Table D1. Key results for Clean Power Plan cases

				20	20		
Capacity, generation, prices, consumption, and emissions	2015	Reference	CPP Rate	CPP Interregional Trading	CPP Hybrid	CPP Allocation to Generators	CPP Extended
Net summer capacity (gigawatts)¹							
Capacity							
Electric power sector ²	1,040.8	1,053.0	1,053.2	1,054.4	1,052.6	1,054.8	1,048.5
Coal ³	281.4	211.7	211.7	212.1	211.8	212.3	205.9
Oil and natural gas steam ^{3,4}	91.4	90.3	90.3	91.2	90.5	91.0	90.9
Combined cycle	227.3	247.5	247.1	247.5	246.4	247.4	248.5
Combustion turbine/diesel	141.2	142.9	143.4	142.9	143.2	143.3	143.1
Nuclear power	99.8	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1
Solar ⁵	13.8	28.0	28.1	28.0	28.1	28.1	27.5
Wind	74.4	120.4	120.4	120.4	120.4	120.4	120.4
Other renewable energy ⁶	89.0	90.3	90.3	90.3	90.3	90.3	90.3
Other ⁷	22.6	22.9	22.9	22.9	22.9	22.9	22.9
End-use sector ⁸	41.3	61.1	61.1	61.2	61.1	61.2	62.0
Total capacity	1,082.1	1,114.2	1,114.4	1,115.5	1,113.8	1,115.9	1,110.6
Capacity additions (gigawatts) ⁹							
Electric power sector ²		101.1	101.0	101.3	101.0	101.3	102.4
Coal ³		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Combined cycle		26.7	26.3	26.8	26.3	26.7	28.1
Combustion turbine/diesel		7.3	7.4	7.3	7.4	7.3	7.7
Nuclear power		4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	
Solar ⁵		14.2	14.4	14.2	14.4	14.4	13.8
Wind		46.1	46.1	46.1	46.1	46.1	46.1
Other renewable energy ⁶		1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
Other ⁷		0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2
End-use sector ⁸		21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.1
Total capacity additions		122.1	122.1	122.3	122.1	122.3	123.5
Capacity retirements (gigawatts)9							
Electric power sector ²		88.9	88.6	87.7	89.2	87.4	94.7
Coal ³		61.6	61.6	61.2	61.5	61.0	67.4
Oil and natural gas steam ^{3,4}		9.7	9.7	8.8	9.5	9.0	9.1
Combined cycle		6.5	6.5	6.6	7.2	6.6	6.9
Combustion turbine/diesel		5.5	5.3	5.6	5.4	5.2	5.8
Nuclear power		5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2
Renewable energy ¹⁰		0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Fuel cells		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
End-use sector ⁸		1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.4
Total capacity retirements		90.1	89.9	89.0	90.5	88.6	95.1
Total net electricity generation by fuel (billion kilowatthours)							
Coal	1,355	1,388	1,389	1,389	1,389	1,388	1,366
Petroleum	26	15	15	15	15	15	15
Natural gas	1,348	1,201	1,199	1,199	1,199	1,201	1,220
Nuclear power	798	777	777	777	777	777	777
Solar ⁵	38	93	93	93	93	93	92
Wind	190	368	368	368	367	368	368
Other renewable energy ⁶	319	376	375	376	375	376	376
Other ¹¹	17	27	27	27	27	27	27
Total net electricity generation	4,090	4,244	4,243	4,244	4,243	4,245	4,240
Fuel prices to the electric power sector ² (2015 dollars per million Btu)							
Natural gas	3.26	4.69	4.69	4.68	4.69	4.68	4.76
Steam coal	2.19	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.27
Electricity prices (2015 cents per kilowatthour)							
Residential	12.4	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9
Commercial	10.5	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.8
Industrial	6.9	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.2
Transportation	10.1	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3
All sectors average price	10.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.6

		20	30					20	40		
Reference	CPP Rate	CPP Interregional Trading	CPP Hybrid	CPP Allocation to Generators	CPP Extended	Reference	CPP Rate	CPP Interregional Trading	CPP Hybrid	CPP Allocation to Generators	CPP Extended
1,094.2	1,139.1	1,107.1	1,138.9	1,088.9	1,107.9	1,239.6	1,252.2	1,259.0	1,251.4	1,242.6	1,250.4
180.3	186.6	185.6	188.2	179.4	174.9	172.8	186.6	178.9	188.2	172.3	152.7
54.5	66.0	52.7	62.8			52.8	63.3	50.0	60.7		
294.5	259.0	280.1	258.6			345.4	303.5	331.4	302.0		
137.0	137.1	139.9	136.2			144.6	147.9	145.5	146.8		
99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1		99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1
70.1 142.0	109.6 164.6	90.2 142.9	112.2 164.6			158.1 145.8	164.0 167.2	189.0 144.3	166.9 167.2		
93.1	93.7	92.9	93.6			95.5	95.6	95.4	95.5		
23.7	23.5	23.6	23.5			25.5	25.1	25.4	25.1		
93.9	94.0	94.0	93.9			134.5	135.0	134.3	135.0		
1,188.1	1,233.1	1,201.0	1,232.8	1,184.0		1,374.1	1,387.2	1,393.2	1,386.4		
227.4	249.2	234.5	252.4	223.9	252.9	388.6	367.7	402.5	369.6	393.8	432.4
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
84.9	44.3	70.2	44.6			138.6	89.8	123.6	89.1		
8.0	8.0	9.1	8.2			19.5	20.3	19.2	20.3		21.6
4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4			4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4		
56.4	95.8	76.4	98.5			144.3	150.3	175.2	153.2		
67.7	90.3	68.6	90.3			71.5	92.9	70.1	92.9		
4.5	5.0	4.3	5.0			6.9	7.0	6.8	6.9		
1.0 53.8	0.9 53.9	0.9 53.8	0.9 53.8		1.0 53.7	2.9 94.3	2.5 94.9	2.8 94.1	2.4 94.9		
281.1	303.1	288.3	306.2			482.9	94.9 462.6	496.6	94.9 464.6		
201.1	303.1	200.3	300.2	270.0	300.5	402.9	402.0	490.0	404.0	490.2	321.1
174.0	151.0	168.3	154.4			189.8	156.3	184.4	159.1	192.0	222.9
92.1 46.4	85.8 34.9	86.7 48.2	84.2 38.1	92.9 47.5		99.6 48.1	85.8 37.6	93.5 50.9	84.2 40.2		119.7 51.3
17.7	12.5	17.4	13.3			20.5	13.6	19.5	14.4		
12.2	12.2	10.4	13.2			16.0	13.7	14.8	14.6		
5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2			5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2		
0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4			0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5		
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.4
175.2	152.2	169.5	155.6	177.0	186.2	191.0	157.6	185.6	160.3	193.2	223.2
070	005	1 000	007	070	007	010	1 000	000	1 004	004	650
972 11	995 11	1,029 12	997 11			919 9	1,080 10	980 10	1,081 10	931 9	653 8
1,702	1,531	1,607	1,524			1,942	1,723	1,829	1,712		
789	789	789	789			789	789	789	789		
227	302	267	306			477	482	546	491		
457	528	459	528			473	541	467	540		
405	407	404	407			424	422	423	421		
27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27		
4,590	4,591	4,594	4,591	4,574	4,601	5,060	5,074	5,071	5,071	5,050	5,025
F F-7	5.00	F 40	F 0.1	F F-	F 00	F 00	<i>-</i> 0-	F 4.1	<i>-</i> 0-	5.05	F 50
5.57 2.26	5.32 2.29	5.42 2.27	5.31 2.29			5.36 2.38	5.07 2.46	5.14 2.37	5.07 2.46		
13.4	13.5	13.4	13.4	13.6	13.3	13.0	13.0	12.9	13.0	13.1	13.4
11.0	11.0		11.0			10.5	10.5	10.4	10.5		
7.5	7.6	7.5	7.5			7.2	7.2		7.2		
12.7	12.7	12.7	12.6			12.1	12.0	12.0	12.0		
10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	11.1	10.8	10.5	10.5	10.4	10.4	10.6	10.8

