

Monthly Energy Review



January 2008



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Energy Information Administration

Monthly Energy Review

The *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* is the Energy Information Administration's (EIA) primary report of recent and historical energy statistics. Included are statistics on total energy production, consumption, and trade; energy prices; overviews of petroleum, natural gas, coal, electricity, nuclear energy, renewable energy, and international petroleum; and data unit conversions.

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Note: PDF files display selected annual and monthly data. Excel and CSV files display all available annual and monthly data, often at a greater level of precision than the PDF files.

Cover Photographs

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Monthly Energy Review

January 2008

Energy Information Administration
Office of Energy Markets and End Use
U.S. Department of Energy
Washington, DC 20585

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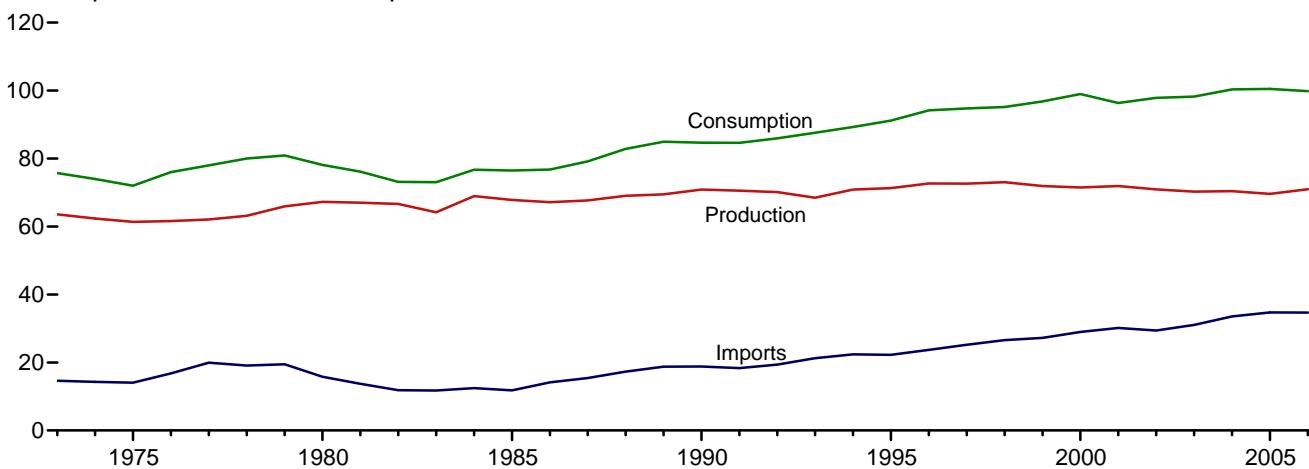
Energy Overview



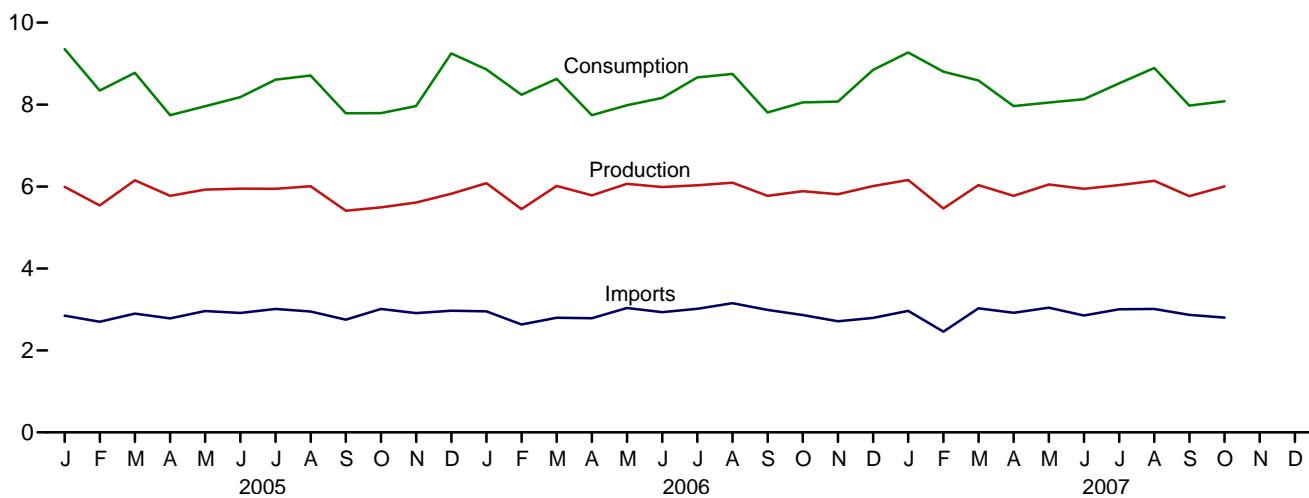
The continental United States at night from orbit. Source: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration satellite imagery; mosaic provided by U.S. Geological Survey.

Figure 1.1 Primary Energy Overview
(Quadrillion Btu)

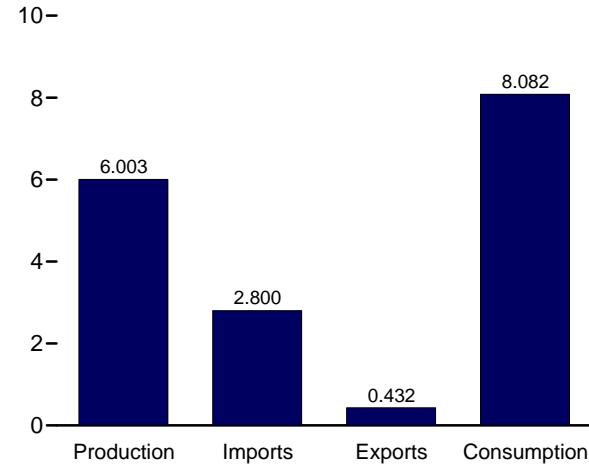
Consumption, Production, and Imports, 1973-2006



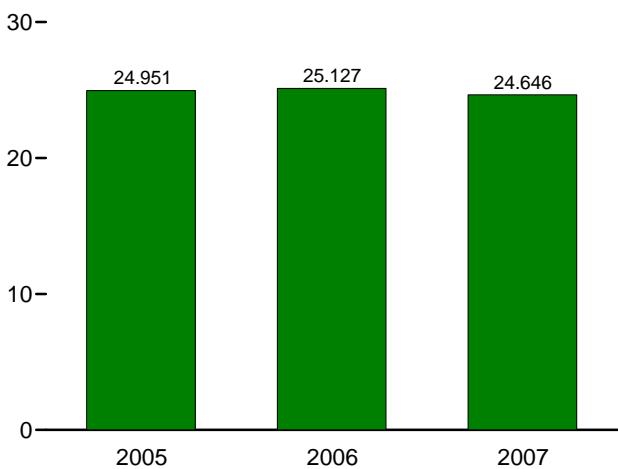
Consumption, Production, and Imports, Monthly



Overview, October 2007



Net Imports, January-October



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html>.

Sources: Tables 1.1 and 1.4b.

Table 1.1 Primary Energy Overview
(Quadrillion Btu)

| | Production ^a | Imports | Exports | Stock Change and Other ^b | Consumption ^c |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1973 Total | 63.585 | 14.613 | 2.033 | -0.456 | 75.708 |
| 1975 Total | 61.357 | 14.032 | 2.323 | -1.067 | 71.999 |
| 1980 Total | 67.232 | 15.796 | 3.695 | -1.212 | 78.122 |
| 1985 Total | 67.799 | 11.781 | 4.196 | 1.107 | 76.491 |
| 1990 Total | 70.870 | 18.817 | 4.752 | -.283 | 84.652 |
| 1995 Total | 71.319 | 22.260 | 4.511 | 2.104 | 91.173 |
| 1996 Total | 72.641 | 23.702 | 4.633 | 2.466 | 94.175 |
| 1997 Total | 72.634 | 25.215 | 4.514 | 1.430 | 94.765 |
| 1998 Total | 73.041 | 26.581 | 4.299 | -.139 | 95.183 |
| 1999 Total | 71.907 | 27.252 | 3.715 | 1.373 | 96.817 |
| 2000 Total | 71.490 | 28.973 | 4.006 | 2.518 | 98.975 |
| 2001 Total | 71.892 | 30.157 | 3.770 | -1.952 | 96.326 |
| 2002 Total | 70.936 | 29.407 | 3.668 | 1.184 | 97.858 |
| 2003 Total | 70.270 | 31.060 | 4.054 | .932 | 98.209 |
| 2004 Total | 70.394 | 33.543 | 4.433 | .847 | 100.351 |
| 2005 January | 5.992 | 2.848 | .366 | .882 | 9.356 |
| February | 5.540 | 2.700 | .376 | .477 | 8.341 |
| March | 6.153 | 2.900 | .415 | .136 | 8.774 |
| April | 5.774 | 2.781 | .402 | -.413 | 7.740 |
| May | 5.925 | 2.962 | .443 | -.483 | 7.961 |
| June | 5.949 | 2.915 | .462 | -.220 | 8.183 |
| July | 5.944 | 3.012 | .395 | .048 | 8.610 |
| August | 6.007 | 2.950 | .399 | .153 | 8.711 |
| September | 5.408 | 2.749 | .309 | -.061 | 7.788 |
| October | 5.491 | 3.012 | .312 | -.400 | 7.791 |
| November | 5.610 | 2.910 | .302 | -.256 | 7.962 |
| December | 5.826 | 2.970 | .380 | .832 | 9.248 |
| Total | 69.620 | 34.710 | 4.561 | .696 | 100.465 |
| 2006 January | 6.081 | 2.953 | .360 | .183 | 8.857 |
| February | 5.448 | 2.632 | .339 | .501 | 8.242 |
| March | 6.017 | 2.799 | .383 | .196 | 8.628 |
| April | 5.786 | 2.787 | .383 | -.448 | 7.742 |
| May | 6.064 | 3.037 | .436 | -.683 | 7.983 |
| June | 5.989 | 2.935 | .419 | -.341 | 8.165 |
| July | 6.029 | 3.018 | .403 | .020 | 8.664 |
| August | 6.095 | 3.152 | .419 | -.078 | 8.750 |
| September | 5.772 | 2.989 | .460 | -.494 | 7.808 |
| October | 5.886 | 2.863 | .436 | -.259 | 8.054 |
| November | 5.812 | 2.712 | .435 | -.015 | 8.074 |
| December | 6.011 | 2.795 | .394 | .433 | 8.846 |
| Total | 70.991 | 34.673 | 4.868 | -.983 | 99.813 |
| 2007 January | 6.160 | 2.964 | .451 | R .600 | R 9.272 |
| February | 5.465 | 2.457 | .352 | R 1.235 | R 8.805 |
| March | 6.033 | 3.028 | .416 | R -.055 | R 8.589 |
| April | 5.775 | 2.919 | .407 | R -.323 | R 7.964 |
| May | R 6.049 | 3.043 | .436 | R -.606 | R 8.050 |
| June | R 5.946 | 2.853 | .420 | -.246 | R 8.133 |
| July | R 6.034 | 3.005 | .489 | R -.032 | R 8.518 |
| August | 6.140 | 3.014 | .468 | .208 | 8.894 |
| September | R 5.766 | R 2.866 | R .431 | R -.228 | R 7.974 |
| October | 6.003 | 2.800 | .432 | -.288 | 8.082 |
| 10-Month Total | 59.370 | 28.948 | 4.302 | .264 | 84.280 |
| 2006 10-Month Total | 59.167 | 29.165 | 4.039 | -1.401 | 82.893 |
| 2005 10-Month Total | 58.184 | 28.830 | 3.879 | .120 | 83.254 |

^a See Note 1, "Primary Energy Production," at end of section.

^b Calculated as consumption and exports minus production and imports. Includes petroleum stock change and adjustments; natural gas net storage withdrawals and balancing item; and coal stock change, losses, and unaccounted for.

^c See Note 2, "Primary Energy Consumption," at end of section.

R=Revised.

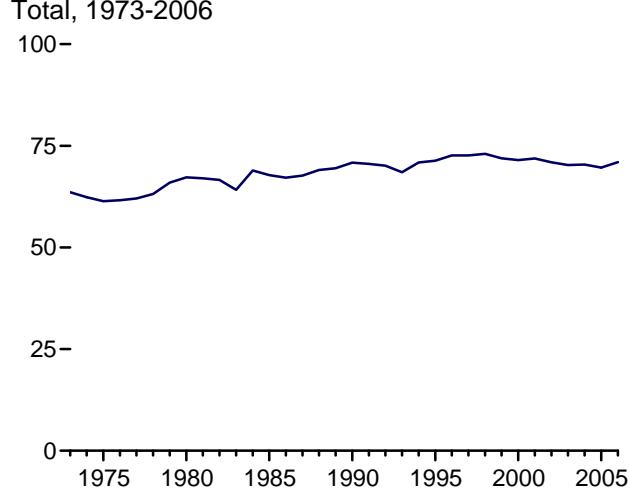
Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

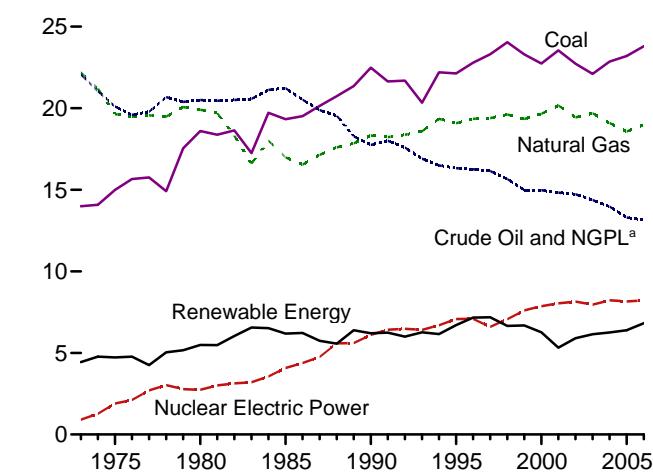
Sources: • Production: Table 1.2. • Imports: Table 1.4a. • Exports: Table 1.4b. • Consumption: Table 1.3.

Figure 1.2 Primary Energy Production
(Quadrillion Btu)

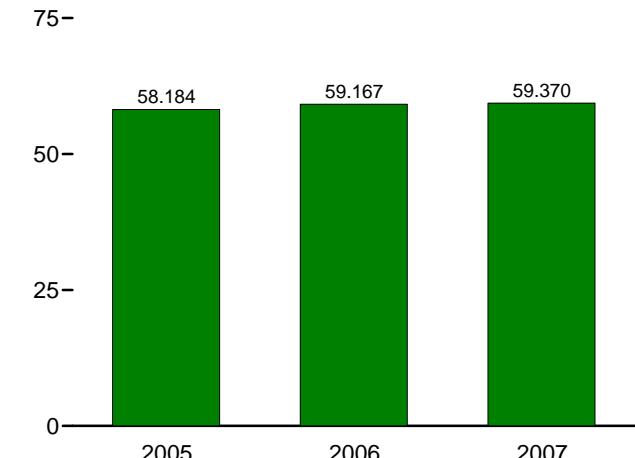
Total, 1973-2006



By Source, 1973-2006



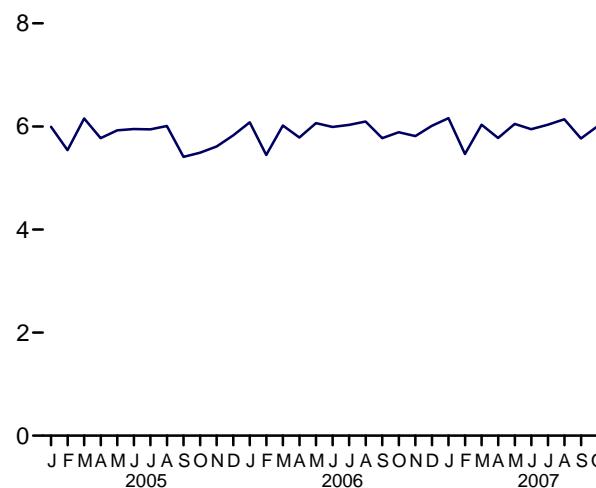
Total, January-October



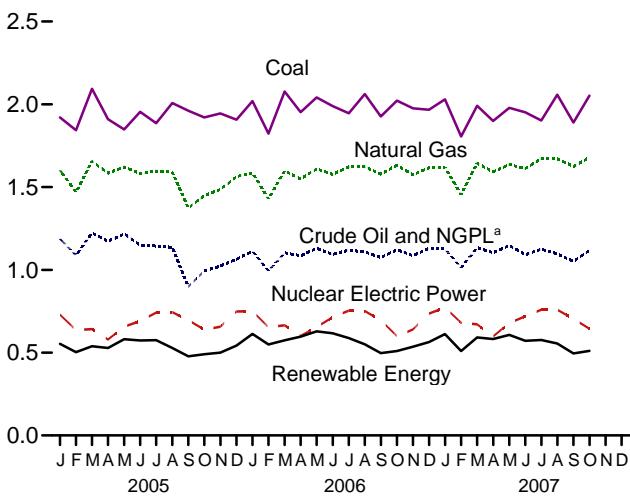
^a Natural gas plant liquids.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared..

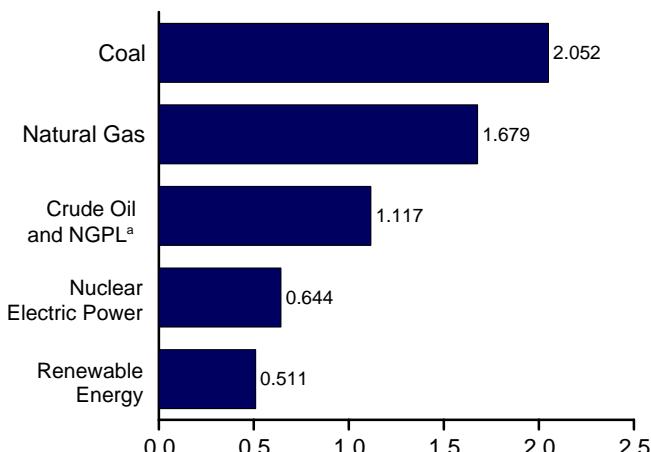
Total, Monthly



By Source, Monthly



By Source, October 2007



Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html>

Source: Table 1.2.

Table 1.2 Primary Energy Production by Source
(Quadrillion Btu)

| | Fossil Fuels | | | | | Nuclear Electric Power | Hydro-electric Power ^e | Geo-thermal | Renewable Energy ^a | | | | Total |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|------|----------|-------|---------|
| | Coal ^b | Natural Gas (Dry) | Crude Oil ^c | NGPL ^d | Total | | | | Solar/PV | Wind | Bio-mass | Total | |
| 1973 Total | 13.992 | 22.187 | 19.493 | 2.569 | 58.241 | 0.910 | 2.861 | 0.043 | NA | NA | 1.529 | 4.433 | 63.585 |
| 1975 Total | 14.989 | 19.640 | 17.729 | 2.374 | 54.733 | 1.900 | 3.155 | .070 | NA | NA | 1.499 | 4.723 | 61.357 |
| 1980 Total | 18.598 | 19.908 | 18.249 | 2.254 | 59.008 | 2.739 | 2.900 | .110 | NA | NA | 2.475 | 5.485 | 67.232 |
| 1985 Total | 19.325 | 16.980 | 18.992 | 2.241 | 57.539 | 4.076 | 2.970 | .198 | (s) | (s) | 3.016 | 6.185 | 67.799 |
| 1990 Total | 22.488 | 18.326 | 15.571 | 2.175 | 58.560 | 6.104 | 3.046 | .336 | .060 | .029 | 2.735 | 6.206 | 70.870 |
| 1995 Total | 22.130 | 19.082 | 13.887 | 2.442 | 57.540 | 7.075 | 3.205 | .294 | .070 | .033 | 3.102 | 6.703 | 71.319 |
| 1996 Total | 22.790 | 19.344 | 13.723 | 2.530 | 58.387 | 7.087 | 3.590 | .316 | .071 | .033 | 3.157 | 7.167 | 72.641 |
| 1997 Total | 23.310 | 19.394 | 13.658 | 2.495 | 58.857 | 6.597 | 3.640 | .325 | .070 | .034 | 3.111 | 7.180 | 72.634 |
| 1998 Total | 24.045 | 19.613 | 13.235 | 2.420 | 59.314 | 7.068 | 3.297 | .328 | .070 | .031 | 2.933 | 6.659 | 73.041 |
| 1999 Total | 23.295 | 19.341 | 12.451 | 2.528 | 57.614 | 7.610 | 3.268 | .331 | .069 | .046 | 2.969 | 6.683 | 71.907 |
| 2000 Total | 22.735 | 19.662 | 12.358 | 2.611 | 57.366 | 7.862 | 2.811 | .317 | .066 | .057 | 3.010 | 6.262 | 71.490 |
| 2001 Total | 23.547 | 20.166 | 12.282 | 2.547 | 58.541 | 8.033 | 2.242 | .311 | .065 | .070 | 2.629 | 5.318 | 71.892 |
| 2002 Total | 22.732 | 19.439 | 12.163 | 2.559 | 56.894 | 8.143 | 2.689 | .328 | .064 | .105 | 2.712 | 5.899 | 70.936 |
| 2003 Total | 22.099 | 19.691 | 12.026 | 2.346 | 56.162 | 7.959 | 2.825 | .331 | .064 | .115 | 2.815 | 6.149 | 70.270 |
| 2004 Total | 22.862 | 19.093 | 11.503 | 2.466 | 55.924 | 8.222 | 2.690 | .341 | .065 | .142 | 3.011 | 6.248 | 70.394 |
| 2005 January | 1.920 | 1.602 | .978 | .209 | 4.710 | .729 | .243 | .029 | .005 | .011 | .265 | .553 | 5.992 |
| February | 1.844 | 1.470 | .892 | .195 | 4.401 | .636 | .216 | .025 | .005 | .010 | .247 | .503 | 5.540 |
| March | 2.093 | 1.656 | 1.007 | .216 | 4.972 | .642 | .229 | .028 | .006 | .016 | .260 | .539 | 6.153 |
| April | 1.910 | 1.584 | .967 | .206 | 4.667 | .579 | .231 | .028 | .006 | .017 | .247 | .528 | 5.774 |
| May | 1.848 | 1.621 | 1.003 | .213 | 4.686 | .657 | .273 | .029 | .006 | .017 | .256 | .581 | 5.925 |
| June | 1.955 | 1.582 | .950 | .199 | 4.686 | .690 | .268 | .029 | .006 | .018 | .252 | .573 | 5.949 |
| July | 1.886 | 1.597 | .942 | .202 | 4.627 | .742 | .260 | .030 | .006 | .014 | .266 | .576 | 5.944 |
| August | 2.008 | 1.589 | .938 | .199 | 4.734 | .745 | .216 | .029 | .006 | .011 | .266 | .528 | 6.007 |
| September | 1.961 | 1.375 | .731 | .167 | 4.234 | .696 | .174 | .028 | .006 | .015 | .255 | .478 | 5.408 |
| October | 1.920 | 1.448 | .815 | .178 | 4.362 | .639 | .180 | .029 | .006 | .014 | .261 | .490 | 5.491 |
| November | 1.945 | 1.486 | .842 | .181 | 4.454 | .656 | .194 | .028 | .005 | .016 | .257 | .500 | 5.610 |
| December | 1.907 | 1.563 | .896 | .168 | 4.534 | .749 | .221 | .029 | .005 | .018 | .269 | .543 | 5.826 |
| Total | 23.198 | 18.574 | 10.963 | 2.334 | 55.069 | 8.160 | 2.703 | .343 | .066 | .178 | 3.101 | 6.391 | 69.620 |
| 2006 January | 2.020 | 1.586 | .918 | .194 | 4.717 | .750 | .272 | .029 | .006 | .024 | .283 | .614 | 6.081 |
| February | 1.823 | 1.428 | .819 | .175 | 4.245 | .653 | .246 | .026 | .005 | .019 | .253 | .549 | 5.448 |
| March | 2.077 | 1.597 | .907 | .196 | 4.778 | .665 | .244 | .030 | .006 | .023 | .271 | .575 | 6.017 |
| April | 1.953 | 1.550 | .892 | .193 | 4.588 | .601 | .283 | .027 | .006 | .025 | .256 | .597 | 5.786 |
| May | 2.041 | 1.609 | .928 | .202 | 4.780 | .655 | .306 | .026 | .006 | .024 | .267 | .629 | 6.064 |
| June | 1.989 | 1.577 | .898 | .196 | 4.659 | .714 | .295 | .028 | .006 | .020 | .267 | .617 | 5.989 |
| July | 1.946 | 1.622 | .917 | .202 | 4.688 | .753 | .252 | .030 | .006 | .019 | .280 | .588 | 6.029 |
| August | 2.062 | 1.622 | .910 | .199 | 4.793 | .751 | .216 | .030 | .006 | .016 | .282 | .550 | 6.095 |
| September | 1.927 | 1.579 | .876 | .198 | 4.580 | .695 | .171 | .029 | .006 | .019 | .273 | .497 | 5.772 |
| October | 2.023 | 1.632 | .918 | .204 | 4.776 | .600 | .169 | .030 | .006 | .024 | .281 | .510 | 5.886 |
| November | 1.976 | 1.574 | .888 | .197 | 4.636 | .641 | .201 | .028 | .006 | .025 | .276 | .536 | 5.812 |
| December | 1.967 | 1.616 | .929 | .200 | 4.712 | .735 | .214 | .030 | .006 | .025 | .289 | .564 | 6.011 |
| Total | 23.802 | 18.993 | 10.801 | 2.356 | 55.952 | 8.214 | 2.869 | .343 | .070 | .264 | 3.279 | 6.825 | 70.991 |
| 2007 January | 2.030 | E 1.619 | E .934 | .192 | 4.776 | .772 | .262 | .031 | .006 | .024 | .290 | .612 | 6.160 |
| February | 1.806 | E 1.456 | E .836 | .177 | 4.275 | .681 | .185 | .028 | .005 | .025 | .266 | .510 | 5.465 |
| March | 1.991 | E 1.645 | E .931 | .203 | 4.770 | .671 | .241 | .029 | .006 | .030 | .286 | .592 | 6.033 |
| April | 1.899 | E 1.592 | E .908 | .195 | 4.595 | .598 | .237 | .028 | .006 | .032 | .280 | .582 | 5.775 |
| May | 1.979 | RE 1.636 | E .942 | .206 | R 4.763 | .678 | .257 | .028 | .006 | .028 | .288 | .607 | R 6.049 |
| June | 1.952 | E 1.612 | E .894 | .198 | 4.655 | R .719 | .227 | .029 | .006 | .024 | .285 | .571 | R 5.946 |
| July | 1.902 | E 1.671 | E .921 | .205 | 4.699 | R .759 | .224 | .030 | .006 | .019 | .297 | .577 | R 6.034 |
| August | 2.058 | E 1.671 | E .895 | .202 | 4.826 | .759 | .198 | .030 | .006 | .024 | .296 | .555 | 6.140 |
| September | 1.890 | RE 1.624 | E .852 | .200 | R 4.566 | .705 | .145 | .029 | .006 | .026 | .288 | .495 | R 5.766 |
| October | 2.052 | E 1.679 | E .906 | .211 | 4.848 | .644 | .147 | .030 | .006 | .030 | .297 | .511 | 6.003 |
| 10-Month Total | 19.559 | E 16.206 | E 9.019 | 1.989 | 46.772 | 6.986 | 2.124 | .290 | .060 | .264 | 2.875 | 5.612 | 59.370 |
| 2006 10-Month Total | 19.859 | 15.803 | 8.984 | 1.959 | 46.604 | 6.838 | 2.454 | .284 | .059 | .214 | 2.714 | 5.725 | 59.167 |
| 2005 10-Month Total | 19.346 | 15.525 | 9.225 | 1.984 | 46.080 | 6.755 | 2.288 | .285 | .056 | .144 | 2.576 | 5.348 | 58.184 |

^a Most data are estimates. See Tables 10.1-10.2c for notes on series components and estimation.

^b Beginning in 1989, includes waste coal supplied. Beginning in 2001, also includes a small amount of refuse recovery. See Table 6.1.

^c Includes lease condensate.

^d Natural gas plant liquids.

^e Conventional hydroelectric power.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • See Note 1, "Primary Energy Production," at end of section. • Totals

may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

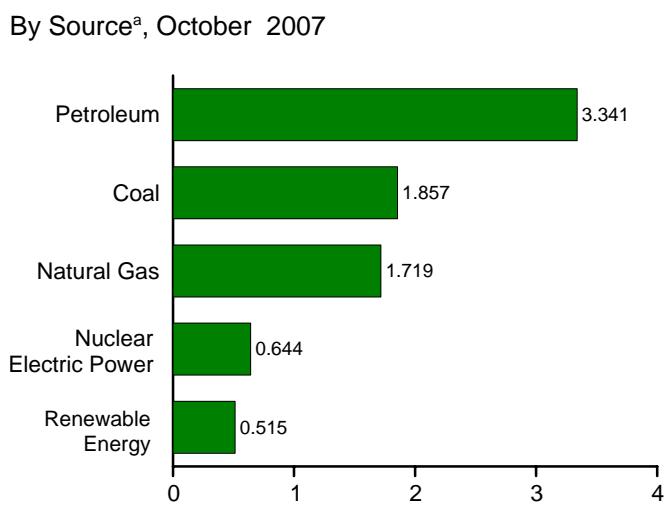
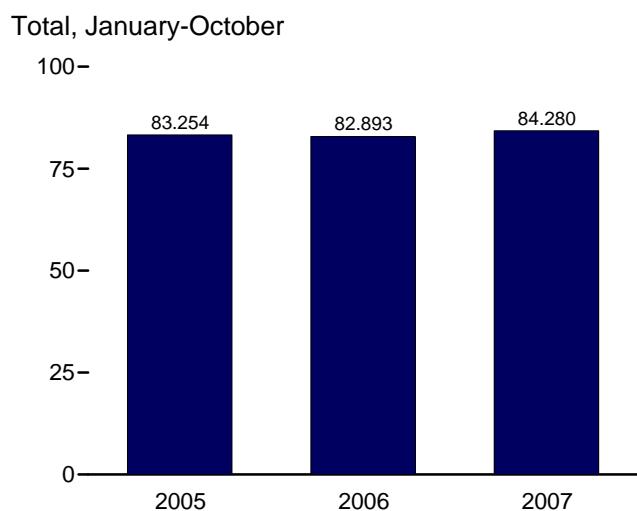
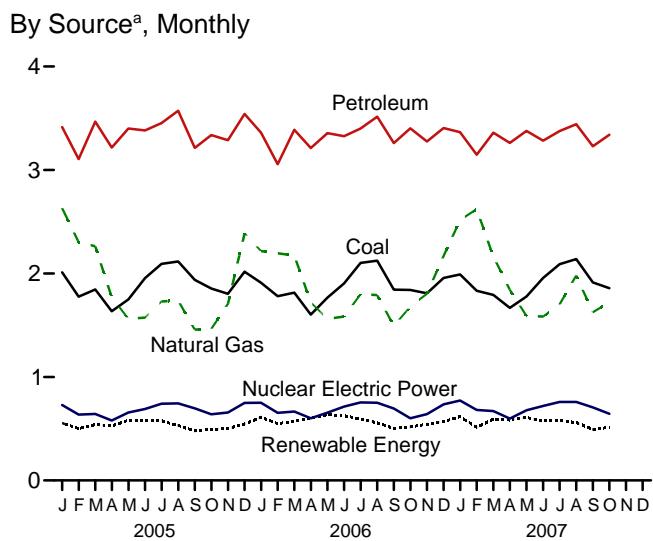
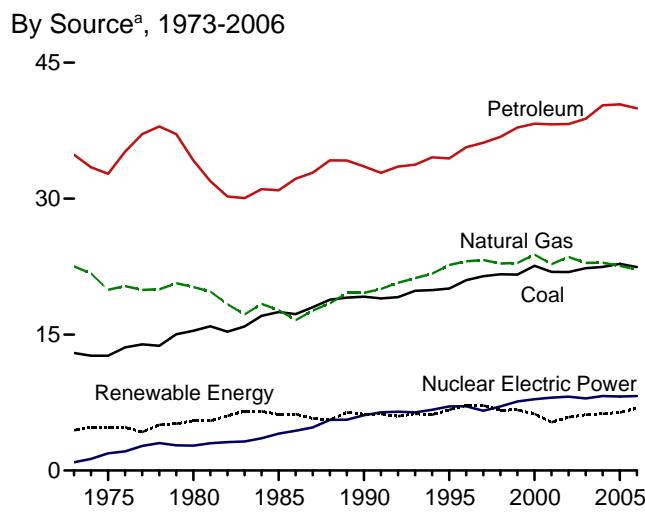
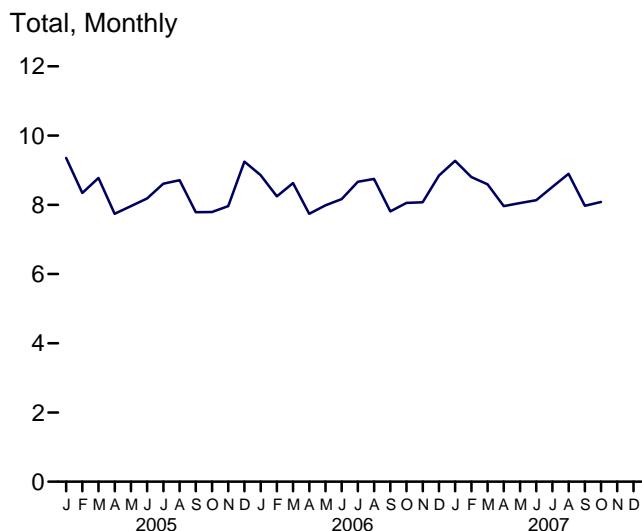
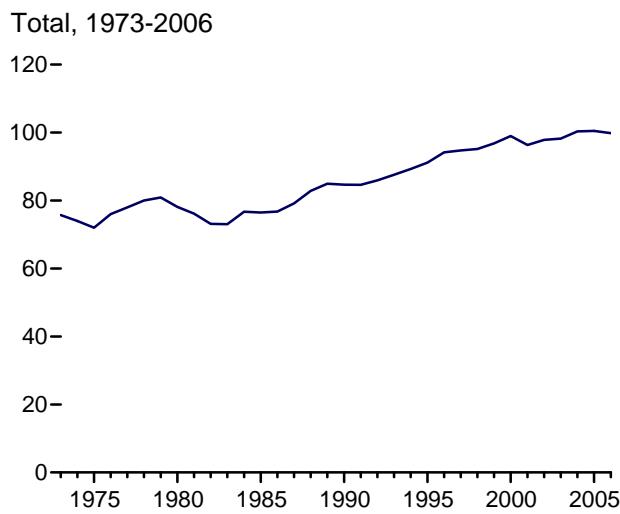
Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5. • Natural Gas (Dry): Tables 4.1 and A4. • Crude Oil and Natural Gas Plant Liquids: Tables 3.1 and A2.

• Nuclear Electric Power: Tables 7.2a and A6 ("Nuclear Plants" heat rate).

• Renewable Energy: Table 10.1.

Figure 1.3 Primary Energy Consumption
(Quadrillion Btu)



^a Small quantities of net imports of coal coke and electricity are not shown.
Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html>.
Source: Table 1.3.

Table 1.3 Primary Energy Consumption by Source
 (Quadrillion Btu)

| | Fossil Fuels | | | | Nuclear Electric Power | Renewable Energy ^a | | | | | | Total | |
|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|--|
| | Coal | Natural Gas ^b | Petroleum ^c | Total ^d | | Hydro-electric Power ^e | Geo-thermal | Solar/PV | Wind | Bio-mass | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1973 Total | 12.971 | 22.512 | 34.840 | 70.316 | 0.910 | 2.861 | 0.043 | NA | NA | 1.529 | 4.433 | 75.708 | |
| 1975 Total | 12.663 | 19.948 | 32.731 | 65.355 | 1.900 | 3.155 | .070 | NA | NA | 1.499 | 4.723 | 71.999 | |
| 1980 Total | 15.423 | 20.235 | 34.202 | 69.826 | 2.739 | 2.900 | .110 | NA | NA | 2.475 | 5.485 | 78.122 | |
| 1985 Total | 17.478 | 17.703 | 30.922 | 66.091 | 4.076 | 2.970 | .198 | (s) | (s) | 3.016 | 6.185 | 76.491 | |
| 1990 Total | 19.173 | 19.603 | 33.553 | 72.333 | 6.104 | 3.046 | .336 | .060 | .029 | 2.735 | 6.206 | 84.652 | |
| 1995 Total | 20.089 | 22.671 | 34.437 | 77.258 | 7.075 | 3.205 | .294 | .070 | .033 | 3.104 | 6.705 | 91.173 | |
| 1996 Total | 21.002 | 23.085 | 35.673 | 79.783 | 7.087 | 3.590 | .316 | .071 | .033 | 3.159 | 7.168 | 94.175 | |
| 1997 Total | 21.445 | 23.223 | 36.160 | 80.874 | 6.597 | 3.640 | .325 | .070 | .034 | 3.108 | 7.178 | 94.765 | |
| 1998 Total | 21.656 | 22.830 | 36.817 | 81.370 | 7.068 | 3.297 | .328 | .070 | .031 | 2.931 | 6.657 | 95.183 | |
| 1999 Total | 21.623 | 22.909 | 37.838 | 82.428 | 7.610 | 3.268 | .331 | .069 | .046 | 2.967 | 6.681 | 96.817 | |
| 2000 Total | 22.580 | 23.824 | 38.264 | 84.733 | 7.862 | 2.811 | .317 | .066 | .057 | 3.013 | 6.264 | 98.975 | |
| 2001 Total | 21.914 | 22.773 | 38.186 | 82.903 | 8.033 | 2.242 | .311 | .065 | .070 | 2.627 | 5.315 | 96.326 | |
| 2002 Total | 21.904 | 23.558 | 38.227 | 83.750 | 8.143 | 2.689 | .328 | .064 | .105 | 2.706 | 5.893 | 97.858 | |
| 2003 Total | 22.321 | 22.897 | 38.809 | 84.078 | 7.959 | 2.825 | .331 | .064 | .115 | 2.817 | 6.150 | 98.209 | |
| 2004 Total | 22.466 | 22.931 | 40.294 | 85.830 | 8.222 | 2.690 | .341 | .065 | .142 | 3.023 | 6.261 | 100.351 | |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 2.011 | 2.632 | 3.414 | 8.068 | .729 | .243 | .029 | .005 | .011 | .266 | .554 | 9.356 | |
| February | 1.776 | 2.302 | 3.105 | 7.197 | .636 | .216 | .025 | .005 | .010 | .247 | .502 | 8.341 | |
| March | 1.846 | 2.263 | 3.468 | 7.586 | .642 | .229 | .028 | .006 | .016 | .259 | .538 | 8.774 | |
| April | 1.636 | 1.769 | 3.216 | 6.628 | .579 | .231 | .028 | .006 | .017 | .246 | .527 | 7.740 | |
| May | 1.749 | 1.562 | 3.400 | 6.716 | .657 | .273 | .029 | .006 | .017 | .257 | .582 | 7.961 | |
| June | 1.955 | 1.573 | 3.383 | 6.911 | .690 | .268 | .029 | .006 | .018 | .255 | .576 | 8.183 | |
| July | 2.093 | 1.730 | 3.453 | 7.282 | .742 | .260 | .030 | .006 | .014 | .267 | .576 | 8.610 | |
| August | 2.116 | 1.738 | 3.572 | 7.423 | .745 | .216 | .029 | .006 | .011 | .269 | .531 | 8.711 | |
| September | 1.938 | 1.458 | 3.214 | 6.607 | .696 | .174 | .028 | .006 | .015 | .256 | .478 | 7.788 | |
| October | 1.854 | 1.463 | 3.337 | 6.654 | .639 | .180 | .029 | .006 | .014 | .263 | .492 | 7.791 | |
| November | 1.803 | 1.705 | 3.288 | 6.798 | .656 | .194 | .028 | .005 | .016 | .259 | .502 | 7.962 | |
| December | 2.017 | 2.387 | 3.542 | 7.947 | .749 | .221 | .029 | .005 | .018 | .271 | .546 | 9.248 | |
| Total | 22.795 | 22.583 | 40.393 | 85.816 | 8.160 | 2.703 | .343 | .066 | .178 | 3.114 | 6.404 | 100.465 | |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 1.910 | 2.217 | 3.361 | 7.490 | .750 | .272 | .029 | .006 | .024 | .282 | .612 | 8.857 | |
| February | 1.781 | 2.195 | 3.056 | 7.036 | .653 | .246 | .026 | .005 | .019 | .251 | .547 | 8.242 | |
| March | 1.814 | 2.175 | 3.388 | 7.385 | .665 | .244 | .030 | .006 | .023 | .270 | .573 | 8.628 | |
| April | 1.603 | 1.720 | 3.212 | 6.538 | .601 | .283 | .027 | .006 | .025 | .258 | .599 | 7.742 | |
| May | 1.766 | 1.562 | 3.356 | 6.688 | .655 | .306 | .026 | .006 | .024 | .273 | .636 | 7.983 | |
| June | 1.903 | 1.585 | 3.326 | 6.820 | .714 | .295 | .028 | .006 | .020 | .276 | .626 | 8.165 | |
| July | 2.102 | 1.799 | 3.401 | 7.306 | .753 | .252 | .030 | .006 | .019 | .286 | .594 | 8.664 | |
| August | 2.123 | 1.791 | 3.515 | 7.432 | .751 | .216 | .030 | .006 | .016 | .288 | .556 | 8.750 | |
| September | 1.844 | 1.493 | 3.260 | 6.609 | .695 | .171 | .029 | .006 | .019 | .279 | .503 | 7.808 | |
| October | 1.841 | 1.680 | 3.402 | 6.935 | .600 | .169 | .030 | .006 | .024 | .288 | .517 | 8.054 | |
| November | 1.808 | 1.804 | 3.276 | 6.888 | .641 | .201 | .028 | .006 | .025 | .283 | .543 | 8.074 | |
| December | 1.957 | 2.169 | 3.405 | 7.533 | .735 | .214 | .030 | .006 | .025 | .295 | .570 | 8.846 | |
| Total | 22.452 | 22.190 | 39.958 | 84.661 | 8.214 | 2.869 | .343 | .070 | .264 | 3.330 | 6.876 | 99.813 | |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 1.991 | R 2.517 | 3.366 | R 7.877 | .772 | .262 | .031 | .006 | .024 | .294 | .617 | R 9.272 | |
| February | 1.833 | R 2.621 | 3.147 | R 7.602 | .681 | .185 | .028 | .005 | .025 | .269 | .512 | R 8.805 | |
| March | 1.793 | R 2.164 | 3.361 | R 7.317 | .671 | .241 | .029 | .006 | .030 | .289 | .595 | R 8.589 | |
| April | 1.667 | R 1.842 | 3.262 | R 6.772 | .598 | .237 | .028 | .006 | .032 | .282 | .584 | R 7.964 | |
| May | 1.778 | R 1.591 | 3.377 | R 6.749 | .678 | .257 | .028 | .006 | .028 | .289 | .609 | R 8.050 | |
| June | 1.956 | 1.584 | 3.283 | R 6.829 | .719 | .227 | .029 | .006 | .024 | .288 | .574 | R 8.133 | |
| July | 2.090 | 1.702 | 3.376 | R 7.167 | .759 | .224 | .030 | .006 | .019 | .300 | .580 | R 8.518 | |
| August | 2.140 | R 1.981 | 3.442 | 7.565 | .759 | .198 | .030 | .006 | .024 | .300 | .558 | 8.894 | |
| September | 1.913 | R 1.625 | 3.229 | R 6.771 | .705 | .145 | .029 | .006 | .026 | .286 | .493 | R 7.974 | |
| October | 1.857 | 1.719 | 3.341 | 6.917 | .644 | .147 | .030 | .006 | .030 | .301 | .515 | 8.082 | |
| 10-Month Total ... | 19.019 | 19.346 | 33.184 | 71.566 | 6.986 | 2.124 | .290 | .060 | .264 | 2.900 | 5.637 | 84.280 | |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 18.688 | 18.218 | 33.277 | 70.240 | 6.838 | 2.454 | .284 | .059 | .214 | 2.752 | 5.763 | 82.893 | |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 18.975 | 18.491 | 33.564 | 71.072 | 6.755 | 2.288 | .285 | .056 | .144 | 2.584 | 5.357 | 83.254 | |

^a Most data are estimates. See Tables 10.1-10.2c for notes on series components and estimation.

^b Natural gas only; excludes supplemental gaseous fuels. See Note 3, "Supplemental Gaseous Fuels," at end of Section 4.

^c Petroleum products supplied, including natural gas plant liquids and crude oil burned as fuel. Does not include the fuel ethanol portion of motor gasoline—fuel ethanol is included in "Biomass."

^d Includes coal coke net imports. See Tables 1.4a and 1.4b.

^e Conventional hydroelectric power.

^f Includes coal coke net imports and electricity net imports, which are not separately displayed. See Tables 1.4a and 1.4b.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • See Note 2, "Primary Energy Consumption," at end of section.

• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

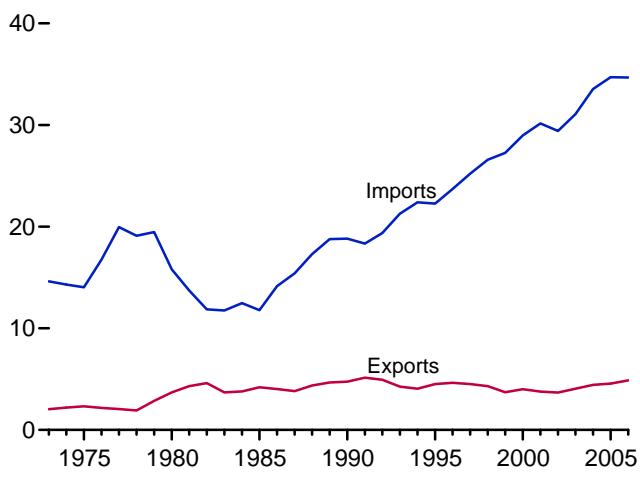
Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • **Coal:** Tables 6.1 and A5. • **Natural Gas:** Tables 4.1 and A4.

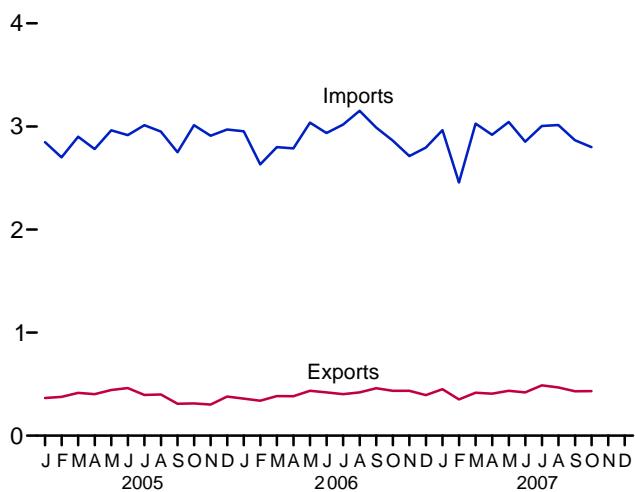
• **Petroleum:** Table 3.6. • **Nuclear Electric Power:** Tables 7.2a and A6 ("Nuclear Plants" heat rate). • **Renewable Energy:** Table 10.1. • **Net Imports of Coal Coke and Electricity:** Tables 1.4a and 1.4b.

Figure 1.4a Energy Imports and Exports
(Quadrillion Btu)

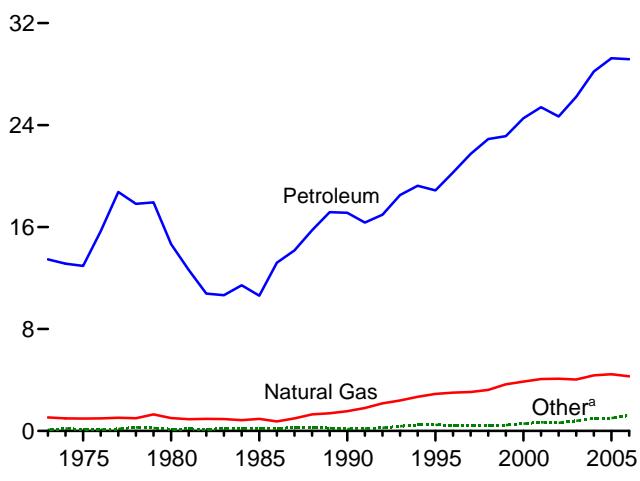
Total Imports and Exports, 1973-2006



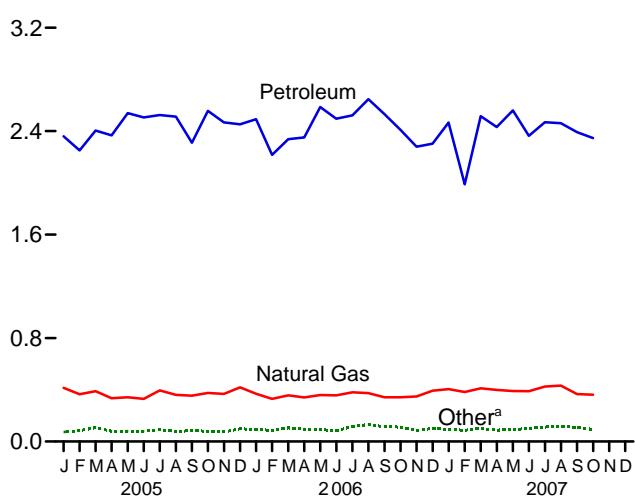
Total Imports and Exports, Monthly



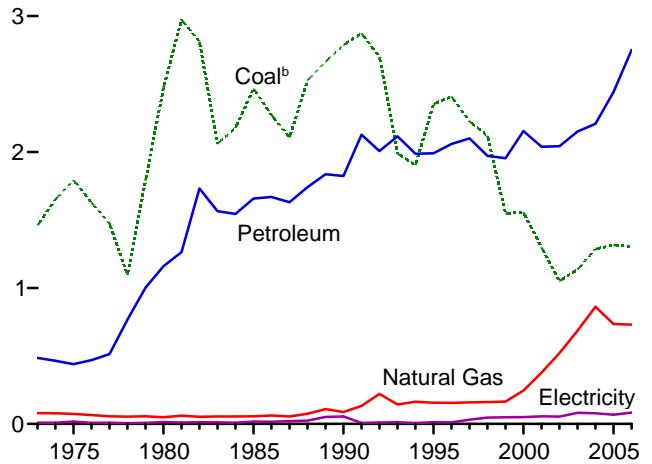
Imports by Source, 1973-2006



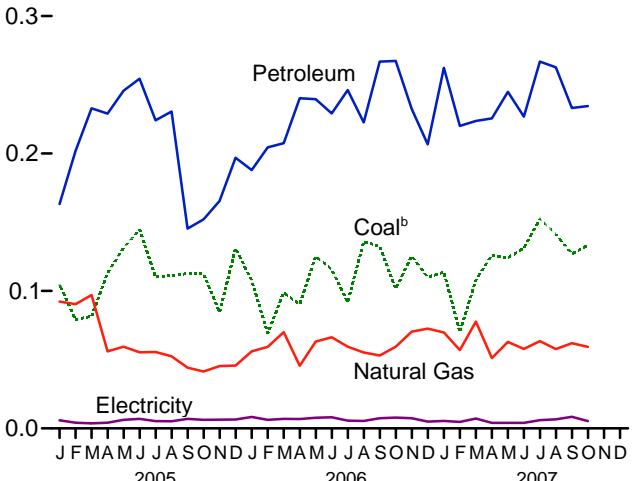
Imports by Source, Monthly



Exports by Source, 1973-2006



Exports by Source, Monthly



^aCoal, coal coke, fuel ethanol, and electricity.

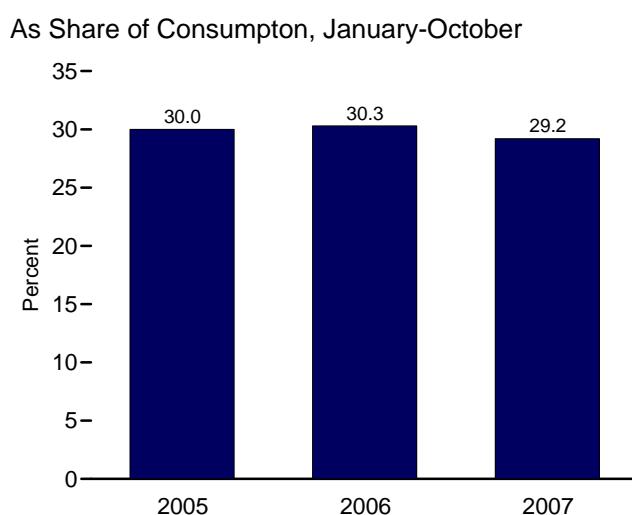
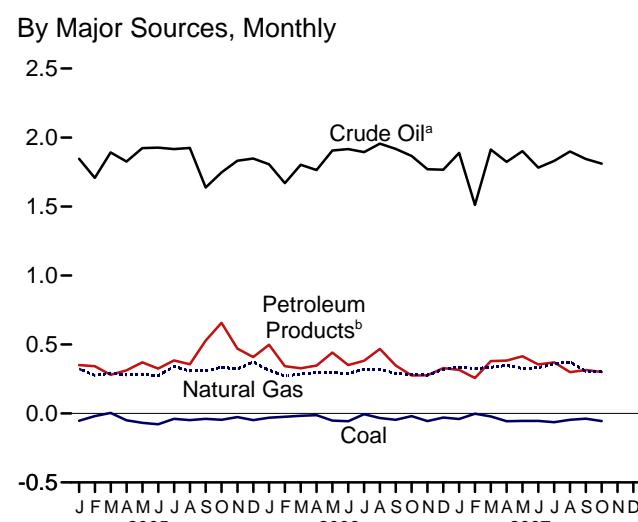
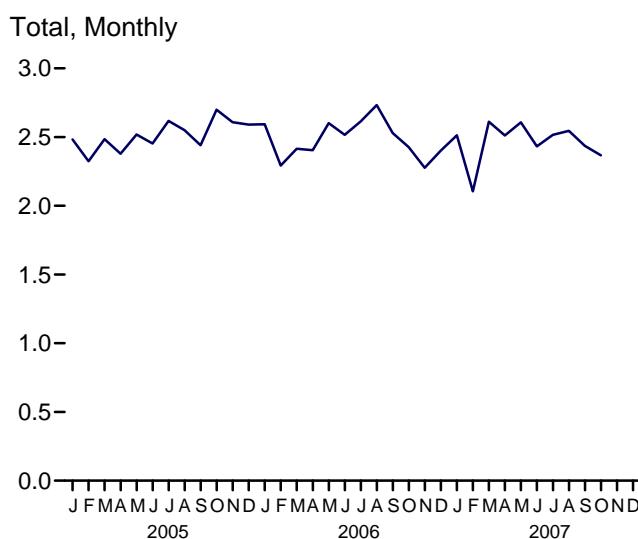
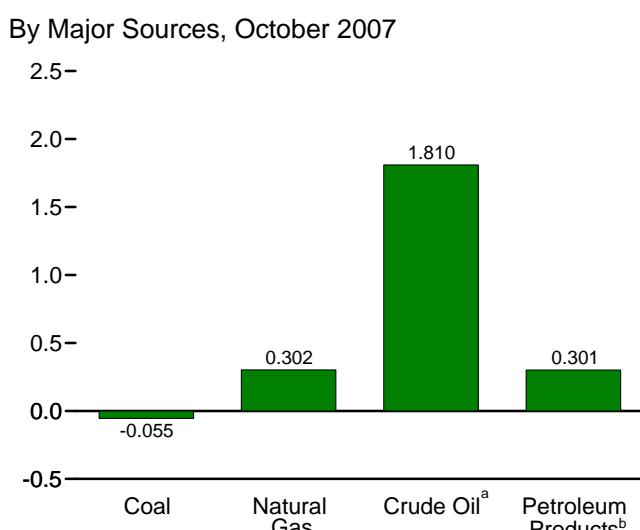
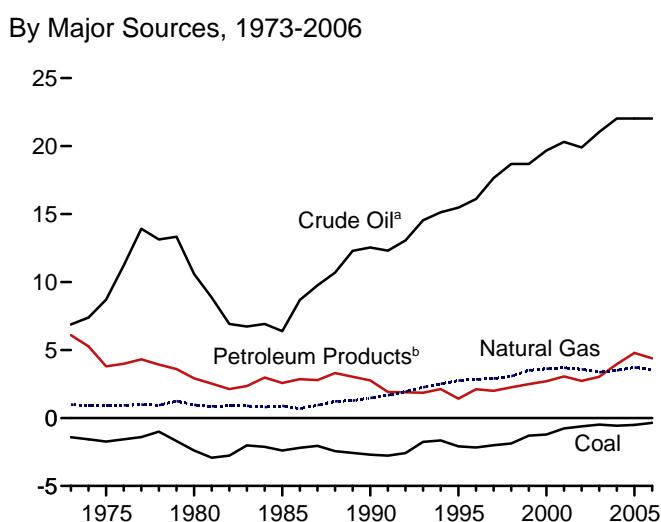
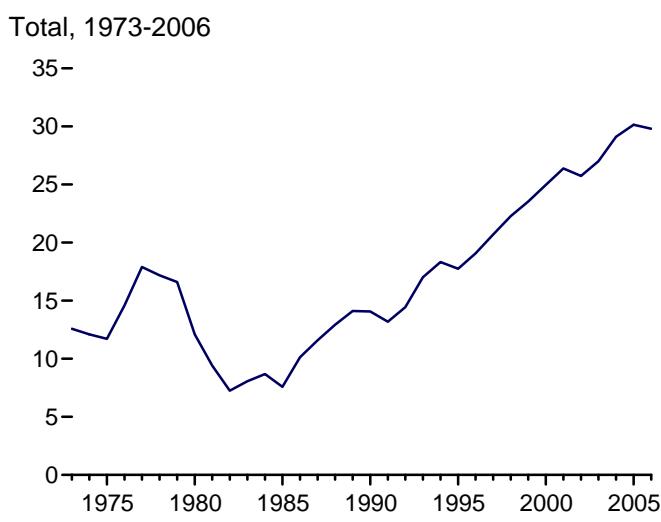
^bIncludes coal coke.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html>.

Sources: Tables 1.4a and 1.4b.

Figure 1.4b Energy Net Imports
(Quadrillion Btu, Except as noted)



^aCrude oil and lease condensate. Includes imports into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, which began in 1977.

^bPetroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline blending components. Does not include fuel ethanol.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.
Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html>.
Sources: Tables 1.3, 1.4a, and 1.4b.

Table 1.4a Energy Imports by Source
(Quadrillion Btu)

| | Imports | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| | Coal | Coal Coke | Natural Gas | Petroleum | | | Fuel Ethanol | Electricity | Total |
| | | | | Crude Oil ^a | Petroleum Products ^b | Total | | | |
| 1973 Total | 0.003 | 0.027 | 1.060 | 6.887 | 6.578 | 13.466 | NA | 0.057 | 14.613 |
| 1975 Total | .024 | .045 | .978 | 8.721 | 4.227 | 12.948 | NA | .038 | 14.032 |
| 1980 Total | .030 | .016 | 1.006 | 11.195 | 3.463 | 14.658 | NA | .085 | 15.796 |
| 1985 Total | .049 | .014 | .952 | 6.814 | 3.796 | 10.609 | NA | .157 | 11.781 |
| 1990 Total | .067 | .019 | 1.551 | 12.766 | 4.351 | 17.117 | NA | .063 | 18.817 |
| 1995 Total | .237 | .095 | 2.901 | 15.669 | 3.211 | 18.881 | .001 | .146 | 22.260 |
| 1996 Total | .203 | .063 | 3.002 | 16.341 | 3.943 | 20.284 | .001 | .148 | 23.702 |
| 1997 Total | .187 | .078 | 3.063 | 17.876 | 3.864 | 21.740 | (s) | .147 | 25.215 |
| 1998 Total | .218 | .095 | 3.225 | 18.916 | 3.992 | 22.908 | (s) | .135 | 26.581 |
| 1999 Total | .227 | .080 | 3.664 | 18.935 | 4.198 | 23.133 | (s) | .147 | 27.252 |
| 2000 Total | .313 | .094 | 3.869 | 19.783 | 4.749 | 24.531 | (s) | .166 | 28.973 |
| 2001 Total | .495 | .063 | 4.068 | 20.348 | 5.051 | 25.398 | .001 | .131 | 30.157 |
| 2002 Total | .422 | .080 | 4.104 | 19.920 | 4.754 | 24.674 | .001 | .125 | 29.407 |
| 2003 Total | .626 | .068 | 4.042 | 21.060 | 5.159 | 26.219 | .001 | .104 | 31.060 |
| 2004 Total | .682 | .170 | 4.365 | 22.082 | 6.114 | 28.196 | .013 | .117 | 33.543 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | |
| January | .050 | .011 | .415 | 1.852 | .507 | 2.359 | .001 | .011 | 2.848 |
| February | .058 | .016 | .365 | 1.710 | .541 | 2.251 | (s) | .010 | 2.700 |
| March | .082 | .013 | .389 | 1.898 | .506 | 2.404 | .001 | .012 | 2.900 |
| April | .059 | .010 | .334 | 1.833 | .534 | 2.367 | (s) | .010 | 2.781 |
| May | .060 | .009 | .342 | 1.933 | .606 | 2.539 | .001 | .011 | 2.962 |
| June | .061 | .006 | .330 | 1.930 | .576 | 2.506 | .000 | .012 | 2.915 |
| July | .067 | .010 | .396 | 1.923 | .602 | 2.525 | (s) | .015 | 3.012 |
| August | .060 | (s) | .361 | 1.928 | .584 | 2.511 | .001 | .017 | 2.950 |
| September | .069 | .001 | .355 | 1.642 | .669 | 2.310 | (s) | .014 | 2.749 |
| October | .062 | .003 | .375 | 1.750 | .806 | 2.556 | .002 | .013 | 3.012 |
| November | .056 | .004 | .368 | 1.840 | .627 | 2.467 | .002 | .013 | 2.910 |
| December | .077 | .006 | .419 | 1.852 | .601 | 2.453 | .002 | .014 | 2.970 |
| Total | .762 | .088 | 4.450 | 22.091 | 7.157 | 29.248 | .011 | .152 | 34.710 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | |
| January | .076 | .003 | .369 | 1.811 | .681 | 2.491 | (s) | .013 | 2.953 |
| February | .068 | .005 | .329 | 1.672 | .545 | 2.216 | .002 | .012 | 2.632 |
| March | .080 | .008 | .357 | 1.807 | .530 | 2.337 | .003 | .013 | 2.799 |
| April | .076 | .005 | .341 | 1.769 | .582 | 2.351 | .003 | .012 | 2.787 |
| May | .069 | .008 | .359 | 1.910 | .676 | 2.586 | .002 | .013 | 3.037 |
| June | .055 | .010 | .357 | 1.922 | .574 | 2.496 | .005 | .013 | 2.935 |
| July | .080 | .011 | .380 | 1.896 | .625 | 2.522 | .009 | .016 | 3.018 |
| August | .096 | .009 | .374 | 1.958 | .688 | 2.646 | .011 | .016 | 3.152 |
| September | .084 | .015 | .342 | 1.921 | .611 | 2.532 | .008 | .007 | 2.989 |
| October | .080 | .015 | .342 | 1.873 | .536 | 2.409 | .007 | .009 | 2.863 |
| November | .066 | .005 | .348 | 1.774 | .505 | 2.279 | .005 | .010 | 2.712 |
| December | .077 | .006 | .393 | 1.771 | .531 | 2.302 | .004 | .012 | 2.795 |
| Total | .906 | .101 | 4.291 | 22.085 | 7.083 | 29.168 | .062 | .146 | 34.673 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | |
| January | .071 | .006 | .406 | 1.889 | .576 | 2.465 | .004 | .012 | 2.964 |
| February | .066 | .003 | .382 | 1.515 | .473 | 1.988 | .003 | .014 | 2.457 |
| March | .082 | .003 | .412 | 1.918 | .597 | 2.515 | .003 | .013 | 3.028 |
| April | .067 | .004 | .399 | 1.826 | .605 | 2.432 | .003 | .014 | 2.919 |
| May | .067 | .006 | .390 | 1.908 | .652 | 2.560 | .002 | .017 | 3.043 |
| June | .076 | .007 | .389 | 1.791 | .573 | 2.363 | .003 | .015 | 2.853 |
| July | .084 | .003 | .425 | 1.836 | .633 | 2.468 | .005 | .019 | 3.005 |
| August | .093 | .005 | .432 | 1.906 | .555 | 2.461 | .005 | .018 | 3.014 |
| September | .087 | .005 | R .367 | 1.850 | .542 | 2.392 | .002 | .013 | R 2.866 |
| October | .072 | .005 | E .362 | 1.812 | .533 | 2.345 | .003 | .012 | 2.800 |
| 10-Month Total | .766 | .047 | E 3.962 | 18.253 | 5.739 | 23.992 | .035 | .147 | 28.948 |
| 2006 10-Month Total | .763 | .090 | 3.551 | 18.539 | 6.047 | 24.587 | .052 | .123 | 29.165 |
| 2005 10-Month Total | .629 | .078 | 3.662 | 18.399 | 5.929 | 24.328 | .007 | .126 | 28.830 |

^a Crude oil and lease condensate. Includes imports into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, which began in 1977.

^b Petroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline blending components. Does not include fuel ethanol.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html> for all available

data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • **Coal:** Tables 6.1 and A5. • **Coal Coke:** 1973-1975—U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" chapter. 1976-1980—Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Energy Data Report*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals," annual reports. 1981 forward—EIA, *Quarterly Coal Report*, quarterly reports. • **Natural Gas:** Tables 4.1 and A4. • **Crude Oil and Petroleum Products:** Tables 3.1, 10.3, and A2. • **Fuel Ethanol:** Table 10.3. • **Electricity:** Tables 7.1 and A6.

Table 1.4b Energy Exports by Source and Total Net Imports
 (Quadrillion Btu)

| | Exports | | | | | | | | Net Imports ^a | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------------|--|
| | Coal | Coal Coke | Natural Gas | Petroleum | | | Electricity | Total | | |
| | | | | Crude Oil ^b | Petroleum Products ^c | Total | | | | |
| 1973 Total | 1.425 | 0.035 | 0.079 | 0.004 | 0.482 | 0.486 | 0.009 | 2.033 | 12.580 | |
| 1975 Total | 1.761 | .032 | .074 | .012 | .427 | .439 | .017 | 2.323 | 11.709 | |
| 1980 Total | 2.421 | .051 | .049 | .609 | .551 | 1.160 | .014 | 3.695 | 12.101 | |
| 1985 Total | 2.438 | .028 | .056 | .432 | 1.225 | 1.657 | .017 | 4.196 | 7.584 | |
| 1990 Total | 2.772 | .014 | .087 | .230 | 1.594 | 1.824 | .055 | 4.752 | 14.065 | |
| 1995 Total | 2.318 | .034 | .156 | .200 | 1.791 | 1.991 | .012 | 4.511 | 17.750 | |
| 1996 Total | 2.368 | .040 | .155 | .233 | 1.825 | 2.059 | .011 | 4.633 | 19.069 | |
| 1997 Total | 2.193 | .031 | .159 | .228 | 1.872 | 2.100 | .031 | 4.514 | 20.701 | |
| 1998 Total | 2.092 | .028 | .161 | .233 | 1.740 | 1.972 | .047 | 4.299 | 22.281 | |
| 1999 Total | 1.525 | .022 | .164 | .250 | 1.705 | 1.955 | .049 | 3.715 | 23.537 | |
| 2000 Total | 1.528 | .028 | .245 | .106 | 2.048 | 2.154 | .051 | 4.006 | 24.967 | |
| 2001 Total | 1.265 | .033 | .377 | .043 | 1.996 | 2.039 | .056 | 3.770 | 26.386 | |
| 2002 Total | 1.032 | .020 | .520 | .019 | 2.023 | 2.042 | .054 | 3.668 | 25.739 | |
| 2003 Total | 1.117 | .018 | .686 | .026 | 2.124 | 2.151 | .082 | 4.054 | 27.007 | |
| 2004 Total | 1.253 | .033 | .862 | .057 | 2.151 | 2.208 | .078 | 4.433 | 29.110 | |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | .104 | .001 | .092 | .007 | .156 | .163 | .006 | .366 | 2.482 | |
| February | .077 | .003 | .090 | .003 | .199 | .202 | .004 | .376 | 2.324 | |
| March | .078 | .004 | .097 | .006 | .226 | .233 | .004 | .415 | 2.485 | |
| April | .109 | .004 | .056 | .008 | .221 | .229 | .004 | .402 | 2.379 | |
| May | .128 | .004 | .059 | .010 | .236 | .246 | .006 | .443 | 2.519 | |
| June | .140 | .005 | .055 | .004 | .251 | .254 | .007 | .462 | 2.454 | |
| July | .106 | .004 | .056 | .006 | .218 | .224 | .005 | .395 | 2.617 | |
| August | .108 | .004 | .052 | .003 | .228 | .231 | .005 | .399 | 2.550 | |
| September | .108 | .004 | .044 | .004 | .141 | .145 | .007 | .309 | 2.440 | |
| October | .108 | .004 | .041 | .003 | .149 | .152 | .006 | .312 | 2.699 | |
| November | .082 | .002 | .045 | .008 | .157 | .166 | .006 | .302 | 2.608 | |
| December | .125 | .006 | .046 | .004 | .192 | .197 | .007 | .380 | 2.590 | |
| Total | 1.273 | .043 | .735 | .067 | 2.374 | 2.442 | .068 | 4.561 | 30.149 | |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | .107 | .001 | .056 | .005 | .183 | .188 | .008 | .360 | 2.593 | |
| February | .068 | .002 | .059 | .002 | .202 | .204 | .006 | .339 | 2.293 | |
| March | .097 | .002 | .070 | .005 | .202 | .208 | .007 | .383 | 2.415 | |
| April | .089 | .002 | .046 | .005 | .236 | .240 | .007 | .383 | 2.405 | |
| May | .121 | .005 | .063 | .005 | .235 | .240 | .008 | .436 | 2.601 | |
| June | .111 | .004 | .066 | .006 | .223 | .229 | .008 | .419 | 2.516 | |
| July | .085 | .007 | .059 | .002 | .244 | .246 | .006 | .403 | 2.615 | |
| August | .130 | .006 | .055 | .003 | .220 | .223 | .005 | .419 | 2.733 | |
| September | .130 | .002 | .053 | .004 | .263 | .267 | .007 | .460 | 2.529 | |
| October | .099 | .002 | .059 | .007 | .261 | .267 | .008 | .436 | 2.427 | |
| November | .121 | .004 | .070 | .004 | .228 | .232 | .007 | .435 | 2.277 | |
| December | .106 | .003 | .073 | .005 | .202 | .207 | .005 | .394 | 2.401 | |
| Total | 1.264 | .040 | .730 | .052 | 2.699 | 2.751 | .083 | 4.868 | 29.805 | |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | .111 | .003 | .070 | .002 | .261 | .262 | .005 | .451 | 2.513 | |
| February | .068 | .002 | .057 | .004 | .216 | .220 | .005 | .352 | 2.105 | |
| March | .104 | .004 | .078 | .006 | .218 | .224 | .007 | .416 | 2.611 | |
| April | .123 | .003 | .051 | .003 | .222 | .226 | .004 | .407 | 2.512 | |
| May | .121 | .003 | .063 | .006 | .238 | .245 | .004 | .436 | 2.607 | |
| June | .130 | .001 | .058 | .009 | .218 | .227 | .004 | .420 | 2.433 | |
| July | .148 | .005 | .063 | .005 | .262 | .267 | .006 | .489 | 2.516 | |
| August | .139 | .002 | .058 | .008 | .255 | .263 | .007 | .468 | 2.546 | |
| September | .125 | .002 | R .062 | .006 | .227 | .233 | .008 | R .431 | R 2.436 | |
| October | .128 | .006 | E .059 | .002 | .233 | .235 | .005 | .432 | 2.368 | |
| 10-Month Total | 1.198 | .030 | E .619 | .051 | 2.349 | 2.400 | .056 | 4.302 | 24.646 | |
| 2006 10-Month Total | 1.036 | .033 | .588 | .043 | 2.269 | 2.312 | .071 | 4.039 | 25.127 | |
| 2005 10-Month Total | 1.066 | .035 | .644 | .055 | 2.025 | 2.079 | .055 | 3.879 | 24.951 | |

^a Net imports equal imports minus exports.

^b Crude oil and lease condensate.

^c Petroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline blending components.

R=Revised. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

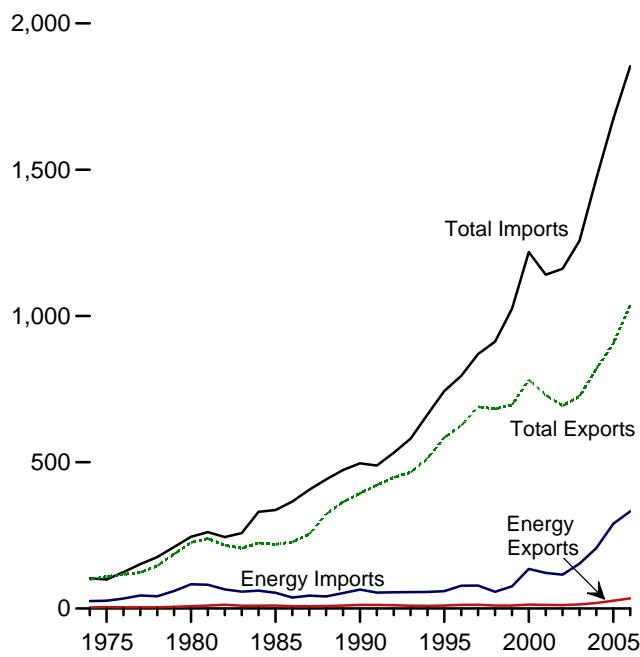
Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html> for all available

data beginning in 1973.

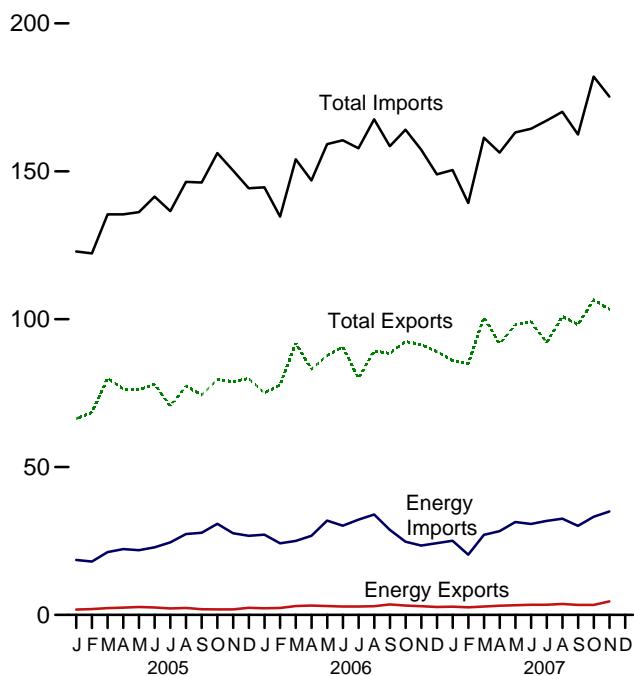
Sources: • **Coal:** Tables 6.1 and A5. • **Coal Coke:** 1973-1975—U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" chapter. 1976-1980—Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Energy Data Report*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals," annual reports. 1981 forward—EIA, *Quarterly Coal Report*, quarterly reports. • **Natural Gas:** Tables 4.1 and A4. • **Crude Oil and Petroleum Products:** Tables 3.1 and A2. • **Electricity:** Tables 7.1 and A6.

Figure 1.5 Merchandise Trade Value
(Billion Nominal Dollars)

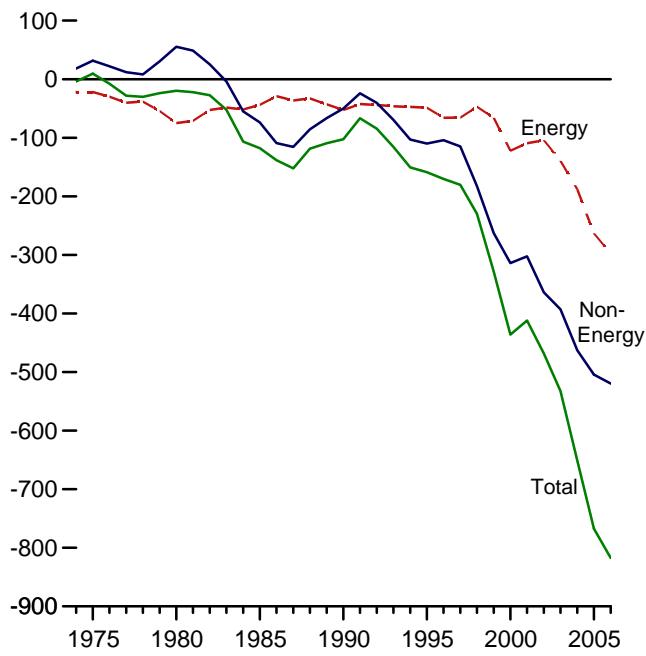
Imports and Exports, 1974-2006



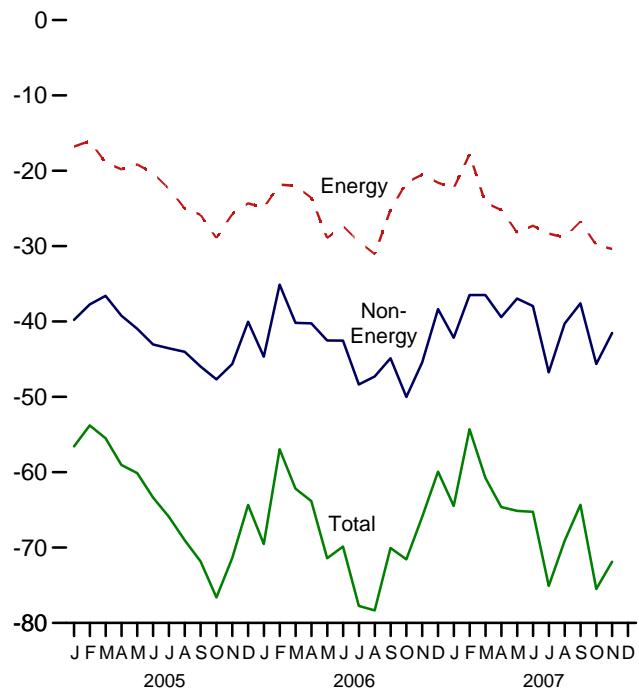
Imports and Exports, Monthly



Trade Balance, 1974-2006



Trade Balance, Monthly



Notes: • See "Nominal Price" in glossary.
• Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html>.
Source: Table 1.5.

Table 1.5 Merchandise Trade Value
(Million Nominal Dollars)

| | Petroleum ^a | | | Energy ^b | | | Non-Energy Balance | Total Merchandise | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---------|----------|---------------------|---------|----------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Exports | Imports | Balance | Exports | Imports | Balance | | Exports | Imports | Balance |
| 1974 Total | 792 | 24,668 | -23,876 | 3,444 | 25,454 | -22,010 | 18,126 | 99,437 | 103,321 | -3,884 |
| 1975 Total | 907 | 25,197 | -24,289 | 4,470 | 26,476 | -22,006 | 31,557 | 108,856 | 99,305 | 9,551 |
| 1980 Total | 2,833 | 78,637 | -75,803 | 7,982 | 82,924 | -74,942 | 55,246 | 225,566 | 245,262 | -19,696 |
| 1985 Total | 4,707 | 50,475 | -45,768 | 9,971 | 53,917 | -43,946 | -73,765 | 218,815 | 336,526 | -117,712 |
| 1990 Total | 6,901 | 61,583 | -54,682 | 12,233 | 64,661 | -52,428 | -50,068 | 393,592 | 496,088 | -102,496 |
| 1995 Total | 6,321 | 54,368 | -48,047 | 10,358 | 59,109 | -48,751 | -110,050 | 584,742 | 743,543 | -158,801 |
| 1996 Total | 7,984 | 72,022 | -64,038 | 12,181 | 78,086 | -65,905 | -104,309 | 625,075 | 795,289 | -170,214 |
| 1997 Total | 8,592 | 71,152 | -62,560 | 12,682 | 78,277 | -65,595 | -114,927 | 689,182 | 869,704 | -180,522 |
| 1998 Total | 6,574 | 50,264 | -43,690 | 10,251 | 57,323 | -47,072 | -182,686 | 682,138 | 911,896 | -229,758 |
| 1999 Total | 7,118 | 67,173 | -60,055 | 9,880 | 75,803 | -65,923 | -262,898 | 695,797 | 1,024,618 | -328,821 |
| 2000 Total | 10,192 | 119,251 | -109,059 | 13,179 | 135,367 | -122,188 | -313,916 | 781,918 | 1,218,022 | -436,104 |
| 2001 Total | 8,868 | 102,747 | -93,879 | 12,494 | 121,923 | -109,429 | -302,470 | 729,100 | 1,140,999 | -411,899 |
| 2002 Total | 8,569 | 102,663 | -94,094 | 11,541 | 115,748 | -104,207 | -364,056 | 693,103 | 1,161,366 | -468,263 |
| 2003 Total | 10,209 | 132,433 | -122,224 | 13,768 | 153,298 | -139,530 | -392,820 | 724,771 | 1,257,121 | -532,350 |
| 2004 Total | 13,130 | 179,266 | -166,136 | 18,642 | 206,660 | -188,018 | -462,912 | 818,775 | 1,469,704 | -650,930 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 1,076 | 15,702 | -14,626 | 1,791 | 18,582 | -16,791 | -39,781 | 66,328 | 122,900 | -56,572 |
| February | 1,475 | 15,375 | -13,900 | 1,982 | 18,042 | -16,060 | -37,733 | 68,441 | 122,233 | -53,793 |
| March | 1,757 | 18,333 | -16,576 | 2,309 | 21,223 | -18,914 | -36,582 | 79,954 | 135,451 | -55,496 |
| April | 1,769 | 19,590 | -17,821 | 2,466 | 22,268 | -19,802 | -39,230 | 76,424 | 135,456 | -59,032 |
| May | 1,948 | 19,280 | -17,332 | 2,704 | 21,857 | -19,153 | -40,965 | 76,073 | 136,191 | -60,118 |
| June | 1,804 | 20,447 | -18,643 | 2,531 | 22,850 | -20,319 | -43,055 | 78,052 | 141,426 | -63,374 |
| July | 1,696 | 21,598 | -19,902 | 2,196 | 24,555 | -22,359 | -43,547 | 70,609 | 136,515 | -65,906 |
| August | 1,833 | 24,143 | -22,310 | 2,364 | 27,367 | -25,003 | -44,021 | 77,373 | 146,397 | -69,024 |
| September | 1,373 | 23,982 | -22,609 | 1,934 | 27,784 | -25,850 | -45,985 | 74,381 | 146,216 | -71,835 |
| October | 1,328 | 26,179 | -24,851 | 1,888 | 30,818 | -28,930 | -47,679 | 79,552 | 156,162 | -76,609 |
| November | 1,434 | 23,431 | -21,997 | 1,893 | 27,627 | -25,734 | -45,632 | 78,879 | 150,245 | -71,366 |
| December | 1,660 | 22,009 | -20,349 | 2,431 | 26,750 | -24,319 | -40,033 | 79,910 | 144,262 | -64,352 |
| Total | 19,155 | 250,068 | -230,913 | 26,488 | 289,723 | -263,235 | -504,242 | 905,978 | 1,673,455 | -767,477 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 1,701 | 23,245 | -21,544 | 2,263 | 27,130 | -24,867 | -44,655 | 75,040 | 144,562 | -69,522 |
| February | 1,778 | 21,324 | -19,546 | 2,358 | 24,201 | -21,843 | -35,109 | 77,750 | 134,702 | -56,952 |
| March | 2,386 | 22,242 | -19,856 | 3,024 | 25,025 | -22,001 | -40,175 | 91,864 | 154,040 | -62,176 |
| April | 2,531 | 24,086 | -21,555 | 3,150 | 26,732 | -23,582 | -40,240 | 83,097 | 146,919 | -63,822 |
| May | 2,449 | 29,182 | -26,733 | 2,979 | 31,876 | -28,897 | -42,522 | 87,746 | 159,164 | -71,419 |
| June | 2,318 | 27,751 | -25,433 | 2,848 | 30,176 | -27,328 | -42,537 | 90,622 | 160,487 | -69,865 |
| July | 2,445 | 29,530 | -27,085 | 2,832 | 32,231 | -29,399 | -48,346 | 80,023 | 157,768 | -77,745 |
| August | 2,387 | 30,934 | -28,547 | 2,924 | 33,969 | -31,045 | -47,284 | 89,228 | 167,558 | -78,329 |
| September | 3,047 | 26,477 | -23,430 | 3,561 | 28,757 | -25,196 | -44,865 | 88,408 | 158,470 | -70,061 |
| October | 2,650 | 22,671 | -20,021 | 3,172 | 24,724 | -21,552 | -50,008 | 92,468 | 164,028 | -71,560 |
| November | 2,365 | 20,779 | -18,414 | 2,935 | 23,432 | -20,497 | -45,425 | 91,367 | 157,288 | -65,922 |
| December | 2,114 | 21,492 | -19,378 | 2,665 | 24,248 | -21,583 | -38,348 | 89,021 | 148,952 | -59,931 |
| Total | 28,171 | 299,714 | -271,543 | 34,711 | 332,500 | -297,789 | -519,515 | 1,036,635 | 1,853,938 | -817,304 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 2,195 | 22,632 | -20,437 | 2,773 | 25,081 | -22,308 | -42,165 | 85,973 | 150,446 | -64,473 |
| February | 2,021 | 17,731 | -15,710 | 2,571 | 20,386 | -17,815 | -36,488 | 84,960 | 139,263 | -54,303 |
| March | 2,244 | 24,124 | -21,880 | 2,833 | 27,100 | -24,267 | -36,481 | 100,579 | 161,328 | -60,748 |
| April | 2,442 | 25,082 | -22,640 | 3,115 | 28,309 | -25,194 | -39,421 | 91,706 | 156,320 | -64,615 |
| May | 2,503 | 27,968 | -25,465 | 3,254 | 31,423 | -28,169 | -36,948 | 98,031 | 163,147 | -65,117 |
| June | 2,589 | 27,544 | -24,955 | 3,454 | 30,752 | -27,298 | -37,950 | 99,140 | 164,388 | -65,248 |
| July | 2,790 | 28,613 | -25,823 | 3,445 | 31,788 | -28,343 | -46,734 | 92,037 | 167,115 | -75,077 |
| August | 3,015 | 29,839 | -26,824 | 3,706 | 32,546 | -28,840 | -40,289 | 100,984 | 170,113 | -69,129 |
| September | 2,641 | 27,798 | -25,157 | 3,359 | 30,089 | -26,730 | -37,597 | 98,125 | 162,452 | -64,327 |
| October | 2,793 | 30,767 | -27,974 | 3,358 | 33,215 | -29,857 | R -45,628 | R 106,553 | R 182,037 | R -75,485 |
| November | 3,878 | 32,615 | -28,737 | 4,584 | 34,959 | -30,375 | -41,508 | 103,346 | 175,228 | -71,883 |
| 11-Month Total ... | 29,111 | 294,713 | -265,602 | 36,452 | 325,647 | -289,196 | -441,209 | 1,061,432 | 1,791,838 | -730,405 |
| 2006 11-Month Total ... | 26,055 | 278,221 | -252,164 | 32,046 | 308,253 | -276,207 | -481,166 | 947,613 | 1,704,986 | -757,373 |
| 2005 11-Month Total ... | 17,493 | 228,060 | -210,567 | 24,058 | 262,973 | -238,915 | -464,210 | 826,068 | 1,529,192 | -703,125 |

^a Crude oil, petroleum preparations, liquefied propane and butane, and other mineral fuels.

^b Petroleum, coal, natural gas, and electricity.

R=Revised.

Notes: • Monthly data are not adjusted for seasonal variations. • See Note 3, "Merchandise Trade Value," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • The U.S. import statistics reflect both

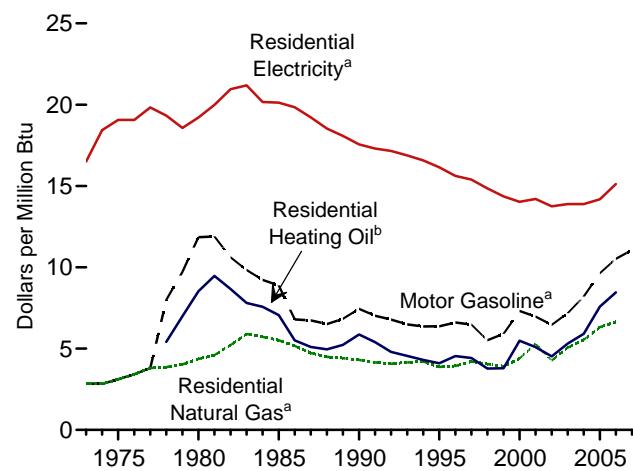
government and nongovernment imports of merchandise from foreign countries into the U.S. customs territory, which comprises the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands. • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html> for all available data beginning in 1974.

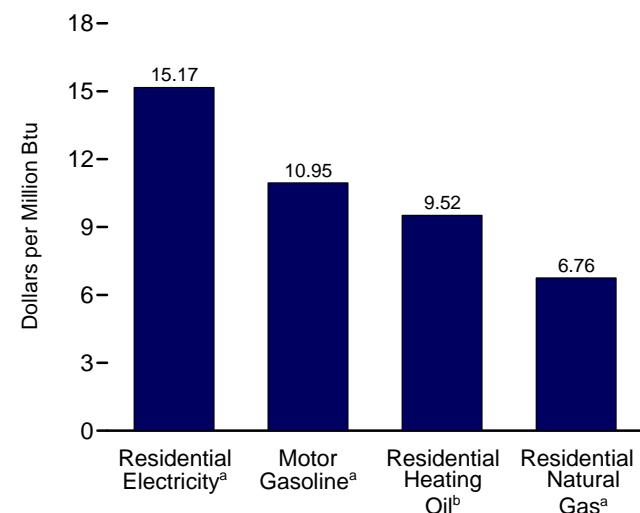
Sources: See end of section.

Figure 1.6 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Real (1982-1984) Dollars

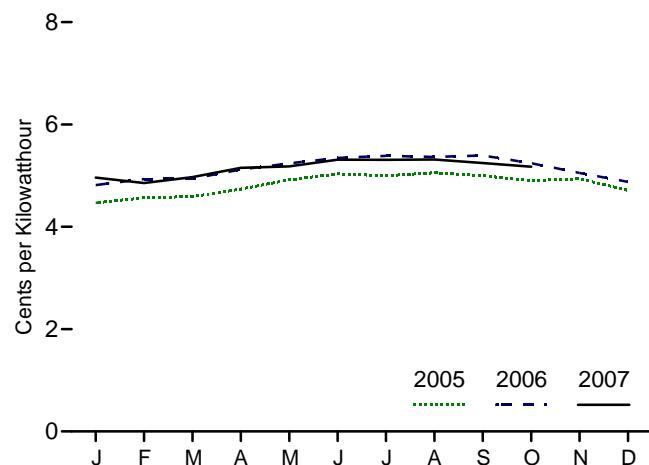
Costs, 1973-2007



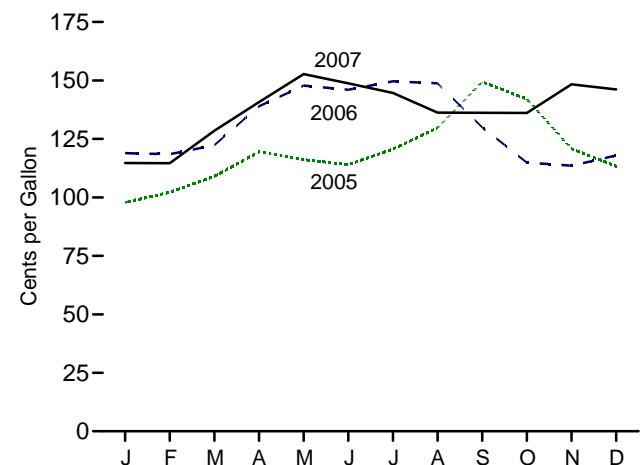
Costs, October 2007



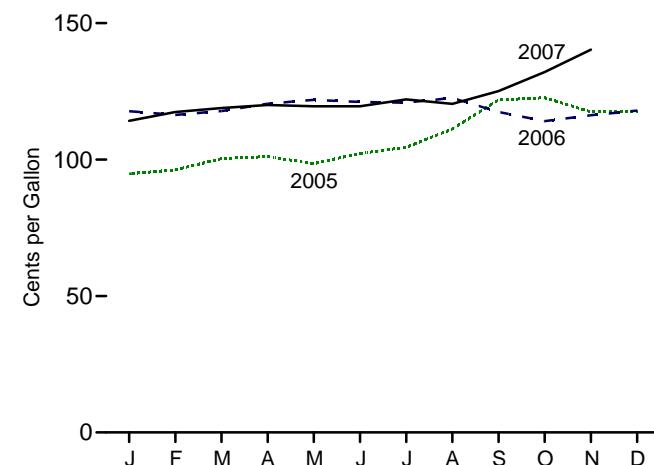
Residential Electricity^a, Monthly



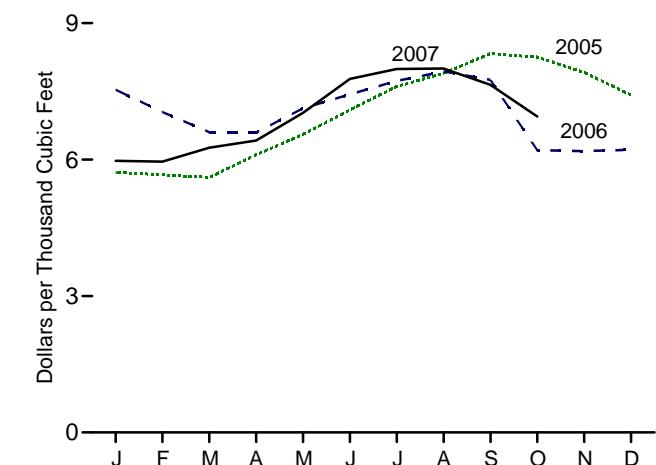
Motor Gasoline^a, Monthly



Residential Heating Oil^b, Monthly



Residential Natural Gas^a, Monthly



^aIncludes taxes.

^bExcludes taxes.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html>.

Source: Table 1.6.

Table 1.6 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Real (1982-1984) Dollars

| | Consumer Price Index (Urban) ^a | Motor Gasoline ^b | | Residential Heating Oil ^c | | Residential Natural Gas ^b | | Residential Electricity ^b | |
|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | Index 1982-1984=100 | Cents per Gallon | Dollars per Million Btu | Cents per Gallon | Dollars per Million Btu | Cents per Thousand Cubic Feet | Dollars per Million Btu | Cents per Kilowatthour |
| 1973 Average | 44.4 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 290.5 | 2.85 | 5.6 | 16.50 |
| 1975 Average | 53.8 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 317.8 | 3.12 | 6.5 | 19.07 |
| 1980 Average | 82.4 | 148.2 | 11.85 | 118.2 | 8.52 | 446.6 | 4.36 | 6.6 | 19.21 |
| 1985 Average | 107.6 | 111.2 | 8.89 | 97.9 | 7.06 | 568.8 | 5.52 | 6.87 | 20.13 |
| 1990 Average | 130.7 | 93.1 | 7.44 | 81.3 | 5.86 | 443.8 | 4.31 | 5.99 | 17.56 |
| 1995 Average | 152.4 | 79.1 | 6.37 | 56.9 | 4.10 | 397.6 | 3.87 | 5.51 | 16.15 |
| 1996 Average | 156.9 | 82.1 | 6.61 | 63.0 | 4.54 | 404.1 | 3.93 | 5.33 | 15.62 |
| 1997 Average | 160.5 | 80.4 | 6.48 | 61.3 | 4.42 | 432.4 | 4.21 | 5.25 | 15.39 |
| 1998 Average | 163.0 | 68.4 | 5.51 | 52.3 | 3.77 | 418.4 | 4.05 | 5.07 | 14.85 |
| 1999 Average | 166.6 | 73.3 | 5.91 | 52.6 | 3.79 | 401.6 | 3.91 | 4.90 | 14.36 |
| 2000 Average | 172.2 | 90.8 | 7.32 | 76.1 | 5.49 | 450.6 | 4.39 | 4.79 | 14.02 |
| 2001 Average | 177.1 | 86.4 | 6.97 | 70.6 | 5.09 | 543.8 | 5.28 | 4.84 | 14.20 |
| 2002 Average | 179.9 | 80.1 | 6.46 | 62.8 | 4.52 | 438.6 | 4.26 | 4.69 | 13.75 |
| 2003 Average | 184.0 | 89.0 | 7.18 | 73.6 | 5.31 | 523.4 | 5.07 | 4.74 | 13.89 |
| 2004 Average | 188.9 | 101.8 | 8.20 | 81.9 | 5.91 | 569.1 | 5.54 | 4.74 | 13.89 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 190.7 | 97.9 | 7.88 | 94.8 | 6.84 | 571.6 | 5.55 | 4.47 | 13.09 |
| February | 191.8 | 102.2 | 8.23 | 96.2 | 6.94 | 566.7 | 5.51 | 4.57 | 13.39 |
| March | 193.3 | 109.0 | 8.77 | 100.4 | 7.24 | 560.8 | 5.45 | 4.59 | 13.45 |
| April | 194.6 | 119.5 | 9.62 | 101.1 | 7.29 | 610.5 | 5.93 | 4.74 | 13.89 |
| May | 194.4 | 116.1 | 9.35 | 98.6 | 7.11 | 655.3 | 6.37 | 4.92 | 14.41 |
| June | 194.5 | 114.0 | 9.18 | 102.2 | 7.37 | 709.0 | 6.89 | 5.03 | 14.75 |
| July | 195.4 | 120.6 | 9.71 | 104.5 | 7.54 | 760.5 | 7.39 | 5.00 | 14.65 |
| August | 196.4 | 129.7 | 10.44 | 111.2 | 8.02 | 789.7 | 7.67 | 5.06 | 14.82 |
| September | 198.8 | 149.3 | 12.02 | 121.9 | 8.79 | 833.0 | 8.10 | 5.00 | 14.65 |
| October | 199.2 | 142.1 | 11.44 | 122.6 | 8.84 | 825.3 | 8.02 | 4.90 | 14.36 |
| November | 197.6 | 120.8 | 9.72 | 117.5 | 8.47 | 791.5 | 7.69 | 4.94 | 14.48 |
| December | 196.8 | 113.3 | 9.12 | 117.5 | 8.47 | 741.9 | 7.21 | 4.71 | 13.81 |
| Average | 195.3 | 119.7 | 9.64 | 105.1 | 7.58 | 650.3 | 6.32 | 4.84 | 14.18 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 198.3 | 119.0 | 9.58 | 117.7 | 8.49 | 753.4 | 7.33 | 4.82 | 14.11 |
| February | 198.7 | 118.5 | 9.54 | 116.4 | 8.39 | 704.6 | 6.85 | 4.93 | 14.46 |
| March | 199.8 | 122.3 | 9.85 | 117.8 | 8.49 | 660.2 | 6.42 | 4.94 | 14.48 |
| April | 201.5 | 139.0 | 11.19 | 120.4 | 8.68 | 659.6 | 6.42 | 5.12 | 15.01 |
| May | 202.5 | 147.8 | 11.90 | 121.9 | 8.79 | 712.6 | 6.93 | 5.24 | 15.36 |
| June | 202.9 | 146.0 | 11.75 | 121.1 | 8.73 | 743.7 | 7.23 | 5.35 | 15.67 |
| July | 203.5 | 149.7 | 12.05 | 120.9 | 8.72 | 773.0 | 7.52 | 5.39 | 15.78 |
| August | 203.9 | 148.7 | 11.97 | 122.6 | 8.84 | 794.0 | 7.72 | 5.37 | 15.73 |
| September | 202.9 | 130.0 | 10.46 | 117.4 | 8.47 | 775.3 | 7.54 | 5.39 | 15.80 |
| October | 201.8 | 114.9 | 9.25 | 114.1 | 8.23 | 620.4 | 6.04 | 5.24 | 15.37 |
| November | 201.5 | 113.5 | 9.14 | 116.3 | 8.38 | 618.9 | 6.02 | 5.05 | 14.81 |
| December | 201.8 | 117.9 | 9.49 | 117.9 | 8.50 | 621.4 | 6.04 | 4.88 | 14.29 |
| Average | 201.6 | 130.7 | 10.52 | 117.3 | 8.46 | 682.0 | 6.63 | 5.16 | 15.12 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 202.4 | 114.7 | 9.23 | 114.2 | 8.23 | 597.3 | 5.81 | 4.96 | 14.54 |
| February | 203.5 | 114.6 | 9.23 | 117.4 | 8.47 | 595.6 | 5.79 | 4.86 | 14.23 |
| March | 205.4 | 128.5 | 10.34 | 118.9 | 8.57 | 626.1 | 6.09 | 4.97 | 14.57 |
| April | 206.7 | 140.7 | 11.33 | 120.0 | 8.65 | 642.0 | 6.25 | 5.15 | 15.10 |
| May | 207.9 | 152.8 | 12.30 | 119.5 | 8.62 | 702.7 | 6.84 | 5.18 | 15.18 |
| June | 208.4 | 148.8 | 11.97 | 119.5 | 8.62 | 777.4 | 7.56 | 5.31 | 15.57 |
| July | 208.3 | 144.6 | 11.64 | 122.1 | 8.80 | 799.3 | 7.78 | 5.31 | 15.56 |
| August | 207.9 | 136.3 | 10.97 | 120.4 | 8.68 | 800.4 | 7.79 | 5.32 | 15.58 |
| September | 208.5 | 136.2 | 10.96 | 125.1 | 9.02 | 764.5 | 7.44 | 5.25 | 15.38 |
| October | 208.9 | 136.1 | 10.95 | R 132.1 | R 9.52 | R 694.6 | R 6.76 | R 5.17 | R 15.17 |
| November | 210.2 | 148.3 | 11.94 | RE 140.3 | RE 10.12 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| December | 210.0 | 146.1 | 11.76 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Average | 207.3 | 137.4 | 11.06 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |

^a Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers, All Items, 1982-1984 = 100.0.

^b Includes taxes.

^c Excludes taxes.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available.

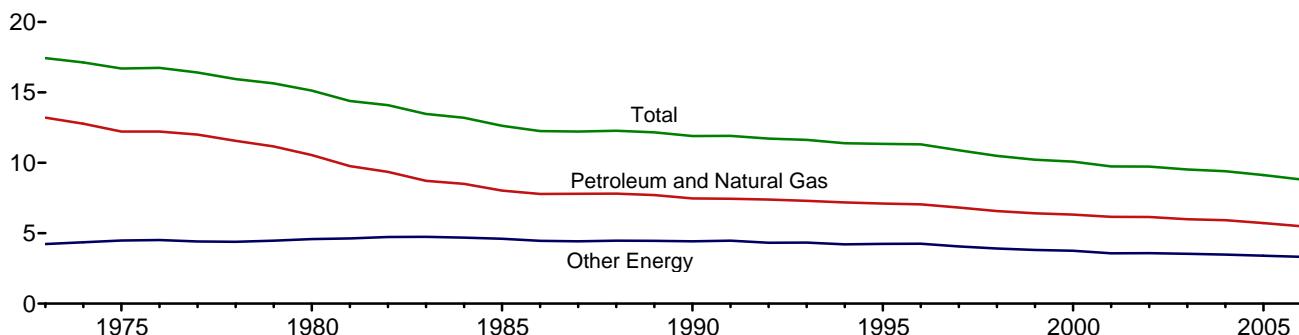
Notes: • Fuel costs are calculated by using the Urban Consumer Price Index (CPI) developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. • Annual averages may not equal average of months due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • **Fuel Prices:** Tables 9.4 (All Types), 9.8c, 9.9, and 9.11, adjusted by the CPI. • **CPI: 1973-2002—Economic Report of the President**, February 2007, Table B-60. **2003 forward**—Council of Economic Advisers, *Economic Indicators*, January 2008, "Consumer Prices - All Urban Consumers."

• **Conversion Factors:** Tables A1, A3, A4, and A6.

Figure 1.7 Energy Consumption per Real Dollar of Gross Domestic Product, 1973-2006
 (Thousand Btu per Chained (2000) Dollar)



Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html>.

Source: Table 1.7.

Table 1.7 Energy Consumption per Real Dollar of Gross Domestic Product

| | Energy Consumption | | | Gross Domestic Product (GDP) | Energy Consumption per Real Dollar of GDP | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------|------------------------------|---|--|-------|
| | Petroleum and Natural Gas | Other Energy ^a | Total | | Petroleum and Natural Gas | Other Energy ^a | Total |
| | Quadrillion Btu | | | | Billion Chained (2000) Dollars | Thousand Btu per Chained (2000) Dollar | |
| 1973 Year | 57.352 | 18.356 | 75.708 | 4,341.5 | 13.21 | 4.23 | 17.44 |
| 1974 Year | 55.187 | 18.804 | 73.991 | 4,319.6 | 12.78 | 4.35 | 17.13 |
| 1975 Year | 52.678 | 19.321 | 71.999 | 4,311.2 | 12.22 | 4.48 | 16.70 |
| 1976 Year | 55.520 | 20.492 | 76.012 | 4,540.9 | 12.23 | 4.51 | 16.74 |
| 1977 Year | 57.053 | 20.947 | 78.000 | 4,750.5 | 12.01 | 4.41 | 16.42 |
| 1978 Year | 57.966 | 22.021 | 79.986 | 5,015.0 | 11.56 | 4.39 | 15.95 |
| 1979 Year | 57.789 | 23.114 | 80.903 | 5,173.4 | 11.17 | 4.47 | 15.64 |
| 1980 Year | 54.438 | 23.684 | 78.122 | 5,161.7 | 10.55 | 4.59 | 15.13 |
| 1981 Year | 51.678 | 24.490 | 76.168 | 5,291.7 | 9.77 | 4.63 | 14.39 |
| 1982 Year | 48.588 | 24.565 | 73.153 | 5,189.3 | 9.36 | 4.73 | 14.10 |
| 1983 Year | 47.275 | 25.763 | 73.038 | 5,423.8 | 8.72 | 4.75 | 13.47 |
| 1984 Year | 49.445 | 27.269 | 76.714 | 5,813.6 | 8.51 | 4.69 | 13.20 |
| 1985 Year | 48.626 | 27.865 | 76.491 | 6,053.7 | 8.03 | 4.60 | 12.64 |
| 1986 Year | 48.787 | 27.969 | 76.756 | 6,263.6 | 7.79 | 4.47 | 12.25 |
| 1987 Year | 50.505 | 28.668 | 79.173 | 6,475.1 | 7.80 | 4.43 | 12.23 |
| 1988 Year | 52.670 | 30.149 | 82.819 | 6,742.7 | 7.81 | 4.47 | 12.28 |
| 1989 Year | 53.813 | 31.131 | 84.944 | 6,981.4 | 7.71 | 4.46 | 12.17 |
| 1990 Year | 53.156 | 31.496 | 84.652 | 7,112.5 | 7.47 | 4.43 | 11.90 |
| 1991 Year | 52.878 | 31.729 | 84.607 | 7,100.5 | 7.45 | 4.47 | 11.92 |
| 1992 Year | 54.240 | 31.716 | 85.956 | 7,336.6 | 7.39 | 4.32 | 11.72 |
| 1993 Year | 54.973 | 32.630 | 87.603 | 7,532.7 | 7.30 | 4.33 | 11.63 |
| 1994 Year | 56.290 | 32.970 | 89.260 | 7,835.5 | 7.18 | 4.21 | 11.39 |
| 1995 Year | 57.108 | 34.064 | 91.173 | 8,031.7 | 7.11 | 4.24 | 11.35 |
| 1996 Year | 58.758 | 35.417 | 94.175 | 8,328.9 | 7.05 | 4.25 | 11.31 |
| 1997 Year | 59.382 | 35.383 | 94.765 | 8,703.5 | 6.82 | 4.07 | 10.89 |
| 1998 Year | 59.647 | 35.536 | 95.183 | 9,066.9 | 6.58 | 3.92 | 10.50 |
| 1999 Year | 60.747 | 36.070 | 96.817 | 9,470.3 | 6.41 | 3.81 | 10.22 |
| 2000 Year | 62.089 | 36.887 | 98.975 | 9,817.0 | 6.32 | 3.76 | 10.08 |
| 2001 Year | 60.959 | 35.367 | 96.326 | 9,890.7 | 6.16 | 3.58 | 9.74 |
| 2002 Year | 61.785 | 36.073 | 97.858 | 10,048.8 | 6.15 | 3.59 | 9.74 |
| 2003 Year | 61.706 | 36.503 | 98.209 | 10,301.0 | 5.99 | 3.54 | 9.53 |
| 2004 Year | 63.226 | 37.125 | 100.351 | 10,675.8 | 5.92 | 3.48 | 9.40 |
| 2005 Year | 62.977 | 37.488 | 100.465 | 11,003.4 | 5.72 | 3.41 | 9.13 |
| 2006 Year | 62.148 | 37.665 | 99.813 | 11,319.4 | 5.49 | 3.33 | 8.82 |

^a Coal, coal coke net imports, nuclear electric power, renewable energy, and electricity net imports.

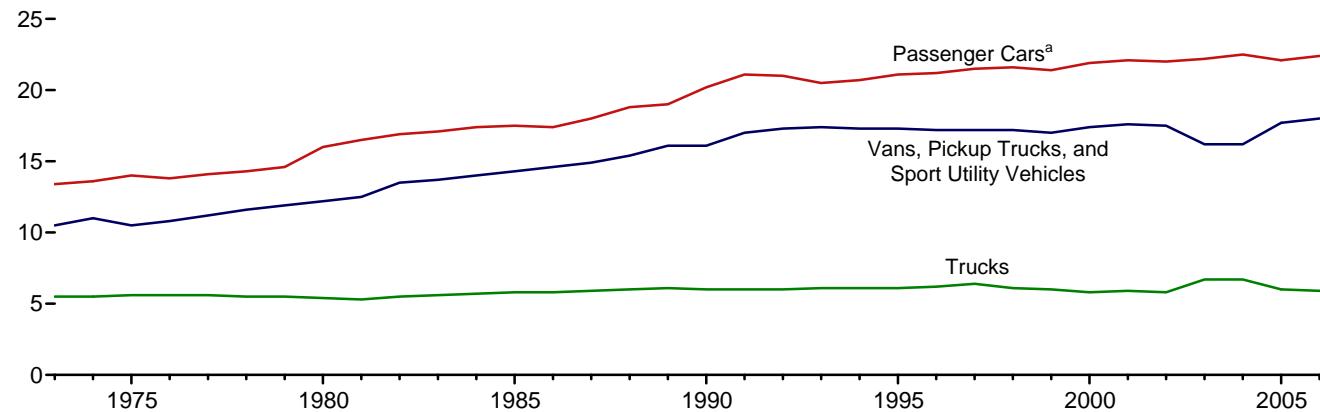
Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html>.

Sources: • **Energy Consumption:** Table 1.3. • **Gross Domestic**

Product: 1973-2003—U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 2006, Table 2A. 2004 forward—U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, *BEA News Release*, December 20, 2007, Table 3, which is available at Web site <http://www.bea.gov/bea/newsrel/gdpnewsrelease.htm>.

