1.70	15.85	126	16.02
Utah		11,598	.57	.49	10.50	104	24.11
California	,	11,857	.48	.40	8.13		
Illinois		11,800	.97	.82	9.00	1.00	
Indiana		12,403	.54	.43	9.00	168	41.70
Iowa Kentucky		11,238 12,137	.36 .68	.32 .56	8.44 11.90	164 168	36.84 40.78
Missouri		12,634	.58	.46	7.06	114	28.81
Nebraska		11,592	.33	.28	6.80	117	27.15
Nevada		11,774	.59	.50	9.10	138	32.54
Γennessee	,	11,828	.64	.54	10.09	146	34.58
Utah	12,578	11,455	.57	.50	11.29	90	20.51
Wisconsin		11,355	.37	.33	8.68	173	39.38
Virginia		12,907	.98	.76	9.69	150	38.55
Alabama		12,393	.96	.78	10.22	127	31.50
Delaware		12,688	1.94	1.53	12.21	102	40.40
Florida		13,545	1.08	.80	8.14	183	49.49
GeorgiaIndiana		12,681 13,905	.73	.70 .52	10.84 5.54	158 170	40.15 47.40
Maryland	,	13,213	.77	.59	9.29	170	47.40
Mississippi		13,045	1.04	.80	9.84	151	39.28
New Hampshire		14,179	.65	.46	4.76	198	56.22
New Jersey		13,897	.82	.59	5.49		
North Carolina		12,803	.87	.68	10.45	163	41.71
Ohio		13,521	.88	.65	7.35	121	33.17
South Carolina		12,712	1.07	.84	9.32	182	46.22
Tennessee		12,722	1.27	1.00	9.58	122	30.84
Virginia		12,834 12,859	.93 .70	.73 .54	10.60	152	38.85
West Virginia		7,829	1.09	.54 1.40	10.50 19.98	138	35.51
Washington		7,829	1.09	1.40	19.98		
West Virginia		12,380	1.28	1.03	11.08	148	36.54
Alabama		12,402	.83	.67	12.56	161	40.05
Connecticut		12,180	1.49	1.22	13.87		
Delaware	861	12,956	.77	.60	9.62		
Florida		12,547	.73	.59	10.08	217	54.64
Georgia		12,154	.70	.58	12.16	190	46.09
Illinois		8,871	.25	.29	4.72		20.02
Indiana		12,654	1.93	1.53	9.43	118	29.83
Kentucky Maine	124	12,154 13,185	1.55 .75	1.28 .57	11.95 6.31	127	30.85
Maryland		12,829	1.09	.85	9.94		
Massachusetts		12,281	.68	.55	10.68		
Michigan		12,489	1.05	.84	10.83	159	39.72
Minnesota		13,137	.71	.54	6.60	232	61.03
New Hampshire		13,166	2.10	1.60	7.51	182	47.93
New Jersey	2,120	12,963	1.20	.93	9.01	235	61.16
New York		13,060	1.74	1.34	8.68	148	39.24
North Carolina		12,360	.76	.61	11.22	177	43.64
Ohio		12,293	1.32	1.08	11.13	124	30.44
Pennsylvania		12,667	1.62	1.28	9.58	116	29.23
South Carolina		12,562 12,541	.86	.68 .84	10.27	164 130	41.10
Tennessee Texas		8,558	1.06	.40	11.72 5.10	130	32.68
Virginia		12,879	1.46	1.13	9.22	163	41.82
West Virginia		12,076	1.59	1.13	12.77	128	31.06
Wisconsin		12,881	1.76	1.36	9.53		
Wyoming		8,687	.32	.37	5.18	99	17.14

Table 16.B. Origin and Destination of Coal for Electricity Generation By State: Total (All Sectors) 2002 (Continued)