Table D1. Key results for Clean Power Plan cases (continued)

				20	20		
Canacity congration prices consumption and emissions	2015			CPP		CPP	
Capacity, generation, prices, consumption, and emissions	2015	Reference	CPP Rate	Interregional Trading	CPP Hybrid		CPP Extended
Energy consumption (quadrillion Btu)				•		•	•
Residential							
Petroleum and other liquids ¹²	0.93	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86
Natural gas	4.77	4.87	4.87	4.87	4.87	4.87	4.86
Renewable energy ¹³	0.44	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42
Electricity	4.78	4.76	4.76	4.76	4.76	4.76	4.76
Total residential	10.92	10.90	10.90	10.90	10.90	10.90	10.89
Nonmarketed residential renewable energy ¹⁴	0.11	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35
Commercial							
Petroleum and other liquids ¹⁵	0.66	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70
Natural gas	3.32	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45
Coal	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
Renewable energy ¹⁶	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
Electricity	4.64	4.69	4.69	4.69	4.69	4.69	4.68
Total commercial	8.81	9.03	9.03	9.03	9.03	9.03	9.03
Nonmarketed commercial renewable energy ¹⁴	0.16	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18
Industrial ⁸	0.07	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.00	0.40	0.00
Petroleum and other liquids ¹⁷	8.07	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.39	9.40	9.39
Natural gas	9.38	10.57	10.57	10.57	10.57	10.57	10.56
Coal	1.34	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.22
Renewable energy ¹⁸	2.26	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30
Electricity	3.27	3.61	3.61	3.61	3.61	3.61	3.61
Total industrial	24.33	27.11	27.11	27.10	27.10	27.11	27.08
Transportation							
Petroleum and other liquids19	27.14	27.32	27.32	27.32	27.32	27.32	27.31
Pipeline fuel natural gas	0.89	0.83	0.83	0.83	0.83	0.83	0.83
Compressed / liquefied natural gas	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
Liquid hydrogen	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Electricity	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
Total transportation	28.13	28.29	28.29	28.29	28.29	28.29	28.28
Unspecified sector ²⁰	-0.58	-0.58	-0.58	-0.58	-0.58	-0.58	-0.58
·	-0.56	-0.56	-0.56	-0.56	-0.56	-0.56	-0.56
Electric power ²							
Petroleum and other liquids ²¹	0.26	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
Natural gas	9.89	8.50	8.49	8.49	8.49	8.50	8.59
Steam coal	14.08	14.34	14.36	14.36	14.37	14.35	14.09
Nuclear / uranium ²²	8.34	8.12	8.12	8.12	8.12	8.12	8.12
Renewable energy ²³	4.86	7.37	7.34	7.37	7.36	7.37	7.36
Non-biogenic municipal waste	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23
Net electricity imports	0.19	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.19	0.20
Total electric power	37.85	38.90	38.89	38.91	38.91	38.91	38.73
Total marketed energy consumption							
Petroleum and other liquids	36.49	37.85	37.85	37.85	37.85	37.85	37.83
Natural gas	28.31	28.30	28.29	28.29	28.29	28.30	28.38
Coal	15.48	15.62	15.64	15.64	15.65	15.63	15.36
Nuclear / uranium ²²	8.34	8.12	8.12	8.12	8.12	8.12	8.12
Renewable energy ²⁴	7.71	10.22	10.20	10.23	10.21	10.23	10.22
Other ²⁵	0.42	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43
Total marketed energy consumption	0.42	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43

		20	30					Trading Generators 0.61 0.61 0.61 0.61 4.75 4.74 4.75 4.73 0.37 0.37 0.37 0.37 5.19 5.21 5.20 5.18 10.92 10.93 10.93 10.89 0.94 0.93 0.94 0.95 0.67 0.67 0.67 0.67 3.84 3.83 3.84 3.83 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.14 0.14 0.14 0.14 0.14 5.62 5.63 5.62 5.60 10.31 10.32 10.32 10.28 0.47 0.47 0.47 0.48 11.96 11.90 11.97 11.85 13.02 12.96 13.03 12.93 1.33 1.33 1.38 2.64 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.63 4.30 4.28 4.30 4.25			
		СРР		CPP						СРР	
Reference	CPP Rate	Interregional Trading	CPP Hybrid	Allocation to Generators	CPP Extended	Reference	CPP Rate		CPP Hybrid		CPP Extended
0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.61	0.61	0.61	0.61	0.61	0.61
4.80	4.81	4.81	4.81	4.80		4.73					4.72
0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.37	0.37		0.37	0.37	0.37
4.83	4.82	4.83	4.83	4.81	4.84	5.20					5.16
10.74	10.74	10.75	10.75	10.72		10.91					10.86
0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.64	0.63	0.94	0.94	0.93	0.94	0.95	0.94
0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67
3.53	3.55	3.55	3.55	3.54		3.81					
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05		0.05		0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14		0.14					0.14
5.09	5.08	5.08	5.08	5.06		5.62					5.58
9.49	9.50	9.51	9.51	9.48	9.53	10.28					10.25
0.29	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.48	0.47
10.55	10.61	10.59	10.62	10.56	10.57	11.82	11 96	11 90	11 97	11 85	11.68
11.72	11.82	11.77	11.81	11.74		12.89	13.02				12.79
1.35	1.34	1.35	1.33	1.40		1.34					1.31
2.47	2.47	2.47	2.47	2.47	2.47	2.63			2.64	2.63	2.61
3.98	3.99	3.99	3.99	3.97		4.26					4.21
30.07	30.23	30.18	30.23	30.13	30.11	32.94	33.26	33.13	33.28	33.04	32.60
25.01	25.03	25.04	25.03	25.01	25.01	24.75	24.81	24.77	24.81	24.77	24.66
0.94	0.93	0.93	0.92	0.94		1.07					1.08
0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.59	0.61	0.61	0.61	0.59	0.59
0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.06		0.06			0.06
0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.15					0.15
26.28	26.28	26.29	26.28	26.28	26.27	26.63	26.69	26.65	26.70	26.64	26.54
-0.46	-0.46	-0.46	-0.46	-0.46	-0.46	-0.42	-0.42	-0.42	-0.42	-0.42	-0.41
0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07
11.34	10.52	10.76	10.46	11.18		12.31					13.27
9.92	10.12	10.76	10.14	9.99	10.07	9.36					6.60
8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25					8.25
9.41	10.74	9.81	10.79	9.39		11.67	12.25				12.36
0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23		0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23
0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.15	0.15		0.15	0.15	0.15
39.42	40.13	39.89	40.15	39.31	39.56	42.04	43.19	42.65	43.20	42.03	40.93
36.62	36.69	36.69	36.70	36.63	36.64	37.52	37 73	37 63	37 72	37 56	37.28
32.51	31.79	31.99	31.73	32.37		35.39					36.25
11.32	11.51	11.97	11.53	11.44		10.75	12.41	11.46	12.42		7.97
8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25		8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25
12.41	13.74	12.81	13.79	12.39		14.80	15.40	15.42	15.48	14.99	15.47
0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.44		0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43
101.54	102.42	102.14	102.44	101.51	101.73	107.15	108.69	107.98	108.73	107.27	105.65

Table D1. Key results for Clean Power Plan cases (continued)

				20	20		
Capacity, generation, prices, consumption, and emissions	2015	Reference	CPP Rate	CPP Interregional Trading	CPP Hybrid	CPP Allocation to Generators	CPP Extended
Carbon dioxide emissions (million metric tons)							
by sector							
Residential	1,028	981	982	982	982	981	974
Commercial	918	893	893	893	893	893	885
Industrial ⁸	1,472	1,558	1,559	1,558	1,559	1,558	1,551
Transportation	1,855	1,857	1,858	1,857	1,857	1,857	1,857
Total carbon dioxide emissions	5,273	5,289	5,291	5,290	5,291	5,290	5,267
Electric power sector							
Petroleum	20	11	11	11	11	11	11
Natural gas	524	451	450	450	450	451	456
Coal	1,340	1,360	1,362	1,362	1,363	1,361	1,336
Other ²⁶	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Total electric power sector	1,891	1,829	1,830	1,830	1,831	1,829	1,809

¹Net summer capacity is the steady hourly output that generating equipment is expected to supply to system load (exclusive of auxiliary power) as demonstrated by tests

during summer peak demand.