Figure 1.8 Motor Vehicle Fuel Rates, 1973-2006
(Miles per Gallon)



^aMotorcycles are included through 1989.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html>.

Source: Table 1.8.

Table 1.8 Motor Vehicle Mileage, Fuel Consumption, and Fuel Rates

| | Passenger Cars ^a | | | Vans, Pickup Trucks, and Sport Utility Vehicles ^b | | | Trucks ^c | | | All Motor Vehicles ^d | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| | Mileage (miles per vehicle) | Fuel Consumption (gallons per vehicle) | Fuel Rate (miles per gallon) | Mileage (miles per vehicle) | Fuel Consumption (gallons per vehicle) | Fuel Rate (miles per gallon) | Mileage (miles per vehicle) | Fuel Consumption (gallons per vehicle) | Fuel Rate (miles per gallon) | Mileage (miles per vehicle) | Fuel Consumption (gallons per vehicle) | Fuel Rate (miles per gallon) |
| 1973 | 9,884 | 737 | 13.4 | 9,779 | 931 | 10.5 | 15,370 | 2,775 | 5.5 | 10,099 | 850 | 11.9 |
| 1974 | 9,221 | 677 | 13.6 | 9,452 | 862 | 11.0 | 14,995 | 2,708 | 5.5 | 9,493 | 788 | 12.0 |
| 1975 | 9,309 | 665 | 14.0 | 9,829 | 934 | 10.5 | 15,167 | 2,722 | 5.6 | 9,627 | 790 | 12.2 |
| 1976 | 9,418 | 681 | 13.8 | 10,127 | 934 | 10.8 | 15,438 | 2,764 | 5.6 | 9,774 | 806 | 12.1 |
| 1977 | 9,517 | 676 | 14.1 | 10,607 | 947 | 11.2 | 16,700 | 3,002 | 5.6 | 9,978 | 814 | 12.3 |
| 1978 | 9,500 | 665 | 14.3 | 10,968 | 948 | 11.6 | 18,045 | 3,263 | 5.5 | 10,077 | 816 | 12.4 |
| 1979 | 9,062 | 620 | 14.6 | 10,802 | 905 | 11.9 | 18,502 | 3,380 | 5.5 | 9,722 | 776 | 12.5 |
| 1980 | 8,813 | 551 | 16.0 | 10,437 | 854 | 12.2 | 18,736 | 3,447 | 5.4 | 9,458 | 712 | 13.3 |
| 1981 | 8,873 | 538 | 16.5 | 10,244 | 819 | 12.5 | 19,016 | 3,565 | 5.3 | 9,477 | 697 | 13.6 |
| 1982 | 9,050 | 535 | 16.9 | 10,276 | 762 | 13.5 | 19,931 | 3,647 | 5.5 | 9,644 | 686 | 14.1 |
| 1983 | 9,118 | 534 | 17.1 | 10,497 | 767 | 13.7 | 21,083 | 3,769 | 5.6 | 9,760 | 686 | 14.2 |
| 1984 | 9,248 | 530 | 17.4 | 11,151 | 797 | 14.0 | 22,550 | 3,967 | 5.7 | 10,017 | 691 | 14.5 |
| 1985 | 9,419 | 538 | 17.5 | 10,506 | 735 | 14.3 | 20,597 | 3,570 | 5.8 | 10,020 | 685 | 14.6 |
| 1986 | 9,464 | 543 | 17.4 | 10,764 | 738 | 14.6 | 22,143 | 3,821 | 5.8 | 10,143 | 692 | 14.7 |
| 1987 | 9,720 | 539 | 18.0 | 11,114 | 744 | 14.9 | 23,349 | 3,937 | 5.9 | 10,453 | 694 | 15.1 |
| 1988 | 9,972 | 531 | 18.8 | 11,465 | 745 | 15.4 | 22,485 | 3,736 | 6.0 | 10,721 | 688 | 15.6 |
| 1989 | 10,157 | 533 | 19.0 | 11,676 | 724 | 16.1 | 22,926 | 3,776 | 6.1 | 10,932 | 688 | 15.9 |
| 1990 | 10,504 | 520 | 20.2 | 11,902 | 738 | 16.1 | 23,603 | 3,953 | 6.0 | 11,107 | 677 | 16.4 |
| 1991 | 10,571 | 501 | 21.1 | 12,245 | 721 | 17.0 | 24,229 | 4,047 | 6.0 | 11,294 | 669 | 16.9 |
| 1992 | 10,857 | 517 | 21.0 | 12,381 | 717 | 17.3 | 25,373 | 4,210 | 6.0 | 11,558 | 683 | 16.9 |
| 1993 | 10,804 | 527 | 20.5 | 12,430 | 714 | 17.4 | 26,262 | 4,309 | 6.1 | 11,595 | 693 | 16.7 |
| 1994 | 10,992 | 531 | 20.7 | 12,156 | 701 | 17.3 | 25,838 | 4,202 | 6.1 | 11,683 | 698 | 16.7 |
| 1995 | 11,203 | 530 | 21.1 | 12,018 | 694 | 17.3 | 26,514 | 4,315 | 6.1 | 11,793 | 700 | 16.8 |
| 1996 | 11,330 | 534 | 21.2 | 11,811 | 685 | 17.2 | 26,092 | 4,221 | 6.2 | 11,813 | 700 | 16.9 |
| 1997 | 11,581 | 539 | 21.5 | 12,115 | 703 | 17.2 | 27,032 | 4,218 | 6.4 | 12,107 | 711 | 17.0 |
| 1998 | 11,754 | 544 | 21.6 | 12,173 | 707 | 17.2 | 25,397 | 4,135 | 6.1 | 12,211 | 721 | 16.9 |
| 1999 | 11,848 | 553 | 21.4 | 11,957 | 701 | 17.0 | 26,014 | 4,352 | 6.0 | 12,206 | 732 | 16.7 |
| 2000 | 11,976 | 547 | 21.9 | 11,672 | 669 | 17.4 | 25,617 | 4,391 | 5.8 | 12,164 | 720 | 16.9 |
| 2001 | 11,831 | 534 | 22.1 | 11,204 | 636 | 17.6 | 26,602 | 4,477 | 5.9 | 11,887 | 695 | 17.1 |
| 2002 | 12,202 | 555 | 22.0 | 11,364 | 650 | 17.5 | 27,071 | 4,642 | 5.8 | 12,171 | 719 | 16.9 |
| 2003 | 12,325 | 556 | 22.2 | 11,287 | 697 | 16.2 | 28,093 | 4,215 | 6.7 | 12,208 | 718 | 17.0 |
| 2004 | R 12,460 | 553 | 22.5 | 11,184 | 690 | 16.2 | 27,023 | 4,057 | 6.7 | R 12,200 | 714 | 17.1 |
| 2005 | R 12,510 | R 567 | R 22.1 | R 10,920 | R 617 | R 17.7 | R 26,235 | R 4,385 | R 6.0 | R 12,082 | R 706 | R 17.1 |
| 2006 ^P | 12,427 | 554 | 22.4 | 10,986 | 612 | 18.0 | 25,290 | 4,300 | 5.9 | 12,016 | 697 | 17.2 |

^a Through 1989, includes motorcycles.

^b Includes a small number of trucks with 2 axles and 4 tires, such as step vans.

^c Single-unit trucks with 2 axles and 6 or more tires, and combination trucks.

^d Includes buses and motorcycles, which are not shown separately.

R=Revised. P=Preliminary.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html>.

Sources: • **Passenger Cars, 1990-1994:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, *National Transportation Statistics* 1998, Table 4-13. • **All Other Data:** • 1973-1994—Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), *Highway Statistics Summary to 1995*, Table VM-201A. • **1995 forward**—FHWA, *Highway Statistics*, annual reports, Table VM-1.

Table 1.9 Heating Degree-Days by Census Division

| Census Divisions | December 1 through December 31 | | | | | Cumulative July 1 through December 31 | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------|------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| | Normal ^a | 2006 | 2007 | Percent Change | | Normal ^a | 2006 | 2007 | Percent Change | |
| | | | | Normal to 2007 | 2006 to 2007 | | | | Normal to 2007 | 2006 to 2007 |
| New England Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont | 1,078 | 871 | 1,127 | 5 | 29 | 2,462 | 2,121 | 2,373 | -4 | 12 |
| Middle Atlantic New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania | 998 | 778 | 976 | -2 | 25 | 2,191 | 1,799 | 1,940 | -11 | 8 |
| East North Central Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin | 1,135 | 919 | 1,116 | -2 | 21 | 2,472 | 2,266 | 2,261 | -9 | (s) |
| West North Central Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota | 1,248 | 1,010 | 1,285 | 3 | 27 | 2,695 | 2,462 | 2,533 | -6 | 3 |
| South Atlantic Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia | 555 | 426 | 447 | -19 | 5 | 1,083 | 969 | 895 | -17 | -8 |
| East South Central Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee | 715 | 600 | 569 | -20 | -5 | 1,410 | 1,342 | 1,166 | -17 | -13 |
| West South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas | 520 | 466 | 447 | -14 | -4 | 905 | 821 | 783 | -13 | -5 |
| Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming | 928 | 915 | 979 | 5 | 7 | 2,147 | 2,035 | 1,930 | -10 | -5 |
| Pacific^b California, Oregon, Washington | 563 | 545 | 616 | 9 | 13 | 1,253 | 1,123 | 1,222 | -2 | 9 |
| U.S. Average^b | 817 | 683 | 790 | -3 | 16 | 1,739 | 1,555 | 1,572 | -10 | 1 |

^a "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1971 through 2000.

^b Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

(s)=Less than 0.5 percent and greater than -0.5 percent.

Notes: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature used as an index for heating and cooling energy requirements. Heating degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature falls below 65° F. Cooling degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature rises above 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures in a 24-hour period. For example, a weather station recording an average daily temperature of 40° F would report 25 heating degree-days for that day (and 0 cooling degree-days). If a weather station recorded an average daily temperature of 78° F, cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and 0 heating degree days).

Web Pages: • See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html> for current data. • See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/aer/overview.html> for

historical data.

Sources: There are several degree-day databases maintained by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The information published here is developed by the National Weather Service Climate Prediction Center, Camp Springs, MD. The data are available weekly with monthly summaries and are based on mean daily temperatures recorded at about 200 major weather stations around the country. The temperature information recorded at those weather stations is used to calculate statewide degree-day averages based on population. The State figures are then aggregated into Census Divisions and into the national average. The population weights currently used represent resident State population data estimated for the 2000 Census by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. The data provided here are available sooner than the Historical Climatology Series 5-1 (heating degree-days) developed by the National Climatic Data Center, Asheville, NC, which compiles data from some 8,000 weather stations.

Table 1.10 Cooling Degree-Days by Census Division

| Census Divisions | December 1 through December 31 | | | | | Cumulative January 1 through December 31 | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|------|------|----------------|--------------|--|-------|-------|----------------|--------------|
| | Normal ^a | 2006 | 2007 | Percent Change | | Normal ^a | 2006 | 2007 | Percent Change | |
| | | | | Normal to 2007 | 2006 to 2007 | | | | Normal to 2007 | 2006 to 2007 |
| New England Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont | 0 | 0 | 0 | NM | NM | 417 | 553 | 560 | 34 | 1 |
| Middle Atlantic New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania | 0 | 0 | 0 | NM | NM | 656 | 768 | 842 | 28 | 10 |
| East North Central Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin | 0 | 0 | 0 | NM | NM | 709 | 730 | 909 | 28 | 25 |
| West North Central Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota | 0 | 0 | 0 | NM | NM | 927 | 1,057 | 1,115 | 20 | 5 |
| South Atlantic Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia | 33 | 48 | 48 | NM | NM | 1,964 | 2,086 | 2,256 | 15 | 8 |
| East South Central Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee | 3 | 0 | 4 | NM | NM | 1,547 | 1,729 | 1,963 | 27 | 14 |
| West South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas | 10 | 14 | 22 | NM | NM | 2,449 | 2,786 | 2,568 | 5 | -8 |
| Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming | 0 | 0 | 0 | NM | NM | 1,243 | 1,410 | 1,523 | 23 | 8 |
| Pacific^b California, Oregon, Washington | 1 | 0 | 0 | NM | NM | 704 | 913 | 785 | 12 | -14 |
| U.S. Average^b | 7 | 11 | 12 | NM | NM | 1,216 | 1,364 | 1,417 | 17 | 4 |

^a "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1971 through 2000.

^b Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

NM=Not meaningful (because "Normal" is less than 100 or ratio is incalculable).

Notes: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature used as an index for heating and cooling energy requirements. Cooling degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature rises above 65° F. Heating degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature falls below 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures in a 24-hour period. For example, if a weather station recorded an average daily temperature of 78° F, cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and 0 heating degree-days). A weather station recording an average daily temperature of 40° F would report 25 heating degree-days for that day (and 0 cooling degree-days).

Web Pages: • See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/aer/overview.html> for

current data. • See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/aer/overview.html> for historical data.

Sources: There are several degree-day databases maintained by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The information published here is developed by the National Weather Service Climate Prediction Center, Camp Springs, MD. The data are available weekly with monthly summaries and are based on mean daily temperatures recorded at about 200 major weather stations around the country. The temperature information recorded at those weather stations is used to calculate statewide degree-day averages based on population. The State figures are then aggregated into Census Divisions and into the national average. The population weights currently used represent resident State population data estimated for the 2000 Census by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. The data provided here are available sooner than the Historical Climatology Series 5-2 (cooling degree-days) developed by the National Climatic Data Center, Asheville, NC, which compiles data from some 8,000 weather stations.

Energy Overview

Note 1. Primary Energy Production. Primary energy production consists of coal production, waste coal supplied, and coal refuse recovery; crude oil and lease condensate production; natural gas plant liquids production; natural gas (dry) production; nuclear electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the nuclear plants heat rate); conventional hydroelectricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate); geothermal electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the geothermal plants heat rate), geothermal heat pump energy, and geothermal direct use energy; solar thermal and photovoltaic electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate), and solar thermal direct use energy; wind electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate); wood and wood-derived fuels consumption; biomass waste (municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass) consumption; and biofuels feedstock (biomass inputs to the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel).

Note 2. Primary Energy Consumption. Primary energy consumption consists of coal consumption; coal coke net imports; petroleum consumption (petroleum products supplied, including natural gas plant liquids and crude oil burned as fuel, but excluding ethanol blended into motor gasoline); natural gas (excluding supplemental gaseous fuels) consumption; nuclear electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the nuclear plants heat rate); conventional hydroelectricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate); geothermal electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the geothermal plants heat rate), and geothermal heat pump and geothermal direct use energy; solar thermal and photovoltaic electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate), and solar thermal direct use energy; wind electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate); wood and wood-derived fuels consumption; biomass waste (municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass) consumption; fuel ethanol and biodiesel consumption; losses and co-products from the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel; and electricity net imports (converted to Btu using the electricity heat content of 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour).

Note 3 . Merchandise Trade Value. Import data presented are based on the customs value. That value does not include insurance and freight and is consequently lower than the cost, insurance, and freight (CIF) value, which is also reported by the Bureau of the Census. All export data, and import data prior to 1981, are on a free alongside ship (f.a.s.) basis.

“Balance” is exports minus imports; a positive balance indicates a surplus trade value and a negative balance indicates a deficit trade value. “Energy” includes mineral

fuels, lubricants, and related material. “Non-Energy Balance” and “Total Merchandise” include foreign exports (i.e., re-exports) and nonmonetary gold and Department of Defense Grant-Aid shipments. The “Non-Energy Balance” is calculated by subtracting the “Energy” from the “Total Merchandise Balance.”

“Imports” consist of government and nongovernment shipments of merchandise into the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They reflect the total arrival from foreign countries of merchandise that immediately entered consumption channels, warehouses, the Foreign Trade Zones, or the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. They exclude shipments between the United States, Puerto Rico, and U.S. possessions, shipments to U.S. Armed Forces and diplomatic missions abroad for their own use, U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces, and in-transit shipments.

Table 1.5 Sources

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Foreign Trade Division:

Petroleum Exports

1974-1987: “U.S. Exports,” FT410, December issues.
1988 and 1989: “Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade,” Final Revisions.
1990-1992: “U.S. Merchandise Trade,” Final Report.
1993-2005: “U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services,” Annual Revision.
2006 and 2007: “U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services,” FT-900, monthly.

Petroleum Imports

1974-1987: “U.S. Merchandise Trade,” FT900, December issues, 1975-1988.
1988 and 1989: “Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade,” Final Revisions.
1990-1993: “U.S. Merchandise Trade,” Final Report.
1994-2005: “U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services,” Annual Revision.
2006 and 2007: “U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services,” FT-900, monthly.

Energy Exports and Imports

1974-1987: U.S. merchandise trade press releases and database printouts for adjustments.
1988: January-July, monthly FT-900 supplement, 1989 issues. August-December, monthly FT-900, 1989 issues.
1989: Monthly FT-900, 1990 issues.
1990-1992: “U.S. Merchandise Trade,” Final Report.
1993-2005: “U.S. International Trade in Goods and

Services," Annual Revision.
2006 and 2007: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT-900, monthly.

Petroleum, Energy, and Non-Energy Balances

Calculated by the Energy Information Administration.

Total Merchandise

1974-1987: U.S. merchandise trade press releases and database printouts for adjustments.

1988: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1988 Final Revisions," August 18, 1989.
1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1989 Revisions," July 10, 1990. 1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1990 Final Report," May 10, 1991, and "U.S. Merchandise Trade, December 1992," February 18, 1993, page 3.
1991: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1992 Final Report," May 12, 1993.
1992-2005: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," Annual Revision.
2006 and 2007: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT-900, monthly.

2

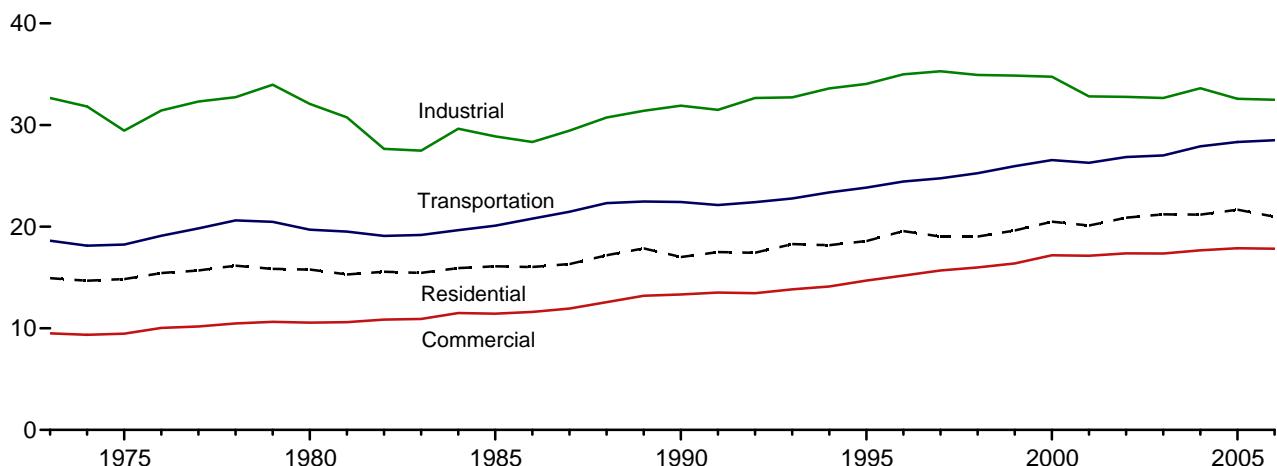
Energy Consumption by Sector



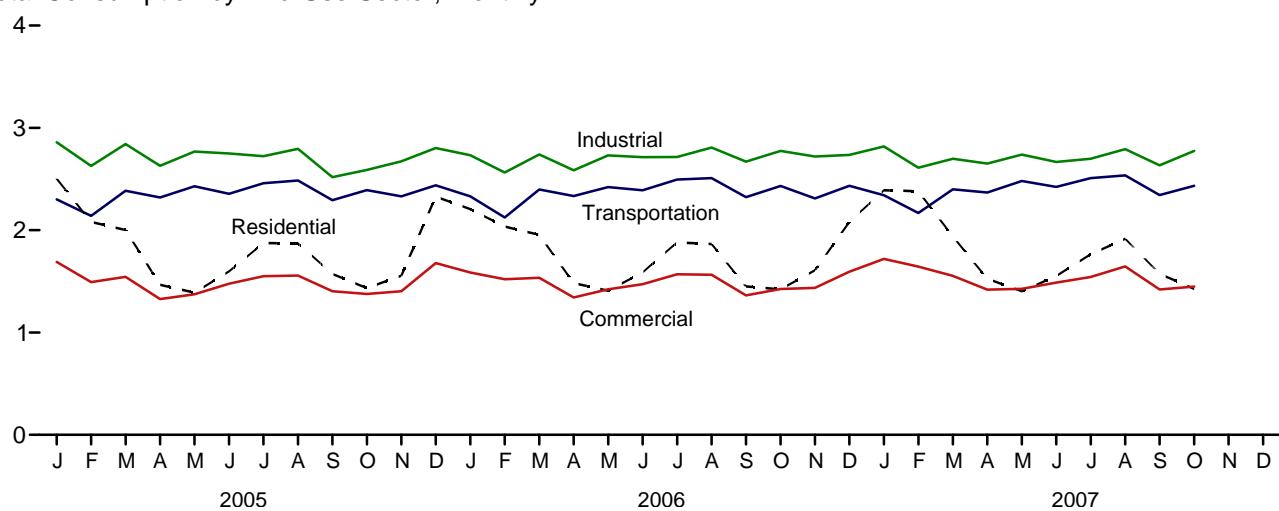
Office buildings, industries, residences, and transport systems, Baltimore, Maryland; east view from the inner harbor.
Source: U.S. Department of Energy.

Figure 2.1 Energy Consumption by Sector
(Quadrillion Btu)

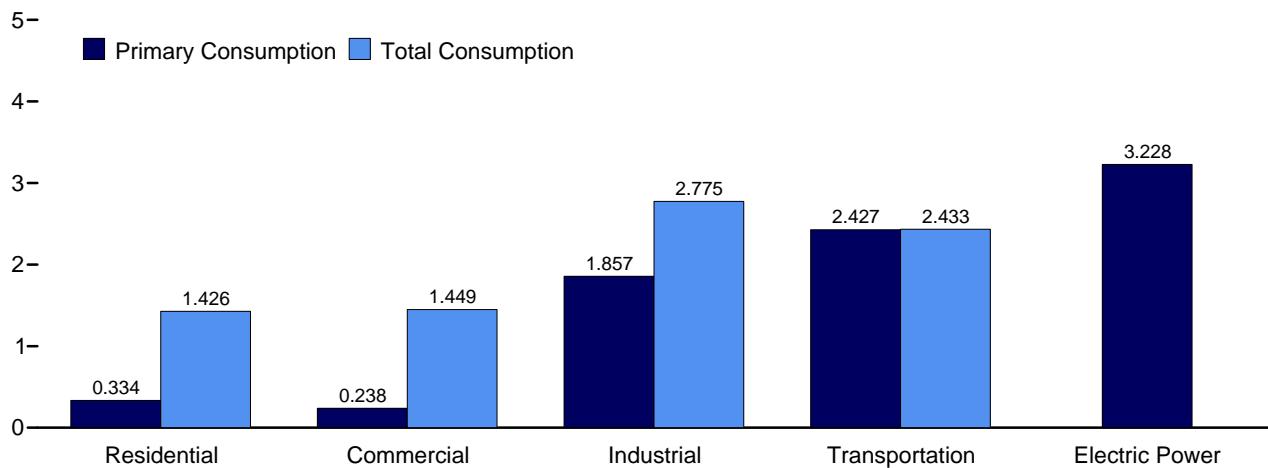
Total Consumption by End-Use Sector, 1973-2006



Total Consumption by End-Use Sector, Monthly



By Sector, October 2007



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html>.

Source: Table 2.1.

Table 2.1 Energy Consumption by Sector
(Trillion Btu)

| | End-Use Sectors | | | | | | | | Electric Power Sector ^{c,d} | Balancing Item ^g | Total ^h | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| | Residential | | Commercial ^a | | Industrial ^b | | Transportation | | | | | | | |
| | Primary ^e | Total ^f | Primary ^e | Total ^f | Primary ^e | Total ^f | Primary ^e | Total ^f | | | | | | |
| 1973 Total | 8,250 | 14,930 | 4,381 | 9,507 | 24,741 | 32,653 | 18,576 | 18,612 | 19,753 | 7 | 75,708 | | | |
| 1975 Total | 8,006 | 14,842 | 4,023 | 9,466 | 21,454 | 29,447 | 18,209 | 18,244 | 20,307 | 1 | 71,999 | | | |
| 1980 Total | 7,453 | 15,787 | 4,074 | 10,563 | 22,610 | 32,077 | 19,658 | 19,696 | 24,327 | -1 | 78,122 | | | |
| 1985 Total | 7,161 | 16,088 | 3,695 | 11,444 | 19,466 | 28,875 | 20,041 | 20,087 | 26,132 | -4 | 76,491 | | | |
| 1990 Total | 6,570 | 17,015 | 3,858 | 13,333 | 21,206 | 31,894 | 22,366 | 22,420 | 30,660 | -9 | 84,652 | | | |
| 1995 Total | 6,946 | 18,578 | 4,063 | 14,698 | 22,746 | 34,045 | 23,793 | 23,849 | 33,621 | 3 | 91,173 | | | |
| 1996 Total | 7,471 | 19,562 | 4,235 | 15,181 | 23,444 | 34,989 | 24,384 | 24,439 | 34,638 | 4 | 94,175 | | | |
| 1997 Total | 7,040 | 19,026 | 4,257 | 15,694 | 23,721 | 35,288 | 24,697 | 24,752 | 35,045 | 6 | 94,765 | | | |
| 1998 Total | 6,424 | 19,021 | 3,964 | 15,979 | 23,211 | 34,928 | 25,203 | 25,258 | 36,385 | -3 | 95,183 | | | |
| 1999 Total | 6,784 | 19,621 | 4,007 | 16,384 | 22,991 | 34,855 | 25,894 | 25,951 | 37,136 | 6 | 96,817 | | | |
| 2000 Total | 7,169 | 20,488 | 4,227 | 17,176 | 22,871 | 34,758 | 26,491 | 26,552 | 38,214 | 2 | 98,975 | | | |
| 2001 Total | 6,879 | 20,106 | 4,036 | 17,141 | 21,836 | 32,806 | 26,215 | 26,278 | 37,366 | -6 | 96,326 | | | |
| 2002 Total | 6,938 | 20,874 | 4,099 | 17,367 | 21,857 | 32,765 | 26,787 | 26,848 | 38,171 | 5 | 97,858 | | | |
| 2003 Total | 7,252 | 21,208 | 4,239 | 17,351 | 21,576 | 32,650 | 26,928 | 27,002 | 38,218 | -3 | 98,209 | | | |
| 2004 Total | 7,020 | 21,179 | 4,179 | 17,663 | 22,455 | 33,609 | 27,820 | 27,899 | 38,876 | (s) | 100,351 | | | |
| 2005 January | 1,127 | 2,503 | 582 | 1,690 | 1,957 | 2,860 | 2,294 | 2,302 | 3,394 | 2 | 9,356 | | | |
| February | 961 | 2,081 | 514 | 1,493 | 1,799 | 2,628 | 2,133 | 2,140 | 2,935 | -1 | 8,341 | | | |
| March | 877 | 2,003 | 475 | 1,545 | 1,943 | 2,843 | 2,379 | 2,385 | 3,102 | -1 | 8,774 | | | |
| April | 539 | 1,466 | 318 | 1,327 | 1,749 | 2,630 | 2,314 | 2,320 | 2,824 | -4 | 7,740 | | | |
| May | 400 | 1,389 | 245 | 1,374 | 1,796 | 2,768 | 2,424 | 2,430 | 3,097 | -1 | 7,961 | | | |
| June | 303 | 1,598 | 210 | 1,477 | 1,773 | 2,751 | 2,348 | 2,355 | 3,548 | 2 | 8,183 | | | |
| July | 273 | 1,874 | 197 | 1,550 | 1,743 | 2,722 | 2,452 | 2,459 | 3,940 | 4 | 8,610 | | | |
| August | 271 | 1,871 | 201 | 1,556 | 1,809 | 2,795 | 2,478 | 2,485 | 3,949 | 3 | 8,711 | | | |
| September | 259 | 1,572 | 195 | 1,404 | 1,612 | 2,518 | 2,287 | 2,294 | 3,435 | 1 | 7,788 | | | |
| October | 357 | 1,435 | 238 | 1,377 | 1,687 | 2,589 | 2,385 | 2,392 | 3,124 | -1 | 7,791 | | | |
| November | 550 | 1,556 | 321 | 1,404 | 1,757 | 2,673 | 2,324 | 2,331 | 3,011 | -1 | 7,962 | | | |
| December | 982 | 2,327 | 520 | 1,678 | 1,875 | 2,803 | 2,431 | 2,439 | 3,439 | 1 | 9,248 | | | |
| Total | 6,897 | 21,674 | 4,014 | 17,876 | 21,500 | 32,580 | 28,250 | 28,331 | 39,799 | 5 | 100,465 | | | |
| 2006 January | 927 | 2,206 | 505 | 1,587 | 1,863 | 2,732 | 2,324 | 2,331 | 3,238 | 1 | 8,857 | | | |
| February | 920 | 2,034 | 500 | 1,520 | 1,708 | 2,564 | 2,118 | 2,124 | 2,998 | -1 | 8,242 | | | |
| March | 834 | 1,956 | 455 | 1,535 | 1,851 | 2,741 | 2,391 | 2,398 | 3,099 | -1 | 8,628 | | | |
| April | 519 | 1,483 | 302 | 1,343 | 1,704 | 2,585 | 2,327 | 2,333 | 2,893 | -2 | 7,742 | | | |
| May | 357 | 1,408 | 233 | 1,422 | 1,768 | 2,732 | 2,416 | 2,422 | 3,210 | -1 | 7,983 | | | |
| June | 282 | 1,587 | 201 | 1,472 | 1,762 | 2,713 | 2,384 | 2,391 | 3,535 | 1 | 8,165 | | | |
| July | 259 | 1,881 | 188 | 1,569 | 1,736 | 2,715 | 2,488 | 2,495 | 3,989 | 3 | 8,664 | | | |
| August | 253 | 1,865 | 193 | 1,565 | 1,838 | 2,808 | 2,502 | 2,509 | 3,960 | 4 | 8,750 | | | |
| September | 268 | 1,450 | 199 | 1,363 | 1,791 | 2,671 | 2,317 | 2,323 | 3,232 | (s) | 7,808 | | | |
| October | 393 | 1,422 | 260 | 1,425 | 1,863 | 2,775 | 2,427 | 2,433 | 3,113 | -2 | 8,054 | | | |
| November | 575 | 1,609 | 334 | 1,436 | 1,841 | 2,719 | 2,304 | 2,310 | 3,020 | -1 | 8,074 | | | |
| December | 817 | 2,080 | 443 | 1,594 | 1,857 | 2,736 | 2,427 | 2,434 | 3,301 | 2 | 8,846 | | | |
| Total | 6,404 | 20,983 | 3,810 | 17,831 | 21,582 | 32,491 | 28,425 | 28,504 | 39,589 | 4 | 99,813 | | | |
| 2007 January | 1,006 | R 2,390 | R 529 | R 1,719 | 1,934 | 2,819 | 2,333 | 2,341 | 3,467 | 3 | R 9,272 | | | |
| February | 1,103 | 2,380 | R 577 | R 1,644 | 1,801 | 2,611 | 2,161 | 2,168 | 3,160 | 2 | R 8,805 | | | |
| March | R 806 | R 1,939 | 447 | R 1,554 | 1,827 | 2,698 | 2,392 | 2,399 | 3,117 | -1 | R 8,589 | | | |
| April | 548 | R 1,526 | 322 | 1,419 | 1,772 | 2,651 | 2,362 | 2,369 | 2,961 | -1 | R 7,964 | | | |
| May | 337 | 1,404 | 221 | R 1,427 | R 1,795 | R 2,739 | 2,474 | 2,480 | 3,222 | (s) | R 8,050 | | | |
| June | 261 | R 1,552 | R 190 | R 1,487 | 1,726 | R 2,668 | 2,417 | 2,424 | R 3,538 | 2 | R 8,133 | | | |
| July | 242 | R 1,764 | 178 | R 1,543 | 1,747 | R 2,698 | 2,502 | 2,509 | R 3,845 | 4 | R 8,518 | | | |
| August | 244 | 1,916 | R 187 | R 1,646 | 1,787 | 2,792 | 2,529 | 2,536 | 4,142 | 5 | 8,894 | | | |
| September | 248 | 1,575 | 186 | 1,420 | R 1,756 | 2,634 | R 2,336 | R 2,343 | 3,445 | 2 | R 7,974 | | | |
| October | 334 | 1,426 | 238 | 1,449 | 1,857 | 2,775 | 2,427 | 2,433 | 3,228 | -2 | 8,082 | | | |
| 10-Month Total | 5,131 | 17,871 | 3,076 | 15,307 | 18,001 | 27,085 | 23,933 | 24,003 | 34,126 | 13 | 84,280 | | | |
| 2006 10-Month Total | 5,012 | 17,293 | 3,034 | 14,803 | 17,884 | 27,035 | 23,694 | 23,760 | 33,267 | 3 | 82,893 | | | |
| 2005 10-Month Total | 5,366 | 17,792 | 3,174 | 14,793 | 17,868 | 27,103 | 23,494 | 23,562 | 33,348 | 4 | 83,254 | | | |

^a Commercial sector, including commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.

^b Industrial sector, including industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants.

^c Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

^d Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

^e See Note 2, "Primary Energy Consumption," at end of Section 1.

^f Total energy consumption in the end-use sectors consists of primary energy consumption, electricity retail sales, and electrical system energy losses. See Note 2, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of section.

^g A balancing item. The sum of primary consumption in the five energy-use sectors equals the sum of total consumption in the four end-use sectors. However, total energy consumption does not equal the sum of the sectoral components due to the use of sector-specific conversion factors for coal and natural gas.

^h Primary energy consumption total. See Table 1.3.

R=Revised. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu.

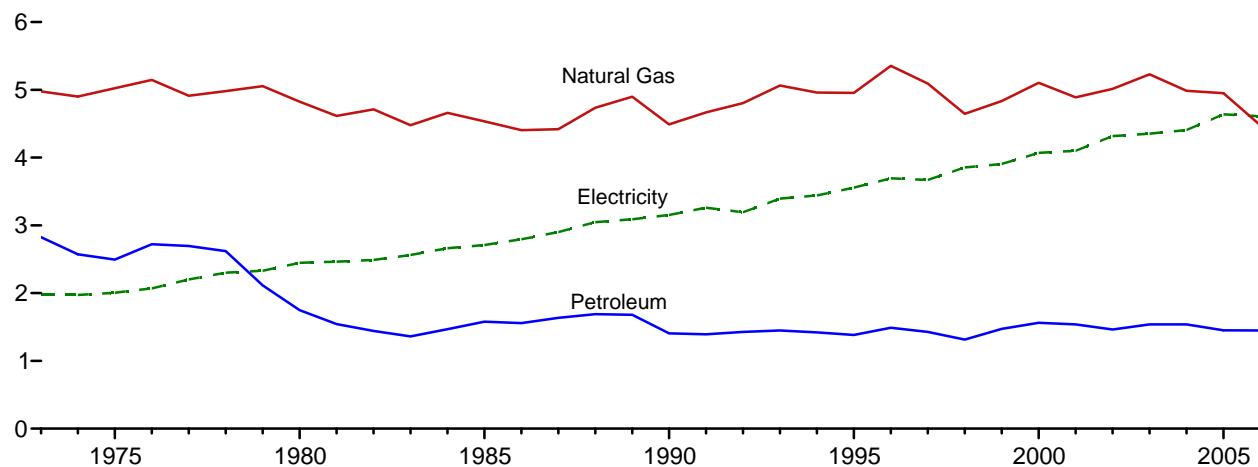
Notes: • See Note 1, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7. • See Note 1, "Energy Consumption Data and Surveys," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

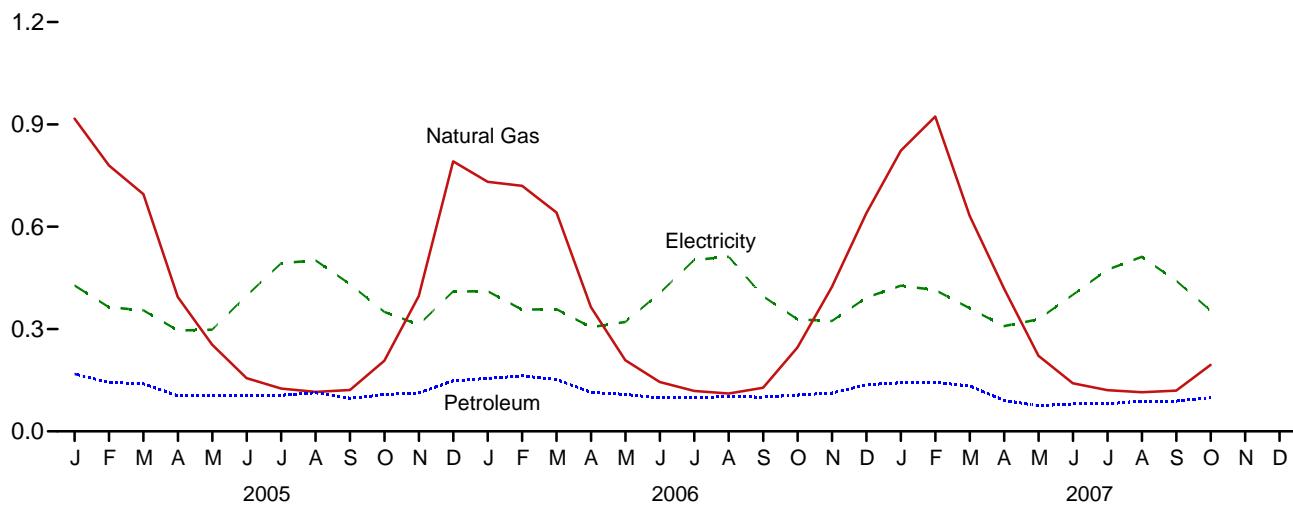
Sources: Tables 1.3 and 2.2-2.6.

Figure 2.2 Residential Sector Energy Consumption
(Quadrillion Btu)

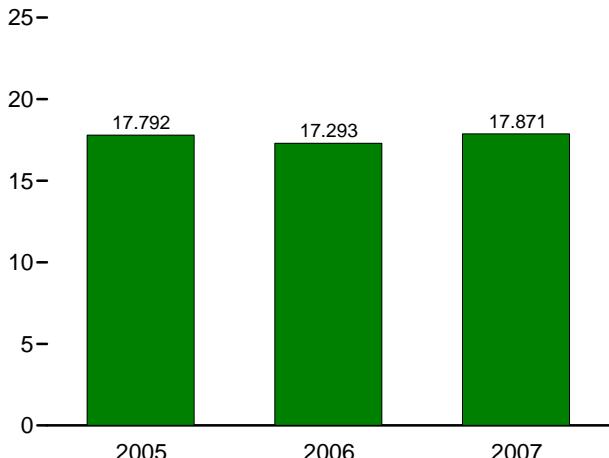
By Major Sources, 1973-2006



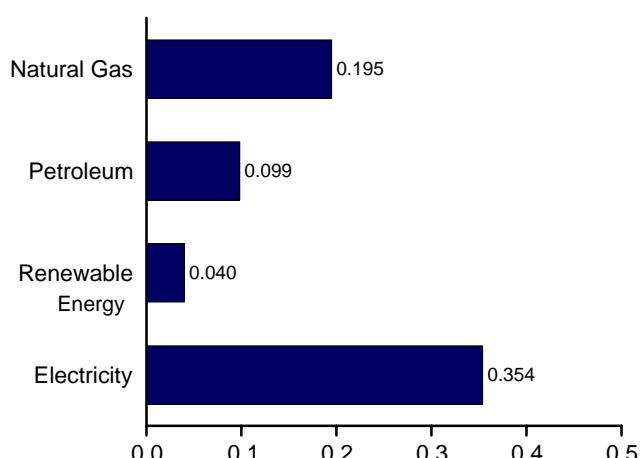
By Major Sources, Monthly



Total, January-October



By Major Sources, October 2007



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html>.

Source: Table 2.2.

Table 2.2 Residential Sector Energy Consumption
(Trillion Btu)

| | Primary Consumption ^a | | | | | | | | Total Primary | Electricity Retail Sales ^d | Electrical System Energy Losses ^e | Total | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Fossil Fuels | | | | Renewable Energy ^b | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Coal | Natural Gas ^c | Petro-leum | Total | Geo-thermal | Solar/PV | Bio-mass | Total | | | | | | | | |
| 1973 Total | 94 | 4,977 | 2,825 | 7,896 | NA | NA | 354 | 354 | 8,250 | 1,976 | 4,703 | 14,930 | | | | |
| 1975 Total | 63 | 5,023 | 2,495 | 7,580 | NA | NA | 425 | 425 | 8,006 | 2,007 | 4,829 | 14,842 | | | | |
| 1980 Total | 31 | 4,825 | 1,748 | 6,603 | NA | NA | 850 | 850 | 7,453 | 2,448 | 5,885 | 15,787 | | | | |
| 1985 Total | 39 | 4,534 | 1,578 | 6,151 | NA | NA | 1,010 | 1,010 | 7,161 | 2,709 | 6,219 | 16,088 | | | | |
| 1990 Total | 31 | 4,491 | 1,407 | 5,929 | 6 | 56 | 580 | 641 | 6,570 | 3,153 | 7,291 | 17,015 | | | | |
| 1995 Total | 17 | 4,954 | 1,383 | 6,355 | 7 | 65 | 520 | 591 | 6,946 | 3,557 | 8,075 | 18,578 | | | | |
| 1996 Total | 17 | 5,354 | 1,488 | 6,859 | 7 | 65 | 540 | 612 | 7,471 | 3,694 | 8,397 | 19,562 | | | | |
| 1997 Total | 16 | 5,093 | 1,428 | 6,537 | 8 | 65 | 430 | 503 | 7,040 | 3,671 | 8,315 | 19,026 | | | | |
| 1998 Total | 12 | 4,646 | 1,314 | 5,971 | 8 | 65 | 380 | 452 | 6,424 | 3,856 | 8,741 | 19,021 | | | | |
| 1999 Total | 14 | 4,835 | 1,473 | 6,322 | 9 | 64 | 390 | 462 | 6,784 | 3,906 | 8,931 | 19,621 | | | | |
| 2000 Total | 11 | 5,105 | 1,563 | 6,679 | 9 | 61 | 420 | 490 | 7,169 | 4,069 | 9,250 | 20,488 | | | | |
| 2001 Total | 12 | 4,889 | 1,539 | 6,440 | 9 | 60 | 370 | 439 | 6,879 | 4,100 | 9,127 | 20,106 | | | | |
| 2002 Total | 12 | 5,014 | 1,463 | 6,489 | 10 | 59 | 380 | 449 | 6,938 | 4,317 | 9,619 | 20,874 | | | | |
| 2003 Total | 12 | 5,230 | 1,539 | 6,781 | 13 | 58 | 400 | 471 | 7,252 | 4,353 | 9,603 | 21,208 | | | | |
| 2004 Total | 13 | 4,986 | 1,539 | 6,538 | 14 | 59 | 410 | 483 | 7,020 | 4,408 | 9,750 | 21,179 | | | | |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 1 | 917 | 168 | 1,086 | 1 | 5 | 35 | 41 | 1,127 | 427 | 948 | 2,503 | | | | |
| February | 1 | 779 | 143 | 924 | 1 | 5 | 31 | 37 | 961 | 364 | 756 | 2,081 | | | | |
| March | 1 | 696 | 139 | 836 | 1 | 5 | 35 | 41 | 877 | 355 | 770 | 2,003 | | | | |
| April | 1 | 394 | 104 | 499 | 1 | 5 | 34 | 40 | 539 | 296 | 631 | 1,466 | | | | |
| May | 1 | 254 | 104 | 358 | 1 | 5 | 35 | 41 | 400 | 298 | 691 | 1,389 | | | | |
| June | 1 | 156 | 106 | 263 | 1 | 5 | 34 | 40 | 303 | 398 | 898 | 1,598 | | | | |
| July | 1 | 125 | 106 | 232 | 1 | 5 | 35 | 41 | 273 | 493 | 1,108 | 1,874 | | | | |
| August | 1 | 115 | 114 | 230 | 1 | 5 | 35 | 41 | 271 | 501 | 1,099 | 1,871 | | | | |
| September | 1 | 121 | 97 | 219 | 1 | 5 | 34 | 40 | 259 | 432 | 882 | 1,572 | | | | |
| October | 1 | 207 | 108 | 315 | 1 | 5 | 35 | 41 | 357 | 350 | 727 | 1,435 | | | | |
| November | 1 | 397 | 113 | 510 | 1 | 5 | 34 | 40 | 550 | 313 | 692 | 1,556 | | | | |
| December | 1 | 791 | 148 | 941 | 1 | 5 | 35 | 41 | 982 | 410 | 935 | 2,327 | | | | |
| Total | 9 | 4,951 | 1,450 | 6,411 | 16 | 61 | 410 | 487 | 6,897 | 4,638 | 10,139 | 21,674 | | | | |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 1 | 732 | 155 | 887 | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | 927 | 411 | 868 | 2,206 | | | | |
| February | 1 | 720 | 163 | 883 | 1 | 5 | 30 | 36 | 920 | 357 | 758 | 2,034 | | | | |
| March | 1 | 641 | 152 | 794 | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | 834 | 358 | 763 | 1,956 | | | | |
| April | (s) | 364 | 115 | 480 | 2 | 5 | 32 | 39 | 519 | 305 | 659 | 1,483 | | | | |
| May | (s) | 209 | 108 | 317 | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | 357 | 321 | 730 | 1,408 | | | | |
| June | (s) | 145 | 98 | 243 | 2 | 5 | 32 | 39 | 282 | 405 | 900 | 1,587 | | | | |
| July | (s) | 118 | 100 | 219 | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | 259 | 503 | 1,119 | 1,881 | | | | |
| August | (s) | 111 | 101 | 213 | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | 253 | 512 | 1,100 | 1,865 | | | | |
| September | (s) | 128 | 100 | 229 | 2 | 5 | 32 | 39 | 268 | 396 | 786 | 1,450 | | | | |
| October | 1 | 246 | 106 | 353 | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | 393 | 328 | 701 | 1,422 | | | | |
| November | 1 | 423 | 112 | 536 | 2 | 5 | 32 | 39 | 575 | 324 | 710 | 1,609 | | | | |
| December | 1 | 639 | 137 | 776 | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | 817 | 392 | 871 | 2,080 | | | | |
| Total | 6 | 4,476 | 1,448 | 5,930 | 18 | 65 | 390 | 474 | 6,404 | 4,611 | 9,968 | 20,983 | | | | |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 1 | 823 | 142 | R 966 | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | 1,006 | 427 | 956 | R 2,390 | | | | |
| February | 1 | R 923 | 143 | R 1,067 | 1 | 5 | 30 | 36 | 1,103 | 414 | 863 | 2,380 | | | | |
| March | 1 | R 632 | 133 | R 766 | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | R 806 | 361 | 771 | R 1,939 | | | | |
| April | (s) | R 419 | 90 | 509 | 2 | 5 | 32 | 39 | 548 | 308 | 669 | R 1,526 | | | | |
| May | (s) | 221 | 75 | 297 | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | 337 | 329 | 738 | 1,404 | | | | |
| June | (s) | 141 | 81 | 222 | 2 | 5 | 32 | 39 | 261 | 400 | R 891 | R 1,552 | | | | |
| July | (s) | 121 | 81 | 202 | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | 242 | 474 | R 1,048 | R 1,764 | | | | |
| August | (s) | 115 | 89 | 204 | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | 244 | 512 | 1,160 | 1,916 | | | | |
| September | (s) | 119 | 89 | 209 | 2 | 5 | 32 | 39 | 248 | 442 | 885 | 1,575 | | | | |
| October | (s) | 195 | 99 | 294 | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | 334 | 354 | 738 | 1,426 | | | | |
| 10-Month Total ... | 5 | 3,709 | 1,022 | 4,736 | 15 | 54 | 325 | 394 | 5,131 | 4,022 | 8,719 | 17,871 | | | | |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 5 | 3,414 | 1,199 | 4,618 | 15 | 54 | 325 | 394 | 5,012 | 3,896 | 8,385 | 17,293 | | | | |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 7 | 3,764 | 1,189 | 4,961 | 13 | 50 | 341 | 405 | 5,366 | 3,915 | 8,511 | 17,792 | | | | |

^a See Note 2, "Primary Energy Consumption," at end of Section 1.

^b Data are estimates. See Table 10.2a for notes on series components.

^c Natural gas only; excludes the estimated portion of supplemental gaseous fuels. See Note 3, "Supplemental Gaseous Fuels," at end of Section 4.

^d Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.

^e Total losses are calculated as the primary energy consumed by the electric power sector minus the energy content of electricity retail sales. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total

electricity retail sales. See Note 2, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of section.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • See Note 1, "Energy Consumption Data and Surveys," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

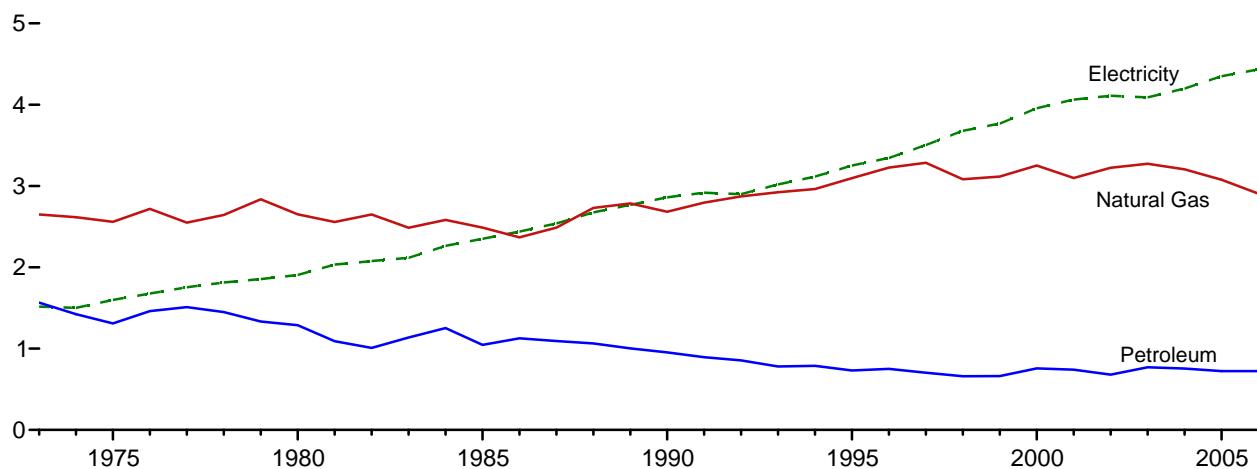
• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

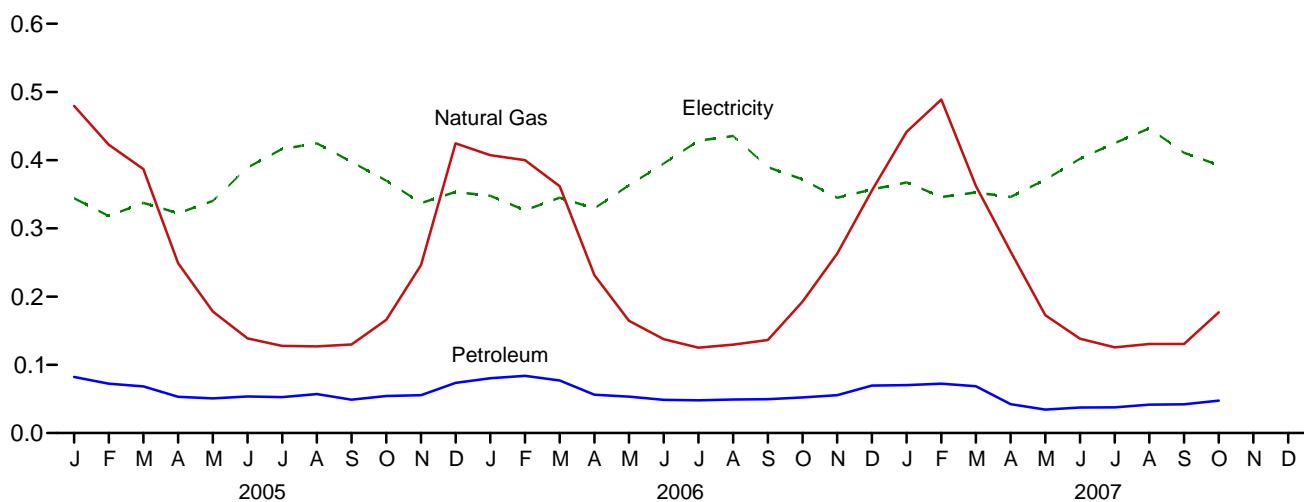
Sources: Tables 2.6, 3.8a, 4.3, 6.2, 7.6, 10.2a, A4, A5, and A6.

Figure 2.3 Commercial Sector Energy Consumption
(Quadrillion Btu)

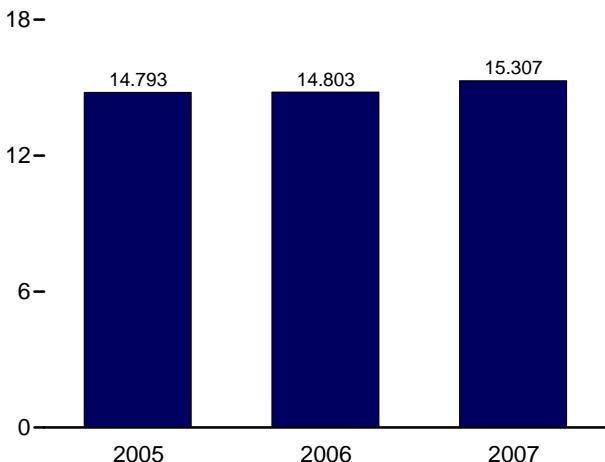
By Major Sources, 1973-2006



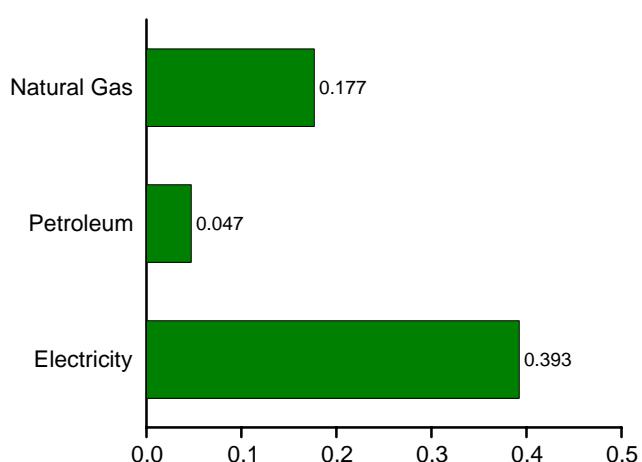
By Major Sources, Monthly



Total, January-October



By Major Sources, October 2007



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.
Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html>.
Source: Table 2.3.

Table 2.3 Commercial Sector Energy Consumption
(Trillion Btu)

| | Primary Consumption ^a | | | | | | | | Electricity Retail Sales ^f | Electrical System Energy Losses ^g | Total | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|--|-----------------|--------------|------------|---|---|--------------|---------------|--|--|
| | Fossil Fuels | | | | Renewable Energy ^b | | | | | | | | | |
| | Coal | Natural Gas ^c | Petro- leum ^d | Total | Hydro- electric Power ^e | Geo- thermal | Bio- mass | Total | | | | | | |
| 1973 Total | 160 | 2,649 | 1,565 | 4,374 | NA | NA | 7 | 7 | 4,381 | 1,517 | 3,609 | 9,507 | | |
| 1975 Total | 147 | 2,558 | 1,310 | 4,015 | NA | NA | 8 | 8 | 4,023 | 1,598 | 3,845 | 9,466 | | |
| 1980 Total | 115 | 2,651 | 1,287 | 4,053 | NA | NA | 21 | 21 | 4,074 | 1,906 | 4,582 | 10,563 | | |
| 1985 Total | 137 | 2,488 | 1,045 | 3,670 | NA | NA | 24 | 24 | 3,695 | 2,351 | 5,398 | 11,444 | | |
| 1990 Total | 124 | 2,682 | 953 | 3,760 | 1 | 3 | 94 | 98 | 3,858 | 2,860 | 6,615 | 13,333 | | |
| 1995 Total | 117 | 3,096 | 732 | 3,945 | 1 | 5 | 113 | 118 | 4,063 | 3,252 | 7,382 | 14,698 | | |
| 1996 Total | 122 | 3,226 | 751 | 4,099 | 1 | 5 | 129 | 135 | 4,235 | 3,344 | 7,603 | 15,181 | | |
| 1997 Total | 129 | 3,285 | 704 | 4,118 | 1 | 6 | 131 | 138 | 4,257 | 3,503 | 7,935 | 15,694 | | |
| 1998 Total | 93 | 3,083 | 661 | 3,837 | 1 | 7 | 118 | 127 | 3,964 | 3,678 | 8,338 | 15,979 | | |
| 1999 Total | 103 | 3,115 | 661 | 3,879 | 1 | 7 | 121 | 129 | 4,007 | 3,766 | 8,610 | 16,384 | | |
| 2000 Total | 92 | 3,252 | 756 | 4,099 | 1 | 8 | 119 | 128 | 4,227 | 3,956 | 8,993 | 17,176 | | |
| 2001 Total | 97 | 3,097 | 741 | 3,935 | 1 | 8 | 92 | 101 | 4,036 | 4,062 | 9,043 | 17,141 | | |
| 2002 Total | 90 | 3,225 | 680 | 3,995 | (s) | 9 | 95 | 104 | 4,099 | 4,110 | 9,158 | 17,367 | | |
| 2003 Total | 82 | 3,274 | 770 | 4,126 | 1 | 11 | 101 | 113 | 4,239 | 4,090 | 9,023 | 17,351 | | |
| 2004 Total | 102 | 3,204 | 755 | 4,061 | 1 | 12 | 105 | 118 | 4,179 | 4,198 | 9,286 | 17,663 | | |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 10 | 479 | 82 | 572 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 582 | 344 | 763 | 1,690 | | |
| February | 9 | 423 | 72 | 504 | (s) | 1 | 8 | 9 | 514 | 318 | 661 | 1,493 | | |
| March | 9 | 387 | 68 | 465 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 475 | 338 | 732 | 1,545 | | |
| April | 6 | 249 | 53 | 308 | (s) | 1 | 8 | 10 | 318 | 322 | 687 | 1,327 | | |
| May | 6 | 178 | 51 | 235 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 245 | 340 | 789 | 1,374 | | |
| June | 7 | 139 | 54 | 200 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 210 | 389 | 878 | 1,477 | | |
| July | 7 | 128 | 53 | 187 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 197 | 416 | 936 | 1,550 | | |
| August | 7 | 127 | 57 | 191 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 201 | 425 | 931 | 1,556 | | |
| September | 6 | 130 | 49 | 185 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 195 | 398 | 812 | 1,404 | | |
| October | 8 | 166 | 54 | 229 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 238 | 370 | 768 | 1,377 | | |
| November | 9 | 246 | 56 | 311 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 321 | 337 | 746 | 1,404 | | |
| December | 11 | 425 | 74 | 509 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 520 | 353 | 805 | 1,678 | | |
| Total | 96 | 3,076 | 723 | 3,895 | 1 | 14 | 105 | 119 | 4,014 | 4,351 | 9,511 | 17,876 | | |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 7 | 407 | 80 | 495 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 505 | 348 | 735 | 1,587 | | |
| February | 6 | 400 | 84 | 490 | (s) | 1 | 8 | 9 | 500 | 327 | 694 | 1,520 | | |
| March | 6 | 362 | 77 | 445 | (s) | 1 | 8 | 10 | 455 | 345 | 736 | 1,535 | | |
| April | 4 | 231 | 56 | 292 | (s) | 1 | 8 | 10 | 302 | 329 | 712 | 1,343 | | |
| May | 4 | 165 | 53 | 222 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 233 | 363 | 827 | 1,422 | | |
| June | 5 | 138 | 49 | 191 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 201 | 395 | 877 | 1,472 | | |
| July | 5 | 125 | 48 | 178 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 188 | 428 | 954 | 1,569 | | |
| August | 5 | 130 | 49 | 183 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 193 | 436 | 936 | 1,565 | | |
| September | 4 | 136 | 50 | 190 | (s) | 1 | 8 | 10 | 199 | 390 | 774 | 1,363 | | |
| October | 6 | 192 | 52 | 250 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 260 | 372 | 793 | 1,425 | | |
| November | 6 | 263 | 55 | 325 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 334 | 345 | 757 | 1,436 | | |
| December | 7 | 355 | 70 | 432 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 443 | 357 | 794 | 1,594 | | |
| Total | 65 | 2,905 | 724 | 3,693 | 1 | 14 | 103 | 118 | 3,810 | 4,435 | 9,586 | 17,831 | | |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 7 | R 442 | 70 | R 519 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | R 529 | 367 | 823 | R 1,719 | | |
| February | 7 | R 489 | 72 | R 568 | (s) | 1 | 8 | 9 | R 577 | 346 | 721 | R 1,644 | | |
| March | 6 | 362 | 69 | R 437 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 447 | 353 | 754 | R 1,554 | | |
| April | 4 | 266 | 42 | R 313 | (s) | 1 | 8 | 9 | 322 | 346 | 751 | R 1,419 | | |
| May | 4 | R 173 | 34 | R 212 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 221 | 371 | 834 | R 1,427 | | |
| June | 4 | 138 | 37 | 180 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | R 190 | 402 | R 895 | R 1,487 | | |
| July | 4 | R 126 | 38 | R 168 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 178 | 425 | R 940 | R 1,543 | | |
| August | 5 | 130 | 42 | R 177 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | R 187 | 447 | 1,012 | R 1,646 | | |
| September | 4 | R 131 | 42 | 177 | (s) | 1 | 8 | 10 | 186 | 411 | 823 | 1,420 | | |
| October | 4 | 177 | 47 | 228 | (s) | 1 | 9 | 10 | 238 | 393 | 818 | 1,449 | | |
| 10-Month Total ... | 49 | 2,433 | 494 | 2,977 | 1 | 12 | 86 | 99 | 3,076 | 3,861 | 8,370 | 15,307 | | |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 51 | 2,287 | 599 | 2,936 | 1 | 12 | 85 | 98 | 3,034 | 3,733 | 8,037 | 14,803 | | |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 75 | 2,406 | 593 | 3,075 | 1 | 11 | 87 | 99 | 3,174 | 3,660 | 7,958 | 14,793 | | |

^a See Note 2, "Primary Energy Consumption," at end of Section 1.

^b Most data are estimates. See Table 10.2a for notes on series components and estimation.

^c Natural gas only; excludes the estimated portion of supplemental gaseous fuels. See Note 3, "Supplemental Gaseous Fuels," at end of Section 4.

^d Does not include the fuel ethanol portion of motor gasoline—fuel ethanol is included in "Biomass."

^e Conventional hydroelectric power.

^f Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.

^g Total losses are calculated as the primary energy consumed by the electric power sector minus the energy content of electricity retail sales. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total

electricity retail sales. See Note 2, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of section.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

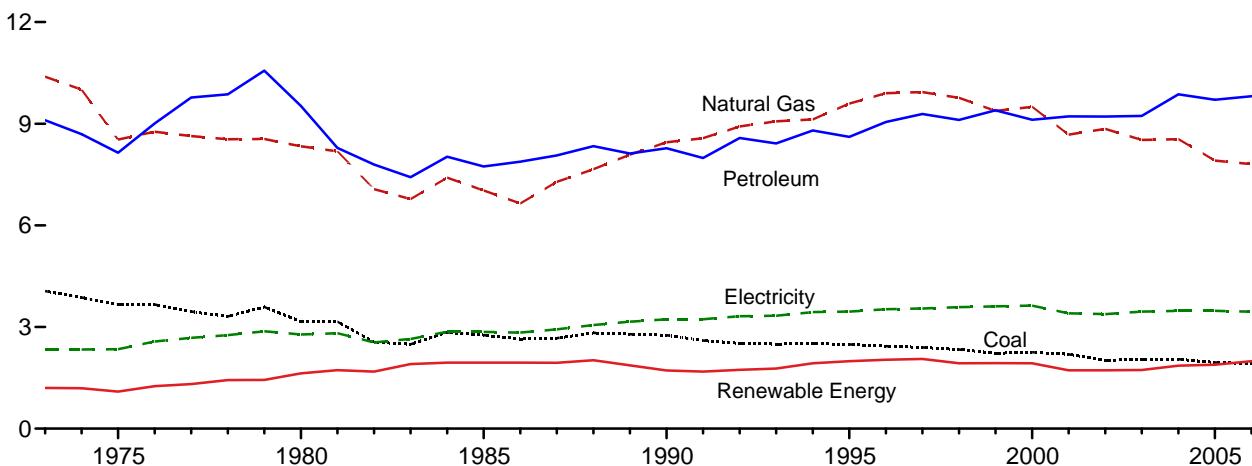
Notes: • The commercial sector includes commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants. See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7. • See Note 1, "Energy Consumption Data and Surveys," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

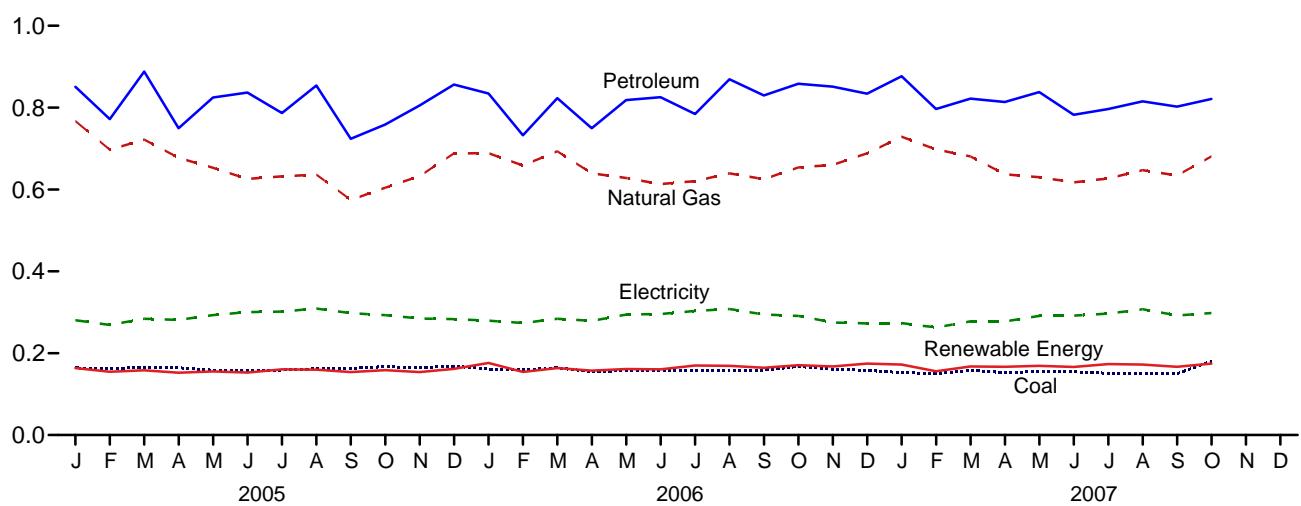
Sources: Tables 2.6, 3.8a, 4.3, 6.2, 7.6, 10.2a, A4, A5, and A6.

Figure 2.4 Industrial Sector Energy Consumption
(Quadrillion Btu)

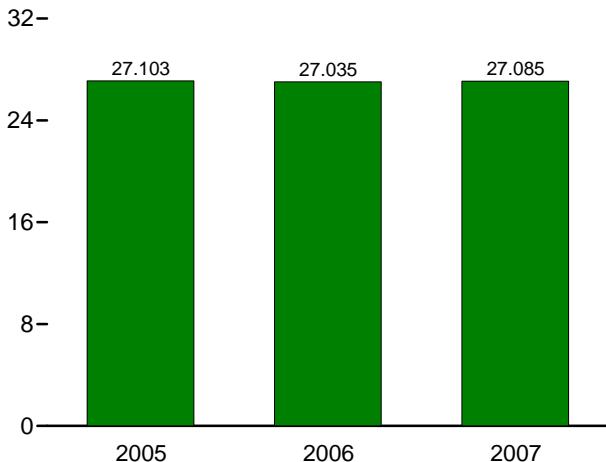
By Major Sources, 1973-2006



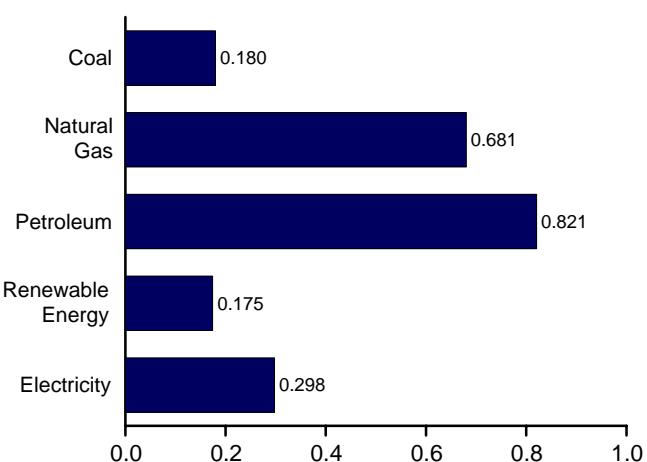
By Major Sources, Monthly



Total, January-October



By Major Sources, October 2007



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.
Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html>.
Source: Table 2.4.

Table 2.4 Industrial Sector Energy Consumption
(Trillion Btu)

| | Primary Consumption ^a | | | | | | | | Electricity Retail Sales ^g | Electrical System Energy Losses ^h | Total ^e | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------|--------------|--------------|---|---|--------------------|---------------|--|--|
| | Fossil Fuels | | | | Renewable Energy ^b | | | | | | | | | |
| | Coal | Natural Gas ^c | Petro- leum ^d | Total ^e | Hydro- electric Power ^f | Geo- thermal | Bio- mass | Total | | | | | | |
| 1973 Total | 4,057 | 10,388 | 9,104 | 23,541 | 35 | NA | 1,165 | 1,200 | 24,741 | 2,341 | 5,571 | 32,653 | | |
| 1975 Total | 3,667 | 8,532 | 8,146 | 20,359 | 32 | NA | 1,063 | 1,096 | 21,454 | 2,346 | 5,647 | 29,447 | | |
| 1980 Total | 3,155 | 8,333 | 9,525 | 20,977 | 33 | NA | 1,600 | 1,633 | 22,610 | 2,781 | 6,686 | 32,077 | | |
| 1985 Total | 2,760 | 7,032 | 7,738 | 17,516 | 33 | NA | 1,917 | 1,950 | 19,466 | 2,855 | 6,554 | 28,875 | | |
| 1990 Total | 2,756 | 8,451 | 8,278 | 19,490 | 31 | 2 | 1,683 | 1,716 | 21,206 | 3,226 | 7,461 | 31,894 | | |
| 1995 Total | 2,488 | 9,592 | 8,613 | 20,754 | 55 | 3 | 1,935 | 1,992 | 22,746 | 3,455 | 7,844 | 34,045 | | |
| 1996 Total | 2,434 | 9,901 | 9,052 | 21,410 | 61 | 3 | 1,970 | 2,033 | 23,444 | 3,527 | 8,018 | 34,989 | | |
| 1997 Total | 2,395 | 9,933 | 9,289 | 21,663 | 58 | 3 | 1,997 | 2,058 | 23,721 | 3,542 | 8,024 | 35,288 | | |
| 1998 Total | 2,335 | 9,763 | 9,114 | 21,280 | 55 | 3 | 1,873 | 1,931 | 23,211 | 3,587 | 8,131 | 34,928 | | |
| 1999 Total | 2,227 | 9,375 | 9,395 | 21,054 | 49 | 4 | 1,883 | 1,936 | 22,991 | 3,611 | 8,254 | 34,855 | | |
| 2000 Total | 2,256 | 9,500 | 9,119 | 20,941 | 42 | 4 | 1,884 | 1,930 | 22,871 | 3,631 | 8,256 | 34,758 | | |
| 2001 Total | 2,192 | 8,676 | 9,217 | 20,115 | 33 | 5 | 1,684 | 1,721 | 21,836 | 3,400 | 7,570 | 32,806 | | |
| 2002 Total | 2,019 | 8,845 | 9,209 | 20,135 | 39 | 5 | 1,679 | 1,723 | 21,857 | 3,379 | 7,528 | 32,765 | | |
| 2003 Total | 2,041 | 8,521 | 9,232 | 19,845 | 43 | 3 | 1,684 | 1,731 | 21,576 | 3,454 | 7,620 | 32,650 | | |
| 2004 Total | 2,047 | 8,544 | 9,865 | 20,594 | 33 | 4 | 1,824 | 1,861 | 22,455 | 3,473 | 7,682 | 33,609 | | |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 164 | 767 | 851 | 1,793 | 3 | (s) | 160 | 164 | 1,957 | 281 | 623 | 2,860 | | |
| February | 162 | 697 | 772 | 1,644 | 3 | (s) | 152 | 155 | 1,799 | 269 | 560 | 2,628 | | |
| March | 166 | 722 | 888 | 1,785 | 3 | (s) | 155 | 158 | 1,943 | 284 | 616 | 2,843 | | |
| April | 164 | 677 | 749 | 1,597 | 3 | (s) | 149 | 152 | 1,749 | 281 | 600 | 2,630 | | |
| May | 158 | 653 | 825 | 1,641 | 3 | (s) | 152 | 155 | 1,796 | 293 | 679 | 2,768 | | |
| June | 157 | 626 | 837 | 1,620 | 3 | (s) | 149 | 153 | 1,773 | 300 | 677 | 2,751 | | |
| July | 158 | 632 | 787 | 1,583 | 3 | (s) | 157 | 160 | 1,743 | 302 | 678 | 2,722 | | |
| August | 162 | 636 | 854 | 1,649 | 2 | (s) | 157 | 160 | 1,809 | 309 | 677 | 2,795 | | |
| September | 163 | 574 | 724 | 1,458 | 2 | (s) | 151 | 154 | 1,612 | 298 | 608 | 2,518 | | |
| October | 167 | 604 | 759 | 1,529 | 2 | (s) | 156 | 158 | 1,687 | 293 | 608 | 2,589 | | |
| November | 164 | 633 | 805 | 1,603 | 2 | (s) | 151 | 154 | 1,757 | 285 | 631 | 2,673 | | |
| December | 168 | 688 | 856 | 1,713 | 3 | (s) | 158 | 162 | 1,875 | 283 | 645 | 2,803 | | |
| Total | 1,954 | 7,911 | 9,706 | 19,616 | 32 | 4 | 1,848 | 1,885 | 21,500 | 3,477 | 7,602 | 32,580 | | |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 161 | 689 | 834 | 1,687 | 4 | (s) | 172 | 176 | 1,863 | 279 | 590 | 2,732 | | |
| February | 159 | 658 | 732 | 1,554 | 3 | (s) | 151 | 154 | 1,708 | 274 | 582 | 2,564 | | |
| March | 164 | 693 | 823 | 1,687 | 2 | (s) | 161 | 163 | 1,851 | 284 | 606 | 2,741 | | |
| April | 155 | 639 | 750 | 1,547 | 2 | (s) | 155 | 157 | 1,704 | 279 | 603 | 2,585 | | |
| May | 157 | 628 | 818 | 1,607 | 2 | (s) | 159 | 161 | 1,768 | 294 | 669 | 2,732 | | |
| June | 157 | 613 | 825 | 1,601 | 2 | (s) | 158 | 160 | 1,762 | 296 | 656 | 2,713 | | |
| July | 158 | 620 | 784 | 1,566 | 2 | (s) | 167 | 170 | 1,736 | 303 | 675 | 2,715 | | |
| August | 158 | 639 | 869 | 1,669 | 2 | (s) | 167 | 169 | 1,838 | 308 | 662 | 2,808 | | |
| September | 158 | 625 | 830 | 1,627 | 2 | (s) | 162 | 165 | 1,791 | 295 | 585 | 2,671 | | |
| October | 168 | 654 | 858 | 1,692 | 3 | (s) | 167 | 171 | 1,863 | 291 | 621 | 2,775 | | |
| November | 161 | 660 | 851 | 1,673 | 4 | (s) | 164 | 167 | 1,841 | 275 | 604 | 2,719 | | |
| December | 158 | 688 | 834 | 1,683 | 3 | (s) | 171 | 174 | 1,857 | 273 | 606 | 2,736 | | |
| Total | 1,914 | 7,808 | 9,810 | 19,593 | 29 | 4 | 1,956 | 1,989 | 21,582 | 3,451 | 7,459 | 32,491 | | |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 153 | 729 | 877 | 1,762 | 4 | (s) | 168 | 172 | 1,934 | 273 | 612 | 2,819 | | |
| February | 150 | 697 | 797 | 1,645 | 2 | (s) | 153 | 156 | 1,801 | 263 | 547 | 2,611 | | |
| March | 158 | 681 | 822 | 1,659 | 2 | (s) | 165 | 168 | 1,827 | 278 | 593 | 2,698 | | |
| April | 153 | 637 | 814 | 1,605 | 2 | (s) | 165 | 167 | 1,772 | 277 | 602 | 2,651 | | |
| May | 155 | R 630 | 838 | R 1,626 | 2 | (s) | 167 | 169 | R 1,795 | 291 | 653 | R 2,739 | | |
| June | 155 | 617 | 782 | 1,560 | 2 | (s) | 164 | 166 | 1,726 | 292 | R 650 | R 2,668 | | |
| July | 151 | 627 | 796 | 1,573 | 1 | (s) | 172 | 173 | 1,747 | 296 | R 655 | R 2,698 | | |
| August | 150 | 647 | 815 | 1,615 | 2 | (s) | 170 | 172 | 1,787 | 308 | 697 | 2,792 | | |
| September | 150 | 634 | 803 | 1,590 | 1 | (s) | 165 | 167 | R 1,756 | 292 | 586 | 2,634 | | |
| October | 180 | 681 | 821 | 1,682 | 1 | (s) | 173 | 175 | 1,857 | 298 | 621 | 2,775 | | |
| 10-Month Total ... | 1,554 | 6,581 | 8,165 | 16,316 | 20 | 4 | 1,661 | 1,685 | 18,001 | 2,868 | 6,216 | 27,085 | | |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 1,596 | 6,460 | 8,124 | 16,237 | 23 | 4 | 1,621 | 1,647 | 17,884 | 2,903 | 6,249 | 27,035 | | |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 1,622 | 6,590 | 8,045 | 16,299 | 27 | 4 | 1,539 | 1,569 | 17,868 | 2,909 | 6,326 | 27,103 | | |

^a See Note 2, "Primary Energy Consumption," at end of Section 1.

^b Most data are estimates. See Table 10.2b for notes on series components and estimation.

^c Natural gas only; excludes the estimated portion of supplemental gaseous fuels. See Note 3, "Supplemental Gaseous Fuels," at end of Section 4.

^d Does not include the fuel ethanol portion of motor gasoline—fuel ethanol is included in "Biomass."

^e Includes coal coke net imports, which are not separately displayed. See Tables 1.4a and 1.4b.

^f Conventional hydroelectric power.

^g Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.

^h Total losses are calculated as the primary energy consumed by the electric power sector minus the energy content of electricity retail sales. Total losses are

allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity retail sales. See Note 2, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of section.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

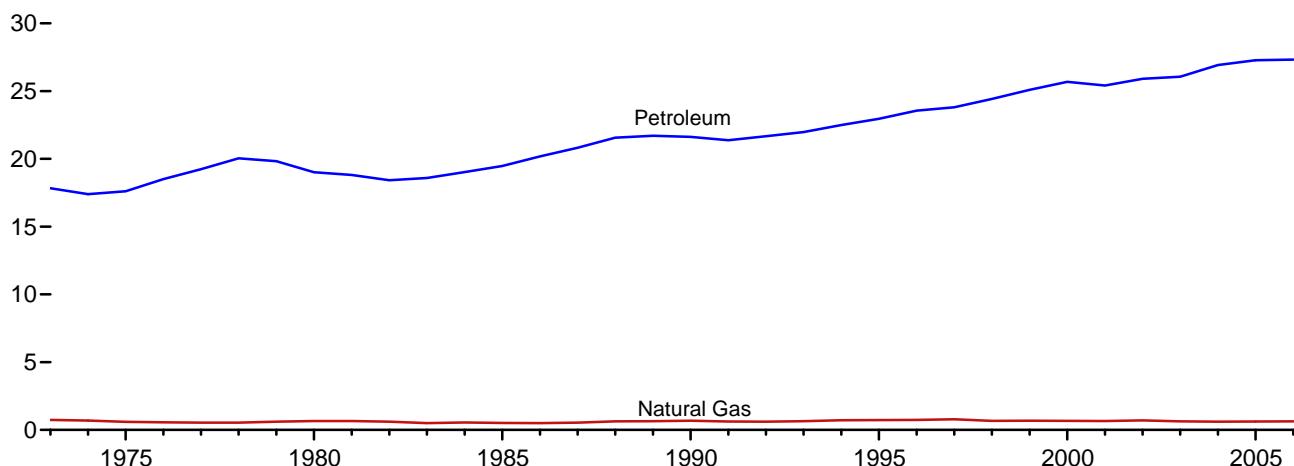
Notes: • The industrial sector includes industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants. See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7. • See Note 1, "Energy Consumption Data and Surveys," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

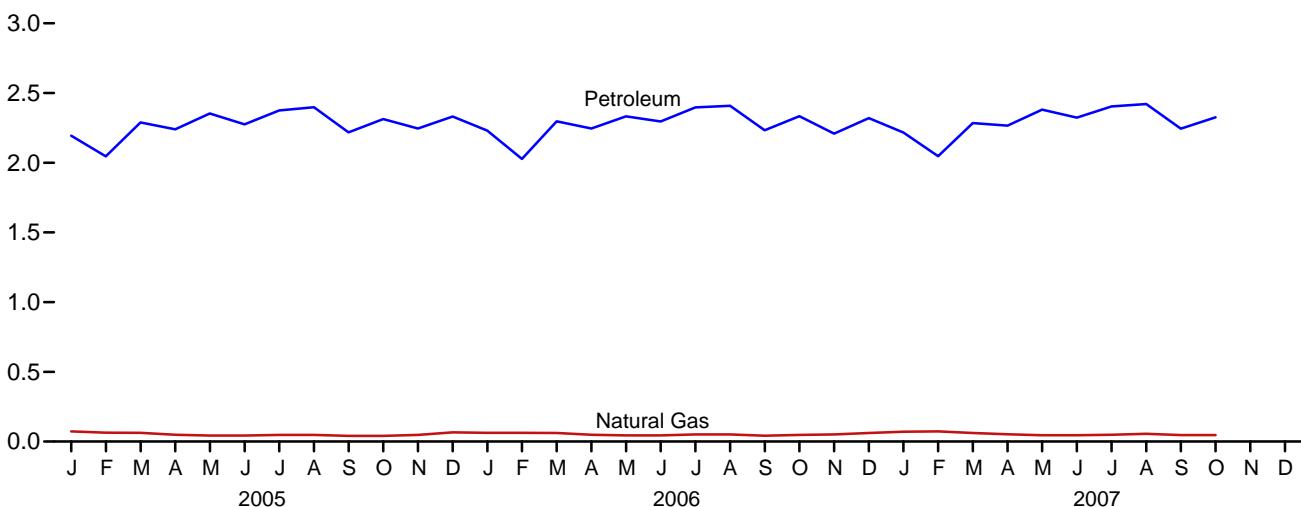
Sources: Tables 1.4a, 1.4b, 2.6, 3.8b, 4.3, 6.2, 7.6, 10.2b, A4, A5, and A6.

Figure 2.5 Transportation Sector Energy Consumption
(Quadrillion Btu)

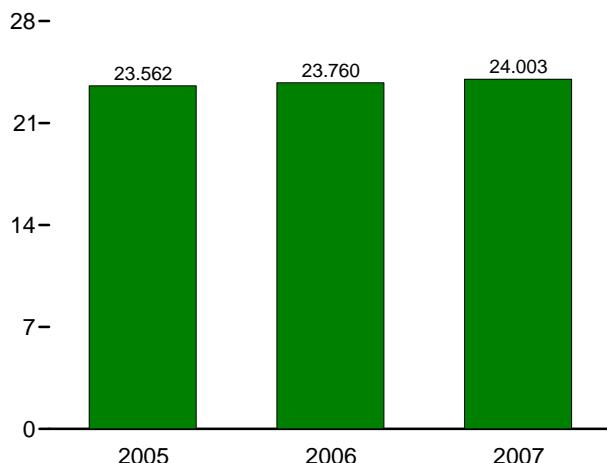
By Major Sources, 1973-2006



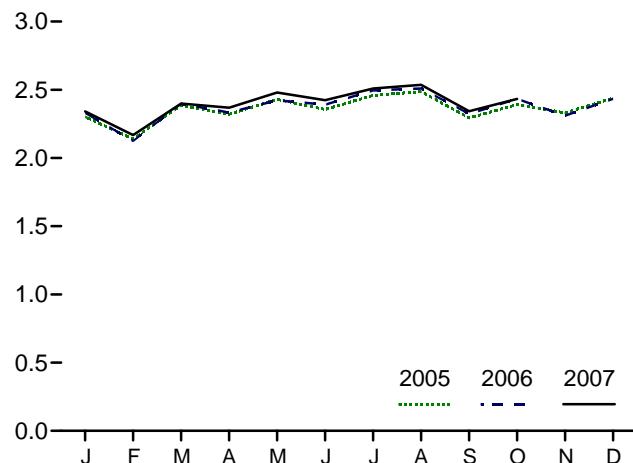
By Major Sources, Monthly



Total, January-October



Total, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html>.

Source: Table 2.5.

Table 2.5 Transportation Sector Energy Consumption
(Trillion Btu)

| | Primary Consumption ^a | | | | | Total Primary | Electricity Retail Sales ^e | Electrical System Energy Losses ^f | Total | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| | Fossil Fuels | | | | Renewable Energy ^b | | | | | | | |
| | Coal | Natural Gas ^c | Petroleum ^d | Total | Biomass | | | | | | | |
| 1973 Total | 3 | 743 | 17,831 | 18,576 | NA | 18,576 | 11 | 25 | 18,612 | | | |
| 1975 Total | 1 | 595 | 17,614 | 18,209 | NA | 18,209 | 10 | 24 | 18,244 | | | |
| 1980 Total | (9) | 650 | 19,009 | 19,658 | NA | 19,658 | 11 | 27 | 19,696 | | | |
| 1985 Total | (9) | 519 | 19,471 | 19,990 | 51 | 20,041 | 14 | 32 | 20,087 | | | |
| 1990 Total | (9) | 680 | 21,625 | 22,305 | 62 | 22,366 | 16 | 37 | 22,420 | | | |
| 1995 Total | (9) | 724 | 22,954 | 23,678 | 115 | 23,793 | 17 | 39 | 23,849 | | | |
| 1996 Total | (9) | 737 | 23,565 | 24,302 | 82 | 24,384 | 17 | 38 | 24,439 | | | |
| 1997 Total | (9) | 780 | 23,813 | 24,593 | 104 | 24,697 | 17 | 38 | 24,752 | | | |
| 1998 Total | (9) | 666 | 24,422 | 25,088 | 115 | 25,203 | 17 | 38 | 25,258 | | | |
| 1999 Total | (9) | 675 | 25,098 | 25,774 | 120 | 25,894 | 17 | 40 | 25,951 | | | |
| 2000 Total | (9) | 672 | 25,682 | 26,354 | 138 | 26,491 | 18 | 42 | 26,552 | | | |
| 2001 Total | (9) | 658 | 25,413 | 26,071 | 145 | 26,215 | 20 | 43 | 26,278 | | | |
| 2002 Total | (9) | 702 | 25,913 | 26,615 | 172 | 26,787 | 19 | 42 | 26,848 | | | |
| 2003 Total | (9) | 630 | 26,063 | 26,693 | 235 | 26,928 | 23 | 51 | 27,002 | | | |
| 2004 Total | (9) | 603 | 26,922 | 27,525 | 296 | 27,820 | 25 | 55 | 27,899 | | | |
| 2005 | January | (9) | 73 | 2,194 | 2,267 | 28 | 2,294 | 2 | 5 | 2,302 | | |
| | February | (9) | 64 | 2,045 | 2,109 | 24 | 2,133 | 2 | 5 | 2,140 | | |
| | March | (9) | 63 | 2,289 | 2,352 | 27 | 2,379 | 2 | 5 | 2,385 | | |
| | April | (9) | 49 | 2,240 | 2,289 | 25 | 2,314 | 2 | 4 | 2,320 | | |
| | May | (9) | 43 | 2,353 | 2,396 | 27 | 2,424 | 2 | 4 | 2,430 | | |
| | June | (9) | 43 | 2,276 | 2,319 | 29 | 2,348 | 2 | 5 | 2,355 | | |
| | July | (9) | 48 | 2,375 | 2,423 | 29 | 2,452 | 2 | 5 | 2,459 | | |
| | August | (9) | 48 | 2,399 | 2,447 | 31 | 2,478 | 2 | 5 | 2,485 | | |
| | September | (9) | 40 | 2,218 | 2,259 | 29 | 2,287 | 2 | 4 | 2,294 | | |
| | October | (9) | 41 | 2,314 | 2,354 | 31 | 2,385 | 2 | 4 | 2,392 | | |
| | November | (9) | 47 | 2,246 | 2,293 | 31 | 2,324 | 2 | 4 | 2,331 | | |
| | December | (9) | 66 | 2,332 | 2,398 | 34 | 2,431 | 2 | 5 | 2,439 | | |
| | Total | (9) | 625 | 27,280 | 27,904 | 345 | 28,250 | 26 | 56 | 28,331 | | |
| 2006 | January | (9) | 63 | 2,230 | 2,293 | 31 | 2,324 | 2 | 5 | 2,331 | | |
| | February | (9) | 62 | 2,027 | 2,089 | 29 | 2,118 | 2 | 4 | 2,124 | | |
| | March | (9) | 62 | 2,297 | 2,359 | 32 | 2,391 | 2 | 5 | 2,398 | | |
| | April | (9) | 49 | 2,245 | 2,294 | 33 | 2,327 | 2 | 4 | 2,333 | | |
| | May | (9) | 44 | 2,332 | 2,376 | 40 | 2,416 | 2 | 4 | 2,422 | | |
| | June | (9) | 45 | 2,296 | 2,340 | 44 | 2,384 | 2 | 5 | 2,391 | | |
| | July | (9) | 51 | 2,397 | 2,448 | 41 | 2,488 | 2 | 5 | 2,495 | | |
| | August | (9) | 51 | 2,409 | 2,459 | 43 | 2,502 | 2 | 5 | 2,509 | | |
| | September | (9) | 42 | 2,233 | 2,275 | 42 | 2,317 | 2 | 4 | 2,323 | | |
| | October | (9) | 47 | 2,334 | 2,382 | 45 | 2,427 | 2 | 4 | 2,433 | | |
| | November | (9) | 51 | 2,209 | 2,260 | 44 | 2,304 | 2 | 4 | 2,310 | | |
| | December | (9) | 61 | 2,319 | 2,381 | 46 | 2,427 | 2 | 5 | 2,434 | | |
| | Total | (9) | 626 | 27,329 | 27,955 | 469 | 28,425 | 25 | 54 | 28,504 | | |
| 2007 | January | (9) | 70 | 2,216 | 2,287 | 47 | 2,333 | 2 | 6 | 2,341 | | |
| | February | (9) | 73 | 2,047 | 2,120 | 42 | 2,161 | 2 | 5 | 2,168 | | |
| | March | (9) | 61 | 2,285 | 2,345 | 46 | 2,392 | 2 | 5 | 2,399 | | |
| | April | (9) | 52 | 2,266 | 2,318 | 44 | 2,362 | 2 | 4 | 2,369 | | |
| | May | (9) | 45 | 2,381 | 2,427 | 47 | 2,474 | 2 | 5 | 2,480 | | |
| | June | (9) | 45 | 2,324 | 2,369 | 48 | 2,417 | 2 | 5 | 2,424 | | |
| | July | (9) | 48 | 2,404 | 2,452 | 50 | 2,502 | 2 | 5 | 2,509 | | |
| | August | (9) | 56 | 2,421 | 2,477 | 52 | 2,529 | 2 | 5 | 2,536 | | |
| | September | (9) | R 46 | 2,244 | R 2,291 | 45 | R 2,336 | 2 | 4 | R 2,343 | | |
| | October | (9) | 47 | 2,326 | 2,373 | 54 | 2,427 | 2 | 4 | 2,433 | | |
| | 10-Month Total ... | (9) | 544 | 22,915 | 23,459 | 474 | 23,933 | 22 | 48 | 24,003 | | |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | (9) | 514 | 22,801 | 23,315 | 379 | 23,694 | 21 | 45 | 23,760 | | | |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | (9) | 511 | 22,702 | 23,214 | 280 | 23,494 | 21 | 46 | 23,562 | | | |

^a See Note 2, "Primary Energy Consumption," at end of Section 1.

^b Data are estimates. See Table 10.2b for notes on series components.

^c Natural gas only; does not include supplemental gaseous fuels. See Note 3, "Supplemental Gaseous Fuels," at end of Section 4.

^d Does not include the fuel ethanol portion of motor gasoline—fuel ethanol is included in "Biomass."

^e Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.

^f Total losses are calculated as the primary energy consumed by the electric power sector minus the energy content of electricity retail sales. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total

electricity retail sales. See Note 2, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of section.

^g Beginning in 1978, the small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption.

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

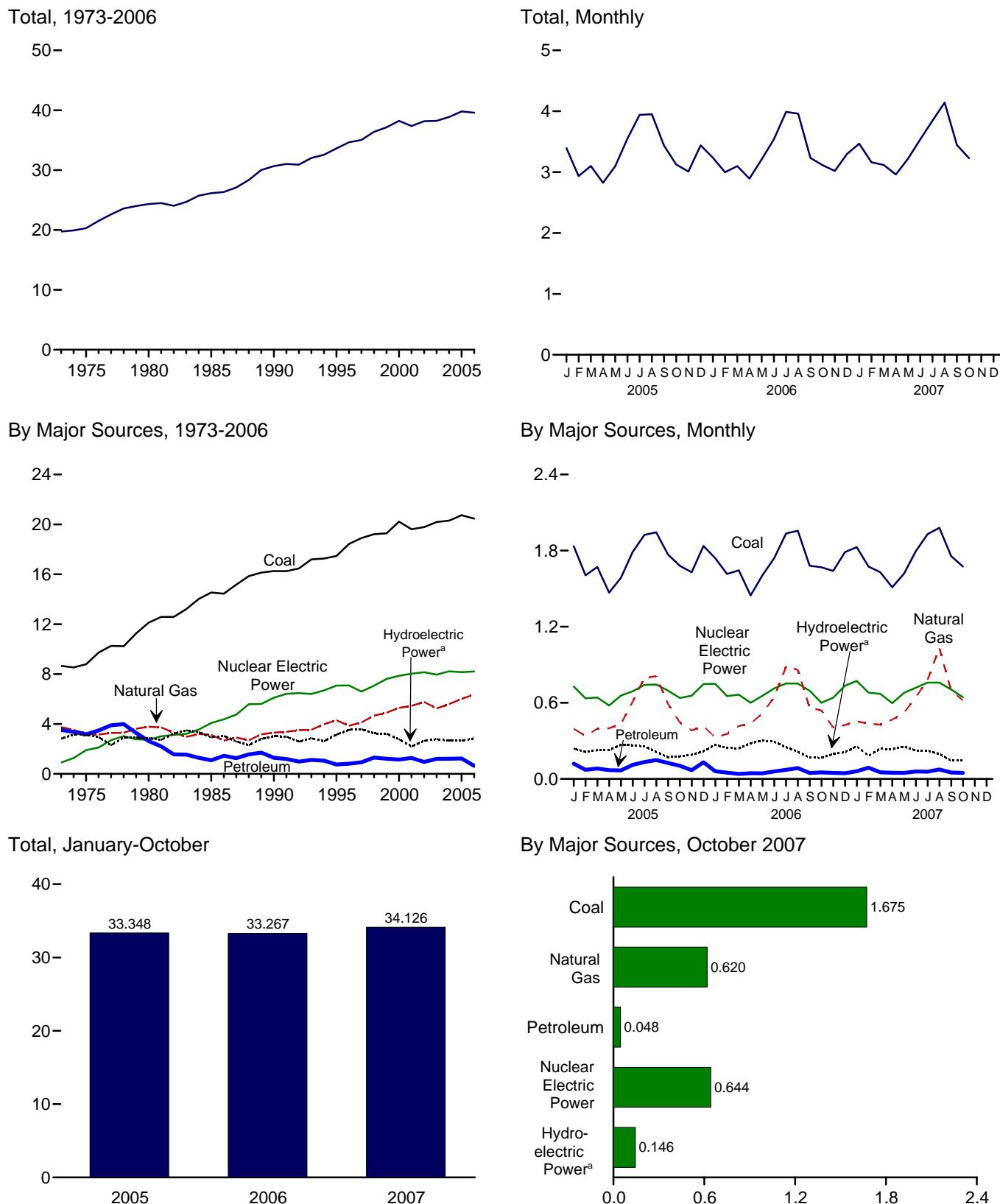
Notes: • See Note 1, "Energy Consumption Data and Surveys," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: Tables 2.6, 3.8c, 4.3, 6.2, 7.6, 10.2b, A4, A5, and A6.

Figure 2.6 Electric Power Sector Energy Consumption
(Quadrillion Btu)



^aConventional hydroelectric power.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html>.
Source: Table 2.6.

Table 2.6 Electric Power Sector Energy Consumption
(Trillion Btu)

| | Primary Consumption ^a | | | | | | | | | | | | | Electricity Net Imports | Total Primary |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| | Fossil Fuels | | | | Nuclear Electric Power | Renewable Energy ^b | | | | | | | | | |
| | Coal | Natural Gas ^c | Petroleum | Total | | Hydro-electric Power ^d | Geo-thermal | Solar/PV | Wind | Bio-mass | Total | | | | |
| 1973 Total | 8,658 | 3,748 | 3,515 | 15,921 | 910 | 2,827 | 43 | NA | NA | 3 | 2,873 | 49 | 19,753 | | |
| 1975 Total | 8,786 | 3,240 | 3,166 | 15,191 | 1,900 | 3,122 | 70 | NA | NA | 2 | 3,194 | 21 | 20,307 | | |
| 1980 Total | 12,123 | 3,778 | 2,634 | 18,534 | 2,739 | 2,867 | 110 | NA | NA | 4 | 2,982 | 71 | 24,327 | | |
| 1985 Total | 14,542 | 3,135 | 1,090 | 18,767 | 4,076 | 2,937 | 198 | (s) | (s) | 14 | 3,150 | 140 | 26,132 | | |
| 1990 Total ^e | 16,261 | 3,309 | 1,289 | 20,859 | 6,104 | 3,014 | 326 | 4 | 29 | 317 | 3,689 | 8 | 30,660 | | |
| 1995 Total | 17,466 | 4,302 | 755 | 22,523 | 7,075 | 3,149 | 280 | 5 | 33 | 422 | 3,889 | 134 | 33,621 | | |
| 1996 Total | 18,429 | 3,862 | 817 | 23,109 | 7,087 | 3,528 | 300 | 5 | 33 | 438 | 4,305 | 137 | 34,638 | | |
| 1997 Total | 18,905 | 4,126 | 927 | 23,957 | 6,597 | 3,581 | 309 | 5 | 34 | 446 | 4,375 | 116 | 35,045 | | |
| 1998 Total | 19,216 | 4,675 | 1,306 | 25,197 | 7,068 | 3,241 | 311 | 5 | 31 | 444 | 4,032 | 88 | 36,385 | | |
| 1999 Total | 19,279 | 4,902 | 1,211 | 25,393 | 7,610 | 3,218 | 312 | 5 | 46 | 453 | 4,034 | 99 | 37,136 | | |
| 2000 Total | 20,220 | 5,293 | 1,144 | 26,658 | 7,862 | 2,768 | 296 | 5 | 57 | 453 | 3,579 | 115 | 38,214 | | |
| 2001 Total | 19,614 | 5,458 | 1,277 | 26,348 | 8,033 | 2,209 | 289 | 6 | 70 | 337 | 2,910 | 75 | 37,366 | | |
| 2002 Total | 19,783 | 5,767 | 961 | 26,511 | 8,143 | 2,650 | 305 | 6 | 105 | 380 | 3,445 | 72 | 38,171 | | |
| 2003 Total | 20,185 | 5,246 | 1,205 | 26,636 | 7,959 | 2,781 | 303 | 5 | 115 | 397 | 3,601 | 22 | 38,218 | | |
| 2004 Total | 20,305 | 5,595 | 1,212 | 27,112 | 8,222 | 2,656 | 311 | 6 | 142 | 388 | 3,503 | 39 | 38,876 | | |
| 2005 January | 1,835 | 395 | 120 | 2,349 | 729 | 239 | 26 | (s) | 11 | 34 | 311 | 5 | 3,394 | | |
| February | 1,605 | 339 | 72 | 2,016 | 636 | 213 | 22 | (s) | 10 | 31 | 277 | 6 | 2,935 | | |
| March | 1,671 | 396 | 82 | 2,149 | 642 | 226 | 25 | (s) | 16 | 34 | 302 | 8 | 3,102 | | |
| April | 1,469 | 400 | 69 | 1,938 | 579 | 228 | 25 | 1 | 17 | 30 | 300 | 6 | 2,824 | | |
| May | 1,585 | 434 | 68 | 2,086 | 657 | 270 | 27 | 1 | 17 | 33 | 348 | 5 | 3,097 | | |
| June | 1,789 | 608 | 111 | 2,508 | 690 | 265 | 26 | 1 | 18 | 34 | 344 | 5 | 3,548 | | |
| July | 1,924 | 796 | 133 | 2,853 | 742 | 257 | 27 | 1 | 14 | 37 | 335 | 10 | 3,940 | | |
| August | 1,945 | 811 | 149 | 2,904 | 745 | 213 | 26 | 1 | 11 | 36 | 288 | 12 | 3,949 | | |
| September | 1,769 | 591 | 126 | 2,486 | 696 | 171 | 26 | 1 | 15 | 34 | 246 | 7 | 3,435 | | |
| October | 1,680 | 445 | 103 | 2,228 | 639 | 178 | 26 | (s) | 14 | 32 | 251 | 6 | 3,124 | | |
| November | 1,630 | 382 | 69 | 2,081 | 656 | 191 | 26 | (s) | 16 | 34 | 267 | 6 | 3,011 | | |
| December | 1,836 | 416 | 132 | 2,384 | 749 | 218 | 26 | (s) | 18 | 36 | 299 | 7 | 3,439 | | |
| Total | 20,737 | 6,015 | 1,235 | 27,986 | 8,160 | 2,670 | 309 | 6 | 178 | 406 | 3,568 | 84 | 39,799 | | |
| 2006 January | 1,740 | 326 | 61 | 2,128 | 750 | 268 | 26 | (s) | 24 | 37 | 355 | 5 | 3,238 | | |
| February | 1,615 | 355 | 50 | 2,020 | 653 | 243 | 23 | (s) | 19 | 34 | 319 | 5 | 2,998 | | |
| March | 1,644 | 417 | 39 | 2,101 | 665 | 242 | 27 | (s) | 23 | 35 | 327 | 6 | 3,099 | | |
| April | 1,446 | 437 | 46 | 1,928 | 601 | 281 | 24 | 1 | 25 | 30 | 360 | 5 | 2,893 | | |
| May | 1,605 | 517 | 44 | 2,166 | 655 | 304 | 23 | 1 | 24 | 33 | 384 | 5 | 3,210 | | |
| June | 1,740 | 645 | 59 | 2,444 | 714 | 293 | 25 | 1 | 20 | 34 | 373 | 5 | 3,535 | | |
| July | 1,936 | 885 | 72 | 2,893 | 753 | 250 | 27 | 1 | 19 | 36 | 333 | 10 | 3,989 | | |
| August | 1,957 | 861 | 86 | 2,904 | 751 | 214 | 27 | 1 | 16 | 37 | 295 | 10 | 3,960 | | |
| September | 1,681 | 561 | 47 | 2,289 | 695 | 169 | 26 | 1 | 19 | 34 | 248 | (s) | 3,232 | | |
| October | 1,669 | 540 | 51 | 2,260 | 600 | 166 | 27 | (s) | 24 | 34 | 252 | 1 | 3,113 | | |
| November | 1,640 | 406 | 48 | 2,094 | 641 | 197 | 25 | (s) | 25 | 35 | 283 | 3 | 3,020 | | |
| December | 1,789 | 425 | 46 | 2,259 | 735 | 211 | 27 | (s) | 25 | 36 | 299 | 8 | 3,301 | | |
| Total | 20,462 | 6,375 | 648 | 27,485 | 8,214 | 2,839 | 306 | 5 | 264 | 412 | 3,827 | 63 | 39,589 | | |
| 2007 January | 1,828 | 453 | 60 | 2,341 | 772 | 258 | 27 | (s) | 24 | 38 | 347 | 6 | 3,467 | | |
| February | 1,674 | 438 | 89 | 2,201 | 681 | 183 | 25 | (s) | 25 | 36 | 269 | 10 | 3,160 | | |
| March | 1,629 | 428 | 53 | 2,109 | 671 | 239 | 26 | (s) | 30 | 36 | 331 | 6 | 3,117 | | |
| April | 1,511 | 468 | 49 | 2,028 | 598 | 235 | 24 | 1 | 32 | 33 | 325 | 10 | 2,961 | | |
| May | 1,619 | 521 | 48 | 2,188 | 678 | 255 | 25 | 1 | 28 | 34 | 343 | 13 | 3,222 | | |
| June | 1,795 | 643 | 59 | 2,496 | 225 | 26 | 1 | 24 | 36 | 311 | 11 | | | | |
| July | 1,930 | 781 | 57 | 2,768 | 223 | 27 | 1 | 19 | 36 | 306 | 13 | | | | |
| August | 1,980 | 1,032 | 75 | 3,087 | 759 | 196 | 27 | 1 | 24 | 37 | 285 | 11 | 4,142 | | |
| September | 1,757 | 695 | 51 | 2,503 | 705 | 144 | 26 | 1 | 26 | 35 | 232 | 5 | 3,445 | | |
| October | 1,675 | 620 | 48 | 2,342 | 644 | 146 | 27 | (s) | 30 | 32 | 236 | 6 | 3,228 | | |
| 10-Month Total | 17,397 | 6,079 | 589 | 24,064 | 6,986 | 2,103 | 259 | 6 | 264 | 353 | 2,985 | 91 | 34,126 | | |
| 2006 10-Month Total | 17,033 | 5,544 | 555 | 23,131 | 6,838 | 2,430 | 254 | 5 | 214 | 342 | 3,245 | 53 | 33,267 | | |
| 2005 10-Month Total | 17,271 | 5,214 | 1,034 | 23,519 | 6,755 | 2,260 | 257 | 5 | 144 | 336 | 3,002 | 71 | 33,348 | | |

^a See Note 2, "Primary Energy Consumption," at end of Section 1.

^b See Table 10.2c for notes on series components.

^c Natural gas only; excludes the estimated portion of supplemental gaseous fuels. See Note 3, "Supplemental Gaseous Fuels," at end of Section 4.

^d Conventional hydroelectric power.

^e Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity and useful thermal

output. • The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. • See Note 1, "Energy Consumption Data and Surveys," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: Tables 3.8c, 4.3, 6.2, 7.1, 7.2b, 10.2c, A4, A5, and A6.

Energy Consumption by Sector

Note 1. Energy Consumption Data and Surveys. Most of the data in this section of the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* are developed from a group of energy-related surveys, typically called "supply surveys," conducted by the Energy Information Administration (EIA). Supply surveys are directed to suppliers and marketers of specific energy sources. They measure the quantities of specific energy sources produced, or the quantities supplied to the market, or both. The data obtained from EIA's supply surveys are integrated to yield the summary consumption statistics published in this section (and in Section 1) of the *MER*.

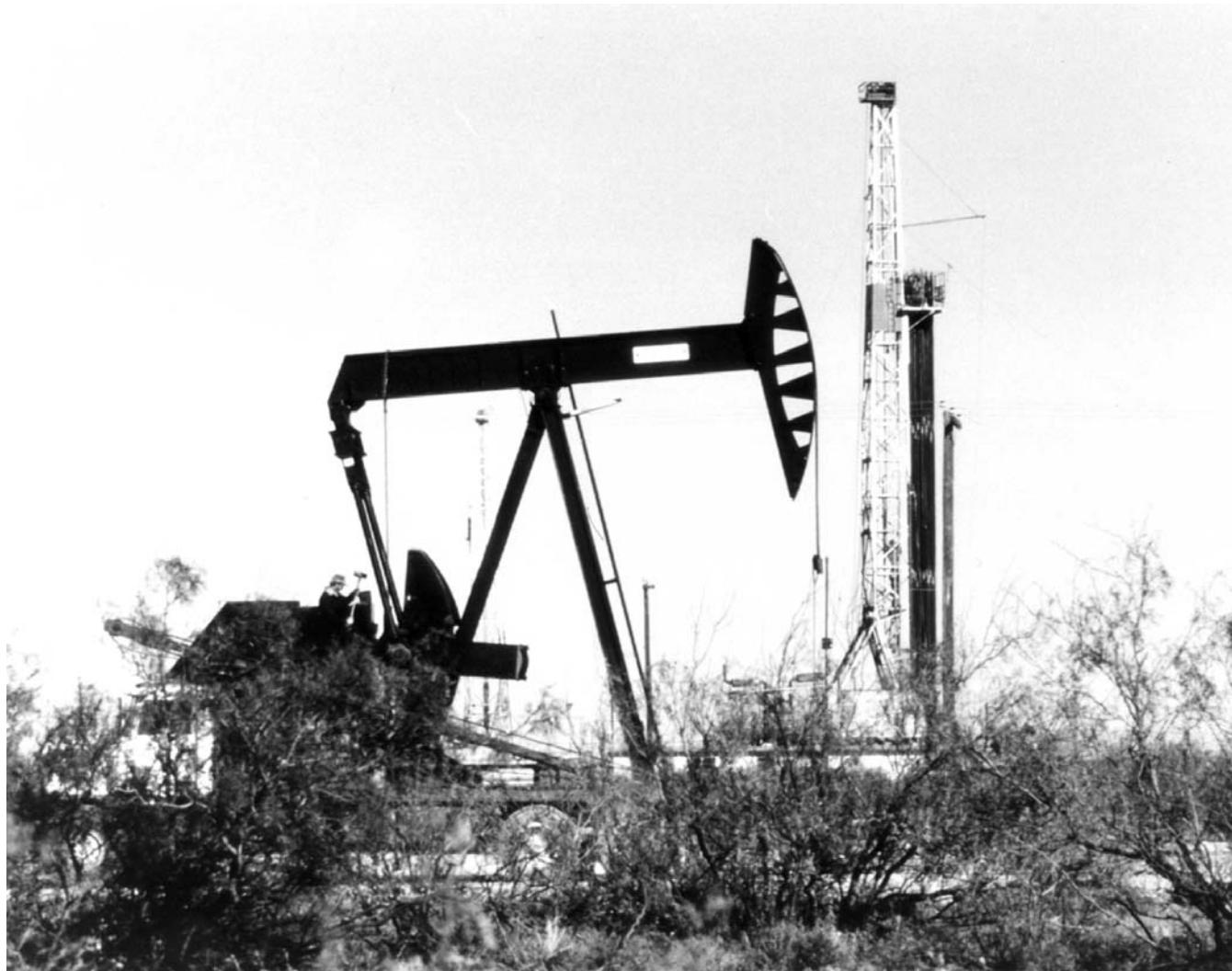
Users of EIA's energy consumption statistics should be aware of a second group of energy-related surveys, typically called "consumption surveys." Consumption surveys gather information on the types of energy consumed by end users of energy, along with the characteristics of those end users that can be associated with energy use. For example, the Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey belongs to the consumption survey group because it collects information directly from end users (the manufacturing establishments). There are important differences between the supply and consumption surveys that need to be taken into account in any analysis that uses both data sources. For information on those differences, see *Energy Consumption by End-Use*

Sector, A Comparison of Measures by Consumption and Supply Surveys, DOE/EIA-0533, Energy Information Administration, Washington, DC, April 6, 1990.