			Average	Quality		Average Deli	vered Cost
Origin Destination	Quantity (thousand tons)	Heat Value (Btu per pound)	Sulfur (percent by weight)	Sulfur (pounds per Million Btu)	Ash (percent by weight)	(cents per million Btu)	(dollars per ton)
Wyoming (Continued)							
Alabama	10,335	8,793	.24	.27	4.87	115	20.31
Arizona		8,748	.28	.33	5.19	160	27.97
Arkansas		8,685	.28	.32	4.72	84	14.52
Colorado	8,509	8,642	.31	.35	4.80	80	13.87
Florida		8,797	.26	.30	5.07	134	23.55
Georgia	6,408	8,771	.33	.37	5.20	164	28.72
Illinois	37,246	8,775	.33	.38	4.97	100	17.49
Indiana		8,829	.24	.27	4.80	116	20.44
Iowa		8,560	.32	.38	5.13	85	14.54
Kansas	20,585	8,532	.36	.42	5.10	98	16.69
Kentucky	1,691	8,785	.29	.33	5.30	126	22.17
Louisiana		8,477	.40	.47	5.40	124	21.77
Michigan		8,821	.26	.29	5.12	108	19.01
Minnesota		8,836	.26	.30	4.85	104	18.30
Missouri		8,746	.30	.34	4.92	87	15.19
Montana		8,362	.23	.28	4.66		
Nebraska	12,421	8,651	.30	.34	4.97	58	10.03
New York		10,047	.80	.79	5.84		
North Dakota		7,982	.38	.48	5.50	87	13.89
Ohio		8,524	.31	.36	5.72	116	19.81
Oklahoma	21,024	8,697	.29	.34	5.11	93	16.25
Oregon	,	8,357	.29	.35	4.73	135	22.57
South Dakota		8,550	.37	.43	4.58	130	22.14
Tennessee	,	8,756	.30	.34	5.14	101	17.70
Texas	,	8,604	.31	.36	5.20	126	21.79
West Virginia		8,735	.22	.26	4.57	134	23.46
Wisconsin		8,663	.30	.34	4.95	103	17.79
Wyoming		8,759	.49	.55	7.20	79	13.76
Imported		12,055	.59	.49	6.02	161	38.10
Alabama		11,604	.58	.50	4.80	154	35.81
Connecticut		9.654	.27	.28	4.27		
Florida		12,088	.62	.51	7.12	166	40.22
Georgia	,	12,747	.66	.52	7.13	157	40.10
Hawaii		11,535	.32	.27	5.16		
Illinois		11,148	.60	.54	10.60	95	21.07
Indiana		11,505	.58	.51	11.30	210	48.36
Maine		13,078	.66	.50	5.60		10.50
Maryland		12,950	.67	.52	6.26		
Massachusetts		12,621	.65	.51	6.07	206	45.70
Mississippi	·	11,303	.57	.51	7.17	154	34.87
New Hampshire		12,953	.69	.53	5.25	159	41.17
New Jersey		13,394	.67	.50	5.04	249	64.11
New York		13.235	.64	.48	6.53	247	04.11
Pennsylvania		12,962	.74	.57	6.42	 	
Unclassified		8,872	1.68	1.90	21.69		
California		11,370	.32	.28	6.80		
Georgia		12,750	.90	.71	8.90		
Hawaii		12,730	.34	.28	2.50		
		12,205	2.41	1.82	7.81		
Maryland		13,2/9	.62	.04	.20		
ē		5.027					
Mississippi		5,037 9,494	.58	1.14	16.03 26.09		
Pennsylvania	,	9,494 9.937	2.21 1.23	2.33 1.24	6.22		
Wisconsin		9,937 10,168 ^R	1.23 .94	1.24 .92	8.22 8.74	122	24.74
Total	884,287	10,108	.94	.92	8.74	122	24.74