2Includes electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.

3Total coal and oil and natural gas steam capacity account for the conversion of coal capacity to gas steam capacity but the conversions are not included explicitly as additions

^{**}Includes oil-, gas-, and dual-fired capacity.

**Does not include off-grid photovoltaics.

**Includes conventional hydroelectric, geothermal, wood, wood waste, municipal waste, landfill gas, and other biomass. Facilities co-firing biomass and coal are classified as coal

oil.

Includes pumped storage, fuel cells, and distributed generation.

Includes combined heat and power plants that have a non-regulatory status, and small on-site generating systems.

Cumulative after December 31, 2015.

Includes conventional hydroelectric, geothermal, wood, wood waste, municipal waste, landfill gas, other biomass, solar, and wind power. Facilities co-firing biomass and coal are classified as coal.

11 Includes pumped storage, non-biogenic municipal waste, refinery gas, still gas, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, and miscellaneous

¹² Includes propane, kerosene, and distillate fuel oil.
13 Includes propane, kerosene, and distillate fuel oil.
13 Includes wood used for residential heating. Excludes nonmarketed renewable energy consumption for geothermal heat pumps, buildings photovoltaic systems, and solar

¹³Includes wood used for residential heating. Excludes nonmarketed renewable energy consumption for geothermal heat pumps, buildings photovoltaic systems, and solar thermal water heaters.

¹⁴Includes selected renewable energy consumption data for which the energy is not bought or sold, either directly or indirectly as an input to marketed energy.

¹⁵Includes propane, motor gasoline (including ethanol and ethers), kerosene, distillate fuel oil, and residual fuel oil.

¹⁶Includes commercial sector consumption of wood and wood waste, landfill gas, municipal waste, and other biomass for combined heat and power. Excludes nonmarketed renewable energy consumption for geothermal heat pumps, buildings photovoltaic systems, and solar thermal water heaters.

¹⁷Includes ethane, propane, butane, isobutane, natural gasoline, refinery olefins, motor gasoline (including ethanol and ethers), distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, lubricants, still gas, and miscellaneous petroleum products.

¹⁸Includes consumption of energy produced from hydroelectric, wood and wood waste, municipal waste, and other biomass sources, and all biomass input to liquid fuel conversion processes net of the liquid fuel produced.

¹⁹Includes propane, motor gasoline (including ethanol and ethers), jet fuel, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, lubricants, and aviation gasoline.

²⁰Represents consumption unattributed to the sectors above.

²¹Includes distillate fuel oil and residual fuel oil.

²²These values represent the energy obtained from uranium when it is used in light water reactors. The total energy content of uranium is much larger, but alternative

²²These values represent the energy obtained from uranium when it is used in light water reactors. The total energy content of uranium is much larger, but alternative processes are required to take advantage of it.

²³Includes conventional hydroelectric, geothermal, wood and wood waste, biogenic municipal waste, other biomass, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal sources. Excludes

²⁴Includes conventional hydroelectric, geothermal, wood and wood waste, biogenic municipal waste, other biomass, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal sources, and all biomass input to liquid fuel conversion processes net of the liquid fuel produced. Excludes net electricity imports and nonmarketed renewable energy consumption for geothermal heat pumps, buildings photovoltaic systems, and solar thermal water heaters.

²⁵Includes non-biogenic municipal waste, liquid hydrogen, and net electricity imports.

²⁶Includes emissions from geothermal power and non-biogenic emissions from municipal waste.

²⁷PP = Clean Power Plan

CPP = Clean Power Plan. Btu = British thermal unit.

blu – Bittast metritat unit.
--- = Not applicable.
Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2015 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.

Source: 2015: U.S. Energy Information Administration, (EIA), Short-Term Energy Outlook, February 2016 and EIA, AEO2016 National Energy Modeling System run ref2016.d032416a. Projections: EIA, AEO2016 National Energy Modeling System, runs ref2016.d032416a, ref_rate.d032416A, ref_trade.d032416a, ref_hybrid.d032416a, ref_allow_gen.d032416a, and ref_extend.d050416a.

		20	30					20	40		
Reference	CPP Rate	CPP Interregional Trading	CPP Hybrid	CPP Allocation to Generators	CPP Extended	Reference	CPP Rate	CPP Interregional Trading	CPP Hybrid	CPP Allocation to Generators	CPP Extended
841	833	850	832	840	838	821	855	831	854	820	750
807	799	817	799	806	805	826	864	837	863	825	749
1,587	1,586	1,599	1,585	1,593	1,583	1,660	1,700	1,674	1,700	1,665	1,586
1,726	1,726		1,726	1,726		1,737	1,742	1,738	1,742	1,738	
4,961	4,944	4,994	4,943	4,966	4,952	5,044	5,162	5,080	5,159	5,047	4,813
8	8	8	8	8	8	6	7	7	7	6	6
602	558		555			653	594	615	590	636	
943	962	1,000	965			885	1,045	949	1,045	897	623
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
1,559	1,535	1,585	1,534	1,557	1,550	1,551	1,652	1,578	1,649	1,545	1,339

Table D2. Key transportation results for the Phase 2 Standards case

		20	20	20	30	2040		
Key indicators, consumption, and emissions	2015	Reference	Phase 2 Standards	Reference	Phase 2 Standards	Reference	Phase 2 Standards	
Average fuel efficiency of new trucks								
(miles per gallon)								
Light medium								
Diesel	14.3	15.5	15.6	15.6	19.0	15.7	19.2	
Motor gasoline	10.4	10.8	11.5	10.8	14.3	10.9	14.7	
Propane	10.0	10.3	12.3	10.9	16.2	11.0	16.3	
Compressed / liquefied natural gas	9.3	9.9	11.5	10.6	15.0	10.6	14.8	
Light medium average	13.4	14.4	14.7	14.5	18.0	14.5	18.3	
Medium								
Diesel	8.9	9.2	10.0	9.2	12.9	9.2	13.1	
Motor gasoline	6.4	6.5	7.3	6.6	9.1	6.7	9.3	
Propane	6.6	6.7	6.9	7.0	8.6	7.0	8.8	
Compressed / liquefied natural gas	6.5	6.6	7.2	6.6	9.1	6.7	9.3	
Medium average	8.3	8.5	9.3	8.6	12.0	8.7	12.2	
Heavy								
Diesel	6.3	6.8	7.2	6.9	8.8	7.0	9.1	
Motor gasoline	5.7	5.9	6.5	5.9	7.8	6.1	8.0	
Propane	5.2	5.4	5.5	5.5	6.7	5.8	6.9	
Compressed / liquefied natural gas	5.9	6.3	6.6	6.4	8.0	6.4	8.0	
	6.3		7.2				9.0	
Heavy average		6.8		6.9	8.8	6.9		
Average new truck fuel efficiency	7.1	7.7	8.2	7.9	10.3	8.0	10.6	
New truck sales (thousands)								
Light medium								
Diesel	136	148	148	157	157	185	186	
Motor gasoline	52	54	54	54	54	63	63	
Propane	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
Compressed / liquefied natural gas	0	0	0	1	1	5	4	
Light medium subtotal	188	202	202	212	212	253	253	
Medium								
Diesel	133	165	165	181	181	200	201	
Motor gasoline	51	60	60	62	62	67	67	
Propane	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	
Compressed / liquefied natural gas	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Medium subtotal	184	225	225	244	244	269	270	
Heavy	104	220	220	2-1-1	2-1-1	200	210	
Diesel	261	242	243	226	229	219	245	
	11	10	10	10	10	10	11	
Motor gasoline	0	0	0	0	0	10	1	
Propane	2	2	2	4				
Compressed / liquefied natural gas			_	-	2	35	10	
Heavy subtotal	275	254	255	241	241	265	266	
Total new truck sales	647	681	682	697	698	787	790	
Freight truck stock (millions)								
Light medium	3.17	3.91	3.91	5.02	5.02	5.83	5.84	
Medium	3.19	3.68	3.68	4.68	4.68	5.46	5.47	
Heavy	4.58	5.19	5.19	5.60	5.60	5.91	5.92	
Total freight truck stock	10.93	12.77	12.77	15.29	15.30	17.20	17.22	
Freight truck vehicle miles traveled (billion miles)								
Light medium	49.4	52.7	52.7	64.2	64.0	78.9	78.6	
Medium	47.8	54.3	54.3	75.2	75.1	91.3	91.0	
Heavy	182.6	197.2	197.3	209.5	209.1	236.6	235.6	
Total freight truck vehicle miles traveled	279.8	304.2	304.4	348.9	348.2	406.8	405.1	
Freight truck fuel officioney (miles per gallen)								
Freight truck fuel efficiency (miles per gallon) Light medium	12.3	12.9	12.9	13.8	15.3	14.1	17.2	
Medium	7.8	8.1	8.2	8.4	10.1	8.5	11.3	
Heavy	6.0	6.3	6.4	6.7	7.7	6.8	8.6	
Total freight truck fuel efficiency	6.9	7.3	7.4	7.8	9.0	8.0	10.2	
Franks town by first comments of the comments								
Freight truck fuel consumption (quadrillion Btu) Light medium	0.54	0.55	0.55	0.63	0.56	0.75	0.62	
Medium	0.54	0.55	0.55	1.21	1.00	1.46	1.08	
Heavy	4.20	4.31	4.24	4.32	3.74	4.78	3.77	
Total freight truck fuel consumption	5.57	5.76	5.67	6.16	5.30	6.98	5.46	