Note 2. Electrical System Energy Losses. Electrical system energy losses are calculated as the difference between total primary consumption by the electric power sector (see Table 2.6) and the total energy content of electricity retail sales (see Tables 7.6 and A6). Most of these losses occur at steam-electric power plants (conventional and nuclear) in the conversion of heat energy into mechanical energy to turn electric generators. The loss is a thermodynamically necessary feature of the steam-electric cycle. Part of the energy input-to-output losses is a result of imputing fossil energy equivalent inputs for hydroelectric and other energy sources, since there is no generally accepted practice for measuring those thermal conversion rates. In addition to conversion losses, other losses include power plant use of electricity, transmission and distribution of electricity from power plants to end-use consumers (also called "line losses"), and unaccounted for electricity. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity sales. Overall, approximately 67 percent of total energy input is lost in conversion; of electricity generated, approximately 5 percent is lost in plant use and 9 percent is lost in transmission and distribution.

3

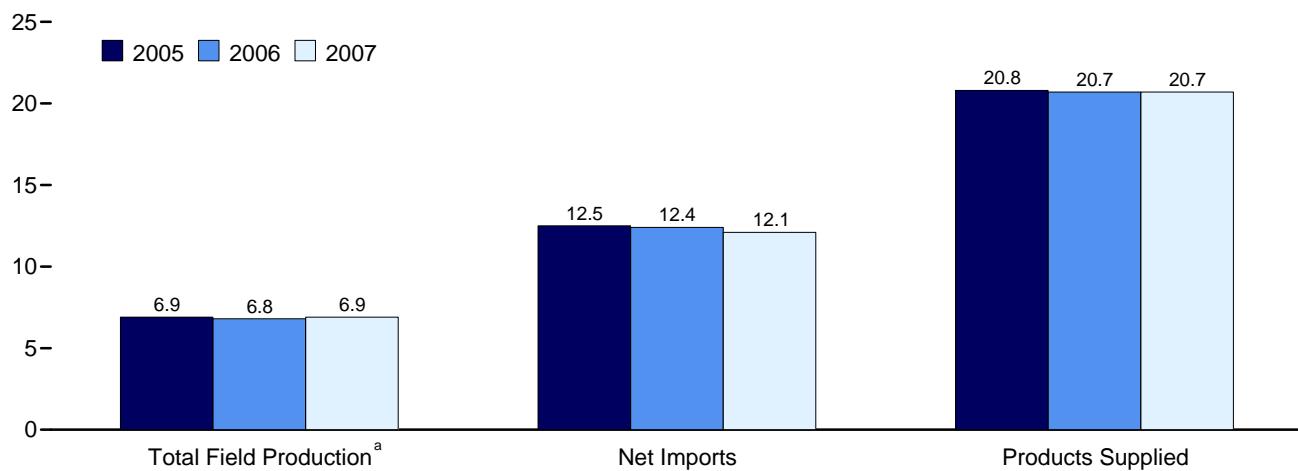
Petroleum



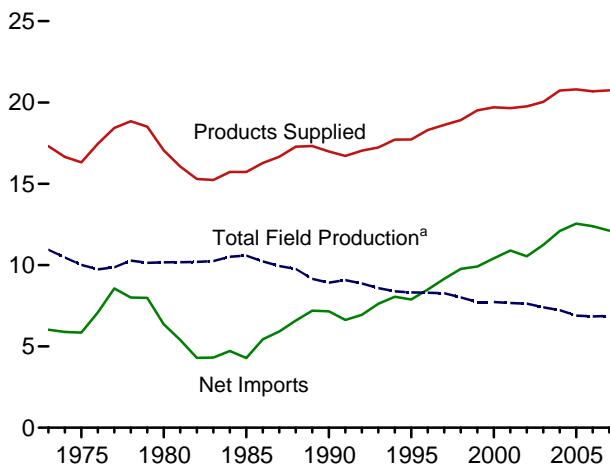
Oil pumping unit and drilling rig, Texas. Source: U.S. Department of Energy.

Figure 3.1 Petroleum Overview
(Million Barrels per Day)

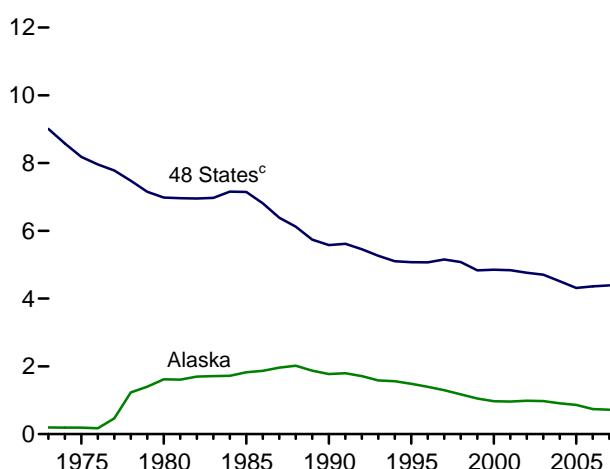
Overview, January-December



Overview, 1973-2007



Crude Oil^b Field Production, 1973-2007

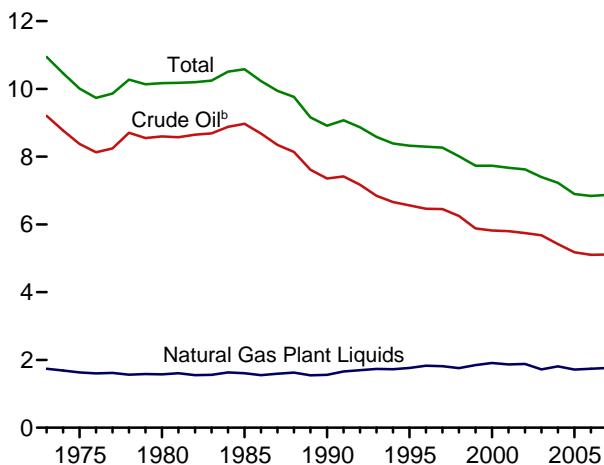


^aCrude oil, including lease condensate, and natural gas plant liquids field production.

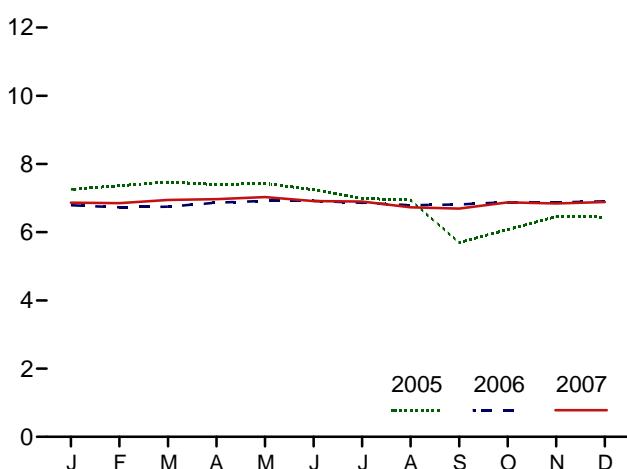
^bIncludes lease condensate.

^cUnited States excluding Alaska and Hawaii.

Total Field Production, 1973-2007



Total Field Production^a, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.
Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>.

Source: Table 3.1.

Table 3.1 Petroleum Overview
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

| | Field Production ^a | | | | | Processing Gain ^f | Trade | | | Stock Change ⁱ | Adjustments ^j | Petroleum Products Supplied | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|----------|---------|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Crude Oil ^b | | | Total | NGPL ^{d,e} | | Imports ^g | Exports ^e | Net Imports ^h | | | | | | | |
| | 48 States ^c | Alaska | Total | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1973 Average | 9,010 | 198 | 9,208 | 1,738 | 10,946 | 453 | 6,256 | 231 | 6,025 | 135 | 18 | 17,308 | | | | |
| 1975 Average | 8,183 | 191 | 8,375 | 1,633 | 10,007 | 460 | 6,056 | 209 | 5,846 | 32 | 41 | 16,322 | | | | |
| 1980 Average | 6,980 | 1,617 | 8,597 | 1,573 | 10,170 | 597 | 6,909 | 544 | 6,365 | 140 | 64 | 17,056 | | | | |
| 1985 Average | 7,146 | 1,825 | 8,971 | 1,609 | 10,581 | 557 | 5,067 | 781 | 4,286 | -103 | 200 | 15,726 | | | | |
| 1990 Average | 5,582 | 1,773 | 7,355 | 1,559 | 8,914 | 683 | 8,018 | 857 | 7,161 | 107 | 338 | 16,988 | | | | |
| 1995 Average | 5,076 | 1,484 | 6,560 | 1,762 | 8,322 | 774 | 8,835 | 949 | 7,886 | -246 | 496 | 17,725 | | | | |
| 1996 Average | 5,071 | 1,393 | 6,465 | 1,830 | 8,295 | 837 | 9,478 | 981 | 8,498 | -151 | 528 | 18,309 | | | | |
| 1997 Average | 5,156 | 1,296 | 6,452 | 1,817 | 8,269 | 850 | 10,162 | 1,003 | 9,158 | 143 | 487 | 18,620 | | | | |
| 1998 Average | 5,077 | 1,175 | 6,252 | 1,759 | 8,011 | 886 | 10,708 | 945 | 9,764 | 239 | 495 | 18,917 | | | | |
| 1999 Average | 4,832 | 1,050 | 5,881 | 1,850 | 7,731 | 886 | 10,852 | 940 | 9,912 | -422 | 567 | 19,519 | | | | |
| 2000 Average | 4,851 | 970 | 5,822 | 1,911 | 7,733 | 948 | 11,459 | 1,040 | 10,419 | -69 | 532 | 19,701 | | | | |
| 2001 Average | 4,839 | 963 | 5,801 | 1,868 | 7,670 | 903 | 11,871 | 971 | 10,900 | 325 | 501 | 19,649 | | | | |
| 2002 Average | 4,761 | 984 | 5,746 | 1,880 | 7,626 | 957 | 11,530 | 984 | 10,546 | -105 | 527 | 19,761 | | | | |
| 2003 Average | 4,706 | 974 | 5,681 | 1,719 | 7,400 | 974 | 12,264 | 1,027 | 11,238 | 56 | 478 | 20,034 | | | | |
| 2004 Average | 4,510 | 908 | 5,419 | 1,809 | 7,228 | 1,051 | 13,145 | 1,048 | 12,097 | 209 | 564 | 20,731 | | | | |
| 2005 January | 4,523 | 918 | 5,441 | 1,812 | 7,253 | 1,002 | 12,991 | 917 | 12,074 | 65 | 430 | 20,694 | | | | |
| February | 4,577 | 917 | 5,494 | 1,868 | 7,362 | 1,020 | 13,749 | 1,256 | 12,493 | 561 | 517 | 20,830 | | | | |
| March | 4,681 | 921 | 5,601 | 1,872 | 7,473 | 942 | 13,230 | 1,308 | 11,921 | -57 | 616 | 21,009 | | | | |
| April | 4,662 | 893 | 5,556 | 1,840 | 7,396 | 1,052 | 13,476 | 1,330 | 12,147 | 1,365 | 906 | 20,137 | | | | |
| May | 4,688 | 893 | 5,581 | 1,849 | 7,429 | 1,040 | 14,006 | 1,380 | 12,626 | 904 | 414 | 20,606 | | | | |
| June | 4,629 | 831 | 5,460 | 1,785 | 7,245 | 1,019 | 14,270 | 1,477 | 12,793 | 327 | 468 | 21,198 | | | | |
| July | 4,462 | 779 | 5,240 | 1,748 | 6,988 | 926 | 13,925 | 1,259 | 12,666 | 118 | 476 | 20,939 | | | | |
| August | 4,382 | 836 | 5,218 | 1,724 | 6,942 | 986 | 13,848 | 1,295 | 12,552 | -877 | 308 | 21,666 | | | | |
| September | 3,389 | 815 | 4,204 | 1,491 | 5,695 | 957 | 13,229 | 844 | 12,385 | -390 | 714 | 20,142 | | | | |
| October | 3,672 | 862 | 4,534 | 1,544 | 6,078 | 858 | 14,208 | 854 | 13,354 | 390 | 352 | 20,253 | | | | |
| November | 3,964 | 873 | 4,837 | 1,621 | 6,458 | 1,031 | 14,096 | 961 | 13,135 | 436 | 435 | 20,623 | | | | |
| December | 4,148 | 836 | 4,984 | 1,459 | 6,443 | 1,046 | 13,548 | 1,106 | 12,442 | -1,028 | 536 | 21,495 | | | | |
| Average | 4,314 | 864 | 5,178 | 1,717 | 6,895 | 989 | 13,714 | 1,165 | 12,549 | 145 | 513 | 20,802 | | | | |
| 2006 January | 4,274 | 832 | 5,106 | 1,682 | 6,788 | 1,001 | 13,796 | 1,059 | 12,737 | 484 | 395 | 20,436 | | | | |
| February | 4,224 | 821 | 5,045 | 1,682 | 6,727 | 1,028 | 13,565 | 1,276 | 12,289 | 235 | 767 | 20,577 | | | | |
| March | 4,293 | 752 | 5,045 | 1,702 | 6,747 | 907 | 12,904 | 1,170 | 11,734 | -905 | 316 | 20,608 | | | | |
| April | 4,328 | 800 | 5,128 | 1,737 | 6,866 | 944 | 13,438 | 1,398 | 12,039 | 311 | 663 | 20,201 | | | | |
| May | 4,360 | 801 | 5,161 | 1,755 | 6,916 | 979 | 14,315 | 1,350 | 12,965 | 743 | 340 | 20,457 | | | | |
| June | 4,379 | 781 | 5,160 | 1,756 | 6,915 | 968 | 14,253 | 1,334 | 12,918 | 174 | 353 | 20,982 | | | | |
| July | 4,421 | 681 | 5,102 | 1,759 | 6,861 | 1,000 | 13,984 | 1,387 | 12,596 | 457 | 740 | 20,740 | | | | |
| August | 4,438 | 621 | 5,059 | 1,732 | 6,792 | 1,077 | 14,697 | 1,255 | 13,442 | 642 | 765 | 21,434 | | | | |
| September | 4,382 | 655 | 5,037 | 1,776 | 6,814 | 1,026 | 14,491 | 1,554 | 12,937 | 740 | 522 | 20,559 | | | | |
| October | 4,392 | 714 | 5,106 | 1,773 | 6,879 | 992 | 13,317 | 1,506 | 11,810 | -515 | 573 | 20,769 | | | | |
| November | 4,450 | 655 | 5,105 | 1,770 | 6,875 | 959 | 13,005 | 1,353 | 11,651 | -798 | 386 | 20,669 | | | | |
| December | 4,381 | 785 | 5,166 | 1,736 | 6,903 | 1,048 | 12,721 | 1,164 | 11,556 | -825 | 463 | 20,795 | | | | |
| Average | 4,361 | 741 | 5,102 | 1,739 | 6,841 | 994 | 13,707 | 1,317 | 12,390 | 60 | 522 | 20,687 | | | | |
| 2007 January | E 4,424 | E 772 | E 5,196 | 1,670 | E 6,866 | 1,058 | 13,623 | 1,478 | 12,145 | 80 | 569 | 20,559 | | | | |
| February | E 4,394 | E 753 | E 5,147 | 1,706 | E 6,853 | 959 | 12,168 | 1,373 | 10,795 | -2,066 | 599 | 21,271 | | | | |
| March | E 4,432 | E 746 | E 5,178 | 1,767 | E 6,945 | 943 | 13,894 | 1,260 | 12,634 | 363 | 369 | 20,529 | | | | |
| April | E 4,473 | E 745 | E 5,218 | 1,749 | E 6,968 | 958 | 13,896 | 1,313 | 12,583 | 384 | 455 | 20,579 | | | | |
| May | E 4,475 | E 765 | E 5,240 | 1,787 | E 7,028 | 946 | 14,164 | 1,380 | 12,784 | 976 | 848 | 20,631 | | | | |
| June | E 4,425 | E 714 | E 5,139 | 1,775 | E 6,915 | 1,019 | 13,501 | 1,320 | 12,180 | 349 | 973 | 20,737 | | | | |
| July | E 4,404 | E 716 | E 5,120 | 1,778 | E 6,898 | 1,029 | 13,677 | 1,504 | 12,173 | 201 | 741 | 20,641 | | | | |
| August | E 4,370 | E 606 | E 4,976 | 1,755 | E 6,731 | 1,014 | 13,599 | 1,480 | 12,119 | -554 | 633 | 21,051 | | | | |
| September | E 4,260 | E 639 | E 4,899 | 1,795 | E 6,694 | 1,005 | 13,639 | 1,357 | 12,282 | 28 | 432 | 20,385 | | | | |
| October | RE 4,340 | RE 698 | RE 5,038 | R 1,837 | RE 6,876 | R 994 | R 12,950 | R 1,322 | R 11,628 | R -398 | R 559 | R 20,455 | | | | |
| November | E 4,333 | E 751 | E 5,084 | E 1,757 | E 6,841 | E 996 | E 13,398 | E 1,271 | E 12,127 | E -357 | E 582 | E 20,903 | | | | |
| December | E 4,367 | E 731 | E 5,098 | E 1,786 | E 6,884 | E 1,006 | E 13,045 | E 1,251 | E 11,794 | E -992 | E 568 | E 21,244 | | | | |
| Average | E 4,392 | E 720 | E 5,111 | E 1,764 | E 6,875 | E 994 | E 13,472 | E 1,359 | E 12,112 | E -153 | E 611 | E 20,745 | | | | |

^a Crude oil production on leases, and natural gas liquids (liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, and a small amount of finished petroleum products) production at natural gas processing plants. Excludes what was previously classified as "Field Production" of finished motor gasoline, motor gasoline blending components, and other hydrocarbons and oxygenates; these are now included in "Adjustments."

^b Includes lease condensate.

^c United States excluding Alaska and Hawaii.

^d Natural gas plant liquids.

^e See Note 6, "Data Discrepancies," at end of section.

^f Refinery and blender net production minus refinery and blender net inputs.

See Table 3.2.

^g Includes Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports. See Table 3.3b

^h Net imports equal imports minus exports.

ⁱ A negative value indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive value indicates an increase. The current month stock change estimate is based on the change from the previous month's estimate, rather than the stocks values shown in Table 3.4. Includes crude oil stocks in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, but excludes

distillate fuel oil stocks in the Northeast Heating Oil Reserve. See Table 3.4. Also see Note 4, "New Stock Basis," at end of section.

^j An adjustment for crude oil, motor gasoline blending components, and fuel ethanol. Through 1988, also includes a small amount of distillate fuel oil production at natural gas processing plants.

R=Revised. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

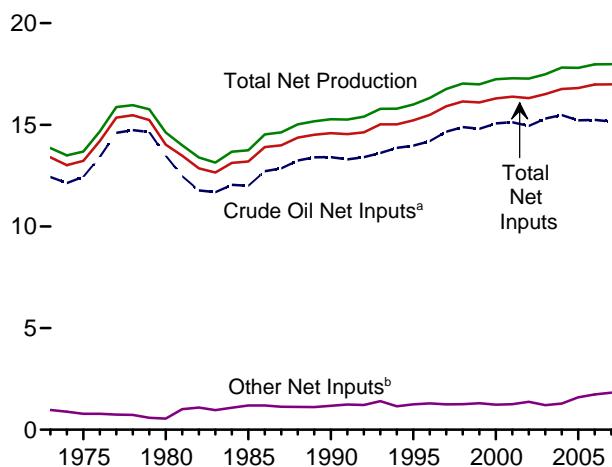
Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>. • For related information, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/oil_gas/petroleum/info_glace/petroleum.html.

Sources: • **1973-1975:** Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, *Petroleum Statement, Annual*, annual reports. • **1976-1980:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Petroleum Statement, Annual*, annual reports. • **1981-2006:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Annual*, annual reports. • **2007:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, monthly reports; and, for the current two months, *Weekly Petroleum Status Report* data system and *Monthly Energy Review* data system calculations.

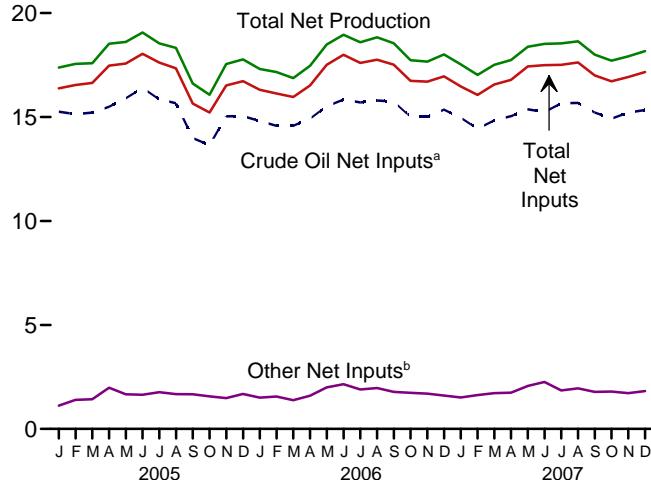
Monthly Energy Review Section 3 is redesigned. See "What's New" (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/wni.html>) for a summary of the changes.

Figure 3.2 Refinery and Blender Net Inputs and Net Production
(Million Barrels per Day)

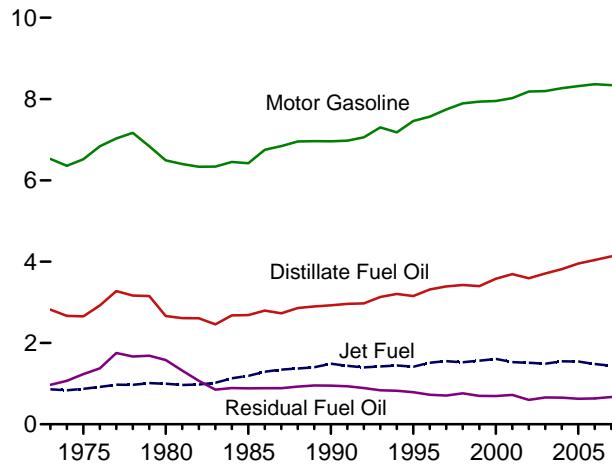
Net Inputs and Net Production, 1973-2007



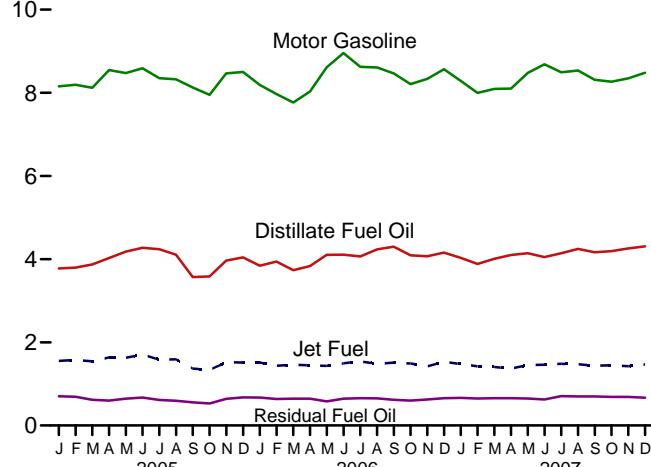
Net Inputs and Net Production, Monthly



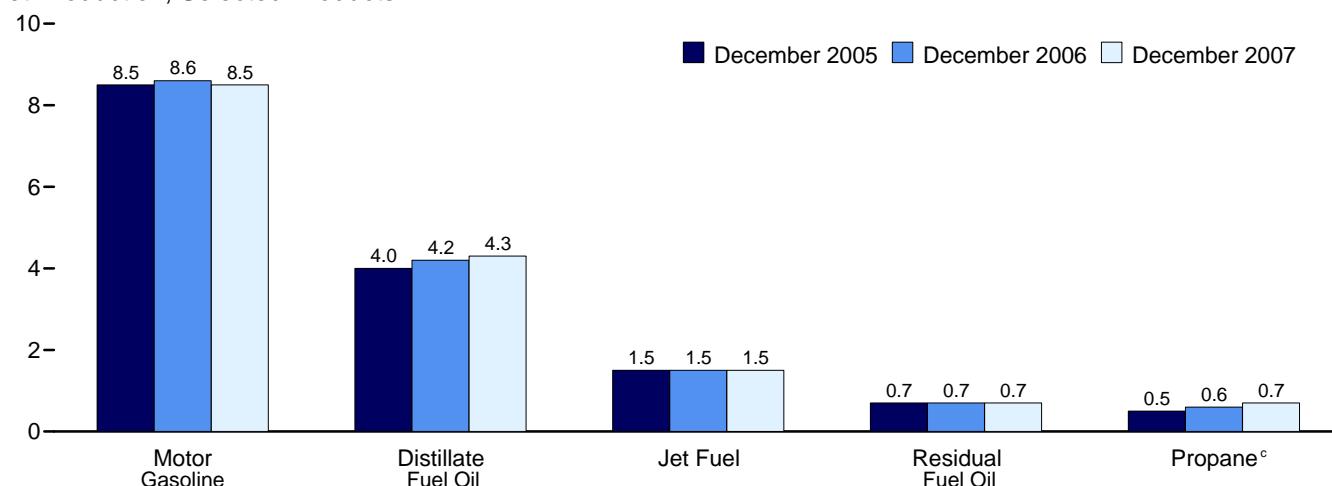
Net Production, Selected Products, 1973-2007



Net Production, Selected Products, Monthly



Net Production, Selected Products



^aIncludes lease condensate.

^bNatural gas plant liquids and other liquids.

^cIncludes propylene.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>.

Source: Table 3.2.

Table 3.2 Refinery and Blender Net Inputs and Net Production
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

| | Refinery and Blender Net Inputs ^a | | | | Refinery and Blender Net Production ^b | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------|----------------------------|-----------|--|-----------------------|----------------------|-------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| | Crude Oil ^d | NGPL ^e | Other Liquids ^f | Total | Distillate Fuel Oil | Jet Fuel ^g | LPG ^c | | Motor Gasoline ⁱ | Residual Fuel Oil | Other Products ^j | Total |
| | | | | | | | Propane ^h | Total | | | | |
| 1973 Average | 12,431 | 815 | 155 | 13,401 | 2,820 | 859 | 271 | 375 | 6,527 | 971 | 2,301 | 13,854 |
| 1975 Average | 12,442 | 710 | 72 | 13,225 | 2,653 | 871 | 234 | 311 | 6,518 | 1,235 | 2,097 | 13,685 |
| 1980 Average | 13,481 | 462 | 81 | 14,025 | 2,661 | 999 | 269 | 330 | 6,492 | 1,580 | 2,559 | 14,622 |
| 1985 Average | 12,002 | 509 | 681 | 13,192 | 2,686 | 1,189 | 295 | 391 | 6,419 | 882 | 2,183 | 13,750 |
| 1990 Average | 13,409 | 467 | 713 | 14,589 | 2,925 | 1,488 | 404 | 499 | 6,959 | 950 | 2,452 | 15,272 |
| 1995 Average | 13,973 | 471 | 775 | 15,220 | 3,155 | 1,416 | 503 | 654 | 7,459 | 788 | 2,522 | 15,994 |
| 1996 Average | 14,195 | 450 | 843 | 15,487 | 3,316 | 1,515 | 520 | 662 | 7,565 | 726 | 2,541 | 16,324 |
| 1997 Average | 14,662 | 416 | 832 | 15,909 | 3,392 | 1,554 | 565 | 691 | 7,743 | 708 | 2,671 | 16,759 |
| 1998 Average | 14,889 | 403 | 853 | 16,144 | 3,424 | 1,526 | 550 | 674 | 7,892 | 762 | 2,753 | 17,030 |
| 1999 Average | 14,804 | 372 | 927 | 16,103 | 3,399 | 1,565 | 569 | 684 | 7,934 | 698 | 2,709 | 16,989 |
| 2000 Average | 15,067 | 380 | 849 | 16,295 | 3,580 | 1,606 | 583 | 705 | 7,951 | 696 | 2,705 | 17,243 |
| 2001 Average | 15,128 | 429 | 825 | 16,382 | 3,695 | 1,530 | 556 | 667 | 8,022 | 721 | 2,651 | 17,285 |
| 2002 Average | 14,947 | 429 | 941 | 16,316 | 3,592 | 1,514 | 572 | 671 | 8,183 | 601 | 2,712 | 17,273 |
| 2003 Average | 15,304 | 419 | 791 | 16,513 | 3,707 | 1,488 | 570 | 658 | 8,194 | 660 | 2,780 | 17,487 |
| 2004 Average | 15,475 | 422 | 866 | 16,762 | 3,814 | 1,547 | 584 | 645 | 8,265 | 655 | 2,887 | 17,814 |
| 2005 January | 15,254 | 459 | 664 | 16,377 | 3,777 | 1,552 | 560 | 427 | 8,157 | 701 | 2,765 | 17,379 |
| February | 15,142 | 470 | 926 | 16,538 | 3,797 | 1,576 | 579 | 484 | 8,194 | 691 | 2,814 | 17,557 |
| March | 15,214 | 382 | 1,047 | 16,643 | 3,874 | 1,541 | 549 | 607 | 8,119 | 619 | 2,825 | 17,585 |
| April | 15,494 | 373 | 1,609 | 17,475 | 4,028 | 1,638 | 586 | 820 | 8,549 | 598 | 2,894 | 18,527 |
| May | 15,905 | 382 | 1,287 | 17,574 | 4,179 | 1,631 | 587 | 812 | 8,475 | 645 | 2,873 | 18,615 |
| June | 16,401 | 400 | 1,243 | 18,045 | 4,274 | 1,701 | 576 | 838 | 8,589 | 673 | 2,988 | 19,063 |
| July | 15,850 | 402 | 1,366 | 17,618 | 4,236 | 1,585 | 552 | 796 | 8,352 | 614 | 2,961 | 18,544 |
| August | 15,664 | 345 | 1,331 | 17,340 | 4,108 | 1,590 | 540 | 763 | 8,326 | 594 | 2,946 | 18,327 |
| September | 13,986 | 434 | 1,231 | 15,651 | 3,570 | 1,368 | 466 | 393 | 8,129 | 555 | 2,593 | 16,608 |
| October | 13,646 | 534 | 1,035 | 15,215 | 3,585 | 1,337 | 441 | 259 | 7,953 | 530 | 2,410 | 16,073 |
| November | 15,032 | 560 | 922 | 16,515 | 3,966 | 1,520 | 513 | 322 | 8,468 | 642 | 2,629 | 17,545 |
| December | 15,046 | 556 | 1,124 | 16,725 | 4,044 | 1,515 | 541 | 346 | 8,503 | 674 | 2,690 | 17,771 |
| Average | 15,220 | 441 | 1,149 | 16,811 | 3,954 | 1,546 | 540 | 573 | 8,318 | 628 | 2,782 | 17,800 |
| 2006 January | 14,805 | 553 | 952 | 16,310 | 3,840 | 1,515 | 528 | 393 | 8,189 | 670 | 2,703 | 17,311 |
| February | 14,581 | 508 | 1,047 | 16,136 | 3,941 | 1,438 | 510 | 487 | 7,969 | 635 | 2,694 | 17,164 |
| March | 14,582 | 448 | 935 | 15,965 | 3,736 | 1,461 | 485 | 587 | 7,765 | 644 | 2,680 | 16,872 |
| April | 14,928 | 442 | 1,151 | 16,521 | 3,833 | 1,447 | 537 | 779 | 8,032 | 643 | 2,731 | 17,465 |
| May | 15,516 | 471 | 1,523 | 17,510 | 4,105 | 1,435 | 567 | 856 | 8,613 | 580 | 2,900 | 18,488 |
| June | 15,843 | 466 | 1,683 | 17,992 | 4,107 | 1,493 | 543 | 814 | 8,957 | 645 | 2,944 | 18,960 |
| July | 15,702 | 423 | 1,475 | 17,599 | 4,065 | 1,540 | 549 | 829 | 8,624 | 658 | 2,883 | 18,599 |
| August | 15,792 | 447 | 1,519 | 17,758 | 4,234 | 1,485 | 574 | 860 | 8,610 | 652 | 2,993 | 18,835 |
| September | 15,739 | 498 | 1,285 | 17,521 | 4,300 | 1,511 | 560 | 622 | 8,465 | 619 | 3,030 | 18,548 |
| October | 15,008 | 548 | 1,187 | 16,743 | 4,090 | 1,490 | 531 | 511 | 8,210 | 597 | 2,836 | 17,735 |
| November | 15,009 | 573 | 1,122 | 16,703 | 4,070 | 1,422 | 549 | 393 | 8,335 | 624 | 2,818 | 17,662 |
| December | 15,354 | 637 | 969 | 16,959 | 4,159 | 1,529 | 581 | 387 | 8,567 | 656 | 2,710 | 18,007 |
| Average | 15,242 | 501 | 1,238 | 16,981 | 4,040 | 1,481 | 543 | 627 | 8,364 | 635 | 2,827 | 17,975 |
| 2007 January | 14,964 | 544 | 966 | 16,473 | 4,032 | 1,480 | 575 | 455 | 8,284 | 664 | 2,615 | 17,532 |
| February | 14,432 | 461 | 1,170 | 16,063 | 3,886 | 1,423 | 534 | 494 | 7,999 | 649 | 2,570 | 17,022 |
| March | 14,844 | 439 | 1,284 | 16,567 | 4,009 | 1,405 | 562 | 677 | 8,095 | 656 | 2,669 | 17,510 |
| April | 15,042 | 422 | 1,321 | 16,784 | 4,099 | 1,368 | 562 | 803 | 8,101 | 658 | 2,713 | 17,742 |
| May | 15,369 | 452 | 1,616 | 17,437 | 4,141 | 1,451 | 576 | 871 | 8,477 | 647 | 2,798 | 18,383 |
| June | 15,242 | 454 | 1,802 | 17,498 | 4,051 | 1,459 | 568 | 866 | 8,687 | 627 | 2,826 | 18,516 |
| July | 15,662 | 459 | 1,392 | 17,513 | 4,143 | 1,484 | 562 | 828 | 8,493 | 707 | 2,888 | 18,542 |
| August | 15,679 | 445 | 1,502 | 17,626 | 4,247 | 1,470 | 541 | 807 | 8,535 | 697 | 2,883 | 18,640 |
| September | 15,218 | 496 | 1,285 | 17,000 | 4,166 | 1,436 | 560 | 624 | 8,311 | 697 | 2,770 | 18,005 |
| October | R 14,927 | R 560 | R 1,233 | R 16,720 | R 4,193 | R 1,446 | R 539 | 497 | R 8,268 | R 688 | 2,622 | R 17,714 |
| November | E 15,207 | F 536 | E 1,180 | RF 16,923 | E 4,257 | E 1,425 | E 604 | F 401 | E 8,349 | E 688 | E 2,799 | E 17,919 |
| December | E 15,343 | F 586 | E 1,234 | F 17,164 | E 4,308 | E 1,466 | E 654 | F 421 | E 8,483 | E 667 | E 2,825 | E 18,170 |
| Average | E 15,166 | E 488 | E 1,333 | E 16,987 | E 4,129 | E 1,443 | E 570 | E 646 | E 8,343 | E 671 | E 2,749 | E 17,982 |

^a See "Refinery Input" in Glossary.

^b See "Refinery Output" in Glossary.

^c Liquefied petroleum gases.

^d Includes lease condensate.

^e Natural gas plant liquids (liquefied petroleum gases and pentanes plus).

^f Unfinished oils (net), other hydrocarbons, and hydrogen. Beginning in 1981, also includes aviation and motor gasoline blending components (net). Beginning in 1993, also includes oxygenates (net).

^g Through 2004, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type jet fuel only; naphtha-type jet fuel is included in "Other Products."

^h Includes propylene.

ⁱ Finished motor gasoline.

^j Asphalt and road oil, finished aviation gasoline, kerosene, lubricants, petrochemical feedstocks, petroleum coke, special naphthas, still gas, waxes, and

miscellaneous products. Beginning in 2005, also includes naphtha-type jet fuel.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. F=Forecast.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

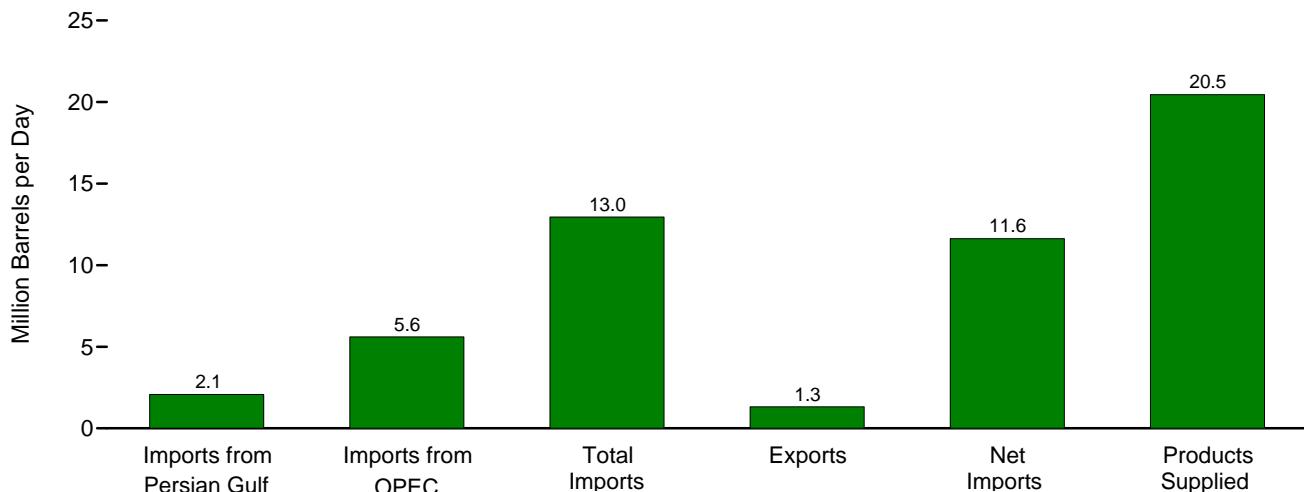
Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>. • For related information, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/oil_gas/petroleum/info_glace/petroleum.html.

Sources: • **1973-1975:** Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, annual reports. • **1976-1980:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, annual reports. • **1981-2006:** *Petroleum Supply Annual*, annual reports. • **2007:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, monthly reports; and, for the current two months, *Weekly Petroleum Status Report* data system, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System, and *Monthly Energy Review* data system calculations.

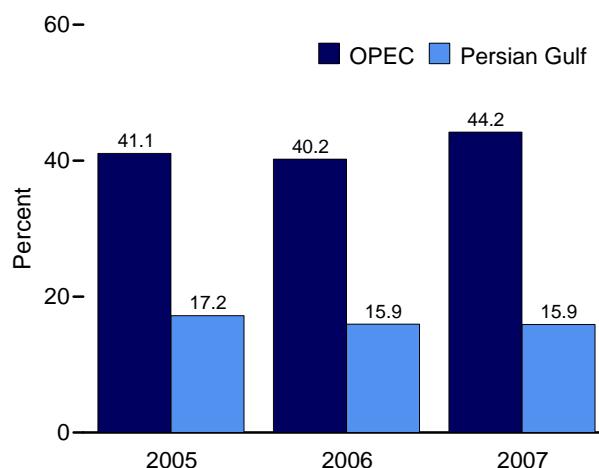
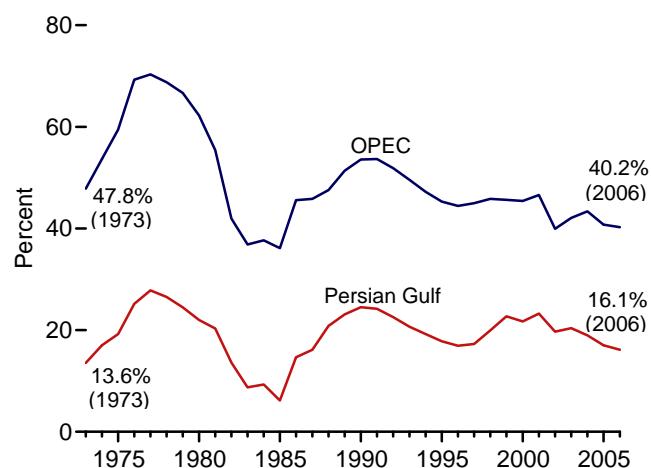
Monthly Energy Review Section 3 is redesigned. See "What's New" (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/wni.html>) for a summary of the changes.

Figure 3.3a Petroleum Trade: Overview

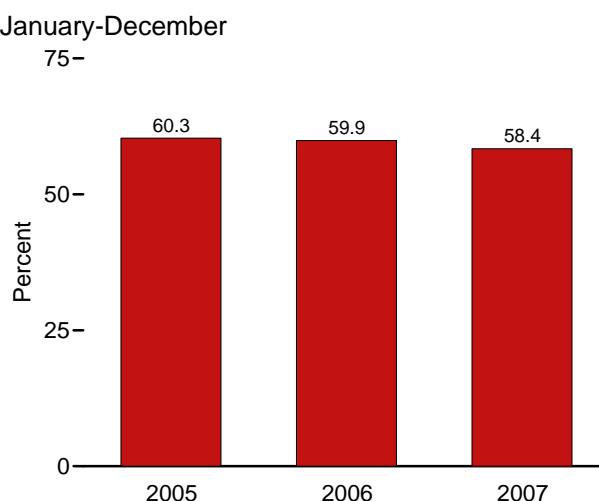
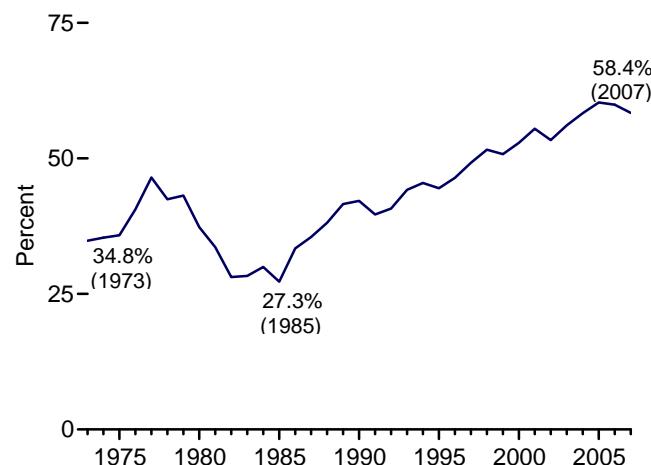
Overview, October 2007



Imports from OPEC and the Persian Gulf as Share of Total Imports
1973-2006
January-October



Net Imports as Share of Products Supplied
1973-2007
January-December



Notes: • OPEC=Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.
• Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>.
Source: Table 3.3a.

Table 3.3a Petroleum Trade: Overview

| | Imports from Persian Gulf ^a | Imports from OPEC ^b | Imports | Exports | Net Imports | Products Supplied | As Share of Products Supplied | | | | As Share of Total Imports | |
|----------------------|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| | | | | | | | Imports from Persian Gulf ^a | Imports from OPEC ^b | Imports | Net Imports | Imports from Persian Gulf ^a | Imports from OPEC ^b |
| | | | | | | | Thousand Barrels per Day | | | | | |
| 1973 Average | 848 | 2,993 | 6,256 | 231 | 6,025 | 17,308 | 4.9 | 17.3 | 36.1 | 34.8 | 13.6 | 47.8 |
| 1975 Average | 1,165 | 3,601 | 6,056 | 209 | 5,846 | 16,322 | 7.1 | 22.1 | 37.1 | 35.8 | 19.2 | 59.5 |
| 1980 Average | 1,519 | 4,300 | 6,909 | 544 | 6,365 | 17,056 | 8.9 | 25.2 | 40.5 | 37.3 | 22.0 | 62.2 |
| 1985 Average | 311 | 1,830 | 5,067 | 781 | 4,286 | 15,726 | 2.0 | 11.6 | 32.2 | 27.3 | 6.1 | 36.1 |
| 1990 Average | 1,966 | 4,296 | 8,018 | 857 | 7,161 | 16,988 | 11.6 | 25.3 | 47.2 | 42.2 | 24.5 | 53.6 |
| 1995 Average | 1,573 | 4,002 | 8,835 | 949 | 7,886 | 17,725 | 8.9 | 22.6 | 49.8 | 44.5 | 17.8 | 45.3 |
| 1996 Average | 1,604 | 4,211 | 9,478 | 981 | 8,498 | 18,309 | 8.8 | 23.0 | 51.8 | 46.4 | 16.9 | 44.4 |
| 1997 Average | 1,755 | 4,569 | 10,162 | 1,003 | 9,158 | 18,620 | 9.4 | 24.5 | 54.6 | 49.2 | 17.3 | 45.0 |
| 1998 Average | 2,136 | 4,905 | 10,708 | 945 | 9,764 | 18,917 | 11.3 | 25.9 | 56.6 | 51.6 | 19.9 | 45.8 |
| 1999 Average | 2,464 | 4,953 | 10,852 | 940 | 9,912 | 19,519 | 12.6 | 25.4 | 55.6 | 50.8 | 22.7 | 45.6 |
| 2000 Average | 2,488 | 5,203 | 11,459 | 1,040 | 10,419 | 19,701 | 12.6 | 26.4 | 58.2 | 52.9 | 21.7 | 45.4 |
| 2001 Average | 2,761 | 5,528 | 11,871 | 971 | 10,900 | 19,649 | 14.1 | 28.1 | 60.4 | 55.5 | 23.3 | 46.6 |
| 2002 Average | 2,269 | 4,605 | 11,530 | 984 | 10,546 | 19,761 | 11.5 | 23.3 | 58.3 | 53.4 | 19.7 | 39.9 |
| 2003 Average | 2,501 | 5,162 | 12,264 | 1,027 | 11,238 | 20,034 | 12.5 | 25.8 | 61.2 | 56.1 | 20.4 | 42.1 |
| 2004 Average | 2,493 | 5,701 | 13,145 | 1,048 | 12,097 | 20,731 | 12.0 | 27.5 | 63.4 | 58.4 | 19.0 | 43.4 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 2,361 | 5,476 | 12,991 | 917 | 12,074 | 20,694 | 11.4 | 26.5 | 62.8 | 58.3 | 18.2 | 42.2 |
| February | 2,319 | 5,860 | 13,749 | 1,256 | 12,493 | 20,830 | 11.1 | 28.1 | 66.0 | 60.0 | 16.9 | 42.6 |
| March | 2,412 | 5,359 | 13,230 | 1,308 | 11,921 | 21,009 | 11.5 | 25.5 | 63.0 | 56.7 | 18.2 | 40.5 |
| April | 2,280 | 5,618 | 13,476 | 1,330 | 12,147 | 20,137 | 11.3 | 27.9 | 66.9 | 60.3 | 16.9 | 41.7 |
| May | 2,498 | 5,873 | 14,006 | 1,380 | 12,626 | 20,606 | 12.1 | 28.5 | 68.0 | 61.3 | 17.8 | 41.9 |
| June | 2,403 | 5,785 | 14,270 | 1,477 | 12,793 | 21,198 | 11.3 | 27.3 | 67.3 | 60.3 | 16.8 | 40.5 |
| July | 2,622 | 6,100 | 13,925 | 1,259 | 12,666 | 20,939 | 12.5 | 29.1 | 66.5 | 60.5 | 18.8 | 43.8 |
| August | 2,194 | 5,673 | 13,848 | 1,295 | 12,552 | 21,666 | 10.1 | 26.2 | 63.9 | 57.9 | 15.8 | 41.0 |
| September | 2,130 | 5,085 | 13,229 | 844 | 12,385 | 20,142 | 10.6 | 25.2 | 65.7 | 61.5 | 16.1 | 38.4 |
| October | 2,319 | 5,412 | 14,208 | 854 | 13,354 | 20,253 | 11.4 | 26.7 | 70.2 | 65.9 | 16.3 | 38.1 |
| November | 2,294 | 5,383 | 14,096 | 961 | 13,135 | 20,623 | 11.1 | 26.1 | 68.4 | 63.7 | 16.3 | 38.2 |
| December | 2,166 | 5,431 | 13,548 | 1,106 | 12,442 | 21,495 | 10.1 | 25.3 | 63.0 | 57.9 | 16.0 | 40.1 |
| Average | 2,334 | 5,587 | 13,714 | 1,165 | 12,549 | 20,802 | 11.2 | 26.9 | 65.9 | 60.3 | 17.0 | 40.7 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 1,994 | 5,596 | 13,796 | 1,059 | 12,737 | 20,436 | 9.8 | 27.4 | 67.5 | 62.3 | 14.5 | 40.6 |
| February | 2,068 | 5,502 | 13,565 | 1,276 | 12,289 | 20,577 | 10.0 | 26.7 | 65.9 | 59.7 | 15.2 | 40.6 |
| March | 1,958 | 5,088 | 12,904 | 1,170 | 11,734 | 20,608 | 9.5 | 24.7 | 62.6 | 56.9 | 15.2 | 39.4 |
| April | 2,361 | 5,488 | 13,438 | 1,398 | 12,039 | 20,201 | 11.7 | 27.2 | 66.5 | 59.6 | 17.6 | 40.8 |
| May | 2,389 | 5,819 | 14,315 | 1,350 | 12,965 | 20,457 | 11.7 | 28.4 | 70.0 | 63.4 | 16.7 | 40.7 |
| June | 2,355 | 5,691 | 14,253 | 1,334 | 12,918 | 20,982 | 11.2 | 27.1 | 67.9 | 61.6 | 16.5 | 39.9 |
| July | 2,078 | 5,509 | 13,984 | 1,387 | 12,596 | 20,740 | 10.0 | 26.6 | 67.4 | 60.7 | 14.9 | 39.4 |
| August | 2,314 | 5,729 | 14,697 | 1,255 | 13,442 | 21,434 | 10.8 | 26.7 | 68.6 | 62.7 | 15.7 | 39.0 |
| September | 2,481 | 5,842 | 14,491 | 1,554 | 12,937 | 20,559 | 12.1 | 28.4 | 70.5 | 62.9 | 17.1 | 40.3 |
| October | 2,132 | 5,538 | 13,317 | 1,506 | 11,810 | 20,769 | 10.3 | 26.7 | 64.1 | 56.9 | 16.0 | 41.6 |
| November | 2,339 | 5,181 | 13,005 | 1,353 | 11,651 | 20,669 | 11.3 | 25.1 | 62.9 | 56.4 | 18.0 | 39.8 |
| December | 2,079 | 5,221 | 12,721 | 1,164 | 11,556 | 20,795 | 10.0 | 25.1 | 61.2 | 55.6 | 16.3 | 41.0 |
| Average | 2,211 | 5,517 | 13,707 | 1,317 | 12,390 | 20,687 | 10.7 | 26.7 | 66.3 | 59.9 | 16.1 | 40.2 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 2,294 | 6,093 | 13,623 | 1,478 | 12,145 | 20,559 | 11.2 | 29.6 | 66.3 | 59.1 | 16.8 | 44.7 |
| February | 1,716 | 5,342 | 12,168 | 1,373 | 10,795 | 21,271 | 8.1 | 25.1 | 57.2 | 50.7 | 14.1 | 43.9 |
| March | 2,072 | 6,296 | 13,894 | 1,260 | 12,634 | 20,529 | 10.1 | 30.7 | 67.7 | 61.5 | 14.9 | 45.3 |
| April | 2,192 | 5,977 | 13,896 | 1,313 | 12,583 | 20,579 | 10.7 | 29.0 | 67.5 | 61.1 | 15.8 | 43.0 |
| May | 2,148 | 6,187 | 14,164 | 1,380 | 12,784 | 20,631 | 10.4 | 30.0 | 68.7 | 62.0 | 15.2 | 43.7 |
| June | 2,372 | 6,119 | 13,501 | 1,320 | 12,180 | 20,737 | 11.4 | 29.5 | 65.1 | 58.7 | 17.6 | 45.3 |
| July | 2,099 | 5,727 | 13,677 | 1,504 | 12,173 | 20,641 | 10.2 | 27.7 | 66.3 | 59.0 | 15.3 | 41.9 |
| August | 2,171 | 6,106 | 13,599 | 1,480 | 12,119 | 21,051 | 10.3 | 29.0 | 64.6 | 57.6 | 16.0 | 44.9 |
| September | 2,333 | 6,250 | 13,639 | 1,357 | 12,282 | 20,385 | 11.4 | 30.7 | 66.9 | 60.2 | 17.1 | 45.8 |
| October | R 2,077 | R 5,606 | R 12,950 | R 1,322 | R 11,628 | R 20,455 | R 10.2 | R 27.4 | R 63.3 | R 56.8 | R 16.0 | R 43.3 |
| November | NA | NA | E 13,398 | E 1,271 | E 12,127 | E 20,903 | NA | E 64.1 | E 58.0 | NA | NA | |
| December | NA | NA | E 13,045 | E 1,251 | E 11,794 | E 21,244 | NA | E 61.4 | E 55.5 | NA | NA | |
| Average | NA | NA | E 13,472 | E 1,359 | E 12,112 | E 20,745 | NA | E 64.9 | E 58.4 | NA | NA | |

^a Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.

^b Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Glossary.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Readers of this table may be interested in a feature article, "Measuring Dependence on Imported Oil," that was published in the August 1995 *Monthly Energy Review*. See http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/pdf/pages/imported_oil.pdf. • Beginning in October 1977, data include Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports. See Table 3.3b. • Annual averages may not equal average of months due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. U.S. exports include shipments to U.S. territories, and imports

include receipts from U.S. territories.

Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>. • For related information, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/oil_gas/petroleum/info_glace/petroleum.html.

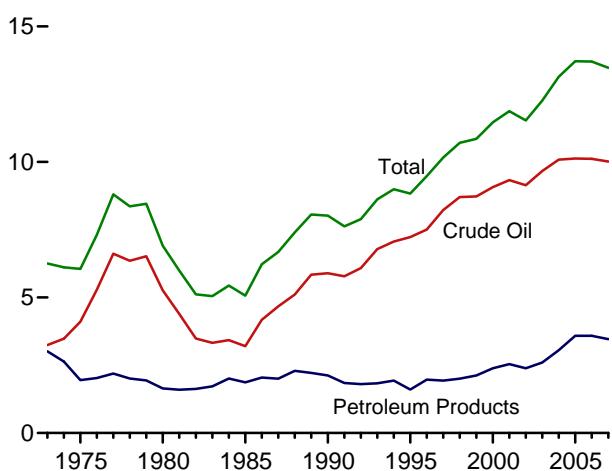
Sources: • **1973-1975:** Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, annual reports. • **1976-1980:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, annual reports. • **1981-2006:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Annual*, annual reports. • **2007:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, monthly reports; and, for the current two months, *Weekly Petroleum Status Report* data system and *Monthly Energy Review* data system calculations.

Monthly Energy Review Section 3 is redesigned. See "What's New" (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/wni.html>) for a summary of the changes.

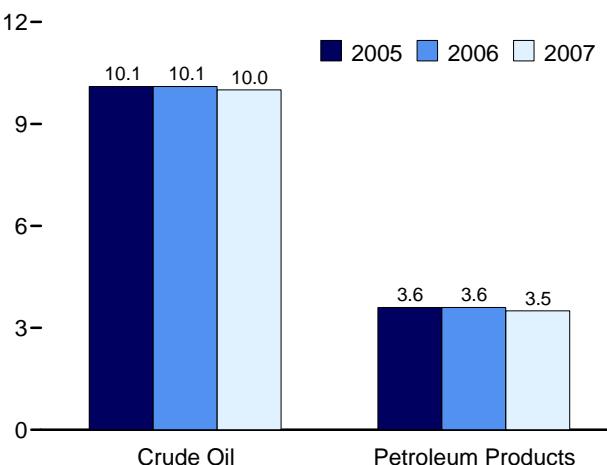
Figure 3.3b Petroleum Trade: Imports

(Million Barrels per Day)

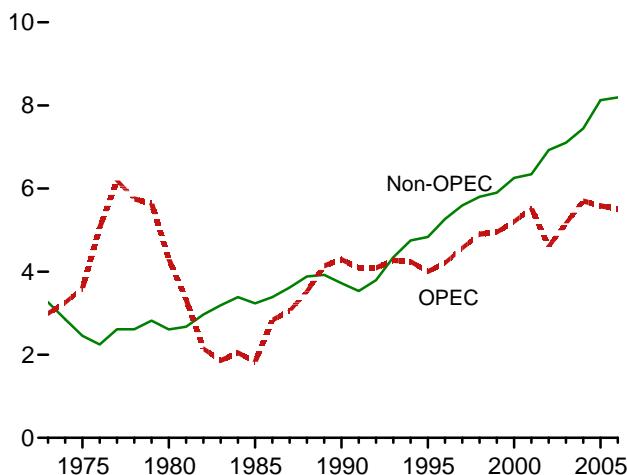
Total, 1973-2007



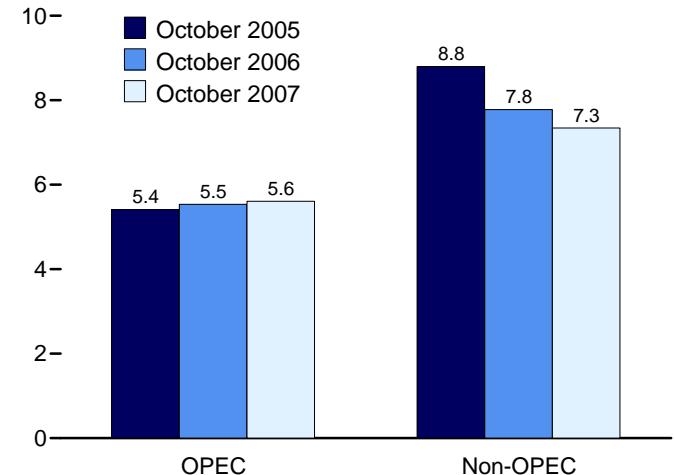
Crude Oil and Petroleum Products,
January-December



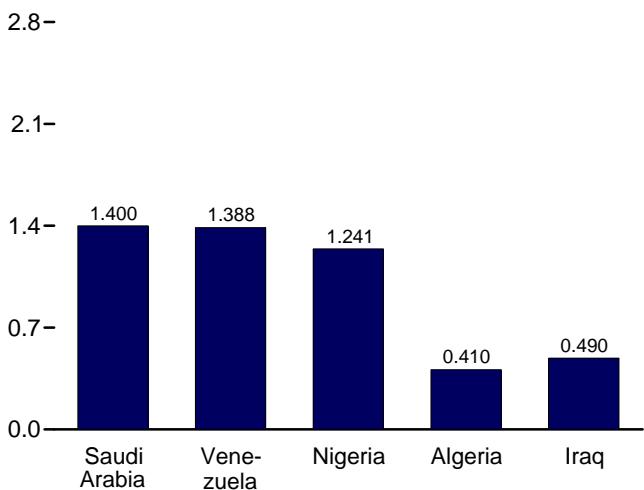
OPEC and Non-OPEC, 1973-2007



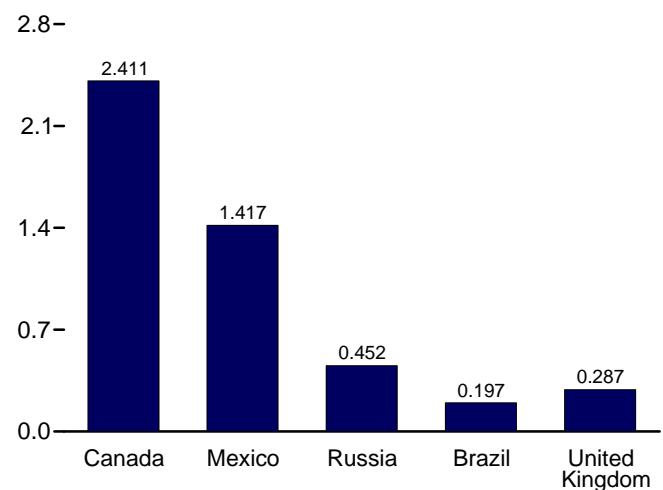
OPEC and Non-OPEC



From Selected OPEC Countries, October 2007



From Selected Non-OPEC Countries, October 2007



Notes: • OPEC=Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.
• Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>.
Sources: Tables 3.3b-3.3d.

Table 3.3b Petroleum Trade: Imports and Exports by Type
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

| | Imports | | | | | | | | | | Exports | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|----------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------|-----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------|------------------------|--------------------|---------|
| | Crude Oil ^a | | Distillate Fuel Oil | Jet Fuel ^e | LPG ^b | | Motor Gasoline ^f | Residual Fuel Oil | Other ^g | Total | Crude Oil ^a | Petroleum Products | Total |
| | SPR ^{c,d} | Total | | | Propane | Total | | | | | | | |
| 1973 Average | -- | 3,244 | 392 | 212 | 71 | 132 | 134 | 1,853 | 290 | 6,256 | 2 | 229 | 231 |
| 1975 Average | -- | 4,105 | 155 | 133 | 60 | 112 | 184 | 1,223 | 144 | 6,056 | 6 | 204 | 209 |
| 1980 Average | 44 | 5,263 | 142 | 80 | 69 | 216 | 140 | 939 | 130 | 6,909 | 287 | 258 | 544 |
| 1985 Average | 118 | 3,201 | 200 | 39 | 67 | 187 | 381 | 510 | 550 | 5,067 | 204 | 577 | 781 |
| 1990 Average | 27 | 5,894 | 278 | 108 | 115 | 188 | 342 | 504 | 705 | 8,018 | 109 | 748 | 857 |
| 1995 Average | 0 | 7,230 | 193 | 106 | 102 | 146 | 265 | 187 | 708 | 8,835 | 95 | 855 | 949 |
| 1996 Average | 0 | 7,508 | 230 | 111 | 119 | 166 | 336 | 248 | 879 | 9,478 | 110 | 871 | 981 |
| 1997 Average | 0 | 8,225 | 228 | 91 | 113 | 169 | 309 | 194 | 945 | 10,162 | 108 | 896 | 1,003 |
| 1998 Average | 0 | 8,706 | 210 | 124 | 137 | 194 | 311 | 275 | 888 | 10,708 | 110 | 835 | 945 |
| 1999 Average | 8 | 8,731 | 250 | 128 | 122 | 182 | 382 | 237 | 943 | 10,852 | 118 | 822 | 940 |
| 2000 Average | 8 | 9,071 | 295 | 162 | 161 | 215 | 427 | 352 | 938 | 11,459 | 50 | 990 | 1,040 |
| 2001 Average | 11 | 9,328 | 344 | 148 | 145 | 206 | 454 | 295 | 1,095 | 11,871 | 20 | 951 | 971 |
| 2002 Average | 16 | 9,140 | 267 | 107 | 145 | 183 | 498 | 249 | 1,085 | 11,530 | 9 | 975 | 984 |
| 2003 Average | 0 | 9,665 | 333 | 109 | 168 | 225 | 518 | 327 | 1,087 | 12,264 | 12 | 1,014 | 1,027 |
| 2004 Average | 77 | 10,088 | 325 | 127 | 209 | 263 | 496 | 426 | 1,419 | 13,145 | 27 | 1,021 | 1,048 |
| 2005 January | 134 | 9,997 | 353 | 105 | 274 | 328 | 510 | 461 | 1,236 | 12,991 | 40 | 877 | 917 |
| February | 46 | 10,219 | 344 | 140 | 244 | 347 | 598 | 590 | 1,513 | 13,749 | 19 | 1,237 | 1,256 |
| March | 140 | 10,242 | 257 | 174 | 164 | 234 | 558 | 411 | 1,353 | 13,230 | 36 | 1,272 | 1,308 |
| April | 97 | 10,224 | 264 | 135 | 179 | 283 | 642 | 425 | 1,504 | 13,476 | 45 | 1,285 | 1,330 |
| May | 0 | 10,432 | 281 | 150 | 175 | 283 | 618 | 420 | 1,821 | 14,006 | 55 | 1,325 | 1,380 |
| June | 64 | 10,765 | 236 | 102 | 152 | 243 | 596 | 474 | 1,855 | 14,270 | 21 | 1,456 | 1,477 |
| July | 52 | 10,377 | 243 | 174 | 220 | 330 | 583 | 530 | 1,688 | 13,925 | 34 | 1,225 | 1,259 |
| August | 34 | 10,404 | 263 | 147 | 171 | 301 | 511 | 579 | 1,642 | 13,848 | 17 | 1,278 | 1,295 |
| September | 14 | 9,155 | 275 | 286 | 256 | 343 | 644 | 649 | 1,877 | 13,229 | 24 | 819 | 844 |
| October | 0 | 9,444 | 507 | 371 | 377 | 504 | 866 | 642 | 1,875 | 14,208 | 17 | 837 | 854 |
| November | 34 | 10,262 | 486 | 256 | 293 | 379 | 584 | 675 | 1,455 | 14,096 | 48 | 912 | 961 |
| December | 8 | 9,996 | 435 | 239 | 293 | 360 | 524 | 509 | 1,484 | 13,548 | 24 | 1,081 | 1,106 |
| Average | 52 | 10,126 | 329 | 190 | 233 | 328 | 603 | 530 | 1,609 | 13,714 | 32 | 1,133 | 1,165 |
| 2006 January | 0 | 9,766 | 552 | 180 | 206 | 287 | 606 | 553 | 1,852 | 13,796 | 27 | 1,032 | 1,059 |
| February | 14 | 9,983 | 388 | 123 | 206 | 285 | 631 | 458 | 1,697 | 13,565 | 15 | 1,261 | 1,276 |
| March | 32 | 9,750 | 292 | 118 | 181 | 233 | 554 | 359 | 1,598 | 12,904 | 29 | 1,140 | 1,170 |
| April | 33 | 9,859 | 297 | 218 | 243 | 366 | 510 | 283 | 1,904 | 13,438 | 26 | 1,372 | 1,398 |
| May | 23 | 10,303 | 437 | 230 | 174 | 309 | 511 | 308 | 2,216 | 14,315 | 27 | 1,323 | 1,350 |
| June | 0 | 10,712 | 297 | 190 | 241 | 372 | 407 | 348 | 1,927 | 14,253 | 33 | 1,301 | 1,334 |
| July | 0 | 10,229 | 361 | 201 | 227 | 350 | 439 | 323 | 2,080 | 13,984 | 13 | 1,374 | 1,387 |
| August | 0 | 10,564 | 363 | 257 | 265 | 392 | 560 | 348 | 2,213 | 14,697 | 15 | 1,240 | 1,255 |
| September | 0 | 10,710 | 438 | 234 | 281 | 447 | 376 | 322 | 1,964 | 14,491 | 21 | 1,533 | 1,554 |
| October | 0 | 10,106 | 307 | 171 | 267 | 382 | 405 | 321 | 1,625 | 13,317 | 37 | 1,469 | 1,506 |
| November | 0 | 9,888 | 288 | 101 | 215 | 279 | 388 | 292 | 1,769 | 13,005 | 24 | 1,329 | 1,353 |
| December | 0 | 9,555 | 355 | 197 | 224 | 285 | 324 | 290 | 1,713 | 12,721 | 27 | 1,137 | 1,164 |
| Average | 8 | 10,118 | 365 | 186 | 228 | 332 | 475 | 350 | 1,881 | 13,707 | 25 | 1,292 | 1,317 |
| 2007 January | 0 | 10,192 | 352 | 175 | 240 | 315 | 356 | 391 | 1,842 | 13,623 | 9 | 1,469 | 1,478 |
| February | 0 | 9,049 | 334 | 227 | 181 | 224 | 372 | 314 | 1,648 | 12,168 | 25 | 1,348 | 1,373 |
| March | 18 | 10,348 | 360 | 249 | 174 | 223 | 361 | 510 | 1,844 | 13,894 | 34 | 1,226 | 1,260 |
| April | 0 | 10,181 | 322 | 316 | 126 | 195 | 498 | 380 | 2,003 | 13,896 | 19 | 1,294 | 1,313 |
| May | 0 | 10,292 | 272 | 227 | 149 | 236 | 580 | 360 | 2,197 | 14,164 | 36 | 1,343 | 1,380 |
| June | 0 | 9,983 | 273 | 215 | 154 | 280 | 430 | 360 | 1,959 | 13,501 | 52 | 1,268 | 1,320 |
| July | 0 | 9,902 | 318 | 263 | 132 | 219 | 434 | 400 | 2,141 | 13,677 | 27 | 1,477 | 1,504 |
| August | 0 | 10,284 | 346 | 226 | 168 | 238 | 395 | 351 | 1,759 | 13,599 | 42 | 1,438 | 1,480 |
| September | 0 | 10,315 | 261 | 202 | 225 | 278 | 472 | 347 | 1,764 | 13,639 | 34 | 1,323 | 1,357 |
| October | R 34 | R 9,776 | R 288 | R 184 | R 197 | R 250 | R 319 | R 299 | R 1,834 | R 12,950 | R 11 | R 1,311 | R 1,322 |
| November | NA | E 9,999 | E 243 | E 200 | E 189 | NA | E 431 | E 283 | NA | E 13,398 | E 25 | E 1,246 | E 1,271 |
| December | NA | E 9,744 | E 212 | E 158 | E 176 | NA | E 436 | E 371 | NA | E 13,045 | E 25 | E 1,226 | E 1,251 |
| Average | NA | E 10,012 | E 298 | E 220 | E 176 | NA | E 424 | E 364 | NA | E 13,472 | E 28 | E 1,331 | E 1,359 |

^a Includes lease condensate.

^b Liquefied petroleum gases.

^c "SPR" is the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, which began in October 1977. Through 2003, includes crude oil imports by SPR only; beginning in 2004, includes crude oil imports by SPR, and crude oil imports into SPR by others.

^d See Note 6, "Data Discrepancies," at end of section.

^e Through 2004, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type jet fuel only; naphtha-type jet fuel is included in "Other."

^f Finished motor gasoline. Through 1980, also includes motor gasoline blending components.

^g Asphalt and road oil, finished aviation gasoline, gasoline blending components, kerosene, lubricants, pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, petroleum coke, special naphthas, unfinished oils, waxes, other hydrocarbons and oxygenates, and miscellaneous products. Beginning in 2005, also includes

naphtha-type jet fuel.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. --=Not applicable. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>. • For related information, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/oil_gas/petroleum/info_glance/petroleum.html.

Sources: • **1973-1975:** Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, *Petroleum Statement, Annual*, annual reports. • **1976-1980:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Petroleum Statement, Annual*, annual reports. • **1981-2006:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Annual*, annual reports. • **2007:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, monthly reports; and, for the current two months, *Weekly Petroleum Status Report* data system and *Monthly Energy Review* data system calculations.

Monthly Energy Review Section 3 is redesigned. See "What's New" (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/wni.html>) for a summary of the changes.

Table 3.3c Petroleum Trade: Imports From OPEC Countries
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

| | Algeria | Angola ^a | Ecuador ^b | Iraq | Kuwait ^c | Libya | Nigeria | Saudi Arabia ^c | Venezuela | Other ^d | Total OPEC |
|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------|---------------------|-----------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|
| 1973 Average | 136 | (^a) | 48 | 4 | 47 | 164 | 459 | 486 | 1,135 | R 514 | 2,993 |
| 1975 Average | 282 | (^a) | 57 | 2 | 16 | 232 | 762 | 715 | 702 | R 832 | 3,601 |
| 1980 Average | 488 | (^a) | 27 | 28 | 27 | 554 | 857 | 1,261 | 481 | R 577 | 4,300 |
| 1985 Average | 187 | (^a) | 67 | 46 | 21 | 4 | 293 | 168 | 605 | R 439 | 1,830 |
| 1990 Average | 280 | (^a) | 49 | 518 | 86 | 0 | 800 | 1,339 | 1,025 | R 199 | 4,296 |
| 1995 Average | 234 | (^a) | (^b) | 0 | 218 | 0 | 627 | 1,344 | 1,480 | R 98 | 4,002 |
| 1996 Average | 256 | (^a) | (^b) | 1 | 236 | 0 | 617 | 1,363 | 1,676 | R 62 | 4,211 |
| 1997 Average | 285 | (^a) | (^b) | 89 | 253 | 0 | 698 | 1,407 | 1,773 | R 64 | 4,569 |
| 1998 Average | 290 | (^a) | (^b) | 336 | 301 | 0 | 696 | 1,491 | 1,719 | R 73 | 4,905 |
| 1999 Average | 259 | (^a) | (^b) | 725 | 248 | 0 | 657 | 1,478 | 1,493 | R 93 | 4,953 |
| 2000 Average | 225 | (^a) | (^b) | 620 | 272 | 0 | 896 | 1,572 | 1,546 | R 72 | 5,203 |
| 2001 Average | 278 | (^a) | (^b) | 795 | 250 | 0 | 885 | 1,662 | 1,553 | R 105 | 5,528 |
| 2002 Average | 264 | (^a) | (^b) | 459 | 228 | 0 | 621 | 1,552 | 1,398 | R 83 | 4,605 |
| 2003 Average | 382 | (^a) | (^b) | 481 | 220 | 0 | 867 | 1,774 | 1,376 | R 61 | 5,162 |
| 2004 Average | 452 | (^a) | (^b) | 656 | 250 | 20 | 1,140 | 1,558 | 1,554 | R 70 | 5,701 |
| 2005 January | 368 | (^a) | (^b) | 493 | 203 | 0 | 1,103 | 1,653 | 1,622 | R 33 | 5,476 |
| February | 504 | (^a) | (^b) | 551 | 183 | 96 | 1,221 | 1,574 | 1,710 | R 22 | 5,860 |
| March | 380 | (^a) | (^b) | 548 | 207 | 9 | 974 | 1,651 | 1,546 | R 45 | 5,359 |
| April | 467 | (^a) | (^b) | 569 | 187 | 21 | 1,243 | 1,514 | 1,581 | R 34 | 5,618 |
| May | 449 | (^a) | (^b) | 604 | 291 | 35 | 1,234 | 1,580 | 1,648 | R 32 | 5,873 |
| June | 581 | (^a) | (^b) | 608 | 184 | 106 | 1,089 | 1,596 | 1,600 | R 22 | 5,785 |
| July | 540 | (^a) | (^b) | 642 | 278 | 40 | 1,255 | 1,692 | 1,632 | R 21 | 6,100 |
| August | 610 | (^a) | (^b) | 369 | 229 | 136 | 1,112 | 1,589 | 1,601 | R 27 | 5,673 |
| September | 447 | (^a) | (^b) | 459 | 237 | 37 | 1,065 | 1,390 | 1,374 | R 76 | 5,085 |
| October | 496 | (^a) | (^b) | 577 | 330 | 83 | 1,203 | 1,351 | 1,255 | R 118 | 5,412 |
| November | 500 | (^a) | (^b) | 572 | 289 | 61 | 1,248 | 1,370 | 1,258 | R 86 | 5,383 |
| December | 405 | (^a) | (^b) | 390 | 291 | 53 | 1,246 | 1,472 | 1,532 | R 42 | 5,431 |
| Average | 478 | (^a) | (^b) | 531 | 243 | 56 | 1,166 | 1,537 | 1,529 | R 47 | 5,587 |
| 2006 January | 713 | (^a) | (^b) | 532 | 78 | 70 | 1,227 | 1,369 | 1,566 | R 41 | 5,596 |
| February | 452 | (^a) | (^b) | 446 | 160 | 70 | 1,348 | 1,451 | 1,553 | R 22 | 5,502 |
| March | 429 | (^a) | (^b) | 476 | 118 | 42 | 1,116 | 1,364 | 1,532 | R 10 | 5,088 |
| April | 543 | (^a) | (^b) | 531 | 225 | 69 | 1,098 | 1,595 | 1,400 | R 28 | 5,488 |
| May | 675 | (^a) | (^b) | 666 | 231 | 66 | 1,190 | 1,492 | 1,470 | R 30 | 5,819 |
| June | 774 | (^a) | (^b) | 617 | 201 | 144 | 1,095 | 1,529 | 1,306 | R 26 | 5,691 |
| July | 743 | (^a) | (^b) | 592 | 155 | 119 | 1,073 | 1,313 | 1,469 | R 46 | 5,509 |
| August | 803 | (^a) | (^b) | 620 | 155 | 111 | 1,035 | 1,514 | 1,439 | R 52 | 5,729 |
| September | 796 | (^a) | (^b) | 655 | 227 | 73 | 1,078 | 1,564 | 1,386 | R 63 | 5,842 |
| October | 817 | (^a) | (^b) | 505 | 239 | 107 | 1,088 | 1,382 | 1,356 | R 42 | 5,538 |
| November | 462 | (^a) | (^b) | 573 | 259 | 110 | 970 | 1,507 | 1,281 | R 20 | 5,181 |
| December | 662 | (^a) | (^b) | 419 | 169 | 67 | 1,068 | 1,491 | 1,274 | R 71 | 5,221 |
| Average | 657 | (^a) | (^b) | 553 | 185 | 87 | 1,114 | 1,463 | 1,419 | R 38 | 5,517 |
| 2007 January | 778 | 574 | (^b) | 531 | 172 | 56 | 1,136 | 1,563 | 1,195 | R 87 | 6,093 |
| February | 555 | 464 | (^b) | 325 | 168 | 105 | 1,102 | 1,207 | 1,359 | R 58 | 5,342 |
| March | 727 | 708 | (^b) | 523 | 305 | 147 | 1,346 | 1,244 | 1,285 | R 11 | 6,296 |
| April | 798 | 526 | (^b) | 562 | 135 | 80 | 948 | 1,488 | 1,412 | R 28 | 5,977 |
| May | 744 | 692 | (^b) | 341 | 168 | 69 | 964 | 1,614 | 1,520 | R 75 | 6,187 |
| June | 709 | 514 | (^b) | 573 | 263 | 170 | 968 | 1,534 | 1,364 | R 24 | 6,119 |
| July | 730 | 404 | (^b) | 460 | 202 | 184 | 906 | 1,436 | 1,386 | R 18 | 5,727 |
| August | 827 | 412 | (^b) | 520 | 139 | 127 | 1,208 | 1,499 | 1,330 | R 43 | 6,106 |
| September | 702 | 591 | (^b) | 603 | 170 | 74 | 1,181 | 1,560 | 1,333 | R 35 | 6,250 |
| October | 410 | 342 | (^b) | 490 | 157 | 133 | 1,241 | 1,400 | 1,388 | 46 | 5,606 |
| 10-Month Average | 699 | 523 | (^b) | 494 | 188 | 115 | 1,101 | 1,456 | 1,357 | 42 | 5,975 |
| 2006 10-Month Average | 676 | (^a) | (^b) | 565 | 179 | 87 | 1,133 | 1,456 | 1,447 | 36 | 5,580 |
| 2005 10-Month Average | 484 | (^a) | (^b) | 542 | 234 | 56 | 1,149 | 1,560 | 1,556 | 43 | 5,623 |

^a Angola joined OPEC on January 1, 2007. Through 2006, imports from Angola are included under "Total Non-OPEC" on Table 3.3d.

^b Ecuador withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1992, and rejoined OPEC on November 17, 2007. For 1993-2007, imports from Ecuador are included under "Total Non-OPEC" on Table 3.3d.

^c Imports from the Neutral Zone are reported as originating in either Saudi Arabia or Kuwait depending on the country reported to U.S. Customs.

^d Indonesia, Iran, Qatar, United Arab Emirates, and, for 1975-1994, Gabon.

R=Revised.

Notes: • See "Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)" in Glossary. • The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been

produced from Middle East crude oil. • Includes imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, which began in October 1977. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>. • For related information, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/oil_gas/petroleum/info_glossary/petroleum.html.

Sources: • **1973-1975:** Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, *Petroleum Statement, Annual*, annual reports. • **1976-1980:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Petroleum Statement, Annual*, annual reports. • **1981-2006:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Annual*, annual reports. • **2007:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, monthly reports.

Monthly Energy Review Section 3 is redesigned. See "What's New" (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/wni.html>) for a summary of the changes.

Table 3.3d Petroleum Trade: Imports From Non-OPEC Countries
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

| | Brazil | Canada | Colombia | Mexico | Nether-lands | Norway | Russia ^a | United Kingdom | U.S. Virgin Islands | Other | Total Non-OPEC |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|----------|--------|--------------|--------|---------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------|----------------|
| 1973 Average | 9 | 1,325 | 9 | 16 | 53 | 1 | 26 | 15 | 329 | R 1,480 | 3,263 |
| 1975 Average | 5 | 846 | 9 | 71 | 19 | 17 | 14 | 14 | 406 | R 1,052 | 2,454 |
| 1980 Average | 3 | 455 | 4 | 533 | 2 | 144 | 1 | 176 | 388 | R 903 | 2,609 |
| 1985 Average | 61 | 770 | 23 | 816 | 58 | 32 | 8 | 310 | 247 | R 913 | 3,237 |
| 1990 Average | 49 | 934 | 182 | 755 | 55 | 102 | 45 | 189 | 282 | R 1,128 | 3,721 |
| 1995 Average | 8 | 1,332 | 219 | 1,068 | 15 | 273 | 25 | 383 | 278 | R 1,233 | 4,833 |
| 1996 Average | 9 | 1,424 | 234 | 1,244 | 19 | 313 | 25 | 308 | 313 | R 1,377 | 5,267 |
| 1997 Average | 5 | 1,563 | 271 | 1,385 | 25 | 309 | 13 | 226 | 300 | R 1,495 | 5,593 |
| 1998 Average | 26 | 1,598 | 354 | 1,351 | 31 | 236 | 24 | 250 | 293 | R 1,640 | 5,803 |
| 1999 Average | 26 | 1,539 | 468 | 1,324 | 27 | 304 | 89 | 365 | 280 | R 1,478 | 5,899 |
| 2000 Average | 51 | 1,807 | 342 | 1,373 | 30 | 343 | 72 | 366 | 291 | R 1,581 | 6,257 |
| 2001 Average | 82 | 1,828 | 296 | 1,440 | 43 | 341 | 90 | 324 | 268 | R 1,631 | 6,343 |
| 2002 Average | 116 | 1,971 | 260 | 1,547 | 66 | 393 | 210 | 478 | 236 | R 1,649 | 6,925 |
| 2003 Average | 108 | 2,072 | 195 | 1,623 | 87 | 270 | 254 | 440 | 288 | R 1,766 | 7,103 |
| 2004 Average | 104 | 2,138 | 176 | 1,665 | 101 | 244 | 298 | 380 | 330 | R 2,008 | 7,444 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 123 | 2,235 | 150 | 1,534 | 62 | 248 | 337 | 328 | 305 | R 2,192 | 7,515 |
| February | 153 | 2,114 | 110 | 1,610 | 115 | 126 | 464 | 337 | 330 | R 2,531 | 7,889 |
| March | 55 | 2,037 | 126 | 1,689 | 73 | 288 | 510 | 451 | 278 | R 2,363 | 7,870 |
| April | 49 | 2,073 | 241 | 1,650 | 131 | 245 | 660 | 399 | 358 | R 2,053 | 7,859 |
| May | 134 | 2,216 | 176 | 1,858 | 184 | 241 | 365 | 348 | 367 | R 2,242 | 8,133 |
| June | 226 | 2,171 | 251 | 1,761 | 132 | 357 | 350 | 422 | 331 | R 2,485 | 8,485 |
| July | 156 | 2,080 | 205 | 1,600 | 200 | 206 | 614 | 406 | 323 | R 2,034 | 7,825 |
| August | 226 | 2,085 | 266 | 1,745 | 108 | 131 | 237 | 442 | 299 | R 2,636 | 8,175 |
| September | 162 | 2,215 | 158 | 1,329 | 199 | 236 | 466 | 413 | 289 | R 2,678 | 8,144 |
| October | 192 | 2,109 | 176 | 1,589 | 226 | 308 | 435 | 455 | 413 | R 2,893 | 8,796 |
| November | 151 | 2,305 | 330 | 1,777 | 206 | 232 | 217 | 504 | 303 | R 2,688 | 8,713 |
| December | 242 | 2,531 | 159 | 1,797 | 173 | 177 | 275 | 251 | 335 | R 2,177 | 8,117 |
| Average | 156 | 2,181 | 196 | 1,662 | 151 | 233 | 410 | 396 | 328 | R 2,413 | 8,127 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 106 | 2,385 | 195 | 1,798 | 217 | 205 | 219 | 223 | 277 | R 2,575 | 8,200 |
| February | 203 | 2,338 | 168 | 1,891 | 143 | 199 | 304 | 206 | 318 | R 2,293 | 8,063 |
| March | 193 | 2,288 | 170 | 1,801 | 105 | 209 | 220 | 300 | 309 | R 2,220 | 7,816 |
| April | 169 | 2,292 | 176 | 1,750 | 161 | 206 | 220 | 315 | 239 | R 2,422 | 7,950 |
| May | 140 | 2,359 | 204 | 1,711 | 268 | 199 | 621 | 350 | 373 | R 2,271 | 8,495 |
| June | 151 | 2,303 | 223 | 1,855 | 212 | 140 | 430 | 358 | 273 | R 2,618 | 8,562 |
| July | 281 | 2,204 | 156 | 1,709 | 197 | 236 | 425 | 340 | 353 | R 2,573 | 8,474 |
| August | 308 | 2,456 | 131 | 1,793 | 259 | 273 | 485 | 272 | 377 | R 2,612 | 8,967 |
| September | 191 | 2,340 | 185 | 1,569 | 153 | 159 | 537 | 239 | 396 | R 2,879 | 8,648 |
| October | 222 | 2,176 | 133 | 1,644 | 116 | 181 | 366 | 195 | 342 | R 2,404 | 7,779 |
| November | 182 | 2,637 | 46 | 1,591 | 152 | 165 | 223 | 265 | 337 | R 2,225 | 7,823 |
| December | 162 | 2,461 | 74 | 1,366 | 98 | 178 | 369 | 199 | 334 | R 2,259 | 7,500 |
| Average | 193 | 2,353 | 155 | 1,705 | 174 | 196 | 369 | 272 | 328 | R 2,446 | 8,190 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 250 | 2,470 | 148 | 1,566 | 102 | 105 | 347 | 194 | 425 | R 1,923 | 7,531 |
| February | 151 | 2,448 | 85 | 1,507 | 63 | 131 | 241 | 268 | 312 | R 1,619 | 6,825 |
| March | 234 | 2,305 | 121 | 1,749 | 158 | 164 | 455 | 292 | 349 | R 1,771 | 7,599 |
| April | 246 | 2,479 | 90 | 1,572 | 87 | 198 | 550 | 386 | 322 | R 1,988 | 7,919 |
| May | 203 | 2,462 | 122 | 1,617 | 149 | 234 | 499 | 390 | 287 | R 2,015 | 7,977 |
| June | 159 | 2,375 | 164 | 1,529 | 171 | 183 | 285 | 345 | 218 | R 1,953 | 7,382 |
| July | 198 | 2,360 | 231 | 1,611 | 130 | 137 | 525 | 369 | 372 | R 2,018 | 7,950 |
| August | 280 | 2,510 | 175 | 1,474 | 127 | 112 | 416 | 174 | 320 | R 1,905 | 7,493 |
| September | 232 | 2,502 | 186 | 1,454 | 136 | 105 | 389 | 185 | 384 | R 1,816 | 7,389 |
| October | 197 | 2,411 | 175 | 1,417 | 175 | 110 | 452 | 287 | 357 | 1,764 | 7,344 |
| 10-Month Average | 216 | 2,432 | 150 | 1,550 | 130 | 148 | 418 | 289 | 335 | 1,879 | 7,548 |
| 2006 10-Month Average | 197 | 2,314 | 174 | 1,751 | 184 | 201 | 383 | 280 | 326 | 2,487 | 8,297 |
| 2005 10-Month Average | 147 | 2,134 | 187 | 1,637 | 143 | 239 | 443 | 401 | 329 | 2,410 | 8,070 |

^a Imports from other republics in the former U.S.S.R. may be included in imports from Russia for 1973-1992. See "U.S.S.R." in Glossary.

R=Revised.

Notes: • See "Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)" in Glossary. • The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil. • Includes imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, which began in October 1977. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50

States and the District of Columbia.

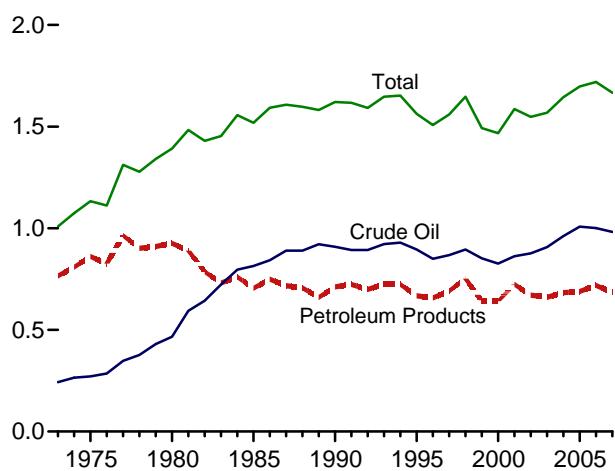
Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>. • For related information, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/oil_gas/petroleum/info_glance/petroleum.html.

Sources: • **1973-1975:** Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, *Petroleum Statement, Annual*, annual reports. • **1976-1980:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Petroleum Statement, Annual*, annual reports. • **1981-2006:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Annual*, annual reports. • **2007:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, monthly reports.

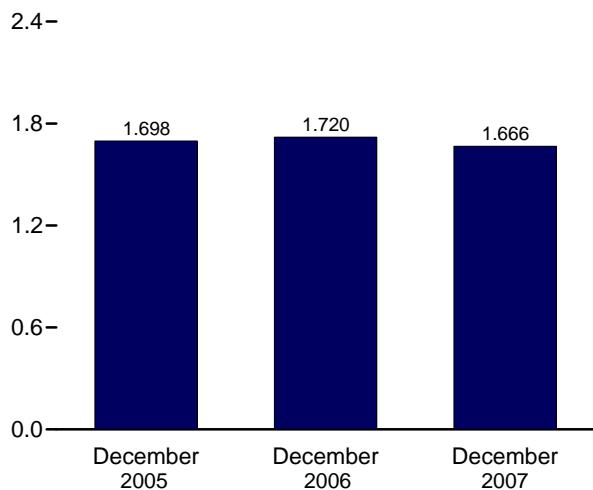
Monthly Energy Review Section 3 is redesigned. See "What's New" (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/wni.html>) for a summary of the changes.

Figure 3.4 Petroleum Stocks
(Billion Barrels, Except as Noted)

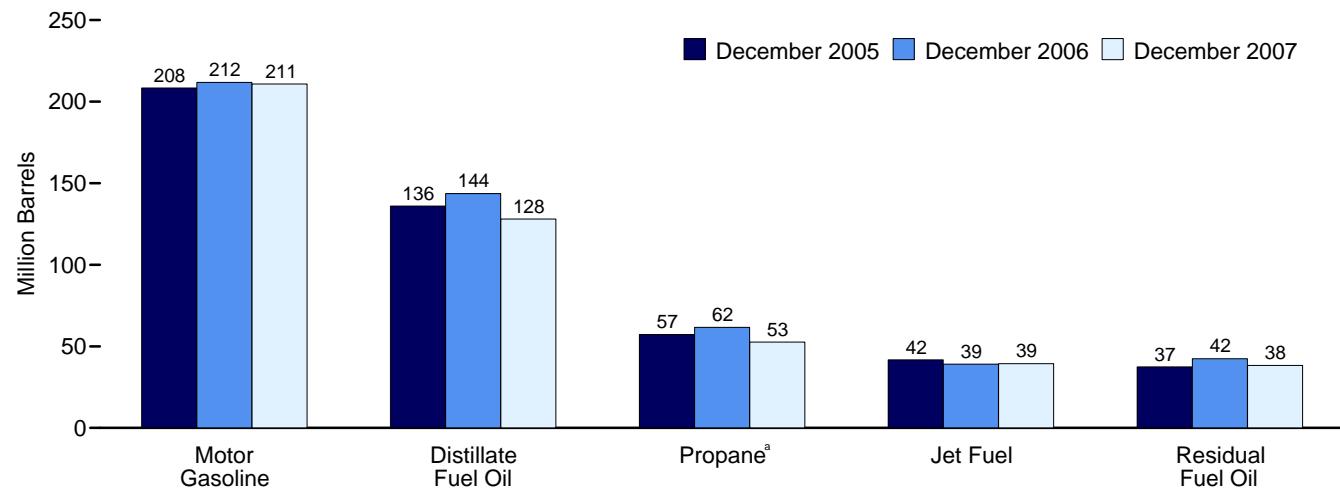
Overview, 1973-2007



Total Stocks (Crude Oil and Petroleum Products)



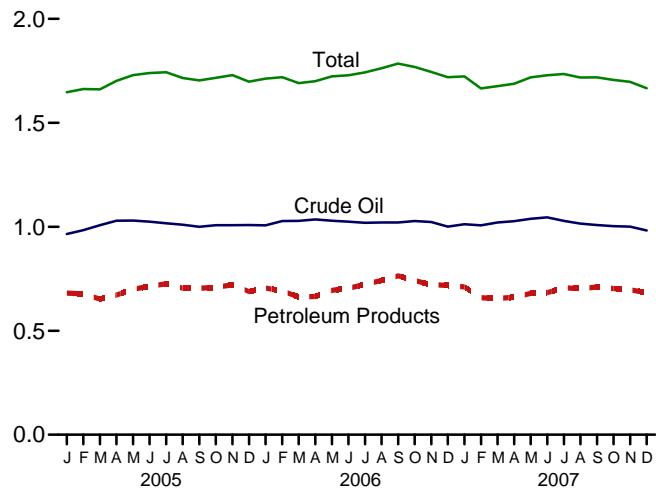
Selected Products



^a Includes propylene.

Notes: • SPR= Strategic Petroleum Reserve. • Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Overview, Monthly



SPR and Non-SPR Crude Oil Stocks, 1973-2007

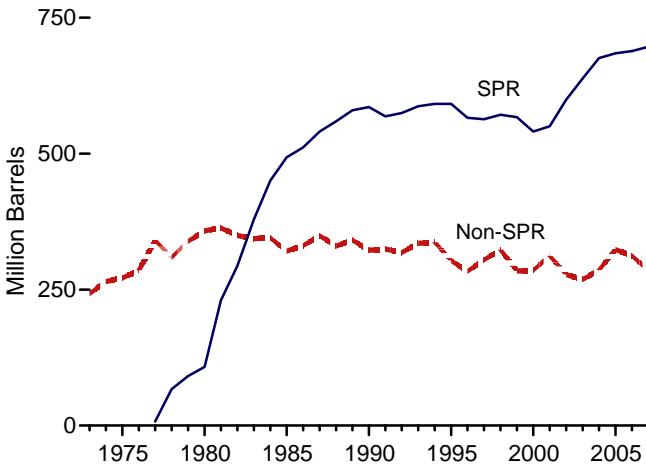


Table 3.4 Petroleum Stocks
(Million Barrels)

| | Crude Oil ^a | | | Distillate Fuel Oil ^{f,g} | Jet Fuel ^h | LPG ^b | | Motor Gasoline ^{f,j} | Residual Fuel Oil ^{i,l} | Other ^{f,k} | Total ^f |
|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| | SPR ^c | Non-SPR ^{d,e,f} | Total ^{e,f} | | | Propane ^{f,i} | Total ^f | | | | |
| 1973 Year | -- | 242 | 242 | 196 | 29 | 65 | 99 | 209 | 53 | R 179 | 1,008 |
| 1975 Year | -- | 271 | 271 | 209 | 30 | 82 | 125 | 235 | 74 | R 188 | 1,133 |
| 1980 Year | 108 | 358 | 466 | 205 | 42 | 65 | 120 | 261 | 92 | R 205 | 1,392 |
| 1985 Year | 493 | 321 | 814 | 144 | 40 | 39 | 74 | 223 | 50 | R 174 | 1,519 |
| 1990 Year | 586 | 323 | 908 | 132 | 52 | 49 | 98 | 220 | 49 | R 162 | 1,621 |
| 1995 Year | 592 | 303 | 895 | 130 | 40 | 43 | 93 | 202 | 37 | R 165 | 1,563 |
| 1996 Year | 566 | 284 | 850 | 127 | 40 | 43 | 86 | 195 | 46 | R 164 | 1,507 |
| 1997 Year | 563 | 305 | 868 | 138 | 44 | 44 | 89 | 210 | 40 | R 169 | 1,560 |
| 1998 Year | 571 | 324 | 895 | 156 | 45 | 65 | 115 | 216 | 45 | R 176 | 1,647 |
| 1999 Year | 567 | 284 | 852 | 125 | 41 | 43 | 89 | 193 | 36 | R 157 | 1,493 |
| 2000 Year | 541 | 286 | 826 | 118 | 45 | 41 | 83 | 196 | 36 | R 164 | 1,468 |
| 2001 Year | 550 | 312 | 862 | 145 | 42 | 66 | 121 | 210 | 41 | R 166 | 1,586 |
| 2002 Year | 599 | 278 | 877 | 134 | 39 | 53 | 106 | 209 | 31 | R 152 | 1,548 |
| 2003 Year | 638 | 269 | 907 | 137 | 39 | 50 | 94 | 207 | 38 | R 147 | 1,568 |
| 2004 Year | 676 | 286 | 961 | 126 | 40 | 55 | 104 | 218 | 42 | R 153 | 1,645 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 680 | 286 | 966 | 122 | 43 | 42 | 85 | 222 | 41 | R 168 | 1,647 |
| February | 682 | 302 | 984 | 117 | 40 | 32 | 75 | 229 | 41 | R 176 | 1,663 |
| March | 688 | 320 | 1,008 | 105 | 38 | 27 | 73 | 214 | 40 | R 183 | 1,661 |
| April | 692 | 338 | 1,030 | 105 | 40 | 35 | 92 | 218 | 37 | R 181 | 1,702 |
| May | 694 | 336 | 1,030 | 112 | 39 | 44 | 111 | 218 | 38 | R 181 | 1,730 |
| June | 696 | 328 | 1,024 | 120 | 41 | 53 | 126 | 218 | 38 | R 174 | 1,740 |
| July | 699 | 318 | 1,017 | 133 | 40 | 62 | 139 | 207 | 37 | R 170 | 1,743 |
| August | 701 | 310 | 1,010 | 139 | 38 | 65 | 145 | 191 | 33 | R 159 | 1,716 |
| September | 694 | 306 | 1,000 | 128 | 38 | 69 | 146 | 196 | 34 | R 163 | 1,704 |
| October | 685 | 322 | 1,007 | 125 | 39 | 71 | 145 | 201 | 36 | R 164 | 1,716 |
| November | 686 | 322 | 1,008 | 134 | 42 | 72 | 137 | 205 | 40 | R 163 | 1,729 |
| December | 685 | 324 | 1,008 | 136 | 42 | 57 | 109 | 208 | 37 | R 157 | 1,698 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 683 | 323 | 1,007 | 139 | 44 | 48 | 95 | 220 | 41 | R 166 | 1,713 |
| February | 685 | 343 | 1,027 | 136 | 43 | 36 | 80 | 222 | 42 | R 170 | 1,719 |
| March | 686 | 343 | 1,029 | 121 | 42 | 30 | 73 | 209 | 41 | R 177 | 1,691 |
| April | 688 | 348 | 1,036 | 116 | 41 | 35 | 82 | 207 | 39 | R 179 | 1,700 |
| May | 689 | 341 | 1,029 | 124 | 41 | 42 | 95 | 214 | 41 | R 179 | 1,724 |
| June | 688 | 337 | 1,025 | 130 | 39 | 50 | 108 | 213 | 43 | R 171 | 1,729 |
| July | 688 | 332 | 1,019 | 138 | 40 | 58 | 120 | 209 | 43 | R 174 | 1,743 |
| August | 688 | 333 | 1,021 | 145 | 40 | 64 | 132 | 209 | 42 | R 175 | 1,763 |
| September | 688 | 333 | 1,021 | 149 | 42 | 71 | 140 | 214 | 43 | R 175 | 1,785 |
| October | 689 | 339 | 1,028 | 143 | 42 | 72 | 141 | 205 | 42 | R 169 | 1,769 |
| November | 689 | 335 | 1,023 | 141 | 38 | 69 | 129 | 204 | 43 | R 167 | 1,745 |
| December | 689 | 312 | 1,001 | 144 | 39 | 62 | 113 | 212 | 42 | R 169 | 1,720 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 689 | 324 | 1,012 | 140 | 39 | 47 | 91 | 228 | 42 | R 171 | 1,723 |
| February | 689 | 318 | 1,007 | 123 | 39 | 30 | 71 | 215 | 36 | R 176 | 1,666 |
| March | 689 | 332 | 1,020 | 120 | 40 | 27 | 70 | 201 | 39 | R 186 | 1,677 |
| April | 689 | 337 | 1,027 | 121 | 40 | 30 | 76 | 197 | 38 | R 189 | 1,688 |
| May | 690 | 348 | 1,039 | 125 | 41 | 37 | 91 | 203 | 37 | R 183 | 1,719 |
| June | 690 | 355 | 1,045 | 123 | 41 | 44 | 102 | 205 | 36 | R 176 | 1,729 |
| July | 690 | 339 | 1,029 | 131 | 42 | 50 | 112 | 205 | 40 | R 177 | 1,735 |
| August | 690 | 325 | 1,015 | 133 | 41 | 55 | 121 | 194 | 36 | R 177 | 1,718 |
| September | 693 | 315 | 1,008 | 134 | 43 | 58 | 125 | 199 | 37 | R 173 | 1,719 |
| October | 694 | R 309 | R 1,003 | R 134 | 42 | R 61 | R 124 | R 196 | R 39 | R 169 | R 1,707 |
| November | E 695 | E 305 | E 1,001 | E 132 | E 40 | E 61 | F 116 | E 201 | E 38 | RE 170 | E 1,697 |
| December | E 696 | E 286 | E 982 | E 128 | E 39 | E 53 | F 99 | E 211 | E 38 | E 169 | E 1,666 |

^a Includes lease condensate.

^b Liquefied petroleum gases.

^c "SPR" is the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, which began in October 1977.

Crude oil stocks in the SPR include non-U.S. stocks held under foreign or commercial storage agreements.

^d All crude oil stocks other than those in "SPR."

^e Beginning in 1981, includes stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit. See Note 5, "Stocks of Alaskan Crude Oil," at end of section.

^f See Note 4, "New Stock Basis," at end of section.

^g Does not include stocks that are held in the Northeast Heating Oil Reserve.

^h Through 2004, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type jet fuel only; naphtha-type jet fuel is included in "Other."

ⁱ Includes propylene.

^j Includes finished motor gasoline, motor gasoline blending components, and gasohol; excludes oxygenates.

^k Asphalt and road oil, aviation gasoline, aviation gasoline blending components, kerosene, lubricants, pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks,

petroleum coke, special naphthas, unfinished oils, waxes, other hydrocarbons and oxygenates, and miscellaneous products. Beginning in 2005, also includes naphtha-type jet fuel.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. F=Forecast. --=Not applicable.

Notes: • Stocks are at end of period. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

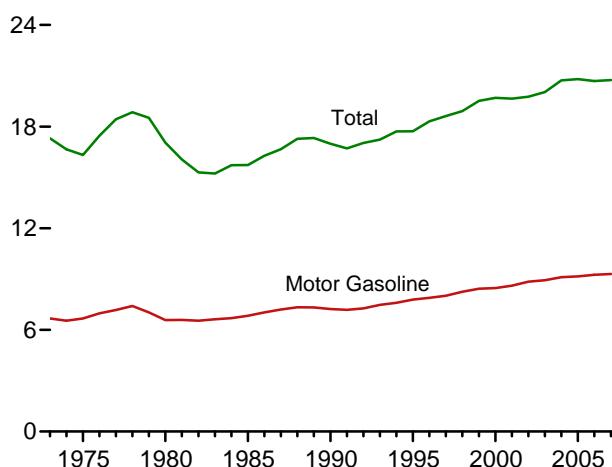
Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>. • For related information, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/oil_gas/petroleum/info_glossary/petroleum.html.

Sources: • **1973-1975:** Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, *Petroleum Statement, Annual*, annual reports. • **1976-1980:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Petroleum Statement, Annual*, annual reports. • **1981-2006:** *Petroleum Supply Annual*, annual reports. • **2007:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, monthly reports; and, for the current two months, *Weekly Petroleum Status Report* data system, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System, and *Monthly Energy Review* data system calculations.

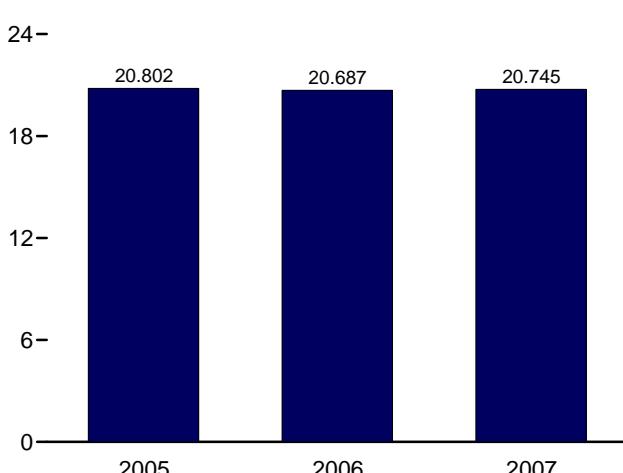
Monthly Energy Review Section 3 is redesigned. See "What's New" (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/wni.html>) for a summary of the changes.

Figure 3.5 Petroleum Products Supplied by Type
(Million Barrels per Day)

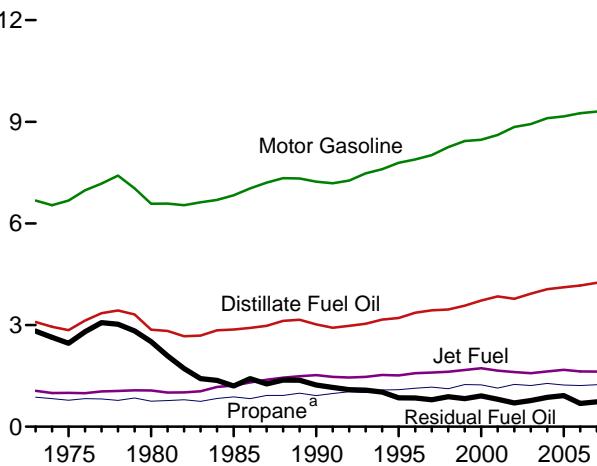
Total and Motor Gasoline, 1973-2007



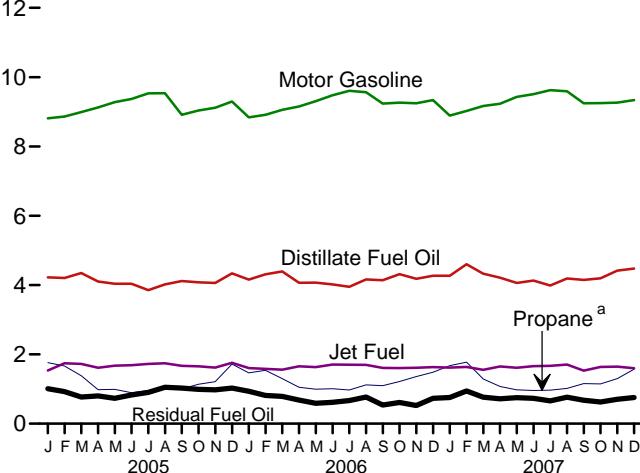
Total, January-December



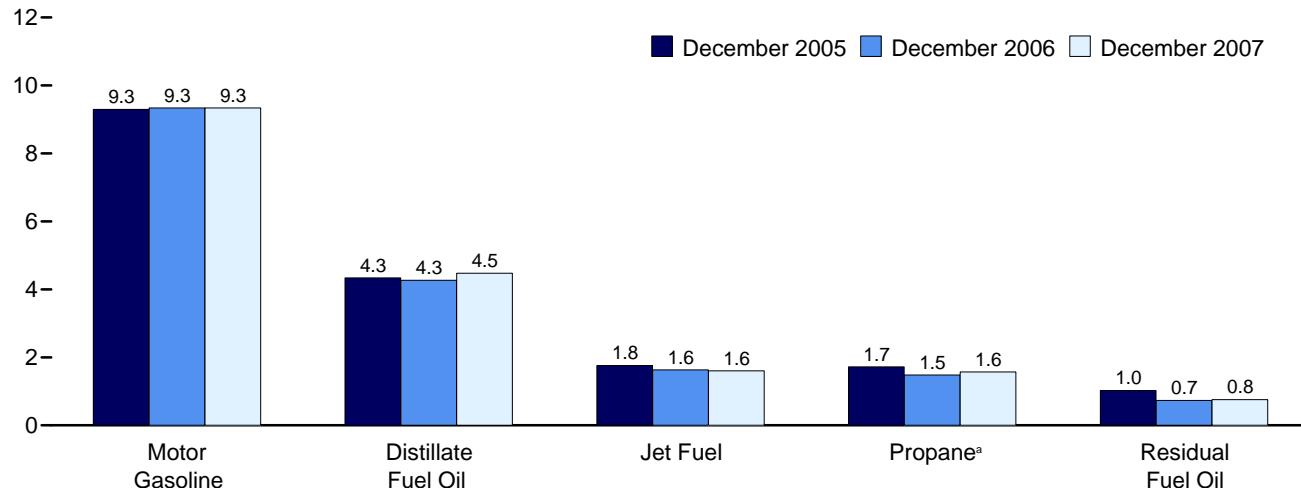
Selected Products, 1973-2007



Selected Products, Monthly



Selected Products



^a Includes propylene.

Notes: • SPR= Strategic Petroleum Reserve. • Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>.

Source: Table 3.5.