R = Revised

Notes: • Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and synthetic coal. • Receipts, heat value, sulfur, and ash reflect data supplied via both the Form EIA-423 and the FERC Form 423. Average delivered cost of fuel reflects data supplied via the FERC Form 423 only. • Beginning in 2002, data from the Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report" for independent power producers and combined heat and power producers are included in this data dissemination. Prior to 2002, these data were not collected; the data for 2001 and previous years include only data collected from electric utilities via the FERC Form 423. • Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. • Receipts data for regulated utilities are compiled by EIA from data collected by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on the FERC Form 423. These data are collected by FERC for regulatory rather than statistical and publication purposes. The FERC Form 423 data published by EIA have been reviewed for consistency between volumes and prices and for their consistency over time. However, EIA does not attempt to resolve any late filing issues in the FERC Form 423 data. • Data for Independent Power Producers and plants in the Commercial and Industrial Sectors include fuel delivered to electric generating plants with a total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts; utility data include fuel delivered to plants whose total fossil-fueled steam turbine) generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts. • The cost of coal receipts displayed for the States of Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, and Tennessee does not represent the total average delivered cost of coal for these States and their respective Census Divisions. In some instances, coal is delivered to a transfer facility prior to being delivered to the power plant. The costs presented in this table reflect the initial delivery costs, not any additional costs incurred to deliver the coal from the

^{* =} Value is less than half of the smallest unit of measure (e.g., for values with no decimals, the smallest unit is "1" and values under 0.5 are shown as "*".)

Appendix

Technical Notes

This appendix describes how the Energy Information Administration (EIA) collects, estimates, and reports data in the Cost and Quality of Fossil Fuels for Electric Plants report. A description of the ongoing data quality efforts and sources of data for the report follows.

Data Quality

The Cost and Quality of Fossil Fuels for Electric Plants is prepared by the Electric Power Division, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (CNEAF), Energy Information Administration (EIA), U.S. Department of Energy (DOE). The CNEAF office performs routine reviews of the data collected and the forms on which they are collected. Additionally, to assure that the data are collected from the complete set of respondents, CNEAF routinely reviews the frames for each data collection.

Reliability of Data

Survey data have nonsampling errors. Non-sampling errors can be attributed to many sources: (1) inability to obtain complete information about all cases in the sample (i.e., nonresponse); (2) response errors; (3) definitional difficulties; (4) differences in the interpretation of questions; (5) mistakes in recording or coding the data; and (6) other errors of collection, response, coverage, and estimation for missing data. Although no direct measurement of the biases due to nonsampling errors can be obtained, precautionary steps were taken in all phases of the frame development and data collection, processing, and tabulation processes, in an effort to minimize their influence. See the Data Processing and Data System Editing section for each Form for an in-depth discussion of how the sampling and nonsampling errors are handled in each case.

Data Revision Procedure

The Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric, and Alternate Fuels (CNEAF) has adopted the following procedures with respect to the revision of data disseminated in energy data products:

- Annual survey data are disseminated either as preliminary or final when first appearing in a data product. Data initially released as preliminary will be so noted in the data product. These data should be released as final by the next dissemination of the same product; however, if final data are available at an earlier interval they may be released in another product.
- All monthly and quarterly survey data are first disseminated as preliminary. These data are revised only after the completion of the 12-month cycle of the data. No revisions are made to the published data before this unless significant errors are discovered that are brought to the attention of the Office Director by the responsible Division Director. In that case, determination as to whether the data should be revised will be made as in item 5 below.
- Weekly and monthly coal production data are first disseminated as estimates. These estimates are revised when quarterly data become available and later finalized when adjusted to conform to final annual production data.
- Any CNEAF data released as preliminary or estimated will be revised, if necessary, and disseminated as final at the same levels of aggregation in a future data product.
- After data are disseminated as final, further revisions will be considered if they make a difference of one percent or greater at the national level. Revisions for differences that do not meet the one percent or greater threshold will be brought to the attention of the Office Director for consideration if the responsible Division Director believes the proposed revision is significant. In either case, the proposed revision will be subject to the EIA revision policy concerning how it affects other EIA products.
- The stages of the data (e.g., preliminary, estimated, final, revised) will be so designated in table/figure titles, headers, or footnotes, or in the accompanying text.
- The magnitudes of changes due to revisions experienced in the past will be included periodically in the data products, so that the reader can assess the accuracy of the data.
- The CNEAF data revision procedures should be referenced in each data product release.

The Cost and Quality of Fossil Fuels for Electric Plants 2002 and 2003 presents the most current annual data available to the EIA. The statistics may differ from those published previously in EIA publications due to corrections, revisions, or other adjustments to the data subsequent to its original release.