Table D2. Key transportation results for the Phase 2 Standards case (continued)

		20	20	20	30	2040	
Key indicators, consumption, and emissions	2015	Reference	Phase 2 Standards	Reference	Phase 2 Standards	Reference	Phase 2 Standards
Fuel consumption							
(quadrillion Btu)							
Transportation sector	28.13	28.29	28.21	26.28	25.43	26.63	25.08
Propane	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02
Motor gasoline	17.01	16.79	16.79	13.62	13.55	12.55	12.40
of which: ethanol	1.18	1.19	1.19	1.12	1.12	1.24	1.23
Jet fuel ¹	2.84	2.99	2.99	3.32	3.32	3.56	3.56
Distillate fuel oil ²	6.67	6.99	6.91	7.49	6.73	8.01	6.92
Other petroleum ³	0.60	0.53	0.53	0.58	0.58	0.62	0.62
Petroleum and other liquids subtotal	27.14	27.32	27.24	25.01	24.18	24.75	23.52
Pipeline fuel natural gas	0.89	0.83	0.83	0.94	0.94	1.07	1.03
Compressed / liquefied natural gas	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.17	0.15	0.59	0.31
Liquid hydrogen	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.06	0.06
Electricity	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.11	0.11	0.15	0.15
Total energy consumption	96.7	100.5	100.5	101.5	100.5	107.1	105.2
Petroleum and other liquids	36.5	37.8	37.8	36.6	35.6	37.5	36.0
Natural gas	28.3	28.3	28.2	32.5	32.4	35.4	34.9
Coal	15.5	15.6	15.8	11.3	11.4	10.7	10.8
Nuclear / uranium ⁴	8.3	8.1	8.1	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2
Renewable energy ⁵	7.7	10.2	10.1	12.4	12.4	14.8	14.8
Other ⁶	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Carbon dioxide emissions (million metric tons)							
Transportation sector	1,851	1,851	1,845	1,714	1,655	1,721	1,618
Petroleum ⁷	1,800	1,802	1,796	1,652	1,594	1,628	1,542
Natural gas ⁸	51	49	49	62	61	93	76
Total carbon dioxide emissions	5,273	5,289	5,295	4,961	4,894	5,044	4,929
Petroleum ⁷	2,309	2,332	2,325	2,191	2,127	2,181	2,085
Natural gas	1,482	1,466	1,463	1,685	1,677	1,835	1,809
Coal	1,476	1,485	1,501	1,079	1,083	1,021	1,028
Other ⁹	, 6	6	6	6	6	6	6

¹Includes only kerosene type.
²Diesel fuel for on- and off- road use.
³Includes residual fuel oil, aviation gasoline and lubricants.
⁴These values represent the energy obtained from uranium when it is used in light water reactors. The total energy content of uranium is much larger, but alternative processes are required to take advantage of it.
⑤Includes conventional hydroelectric, geothermal, wood and wood waste, biogenic municipal waste, other biomass, wind, solar photovoltaic, and solar thermal sources, and all biomass input to liquid fuel conversion processes net of the liquid fuel produced. Excludes ethanol, net electricity imports, and nonmarketed renewable energy consumption for geothermal heat pumps, buildings photovoltaic systems, and solar thermal water heaters.
⑤Includes non-biogenic municipal waste, liquid hydrogen, and net electricity imports.
⑦This includes carbon dioxide from international bunker fuels, both civilian and military, which are excluded from the accounting of carbon dioxide emissions under the United Nations convention. From 1990 through 2015, international bunker fuels accounted for 90 to 126 million metric tons annually.
⑥Includes emissions from pipeline fuel natural gas and from natural gas used as fuel in motor vehicles, trains, and ships.
⑥Includes emissions from geothermal power and non-biogenic emissions from municipal waste.

Btu = British thermal unit.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2015 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2015 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.

Source: 2015: U.S. Energy Information Administration, (EIA), Short-Term Energy Outlook, February 2016 and EIA, AEO2016 National Energy Modeling System run ref2016.d032416a.

Projections: EIA, AEO2016 National Energy Modeling System runs ref2016.d032416a, and phaseii.d041316a.

Table D3. Key results for extended policies case

Consumption, emissions, electricity generating capacity and	0045	20		20	1	20	
generation, and prices	2015	Reference	Extended Policies	Reference	Extended Policies	Reference	Extended Policies
Energy consumption (quadrillion Btu) Residential							
Liquid fuels and other petroleum ¹	0.93	0.86	0.86	0.72	0.70	0.61	0.59
Natural gas	4.77	4.87	4.85	4.80	4.63	4.73	4.43
Renewable energy ²	0.44	0.42	0.41	0.39	0.39	0.37	0.36
Electricity Total residential	4.78	4.76	4.73	4.83	4.45	5.20	4.60
	10.92	10.90	10.86	10.74	10.17	10.91	9.98
Commercial	0.66	0.70	0.70	0.60	0.60	0.67	0.67
Liquid fuels and other petroleum ³	0.66	0.70	0.70	0.68	0.68	0.67	0.67 3.79
Natural gas Coal	3.32 0.06	3.45 0.05	3.44 0.05	3.53 0.05	3.56 0.05	3.81 0.05	0.05
Renewable energy ⁴	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Electricity	4.64	4.69	4.68	5.09	4.98	5.62	5.42
Total commercial	8.81	9.03	9.01	9.49	9.41	10.28	10.07
In decadata 15							
Industrial ⁵ Liquid fuels and other petroleum ⁶	8.07	9.40	9.37	10.55	10.42	11.82	11.42
Natural gas	9.38	10.57	10.57	11.72	11.90	12.89	13.06
Coal	1.34	1.23	1.21	1.35	1.36	1.34	1.33
Renewable energy ⁷	2.26	2.30	2.30	2.47	2.48	2.63	2.60
Electricity	3.27	3.61	3.60	3.98	3.99	4.26	4.22
Total industrial	24.33	27.11	27.04	30.07	30.15	32.94	32.63
Transportation							
Liquid fuels and other petroleum ⁸	27.14	27.32	27.23	25.01	24.04	24.75	22.56
Pipeline fuel natural gas	0.89	0.83	0.84	0.94	0.91	1.07	1.01
Compressed / liquefied natural gas	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.17	0.14	0.59	0.32
Liquid hydrogen	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.06	0.06
Electricity	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.11	0.12	0.15	0.22
Total transportation	28.13	28.29	28.20	26.28	25.26	26.63	24.16
Unspecified sector ⁹	-0.58	-0.58	-0.58	-0.46	-0.42	-0.42	-0.34
Electric power ¹⁰							
Distillate and residual fuel oil	0.26	0.15	0.15	0.11	0.11	0.09	0.08
Natural gas	9.89	8.50	8.86	11.34	9.77	12.31	10.75
Steam coal	14.08	14.34	14.27	9.92	10.62	9.36	7.88
Nuclear / uranium ¹¹	8.34	8.12	8.12	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25
Renewable energy ¹²	4.86	7.37	6.82	9.41	9.78	11.67	13.32
Non-biogenic municipal waste	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23
Net electricity imports	0.19	0.19	0.20	0.17	0.17	0.15	0.15
Total electric power	37.85	38.90	38.64	39.42	38.92	42.04	40.64
Total energy consumption	20.40	07.05	07.70	20.00	05.54	07.50	04.07
Liquid fuels and other petroleum	36.49	37.85	37.73	36.62	35.54	37.52	34.97
Natural gas	28.31	28.30	28.64	32.51	30.91	35.39	33.35
Steam coal Nuclear / uranium ¹¹	15.48 8.34	15.62 8.12	15.54 8.12	11.32 8.25	12.03 8.25	10.75 8.25	9.26 8.25
Renewable energy ¹³	7.71	10.22	9.67	12.41	12.78	14.80	16.42
Other ¹⁴	0.42	0.43	0.43	0.44	0.44	0.43	0.43
Total energy consumption	96.74	100.55	100.13	101.54	99.95	107.15	102.67
Carbon dioxide emissions (million metric tons)							
by sector							
Residential	317	317	316	303	293	292	275
Commercial	228	238	238	241	242	254	253
Industrial ⁵	986	1,054	1,052	1,144	1,145	1,226	1,210
Transportation	1,851	1,851	1,845	1,714	1,643	1,721	1,557
Electric power ¹⁰	1,891	1,829	1,841	1,559	1,542	1,551	1,327
by fuel							
Petroleum ¹⁵	2,309	2,332	2,325	2,191	2,115	2,181	2,011
Natural gas	1,482	1,466	1,484	1,685	1,599	1,835	1,725
Coal	1,476	1,485	1,477	1,079	1,146	1,021	879
Other16	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Total carbon dioxide emissions	5,273	5,289	5,292	4,961	4,867	5,044	4,623