Table 3.5 Petroleum Products Supplied by Type
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

| | Asphalt and Road Oil | Aviation Gasoline | Distillate Fuel Oil | Jet Fuel ^b | Kerosene | LPG ^a | | Lubricants | Motor Gasoline ^d | Petroleum Coke | Residual Fuel Oil | Other ^e | Total |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------------------|---------|------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------|
| | | | | | | Propane ^c | Total | | | | | | |
| 1973 Average | 522 | 45 | 3,092 | 1,059 | 216 | 872 | 1,449 | 162 | 6,674 | 261 | 2,822 | 1,005 | 17,308 |
| 1975 Average | 419 | 39 | 2,851 | 1,001 | 159 | 783 | 1,333 | 137 | 6,675 | 247 | 2,462 | 1,001 | 16,322 |
| 1980 Average | 396 | 35 | 2,866 | 1,068 | 158 | 754 | 1,469 | 159 | 6,579 | 237 | 2,508 | 1,581 | 17,056 |
| 1985 Average | 425 | 27 | 2,868 | 1,218 | 114 | 883 | 1,599 | 145 | 6,831 | 264 | 1,202 | 1,032 | 15,726 |
| 1990 Average | 483 | 24 | 3,021 | 1,522 | 43 | 917 | 1,556 | 164 | 7,235 | 339 | 1,229 | 1,373 | 16,988 |
| 1995 Average | 486 | 21 | 3,207 | 1,514 | 54 | 1,096 | 1,899 | 156 | 7,789 | 365 | 852 | 1,381 | 17,725 |
| 1996 Average | 484 | 20 | 3,365 | 1,578 | 62 | 1,136 | 2,012 | 151 | 7,891 | 379 | 848 | 1,518 | 18,309 |
| 1997 Average | 505 | 22 | 3,435 | 1,599 | 66 | 1,170 | 2,038 | 160 | 8,017 | 377 | 797 | 1,605 | 18,620 |
| 1998 Average | 521 | 19 | 3,461 | 1,622 | 78 | 1,120 | 1,952 | 168 | 8,253 | 447 | 887 | 1,508 | 18,917 |
| 1999 Average | 547 | 21 | 3,572 | 1,673 | 73 | 1,246 | 2,195 | 169 | 8,431 | 477 | 830 | 1,532 | 19,519 |
| 2000 Average | 525 | 20 | 3,722 | 1,725 | 67 | 1,235 | 2,231 | 166 | 8,472 | 406 | 909 | 1,458 | 19,701 |
| 2001 Average | 519 | 19 | 3,847 | 1,655 | 72 | 1,142 | 2,044 | 153 | 8,610 | 437 | 811 | 1,481 | 19,649 |
| 2002 Average | 512 | 18 | 3,776 | 1,614 | 43 | 1,248 | 2,163 | 151 | 8,848 | 463 | 700 | 1,474 | 19,761 |
| 2003 Average | 503 | 16 | 3,927 | 1,578 | 55 | 1,215 | 2,074 | 140 | 8,935 | 455 | 772 | 1,579 | 20,034 |
| 2004 Average | 537 | 17 | 4,058 | 1,630 | 64 | 1,276 | 2,132 | 141 | 9,105 | 524 | 865 | 1,657 | 20,731 |
| 2005 January | 330 | 29 | 4,223 | 1,536 | 133 | 1,761 | 2,592 | 133 | 8,813 | 492 | 1,010 | 1,404 | 20,694 |
| February | 303 | 18 | 4,202 | 1,743 | 71 | 1,664 | 2,485 | 135 | 8,861 | 496 | 925 | 1,591 | 20,830 |
| March | 386 | 17 | 4,349 | 1,726 | 99 | 1,385 | 2,248 | 145 | 8,994 | 500 | 768 | 1,777 | 21,009 |
| April | 451 | 17 | 4,101 | 1,614 | 45 | 981 | 1,795 | 137 | 9,128 | 552 | 800 | 1,496 | 20,137 |
| May | 571 | 17 | 4,037 | 1,674 | 76 | 992 | 1,785 | 156 | 9,278 | 583 | 733 | 1,696 | 20,606 |
| June | 829 | 20 | 4,038 | 1,689 | 54 | 892 | 1,809 | 156 | 9,373 | 524 | 829 | 1,879 | 21,198 |
| July | 680 | 21 | 3,854 | 1,725 | 47 | 953 | 1,887 | 145 | 9,534 | 569 | 903 | 1,575 | 20,939 |
| August | 774 | 23 | 4,020 | 1,743 | 28 | 1,064 | 2,037 | 151 | 9,537 | 508 | 1,051 | 1,792 | 21,666 |
| September | 671 | 23 | 4,116 | 1,670 | 56 | 1,003 | 1,653 | 131 | 8,915 | 488 | 1,025 | 1,393 | 20,142 |
| October | 630 | 15 | 4,079 | 1,655 | 69 | 1,139 | 1,706 | 162 | 9,036 | 427 | 990 | 1,483 | 20,253 |
| November | 599 | 14 | 4,061 | 1,619 | 76 | 1,211 | 1,957 | 117 | 9,115 | 518 | 977 | 1,569 | 20,623 |
| December | 319 | 15 | 4,339 | 1,756 | 83 | 1,722 | 2,416 | 120 | 9,296 | 524 | 1,025 | 1,601 | 21,495 |
| Average | 546 | 19 | 4,118 | 1,679 | 70 | 1,229 | 2,030 | 141 | 9,159 | 515 | 920 | 1,605 | 20,802 |
| 2006 January | 295 | 9 | 4,159 | 1,605 | 76 | 1,465 | 2,128 | 119 | 8,839 | 490 | 934 | 1,783 | 20,436 |
| February | 330 | 16 | 4,308 | 1,582 | 118 | 1,540 | 2,344 | 199 | 8,911 | 407 | 816 | 1,546 | 20,577 |
| March | 413 | 22 | 4,395 | 1,560 | 99 | 1,299 | 2,157 | 139 | 9,054 | 520 | 786 | 1,464 | 20,608 |
| April | 513 | 22 | 4,065 | 1,654 | 83 | 1,050 | 1,967 | 151 | 9,154 | 442 | 683 | 1,467 | 20,201 |
| May | 633 | 22 | 4,072 | 1,633 | 48 | 993 | 1,911 | 124 | 9,308 | 489 | 587 | 1,630 | 20,457 |
| June | 715 | 18 | 4,019 | 1,704 | 28 | 1,007 | 1,901 | 148 | 9,478 | 548 | 618 | 1,805 | 20,982 |
| July | 662 | 20 | 3,950 | 1,700 | 38 | 970 | 1,969 | 134 | 9,607 | 492 | 667 | 1,502 | 20,740 |
| August | 743 | 28 | 4,162 | 1,696 | 29 | 1,119 | 2,011 | 137 | 9,564 | 535 | 768 | 1,761 | 21,434 |
| September | 667 | 18 | 4,141 | 1,608 | 27 | 1,094 | 1,937 | 119 | 9,236 | 624 | 538 | 1,644 | 20,559 |
| October | 592 | 19 | 4,315 | 1,605 | 30 | 1,216 | 1,998 | 164 | 9,267 | 514 | 612 | 1,654 | 20,769 |
| November | 478 | 13 | 4,180 | 1,613 | 25 | 1,362 | 2,143 | 122 | 9,244 | 563 | 525 | 1,762 | 20,669 |
| December | 199 | 13 | 4,268 | 1,631 | 48 | 1,483 | 2,182 | 96 | 9,338 | 633 | 732 | 1,656 | 20,795 |
| Average | 521 | 18 | 4,169 | 1,633 | 54 | 1,215 | 2,052 | 137 | 9,253 | 522 | 689 | 1,640 | 20,687 |
| 2007 January | 351 | 17 | 4,267 | 1,616 | 48 | 1,676 | 2,446 | 118 | 8,891 | 438 | 753 | 1,614 | 20,559 |
| February | 290 | 13 | 4,601 | 1,636 | 46 | 1,774 | 2,550 | 96 | 9,025 | 431 | 944 | 1,639 | 21,271 |
| March | 372 | 14 | 4,328 | 1,553 | 35 | 1,290 | 2,099 | 144 | 9,169 | 558 | 762 | 1,495 | 20,529 |
| April | 443 | 20 | 4,212 | 1,651 | 24 | 1,076 | 2,012 | 144 | 9,232 | 437 | 717 | 1,689 | 20,579 |
| May | 498 | 17 | 4,060 | 1,614 | 12 | 979 | 1,840 | 155 | 9,429 | 549 | 750 | 1,706 | 20,631 |
| June | 621 | 22 | 4,130 | 1,659 | 11 | 958 | 1,942 | 133 | 9,510 | 483 | 733 | 1,492 | 20,737 |
| July | 647 | 17 | 3,988 | 1,668 | 7 | 969 | 1,885 | 146 | 9,622 | 423 | 656 | 1,582 | 20,641 |
| August | 641 | 21 | 4,188 | 1,704 | 28 | 1,018 | 1,925 | 140 | 9,592 | 541 | 763 | 1,508 | 21,051 |
| September | 609 | 17 | 4,150 | 1,531 | 32 | 1,156 | 1,925 | 128 | 9,244 | 544 | 675 | 1,530 | 20,385 |
| October | 590 | 21 | R 4,195 | R 1,638 | 28 | R 1,148 | 1,977 | 150 | R 9,250 | 437 | R 625 | 1,545 | R 20,455 |
| November | F 496 | F 14 | E 4,417 | E 1,645 | F 61 | E 1,298 | F 2,138 | F 115 | E 9,264 | F 524 | E 704 | E 1,526 | E 20,903 |
| December | F 327 | F 11 | E 4,475 | E 1,601 | F 91 | E 1,571 | F 2,340 | F 101 | E 9,337 | F 532 | E 755 | E 1,674 | E 21,244 |
| Average | E 492 | E 17 | E 4,248 | E 1,626 | E 35 | E 1,240 | E 2,087 | E 131 | E 9,299 | E 492 | E 735 | E 1,583 | E 20,745 |

^a Liquified petroleum gases.

^b Through 2004, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type jet fuel only; naphtha-type jet fuel is included in "Other."

^c Includes propylene.

^d Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

^e Pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, still gas (refinery gas), waxes, and miscellaneous products. Beginning in 1981, also includes negative barrels per day of distillate and residual fuel oil reclassified as unfinished oils, and other products (from both primary and secondary supply) reclassified as gasoline blending components. Beginning in 1983, also includes crude oil burned as fuel. Beginning in 2005, also includes naphtha-type jet fuel.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. F=Forecast.

Notes: • Petroleum products supplied is an approximation of petroleum

consumption and is synonymous with the term "petroleum consumption" in Tables 3.7a-c and 3.8a-c. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

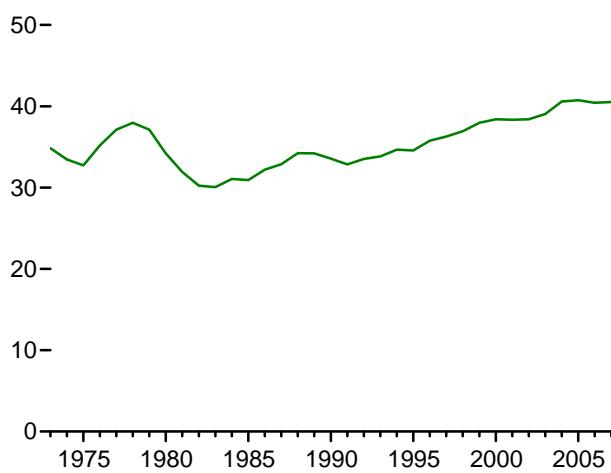
Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>. • For related information, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/oil_gas/petroleum/info_glace/petroleum.html.

Sources: • **1973-1975:** Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, *Petroleum Statement, Annual*, annual reports. • **1976-1980:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Petroleum Statement, Annual*, annual reports. • **1981-2006:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Annual*, annual reports. • **2007:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, monthly reports; and, for the current two months, *Weekly Petroleum Status Report* data system, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System, and *Monthly Energy Review* data system calculations.

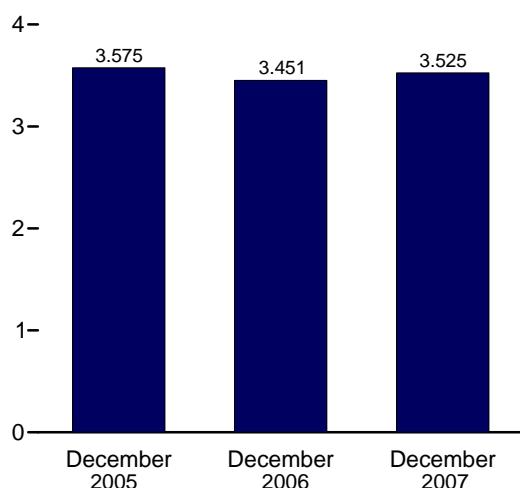
Monthly Energy Review Section 3 is redesigned. See "What's New" (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/wni.html>) for a summary of the changes.

Figure 3.6 Heat Content of Petroleum Products Supplied by Type
 (Quadrillion Btu)

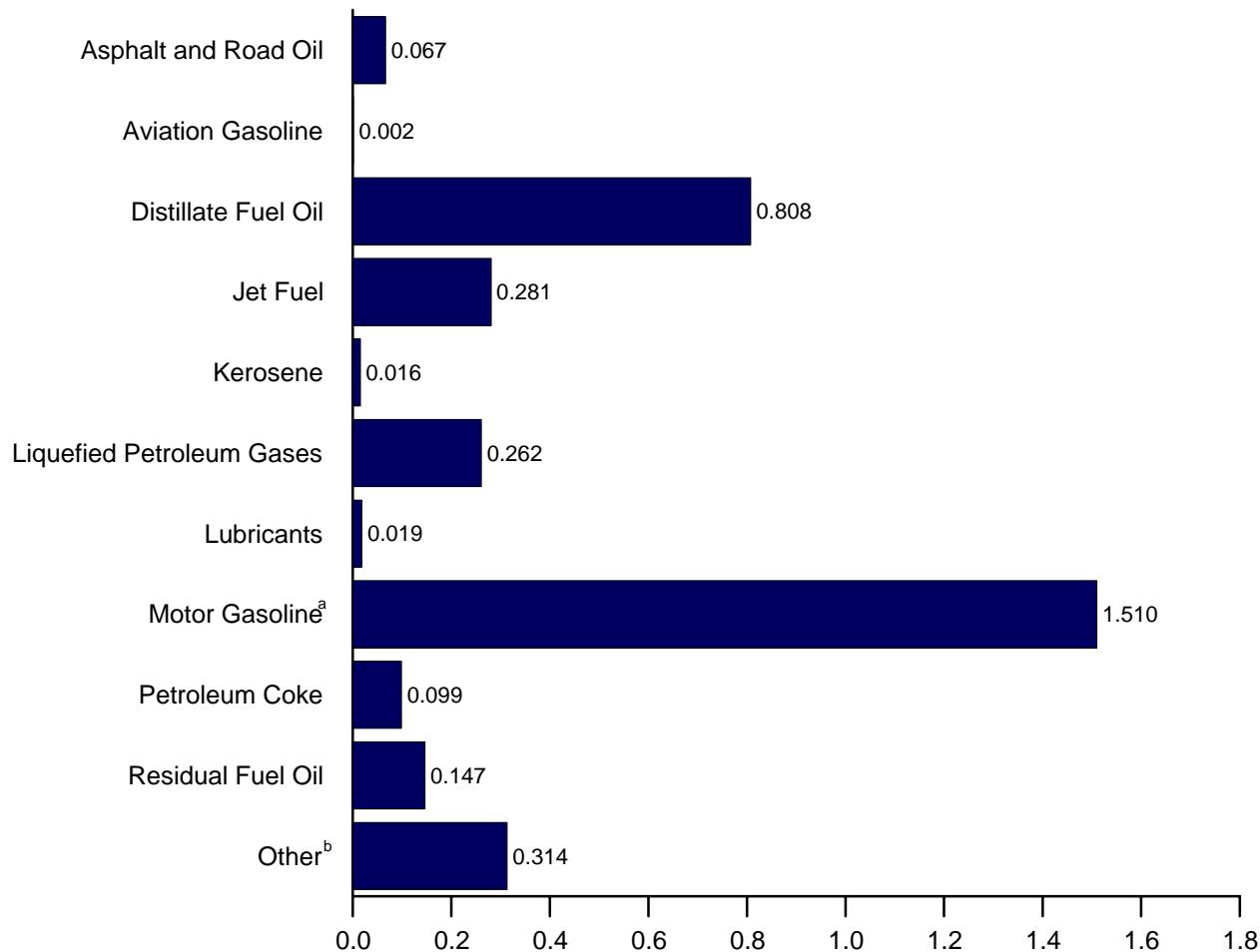
Total, 1973-2007



Total



By Product, December 2007



^a Includes ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

^b Pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, naphtha-type jet fuel, still gas (refinery gas), waxes, crude oil burned as fuel, miscellaneous products, negative barrels per day of distillate and residual fuel oil reclassified as unfinished oils, and other products (from both

primary and secondary supply) reclassified as gasoline blending components.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.
 Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>.
 Source: Table 3.6.

Table 3.6 Heat Content of Petroleum Products Supplied by Type
(Trillion Btu)

| | Asphalt and Road Oil | Aviation Gasoline | Distillate Fuel Oil | Jet Fuel ^b | Kero-sene | LPG ^a | | | Lubri-cants | Motor Gasoline ^d | Petro-lem Coke | Residual Fuel Oil | Other ^e | Total |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------|
| | | | | | | Propane ^c | Total | | | | | | | |
| 1973 Total | 1,264 | 83 | 6,575 | 2,167 | 447 | 1,221 | 1,981 | 359 | 12,797 | 573 | 6,477 | 2,117 | 34,840 | |
| 1975 Total | 1,014 | 71 | 6,061 | 2,047 | 329 | 1,097 | 1,807 | 304 | 12,798 | 542 | 5,649 | 2,107 | 32,731 | |
| 1980 Total | 962 | 64 | 6,110 | 2,190 | 329 | 1,059 | 1,976 | 354 | 12,648 | 522 | 5,772 | 3,275 | 34,202 | |
| 1985 Total | 1,029 | 50 | 6,098 | 2,497 | 236 | 1,236 | 2,103 | 322 | 13,098 | 582 | 2,759 | 2,149 | 30,922 | |
| 1990 Total | 1,170 | 45 | 6,422 | 3,129 | 88 | 1,284 | 2,059 | 362 | 13,872 | 745 | 2,820 | 2,840 | 33,553 | |
| 1995 Total | 1,178 | 40 | 6,818 | 3,132 | 112 | 1,534 | 2,512 | 346 | 14,825 | 802 | 1,955 | 2,834 | 34,553 | |
| 1996 Total | 1,176 | 37 | 7,175 | 3,274 | 128 | 1,594 | 2,660 | 335 | 15,064 | 837 | 1,952 | 3,119 | 35,757 | |
| 1997 Total | 1,224 | 40 | 7,304 | 3,308 | 136 | 1,638 | 2,690 | 354 | 15,254 | 829 | 1,828 | 3,298 | 36,266 | |
| 1998 Total | 1,263 | 35 | 7,359 | 3,357 | 162 | 1,568 | 2,575 | 371 | 15,701 | 982 | 2,036 | 3,093 | 36,934 | |
| 1999 Total | 1,324 | 39 | 7,595 | 3,462 | 151 | 1,745 | 2,897 | 375 | 16,036 | 1,048 | 1,905 | 3,128 | 37,960 | |
| 2000 Total | 1,276 | 36 | 7,935 | 3,580 | 140 | 1,734 | 2,945 | 369 | 16,155 | 895 | 2,091 | 2,981 | 38,404 | |
| 2001 Total | 1,257 | 35 | 8,179 | 3,426 | 150 | 1,598 | 2,697 | 338 | 16,373 | 961 | 1,861 | 3,056 | 38,333 | |
| 2002 Total | 1,240 | 34 | 8,028 | 3,340 | 90 | 1,747 | 2,852 | 334 | 16,819 | 1,018 | 1,605 | 3,041 | 38,401 | |
| 2003 Total | 1,220 | 30 | 8,349 | 3,265 | 113 | 1,701 | 2,747 | 309 | 16,981 | 1,000 | 1,772 | 3,260 | 39,047 | |
| 2004 Total | 1,304 | 31 | 8,652 | 3,383 | 133 | 1,791 | 2,824 | 313 | 17,379 | 1,156 | 1,990 | 3,429 | 40,594 | |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 68 | 4 | 763 | 270 | 23 | 209 | 291 | 25 | 1,426 | 92 | 197 | 283 | 3,442 | |
| February | 56 | 3 | 685 | 277 | 11 | 179 | 252 | 23 | 1,295 | 84 | 163 | 281 | 3,129 | |
| March | 79 | 3 | 785 | 303 | 17 | 165 | 252 | 27 | 1,455 | 93 | 150 | 328 | 3,494 | |
| April | 90 | 3 | 717 | 275 | 8 | 113 | 195 | 25 | 1,429 | 100 | 151 | 250 | 3,241 | |
| May | 118 | 3 | 729 | 294 | 13 | 118 | 200 | 29 | 1,501 | 109 | 143 | 288 | 3,427 | |
| June | 165 | 3 | 706 | 287 | 9 | 103 | 196 | 28 | 1,467 | 95 | 156 | 299 | 3,412 | |
| July | 140 | 3 | 696 | 303 | 8 | 113 | 212 | 27 | 1,542 | 106 | 176 | 269 | 3,482 | |
| August | 159 | 4 | 726 | 306 | 5 | 126 | 229 | 28 | 1,543 | 95 | 205 | 304 | 3,603 | |
| September | 134 | 3 | 719 | 284 | 9 | 115 | 180 | 24 | 1,396 | 88 | 193 | 211 | 3,242 | |
| October | 130 | 2 | 737 | 291 | 12 | 135 | 191 | 30 | 1,462 | 80 | 193 | 240 | 3,368 | |
| November | 119 | 2 | 710 | 275 | 13 | 139 | 213 | 21 | 1,427 | 94 | 184 | 261 | 3,319 | |
| December | 66 | 2 | 784 | 309 | 15 | 205 | 271 | 23 | 1,504 | 98 | 200 | 305 | 3,575 | |
| Total | 1,323 | 35 | 8,755 | 3,475 | 144 | 1,721 | 2,682 | 312 | 17,444 | 1,133 | 2,111 | 3,320 | 40,735 | |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 61 | 1 | 751 | 282 | 13 | 174 | 238 | 22 | 1,430 | 92 | 182 | 319 | 3,391 | |
| February | 61 | 2 | 703 | 251 | 19 | 165 | 237 | 34 | 1,302 | 69 | 144 | 263 | 3,084 | |
| March | 85 | 3 | 794 | 274 | 17 | 154 | 241 | 26 | 1,465 | 97 | 153 | 264 | 3,420 | |
| April | 102 | 3 | 710 | 281 | 14 | 121 | 213 | 27 | 1,433 | 80 | 129 | 251 | 3,244 | |
| May | 130 | 3 | 735 | 287 | 8 | 118 | 214 | 23 | 1,506 | 91 | 114 | 282 | 3,395 | |
| June | 142 | 3 | 702 | 290 | 5 | 116 | 206 | 27 | 1,484 | 99 | 116 | 296 | 3,369 | |
| July | 136 | 3 | 713 | 299 | 7 | 115 | 220 | 25 | 1,554 | 92 | 130 | 263 | 3,442 | |
| August | 153 | 4 | 752 | 298 | 5 | 133 | 225 | 26 | 1,547 | 100 | 150 | 298 | 3,557 | |
| September | 133 | 3 | 724 | 274 | 5 | 126 | 209 | 22 | 1,446 | 113 | 101 | 273 | 3,302 | |
| October | 122 | 3 | 779 | 282 | 5 | 145 | 223 | 31 | 1,499 | 96 | 119 | 287 | 3,446 | |
| November | 95 | 2 | 730 | 274 | 4 | 157 | 232 | 22 | 1,447 | 102 | 99 | 311 | 3,319 | |
| December | 41 | 2 | 771 | 287 | 8 | 176 | 244 | 18 | 1,510 | 118 | 143 | 309 | 3,451 | |
| Total | 1,261 | 33 | 8,864 | 3,379 | 111 | 1,701 | 2,701 | 303 | 17,622 | 1,148 | 1,581 | 3,416 | 40,420 | |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 72 | 3 | 770 | 284 | 8 | 199 | 273 | 22 | 1,438 | 82 | 147 | 311 | 3,412 | |
| February | 54 | 2 | 750 | 260 | 7 | 191 | 257 | 16 | 1,319 | 73 | 166 | 284 | 3,188 | |
| March | 77 | 2 | 782 | 273 | 6 | 153 | 235 | 27 | 1,483 | 104 | 149 | 270 | 3,407 | |
| April | 88 | 3 | 736 | 281 | 4 | 124 | 218 | 26 | 1,445 | 79 | 135 | 290 | 3,305 | |
| May | 102 | 3 | 733 | 284 | 2 | 116 | 206 | 29 | 1,525 | 103 | 146 | 291 | 3,424 | |
| June | 124 | 3 | 722 | 282 | 2 | 110 | 210 | 24 | 1,489 | 87 | 138 | 249 | 3,330 | |
| July | 133 | 3 | 720 | 293 | 1 | 115 | 211 | 27 | 1,557 | 79 | 128 | 274 | 3,425 | |
| August | 132 | 3 | 756 | 300 | 5 | 121 | 215 | 26 | 1,552 | 101 | 149 | 255 | 3,493 | |
| September | 121 | 3 | 725 | 260 | 5 | 133 | 208 | 23 | 1,447 | 98 | 127 | 255 | 3,274 | |
| October | 121 | 3 | R 758 | R 288 | 5 | 137 | 221 | 28 | R 1,496 | 82 | R 122 | 271 | R 3,394 | |
| November | E 99 | E 2 | E 772 | E 280 | E 10 | E 149 | E 231 | E 21 | E 1,450 | E 95 | E 133 | E 264 | E 3,357 | |
| December | E 67 | E 2 | E 808 | E 281 | E 16 | E 187 | E 262 | E 19 | E 1,510 | E 99 | E 147 | E 314 | E 3,525 | |
| Total | E 1,191 | E 31 | E 9,033 | E 3,366 | E 73 | E 1,736 | E 2,746 | E 290 | E 17,711 | E 1,081 | E 1,687 | E 3,325 | E 40,533 | |

^a Liquefied petroleum gases.

^b Through 2004, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type jet fuel only; naphtha-type jet fuel is included in "Other."

^c Includes propylene.

^d Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

^e Pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, still gas (refinery gas), waxes, and miscellaneous products. Beginning in 1981, also includes negative barrels per day of distillate and residual fuel oil reclassified as unfinished oils, and other products (from both primary and secondary supply) reclassified as gasoline blending components. Beginning in 1983, also includes crude oil burned

as fuel. Beginning in 2005, also includes naphtha-type jet fuel.

R=Revised. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Petroleum products supplied is an approximation of petroleum consumption and is synonymous with the term "petroleum consumption" in Tables 3.7a-c and 3.8a-c. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

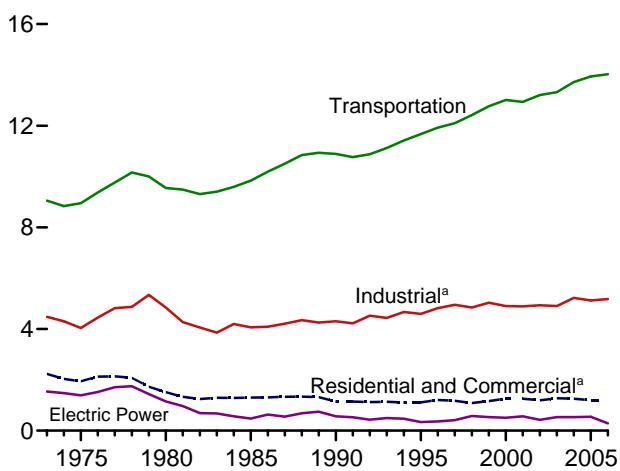
Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>. • For related information, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/oil_gas/petroleum/info_glance/petroleum.html.

Sources: Tables 3.5, A1, and A3.

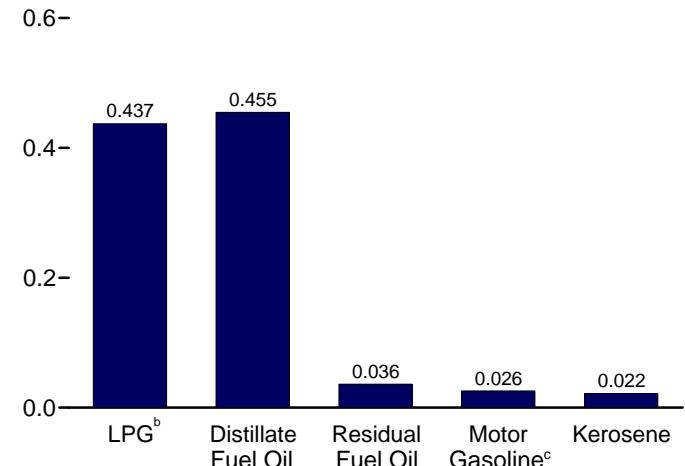
Monthly Energy Review Section 3 is redesigned. See "What's New" (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/wni.html>) for a summary of the changes.

Figure 3.7 Petroleum Consumption by Sector
(Million Barrels per Day)

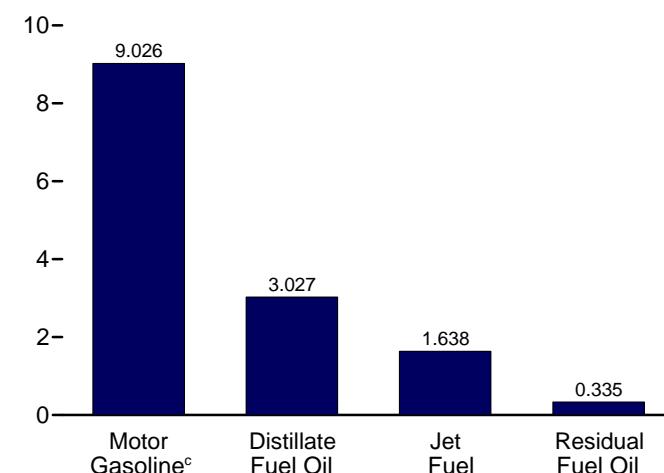
By Sector, 1973-2006



Residential and Commercial Sectors^a, Selected Products, October 2007



Transportation Sector, Selected Products, October 2007

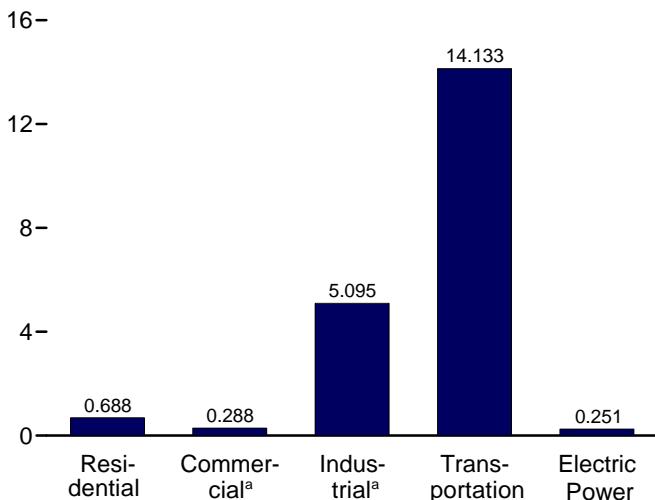


^a Includes combined-heat-and-power plants and a small number of electricity-only plants.

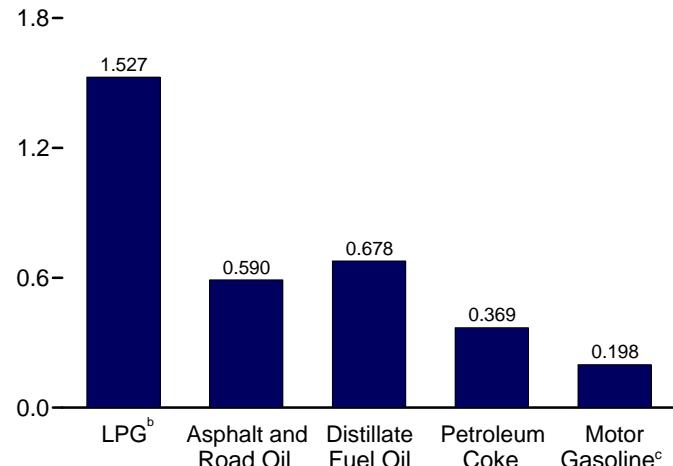
^b Liquefied petroleum gases.

^c Includes ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

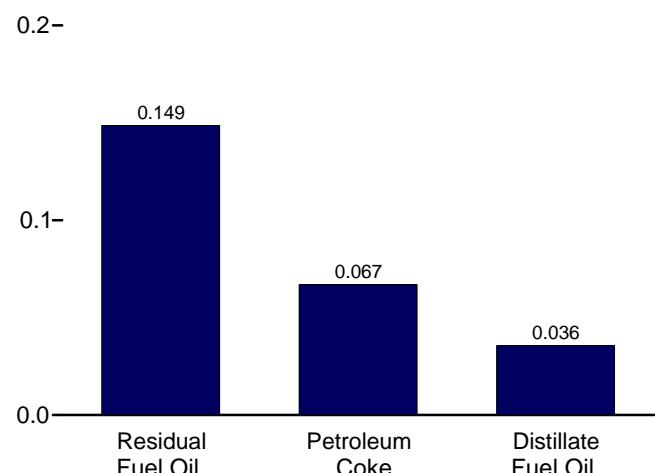
By Sector, October 2007



Industrial Sector^a, Selected Products, October 2007



Electric Power Sector, October 2007



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.
Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>.

Sources: Tables 3.7a-3.7c.

Table 3.7a Petroleum Consumption: Residential and Commercial Sectors
 (Thousand Barrels per Day)

| | Residential Sector | | | | Commercial Sector ^a | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------|
| | Distillate Fuel Oil | Kero-sene | Liquefied Petroleum Gases | Total | Distillate Fuel Oil | Kero-sene | Liquefied Petroleum Gases | Motor Gasoline ^b | Petroleum Coke | Residual Fuel Oil | Total |
| 1973 Average | 942 | 110 | 435 | 1,487 | 303 | 31 | 77 | 45 | NA | 290 | 746 |
| 1975 Average | 850 | 78 | 389 | 1,316 | 276 | 24 | 69 | 46 | NA | 214 | 629 |
| 1980 Average | 617 | 51 | 242 | 910 | 243 | 20 | 43 | 56 | NA | 245 | 606 |
| 1985 Average | 514 | 77 | 249 | 839 | 297 | 16 | 44 | 50 | NA | 99 | 506 |
| 1990 Average | 460 | 31 | 276 | 767 | 252 | 6 | 49 | 58 | 0 | 100 | 465 |
| 1995 Average | 426 | 36 | 306 | 767 | 225 | 11 | 54 | 10 | (s) | 62 | 361 |
| 1996 Average | 434 | 43 | 358 | 835 | 227 | 10 | 63 | 14 | (s) | 60 | 373 |
| 1997 Average | 411 | 45 | 349 | 805 | 209 | 12 | 62 | 22 | (s) | 48 | 353 |
| 1998 Average | 363 | 52 | 329 | 744 | 202 | 15 | 58 | 20 | (s) | 37 | 332 |
| 1999 Average | 389 | 54 | 404 | 847 | 206 | 13 | 71 | 15 | (s) | 32 | 338 |
| 2000 Average | 424 | 46 | 427 | 897 | 230 | 14 | 75 | 23 | (s) | 40 | 383 |
| 2001 Average | 427 | 46 | 406 | 879 | 239 | 15 | 72 | 20 | (s) | 30 | 376 |
| 2002 Average | 404 | 29 | 412 | 845 | 209 | 8 | 73 | 24 | (s) | 35 | 348 |
| 2003 Average | 425 | 34 | 426 | 885 | 226 | 9 | 75 | 32 | (s) | 48 | 391 |
| 2004 Average | 433 | 41 | 401 | 875 | 221 | 10 | 71 | 25 | (s) | 53 | 380 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 545 | 85 | 487 | 1,117 | 286 | 20 | 86 | 25 | (s) | 69 | 486 |
| February | 545 | 45 | 467 | 1,057 | 286 | 11 | 82 | 25 | (s) | 68 | 472 |
| March | 448 | 63 | 423 | 934 | 235 | 15 | 75 | 25 | (s) | 56 | 406 |
| April | 360 | 29 | 337 | 726 | 189 | 7 | 60 | 25 | (s) | 45 | 326 |
| May | 320 | 48 | 336 | 703 | 167 | 12 | 59 | 26 | 0 | 40 | 304 |
| June | 362 | 34 | 340 | 736 | 190 | 8 | 60 | 26 | 0 | 45 | 330 |
| July | 338 | 30 | 355 | 722 | 177 | 7 | 63 | 27 | 0 | 42 | 316 |
| August | 373 | 18 | 383 | 774 | 196 | 4 | 68 | 27 | 0 | 47 | 341 |
| September | 327 | 35 | 311 | 673 | 171 | 9 | 55 | 25 | (s) | 41 | 301 |
| October | 354 | 44 | 321 | 718 | 185 | 11 | 57 | 25 | (s) | 44 | 322 |
| November | 369 | 48 | 368 | 785 | 193 | 12 | 65 | 25 | (s) | 46 | 342 |
| December | 488 | 53 | 454 | 995 | 256 | 13 | 80 | 26 | (s) | 61 | 436 |
| Average | 402 | 44 | 382 | 828 | 210 | 11 | 67 | 26 | (s) | 50 | 365 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 563 | 48 | 400 | 1,011 | 295 | 12 | 71 | 25 | (s) | 68 | 470 |
| February | 653 | 75 | 441 | 1,169 | 342 | 18 | 78 | 25 | (s) | 79 | 542 |
| March | 528 | 63 | 405 | 996 | 277 | 15 | 72 | 25 | (s) | 64 | 453 |
| April | 377 | 53 | 370 | 800 | 198 | 13 | 65 | 26 | 0 | 46 | 347 |
| May | 347 | 30 | 359 | 737 | 182 | 7 | 63 | 26 | 0 | 42 | 320 |
| June | 324 | 18 | 357 | 699 | 170 | 4 | 63 | 26 | 0 | 39 | 303 |
| July | 300 | 24 | 370 | 695 | 157 | 6 | 65 | 27 | (s) | 36 | 291 |
| August | 310 | 19 | 378 | 707 | 162 | 4 | 67 | 27 | (s) | 37 | 298 |
| September | 333 | 17 | 364 | 714 | 174 | 4 | 64 | 26 | (s) | 40 | 309 |
| October | 337 | 19 | 376 | 732 | 177 | 5 | 66 | 26 | (s) | 41 | 315 |
| November | 378 | 16 | 403 | 797 | 198 | 4 | 71 | 26 | (s) | 46 | 345 |
| December | 474 | 30 | 410 | 915 | 248 | 7 | 72 | 26 | (s) | 57 | 412 |
| Average | 409 | 34 | 386 | 829 | 214 | 8 | 68 | 26 | (s) | 49 | 366 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 473 | 30 | 460 | 963 | 248 | 7 | 81 | 25 | (s) | 57 | 419 |
| February | 553 | 29 | 479 | 1,062 | 290 | 7 | 85 | 25 | (s) | 67 | 473 |
| March | 473 | 22 | 395 | 890 | 248 | 5 | 70 | 26 | (s) | 57 | 406 |
| April | 267 | 15 | 378 | 661 | 140 | 4 | 67 | 26 | (s) | 32 | 269 |
| May | 196 | 8 | 346 | 550 | 103 | 2 | 61 | 26 | 0 | 24 | 216 |
| June | 228 | 7 | 365 | 600 | 120 | 2 | 64 | 27 | 0 | 28 | 240 |
| July | 223 | 4 | 354 | 581 | 117 | 1 | 63 | 27 | 0 | 27 | 234 |
| August | 250 | 18 | 362 | 630 | 131 | 4 | 64 | 27 | (s) | 30 | 256 |
| September | 267 | 20 | 362 | 649 | 140 | 5 | 64 | 26 | (s) | 32 | 267 |
| October | 298 | 18 | 372 | 688 | 156 | 4 | 66 | 26 | (s) | 36 | 288 |
| 10-Month Average ... | 321 | 17 | 387 | 725 | 168 | 4 | 68 | 26 | (s) | 39 | 306 |
| 2006 10-Month Average ... | 405 | 36 | 382 | 823 | 212 | 9 | 67 | 26 | (s) | 49 | 363 |
| 2005 10-Month Average ... | 396 | 43 | 376 | 815 | 208 | 10 | 66 | 26 | (s) | 50 | 360 |

^a Commercial sector fuel use, including that at commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.

^b Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Data are estimates. • For total petroleum consumption by all sectors, see petroleum products supplied data in Table 3.5. Petroleum products supplied is an approximation of petroleum consumption and is synonymous with the term

"petroleum consumption" in Tables 3.7a-c and 3.8a-c. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section.

• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Monthly Energy Review Section 3 is redesigned. See "What's New" (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/wni.html>) for a summary of the changes.

Table 3.7b Petroleum Consumption: Industrial Sector
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

| | Industrial Sector ^a | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------|---------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------|
| | Asphalt and Road Oil | Distillate Fuel Oil | Kerosene | Liquefied Petroleum Gases | Lubricants | Motor Gasoline ^b | Petroleum Coke | Residual Fuel Oil | Other ^c | Total |
| 1973 Average | 522 | 691 | 75 | 902 | 88 | 133 | 254 | 809 | 1,005 | 4,479 |
| 1975 Average | 419 | 630 | 58 | 844 | 68 | 116 | 246 | 658 | 1,001 | 4,038 |
| 1980 Average | 396 | 621 | 87 | 1,172 | 82 | 82 | 234 | 586 | 1,581 | 4,842 |
| 1985 Average | 425 | 526 | 21 | 1,285 | 75 | 114 | 261 | 326 | 1,032 | 4,065 |
| 1990 Average | 483 | 541 | 6 | 1,215 | 84 | 97 | 325 | 179 | 1,373 | 4,304 |
| 1995 Average | 486 | 532 | 7 | 1,527 | 80 | 105 | 328 | 147 | 1,381 | 4,594 |
| 1996 Average | 484 | 557 | 9 | 1,580 | 78 | 105 | 343 | 146 | 1,518 | 4,819 |
| 1997 Average | 505 | 566 | 9 | 1,617 | 82 | 111 | 331 | 127 | 1,605 | 4,953 |
| 1998 Average | 521 | 570 | 11 | 1,553 | 86 | 105 | 390 | 100 | 1,508 | 4,844 |
| 1999 Average | 547 | 558 | 6 | 1,709 | 87 | 80 | 426 | 90 | 1,532 | 5,035 |
| 2000 Average | 525 | 563 | 8 | 1,720 | 86 | 79 | 361 | 105 | 1,458 | 4,903 |
| 2001 Average | 519 | 611 | 11 | 1,557 | 79 | 155 | 390 | 89 | 1,481 | 4,892 |
| 2002 Average | 512 | 566 | 7 | 1,668 | 78 | 163 | 383 | 83 | 1,474 | 4,934 |
| 2003 Average | 503 | 534 | 12 | 1,561 | 72 | 171 | 375 | 96 | 1,579 | 4,903 |
| 2004 Average | 537 | 570 | 14 | 1,647 | 73 | 195 | 423 | 108 | 1,657 | 5,223 |
| 2005 January | 330 | 714 | 28 | 2,002 | 68 | 189 | 381 | 139 | 1,404 | 5,255 |
| February | 303 | 669 | 15 | 1,919 | 70 | 190 | 383 | 143 | 1,591 | 5,282 |
| March | 386 | 787 | 21 | 1,737 | 75 | 193 | 393 | 111 | 1,777 | 5,478 |
| April | 451 | 627 | 10 | 1,387 | 70 | 196 | 450 | 124 | 1,496 | 4,810 |
| May | 571 | 581 | 16 | 1,379 | 80 | 199 | 472 | 111 | 1,696 | 5,104 |
| June | 829 | 475 | 11 | 1,397 | 80 | 201 | 402 | 96 | 1,879 | 5,370 |
| July | 680 | 350 | 10 | 1,458 | 74 | 204 | 453 | 96 | 1,575 | 4,901 |
| August | 774 | 402 | 6 | 1,574 | 78 | 204 | 386 | 112 | 1,792 | 5,328 |
| September | 671 | 605 | 12 | 1,277 | 68 | 191 | 378 | 120 | 1,393 | 4,714 |
| October | 630 | 577 | 15 | 1,318 | 83 | 194 | 321 | 143 | 1,483 | 4,763 |
| November | 599 | 642 | 16 | 1,512 | 60 | 195 | 419 | 154 | 1,569 | 5,166 |
| December | 319 | 710 | 18 | 1,867 | 62 | 199 | 414 | 125 | 1,601 | 5,314 |
| Average | 546 | 594 | 15 | 1,568 | 72 | 196 | 404 | 123 | 1,605 | 5,124 |
| 2006 January | 295 | 672 | 16 | 1,644 | 61 | 189 | 380 | 176 | 1,783 | 5,216 |
| February | 330 | 607 | 25 | 1,810 | 102 | 191 | 298 | 153 | 1,546 | 5,062 |
| March | 413 | 719 | 21 | 1,666 | 71 | 194 | 427 | 156 | 1,464 | 5,131 |
| April | 513 | 561 | 18 | 1,520 | 78 | 196 | 345 | 130 | 1,467 | 4,827 |
| May | 633 | 551 | 10 | 1,476 | 64 | 199 | 401 | 110 | 1,630 | 5,075 |
| June | 715 | 475 | 6 | 1,468 | 76 | 203 | 446 | 101 | 1,805 | 5,296 |
| July | 662 | 428 | 8 | 1,521 | 69 | 206 | 383 | 102 | 1,502 | 4,881 |
| August | 743 | 535 | 6 | 1,554 | 70 | 205 | 432 | 109 | 1,761 | 5,415 |
| September | 667 | 608 | 6 | 1,496 | 61 | 198 | 529 | 96 | 1,644 | 5,305 |
| October | 592 | 718 | 6 | 1,543 | 84 | 199 | 421 | 107 | 1,654 | 5,323 |
| November | 478 | 682 | 5 | 1,655 | 63 | 198 | 478 | 95 | 1,762 | 5,417 |
| December | 199 | 680 | 10 | 1,686 | 49 | 200 | 548 | 144 | 1,656 | 5,172 |
| Average | 521 | 603 | 11 | 1,585 | 71 | 198 | 425 | 123 | 1,640 | 5,177 |
| 2007 January | 351 | 815 | 10 | 1,890 | 61 | 190 | 348 | 136 | 1,614 | 5,415 |
| February | 290 | 846 | 10 | 1,970 | 49 | 193 | 353 | 143 | 1,639 | 5,494 |
| March | 372 | 721 | 7 | 1,621 | 74 | 196 | 488 | 140 | 1,495 | 5,115 |
| April | 443 | 756 | 5 | 1,554 | 74 | 198 | 366 | 133 | 1,689 | 5,217 |
| May | 498 | 684 | 3 | 1,421 | 79 | 202 | 473 | 139 | 1,706 | 5,206 |
| June | 621 | 629 | 2 | 1,500 | 69 | 204 | 392 | 123 | 1,492 | 5,032 |
| July | 647 | 526 | 1 | 1,456 | 75 | 206 | 346 | 107 | 1,582 | 4,947 |
| August | 641 | 598 | 6 | 1,487 | 72 | 205 | 460 | 114 | 1,508 | 5,091 |
| September | 609 | 671 | 7 | 1,487 | 66 | 198 | 466 | 112 | 1,530 | 5,146 |
| October | 590 | 678 | 6 | 1,527 | 77 | 198 | 369 | 105 | 1,545 | 5,095 |
| 10-Month Average ... | 508 | 691 | 6 | 1,588 | 70 | 199 | 407 | 125 | 1,579 | 5,173 |
| 2006 10-Month Average ... | 558 | 588 | 12 | 1,568 | 73 | 198 | 407 | 124 | 1,626 | 5,154 |
| 2005 10-Month Average ... | 564 | 578 | 14 | 1,543 | 75 | 196 | 402 | 119 | 1,609 | 5,100 |

^a Industrial sector fuel use, including that at industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants.

^b Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

^c Pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, still gas (refinery gas), waxes, and miscellaneous products. Beginning in 1981, also includes negative barrels per day of distillate and residual fuel oil reclassified as unfinished oils, and other products (from both primary and secondary supply) reclassified as gasoline blending components. Beginning in 1983, also includes crude oil burned as fuel. Beginning in 2005, also includes naphtha-type jet fuel.

Notes: • Data are estimates. • For total petroleum consumption by all sectors, see petroleum products supplied data in Table 3.5. Petroleum products supplied is an approximation of petroleum consumption and is synonymous with the term "petroleum consumption" in Tables 3.7a-c and 3.8a-c. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section.

• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Monthly Energy Review Section 3 is redesigned. See "What's New" (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/wni.html>) for a summary of the changes.

Table 3.7c Petroleum Consumption: Transportation and Electric Power Sectors
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

| | Transportation Sector | | | | | | | | Electric Power Sector ^a | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|--------|------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|-------|
| | Aviation Gasoline | Distillate Fuel Oil | Jet Fuel ^b | Liquefied Petroleum Gases | Lubricants | Motor Gasoline ^c | Residual Fuel Oil | Total | Distillate Fuel Oil ^d | Petroleum Coke | Residual Fuel Oil ^e | Total |
| 1973 Average | 45 | 1,045 | 1,042 | 35 | 74 | 6,496 | 317 | 9,054 | 129 | 7 | 1,406 | 1,542 |
| 1975 Average | 39 | 998 | 992 | 31 | 70 | 6,512 | 310 | 8,951 | 107 | 1 | 1,280 | 1,388 |
| 1980 Average | 35 | 1,311 | 1,062 | 13 | 77 | 6,441 | 608 | 9,546 | 79 | 2 | 1,069 | 1,151 |
| 1985 Average | 27 | 1,491 | 1,218 | 21 | 71 | 6,667 | 342 | 9,838 | 40 | 3 | 435 | 478 |
| 1990 Average | 24 | 1,722 | 1,522 | 16 | 80 | 7,080 | 443 | 10,888 | 45 | 14 | 507 | 566 |
| 1995 Average | 21 | 1,973 | 1,514 | 13 | 76 | 7,674 | 397 | 11,668 | 51 | 37 | 247 | 334 |
| 1996 Average | 20 | 2,096 | 1,578 | 11 | 73 | 7,772 | 370 | 11,921 | 51 | 36 | 273 | 360 |
| 1997 Average | 22 | 2,198 | 1,599 | 10 | 78 | 7,883 | 310 | 12,099 | 52 | 46 | 311 | 410 |
| 1998 Average | 19 | 2,263 | 1,622 | 13 | 81 | 8,128 | 294 | 12,420 | 64 | 56 | 456 | 576 |
| 1999 Average | 21 | 2,352 | 1,673 | 10 | 82 | 8,336 | 290 | 12,765 | 66 | 51 | 418 | 535 |
| 2000 Average | 20 | 2,422 | 1,725 | 8 | 81 | 8,370 | 386 | 13,012 | 82 | 45 | 378 | 505 |
| 2001 Average | 19 | 2,489 | 1,655 | 10 | 74 | 8,435 | 255 | 12,938 | 80 | 47 | 437 | 564 |
| 2002 Average | 18 | 2,536 | 1,614 | 10 | 73 | 8,662 | 295 | 13,208 | 60 | 80 | 287 | 427 |
| 2003 Average | 16 | 2,665 | 1,578 | 12 | 68 | 8,733 | 249 | 13,321 | 76 | 79 | 379 | 534 |
| 2004 Average | 17 | 2,783 | 1,630 | 14 | 69 | 8,885 | 321 | 13,718 | 52 | 101 | 382 | 535 |
| 2005 January | 29 | 2,583 | 1,536 | 17 | 64 | 8,599 | 381 | 13,210 | 94 | 111 | 421 | 626 |
| February | 18 | 2,671 | 1,743 | 16 | 66 | 8,647 | 441 | 13,601 | 31 | 113 | 274 | 418 |
| March | 17 | 2,847 | 1,726 | 14 | 70 | 8,776 | 311 | 13,761 | 33 | 108 | 290 | 430 |
| April | 17 | 2,892 | 1,614 | 11 | 67 | 8,907 | 393 | 13,900 | 34 | 102 | 238 | 374 |
| May | 17 | 2,933 | 1,674 | 11 | 76 | 9,054 | 374 | 14,139 | 36 | 111 | 208 | 355 |
| June | 20 | 2,965 | 1,689 | 12 | 76 | 9,146 | 260 | 14,166 | 47 | 122 | 428 | 597 |
| July | 21 | 2,920 | 1,725 | 12 | 70 | 9,303 | 257 | 14,308 | 70 | 116 | 507 | 693 |
| August | 23 | 2,970 | 1,743 | 13 | 73 | 9,306 | 317 | 14,447 | 79 | 122 | 575 | 776 |
| September | 23 | 2,951 | 1,670 | 11 | 64 | 8,699 | 360 | 13,778 | 62 | 110 | 505 | 676 |
| October | 15 | 2,918 | 1,655 | 11 | 78 | 8,817 | 418 | 13,912 | 45 | 106 | 386 | 537 |
| November | 14 | 2,822 | 1,619 | 12 | 57 | 8,894 | 538 | 13,957 | 34 | 99 | 239 | 373 |
| December | 15 | 2,807 | 1,756 | 15 | 58 | 9,070 | 341 | 14,063 | 78 | 110 | 498 | 687 |
| Average | 19 | 2,858 | 1,679 | 13 | 68 | 8,937 | 365 | 13,939 | 54 | 111 | 382 | 547 |
| 2006 January | 9 | 2,595 | 1,605 | 14 | 58 | 8,625 | 515 | 13,420 | 34 | 110 | 175 | 319 |
| February | 16 | 2,673 | 1,582 | 15 | 96 | 8,696 | 435 | 13,513 | 33 | 108 | 149 | 291 |
| March | 22 | 2,846 | 1,560 | 14 | 67 | 8,835 | 476 | 13,821 | 24 | 93 | 91 | 208 |
| April | 22 | 2,896 | 1,654 | 13 | 73 | 8,932 | 389 | 13,979 | 33 | 98 | 117 | 248 |
| May | 22 | 2,961 | 1,633 | 12 | 60 | 9,082 | 324 | 14,095 | 32 | 88 | 111 | 230 |
| June | 18 | 3,013 | 1,704 | 12 | 72 | 9,249 | 299 | 14,367 | 38 | 102 | 178 | 317 |
| July | 20 | 3,018 | 1,700 | 13 | 65 | 9,375 | 304 | 14,494 | 46 | 109 | 225 | 379 |
| August | 28 | 3,103 | 1,696 | 13 | 66 | 9,332 | 327 | 14,564 | 53 | 102 | 296 | 450 |
| September | 18 | 2,999 | 1,608 | 12 | 58 | 9,012 | 268 | 13,976 | 27 | 95 | 133 | 255 |
| October | 19 | 3,053 | 1,605 | 13 | 80 | 9,042 | 320 | 14,131 | 31 | 94 | 144 | 268 |
| November | 13 | 2,891 | 1,613 | 14 | 59 | 9,021 | 241 | 13,851 | 32 | 85 | 143 | 260 |
| December | 13 | 2,831 | 1,631 | 14 | 47 | 9,112 | 410 | 14,057 | 34 | 85 | 121 | 240 |
| Average | 18 | 2,908 | 1,633 | 13 | 67 | 9,028 | 359 | 14,026 | 35 | 97 | 157 | 289 |
| 2007 January | 17 | 2,686 | 1,616 | 16 | 57 | 8,676 | 378 | 13,445 | 45 | 90 | 182 | 317 |
| February | 13 | 2,822 | 1,636 | 16 | 46 | 8,806 | 390 | 13,730 | 90 | 78 | 345 | 513 |
| March | 14 | 2,848 | 1,553 | 13 | 70 | 8,947 | 398 | 13,843 | 38 | 70 | 167 | 275 |
| April | 20 | 3,018 | 1,651 | 13 | 70 | 9,008 | 387 | 14,167 | 30 | 70 | 165 | 266 |
| May | 17 | 3,044 | 1,614 | 12 | 75 | 9,201 | 445 | 14,408 | 33 | 76 | 143 | 252 |
| June | 22 | 3,109 | 1,659 | 12 | 65 | 9,279 | 398 | 14,545 | 44 | 90 | 185 | 319 |
| July | 17 | 3,079 | 1,668 | 12 | 71 | 9,389 | 342 | 14,579 | 43 | 77 | 180 | 300 |
| August | 21 | 3,143 | 1,704 | 12 | 68 | 9,359 | 372 | 14,679 | 67 | 80 | 247 | 394 |
| September | 17 | 3,039 | 1,531 | 12 | 62 | 9,020 | 368 | 14,048 | 35 | 77 | 163 | 275 |
| October | 21 | 3,027 | 1,638 | 13 | 73 | 9,026 | 335 | 14,133 | 36 | 67 | 149 | 251 |
| 10-Month Average ... | 18 | 2,982 | 1,627 | 13 | 66 | 9,074 | 381 | 14,161 | 46 | 78 | 191 | 315 |
| 2006 10-Month Average ... | 19 | 2,917 | 1,635 | 13 | 69 | 9,021 | 366 | 14,040 | 35 | 100 | 162 | 297 |
| 2005 10-Month Average ... | 20 | 2,866 | 1,677 | 13 | 70 | 8,928 | 350 | 13,925 | 53 | 112 | 384 | 549 |

^a Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

^b Through 2004, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type jet fuel only; naphtha-type jet fuel is included in "Industrial Sector, Other" on Table 3.7b.

^c Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

^d Fuel oil nos. 1, 2, and 4. Through 2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.

^e Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. Through 2000, electric utility data also include a small

amount of fuel oil no. 4.

Notes: • Transportation sector data are estimates. • For total petroleum consumption by all sectors, see petroleum products supplied data in Table 3.5. Petroleum products supplied is an approximation of petroleum consumption and is synonymous with the term "petroleum consumption" in Tables 3.7a-c and 3.8a-c. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

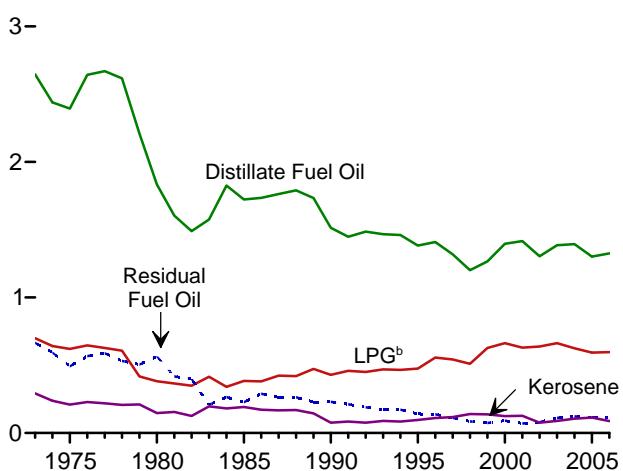
Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

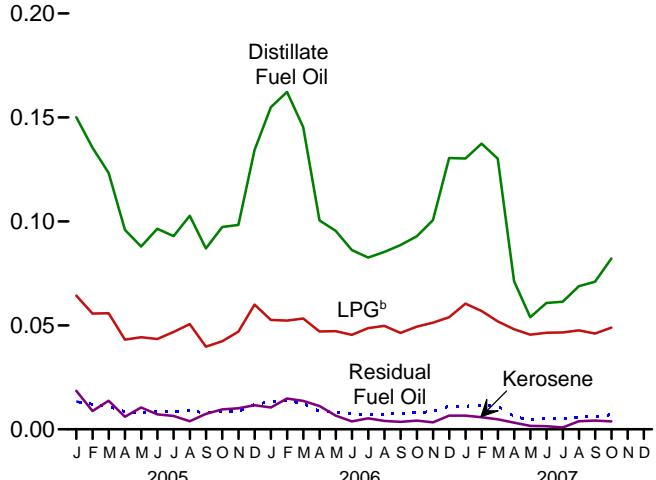
Monthly Energy Review Section 3 is redesigned. See "What's New" (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/wni.html>) for a summary of the changes.

Figure 3.8 Heat Content of Petroleum Consumption by Sector, Selected Products
 (Quadrillion Btu)

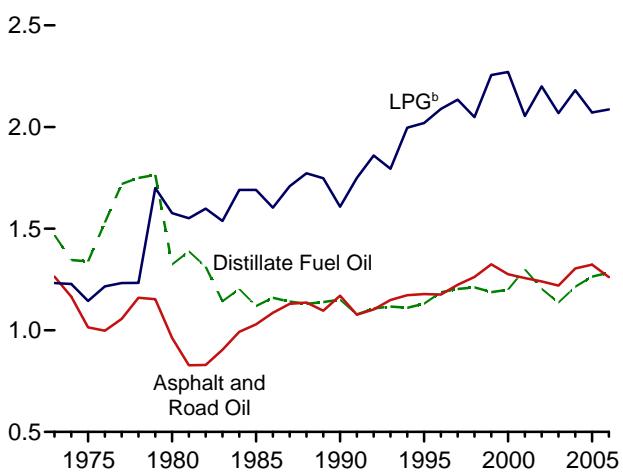
Residential and Commercial Sectors^a, 1973-2006



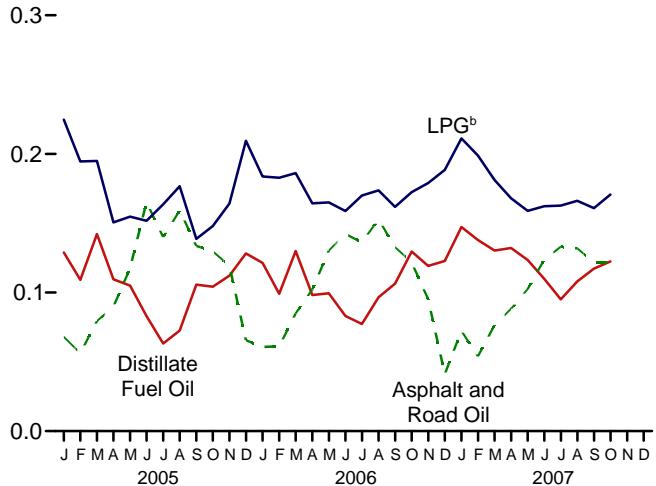
Residential and Commercial Sectors^a, Monthly



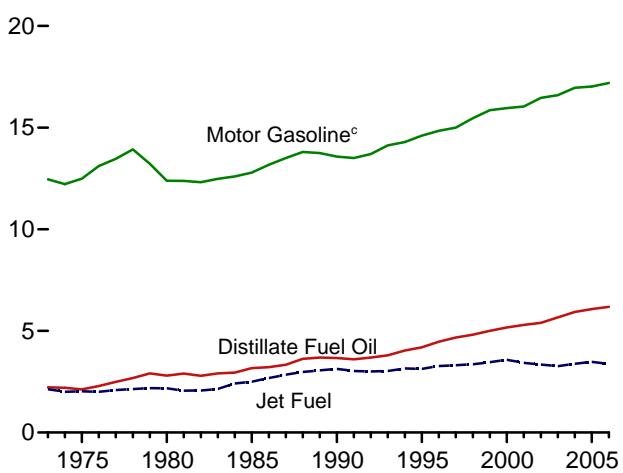
Industrial Sector^a, 1973-2006



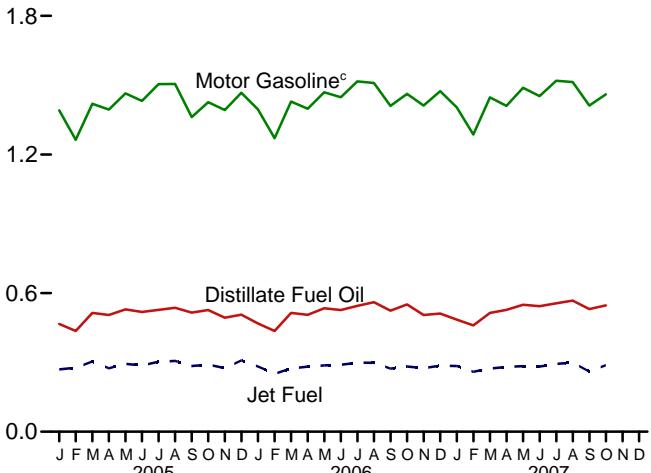
Industrial Sector^a, Monthly



Transportation Sector, 1973-2006



Transportation Sector, Monthly



^a Includes combined-heat-and-power plants and a small number of electricity-only plants.

^b Liquefied petroleum gases.

^c Beginning in 1983, includes ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html>.

Sources: Tables 3.8a-3.8c.

Table 3.8a Heat Content of Petroleum Consumption: Residential and Commercial Sectors (Trillion Btu)

| | Residential Sector | | | | Commercial Sector ^a | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------|---------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------|
| | Distillate Fuel Oil | Kerosene | Liquefied Petroleum Gases | Total | Distillate Fuel Oil | Kerosene | Liquefied Petroleum Gases | Motor Gasoline ^b | Petroleum Coke | Residual Fuel Oil | Total |
| 1973 Total | 2,003 | 227 | 595 | 2,825 | 644 | 65 | 105 | 87 | NA | 665 | 1,565 |
| 1975 Total | 1,807 | 161 | 528 | 2,495 | 587 | 49 | 93 | 89 | NA | 492 | 1,310 |
| 1980 Total | 1,316 | 107 | 325 | 1,748 | 518 | 41 | 57 | 107 | NA | 565 | 1,287 |
| 1985 Total | 1,092 | 159 | 327 | 1,578 | 631 | 33 | 58 | 96 | NA | 228 | 1,045 |
| 1990 Total | 978 | 64 | 365 | 1,407 | 536 | 12 | 64 | 111 | 0 | 230 | 953 |
| 1995 Total | 905 | 74 | 404 | 1,383 | 479 | 22 | 71 | 18 | (s) | 141 | 732 |
| 1996 Total | 926 | 89 | 473 | 1,488 | 483 | 21 | 84 | 27 | (s) | 137 | 751 |
| 1997 Total | 874 | 93 | 461 | 1,428 | 444 | 25 | 81 | 43 | (s) | 111 | 704 |
| 1998 Total | 772 | 108 | 434 | 1,314 | 429 | 31 | 77 | 39 | (s) | 85 | 661 |
| 1999 Total | 828 | 111 | 534 | 1,473 | 438 | 27 | 94 | 28 | (s) | 73 | 661 |
| 2000 Total | 905 | 95 | 564 | 1,563 | 491 | 30 | 99 | 45 | (s) | 92 | 756 |
| 2001 Total | 908 | 95 | 535 | 1,539 | 508 | 31 | 94 | 37 | (s) | 70 | 742 |
| 2002 Total | 860 | 60 | 543 | 1,463 | 444 | 16 | 96 | 45 | (s) | 80 | 681 |
| 2003 Total | 905 | 70 | 564 | 1,539 | 481 | 19 | 100 | 60 | (s) | 111 | 771 |
| 2004 Total | 924 | 85 | 531 | 1,539 | 470 | 20 | 94 | 49 | (s) | 122 | 756 |
| 2005 January | 98 | 15 | 55 | 168 | 52 | 4 | 10 | 4 | (s) | 13 | 82 |
| February | 89 | 7 | 47 | 143 | 47 | 2 | 8 | 4 | (s) | 12 | 72 |
| March | 81 | 11 | 47 | 139 | 42 | 3 | 8 | 4 | (s) | 11 | 69 |
| April | 63 | 5 | 37 | 104 | 33 | 1 | 6 | 4 | (s) | 9 | 53 |
| May | 58 | 8 | 38 | 104 | 30 | 2 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 8 | 51 |
| June | 63 | 6 | 37 | 106 | 33 | 1 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 54 |
| July | 61 | 5 | 40 | 106 | 32 | 1 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 8 | 53 |
| August | 67 | 3 | 43 | 114 | 35 | 1 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 57 |
| September | 57 | 6 | 34 | 97 | 30 | 1 | 6 | 4 | (s) | 8 | 49 |
| October | 64 | 8 | 36 | 108 | 33 | 2 | 6 | 4 | (s) | 9 | 54 |
| November | 65 | 8 | 40 | 113 | 34 | 2 | 7 | 4 | (s) | 9 | 56 |
| December | 88 | 9 | 51 | 148 | 46 | 2 | 9 | 4 | (s) | 12 | 74 |
| Total | 854 | 92 | 504 | 1,450 | 447 | 22 | 89 | 49 | (s) | 116 | 723 |
| 2006 January | 102 | 8 | 45 | 155 | 53 | 2 | 8 | 4 | (s) | 13 | 80 |
| February | 106 | 12 | 44 | 163 | 56 | 3 | 8 | 4 | (s) | 14 | 84 |
| March | 95 | 11 | 45 | 152 | 50 | 3 | 8 | 4 | (s) | 12 | 77 |
| April | 66 | 9 | 40 | 115 | 35 | 2 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 56 |
| May | 63 | 5 | 40 | 108 | 33 | 1 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 8 | 54 |
| June | 57 | 3 | 39 | 98 | 30 | 1 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 7 | 49 |
| July | 54 | 4 | 41 | 100 | 28 | 1 | 7 | 4 | (s) | 7 | 48 |
| August | 56 | 3 | 42 | 101 | 29 | 1 | 7 | 4 | (s) | 7 | 49 |
| September | 58 | 3 | 39 | 100 | 30 | 1 | 7 | 4 | (s) | 8 | 50 |
| October | 61 | 3 | 42 | 106 | 32 | 1 | 7 | 4 | (s) | 8 | 52 |
| November | 66 | 3 | 44 | 112 | 35 | 1 | 8 | 4 | (s) | 9 | 56 |
| December | 86 | 5 | 46 | 137 | 45 | 1 | 8 | 4 | (s) | 11 | 70 |
| Total | 870 | 71 | 508 | 1,448 | 456 | 17 | 90 | 49 | (s) | 113 | 725 |
| 2007 January | 85 | 5 | 51 | 142 | 45 | 1 | 9 | 4 | (s) | 11 | 70 |
| February | 90 | 5 | 48 | 143 | 47 | 1 | 9 | 4 | (s) | 12 | 72 |
| March | 85 | 4 | 44 | 133 | 45 | 1 | 8 | 4 | (s) | 11 | 69 |
| April | 47 | 3 | 41 | 90 | 24 | 1 | 7 | 4 | (s) | 6 | 42 |
| May | 35 | 1 | 39 | 75 | 19 | (s) | 7 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 35 |
| June | 40 | 1 | 39 | 81 | 21 | (s) | 7 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 38 |
| July | 40 | 1 | 40 | 81 | 21 | (s) | 7 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 38 |
| August | 45 | 3 | 40 | 89 | 24 | 1 | 7 | 4 | (s) | 6 | 42 |
| September | 47 | 3 | 39 | 89 | 24 | 1 | 7 | 4 | (s) | 6 | 42 |
| October | 54 | 3 | 42 | 99 | 28 | 1 | 7 | 4 | (s) | 7 | 48 |
| 10-Month Total | 569 | 29 | 424 | 1,022 | 298 | 7 | 75 | 41 | (s) | 74 | 495 |
| 2006 10-Month Total | 718 | 63 | 418 | 1,199 | 376 | 15 | 74 | 41 | (s) | 93 | 600 |
| 2005 10-Month Total | 702 | 74 | 413 | 1,189 | 368 | 18 | 73 | 41 | (s) | 95 | 594 |

^a Commercial sector fuel use, including that at commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.

^b Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Data are estimates. • For total heat content of petroleum consumption by all sectors, see data for heat content of petroleum products supplied in Table 3.6. Petroleum products supplied is an approximation of petroleum consumption

and is synonymous with the term "petroleum consumption" in Tables 3.7a-c and 3.8a-c. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: Tables 3.7a, A1, and A3.

Monthly Energy Review Section 3 is redesigned. See "What's New" (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/wni.html>) for a summary of the changes.

Table 3.8b Heat Content of Petroleum Consumption: Industrial Sector
(Trillion Btu)

| | Industrial Sector ^a | | | | | | | | | Total |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------|---------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------|
| | Asphalt and Road Oil | Distillate Fuel Oil | Kerosene | Liquefied Petroleum Gases | Lubricants | Motor Gasoline ^b | Petroleum Coke | Residual Fuel Oil | Other ^c | |
| 1973 Total | 1,264 | 1,469 | 156 | 1,233 | 195 | 255 | 558 | 1,858 | 2,117 | 9,104 |
| 1975 Total | 1,014 | 1,339 | 119 | 1,144 | 149 | 223 | 540 | 1,509 | 2,107 | 8,146 |
| 1980 Total | 962 | 1,324 | 181 | 1,577 | 182 | 158 | 516 | 1,349 | 3,275 | 9,525 |
| 1985 Total | 1,029 | 1,119 | 44 | 1,690 | 166 | 218 | 575 | 748 | 2,149 | 7,738 |
| 1990 Total | 1,170 | 1,150 | 12 | 1,608 | 186 | 185 | 714 | 411 | 2,840 | 8,278 |
| 1995 Total | 1,178 | 1,131 | 15 | 2,019 | 178 | 200 | 721 | 337 | 2,834 | 8,614 |
| 1996 Total | 1,176 | 1,187 | 18 | 2,089 | 173 | 200 | 757 | 335 | 3,119 | 9,053 |
| 1997 Total | 1,224 | 1,203 | 19 | 2,134 | 182 | 212 | 727 | 291 | 3,298 | 9,290 |
| 1998 Total | 1,263 | 1,211 | 22 | 2,048 | 191 | 199 | 858 | 230 | 3,093 | 9,116 |
| 1999 Total | 1,324 | 1,187 | 13 | 2,256 | 193 | 152 | 936 | 207 | 3,128 | 9,396 |
| 2000 Total | 1,276 | 1,200 | 16 | 2,271 | 190 | 150 | 796 | 241 | 2,981 | 9,120 |
| 2001 Total | 1,257 | 1,300 | 23 | 2,054 | 174 | 295 | 858 | 203 | 3,056 | 9,220 |
| 2002 Total | 1,240 | 1,204 | 14 | 2,200 | 172 | 309 | 842 | 190 | 3,041 | 9,213 |
| 2003 Total | 1,220 | 1,136 | 24 | 2,068 | 159 | 324 | 825 | 220 | 3,260 | 9,237 |
| 2004 Total | 1,304 | 1,214 | 28 | 2,181 | 161 | 372 | 934 | 249 | 3,429 | 9,872 |
| 2005 January | 68 | 129 | 5 | 225 | 13 | 31 | 71 | 27 | 283 | 851 |
| February | 56 | 109 | 2 | 195 | 12 | 28 | 65 | 25 | 281 | 773 |
| March | 79 | 142 | 4 | 195 | 14 | 31 | 73 | 22 | 328 | 889 |
| April | 90 | 110 | 2 | 151 | 13 | 31 | 81 | 23 | 250 | 750 |
| May | 118 | 105 | 3 | 155 | 15 | 32 | 88 | 22 | 288 | 825 |
| June | 165 | 83 | 2 | 152 | 15 | 31 | 73 | 18 | 299 | 837 |
| July | 140 | 63 | 2 | 164 | 14 | 33 | 85 | 19 | 269 | 787 |
| August | 159 | 73 | 1 | 177 | 15 | 33 | 72 | 22 | 304 | 855 |
| September | 134 | 106 | 2 | 139 | 12 | 30 | 68 | 23 | 211 | 724 |
| October | 130 | 104 | 3 | 148 | 16 | 31 | 60 | 28 | 240 | 759 |
| November | 119 | 112 | 3 | 164 | 11 | 31 | 76 | 29 | 261 | 806 |
| December | 66 | 128 | 3 | 209 | 12 | 32 | 77 | 24 | 305 | 857 |
| Total | 1,323 | 1,264 | 31 | 2,072 | 160 | 374 | 889 | 281 | 3,320 | 9,714 |
| 2006 January | 61 | 121 | 3 | 184 | 11 | 31 | 71 | 34 | 319 | 835 |
| February | 61 | 99 | 4 | 183 | 17 | 28 | 50 | 27 | 263 | 733 |
| March | 85 | 130 | 4 | 186 | 13 | 31 | 80 | 30 | 264 | 824 |
| April | 102 | 98 | 3 | 164 | 14 | 31 | 62 | 25 | 251 | 750 |
| May | 130 | 99 | 2 | 165 | 12 | 32 | 75 | 21 | 282 | 819 |
| June | 142 | 83 | 1 | 159 | 14 | 32 | 81 | 19 | 296 | 826 |
| July | 136 | 77 | 1 | 170 | 13 | 33 | 72 | 20 | 263 | 785 |
| August | 153 | 97 | 1 | 174 | 13 | 33 | 81 | 21 | 298 | 870 |
| September | 133 | 106 | 1 | 162 | 11 | 31 | 96 | 18 | 273 | 831 |
| October | 122 | 130 | 1 | 172 | 16 | 32 | 79 | 21 | 287 | 859 |
| November | 95 | 119 | 1 | 179 | 11 | 31 | 86 | 18 | 311 | 852 |
| December | 41 | 123 | 2 | 188 | 9 | 32 | 102 | 28 | 309 | 835 |
| Total | 1,261 | 1,283 | 23 | 2,086 | 156 | 377 | 934 | 283 | 3,416 | 9,819 |
| 2007 January | 72 | 147 | 2 | 211 | 11 | 31 | 65 | 26 | 311 | 878 |
| February | 54 | 138 | 2 | 199 | 8 | 28 | 60 | 25 | 284 | 797 |
| March | 77 | 130 | 1 | 181 | 14 | 32 | 91 | 27 | 270 | 823 |
| April | 88 | 132 | 1 | 168 | 13 | 31 | 66 | 25 | 290 | 815 |
| May | 102 | 123 | (s) | 159 | 15 | 33 | 88 | 27 | 291 | 839 |
| June | 124 | 110 | (s) | 162 | 12 | 32 | 71 | 23 | 249 | 783 |
| July | 133 | 95 | (s) | 163 | 14 | 33 | 65 | 21 | 274 | 798 |
| August | 132 | 108 | 1 | 166 | 14 | 33 | 86 | 22 | 255 | 817 |
| September | 121 | 117 | 1 | 161 | 12 | 31 | 84 | 21 | 255 | 803 |
| October | 121 | 122 | 1 | 171 | 15 | 32 | 69 | 20 | 271 | 822 |
| 10-Month Total | 1,025 | 1,224 | 10 | 1,741 | 129 | 316 | 745 | 239 | 2,747 | 8,175 |
| 2006 10-Month Total | 1,125 | 1,041 | 21 | 1,719 | 135 | 314 | 745 | 237 | 2,796 | 8,132 |
| 2005 10-Month Total | 1,138 | 1,023 | 25 | 1,698 | 138 | 311 | 736 | 228 | 2,754 | 8,051 |

^a Industrial sector fuel use, including that at industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants.

^b Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

^c Pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, still gas (refinery gas), waxes, and miscellaneous products. Beginning in 1981, also includes negative barrels per day of distillate and residual fuel oil reclassified as unfinished oils, and other products (from both primary and secondary supply) reclassified as gasoline blending components. Beginning in 1983, also includes crude oil burned as fuel. Beginning in 2005, also includes naphtha-type jet fuel.

(s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Data are estimates. • For total heat content of petroleum consumption by all sectors, see data for heat content of petroleum products supplied in Table 3.6. Petroleum products supplied is an approximation of petroleum consumption and is synonymous with the term "petroleum consumption" in Tables 3.7a-c and 3.8a-c. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: Tables 3.7b, A1, and A3.

Monthly Energy Review Section 3 is redesigned. See "What's New" (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/wni.html>) for a summary of the changes.

Table 3.8c Heat Content of Petroleum Consumption: Transportation and Electric Power Sectors (Trillion Btu)

| | Transportation Sector | | | | | | | | Electric Power Sector ^a | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|--------|------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|-------|
| | Aviation Gasoline | Distillate Fuel Oil | Jet Fuel ^b | Liquefied Petroleum Gases | Lubricants | Motor Gasoline ^c | Residual Fuel Oil | Total | Distillate Fuel Oil ^d | Petroleum Coke | Residual Fuel Oil ^e | Total |
| 1973 Total | 83 | 2,222 | 2,131 | 48 | 163 | 12,455 | 727 | 17,831 | 273 | 15 | 3,226 | 3,515 |
| 1975 Total | 71 | 2,121 | 2,029 | 42 | 155 | 12,485 | 711 | 17,614 | 226 | 2 | 2,937 | 3,166 |
| 1980 Total | 64 | 2,795 | 2,179 | 17 | 172 | 12,383 | 1,398 | 19,009 | 169 | 5 | 2,459 | 2,634 |
| 1985 Total | 50 | 3,170 | 2,497 | 28 | 156 | 12,784 | 786 | 19,471 | 85 | 7 | 998 | 1,090 |
| 1990 Total | 45 | 3,661 | 3,129 | 22 | 176 | 13,575 | 1,016 | 21,625 | 97 | 30 | 1,163 | 1,289 |
| 1995 Total | 40 | 4,195 | 3,132 | 17 | 168 | 14,607 | 911 | 23,069 | 108 | 81 | 566 | 755 |
| 1996 Total | 37 | 4,469 | 3,274 | 15 | 163 | 14,837 | 851 | 23,647 | 109 | 80 | 628 | 817 |
| 1997 Total | 40 | 4,672 | 3,308 | 13 | 172 | 14,999 | 712 | 23,917 | 111 | 102 | 715 | 927 |
| 1998 Total | 35 | 4,812 | 3,357 | 17 | 180 | 15,463 | 674 | 24,537 | 136 | 124 | 1,047 | 1,306 |
| 1999 Total | 39 | 5,001 | 3,462 | 13 | 182 | 15,855 | 665 | 25,218 | 140 | 112 | 959 | 1,211 |
| 2000 Total | 36 | 5,165 | 3,580 | 11 | 179 | 15,960 | 888 | 25,820 | 175 | 99 | 871 | 1,144 |
| 2001 Total | 35 | 5,292 | 3,426 | 13 | 164 | 16,041 | 586 | 25,556 | 171 | 103 | 1,003 | 1,277 |
| 2002 Total | 34 | 5,392 | 3,340 | 13 | 162 | 16,465 | 677 | 26,084 | 127 | 175 | 659 | 961 |
| 2003 Total | 30 | 5,666 | 3,265 | 16 | 150 | 16,597 | 571 | 26,296 | 161 | 175 | 869 | 1,205 |
| 2004 Total | 31 | 5,932 | 3,383 | 18 | 152 | 16,959 | 740 | 27,214 | 111 | 222 | 879 | 1,212 |
| 2005 January | 4 | 466 | 270 | 2 | 12 | 1,391 | 74 | 2,220 | 17 | 21 | 82 | 120 |
| February | 3 | 436 | 277 | 2 | 11 | 1,263 | 78 | 2,069 | 5 | 19 | 48 | 72 |
| March | 3 | 514 | 303 | 2 | 13 | 1,420 | 61 | 2,315 | 6 | 20 | 56 | 82 |
| April | 3 | 505 | 275 | 1 | 12 | 1,394 | 74 | 2,264 | 6 | 18 | 45 | 69 |
| May | 3 | 530 | 294 | 1 | 14 | 1,465 | 73 | 2,380 | 6 | 21 | 41 | 68 |
| June | 3 | 518 | 287 | 1 | 14 | 1,432 | 49 | 2,304 | 8 | 22 | 81 | 111 |
| July | 3 | 527 | 303 | 1 | 13 | 1,505 | 50 | 2,403 | 13 | 22 | 99 | 133 |
| August | 4 | 536 | 306 | 1 | 14 | 1,505 | 62 | 2,429 | 14 | 23 | 112 | 149 |
| September | 3 | 516 | 284 | 1 | 12 | 1,362 | 68 | 2,246 | 11 | 20 | 95 | 126 |
| October | 2 | 527 | 291 | 1 | 15 | 1,426 | 81 | 2,344 | 8 | 20 | 75 | 103 |
| November | 2 | 493 | 275 | 1 | 10 | 1,392 | 101 | 2,276 | 6 | 18 | 45 | 69 |
| December | 2 | 507 | 309 | 2 | 11 | 1,467 | 66 | 2,364 | 14 | 21 | 97 | 132 |
| Total | 35 | 6,076 | 3,475 | 17 | 151 | 17,022 | 837 | 27,614 | 115 | 243 | 876 | 1,235 |
| 2006 January | 1 | 469 | 282 | 2 | 11 | 1,395 | 100 | 2,260 | 6 | 21 | 34 | 61 |
| February | 2 | 436 | 251 | 2 | 16 | 1,270 | 77 | 2,054 | 5 | 18 | 26 | 50 |
| March | 3 | 514 | 274 | 2 | 13 | 1,429 | 93 | 2,328 | 4 | 17 | 18 | 39 |
| April | 3 | 506 | 281 | 1 | 13 | 1,398 | 73 | 2,277 | 6 | 18 | 22 | 46 |
| May | 3 | 535 | 287 | 1 | 11 | 1,469 | 63 | 2,370 | 6 | 16 | 22 | 44 |
| June | 3 | 527 | 290 | 1 | 13 | 1,448 | 56 | 2,338 | 7 | 18 | 34 | 59 |
| July | 3 | 545 | 299 | 1 | 12 | 1,516 | 59 | 2,436 | 8 | 20 | 44 | 72 |
| August | 4 | 560 | 298 | 1 | 12 | 1,510 | 64 | 2,450 | 9 | 19 | 58 | 86 |
| September | 3 | 524 | 274 | 1 | 11 | 1,411 | 51 | 2,274 | 5 | 17 | 25 | 47 |
| October | 3 | 551 | 282 | 1 | 15 | 1,463 | 62 | 2,378 | 6 | 17 | 28 | 51 |
| November | 2 | 505 | 274 | 1 | 11 | 1,412 | 45 | 2,251 | 6 | 15 | 27 | 48 |
| December | 2 | 511 | 287 | 2 | 9 | 1,474 | 80 | 2,364 | 6 | 16 | 24 | 46 |
| Total | 33 | 6,183 | 3,379 | 17 | 147 | 17,195 | 824 | 27,780 | 74 | 214 | 361 | 648 |
| 2007 January | 3 | 485 | 284 | 2 | 11 | 1,403 | 74 | 2,261 | 8 | 17 | 36 | 60 |
| February | 2 | 460 | 260 | 2 | 8 | 1,287 | 69 | 2,087 | 15 | 13 | 61 | 89 |
| March | 2 | 514 | 273 | 1 | 13 | 1,447 | 78 | 2,329 | 7 | 13 | 33 | 53 |
| April | 3 | 527 | 281 | 1 | 13 | 1,410 | 73 | 2,308 | 5 | 13 | 31 | 49 |
| May | 3 | 550 | 284 | 1 | 14 | 1,488 | 87 | 2,427 | 6 | 14 | 28 | 48 |
| June | 3 | 543 | 282 | 1 | 12 | 1,453 | 75 | 2,370 | 8 | 16 | 35 | 59 |
| July | 3 | 556 | 293 | 1 | 13 | 1,519 | 67 | 2,452 | 8 | 14 | 35 | 57 |
| August | 3 | 567 | 300 | 1 | 13 | 1,514 | 73 | 2,471 | 12 | 15 | 48 | 75 |
| September | 3 | 531 | 260 | 1 | 11 | 1,412 | 69 | 2,288 | 6 | 14 | 31 | 51 |
| October | 3 | 547 | 288 | 1 | 14 | 1,460 | 65 | 2,378 | 6 | 12 | 29 | 48 |
| 10-Month Total | 28 | 5,281 | 2,804 | 14 | 122 | 14,393 | 728 | 23,371 | 81 | 142 | 366 | 589 |
| 2006 10-Month Total | 30 | 5,166 | 2,818 | 14 | 128 | 14,309 | 699 | 23,164 | 62 | 183 | 310 | 555 |
| 2005 10-Month Total | 31 | 5,075 | 2,891 | 14 | 130 | 14,163 | 670 | 22,973 | 95 | 205 | 734 | 1,034 |

^a Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

^b Through 2004, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type jet fuel only; naphtha-type jet fuel is included in "Industrial Sector Other" on Table 3.8b.

^c Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

^d Fuel oil nos. 1, 2, and 4. Through 2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.

^e Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. Through 2000, electric utility data also include a small

amount of fuel oil no. 4.

Notes: • Transportation sector data are estimates. • For total heat content of petroleum consumption by all sectors, see data for heat content of petroleum products supplied in Table 3.6. Petroleum products supplied is an approximation of petroleum consumption and is synonymous with the term "petroleum consumption" in Tables 3.7a-c and 3.8a-c. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: Tables 3.7c, A1, and A3.

Monthly Energy Review Section 3 is redesigned. See "What's New" (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/wni.html>) for a summary of the changes.

Petroleum

Note 1. Survey Respondents. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) uses a number of sources and methods to maintain the survey respondent lists. On a regular basis, survey managers review such industry publications as the *Oil and Gas Journal* and *Oil Daily* for information on facilities or companies starting up or closing down operations. Those sources are augmented by articles in newspapers, letters from respondents indicating changes in status, and information received from survey systems.

To supplement routine frames maintenance and to provide more thorough coverage, a comprehensive frames investigation is conducted every 3 years. This investigation results in the reassessment and recompilation of the complete frame for each survey. The effort also includes the evaluation of the impact of potential frame changes on the historical time series of data from these respondents. The results of this frame study are usually implemented in January to provide a full year under the same frame.

In 1991, the EIA conducted a frame identifier survey of companies that produce, blend, store, or import oxygenates. A summary of the results from the identification survey was published in the *Weekly Petroleum Status Report* dated February 12, 1992, and in the February 1992 issue of the *Petroleum Supply Monthly*. In order to continue to provide relevant information about U.S. and regional gasoline supply, the EIA conducted a second frame identifier survey of those companies during 1992. As a result, numerous respondents were added to the monthly surveys effective in January 1993. See Explanatory Note 7, "Frames Maintenance," in the *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

Note 2. Motor Gasoline. Beginning in January 1981, the EIA expanded its universe to include non-refinery blenders and separated blending components from finished motor gasoline as a reporting category. Also, survey forms were modified to describe refinery operations more accurately.

Beginning with the reporting of January 1993 data, the EIA made adjustments to the product supplied series for finished motor gasoline. It was recognized that motor gasoline statistics published by the EIA through 1992 were underreported because the reporting system was (1) not collecting all fuel ethanol blending, and (2) there was a misreporting of motor gasoline blending components that were blended into finished gasoline. The adjustments are incorporated into EIA's data beginning in January 1993. To facilitate data analysis across the 1992–1993 period, EIA has prepared a table of 1992 data adjusted according to the 1993 basis. See *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, March 1993, Table H3.

Note 3. Distillate and Residual Fuel Oils. The requirement to report crude oil in pipelines or burned on leases as either distillate or residual fuel oil has been eliminated. Prior to January 1981, the refinery input of unfinished oils typically exceeded the available supply of unfinished oils.

That discrepancy was assumed to be due to the redesignation of distillate and residual fuel oils received as such but used as unfinished oil inputs by the receiving refinery. The imbalance between supply and disposition of unfinished oils would then be subtracted from the production of distillate and residual fuel oils. Two-thirds of that difference was subtracted from distillate and one-third from residual. Beginning in January 1981, the EIA modified its survey forms to account for redesignated product and discontinued the above-mentioned adjustment.

Beginning in January 1993, distillate fuel oil end-of-month stocks are split into two sulfur categories to meet Environmental Protection Agency requirements effective October 1992. Beginning in January 2004, distillate fuel oil and residual fuel oil stocks are both split into three categories. For further details, see the EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

Note 4. New Stock Basis. In January 1975, 1979, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, affecting subsequent stocks reported and stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), the end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been:

Crude Oil: 1982—645 (Total) and 351 (Other Primary).

Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: 1974—1,121; 1980—1,425; and 1982—1,461.

Motor Gasoline: 1974—225; 1980—263 (Total) and 214 (Finished); 1982—244 (Total) and 202 (Finished).

Distillate Fuel Oil: 1974—224; 1980—205; and 1982—186.

Residual Fuel Oil: 1974—75; 1980—91; and 1982—69.

Jet Fuel: 1974—30 (Total) and 24 (Kerosene Type); 1980—42 (Total) and 36 (Kerosene Type); and 1982—39 (Total) and 32 (Kerosene Type).

Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1974—113; 1978—136; 1980—128; and 1982—102.

Propane and Propylene: 1978—86; 1980—69; and 1982—57.

Other Petroleum Products: 1974—190; 1980—207; and 1982—219.

Stock change calculations beginning in 1975, 1979, 1981, and 1983 were made by using new basis stock levels.

In January 1984, changes were made in the reporting of natural gas liquids. As a result, unfractionated stream, which was formerly included in the "Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition" table, is now reported on a component basis (ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, and pentanes plus). Most of these stocks now appear in the "Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and Disposition" table. This change affects stocks reported and stock change calculations in each table. Under the new basis, end-of-year 1983 stocks, in million barrels, would have been: 108 for liquefied petroleum gases, 55 for propane and propylene, and 210 for other petroleum products.

In January 1993, changes were made in the monthly surveys to begin collecting bulk terminal and pipeline stocks of

oxygenates. This change affected stocks reported and stock change calculations. However, a new basis stock level was not calculated for 1992 end-of-year stocks.

Note 5. Stocks of Alaskan Crude Oil. Stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit were included for the first time in January 1981. The major impact of this change is on the reporting of stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), 1980 end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been 488 (Total) and 380 (Other Primary).

Note 6. Data Discrepancies. Due to differences internal to EIA data processing systems, some small discrepancies exist between data in the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* and the *Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA)* and *Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM)*. The data that have discrepancies are footnoted in Section 3 tables. The corresponding *PSA/PSM* values, in thousand barrels per day, are: Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production, 1976: 1,603; Total Exports, 1979: 472; Petroleum Products Exports, 1979: 237; SPR Crude Oil Imports, 1978: 162; Distillate Fuel Oil Stock Change, 1974: 9; Distillate Fuel Oil Stock Change, 1975: -40; Other Petroleum Products Supplied, 1982: 1,856.

Note 7. Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption. Total petroleum products supplied is the sum of the products supplied for each petroleum product, crude oil, unfinished oils, and gasoline blending components. For each of these, except crude oil, product supplied is calculated by adding refinery production, natural gas plant liquids production, new supply of other liquids, imports, and stock withdrawals, and subtracting stock additions, refinery inputs, and exports. Crude oil product supplied is the sum of crude oil burned on leases and at pipeline pump stations as reported on Form EIA-813, "Monthly Crude Oil Report." Prior to 1983, crude oil burned on leases and at pipeline pump stations was reported as either distillate or residual fuel oil and was included as product supplied for these products. Petroleum product supplied (see Table 3.5) is an approximation of petroleum consumption and is synonymous with the term "Petroleum Consumption" in Tables 3.7a-c and 3.8a-c.

Tables 3.7a–3.7c Sources

Petroleum consumption data in these tables are derived from data for "petroleum products supplied" from the following sources:

1973-1975: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Mineral Industry Surveys*, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."

1976-1980: EIA, *Energy Data Reports*, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."

1981-2006: EIA, *Petroleum Supply Annual*.

2007: EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

Energy-use allocation procedures by individual product are as follows:

Aviation Gasoline—All consumption of aviation gasoline is assigned to the transportation sector.

Asphalt—All consumption of asphalt is assigned to the industrial sector.

Distillate Fuel Oil—Distillate fuel oil consumption is assigned to the sectors as follows:

Distillate Fuel Oil Consumed by the Electric Power Sector—See Tables 7.3b and 7.4b. For 1973-1979, electric utility consumption of distillate fuel is assumed to be the amount of petroleum (minus small amounts of kerosene and kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries) consumed in gas turbine and internal combustion plants. For 1980-2000, electric utility consumption of distillate fuel is assumed to be the amount of light oil (fuel oil nos. 1 and 2, plus small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel) consumed.

Distillate Fuel Oil Consumed by the End-Use Sectors, Annually—The aggregate end-use amount is total distillate fuel oil supplied minus the amount consumed by the electric power sector. The end-use total consumed annually is allocated into the individual end-use sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) in proportion to each sector's share of sales (unadjusted) as reported in EIA's *Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales (Sales)* report series (DOE/EIA-0535), which is based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172. (Shares for the current year are based on the most recent *Sales* report.)

Following are notes on the individual sector groupings:

Since 1979, the residential sector sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.

Since 1979, the commercial sector sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.

Since 1979, the industrial sector sales total is the sum of the sales for industrial, farm, oil company, off-highway diesel, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company, off-highway diesel, and all other uses.

The transportation sector sales total is the sum of the sales for railroad, vessel bunkering, on-highway diesel, and military uses for all years.

Distillate Fuel Oil Consumed by the End-Use Sectors, Monthly—Residential sector and commercial sector monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual estimates, which are described above, into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil. (For each month of the current year, the residential and commercial consumption increase from the same month in the previous year is based on the percent increase in that month's No. 2 heating oil sales from the same month in the previous year.) The years' No. 2 heating oil sales totals are from the following sources: for 1973-1980, the Ethyl Corporation, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales*; for 1981 and 1982, the American Petroleum Institute, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales*; and for 1983 forward, EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners'/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale.

The transportation highway use portion is allocated into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's total sales for highway use as reported by the Federal Highway Administration's Table MF-25, "Private and Commercial Highway Use of Special Fuels by Months." After 1993, the sales-for-highway-use data are no longer available as a monthly series; the 1993 data are used for allocating succeeding year's totals into months.

A distillate fuel oil "balance" is calculated as total distillate fuel oil supplied minus the amount consumed by the electric power sector, residential sector, commercial sector, and for highway use.

Industrial sector monthly consumption is estimated by multiplying each month's distillate fuel oil "balance" by the annual industrial consumption share of the annual distillate fuel oil "balance."

Total transportation sector monthly consumption is estimated as total distillate fuel oil supplied minus the amount consumed by the residential, commercial, industrial, and electric power sectors.

Jet Fuel—Through 1982, small amounts of kerosene-type jet fuel were consumed by the electric power sector. Kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries to the electric power sector as reported on the Form FERC-423 (formerly Form FPC-423) were used as estimates of this consumption. All remaining jet fuel (kerosene-type and naphtha-type) is consumed by the transportation sector.

Kerosene—Kerosene product supplied is allocated into the individual end-use sectors (residential, commercial, and industrial) in proportion to each sector's share of "sales" as reported in EIA's *Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales (Sales)* report series (DOE/EIA-0535), which is based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172.

Since 1979, the residential sector sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares

Since 1979, the commercial sector sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.

Since 1979, the industrial sector sales total is the sum of the adjusted sales for industrial, farm, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial (including farm) portion is added to all other uses.

Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG)—The annual shares of LPG's total consumption that are estimated to be used by each sector are applied to each month's total LPG consumption to create monthly sector consumption estimates. The annual sector shares are calculated as described below.

Sales of LPG to the residential and commercial sector are converted from thousand gallons per year to thousand barrels per year and are assumed to be the annual consumption of LPG by the sector.

The quantity of LPG sold each year for consumption in internal combustion engines is allocated between the transportation and industrial sectors on the basis of data for special fuels used on highways published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, in *Highway Statistics*. The allocations of LPG sold for internal combustion engine use to the transportation sector range from a low of 20 percent (in 2001) to a high of 73 percent (in 1994).

LPG consumed annually by the industrial sector is estimated as the difference between LPG total supplied and the estimated consumption of LPG by the sum of the residential and commercial sector and the transportation sector. The industrial sector includes LPG used by chemical plants as raw materials or solvents and used in the production of synthetic rubber; refinery fuel use; use as synthetic natural gas feedstock and use in secondary recovery projects; all farm use; LPG sold to gas utility companies for distribution through the mains; and a portion of the use of LPG as an internal combustion engine fuel.

Sources of the annual sales data for creating annual energy shares are:

1973-1982: EIA's "Sales of Liquefied Petroleum Gases and Ethane" reports, based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-174.

1983: End-use consumption estimates for 1983 are based on 1982 end-use consumption because the collection of data under Form EIA-174 was discontinued after data year 1982.

1984-forward: American Petroleum Institute (API), "Sales

of Natural Gas Liquids and Liquefied Refinery Gases," which is based on an LPG sales survey jointly sponsored by API, the Gas Processors Association, and the National Liquefied Petroleum Gas Association. EIA adjusts the data to remove quantities of pentanes plus and to estimate withheld values.

Lubricants—The consumption of lubricants is allocated to the industrial and transportation sectors for all months according to proportions developed from annual sales of lubricants to the two sectors from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Industrial Reports*, "Sales of Lubricating and Industrial Oils and Greases." The 1973 shares are applied to 1973 and 1974; the 1975 shares are applied to 1975 and 1976; and the 1977 shares are applied to 1977 forward.

Motor Gasoline—The total monthly consumption of motor gasoline is allocated to the sectors in proportion to aggregations of annual sales categories created on the basis of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics*, Tables MF-21, MF-24, and MF-25, as follows:

Commercial sales are the sum of sales for public non-highway use and miscellaneous and unclassified uses.

Industrial sales are the sum of sales for agriculture, construction, and industrial and commercial use as classified in the *Highway Statistics*.

Transportation sales are the sum of sales for highway use (minus the sales of special fuels, which are primarily diesel fuel and are accounted for in the transportation sector of distillate fuel) and sales for marine use.

Petroleum Coke—Portions of petroleum coke are consumed by the electric power sector (see Tables 7.3b and 7.4b) and the commercial sector (see sources for Table 7.4c). The remaining petroleum coke is assigned to the industrial sector.

Residual Fuel Oil—Residual fuel oil consumption is assigned to the sectors as follows:

Residual Fuel Oil Consumed by the Electric Power Sector—See Tables 7.3b and 7.4b. For 1973-1979, electric utility consumption of residual fuel oil is assumed to be the amount of petroleum consumed in steam-electric power plants. For 1980-2000, electric utility consumption of residual fuel oil is assumed to be the amount of heavy oil (fuel oil nos. 4, 5, and 6) consumed.

Residual Fuel Oil Consumed by the End-Use Sectors, Annually—The aggregate end-use amount is total residual fuel oil supplied minus the amount consumed by the electric power sector. The end-use total consumed annually is allocated into the individual end-use sectors (commercial, industrial, and transportation) in proportion to each sector's share of sales (unadjusted) as reported in

EIA's *Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales (Sales)* report series (DOE/EIA-535), which is based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172. (Shares for the current year are based on the most recent *Sales* report.)

Following are notes on the individual sector groupings:

Since 1979, commercial sales data are directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.

Since 1979, industrial sales data are the sum of sales for industrial, oil company, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company and all other uses.

Transportation sales are the sum of sales for railroad, vessel bunkering, and military uses for all years.

Residual Fuel Oil Consumed by the End-Use Sectors, Monthly—Commercial sector monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual estimates, which are described above, into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil. (For each month of the current year, the consumption increase from the same month in the previous year is based on the percent increase in that month's No. 2 heating oil sales from the same month in the previous year.) The years' No. 2 heating oil sales totals are from the following sources: for 1973-1980, the Ethyl Corporation, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales*; for 1981 and 1982, the American Petroleum Institute, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales*; and for 1983-1996, EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners'/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale.

A residual fuel oil "balance" is calculated as total residual fuel oil supplied minus the amount consumed by the electric power sector, commercial sector, and by industrial combined-heat-and-power plants (see sources for Table 7.4c).

Transportation sector monthly consumption is estimated by multiplying each month's residual fuel oil "balance" by the annual transportation consumption share of the annual residual fuel oil "balance."

Total industrial sector monthly consumption is estimated as total residual fuel oil supplied minus the amount consumed by the commercial, transportation, and electric power sectors.

Road Oil—All consumption of road oil is assigned to the industrial sector.

All Other Petroleum Products—Consumption of all remaining petroleum products is assigned to the industrial sector.

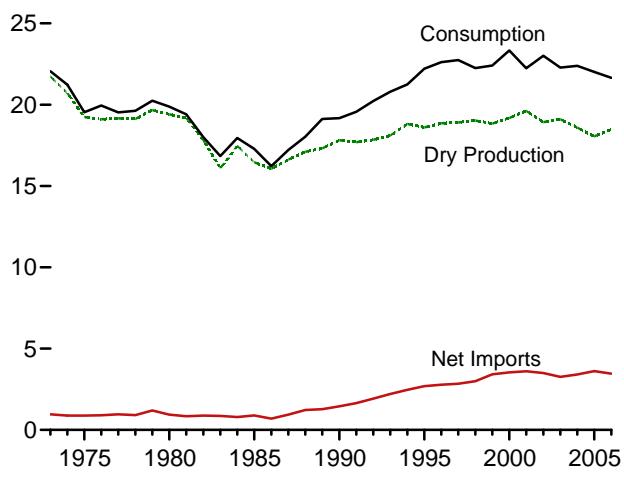
Natural Gas



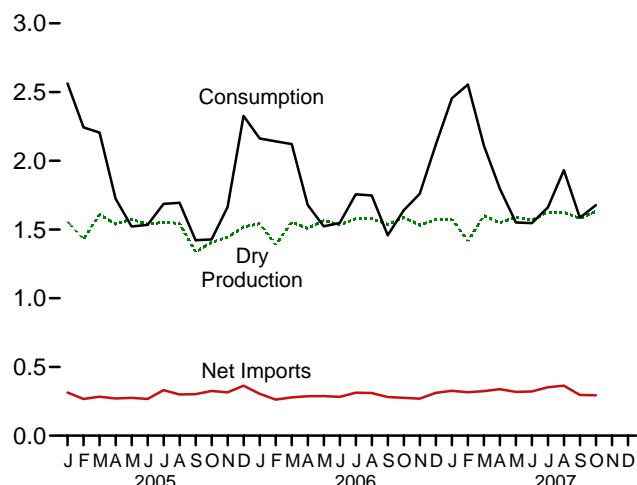
Natural gas pipeline, El Paso County, Texas. Source: U.S. Department of Energy.

Figure 4.1 Natural Gas
(Trillion Cubic Feet)

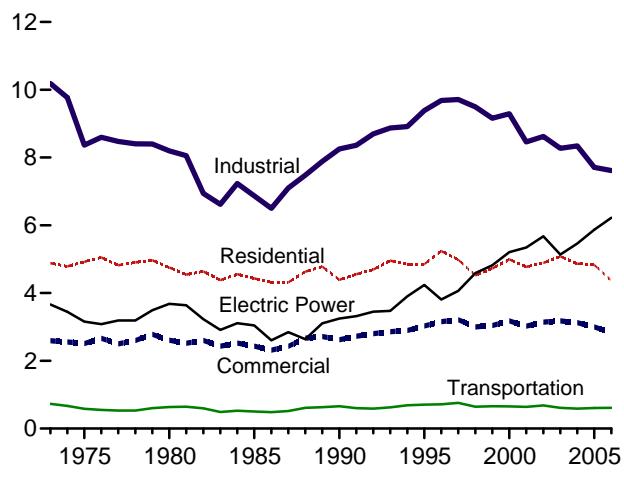
Overview, 1973-2006



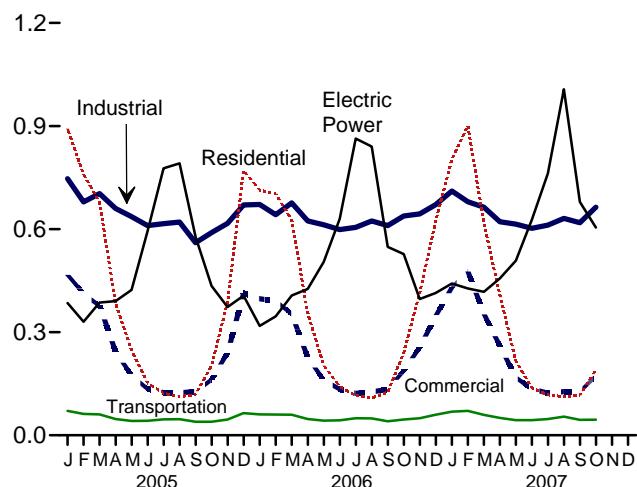
Overview, Monthly



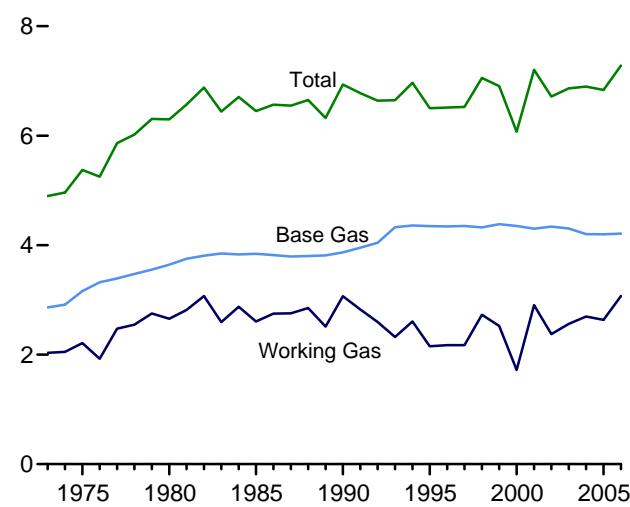
Consumption by Sector, 1973-2006



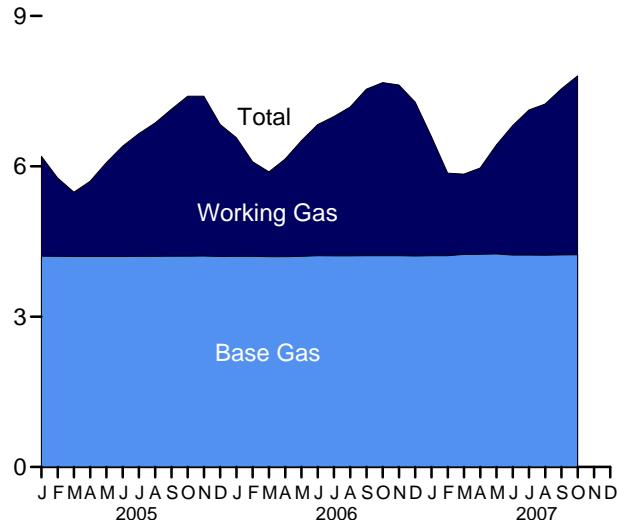
Consumption by Sector, Monthly



Underground Storage, End of Year, 1973-2006



Underground Storage, End of Month



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.
Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/natgas.html>.
Sources: Tables 4.1, 4.3, and 4.4.