Rounding and Percent Change Calculations

Rounding Rules for Data. Given a number with r digits to the left of the decimal and d+t digits in the fraction part, with d being the place to which the number is to be rounded and t being the remaining digits which will be truncated, this number is rounded to r+d digits by adding 5 to the (r+d+1)th digit when the number is positive or by subtracting 5 when the number is negative. The t digits are then truncated at the (r+d+1)th digit. The symbol for a number rounded to zero is (*).

Percent Change. The following formula is used to calculate percent differences.

Percent Change =
$$\left(\frac{x(t_2) - x(t_1)}{x(t_1)} \right) x 100,$$

where $x(t_1)$ and $x(t_2)$ denote the quantity at year t_1 and subsequent year t_2 .

Data Sources for the Cost and Quality of Fossil Fuels for Electric Plants

Data published in the report are compiled from forms filed monthly by electric utilities and electricity generators. The applicable EIA form is Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report." A brief description of this form can be found on the EIA website on the Internet with the following URL:

http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/electricity/page/define.html

Survey data from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission is also utilized for this publication. This information is derived from the FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Form EIA-423

The Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report," collects information from selected electric generating plants in the United States. The data collected on this survey include the cost and quality of fossil fuels delivered to nonutility plants to produce electricity. These plants include independent power producers (including those facilities that formerly reported on the FERC Form 423) and commercial and industrial combined heat and power producers whose total fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts.

Instrument and Design History. The Form EIA-423 was originally implemented in January 2002 to collect monthly cost and quality data for fossil fuel receipts from owners or operators of nonutility electricity generating plants. Due to the restructuring of the electric power industry, many plants which had historically submitted this information for utility plants on the FERC Form 423 (see subsequent section) were being transferred to the nonutility sector. As a result, a large percentage of fossil fuel receipts were no longer being reported. The Form EIA-423 was implemented to fill this void and to capture the data associated with existing nonregulated power producers. Its design closely follows that of the FERC Form 423. As of the end of 2003, approximately 750 plants were submitting data for this survey.

Unified Data Submission Process. The Form EIA-423 data are either received on paper forms or entered directly by respondents into CNEAF's Internet Data Collection System (IDC). Hard copy forms are keyed by EIA into the IDC. All data are subject to review via edits built into the IDC, additional quality assurance reports, and review by subject matter experts. Questionable data values are verified through contacts with respondents. Also, survey non-respondents are identified and contacted.

Data Processing and Data System Editing. The Form EIA-423 survey respondents are required to submit their data by the 45th calendar day following the close of the report month. During 2003 a process was established to allow electronic submission of these data, i.e., the respondents enter their data directly into a computerized database. Anomalous data are identified via range checks, comparisons with historical data, and consistency checks (for example, whether the amount of fuel received is consistent with the amount of fuel consumption reported on a separate EIA report). Most of these edit checks are performed on-line as the data are provided. Others are performed at the end of the cycle by running batch edit reports to identify those not addressed on-line.

Those respondents unable to use the electronic reporting method provide the data in hard copy, typically via fax and email. These data are manually entered into the computerized database and are subjected to the same data edits as those that are electronically submitted. Resolution of questionable data is accomplished via telephone or email contact with the respondents.

Formulas and Methodologies. Data for the Form EIA-423 are collected at the plant level. These data are then used in the following formulas to produce aggregates and averages for each fuel type at the State, Census division, and U.S. levels. For these formulas, receipts and average heat content are at the plant level. For each geographic region, the summation sign, \sum , represents the summation of all facilities in that geographic region. Costs for each fuel type are reported in cents per million Btu. Additionally, for coal, units for receipts are in tons, and units for average heat content (A) are in Million Btu per short ton. For petroleum, units for receipts are in barrels, and units for average heat content (A) are in Million Btu per barrel. For gas, units for receipts are in thousand cubic feet (Mcf), and units for average heat content (A) are in Million Btu per thousand cubic foot. For fuels receipts (R), the following holds true:

Total Btu =
$$\sum_{i} (R_i \times A_i)$$

Weighted Average Btu = $\frac{\sum_{i} (R_i \times A_i)}{\sum_{i} R_i}$

The weighted average cost in cents per million Btu is calculated using the following formula:

Weighted Average Cost =
$$\frac{\displaystyle\sum_{i} \left(R_{i} \times A_{i} \times C_{i}\right)}{\displaystyle\sum_{i} \left(R_{i} \times A_{i}\right)}$$

The weighted average cost in dollars per unit (i.e., tons, barrels, or Mcf) is calculated using the following formula:

Weighted Average Cost =
$$\frac{\sum_{i} (R_i \times A_i \times C_i)}{10^2 \sum_{i} R_i},$$

For these formulas:

i denotes a plant

 R_i = receipts for plant i

 A_i = average heat content for receipts, plant i

 C_i = fuel cost in cents per million Btu, plant i

Confidentiality of the Data. Plant fuel cost data collected on the survey form are considered confidential and will not be made available to the public. State and national level aggregations will be published in this report if sufficient data are available to avoid disclosure of individual company plant level costs.

FERC Form 423

The FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants," is administered by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The data are downloaded from the Commission's website into an EIA database. The Form is due to FERC no later than 45 days after the end of the report month and is filed by approximately 600 regulated plants. To meet the criteria for filing, a plant must have a total steam turbine electric generating capacity and/or combined-cycle (gas turbine with associated steam turbine) generating capacity of 50 or more megawatts. Only fuel delivered for use in steam-turbine and combined-cycle units is reported. Fuel received for use in gas-turbine or internal-combustion units that is not associated with a combined-cycle operation is not reported.

Instrument and Design History. On July 7, 1972, the Federal Power Commission (FPC) issued Order Number 453 enacting the New Code of Federal Regulations, Section 141.61, legally creating the FPC Form 423. Originally, the form was used to collect data only on fossil steam plants, but was amended in 1974 to include data on internal-combustion and combustion-turbine units. The FERC Form 423 replaced the FPC Form 423 in January 1983. The FERC Form 423 eliminated peaking units, for which data were previously collected on the FPC Form 423. In addition, the generator nameplate capacity threshold was changed from 25 megawatts to 50 megawatts. This reduction in coverage eliminated approximately 50 utilities and 250 plants. All historical FPC Form 423 data in this publication were revised to reflect the new generator-nameplate-capacity threshold of 50 or more megawatts reported on the FERC Form 423. In January 1991, the collection of data on the FERC Form 423 was extended to include combined cycle units. Historical data have not been revised to include these units. Starting with the January 1993 data, the FERC began to collect the data directly from the respondents.

Data Processing and Data System Editing. The FERC processes the data through edits and each month posts a monthly file on their website: http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/eforms/form-423/data.asp.

The EIA downloads the file and reviews the data for accuracy. Edit checks of the data are performed through computer programs. These edits include both deterministic checks in which records are checked for the presence of data in required fields, and statistical checks in which the data are checked against a range of values based on historical data values and for logical or mathematical consistency with other data elements in the file.

Estimation for FERC Form 423 Data. In order to address FERC Form 423 fuel receipts data that were determined to either be out of range (greater than +/- 20 percent of the estimated receipts, calculated based on reported fuel consumption and stocks data) or missing due to non-response in 2003, a procedure was utilized to estimate fuel receipts for the affected plants on a monthly basis. For missing or out-of-range natural gas receipts, the monthly consumption value from the Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," was used as a proxy for the monthly receipts. For missing or out-of-range coal and petroleum receipts, the estimated monthly fuel receipts were calculated using the Form EIA-906 data (where

receipts were estimated to be equal to the monthly fuel consumption plus the difference between ending and beginning fuel stocks).

The associated fuel quality and cost information for each facility was estimated using the State weighted average for the electric power industry for 2003 (FERC Form 423 and Form EIA-423). In the event that no values were available at the State level, national averages for the electric power industry for 2003 were used.

Formulas and Methodologies. Data for the FERC Form 423 are collected at the plant level. These data are then used in the same formulas shown under the "Formulas and Methodologies" section for the Form EIA-423 to produce aggregates and averages for each fuel type at the State, Census division, and U.S. levels.

Confidentiality of the Data. Data collected on FERC Form 423 are not considered to be confidential.