Table D3. Key results for extended policies case (continued)

Consumption emissions electricity generating conscity and		20	20	20	30	20	40
Consumption, emissions, electricity generating capacity and generation, and prices	2015	Reference	Extended Policies	Reference	Extended Policies	Reference	Extended Policies
Electricity generating capacity (gigawatts)	1,082.1	1,114.2	1,093.9	1,188.1	1,207.0	1,374.1	1,410.3
Electric power sector ¹⁰	1,040.8	1,053.0	1,029.1	1,094.2	1,069.4	1,239.6	1,188.6
Coal	281.4	211.7	206.0	180.3	183.2	172.8	166.6
Oil and natural gas steam	91.4	90.3	91.9	54.5	47.7	52.8	39.2
Combined-cycle	227.3	247.5	246.4	294.5	260.0	345.4	280.1
Combustion turbine / diesel	141.2	142.9	141.8	137.0	127.5	144.6	121.5
Nuclear / uranium	99.8	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1
Pumped storage	22.6	22.6	22.6	22.6	22.6	22.6	22.6
Renewable sources	177.1	238.7	221.1	305.2	328.8	399.4	458.2
of which: Solar	13.8	28.0	31.2	70.1	101.3	158.1	181.1
of which: Wind	74.4	120.4	99.9	142.0	134.5	145.8	181.2
Distributed generation	0.0	0.2	0.2	1.0	0.4	2.9	1.2
Residential and commercial sectors	15.2	33.8	37.1	62.0	104.0	98.2	182.6
of which: Natural gas	1.8	2.2	2.5	3.6	4.1	6.0	6.8
of which: Solar photovoltaic	11.2	28.7	28.8	55.1	84.9	88.3	149.5
of which: Wind	1.6	2.3	5.1	2.6	14.3	3.2	25.7
Industrial sector ⁵	26.1	27.3	27.8	31.8	33.6	36.3	39.1
of which: Natural gas	14.7	15.2	15.7	19.2	20.9	23.5	26.2
Cumulative capacity additions (gigawatts) ¹⁷		122.1	108.3	281.1	311.7	482.9	557.7
Cumulative capacity retirements (gigawatts) 17		90.1	96.6	175.2	186.9	191.0	229.5
Generation by fuel (billion kilowatthours)	4,090	4,244	4,234	4,590	4,511	5,060	4,943
Electric power sector ¹⁰	3,915	4,021	4,003	4,294	4,144	4,673	4,418
Coal	1,343	1,376	1,371	959	1,027	905	764
Petroleum	24	14	14	10	10	8	7
Natural gas	1,250	1,090	1,137	1,558	1,304	1,757	1,474
Nuclear / uranium	798	777	777	789	789	789	789
Pumped storage / other	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Renewable sources	497	761	700	973	1,011	1,210	1,381
of which: Solar	22	52	59	148	213	350	400
of which: Wind	188	365	296	453	428	468	587
Distributed generation	0	0	0	1	0	2	1
Residential and commercial sectors	35	64	70	113	175	180	303
of which: Natural gas	13	16	18	27	30	44	49
of which: Solar photovoltaic	15	40	40	79	121	127	215
of which: Wind	2	3	7	3	19	4	34
Industrial sector ⁵	140	159	161	183	192	207	222
of which: Natural gas	86	96	98	116	125	139	154
Delivered natural gas prices							
(2015 dollars per thousand cubic feet)							
Residential	10.40	11.08	11.37	12.41	12.12	12.74	12.75
Commercial	7.92	9.58	9.86	10.72	10.28	10.73	10.47
Industrial ⁵	3.84	5.53	5.81	6.14	5.71	5.89	5.64
Electric power ¹⁰	3.35	4.83	5.10	5.74	5.23	5.52	5.23
Average electricity price (2015 cents per kilowatthour)	10.3	10.5	10.6	10.9	10.8	10.5	10.4

¹Includes propane, kerosene, and distillate fuel oil.

¹Includes wood used for residential heating. Excludes nonmarketed renewable energy consumption for geothermal heat pumps, buildings photovoltaic systems, and solar thermal water heaters.

¹Includes propane, motor gasoline (including ethanol and ethers), kerosene, distillate fuel oil, and residual fuel oil.

¹Includes commercial sector consumption of wood and wood waste, landfill gas, municipal waste, and other biomass for combined heat and power. Excludes nonmarketed renewable energy consumption for geothermal heat pumps, buildings photovoltaic systems, and solar thermal water heaters.

¹Includes consumption for geothermal heat pumps, buildings photovoltaic systems, and solar thermal water heaters.

¹Includes consumption of energy produced from hydroelectric, wood and wood waste, municipal waste, and other biomass sources. Excludes ethanol.

¹Includes consumption of energy produced from hydroelectric, wood and wood waste, municipal waste, and other biomass sources. Excludes ethanol.

¹Includes propane, motor gasoline, ethanol and ethers, jet fuel, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, aviation gasoline, and lubricants.

¹Represents consumption of energy by electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.

¹¹These values represent the energy obtained from uranium when it is used in light water reactors. The total energy content of uranium is much larger, but alternative processes are required to take advantage of it.

¹²Includes conventional hydroelectric, geothermal, wood and wood waste, biogenic municipal waste, other biomass, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal sources.

¹³Includes conventional hydroelectric, geothermal, wood and wood waste, biogenic municipal waste, other biomass, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal sources.

¹³Includes conventional hydroelectric, geothermal, wood and wood waste, biogenic municipal waste, other biomass, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal sources.

¹³Includes conventional phydroelectric, geothermal, wood and wood waste, biogenic muni

Bit = British thermal unit.

-- = Not applicable.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2015 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.

Source: 2015: U.S. Energy Information Administration, (EIA), Short-Term Energy Outlook, February 2016 and EIA, AEO2016 National Energy Modeling System run ref2016.d032416a.

Projections: EIA, AEO2016 National Energy Modeling System, runs ref2016.d032416a, and extended.d051216a.