Table 4.1 Natural Gas Overview
(Billion Cubic Feet)

| | Gross Withdrawals ^a | Marketed Production (Wet) ^b | Extraction Loss ^c | Dry Gas Production ^d | Supplemental Gaseous Fuels ^e | Trade | | | Net Storage Withdrawals ^f | Balancing Item ^g | Consumption ^h |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---------|---------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | | | Imports | Exports | Net Imports | | | |
| 1973 Total | 24,067 | i 22,648 | 917 | i 21,731 | NA | 1,033 | 77 | 956 | -442 | -196 | 22,049 |
| 1975 Total | 21,104 | i 20,109 | 872 | i 19,236 | NA | 953 | 73 | 880 | -344 | -235 | 19,538 |
| 1980 Total | 21,870 | 20,180 | 777 | 19,403 | 155 | 985 | 49 | 936 | 23 | -640 | 19,877 |
| 1985 Total | 19,607 | 17,270 | 816 | 16,454 | 126 | 950 | 55 | 894 | 235 | -428 | 17,281 |
| 1990 Total | 21,523 | 18,594 | 784 | 17,810 | 123 | 1,532 | 86 | 1,447 | -513 | 307 | i 19,174 |
| 1995 Total | 23,744 | 19,506 | 908 | 18,599 | 110 | 2,841 | 154 | 2,687 | 415 | 396 | 22,207 |
| 1996 Total | 24,114 | 19,812 | 958 | 18,854 | 109 | 2,937 | 153 | 2,784 | 2 | 860 | 22,610 |
| 1997 Total | 24,213 | 19,866 | 964 | 18,902 | 103 | 2,994 | 157 | 2,837 | 24 | 871 | 22,737 |
| 1998 Total | 24,108 | 19,961 | 938 | 19,024 | 102 | 3,152 | 159 | 2,993 | -530 | 657 | 22,246 |
| 1999 Total | 23,823 | 19,805 | 973 | 18,832 | 98 | 3,586 | 163 | 3,422 | 172 | -119 | 22,405 |
| 2000 Total | 24,174 | 20,198 | 1,016 | 19,182 | 90 | 3,782 | 244 | 3,538 | 829 | -305 | 23,333 |
| 2001 Total | 24,501 | 20,570 | 954 | 19,616 | 86 | 3,977 | 373 | 3,604 | -1,166 | 99 | 22,239 |
| 2002 Total | 23,941 | 19,885 | 957 | 18,928 | 68 | 4,015 | 516 | 3,499 | 468 | 44 | 23,007 |
| 2003 Total | 24,119 | 19,974 | 876 | 19,099 | 68 | 3,944 | 680 | 3,264 | -197 | 44 | 22,277 |
| 2004 Total | 23,970 | 19,517 | 927 | 18,591 | 60 | 4,259 | 854 | 3,404 | -114 | 448 | 22,389 |
| 2005 January | 2,035 | 1,633 | 76 | 1,557 | 4 | 405 | 91 | 314 | 728 | -42 | 2,561 |
| February | 1,871 | 1,498 | 69 | 1,429 | 5 | 356 | 90 | 267 | 438 | 103 | 2,243 |
| March | 2,081 | 1,687 | 78 | 1,609 | 6 | 380 | 96 | 283 | 293 | 14 | 2,205 |
| April | 1,979 | 1,615 | 75 | 1,540 | 5 | 326 | 56 | 271 | -222 | 131 | 1,725 |
| May | 2,011 | 1,652 | 77 | 1,576 | 4 | 334 | 59 | 275 | -392 | 60 | 1,522 |
| June | 1,973 | 1,612 | 75 | 1,537 | 5 | 322 | 55 | 267 | -333 | 57 | 1,534 |
| July | 1,984 | 1,627 | 75 | 1,552 | 5 | 386 | 55 | 331 | -264 | 62 | 1,686 |
| August | 1,988 | 1,619 | 75 | 1,544 | 6 | 352 | 52 | 300 | -221 | 66 | 1,695 |
| September | 1,767 | 1,401 | 65 | 1,336 | 5 | 346 | 44 | 302 | -280 | 59 | 1,422 |
| October | 1,871 | 1,476 | 68 | 1,407 | 6 | 366 | 41 | 325 | -273 | -37 | 1,428 |
| November | 1,902 | 1,514 | 70 | 1,444 | 6 | 359 | 45 | 314 | 13 | -114 | 1,663 |
| December | 1,996 | 1,593 | 74 | 1,519 | 6 | 409 | 45 | 363 | 565 | -127 | 2,326 |
| Total | 23,457 | 18,927 | 876 | 18,051 | 64 | 4,341 | 729 | 3,612 | 52 | 232 | 22,011 |
| 2006 January | 1,982 | 1,618 | 76 | 1,543 | 6 | 360 | 56 | 305 | 271 | 39 | 2,162 |
| February | 1,801 | 1,458 | 68 | 1,390 | 6 | 321 | 59 | 262 | 495 | -11 | 2,141 |
| March | 1,993 | 1,630 | 76 | 1,554 | 6 | 348 | 69 | 279 | 206 | 77 | 2,122 |
| April | 1,920 | 1,582 | 74 | 1,508 | 5 | 332 | 45 | 287 | -260 | 139 | 1,678 |
| May | 1,967 | 1,642 | 77 | 1,566 | 4 | 351 | 63 | 288 | -374 | 40 | 1,524 |
| June | 1,934 | 1,609 | 75 | 1,534 | 6 | 348 | 66 | 282 | -317 | 43 | 1,547 |
| July | 1,980 | 1,655 | 77 | 1,578 | 5 | 371 | 59 | 312 | -166 | 26 | 1,756 |
| August | 1,989 | 1,656 | 77 | 1,578 | 6 | 365 | 55 | 310 | -194 | 48 | 1,748 |
| September | 1,940 | 1,611 | 75 | 1,536 | 5 | 334 | 53 | 281 | -364 | (s) | 1,458 |
| October | 2,015 | 1,665 | 78 | 1,587 | 6 | 334 | 59 | 275 | -135 | -93 | 1,640 |
| November | 1,966 | 1,607 | 75 | 1,532 | 6 | 339 | 70 | 269 | 51 | -98 | 1,760 |
| December | 2,020 | 1,649 | 77 | 1,572 | 6 | 383 | 72 | 311 | 351 | -125 | 2,116 |
| Total | 23,507 | 19,382 | 906 | 18,476 | 66 | 4,186 | 724 | 3,462 | -436 | 84 | 21,652 |
| 2007 January | 2,043 | E 1,644 | 69 | E 1,575 | 6 | 396 | 69 | 327 | 684 | R -137 | R 2,455 |
| February | 1,841 | E 1,480 | 64 | E 1,416 | 6 | 373 | 57 | 316 | 731 | R 85 | R 2,555 |
| March | 2,078 | E 1,674 | 74 | E 1,600 | 6 | 402 | 77 | 325 | 48 | R 132 | R 2,111 |
| April | 1,999 | E 1,620 | 71 | E 1,549 | 5 | 389 | 51 | 339 | -120 | R 24 | R 1,797 |
| May | R 2,078 | RE 1,666 | 75 | RE 1,592 | 4 | 380 | 62 | 318 | -459 | R 97 | R 1,551 |
| June | 1,978 | E 1,639 | 71 | E 1,568 | 5 | 379 | 57 | 322 | -389 | 40 | 1,546 |
| July | 2,055 | E 1,700 | 74 | E 1,626 | E 5 | 414 | 63 | 352 | -313 | -8 | 1,661 |
| August | 2,059 | E 1,699 | 73 | E 1,626 | E 5 | 421 | 57 | 364 | -126 | 63 | 1,932 |
| September | R 2,006 | RE 1,653 | 72 | RE 1,580 | E 5 | R 358 | R 61 | R 296 | -298 | R 3 | R 1,587 |
| October | 2,103 | E 1,710 | 77 | E 1,633 | E 4 | E 353 | E 59 | E 294 | -258 | 3 | 1,677 |
| 10-Month Total ... | 20,241 | E 16,486 | 721 | E 15,764 | E 52 | E 3,865 | E 613 | E 3,252 | -500 | 303 | 18,871 |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 19,522 | 16,126 | 754 | 15,372 | 54 | 3,464 | 582 | 2,882 | -839 | 307 | 17,776 |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 19,559 | 15,820 | 733 | 15,088 | 52 | 3,573 | 638 | 2,935 | -526 | 473 | 18,021 |

^a Gas withdrawn from natural gas and crude oil wells; excludes lease condensate.

^b Gross withdrawals minus repressuring, nonhydrocarbon gases removed, and vented and flared. See Note 1, "Production," at end of section.

^c See Note 2, "Extraction Loss," at end of section.

^d Marketed production (wet) minus extraction loss.

^e See Note 3, "Supplemental Gaseous Fuels," at end of section.

^f Net withdrawals from underground storage. For 1980-2006, also includes net withdrawals of liquefied natural gas in above-ground tanks. See Note 4, "Storage," at end of section.

^g See Note 5, "Balancing Item," at end of section. Since 1980, excludes transit shipments that cross the U.S.-Canada border (i.e., natural gas delivered to its destination via the other country).

^h See Note 6, "Consumption," at end of section.

ⁱ May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.

^j For 1989-1992, a small amount of consumption at independent power producers may be counted in both "Other Industrial" and "Electric Power Sector" on Table 4.3. See Note 7, "Consumption, 1989-1992," at end of section.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 million cubic feet. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/natgas.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • **Imports and Exports:** Table 4.2. • **Consumption:** Table 4.3.

• **Balancing Item:** Calculated as consumption minus dry gas production, supplemental gaseous fuels, net imports, and net storage withdrawals. • **All Other Data:** 1973-2001—Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Natural Gas Annual*, annual reports. 2002 forward—EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly*, December 2007, Table 1.

Table 4.2 Natural Gas Trade by Country
(Billion Cubic Feet)

| | Imports | | | | | | | | | Exports | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------|--|
| | Algeria ^a | Australia ^a | Canada ^b | Mexico ^b | Nigeria ^a | Qatar ^a | Trinidad and Tobago ^a | Other ^c | Total | Canada ^b | Japan ^a | Mexico ^b | Total | |
| 1973 Total | 3 | 0 | 1,028 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,033 | 15 | 48 | 14 | 77 | |
| 1975 Total | 5 | 0 | 948 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 953 | 10 | 53 | 9 | 73 | |
| 1980 Total | 86 | 0 | 797 | 102 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 985 | (s) | 45 | 4 | 49 | |
| 1985 Total | 24 | 0 | 926 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 950 | (s) | 53 | 2 | 55 | |
| 1990 Total | 84 | 0 | 1,448 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,532 | 17 | 53 | 16 | 86 | |
| 1995 Total | 18 | 0 | 2,816 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,841 | 28 | 65 | 61 | 154 | |
| 1996 Total | 35 | 0 | 2,883 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2,937 | 52 | 68 | 34 | 153 | |
| 1997 Total | 66 | 10 | 2,899 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2,994 | 56 | 62 | 38 | 157 | |
| 1998 Total | 69 | 12 | 3,052 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 3,152 | 40 | 66 | 53 | 159 | |
| 1999 Total | 76 | 12 | 3,368 | 55 | 0 | 20 | 51 | 5 | 3,586 | 39 | 64 | 61 | 163 | |
| 2000 Total | 47 | 6 | 3,544 | 12 | 13 | 46 | 99 | 15 | 3,782 | 73 | 66 | 106 | 244 | |
| 2001 Total | 65 | 2 | 3,729 | 10 | 38 | 23 | 98 | 12 | 3,977 | 167 | 66 | 141 | 373 | |
| 2002 Total | 27 | 0 | 3,785 | 2 | 8 | 35 | 151 | 8 | 4,015 | 189 | 63 | 263 | 516 | |
| 2003 Total | 53 | 0 | 3,437 | 0 | 50 | 14 | 378 | 11 | 3,944 | 271 | 66 | 343 | 680 | |
| 2004 Total | 120 | 15 | 3,607 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 462 | 31 | 4,259 | 395 | 62 | 397 | 854 | |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 6 | 0 | 347 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 44 | 5 | 405 | 53 | 6 | 33 | 91 | |
| February | 11 | 0 | 303 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 39 | 0 | 356 | 53 | 6 | 31 | 90 | |
| March | 3 | 0 | 333 | (s) | 0 | 0 | 40 | 3 | 380 | 65 | 6 | 26 | 96 | |
| April | 9 | 0 | 279 | (s) | 0 | 0 | 36 | 3 | 326 | 29 | 6 | 21 | 56 | |
| May | 11 | 0 | 281 | (s) | 0 | 0 | 41 | 0 | 334 | 28 | 4 | 27 | 59 | |
| June | 12 | 0 | 265 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 3 | 322 | 18 | 4 | 33 | 55 | |
| July | 6 | 0 | 333 | (s) | 0 | 0 | 41 | 6 | 386 | 18 | 7 | 30 | 55 | |
| August | 3 | 0 | 308 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 27 | 11 | 352 | 19 | 6 | 27 | 52 | |
| September | 6 | 0 | 293 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 35 | 11 | 346 | 16 | 6 | 22 | 44 | |
| October | 12 | 0 | 306 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 33 | 12 | 366 | 15 | 6 | 20 | 41 | |
| November | 9 | 0 | 299 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 19 | 359 | 20 | 6 | 19 | 45 | |
| December | 9 | 0 | 353 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 31 | 11 | 409 | 23 | 6 | 17 | 45 | |
| Total | 97 | 0 | 3,700 | 9 | 8 | 3 | 439 | 84 | 4,341 | 358 | 65 | 305 | 729 | |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 3 | 0 | 320 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 30 | 3 | 360 | 32 | 6 | 18 | 56 | |
| February | 3 | 0 | 282 | (s) | 3 | 0 | 28 | 5 | 321 | 33 | 6 | 20 | 59 | |
| March | 3 | 0 | 314 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 348 | 37 | 6 | 26 | 69 | |
| April | 3 | 0 | 273 | (s) | 6 | 0 | 36 | 14 | 332 | 16 | 6 | 24 | 45 | |
| May | 0 | 0 | 283 | (s) | 3 | 0 | 44 | 20 | 351 | 21 | 6 | 36 | 63 | |
| June | 3 | 0 | 286 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 39 | 14 | 348 | 23 | 6 | 37 | 66 | |
| July | 3 | 0 | 313 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 33 | 15 | 371 | 17 | 6 | 37 | 59 | |
| August | 0 | 0 | 313 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 37 | 9 | 365 | 17 | 6 | 32 | 55 | |
| September | 0 | 0 | 290 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 25 | 9 | 334 | 23 | 4 | 26 | 53 | |
| October | 0 | 0 | 296 | 1 | 9 | 0 | 25 | 3 | 334 | 30 | 3 | 25 | 59 | |
| November | 0 | 0 | 290 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 25 | 17 | 339 | 45 | 5 | 20 | 70 | |
| December | 0 | 0 | 328 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 37 | 11 | 383 | 47 | 4 | 21 | 72 | |
| Total | 17 | 0 | 3,590 | 13 | 57 | 0 | 389 | 120 | 4,186 | 341 | 61 | 322 | 724 | |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 3 | 0 | 338 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 37 | 9 | 396 | 41 | 5 | 24 | 69 | |
| February | 0 | 0 | 321 | 8 | 6 | 0 | 33 | 6 | 373 | 34 | 5 | 17 | 57 | |
| March | 9 | 0 | 309 | 6 | 9 | 0 | 54 | 15 | 402 | 53 | 5 | 19 | 77 | |
| April | 24 | 0 | 281 | 9 | 9 | 0 | 51 | 14 | 389 | 32 | 4 | 15 | 51 | |
| May | 24 | 0 | 283 | 3 | 15 | 3 | 38 | 15 | 380 | 35 | 4 | 24 | 62 | |
| June | 12 | 0 | 289 | 4 | 20 | 6 | 30 | 18 | 379 | 28 | 3 | 26 | 57 | |
| July | 0 | 0 | 311 | 5 | 12 | 3 | 62 | 21 | 414 | 31 | 3 | 28 | 63 | |
| August | 0 | 0 | 329 | 4 | 15 | 6 | 49 | 17 | 421 | 23 | 4 | 30 | 57 | |
| September | 3 | 0 | R 314 | R 2 | 3 | 0 | 24 | 12 | R 358 | 29 | 4 | R 28 | R 61 | |
| October | 0 | 0 | E 321 | NA | 0 | 0 | 29 | 3 | E 353 | E 27 | 2 | E 28 | E 59 | |
| 10-Month Total ... | 74 | 0 | E 3,096 | NA | 95 | 18 | 406 | 129 | E 3,865 | E 334 | 38 | E 240 | E 613 | |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 17 | 0 | 2,971 | 7 | 48 | 0 | 328 | 91 | 3,464 | 249 | 52 | 282 | 582 | |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 80 | 0 | 3,048 | 3 | 8 | 3 | 378 | 54 | 3,573 | 315 | 54 | 269 | 638 | |

^a As liquefied natural gas.

^b By pipeline, except for very small amounts of liquefied natural gas imported from Canada in 1973, 1977, and 1981 and exported to Mexico beginning in 1998. See Note 8, "Imports and Exports," at end of section.

^c Brunei in 2002; Egypt in 2005-2007; Equatorial Guinea in 2007; Indonesia in 1986 and 2000; Malaysia in 1999 and 2002-2005; Oman in 2000-2005; and United Arab Emirates in 1996-2000.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 million cubic feet.

Notes: • See Note 8, "Imports and Exports," at end of section. • Totals may

not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/natgas.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • **1973-1987:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas."

• **1988-2001:** EIA, *Natural Gas Annual*, annual reports. • **2002 forward:** EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly*, December 2007, Tables 4 and 5; and Department of Energy, Office of Fossil Energy, "Natural Gas Imports and Exports."

Table 4.3 Natural Gas Consumption by Sector
(Billion Cubic Feet)

| | End-Use Sectors | | | | | | | | | | | Electric Power Sector ^{f,g} | Total | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|----------------|------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|-------|--|--|
| | Residential | Commercial ^a | Industrial | | | | | | Transportation | | | | | | |
| | | | Lease and Plant Fuel | Other Industrial | | | Total | Pipelines ^d and Distribution ^e | Vehicle Fuel | Total | | | | | |
| | | | CHP ^b | Non-CHP ^c | Total | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1973 Total | 4,879 | 2,597 | 1,496 | (^h) | 8,689 | 8,689 | 10,185 | 728 | NA | 728 | 3,660 | 22,049 | | | |
| 1975 Total | 4,924 | 2,508 | 1,396 | (^h) | 6,968 | 6,968 | 8,365 | 583 | NA | 583 | 3,158 | 19,538 | | | |
| 1980 Total | 4,752 | 2,611 | 1,026 | (^h) | 7,172 | 7,172 | 8,198 | 635 | NA | 635 | 3,682 | 19,877 | | | |
| 1985 Total | 4,433 | 2,432 | 966 | (^h) | 5,901 | 5,901 | 6,867 | 504 | NA | 504 | 3,044 | 17,281 | | | |
| 1990 Total | 4,391 | 2,623 | 1,236 | 1,055 | 5,963 | 7,018 | 8,255 | 660 | (s) | 660 | 3,245 | 19,174 | | | |
| 1995 Total | 4,850 | 3,031 | 1,220 | 1,258 | 6,906 | 8,164 | 9,384 | 700 | 5 | 705 | 4,237 | 22,207 | | | |
| 1996 Total | 5,241 | 3,158 | 1,250 | 1,289 | 7,146 | 8,435 | 9,685 | 711 | 6 | 718 | 3,807 | 22,610 | | | |
| 1997 Total | 4,984 | 3,215 | 1,203 | 1,282 | 7,229 | 8,511 | 9,714 | 751 | 8 | 760 | 4,065 | 22,737 | | | |
| 1998 Total | 4,520 | 2,999 | 1,173 | 1,355 | 6,965 | 8,320 | 9,493 | 635 | 9 | 645 | 4,588 | 22,246 | | | |
| 1999 Total | 4,726 | 3,045 | 1,079 | 1,401 | 6,678 | 8,079 | 9,158 | 645 | 12 | 657 | 4,820 | 22,405 | | | |
| 2000 Total | 4,996 | 3,182 | 1,151 | 1,386 | 6,757 | 8,142 | 9,293 | 642 | 13 | 655 | 5,206 | 23,333 | | | |
| 2001 Total | 4,771 | 3,023 | 1,119 | 1,310 | 6,035 | 7,344 | 8,463 | 625 | 15 | 640 | 5,342 | 22,239 | | | |
| 2002 Total | 4,889 | 3,144 | 1,113 | 1,240 | 6,267 | 7,507 | 8,620 | 667 | 15 | 682 | 5,672 | 23,007 | | | |
| 2003 Total | 5,079 | 3,179 | 1,122 | 1,144 | 6,007 | 7,150 | 8,273 | 591 | 18 | 610 | 5,135 | 22,277 | | | |
| 2004 Total | 4,869 | 3,129 | 1,098 | 1,191 | 6,052 | 7,243 | 8,341 | 566 | 21 | 587 | 5,464 | 22,389 | | | |
| 2005 January | 892 | 467 | 96 | 92 | 558 | 651 | 747 | 69 | 2 | 71 | 385 | 2,561 | | | |
| February | 759 | 412 | 88 | 84 | 507 | 591 | 679 | 60 | 2 | 62 | 331 | 2,243 | | | |
| March | 678 | 377 | 99 | 90 | 514 | 604 | 703 | 59 | 2 | 61 | 386 | 2,205 | | | |
| April | 384 | 243 | 94 | 87 | 479 | 566 | 660 | 46 | 2 | 47 | 390 | 1,725 | | | |
| May | 248 | 174 | 96 | 89 | 452 | 540 | 636 | 40 | 2 | 42 | 423 | 1,522 | | | |
| June | 152 | 135 | 94 | 100 | 417 | 516 | 610 | 40 | 2 | 42 | 594 | 1,534 | | | |
| July | 122 | 125 | 95 | 110 | 411 | 522 | 616 | 44 | 2 | 46 | 777 | 1,686 | | | |
| August | 113 | 124 | 94 | 110 | 416 | 526 | 620 | 45 | 2 | 47 | 791 | 1,695 | | | |
| September | 118 | 127 | 83 | 87 | 390 | 477 | 560 | 37 | 2 | 39 | 578 | 1,422 | | | |
| October | 202 | 162 | 88 | 74 | 427 | 502 | 590 | 37 | 2 | 39 | 435 | 1,428 | | | |
| November | 387 | 240 | 90 | 75 | 452 | 527 | 617 | 44 | 2 | 46 | 373 | 1,663 | | | |
| December | 771 | 414 | 94 | 85 | 491 | 576 | 670 | 62 | 2 | 64 | 406 | 2,326 | | | |
| Total | 4,827 | 2,999 | 1,112 | 1,084 | 5,514 | 6,597 | 7,709 | 584 | 23 | 607 | 5,869 | 22,011 | | | |
| 2006 January | 714 | 397 | 94 | 91 | 486 | 577 | 672 | 59 | 2 | 61 | 318 | 2,162 | | | |
| February | 702 | 390 | 86 | 83 | 474 | 556 | 642 | 59 | 2 | 60 | 346 | 2,141 | | | |
| March | 626 | 353 | 95 | 91 | 491 | 581 | 676 | 58 | 2 | 60 | 407 | 2,122 | | | |
| April | 355 | 226 | 92 | 84 | 448 | 532 | 624 | 45 | 2 | 47 | 426 | 1,678 | | | |
| May | 204 | 161 | 94 | 92 | 426 | 518 | 612 | 41 | 2 | 43 | 504 | 1,524 | | | |
| June | 141 | 134 | 93 | 94 | 412 | 506 | 599 | 41 | 2 | 43 | 630 | 1,547 | | | |
| July | 116 | 122 | 95 | 103 | 407 | 510 | 605 | 47 | 2 | 49 | 864 | 1,756 | | | |
| August | 108 | 127 | 95 | 104 | 424 | 528 | 624 | 47 | 2 | 49 | 840 | 1,748 | | | |
| September | 125 | 133 | 93 | 91 | 426 | 517 | 610 | 39 | 2 | 41 | 548 | 1,458 | | | |
| October | 240 | 188 | 96 | 97 | 445 | 542 | 638 | 44 | 2 | 46 | 528 | 1,640 | | | |
| November | 413 | 256 | 93 | 89 | 462 | 551 | 644 | 47 | 2 | 50 | 397 | 1,760 | | | |
| December | 624 | 347 | 96 | 95 | 480 | 576 | 671 | 58 | 2 | 60 | 414 | 2,116 | | | |
| Total | 4,368 | 2,835 | 1,123 | 1,115 | 5,380 | 6,495 | 7,617 | 584 | 25 | 609 | 6,222 | 21,652 | | | |
| 2007 January | R 803 | R 431 | E 95 | 97 | 519 | 616 | 711 | 66 | 2 | 68 | 442 | R 2,455 | | | |
| February | R 900 | R 477 | E 86 | 88 | 506 | 594 | 680 | 69 | 2 | 71 | 427 | R 2,555 | | | |
| March | R 617 | R 354 | E 97 | 89 | 478 | 567 | 664 | 57 | 2 | 59 | 417 | R 2,111 | | | |
| April | 408 | R 260 | E 94 | 86 | 442 | 527 | 621 | 48 | 2 | 51 | 457 | R 1,797 | | | |
| May | 216 | R 169 | E 97 | 90 | 428 | 518 | 614 | 42 | 2 | 44 | 508 | R 1,551 | | | |
| June | 137 | 135 | E 95 | 99 | 408 | 507 | 602 | 42 | 2 | 44 | 627 | 1,546 | | | |
| July | 118 | R 123 | E 99 | 109 | 404 | 513 | 612 | 45 | 2 | 47 | 762 | 1,661 | | | |
| August | 112 | 127 | E 99 | 135 | 398 | 533 | 631 | 52 | 2 | 54 | 1,007 | 1,932 | | | |
| September | 117 | 127 | E 96 | 109 | 413 | 523 | 619 | R 43 | 2 | R 45 | 679 | R 1,587 | | | |
| October | 190 | 173 | E 99 | 107 | 458 | 565 | 664 | 43 | 2 | 45 | 605 | 1,677 | | | |
| 10-Month Total ... | 3,619 | 2,374 | E 956 | 1,008 | 4,454 | 5,462 | 6,418 | 507 | 22 | 529 | 5,932 | 18,871 | | | |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 3,331 | 2,231 | 934 | 930 | 4,437 | 5,368 | 6,302 | 480 | 21 | 500 | 5,411 | 17,776 | | | |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 3,669 | 2,345 | 928 | 923 | 4,571 | 5,494 | 6,422 | 478 | 19 | 497 | 5,090 | 18,021 | | | |

^a All commercial sector fuel use, including that at commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants. See Table 7.4c for CHP fuel use.

^b Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and a small number of industrial electricity-only plants.

^c All industrial sector fuel use other than that in "Lease and Plant Fuel" and "CHP."

^d Natural gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors.

^e Natural gas used as fuel in the delivery of natural gas to consumers.

^f The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

^g Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

^h Included in "Non-CHP."

ⁱ For 1989-1992, a small amount of consumption at independent power producers may be counted in both "Other Industrial" and "Electric Power Sector." See Note 7, "Consumption, 1989-1992," at end of section.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 500 million cubic feet.

Notes: • Data are for natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels. • See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/natgas.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • Residential, Commercial, Lease and Plant Fuel, Other Industrial Total and Pipelines and Distribution: 1973-2001—Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Natural Gas Annual (NGA)*, annual reports. 2002 forward—EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly (NFM)*, December 2007, Table 2.

• Industrial CHP: Table 7.4c. • Vehicle Fuel: 1990 and 1991—EIA, *NGA*, (November 2001), Table 95. 1992-1998—"Alternatives to Traditional Transportation Fuels 1999" (October 1999), Table 10, and "Alternatives to Traditional Transportation Fuels 2003" (February 2004), Table 10. Data for compressed natural gas and liquefied natural gas in gasoline-equivalent gallons were converted to cubic feet by multiplying by the motor gasoline conversion factor (see Table A3) and dividing by the natural gas end-use sectors conversion factor (see Table A4). 1999-2001—EIA, *NGA*, annual reports. 2002 forward—EIA, *NGM*, December 2007, Table 2. • Electric Power Sector: Table 7.4b.

Table 4.4 Natural Gas in Underground Storage
(Volumes in Billion Cubic Feet)

| | Natural Gas in Underground Storage, End of Period | | | Change in Working Gas From Same Period Previous Year | | Storage Activity | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--------------|--------------------|--|-------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| | Base Gas | Working Gas | Total ^a | Volume | Percent | Withdrawals | Injections | Net ^{b,c} |
| 1973 Total | 2,864 | 2,034 | 4,898 | 305 | 17.6 | 1,533 | 1,974 | -442 |
| 1975 Total | 3,162 | 2,212 | 5,374 | 162 | 7.9 | 1,760 | 2,104 | -344 |
| 1980 Total | 3,642 | 2,655 | 6,297 | -99 | -3.6 | 1,910 | 1,896 | 14 |
| 1985 Total | 3,842 | 2,607 | 6,448 | -270 | -9.4 | 2,359 | 2,128 | 231 |
| 1990 Total | 3,868 | 3,068 | 6,936 | 555 | 22.1 | 1,934 | 2,433 | -499 |
| 1995 Total | 4,349 | 2,153 | 6,503 | -453 | -17.4 | 2,974 | 2,566 | 408 |
| 1996 Total | 4,341 | 2,173 | 6,513 | 19 | .9 | 2,911 | 2,906 | 6 |
| 1997 Total | 4,350 | 2,175 | 6,525 | 2 | .1 | 2,824 | 2,800 | 24 |
| 1998 Total | 4,326 | 2,730 | 7,056 | 554 | 25.5 | 2,379 | 2,905 | -526 |
| 1999 Total | 4,383 | 2,523 | 6,906 | -207 | -7.6 | 2,772 | 2,598 | 174 |
| 2000 Total | 4,352 | 1,719 | 6,071 | -806 | -31.9 | 3,498 | 2,684 | 814 |
| 2001 Total | 4,301 | 2,904 | 7,204 | 1,185 | 68.9 | 2,309 | 3,464 | -1,156 |
| 2002 Total | 4,340 | 2,375 | 6,715 | -528 | -18.2 | 3,138 | 2,670 | 468 |
| 2003 Total | 4,303 | 2,563 | 6,866 | 187 | 7.9 | 3,099 | 3,292 | -193 |
| 2004 Total | 4,201 | 2,696 | 6,897 | 133 | 5.2 | 3,037 | 3,150 | -113 |
| 2005 January | 4,205 | 1,994 | 6,199 | 243 | 13.9 | 771 | 58 | 713 |
| February | 4,204 | 1,564 | 5,769 | 409 | 35.4 | 487 | 59 | 429 |
| March | 4,200 | 1,284 | 5,484 | 226 | 21.4 | 385 | 100 | 285 |
| April | 4,200 | 1,499 | 5,699 | 246 | 19.7 | 72 | 288 | -216 |
| May | 4,200 | 1,875 | 6,076 | 251 | 15.5 | 57 | 439 | -383 |
| June | 4,201 | 2,197 | 6,399 | 175 | 8.6 | 66 | 390 | -324 |
| July | 4,203 | 2,450 | 6,653 | 56 | 2.3 | 95 | 351 | -256 |
| August | 4,203 | 2,662 | 6,865 | -80 | -2.9 | 100 | 314 | -214 |
| September | 4,205 | 2,932 | 7,136 | -125 | -4.1 | 87 | 359 | -273 |
| October | 4,206 | 3,194 | 7,400 | -108 | -3.3 | 74 | 340 | -266 |
| November | 4,209 | 3,189 | 7,398 | -55 | -1.7 | 212 | 203 | 8 |
| December | 4,200 | 2,635 | 6,835 | -61 | -2.3 | 651 | 99 | 552 |
| Total | 4,200 | 2,635 | 6,835 | -61 | -2.3 | 3,057 | 3,002 | 55 |
| 2006 January | 4,202 | 2,371 | 6,573 | 377 | 18.9 | 374 | 110 | 264 |
| February | 4,202 | 1,886 | 6,089 | 322 | 20.6 | 539 | 54 | 485 |
| March | 4,197 | 1,692 | 5,889 | 407 | 31.7 | 331 | 131 | 200 |
| April | 4,198 | 1,945 | 6,143 | 447 | 29.8 | 77 | 332 | -255 |
| May | 4,202 | 2,310 | 6,512 | 435 | 23.2 | 52 | 420 | -367 |
| June | 4,215 | 2,617 | 6,832 | 419 | 19.1 | 62 | 373 | -311 |
| July | 4,214 | 2,779 | 6,993 | 329 | 13.4 | 144 | 305 | -161 |
| August | 4,213 | 2,969 | 7,182 | 307 | 11.5 | 113 | 302 | -189 |
| September | 4,215 | 3,323 | 7,539 | 391 | 13.4 | 37 | 395 | -358 |
| October | 4,217 | 3,452 | 7,669 | 258 | 8.1 | 115 | 246 | -131 |
| November | 4,216 | 3,407 | 7,623 | 217 | 6.8 | 206 | 159 | 48 |
| December | 4,211 | 3,070 | 7,281 | 435 | 16.5 | 443 | 99 | 343 |
| Total | 4,211 | 3,070 | 7,281 | 435 | 16.5 | 2,493 | 2,924 | -431 |
| 2007 January | 4,215 | 2,379 | 6,594 | 8 | .3 | 740 | 56 | 684 |
| February | 4,214 | 1,649 | 5,863 | -238 | -12.6 | 782 | 51 | 731 |
| March | 4,242 | 1,603 | 5,845 | -89 | -5.2 | 269 | 221 | 48 |
| April | 4,246 | 1,720 | 5,966 | -225 | -11.6 | 154 | 274 | -120 |
| May | 4,251 | 2,179 | 6,430 | -131 | -5.7 | 39 | 498 | -459 |
| June | 4,230 | 2,580 | 6,810 | -37 | -1.4 | 48 | 437 | -389 |
| July | 4,229 | 2,894 | 7,123 | 114 | 4.1 | 84 | 397 | -313 |
| August | 4,226 | 3,017 | 7,243 | 48 | 1.6 | 168 | 294 | -126 |
| September | 4,232 | 3,316 | 7,547 | -7 | -.2 | 73 | 372 | -298 |
| October | 4,236 | 3,567 | 7,803 | 115 | 3.3 | 76 | 334 | -258 |
| 10-Month Total ... | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 2,432 | 2,932 | -500 |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 1,844 | 2,666 | -822 |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 2,194 | 2,699 | -505 |

^a For total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year, see Note 4, "Storage," at end of section.

^b For 1980-2006, data differ from those shown on Table 4.1, which includes liquefied natural gas storage for that period.

^c Positive numbers indicate that withdrawals are greater than injections. Negative numbers indicate that injections are greater than withdrawals. Net withdrawals or injections may not equal the difference between applicable ending stocks. See Note 4, "Storage," at end of section.

--=Not applicable.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/natgas.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • **Storage Activity:** 1973-1975—Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Natural Gas Annual 1994, Volume 2*, Table 9. 1976-1979—EIA, *Natural Gas*

Production and Consumption 1979, Table 1. 1980-1995—EIA, *Historical Natural Gas Annual 1930 Through 2000*, Table 11. 1996-2001—EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly (NGM)*, monthly issues. 2002 forward—EIA, NGM, December 2007, Table 7.

• **All Other Data:** 1973 and 1974—American Gas Association (AGA), *Gas Facts, 1972 Data*, Table 57, *Gas Facts, 1973 Data*, Table 57, and *Gas Facts, 1974 Data*, Table 40. 1975 and 1976—Federal Energy Administration (FEA), Form FEA-G318-M-0, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report." 1977 and 1978—EIA, Form FEA-G318-M-0, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report." 1979-1995—EIA, Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and FERC, Form FERC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report." 1996-2004—EIA, NGM, monthly issues. 2005 forward—EIA, NGM, December 2007, Table 7.

Natural Gas

Note 1. Production.

Annual data—Final annual data are from the Energy Information Administration (EIA) *Natural Gas Annual (NGA)*.

Estimated monthly data—Data for the two most recent months presented are estimated. Some of the data for earlier months are also estimated or computed. For a discussion of computation and estimation procedures, see the EIA *Natural Gas Monthly (NGM)*.

Preliminary monthly data—Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA *NGA*. Preliminary monthly data are gathered from reports to the Interstate Oil Compact Commission and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. Volumetric data are converted, as necessary, to a standard 14.73 psi pressure base. Unless there are major changes, data are not revised until after publication of the EIA *NGA*.

Final monthly data—Differences between annual data in the EIA *NGA* and the sum of preliminary monthly data (January–December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data.

Note 2. Extraction Loss. Extraction loss is the reduction in volume of natural gas resulting from the removal of natural gas liquid constituents at natural gas processing plants.

Annual data are from the EIA *NGA*, where they are estimated on the basis of the type and quantity of liquid products extracted from the gas stream and the calculated volume of such products at standard conditions. For a detailed explanation of the calculations used to derive estimated extraction losses, see the EIA *NGA*.

Preliminary monthly data are estimated on the basis of extraction loss as an annual percentage of marketed production. This percentage is applied to each month's marketed production to estimate monthly extraction loss.

Monthly data are revised and considered final after the publication of the EIA *NGA*. Final monthly data are estimated by allocating annual extraction loss data to the months on the basis of total natural gas marketed production data from the EIA *NGA*.

Note 3. Supplemental Gaseous Fuels. Supplemental gaseous fuels are any substances that, introduced into or commingled with natural gas, increase the volume available for disposition. Such substances include, but are not limited to, propane-air, refinery gas, coke oven gas, still gas, manufactured gas, biomass gas, or air or inert gases added for Btu stabilization.

Annual data beginning with 1980 are from the EIA, *NGA*. Unknown quantities of supplemental gaseous fuels are included in consumption data for 1979 and earlier years.

Monthly data are considered preliminary until after the publication of the EIA *NGA*. Monthly estimates are based on the annual ratio of supplemental gaseous fuels to the sum of dry gas production, net imports, and net withdrawals from storage. The ratio is applied to the monthly sum of the three elements to compute a monthly supplemental gaseous fuels figure.

Although the total amount of supplemental gaseous fuels consumed is known for 1980 forward, EIA estimates the amount consumed by each energy-use sector. It is assumed that supplemental gaseous fuels are commingled with natural gas consumed by the residential, commercial, other industrial, and electric power sectors, but are not commingled with natural gas used for lease and plant fuel, pipelines and distribution, or vehicle fuel. The estimated consumption of supplemental gaseous fuels by each sector (residential, commercial, other industrial, and electric power) is calculated as that sector's natural gas consumption (see Table 4.3) divided by the sum of natural gas consumption by the residential, commercial, other industrial, and electric power sectors (see Table 4.3). For estimated sectoral consumption of supplemental gaseous fuels in Btu, the residential, commercial, and other industrial values in cubic feet are multiplied by the "End-Use Sectors" conversion factors (see Table A4), and the electric power values in cubic feet are multiplied by the "Electric Power Sector" conversion factors (see Table A4). Total supplemental gaseous fuels consumption in Btu is calculated as the sum of the Btu values for the sectors.

Note 4. Storage. Natural gas in storage at the end of a reporting period may not equal the quantity derived by adding or subtracting net injections or withdrawals from the quantity in storage at the end of the previous period. The difference is due to changes in the quantity of native gas included in the base gas and/or losses in base gas due to migration from storage reservoirs.

Total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year since 1975 (first year data were available), in billion cubic feet, was:

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----|-------|-------------|-----|-------|-------------|-----|-------|
| 1975 | ... | 6,280 | 1986 | ... | 8,145 | 1997 | ... | 8,332 |
| 1976 | ... | 6,544 | 1987 | ... | 8,124 | 1998 | ... | 8,179 |
| 1977 | ... | 6,678 | 1988 | ... | 8,124 | 1999 | ... | 8,229 |
| 1978 | ... | 6,890 | 1989 | ... | 8,120 | 2000 | ... | 8,241 |
| 1979 | ... | 6,929 | 1990 | ... | 7,794 | 2001 | ... | 8,415 |
| 1980 | ... | 7,434 | 1991 | ... | 7,993 | 2002 | ... | 8,207 |
| 1981 | ... | 7,805 | 1992 | ... | 7,932 | 2003 | ... | 8,206 |
| 1982 | ... | 7,915 | 1993 | ... | 7,989 | 2004 | ... | 8,255 |
| 1983 | ... | 7,985 | 1994 | ... | 8,043 | 2005 | ... | 8,268 |
| 1984 | ... | 8,043 | 1995 | ... | 7,953 | 2006 | ... | 8,330 |
| 1985 | ... | 8,087 | 1996 | ... | 7,980 | | | |

Monthly underground storage data are collected from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Form FERC-8 (interstate data) and EIA Form EIA-191 (intrastate data). Beginning in January 1991, all data are collected on the revised Form EIA-191. Injection and withdrawal data from

the FERC-8/EIA-191 survey are adjusted to correspond to data from Form EIA-176 following publication of the EIA *NGA*.

The final monthly and annual storage and withdrawal data for 1980–2005 include both underground and liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage. Annual data on LNG additions and withdrawals are from Form EIA-176. Monthly data are estimated by computing the ratio of each month's underground storage additions and withdrawals to annual underground storage additions and withdrawals and applying the ratio to the annual LNG data.

Note 5. Balancing Item. The balancing item for natural gas represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas disposition. The differences may be due to quantities lost or to the effects of data reporting problems. Reporting problems include differences due to the net result of conversions of flow data metered at varying temperature and pressure bases and converted to a standard temperature and pressure base; the effect of variations in company accounting and billing practices; differences between billing cycle and calendar period time frames; and imbalances resulting from the merger of data reporting systems which vary in scope, format, definitions, and type of respondents.

The increase of 0.2 trillion cubic feet (Tcf) in the “Balancing Item” category in 1983, followed by a decline of 0.5 Tcf in 1984, reflected unusually large differences resulting from the use of the annual billing cycle (essentially December 15 through the following December 14) consumption data in conjunction with calendar year supply data. Record cold temperatures during the last half of December 1983 resulted in a reported 0.3 Tcf increase in net withdrawals from underground storage for peak shaving as compared with the same period in 1982, but the effect of this cold weather was reflected primarily in 1984 consumption data. For underground storage data, see Table F2 in the May 1985 EIA *NGM*, which was published in July 1985.

Note 6. Consumption. Consumption includes use for lease and plant fuel, pipelines and distribution, vehicle fuel, and electric power plants, as well as deliveries to residential, commercial, and other industrial customers.

Final data for series other than “Other Industrial CHP” and “Electric Power Sector” are from the EIA *NGA*. Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA *NGA*. For more detailed information on the methods of estimating preliminary and final monthly data, see the EIA *NGM*.

Note 7. Consumption, 1989-1992. Prior to 1993, deliveries to nonutility generators were not separately collected from natural gas companies on Form EIA-176, “Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition.” As a result, for 1989 through 1992, those volumes are probably included in both the industrial and electric power sectors and double-counted in total consumption. In 1993, 0.28 trillion cubic feet was reported as delivered to nonutility generators.

Note 8. Imports and Exports. The United States imports natural gas via pipeline from Canada and Mexico and imports liquefied natural gas (LNG) via tanker from Algeria, Australia, Brunei, Indonesia, Malaysia, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, Trinidad and Tobago, and the United Arab Emirates. In addition, very small amounts of LNG arrived from Canada in 1973 (667 million cubic feet), 1977 (572 million cubic feet), and 1981 (6 million cubic feet). The United States exports natural gas via pipeline to Canada and Mexico and exports LNG via tanker to Japan. Also, small amounts of LNG have gone to Mexico since 1998.

Annual and final monthly data are from the annual EIA Form FPC-14, “Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas,” which requires data to be reported by month for the calendar year.

Preliminary monthly data are EIA estimates. For a discussion of estimation procedures, see the EIA *NGM*. Preliminary data are revised after the publication of the EIA *U.S. Imports and Exports of Natural Gas*.

5

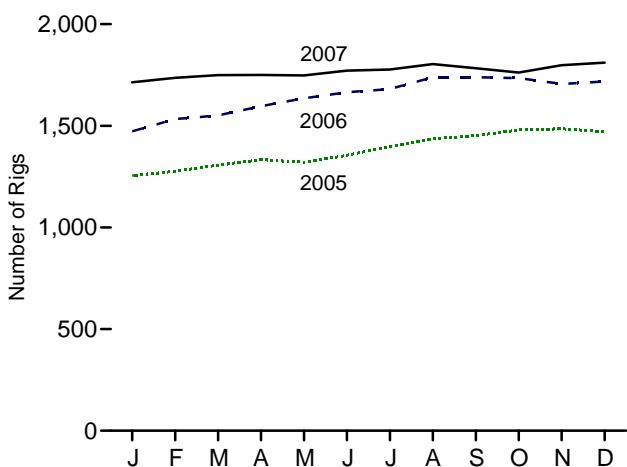
Crude Oil and Natural Gas Resource Development



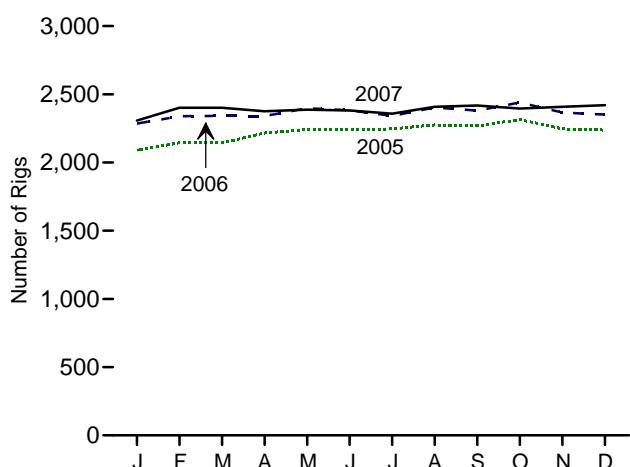
Semisubmersible drilling rig in the Gulf of Mexico. Source: U.S. Department of Energy.

Figure 5.1 Crude Oil and Natural Gas Resource Development Indicators

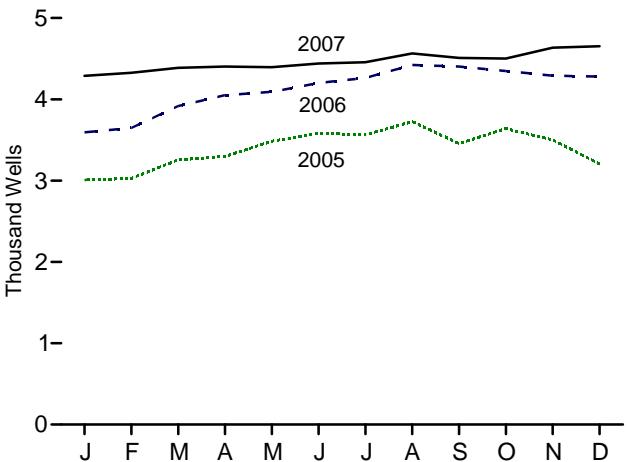
Rotary Rigs in Operation, Monthly



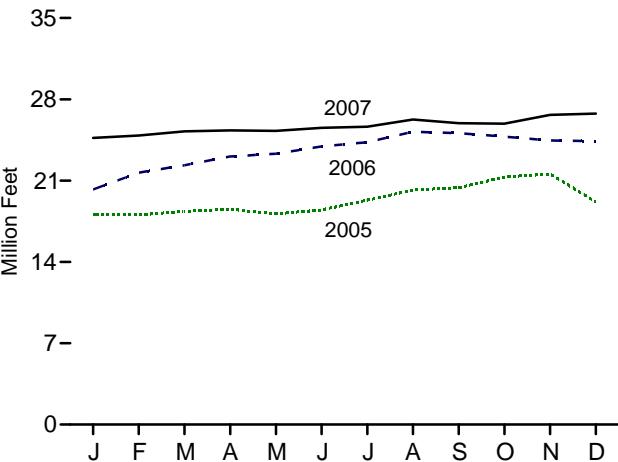
Active Well Service Rig Count, Monthly



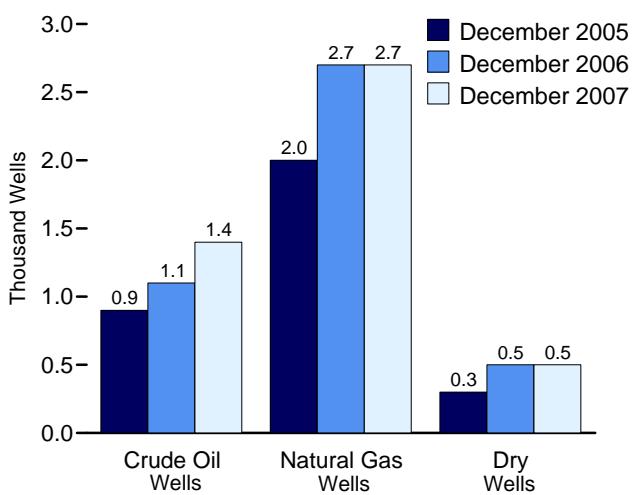
Wells Drilled, Monthly



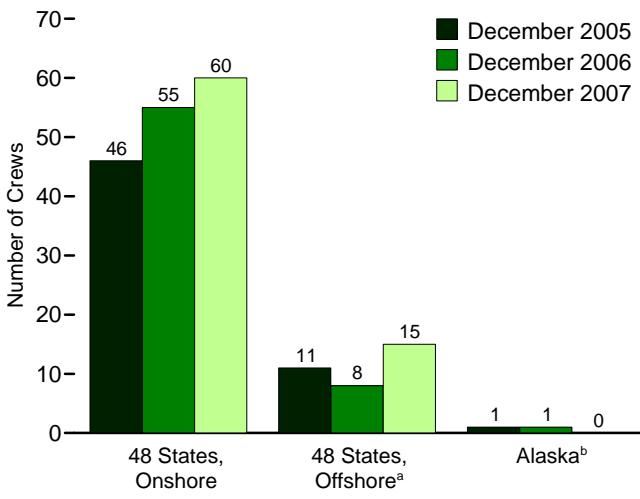
Footage Drilled, Monthly



Wells Drilled by Type



Maximum U.S. Active Seismic Crew Counts



^aFederal and State Jurisdiction waters of the Gulf of Mexico.

^bAll onshore.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/resource.html>.

Sources: Tables 5.1-5.3.

Table 5.1 Crude Oil and Natural Gas Drilling Activity Measurements
(Number of Rigs)

| | Rotary Rigs in Operation ^a | | | | | Active Well Service Rig Count ^c | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|------------|--------------|--------------------|--|--|
| | By Site | | By Type | | Total ^b | | |
| | Onshore | Offshore | Crude Oil | Natural Gas | | | |
| 1973 Average | 1,110 | 84 | NA | NA | 1,194 | 2,008 | |
| 1975 Average | 1,554 | 106 | NA | NA | 1,660 | 2,486 | |
| 1980 Average | 2,678 | 231 | NA | NA | 2,909 | 4,089 | |
| 1985 Average | 1,774 | 206 | NA | NA | 1,980 | 4,716 | |
| 1990 Average | 902 | 108 | 532 | 464 | 1,010 | 3,658 | |
| 1995 Average | 622 | 101 | 323 | 385 | 723 | 3,041 | |
| 1996 Average | 671 | 108 | 306 | 464 | 779 | 3,445 | |
| 1997 Average | 821 | 122 | 376 | 564 | 943 | 3,499 | |
| 1998 Average | 703 | 123 | 264 | 560 | 827 | 3,014 | |
| 1999 Average | 519 | 106 | 128 | 496 | 625 | 2,232 | |
| 2000 Average | 778 | 140 | 197 | 720 | 918 | 2,692 | |
| 2001 Average | 1,003 | 153 | 217 | 939 | 1,156 | 2,267 | |
| 2002 Average | 717 | 113 | 137 | 691 | 830 | 1,830 | |
| 2003 Average | 924 | 108 | 157 | 872 | 1,032 | 1,967 | |
| 2004 Average | 1,095 | 97 | 165 | 1,025 | 1,192 | 2,064 | |
| 2005 | | | | | | | |
| January | 1,153 | 102 | 178 | 1,075 | 1,255 | 2,091 | |
| February | 1,170 | 106 | 192 | 1,083 | 1,276 | 2,144 | |
| March | 1,209 | 97 | 186 | 1,118 | 1,306 | 2,143 | |
| April | 1,241 | 93 | 171 | 1,163 | 1,334 | 2,216 | |
| May | 1,229 | 91 | 150 | 1,170 | 1,320 | 2,242 | |
| June | 1,259 | 96 | 146 | 1,208 | 1,355 | 2,238 | |
| July | 1,297 | 101 | 170 | 1,226 | 1,398 | 2,247 | |
| August | 1,333 | 102 | 206 | 1,227 | 1,436 | 2,276 | |
| September | 1,360 | 91 | 210 | 1,236 | 1,452 | 2,268 | |
| October | 1,392 | 87 | 217 | 1,256 | 1,479 | 2,315 | |
| November | 1,402 | 84 | 253 | 1,228 | 1,486 | 2,247 | |
| December | 1,393 | 77 | 247 | 1,220 | 1,470 | 2,237 | |
| Average | 1,287 | 94 | 194 | 1,184 | 1,381 | 2,222 | |
| 2006 | | | | | | | |
| January | 1,396 | 77 | 242 | 1,228 | 1,473 | 2,285 | |
| February | 1,455 | 79 | 209 | 1,321 | 1,533 | 2,339 | |
| March | 1,464 | 88 | 244 | 1,305 | 1,551 | 2,342 | |
| April | 1,502 | 95 | 259 | 1,337 | 1,597 | 2,340 | |
| May | 1,536 | 100 | 261 | 1,373 | 1,635 | 2,398 | |
| June | 1,570 | 95 | 285 | 1,376 | 1,665 | 2,382 | |
| July | 1,587 | 94 | 298 | 1,379 | 1,681 | 2,342 | |
| August | 1,639 | 99 | 316 | 1,417 | 1,738 | 2,404 | |
| September | 1,646 | 93 | 305 | 1,429 | 1,739 | 2,380 | |
| October | 1,644 | 90 | 288 | 1,441 | 1,734 | 2,440 | |
| November | 1,620 | 87 | 288 | 1,414 | 1,706 | 2,366 | |
| December | 1,634 | 84 | 281 | 1,431 | 1,718 | 2,351 | |
| Average | 1,559 | 90 | 274 | 1,372 | 1,649 | 2,364 | |
| 2007 | | | | | | | |
| January | 1,630 | 84 | 270 | 1,440 | 1,714 | 2,307 | |
| February | 1,651 | 85 | 266 | 1,466 | 1,736 | 2,401 | |
| March | 1,667 | 81 | 282 | 1,461 | 1,749 | 2,401 | |
| April | 1,675 | 75 | 285 | 1,461 | 1,750 | 2,375 | |
| May | 1,671 | 77 | 282 | 1,464 | 1,748 | 2,387 | |
| June | 1,692 | 79 | 283 | 1,483 | 1,771 | 2,381 | |
| July | 1,698 | 79 | 285 | 1,486 | 1,777 | 2,358 | |
| August | 1,731 | 73 | 306 | 1,492 | 1,804 | 2,408 | |
| September | 1,718 | 65 | 302 | 1,475 | 1,783 | 2,418 | |
| October | 1,713 | 49 | 321 | 1,435 | 1,762 | 2,395 | |
| November | 1,737 | 61 | 341 | 1,451 | 1,798 | 2,408 | |
| December | 1,749 | 62 | 338 | 1,468 | 1,811 | 2,420 | |
| Average | 1,695 | 72 | 297 | 1,466 | 1,768 | 2,388 | |

^a Rotary rigs in operation are reported weekly. Monthly data are averages of 4- or 5-week reporting periods, not calendar months. Multi-month data are averages of the reported data over the covered months, not averages of the weekly data. Annual data are averages over 52 or 53 weeks, not calendar years. Published data are rounded to the nearest whole number.

^b Sum of rigs drilling for crude oil, rigs drilling for natural gas, and other rigs (not shown) drilling for miscellaneous purposes, such as service wells, injection wells, and stratigraphic tests.

^c The number of rigs doing true workovers (where tubing is pulled from the well), or doing rod string and pump repair operations, and that are, on average, crewed

and working every day of the month.

NA=Not available.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/resource.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • **Rotary Rigs in Operation:** By Site—Baker Hughes, Inc., Houston, Texas, *Rotary Rigs Running—by State*. By Type—Baker Hughes, Inc., Houston, Texas, weekly phone recording. • **Active Well Service Rig Count:** Weatherford International, Ltd., Houston, Texas.

Table 5.2 Crude Oil and Natural Gas Exploratory and Development Wells

| | Wells Drilled | | | | | | | | | | | | Total Footage Drilled | |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | Exploratory | | | | Development | | | | Total | | | | | |
| | Crude Oil | Natural Gas | Dry | Total | Crude Oil | Natural Gas | Dry | Total | Crude Oil | Natural Gas | Dry | Total | | |
| | Number | | | | | | | | | | | | Thousand Feet | |
| 1973 Total | 642 | 1,067 | 5,952 | 7,661 | 9,525 | 5,866 | 4,368 | 19,759 | 10,167 | 6,933 | 10,320 | 27,420 | 138,223 | |
| 1975 Total | 982 | 1,248 | 7,129 | 9,359 | 15,966 | 6,879 | 6,517 | 29,362 | 16,948 | 8,127 | 13,646 | 38,721 | 180,494 | |
| 1980 Total | 1,777 | 2,099 | 9,081 | 12,957 | 31,182 | 15,362 | 11,704 | 58,248 | 32,959 | 17,461 | 20,785 | 71,205 | 316,943 | |
| 1985 Total | 1,680 | 1,200 | 8,954 | 11,834 | 33,581 | 13,124 | 12,257 | 58,962 | 35,261 | 14,324 | 21,211 | 70,796 | 314,409 | |
| 1990 Total | 664 | 693 | 3,793 | 5,150 | 11,781 | 10,433 | 4,703 | 26,917 | 12,445 | 11,126 | 8,496 | 32,067 | 156,204 | |
| 1995 Total | 549 | 583 | 2,279 | 3,411 | 7,278 | 7,871 | 3,040 | 18,189 | 7,827 | 8,454 | 5,319 | 21,600 | 121,309 | |
| 1996 Total | 496 | 591 | 2,246 | 3,333 | 8,264 | 8,948 | 3,341 | 20,553 | 8,760 | 9,539 | 5,587 | 23,886 | 133,362 | |
| 1997 Total | 434 | 543 | 2,178 | 3,155 | 10,011 | 10,643 | 3,777 | 24,431 | 10,445 | 11,186 | 5,955 | 27,586 | 155,292 | |
| 1998 Total | 286 | 510 | 1,649 | 2,445 | 6,693 | 10,617 | 3,156 | 20,466 | 6,979 | 11,127 | 4,805 | 22,911 | 131,137 | |
| 1999 Total | 156 | 519 | 1,167 | 1,842 | 4,158 | 10,602 | 2,337 | 17,097 | 4,314 | 11,121 | 3,504 | 18,939 | 94,595 | |
| 2000 Total | 267 | 615 | 1,349 | 2,231 | 7,318 | 15,627 | 2,697 | 25,642 | 7,585 | 16,242 | 4,046 | 27,873 | 136,575 | |
| 2001 Total | 330 | 972 | 1,716 | 3,018 | 7,856 | 20,431 | 2,716 | 31,003 | 8,186 | 21,403 | 4,432 | 34,021 | 172,245 | |
| 2002 Total | 239 | 701 | 1,283 | 2,223 | 5,987 | 16,027 | 2,327 | 24,341 | 6,226 | 16,728 | 3,610 | 26,564 | 139,973 | |
| 2003 Total | 326 | 892 | 1,266 | 2,484 | 7,139 | 18,630 | 2,422 | 28,191 | 7,465 | 19,522 | 3,688 | 30,675 | 169,178 | |
| 2004 Total | 368 | 1,323 | 1,200 | 2,891 | 7,438 | 20,493 | 2,274 | 30,205 | 7,806 | 21,816 | 3,474 | 33,096 | 191,803 | |
| 2005 January | 33 | 96 | 104 | 233 | 618 | 1,966 | 190 | 2,774 | 651 | 2,062 | 294 | 3,007 | 18,088 | |
| February | 41 | 119 | 104 | 264 | 662 | 1,958 | 143 | 2,763 | 703 | 2,077 | 247 | 3,027 | 18,052 | |
| March | 38 | 132 | 101 | 271 | 752 | 2,012 | 220 | 2,984 | 790 | 2,144 | 321 | 3,255 | 18,348 | |
| April | 26 | 106 | 139 | 271 | 706 | 2,125 | 195 | 3,026 | 732 | 2,231 | 334 | 3,297 | 18,553 | |
| May | 41 | 159 | 109 | 309 | 809 | 2,085 | 280 | 3,174 | 850 | 2,244 | 389 | 3,483 | 18,138 | |
| June | 36 | 144 | 138 | 318 | 841 | 2,167 | 258 | 3,266 | 877 | 2,311 | 396 | 3,584 | 18,480 | |
| July | 35 | 111 | 102 | 248 | 827 | 2,240 | 248 | 3,315 | 862 | 2,351 | 350 | 3,563 | 19,312 | |
| August | 37 | 136 | 151 | 324 | 903 | 2,217 | 282 | 3,402 | 940 | 2,353 | 433 | 3,726 | 20,184 | |
| September | 44 | 112 | 97 | 253 | 725 | 2,259 | 220 | 3,204 | 769 | 2,371 | 317 | 3,457 | 20,394 | |
| October | 47 | 139 | 111 | 297 | 758 | 2,360 | 225 | 3,343 | 805 | 2,499 | 336 | 3,640 | 21,295 | |
| November | 39 | 141 | 118 | 298 | 734 | 2,244 | 225 | 3,203 | 773 | 2,385 | 343 | 3,501 | 21,574 | |
| December | 31 | 137 | 84 | 252 | 885 | 1,849 | 219 | 2,953 | 916 | 1,986 | 303 | 3,205 | 19,173 | |
| Total | 448 | 1,532 | 1,358 | 3,338 | 9,220 | 25,482 | 2,705 | 37,407 | 9,668 | 27,014 | 4,063 | 40,745 | 231,591 | |
| 2006 January | 60 | 136 | 71 | 267 | 837 | 2,249 | 242 | 3,328 | 897 | 2,385 | 313 | 3,595 | 20,235 | |
| February | 48 | 119 | 89 | 256 | 727 | 2,446 | 219 | 3,392 | 775 | 2,565 | 308 | 3,648 | 21,682 | |
| March | 38 | 118 | 166 | 322 | 867 | 2,416 | 312 | 3,595 | 905 | 2,534 | 478 | 3,917 | 22,327 | |
| April | 46 | 121 | 171 | 338 | 914 | 2,475 | 323 | 3,712 | 960 | 2,596 | 494 | 4,050 | 23,085 | |
| May | 43 | 128 | 165 | 336 | 946 | 2,496 | 313 | 3,755 | 989 | 2,624 | 478 | 4,091 | 23,319 | |
| June | 47 | 129 | 169 | 345 | 1,033 | 2,501 | 322 | 3,856 | 1,080 | 2,630 | 491 | 4,201 | 23,945 | |
| July | 49 | 129 | 171 | 349 | 1,081 | 2,507 | 327 | 3,915 | 1,130 | 2,636 | 498 | 4,264 | 24,305 | |
| August | 52 | 133 | 177 | 362 | 1,146 | 2,575 | 339 | 4,060 | 1,198 | 2,708 | 516 | 4,422 | 25,205 | |
| September | 50 | 134 | 177 | 361 | 1,106 | 2,598 | 337 | 4,041 | 1,156 | 2,732 | 514 | 4,402 | 25,092 | |
| October | 48 | 139 | 173 | 360 | 1,044 | 2,615 | 329 | 3,988 | 1,092 | 2,754 | 502 | 4,348 | 24,784 | |
| November | 48 | 136 | 171 | 355 | 1,044 | 2,567 | 324 | 3,935 | 1,092 | 2,703 | 495 | 4,290 | 24,454 | |
| December | 47 | 137 | 170 | 354 | 1,018 | 2,583 | 324 | 3,925 | 1,065 | 2,720 | 494 | 4,279 | 24,391 | |
| Total | 576 | 1,559 | 1,870 | 4,005 | 11,763 | 30,028 | 3,711 | 45,502 | 12,339 | 31,587 | 5,581 | 49,507 | 282,824 | |
| 2007 January | 48 | 136 | 170 | 354 | 1,050 | 2,560 | 324 | 3,934 | 1,098 | 2,696 | 494 | 4,288 | 24,673 | |
| February | 47 | 139 | 172 | 358 | 1,035 | 2,606 | 327 | 3,968 | 1,082 | 2,745 | 499 | 4,326 | 24,885 | |
| March | 50 | 138 | 174 | 362 | 1,097 | 2,597 | 332 | 4,026 | 1,147 | 2,735 | 506 | 4,388 | 25,245 | |
| April | 51 | 138 | 174 | 363 | 1,108 | 2,597 | 334 | 4,039 | 1,159 | 2,735 | 508 | 4,402 | 25,324 | |
| May | 50 | 138 | 175 | 363 | 1,097 | 2,602 | 333 | 4,032 | 1,147 | 2,740 | 508 | 4,395 | 25,282 | |
| June | 51 | 140 | 176 | 367 | 1,101 | 2,636 | 336 | 4,073 | 1,152 | 2,776 | 512 | 4,440 | 25,540 | |
| July | 51 | 140 | 177 | 368 | 1,109 | 2,642 | 337 | 4,088 | 1,160 | 2,782 | 514 | 4,456 | 25,639 | |
| August | 55 | 141 | 181 | 377 | 1,190 | 2,652 | 345 | 4,187 | 1,245 | 2,793 | 526 | 4,564 | 26,256 | |
| September | 54 | 139 | 179 | 372 | 1,175 | 2,621 | 341 | 4,137 | 1,229 | 2,760 | 520 | 4,509 | 25,937 | |
| October | 57 | 135 | 177 | 369 | 1,244 | 2,549 | 340 | 4,133 | 1,301 | 2,684 | 517 | 4,502 | 25,898 | |
| November | 60 | 136 | 181 | 377 | 1,327 | 2,580 | 351 | 4,258 | 1,387 | 2,716 | 532 | 4,635 | 26,664 | |
| December | 60 | 138 | 183 | 381 | 1,310 | 2,610 | 352 | 4,272 | 1,370 | 2,748 | 535 | 4,653 | 26,767 | |
| Total | 634 | 1,658 | 2,119 | 4,411 | 13,843 | 31,252 | 4,052 | 49,147 | 14,477 | 32,910 | 6,171 | 53,558 | 308,111 | |

Notes: • These well counts include only the original drilling of a hole intended to discover or further develop already discovered crude oil or natural gas resources. Other drilling activities, such as drilling an old well deeper, drilling of laterals from the original well, drilling of service and injection wells, and drilling for resources other than crude oil or natural gas are excluded. Due to the methodology used to estimate ultimate well counts from the available partially reported data, the counts shown on this page are frequently revised. See Note, "Crude Oil and Natural Gas Exploratory and Development Wells," at end of section. • Geographic coverage is

the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/resource.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • **1973-1994:** Energy Information Administration (EIA) computations based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute. • **1995 forward:** EIA computations based on well reports submitted to the Information Handling Services Energy Group, Inc.

Table 5.3 Maximum U.S. Active Seismic Crew Counts
(Number of Crews)

| | 48 States, Onshore | | | | 48 States, Offshore ^a | | | | Alaska ^b | | | | Total | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|----|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|----|---|--------------------|-------------------------|---|---|--------------------|-------|--|
| | Dimensions ^c | | | Total ^d | Dimensions ^c | | | Total ^d | Dimensions ^c | | | Total ^d | | |
| | 2 | 3 | 4 | | 2 | 3 | 4 | | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | |
| 2000 December | 5 | 41 | 1 | 48 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 65 | |
| 2001 December | 7 | 33 | 1 | 41 | 8 | 9 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58 | |
| 2002 December | 8 | 22 | 0 | 31 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 43 | |
| 2003 January | 8 | 19 | 1 | 28 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40 | |
| February | 9 | 20 | 0 | 29 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41 | |
| March | 8 | 20 | 0 | 28 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 41 | |
| April | 7 | 20 | 0 | 27 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 40 | |
| May | 7 | 17 | 0 | 24 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 38 | |
| June | 7 | 18 | 0 | 25 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 39 | |
| July | 7 | 21 | 0 | 28 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 41 | |
| August | 8 | 22 | 0 | 30 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 43 | |
| September | 8 | 22 | 0 | 30 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 39 | |
| October | 7 | 24 | 0 | 31 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 39 | |
| November | 7 | 24 | 0 | 31 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 38 | |
| December | 7 | 25 | 0 | 32 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42 | |
| 2004 January | 8 | 25 | 0 | 33 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 | |
| February | 8 | 27 | 0 | 35 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45 | |
| March | 8 | 27 | 0 | 35 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45 | |
| April | 9 | 27 | 0 | 36 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45 | |
| May | 9 | 26 | 0 | 35 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44 | |
| June | 9 | 30 | 0 | 39 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 49 | |
| July | 8 | 30 | 0 | 38 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 48 | |
| August | 8 | 31 | 0 | 39 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 49 | |
| September | 8 | 32 | 0 | 40 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 48 | |
| October | 8 | 34 | 0 | 42 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 48 | |
| November | 9 | 33 | 0 | 42 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 49 | |
| December | 9 | 32 | 0 | 41 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 50 | |
| 2005 January | 8 | 33 | 0 | 41 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 52 | |
| February | 8 | 34 | 0 | 42 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 53 | |
| March | 6 | 33 | 0 | 39 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 51 | |
| April | 8 | 30 | 0 | 38 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | |
| May | 8 | 34 | 0 | 42 | 7 | 6 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 55 | |
| June | 9 | 35 | 0 | 44 | 7 | 5 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 57 | |
| July | 8 | 34 | 0 | 42 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 54 | |
| August | 8 | 35 | 0 | 43 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 55 | |
| September | 7 | 37 | 0 | 44 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 56 | |
| October | 6 | 39 | 0 | 45 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 57 | |
| November | 5 | 40 | 0 | 45 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 57 | |
| December | 6 | 40 | 0 | 46 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 58 | |
| 2006 January | 5 | 38 | 0 | 43 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 55 | |
| February | 5 | 39 | 0 | 44 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 57 | |
| March | 4 | 42 | 0 | 46 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 59 | |
| April | 4 | 42 | 0 | 46 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 58 | |
| May | 4 | 42 | 0 | 46 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 58 | |
| June | 9 | 35 | 0 | 44 | 7 | 5 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 57 | |
| July | 5 | 51 | 0 | 56 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 66 | |
| August | 4 | 49 | 0 | 53 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 62 | |
| September | 4 | 51 | 0 | 55 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 63 | |
| October | 5 | 51 | 0 | 56 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64 | |
| November | 5 | 51 | 0 | 56 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 65 | |
| December | 5 | 50 | 0 | 55 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64 | |
| 2007 January | 3 | 51 | 0 | 54 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 63 | |
| February | 3 | 51 | 0 | 54 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 63 | |
| March | 4 | 55 | 0 | 59 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 68 | |
| April | 4 | 55 | 0 | 59 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 71 | |
| May | 3 | 55 | 0 | 58 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 70 | |
| June | 3 | 55 | 0 | 58 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 69 | |
| July | 2 | 57 | 0 | 59 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 69 | |
| August | 2 | 56 | 0 | 58 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 71 | |
| September | 3 | 58 | 0 | 61 | 3 | 8 | 1 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 73 | |
| October | 4 | 60 | 0 | 65 | 3 | 8 | 1 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 77 | |
| November | 4 | 60 | 0 | 65 | 3 | 10 | 1 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 79 | |
| December | 5 | 54 | 0 | 60 | 4 | 10 | 1 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 75 | |

^a Federal and State Jurisdiction waters of the Gulf of Mexico.

^b All onshore.

^c In **two-dimensional** (2D) reflection seismic surveying both the sound source and the sound detectors (numbering up to a hundred or more per shot) are moved along a straight line. The resultant product can be thought of as a vertical sonic cross-section of the subsurface beneath the survey line. It is constructed by summing many compressional (pressure) wave reflections from the various sound source and sound detector locations at the halfway sound path points beneath each location (common depth point stacking). In **three-dimensional** (3D) reflection seismic surveying the sound detectors (numbering up to a thousand or more) are spread out over an area and the sound source is moved from location to location through the area. The resultant product can be thought of as a cube of common depth point stacked reflections. Advantages over 2D include the additional dimension, the fact that many more reflections are available for stacking at each point, which provides greatly improved resolution of subsurface features, and elimination of the "ghost" or "side swipe" reflections from nearby offline features that

2D surveys are prone to (except, of course, along the outer faces of the cube). **Four dimensional** (4D) reflection seismic surveying is the exact repetition of a 3D survey at two or more time intervals. The primary application of 4D is mapping the movement of fluid interfaces in producing oil and gas reservoirs.

^d Includes crews with unknown survey dimension.

Notes: • A "seismic crew" is a group of people, of varying number, engaged in a seismic surveying job. • "48 States" is the United States excluding Alaska and Hawaii. • Data are reported on the first and fifteenth of each month, except January when they are reported only on the fifteenth. When semi-monthly values differ for the month, the larger of the two values is shown here. Consequently, this table reflects the maximum number of crews at work at any time during the month.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/resource.html> for all available data beginning in March 2000.

Source: *World Geophysical News*, IHS Energy Group, Denver, CO, used with permission.

Crude Oil and Natural Gas Resource Development

Note. Crude Oil and Natural Gas Exploratory and Development Wells. Three well types are considered in the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* drilling statistics: “completed for crude oil,” “completed for natural gas,” and “dry hole.” Wells that productively encounter both crude oil and natural gas are categorized as “completed for crude oil.” Both development wells and exploratory wells (new field wildcats, new pool tests, and extension tests) are included in the statistics. All other classes of wells drilled in connection with the search for producible hydrocarbons are excluded.

Prior to the March 1985 *MER*, drilling statistics consisted of

completion data for the above types and classes of wells as reported to the American Petroleum Institute (API) during a given month. Due to time lags between the date of well completion and the date of completion reporting to the API, as-reported well completions proved to be an inaccurate indicator of drilling activity. During 1982, for example, as-reported well completions rose, while the number of actual completions fell. Consequently, the drilling statistics published since the March 1985 *MER* are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates produced by statistically imputing well counts and footage based on the partial data available from the API. These estimates are subject to continuous revision as new data, some of which pertain to earlier months and years, become available. Additional information about the EIA estimation methodology may be found in “Estimating Well Completions,” a feature article published in the March 1985 *MER*.

6

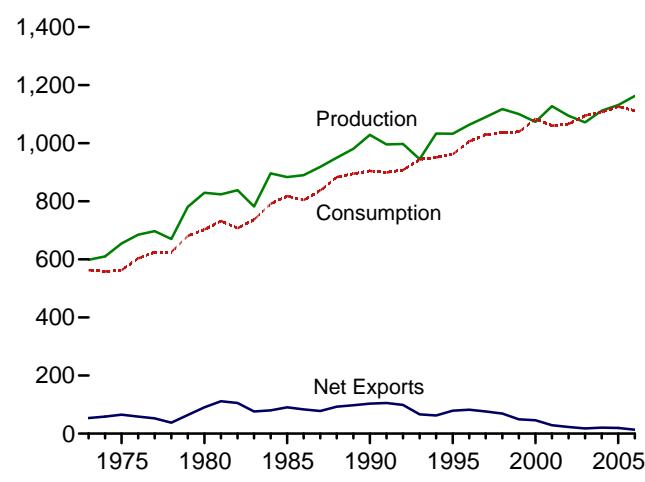
Coal



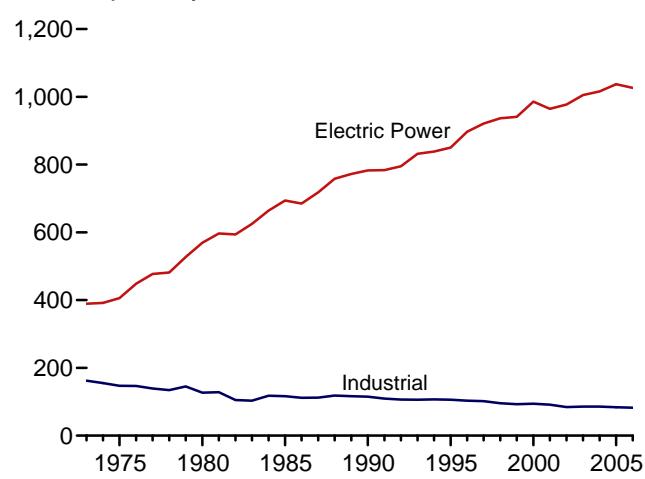
Coal yard, Curtis Bay, Maryland. Source: U.S. Department of Energy.

Figure 6.1 Coal
(Million Short Tons)

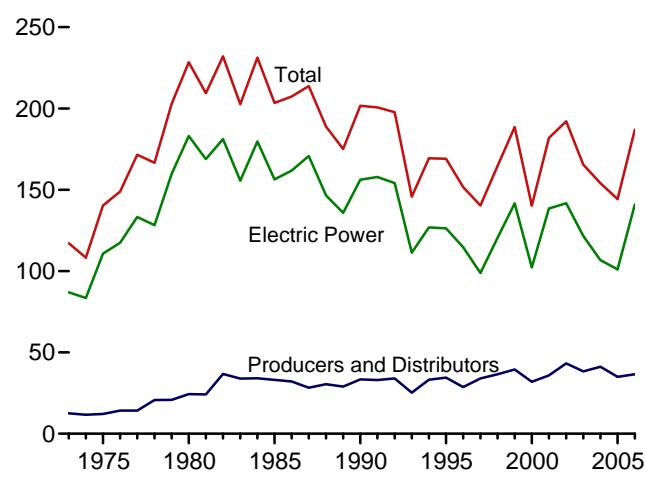
Overview, 1973-2007



Consumption by Sector, 1973-2006

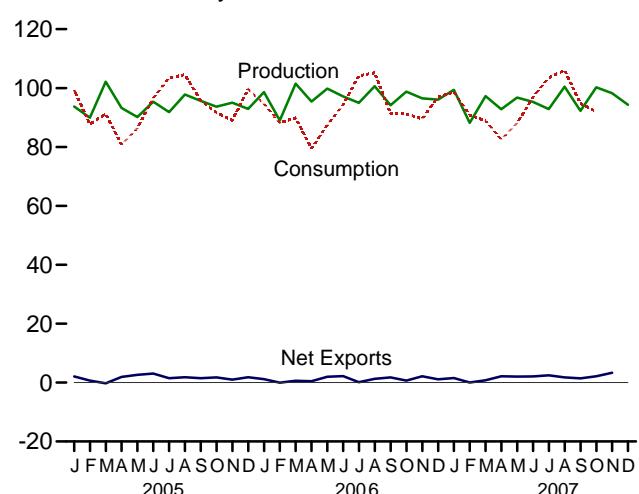


Stocks, End of Year, 1973-2006

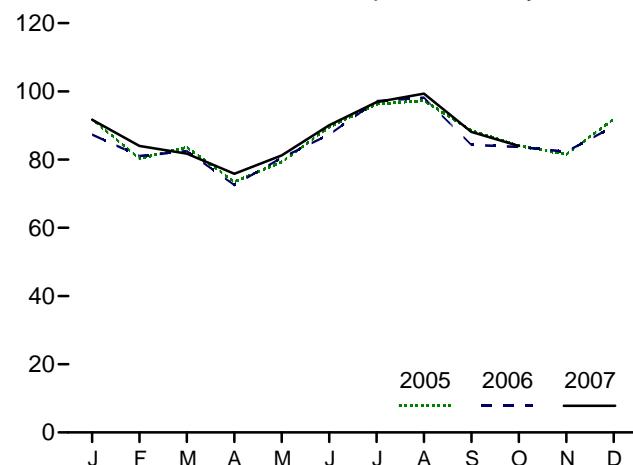


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.
Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/coal.html>.
Sources: Tables 6.1, 6.2, and 6.3.

Overview, Monthly



Electric Power Sector Consumption, Monthly



Electric Power Sector Stocks, End of Month

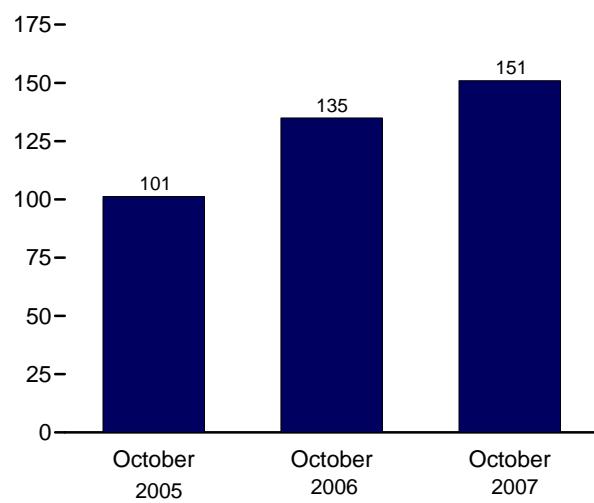


Table 6.1 Coal Overview

(Thousand Short Tons)

| | Production ^a | Waste Coal Supplied ^b | Trade | | | Stock Change ^d | Losses and Unaccounted for ^e | Consumption |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--|---------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|---|------------------|
| | | | Imports | Exports | Net Imports ^c | | | |
| 1973 Total | 598,568 | NA | 127 | 53,587 | -53,460 | (f) | f -17,476 | 562,584 |
| 1975 Total | 654,641 | NA | 940 | 66,309 | -65,369 | 32,154 | -5,522 | 562,640 |
| 1980 Total | 829,700 | NA | 1,194 | 91,742 | -90,548 | 25,595 | 10,827 | 702,730 |
| 1985 Total | 883,638 | NA | 1,952 | 92,680 | -90,727 | -27,934 | 2,796 | 818,049 |
| 1990 Total | 1,029,076 | 3,339 | 2,699 | 105,804 | -103,104 | 26,542 | -1,730 | 904,498 |
| 1995 Total | 1,032,974 | 8,561 | 9,473 | 88,547 | -79,074 | -275 | 632 | 962,104 |
| 1996 Total | 1,063,856 | 8,778 | 8,115 | 90,473 | -82,357 | -17,456 | 1,411 | 1,006,321 |
| 1997 Total | 1,089,932 | 8,096 | 7,487 | 83,545 | -76,058 | -11,253 | 3,678 | 1,029,544 |
| 1998 Total | 1,117,535 | 8,690 | 8,724 | 78,048 | -69,324 | 24,228 | -4,430 | 1,037,103 |
| 1999 Total | 1,100,431 | 8,683 | 9,089 | 58,476 | -49,387 | 23,988 | -2,906 | 1,038,647 |
| 2000 Total | 1,073,612 | 9,089 | 12,513 | 58,489 | -45,976 | -48,309 | 938 | 1,084,095 |
| 2001 Total | 1,127,689 | 10,085 | 19,787 | 48,666 | -28,879 | 41,630 | 7,120 | 1,060,146 |
| 2002 Total | 1,094,283 | 9,052 | 16,875 | 39,601 | -22,726 | 10,215 | 4,040 | 1,066,355 |
| 2003 Total | 1,071,753 | 10,016 | 25,044 | 43,014 | -17,970 | -26,659 | -4,403 | 1,094,861 |
| 2004 Total | 1,112,099 | 11,299 | 27,280 | 47,998 | -20,718 | -11,462 | 6,887 | 1,107,255 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | |
| January | 93,728 | 1,013 | 2,014 | 4,075 | -2,061 | -10,166 | 3,494 | 99,352 |
| February | 89,926 | 1,051 | 2,315 | 3,008 | -693 | -1,889 | 4,441 | 87,732 |
| March | 102,147 | 1,144 | 3,277 | 3,046 | 231 | 8,324 | 4,010 | 91,190 |
| April | 93,271 | 948 | 2,376 | 4,294 | -1,917 | 9,179 | 2,323 | 80,799 |
| May | 90,151 | 1,049 | 2,402 | 5,010 | -2,607 | 5,306 | -3,095 | 86,382 |
| June | 95,371 | 1,092 | 2,454 | 5,499 | -3,045 | -3,333 | 201 | 96,550 |
| July | 91,841 | 1,330 | 2,681 | 4,147 | -1,466 | -9,995 | -1,699 | 103,400 |
| August | 97,824 | 1,308 | 2,387 | 4,219 | -1,831 | -9,370 | 2,142 | 104,529 |
| September | 95,628 | 1,190 | 2,764 | 4,254 | -1,491 | -905 | 494 | 95,739 |
| October | 93,688 | 1,071 | 2,486 | 4,251 | -1,765 | 2,378 | -986 | 91,602 |
| November | 95,021 | 899 | 2,220 | 3,222 | -1,001 | 6,922 | -1,060 | 89,057 |
| December | 92,901 | 1,257 | 3,081 | 4,918 | -1,836 | -6,152 | -1,171 | 99,644 |
| Total | 1,131,498 | 13,352 | 30,460 | 49,942 | -19,482 | -9,702 | 9,092 | 1,125,978 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | |
| January | 98,621 | 1,278 | 3,031 | 4,187 | -1,155 | 2,671 | 1,451 | 94,621 |
| February | 89,033 | 1,113 | 2,715 | 2,656 | 60 | 1,938 | 37 | 88,231 |
| March | 101,490 | 1,223 | 3,211 | 3,817 | -606 | 6,214 | 6,016 | 89,877 |
| April | 95,413 | 1,137 | 3,030 | 3,481 | -451 | 15,539 | 1,141 | 79,419 |
| May | 99,843 | 1,024 | 2,742 | 4,736 | -1,995 | 6,050 | 5,332 | 87,490 |
| June | 97,160 | 1,202 | 2,185 | 4,373 | -2,188 | 2,820 | -944 | 94,298 |
| July | 94,994 | 1,298 | 3,181 | 3,331 | -150 | -4,861 | -3,142 | 104,145 |
| August | 100,654 | 1,349 | 3,849 | 5,093 | -1,244 | -6,661 | 2,221 | 105,198 |
| September | 94,144 | 1,140 | 3,370 | 5,115 | -1,745 | 939 | 1,266 | 91,334 |
| October | 98,808 | 1,213 | 3,214 | 3,908 | -694 | 9,325 | -1,197 | 91,199 |
| November | 96,526 | 1,188 | 2,630 | 4,768 | -2,139 | 7,176 | -1,148 | 89,548 |
| December | 96,063 | 1,245 | 3,089 | 4,182 | -1,093 | 1,493 | -2,208 | 96,930 |
| Total | 1,162,750 | 14,409 | 36,246 | 49,647 | -13,401 | 42,642 | 8,824 | 1,112,292 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | |
| January | 99,361 | 937 | 2,844 | 4,368 | -1,524 | -4,346 | 4,480 | 98,640 |
| February | 88,209 | 1,096 | 2,656 | 2,685 | -28 | -4,471 | 2,927 | 90,820 |
| March | 97,271 | 1,191 | 3,285 | 4,086 | -801 | 7,022 | 1,805 | 88,834 |
| April | 92,831 | 1,087 | 2,687 | 4,841 | -2,154 | 7,946 | 1,219 | 82,599 |
| May | 96,771 | 1,049 | 2,691 | 4,747 | -2,056 | 4,418 | 3,255 | 88,091 |
| June | 95,295 | 1,247 | 3,027 | 5,114 | -2,087 | -544 | -1,902 | 96,901 |
| July | 92,867 | 1,255 | 3,373 | 5,812 | -2,438 | -10,005 | -1,841 | 103,529 |
| August | 100,475 | 1,315 | 3,716 | 5,471 | -1,756 | -6,150 | 175 | 106,010 |
| September | 92,271 | 1,203 | 3,470 | 4,914 | -1,445 | 941 | -3,698 | 94,787 |
| October | 100,234 | RF 1,258 | 2,896 | 5,019 | -2,123 | RF 8,749 | RF -1,380 | RF 92,001 |
| November | 98,244 | NA | R 2,889 | R 6,245 | R 3,355 | NA | NA | NA |
| December | 94,340 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Total | 1,148,168 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |

^a Beginning in 2001, includes a small amount of refuse recovery (coal recaptured from a refuse mine, and cleaned to reduce the concentration of noncombustible materials).

^b Waste coal (including fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste) consumed by the electric power and industrial sectors. Beginning in 1989, waste coal supplied is counted as a supply-side item to balance the same amount of waste coal included in "Consumption."

^c Net imports equal imports minus exports. Minus sign indicates exports are greater than imports.

^d A negative value indicates a decrease in stocks; a positive value indicates an increase.

^e "Losses and Unaccounted for" is calculated as the sum of production, imports,

and waste coal supplied, minus exports, stock change, and consumption.

^f In 1973, stock change is included in "Losses and Unaccounted for."

R=Revised. NA=Not available. F=Forecast.

Notes: • For methodology used to calculate production, consumption, and stocks, see Note 1, "Production," Note 2, "Consumption," and Note 3, "Stocks," at end of section. • Data values preceded by "F" are derived from the Energy Information Administration's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Note 4, "Forecast Values," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/coal.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 6.2 Coal Consumption by Sector
(Thousand Short Tons)

| | End-Use Sectors | | | | | | | | | | | Electric Power Sector ^{e,f} | Total | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----|------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Residential | Commercial | | | Industrial | | | Other Industrial | | | Transportation | | | | | | | |
| | | CHP ^a | Other ^b | Total | Coke Plants | CHP ^c | Non-CHP ^d | Total | Total | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1973 Total | 4,113 | (9) | 7,004 | 7,004 | 94,101 | (h) | 68,038 | 68,038 | 162,139 | 116 | 389,212 | 562,584 | | | | | | |
| 1975 Total | 2,823 | (9) | 6,587 | 6,587 | 83,598 | (h) | 63,646 | 63,646 | 147,244 | 24 | 405,962 | 562,640 | | | | | | |
| 1980 Total | 1,355 | (9) | 5,097 | 5,097 | 66,657 | (h) | 60,347 | 60,347 | 127,004 | (h) | 569,274 | 702,730 | | | | | | |
| 1985 Total | 1,711 | (9) | 6,068 | 6,068 | 41,056 | (h) | 75,372 | 75,372 | 116,429 | (h) | 693,841 | 818,049 | | | | | | |
| 1990 Total | 1,345 | 1,191 | 4,189 | 5,379 | 38,877 | 27,781 | 48,549 | 76,330 | 115,207 | (h) | 782,567 | 904,498 | | | | | | |
| 1995 Total | 755 | 1,419 | 3,633 | 5,052 | 33,011 | 29,363 | 43,693 | 73,055 | 106,067 | (h) | 850,230 | 962,104 | | | | | | |
| 1996 Total | 721 | 1,660 | 3,625 | 5,285 | 31,706 | 29,434 | 42,254 | 71,689 | 103,395 | (h) | 896,921 | 1,006,321 | | | | | | |
| 1997 Total | 711 | 1,738 | 4,015 | 5,752 | 30,203 | 29,853 | 41,661 | 71,515 | 101,718 | (h) | 921,364 | 1,029,544 | | | | | | |
| 1998 Total | 534 | 1,443 | 2,879 | 4,322 | 28,189 | 28,553 | 38,887 | 67,439 | 95,628 | (h) | 936,619 | 1,037,103 | | | | | | |
| 1999 Total | 585 | 1,490 | 2,803 | 4,293 | 28,108 | 27,763 | 36,975 | 64,738 | 92,846 | (h) | 940,922 | 1,038,647 | | | | | | |
| 2000 Total | 454 | 1,547 | 2,126 | 3,673 | 28,939 | 28,031 | 37,177 | 65,208 | 94,147 | (h) | 985,821 | 1,084,095 | | | | | | |
| 2001 Total | 481 | 1,448 | 2,441 | 3,888 | 26,075 | 25,755 | 39,514 | 65,268 | 91,344 | (h) | 964,433 | 1,060,146 | | | | | | |
| 2002 Total | 533 | 1,405 | 2,506 | 3,912 | 23,656 | 26,232 | 34,515 | 60,747 | 84,403 | (h) | 977,507 | 1,066,355 | | | | | | |
| 2003 Total | 551 | 1,816 | 1,869 | 3,685 | 24,248 | 24,846 | 36,415 | 61,261 | 85,509 | (h) | 1,005,116 | 1,094,861 | | | | | | |
| 2004 Total | 563 | 1,917 | 2,642 | 4,558 | 23,670 | 26,613 | 35,582 | 62,195 | 85,865 | (h) | 1,016,268 | 1,107,255 | | | | | | |
| 2005 January | 46 | 192 | 272 | 464 | 1,865 | 2,252 | 2,937 | 5,188 | 7,054 | (h) | 91,789 | 99,352 | | | | | | |
| February | 40 | 168 | 239 | 407 | 1,778 | 2,114 | 3,088 | 5,202 | 6,980 | (h) | 80,305 | 87,732 | | | | | | |
| March | 41 | 173 | 244 | 417 | 1,941 | 2,222 | 2,968 | 5,190 | 7,131 | (h) | 83,601 | 91,190 | | | | | | |
| April | 27 | 135 | 136 | 271 | 2,208 | 2,023 | 2,768 | 4,791 | 6,999 | (h) | 73,503 | 80,799 | | | | | | |
| May | 27 | 136 | 136 | 272 | 1,931 | 1,990 | 2,856 | 4,847 | 6,778 | (h) | 79,306 | 86,382 | | | | | | |
| June | 31 | 158 | 158 | 316 | 1,908 | 2,118 | 2,679 | 4,798 | 6,705 | (h) | 89,498 | 96,550 | | | | | | |
| July | 30 | 166 | 134 | 300 | 1,882 | 2,260 | 2,656 | 4,917 | 6,798 | (h) | 96,272 | 103,400 | | | | | | |
| August | 29 | 161 | 130 | 292 | 2,018 | 2,254 | 2,652 | 4,906 | 6,924 | (h) | 97,284 | 104,529 | | | | | | |
| September | 26 | 148 | 119 | 267 | 2,109 | 2,135 | 2,703 | 4,838 | 6,947 | (h) | 88,498 | 95,739 | | | | | | |
| October | 36 | 138 | 229 | 367 | 2,007 | 2,115 | 3,045 | 5,160 | 7,167 | (h) | 84,032 | 91,602 | | | | | | |
| November | 41 | 157 | 260 | 416 | 1,832 | 2,116 | 3,121 | 5,237 | 7,068 | (h) | 81,531 | 89,057 | | | | | | |
| December | 50 | 190 | 315 | 505 | 1,954 | 2,275 | 2,992 | 5,268 | 7,222 | (h) | 91,867 | 99,644 | | | | | | |
| Total | 425 | 1,922 | 2,373 | 4,294 | 23,434 | 25,875 | 34,465 | 60,340 | 83,774 | (h) | 1,037,485 | 1,125,978 | | | | | | |
| 2006 January | 31 | 186 | 126 | 312 | 1,879 | 2,217 | 2,866 | 5,083 | 6,961 | (h) | 87,317 | 94,621 | | | | | | |
| February | 28 | 169 | 115 | 284 | 1,830 | 2,024 | 3,023 | 5,046 | 6,876 | (h) | 81,043 | 88,231 | | | | | | |
| March | 28 | 170 | 115 | 285 | 2,005 | 2,115 | 2,945 | 5,060 | 7,065 | (h) | 82,499 | 89,877 | | | | | | |
| April | 19 | 134 | 54 | 187 | 1,862 | 2,050 | 2,742 | 4,792 | 6,654 | (h) | 72,560 | 79,419 | | | | | | |
| May | 19 | 139 | 56 | 195 | 1,968 | 2,059 | 2,735 | 4,794 | 6,762 | (h) | 80,515 | 87,490 | | | | | | |
| June | 20 | 147 | 59 | 205 | 1,939 | 2,104 | 2,710 | 4,814 | 6,753 | (h) | 87,319 | 94,298 | | | | | | |
| July | 20 | 163 | 44 | 206 | 1,933 | 2,202 | 2,671 | 4,872 | 6,806 | (h) | 97,113 | 104,145 | | | | | | |
| August | 20 | 163 | 44 | 206 | 1,911 | 2,202 | 2,675 | 4,877 | 6,788 | (h) | 98,183 | 105,198 | | | | | | |
| September | 17 | 138 | 37 | 175 | 1,939 | 2,061 | 2,815 | 4,876 | 6,815 | (h) | 84,327 | 91,334 | | | | | | |
| October | 25 | 136 | 115 | 251 | 2,094 | 2,074 | 3,031 | 5,105 | 7,199 | (h) | 83,724 | 91,199 | | | | | | |
| November | 29 | 159 | 134 | 293 | 1,865 | 2,020 | 3,048 | 5,068 | 6,933 | (h) | 82,293 | 89,548 | | | | | | |
| December | 33 | 183 | 154 | 337 | 1,733 | 2,136 | 2,949 | 5,085 | 6,818 | (h) | 89,742 | 96,930 | | | | | | |
| Total | 290 | 1,886 | 1,050 | 2,936 | 22,957 | 25,262 | 34,210 | 59,472 | 82,429 | (h) | 1,026,636 | 1,112,292 | | | | | | |
| 2007 January | 30 | 192 | 117 | 308 | 1,712 | 2,030 | 2,855 | 4,885 | 6,597 | (h) | 91,704 | 98,640 | | | | | | |
| February | 29 | 185 | 113 | 298 | 1,630 | 1,895 | 2,980 | 4,876 | 6,505 | (h) | 83,988 | 90,820 | | | | | | |
| March | 27 | 171 | 104 | 275 | 1,909 | 1,968 | 2,912 | 4,880 | 6,790 | (h) | 81,742 | 88,834 | | | | | | |
| April | 20 | 145 | 55 | 199 | 1,865 | 1,832 | 2,867 | 4,699 | 6,565 | (h) | 75,815 | 82,599 | | | | | | |
| May | 20 | 144 | 55 | 199 | 1,950 | 1,889 | 2,812 | 4,702 | 6,651 | (h) | 81,221 | 88,091 | | | | | | |
| June | 19 | 137 | 52 | 189 | 1,921 | 1,906 | 2,819 | 4,725 | 6,646 | (h) | 90,047 | 96,901 | | | | | | |
| July | 19 | 149 | 45 | 194 | 1,913 | 1,942 | 2,636 | 4,577 | 6,490 | (h) | 96,826 | 103,529 | | | | | | |
| August | 21 | 160 | 48 | 207 | 1,883 | 1,999 | 2,558 | 4,558 | 6,441 | (h) | 99,341 | 106,010 | | | | | | |
| September | 18 | 143 | 43 | 186 | 1,882 | 1,839 | 2,718 | 4,557 | 6,439 | (h) | 88,144 | 94,787 | | | | | | |
| October | F 18 | 146 | F 39 | F 185 | F 2,054 | 1,910 | E 3,817 | F 5,727 | F 7,781 | (h) | 84,016 | 92,001 | | | | | | |
| 10-Month Total ... | E 222 | 1,571 | E 669 | E 2,240 | E 18,720 | 19,211 | E 28,974 | E 48,186 | E 66,905 | (h) | 872,845 | 942,212 | | | | | | |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 228 | 1,543 | 763 | 2,306 | 19,359 | 21,106 | 28,213 | 49,319 | 68,678 | (h) | 854,601 | 925,814 | | | | | | |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 334 | 1,575 | 1,798 | 3,373 | 19,648 | 21,483 | 28,352 | 49,835 | 69,483 | (h) | 864,087 | 937,277 | | | | | | |

^a Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and a small number of commercial electricity-only plants, such as those at hospitals and universities. See note at end of Section 7.

^b All commercial sector fuel use other than that in "Commercial CHP."

^c Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and a small number of industrial electricity-only plants. See note at end of Section 7.

^d All industrial sector fuel use other than that in "Coke Plants" and "Industrial CHP."

^e The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

^f Through 1988, data are for consumption at electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data also include consumption at independent power producers.

^g Included in "Commercial Other."

^h Included in "Industrial Non-CHP."

E=Estimate. F=Forecast.

Notes: • CHP monthly values are from Table 7.4c; electric power sector monthly values are from Table 7.4b; all other monthly values are estimates derived from collected quarterly and annual data. See Note 2, "Consumption," at end of section.

• Data values preceded by "F" are derived from the Energy Information Administration's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Note 4, "Forecast Values," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/coal.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 6.3 Coal Stocks by Sector
(Thousand Short Tons)

| | Producers and Distributors | End-Use Sectors | | | | | Electric Power Sector ^{b,c} | Total | | |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------|---------|--|---------|--|--|
| | | Residential and Commercial | Industrial | | | Total | | | | |
| | | | Coke Plants | Other ^a | Total | | | | | |
| 1973 Year | 12,530 | 290 | 6,998 | 10,370 | 17,368 | 17,658 | 86,967 | 117,155 | | |
| 1975 Year | 12,108 | 233 | 8,797 | 8,529 | 17,326 | 17,559 | 110,724 | 140,391 | | |
| 1980 Year | 24,379 | NA | 9,067 | 11,951 | 21,018 | 21,018 | 183,010 | 228,407 | | |
| 1985 Year | 33,133 | NA | 3,420 | 10,438 | 13,857 | 13,857 | 156,376 | 203,367 | | |
| 1990 Year | 33,418 | NA | 3,329 | 8,716 | 12,044 | 12,044 | 156,166 | 201,629 | | |
| 1995 Year | 34,444 | NA | 2,632 | 5,702 | 8,334 | 8,334 | 126,304 | 169,083 | | |
| 1996 Year | 28,648 | NA | 2,667 | 5,688 | 8,355 | 8,355 | 114,623 | 151,627 | | |
| 1997 Year | 33,973 | NA | 1,978 | 5,597 | 7,576 | 7,576 | 98,826 | 140,374 | | |
| 1998 Year | 36,530 | NA | 2,026 | 5,545 | 7,571 | 7,571 | 120,501 | 164,602 | | |
| 1999 Year | 39,475 | NA | 1,943 | 5,569 | 7,511 | 7,511 | | | | |
| 2000 Year | 31,905 | NA | 1,494 | 4,587 | 6,081 | 6,081 | 102,296 | 140,282 | | |
| 2001 Year | 35,900 | NA | 1,510 | 6,006 | 7,516 | 7,516 | 138,496 | 181,912 | | |
| 2002 Year | 43,257 | NA | 1,364 | 5,792 | 7,156 | 7,156 | 141,714 | 192,127 | | |
| 2003 Year | 38,277 | NA | 905 | 4,718 | 5,623 | 5,623 | 121,567 | 165,468 | | |
| 2004 Year | 41,151 | NA | 1,344 | 4,842 | 6,186 | 6,186 | 106,669 | 154,006 | | |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 40,085 | NA | 1,512 | 4,728 | 6,241 | 6,241 | 97,514 | 143,840 | | |
| February | 37,596 | NA | 1,681 | 4,615 | 6,295 | 6,295 | 98,059 | 141,951 | | |
| March | 38,698 | NA | 1,849 | 4,501 | 6,350 | 6,350 | 105,226 | 150,275 | | |
| April | 36,808 | NA | 2,046 | 4,681 | 6,727 | 6,727 | 115,919 | 159,454 | | |
| May | 37,754 | NA | 2,243 | 4,860 | 7,104 | 7,104 | 119,902 | 164,760 | | |
| June | 38,422 | NA | 2,440 | 5,040 | 7,480 | 7,480 | 115,524 | 161,427 | | |
| July | 38,147 | NA | 2,447 | 5,206 | 7,653 | 7,653 | 105,631 | 151,432 | | |
| August | 35,357 | NA | 2,454 | 5,372 | 7,826 | 7,826 | 98,879 | 142,062 | | |
| September | 34,965 | NA | 2,461 | 5,538 | 7,999 | 7,999 | 98,192 | 141,156 | | |
| October | 34,251 | NA | 2,512 | 5,552 | 8,065 | 8,065 | 101,218 | 143,534 | | |
| November | 35,752 | NA | 2,564 | 5,567 | 8,131 | 8,131 | 106,573 | 150,456 | | |
| December | 34,971 | NA | 2,615 | 5,582 | 8,196 | 8,196 | 101,137 | 144,304 | | |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 33,486 | NA | 2,661 | 5,427 | 8,088 | 8,088 | 105,401 | 146,975 | | |
| February | 34,947 | NA | 2,708 | 5,272 | 7,980 | 7,980 | 105,986 | 148,913 | | |
| March | 35,113 | NA | 2,754 | 5,118 | 7,872 | 7,872 | 112,141 | 155,126 | | |
| April | 37,489 | NA | 2,783 | 5,297 | 8,079 | 8,079 | 125,097 | 170,665 | | |
| May | 34,587 | NA | 2,811 | 5,476 | 8,287 | 8,287 | 133,841 | 176,715 | | |
| June | 35,307 | NA | 2,839 | 5,655 | 8,494 | 8,494 | 135,734 | 179,535 | | |
| July | 38,147 | NA | 2,817 | 5,816 | 8,633 | 8,633 | 127,894 | 174,674 | | |
| August | 35,357 | NA | 2,795 | 5,977 | 8,772 | 8,772 | 123,884 | 168,013 | | |
| September | 33,170 | NA | 2,772 | 6,138 | 8,910 | 8,910 | 126,872 | 168,952 | | |
| October | 34,251 | NA | 2,824 | 6,261 | 9,085 | 9,085 | 134,941 | 178,277 | | |
| November | 35,752 | NA | 2,876 | 6,383 | 9,259 | 9,259 | 140,442 | 185,453 | | |
| December | 36,548 | NA | 2,928 | 6,506 | 9,434 | 9,434 | 140,964 | 186,946 | | |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 35,986 | NA | 2,745 | 6,264 | 9,009 | 9,009 | 137,606 | 182,600 | | |
| February | 34,450 | NA | 2,561 | 6,022 | 8,584 | 8,584 | 135,096 | 178,129 | | |
| March | 34,007 | NA | 2,378 | 5,780 | 8,158 | 8,158 | 142,986 | 185,151 | | |
| April | 33,695 | NA | 2,350 | 5,757 | 8,106 | 8,106 | 151,296 | 193,097 | | |
| May | 33,107 | NA | 2,321 | 5,734 | 8,055 | 8,055 | 156,354 | 197,515 | | |
| June | 32,484 | NA | 2,364 | 5,711 | 8,075 | 8,075 | 156,412 | 196,972 | | |
| July | 31,967 | NA | 2,211 | 5,743 | 7,953 | 7,953 | 147,047 | 186,967 | | |
| August | 30,885 | NA | 2,091 | 5,774 | 7,865 | 7,865 | 142,067 | 180,817 | | |
| September | 30,090 | NA | 1,972 | 5,806 | 7,778 | 7,778 | 143,890 | 181,758 | | |
| October | F 31,112 | NA | F 2,267 | F 6,186 | F 8,453 | F 8,453 | 150,942 | 190,507 | | |

^a Through 1977, data are for stocks held by the manufacturing and transportation sectors. Beginning in 1978, data are for stocks held at manufacturing plants only.

^b The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

^c Through 1998, data are for stocks at electric utilities only. Beginning in 1999, data also include stocks at independent power producers.

NA=Not available. F=Forecast.

Notes: • Stocks are at end of period. • Producers and distributors monthly values are estimates derived from collected annual data; industrial sector monthly

values are estimates derived from collected quarterly data; electric power sector monthly values are from Table 7.5. See Note 3, "Stocks," at end of section.

• Data values preceded by "F" are derived from the Energy Information Administration's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Note 4, "Forecast Values," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/coal.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Coal

Note 1. Production. Preliminary monthly estimates of national coal production are the sum of weekly estimates developed by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) and published in the *Weekly Coal Production* report. When a week extends into a new month, production is allocated on a daily basis and added to the appropriate month. Weekly estimates are based on Association of American Railroads data showing the number of railcars loaded with coal during the week by Class I and certain other railroads. This number is converted into tons of coal by EIA by using the average number of tons of coal per railcar loaded reported in the most recent "Quarterly Freight Commodity Statistics" from the Surface Transportation Board. If an average coal tonnage per railcar loaded is not available for a specific railroad, the national average is used. To derive the estimate of total weekly production, the total rail tonnage for the week is divided by the ratio of quarterly production shipped by rail and total quarterly production. Data for the corresponding quarter of previous years are used to derive this ratio. This method ensures that the seasonal variations are preserved in the production estimates.

When preliminary quarterly data become available, the monthly and weekly estimates are adjusted to conform to the quarterly figure. The adjustment procedure uses State-level production data and is explained in EIA's *Quarterly Coal Report*. Initial estimates of annual production published in January of the following year are based on preliminary production data covering the first nine months (three quarters) and weekly/monthly estimates for the fourth quarter. The fourth quarter estimates may or may not be revised when preliminary data become available in March of the following year, depending on the magnitude of the difference between the estimates and the preliminary data. In any event, all quarterly, monthly, and weekly production figures are adjusted to conform to the final annual production data published in the *Monthly Energy Review* in the fall of the following year.

Note 2. Consumption. Coal consumption data are reported by major end-use sector. Forecast data (designated by an "F") are derived from forecasted values shown in the Energy Information Administration (EIA) *Short-Term Energy Outlook* (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "U.S. Coal Supply and Demand: Base Case." The monthly estimates are based on the quarterly values, which are released in March, June, September, and December. The estimates are revised quarterly as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.

Residential and Commercial—Coal consumption by the residential and commercial sectors is reported to EIA for the two sectors combined; EIA estimates the amount consumed by the sectors individually. To create the estimates, it is first assumed that an occupied coal-heated housing unit consumes fuel at the same Btu rate as an oil-heated housing

unit. Then, for the years in which data are available on the number of occupied housing units by heating source (1973–1981 and subsequent odd-numbered years), residential consumption of coal is estimated by the following steps: a ratio is created of the number of occupied housing units heated by coal to the number of occupied housing units heated by oil; that ratio is then multiplied by the Btu quantity of oil consumed by the residential sector to derive an estimate of the Btu quantity of coal consumed by the residential sector; and, finally, the amount estimated as the residential sector consumption is subtracted from the residential and commercial sectors' combined consumption to derive the commercial sector's estimated consumption. The 2005 share is applied to 2006 and 2007, and the other missing years' shares are interpolated.

Industrial Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly coke plant consumption data were taken directly from reported data. From 1980–1987, coke plant consumption estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported. Beginning in January 1988, monthly coke plant consumption estimates are derived from the reported quarterly data by using monthly ratios of raw steel production data from the American Iron and Steel Institute. The ratios are the monthly raw steel production from open hearth and basic oxygen process furnaces as a proportion of the quarterly production from those kinds of furnaces.

Industrial Other—Prior to 1978, monthly consumption data for the other industrial sector (all industrial users minus coke plants) were derived by using reported data to modify baseline consumption figures from the most recent Bureau of the Census Annual Survey of Manufactures or Census of Manufactures. For 1978 and 1979, monthly estimates were derived from data reported on Forms EIA-3 and EIA-6. From 1980–1987, monthly figures were estimated by proportioning quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-3. Quarterly consumption data were derived by adding beginning stocks at manufacturing plants to current receipts and subtracting ending stocks at manufacturing plants. In this calculation, current receipts were the greater of either reported receipts from manufacturing plants (Form EIA-3) or reported shipments to the other industrial sector (Form EIA-6), thereby ensuring that agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction consumption data were included where appropriate. Starting in January 1988, monthly consumption for the other industrial sector is estimated from reported quarterly data by using ratios derived from industrial production indices published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Indices for six major industry groups are used as the basis for calculating the ratios: food manufacturing, which is North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code 333; paper manufacturing, NAICS 322; chemical manufacturing, NAICS 325; petroleum and coal products, NAICS 324; non-

metallic mineral products manufacturing, NAICS 327; and primary metal manufacturing, NAICS 331. The monthly ratios are computed as the monthly sum of the weighted indices as a proportion of the quarterly sum of the weighted indices by using the 1977 proportion as the weights.

Electric Power Sector—Monthly consumption data for electric power plants are taken directly from reported data.

Note 3. Stocks. Coal stocks data are reported by major end-use sector. Forecast data for the most recent months (designated by an “F”) are derived from forecasted values shown in the Energy Information Administration (EIA) *Short-Term Energy Outlook* (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled “U.S. Coal Supply and Demand: Base Case.” The monthly estimates are based on the quarterly values (released in March, June, September, and December) or annual values. The estimates are revised as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.

Producers and Distributors—Prior to 1998, quarterly stocks at producers and distributors were taken directly from reported data. Monthly data were estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks. Beginning in 1998, end-of-year stocks are taken from reported data. Monthly stocks are estimated by a model.

Residential and Commercial—Prior to 1980, stock estimates for the residential and commercial sector were taken directly from reported data. Beginning in 1980, stock estimates for the sector were considered to be statistically insignificant and are no longer collected.

Industrial Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly stocks at coke plants were taken directly from reported data. From 1980 forward, coke plant stocks are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks. Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-5.

Industrial Other—Prior to 1978, stocks for the other industrial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures from a one-time Bureau of Mines survey of consumers. For 1978–1982, monthly estimates were derived by judgmentally proportioning reported quarterly data based on representative seasonal patterns of supply and demand. From 1983 forward, other industrial coal stocks are estimated as indicated above for coke plants. Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-3 and therefore include only manufacturing industries; data for agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction stocks are not available.

Electric Power Sector—Monthly stocks data at electric power plants are taken directly from reported data.

Note 4. Forecast Values. Data values preceded by “F” in this section are forecast values. They are derived from EIA’s

Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System (STIFS). The model is driven primarily by data and assumptions about key macroeconomic variables, the world oil price, and weather. The coal forecast relies on other variables as well, such as alternative fuel prices (natural gas and oil) and power generation by sources other than fossil fuels, including nuclear and hydroelectric power. Each month, EIA staff review the model output and make adjustments, if appropriate, based on their knowledge of developments in the coal industry.

The STIFS model results are published monthly in EIA’s *Short-Term Energy Outlook*, which is accessible on the Web at <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/steo/pub/contents.html>.

Note 5. Additional Information. EIA’s *Quarterly Coal Report* provides additional information about coal data and estimation procedures.

Table 6.1 Sources

Production

1973–September 1977: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Weekly Coal Production*.

Waste Coal Supplied

1989–1997: EIA, Form EIA-867, “Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report.”

1998–2000: EIA, Form EIA-860B, “Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility.”

2001–2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report,” and Form EIA-3, “Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Manufacturing Plants.”

2004 forward: EIA, Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report,” Form EIA-920, “Combined Heat and Power Plant Report,” and Form EIA-3, “Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Manufacturing Plants”; and for forecast values, EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Imports and Exports

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Monthly Reports IM-145 (Imports) and EM-545 (Exports).