Table D4. Natural gas supply and disposition, oil and gas resource and technology cases (trillion cubic feet per year, unless otherwise noted)

			2020			2030		2040			
Supply, disposition, and prices	2015	Low Oil and Gas Resource and Technology	Reference	High Oil and Gas Resource and Technology	Low Oil and Gas Resource and Technology	Reference	High Oil and Gas Resource and Technology	Low Oil and Gas Resource and Technology	Reference	High Oil and Gas Resource and Technology	
Henry Hub spot price											
(2015 dollars per million Btu)	2.62	6.27	4.43	2.89	7.61	5.06	3.50	9.17	4.86	2.43	
(nominal dollars per million Btu)	2.62	6.97	4.90	3.18	10.60	6.84	4.64	16.15	8.17	3.95	
Dry gas production ¹	27.19	27.35	30.50	34.19	25.50	37.76	47.14	26.68	42.12	55.53	
Lower 48 onshore	25.20	25.82	28.82	32.41	24.29	36.15	45.44	24.30	40.18	53.35	
Tight gas	5.00	4.81	4.92	5.11	4.37	6.08	7.02	4.50	6.55	8.00	
Shale gas and tight oil plays ²	13.64	14.91	17.96	21.57	14.84	25.16	33.66	15.03	29.00	41.02	
Coalbed methane	1.24	1.18	1.04	0.96	1.10	0.94	0.82	0.97	0.78	0.63	
Other	5.32	4.92	4.90	4.78	3.98	3.97	3.95	3.80	3.85	3.70	
Lower 48 offshore	1.70	1.23	1.39	1.48	0.93	1.33	1.39	1.15	1.67	1.84	
Alaska	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.28	0.28	0.31	1.23	0.28	0.34	
Supplemental natural gas³	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	
Net imports	0.95	-2.37	-2.89	-3.22	-1.59	-6.02	-10.21	-1.90	-7.55	-13.00	
Pipeline ⁴	0.89	-0.14	-0.48	-0.80	0.25	-0.97	-2.02	1.62	-0.89	-2.81	
Liquefied natural gas	0.06	-2.22	-2.42	-2.42	-1.84	-5.06	-8.19	-3.52	-6.66	-10.19	
Total supply	28.20	25.04	27.67	31.03	23.98	31.80	36.99	24.84	34.63	42.59	
Consumption by sector											
Residential	4.62	4.62	4.71	4.80	4.44	4.65	4.79	4.30	4.58	4.76	
Commercial	3.22	3.20	3.34	3.47	3.14	3.42	3.65	3.23	3.69	4.02	
Industrial ⁵	7.51	8.14	8.29	8.33	8.62	8.85	9.12	9.26	9.58	9.89	
Electric power ⁶	9.61	6.29	8.26	11.10	5.12	11.02	14.60	4.76	11.96	17.94	
Transportation ⁷	0.06	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.16	0.22	0.23	0.47	0.66	0.52	
Pipeline fuel	0.86	0.75	0.81	0.90	0.68	0.91	1.10	0.74	1.04	1.28	
Lease and plant fuel8	1.58	1.57	1.71	1.88	1.46	2.00	2.47	1.51	2.24	2.94	
Liquefaction for export9	0.00	0.23	0.25	0.25	0.19	0.51	0.83	0.36	0.67	1.03	
Total	27.47	24.89	27.46	30.83	23.81	31.59	36.78	24.64	34.42	42.38	
Discrepancy ¹⁰	0.73	0.16	0.21	0.21	0.17	0.21	0.21	0.20	0.21	0.21	

¹Marketed production (wet) minus extraction losses.

²Tight oil represents resources in low-permeability reservoirs, including shale and chalk formations. The specific plays included in the tight oil category are Bakken/Three Forks/Sanish, Eagle Ford, Woodford, Austin Chalk, Spraberry, Niobrara, Avalon/Bone Springs, and Monterey.

³Synthetic natural gas, propane air, coke oven gas, refinery gas, biomass gas, air injected for Btu stabilization, and manufactured gas commingled and distributed with natural

³Synthetic natural gas, propane air, coke oven gas, retinery gas, biornass gas, all injected for bid stabilization, and mandatared gas demanded gas.

4Natural gas imported from Canada and Mexico.

5Includes energy for combined heat and power plants that have a non-regulatory status, and small on-site generating systems. Excludes use for lease and plant fuel.

6Includes consumption of energy by electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.

7Natural gas used as fuel in motor vehicles, trains, and ships.

8Represents natural gas used in well, field, and lease operations, and in natural gas processing plant machinery.

9Fuel used in facilities that liquefy natural gas for export.

19Balancing item. Natural gas lost as a result of converting flow data measured at varying temperatures and pressures to a standard temperature and pressure and the merger of different data reporting systems which vary in scope, format, definition, and respondent type. In addition, 2015 values include net storage injections.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2015 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.

Sources: 2015: U.S. Energy Information Administration, (EIA), Short-Term Energy Outlook, February 2016 and EIA, AEO2016 National Energy Modeling System run ref2016.d032416a. Projections: EIA, AEO2016 National Energy Modeling System runs lowresource.d032516a, ref2016.d032416a, and highresource.d032516a.

Table D5. Liquid fuels supply and disposition, oil and gas resource and technology cases (million barrels per day, unless otherwise noted)

			2020			2030			2040	
Supply, disposition, and prices	2015	Low Oil and Gas Resource and Technology	Reference	High Oil and Gas Resource and Technology	Low Oil and Gas Resource and Technology	Reference	and Gas Resource and	Low Oil and Gas Resource and Technology	Reference	High Oil and Gas Resource and Technology
Crude oil prices										
(2015 dollars per barrel)										
Brent spot	52	79	77	71	112	104	85	152	136	110
West Texas Intermediate spot Imported crude oil ¹	49 46	74 71	71 69	65 63	106 101	97 95	77 76	147 139	129 126	99 95
Crude oil supply										
Domestic production ²	9.42	8.08	9.38	11.25	7.55	10.06	13.89	7.02	11.26	17.68
Alaska	0.48	0.41	0.41	0.41	0.24	0.24	0.44	0.15	0.15	0.67
Lower 48 States	8.94	7.66	8.96	10.83	7.31	9.82	13.46	6.87	11.11	17.01
Net imports	6.88	7.19	6.97	6.48	6.92	6.57	4.15	6.81	6.10	-0.02
Gross imports	7.28	7.13	7.60	7.11	7.56	7.20	6.02	7.68	7.12	6.17
Exports	0.40	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	0.63	1.87	0.86	1.02	6.18
Other crude oil supply ³	-0.11	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total crude oil supply	16.19	15.28	16.36	17.74	14.47	16.63	18.04	13.83	17.36	17.67
Net product imports	-2.24	-1.61	-3.26	-5.25	-0.71	-4.32	-6.26	0.54	-4.66	-5.59
Gross refined product imports ⁴	0.66	1.18	1.11	1.07	1.46	1.30	1.11	1.96	1.63	1.27
Unfinished oil imports	0.55	0.53	0.53	0.54	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.39	0.39	0.39
Blending component imports	0.67	0.58	0.58	0.61	0.44	0.45	0.44	0.29	0.30	0.28
Exports	4.12	3.91	5.48	7.46	3.07	6.52	8.27	2.11	6.98	7.52
Refinery processing gain ⁵	1.03	1.05	1.05	1.11	0.94	0.98	0.99	0.93	0.99	0.91
Natural gas plant liquids	3.25	4.01	4.57	5.09	3.45	4.90	5.72	3.21	4.99	6.24
Supply from renewable sources	1.01	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.03	1.03	1.02	1.12	1.12	1.10
Ethanol	0.89	0.89	0.89	0.89	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.92	0.93	0.91
Domestic production	0.94	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.89	0.91	0.92
Net imports	-0.05	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	-0.03	-0.03	-0.04	0.04	0.02	-0.01
Biodiesel	0.11	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.12	0.10	0.05	0.12	0.10	0.05
Domestic production	0.08	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.08	0.06	0.01	0.08	0.06	0.01
Net imports	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
Other biomass-derived liquids ⁶	0.00	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.08	0.09	0.14	0.08	0.09	0.14
Other ⁷	0.21	0.28	0.28	0.27	0.29	0.30	0.29	0.30	0.32	0.30
Total primary supply ⁸	19.46	20.08	20.08	20.03	19.46	19.52	19.80	19.93	20.12	20.63
Net import share of product supplied	23.7	28.0	18.6	6.2	32.0	11.6	-10.7	37.3	7.4	-27.0
Net expenditures for imports of crude oil &										
petroleum products (billion 2015 dollars)	128	220	207	179	300	268	182	412	348	231
Refined petroleum product prices to										
the transportation sector										
(2015 dollars per gallon)									<u>.</u>	
Propane	1.64	1.97	1.94	1.88	2.20	2.14	2.04	2.54	2.43	2.32
Ethanol (E85) ⁹	2.21	3.09	3.05	2.96	3.02	2.93	2.71	3.45	3.33	3.01
Ethanol wholesale price	2.22	2.80	2.77	2.72	2.33	2.28	2.28	2.64	2.60	2.48
Motor gasoline ¹⁰	2.52	2.81	2.74	2.64	3.37	3.19	2.78	4.10	3.81	3.13
Jet fuel ¹¹	1.62	2.26	2.18	2.05	3.08	2.87	2.44	4.09	3.74	2.91
Distillate fuel oil ¹²	2.72	3.24	3.18	3.05	4.03	3.85	3.42	5.01	4.68	3.87
Residual fuel oil	1.21	1.77	1.75	1.64	2.40	2.25	1.80	3.13	2.87	2.14

¹Weighted average price delivered to U.S. refiners.
²Includes lease condensate.
³Strategic petroleum reserve stock additions plus unaccounted for crude oil and crude stock withdrawals minus crude product supplied.

Includes other hydrocarbons and alcohol.

The volumetric amount by which total output is greater than input due to the processing of crude oil into products which, in total, have a lower specific gravity than the crude

oil processed.

Includes pyrolysis oils, biomass-derived Fischer-Tropsch liquids, biobutanol, and renewable feedstocks used for the on-site production of diesel and gasoline.
Includes domestic sources of other blending components, other hydrocarbons, and ethers.
Includes upply, net product imports, refinery processing gain, natural gas plant liquids, supply from renewable sources, and other supply.

Best refers to a blend of 85 pecent ethanol (renewable) and 15 percent motor gasoline (nonrenewable). To address cold starting issues, the percentage of ethanol varies seasonally. The annual average ethanol content of 74 percent is used for this forecast.

Sales weighted-average price for all grades. Includes Federal, State, and local taxes.

¹⁰Sales weighted-average price for all grades. Includes Federal, State, and Rocal taxes.

¹¹Includes only kerosene-type.

¹²Diesel fuel for on-road use. Includes Federal and State taxes while excluding county and local taxes.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2015 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.

Sources: 2015: U.S. Energy Information Administration, (EIA), Short-Term Energy Outlook, February 2016 and EIA, AEO2016 National Energy Modeling System run ref2016.d032416a.

Projections: EIA, AEO2016 National Energy Modeling System runs lowresource.d032516a, ref2016.d032416a, and highresource.d032516a.

Table D6. Key transportation results, oil and gas resource and technology cases

		2020				2030		2040		
Key indicators and consumption	2015	Low Oil and Gas Resource and Technology	Reference	High Oil and Gas Resource and Technology	Low Oil and Gas Resource and Technology	Reference	High Oil and Gas Resource and Technology	Low Oil and Gas Resource and Technology	Reference	High Oil and Gas Resource and Technology
Level of travel										
(billion vehicle miles traveled)										
Light-duty vehicles less than 8,501 lbs	2,752	3,019	3,031	3,043	3,191	3,232	3,332	3,364	3,438	3,656
Commercial light trucks ¹	96	110	110	109	124	125	127	140	143	146
Freight trucks greater than 10,000 lbs.	280	303	304	304	343	349	356	395	407	417
(billion seat miles available)										
Air	1,070	1,166	1,168	1,170	1,360	1,364	1,373	1,529	1,531	1,536
(billion ton miles traveled)	4 000	4.005	4 040	4.044	4.000	0.000	0.007	0.005	0.400	0.474
Rail	1,690	1,805	1,810	1,811	1,983	2,006	2,037	2,085	2,128	2,171
Domestic shipping	482	448	453	455	387	404	420	378	407	431
Energy efficiency indicators (miles per gallon)										
Tested new light-duty vehicle ²	30.9	37.0	36.9	36.8	47.5	47.2	46.7	48.1	47.8	47.1
New car ²	35.9	44.2	44.2	44.2	55.2	55.1	54.9	55.3	55.1	54.9
New light truck ²	27.0	31.8	31.7	31.7	40.5	40.4	40.3	40.5	40.4	40.4
On-road new light-duty vehicle ³	25.0	29.9	29.8	29.7	38.4	38.2	37.7	38.9	38.6	38.0
New car ³	29.3	36.1	36.1	36.1	45.1	45.0	44.9	45.1	45.0	44.8
New light truck ³	21.6	25.4	25.4	25.4	32.4	32.3	32.3	32.4	32.3	32.3
Light-duty stock ⁴	21.7	24.1	24.1	24.1	31.5	31.5	31.4	36.5	36.3	36.0
New commercial light truck ¹	17.3	19.6	19.5	19.5	24.0	24.0	23.9	24.1	24.0	24.0
Stock commercial light truck ¹	15.0	16.6	16.6	16.6	20.8	20.8	20.9	23.2	23.2	23.2
Energy use by mode (quadrillion Btu)	6.9	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.8	7.8	7.8	8.0	8.0	7.9
Light-duty vehicles	15.86	15.66	15.73	15.80	12.63	12.82	13.26	11.52	11.83	12.71
Commercial light trucks ¹	0.80	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.74	0.75	0.76	0.76	0.77	0.79
Bus transportation	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.31	0.31	0.31
Freight trucks	5.57	5.74	5.76	5.75	6.06	6.16	6.30	6.77	6.98	7.20
Rail, passenger	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
Rail, freight	0.48	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.51	0.51	0.52	0.50	0.51	0.52
Shipping, domestic and international	0.83	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.74	0.77	0.84	0.77	0.82	0.89
Air	2.37	2.51	2.52	2.52	2.81	2.82	2.84	2.99	3.00	3.01
Other uses ⁴	1.03	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.11 0.71	1.12 0.94	1.12 1.13	1.22 0.76	1.22	1.24 1.32
Pipeline fuel Total	0.89 28.14	0.77 28.12	0.83 28.28	0.93 28.44	25.66	26.24	27.12	25.65	1.07 26.57	28.04
1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	20.14	20.12	20.20	20.11	20.00	20.2-1		20.00	20.0.	20.0-1
Energy use by fuel (quadrillion Btu)										
Propane	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02
Motor gasoline ⁵	17.01	16.72	16.79	16.85	13.41	13.62	14.07	12.20	12.55	13.44
of which: E856	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.24	0.22	0.16	0.32	0.28	0.20
Jet fuel ⁷ Distillate fuel oil ⁸	2.84 6.67	2.99	2.99	3.00	3.31	3.32 7.49	3.34 7.65	3.55	3.56	3.57
Residual fuel oil	0.67	6.97 0.37	6.99 0.37	6.99 0.37	7.44 0.39	0.42	0.47	7.97 0.42	8.01 0.45	8.41 0.52
Other petroleum ⁹	0.43	0.37	0.37	0.16	0.39	0.42	0.47	0.42	0.45	0.32
Liquid fuels and other petroleum	27.14	27.22	27.32	27.38	24.73	25.01	25.70	24.32	24.75	26.13
Pipeline fuel natural gas	0.89	0.77	0.83	0.93	0.71	0.94	1.13	0.76	1.07	1.32
Compressed/liquefied natural gas	0.03	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.17	0.18	0.40	0.59	0.44
Liquid hydrogen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.10	0.17	0.10	0.06	0.06	0.06
Electricity	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.15	0.15	0.16
Delivered energy use	28.13	28.13	28.29	28.45	25.69	26.28	27.17	25.70	26.63	28.12

¹Commercial trucks 8,501 to 10,000 pounds gross vehicle weight rating.
²Tested new vehicle efficiency revised for on-road performance.
³Combined 'on-the-road" estimate for all cars and light trucks.
⁴Includes recreational boats, military use, and lubricants.
¹Includes ethanol and ethers blended into gasoline.
⁵E85 refers to a blend of 85 percent ethanol (renewable) and 15 percent motor gasoline (nonrenewable). To address cold starting issues, the percentage of ethanol varies seasonally. The annual average ethanol content of 74 percent is used for this forecast.
¹Includes only kerosene type.
⁵Diesel fuel for on- and off- road use.
⁵Includes aviation gasoline and lubricants.
Lbs = Pounds.
Btu = British thermal unit.
Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2015 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.
Source: 2015: U.S. Energy Information Administration, (EIA), Short-Term Energy Outlook, February 2016 and EIA, AEO2016 National Energy Modeling System run ref2016.d032416a. Projections: EIA, AEO2016 National Energy Modeling System runs lowresource.d032516a, ref2016.d032416a, and highresource.d032516a.