Stock Change

Calculated from data in Table 6.3.

Losses and Unaccounted for

Calculated as the sum of production, imports, and waste coal supplied, minus exports, stock change, and consumption.

Consumption

Table 6.2.

Table 6.2 Sources

Residential and Commercial Total

Coal consumption by the residential and commercial sectors combined is reported to the Energy Information Administration (EIA). EIA estimates the sectors individually using the method described in Note 2, “Consumption,” at the end of Section 6. Data for the residential and commercial sectors combined are from:

1973–1976: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook*.

January–September 1977: DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, “Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers—Upper Lake Docks.”

October 1977–1979: EIA, Form EIA-2, “Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers—Upper Lake Docks.”

1980–1997: EIA, Form EIA-6, “Coal Distribution Report,” quarterly.

1998 forward: DOI, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, “Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production”; and, for forecast values, EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Commercial CHP

Table 7.4c.

Commercial Other

Calculated as “Commercial Total” minus “Commercial CHP.”

Industrial Coke Plants

1973–September 1977: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1980: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, “Coke and Coal Chemicals—Monthly/Annual Supplement.”

1981–1984: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, “Coke Plant Report—Quarterly/Annual Supplement.”

1985 forward: EIA, Form EIA-5, “Coke Plant Report—Quarterly”; and, for forecast values, EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Other Industrial Total

1973–September 1977: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, “Monthly Coal Consumption Report—Manufacturing Plants.”

1980–1997: EIA, Form EIA-3, “Quarterly Coal Consumption Report—Manufacturing Plants,” and Form EIA-6, “Coal Distribution Report,” quarterly.

1998 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, “Quarterly Coal Consumption Report—Manufacturing Plants,” and Form EIA-6A, “Coal Distribution Report,” annual; and, for forecast values, EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Other Industrial CHP

Table 7.4c.

Other Industrial Non-CHP

Calculated as “Other Industrial Total” minus “Other Industrial CHP.”

Transportation

1973–1976: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*.

January–September 1977: DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, “Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers—Upper Lake Docks.”

October–December 1977: EIA, Form EIA-6, “Coal Distribution Report,” quarterly.

Electric Power

Table 7.4b.

Table 6.3 Sources

Producers and Distributors

1973–1979: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), Form 6-1419Q, “Distribution of Bituminous Coal and Lignite Shipments.”

1980–1997: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-6, “Coal Distribution Report,” quarterly.

1998 forward: EIA, Form EIA-6A, “Coal Distribution Report,” annual; and, for forecast values, EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Residential and Commercial

1973–1976: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*.

January–September 1977: DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, “Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers—Upper Lake Docks.”

October 1977–1979: EIA, Form EIA-2, “Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers—Upper Lake Docks.”

Industrial Coke Plants

1973–September 1977: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1980: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, “Coke and Coal Chemicals—Monthly/Annual.”

1981–1984: EIA, Form EIA 5/5A, “Coke Plant Report—Quarterly/Annual Supplement.”

1985 forward: EIA, Form EIA-5, “Coke Plant Report—Quarterly”; and, for forecast values, EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Industrial Other

1973–September 1977: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, “Monthly Coal Consumption Report—Manufacturing Plants.”

1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, “Quarterly Coal Consumption Report—Manufacturing Plants”; and, for forecast values, EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Electric Power

Table 7.5.

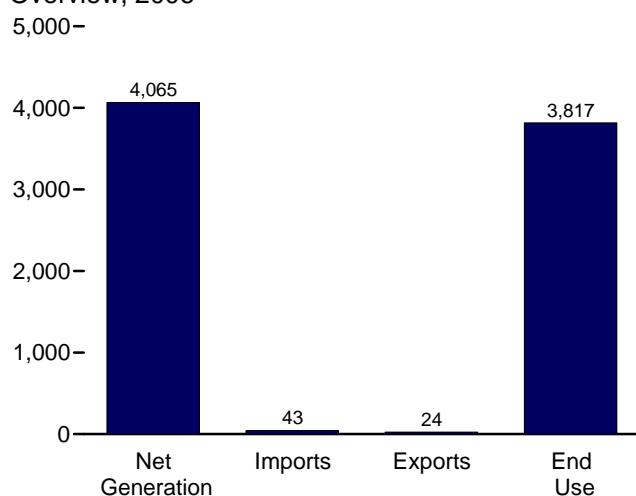
Electricity



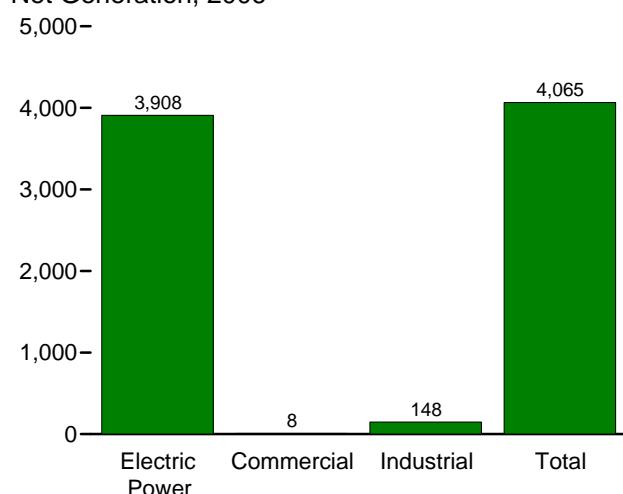
High-tension power lines and towers. Source: U.S. Department of Energy.

Figure 7.1 Electricity Overview
(Billion Kilowatthours)

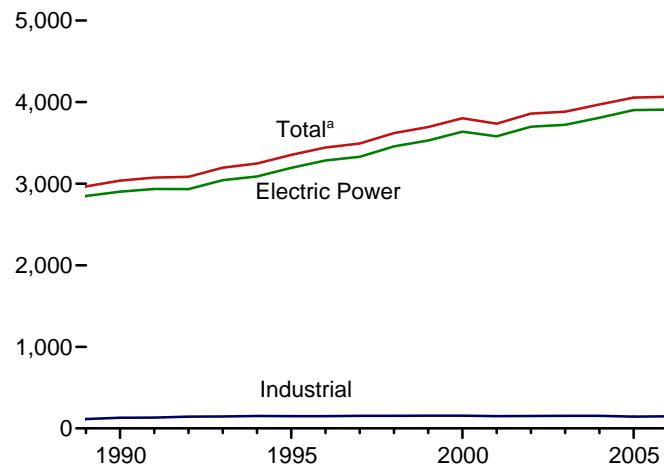
Overview, 2006



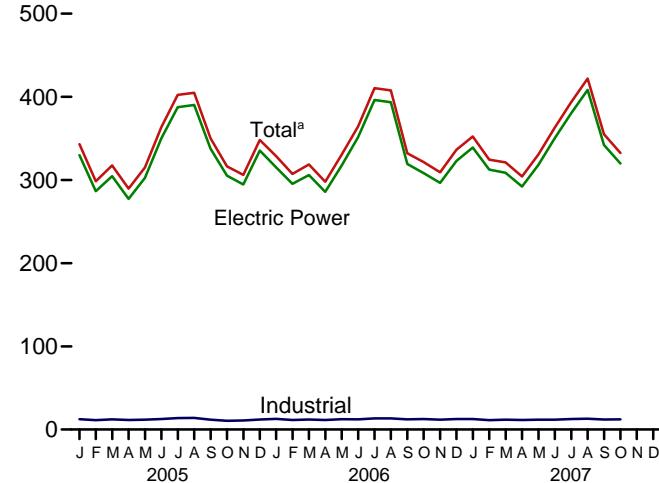
Net Generation, 2006



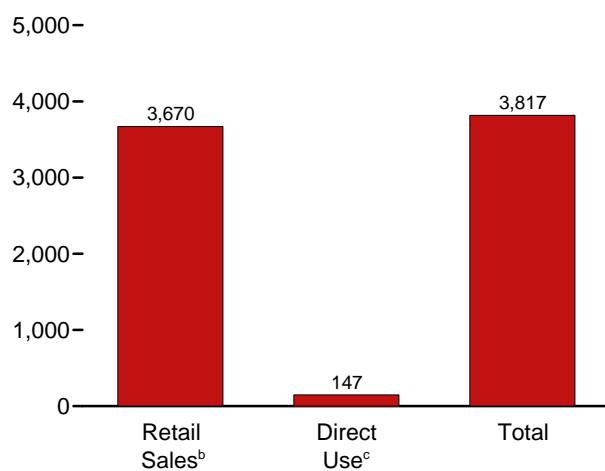
Net Generation by Sector, 1989-2006



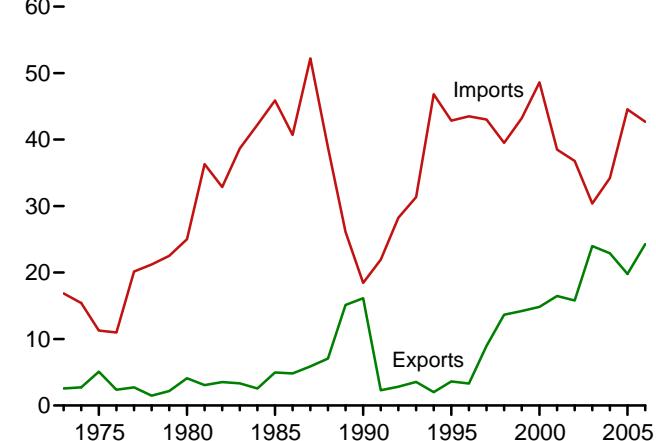
Net Generation by Sector, Monthly



End Use, 2006



Trade, 1973-2006



^aIncludes commercial sector.

^bElectricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and other energy service providers.

^cSee "Direct Use" in Glossary.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html>.

Source: Table 7.1.

Table 7.1 Electricity Overview
(Billion Kilowatthours)

| | Net Generation | | | | Trade | | | T&D Losses ^e and Unaccounted for ^f | End Use | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | Electric Power Sector ^a | Commercial Sector ^b | Industrial Sector ^c | Total | Imports ^d | Exports ^d | Net Imports ^d | | Retail Sales ^g | Direct Use ^h | Total |
| 1973 Total | 1,861 | NA | 3 | 1,864 | 17 | 3 | 14 | 165 | 1,713 | NA | 1,713 |
| 1975 Total | 1,918 | NA | 3 | 1,921 | 11 | 5 | 6 | 180 | 1,747 | NA | 1,747 |
| 1980 Total | 2,286 | NA | 3 | 2,290 | 25 | 4 | 21 | 216 | 2,094 | NA | 2,094 |
| 1985 Total | 2,470 | NA | 3 | 2,473 | 46 | 5 | 41 | 190 | 2,324 | NA | 2,324 |
| 1990 Total | 2,901 | 6 | 131 | 3,038 | 18 | 16 | 2 | 203 | 2,713 | 125 | 2,837 |
| 1995 Total | 3,194 | 8 | 151 | 3,353 | 43 | 4 | 39 | 229 | 3,013 | 151 | 3,164 |
| 1996 Total | 3,284 | 9 | 151 | 3,444 | 43 | 3 | 40 | 231 | 3,101 | 153 | 3,254 |
| 1997 Total | 3,329 | 9 | 154 | 3,492 | 43 | 9 | 34 | 224 | 3,146 | 156 | 3,302 |
| 1998 Total | 3,457 | 9 | 154 | 3,620 | 40 | 14 | 26 | 221 | 3,264 | 161 | 3,425 |
| 1999 Total | 3,530 | 9 | 156 | 3,695 | 43 | 14 | 29 | 240 | 3,312 | 172 | 3,484 |
| 2000 Total | 3,638 | 8 | 157 | 3,802 | 49 | 15 | 34 | 244 | 3,421 | 171 | 3,592 |
| 2001 Total | 3,580 | 7 | 149 | 3,737 | 39 | 16 | 22 | 202 | 3,394 | 163 | 3,557 |
| 2002 Total | 3,698 | 7 | 153 | 3,858 | 37 | 16 | 21 | 248 | 3,465 | 166 | 3,632 |
| 2003 Total | 3,721 | 7 | 155 | 3,883 | 30 | 24 | 6 | 228 | 3,494 | 168 | 3,662 |
| 2004 Total | 3,808 | 8 | 154 | 3,971 | 34 | 23 | 11 | 266 | 3,547 | 168 | 3,716 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 330 | 1 | 12 | 343 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 23 | 309 | E 13 | 322 |
| February | 287 | 1 | 11 | 299 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 9 | 280 | E 12 | 291 |
| March | 305 | 1 | 12 | 317 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 20 | 287 | E 13 | 299 |
| April | 277 | 1 | 12 | 290 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 15 | 264 | E 12 | 276 |
| May | 303 | 1 | 12 | 315 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 31 | 274 | E 12 | 286 |
| June | 350 | 1 | 13 | 364 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 33 | 319 | E 13 | 333 |
| July | 388 | 1 | 14 | 402 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 35 | 356 | E 14 | 370 |
| August | 390 | 1 | 14 | 405 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 32 | 363 | E 14 | 377 |
| September | 338 | 1 | 12 | 350 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 9 | 331 | E 12 | 343 |
| October | 305 | 1 | 11 | 316 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 10 | 298 | E 11 | 309 |
| November | 295 | 1 | 11 | 306 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 22 | 275 | E 11 | 286 |
| December | 335 | 1 | 12 | 348 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 30 | 307 | E 12 | 320 |
| Total | 3,902 | 8 | 145 | 4,055 | 45 | 20 | 25 | 269 | 3,661 | 150 | 3,811 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 315 | 1 | 13 | 329 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 13 | 305 | E 13 | 317 |
| February | 295 | 1 | 11 | 307 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 17 | 281 | E 11 | 292 |
| March | 306 | 1 | 12 | 319 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 19 | 290 | E 12 | 302 |
| April | 286 | 1 | 11 | 298 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 20 | 268 | E 11 | 280 |
| May | 318 | 1 | 12 | 331 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 33 | 287 | E 12 | 299 |
| June | 351 | 1 | 12 | 364 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 32 | 322 | E 12 | 334 |
| July | 396 | 1 | 13 | 410 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 38 | 362 | E 13 | 376 |
| August | 394 | 1 | 13 | 408 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 29 | 369 | E 13 | 382 |
| September | 319 | 1 | 12 | 332 | 2 | 2 | (s) | 3 | 317 | E 12 | 329 |
| October | 308 | 1 | 13 | 322 | 3 | 2 | (s) | 18 | 291 | E 13 | 304 |
| November | 297 | 1 | 12 | 309 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 21 | 277 | E 12 | 289 |
| December | 323 | 1 | 13 | 336 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 26 | 300 | E 13 | 313 |
| Total | 3,908 | 8 | 148 | 4,065 | 43 | 24 | 18 | 266 | 3,670 | 147 | 3,817 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 339 | 1 | 13 | 352 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 28 | 314 | E 12 | 326 |
| February | 313 | 1 | 11 | 324 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 16 | 301 | E 11 | 312 |
| March | 309 | 1 | 12 | 321 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 20 | 291 | E 12 | 303 |
| April | 292 | 1 | 11 | 304 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 22 | 274 | E 11 | 285 |
| May | 318 | 1 | 12 | 331 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 32 | 291 | E 12 | 303 |
| June | 350 | 1 | 12 | R 363 | 4 | 1 | 3 | R 33 | 321 | E 12 | 333 |
| July | R 380 | 1 | 13 | R 394 | 5 | 2 | 4 | R 34 | 351 | E 12 | 364 |
| August | 408 | 1 | 13 | 422 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 41 | 372 | E 13 | 385 |
| September | 342 | 1 | 12 | 355 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 336 | E 12 | 348 |
| October | 320 | 1 | 12 | 333 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 16 | 307 | E 12 | 319 |
| 10-Month Total ... | 3,371 | 7 | 121 | 3,499 | 43 | 16 | 27 | 249 | 3,157 | E 120 | 3,277 |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 3,289 | 7 | 124 | 3,419 | 36 | 21 | 15 | 219 | 3,093 | E 123 | 3,215 |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 3,272 | 7 | 122 | 3,401 | 37 | 16 | 21 | 216 | 3,079 | E 126 | 3,206 |

^a Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

^b Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.

^c Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants. Through 1988, data are for industrial hydroelectric power only.

^d Electricity transmitted across U.S. borders. Net imports equal imports minus exports.

^e Transmission and distribution losses (electricity losses that occur between the point of generation and delivery to the customer). See Note 2, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of Section 2.

^f Data collection frame differences and nonsampling error.

^g Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers by electric utilities and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.

^h Use of electricity that is 1) self-generated, 2) produced by either the same entity that consumes the power or an affiliate, and 3) used in direct support of a service or industrial process located within the same facility or group of facilities that house the generating equipment. Direct use is exclusive of station use.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 billion kilowatthours.

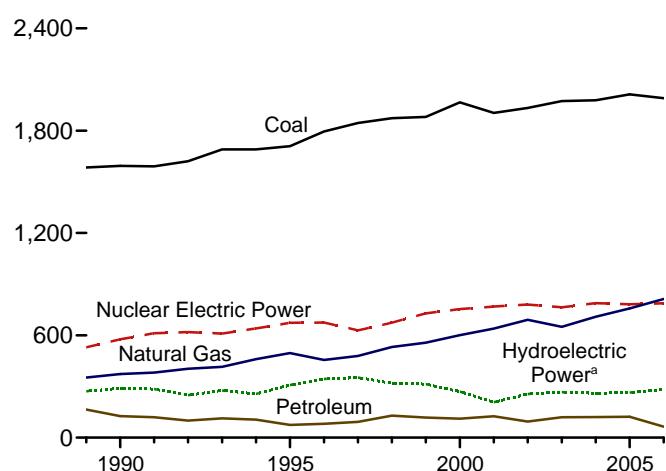
Notes: • See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

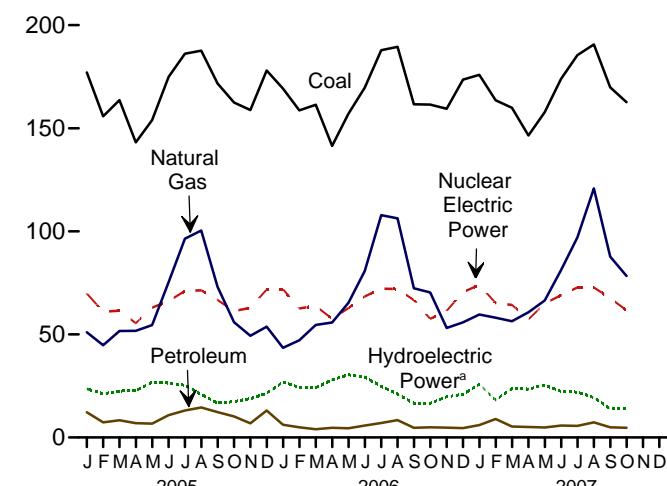
Sources: See end of section.

Figure 7.2 Electricity Net Generation
(Billion Kilowatthours)

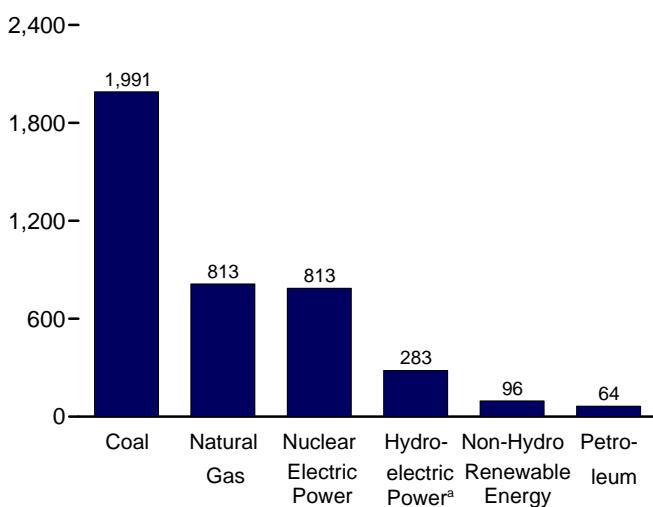
Total (All Sectors), Major Sources, 1989-2006



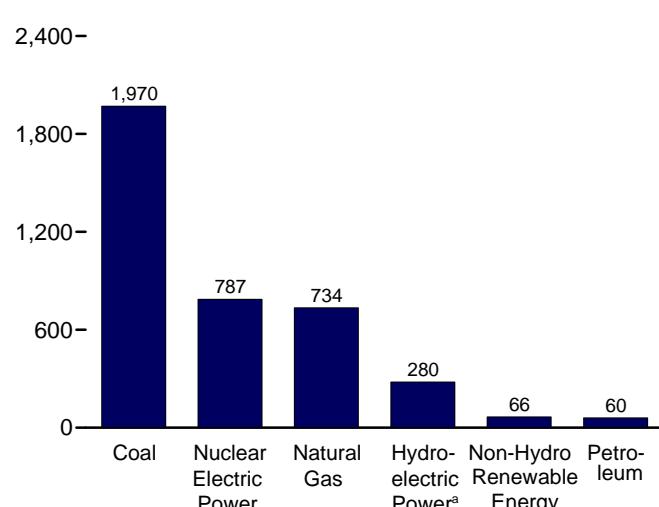
Total (All Sectors), Major Sources, Monthly



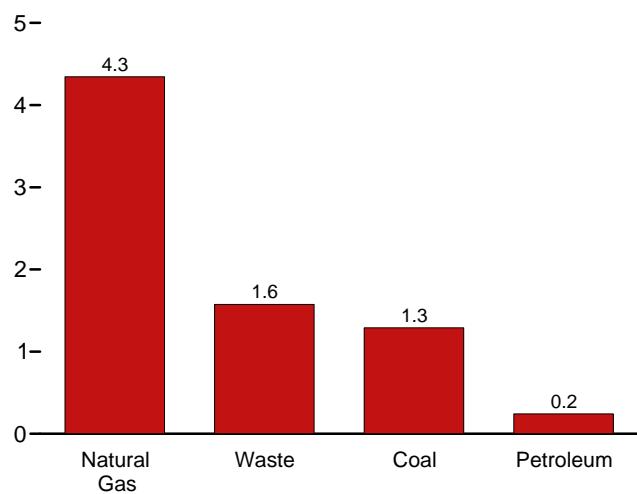
Total (All Sectors), Major Sources, 2006



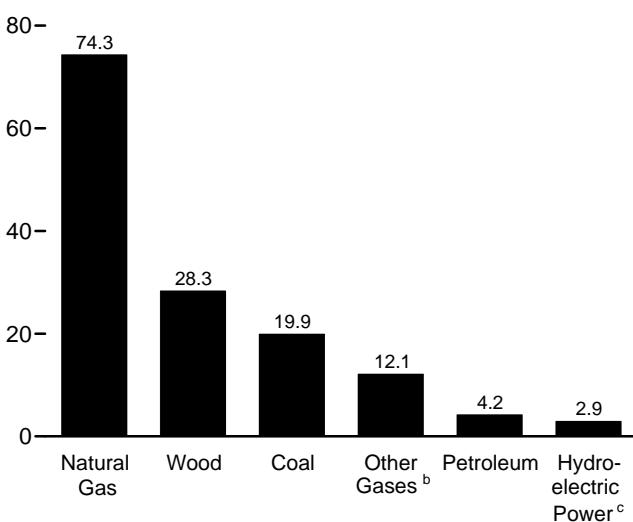
Electric Power Sector, Major Sources, 2006



Commercial Sector, Major Sources, 2006



Industrial Sector, Major Sources, 2006



^aConventional and pumped storage hydroelectric power.

^bBlast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

^cConventional hydroelectric power.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html>.

Sources: Tables 7.2a, 7.2b, and 7.2c.

Table 7.2a Electricity Net Generation: Total (All Sectors)

(Sum of Tables 7.2b and 7.2c; Million Kilowatthours)

| | Fossil Fuels | | | | Nuclear Electric Power | Hydro-electric Pumped Storage ^e | Renewable Energy | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | Coal ^a | Petro-leum ^b | Natural Gas ^c | Other Gases ^d | | | Conventional Hydro-electric Power | | Biomass | | Geo-thermal | Solar/-PV ^h | Wind | | | |
| | | | | | | | Wood ^f | Waste ^g | Wood ^f | Waste ^g | | | | | | |
| 1973 Total | 847,651 | 314,343 | 340,858 | NA | 83,479 | (j) | 275,431 | 130 | 198 | 1,966 | NA | NA | NA | 1,864,057 | | |
| 1975 Total | 852,786 | 289,095 | 299,778 | NA | 172,505 | (j) | 303,153 | 18 | 174 | 3,246 | NA | NA | NA | 1,920,755 | | |
| 1980 Total | 1,161,562 | 245,994 | 346,240 | NA | 251,116 | (j) | 279,182 | 275 | 158 | 5,073 | NA | NA | NA | 2,289,600 | | |
| 1985 Total | 1,402,128 | 100,202 | 291,946 | NA | 383,691 | (j) | 284,311 | 743 | 640 | 9,325 | 11 | 6 | 2,473,002 | | | |
| 1990 Total ^k | 1,594,011 | 126,621 | 372,765 | 10,383 | 576,862 | -3,508 | 292,866 | 32,522 | 13,260 | 15,434 | 367 | 2,789 | 3,037,988 | | | |
| 1995 Total | 1,709,426 | 74,554 | 496,058 | 13,870 | 673,402 | -2,725 | 310,833 | 36,521 | 20,405 | 13,378 | 497 | 3,164 | 3,353,487 | | | |
| 1996 Total | 1,795,196 | 81,411 | 455,056 | 14,356 | 674,729 | -3,088 | 347,162 | 36,800 | 20,911 | 14,329 | 521 | 3,234 | 3,444,188 | | | |
| 1997 Total | 1,845,016 | 92,555 | 479,399 | 13,351 | 628,644 | -4,040 | 356,453 | 36,948 | 21,709 | 14,726 | 511 | 3,288 | 3,492,172 | | | |
| 1998 Total | 1,873,516 | 128,800 | 531,257 | 13,492 | 673,702 | -4,467 | 323,336 | 36,338 | 22,448 | 14,774 | 502 | 3,026 | 3,620,295 | | | |
| 1999 Total | 1,881,087 | 118,061 | 556,396 | 14,126 | 728,254 | -6,097 | 319,536 | 37,041 | 22,572 | 14,827 | 495 | 4,488 | 3,694,810 | | | |
| 2000 Total | 1,966,265 | 111,221 | 601,038 | 13,955 | 753,893 | -5,539 | 275,573 | 37,595 | 23,131 | 14,093 | 493 | 5,593 | 3,802,105 | | | |
| 2001 Total | 1,903,956 | 124,880 | 639,129 | 9,039 | 768,826 | -8,823 | 216,961 | 35,200 | 14,548 | 13,741 | 543 | 6,737 | 3,736,644 | | | |
| 2002 Total | 1,933,130 | 94,567 | 691,006 | 11,463 | 780,064 | -8,743 | 264,329 | 38,665 | 15,044 | 14,491 | 555 | 10,354 | 3,858,452 | | | |
| 2003 Total | 1,973,737 | 119,406 | 649,908 | 15,600 | 763,733 | -8,535 | 275,806 | 37,529 | 15,812 | 14,424 | 534 | 11,187 | 3,883,185 | | | |
| 2004 Total | 1,978,620 | 120,771 | 708,854 | 16,766 | 788,528 | -8,488 | 268,417 | 37,576 | 15,497 | 14,811 | 575 | 14,144 | 3,970,555 | | | |
| 2005 | January | 177,036 | 12,236 | 51,049 | 1,390 | 69,828 | -725 | 24,272 | 3,311 | 1,287 | 1,252 | 9 | 1,132 | 343,121 | | |
| | February | 155,838 | 7,336 | 44,758 | 1,228 | 60,947 | -346 | 21,607 | 3,033 | 1,129 | 1,063 | 13 | 966 | 298,500 | | |
| | March | 163,664 | 8,349 | 51,674 | 1,431 | 61,539 | -497 | 22,936 | 3,257 | 1,283 | 1,204 | 38 | 1,561 | 317,458 | | |
| | April | 143,127 | 6,971 | 51,742 | 1,377 | 55,484 | -338 | 23,058 | 3,000 | 1,228 | 1,187 | 58 | 1,698 | 289,562 | | |
| | May | 153,966 | 6,738 | 54,546 | 1,471 | 62,970 | -466 | 27,279 | 3,087 | 1,357 | 1,264 | 81 | 1,746 | 315,062 | | |
| | June | 174,893 | 10,789 | 75,313 | 1,483 | 66,144 | -415 | 26,783 | 3,158 | 1,333 | 1,248 | 88 | 1,797 | 363,672 | | |
| | July | 186,112 | 13,074 | 96,450 | 1,511 | 71,070 | -625 | 25,957 | 3,409 | 1,387 | 1,273 | 72 | 1,421 | 402,274 | | |
| | August | 187,592 | 14,568 | 100,407 | 1,545 | 71,382 | -623 | 21,566 | 3,410 | 1,355 | 1,254 | 76 | 1,138 | 404,941 | | |
| | September | 171,681 | 12,308 | 73,092 | 1,399 | 66,739 | -680 | 17,364 | 3,251 | 1,280 | 1,223 | 61 | 1,468 | 350,218 | | |
| | October | 162,462 | 10,207 | 55,885 | 1,134 | 61,236 | -611 | 18,006 | 3,234 | 1,210 | 1,247 | 38 | 1,446 | 316,398 | | |
| | November | 158,822 | 6,873 | 49,321 | 1,068 | 62,913 | -554 | 19,353 | 3,192 | 1,295 | 1,220 | 13 | 1,610 | 306,115 | | |
| | December | 177,987 | 13,073 | 53,738 | 1,279 | 71,735 | -678 | 22,141 | 3,337 | 1,335 | 1,257 | 3 | 1,828 | 348,101 | | |
| | Total | 2,013,179 | 122,522 | 757,974 | 16,317 | 781,986 | -6,558 | 270,321 | 38,681 | 15,479 | 14,692 | 550 | 17,811 | 4,055,423 | | |
| 2006 | January | 169,258 | 6,144 | 43,529 | 1,326 | 71,912 | -533 | 27,437 | 3,426 | 1,391 | 1,230 | 13 | 2,383 | 328,658 | | |
| | February | 158,648 | 4,934 | 47,152 | 1,260 | 62,616 | -447 | 24,762 | 3,044 | 1,273 | 1,111 | 20 | 1,922 | 307,333 | | |
| | March | 161,355 | 4,035 | 54,585 | 1,421 | 63,721 | -435 | 24,625 | 3,214 | 1,342 | 1,261 | 33 | 2,359 | 318,730 | | |
| | April | 141,456 | 4,708 | 55,795 | 1,352 | 57,567 | -587 | 28,556 | 2,968 | 1,228 | 1,129 | 52 | 2,472 | 297,858 | | |
| | May | 157,051 | 4,440 | 65,302 | 1,440 | 62,776 | -444 | 30,818 | 3,024 | 1,371 | 1,096 | 71 | 2,459 | 330,616 | | |
| | June | 169,726 | 5,787 | 80,787 | 1,326 | 68,391 | -423 | 29,757 | 3,126 | 1,328 | 1,199 | 70 | 2,052 | 364,260 | | |
| | July | 187,860 | 7,024 | 107,862 | 1,374 | 72,186 | -638 | 25,439 | 3,419 | 1,401 | 1,261 | 62 | 1,955 | 410,421 | | |
| | August | 189,488 | 8,388 | 106,289 | 1,474 | 72,016 | -695 | 21,728 | 3,466 | 1,388 | 1,289 | 83 | 1,655 | 407,763 | | |
| | September | 161,630 | 4,661 | 72,402 | 1,299 | 66,642 | -629 | 17,201 | 3,241 | 1,309 | 1,219 | 54 | 1,879 | 332,055 | | |
| | October | 161,434 | 4,907 | 70,351 | 1,358 | 57,509 | -507 | 17,055 | 3,193 | 1,336 | 1,275 | 32 | 2,442 | 321,567 | | |
| | November | 159,472 | 4,760 | 53,161 | 1,216 | 61,392 | -553 | 20,272 | 3,166 | 1,360 | 1,207 | 16 | 2,540 | 309,159 | | |
| | December | 173,547 | 4,577 | 55,829 | 1,215 | 70,490 | -667 | 21,596 | 3,360 | 1,385 | 1,290 | 3 | 2,472 | 336,283 | | |
| | Total | 1,990,926 | 64,364 | 813,044 | 16,060 | 787,219 | -6,558 | 289,246 | 38,649 | 16,110 | 14,568 | 508 | 26,589 | 4,064,702 | | |
| 2007 | January | 175,919 | 5,986 | 59,653 | 1,322 | 74,006 | -572 | 26,405 | 3,288 | 1,446 | 1,306 | 13 | 2,459 | 352,369 | | |
| | February | 163,590 | 8,959 | 58,087 | 1,173 | 65,225 | -447 | 18,648 | 3,046 | 1,320 | 1,193 | 19 | 2,541 | 324,415 | | |
| | March | 159,904 | 5,333 | 56,363 | 1,419 | 64,305 | -458 | 24,272 | 3,100 | 1,465 | 1,216 | 48 | 3,061 | 321,198 | | |
| | April | 146,516 | 5,056 | 60,729 | 1,337 | 57,301 | -374 | 23,854 | 3,043 | 1,283 | 1,165 | 54 | 3,194 | 304,309 | | |
| | May | 157,841 | 4,882 | 66,469 | 1,341 | 65,025 | -547 | 25,930 | 3,070 | 1,376 | 1,168 | 84 | 2,858 | 330,701 | | |
| | June | 173,990 | 5,762 | 81,185 | 1,361 | R 68,923 | -523 | 22,860 | 3,204 | 1,449 | 1,250 | 84 | 2,395 | R 363,084 | | |
| | July | 185,433 | 5,593 | 97,046 | 1,366 | R 72,729 | -595 | 22,623 | 3,349 | 1,491 | 1,264 | 86 | 1,928 | R 393,503 | | |
| | August | 190,681 | 7,327 | 120,761 | 1,339 | 72,751 | -651 | 20,002 | 3,382 | 1,461 | 1,267 | 75 | 2,446 | 422,053 | | |
| | September | 169,839 | 4,904 | 87,741 | 1,266 | 67,582 | -756 | 14,667 | 3,247 | 1,432 | 1,230 | 68 | 2,641 | 354,981 | | |
| | October | 162,642 | 4,714 | 78,321 | 1,164 | 61,690 | -786 | 14,826 | 3,223 | 1,261 | 1,278 | 48 | 3,056 | 332,609 | | |
| | 10-Month Total ... | 1,686,356 | 58,516 | 766,356 | 13,086 | 669,536 | -5,708 | 214,087 | 31,952 | 13,984 | 12,339 | 580 | 26,579 | 3,499,222 | | |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 1,657,907 | 55,027 | 704,054 | 13,630 | 655,337 | -5,338 | 247,379 | 32,122 | 13,365 | 12,071 | 489 | 21,577 | 3,419,260 | | | |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 1,676,370 | 102,576 | 654,916 | 13,970 | 647,339 | -5,325 | 228,827 | 32,152 | 12,849 | 12,215 | 535 | 14,373 | 3,401,206 | | | |

^a Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.

^b Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, and waste oil.

^c Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.

^d Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

^e Pumped storage facility production minus energy used for pumping.

^f Wood and wood-derived fuels.

^g Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^h Solar thermal and photovoltaic energy.

ⁱ Includes batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^j Included in "Conventional Hydroelectric Power."

^k Through 1988, all data except hydroelectric are for electric utilities only; hydroelectric data through 1988 include industrial plants as well as electric utilities. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities, independent power producers, commercial plants, and industrial plants.

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See sources for Tables 7.2b and 7.2c.

Table 7.2b Electricity Net Generation: Electric Power Sector

(Subset of Table 7.2a; Million Kilowatthours)

| | Fossil Fuels | | | | Nuclear Electric Power | Hydro- electric Pumped Storage ^e | Conven- tional Hydro- electric Power | Renewable Energy | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | Coal ^a | Petro- leum ^b | Natural Gas ^c | Other Gases ^d | | | | Biomass | | Geo- thermal | Solar/- PV ^h | Wind | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Wood ^f | Waste ^g | | | | | | | | |
| 1973 Total | 847,651 | 314,343 | 340,858 | NA | 83,479 | (j) | 272,083 | 130 | 198 | 1,966 | NA | NA | 1,860,710 | | | | |
| 1975 Total | 852,786 | 289,095 | 299,778 | NA | 172,505 | (j) | 300,047 | 18 | 174 | 3,246 | NA | NA | 1,917,649 | | | | |
| 1980 Total | 1,161,562 | 245,994 | 346,240 | NA | 251,116 | (j) | 276,021 | 275 | 158 | 5,073 | NA | NA | 2,286,439 | | | | |
| 1985 Total | 1,402,128 | 100,202 | 291,946 | NA | 383,691 | (j) | 281,149 | 743 | 640 | 9,325 | 11 | 6 | 2,469,841 | | | | |
| 1990 Total ^k | 1,572,109 | 118,864 | 309,486 | 621 | 576,862 | -3,508 | 289,753 | 7,032 | 11,500 | 15,434 | 367 | 2,789 | 2,901,322 | | | | |
| 1995 Total | 1,686,056 | 68,146 | 419,179 | 1,927 | 673,402 | -2,725 | 305,410 | 7,597 | 17,986 | 13,378 | 497 | 3,164 | 3,194,230 | | | | |
| 1996 Total | 1,771,973 | 74,783 | 378,757 | 1,341 | 674,729 | -3,088 | 341,159 | 8,386 | 17,816 | 14,329 | 521 | 3,234 | 3,284,141 | | | | |
| 1997 Total | 1,820,762 | 86,479 | 399,596 | 1,533 | 628,644 | -4,040 | 350,648 | 8,680 | 18,485 | 14,726 | 511 | 3,288 | 3,329,375 | | | | |
| 1998 Total | 1,850,193 | 122,211 | 449,293 | 2,315 | 673,702 | -4,467 | 317,867 | 8,608 | 19,233 | 14,774 | 502 | 3,026 | 3,457,416 | | | | |
| 1999 Total | 1,858,618 | 111,539 | 472,996 | 1,607 | 728,254 | -6,097 | 314,663 | 8,961 | 19,493 | 14,827 | 495 | 4,488 | 3,529,982 | | | | |
| 2000 Total | 1,943,111 | 105,192 | 517,978 | 2,028 | 753,893 | -5,539 | 271,338 | 8,916 | 20,307 | 14,093 | 493 | 5,593 | 3,637,529 | | | | |
| 2001 Total | 1,882,826 | 119,149 | 554,940 | 586 | 768,826 | -8,823 | 213,749 | 8,294 | 12,944 | 13,741 | 543 | 6,737 | 3,580,053 | | | | |
| 2002 Total | 1,910,613 | 89,733 | 607,683 | 1,970 | 780,064 | -8,743 | 260,491 | 9,009 | 13,145 | 14,491 | 555 | 10,354 | 3,698,458 | | | | |
| 2003 Total | 1,952,714 | 113,697 | 567,303 | 2,647 | 763,733 | -8,535 | 271,512 | 9,528 | 13,808 | 14,424 | 534 | 11,187 | 3,721,159 | | | | |
| 2004 Total | 1,957,194 | 114,692 | 627,394 | 3,026 | 788,528 | -8,488 | 265,064 | 9,727 | 13,130 | 14,811 | 575 | 14,144 | 3,808,360 | | | | |
| 2005 January | 175,246 | 11,553 | 44,864 | 285 | 69,828 | -725 | 23,922 | 897 | 1,070 | 1,252 | 9 | 1,132 | 329,896 | | | | |
| February | 154,169 | 6,858 | 39,010 | 267 | 60,947 | -346 | 21,331 | 835 | 947 | 1,063 | 13 | 966 | 286,566 | | | | |
| March | 161,867 | 7,881 | 45,473 | 358 | 61,539 | -497 | 22,632 | 907 | 1,082 | 1,204 | 38 | 1,561 | 304,624 | | | | |
| April | 141,464 | 6,510 | 45,901 | 334 | 55,484 | -338 | 22,771 | 717 | 1,042 | 1,187 | 58 | 1,698 | 277,402 | | | | |
| May | 152,347 | 6,344 | 48,392 | 323 | 62,970 | -466 | 27,003 | 785 | 1,146 | 1,264 | 81 | 1,746 | 302,523 | | | | |
| June | 173,149 | 10,367 | 68,472 | 349 | 66,144 | -415 | 26,480 | 858 | 1,119 | 1,248 | 88 | 1,797 | 350,246 | | | | |
| July | 184,212 | 12,529 | 88,867 | 369 | 71,070 | -625 | 25,662 | 980 | 1,169 | 1,273 | 72 | 1,421 | 387,630 | | | | |
| August | 185,729 | 14,067 | 92,719 | 401 | 71,382 | -623 | 21,343 | 995 | 1,139 | 1,254 | 76 | 1,138 | 390,258 | | | | |
| September | 169,921 | 11,885 | 67,013 | 341 | 66,739 | -680 | 17,143 | 918 | 1,075 | 1,223 | 61 | 1,468 | 337,681 | | | | |
| October | 160,731 | 9,763 | 50,833 | 310 | 61,236 | -611 | 17,781 | 858 | 1,021 | 1,247 | 38 | 1,446 | 305,201 | | | | |
| November | 157,090 | 6,454 | 44,001 | 284 | 62,913 | -554 | 19,124 | 861 | 1,096 | 1,220 | 13 | 1,610 | 294,691 | | | | |
| December | 176,135 | 12,557 | 47,771 | 339 | 71,735 | -678 | 21,845 | 956 | 1,134 | 1,257 | 3 | 1,828 | 335,474 | | | | |
| Total | 1,992,060 | 116,767 | 683,316 | 3,960 | 781,986 | -6,558 | 267,040 | 10,568 | 13,039 | 14,692 | 550 | 17,811 | 3,902,192 | | | | |
| 2006 January | 167,478 | 5,706 | 36,940 | 331 | 71,912 | -533 | 27,067 | 925 | 1,194 | 1,230 | 13 | 2,383 | 315,254 | | | | |
| February | 157,019 | 4,539 | 41,285 | 283 | 62,616 | -447 | 24,469 | 862 | 1,095 | 1,111 | 20 | 1,922 | 295,333 | | | | |
| March | 159,599 | 3,644 | 48,426 | 335 | 63,721 | -435 | 24,402 | 899 | 1,188 | 1,261 | 33 | 2,359 | 306,041 | | | | |
| April | 139,729 | 4,365 | 50,051 | 324 | 57,567 | -587 | 28,361 | 686 | 1,054 | 1,129 | 52 | 2,472 | 285,788 | | | | |
| May | 155,291 | 4,094 | 58,671 | 359 | 62,776 | -444 | 30,628 | 760 | 1,171 | 1,096 | 71 | 2,459 | 317,522 | | | | |
| June | 167,907 | 5,447 | 74,192 | 347 | 68,391 | -423 | 29,571 | 841 | 1,155 | 1,199 | 70 | 2,052 | 351,360 | | | | |
| July | 185,953 | 6,668 | 100,539 | 285 | 72,186 | -638 | 25,216 | 919 | 1,217 | 1,261 | 62 | 1,955 | 396,263 | | | | |
| August | 187,578 | 7,994 | 98,893 | 394 | 72,016 | -695 | 21,546 | 976 | 1,211 | 1,289 | 83 | 1,655 | 393,589 | | | | |
| September | 159,906 | 4,305 | 65,905 | 327 | 66,642 | -629 | 16,996 | 866 | 1,135 | 1,219 | 54 | 1,879 | 319,181 | | | | |
| October | 159,684 | 4,605 | 63,526 | 324 | 57,509 | -507 | 16,774 | 844 | 1,150 | 1,275 | 32 | 2,442 | 308,218 | | | | |
| November | 157,819 | 4,405 | 46,953 | 315 | 61,392 | -553 | 19,903 | 852 | 1,173 | 1,207 | 16 | 2,540 | 296,571 | | | | |
| December | 171,812 | 4,154 | 49,062 | 317 | 70,490 | -667 | 21,320 | 902 | 1,191 | 1,290 | 3 | 2,472 | 322,957 | | | | |
| Total | 1,969,776 | 59,926 | 734,445 | 3,940 | 787,219 | -6,558 | 286,254 | 10,332 | 13,934 | 14,568 | 508 | 26,589 | 3,908,077 | | | | |
| 2007 January | 174,363 | 5,581 | 52,809 | 354 | 74,006 | -572 | 25,988 | 928 | 1,256 | 1,306 | 13 | 2,459 | 339,100 | | | | |
| February | 162,144 | 8,541 | 52,023 | 316 | 65,225 | -447 | 18,433 | 891 | 1,153 | 1,193 | 19 | 2,541 | 312,564 | | | | |
| March | 158,293 | 4,923 | 50,151 | 338 | 64,305 | -458 | 24,051 | 847 | 1,262 | 1,216 | 48 | 3,061 | 308,636 | | | | |
| April | 145,057 | 4,660 | 54,757 | 307 | 57,301 | -374 | 23,645 | 711 | 1,135 | 1,165 | 54 | 3,194 | 292,179 | | | | |
| May | 156,280 | 4,493 | 60,109 | 305 | 65,025 | -547 | 25,740 | 791 | 1,197 | 1,168 | 84 | 2,858 | 318,095 | | | | |
| June | 172,436 | 5,425 | 74,733 | 343 | R 68,923 | -523 | 22,637 | 888 | 1,252 | 1,250 | 84 | 2,395 | R 350,467 | | | | |
| July | 183,806 | 5,259 | 90,115 | 331 | R 72,729 | -595 | 22,482 | 900 | 1,276 | 1,264 | 86 | 1,928 | R 380,189 | | | | |
| August | 189,024 | 6,976 | 113,383 | 347 | 72,751 | -651 | 19,783 | 942 | 1,266 | 1,267 | 75 | 2,446 | 408,235 | | | | |
| September | 168,307 | 4,636 | 80,961 | 310 | 67,582 | -756 | 14,560 | 872 | 1,244 | 1,230 | 68 | 2,641 | 342,234 | | | | |
| October | 161,114 | 4,425 | 71,402 | 301 | 61,690 | -786 | 14,707 | 838 | 1,065 | 1,278 | 48 | 3,056 | 319,740 | | | | |
| 10-Month Total ... | 1,670,822 | 54,920 | 700,443 | 3,251 | 669,536 | -5,708 | 212,027 | 8,606 | 12,105 | 12,339 | 580 | 26,579 | 3,371,440 | | | | |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 1,640,145 | 51,366 | 638,430 | 3,308 | 655,337 | -5,338 | 245,030 | 8,578 | 11,570 | 12,071 | 489 | 21,577 | 3,288,549 | | | | |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 1,658,835 | 97,757 | 591,544 | 3,338 | 647,339 | -5,325 | 226,070 | 8,750 | 10,810 | 12,215 | 535 | 14,373 | 3,272,027 | | | | |

^a Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.

^b Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, and waste oil.

^c Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.

^d Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

^e Pumped storage facility production minus energy used for pumping.

^f Wood and wood-derived fuels.

^g Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^h Solar thermal and photovoltaic energy.

ⁱ Includes batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur,

miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^j Included in "Conventional Hydroelectric Power."

^k Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Notes: • The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 7.2c Electricity Net Generation: Commercial and Industrial Sectors

(Subset of Table 7.2a; Million Kilowatthours)

| | Commercial Sector ^a | | | | | Industrial Sector ^b | | | | | | | | Total ^k |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|
| | Coal ^c | Petroleum ^d | Natural Gas ^e | Biomass | Total ^g | Coal ^c | Petroleum ^d | Natural Gas ^e | Other Gases ^h | Hydro-electric Power ⁱ | Biomass | | | |
| | | | Waste ^f | | | | | | | | Wood ^j | Waste ^f | | |
| 1973 Total | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 3,347 | NA | NA | NA | 3,347 |
| 1975 Total | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 3,106 | NA | NA | NA | 3,106 |
| 1980 Total | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 3,161 | NA | NA | NA | 3,161 |
| 1985 Total | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 3,161 | NA | NA | NA | 3,161 |
| 1990 Total | 796 | 589 | 3,272 | 812 | 5,837 | 21,107 | 7,169 | 60,007 | 9,641 | 2,975 | 25,379 | 949 | 130,830 | |
| 1995 Total | 998 | 379 | 5,162 | 1,519 | 8,232 | 22,372 | 6,030 | 71,717 | 11,943 | 5,304 | 28,868 | 900 | 151,025 | |
| 1996 Total | 1,051 | 369 | 5,249 | 2,176 | 9,030 | 22,172 | 6,260 | 71,049 | 13,015 | 5,878 | 28,354 | 919 | 151,017 | |
| 1997 Total | 1,040 | 427 | 4,725 | 2,342 | 8,701 | 23,214 | 5,649 | 75,078 | 11,814 | 5,685 | 28,225 | 882 | 154,097 | |
| 1998 Total | 985 | 383 | 4,879 | 2,335 | 8,748 | 22,337 | 6,206 | 77,085 | 11,170 | 5,349 | 27,693 | 880 | 154,132 | |
| 1999 Total | 995 | 434 | 4,607 | 2,393 | 8,563 | 21,474 | 6,088 | 78,793 | 12,519 | 4,758 | 28,060 | 686 | 156,264 | |
| 2000 Total | 1,097 | 432 | 4,262 | 1,985 | 7,903 | 22,056 | 5,597 | 78,798 | 11,927 | 4,135 | 28,652 | 839 | 156,673 | |
| 2001 Total | 995 | 438 | 4,434 | 1,007 | 7,416 | 20,135 | 5,293 | 79,755 | 8,454 | 3,145 | 26,888 | 596 | 149,175 | |
| 2002 Total | 992 | 431 | 4,310 | 1,053 | 7,415 | 21,525 | 4,403 | 79,013 | 9,493 | 3,825 | 29,643 | 846 | 152,580 | |
| 2003 Total | 1,206 | 423 | 3,899 | 1,289 | 7,496 | 19,817 | 5,285 | 78,705 | 12,953 | 4,222 | 27,988 | 715 | 154,530 | |
| 2004 Total | 1,323 | 469 | 4,051 | 1,527 | 8,270 | 20,103 | 5,610 | 77,409 | 13,740 | 3,248 | 27,835 | 840 | 153,925 | |
| 2005 January | 117 | 57 | 353 | 137 | 737 | 1,672 | 626 | 5,832 | 1,105 | 339 | 2,413 | 80 | 12,489 | |
| February | 112 | 38 | 313 | 123 | 656 | 1,556 | 441 | 5,434 | 961 | 265 | 2,196 | 58 | 11,279 | |
| March | 111 | 31 | 353 | 136 | 702 | 1,686 | 437 | 5,848 | 1,073 | 295 | 2,350 | 65 | 12,132 | |
| April | 90 | 23 | 344 | 124 | 649 | 1,573 | 438 | 5,496 | 1,043 | 275 | 2,283 | 62 | 11,512 | |
| May | 92 | 22 | 343 | 146 | 686 | 1,527 | 372 | 5,811 | 1,147 | 262 | 2,301 | 65 | 11,853 | |
| June | 119 | 28 | 387 | 149 | 763 | 1,626 | 393 | 6,454 | 1,134 | 296 | 2,299 | 65 | 12,662 | |
| July | 127 | 32 | 443 | 148 | 823 | 1,773 | 512 | 7,140 | 1,142 | 291 | 2,427 | 70 | 13,821 | |
| August | 123 | 31 | 458 | 142 | 821 | 1,739 | 471 | 7,230 | 1,144 | 222 | 2,414 | 74 | 13,862 | |
| September | 112 | 29 | 368 | 140 | 718 | 1,647 | 394 | 5,711 | 1,057 | 218 | 2,331 | 64 | 11,819 | |
| October | 101 | 26 | 320 | 129 | 644 | 1,630 | 418 | 4,731 | 825 | 221 | 2,375 | 60 | 10,553 | |
| November | 106 | 22 | 292 | 136 | 627 | 1,626 | 397 | 5,028 | 784 | 222 | 2,330 | 62 | 10,797 | |
| December | 117 | 37 | 303 | 138 | 665 | 1,735 | 479 | 5,663 | 941 | 289 | 2,379 | 63 | 11,962 | |
| Total | 1,329 | 375 | 4,279 | 1,650 | 8,492 | 19,791 | 5,380 | 70,380 | 12,356 | 3,195 | 28,098 | 789 | 144,739 | |
| 2006 January | 117 | 26 | 322 | 139 | 684 | 1,664 | 411 | 6,266 | 994 | 357 | 2,500 | 57 | 12,720 | |
| February | 112 | 29 | 298 | 128 | 643 | 1,516 | 366 | 5,568 | 975 | 281 | 2,180 | 49 | 11,357 | |
| March | 99 | 32 | 333 | 111 | 643 | 1,656 | 359 | 5,825 | 1,084 | 210 | 2,313 | 43 | 12,046 | |
| April | 86 | 24 | 306 | 129 | 625 | 1,641 | 319 | 5,438 | 1,026 | 185 | 2,281 | 45 | 11,445 | |
| May | 98 | 17 | 363 | 147 | 713 | 1,662 | 329 | 6,269 | 1,079 | 182 | 2,262 | 52 | 12,380 | |
| June | 113 | 15 | 381 | 129 | 724 | 1,706 | 326 | 6,213 | 977 | 177 | 2,284 | 44 | 12,176 | |
| July | 123 | 18 | 439 | 130 | 783 | 1,784 | 338 | 6,884 | 1,087 | 220 | 2,498 | 54 | 13,375 | |
| August | 127 | 17 | 437 | 129 | 780 | 1,784 | 376 | 6,959 | 1,078 | 182 | 2,488 | 49 | 13,394 | |
| September | 100 | 13 | 369 | 127 | 682 | 1,624 | 343 | 6,128 | 971 | 202 | 2,374 | 46 | 12,193 | |
| October | 95 | 11 | 392 | 133 | 704 | 1,655 | 291 | 6,433 | 1,032 | 279 | 2,348 | 54 | 12,645 | |
| November | 108 | 15 | 347 | 134 | 682 | 1,545 | 339 | 5,862 | 898 | 358 | 2,312 | 53 | 11,906 | |
| December | 111 | 24 | 358 | 138 | 709 | 1,625 | 398 | 6,410 | 896 | 266 | 2,457 | 55 | 12,617 | |
| Total | 1,289 | 242 | 4,345 | 1,574 | 8,371 | 19,861 | 4,197 | 74,255 | 12,096 | 2,899 | 28,296 | 601 | 148,254 | |
| 2007 January | 113 | 29 | 355 | 140 | 717 | 1,443 | 376 | 6,489 | 966 | 402 | 2,359 | 50 | 12,552 | |
| February | 114 | 28 | 349 | 121 | 676 | 1,332 | 391 | 5,716 | 856 | 207 | 2,153 | 46 | 11,176 | |
| March | 109 | 25 | 363 | 144 | 716 | 1,502 | 384 | 5,849 | 1,079 | 211 | 2,251 | 60 | 11,846 | |
| April | 93 | 21 | 350 | 109 | 651 | 1,366 | 375 | 5,621 | 1,028 | 200 | 2,330 | 39 | 11,478 | |
| May | 100 | 13 | 362 | 132 | 690 | 1,462 | 377 | 5,998 | 1,035 | 180 | 2,278 | 47 | 11,916 | |
| June | 99 | 10 | 394 | 143 | 719 | 1,456 | 327 | 6,059 | 1,017 | 218 | 2,314 | 54 | 11,897 | |
| July | 105 | 10 | 417 | 152 | 758 | 1,522 | 324 | 6,513 | 1,033 | 142 | 2,448 | 63 | 12,556 | |
| August | 117 | 15 | 432 | 136 | 770 | 1,541 | 336 | 6,946 | 990 | 216 | 2,439 | 59 | 13,048 | |
| September | 104 | 10 | 379 | 132 | 690 | 1,428 | 258 | 6,402 | 954 | 107 | 2,374 | 57 | 12,057 | |
| October | 106 | 11 | 392 | 140 | 724 | 1,423 | 278 | 6,526 | 861 | 117 | 2,384 | 56 | 12,145 | |
| 10-Month Total ... | 1,060 | 171 | 3,793 | 1,348 | 7,112 | 14,474 | 3,425 | 62,120 | 9,818 | 1,999 | 23,330 | 531 | 120,671 | |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 1,070 | 202 | 3,640 | 1,302 | 6,980 | 16,692 | 3,459 | 61,983 | 10,302 | 2,275 | 23,527 | 493 | 123,732 | |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 1,105 | 317 | 3,684 | 1,376 | 7,200 | 16,430 | 4,503 | 59,688 | 10,632 | 2,684 | 23,389 | 664 | 121,980 | |

^a Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.

^b Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants.

^c Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.

^d Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, and waste oil.

^e Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.

^f Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^g Includes a small amount of conventional hydroelectric power, other gases, wood, and other, which are not separately displayed.

^h Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

ⁱ Conventional hydroelectric power.

^j Wood and wood-derived fuels.

^k Includes batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

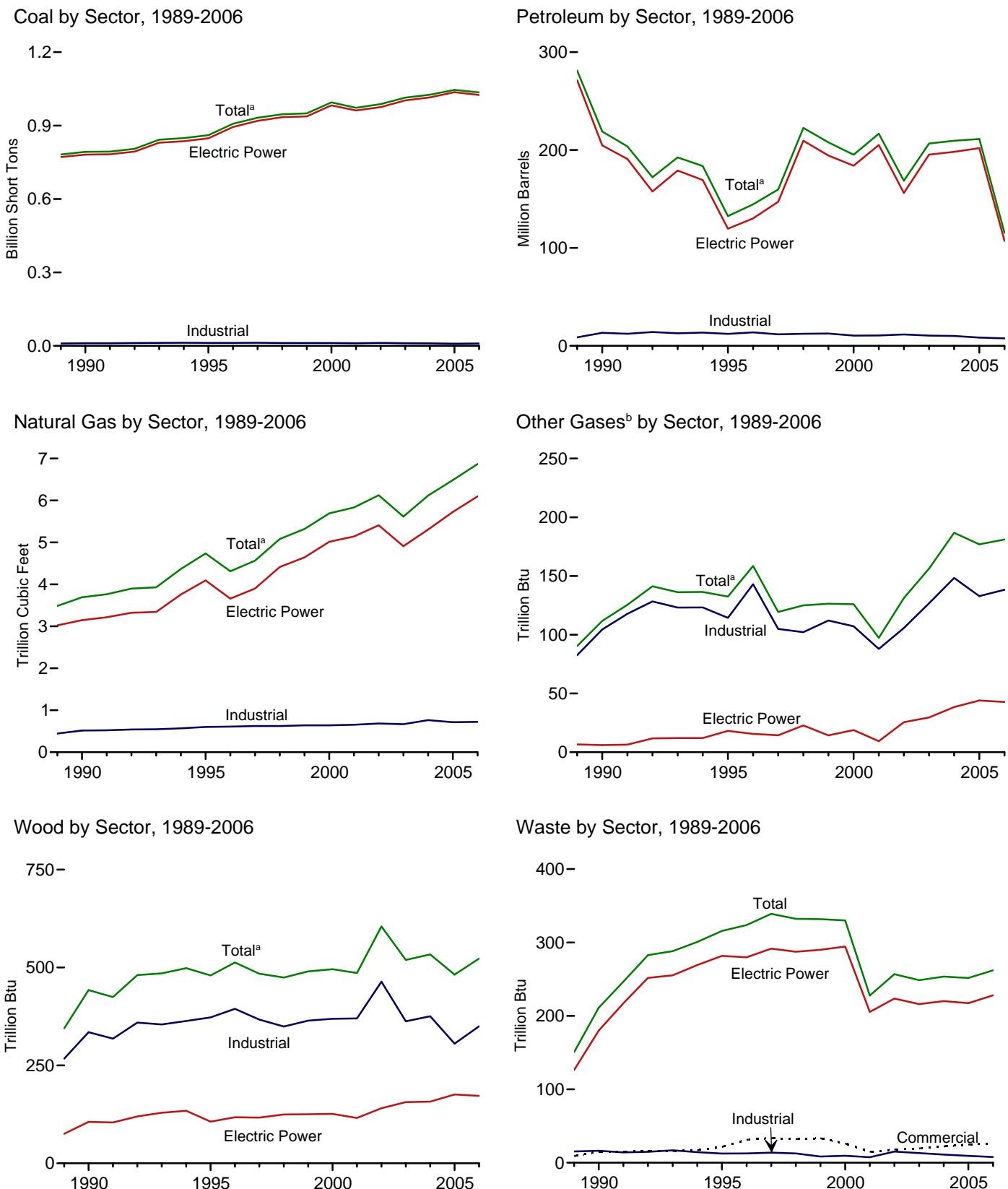
NA=Not available.

Notes: • See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Figure 7.3 Consumption of Selected Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation



^aIncludes commercial sector.

^bBlast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html>.

Sources: Tables 7.3a, 7.3b, and 7.3c.

**Table 7.3a Consumption of Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation:
Total (All Sectors) (Sum of Tables 7.3b and 7.3c)**

| | Coal ^a | Petroleum | | | | | Natural Gas ^f | Other Gases ^g | Biomass | | Other ⁱ |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Distillate Fuel Oil ^b | Residual Fuel Oil ^c | Other Liquids ^d | Petroleum Coke ^e | Total ^e | | | Wood ^h | Waste ⁱ | |
| | | Thousand Short Tons | Thousand Barrels | | | Thousand Short Tons | Thousand Barrels | Billion Cubic Feet | Trillion Btu | | |
| 1973 Total | 389,212 | 47,058 | 513,190 | NA | 507 | 562,781 | 3,660 | NA | 1 | 2 | NA |
| 1975 Total | 405,962 | 38,907 | 467,221 | NA | 70 | 506,479 | 3,158 | NA | (s) | 2 | NA |
| 1980 Total | 569,274 | 29,051 | 391,163 | NA | 179 | 421,110 | 3,682 | NA | 3 | 2 | NA |
| 1985 Total | 693,841 | 14,635 | 158,779 | NA | 231 | 174,571 | 3,044 | NA | 8 | 7 | NA |
| 1990 Total ^k | 792,457 | 18,143 | 190,849 | 437 | 1,914 | 218,997 | 3,692 | 112 | 442 | 211 | 36 |
| 1995 Total | 860,594 | 19,615 | 95,507 | 680 | 3,355 | 132,578 | 4,738 | 133 | 480 | 316 | 42 |
| 1996 Total | 907,209 | 20,252 | 106,055 | 1,712 | 3,322 | 144,626 | 4,312 | 159 | 513 | 324 | 37 |
| 1997 Total | 931,949 | 20,309 | 118,741 | 237 | 4,086 | 159,715 | 4,565 | 119 | 484 | 339 | 36 |
| 1998 Total | 946,295 | 25,062 | 172,728 | 549 | 4,860 | 222,640 | 5,081 | 125 | 475 | 332 | 36 |
| 1999 Total | 949,802 | 25,951 | 158,187 | 974 | 4,552 | 207,871 | 5,322 | 126 | 490 | 332 | 41 |
| 2000 Total | 994,933 | 31,675 | 143,381 | 1,450 | 3,744 | 195,228 | 5,691 | 126 | 496 | 330 | 46 |
| 2001 Total | 972,691 | 31,150 | 165,312 | 855 | 3,871 | 216,672 | 5,832 | 97 | 486 | 228 | 160 |
| 2002 Total | 987,583 | 23,286 | 109,235 | 1,894 | 6,836 | 168,597 | 6,126 | 131 | 605 | 257 | 191 |
| 2003 Total | 1,014,058 | 29,672 | 142,518 | 2,947 | 6,303 | 206,653 | 5,616 | 156 | 519 | 249 | 193 |
| 2004 Total | 1,026,018 | 20,669 | 145,171 | 3,959 | 7,942 | 209,508 | 6,117 | 187 | 534 | 254 | 176 |
| 2005 | January | 92,455 | 3,227 | 13,679 | 722 | 726 | 21,258 | 437 | 15 | 42 | 21 |
| | February | 80,977 | 962 | 8,164 | 153 | 664 | 12,600 | 378 | 16 | 40 | 18 |
| | March | 84,319 | 1,097 | 9,396 | 167 | 704 | 14,178 | 438 | 19 | 40 | 21 |
| | April | 74,179 | 1,116 | 7,482 | 211 | 646 | 12,040 | 440 | 14 | 35 | 20 |
| | May | 79,933 | 1,216 | 6,724 | 146 | 720 | 11,688 | 475 | 14 | 39 | 22 |
| | June | 90,200 | 1,510 | 13,198 | 170 | 765 | 18,703 | 652 | 15 | 41 | 22 |
| | July | 97,040 | 2,297 | 16,077 | 345 | 758 | 22,509 | 843 | 15 | 44 | 22 |
| | August | 98,043 | 2,553 | 18,200 | 403 | 794 | 25,127 | 857 | 15 | 42 | 22 |
| | September | 89,217 | 1,952 | 15,510 | 236 | 695 | 21,174 | 626 | 14 | 41 | 21 |
| | October | 84,716 | 1,522 | 12,364 | 198 | 695 | 17,560 | 474 | 13 | 39 | 20 |
| | November | 82,220 | 1,125 | 7,526 | 164 | 634 | 11,983 | 415 | 13 | 38 | 21 |
| | December | 92,577 | 2,585 | 15,913 | 389 | 710 | 22,436 | 452 | 14 | 41 | 22 |
| | Total | 1,045,878 | 21,163 | 144,234 | 3,303 | 8,511 | 211,256 | 6,487 | 177 | 482 | 252 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 161 |
| 2006 | January | 88,061 | 1,106 | 5,872 | 221 | 738 | 10,889 | 370 | 15 | 47 | 23 |
| | February | 81,720 | 1,006 | 4,569 | 174 | 657 | 9,033 | 392 | 15 | 41 | 21 |
| | March | 83,233 | 832 | 3,190 | 238 | 620 | 7,360 | 458 | 16 | 45 | 22 |
| | April | 73,270 | 1,047 | 3,817 | 175 | 631 | 8,193 | 472 | 15 | 38 | 20 |
| | May | 81,254 | 1,045 | 3,691 | 246 | 591 | 7,936 | 559 | 16 | 41 | 22 |
| | June | 88,045 | 1,187 | 5,581 | 230 | 659 | 10,291 | 685 | 15 | 43 | 21 |
| | July | 97,912 | 1,495 | 7,200 | 268 | 721 | 12,570 | 924 | 15 | 45 | 23 |
| | August | 98,970 | 1,683 | 9,414 | 342 | 679 | 14,836 | 902 | 17 | 47 | 23 |
| | September | 85,051 | 840 | 4,247 | 225 | 619 | 8,409 | 603 | 15 | 43 | 21 |
| | October | 84,479 | 996 | 4,714 | 161 | 621 | 8,973 | 585 | 15 | 44 | 22 |
| | November | 82,938 | 1,011 | 4,607 | 151 | 554 | 8,538 | 448 | 14 | 43 | 22 |
| | December | 90,415 | 1,123 | 4,118 | 181 | 584 | 8,341 | 472 | 13 | 46 | 23 |
| | Total | 1,035,346 | 13,372 | 61,019 | 2,612 | 7,673 | 115,370 | 6,870 | 181 | 523 | 262 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 165 |
| 2007 | January | 92,245 | 1,465 | 6,057 | 241 | 605 | 10,790 | 500 | 14 | 46 | 24 |
| | February | 84,496 | 2,609 | 10,041 | 578 | 484 | 15,650 | 478 | 11 | 44 | 22 |
| | March | 82,300 | 1,230 | 5,544 | 280 | 492 | 9,514 | 469 | 15 | 43 | 24 |
| | April | 76,357 | 973 | 5,257 | 331 | 471 | 8,915 | 507 | 14 | 41 | 21 |
| | May | 81,774 | 1,096 | 4,665 | 307 | 520 | 8,667 | 561 | 13 | 41 | 23 |
| | June | 90,592 | 1,375 | 5,748 | 308 | 597 | 10,417 | 682 | 15 | 42 | 23 |
| | July | 97,419 | 1,388 | 5,798 | 307 | 528 | 10,136 | 819 | 14 | 44 | 24 |
| | August | 99,944 | 2,131 | 7,860 | 439 | 558 | 13,221 | 1,038 | 15 | 44 | 24 |
| | September | 88,807 | 1,066 | 5,063 | 243 | 517 | 8,958 | 736 | 15 | 51 | 23 |
| | October | 84,679 | 1,169 | 4,782 | 225 | 467 | 8,510 | 664 | 14 | 51 | 21 |
| | 10-Month Total ... | 878,613 | 14,502 | 60,814 | 3,259 | 5,240 | 104,777 | 6,454 | 140 | 446 | 228 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 140 |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 861,993 | 11,238 | 52,294 | 2,279 | 6,536 | 98,490 | 5,950 | 154 | 434 | 217 | 137 |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 871,081 | 17,454 | 120,795 | 2,750 | 7,168 | 176,837 | 5,620 | 150 | 403 | 209 | 135 |

^a Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.

^b Fuel oil nos. 1, 2, and 4. For 1973-1979, data are for gas turbine and internal combustion plant use of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.

^c Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. For 1973-1979, data are for steam plant use of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include a small amount of fuel oil no. 4.

^d Jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum liquids, and waste oil.

^e Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.

^f Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.

^g Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

^h Wood and wood-derived fuels.

ⁱ Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and

tire-derived fuels).

^j Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^k Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities, independent power producers, commercial plants, and industrial plants.

NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity. Data also include fuels consumed to produce useful thermal output at a small number of electric utility combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See sources for Tables 7.3b and 7.3c.

**Table 7.3b Consumption of Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation:
Electric Power Sector** (Subset of Table 7.3a)

| | Coal ^a | Petroleum | | | | | Natural Gas ^f | Other Gases ^g | Biomass | | Other ⁱ |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Distillate Fuel Oil ^b | Residual Fuel Oil ^c | Other Liquids ^d | Petroleum Coke ^e | Total ^e | | | Wood ^h | Waste ⁱ | |
| | | Thousand Short Tons | Thousand Barrels | | | Thousand Short Tons | Thousand Barrels | Billion Cubic Feet | Trillion Btu | | |
| 1973 Total | 389,212 | 47,058 | 513,190 | NA | 507 | 562,781 | 3,660 | NA | 1 | 2 | NA |
| 1975 Total | 405,962 | 38,907 | 467,221 | NA | 70 | 506,479 | 3,158 | NA | (s) | 2 | NA |
| 1980 Total | 569,274 | 29,051 | 391,163 | NA | 179 | 421,110 | 3,682 | NA | 3 | 2 | NA |
| 1985 Total | 693,841 | 14,635 | 158,779 | NA | 231 | 174,571 | 3,044 | NA | 8 | 7 | NA |
| 1990 Total ^k | 781,301 | 16,394 | 183,285 | 25 | 1,008 | 204,745 | 3,147 | 6 | 106 | 180 | (s) |
| 1995 Total | 847,854 | 18,066 | 88,895 | 441 | 2,452 | 119,663 | 4,094 | 18 | 106 | 282 | 2 |
| 1996 Total | 894,400 | 18,472 | 98,795 | 567 | 2,467 | 130,168 | 3,660 | 16 | 117 | 280 | 2 |
| 1997 Total | 919,009 | 18,646 | 112,423 | 130 | 3,201 | 147,202 | 3,903 | 14 | 117 | 292 | 1 |
| 1998 Total | 934,126 | 23,166 | 165,875 | 411 | 3,999 | 209,447 | 4,416 | 23 | 125 | 287 | 2 |
| 1999 Total | 937,888 | 23,875 | 151,921 | 514 | 3,607 | 194,345 | 4,644 | 14 | 125 | 290 | 1 |
| 2000 Total | 982,713 | 29,722 | 138,047 | 403 | 3,155 | 183,946 | 5,014 | 19 | 126 | 294 | 1 |
| 2001 Total | 961,523 | 29,056 | 159,150 | 374 | 3,308 | 205,119 | 5,142 | 9 | 116 | 205 | 109 |
| 2002 Total | 975,251 | 21,810 | 104,577 | 1,243 | 5,705 | 156,154 | 5,408 | 25 | 141 | 224 | 137 |
| 2003 Total | 1,003,036 | 27,441 | 137,361 | 1,937 | 5,719 | 195,336 | 4,909 | 30 | 156 | 216 | 136 |
| 2004 Total | 1,015,079 | 18,927 | 139,806 | 2,702 | 7,357 | 198,220 | 5,306 | 38 | 157 | 220 | 136 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 91,643 | 2,891 | 13,061 | 681 | 687 | 20,066 | 373 | 3 | 15 | 18 | 10 |
| February | 80,191 | 864 | 7,656 | 106 | 635 | 11,801 | 319 | 5 | 14 | 16 | 9 |
| March | 83,479 | 1,009 | 8,981 | 125 | 665 | 13,442 | 375 | 7 | 15 | 18 | 10 |
| April | 73,408 | 1,024 | 7,143 | 139 | 608 | 11,348 | 379 | 3 | 12 | 17 | 10 |
| May | 79,193 | 1,100 | 6,456 | 133 | 688 | 11,129 | 412 | 3 | 13 | 19 | 10 |
| June | 89,392 | 1,411 | 12,829 | 123 | 728 | 18,001 | 582 | 3 | 14 | 19 | 10 |
| July | 96,165 | 2,155 | 15,725 | 246 | 716 | 21,708 | 764 | 3 | 16 | 19 | 11 |
| August | 97,181 | 2,438 | 17,822 | 286 | 756 | 24,328 | 779 | 3 | 17 | 19 | 11 |
| September | 88,398 | 1,856 | 15,132 | 192 | 657 | 20,466 | 565 | 3 | 15 | 18 | 10 |
| October | 83,920 | 1,404 | 11,956 | 149 | 658 | 16,798 | 423 | 3 | 14 | 17 | 10 |
| November | 81,429 | 1,020 | 7,183 | 115 | 594 | 11,288 | 362 | 3 | 14 | 18 | 10 |
| December | 91,741 | 2,415 | 15,432 | 338 | 673 | 21,552 | 392 | 3 | 16 | 19 | 10 |
| Total | 1,036,140 | 19,587 | 139,376 | 2,634 | 8,066 | 201,926 | 5,725 | 44 | 176 | 217 | 120 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 87,182 | 1,043 | 5,430 | 163 | 685 | 10,060 | 307 | 4 | 16 | 20 | 10 |
| February | 80,920 | 930 | 4,182 | 127 | 605 | 8,266 | 336 | 3 | 15 | 18 | 9 |
| March | 82,376 | 738 | 2,820 | 184 | 572 | 6,601 | 396 | 4 | 15 | 19 | 10 |
| April | 72,432 | 981 | 3,522 | 129 | 585 | 7,558 | 415 | 4 | 11 | 17 | 10 |
| May | 80,397 | 988 | 3,426 | 167 | 545 | 7,304 | 494 | 4 | 13 | 19 | 10 |
| June | 87,184 | 1,128 | 5,342 | 154 | 610 | 9,672 | 620 | 4 | 14 | 19 | 10 |
| July | 96,995 | 1,429 | 6,951 | 183 | 673 | 11,928 | 852 | 3 | 15 | 20 | 11 |
| August | 98,053 | 1,625 | 9,162 | 218 | 633 | 14,172 | 829 | 4 | 16 | 20 | 11 |
| September | 84,208 | 798 | 3,987 | 142 | 572 | 7,785 | 539 | 3 | 15 | 19 | 10 |
| October | 83,616 | 950 | 4,469 | 121 | 579 | 8,434 | 517 | 3 | 14 | 19 | 10 |
| November | 82,142 | 947 | 4,293 | 113 | 508 | 7,895 | 387 | 3 | 14 | 19 | 10 |
| December | 89,602 | 1,056 | 3,739 | 143 | 525 | 7,562 | 405 | 3 | 15 | 20 | 10 |
| Total | 1,025,107 | 12,613 | 57,322 | 1,844 | 7,092 | 107,238 | 6,097 | 43 | 172 | 228 | 121 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 91,564 | 1,387 | 5,649 | 190 | 556 | 10,008 | 433 | 4 | 15 | 21 | 11 |
| February | 83,866 | 2,513 | 9,652 | 538 | 435 | 14,879 | 417 | 3 | 16 | 19 | 9 |
| March | 81,606 | 1,167 | 5,171 | 222 | 437 | 8,743 | 406 | 3 | 14 | 21 | 10 |
| April | 75,721 | 906 | 4,944 | 221 | 421 | 8,177 | 447 | 3 | 12 | 18 | 10 |
| May | 81,099 | 1,026 | 4,437 | 185 | 469 | 7,992 | 500 | 3 | 13 | 20 | 11 |
| June | 89,914 | 1,310 | 5,541 | 230 | 541 | 9,787 | 619 | 4 | 14 | 20 | 11 |
| July | 96,714 | 1,335 | 5,591 | 235 | 475 | 9,537 | 751 | 3 | 14 | 21 | 11 |
| August | 99,220 | 2,068 | 7,652 | 356 | 498 | 12,565 | 964 | 4 | 15 | 21 | 11 |
| September | 88,034 | 997 | 4,890 | 196 | 463 | 8,401 | 670 | 3 | 14 | 20 | 10 |
| October | 83,910 | 1,101 | 4,606 | 168 | 415 | 7,949 | 595 | 3 | 13 | 18 | 11 |
| 10-Month Total ... | 871,650 | 13,811 | 58,132 | 2,541 | 4,711 | 98,038 | 5,803 | 33 | 142 | 199 | 104 |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 853,362 | 10,610 | 49,290 | 1,588 | 6,059 | 91,781 | 5,305 | 36 | 143 | 189 | 101 |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 862,970 | 16,152 | 116,761 | 2,181 | 6,798 | 169,086 | 4,971 | 37 | 146 | 180 | 100 |

^a Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.

^b Fuel oil nos. 1, 2, and 4. For 1973-1979, data are for gas turbine and internal combustion plant use of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.

^c Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. For 1973-1979, data are for steam plant use of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include a small amount of fuel oil no. 4.

^d Jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum liquids, and waste oil.

^e Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.

^f Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.

^g Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

^h Wood and wood-derived fuels.

ⁱ Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and

tire-derived fuels).

^j Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^k Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity. Data also include fuels consumed to produce useful thermal output at a small number of electric utility combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants. • The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 7.3c Consumption of Selected Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation: Commercial and Industrial Sectors (Subset of Table 7.3a)

| | Commercial Sector ^a | | | | Industrial Sector ^b | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | Coal ^c | Petroleum ^d | Natural Gas ^e | Biomass | Coal ^c | Petroleum ^d | Natural Gas ^e | Other Gases ^g | Biomass | | Other ⁱ |
| | | | | Waste ^f | | | | | Wood ^h | Waste ^f | |
| | Thousand Short Tons | Thousand Barrels | Billion Cubic Feet | Trillion Btu | Thousand Short Tons | Thousand Barrels | Billion Cubic Feet | | Trillion Btu | | |
| 1989 Total | 414 | 1,165 | 18 | 9 | 9,707 | 8,688 | 444 | 83 | 267 | 15 | 37 |
| 1990 Total | 417 | 953 | 28 | 15 | 10,740 | 13,299 | 517 | 104 | 335 | 16 | 36 |
| 1995 Total | 569 | 649 | 43 | 21 | 12,171 | 12,265 | 601 | 114 | 373 | 13 | 40 |
| 1996 Total | 656 | 645 | 42 | 31 | 12,153 | 13,813 | 610 | 143 | 394 | 13 | 35 |
| 1997 Total | 630 | 790 | 39 | 34 | 12,311 | 11,723 | 623 | 105 | 367 | 14 | 36 |
| 1998 Total | 440 | 802 | 41 | 32 | 11,728 | 12,392 | 625 | 102 | 349 | 13 | 35 |
| 1999 Total | 481 | 931 | 39 | 33 | 11,432 | 12,595 | 639 | 112 | 364 | 8 | 39 |
| 2000 Total | 514 | 823 | 37 | 26 | 11,706 | 10,459 | 640 | 107 | 369 | 10 | 45 |
| 2001 Total | 532 | 1,023 | 36 | 15 | 10,636 | 10,530 | 654 | 88 | 370 | 7 | 44 |
| 2002 Total | 477 | 834 | 33 | 18 | 11,855 | 11,608 | 685 | 106 | 464 | 15 | 43 |
| 2003 Total | 582 | 894 | 38 | 19 | 10,440 | 10,424 | 668 | 127 | 362 | 13 | 46 |
| 2004 Total | 602 | 1,188 | 46 | 22 | 10,337 | 10,100 | 765 | 148 | 376 | 11 | 27 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 69 | 191 | 4 | 2 | 744 | 1,001 | 60 | 12 | 27 | 1 | 2 |
| February | 64 | 87 | 3 | 2 | 722 | 712 | 56 | 11 | 26 | 1 | 2 |
| March | 64 | 76 | 4 | 2 | 776 | 660 | 59 | 12 | 25 | 1 | 2 |
| April | 55 | 56 | 4 | 2 | 716 | 635 | 57 | 11 | 23 | 1 | 2 |
| May | 57 | 55 | 4 | 2 | 682 | 505 | 59 | 12 | 25 | 1 | 2 |
| June | 70 | 66 | 4 | 2 | 738 | 636 | 66 | 12 | 26 | 1 | 2 |
| July | 75 | 68 | 5 | 2 | 801 | 734 | 74 | 12 | 27 | 1 | 3 |
| August | 71 | 63 | 5 | 2 | 792 | 737 | 73 | 11 | 25 | 1 | 3 |
| September | 61 | 63 | 4 | 2 | 758 | 644 | 57 | 11 | 26 | 1 | 2 |
| October | 55 | 65 | 4 | 2 | 741 | 697 | 48 | 10 | 25 | 1 | 2 |
| November | 60 | 57 | 3 | 2 | 731 | 638 | 49 | 9 | 24 | 1 | 2 |
| December | 68 | 92 | 3 | 2 | 768 | 793 | 56 | 11 | 25 | 1 | 2 |
| Total | 770 | 939 | 48 | 25 | 8,969 | 8,392 | 714 | 133 | 306 | 9 | 28 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 70 | 53 | 4 | 2 | 810 | 776 | 59 | 12 | 32 | 1 | 2 |
| February | 64 | 62 | 3 | 2 | 735 | 705 | 53 | 12 | 27 | 1 | 2 |
| March | 60 | 67 | 4 | 2 | 798 | 691 | 58 | 12 | 30 | 1 | 3 |
| April | 51 | 48 | 3 | 2 | 787 | 587 | 54 | 12 | 27 | 1 | 2 |
| May | 60 | 31 | 4 | 2 | 797 | 600 | 61 | 12 | 28 | 1 | 3 |
| June | 63 | 30 | 4 | 2 | 797 | 590 | 61 | 11 | 28 | 1 | 2 |
| July | 67 | 32 | 5 | 2 | 849 | 611 | 67 | 13 | 30 | 1 | 3 |
| August | 69 | 33 | 5 | 2 | 848 | 630 | 68 | 12 | 31 | 1 | 3 |
| September | 57 | 25 | 4 | 2 | 786 | 598 | 60 | 11 | 29 | 1 | 3 |
| October | 54 | 22 | 4 | 2 | 809 | 517 | 64 | 12 | 30 | 1 | 3 |
| November | 62 | 29 | 4 | 2 | 733 | 615 | 57 | 10 | 29 | 1 | 3 |
| December | 66 | 48 | 4 | 2 | 747 | 731 | 62 | 10 | 30 | 1 | 3 |
| Total | 743 | 481 | 48 | 26 | 9,496 | 7,651 | 724 | 138 | 350 | 8 | 31 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 69 | 59 | 4 | 2 | 612 | 723 | 63 | 10 | 30 | 1 | 3 |
| February | 67 | 58 | 4 | 2 | 563 | 713 | 57 | 8 | 27 | 1 | 2 |
| March | 64 | 52 | 4 | 2 | 629 | 718 | 59 | 11 | 29 | 1 | 2 |
| April | 52 | 43 | 4 | 2 | 585 | 695 | 56 | 11 | 29 | 1 | 2 |
| May | 56 | 23 | 4 | 2 | 618 | 652 | 58 | 10 | 28 | 1 | 2 |
| June | 57 | 19 | 4 | 2 | 620 | 610 | 59 | 11 | 28 | 1 | 2 |
| July | 59 | 19 | 5 | 2 | 646 | 580 | 63 | 11 | 29 | 1 | 2 |
| August | 64 | 29 | 5 | 2 | 660 | 627 | 69 | 12 | 29 | 1 | 3 |
| September | 63 | 20 | 4 | 2 | 710 | 537 | 63 | 12 | 36 | 1 | 3 |
| October | 64 | 21 | 4 | 2 | 705 | 540 | 64 | 11 | 37 | 1 | 3 |
| 10-Month Total ... | 615 | 344 | 42 | 23 | 6,348 | 6,395 | 609 | 107 | 303 | 7 | 25 |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 615 | 404 | 41 | 22 | 8,016 | 6,305 | 604 | 118 | 290 | 6 | 25 |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 642 | 789 | 41 | 21 | 7,469 | 6,962 | 608 | 113 | 257 | 8 | 24 |

^a Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.

^b Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants.

^c Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.

^d Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, and waste oil.

^e Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.

^f Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^g Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

^h Wood and wood-derived fuels.

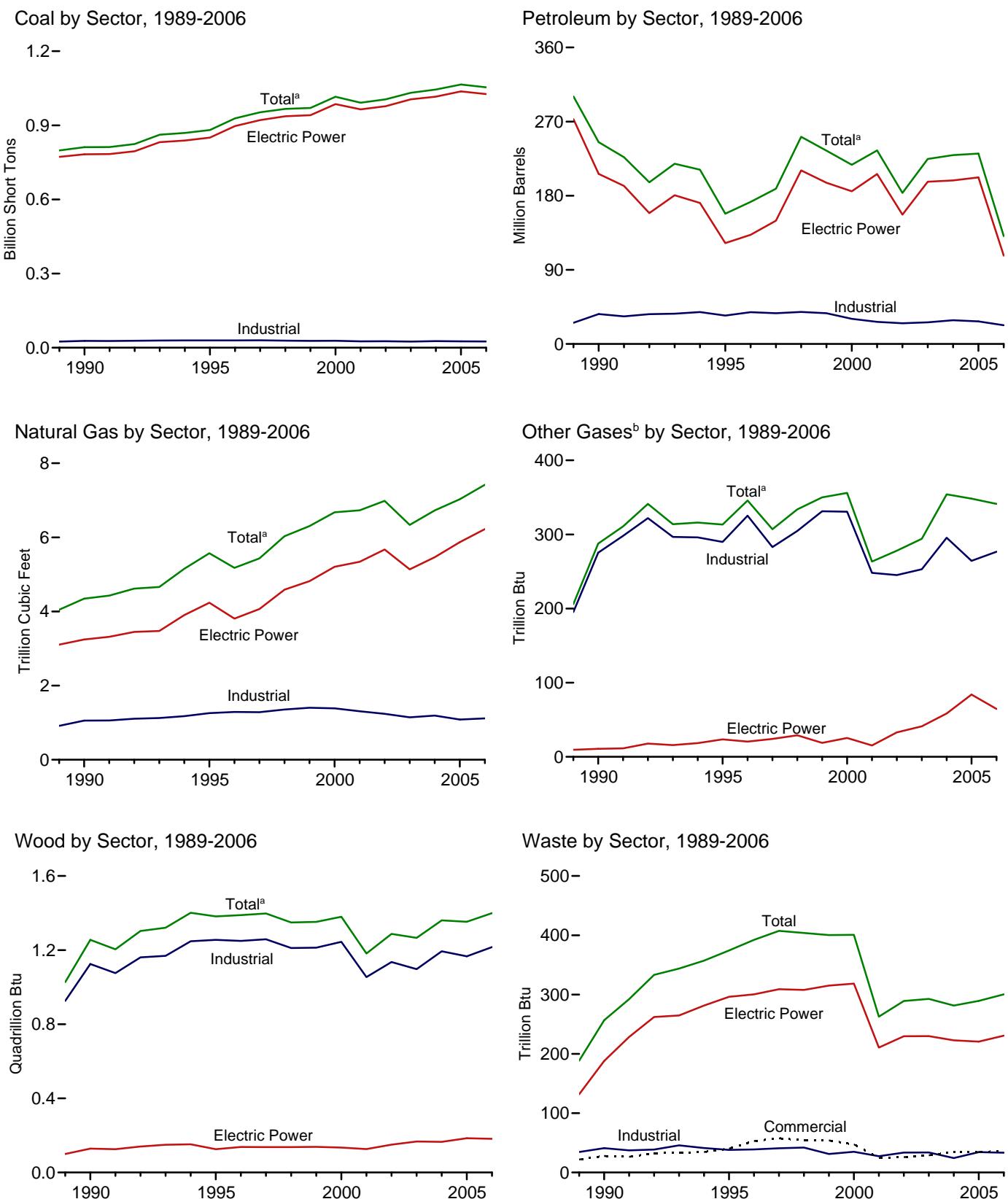
ⁱ Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity. Through 1988, data are not available. • See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html> for all available data beginning in 1989.

Sources: • **1989-1997:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report." • **1998-2000:** EIA, Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility." • **2001-2003:** EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." • **2004 forward:** EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report."

Figure 7.4 Consumption of Selected Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation and Useful Thermal Output



^aIncludes commercial sector.

^bBlast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html>.

Sources: Tables 7.4a, 7.4b, and 7.4c.

Table 7.4a Consumption of Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation and Useful Thermal Output: Total (All Sectors) (Sum of Tables 7.4b and 7.4c)

| | Coal ^a | Petroleum | | | | | Natural Gas ^f | Other Gases ^g | Biomass | | Other ⁱ |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Distillate Fuel Oil ^b | Residual Fuel Oil ^c | Other Liquids ^d | Petroleum Coke ^e | Total ^e | | | Wood ^h | Waste ⁱ | |
| | | Thousand Short Tons | Thousand Barrels | | | Thousand Short Tons | Thousand Barrels | Billion Cubic Feet | Trillion Btu | | |
| 1973 Total | 389,212 | 47,058 | 513,190 | NA | 507 | 562,781 | 3,660 | NA | 1 | 2 | NA |
| 1975 Total | 405,962 | 38,907 | 467,221 | NA | 70 | 506,479 | 3,158 | NA | 0 | 2 | NA |
| 1980 Total | 569,274 | 29,051 | 391,163 | NA | 179 | 421,110 | 3,682 | NA | 3 | 2 | NA |
| 1985 Total | 693,841 | 14,635 | 158,779 | NA | 231 | 174,571 | 3,044 | NA | 8 | 7 | NA |
| 1990 Total ^k | 811,538 | 20,194 | 209,314 | 1,332 | 2,832 | 244,998 | 4,346 | 288 | 1,256 | 257 | 86 |
| 1995 Total | 881,012 | 21,697 | 112,168 | 1,322 | 4,590 | 158,140 | 5,572 | 313 | 1,382 | 374 | 97 |
| 1996 Total | 928,015 | 22,444 | 124,607 | 2,468 | 4,596 | 172,499 | 5,178 | 346 | 1,389 | 392 | 91 |
| 1997 Total | 952,955 | 22,893 | 134,623 | 526 | 6,095 | 188,517 | 5,433 | 307 | 1,397 | 407 | 103 |
| 1998 Total | 966,615 | 30,006 | 189,267 | 1,230 | 6,196 | 251,486 | 6,030 | 334 | 1,349 | 404 | 95 |
| 1999 Total | 970,175 | 30,616 | 172,319 | 1,812 | 5,989 | 234,694 | 6,305 | 350 | 1,352 | 400 | 101 |
| 2000 Total | 1,015,398 | 34,572 | 156,673 | 2,904 | 4,669 | 217,494 | 6,677 | 356 | 1,380 | 401 | 109 |
| 2001 Total | 991,635 | 33,724 | 177,137 | 1,418 | 4,532 | 234,940 | 6,731 | 263 | 1,182 | 263 | 229 |
| 2002 Total | 1,005,144 | 24,749 | 118,637 | 3,257 | 7,353 | 183,409 | 6,986 | 278 | 1,287 | 289 | 252 |
| 2003 Total | 1,031,778 | 31,825 | 152,859 | 4,576 | 7,067 | 224,593 | 6,337 | 294 | 1,266 | 293 | 262 |
| 2004 Total | 1,044,798 | 23,520 | 157,478 | 4,764 | 8,721 | 229,364 | 6,727 | 354 | 1,360 | 281 | 226 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 94,232 | 3,745 | 14,991 | 846 | 779 | 23,479 | 483 | 30 | 119 | 24 | 17 |
| February | 82,588 | 1,116 | 9,131 | 190 | 705 | 13,963 | 419 | 33 | 116 | 21 | 16 |
| March | 85,995 | 1,278 | 10,485 | 221 | 754 | 15,754 | 482 | 37 | 114 | 24 | 18 |
| April | 75,661 | 1,290 | 8,424 | 308 | 692 | 13,484 | 483 | 28 | 107 | 23 | 18 |
| May | 81,432 | 1,386 | 7,479 | 211 | 761 | 12,881 | 517 | 30 | 110 | 25 | 18 |
| June | 91,774 | 1,689 | 14,146 | 238 | 818 | 20,162 | 700 | 28 | 109 | 25 | 18 |
| July | 98,698 | 2,653 | 17,089 | 449 | 812 | 24,249 | 894 | 29 | 116 | 26 | 19 |
| August | 99,699 | 2,959 | 19,279 | 522 | 849 | 27,007 | 909 | 28 | 116 | 25 | 20 |
| September | 90,781 | 2,290 | 16,520 | 285 | 745 | 22,818 | 670 | 28 | 110 | 24 | 17 |
| October | 86,285 | 1,730 | 13,720 | 269 | 743 | 19,436 | 514 | 25 | 112 | 23 | 16 |
| November | 83,803 | 1,334 | 8,450 | 243 | 684 | 13,444 | 460 | 24 | 109 | 24 | 17 |
| December | 94,332 | 2,976 | 17,201 | 487 | 770 | 24,515 | 497 | 27 | 115 | 25 | 18 |
| Total | 1,065,281 | 24,446 | 156,915 | 4,270 | 9,113 | 231,193 | 7,028 | 348 | 1,353 | 289 | 213 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 89,720 | 1,233 | 6,950 | 317 | 819 | 12,597 | 415 | 28 | 128 | 27 | 18 |
| February | 83,236 | 1,141 | 5,469 | 249 | 731 | 10,516 | 434 | 27 | 111 | 24 | 17 |
| March | 84,783 | 992 | 4,009 | 318 | 703 | 8,835 | 503 | 30 | 116 | 25 | 19 |
| April | 74,743 | 1,147 | 4,533 | 224 | 708 | 9,444 | 515 | 29 | 109 | 23 | 18 |
| May | 82,713 | 1,148 | 4,324 | 308 | 668 | 9,121 | 602 | 31 | 112 | 26 | 19 |
| June | 89,570 | 1,273 | 6,146 | 286 | 740 | 11,403 | 744 | 28 | 113 | 24 | 19 |
| July | 99,478 | 1,589 | 7,784 | 328 | 803 | 13,715 | 973 | 30 | 121 | 26 | 20 |
| August | 100,548 | 1,785 | 10,004 | 430 | 762 | 16,030 | 951 | 31 | 120 | 26 | 20 |
| September | 86,525 | 919 | 4,877 | 280 | 697 | 9,563 | 645 | 28 | 116 | 24 | 19 |
| October | 85,934 | 1,069 | 5,317 | 193 | 690 | 10,030 | 631 | 29 | 118 | 25 | 19 |
| November | 84,472 | 1,113 | 5,356 | 208 | 630 | 9,828 | 491 | 26 | 115 | 26 | 19 |
| December | 92,060 | 1,245 | 5,077 | 254 | 670 | 9,924 | 515 | 25 | 121 | 26 | 19 |
| Total | 1,053,783 | 14,655 | 69,846 | 3,396 | 8,622 | 131,005 | 7,419 | 341 | 1,399 | 300 | 225 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 93,925 | 1,643 | 6,987 | 331 | 689 | 12,407 | 544 | 30 | 117 | 28 | 19 |
| February | 86,068 | 2,943 | 10,994 | 675 | 558 | 17,404 | 522 | 23 | 109 | 25 | 17 |
| March | 83,881 | 1,365 | 6,483 | 355 | 572 | 11,062 | 512 | 29 | 112 | 27 | 19 |
| April | 77,792 | 1,104 | 6,065 | 431 | 550 | 10,351 | 548 | 31 | 113 | 24 | 19 |
| May | 83,254 | 1,305 | 5,287 | 418 | 599 | 10,003 | 603 | 30 | 111 | 26 | 20 |
| June | 92,090 | 1,492 | 6,251 | 378 | 695 | 11,596 | 733 | 30 | 110 | 27 | 18 |
| July | 98,917 | 1,475 | 6,242 | 376 | 625 | 11,218 | 880 | 30 | 115 | 28 | 19 |
| August | 101,500 | 2,262 | 8,300 | 523 | 665 | 14,412 | 1,152 | 30 | 113 | 27 | 20 |
| September | 90,126 | 1,164 | 5,501 | 282 | 604 | 9,966 | 796 | 28 | 110 | 26 | 18 |
| October | 86,073 | 1,271 | 5,244 | 274 | 557 | 9,572 | 719 | 31 | 114 | 24 | 19 |
| 10-Month Total ... | 893,627 | 16,024 | 67,353 | 4,043 | 6,114 | 117,991 | 7,010 | 291 | 1,124 | 260 | 188 |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 877,251 | 12,297 | 59,413 | 2,934 | 7,322 | 111,254 | 6,413 | 290 | 1,163 | 249 | 187 |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 887,145 | 20,137 | 131,264 | 3,539 | 7,659 | 193,234 | 6,071 | 297 | 1,129 | 240 | 177 |

^a Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.

^b Fuel oil nos. 1, 2, and 4. Through 2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.

^c Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. Through 2000, electric utility data also include a small amount of fuel oil no. 4.

^d Jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum liquids, and waste oil.

^e Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.

^f Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.

^g Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

^h Wood and wood-derived fuels.

ⁱ Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes

non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^j Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^k Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities, independent power producers, commercial plants, and industrial plants.

NA=Not available.

Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity and useful thermal output. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Table 7.4b Consumption of Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation and Useful Thermal Output: Electric Power Sector (Subset of Table 7.4a)

| | Coal ^a | Petroleum | | | | | Natural Gas ^f | Other Gases ^g | Biomass | | Other ⁱ | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | Distillate Fuel Oil ^b | Residual Fuel Oil ^c | Other Liquids ^d | Petroleum Coke ^e | Total ^e | | | Wood ^h | Waste ⁱ | | |
| | | Thousand Short Tons | Thousand Barrels | | | Thousand Short Tons | Thousand Barrels | Billion Cubic Feet | Trillion Btu | | | |
| 1973 Total | 389,212 | 47,058 | 513,190 | NA | 507 | 562,781 | 3,660 | NA | 1 | 2 | NA | |
| 1975 Total | 405,962 | 38,907 | 467,221 | NA | 70 | 506,479 | 3,158 | NA | (s) | 2 | NA | |
| 1980 Total | 569,274 | 29,051 | 391,163 | NA | 179 | 421,110 | 3,682 | NA | 3 | 2 | NA | |
| 1985 Total | 693,841 | 14,635 | 158,779 | NA | 231 | 174,571 | 3,044 | NA | 8 | 7 | NA | |
| 1990 Total ^k | 782,567 | 16,567 | 184,915 | 26 | 1,008 | 206,550 | 3,245 | 11 | 129 | 188 | (s) | |
| 1995 Total | 850,230 | 18,553 | 90,023 | 499 | 2,674 | 122,447 | 4,237 | 24 | 125 | 296 | 2 | |
| 1996 Total | 896,921 | 18,780 | 99,951 | 653 | 2,642 | 132,593 | 3,807 | 20 | 138 | 300 | 2 | |
| 1997 Total | 921,364 | 18,989 | 113,669 | 152 | 3,372 | 149,668 | 4,065 | 24 | 137 | 309 | 1 | |
| 1998 Total | 936,619 | 23,300 | 166,528 | 431 | 4,102 | 210,769 | 4,588 | 29 | 137 | 308 | 2 | |
| 1999 Total | 940,922 | 24,058 | 152,493 | 544 | 3,735 | 195,769 | 4,820 | 19 | 138 | 315 | 1 | |
| 2000 Total | 985,821 | 30,016 | 138,513 | 454 | 3,275 | 185,358 | 5,206 | 25 | 134 | 318 | 1 | |
| 2001 Total | 964,433 | 29,274 | 159,504 | 377 | 3,427 | 206,291 | 5,342 | 15 | 126 | 211 | 113 | |
| 2002 Total | 977,507 | 21,876 | 104,773 | 1,267 | 5,816 | 156,996 | 5,672 | 33 | 150 | 230 | 143 | |
| 2003 Total | 1,005,116 | 27,632 | 138,279 | 2,026 | 5,799 | 196,932 | 5,135 | 41 | 167 | 230 | 140 | |
| 2004 Total | 1,016,268 | 19,107 | 139,816 | 2,713 | 7,372 | 198,498 | 5,464 | 59 | 165 | 223 | 138 | |
| 2005 | January | 91,789 | 2,919 | 13,063 | 702 | 687 | 20,119 | 385 | 6 | 16 | 18 | 10 |
| | February | 80,305 | 866 | 7,659 | 108 | 635 | 11,809 | 331 | 12 | 15 | 16 | 9 |
| | March | 83,601 | 1,012 | 8,983 | 126 | 667 | 13,454 | 386 | 13 | 16 | 18 | 10 |
| | April | 73,503 | 1,028 | 7,147 | 148 | 609 | 11,369 | 390 | 6 | 13 | 17 | 10 |
| | May | 79,306 | 1,104 | 6,460 | 139 | 688 | 11,143 | 423 | 6 | 14 | 19 | 10 |
| | June | 89,498 | 1,414 | 12,834 | 125 | 730 | 18,021 | 594 | 5 | 15 | 19 | 11 |
| | July | 96,272 | 2,161 | 15,728 | 248 | 716 | 21,719 | 777 | 6 | 17 | 20 | 11 |
| | August | 97,284 | 2,443 | 17,823 | 287 | 757 | 24,338 | 791 | 5 | 17 | 19 | 11 |
| | September | 88,498 | 1,870 | 15,135 | 193 | 658 | 20,486 | 578 | 7 | 16 | 18 | 10 |
| | October | 84,032 | 1,409 | 11,956 | 150 | 658 | 16,804 | 435 | 6 | 15 | 17 | 10 |
| | November | 81,531 | 1,025 | 7,185 | 117 | 594 | 11,297 | 373 | 6 | 15 | 19 | 10 |
| | December | 91,867 | 2,424 | 15,435 | 342 | 685 | 21,625 | 406 | 7 | 16 | 19 | 11 |
| | Total | 1,037,485 | 19,675 | 139,409 | 2,685 | 8,083 | 202,184 | 5,869 | 84 | 185 | 221 | 123 |
| 2006 | January | 87,317 | 1,045 | 5,431 | 164 | 685 | 10,065 | 318 | 5 | 17 | 20 | 10 |
| | February | 81,043 | 933 | 4,184 | 128 | 607 | 8,282 | 346 | 5 | 15 | 18 | 9 |
| | March | 82,499 | 741 | 2,821 | 199 | 576 | 6,640 | 407 | 5 | 16 | 19 | 10 |
| | April | 72,560 | 984 | 3,522 | 132 | 585 | 7,565 | 426 | 5 | 12 | 17 | 10 |
| | May | 80,515 | 990 | 3,427 | 168 | 545 | 7,308 | 504 | 6 | 13 | 19 | 10 |
| | June | 87,319 | 1,131 | 5,342 | 154 | 610 | 9,676 | 630 | 5 | 15 | 19 | 11 |
| | July | 97,113 | 1,431 | 6,963 | 183 | 673 | 11,943 | 864 | 5 | 16 | 20 | 11 |
| | August | 98,183 | 1,628 | 9,164 | 218 | 634 | 14,181 | 840 | 6 | 17 | 20 | 11 |
| | September | 84,327 | 802 | 3,987 | 142 | 572 | 7,791 | 548 | 5 | 15 | 19 | 10 |
| | October | 83,724 | 951 | 4,469 | 121 | 580 | 8,441 | 528 | 5 | 15 | 19 | 10 |
| | November | 82,293 | 951 | 4,293 | 114 | 509 | 7,901 | 397 | 5 | 15 | 20 | 10 |
| | December | 89,742 | 1,060 | 3,741 | 146 | 525 | 7,573 | 414 | 5 | 16 | 20 | 11 |
| | Total | 1,026,636 | 12,646 | 57,345 | 1,870 | 7,101 | 107,365 | 6,222 | 65 | 182 | 231 | 125 |
| 2007 | January | 91,704 | 1,390 | 5,651 | 195 | 557 | 10,018 | 442 | 6 | 16 | 21 | 11 |
| | February | 83,988 | 2,529 | 9,656 | 564 | 435 | 14,925 | 427 | 5 | 17 | 19 | 10 |
| | March | 81,742 | 1,178 | 5,174 | 224 | 437 | 8,760 | 417 | 5 | 15 | 21 | 11 |
| | April | 75,815 | 915 | 4,946 | 224 | 421 | 8,191 | 457 | 5 | 15 | 19 | 10 |
| | May | 81,221 | 1,029 | 4,441 | 188 | 469 | 8,002 | 508 | 5 | 14 | 20 | 11 |
| | June | 90,047 | 1,312 | 5,543 | 232 | 541 | 9,793 | 627 | 6 | 15 | 21 | 11 |
| | July | 96,826 | 1,336 | 5,592 | 236 | 476 | 9,546 | 762 | 6 | 15 | 21 | 11 |
| | August | 99,341 | 2,070 | 7,655 | 360 | 498 | 12,575 | 1,007 | 6 | 16 | 21 | 11 |
| | September | 88,144 | 1,036 | 4,891 | 198 | 465 | 8,448 | 679 | 5 | 15 | 20 | 10 |
| | October | 84,016 | 1,103 | 4,607 | 168 | 415 | 7,953 | 605 | 6 | 14 | 18 | 11 |
| | 10-Month Total ... | 872,845 | 13,898 | 58,157 | 2,588 | 4,714 | 98,213 | 5,932 | 56 | 153 | 201 | 107 |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 854,601 | 10,636 | 49,311 | 1,609 | 6,067 | 91,891 | 5,411 | 54 | 151 | 191 | 104 | |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 864,087 | 16,226 | 116,789 | 2,226 | 6,804 | 169,261 | 5,090 | 71 | 153 | 183 | 102 | |

^a Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.

^b Fuel oil nos. 1, 2, and 4. Through 2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.

^c Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. Through 2000, electric utility data also include a small amount of fuel oil no. 4.

^d Jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum liquids, and waste oil.

^e Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.

^f Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.

^g Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

^h Wood and wood-derived fuels.

ⁱ Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^j Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^k Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity and useful thermal output. • The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 7.4c Consumption of Selected Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation and Useful Thermal Output: Commercial and Industrial Sectors (Subset of Table 7.4a)

| | Commercial Sector ^a | | | | Industrial Sector ^b | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----|
| | Coal ^c | Petroleum ^d | Natural Gas ^e | Biomass | Coal ^c | Petroleum ^d | Natural Gas ^e | Other Gases ^g | Biomass | | |
| | | | | Waste ^f | | | | | Wood ^h | Waste ^f | |
| | Thousand Short Tons | Thousand Barrels | Billion Cubic Feet | Trillion Btu | Thousand Short Tons | Thousand Barrels | Billion Cubic Feet | | Trillion Btu | | |
| 1989 Total | 1,125 | 1,967 | 30 | 22 | 24,867 | 25,685 | 914 | 195 | 926 | 35 | 85 |
| 1990 Total | 1,191 | 2,056 | 46 | 28 | 27,781 | 36,392 | 1,055 | 275 | 1,125 | 41 | 86 |
| 1995 Total | 1,419 | 1,245 | 78 | 40 | 29,363 | 34,448 | 1,258 | 290 | 1,255 | 38 | 95 |
| 1996 Total | 1,660 | 1,246 | 82 | 53 | 29,434 | 38,661 | 1,289 | 325 | 1,249 | 39 | 89 |
| 1997 Total | 1,738 | 1,584 | 87 | 58 | 29,853 | 37,265 | 1,282 | 283 | 1,259 | 41 | 102 |
| 1998 Total | 1,443 | 1,807 | 87 | 54 | 28,553 | 38,910 | 1,355 | 305 | 1,211 | 42 | 93 |
| 1999 Total | 1,490 | 1,613 | 84 | 54 | 27,763 | 37,312 | 1,401 | 331 | 1,213 | 31 | 99 |
| 2000 Total | 1,547 | 1,615 | 85 | 47 | 28,031 | 30,520 | 1,386 | 331 | 1,244 | 35 | 108 |
| 2001 Total | 1,448 | 1,832 | 79 | 25 | 25,755 | 26,817 | 1,310 | 248 | 1,054 | 27 | 101 |
| 2002 Total | 1,405 | 1,250 | 74 | 26 | 26,232 | 25,163 | 1,240 | 245 | 1,136 | 34 | 92 |
| 2003 Total | 1,816 | 1,449 | 58 | 29 | 24,846 | 26,212 | 1,144 | 253 | 1,097 | 34 | 103 |
| 2004 Total | 1,917 | 2,009 | 72 | 34 | 26,613 | 28,857 | 1,191 | 296 | 1,193 | 24 | 67 |
| 2005 January | 192 | 308 | 6 | 3 | 2,252 | 3,053 | 92 | 24 | 103 | 3 | 6 |
| February | 168 | 158 | 5 | 3 | 2,114 | 1,996 | 84 | 21 | 100 | 3 | 5 |
| March | 173 | 131 | 6 | 3 | 2,222 | 2,169 | 90 | 24 | 98 | 3 | 6 |
| April | 135 | 83 | 6 | 3 | 2,023 | 2,032 | 87 | 23 | 94 | 3 | 6 |
| May | 136 | 71 | 5 | 3 | 1,990 | 1,667 | 89 | 24 | 96 | 3 | 6 |
| June | 158 | 117 | 6 | 3 | 2,118 | 2,024 | 100 | 23 | 94 | 3 | 6 |
| July | 166 | 125 | 7 | 3 | 2,260 | 2,406 | 110 | 23 | 99 | 3 | 6 |
| August | 161 | 126 | 7 | 3 | 2,254 | 2,543 | 110 | 23 | 99 | 3 | 7 |
| September | 148 | 113 | 6 | 3 | 2,135 | 2,219 | 87 | 22 | 94 | 3 | 6 |
| October | 138 | 115 | 5 | 3 | 2,115 | 2,516 | 74 | 20 | 97 | 3 | 5 |
| November | 157 | 97 | 12 | 3 | 2,116 | 2,049 | 75 | 19 | 94 | 3 | 5 |
| December | 190 | 185 | 5 | 3 | 2,275 | 2,705 | 85 | 20 | 98 | 3 | 6 |
| Total | 1,922 | 1,630 | 75 | 34 | 25,875 | 27,380 | 1,084 | 264 | 1,166 | 34 | 70 |
| 2006 January | 186 | 121 | 5 | 3 | 2,217 | 2,411 | 91 | 23 | 112 | 3 | 6 |
| February | 169 | 137 | 5 | 3 | 2,024 | 2,098 | 83 | 22 | 96 | 3 | 6 |
| March | 170 | 126 | 5 | 3 | 2,115 | 2,070 | 91 | 25 | 100 | 3 | 7 |
| April | 134 | 77 | 5 | 3 | 2,050 | 1,802 | 84 | 24 | 97 | 3 | 6 |
| May | 139 | 51 | 5 | 3 | 2,059 | 1,762 | 92 | 24 | 98 | 3 | 7 |
| June | 147 | 51 | 20 | 3 | 2,104 | 1,677 | 94 | 23 | 98 | 2 | 6 |
| July | 163 | 55 | 7 | 3 | 2,202 | 1,717 | 103 | 25 | 105 | 3 | 7 |
| August | 163 | 58 | 7 | 3 | 2,202 | 1,791 | 104 | 25 | 103 | 3 | 7 |
| September | 138 | 49 | 6 | 3 | 2,061 | 1,722 | 91 | 23 | 100 | 3 | 7 |
| October | 136 | 44 | 6 | 3 | 2,074 | 1,545 | 97 | 24 | 103 | 3 | 7 |
| November | 159 | 64 | 5 | 3 | 2,020 | 1,863 | 89 | 21 | 100 | 3 | 7 |
| December | 183 | 102 | 6 | 3 | 2,136 | 2,249 | 95 | 20 | 105 | 3 | 7 |
| Total | 1,886 | 935 | 82 | 36 | 25,262 | 22,706 | 1,115 | 277 | 1,216 | 33 | 79 |
| 2007 January | 192 | 126 | 6 | 3 | 2,030 | 2,262 | 97 | 24 | 100 | 3 | 7 |
| February | 185 | 132 | 7 | 3 | 1,895 | 2,347 | 88 | 18 | 92 | 3 | 6 |
| March | 171 | 111 | 6 | 3 | 1,968 | 2,192 | 89 | 24 | 97 | 3 | 7 |
| April | 145 | 81 | 5 | 3 | 1,832 | 2,078 | 86 | 26 | 99 | 2 | 7 |
| May | 144 | 41 | 5 | 3 | 1,889 | 1,960 | 90 | 25 | 97 | 3 | 7 |
| June | 137 | 33 | 7 | 3 | 1,906 | 1,770 | 99 | 24 | 95 | 3 | 6 |
| July | 149 | 31 | 9 | 3 | 1,942 | 1,641 | 109 | 24 | 100 | 3 | 6 |
| August | 160 | 44 | 10 | 3 | 1,999 | 1,793 | 135 | 24 | 97 | 3 | 7 |
| September | 143 | 37 | 8 | 3 | 1,839 | 1,481 | 109 | 23 | 95 | 3 | 6 |
| October | 146 | 37 | 8 | 3 | 1,910 | 1,582 | 107 | 25 | 99 | 3 | 7 |
| 10-Month Total ... | 1,571 | 674 | 70 | 31 | 19,211 | 19,105 | 1,008 | 235 | 970 | 29 | 65 |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 1,543 | 769 | 71 | 30 | 21,106 | 18,594 | 930 | 236 | 1,011 | 27 | 65 |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 1,575 | 1,347 | 58 | 29 | 21,483 | 22,626 | 923 | 226 | 974 | 29 | 59 |

^a Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.

^b Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants.

^c Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.

^d Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, and waste oil.

^e Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.

^f Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^g Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

^h Wood and wood-derived fuels.

ⁱ Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

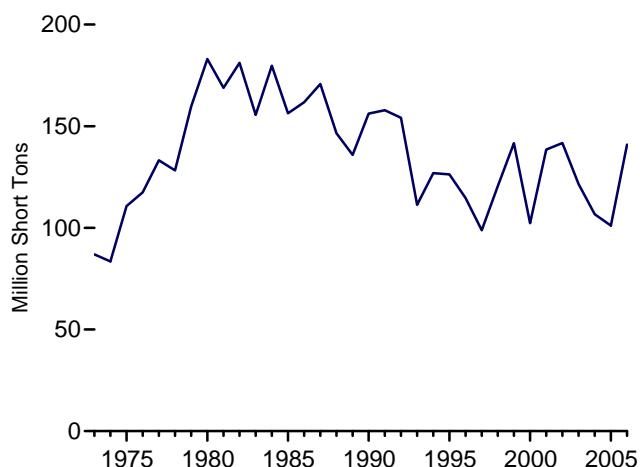
Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity and useful thermal output. Through 1988, data are not available. • See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html> for all available data beginning in 1989.

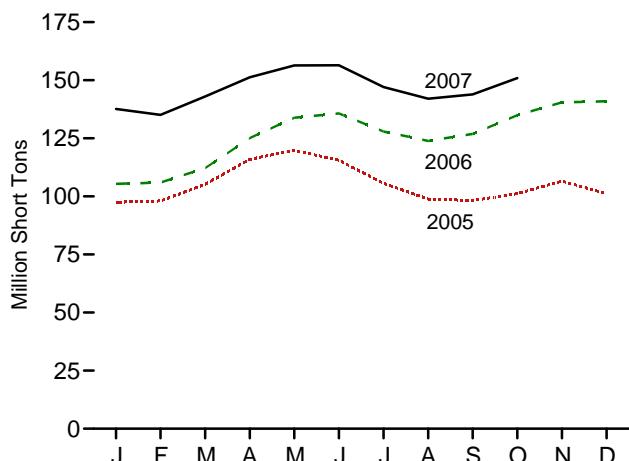
Sources: • **1989-1997:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report." • **1998-2000:** EIA, Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility." • **2001-2003:** EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." • **2004 forward:** EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report."

Figure 7.5 Stocks of Coal and Petroleum: Electric Power Sector

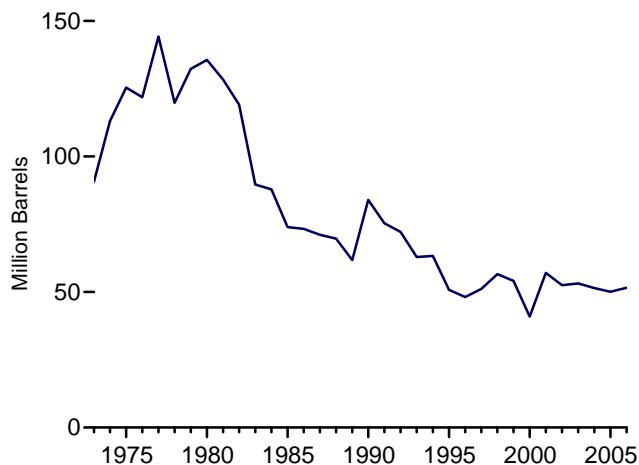
Coal, 1973-2006



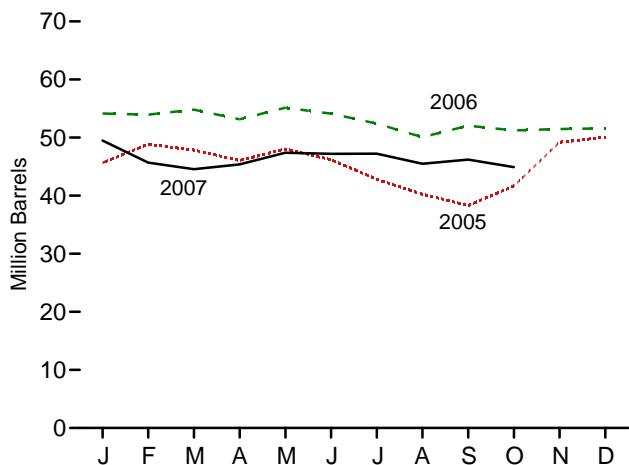
Coal, Monthly



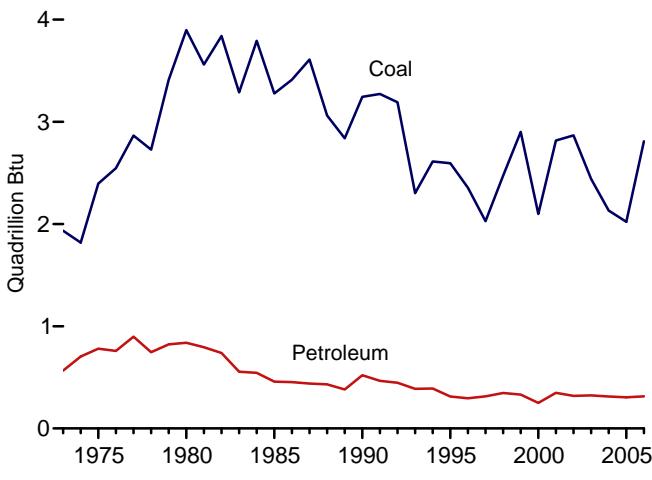
Total Petroleum, 1973-2006



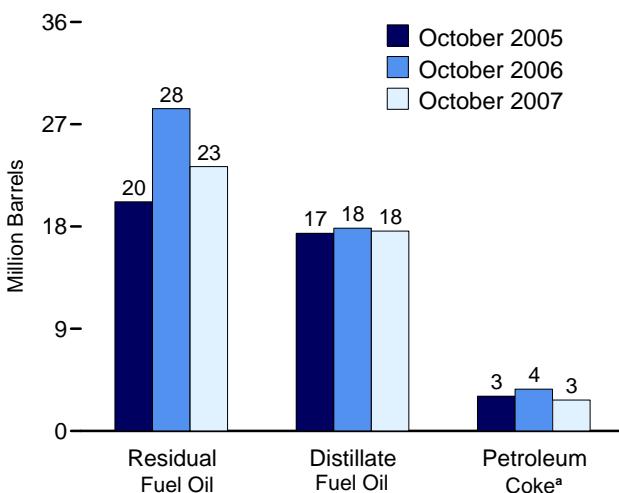
Total Petroleum, Monthly



Coal and Petroleum Stocks, 1973-2006



Petroleum by Major Type, End of Month



^aConverted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by five.
Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html>.
Sources: Tables 7.5, A1, and A5 (column 6).

Table 7.5 Stocks of Coal and Petroleum: Electric Power Sector

| | Coal ^a | Petroleum | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| | | Distillate Fuel Oil ^b | Residual Fuel Oil ^c | Other Liquids ^d | Petroleum Coke ^e | Total ^e |
| | | Thousand Short Tons | Thousand Barrels | | | Thousand Short Tons |
| 1973 Year | 86,967 | 10,095 | 79,121 | NA | 312 | 90,776 |
| 1975 Year | 110,724 | 16,432 | 108,825 | NA | 31 | 125,413 |
| 1980 Year | 183,010 | 30,023 | 105,351 | NA | 52 | 135,635 |
| 1985 Year | 156,376 | 16,386 | 57,304 | NA | 49 | 73,933 |
| 1990 Year | 156,166 | 16,471 | 67,030 | NA | 94 | 83,970 |
| 1995 Year | 126,304 | 15,392 | 35,102 | NA | 65 | 50,821 |
| 1996 Year | 114,623 | 15,216 | 32,473 | NA | 91 | 48,146 |
| 1997 Year | 98,826 | 15,456 | 33,336 | NA | 469 | 51,138 |
| 1998 Year | 120,501 | 16,343 | 37,451 | NA | 559 | 56,591 |
| 1999 Year ^f | 141,604 | 17,995 | 34,256 | NA | 372 | 54,109 |
| 2000 Year | 102,296 | 15,127 | 24,748 | NA | 211 | 40,932 |
| 2001 Year | 138,496 | 20,486 | 34,594 | NA | 390 | 57,031 |
| 2002 Year | 141,714 | 17,413 | 25,723 | 800 | 1,711 | 52,490 |
| 2003 Year | 121,567 | 19,153 | 25,820 | 779 | 1,484 | 53,170 |
| 2004 Year | 106,669 | 19,275 | 26,596 | 879 | 937 | 51,434 |
| 2005 January | 97,514 | 17,109 | 23,950 | 790 | 765 | 45,675 |
| February | 98,059 | 17,597 | 26,392 | 890 | 796 | 48,860 |
| March | 105,226 | 17,358 | 26,111 | 924 | 690 | 47,844 |
| April | 115,919 | 17,143 | 24,578 | 920 | 685 | 46,067 |
| May | 119,902 | 17,085 | 26,855 | 920 | 633 | 48,024 |
| June | 115,524 | 17,311 | 24,330 | 921 | 723 | 46,176 |
| July | 105,631 | 16,876 | 21,277 | 885 | 757 | 42,824 |
| August | 98,879 | 17,204 | 19,252 | 867 | 583 | 40,238 |
| September | 98,192 | 17,021 | 17,611 | 936 | 550 | 38,316 |
| October | 101,218 | 17,402 | 20,173 | 1,041 | 612 | 41,677 |
| November | 106,573 | 18,457 | 26,655 | 1,057 | 602 | 49,180 |
| December | 101,137 | 18,778 | 27,624 | 1,012 | 530 | 50,062 |
| 2006 January | 105,401 | 18,413 | 31,748 | 1,058 | 587 | 54,151 |
| February | 105,986 | 18,393 | 31,335 | 1,075 | 633 | 53,966 |
| March | 112,141 | 18,346 | 31,881 | 1,087 | 700 | 54,813 |
| April | 125,097 | 18,156 | 30,641 | 1,101 | 650 | 53,148 |
| May | 133,841 | 18,156 | 32,462 | 1,094 | 684 | 55,132 |
| June | 135,734 | 18,199 | 31,503 | 1,082 | 665 | 54,110 |
| July | 127,894 | 18,044 | 30,198 | 1,081 | 615 | 52,401 |
| August | 123,884 | 18,093 | 27,979 | 1,082 | 580 | 50,056 |
| September | 126,872 | 18,024 | 29,456 | 1,343 | 647 | 52,059 |
| October | 134,941 | 17,852 | 28,367 | 1,330 | 736 | 51,228 |
| November | 140,442 | 17,987 | 28,292 | 1,336 | 771 | 51,472 |
| December | 140,964 | 18,013 | 28,823 | 1,380 | 674 | 51,583 |
| 2007 January | 137,606 | 17,465 | 27,107 | 1,390 | 703 | 49,477 |
| February | 135,096 | 17,137 | 23,569 | 1,342 | 730 | 45,697 |
| March | 142,986 | 16,875 | 23,145 | 1,303 | 649 | 44,569 |
| April | 151,296 | 16,721 | 23,935 | 1,309 | 683 | 45,381 |
| May | 156,354 | 16,739 | 25,980 | 1,327 | 668 | 47,385 |
| June | 156,412 | 16,943 | 26,178 | 1,322 | 552 | 47,201 |
| July | 147,047 | 17,020 | 25,503 | 1,316 | 677 | 47,223 |
| August | 142,067 | 16,944 | 24,342 | 1,302 | 582 | 45,496 |
| September | 143,890 | 17,184 | 25,024 | 1,288 | 546 | 46,224 |
| October | 150,942 | 17,604 | 23,274 | 1,308 | 545 | 44,912 |

^a Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and lignite.

^b Fuel oil nos. 1, 2 and 4. For 1973-1979, data are for gas turbine and internal combustion plant stocks of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.

^c Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. For 1973-1979, data are for steam plant stocks of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include a small amount of fuel oil no. 4.

^d Jet fuel and kerosene. Through 2003, data also include a small amount of waste oil.

^e Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.

^f Through 1998, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1999, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

NA=Not available.

Notes: • The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. • Stocks

are at end of period. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

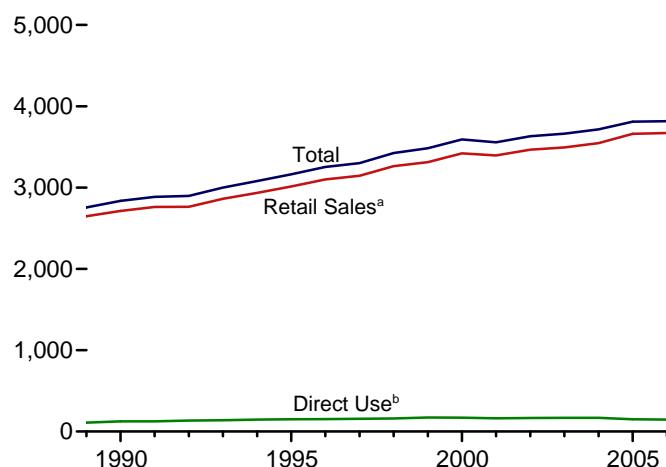
Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • **1973-September 1977:** Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • **October 1977-1981:** Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • **1982-1988:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

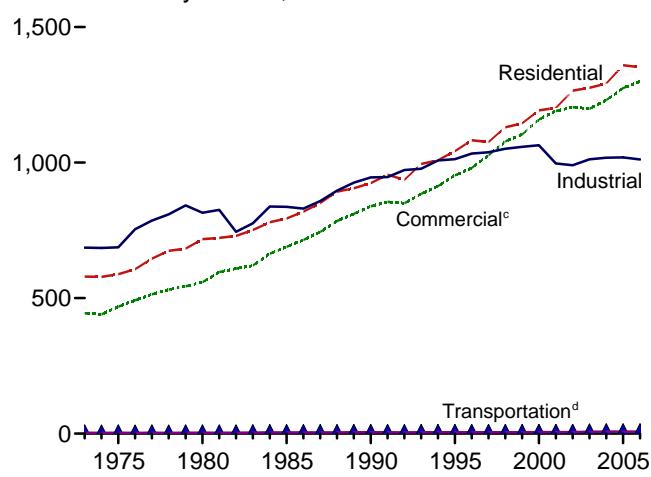
• **1989-1997:** EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report." • **1998-2000:** EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility." • **2001-2003:** Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." • **2004 forward:** EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report."

Figure 7.6 Electricity End Use
(Billion Kilowatthours)

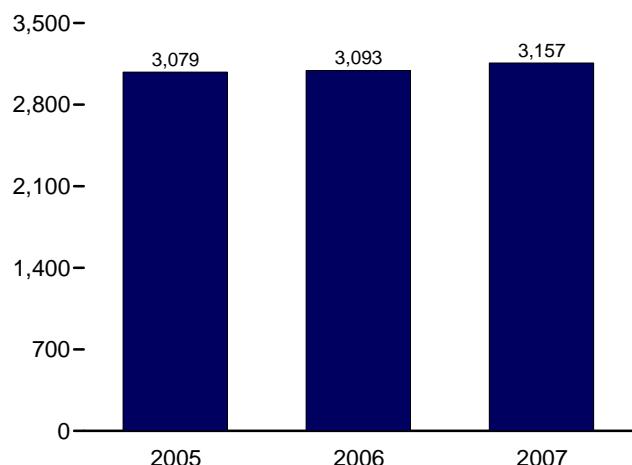
Electricity End Use Overview, 1989-2006



Retail Sales^a by Sector, 1973-2006



Retail Sales^a Total, January-October

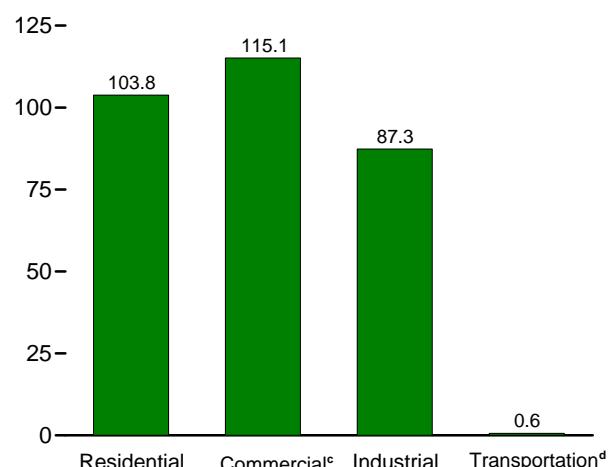


^aElectricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and other energy service providers.

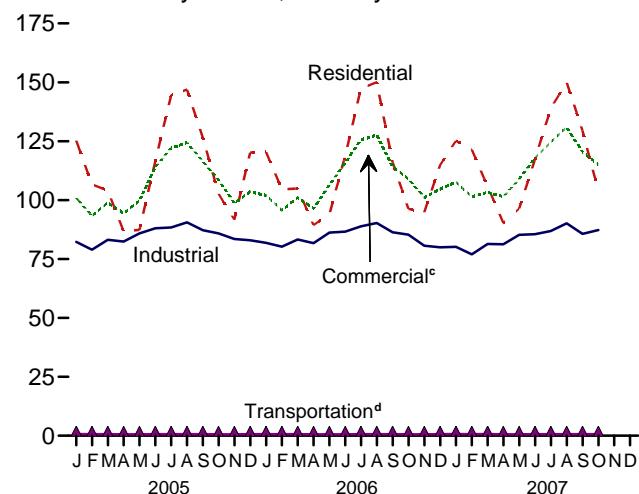
^bSee "Direct Use" in Glossary.

^cCommercial sector, including public street and highway lighting, inter-departmental sales, and other sales to public authorities.

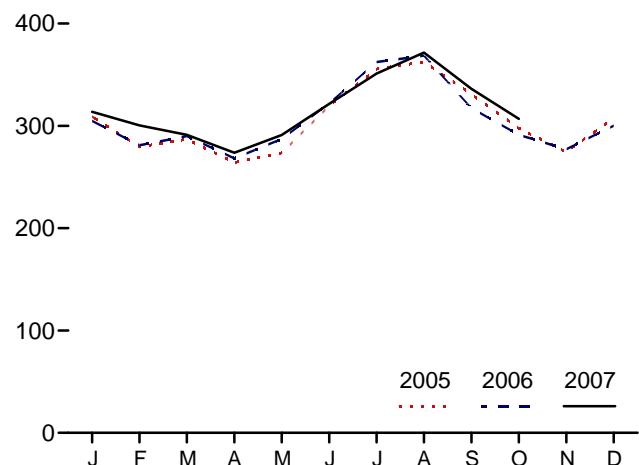
Retail Sales^a by Sector, October 2007



Retail Sales^a by Sector, Monthly



Retail Sales^a Total, Monthly



^dTransportation sector, including sales to railroads and railways.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html>.

Source: Table 7.6.

Table 7.6 Electricity End Use
(Million Kilowatthours)

| | Retail Sales ^a | | | | | Direct Use ^f | Total End Use ^g | Discontinued Retail Sales Series | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Residential | Commercial ^b | Industrial ^c | Transportation ^d | Total Retail Sales ^e | | | Commercial (Old) ^h | Other (Old) ⁱ |
| 1973 Total | 579,231 | E 444,505 | 686,085 | E 3,087 | 1,712,909 | NA | 1,712,909 | 388,266 | 59,326 |
| 1975 Total | 588,140 | E 468,296 | 687,680 | E 2,974 | 1,747,091 | NA | 1,747,091 | 403,049 | 68,222 |
| 1980 Total | 717,495 | 558,643 | 815,067 | 3,244 | 2,094,449 | NA | 2,094,449 | 488,155 | 73,732 |
| 1985 Total | 793,934 | 689,121 | 836,772 | 4,147 | 2,323,974 | NA | 2,323,974 | 605,989 | 87,279 |
| 1990 Total | 924,019 | 838,263 | 945,522 | 4,751 | 2,712,555 | 124,529 | 2,837,084 | 751,027 | 91,988 |
| 1995 Total | 1,042,501 | 953,117 | 1,012,693 | 4,975 | 3,013,287 | 150,677 | 3,163,963 | 862,685 | 95,407 |
| 1996 Total | 1,082,512 | 980,061 | 1,033,631 | 4,923 | 3,101,127 | 152,638 | 3,253,765 | 887,445 | 97,539 |
| 1997 Total | 1,075,880 | 1,026,626 | 1,038,197 | 4,907 | 3,145,610 | 156,239 | 3,301,849 | 928,633 | 102,901 |
| 1998 Total | 1,130,109 | 1,077,957 | 1,051,203 | 4,962 | 3,264,231 | 160,866 | 3,425,097 | 979,401 | 103,518 |
| 1999 Total | 1,144,923 | 1,103,821 | 1,058,217 | 5,126 | 3,312,087 | 171,629 | 3,483,716 | 1,001,996 | 106,952 |
| 2000 Total | 1,192,446 | 1,159,347 | 1,064,239 | 5,382 | 3,421,414 | 170,943 | 3,592,357 | 1,055,232 | 109,496 |
| 2001 Total | 1,201,607 | 1,190,518 | 996,609 | 5,724 | 3,394,458 | 162,649 | 3,557,107 | 1,083,069 | 113,174 |
| 2002 Total | 1,265,180 | 1,204,531 | 990,238 | 5,517 | 3,465,466 | 166,184 | 3,631,650 | 1,104,497 | 105,552 |
| 2003 Total | 1,275,824 | 1,198,728 | 1,012,373 | 6,810 | 3,493,734 | 168,295 | 3,662,029 | -- | -- |
| 2004 Total | 1,291,982 | 1,230,425 | 1,017,850 | 7,224 | 3,547,479 | 168,470 | 3,715,949 | -- | -- |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 125,288 | 100,862 | 82,242 | 687 | 309,079 | E 12,948 | 322,027 | -- | -- |
| February | 106,667 | 93,257 | 78,935 | 655 | 279,514 | E 11,684 | 291,198 | -- | -- |
| March | 104,065 | 98,924 | 83,185 | 618 | 286,791 | E 12,565 | 299,356 | -- | -- |
| April | 86,749 | 94,439 | 82,389 | 590 | 264,168 | E 11,905 | 276,073 | -- | -- |
| May | 87,384 | 99,702 | 85,852 | 562 | 273,500 | E 12,276 | 285,776 | -- | -- |
| June | 116,627 | 114,101 | 88,033 | 620 | 319,381 | E 13,143 | 332,524 | -- | -- |
| July | 144,476 | 122,037 | 88,386 | 615 | 355,514 | E 14,337 | 369,851 | -- | -- |
| August | 146,905 | 124,436 | 90,536 | 667 | 362,544 | E 14,375 | 376,918 | -- | -- |
| September | 126,516 | 116,517 | 87,256 | 635 | 330,923 | E 12,273 | 343,197 | -- | -- |
| October | 102,686 | 108,474 | 85,856 | 610 | 297,626 | E 10,962 | 308,589 | -- | -- |
| November | 91,687 | 98,799 | 83,512 | 587 | 274,585 | E 11,184 | 285,770 | -- | -- |
| December | 120,177 | 103,531 | 82,974 | 660 | 307,343 | E 12,362 | 319,705 | -- | -- |
| Total | 1,359,227 | 1,275,079 | 1,019,156 | 7,506 | 3,660,969 | 150,016 | 3,810,984 | -- | -- |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 120,419 | 101,933 | 81,865 | 649 | 304,866 | E 12,574 | 317,440 | -- | -- |
| February | 104,511 | 95,713 | 80,207 | 615 | 281,046 | E 11,257 | 292,304 | -- | -- |
| March | 104,955 | 101,115 | 83,264 | 636 | 289,970 | E 11,903 | 301,873 | -- | -- |
| April | 89,374 | 96,551 | 81,696 | 587 | 268,208 | E 11,322 | 279,531 | -- | -- |
| May | 94,000 | 106,442 | 86,179 | 577 | 287,198 | E 12,283 | 299,481 | -- | -- |
| June | 118,815 | 115,785 | 86,630 | 609 | 321,840 | E 12,101 | 333,941 | -- | -- |
| July | 147,338 | 125,541 | 88,880 | 627 | 362,387 | E 13,281 | 375,668 | -- | -- |
| August | 150,064 | 127,655 | 90,285 | 630 | 368,634 | E 13,296 | 381,930 | -- | -- |
| September | 116,072 | 114,231 | 86,364 | 615 | 317,282 | E 12,077 | 329,360 | -- | -- |
| October | 96,246 | 109,000 | 85,337 | 602 | 291,186 | E 12,522 | 303,708 | -- | -- |
| November | 94,843 | 101,104 | 80,653 | 582 | 277,182 | E 11,808 | 288,990 | -- | -- |
| December | 114,882 | 104,673 | 79,937 | 627 | 300,119 | E 12,501 | 312,620 | -- | -- |
| Total | 1,351,520 | 1,299,744 | 1,011,298 | 7,358 | 3,669,919 | 146,927 | 3,816,845 | -- | -- |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 125,172 | 107,699 | 80,139 | 724 | 313,735 | E 12,447 | 326,182 | -- | -- |
| February | 121,440 | 101,435 | 77,001 | 663 | 300,539 | E 11,118 | 311,657 | -- | -- |
| March | 105,785 | 103,342 | 81,385 | 717 | 291,229 | E 11,784 | 303,013 | -- | -- |
| April | 90,362 | 101,429 | 81,283 | 602 | 273,677 | E 11,379 | 285,056 | -- | -- |
| May | 96,368 | 108,873 | 85,280 | 597 | 291,118 | E 11,825 | 302,943 | -- | -- |
| June | 117,340 | 117,878 | 85,514 | 631 | 321,363 | E 11,835 | 333,198 | -- | -- |
| July | 138,960 | 124,611 | 86,870 | 638 | 351,079 | E 12,490 | 363,569 | -- | -- |
| August | 149,978 | 130,920 | 90,145 | 643 | 371,686 | E 12,962 | 384,648 | -- | -- |
| September | 129,475 | 120,415 | 85,675 | 648 | 336,214 | E 11,957 | 348,171 | -- | -- |
| October | 103,770 | 115,095 | 87,330 | 617 | 306,812 | E 12,072 | 318,884 | -- | -- |
| 10-Month Total ... | 1,178,652 | 1,131,697 | 840,621 | 6,481 | 3,157,451 | E 119,870 | 3,277,321 | -- | -- |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 1,141,796 | 1,093,967 | 850,707 | 6,148 | 3,092,618 | E 122,617 | 3,215,235 | -- | -- |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 1,147,363 | 1,072,749 | 852,670 | 6,259 | 3,079,040 | E 126,469 | 3,205,509 | -- | -- |

^a Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.

^b Commercial sector, including public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, and other sales to public authorities.

^c Industrial sector. Through 2002, excludes agriculture and irrigation; beginning in 2003, includes agriculture and irrigation.

^d Transportation sector, including sales to railroads and railways.

^e The sum of "Residential," "Commercial," "Industrial," and "Transportation."

^f Use of electricity that is 1) self-generated, 2) produced by either the same entity that consumes the power or an affiliate, and 3) used in direct support of a service or industrial process located within the same facility or group of facilities that house the generating equipment. Direct use is exclusive of station use.

^g The sum of "Total Retail Sales" and "Direct Use."

^h "Commercial (Old)" is a discontinued series—data are for the commercial sector, excluding public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, and other sales to public authorities.

ⁱ "Other (Old)" is a discontinued series—data are for public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, other sales to public authorities, agriculture and irrigation, and transportation including railroads and railways.

E=Estimate. NA=Not available. --=Not applicable.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Electricity

Note. Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) classifies power plants (both electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power plants) into energy-use sectors based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), which replaced the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system in 1997. Plants with a NAICS code of 22 are assigned to the Electric Power Sector. Those with NAICS codes beginning with 11 (agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting); 21 (mining, including oil and gas extraction); 23 (construction); 31–33 (manufacturing); 2212 (natural gas distribution); and 22131 (water supply and irrigation systems) are assigned to the Industrial Sector. Those with all other codes are assigned to the Commercial Sector. Form EIA-860, “Annual Electric Generator Report,” asks respondents to indicate the primary purpose of the facility by assigning a NAICS code from the list at: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/electricity/forms/ea860/ea860.doc>.

Table 7.1 Sources

Net Generation, Electric Power Sector

Table 7.2b.

Net Generation, Commercial and Industrial Sectors

Table 7.2c.

Imports and Exports, Electricity Trade With Canada and Mexico, 1973–1989

1973–September 1977: Unpublished Federal Power Commission data.
October 1977–1980: Unpublished Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) data.
1981: Department of Energy (DOE), Office of Energy Emergency Operations, “Report on Electric Energy Exchanges with Canada and Mexico for Calendar Year 1981,” April 1982 (revised June 1982).
1982 and 1983: DOE, ERA, *Electricity Exchanges Across International Borders*.
1984–1986: DOE, ERA, *Electricity Transactions Across International Borders*.
1987 and 1988: DOE, ERA, Form ERA-781R, “Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data.”
1989: DOE, Fossil Energy, Form FE-781R, “Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data.”

Imports and Exports, Electricity Trade with Canada, 1990 Forward

National Energy Board of Canada, data for total sales (firm and interruptible; which exclude non-revenue, inadvertent, and service) from Canada to the United States, and data for total purchases (which exclude non-revenue, inadvertent, and service) by Canada from the United States.

Imports and Exports, Electricity Trade with Mexico, 1990 Forward

DOE, Fossil Energy, Office of Fuels Programs, Form FE-781R, “Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data.” For 2001 forward, data from the California Independent System Operator were used in combination with the Form FE-781R values to estimate electricity trade with Mexico.

T&D Losses and Unaccounted for

Calculated as the sum of total net generation and imports minus end use and exports.

End Use

Table 7.6.

Table 7.2b Sources

1973–September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, “Monthly Power Plant Report.”
October 1977–1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, “Monthly Power Plant Report.”
1982–1988: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, “Monthly Power Plant Report.”
1989–1997: EIA, Form EIA-759, “Monthly Power Plant Report,” and Form EIA-867, “Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report.”
1998–2000: EIA, Form EIA-759, “Monthly Power Plant Report,” and Form EIA-860B, “Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility.”
2001–2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report.”
2004 forward: EIA, Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report,” and Form EIA-920, “Combined Heat and Power Plant Report.”

Table 7.2c Sources

Industrial Sector, Hydroelectric Power, 1973–1988
1973–September 1977: Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-4, “Monthly Power Plant Report,” for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts, and FPC, Form FPC-12C, “Industrial Electric Generating Capacity,” for all other plants.
October 1977–1978: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, “Monthly Power Plant Report,” for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts, and FERC, Form FPC-12C, “Industrial Electric Generating Capacity,” for all other plants.
1979: FERC, Form FPC-4, “Monthly Power Plant Report,” for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts, and Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates for all other plants.
1980–1988: Estimated by EIA as the average generation over the 6-year period of 1974–1979.

All Data, 1989 Forward

1989–1997: EIA, Form EIA-867, “Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report.”
1998–2000: EIA, Form EIA-860B, “Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility.”
2001–2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report.”
2004 forward: EIA, Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report,” and Form EIA-920, “Combined Heat and Power Plant Report.”

Table 7.3b Sources

1973–September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, “Monthly Power Plant Report.”
October 1977–1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, “Monthly Power Plant Report.”
1982–1988: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, “Monthly Power Plant Report.”
1989–1997: EIA, Form EIA-759, “Monthly Power Plant Report,” and Form EIA-867, “Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report.”
1998–2000: EIA, Form EIA-759, “Monthly Power Plant Report,” and Form EIA-860B, “Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility.”
2001–2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report.”
2004 forward: EIA, Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report,” and Form EIA-920, “Combined Heat and Power Plant Report.”

Table 7.4b Sources

1973–September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, “Monthly Power Plant Report.”
October 1977–1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, “Monthly Power Plant Report.”
1982–1988: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, “Monthly Power Plant Report.”
1989–1997: EIA, Form EIA-759, “Monthly Power Plant Report,” and Form EIA-867, “Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report.”
1998–2000: EIA, Form EIA-759, “Monthly Power Plant Report,” and Form EIA-860B, “Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility.”
2001–2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report.”
2004 forward: EIA, Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report,” and Form EIA-920, “Combined Heat and Power Plant Report.”

Table 7.6 Sources

Retail Sales, Residential and Industrial

1973–September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-5, “Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income.”
October 1977–February 1980: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-5, “Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income.”
March 1980–1982: FERC, Form FPC-5, “Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement.”
1983: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-826, “Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement.”
1984–1992: EIA, Form EIA-861, “Annual Electric Utility Report.”
1993 forward: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, January 2008, Table 5.1.

Retail Sales, Commercial

1973–2002: Estimated by EIA as the sum of “Commercial (Old)” and the non-transportation portion of “Other (Old).” See estimation methodology at http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/sep_use/notes/use_elec.pdf.
2003 forward: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, January 2008, Table 5.1

Retail Sales, Transportation

1973–2002: Estimated by EIA as the transportation portion of “Other (Old).” See estimation methodology at http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/sep_use/notes/use_elec.pdf.
2003 forward: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, January 2008, Table 5.1.

Direct Use, Annual

1989–1994: EIA, Form EIA-867, “Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report.”
1995–2006: EIA, *Electric Power Annual 2006*, October 2007, Table 7.2.

Direct Use, Monthly

Annual shares are calculated as annual direct use divided by annual commercial and industrial net generation (on Table 7.1). Then monthly direct use estimates are calculated as the annual share multiplied by the monthly commercial and industrial net generation values. For 2007, the 2006 annual share is used.

Discontinued Retail Sales Series Commercial (Old) and Other (Old)

1973–2002: See sources for “Residential” and “Industrial.”

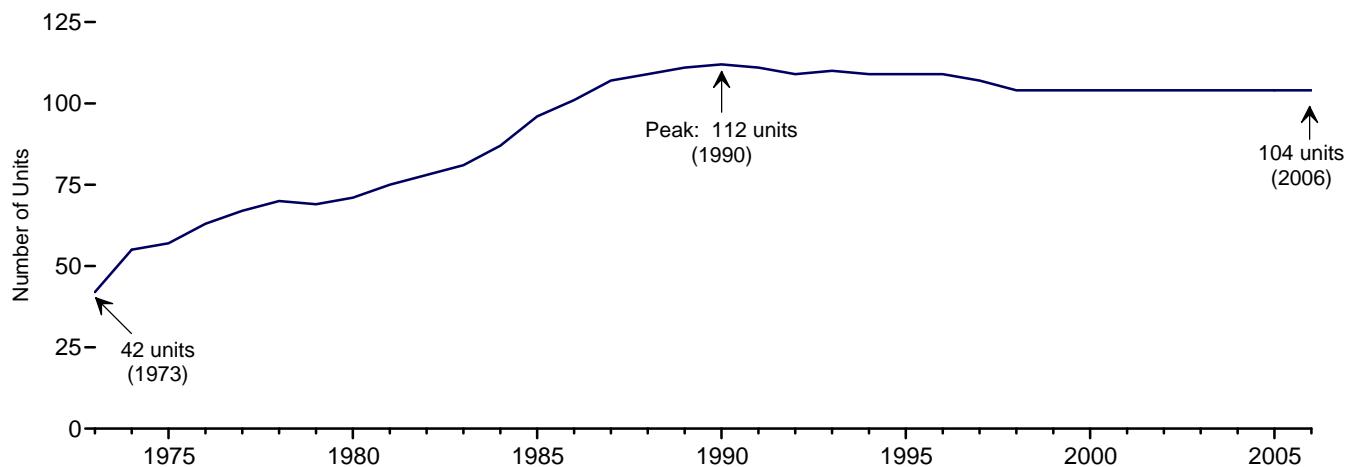
Nuclear Energy



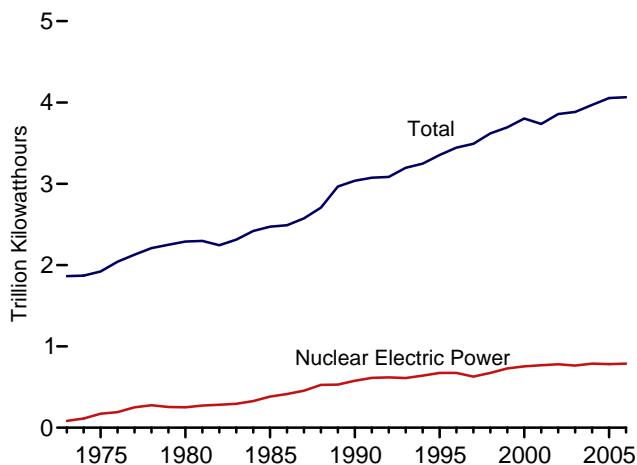
Site of Shippingport atomic power station, the first commercial nuclear power plant in the United States (rectangular reactor building and foreground); background, Beaver Valley 1 and 2 nuclear power plants and Bruce Mansfield coal-fired power plant (southwestern Pennsylvania). Source: U.S. Department of Energy.

Figure 8.1 Nuclear Energy Overview

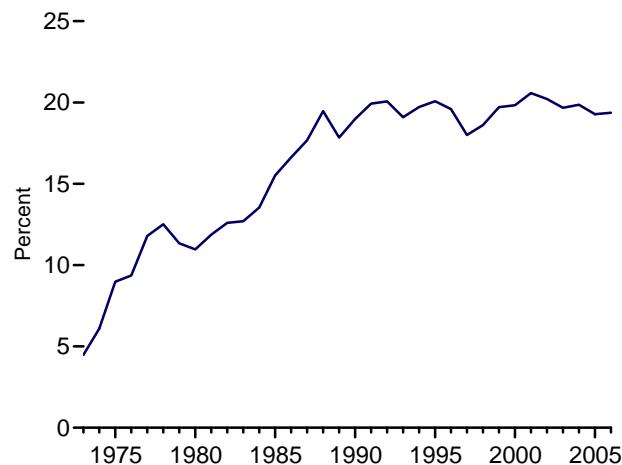
Operable Units, End of Year, 1973-2006



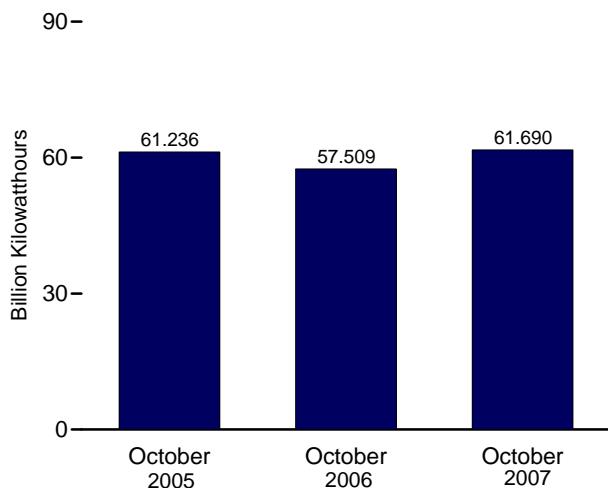
Electricity Net Generation, 1973-2006



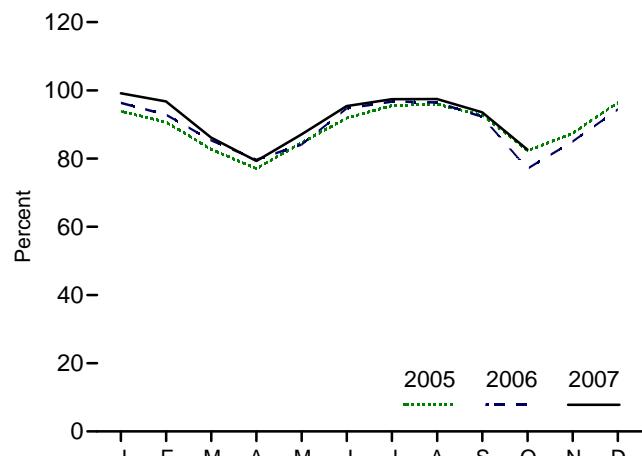
Nuclear Share of Electricity Net Generation, 1973-2006



Nuclear Electricity Net Generation



Capacity Factor, Monthly



Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/nuclear.html>.
Sources: Tables 7.1 and 8.1.

Table 8.1 Nuclear Energy Overview

| | Total Operable Units ^{a,b} | Net Summer Capacity of Operable Units ^{b,c} | Nuclear Electricity Net Generation | Nuclear Share of Electricity Net Generation | Capacity Factor ^d |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| | Number | Million Kilowatts | Million Kilowatthours | Percent | |
| 1973 Total | 42 | 22,683 | 83,479 | 4.5 | 53.5 |
| 1975 Total | 57 | 37,267 | 172,505 | 9.0 | 55.9 |
| 1980 Total | 71 | 51,810 | 251,116 | 11.0 | 56.3 |
| 1985 Total | 96 | 79,397 | 383,691 | 15.5 | 58.0 |
| 1990 Total | 112 | 99,624 | 576,862 | 19.0 | 66.0 |
| 1995 Total | 109 | 99,515 | 673,402 | 20.1 | 77.4 |
| 1996 Total | 109 | 100,784 | 674,729 | 19.6 | 76.2 |
| 1997 Total | 107 | 99,716 | 628,644 | 18.0 | 71.1 |
| 1998 Total | 104 | 97,070 | 673,702 | 18.6 | 78.2 |
| 1999 Total | 104 | 97,411 | 728,254 | 19.7 | 85.3 |
| 2000 Total | 104 | 97,860 | 753,893 | 19.8 | 88.1 |
| 2001 Total | 104 | 98,159 | 768,826 | 20.6 | 89.4 |
| 2002 Total | 104 | 98,657 | 780,064 | 20.2 | 90.3 |
| 2003 Total | 104 | 99,209 | 763,733 | 19.7 | 87.9 |
| 2004 Total | 104 | 99,628 | 788,528 | 19.9 | 90.1 |
| 2005 January | 104 | 99,988 | 69,828 | 20.4 | 93.9 |
| February | 104 | 99,988 | 60,947 | 20.4 | 90.7 |
| March | 104 | 99,988 | 61,539 | 19.4 | 82.7 |
| April | 104 | 99,988 | 55,484 | 19.2 | 77.1 |
| May | 104 | 99,988 | 62,970 | 20.0 | 84.6 |
| June | 104 | 99,988 | 66,144 | 18.2 | 91.9 |
| July | 104 | 99,988 | 71,070 | 17.7 | 95.5 |
| August | 104 | 99,988 | 71,382 | 17.6 | 96.0 |
| September | 104 | 99,988 | 66,739 | 19.1 | 92.7 |
| October | 104 | 99,988 | 61,236 | 19.4 | 82.3 |
| November | 104 | 99,988 | 62,913 | 20.6 | 87.4 |
| December | 104 | 99,988 | 71,735 | 20.6 | 96.4 |
| Total | 104 | 99,988 | 781,986 | 19.3 | 89.3 |
| 2006 January | 104 | 100,334 | 71,912 | 21.9 | 96.3 |
| February | 104 | 100,334 | 62,616 | 20.4 | 92.9 |
| March | 104 | 100,334 | 63,721 | 20.0 | 85.4 |
| April | 104 | 100,334 | 57,567 | 19.3 | 79.7 |
| May | 104 | 100,334 | 62,776 | 19.0 | 84.1 |
| June | 104 | 100,334 | 68,391 | 18.8 | 94.7 |
| July | 104 | 100,334 | 72,186 | 17.6 | 96.7 |
| August | 104 | 100,334 | 72,016 | 17.7 | 96.5 |
| September | 104 | 100,334 | 66,642 | 20.1 | 92.3 |
| October | 104 | 100,334 | 57,509 | 17.9 | 77.0 |
| November | 104 | 100,334 | 61,392 | 19.9 | 85.0 |
| December | 104 | 100,334 | 70,490 | 21.0 | 94.4 |
| Total | 104 | 100,334 | 787,219 | 19.4 | 89.6 |
| 2007 January | 104 | 100,334 | 74,006 | 21.0 | 99.1 |
| February | 104 | 100,334 | 65,225 | 20.1 | 96.7 |
| March | 104 | 100,334 | 64,305 | 20.0 | 86.1 |
| April | 104 | 100,334 | 57,301 | 18.8 | 79.3 |
| May | 104 | 100,334 | 65,025 | 19.7 | 87.1 |
| June | 104 | 100,334 | ^R 19.0 | ^R 95.4 | |
| July | 104 | 100,334 | ^R 18.5 | ^R 97.4 | |
| August | 104 | 100,334 | 72,751 | 17.2 | 97.5 |
| September | 104 | 100,334 | 67,582 | 19.0 | 93.6 |
| October | 104 | 100,334 | 61,690 | 18.5 | 82.6 |
| 10-Month Total | 104 | 100,334 | 669,536 | 19.1 | 91.5 |
| 2006 10-Month Total | 104 | 100,334 | 655,337 | 19.2 | 89.5 |
| 2005 10-Month Total | 104 | 99,988 | 647,339 | 19.0 | 88.7 |

^a Total of nuclear generating units holding full-power licenses, or equivalent permission to operate, at the end of the period—see Note 1 at end of section. Although Browns Ferry 1 was shut down in 1985, the unit remained fully licensed and continued to be counted as operable during the shutdown; in May 2007, the unit was restarted—see Note 1(a) at end of section. For additional information on nuclear generating units, see *Annual Energy Review 2006*, June 2007, Table 9.1, <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/aer/nuclear.html>.

^b At end of period.

^c For the definition of "Net Summer Capacity," see Note 2(a) at end of section.

^d For an explanation of the method of calculating the capacity factor, see Note 2

at end of section.

R=Revised.

Notes: • See Note 1 at end of section for discussion of reactor unit coverage. • Nuclear electricity net generation totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/nuclear.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Nuclear Energy

Note 1. A reactor is generally defined as operable while it possessed a full-power license from the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or its predecessor the Atomic Energy Commission, or equivalent permission to operate, at the end of the year or month shown. The definition is liberal in that it does not exclude units retaining full-power licenses during long, non-routine shutdowns that for a time rendered them unable to generate electricity. Examples are:

- (a) In 1985 the five then-active Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) units (Browns Ferry 1, 2, and 3 and Sequoyah 1 and 2) were shut down under a regulatory forced outage. All five units were idle for several years, restarting in 1991, 1995, 1988, 1988, and 2007, respectively and were counted as operable during the shutdowns.
- (b) Shippingport was shut down from 1974 through 1976 for conversion to a light-water breeder reactor, but is counted as operable from 1957 until its retirement in 1982.
- (c) Calvert Cliffs 2 was shut down in 1989 and 1990 for replacement of pressurizer heater sleeves but is counted as operable during those years.

Exceptions to the definition are Shoreham and Three Mile Island 2. Shoreham was granted a full-power license in April 1989, but was shut down two months later and never restarted. In 1991, the license was changed to Possession Only. Although not operable at the end of the year, Shoreham is counted as operable during 1989. A major accident closed Three Mile Island 2 in 1979, and although the unit retained its full-power license for several years, it is considered permanently shut down since that year.

Note 2. Capacity: Nuclear generating units may have more than one type of net capacity rating, including the following:

(a) Net Summer Capacity—The steady hourly output that generating equipment is expected to supply to system load, exclusive of auxiliary power, as demonstrated by test at the time of summer peak demand. Auxiliary power of a typical nuclear power plant is about 5 percent of gross generation.

(b) Net Design Capacity or Net Design Electrical Rating (DER)—The nominal net electrical output of a unit, specified by the utility and used for plant design.

The monthly capacity factors are computed as the actual monthly generation divided by the maximum possible generation for that month. The maximum possible generation is the number of hours in the month multiplied by the net summer capacity at the end of the month. That fraction is then multiplied by 100 to obtain a percentage. Annual capacity factors are averages of the monthly values for that year.

Table 8.1 Sources

Total Operable Units and Net Summer Capacity of Operable Units

1973-1982: Compiled from various sources, primarily DOE, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones." 1983 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and monthly updates as appropriate. For a list of currently operable units, see:

http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/nuclear/page/nuc_reactors/operational.xls.

Nuclear Electricity Net Generation and Nuclear Share of Electricity Net Generation

See Table 7.2a for actual data.

Capacity Factor

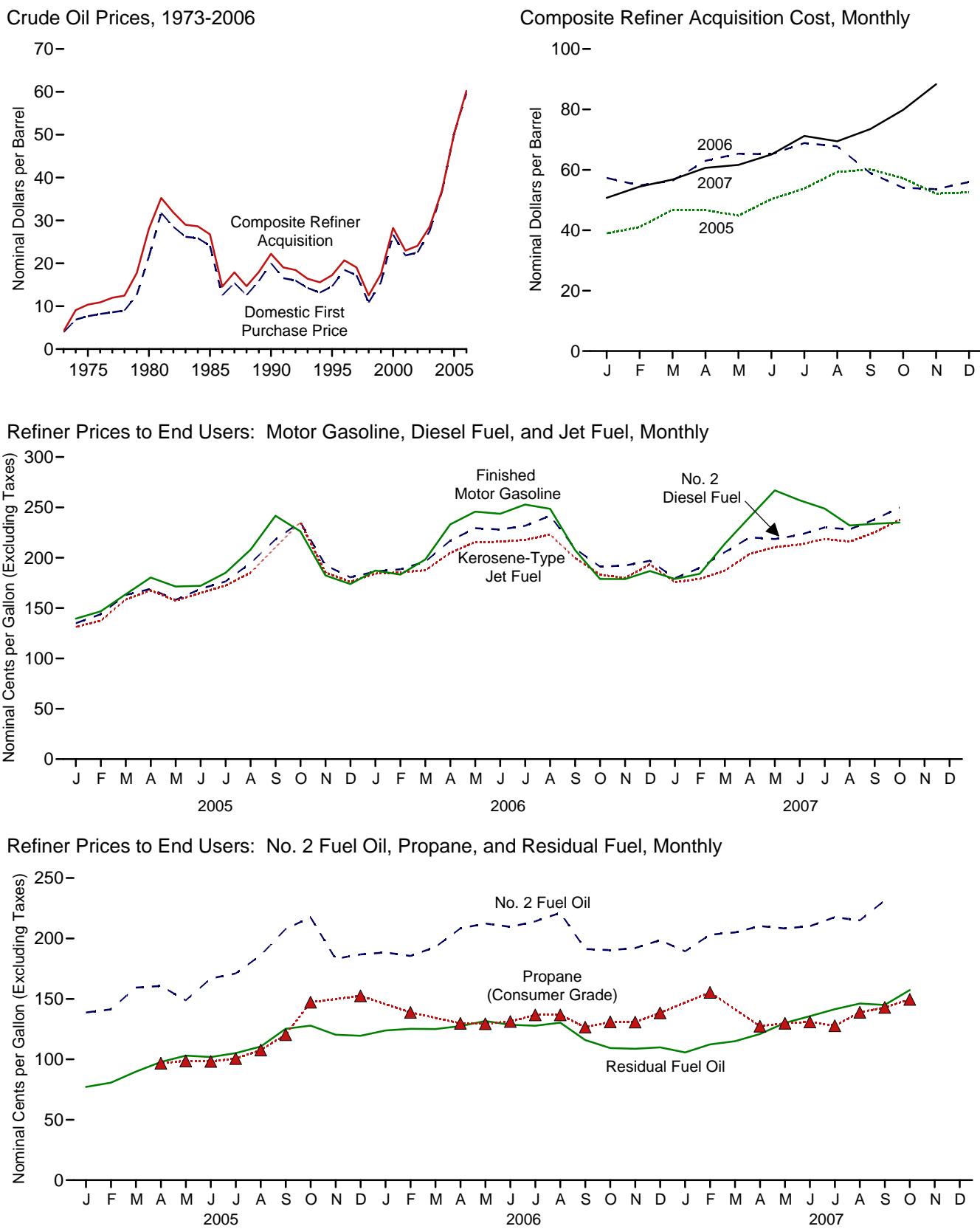
EIA, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels for actual data.

9

Energy Prices



Figure 9.1 Petroleum Prices



Notes: • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary. • Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html>.

Sources: Tables 9.1, 9.5, and 9.7.

Table 9.1 Crude Oil Price Summary
(Nominal Dollars per Barrel)

| | Domestic First Purchase Price ^b | F.O.B. Cost of Imports ^c | Landed Cost of Imports ^d | Refiner Acquisition Cost ^a | | |
|------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| | | | | Domestic | Imported | Composite |
| 1973 Average | 3.89 | € 5.21 | € 6.41 | € 4.17 | € 4.08 | € 4.15 |
| 1975 Average | 7.67 | 11.18 | 12.70 | 8.39 | 13.93 | 10.38 |
| 1980 Average | 21.59 | 32.37 | 33.67 | 24.23 | 33.89 | 28.07 |
| 1985 Average | 24.09 | 25.84 | 26.67 | 26.66 | 26.99 | 26.75 |
| 1990 Average | 20.03 | 20.37 | 21.13 | 22.59 | 21.76 | 22.22 |
| 1995 Average | 14.62 | 15.69 | 16.78 | 17.33 | 17.14 | 17.23 |
| 1996 Average | 18.46 | 19.32 | 20.31 | 20.77 | 20.64 | 20.71 |
| 1997 Average | 17.23 | 16.94 | 18.11 | 19.61 | 18.53 | 19.04 |
| 1998 Average | 10.87 | 10.76 | 11.84 | 13.18 | 12.04 | 12.52 |
| 1999 Average | 15.56 | 16.47 | 17.23 | 17.90 | 17.26 | 17.51 |
| 2000 Average | 26.72 | 26.27 | 27.53 | 29.11 | 27.70 | 28.26 |
| 2001 Average | 21.84 | 20.46 | 21.82 | 24.33 | 22.00 | 22.95 |
| 2002 Average | 22.51 | 22.63 | 23.91 | 24.65 | 23.71 | 24.10 |
| 2003 Average | 27.56 | 25.86 | 27.69 | 29.82 | 27.71 | 28.53 |
| 2004 Average | 36.77 | 33.75 | 36.07 | 38.97 | 35.90 | 36.98 |
| 2005 January | 40.18 | 35.76 | 38.49 | 41.82 | 37.56 | 39.01 |
| February | 42.19 | 39.06 | 40.71 | 43.80 | 39.72 | 41.05 |
| March | 47.56 | 44.29 | 45.95 | 48.87 | 45.73 | 46.78 |
| April | 47.26 | 43.90 | 45.43 | 49.64 | 45.25 | 46.71 |
| May | 44.03 | 42.88 | 44.51 | 47.91 | 43.19 | 44.84 |
| June | 49.83 | 48.53 | 49.99 | 52.13 | 49.28 | 50.30 |
| July | 53.35 | 51.87 | 53.85 | 55.80 | 52.79 | 53.83 |
| August | 58.90 | 57.10 | 58.33 | 60.57 | 58.67 | 59.30 |
| September | 59.64 | 57.87 | 58.26 | 62.84 | 58.79 | 60.18 |
| October | 56.99 | 52.69 | 54.32 | 60.79 | 55.31 | 57.18 |
| November | 53.20 | 48.82 | 51.03 | 56.52 | 49.97 | 52.13 |
| December | 53.24 | 50.06 | 52.04 | 55.89 | 50.85 | 52.51 |
| Average | 50.28 | 47.60 | 49.29 | 52.94 | 48.86 | 50.24 |
| 2006 January | 57.85 | 53.93 | 55.49 | 60.22 | 55.85 | 57.33 |
| February | 55.69 | 51.34 | 53.25 | 58.97 | 52.80 | 54.82 |
| March | 55.64 | 54.67 | 56.59 | 58.48 | 55.31 | 56.38 |
| April | 62.52 | 62.09 | 63.40 | 64.06 | 62.41 | 62.98 |
| May | 64.40 | 62.95 | 64.64 | 67.11 | 64.39 | 65.34 |
| June | 64.65 | 61.44 | 64.42 | 67.76 | 63.79 | 65.13 |
| July | 67.71 | 65.67 | 67.88 | 70.55 | 67.99 | 68.86 |
| August | 67.21 | 62.68 | 65.14 | 70.48 | 66.45 | 67.77 |
| September | 59.37 | 54.63 | 57.20 | 62.51 | 57.29 | 58.92 |
| October | 53.26 | 50.64 | 52.83 | 56.67 | 52.70 | 54.04 |
| November | 52.42 | 51.48 | 53.01 | 55.36 | 52.70 | 53.61 |
| December | 55.03 | 52.82 | 54.53 | 57.81 | 54.97 | 55.98 |
| Average | 59.69 | 57.03 | 59.11 | 62.62 | 59.02 | 60.24 |
| 2007 January | 49.32 | 48.00 | 50.40 | 53.10 | 49.51 | 50.74 |
| February | 52.94 | 51.96 | 53.95 | 55.75 | 53.70 | 54.42 |
| March | 54.95 | 55.46 | 57.38 | 57.86 | 56.26 | 56.80 |
| April | 58.20 | 59.47 | 60.93 | 61.13 | 60.40 | 60.65 |
| May | 58.90 | 60.73 | 62.81 | 62.04 | 61.44 | 61.64 |
| June | 62.35 | 64.38 | 66.19 | 64.95 | 65.14 | 65.07 |
| July | 69.23 | 69.23 | 70.46 | 72.03 | 70.72 | 71.20 |
| August | 67.78 | R 66.60 | R 69.01 | 71.57 | 68.28 | 69.46 |
| September | R 73.16 | R 72.23 | R 73.49 | R 75.84 | R 72.22 | R 73.47 |
| October | R 79.32 | R 77.20 | R 77.36 | R 82.14 | R 78.61 | R 79.85 |
| November | NA | NA | NA | E 90.30 | E 86.38 | E 88.32 |

^a See Note 4 at end of section.

^b See Note 1 at end of section.

^c See Note 2 at end of section.

^d See Note 3 at end of section.

^e Based on October, November, and December data only.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Values for Domestic First Purchase Price and Refiner Acquisition Cost for the current two months and for F.O.B. and Landed Costs of Imports for the current three months are preliminary. • F.O.B. and landed costs through 1980

reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading.

• Annual averages are the averages of the monthly prices, weighted by volume.

• Geographic coverage is the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and all U.S. Territories and Possessions. • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 9.2 F.O.B. Costs of Crude Oil Imports From Selected Countries
(Nominal Dollars per Barrel)

| | Selected Countries | | | | | | | Persian Gulf Nations ^a | Total OPEC ^b | Total Non-OPEC |
|---------------------------|--------------------|----------|---------|---------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------|---|----------------------------|-------------------|
| | Angola | Colombia | Mexico | Nigeria | Saudi Arabia | United Kingdom | Venezuela | | | |
| 1973 Average ^c | W | W | — | 7.81 | 3.25 | — | 5.39 | 3.68 | 5.43 | 4.80 |
| 1975 Average | 10.97 | — | 11.44 | 11.82 | 10.87 | — | 11.04 | 10.88 | 11.34 | 10.62 |
| 1980 Average | 33.45 | W | 31.06 | 35.93 | 28.17 | 34.36 | 24.81 | 28.92 | 32.21 | 32.85 |
| 1985 Average | 26.30 | — | 25.33 | 28.04 | 22.04 | 27.64 | 23.64 | 23.31 | 25.67 | 25.96 |
| 1990 Average | 20.23 | 20.75 | 19.26 | 22.46 | 20.36 | 23.43 | 19.55 | 18.54 | 20.40 | 20.32 |
| 1995 Average | 16.58 | 16.73 | 15.64 | 17.40 | W | 16.94 | 13.86 | W | 15.36 | 16.02 |
| 1996 Average | 20.71 | 21.33 | 19.14 | 21.27 | 19.28 | 19.43 | 17.73 | 19.22 | 18.94 | 19.65 |
| 1997 Average | 18.81 | 18.85 | 16.72 | 19.43 | 15.16 | 18.59 | 15.33 | 15.24 | 16.26 | 17.51 |
| 1998 Average | 12.11 | 12.56 | 10.49 | 12.97 | 8.87 | 12.52 | 9.31 | 9.09 | 10.20 | 11.21 |
| 1999 Average | 17.46 | 17.20 | 15.89 | 17.32 | 17.65 | 19.14 | 14.33 | 17.15 | 15.90 | 16.84 |
| 2000 Average | 27.90 | 29.04 | 25.39 | 28.70 | 24.62 | 27.21 | 24.45 | 24.72 | 25.56 | 26.77 |
| 2001 Average | 23.25 | 24.25 | 18.89 | 24.85 | 18.98 | 23.30 | 18.01 | 18.89 | 19.73 | 21.04 |
| 2002 Average | 24.09 | 24.64 | 21.60 | 25.38 | 23.92 | 24.50 | 20.13 | 23.38 | 22.18 | 22.93 |
| 2003 Average | 28.22 | 28.89 | 24.83 | 29.40 | 25.03 | 28.76 | 23.81 | 25.17 | 25.36 | 26.21 |
| 2004 Average | 37.26 | 37.73 | 31.55 | 38.71 | 34.08 | 37.30 | 31.78 | 33.08 | 33.95 | 33.58 |
| 2005 January | 38.20 | W | 31.51 | 44.43 | 38.52 | W | 34.35 | 36.03 | 37.51 | 34.34 |
| February | 42.77 | W | 33.21 | 48.24 | 40.11 | 42.58 | 37.82 | 39.37 | 41.07 | 37.30 |
| March | 48.06 | 47.05 | 39.32 | 53.76 | 42.67 | 53.98 | 42.94 | 43.00 | 45.71 | 42.96 |
| April | 48.46 | 50.25 | 40.43 | 51.72 | 45.68 | W | 43.01 | 43.71 | 45.34 | 42.45 |
| May | 45.35 | W | 40.31 | 49.59 | 44.09 | W | 41.78 | 43.65 | 44.44 | 41.46 |
| June | 50.91 | 52.64 | 44.83 | 55.81 | 53.37 | W | 47.06 | 50.98 | 51.11 | 46.19 |
| July | 54.88 | W | 46.74 | 59.03 | W | 57.71 | 49.28 | 54.95 | 53.46 | 50.37 |
| August | 62.16 | 55.44 | 50.54 | 65.78 | W | 64.87 | 57.54 | 57.34 | 59.86 | 54.70 |
| September | 60.64 | 63.89 | 52.19 | 63.73 | W | W | 62.43 | W | 60.70 | 55.52 |
| October | 54.80 | W | 48.62 | 60.89 | W | 60.09 | 51.19 | 49.61 | 54.61 | 51.10 |
| November | 52.01 | 49.49 | 43.22 | 56.11 | W | W | 46.98 | 49.88 | 50.88 | 46.93 |
| December | 53.74 | 55.82 | 45.83 | 59.33 | W | — | 48.22 | 48.77 | 52.26 | 47.67 |
| Average | 52.48 | 51.89 | 43.00 | 55.95 | 47.96 | 54.48 | 46.39 | 47.21 | 49.60 | 45.79 |
| 2006 January | 59.28 | 60.78 | 50.21 | 63.73 | W | W | 52.56 | 52.65 | 56.14 | 52.32 |
| February | 57.55 | 53.07 | 48.33 | 60.20 | W | W | 50.93 | 53.66 | 54.39 | 49.19 |
| March | 60.07 | 54.10 | 50.16 | 64.05 | W | 63.13 | 56.29 | 55.84 | 58.34 | 51.87 |
| April | W | 62.26 | 57.12 | 71.85 | W | W | 62.93 | 61.12 | 65.06 | 59.75 |
| May | 66.95 | 66.17 | 55.62 | 70.83 | 65.35 | 68.98 | 61.70 | 63.45 | 65.31 | 60.81 |
| June | 67.10 | 63.43 | 55.07 | 69.96 | 65.87 | 69.34 | 60.87 | 63.99 | 64.69 | 59.04 |
| July | 70.81 | 69.24 | 60.24 | 75.63 | W | W | 64.60 | 61.76 | 67.61 | 64.23 |
| August | 68.94 | 65.45 | 59.97 | 72.67 | 54.21 | — | 60.48 | 56.14 | 62.58 | 62.76 |
| September | 56.89 | 55.49 | 52.01 | 62.74 | 53.27 | W | 52.02 | 52.13 | 55.87 | 53.58 |
| October | 54.00 | 52.38 | 47.64 | 58.62 | 52.19 | W | 48.97 | 50.62 | 52.73 | 48.86 |
| November | 57.67 | 56.16 | 48.13 | 61.20 | 48.43 | W | 48.54 | 49.57 | 53.07 | 50.26 |
| December | 58.28 | 53.99 | 50.09 | 62.24 | 52.76 | W | 49.13 | 51.89 | 54.26 | 51.68 |
| Average | 62.23 | 59.77 | 52.91 | 65.69 | 56.09 | 66.03 | 55.80 | 56.02 | 59.18 | 55.35 |
| 2007 January | 51.80 | 48.98 | 43.22 | 56.03 | W | 53.57 | 44.79 | 49.99 | 50.82 | 45.19 |
| February | 54.61 | 57.10 | 47.54 | 58.32 | W | — | 49.82 | 52.43 | 53.75 | 50.14 |
| March | 60.34 | 58.44 | 50.21 | 64.88 | W | 62.04 | 52.01 | 56.22 | 57.79 | 52.91 |
| April | 65.45 | 58.26 | 54.36 | 69.73 | W | W | 56.48 | 58.82 | 62.26 | 56.40 |
| May | 65.85 | 62.06 | 55.60 | 71.40 | W | W | 57.51 | 63.71 | 63.82 | 57.77 |
| June | 69.63 | 67.21 | 59.91 | 75.67 | W | W | 61.06 | 65.45 | 66.98 | 61.27 |
| July | 74.18 | 70.77 | 64.61 | 78.90 | W | 76.35 | 65.82 | 70.75 | 71.93 | 66.48 |
| August | 68.38 | 70.46 | 61.80 | R 73.47 | W | W | 63.79 | R 70.96 | R 68.71 | 64.18 |
| September | R 75.62 | 70.66 | R 65.95 | R 80.07 | W | W | R 69.39 | R 77.83 | R 75.42 | R 68.32 |
| October | 79.93 | 76.65 | 71.90 | 85.98 | W | W | 74.69 | 85.30 | 81.07 | 72.36 |

^a Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and United Arab Emirates.

^b Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries. Current members are Algeria, Angola, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. Ecuador is included in the data through 1992 and Gabon through 1995. Angola is included beginning in January 2007.

^c Based on October, November, and December data only.

R=Revised. —=No data reported. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • The Free on Board (F.O.B.) cost at the country of origin excludes all costs related to insurance and transportation. See Note 2 at end of section.

• Values for the current two months are preliminary. • Prices through 1980 reflect

the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. • Annual averages are averages of the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume. • Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 9.3 Landed Costs of Crude Oil Imports From Selected Countries
(Nominal Dollars per Barrel)

| | Selected Countries | | | | | | | | Persian Gulf Nations ^a | Total OPEC ^b | Total Non-OPEC |
|---------------------------|--------------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|--------------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| | Angola | Canada | Colombia | Mexico | Nigeria | Saudi Arabia | United Kingdom | Venezuela | | | |
| 1973 Average ^c | W | 5.33 | W | — | 9.08 | 5.37 | — | 5.99 | 5.91 | 6.85 | 5.64 |
| 1975 Average | 11.81 | 12.84 | — | 12.61 | 12.70 | 12.50 | — | 12.36 | 12.64 | 12.70 | 12.70 |
| 1980 Average | 34.76 | 30.11 | W | 31.77 | 37.15 | 29.80 | 35.68 | 25.92 | 30.59 | 33.56 | 33.99 |
| 1985 Average | 27.39 | 25.71 | — | 25.63 | 28.96 | 24.72 | 28.36 | 24.43 | 25.50 | 26.86 | 26.53 |
| 1990 Average | 21.51 | 20.48 | 22.34 | 19.64 | 23.33 | 21.82 | 22.65 | 20.31 | 20.55 | 21.23 | 20.98 |
| 1995 Average | 17.66 | 16.65 | 17.45 | 16.19 | 18.25 | 16.84 | 17.91 | 14.81 | 16.78 | 16.61 | 16.95 |
| 1996 Average | 21.86 | 19.94 | 22.02 | 19.64 | 21.95 | 20.49 | 20.88 | 18.59 | 20.45 | 20.14 | 20.47 |
| 1997 Average | 20.24 | 17.63 | 19.71 | 17.30 | 20.64 | 17.52 | 20.64 | 16.35 | 17.44 | 17.73 | 18.45 |
| 1998 Average | 13.37 | 11.62 | 13.26 | 11.04 | 14.14 | 11.16 | 13.55 | 10.16 | 11.18 | 11.46 | 12.22 |
| 1999 Average | 18.37 | 17.54 | 18.09 | 16.12 | 17.63 | 17.48 | 18.26 | 15.58 | 17.37 | 16.94 | 17.51 |
| 2000 Average | 29.57 | 26.69 | 29.68 | 26.03 | 30.04 | 26.58 | 29.26 | 26.05 | 26.77 | 27.29 | 27.80 |
| 2001 Average | 25.13 | 20.72 | 25.88 | 19.37 | 26.55 | 20.98 | 25.32 | 19.81 | 20.73 | 21.52 | 22.17 |
| 2002 Average | 25.43 | 22.98 | 25.28 | 22.09 | 26.45 | 24.77 | 26.35 | 21.93 | 24.13 | 23.83 | 23.97 |
| 2003 Average | 30.14 | 26.76 | 30.55 | 25.48 | 31.07 | 27.50 | 30.62 | 25.70 | 27.54 | 27.70 | 27.68 |
| 2004 Average | 39.62 | 34.51 | 39.03 | 32.25 | 40.95 | 37.11 | 39.28 | 33.79 | 36.53 | 36.84 | 35.29 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 42.58 | 34.33 | 44.23 | 32.37 | 46.53 | 40.60 | 45.67 | 36.62 | 39.38 | 40.48 | 36.49 |
| February | 44.39 | 36.07 | W | 33.52 | 49.97 | 43.46 | 44.50 | 39.05 | 42.92 | 43.31 | 38.13 |
| March | 50.99 | 41.28 | 48.78 | 39.72 | 55.46 | 46.33 | 53.49 | 44.60 | 45.86 | 47.58 | 44.30 |
| April | 50.45 | 40.37 | 49.93 | 40.72 | 53.61 | 47.27 | 51.40 | 43.95 | 46.01 | 47.19 | 43.62 |
| May | 48.49 | 39.29 | 47.78 | 40.78 | 51.32 | 46.78 | 49.98 | 43.70 | 46.18 | 46.61 | 42.46 |
| June | 53.09 | 43.10 | 53.39 | 45.20 | 57.67 | 53.14 | 53.16 | 48.44 | 52.45 | 52.96 | 47.05 |
| July | 57.18 | 50.71 | 55.11 | 46.95 | 60.86 | 57.51 | 59.58 | 50.88 | 56.50 | 55.93 | 51.83 |
| August | 63.78 | 54.43 | 59.03 | 50.95 | 67.35 | 59.61 | 62.41 | 58.30 | 59.20 | 61.10 | 55.96 |
| September | 61.88 | 53.33 | 62.64 | 52.40 | 65.20 | 56.22 | 64.26 | 62.33 | 56.29 | 60.84 | 56.01 |
| October | 56.99 | 51.29 | 58.27 | 49.21 | 62.35 | 54.06 | 61.78 | 52.79 | 52.83 | 55.75 | 53.15 |
| November | 54.16 | 48.79 | 52.20 | 43.62 | 59.34 | 52.28 | 58.63 | 49.01 | 51.25 | 53.00 | 49.06 |
| December | 57.69 | 45.46 | 54.80 | 45.95 | 62.07 | 53.84 | W | 50.57 | 53.12 | 54.76 | 49.22 |
| Average | 54.31 | 44.73 | 53.42 | 43.47 | 57.55 | 50.31 | 55.28 | 47.87 | 49.68 | 51.36 | 47.31 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 61.35 | 47.43 | 61.95 | 51.30 | 65.91 | 56.23 | 67.33 | 53.93 | 55.70 | 58.10 | 53.18 |
| February | 61.48 | 44.72 | 55.99 | 49.48 | 63.03 | 56.26 | 63.01 | 52.97 | 55.16 | 56.72 | 50.14 |
| March | 62.44 | 46.59 | 55.89 | 51.05 | 67.04 | 58.89 | 65.21 | 57.70 | 57.98 | 60.38 | 52.74 |
| April | 70.68 | 56.61 | 64.06 | 58.02 | 73.72 | 62.92 | 71.35 | 63.81 | 62.49 | 65.76 | 60.99 |
| May | 68.62 | 63.47 | 68.80 | 56.37 | 72.93 | 65.10 | 71.29 | 62.63 | 64.26 | 66.09 | 63.14 |
| June | 68.64 | 61.14 | 66.06 | 55.91 | 72.70 | 66.49 | 71.12 | 62.65 | 65.81 | 67.16 | 62.03 |
| July | 72.89 | 64.69 | 70.94 | 61.26 | 77.43 | 65.50 | 74.59 | 66.19 | 65.62 | 69.21 | 66.52 |
| August | 71.47 | 63.77 | 66.67 | 60.78 | 74.94 | 62.11 | W | 62.15 | 62.11 | 65.49 | 64.81 |
| September | 60.38 | 55.22 | 57.25 | 52.78 | 65.21 | 56.29 | W | 53.94 | 55.80 | 57.86 | 56.59 |
| October | 57.25 | 47.83 | 55.50 | 48.33 | 60.90 | 54.00 | 59.70 | 50.74 | 53.48 | 54.98 | 50.89 |
| November | 59.49 | 47.83 | 56.06 | 48.91 | 62.88 | 52.57 | 58.67 | 50.75 | 52.43 | 54.77 | 51.44 |
| December | 60.46 | 50.91 | 56.91 | 50.93 | 63.94 | 54.05 | 58.69 | 50.95 | 53.95 | 56.21 | 52.92 |
| Average | 64.85 | 53.90 | 62.13 | 53.76 | 68.26 | 59.19 | 67.44 | 57.37 | 58.92 | 61.21 | 57.14 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 53.25 | 46.74 | 52.22 | 44.27 | 58.15 | 51.20 | 56.41 | 47.20 | 50.64 | 52.66 | 47.48 |
| February | 57.45 | 50.25 | 59.08 | 48.52 | 60.95 | 54.94 | 59.30 | 51.98 | 54.13 | 55.91 | 51.72 |
| March | 61.91 | 52.60 | 59.37 | 51.07 | 66.37 | 58.22 | 65.96 | 54.34 | 57.49 | 59.54 | 54.72 |
| April | 67.78 | 54.60 | 61.77 | 55.16 | 71.22 | 61.53 | 65.92 | 58.67 | 60.92 | 63.66 | 57.44 |
| May | 67.51 | 56.46 | 63.19 | 56.40 | 72.99 | 66.15 | W | 60.17 | 65.02 | 66.28 | 58.86 |
| June | 72.40 | 57.66 | 67.87 | 60.68 | 77.04 | 69.51 | W | 63.28 | 68.16 | 69.47 | 61.74 |
| July | 76.73 | 62.66 | 73.15 | 65.46 | 80.72 | 72.37 | 77.73 | 67.73 | 71.28 | 73.56 | 66.95 |
| August | R 70.28 | R 64.10 | 72.72 | 62.52 | R 76.30 | R 74.11 | W | R 65.64 | R 72.79 | R 71.65 | 65.76 |
| September | R 77.05 | R 66.76 | 74.56 | R 66.55 | R 81.64 | R 79.97 | R 79.48 | R 70.61 | R 77.94 | R 77.02 | R 69.14 |
| October | 81.26 | 66.24 | 77.54 | 72.52 | 86.64 | 85.16 | 80.72 | 75.73 | 84.31 | 81.88 | 72.64 |

^a Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and United Arab Emirates.

^b Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries. Current members are Algeria, Angola, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. Ecuador is included in the data through 1992 and Gabon through 1995. Angola is included beginning in January 2007.

^c Based on October, November, and December data only.

R=Revised. — =No data reported. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • See Note 3 at end of section. • Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. • Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. • Annual averages are averages of the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume. • Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements

whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • **October 1973-September 1977:** Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • **October 1977-December 1977:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • **1978-2006:** EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Annual* 2006, Table 25. • **2007:** EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, January 2008, Table 22.

Table 9.4 Motor Gasoline Retail Prices, U.S. City Average

(Nominal Cents per Gallon, Including Taxes)

| | Leaded Regular | Unleaded Regular | Unleaded Premium ^a | All Types ^b |
|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1973 Average | 38.8 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1975 Average | 56.7 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1980 Average | 119.1 | 124.5 | NA | 122.1 |
| 1985 Average | 111.5 | 120.2 | 134.0 | 119.6 |
| 1990 Average | 114.9 | 116.4 | 134.9 | 121.7 |
| 1995 Average | NA | 114.7 | 133.6 | 120.5 |
| 1996 Average | NA | 123.1 | 141.3 | 128.8 |
| 1997 Average | NA | 123.4 | 141.6 | 129.1 |
| 1998 Average | NA | 105.9 | 125.0 | 111.5 |
| 1999 Average | NA | 116.5 | 135.7 | 122.1 |
| 2000 Average | NA | 151.0 | 169.3 | 156.3 |
| 2001 Average | NA | 146.1 | 165.7 | 153.1 |
| 2002 Average | NA | 135.8 | 155.6 | 144.1 |
| 2003 Average | NA | 159.1 | 177.7 | 163.8 |
| 2004 Average | NA | 188.0 | 206.8 | 192.3 |
| 2005 January | NA | 182.3 | 201.7 | 186.6 |
| February | NA | 191.8 | 210.5 | 196.0 |
| March | NA | 206.5 | 225.1 | 210.7 |
| April | NA | 228.3 | 246.8 | 232.5 |
| May | NA | 221.6 | 240.3 | 225.7 |
| June | NA | 217.6 | 236.5 | 221.8 |
| July | NA | 231.6 | 250.2 | 235.7 |
| August | NA | 250.6 | 270.1 | 254.8 |
| September | NA | 292.7 | 313.0 | 296.9 |
| October | NA | 278.5 | 300.1 | 283.0 |
| November | NA | 234.3 | 256.0 | 238.7 |
| December | NA | 218.6 | 239.3 | 223.0 |
| Average | NA | 229.5 | 249.1 | 233.8 |
| 2006 January | NA | 231.5 | 252.1 | 235.9 |
| February | NA | 231.0 | 251.9 | 235.4 |
| March | NA | 240.1 | 260.3 | 244.4 |
| April | NA | 275.7 | 296.7 | 280.1 |
| May | NA | 294.7 | 316.9 | 299.3 |
| June | NA | 291.7 | 313.9 | 296.3 |
| July | NA | 299.9 | 321.9 | 304.6 |
| August | NA | 298.5 | 320.7 | 303.3 |
| September | NA | 258.9 | 281.9 | 263.7 |
| October | NA | 227.2 | 249.3 | 231.9 |
| November | NA | 224.1 | 245.9 | 228.7 |
| December | NA | 233.4 | 255.0 | 238.0 |
| Average | NA | 258.9 | 280.5 | 263.5 |
| 2007 January | NA | 227.4 | 250.1 | 232.1 |
| February | NA | 228.5 | 250.9 | 233.3 |
| March | NA | 259.2 | 281.8 | 263.9 |
| April | NA | 286.0 | 309.3 | 290.9 |
| May | NA | 313.0 | 334.8 | 317.6 |
| June | NA | 305.2 | 328.1 | 310.0 |
| July | NA | 296.1 | 320.0 | 301.3 |
| August | NA | 278.2 | 301.8 | 283.3 |
| September | NA | 278.9 | 302.1 | 283.9 |
| October | NA | 279.3 | 303.7 | 284.3 |
| November | NA | 306.9 | 330.7 | 311.8 |
| December | NA | 302.0 | 326.4 | 306.9 |
| Average | NA | 280.1 | 303.3 | 284.9 |

^a The 1981 average (available in Web file) is based on September through December data only.

^b Also includes types of motor gasoline not shown separately.

NA=Not available.

Notes: • See Note 5 at end of section. • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary. • In September 1981, the Bureau of Labor Statistics changed the weights used in the calculation of average motor gasoline prices. From September 1981 forward, gasohol is included in the average for all types, and unleaded premium is weighted

more heavily. • Geographic coverage for 1973-1977 is 56 urban areas. Geographic coverage for 1978 forward is 85 urban areas.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • **Monthly Data:** U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Consumer Prices: Energy*. • **Annual Data:** 1973—Platt's Oil Price Handbook and Oilmanac, 1974, 51st Edition. 1974 forward—calculated by the Energy Information Administration as the simple averages of monthly data.

Table 9.5 Refiner Prices of Residual Fuel Oil
(Nominal Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

| | Residual Fuel Oil Sulfur Content Less Than or Equal to 1 Percent | | Residual Fuel Oil Sulfur Content Greater Than 1 Percent | | Average | |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| | Sales for Resale | Sales to End Users | Sales for Resale | Sales to End Users | Sales for Resale | Sales to End Users |
| 1978 Average | 29.3 | 31.4 | 24.5 | 27.5 | 26.3 | 29.8 |
| 1980 Average | 60.8 | 67.5 | 47.9 | 52.3 | 52.8 | 60.7 |
| 1985 Average | 61.0 | 64.4 | 56.0 | 58.2 | 57.7 | 61.0 |
| 1990 Average | 47.2 | 50.5 | 37.2 | 40.0 | 41.3 | 44.4 |
| 1995 Average | 38.3 | 43.6 | 33.8 | 37.7 | 36.3 | 39.2 |
| 1996 Average | 45.6 | 52.6 | 38.9 | 43.3 | 42.0 | 45.5 |
| 1997 Average | 41.5 | 48.8 | 36.6 | 40.3 | 38.7 | 42.3 |
| 1998 Average | 29.9 | 35.4 | 26.9 | 28.7 | 28.0 | 30.5 |
| 1999 Average | 38.2 | 40.5 | 32.9 | 36.2 | 35.4 | 37.4 |
| 2000 Average | 62.7 | 70.8 | 51.2 | 56.6 | 56.6 | 60.2 |
| 2001 Average | 52.3 | 64.2 | 42.8 | 49.2 | 47.6 | 53.1 |
| 2002 Average | 54.6 | 64.0 | 50.8 | 54.4 | 53.0 | 56.9 |
| 2003 Average | 72.8 | 80.4 | 58.8 | 65.1 | 66.1 | 69.8 |
| 2004 Average | 76.4 | 83.5 | 60.1 | 69.2 | 68.1 | 73.9 |
| 2005 January | 81.8 | 86.9 | NA | 70.9 | 72.1 | 77.2 |
| February | 87.9 | 90.8 | NA | 75.3 | 72.2 | 80.7 |
| March | 96.5 | 98.0 | NA | 82.8 | 82.9 | 89.8 |
| April | 103.4 | 106.6 | 80.1 | 93.3 | 89.6 | 97.8 |
| May | 95.0 | 112.2 | 86.6 | 98.4 | 89.1 | 103.1 |
| June | 100.3 | 111.8 | 84.4 | 96.2 | 90.5 | 101.9 |
| July | 113.8 | 116.8 | 87.8 | 97.3 | 101.1 | 105.1 |
| August | 133.1 | 129.2 | 90.7 | 100.0 | 115.1 | 110.6 |
| September | 140.2 | 138.4 | 103.6 | 115.8 | 121.9 | 125.2 |
| October | 139.6 | 142.7 | 108.8 | 119.8 | 124.7 | 127.9 |
| November | 126.5 | 134.3 | 99.3 | 111.7 | 111.4 | 120.4 |
| December | 129.3 | 134.6 | 105.7 | 109.6 | 119.6 | 119.5 |
| Average | 111.5 | 116.8 | 84.2 | 97.4 | 97.1 | 104.8 |
| 2006 January | 125.8 | 134.6 | 110.2 | 117.6 | 118.2 | 123.9 |
| February | 122.2 | 137.8 | 115.3 | 119.4 | 119.4 | 125.2 |
| March | 121.8 | 136.0 | 116.0 | 119.3 | 119.2 | 125.0 |
| April | 120.2 | 139.7 | 115.8 | 123.5 | 118.0 | 127.5 |
| May | 125.9 | 143.5 | 122.1 | 127.9 | 124.3 | 131.7 |
| June | 125.3 | 148.1 | 113.6 | 123.2 | 116.9 | 128.6 |
| July | 128.4 | 145.1 | 115.8 | 123.3 | 119.5 | 127.8 |
| August | 130.9 | 145.1 | 119.2 | 125.5 | 124.6 | 130.3 |
| September | 111.8 | 132.4 | 104.1 | 111.8 | 107.3 | 116.0 |
| October | 107.7 | 120.1 | 98.5 | 105.9 | 102.5 | 109.3 |
| November | 115.9 | 117.6 | 95.9 | 105.3 | 102.5 | 108.7 |
| December | 113.3 | 119.9 | 96.3 | 105.3 | 104.3 | 109.9 |
| Average | 120.2 | 134.2 | 108.5 | 117.3 | 113.6 | 121.8 |
| 2007 January | 101.5 | 117.2 | 93.0 | 100.7 | 97.6 | 105.7 |
| February | 117.2 | 121.4 | 100.0 | 107.8 | 107.2 | 112.3 |
| March | 117.1 | 122.1 | 100.8 | 111.4 | 107.6 | 115.0 |
| April | 124.4 | 125.8 | 108.4 | 118.2 | 115.0 | 120.9 |
| May | 131.1 | 135.9 | 120.0 | 128.2 | 123.8 | 130.1 |
| June | 135.7 | 142.1 | 124.3 | 132.5 | 128.0 | 135.7 |
| July | 146.1 | 153.9 | 132.1 | 138.3 | 137.8 | 141.5 |
| August | 143.6 | 158.4 | 132.6 | 141.9 | 136.7 | 146.2 |
| September | 147.4 | 161.0 | 133.7 | 141.0 | 139.3 | 145.0 |
| October | 164.7 | 166.1 | 147.7 | 154.2 | 153.6 | 157.3 |

NA=Not available.

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to ultimate consumers, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities) and commercial consumers. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at

end of section. • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html> for all available data beginning in 1978.

Sources: • **1978-2006:** EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Annual* 2006, Table 19. • **2007:** EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, January 2008, Table 16.

Table 9.6 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products for Resale

(Nominal Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

| | Finished Motor Gasoline ^a | Finished Aviation Gasoline | Kerosene-Type Jet Fuel | Kerosene | No. 2 Fuel Oil | No. 2 Diesel Fuel | Propane (Consumer Grade) |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| 1978 Average | 43.4 | 53.7 | 38.6 | 40.4 | 36.9 | 36.5 | 23.7 |
| 1980 Average | 94.1 | 112.8 | 86.8 | 86.4 | 80.3 | 80.1 | 41.5 |
| 1985 Average | 83.5 | 113.0 | 79.4 | 87.4 | 77.6 | 77.2 | 39.8 |
| 1990 Average | 78.6 | 106.3 | 77.3 | 83.9 | 69.7 | 69.4 | 38.6 |
| 1995 Average | 62.6 | 97.5 | 53.9 | 58.0 | 51.1 | 53.8 | 34.4 |
| 1996 Average | 71.3 | 105.5 | 64.6 | 71.4 | 63.9 | 65.9 | 46.1 |
| 1997 Average | 70.0 | 106.5 | 61.3 | 65.3 | 59.0 | 60.6 | 41.6 |
| 1998 Average | 52.6 | 91.2 | 45.0 | 46.5 | 42.2 | 44.4 | 28.8 |
| 1999 Average | 64.5 | 100.7 | 53.3 | 55.0 | 49.3 | 54.6 | 34.2 |
| 2000 Average | 96.3 | 133.0 | 88.0 | 96.9 | 88.6 | 89.8 | 59.5 |
| 2001 Average | 88.6 | 125.6 | 76.3 | 82.1 | 75.6 | 78.4 | 54.0 |
| 2002 Average | 82.8 | 114.6 | 71.6 | 75.2 | 69.4 | 72.4 | 43.1 |
| 2003 Average | 100.2 | 128.8 | 87.1 | 95.5 | 88.1 | 88.3 | 60.7 |
| 2004 Average | 128.8 | 162.7 | 120.8 | 127.1 | 112.5 | 118.7 | 75.1 |
| 2005 January | 128.2 | 160.4 | 131.7 | 145.2 | 131.4 | 130.6 | NA |
| February | 134.2 | 171.4 | 138.3 | 145.4 | 134.4 | 139.1 | NA |
| March | 153.0 | 189.3 | 158.2 | 164.5 | 153.5 | 158.8 | NA |
| April | 164.4 | 204.1 | 165.5 | 164.5 | 155.9 | 163.8 | 86.0 |
| May | 154.1 | 195.2 | 155.8 | 153.8 | 144.4 | 152.2 | 82.0 |
| June | 160.7 | 197.0 | 165.0 | 171.0 | 159.1 | 167.0 | 83.0 |
| July | 171.4 | 210.2 | 171.2 | 176.5 | 164.7 | 171.5 | 86.0 |
| August | 195.5 | 230.4 | 184.7 | 194.3 | 178.4 | 189.8 | 93.2 |
| September | 220.6 | 264.7 | 206.9 | 221.3 | 199.3 | 212.7 | 108.2 |
| October | 197.0 | 245.1 | 233.5 | 227.1 | 207.1 | 232.3 | 111.6 |
| November | 160.1 | 199.3 | 181.4 | 196.5 | 175.2 | 182.6 | 103.3 |
| December | 160.8 | 200.4 | 173.8 | 195.0 | 172.4 | 175.5 | 106.8 |
| Average | 167.0 | 207.6 | 172.3 | 175.7 | 162.3 | 173.7 | 93.3 |
| 2006 January | 174.9 | 218.7 | 182.4 | 191.7 | 175.6 | 181.0 | 104.4 |
| February | 166.0 | 209.6 | 182.5 | 184.7 | 171.1 | 180.6 | 97.5 |
| March | 187.1 | 228.2 | 185.9 | 197.9 | 179.1 | 190.1 | 96.7 |
| April | 219.7 | 265.6 | 203.1 | 218.2 | 197.2 | 212.2 | 102.3 |
| May | 226.3 | 274.3 | 213.1 | NA | 201.4 | 218.6 | 102.9 |
| June | 227.9 | 274.6 | 213.2 | 219.4 | 198.4 | 218.7 | 106.7 |
| July | 239.5 | 287.3 | 217.3 | 225.8 | 199.9 | 225.1 | 110.8 |
| August | 226.0 | 284.1 | 221.5 | 229.3 | 206.2 | 234.0 | 111.3 |
| September | 180.0 | 231.9 | 194.7 | 203.7 | 179.7 | 191.1 | 103.2 |
| October | 164.1 | 212.0 | 181.3 | 193.5 | 171.6 | 182.7 | 100.3 |
| November | 166.7 | 213.9 | 177.4 | 194.4 | 169.9 | 186.7 | 101.3 |
| December | 172.8 | 217.2 | 190.6 | 200.7 | 175.3 | 188.6 | 103.3 |
| Average | 196.9 | 249.0 | 196.1 | 200.7 | 183.4 | 201.2 | 103.1 |
| 2007 January | 156.9 | 199.5 | 173.0 | 180.6 | 160.6 | 169.8 | 99.5 |
| February | 171.7 | 218.5 | 176.7 | 194.2 | 172.4 | 182.7 | 103.3 |
| March | 199.6 | 246.1 | 184.6 | 194.3 | 178.1 | 197.9 | 104.9 |
| April | 226.4 | 277.9 | 202.1 | 204.8 | 191.0 | 211.6 | 106.7 |
| May | 249.6 | 304.7 | 207.9 | 207.8 | 194.9 | 210.1 | 111.2 |
| June | 236.1 | 292.4 | 211.4 | 215.7 | 201.4 | 214.7 | 109.4 |
| July | 230.7 | 299.8 | 216.7 | 226.1 | 207.1 | 222.0 | 115.9 |
| August | 215.2 | 282.8 | 215.1 | 222.2 | 202.1 | 219.3 | 116.7 |
| September | 219.5 | 283.0 | 225.5 | 244.9 | 213.3 | 232.1 | 124.8 |
| October | 221.9 | 276.9 | 235.1 | 256.5 | 226.0 | 242.5 | 135.2 |

^a See Note 5 at end of section.

NA=Not available.

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are shown in Table 9.7; they are sales made directly to ultimate consumers, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities) and residential and commercial consumers. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy

Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section. • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html> for all available data beginning in 1978.

Sources: • **1978-2006:** EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Annual* 2006, Table 4. • **2007:** EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, January 2008, Table 4.

Table 9.7 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products to End Users
(Nominal Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

| | Finished Motor Gasoline ^a | Finished Aviation Gasoline | Kerosene-Type Jet Fuel | Kerosene | No. 2 Fuel Oil | No. 2 Diesel Fuel | Propane (Consumer Grade) |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| 1978 Average | 48.4 | 51.6 | 38.7 | 42.1 | 40.0 | 37.7 | 33.5 |
| 1980 Average | 103.5 | 108.4 | 86.8 | 90.2 | 78.8 | 81.8 | 48.2 |
| 1985 Average | 91.2 | 120.1 | 79.6 | 103.0 | 84.9 | 78.9 | 71.7 |
| 1990 Average | 88.3 | 112.0 | 76.6 | 92.3 | 73.4 | 72.5 | 74.5 |
| 1995 Average | 76.5 | 100.5 | 54.0 | 58.9 | 56.2 | 56.0 | 49.2 |
| 1996 Average | 84.7 | 111.6 | 65.1 | 74.0 | 67.3 | 68.1 | 60.5 |
| 1997 Average | 83.9 | 112.8 | 61.3 | 74.5 | 63.6 | 64.2 | 55.2 |
| 1998 Average | 67.3 | 97.5 | 45.2 | 50.1 | 48.2 | 49.4 | 40.5 |
| 1999 Average | 78.1 | 105.9 | 54.3 | 60.5 | 55.8 | 58.4 | 45.8 |
| 2000 Average | 110.6 | 130.6 | 89.9 | 112.3 | 92.7 | 93.5 | 60.3 |
| 2001 Average | 103.2 | 132.3 | 77.5 | 104.5 | 82.9 | 84.2 | 50.6 |
| 2002 Average | 94.7 | 128.8 | 72.1 | 99.0 | 73.7 | 76.2 | 41.9 |
| 2003 Average | 115.6 | 149.3 | 87.2 | 122.4 | 93.3 | 94.4 | 57.7 |
| 2004 Average | 143.5 | 181.9 | 120.7 | 116.0 | 117.3 | 124.3 | 83.9 |
| 2005 January | 139.5 | 173.8 | 131.3 | 174.7 | 138.7 | 134.9 | NA |
| February | 146.8 | 186.7 | 137.5 | 169.9 | 141.4 | 144.0 | NA |
| March | 163.7 | 201.5 | 158.5 | 187.3 | 159.4 | 163.0 | NA |
| April | 180.3 | 221.7 | 167.6 | 180.4 | 160.7 | 169.1 | 96.8 |
| May | 171.4 | 212.1 | 157.3 | 172.7 | 148.8 | 158.1 | 98.7 |
| June | 172.1 | 211.6 | 165.1 | 176.7 | 166.9 | 169.0 | 98.3 |
| July | 185.0 | 223.0 | 172.4 | 178.1 | 171.1 | 176.5 | 100.6 |
| August | 208.0 | 238.6 | 185.3 | 203.2 | 186.1 | 194.6 | 107.7 |
| September | 241.7 | 280.8 | 210.3 | 231.2 | 207.8 | 218.2 | 120.4 |
| October | 226.2 | 270.8 | 235.2 | 226.2 | 217.5 | 235.4 | 147.2 |
| November | 182.4 | 218.6 | 185.3 | 210.1 | 183.2 | 192.5 | NA |
| December | 173.9 | 219.3 | 176.1 | NA | 186.8 | 180.6 | 152.5 |
| Average | 182.9 | 223.1 | 173.5 | 195.7 | 170.5 | 178.6 | 108.9 |
| 2006 January | 187.2 | 239.1 | 184.2 | 225.1 | 188.4 | 186.3 | NA |
| February | 183.3 | 232.4 | 185.5 | 219.1 | 185.5 | 188.5 | 138.8 |
| March | 198.3 | 247.4 | 187.5 | 236.7 | 193.0 | 196.1 | NA |
| April | 233.1 | 286.9 | 204.8 | 251.6 | 208.3 | 216.9 | 129.7 |
| May | 245.8 | 301.3 | 215.6 | 255.3 | 212.4 | 229.3 | 129.4 |
| June | 243.6 | 305.7 | 215.9 | 246.9 | 209.6 | 228.1 | 131.3 |
| July | 252.8 | 310.3 | 217.8 | NA | 214.2 | 231.7 | 136.8 |
| August | 248.6 | 305.8 | 222.9 | NA | 221.2 | 241.7 | 136.8 |
| September | 207.6 | 253.2 | 199.8 | 251.3 | 191.3 | 209.0 | 126.6 |
| October | 178.9 | 238.5 | 183.2 | 255.5 | 190.3 | 191.1 | 131.0 |
| November | 178.8 | 235.3 | 179.9 | 241.4 | 192.1 | 192.3 | 130.8 |
| December | 186.8 | 234.9 | 193.5 | NA | 198.5 | 197.0 | 138.4 |
| Average | 212.8 | 268.2 | 199.8 | 224.4 | 198.2 | 209.6 | 135.8 |
| 2007 January | 178.9 | 217.9 | 175.7 | 194.0 | 189.4 | 179.7 | NA |
| February | 184.1 | 228.5 | 179.0 | NA | 203.1 | 189.9 | 155.3 |
| March | 213.8 | 262.7 | 187.2 | 232.5 | 205.0 | 205.5 | NA |
| April | 240.5 | 296.9 | 203.9 | 236.1 | 210.3 | 220.2 | 127.4 |
| May | 266.9 | 309.6 | 210.5 | W | 208.3 | 218.5 | 129.8 |
| June | 257.0 | 297.8 | 213.2 | W | 210.2 | 222.6 | 130.9 |
| July | 248.8 | 305.3 | 218.5 | 236.2 | 217.6 | 230.1 | 127.8 |
| August | 232.0 | 282.3 | 216.0 | 246.7 | 215.0 | 228.2 | 138.9 |
| September | R 233.7 | 290.0 | 225.1 | W | 231.6 | 238.0 | 142.9 |
| October | 235.0 | 285.5 | 237.6 | NA | NA | 249.9 | 149.6 |

^a See Note 5 at end of section.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Sales to end users are those made directly to ultimate consumers, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities) and residential and commercial consumers. Sales for resale are shown in Table 9.6; they are sales made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information

Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section. • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html> for all available data beginning in 1978.

Sources: • **1978-2006:** EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Annual 2006*, Table 2. • **2007:** EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, January 2008, Table 2.

Table 9.8a No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Northeastern States

(Nominal Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

| | Maine | New Hampshire | Vermont | Massachusetts | Rhode Island | Connecticut | New York | New Jersey | Pennsylvania |
|--------------------|---------|---------------|---------|---------------|--------------|-------------|----------|------------|--------------|
| 1978 Average | 48.6 | 50.3 | 50.8 | 48.8 | 50.7 | 50.1 | 50.1 | 49.6 | 48.8 |
| 1980 Average | 96.3 | 100.4 | 101.5 | 97.8 | 101.1 | 98.3 | 98.2 | 97.9 | 96.4 |
| 1985 Average | 99.7 | 102.4 | 107.7 | 107.0 | 106.7 | 108.0 | 111.3 | 105.9 | 102.3 |
| 1990 Average | 98.9 | 102.8 | 107.0 | 108.4 | 108.6 | 109.8 | 112.5 | 108.7 | 102.6 |
| 1995 Average | 78.7 | 77.9 | 85.3 | 84.4 | 87.4 | 86.4 | 95.5 | 88.8 | 82.6 |
| 1996 Average | 97.2 | 94.0 | 96.9 | 97.6 | 98.6 | 98.6 | 106.3 | 102.4 | 95.3 |
| 1997 Average | 94.2 | 94.2 | 98.7 | 96.0 | 98.9 | 96.3 | 106.5 | 103.3 | 95.0 |
| 1998 Average | 78.8 | 78.8 | 87.3 | 81.8 | 86.8 | 83.1 | 94.8 | 89.2 | 81.4 |
| 1999 Average | 81.3 | 77.0 | 85.4 | 83.6 | 85.8 | 85.2 | 96.9 | 91.3 | 81.5 |
| 2000 Average | 129.7 | 128.1 | 125.5 | 127.3 | 125.9 | 129.1 | 144.2 | 140.4 | 122.4 |
| 2001 Average | 121.7 | 125.6 | 126.1 | 122.1 | 123.6 | 123.9 | 136.3 | 131.4 | 115.9 |
| 2002 Average | 112.9 | 111.9 | 117.2 | 114.1 | 112.4 | 111.8 | 121.8 | 122.0 | 106.4 |
| 2003 Average | 131.4 | 131.2 | 130.9 | 138.6 | 134.4 | 135.5 | 143.6 | 148.9 | 130.4 |
| 2004 Average | 151.1 | 149.7 | 150.5 | 155.9 | 151.1 | 151.8 | 162.7 | 166.2 | 148.9 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 2005 January | 174.8 | 175.2 | 172.9 | 182.3 | 175.8 | 179.0 | 187.9 | 194.7 | 174.1 |
| February | 180.2 | 178.8 | 174.3 | 186.3 | 177.3 | 181.0 | 190.6 | 197.9 | 177.0 |
| March | 186.5 | 185.3 | 183.5 | 196.2 | 185.4 | 188.2 | 200.5 | 209.2 | 185.7 |
| April | 191.4 | 188.0 | 186.4 | 201.6 | 186.3 | 191.1 | 202.1 | 210.2 | 187.5 |
| May | 186.2 | 182.2 | 183.2 | 196.0 | 187.3 | 191.8 | 199.9 | 203.3 | 182.9 |
| June | 199.9 | 192.3 | 196.8 | 202.8 | 193.2 | 196.9 | 208.6 | 206.9 | 191.4 |
| July | 209.5 | 201.9 | 210.2 | 212.9 | NA | 204.3 | 210.6 | 214.6 | 196.2 |
| August | 218.4 | 212.7 | 220.3 | 223.2 | 219.3 | 221.9 | 220.7 | 225.6 | 210.7 |
| September | 235.8 | 234.8 | 235.5 | 237.1 | 237.6 | 237.6 | 246.9 | 252.7 | 237.0 |
| October | 234.2 | 233.8 | 235.7 | 241.3 | 239.6 | 237.6 | 243.6 | 254.7 | 232.6 |
| November | 223.5 | 222.2 | 227.8 | 231.5 | 230.9 | 228.5 | 239.6 | 242.1 | 222.7 |
| December | 222.0 | 221.3 | 228.3 | 231.1 | 232.7 | 228.7 | 240.8 | 242.6 | 225.0 |
| Average | 198.6 | 197.2 | 198.7 | 206.4 | 200.0 | 201.2 | 210.5 | 216.6 | 197.4 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 2006 January | 224.7 | 222.0 | 229.7 | 235.0 | 234.5 | 229.5 | 242.6 | 247.1 | 226.7 |
| February | 223.8 | 220.4 | 227.8 | 230.9 | 231.4 | 229.1 | 240.5 | 243.6 | 223.5 |
| March | 226.1 | 221.0 | 229.8 | 234.6 | 236.6 | 234.4 | 243.3 | 247.0 | 227.0 |
| April | 232.7 | 229.0 | 236.7 | 245.7 | 243.9 | 238.4 | 250.9 | 254.6 | 233.5 |
| May | 236.4 | 235.8 | 240.5 | 251.4 | 248.3 | 242.1 | 258.0 | 256.4 | 236.7 |
| June | 243.7 | 239.9 | 247.6 | 248.6 | 246.2 | 244.9 | 253.8 | 257.9 | 238.7 |
| July | 243.7 | 242.1 | 255.9 | 246.2 | 247.4 | 244.7 | 256.7 | 255.7 | 234.8 |
| August | 243.1 | 244.9 | 260.5 | 248.0 | 246.4 | 249.1 | 258.7 | 261.7 | 239.6 |
| September | 234.4 | 239.6 | 254.3 | 235.6 | 232.7 | 243.7 | 248.7 | 249.0 | 227.8 |
| October | 226.2 | 231.0 | 252.4 | 227.2 | 227.9 | 235.7 | 241.2 | 237.3 | 222.3 |
| November | 227.6 | 231.4 | 253.1 | 228.5 | 231.2 | 238.8 | 243.8 | 238.8 | 228.0 |
| December | 233.5 | 234.3 | 256.6 | 232.7 | 234.3 | 240.2 | 247.2 | 247.7 | 231.0 |
| Average | 229.4 | 228.3 | 240.8 | 235.5 | 236.0 | 235.7 | 245.8 | 246.7 | 228.6 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 2007 January | 229.8 | 231.7 | 253.2 | 227.0 | 224.0 | 238.5 | 240.1 | 236.5 | 224.1 |
| February | 235.1 | 230.6 | 258.0 | 236.8 | 236.8 | 242.3 | 250.4 | 247.4 | 234.0 |
| March | 240.0 | 239.6 | 260.1 | 242.4 | 242.6 | 246.3 | 251.5 | 253.6 | 236.1 |
| April | 244.2 | 241.7 | 262.0 | 245.9 | 248.2 | 250.1 | 256.3 | 256.4 | 238.7 |
| May | 242.1 | 240.2 | 257.1 | 246.3 | 247.6 | 251.1 | 258.7 | 256.9 | 241.7 |
| June | 241.8 | 237.8 | 253.6 | 246.7 | 247.7 | 248.7 | 263.1 | 254.1 | 241.4 |
| July | 247.6 | 237.8 | 258.9 | 252.9 | 255.0 | 255.0 | 268.8 | 258.3 | 242.7 |
| August | 250.9 | 237.4 | 255.7 | 247.9 | 252.4 | 250.6 | 260.3 | 257.8 | 238.4 |
| September | R 258.2 | R 247.7 | R 262.6 | R 260.3 | R 263.8 | R 261.2 | R 269.6 | R 266.5 | R 249.4 |
| October | 272.7 | 262.8 | 270.4 | 273.3 | 276.3 | 277.1 | 282.9 | 281.8 | 262.1 |

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section. • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html> for all available data beginning in 1978.

Sources: • **1978-2006:** EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Annual 2006*, Table 18. • **2007:** EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, January 2008, Table 15.