Table D7. Key results for industrial energy efficiency cases

(quadrillion Btu per year, unless otherwise noted)

Consumption and emissions	2015		20	25		2040			
		Reference	Energy Efficiency	Low Incentive	High Incentive	Reference	Energy Efficiency	Low Incentive	High Incentive
Energy consumption									
Industrial ¹									
Cement and lime									
Petroleum and other liquids	0.04	0.09	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.14	0.13	0.14	0.14
Natural gas	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Coal	0.14	0.17	0.15	0.17	0.17	0.19	0.16	0.19	0.19
Renewable energy ²	0.09	0.13	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.16	0.14	0.16	0.16
Electricity	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.07
Total cement and lime	0.33	0.47	0.43	0.47	0.45	0.58	0.51	0.57	0.57
Aluminum	0.00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	00	0.00		0.0.	
Petroleum and other liquids	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.03
Natural gas	0.11	0.13	0.11	0.14	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.14	0.14
Electricity	0.20	0.13	0.20	0.14	0.10	0.10	0.19	0.14	0.20
Total aluminum	0.34	0.42	0.38	0.42	0.42	0.40	0.36	0.40	0.27
Glass	0.54	0.42	0.30	0.42	0.42	0.40	0.50	0.40	0.57
	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
Petroleum and other liquids	0.04 0.17	0.04 0.19	0.04 0.19	0.04 0.19	0.04 0.18	0.04 0.19	0.04 0.16	0.04 0.17	0.04 0.16
Natural gas									
Electricity	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
Total glass	0.24	0.27	0.26	0.27	0.26	0.27	0.24	0.25	0.23
Iron and steel	0.07	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.44
Petroleum and other liquids	0.07	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.14
Natural gas	0.40	0.43	0.37	0.42	0.39	0.45	0.40	0.48	0.49
Coal	0.56	0.50	0.47	0.45	0.33	0.47	0.44	0.43	0.41
Electricity	0.18	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.20	0.29	0.29	0.30	0.30
Total iron and steel	1.21	1.26	1.17	1.20	1.00	1.34	1.25	1.34	1.34
Paper									
Petroleum and other liquids	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.04
Natural gas	0.39	0.37	0.30	0.37	0.36	0.37	0.30	0.38	0.37
Coal	0.20	0.21	0.18	0.21	0.20	0.24	0.21	0.25	0.24
Renewable energy ²	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.98	0.96	1.07	1.08	1.08	1.07
Electricity	0.20	0.18	0.14	0.17	0.16	0.15	0.13	0.14	0.13
Total paper	1.81	1.79	1.64	1.77	1.71	1.87	1.75	1.88	1.84
Other industries									
Petroleum and other liquids	7.86	9.87	9.86	9.73	9.38	11.42	11.41	11.10	10.77
Natural gas	8.30	10.20	10.22	10.14	9.85	11.73	11.75	11.57	11.40
Coal	0.44	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.42	0.45	0.45	0.44	0.44
Renewable energy ²	1.18	1.27	1.27	1.26	1.25	1.39	1.39	1.37	1.37
Electricity	2.62	3.17	3.17	3.11	2.97	3.51	3.50	3.40	3.28
Total other industries	20.40	24.94	24.95	24.67	23.87	28.49	28.50	27.89	27.27
Total industrial sector									
Petroleum and other liquids	8.07	10.19	10.19	10.05	9.68	11.82	11.80	11.51	11.16
Natural gas	9.38	11.34	11.21	11.28	10.94	12.89	12.74	12.75	12.58
Coal	1.34	1.31	1.23	1.26	1.12	1.34	1.26	1.31	1.28
Renewable energy ²	2.26	2.39	2.38	2.38	2.33	2.63	2.61	2.62	2.60
Electricity	3.27	3.91	3.83	3.83	3.65	4.26	4.21	4.15	4.01
Total industrial sector	24.33	29.14	28.83	28.80	27.71	32.94	32.62	32.34	31.63
							·		
Total delivered energy consumption	26.00	07.40	07.40	00.04	25.00	27 44	27.40	20.07	25.70
Petroleum and other liquids	36.23	37.18	37.19	36.84	35.99	37.44	37.42	36.67	35.70
Natural gas	18.43	20.61	20.48	20.47	19.91	23.09	22.95	22.77	22.26
Coal	1.40	1.36	1.28	1.31	1.17	1.39	1.31	1.36	1.34
Renewable energy ³	2.84	2.94	2.92	2.93	2.90	3.13	3.11	3.13	3.13
Electricity	12.72	13.60	13.53	13.37	12.95	15.23	15.19	14.82	14.38
Total	71.62	75.73	75.44	74.94	72.95	80.34	80.04	78.81	76.87
Electricity related losses	25.12	25.83	25.70	24.94	22.61	26.81	26.80	25.08	24.92
Total energy consumption	96.74	101.56	101.14	99.89	95.56	107.15	106.84	103.88	101.79

Table D7. Key results for industrial energy efficiency cases (continued)

(quadrillion Btu per year, unless otherwise noted)

Consumption and emissions	2015		20	25		2040				
		Reference	Energy Efficiency	Low Incentive	High Incentive	Reference	Energy Efficiency	Low Incentive	High Incentive	
Carbon dioxide emissions ⁴ (million metric tons)										
Residential	1,028	895	895	817	617	821	825	642	477	
Commercial	918	836	837	756	550	826	830	632	450	
Industrial ¹	1,472	1,600	1,575	1,523	1,316	1,660	1,637	1,498	1,341	
Cement and lime	24	32	30	31	28	38	33	35	34	
Aluminum	40	42	38	40	30	35	32	29	19	
Glass	16	17	17	17	15	17	15	15	12	
Iron and steel	108	106	101	98	72	107	101	97	88	
Paper	72	65	53	62	52	60	52	56	51	
Other industries	1,212	1,337	1,337	1,276	1,120	1,403	1,404	1,266	1,138	
Transportation	1,855	1,784	1,785	1,770	1,735	1,737	1,737	1,703	1,657	
Total carbon dioxide emissions	5,273	5,115	5,092	4,865	4,217	5,044	5,029	4,475	3,925	

¹Includes energy for combined heat and power plants that have a non-regulatory status, and small on-site generating systems.
²Includes consumption of energy produced from hydroelectric, wood and wood waste, municipal waste, and other biomass sources. Excludes ethanol in motor gasoline.
³Includes electricity generated for sale to the grid and for own use from renewable sources, and non-electric energy from renewable sources. Excludes ethanol and nonmarketed renewable energy consumption for geothermal heat pumps, buildings photovoltaic systems, and solar thermal water heaters.
⁴Emissions from the electric power sector are distributed to the end-use sectors.
Btu = British thermal unit.
Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2015 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.
Source: 2015: U.S. Energy Information Administration, (EIA), Short-Term Energy Outlook, February 2016 and EIA, AEO2016 National Energy Modeling System, runs ref2016.d032416a, efficienttech.d032516a, lowinnovate.d032516a, and highinnovate.D032516a.