Table 9.8b No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Selected South Atlantic and Midwestern States (Nominal Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

| | Delaware | District of Columbia | Maryland | Virginia | West Virginia | Ohio | Michigan | Indiana | Illinois | Wisconsin | Minnesota |
|--------------------|----------|----------------------|----------|----------|---------------|---------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1978 Average | 47.8 | 50.7 | 49.2 | 49.1 | 46.2 | 47.4 | 47.9 | 48.5 | 46.5 | 44.7 | 47.8 |
| 1980 Average | 95.4 | 102.6 | 97.9 | 98.5 | 92.2 | 91.9 | 97.8 | 99.6 | 95.8 | 91.5 | 99.9 |
| 1985 Average | 104.6 | 114.3 | 108.8 | 106.3 | 98.0 | 99.7 | 102.1 | 99.1 | 97.5 | 98.3 | 101.9 |
| 1990 Average | 105.8 | 107.8 | 111.9 | 110.6 | 99.1 | 98.1 | 100.9 | 99.3 | 96.1 | 94.2 | 101.4 |
| 1995 Average | 87.0 | 101.0 | 93.6 | 84.4 | 81.5 | 80.8 | 86.0 | 81.6 | 78.5 | 81.2 | 80.1 |
| 1996 Average | 98.4 | 117.8 | 106.3 | 95.2 | 96.0 | 92.1 | 97.7 | 91.2 | 89.3 | 89.9 | 90.9 |
| 1997 Average | 98.4 | 117.4 | 105.7 | 94.8 | 96.2 | 91.3 | 94.2 | 86.5 | 87.0 | 93.3 | 89.9 |
| 1998 Average | 85.8 | 102.2 | 90.2 | 85.6 | 81.8 | 76.7 | 80.4 | 74.8 | 73.5 | 80.1 | 73.8 |
| 1999 Average | 88.4 | 101.1 | 90.7 | 87.0 | 78.9 | 82.0 | 88.3 | 79.3 | 71.6 | 84.7 | 77.4 |
| 2000 Average | 127.0 | W | 135.1 | 126.9 | 125.1 | 122.0 | NA | 120.7 | 109.5 | 117.1 | 115.6 |
| 2001 Average | 123.4 | 143.1 | 134.2 | 120.2 | 113.9 | 116.0 | NA | 113.3 | 112.1 | 118.0 | 112.2 |
| 2002 Average | 116.4 | W | 120.1 | 105.7 | 105.4 | 105.8 | 110.9 | 102.5 | 97.5 | 107.3 | 105.1 |
| 2003 Average | 143.3 | W | 145.5 | 131.1 | 130.4 | 128.4 | 132.1 | 120.2 | 119.8 | 126.9 | 121.8 |
| 2004 Average | 157.0 | W | 163.2 | 146.2 | 149.3 | 147.5 | 153.9 | 153.7 | 140.5 | 146.5 | 143.3 |
| 2005 January | 185.1 | W | 189.4 | 179.1 | 180.9 | 169.3 | 175.4 | 171.6 | 167.3 | 167.1 | 162.9 |
| February | 187.2 | W | 190.7 | 181.4 | 181.9 | 176.1 | 181.7 | 175.4 | 171.7 | 172.2 | 168.1 |
| March | 193.6 | W | 199.9 | 190.7 | 192.6 | 188.9 | 191.4 | 188.0 | 189.1 | 186.6 | 179.7 |
| April | 196.8 | W | 204.0 | 189.4 | 190.6 | 181.0 | 192.1 | 190.7 | NA | 186.9 | 182.9 |
| May | 191.7 | W | 195.5 | 182.3 | 185.5 | 175.5 | 191.2 | 179.8 | 183.4 | 185.7 | 180.2 |
| June | 198.4 | W | 199.7 | 188.1 | 188.4 | 187.7 | 197.3 | 190.0 | 183.4 | 190.4 | 187.7 |
| July | 207.0 | W | 207.4 | 195.1 | 196.7 | 193.9 | 201.6 | 200.9 | 195.2 | 198.4 | 194.4 |
| August | 216.9 | W | 222.6 | 216.7 | 210.8 | 212.1 | 216.9 | 217.0 | 207.8 | 215.1 | 216.1 |
| September | 246.3 | W | 248.9 | 247.3 | 237.5 | 241.5 | 247.6 | 241.9 | 235.9 | 239.3 | 239.5 |
| October | 246.9 | W | 250.8 | 252.6 | 243.4 | 255.0 | NA | NA | 263.6 | NA | 255.6 |
| November | 231.6 | W | 242.3 | 229.0 | 220.7 | 230.3 | 238.5 | 243.3 | 237.6 | 236.9 | 224.7 |
| December | 235.8 | W | 240.7 | 226.5 | 224.2 | 220.1 | 224.6 | 227.9 | 227.4 | 224.0 | 212.6 |
| Average | 207.5 | W | 212.7 | 204.4 | 204.3 | 200.9 | 205.3 | 201.7 | 202.1 | 199.3 | 198.7 |
| 2006 January | 238.4 | W | 243.1 | 233.9 | 227.1 | 219.0 | 222.7 | 222.4 | 221.5 | 219.2 | 210.5 |
| February | 234.7 | W | 243.0 | 230.6 | 224.4 | 219.1 | 224.0 | 221.7 | 221.2 | 219.1 | 212.2 |
| March | 238.4 | W | 242.8 | 231.6 | 226.5 | 224.9 | 229.1 | 228.0 | 225.2 | 224.8 | 219.7 |
| April | 241.8 | W | 248.5 | 233.7 | 233.4 | 237.2 | 241.6 | 238.1 | 237.3 | 237.3 | 230.6 |
| May | 244.5 | W | 224.5 | 237.2 | 233.9 | 240.8 | 249.4 | 246.4 | 246.7 | 246.7 | 241.8 |
| June | 246.4 | W | 214.3 | 232.4 | 230.3 | 239.7 | 249.6 | 249.5 | 250.3 | 246.7 | 251.4 |
| July | 240.6 | W | 218.7 | 232.4 | 235.0 | 240.9 | 258.0 | 256.9 | 251.2 | 258.2 | 265.3 |
| August | 240.5 | W | 222.3 | 232.6 | 241.9 | 248.0 | 265.9 | 264.9 | 262.8 | 268.8 | 276.7 |
| September | 234.3 | W | 246.9 | 219.8 | 220.2 | 222.8 | 234.6 | 227.5 | 230.8 | 232.9 | 232.9 |
| October | 229.4 | W | 237.8 | 213.0 | 215.7 | 217.3 | 228.7 | 227.2 | 227.6 | 226.1 | 221.8 |
| November | 235.3 | W | 242.0 | 214.1 | 220.9 | 219.9 | 235.5 | 232.8 | 233.2 | 232.1 | 229.7 |
| December | 242.7 | W | 244.9 | 215.5 | 223.4 | 222.0 | 238.4 | 236.4 | 236.8 | 235.0 | 228.2 |
| Average | 238.1 | W | 239.8 | 226.8 | 226.1 | 224.4 | 232.9 | 231.7 | 231.2 | 229.7 | 226.8 |
| 2007 January | 234.6 | W | 240.1 | 211.5 | 214.1 | 211.6 | 222.8 | 218.2 | 221.6 | 219.9 | 216.8 |
| February | 247.6 | W | 246.8 | 214.1 | 223.1 | 222.5 | 228.4 | 228.0 | 222.3 | 223.7 | 224.5 |
| March | 249.6 | W | 251.3 | 226.8 | 230.0 | 233.7 | 247.0 | 242.6 | 236.6 | 239.1 | 241.7 |
| April | 246.7 | W | 252.4 | 224.5 | 229.7 | 238.8 | 258.8 | 255.5 | 246.8 | 254.3 | 251.7 |
| May | 245.7 | W | 256.2 | 223.8 | 228.5 | 232.7 | 249.1 | 246.1 | 239.8 | 249.7 | 251.8 |
| June | NA | W | 255.4 | 232.7 | 233.4 | 240.3 | 245.0 | 246.7 | 243.3 | 251.6 | 249.9 |
| July | NA | W | 259.1 | 236.4 | 240.4 | 246.2 | 253.4 | 255.2 | 252.0 | 255.9 | 258.6 |
| August | NA | W | 259.1 | 236.1 | 241.7 | 250.5 | 257.6 | 257.2 | 256.2 | 260.9 | 262.6 |
| September | R 252.6 | W | 266.2 | 245.7 | 253.9 | R 260.0 | R 266.9 | R 263.0 | 258.9 | R 271.1 | R 273.4 |
| October | 270.7 | W | 282.8 | 263.4 | 266.2 | 275.3 | 280.0 | 279.8 | 270.6 | 280.9 | 282.7 |

R=Revised. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at

end of section. • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html> for all available data beginning in 1978.

Sources: • 1978-2006: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Annual* 2006, Table 18. • 2007: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, January 2008, Table 15.

Table 9.8c No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Selected Western States and U.S. Average (Nominal Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

| | Idaho | Washington | Oregon | Alaska | U.S. Average |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1978 Average | 43.6 | 48.6 | 45.8 | 53.2 | 49.0 |
| 1980 Average | 91.6 | 100.8 | 97.3 | 97.8 | 97.4 |
| 1985 Average | 97.2 | 101.1 | 97.1 | 108.3 | 105.3 |
| 1990 Average | 97.4 | 102.9 | 97.0 | 110.1 | 106.3 |
| 1995 Average | 83.9 | 96.2 | 89.4 | 83.4 | 86.7 |
| 1996 Average | 93.3 | 108.0 | 98.9 | 90.9 | 98.9 |
| 1997 Average | 95.3 | 113.9 | 103.1 | 97.3 | 98.4 |
| 1998 Average | 78.4 | 97.8 | 86.1 | 85.2 | 85.2 |
| 1999 Average | 76.2 | 106.5 | 93.8 | 96.6 | 87.6 |
| 2000 Average | 117.0 | 144.5 | 136.8 | 133.7 | 131.1 |
| 2001 Average | 103.8 | 133.6 | 121.1 | 137.7 | 125.0 |
| 2002 Average | 91.9 | 120.4 | 106.0 | 108.7 | 112.9 |
| 2003 Average | 118.8 | 148.7 | 130.3 | 124.3 | 135.5 |
| 2004 Average | 149.5 | 174.9 | 159.4 | 152.4 | 154.8 |
| 2005 January | 149.0 | 192.5 | 168.4 | 168.3 | 180.8 |
| February | 188.7 | 223.4 | 196.1 | 176.7 | 184.6 |
| March | 204.6 | 243.6 | 211.0 | 192.4 | 194.0 |
| April | 205.5 | 248.0 | 220.6 | 204.3 | 196.7 |
| May | 185.7 | 230.2 | 201.6 | 201.3 | 191.6 |
| June | 193.8 | 221.6 | 200.1 | 199.9 | 198.8 |
| July | 211.5 | NA | NA | 202.5 | 204.2 |
| August | 249.9 | 261.8 | NA | 218.0 | 218.4 |
| September | 276.1 | 280.6 | 259.0 | 242.5 | 242.3 |
| October | NA | 283.0 | NA | 250.1 | 244.3 |
| November | 253.3 | 261.3 | 234.8 | 229.7 | 232.1 |
| December | 218.2 | 248.2 | 219.7 | 219.5 | 231.2 |
| Average | 212.3 | 238.5 | 214.6 | 206.1 | 205.2 |
| 2006 January | 217.9 | 249.6 | 220.4 | 218.3 | 233.4 |
| February | 222.4 | 253.7 | 218.3 | 223.0 | 231.2 |
| March | 228.1 | 272.8 | 237.6 | 224.9 | 235.3 |
| April | 242.2 | 276.5 | 251.9 | 234.1 | 242.7 |
| May | 270.1 | 298.7 | 272.5 | 260.4 | 246.8 |
| June | 267.4 | 291.4 | NA | 261.0 | 245.7 |
| July | 266.2 | 287.2 | 262.2 | 258.1 | 246.0 |
| August | 297.4 | 293.0 | 282.1 | 266.3 | 249.9 |
| September | 269.7 | 274.0 | 239.3 | 261.3 | 238.3 |
| October | 235.8 | 248.0 | 225.1 | 228.1 | 230.2 |
| November | 243.2 | 270.3 | 254.9 | 224.2 | 234.3 |
| December | 257.9 | 284.6 | 259.3 | 235.7 | 238.0 |
| Average | 239.1 | 268.1 | 241.1 | 239.5 | 236.5 |
| 2007 January | 227.7 | 261.9 | 232.0 | 226.8 | 231.1 |
| February | 224.9 | 262.3 | 226.4 | 221.2 | 239.0 |
| March | 242.0 | 270.0 | 234.5 | 224.3 | 244.2 |
| April | 251.1 | 281.4 | 242.6 | 238.3 | 248.0 |
| May | 246.1 | 283.1 | NA | 245.0 | 248.5 |
| June | 271.2 | 276.1 | 245.5 | 247.7 | 249.1 |
| July | 257.9 | 276.4 | NA | 252.7 | 254.3 |
| August | 257.3 | 276.2 | 266.4 | 256.3 | 250.4 |
| September | 263.6 | R 284.5 | R 263.8 | R 255.8 | 260.9 |
| October | R 285.9 | R 321.4 | R 306.2 | R 276.3 | R 275.9 |
| November | NA | NA | NA | NA | E 294.9 |

R=Revised. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

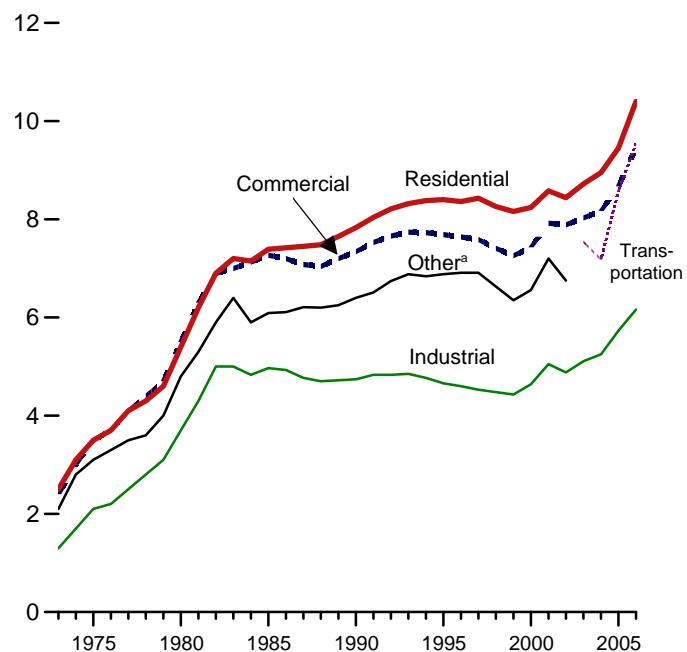
Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section. • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html> for all available data beginning in 1978.

Sources: • **1978-2006:** EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Annual 2006*, Table 18. • **2007:** EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, January 2008, Table 15.

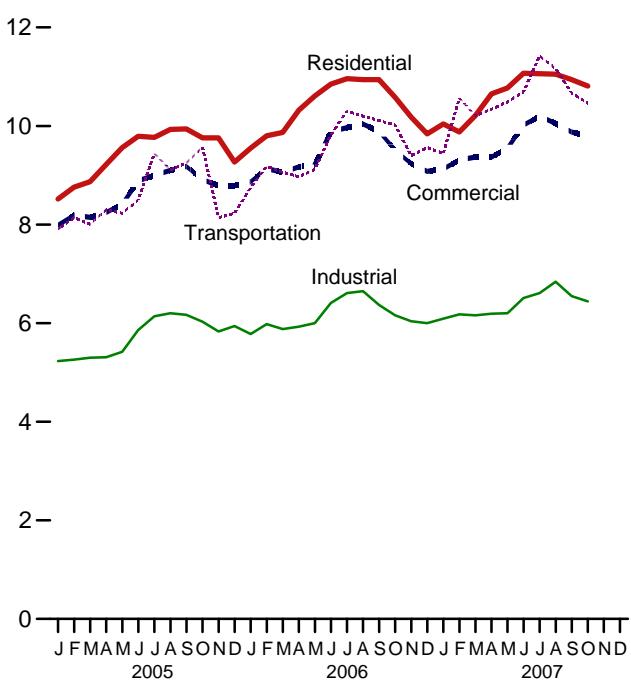
Figure 9.2 Average Retail Prices of Electricity
(Nominal Cents per Kilowatthour)

By Sector, 1973-2006



^aPublic street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, other sales to public authorities, agricultural and irrigation, and transportation including railroads and railways.

By Sector, Monthly

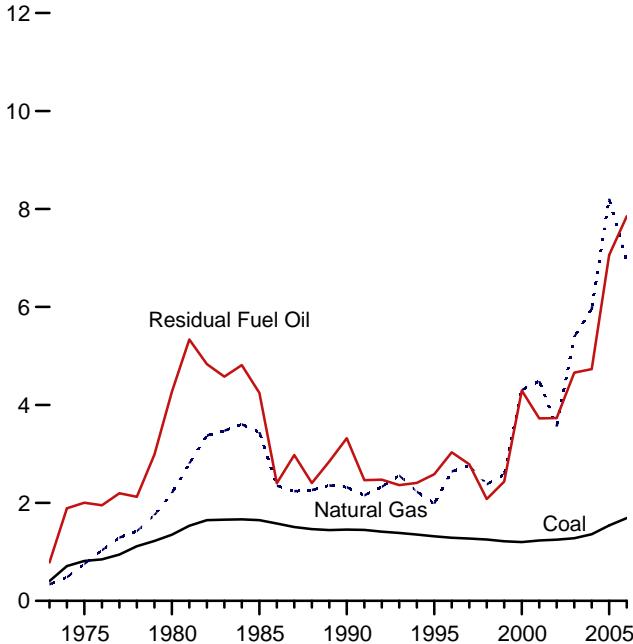


Notes: • Includes taxes. • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary.
Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html>.

Source: Table 9.9.

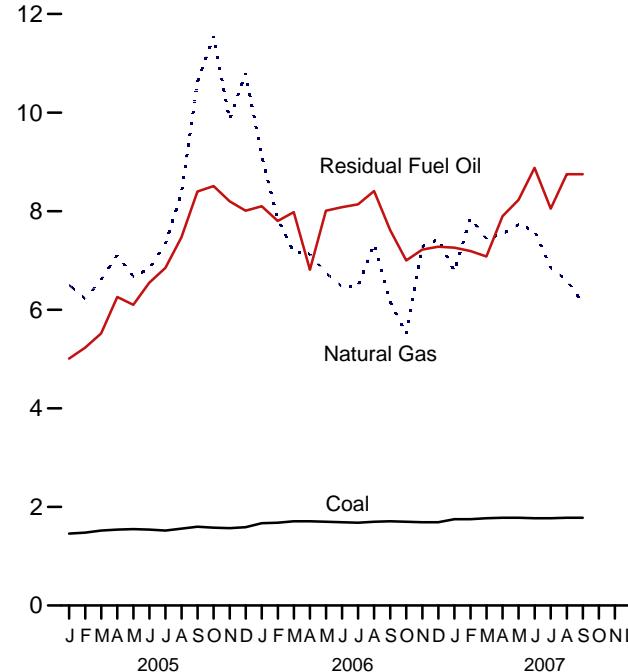
Figure 9.3 Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Electric Generating Plants
(Nominal Dollars per Million Btu, Including Taxes)

Costs, 1973-2006



Notes: • Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.
• See "Nominal Price" in glossary.

Costs, Monthly



Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html>.
Source: Table 9.10.

Table 9.9 Average Retail Prices of Electricity
(Nominal Cents per Kilowatthour, Including Taxes)

| | Residential | Commercial ^a | Industrial ^b | Transportation ^c | Other ^d | Total |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 1973 Average | 2.5 | 2.4 | 1.3 | NA | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| 1975 Average | 3.5 | 3.5 | 2.1 | NA | 3.1 | 2.9 |
| 1980 Average | 5.4 | 5.5 | 3.7 | NA | 4.8 | 4.7 |
| 1985 Average | 7.39 | 7.27 | 4.97 | NA | 6.09 | 6.44 |
| 1990 Average | 7.83 | 7.34 | 4.74 | NA | 6.40 | 6.57 |
| 1995 Average | 8.40 | 7.69 | 4.66 | NA | 6.88 | 6.89 |
| 1996 Average | 8.36 | 7.64 | 4.60 | NA | 6.91 | 6.86 |
| 1997 Average | 8.43 | 7.59 | 4.53 | NA | 6.91 | 6.85 |
| 1998 Average | 8.26 | 7.41 | 4.48 | NA | 6.63 | 6.74 |
| 1999 Average | 8.16 | 7.26 | 4.43 | NA | 6.35 | 6.64 |
| 2000 Average | 8.24 | 7.43 | 4.64 | NA | 6.56 | 6.81 |
| 2001 Average | 8.58 | 7.92 | 5.05 | NA | 7.20 | 7.29 |
| 2002 Average | 8.44 | 7.89 | 4.88 | NA | 6.75 | 7.20 |
| 2003 Average | 8.72 | 8.03 | 5.11 | 7.54 | -- | 7.44 |
| 2004 Average | 8.95 | 8.17 | 5.25 | 7.18 | -- | 7.61 |
| 2005 January | 8.52 | 7.99 | 5.23 | 7.91 | -- | 7.47 |
| February | 8.76 | 8.19 | 5.26 | 8.14 | -- | 7.58 |
| March | 8.87 | 8.15 | 5.30 | 8.01 | -- | 7.59 |
| April | 9.22 | 8.25 | 5.31 | 8.30 | -- | 7.65 |
| May | 9.56 | 8.41 | 5.42 | 8.23 | -- | 7.84 |
| June | 9.79 | 8.89 | 5.86 | 8.50 | -- | 8.38 |
| July | 9.77 | 9.00 | 6.14 | 9.44 | -- | 8.60 |
| August | 9.93 | 9.10 | 6.20 | 9.11 | -- | 8.71 |
| September | 9.94 | 9.18 | 6.17 | 9.25 | -- | 8.68 |
| October | 9.76 | 8.91 | 6.03 | 9.57 | -- | 8.37 |
| November | 9.76 | 8.79 | 5.83 | 8.14 | -- | 8.21 |
| December | 9.27 | 8.79 | 5.94 | 8.23 | -- | 8.21 |
| Average | 9.45 | 8.67 | 5.73 | 8.57 | -- | 8.14 |
| 2006 January | 9.55 | 8.87 | 5.78 | 8.75 | -- | 8.31 |
| February | 9.80 | 9.14 | 5.98 | 9.18 | -- | 8.49 |
| March | 9.87 | 9.06 | 5.88 | 9.06 | -- | 8.44 |
| April | 10.32 | 9.17 | 5.93 | 8.97 | -- | 8.56 |
| May | 10.61 | 9.22 | 6.00 | 9.12 | -- | 8.71 |
| June | 10.85 | 9.88 | 6.41 | 9.82 | -- | 9.30 |
| July | 10.96 | 9.97 | 6.61 | 10.30 | -- | 9.55 |
| August | 10.94 | 10.04 | 6.65 | 10.20 | -- | 9.58 |
| September | 10.94 | 9.89 | 6.37 | 10.11 | -- | 9.32 |
| October | 10.58 | 9.51 | 6.16 | 10.02 | -- | 8.89 |
| November | 10.18 | 9.24 | 6.04 | 9.40 | -- | 8.63 |
| December | 9.84 | 9.08 | 6.00 | 9.56 | -- | 8.55 |
| Average | 10.40 | 9.46 | 6.16 | 9.54 | -- | 8.90 |
| 2007 January | 10.04 | 9.13 | 6.09 | 9.44 | -- | 8.72 |
| February | 9.88 | 9.31 | 6.18 | 10.56 | -- | 8.74 |
| March | 10.21 | 9.37 | 6.16 | 10.21 | -- | 8.78 |
| April | 10.65 | 9.37 | 6.19 | 10.34 | -- | 8.85 |
| May | 10.77 | 9.55 | 6.20 | 10.49 | -- | 8.97 |
| June | 11.07 | 10.02 | 6.51 | 10.69 | -- | 9.47 |
| July | 11.06 | 10.20 | 6.61 | 11.42 | -- | 9.65 |
| August | 11.05 | 10.05 | 6.84 | 11.16 | -- | 9.68 |
| September | 10.94 | 9.88 | 6.55 | 10.67 | -- | 9.44 |
| October | 10.81 | 9.79 | 6.44 | 10.46 | -- | 9.18 |
| 10-Month Average | 10.66 | 9.70 | 6.38 | 10.53 | -- | 9.18 |
| 2006 10-Month Average | 10.48 | 9.51 | 6.19 | 9.55 | -- | 8.95 |
| 2005 10-Month Average | 9.44 | 8.65 | 5.71 | 8.64 | -- | 8.13 |

^a Commercial sector. For 1973-2002, prices exclude public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, and other sales to public authorities.

^b Industrial sector. For 1973-2002, prices exclude agriculture and irrigation.

^c Transportation sector, including railroads and railways.

^d Public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, other sales to public authorities, agriculture and irrigation, and transportation including railroads and railways.

NA=Not available. --=Not applicable.

Notes: • Beginning in 2003, the category "Other" has been replaced by "Transportation," and the categories "Commercial" and "Industrial" have been redefined. • Prices are calculated by dividing revenue by sales. Revenue may not correspond to sales for a particular month because of energy service provider billing and accounting procedures. That lack of correspondence could result in uncharacteristic increases or decreases in the monthly prices. • Prices include State and local taxes, energy or demand charges, customer service charges, environmental surcharges, franchise fees, fuel adjustments, and other miscellaneous charges applied to end-use customers during normal billing

operations. Prices do not include deferred charges, credits, or other adjustments, such as fuel or revenue from purchased power, from previous reporting periods.

• See Note 7 at end of section for plant coverage, and for information on preliminary and final values. • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • **1973-September 1977:** Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenues and Income." • **October 1977-February 1980:** Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenues and Income." • **March 1980-1982:** FERC, Form FERC-5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."

• **1983:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-826, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." • **1984-1992:** EIA, Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report." • **1993 forward:** EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, January 2008, Table 5.3.

Table 9.10 Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Electric Generating Plants
 (Nominal Dollars per Million Btu, Including Taxes)

| | Coal | Petroleum | | | | Natural Gas ^d | All Fossil Fuels ^e |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | Residual Fuel Oil ^a | Distillate Fuel Oil ^b | Petroleum Coke | Total ^c | | |
| 1973 Average | 0.41 | 0.79 | NA | NA | 0.80 | 0.34 | 0.48 |
| 1975 Average | .81 | 2.01 | NA | NA | 2.02 | .75 | 1.04 |
| 1980 Average | 1.35 | 4.27 | NA | NA | 4.35 | 2.20 | 1.93 |
| 1985 Average | 1.65 | 4.24 | NA | NA | 4.32 | 3.44 | 2.09 |
| 1990 Average | 1.45 | 3.32 | 5.38 | .80 | 3.35 | 2.32 | 1.69 |
| 1995 Average | 1.32 | 2.59 | 3.99 | .65 | 2.57 | 1.98 | 1.45 |
| 1996 Average | 1.29 | 3.03 | 4.87 | .78 | 3.03 | 2.64 | 1.52 |
| 1997 Average | 1.27 | 2.79 | 4.49 | .91 | 2.73 | 2.76 | 1.52 |
| 1998 Average | 1.25 | 2.08 | 3.30 | .71 | 2.02 | 2.38 | 1.44 |
| 1999 Average | 1.22 | 2.44 | 4.03 | .65 | 2.36 | 2.57 | 1.44 |
| 2000 Average | 1.20 | 4.29 | 6.65 | .58 | 4.18 | 4.30 | 1.74 |
| 2001 Average | 1.23 | 3.73 | 6.30 | .78 | 3.69 | 4.49 | 1.73 |
| 2002 Average ^f | 1.25 | 3.73 | 5.34 | .78 | 3.34 | 3.56 | 1.52 |
| 2003 Average | 1.28 | 4.66 | 6.82 | .72 | 4.33 | 5.39 | 2.28 |
| 2004 Average | 1.36 | 4.73 | 8.02 | .83 | 4.29 | 5.96 | 2.48 |
| 2005 January | 1.46 | 5.01 | 9.73 | 1.10 | 5.00 | 6.50 | 2.64 |
| February | 1.48 | 5.23 | 9.47 | 1.17 | 4.76 | 6.23 | 2.50 |
| March | 1.52 | 5.52 | 11.11 | 1.12 | 4.94 | 6.61 | 2.60 |
| April | 1.54 | 6.26 | 10.78 | 1.15 | 5.09 | 7.11 | 2.77 |
| May | 1.55 | 6.10 | 10.09 | 1.13 | 5.30 | 6.68 | 2.77 |
| June | 1.54 | 6.55 | 10.79 | 1.01 | 5.57 | 6.83 | 3.06 |
| July | 1.52 | 6.85 | 10.76 | 1.07 | 6.03 | 7.34 | 3.47 |
| August | 1.56 | 7.47 | 11.12 | 1.01 | 7.06 | 8.36 | 3.80 |
| September | 1.60 | 8.40 | 13.55 | 1.11 | 7.82 | 10.62 | 4.05 |
| October | 1.58 | 8.51 | 15.18 | 1.22 | 7.83 | 11.55 | 3.92 |
| November | 1.57 | 8.20 | 13.12 | 1.12 | 7.62 | 9.86 | 3.42 |
| December | 1.59 | 8.01 | 12.51 | 1.14 | 7.69 | 10.80 | 3.74 |
| Average | 1.54 | 7.06 | 11.72 | 1.11 | 6.44 | 8.21 | 3.25 |
| 2006 January | 1.67 | 8.10 | 13.68 | 1.10 | 7.03 | 9.11 | 3.10 |
| February | 1.68 | 7.80 | 11.69 | 1.17 | 5.44 | 7.84 | 2.95 |
| March | 1.71 | 7.98 | 12.39 | 1.20 | 5.11 | 7.17 | 2.86 |
| April | 1.71 | 6.81 | 14.48 | 1.26 | 4.91 | 7.13 | 2.90 |
| May | 1.70 | 8.01 | 14.77 | 1.33 | 6.43 | 6.75 | 2.94 |
| June | 1.69 | 8.08 | 14.45 | 1.32 | 6.41 | 6.47 | 3.05 |
| July | 1.68 | 8.14 | 13.23 | 1.39 | 6.68 | 6.48 | 3.36 |
| August | 1.70 | 8.41 | 15.52 | 1.47 | 7.38 | 7.33 | 3.54 |
| September | 1.71 | 7.62 | 10.86 | 1.49 | 5.95 | 6.17 | 2.90 |
| October | 1.70 | 7.00 | 12.06 | 1.34 | 5.05 | 5.51 | 2.65 |
| November | 1.69 | 7.22 | 12.33 | 1.51 | 5.90 | 7.28 | 2.89 |
| December | 1.69 | 7.28 | 12.90 | 1.42 | 6.20 | 7.43 | 2.95 |
| Average | 1.69 | 7.85 | 13.28 | 1.33 | 6.23 | 6.94 | 3.02 |
| 2007 January | 1.75 | 7.26 | 12.00 | 1.54 | 5.89 | 6.78 | 2.93 |
| February | 1.75 | 7.19 | 12.10 | 1.65 | 6.59 | 7.86 | 3.22 |
| March | 1.77 | 7.08 | 13.19 | 1.51 | 6.54 | 7.44 | 3.00 |
| April | 1.78 | 7.90 | 14.29 | 1.54 | 6.79 | 7.54 | 3.16 |
| May | 1.78 | 8.23 | 14.44 | 1.58 | 7.28 | 7.73 | 3.31 |
| June | 1.77 | 8.88 | 14.71 | 1.58 | 8.01 | 7.60 | 3.45 |
| July | 1.77 | 8.05 | 14.88 | 1.44 | 6.69 | 6.85 | 3.42 |
| August | 1.78 | 8.75 | 14.90 | 1.63 | 7.80 | 6.60 | 3.51 |
| September | 1.78 | 8.75 | 14.47 | 1.59 | 7.52 | 6.14 | 3.13 |
| 9-Month Average | 1.77 | 8.07 | 13.85 | 1.56 | 7.05 | 7.08 | 3.25 |
| 2006 9-Month Average | 1.69 | 8.01 | 13.54 | 1.30 | 6.36 | 7.02 | 3.08 |
| 2005 9-Month Average | 1.53 | 6.53 | 10.97 | 1.09 | 5.90 | 7.52 | 3.11 |

^a For 1973-2001, electric utility data are for heavy oil (fuel oil nos. 5 and 6, and small amounts of fuel oil no. 4).

^b For 1973-2001, electric utility data are for light oil (fuel oil nos. 1 and 2).

^c Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, and waste oil. For 1973-1982, data do not include refined motor oil, bunker oil, and liquefied petroleum gases. For 1973-1989, data do not include petroleum coke.

^d Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels. For 1973-2000, data also include a small amount of blast furnace gas and other gases derived from fossil fuels.

^e Weighted average of costs shown under "Coal," "Petroleum," and "Natural

Gas."

^f Through 2001, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 2002, data also include independent power producers, and electric generating plants in the commercial and industrial sectors. See Note 8 at end of section for plant coverage.

NA=Not available.

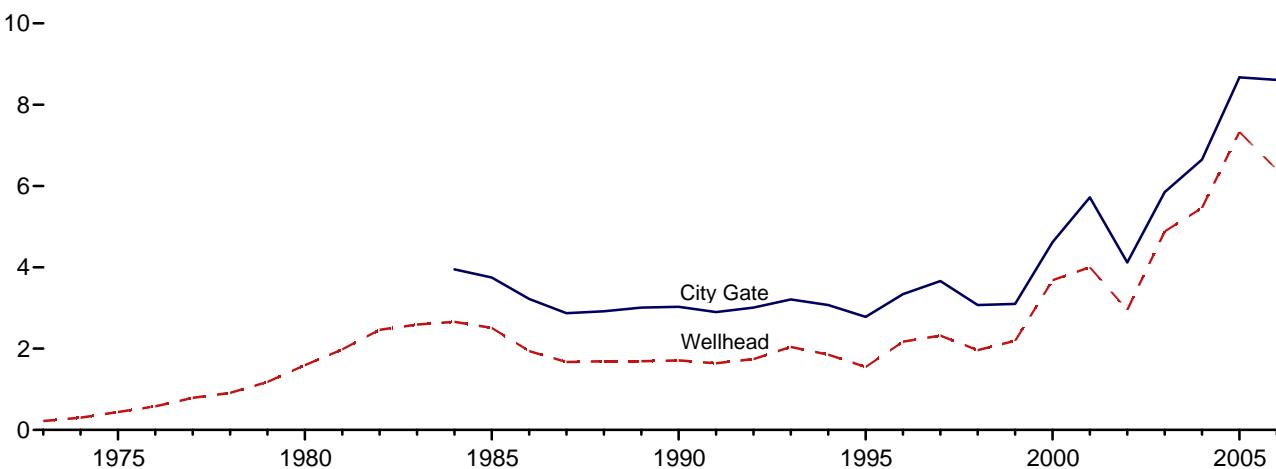
Notes: • Receipts are purchases of fuel. • Yearly costs are averages of monthly values, weighted by quantities in Btu. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

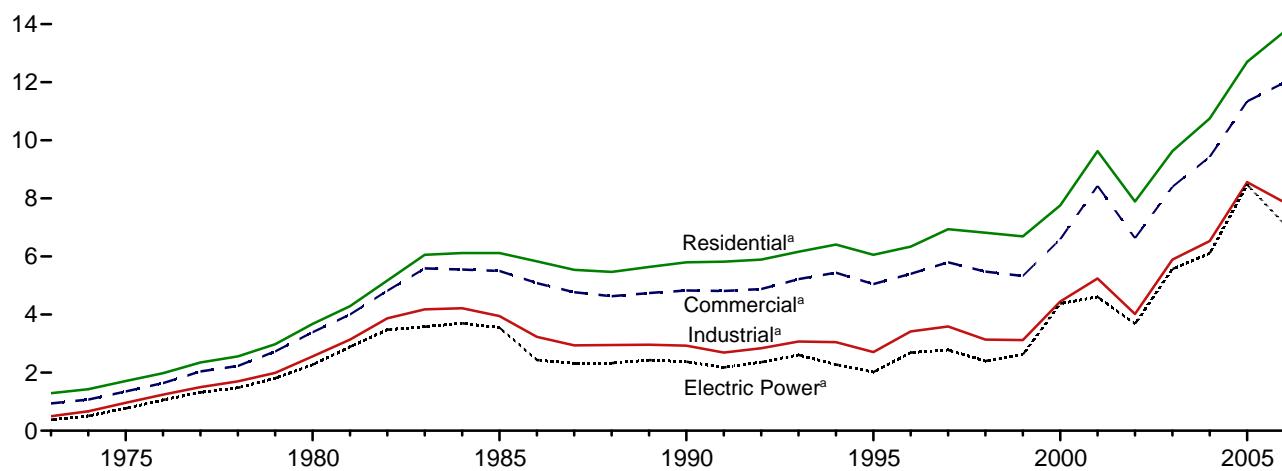
Sources: See end of section.

Figure 9.4 Natural Gas Prices
(Nominal Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

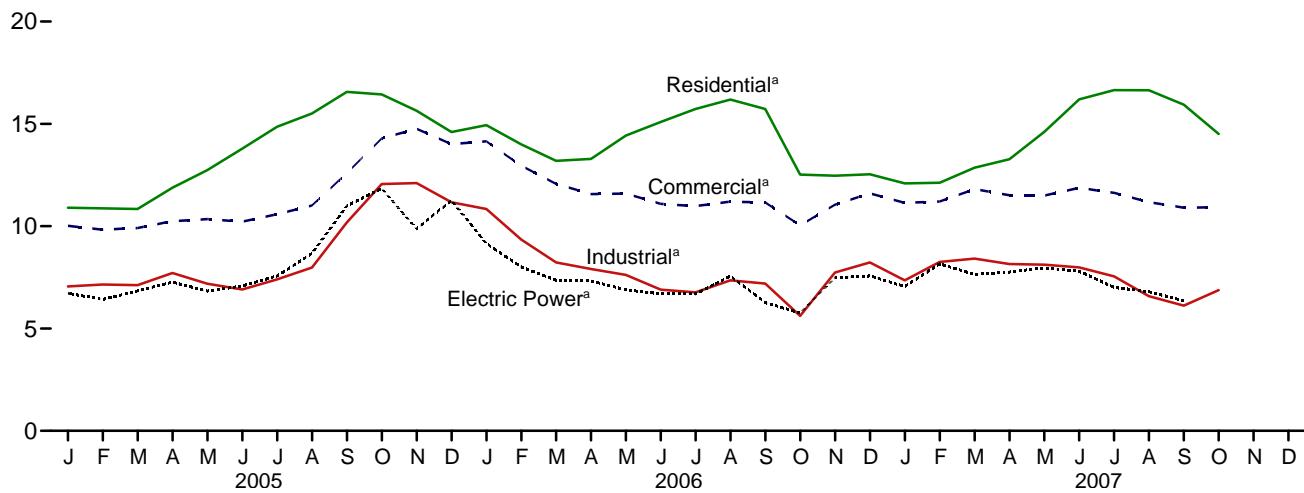
Selected Prices, 1973-2006



Consuming Sectors, 1973-2006



Consuming Sectors, Monthly



^aIncludes taxes.

Notes: • Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.
• See "Nominal Price" in glossary.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html>.

Source: Table 9.11.

Table 9.11 Natural Gas Prices

(Nominal Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

| | Wellhead Price | City Gate Price | Consuming Sectors ^a | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | | Residential | | Commercial ^b | | Industrial ^c | | Electric Power ^d | |
| | | | Price ^e | Percentage of Sector ^f | Price ^e | Percentage of Sector ^f | Price ^e | Percentage of Sector ^f | Price ^e | Percentage of Sector ^f |
| 1973 Average | 0.22 | NA | 1.29 | NA | 0.94 | NA | 0.50 | NA | 0.38 | 92.1 |
| 1975 Average | .44 | NA | 1.71 | NA | 1.35 | NA | .96 | NA | .77 | 96.1 |
| 1980 Average | 1.59 | NA | 3.68 | NA | 3.39 | NA | 2.56 | NA | 2.27 | 96.9 |
| 1985 Average | 2.51 | 3.75 | 6.12 | NA | 5.50 | NA | 3.95 | 68.8 | 3.55 | 94.0 |
| 1990 Average | 1.71 | 3.03 | 5.80 | 99.2 | 4.83 | 86.6 | 2.93 | 35.2 | 2.38 | 76.8 |
| 1995 Average | 1.55 | 2.78 | 6.06 | 99.0 | 5.05 | 76.7 | 2.71 | 24.5 | 2.02 | 71.4 |
| 1996 Average | 2.17 | 3.34 | 6.34 | 99.0 | 5.40 | 77.6 | 3.42 | 19.4 | 2.69 | 68.4 |
| 1997 Average | 2.32 | 3.66 | 6.94 | 98.8 | 5.80 | 70.8 | 3.59 | 18.1 | 2.78 | 68.0 |
| 1998 Average | 1.96 | 3.07 | 6.82 | 97.7 | 5.48 | 67.0 | 3.14 | 16.1 | 2.40 | 63.7 |
| 1999 Average | 2.19 | 3.10 | 6.69 | 95.2 | 5.33 | 66.1 | 3.12 | 18.8 | 2.62 | 58.3 |
| 2000 Average | 3.68 | 4.62 | 7.76 | 92.6 | 6.59 | 63.9 | 4.45 | 19.8 | 4.38 | 50.5 |
| 2001 Average | 4.00 | 5.72 | 9.63 | 92.4 | 8.43 | 66.0 | 5.24 | 20.8 | 4.61 | 40.2 |
| 2002 Average | 2.95 | 4.12 | 7.89 | 97.9 | 6.63 | 77.4 | 4.02 | 22.7 | ^d 3.68 | 83.9 |
| 2003 Average | 4.88 | 5.85 | 9.63 | 97.5 | 8.40 | 78.2 | 5.89 | 22.1 | 5.57 | 91.2 |
| 2004 Average | 5.46 | 6.65 | 10.75 | 97.7 | 9.43 | 78.0 | 6.53 | 23.7 | 6.11 | 89.8 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 5.80 | 7.05 | 10.90 | NA | 10.02 | 84.8 | 7.06 | 24.9 | 6.72 | 93.0 |
| February | 5.73 | 7.09 | 10.87 | NA | 9.83 | 85.0 | 7.15 | 24.3 | 6.42 | 93.4 |
| March | 5.95 | 7.24 | 10.84 | NA | 9.91 | 84.4 | 7.12 | 24.6 | 6.84 | 92.8 |
| April | 6.57 | 7.79 | 11.88 | NA | 10.25 | 82.6 | 7.71 | 23.9 | 7.27 | 92.8 |
| May | 6.25 | 7.51 | 12.74 | NA | 10.35 | 79.4 | 7.19 | 24.2 | 6.83 | 93.5 |
| June | 6.09 | 7.30 | 13.79 | NA | 10.22 | 78.2 | 6.91 | 23.7 | 7.08 | 90.8 |
| July | 6.71 | 7.68 | 14.86 | NA | 10.58 | 75.6 | 7.40 | 24.5 | 7.57 | 89.7 |
| August | 6.48 | 8.20 | 15.51 | NA | 11.01 | 76.2 | 7.98 | 24.6 | 8.67 | 89.1 |
| September | 8.95 | 10.26 | 16.56 | NA | 12.59 | 74.9 | 10.18 | 23.2 | 10.99 | 90.0 |
| October | 10.33 | 12.16 | 16.44 | NA | 14.29 | 78.9 | 12.06 | 23.2 | 11.84 | 92.1 |
| November | 9.89 | 11.57 | 15.64 | NA | 14.76 | 81.3 | 12.11 | 23.5 | 9.87 | 93.7 |
| December | 9.08 | 10.77 | 14.60 | NA | 14.01 | 84.0 | 11.17 | 23.7 | 11.26 | 90.0 |
| Average | 7.33 | 8.67 | 12.70 | 98.2 | 11.34 | 82.1 | 8.56 | 24.1 | 8.47 | 91.3 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 8.02 | 10.80 | 14.94 | NA | 14.15 | 84.0 | 10.84 | 23.8 | 9.15 | 93.9 |
| February | 6.86 | 9.34 | 14.00 | NA | 12.95 | 84.2 | 9.35 | 23.9 | 8.00 | 95.5 |
| March | 6.44 | 8.81 | 13.19 | NA | 12.07 | 83.9 | 8.23 | 24.0 | 7.36 | 94.7 |
| April | 6.38 | 8.29 | 13.29 | NA | 11.57 | 80.8 | 7.91 | 23.6 | 7.32 | 94.7 |
| May | 6.24 | 7.99 | 14.43 | NA | 11.60 | 78.4 | 7.62 | 23.9 | 6.89 | 93.0 |
| June | 5.78 | 7.39 | 15.09 | NA | 11.09 | 75.7 | 6.90 | 23.5 | 6.69 | 93.8 |
| July | 5.92 | 7.40 | 15.73 | NA | 10.98 | 74.3 | 6.77 | 23.8 | 6.69 | 92.9 |
| August | 6.56 | 8.10 | 16.19 | NA | 11.20 | 72.4 | 7.35 | 23.8 | 7.56 | 91.9 |
| September | 6.06 | 7.68 | 15.73 | NA | 11.16 | 74.5 | 7.20 | 22.2 | 6.27 | 93.6 |
| October | 5.09 | 6.42 | 12.52 | NA | 10.04 | 77.2 | 5.62 | 23.0 | 5.76 | 92.0 |
| November | 6.72 | 8.47 | 12.47 | NA | 11.05 | 80.2 | 7.74 | 23.1 | 7.48 | 93.9 |
| December | 6.76 | 8.66 | 12.54 | NA | 11.61 | 82.6 | 8.23 | 23.5 | 7.57 | 93.7 |
| Average | 6.40 | 8.61 | 13.75 | 98.1 | 11.99 | 80.7 | 7.86 | 23.5 | 7.11 | 93.4 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | E 5.92 | 7.89 | 12.09 | NA | 11.14 | 83.0 | 7.35 | 22.0 | 7.05 | 95.7 |
| February | E 6.66 | 8.59 | 12.12 | NA | 11.21 | 83.8 | 8.25 | 22.1 | 8.16 | 92.5 |
| March | E 6.56 | 8.81 | 12.86 | NA | 11.81 | 83.3 | 8.42 | 21.6 | 7.64 | 93.7 |
| April | E 6.84 | 8.19 | 13.27 | NA | 11.51 | 81.0 | 8.15 | 21.9 | 7.76 | 94.6 |
| May | E 6.98 | 8.36 | 14.61 | NA | 11.50 | 77.9 | 8.12 | 22.6 | 7.96 | 94.1 |
| June | E 6.86 | 8.38 | 16.20 | NA | 11.87 | 73.6 | 7.99 | 23.3 | 7.80 | 94.1 |
| July | E 6.19 | 7.94 | 16.65 | NA | 11.63 | 73.8 | 7.55 | 22.6 | 7.01 | 93.0 |
| August | E 5.90 | 7.46 | 16.64 | NA | 11.18 | 71.9 | 6.58 | 22.3 | 6.80 | 88.1 |
| September | E 5.61 | 6.89 | 15.94 | NA | 10.90 | 72.2 | 6.12 | 22.0 | R 6.35 | R 94.7 |
| October | E 6.25 | 7.36 | 14.51 | NA | 10.93 | 74.0 | 6.88 | 22.3 | NA | NA |
| 10-Month Average | 6.38 | 8.12 | 13.21 | NA | 11.37 | 79.8 | 7.55 | 22.2 | NA | NA |
| 2006 10-Month Average | E 6.34 | 8.61 | 14.13 | NA | 12.16 | 80.5 | 7.83 | 23.6 | 7.04 | 93.3 |
| 2005 10-Month Average | 6.89 | 7.94 | 11.99 | NA | 10.51 | 81.9 | 7.96 | 24.1 | 8.15 | 91.3 |

^a See Note 9 at end of section.^b Commercial sector, including commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants. See note at end of Section 7.^c Industrial sector, including industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants. See note at end of Section 7.^d The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 2001, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 2002, data also include independent power producers. See Note 8 at end of section for plant coverage.^e Includes taxes.^f The percentage of the sector's consumption in Table 4.3 for which price data

are available. For details on how the percentages are derived, see Table 9.11 Sources at end of section.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Prices are for natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels. • Prices are intended to include all taxes. See Note 9 at end of section. • Wellhead annual and year-to-date prices are simple averages of the monthly prices; all other annual and year-to-date prices are volume-weighted averages of the monthly prices. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • See "Nominal Price" in Glossary.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mei/prices.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Energy Prices

Note 1. The average domestic first purchase price represents the average price at which all domestic crude oil is purchased. Prior to February 1976, the price represented an estimate of the average of posted prices; beginning with February 1976, the price represents an average of actual first purchase prices. The data series was previously called "Actual Domestic Wellhead Price."

Note 2. F.O.B. literally means "Free on Board." It denotes a transaction whereby the seller makes the product available with an agreement on a given port at a given price; it is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.

Note 3. The landed cost of imported crude oil from selected countries does not represent the total cost of all imported crude. Prior to April 1975, imported crude costs to U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean were not included in the landed cost, and costs of crude oil from countries that export only small amounts to the United States were also excluded. Beginning in April 1975, however, coverage was expanded to include U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean. Landed costs do not include supplemental fees.

Note 4. Beginning with January 1981, refiner acquisition costs of crude oil are from data collected on Energy Information Administration (EIA) Form EIA-14, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Report." Those costs were previously published from data collected on Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) Form ERA-49, "Domestic Crude Oil Entitlements Program Refiners Monthly Report." Form ERA-49 was discontinued with the decontrol of crude oil on January 28, 1981. Crude oil purchases and costs are defined for Form EIA-14 in accordance with conventions used for Form ERA-49. The respondents for the two forms are also essentially the same. However, due to possible different interpretations of the filing requirements and a different method for handling prior period adjustments, care must be taken when comparing the data collected on the two forms.

The refiner acquisition cost of crude oil is the average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC Section 1331. Imported crude oil is either that oil reported on Form ERA-51, "Transfer Pricing Report," or any crude oil that is not domestic oil. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Form ERA-49 excluded unfinished oils but included the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR). Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Federal Energy Administration (FEA) Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report," included

unfinished oils but excluded SPR. Imported averages derived from Form ERA-49 exclude oil purchased for SPR, whereas the composite averages derived from Form ERA-49 include SPR. None of the prices derived from Form EIA-14 include either unfinished oils or SPR.

Note 5. Several different series of motor gasoline prices are published in this section. U.S. city average retail prices of motor gasoline are calculated monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics during the development of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These prices include all Federal, State, and local taxes paid at the time of sale. From 1974-1977, prices were collected in 56 urban areas. From 1978 forward, prices are collected from a new sample of service stations in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers-about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-serve).

Refiner prices of finished motor gasoline for resale and to end users are determined by the EIA in a monthly survey of refiners and gas plant operators (Form EIA-782A). The prices do not include any Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Estimates of prices prior to January 1983 are based on Form FEA-P302-M-1/EIA-460, "Petroleum Industry Monthly Report for Product Prices," and also exclude all Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Sales for resale are those made to purchasers who are other-than-ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are sales made directly to the consumer of the product, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and utilities) and residential and commercial consumers.

Note 6. Starting in January 1983, Form EIA-782, "Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," replaced 10 previous surveys. Every attempt was made to continue the most important price series. However, prices published through December 1982 and those published since January 1983 do not necessarily form continuous data series due to changes in survey forms, definitions, instructions, populations, samples, processing systems, and statistical procedures. To provide historical data, continuous series were generated for annual data 1978–1982 and for monthly data 1981 and 1982 by estimating the prices that would have been published had Form EIA-782 survey and system been in operation at that time. This form of estimation was performed after detailed adjustment was made for product and sales type matching and for discontinuity due to other factors. An important difference between the previous and present prices is the distinction between wholesale and resale and between retail and end user. The resale category continues to include sales among resellers. However, sales to bulk consumers, such as utility, industrial, and commercial accounts previously included in the wholesale category, are now counted as made to end users. The end-user category continues to include retail sales through company-owned and operated

outlets but also includes sales to the bulk consumers such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities. Additional information may be found in "Estimated Historic Time Series for the EIA-782," a feature article by Paula Weir, printed in the December 1983 [3] *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, published by EIA.

Note 7. Average annual retail prices of electricity have the following plant coverage: Through 1979, annual data are for Classes A and B privately owned electric utilities only. For 1980–1982, annual data are for selected Class A utilities whose electric operating revenues were \$100 million or more during the previous year. For 1983, annual data are for a selected sample of electric utilities. Beginning in 1984, data are for a census of electric utilities. Beginning in 1996, annual data also include energy service providers selling to retail customers.

Average monthly retail prices of electricity have the following plant coverage: Through 1985, monthly data are derived from selected privately owned electric utilities and, therefore, are not national averages. Beginning in 1986, monthly data are based on a sample of publicly and privately owned electric utilities. Beginning in 1996, monthly data also include energy service providers selling to retail customers.

Preliminary monthly data are from Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Sales and Revenue Report With State Distributions Report," which is a monthly collection of data from approximately 450 of the largest publicly and privately owned electric utilities as well as a census of energy service providers with retail sales in deregulated States; a model is then applied to the collected data to estimate for the entire universe of U.S. electric utilities. Preliminary annual data are the sum of the monthly revenues divided by the sum of the monthly sales. When final annual data become available each year from Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Power Industry Report," their ratios to the preliminary Form EIA-826 values are used to derive adjusted final monthly values.

Note 8. Data for 1973–1982 cover all regulated electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 25 megawatts or greater. From 1974–1982, peaking units were included in the data and counted towards the 25-megawatt-or-greater total. Data for 1983–1990 cover all regulated electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 50 megawatts or greater. Data for 1991–2001 cover all regulated electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units and combined-cycle units together totaled 50 megawatts or greater. Data for 2002 forward cover the aforementioned regulated generating plants plus unregulated generating plants (independent power producers, as well as combined-heat-and-power generating plants and electricity-only plants in the commercial and industrial sector) whose total facility fossil-fueled nameplate

generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts, regardless of unit type.

Note 9. Natural gas prices are intended to include all taxes. Instructions on the data collection forms specifically direct that all Federal, State, and local taxes, surcharges, and/or adjustments billed to consumers are to be included. However, sales and other taxes itemized on more than 3,000 consumers' bills are sometimes excluded by the reporting utilities. Delivered-to-consumers prices for 1987 forward represent natural gas delivered and sold to residential, commercial, industrial, and electric power consumers. They do not include the price of natural gas delivered to industrial and commercial consumers on behalf of third parties. Volumes of natural gas delivered on behalf of third parties are included in the consumption data shown in Table 4.3. Additional information is available in the EIA *Natural Gas Monthly*, Appendix C.

Table 9.1 Sources

Domestic First Purchase Price

1973–1976: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook*, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter.

1977: Federal Energy Administration, based on Form FEA-P124, "Domestic Crude Oil Purchaser's Monthly Report."

1978–2006: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Marketing Annual*, Table 1.

2007: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, January 2008, Table 1.

F.O.B. and Landed Cost of Imports

October 1973–September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report."

October–December 1977: EIA, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report."

1978–2006: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Annual*, Table 1.

2007: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, January 2008, Table 1.

Refiner Acquisition Cost

1973: EIA estimates. The domestic price was derived by adding estimated transportation costs to the reported domestic first purchase price. The imported price was derived by adding an estimated ocean transport cost to the average "Free Alongside Ship" value published by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

1974–1976: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter.

1977: January–September, FEA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report."

October–December, EIA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report."

1978–2006: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Annual*, Table 1.

2007: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, January 2008, Table 1.

Table 9.2 Sources

October 1973–September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, “Transfer Pricing Report.”
October 1977–December 1977: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, “Transfer Pricing Report.”
1978–2006: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Annual*, Table 24.
2007: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, January 2008, Table 21.

Table 9.10 Sources

1973–September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-423, “Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants.”
October 1977–December 1977: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-423, “Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants.”
1978 and 1979: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FERC-423, “Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants.”
1980–1989: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, May issues.
1990–2000: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 2003, Table 26.
2001 forward: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, December 2007, Table 4.1; Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-423, “Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants”; and EIA, Form EIA-423, “Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report.”

Table 9.11 Sources

All Prices Except Electric Power

1973–2001: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Natural Gas Annual* (NGA), annual reports.
2002 forward: EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly* (NGM), December 2007, Table 3.

Electric Power Sector Price

1973–1998: EIA, NGA 2000, Table 96.
1999–2002: EIA, NGM, October 2004, Table 4.

2003 forward: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-423, “Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants,” and EIA, Form EIA-423 “Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report.”

Percentage of Residential Sector

1989–2006: EIA, Form EIA-176, “Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition.”

Percentage of Commercial Sector

1987–2001: EIA, NGA, annual reports. Calculated as the total amount of natural gas delivered to commercial consumers minus the amount delivered for the account of others, and then divided by the total amount delivered to commercial consumers.

2002 forward: EIA, NGM, December 2007, Table 3.

Percentage of Industrial Sector

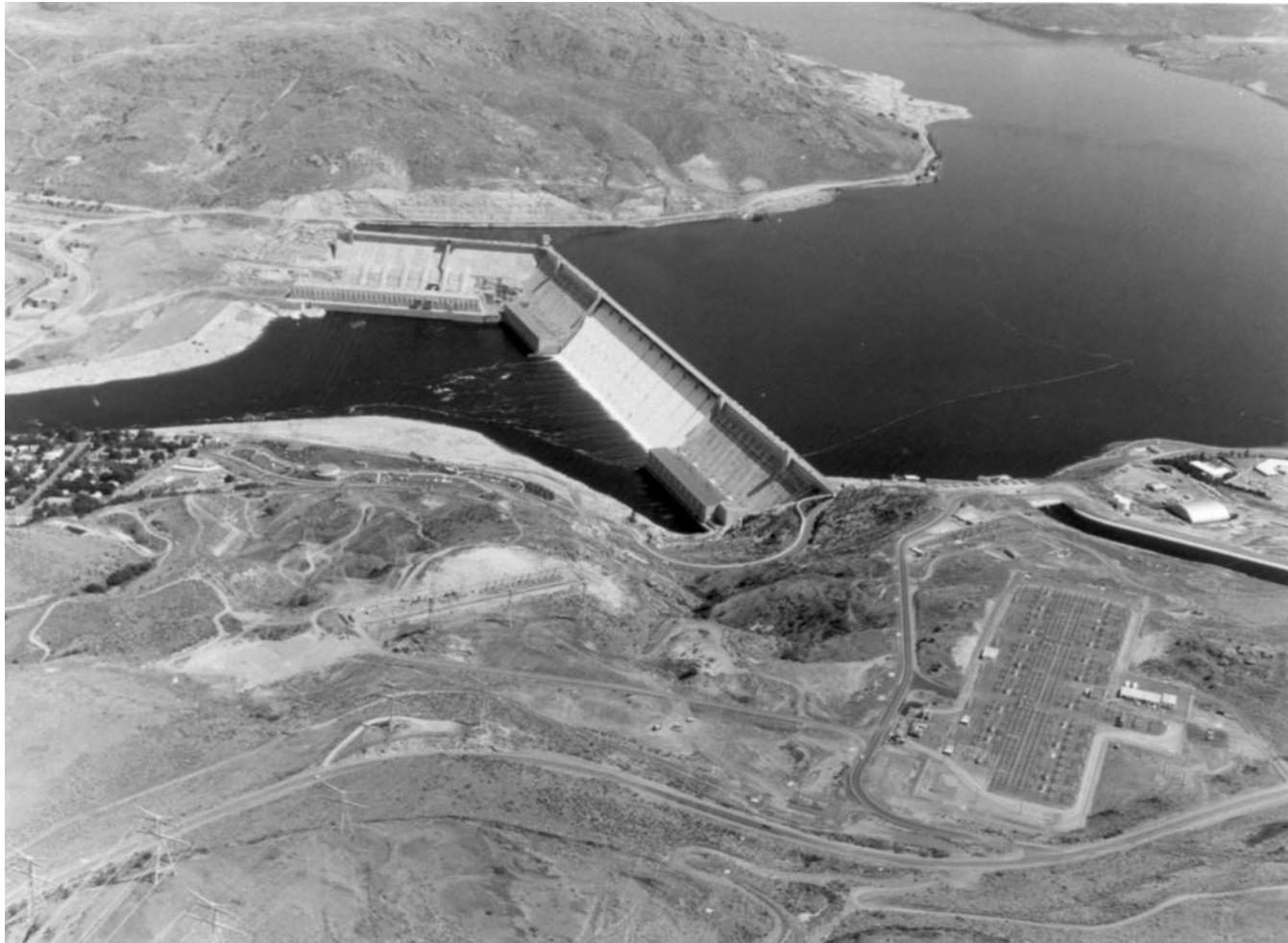
1982–2001: EIA, NGA, annual reports. Calculated as the total amount of natural gas delivered to industrial consumers minus the amount delivered for the account of others, and then divided by the total amount delivered to industrial consumers.
2002 forward: EIA, NGM, December 2007, Table 3.

Percentage of Electric Power Sector

1973–2001: Calculated by EIA as the quantity of natural gas receipts by electric utilities reported on Form FERC-423, “Monthly Report of Cost and Quantity of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants” (and predecessor forms) divided by the quantity of natural gas consumed by the electric power sector (for 1973–1988, see *Monthly Energy Review*, Table 7.3b; for 1989–2001, see *Monthly Energy Review*, Table 7.4b).

2002 forward: Calculated by EIA as the quantity of natural gas receipts by electric utilities and independent power producers reported on Form FERC-423, “Monthly Report of Cost and Quantity of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants,” and EIA-423, “Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report,” divided by the quantity of natural gas consumed by the electric power sector (see *Monthly Energy Review*, Table 7.4b).

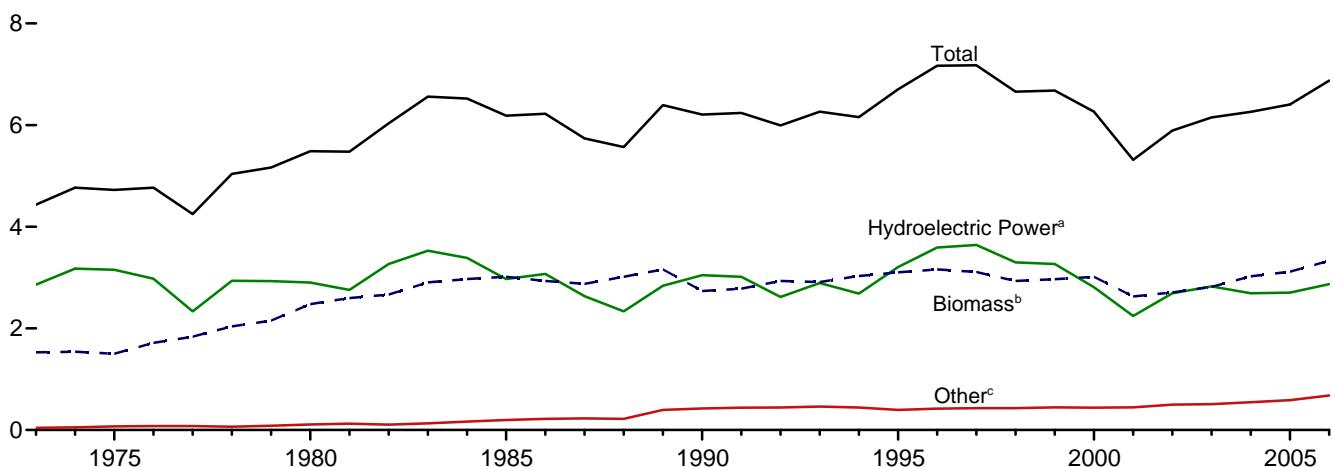
Renewable Energy



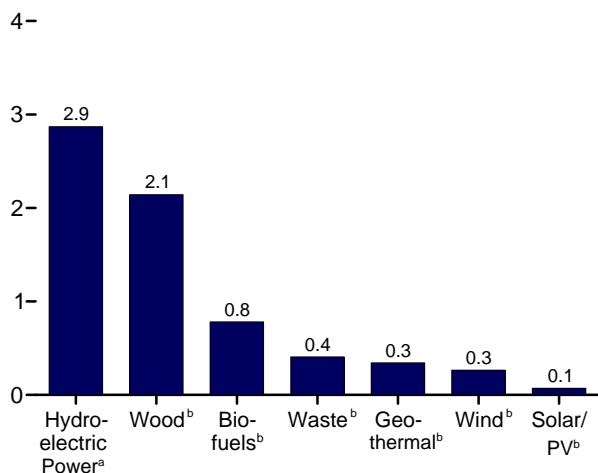
Grand Coulee Dam, Washington State. Source: U.S. Bureau of Reclamation.

Figure 10.1 Renewable Energy Consumption
(Quadrillion Btu)

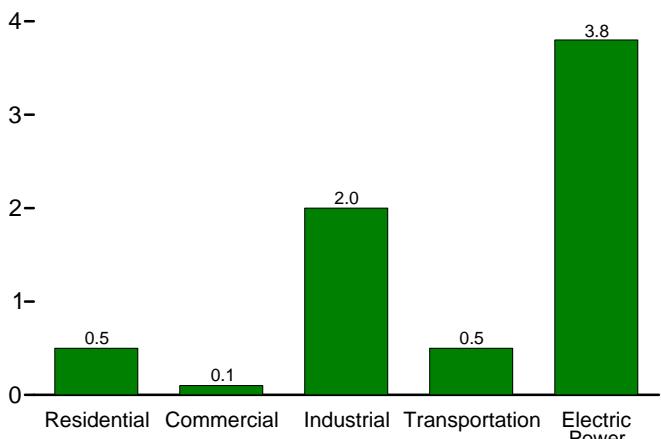
Total and Major Sources, 1973-2006



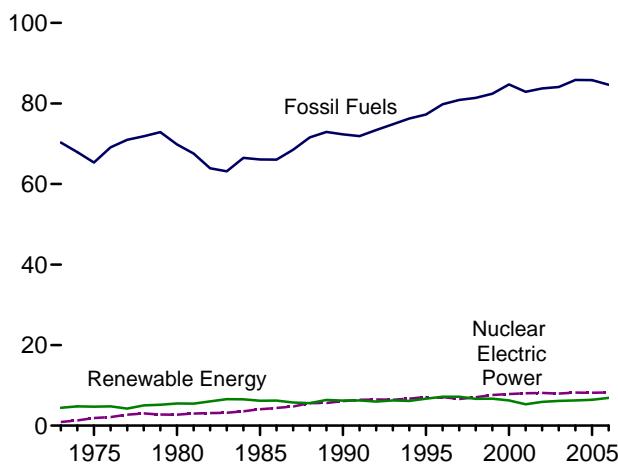
By Source, 2006



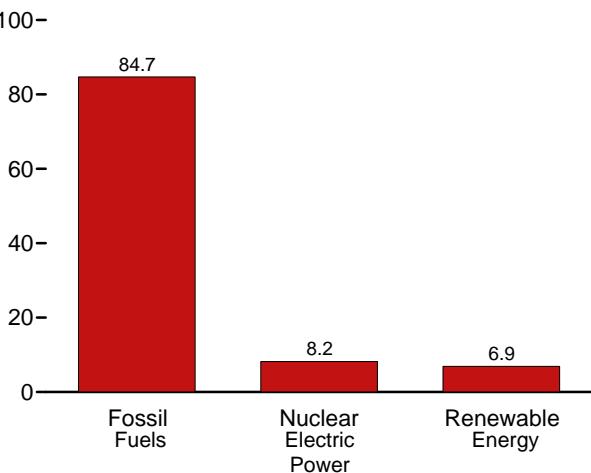
By Sector, 2006



Compared With Other Resources, 1973-2006



Compared With Other Resources, 2006



^aConventional hydroelectric power.

^bSee Table 10.1 for definition.

^cGeothermal, solar/PV, and wind.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/renew.html>.

Sources: Tables 1.3, 10.1, and 10.2a-c.

Table 10.1 Renewable Energy Production and Consumption by Source
(Trillion Btu)

| | Production ^a | | | Consumption | | | | | | | | Total Renewable Energy | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--|
| | Biomass | | Total Renewable Energy ^d | Hydro-electric Power ^e | Geo-thermal ^f | Solar/PV ^g | Wind ^h | Biomass | | | | | |
| | Bio-fuels ^b | Total ^c | Wood ⁱ | | | | | Wood ⁱ | Waste ^j | Bio-fuels ^k | Total | | |
| 1973 Total | NA | 1,529 | 4,433 | 2,861 | 43 | NA | NA | 1,527 | 2 | NA | 1,529 | 4,433 | |
| 1975 Total | NA | 1,499 | 4,723 | 3,155 | 70 | NA | NA | 1,497 | 2 | NA | 1,499 | 4,723 | |
| 1980 Total | NA | 2,475 | 5,485 | 2,900 | 110 | NA | NA | 2,474 | 2 | NA | 2,475 | 5,485 | |
| 1985 Total | 93 | 3,016 | 6,185 | 2,970 | 198 | (s) | (s) | 2,687 | 236 | 93 | 3,016 | 6,185 | |
| 1990 Total | 111 | 2,735 | 6,206 | 3,046 | 336 | 60 | 29 | 2,216 | 408 | 111 | 2,735 | 6,206 | |
| 1995 Total | 200 | 3,102 | 6,703 | 3,205 | 294 | 70 | 33 | 2,370 | 531 | 202 | 3,104 | 6,705 | |
| 1996 Total | 143 | 3,157 | 7,167 | 3,590 | 316 | 71 | 33 | 2,437 | 577 | 145 | 3,159 | 7,168 | |
| 1997 Total | 190 | 3,111 | 7,180 | 3,640 | 325 | 70 | 34 | 2,371 | 551 | 187 | 3,108 | 7,178 | |
| 1998 Total | 206 | 2,933 | 6,659 | 3,297 | 328 | 70 | 31 | 2,184 | 542 | 205 | 2,931 | 6,657 | |
| 1999 Total | 215 | 2,969 | 6,683 | 3,268 | 331 | 69 | 46 | 2,214 | 540 | 213 | 2,967 | 6,681 | |
| 2000 Total | 238 | 3,010 | 6,262 | 2,811 | 317 | 66 | 57 | 2,262 | 511 | 241 | 3,013 | 6,264 | |
| 2001 Total | 260 | 2,629 | 5,318 | 2,242 | 311 | 65 | 70 | 2,006 | 364 | 258 | 2,627 | 5,315 | |
| 2002 Total | 315 | 2,712 | 5,899 | 2,689 | 328 | 64 | 105 | 1,995 | 402 | 309 | 2,706 | 5,893 | |
| 2003 Total | 412 | 2,815 | 6,149 | 2,825 | 331 | 64 | 115 | 2,002 | 401 | 414 | 2,817 | 6,150 | |
| 2004 Total | 501 | 3,011 | 6,248 | 2,690 | 341 | 65 | 142 | 2,121 | 389 | 513 | 3,023 | 6,261 | |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 47 | 265 | 553 | 243 | 29 | 5 | 11 | 184 | 34 | 48 | 266 | 554 | |
| February | 43 | 247 | 503 | 216 | 25 | 5 | 10 | 174 | 30 | 42 | 247 | 502 | |
| March | 47 | 260 | 539 | 229 | 28 | 6 | 16 | 179 | 34 | 47 | 259 | 538 | |
| April | 45 | 247 | 528 | 231 | 28 | 6 | 17 | 170 | 32 | 44 | 246 | 527 | |
| May | 46 | 256 | 581 | 273 | 29 | 6 | 17 | 175 | 35 | 47 | 257 | 582 | |
| June | 47 | 252 | 573 | 268 | 29 | 6 | 18 | 172 | 34 | 49 | 255 | 576 | |
| July | 50 | 266 | 576 | 260 | 30 | 6 | 14 | 181 | 35 | 51 | 267 | 576 | |
| August | 50 | 266 | 528 | 216 | 29 | 6 | 11 | 181 | 35 | 53 | 269 | 531 | |
| September | 49 | 255 | 478 | 174 | 28 | 6 | 15 | 173 | 34 | 50 | 256 | 478 | |
| October | 52 | 261 | 490 | 180 | 29 | 6 | 14 | 177 | 32 | 54 | 263 | 492 | |
| November | 52 | 257 | 500 | 194 | 28 | 5 | 16 | 172 | 34 | 54 | 259 | 502 | |
| December | 54 | 269 | 543 | 221 | 29 | 5 | 18 | 180 | 35 | 57 | 271 | 546 | |
| Total | 582 | 3,101 | 6,391 | 2,703 | 343 | 66 | 178 | 2,116 | 403 | 595 | 3,114 | 6,404 | |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 56 | 283 | 614 | 272 | 29 | 6 | 24 | 191 | 36 | 55 | 282 | 612 | |
| February | 53 | 253 | 549 | 246 | 26 | 5 | 19 | 168 | 32 | 51 | 251 | 547 | |
| March | 59 | 271 | 575 | 244 | 30 | 6 | 23 | 179 | 34 | 57 | 270 | 573 | |
| April | 55 | 256 | 597 | 283 | 27 | 6 | 25 | 170 | 32 | 57 | 258 | 599 | |
| May | 57 | 267 | 629 | 306 | 26 | 6 | 24 | 175 | 35 | 64 | 273 | 636 | |
| June | 60 | 267 | 617 | 295 | 28 | 6 | 20 | 174 | 33 | 69 | 276 | 626 | |
| July | 62 | 280 | 588 | 252 | 30 | 6 | 19 | 184 | 35 | 67 | 286 | 594 | |
| August | 64 | 282 | 550 | 216 | 30 | 6 | 16 | 183 | 35 | 70 | 288 | 556 | |
| September | 63 | 273 | 497 | 171 | 29 | 6 | 19 | 177 | 33 | 69 | 279 | 503 | |
| October | 66 | 281 | 510 | 169 | 30 | 6 | 24 | 181 | 34 | 73 | 288 | 517 | |
| November | 65 | 276 | 536 | 201 | 28 | 6 | 25 | 176 | 34 | 72 | 283 | 543 | |
| December | 70 | 289 | 564 | 214 | 30 | 6 | 25 | 184 | 35 | 76 | 295 | 570 | |
| Total | 731 | 3,279 | 6,825 | 2,869 | 343 | 70 | 264 | 2,142 | 407 | 781 | 3,330 | 6,876 | |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 73 | 290 | 612 | 262 | 31 | 6 | 24 | 180 | 37 | 78 | 294 | 617 | |
| February | 68 | 266 | 510 | 185 | 28 | 5 | 25 | 166 | 33 | 71 | 269 | 512 | |
| March | 75 | 286 | 592 | 241 | 29 | 6 | 30 | 175 | 37 | 78 | 289 | 595 | |
| April | 74 | 280 | 582 | 237 | 28 | 6 | 32 | 174 | 32 | 75 | 282 | 584 | |
| May | 79 | 288 | 607 | 257 | 28 | 6 | 28 | 174 | 35 | 81 | 289 | 609 | |
| June | 79 | 285 | 571 | 227 | 29 | 6 | 24 | 171 | 36 | 81 | 288 | 574 | |
| July | 82 | 297 | 577 | 224 | 30 | 6 | 19 | 178 | 37 | 85 | 300 | 580 | |
| August | 84 | 296 | 555 | 198 | 30 | 6 | 24 | 176 | 36 | 88 | 300 | 558 | |
| September | 83 | 288 | 495 | 145 | 29 | 6 | 26 | 171 | 35 | 81 | 286 | 493 | |
| October | 88 | 297 | 511 | 147 | 30 | 6 | 30 | 177 | 33 | 92 | 301 | 515 | |
| 10-Month Total ... | 784 | 2,875 | 5,612 | 2,124 | 290 | 60 | 264 | 1,742 | 349 | 809 | 2,900 | 5,637 | |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 595 | 2,714 | 5,725 | 2,454 | 284 | 59 | 214 | 1,782 | 337 | 633 | 2,752 | 5,763 | |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 476 | 2,576 | 5,348 | 2,288 | 285 | 56 | 144 | 1,765 | 335 | 484 | 2,584 | 5,357 | |

^a Production equals consumption for all renewable energy sources except biofuels.

^b Total biomass inputs to the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel.

^c Wood, waste, fuel ethanol, and biodiesel.

^d Hydroelectric power, geothermal, solar/photovoltaic, wind, and biomass.

^e Conventional hydroelectric net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate).

^f Geothermal electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the geothermal energy plants heat rate), and geothermal heat pump and direct use energy.

^g Solar thermal and photovoltaic electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate), and solar thermal direct use energy.

^h Wind electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate).

ⁱ Wood and wood-derived fuels.

^j Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste,

agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^k Fuel ethanol and biodiesel consumption, plus losses and co-products from the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel.

NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Most data for the residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors are estimates. See notes and sources for Tables 10.2a and 10.2b. • See Note, "Renewable Energy Production and Consumption," at end of section.

• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/renew.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: Tables 10.2a-c, 10.3, and 10.4.

Table 10.2a Renewable Energy Consumption: Residential and Commercial Sectors
(Trillion Btu)

| | Residential Sector | | | | Commercial Sector ^a | | | | | | | Total | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|------------|------------|-------|--|
| | Geo-thermal ^b | Solar/ PV ^c | Biomass | Total | Hydro- electric Power ^e | Geo- thermal ^b | Biomass | | | Total | | | |
| | | | Wood ^d | | | | Wood ^d | Waste ^f | Fuel Ethanol ^g | Total | | | |
| 1973 Total | NA | NA | 354 | 354 | NA | NA | 7 | NA | NA | 7 | 7 | 7 | |
| 1975 Total | NA | NA | 425 | 425 | NA | NA | 8 | NA | NA | 8 | 8 | 8 | |
| 1980 Total | NA | NA | 850 | 850 | NA | NA | 21 | NA | NA | 21 | 21 | 21 | |
| 1985 Total | NA | NA | 1,010 | 1,010 | NA | NA | 24 | NA | (s) | 24 | 24 | 24 | |
| 1990 Total | 6 | 56 | 580 | 641 | 1 | 3 | 66 | 28 | 1 | 94 | 98 | | |
| 1995 Total | 7 | 65 | 520 | 591 | 1 | 5 | 72 | 40 | (s) | 113 | 118 | | |
| 1996 Total | 7 | 65 | 540 | 612 | 1 | 5 | 76 | 53 | (s) | 129 | 135 | | |
| 1997 Total | 8 | 65 | 430 | 503 | 1 | 6 | 73 | 58 | (s) | 131 | 138 | | |
| 1998 Total | 8 | 65 | 380 | 452 | 1 | 7 | 64 | 54 | (s) | 118 | 127 | | |
| 1999 Total | 9 | 64 | 390 | 462 | 1 | 7 | 67 | 54 | (s) | 121 | 129 | | |
| 2000 Total | 9 | 61 | 420 | 490 | 1 | 8 | 71 | 47 | (s) | 119 | 128 | | |
| 2001 Total | 9 | 60 | 370 | 439 | 1 | 8 | 67 | 25 | (s) | 92 | 101 | | |
| 2002 Total | 10 | 59 | 380 | 449 | (s) | 9 | 69 | 26 | (s) | 95 | 104 | | |
| 2003 Total | 13 | 58 | 400 | 471 | 1 | 11 | 71 | 29 | 1 | 101 | 113 | | |
| 2004 Total | 14 | 59 | 410 | 483 | 1 | 12 | 70 | 34 | 1 | 105 | 118 | | |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 1 | 5 | 35 | 41 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| February | 1 | 5 | 31 | 37 | (s) | 1 | 5 | 3 | (s) | 8 | 9 | | |
| March | 1 | 5 | 35 | 41 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| April | 1 | 5 | 34 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 8 | 10 | | |
| May | 1 | 5 | 35 | 41 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| June | 1 | 5 | 34 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| July | 1 | 5 | 35 | 41 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| August | 1 | 5 | 35 | 41 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| September | 1 | 5 | 34 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| October | 1 | 5 | 35 | 41 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| November | 1 | 5 | 34 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| December | 1 | 5 | 35 | 41 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| Total | 16 | 61 | 410 | 487 | 1 | 14 | 70 | 34 | 1 | 105 | 119 | | |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| February | 1 | 5 | 30 | 36 | (s) | 1 | 5 | 3 | (s) | 8 | 9 | | |
| March | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 8 | 10 | | |
| April | 2 | 5 | 32 | 39 | (s) | 1 | 5 | 3 | (s) | 8 | 10 | | |
| May | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| June | 2 | 5 | 32 | 39 | (s) | 1 | 5 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| July | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| August | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| September | 2 | 5 | 32 | 39 | (s) | 1 | 5 | 3 | (s) | 8 | 10 | | |
| October | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| November | 2 | 5 | 32 | 39 | (s) | 1 | 5 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| December | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| Total | 18 | 65 | 390 | 474 | 1 | 14 | 65 | 36 | 1 | 103 | 118 | | |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| February | 1 | 5 | 30 | 36 | (s) | 1 | 5 | 3 | (s) | 8 | 9 | | |
| March | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| April | 2 | 5 | 32 | 39 | (s) | 1 | 5 | 3 | (s) | 8 | 9 | | |
| May | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| June | 2 | 5 | 32 | 39 | (s) | 1 | 5 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| July | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| August | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| September | 2 | 5 | 32 | 39 | (s) | 1 | 5 | 3 | (s) | 8 | 10 | | |
| October | 2 | 6 | 33 | 40 | (s) | 1 | 6 | 3 | (s) | 9 | 10 | | |
| 10-Month Total ... | 15 | 54 | 325 | 394 | 1 | 12 | 54 | 31 | 1 | 86 | 99 | | |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 15 | 54 | 325 | 394 | 1 | 12 | 54 | 30 | 1 | 85 | 98 | | |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 13 | 50 | 341 | 405 | 1 | 11 | 58 | 29 | 1 | 87 | 99 | | |

^a Commercial sector, including commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants. See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7.

^b Geothermal heat pump and direct use energy.

^c Solar thermal direct use energy, and photovoltaic electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate). Includes a small amount of commercial sector use.

^d Wood and wood-derived fuels.

^e Conventional hydroelectricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate).

^f Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes

non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^g The ethanol portion of motor fuels (such as E10) consumed by the commercial sector.

NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Data are estimates, except for commercial sector hydroelectric power and waste. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/renew.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 10.2b Renewable Energy Consumption: Industrial and Transportation Sectors
(Trillion Btu)

| | Industrial Sector ^a | | | | | | | | Transportation Sector | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | Hydro-electric Power ^b | Geo-thermal ^c | Biomass | | | | | Total | Biomass | | |
| | | | Wood ^d | Waste ^e | Fuel Ethanol ^f | Losses and Co-products ^g | Total | | Fuel Ethanol ^h | Bio-diesel ⁱ | |
| 1973 Total | 35 | NA | 1,165 | NA | NA | NA | 1,165 | 1,200 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1975 Total | 32 | NA | 1,063 | NA | NA | NA | 1,063 | 1,096 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1980 Total | 33 | NA | 1,600 | NA | NA | NA | 1,600 | 1,633 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1985 Total | 33 | NA | 1,645 | 230 | 1 | 41 | 1,917 | 1,950 | 51 | NA | 51 |
| 1990 Total | 31 | 2 | 1,442 | 192 | 1 | 48 | 1,683 | 1,716 | 62 | NA | 62 |
| 1995 Total | 55 | 3 | 1,652 | 195 | 2 | 86 | 1,935 | 1,992 | 115 | NA | 115 |
| 1996 Total | 61 | 3 | 1,683 | 224 | 1 | 61 | 1,970 | 2,033 | 82 | NA | 82 |
| 1997 Total | 58 | 3 | 1,731 | 184 | 1 | 81 | 1,997 | 2,058 | 104 | NA | 104 |
| 1998 Total | 55 | 3 | 1,603 | 180 | 1 | 88 | 1,873 | 1,931 | 115 | NA | 115 |
| 1999 Total | 49 | 4 | 1,620 | 171 | 1 | 92 | 1,883 | 1,936 | 120 | NA | 120 |
| 2000 Total | 42 | 4 | 1,636 | 145 | 1 | 101 | 1,884 | 1,930 | 138 | NA | 138 |
| 2001 Total | 33 | 5 | 1,443 | 129 | 3 | 110 | 1,684 | 1,721 | 144 | 1 | 145 |
| 2002 Total | 39 | 5 | 1,396 | 146 | 3 | 133 | 1,679 | 1,723 | 171 | 1 | 172 |
| 2003 Total | 43 | 3 | 1,363 | 142 | 5 | 174 | 1,684 | 1,731 | 233 | 2 | 235 |
| 2004 Total | 33 | 4 | 1,476 | 132 | 6 | 210 | 1,824 | 1,861 | 292 | 4 | 296 |
| 2005 January | 3 | (s) | 127 | 13 | 1 | 19 | 160 | 164 | 27 | 1 | 28 |
| February | 3 | (s) | 122 | 11 | 1 | 18 | 152 | 155 | 23 | 1 | 24 |
| March | 3 | (s) | 122 | 13 | 1 | 20 | 155 | 158 | 26 | 1 | 27 |
| April | 3 | (s) | 118 | 12 | 1 | 18 | 149 | 152 | 24 | 1 | 25 |
| May | 3 | (s) | 120 | 13 | 1 | 19 | 152 | 155 | 26 | 1 | 27 |
| June | 3 | (s) | 117 | 12 | 1 | 19 | 149 | 153 | 28 | 1 | 29 |
| July | 3 | (s) | 123 | 13 | 1 | 21 | 157 | 160 | 28 | 1 | 29 |
| August | 2 | (s) | 123 | 13 | 1 | 21 | 157 | 160 | 30 | 1 | 31 |
| September | 2 | (s) | 118 | 13 | 1 | 20 | 151 | 154 | 28 | 1 | 29 |
| October | 2 | (s) | 121 | 12 | 1 | 22 | 156 | 158 | 30 | 1 | 31 |
| November | 2 | (s) | 117 | 12 | 1 | 21 | 151 | 154 | 30 | 1 | 31 |
| December | 3 | (s) | 123 | 12 | 1 | 22 | 158 | 162 | 33 | 1 | 34 |
| Total | 32 | 4 | 1,452 | 148 | 7 | 241 | 1,848 | 1,885 | 334 | 12 | 345 |
| 2006 January | 4 | (s) | 136 | 12 | 1 | 23 | 172 | 176 | 29 | F 2 | 31 |
| February | 3 | (s) | 118 | 11 | 1 | 22 | 151 | 154 | 27 | F 1 | 29 |
| March | 2 | (s) | 124 | 12 | 1 | 24 | 161 | 163 | 31 | F 2 | 32 |
| April | 2 | (s) | 121 | 11 | 1 | 22 | 155 | 157 | 32 | F 2 | 33 |
| May | 2 | (s) | 123 | 12 | 1 | 24 | 159 | 161 | 38 | F 2 | 40 |
| June | 2 | (s) | 122 | 11 | 1 | 25 | 158 | 160 | 42 | F 2 | 44 |
| July | 2 | (s) | 129 | 12 | 1 | 25 | 167 | 170 | 39 | F 2 | 41 |
| August | 2 | (s) | 128 | 12 | 1 | 26 | 167 | 169 | 41 | F 2 | 43 |
| September | 2 | (s) | 124 | 11 | 1 | 26 | 162 | 165 | 41 | F 2 | 42 |
| October | 3 | (s) | 127 | 12 | 1 | 27 | 167 | 171 | 43 | F 2 | 45 |
| November | 4 | (s) | 124 | 12 | 1 | 27 | 164 | 167 | 43 | F 2 | 44 |
| December | 3 | (s) | 129 | 12 | 1 | 29 | 171 | 174 | 45 | F 2 | 46 |
| Total | 29 | 4 | 1,505 | 140 | 10 | 301 | 1,956 | 1,989 | 451 | F 18 | 469 |
| 2007 January | 4 | (s) | 125 | 12 | 1 | 30 | 168 | 172 | 45 | F 2 | 47 |
| February | 2 | (s) | 114 | 11 | 1 | 28 | 153 | 156 | 40 | F 2 | 42 |
| March | 2 | (s) | 121 | 12 | 1 | 31 | 165 | 168 | 44 | F 2 | 46 |
| April | 2 | (s) | 122 | 11 | 1 | 30 | 165 | 167 | 42 | F 2 | 44 |
| May | 2 | (s) | 122 | 12 | 1 | 33 | 167 | 169 | 45 | F 2 | 47 |
| June | 2 | (s) | 119 | 12 | 1 | 32 | 164 | 166 | 46 | F 2 | 48 |
| July | 1 | (s) | 125 | 12 | 1 | 34 | 172 | 173 | 48 | F 2 | 50 |
| August | 2 | (s) | 122 | 12 | 1 | 35 | 170 | 172 | 50 | F 2 | 52 |
| September | 1 | (s) | 118 | 12 | 1 | 34 | 165 | 167 | 44 | F 2 | 45 |
| October | 1 | (s) | 124 | 12 | 1 | 36 | 173 | 175 | 52 | F 2 | 54 |
| 10-Month Total ... | 20 | 4 | 1,211 | 117 | 10 | 323 | 1,661 | 1,685 | 456 | F 18 | 474 |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 23 | 4 | 1,252 | 116 | 8 | 245 | 1,621 | 1,647 | 364 | F 15 | 379 |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 27 | 4 | 1,212 | 124 | 6 | 197 | 1,539 | 1,569 | 271 | 10 | 280 |

^a Industrial sector, including industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants. See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7.

^b Conventional hydroelectric net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate).

^c Geothermal heat pump and direct use energy.

^d Wood and wood-derived fuels.

^e Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

^f The ethanol portion of motor fuels (such as E10) consumed by the industrial sector.

^g Losses and co-products from the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel. Does not include natural gas, electricity, and other non-biomass energy used in the

production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel—these are included in the industrial sector consumption statistics for the appropriate energy source.

^h The ethanol portion of motor fuels (such as E10 and E85) consumed by the transportation sector.

ⁱ "Biodiesel" is any liquid biofuel suitable as a diesel fuel substitute, additive, or extender. See "Biodiesel" in Glossary.

NA=Not available. F=Forecast. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Data are estimates, except for industrial sector hydroelectric power in 1973-1978 and 1989 forward. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/renew.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 10.2c Renewable Energy Consumption: Electric Power Sector
(Trillion Btu)

| | Hydro-electric Power ^a | Geo-thermal ^b | Solar/PV ^c | Wind ^d | Biomass | | | Total |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------|-------|
| | | | | | Wood ^e | Waste ^f | Total | |
| 1973 Total | 2,827 | 43 | NA | NA | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2,873 |
| 1975 Total | 3,122 | 70 | NA | NA | (s) | 2 | 2 | 3,194 |
| 1980 Total | 2,867 | 110 | NA | NA | 3 | 2 | 4 | 2,982 |
| 1985 Total | 2,937 | 198 | (s) | (s) | 8 | 7 | 14 | 3,150 |
| 1990 Total ^g | 3,014 | 326 | 4 | 29 | 129 | 188 | 317 | 3,689 |
| 1995 Total | 3,149 | 280 | 5 | 33 | 125 | 296 | 422 | 3,889 |
| 1996 Total | 3,528 | 300 | 5 | 33 | 138 | 300 | 438 | 4,305 |
| 1997 Total | 3,581 | 309 | 5 | 34 | 137 | 309 | 446 | 4,375 |
| 1998 Total | 3,241 | 311 | 5 | 31 | 137 | 308 | 444 | 4,032 |
| 1999 Total | 3,218 | 312 | 5 | 46 | 138 | 315 | 453 | 4,034 |
| 2000 Total | 2,768 | 296 | 5 | 57 | 134 | 318 | 453 | 3,579 |
| 2001 Total | 2,209 | 289 | 6 | 70 | 126 | 211 | 337 | 2,910 |
| 2002 Total | 2,650 | 305 | 6 | 105 | 150 | 230 | 380 | 3,445 |
| 2003 Total | 2,781 | 303 | 5 | 115 | 167 | 230 | 397 | 3,601 |
| 2004 Total | 2,656 | 311 | 6 | 142 | 165 | 223 | 388 | 3,503 |
| 2005 January | 239 | 26 | (s) | 11 | 16 | 18 | 34 | 311 |
| February | 213 | 22 | (s) | 10 | 15 | 16 | 31 | 277 |
| March | 226 | 25 | (s) | 16 | 16 | 18 | 34 | 302 |
| April | 228 | 25 | 1 | 17 | 13 | 17 | 30 | 300 |
| May | 270 | 27 | 1 | 17 | 14 | 19 | 33 | 348 |
| June | 265 | 26 | 1 | 18 | 15 | 19 | 34 | 344 |
| July | 257 | 27 | 1 | 14 | 17 | 20 | 37 | 335 |
| August | 213 | 26 | 1 | 11 | 17 | 19 | 36 | 288 |
| September | 171 | 26 | 1 | 15 | 16 | 18 | 34 | 246 |
| October | 178 | 26 | (s) | 14 | 15 | 17 | 32 | 251 |
| November | 191 | 26 | (s) | 16 | 15 | 19 | 34 | 267 |
| December | 218 | 26 | (s) | 18 | 16 | 19 | 36 | 299 |
| Total | 2,670 | 309 | 6 | 178 | 185 | 221 | 406 | 3,568 |
| 2006 January | 268 | 26 | (s) | 24 | 17 | 20 | 37 | 355 |
| February | 243 | 23 | (s) | 19 | 15 | 18 | 34 | 319 |
| March | 242 | 27 | (s) | 23 | 16 | 19 | 35 | 327 |
| April | 281 | 24 | 1 | 25 | 12 | 17 | 30 | 360 |
| May | 304 | 23 | 1 | 24 | 13 | 19 | 33 | 384 |
| June | 293 | 25 | 1 | 20 | 15 | 19 | 34 | 373 |
| July | 250 | 27 | 1 | 19 | 16 | 20 | 36 | 333 |
| August | 214 | 27 | 1 | 16 | 17 | 20 | 37 | 295 |
| September | 169 | 26 | 1 | 19 | 15 | 19 | 34 | 248 |
| October | 166 | 27 | (s) | 24 | 15 | 19 | 34 | 252 |
| November | 197 | 25 | (s) | 25 | 15 | 20 | 35 | 283 |
| December | 211 | 27 | (s) | 25 | 16 | 20 | 36 | 299 |
| Total | 2,839 | 306 | 5 | 264 | 182 | 231 | 412 | 3,827 |
| 2007 January | 258 | 27 | (s) | 24 | 16 | 21 | 38 | 347 |
| February | 183 | 25 | (s) | 25 | 17 | 19 | 36 | 269 |
| March | 239 | 26 | (s) | 30 | 15 | 21 | 36 | 331 |
| April | 235 | 24 | 1 | 32 | 15 | 19 | 33 | 325 |
| May | 255 | 25 | 1 | 28 | 14 | 20 | 34 | 343 |
| June | 225 | 26 | 1 | 24 | 15 | 21 | 36 | 311 |
| July | 223 | 27 | 1 | 19 | 15 | 21 | 36 | 306 |
| August | 196 | 27 | 1 | 24 | 16 | 21 | 37 | 285 |
| September | 144 | 26 | 1 | 26 | 15 | 20 | 35 | 232 |
| October | 146 | 27 | (s) | 30 | 14 | 18 | 32 | 236 |
| 10-Month Total .. | 2,103 | 259 | 6 | 264 | 153 | 201 | 353 | 2,985 |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 2,430 | 254 | 5 | 214 | 151 | 191 | 342 | 3,245 |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 2,260 | 257 | 5 | 144 | 153 | 183 | 336 | 3,002 |

^a Conventional hydroelectricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate).

^b Geothermal electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the geothermal energy plants heat rate).

^c Solar thermal and photovoltaic electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate).

^d Wind electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate).

^e Wood and wood-derived fuels.

^f Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and

tire-derived fuels).

9 Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes:

- The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.
- Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
- Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/renew.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • **Biomass:** Table 7.4b. • **All Other Data:** Tables 7.2b and A6.

Table 10.3 Fuel Ethanol Overview

| | Feed-stock ^a | Losses and Co-products ^b | Production | | Net Imports ^c | | Stocks ^d | Stock Change ^e | | Consumption | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------|--------------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------|----------------|------------|
| | | | TBtu | TBtu | Mbbl | TBtu | | Mbbl | TBtu | Mbbl | TBtu |
| 1981 Total | 13 | 6 | 1,978 | 7 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 1,978 | 7 |
| 1985 Total | 93 | 41 | 14,693 | 52 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 14,693 | 52 |
| 1990 Total | 111 | 48 | 17,802 | 63 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 17,802 | 63 |
| 1995 Total | 200 | 86 | 32,325 | 114 | 387 | 1 | 2,186 | -207 | -1 | 32,919 | 117 |
| 1996 Total | 143 | 61 | 23,178 | 82 | 313 | 1 | 2,065 | -121 | (s) | 23,612 | 84 |
| 1997 Total | 190 | 81 | 30,674 | 109 | 85 | (s) | 2,925 | 860 | 3 | 29,899 | 106 |
| 1998 Total | 206 | 88 | 33,453 | 118 | 66 | (s) | 3,406 | 481 | 2 | 33,038 | 117 |
| 1999 Total | 215 | 92 | 34,881 | 123 | 87 | (s) | 4,024 | 618 | 2 | 34,350 | 122 |
| 2000 Total | 238 | 101 | 38,627 | 137 | 116 | (s) | 3,400 | -624 | -2 | 39,367 | 139 |
| 2001 Total | 259 | 110 | 42,028 | 149 | 315 | 1 | 4,298 | 898 | 3 | 41,445 | 147 |
| 2002 Total | 313 | 133 | 50,956 | 180 | 306 | 1 | 6,200 | 1,902 | 7 | 49,360 | 175 |
| 2003 Total | 410 | 174 | 66,772 | 236 | 292 | 1 | 5,978 | -222 | -1 | 67,286 | 238 |
| 2004 Total | 497 | 210 | 81,058 | 287 | 3,542 | 13 | 6,002 | 24 | (s) | 84,576 | 299 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 46 | 19 | 7,461 | 26 | 392 | 1 | 6,142 | 140 | (s) | 7,713 | 27 |
| February | 42 | 18 | 6,847 | 24 | 13 | (s) | 6,261 | 119 | (s) | 6,741 | 24 |
| March | 46 | 20 | 7,530 | 27 | 206 | 1 | 6,605 | 344 | 1 | 7,392 | 26 |
| April | 44 | 18 | 7,135 | 25 | 81 | (s) | 6,861 | 256 | 1 | 6,960 | 25 |
| May | 45 | 19 | 7,357 | 26 | 211 | 1 | 6,810 | -51 | (s) | 7,619 | 27 |
| June | 46 | 19 | 7,463 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 6,064 | -746 | -3 | 8,209 | 29 |
| July | 49 | 21 | 8,007 | 28 | 86 | (s) | 5,926 | -138 | (s) | 8,231 | 29 |
| August | 49 | 21 | 8,050 | 28 | 201 | 1 | 5,398 | -528 | -2 | 8,779 | 31 |
| September | 48 | 20 | 7,841 | 28 | 61 | (s) | 5,317 | -81 | (s) | 7,983 | 28 |
| October | 51 | 22 | 8,335 | 29 | 690 | 2 | 5,591 | 274 | 1 | 8,751 | 31 |
| November | 51 | 21 | 8,259 | 29 | 702 | 2 | 5,723 | 132 | (s) | 8,829 | 31 |
| December | 53 | 22 | 8,676 | 31 | 591 | 2 | 5,563 | -160 | -1 | 9,427 | 33 |
| Total | 570 | 241 | 92,961 | 329 | 3,234 | 11 | 5,563 | -439 | -2 | 96,634 | 342 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 55 | 23 | 8,935 | 32 | 132 | (s) | 6,099 | 536 | 2 | 8,531 | 30 |
| February | 52 | 22 | 8,463 | 30 | 610 | 2 | 7,268 | 1,169 | 4 | 7,904 | 28 |
| March | 57 | 24 | 9,333 | 33 | 894 | 3 | 8,626 | 1,358 | 5 | 8,869 | 31 |
| April | 53 | 22 | 8,663 | 31 | 905 | 3 | 8,990 | 364 | 1 | 9,204 | 33 |
| May | 56 | 23 | 9,086 | 32 | 682 | 2 | 7,767 | -1,223 | -4 | 10,991 | 39 |
| June | 58 | 25 | 9,531 | 34 | 1,550 | 5 | 6,675 | -1,092 | -4 | 12,173 | 43 |
| July | 60 | 25 | 9,791 | 35 | 2,637 | 9 | 7,706 | 1,031 | 4 | 11,397 | 40 |
| August | 63 | 26 | 10,235 | 36 | 3,102 | 11 | 9,133 | 1,427 | 5 | 11,910 | 42 |
| September | 62 | 26 | 10,088 | 36 | 2,268 | 8 | 9,725 | 592 | 2 | 11,764 | 42 |
| October | 64 | 27 | 10,512 | 37 | 2,044 | 7 | 9,723 | -2 | (s) | 12,558 | 44 |
| November | 64 | 27 | 10,442 | 37 | 1,376 | 5 | 9,232 | -491 | -2 | 12,309 | 44 |
| December | 69 | 29 | 11,215 | 40 | 1,208 | 4 | 8,760 | -472 | -2 | 12,895 | 46 |
| Total | 712 | 301 | 116,294 | 412 | 17,408 | 62 | 8,760 | 3,197 | 11 | 130,505 | 462 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 71 | 30 | 11,621 | 41 | 1,191 | 4 | 8,593 | -167 | -1 | 12,966 | 46 |
| February | 66 | 28 | 10,795 | 38 | 939 | 3 | 8,749 | 156 | 1 | 11,578 | 41 |
| March | 73 | 31 | 11,892 | 42 | 711 | 3 | 8,529 | -220 | -1 | 12,823 | 45 |
| April | 72 | 30 | 11,716 | 41 | 777 | 3 | 8,791 | 262 | 1 | 12,231 | 43 |
| May | 77 | 33 | 12,573 | 44 | 659 | 2 | 8,950 | 159 | 1 | 13,073 | 46 |
| June | 77 | 32 | 12,553 | 44 | 852 | 3 | 9,067 | 117 | (s) | 13,288 | 47 |
| July | 80 | 34 | 13,051 | 46 | 1,526 | 5 | 9,696 | 629 | 2 | 13,948 | 49 |
| August | 82 | 35 | 13,458 | 48 | 1,529 | 5 | 10,309 | 613 | 2 | 14,374 | 51 |
| September | 81 | 34 | 13,222 | 47 | 601 | 2 | 11,509 | 1,200 | 4 | 12,623 | 45 |
| October | 86 | 36 | 14,018 | 50 | 985 | 3 | 11,423 | -86 | (s) | 15,089 | 53 |
| 10-Month Total .. | 765 | 323 | 124,899 | 442 | 9,770 | 35 | 11,423 | 2,663 | 9 | 131,993 | 467 |
| 2006 10-Month Total ... | 580 | 245 | 94,637 | 335 | 14,824 | 52 | 9,723 | 4,160 | 15 | 105,301 | 373 |
| 2005 10-Month Total ... | 466 | 197 | 76,026 | 269 | 1,941 | 7 | 5,591 | -411 | -1 | 78,378 | 277 |

^a Total corn and other biomass inputs to the production of fuel ethanol.

^b Losses and co-products from the production of fuel ethanol. Does not include natural gas, electricity, and other non-biomass energy used in the production of fuel ethanol—these are included in the industrial sector consumption statistics for the appropriate energy source.

^c Fuel ethanol imports only. Data for fuel ethanol exports are not available.

^d Stocks are at end of period.

^e A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Mbbl = thousand barrels. TBtu = trillion Btu. • Through 1980, data are not available. For 1981-1992, data are estimates. Beginning in 1993, only data for feedstock and losses and co-products are estimates. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/renew.html> for all available data beginning in 1981.

Sources: (Note: For production, net imports, stock change, and consumption, data in thousand barrels are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the approximate heat content of fuel ethanol—see Table A3.) • **Feedstock:** Calculated as fuel ethanol production in thousand barrels multiplied by the approximate heat content of ethanol feedstock—see Table A3. • **Losses and Co-products:** Calculated as fuel ethanol feedstock minus fuel ethanol production.

• **Production:** 1981-1992—Fuel ethanol production is equal to fuel ethanol consumption—see sources for "Consumption." 1993-2004—Calculated as fuel ethanol consumption plus fuel ethanol stock change minus fuel ethanol net imports. These data differ slightly from the original production data from Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-819, "Monthly Oxygenate Report," and predecessor form, which were not reconciled and updated to be consistent with the final balance. **2005 forward**—EIA, Form EIA-819, "Monthly Oxygenate Report." • **Net Imports, Stocks, and Stock Change:** 1992-2006—EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA), annual reports. 2007—EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM), monthly reports.

• **Consumption:** 1981-1989—EIA, Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990, Table 10; and EIA, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (CNEAF), estimates. 1990-1992—EIA, Estimates of U.S. Biomass Energy Consumption 1992, Table D2; and EIA, CNEAF, estimates. 1993-2004—EIA, PSA, annual reports, Tables 2 and 16. Calculated as ten percent of oxygenated finished motor gasoline field production (Table 2), plus fuel ethanol refinery input (Table 16). **2005 and 2006**—EIA, PSA, annual reports, Tables 1 and 15. Calculated as motor gasoline blending components adjustments (Table 1), plus finished motor gasoline adjustments (Table 1), plus fuel ethanol refinery and blender net inputs (Table 15). **2007**—EIA, PSM, monthly reports, Tables 1 and 27. Calculated as motor gasoline blending components adjustments (Table 1), plus finished motor gasoline adjustments (Table 1), plus fuel ethanol refinery and blender net inputs (Table 27).

Table 10.4 Biodiesel Overview

| | Feedstock ^a | Losses and Co-products ^b | Production ^c | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | | | Trillion Btu | Trillion Btu |
| 2001 Total | 1 | (s) | 204 | 1 |
| 2002 Total | 1 | (s) | 250 | 1 |
| 2003 Total | 2 | (s) | 338 | 2 |
| 2004 Total | 4 | (s) | 666 | 4 |
| 2005 January | 1 | (s) | 184 | 1 |
| February | 1 | (s) | 166 | 1 |
| March | 1 | (s) | 184 | 1 |
| April | 1 | (s) | 178 | 1 |
| May | 1 | (s) | 184 | 1 |
| June | 1 | (s) | 178 | 1 |
| July | 1 | (s) | 184 | 1 |
| August | 1 | (s) | 184 | 1 |
| September | 1 | (s) | 178 | 1 |
| October | 1 | (s) | 184 | 1 |
| November | 1 | (s) | 178 | 1 |
| December | 1 | (s) | 184 | 1 |
| Total | 12 | (s) | 2,162 | 12 |
| 2006 January | F 2 | F (s) | F 291 | F 2 |
| February | F 1 | F (s) | F 263 | F 1 |
| March | F 2 | F (s) | F 291 | F 2 |
| April | F 2 | F (s) | F 282 | F 2 |
| May | F 2 | F (s) | F 291 | F 2 |
| June | F 2 | F (s) | F 282 | F 2 |
| July | F 2 | F (s) | F 291 | F 2 |
| August | F 2 | F (s) | F 291 | F 2 |
| September | F 2 | F (s) | F 282 | F 2 |
| October | F 2 | F (s) | F 291 | F 2 |
| November | F 2 | F (s) | F 282 | F 2 |
| December | F 2 | F (s) | F 291 | F 2 |
| Total | F 19 | F (s) | F 3,426 | F 18 |
| 2007 January | F 2 | F (s) | F 349 | F 2 |
| February | F 2 | F (s) | F 315 | F 2 |
| March | F 2 | F (s) | F 349 | F 2 |
| April | F 2 | F (s) | F 338 | F 2 |
| May | F 2 | F (s) | F 349 | F 2 |
| June | F 2 | F (s) | F 338 | F 2 |
| July | F 2 | F (s) | F 349 | F 2 |
| August | F 2 | F (s) | F 349 | F 2 |
| September | F 2 | F (s) | F 338 | F 2 |
| October | F 2 | F (s) | F 349 | F 2 |
| 10-Month Total | F 19 | F (s) | F 3,420 | F 18 |
| 2006 10-Month Total | F 16 | F (s) | F 2,854 | F 15 |
| 2005 10-Month Total | 10 | (s) | 1,800 | 10 |

^a Total vegetable oil and other biomass inputs to the production of biodiesel.

^b Losses and co-products from the production of biodiesel. Does not include natural gas, electricity, and other non-biomass energy used in the production of biodiesel—these are included in the industrial sector consumption statistics for the appropriate energy source.

^c Production of biofuels for use as diesel fuel substitutes or additives. Biodiesel consumption equals biodiesel production.

F=Forecast. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Through 2000, data are not available. Beginning in 2001, data are estimates. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/renew.html> for all available data beginning in 2001.

Sources: • **Feedstock:** Calculated as biodiesel production in thousand barrels multiplied by the approximate heat content of biodiesel feedstock—see Table A3.

• **Losses and Co-products:** Calculated as biodiesel feedstock minus biodiesel production. • **Production:** **2001-2005**—U.S. Department of Agriculture, Commodity Credit Corporation, Bioenergy Program records. Annual data are derived from quarterly data. Monthly data are estimated by dividing the annual data by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month. Data in thousand barrels are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the approximate heat content of biodiesel—see Table A3. **2006 and 2007**—Forecast values derived from the Energy Information Administration's (EIA) Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System, which will be used until actual data become available as a result of the mandate to EIA under the Energy Policy Act of 2005 to collect biodiesel data.

Forecast values from EIA's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System will be used until actual data become available as a result of the mandate to EIA under the Energy Policy Act of 2005 to collect biodiesel data.

Renewable Energy

Note. Renewable Energy Production and Consumption. In Table 10.1, renewable energy consumption consists of: conventional hydroelectricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate); geothermal electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the geothermal plants heat rate), and geothermal heat pump and geothermal direct use energy; solar thermal and photovoltaic electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate), and solar thermal direct use energy; wind electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate); wood and wood-derived fuels consumption; biomass waste (municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass) consumption; fuel ethanol and biodiesel consumption; and losses and co-products from the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel. Production is assumed to equal consumption for all renewable energy sources except biofuels (biofuels production comprises biomass inputs to the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel).

Table 10.2a Sources

Residential Sector, Geothermal

Oregon Institute of Technology, Geo-Heat Center. Monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month. (The annual estimate for the current year is set equal to that of the previous year.)

Residential Sector, Solar/PV

Energy Information Administration (EIA), Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (CNEAF), estimates based on Form EIA-63A, "Annual Solar Thermal Collector Manufacturers Survey," and Form EIA-63B, "Annual Photovoltaic Module/Cell Manufacturers Survey." Monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month. (The annual estimate for the current year is set equal to that of the previous year.)

Residential Sector, Wood

1973–1979: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption from 1949 to 1981*, Table A2.

1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-457, "Residential Energy Consumption Survey"; and EIA, CNEAF, estimates based on Form EIA-457 and regional heating degree-day data. Monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month. (The annual estimate for the current year is set equal to that of the previous year.)

Commercial Sector, Hydroelectric Power

EIA, *Monthly Energy Review (MER)*, Tables 7.2a–7.2c and A6. Calculated as total conventional hydroelectric power minus conventional hydroelectric power in the electric power and industrial sectors, multiplied by the fossil-fueled plants heat rate.

Commercial Sector, Geothermal

Oregon Institute of Technology, Geo-Heat Center. Monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month. (The annual estimate for the current year is set equal to that of the previous year.)

Commercial Sector, Wood

1973–1979: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption from 1949 to 1981*, Table A2.

1980–1983: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption 1980–1983*, Table ES1.

1984: EIA, CNEAF, estimate.

1985–1988: Values interpolated.

1989 forward: EIA, *MER*, Tables 7.4a–c; and EIA, CNEAF, estimates based on Form EIA-871, "Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption Survey." Data for wood consumption at commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants are calculated as total wood consumption at electricity-only and CHP plants (*MER*, Table 7.4a) minus wood consumption in the electric power sector (*MER*, Table 7.4b) and at industrial CHP plants (*MER*, Table 7.4c). Annual estimates for wood consumption at other commercial plants are based on Form EIA-871 (the annual estimate for the current year is set equal to that of the previous year); monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month.

Commercial Sector, Waste

EIA, *MER*, Table 7.4c.

Commercial Sector, Fuel Ethanol

EIA, *MER*, Tables 3.5, 3.7a, and 10.3. Calculated as commercial sector motor gasoline consumption (Table 3.7a) divided by total motor gasoline product supplied (Table 3.5), and then multiplied by fuel ethanol consumption (Table 10.3).

Table 10.2b Sources

Industrial Sector, Hydroelectric Power

Energy Information Administration (EIA), *MER* Tables 7.2c and A6.

Industrial Sector, Geothermal

Oregon Institute of Technology, Geo-Heat Center. Monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the

number of days in the month. (The annual estimate for the current year is set equal to that of the previous year.)

Industrial Sector, Wood

1973–1979: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption from 1949 to 1981*, Table A2.

1980–1983: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption 1980–1983*, Table ES1.

1984: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990*, Table 1.

1985 and 1986: Values interpolated.

1987: EIA, *Estimates of Biofuels Consumption in the United States During 1987*, Table 2.

1988: Value interpolated.

1989 forward: EIA, *MER*, Table 7.4c; and EIA, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (CNEAF), estimates based on Form EIA-846, "Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey." Data for wood consumption at industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants are from *MER*, Table 7.4c. Annual estimates for wood consumption at other industrial plants are based on Form-EIA-846 (the annual estimate for the current year is set equal to that of the previous year); monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month.

Industrial Sector, Waste

1981: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990*, Table 8; and EIA, *MER*, Table 10.2c. Estimates are calculated as total waste consumption minus electric power sector waste consumption.

1982 and 1983: EIA, CNEAF, estimates for total waste consumption; and EIA, *MER*, Table 10.2c. Estimates are calculated as total waste consumption minus electric power sector waste consumption.

1984: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990*, Table 8; and EIA, *MER*, Table 10.2c. Estimates are

calculated as total waste consumption minus electric power sector waste consumption.

1985 and 1986: Values interpolated.

1987: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990*, Table 8; and EIA, *MER*, Table 10.2c. Estimates are calculated as total waste consumption minus electric power sector waste consumption.

1988: Value interpolated.

1989 forward: EIA, *MER*, Table 7.4c; and EIA, CNEAF, estimates based on information presented in Government Advisory Associates, *Resource Recovery Yearbook* and *Methane Recovery Yearbook*, and information provided by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Landfill Methane Outreach Program. Data for waste consumption at industrial CHP plants are from *MER*, Table 7.4c. Annual estimates for waste consumption at other industrial plants are based on the non-EIA sources listed above (the annual estimate for the current year is set equal to that of the previous year); monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month.

Industrial Sector, Fuel Ethanol

EIA, *MER*, Tables 3.5, 3.7b, and 10.3. Calculated as industrial sector motor gasoline consumption (Table 3.7b) divided by total motor gasoline product supplied (Table 3.5), and then multiplied by fuel ethanol consumption (Table 10.3).

Industrial Sector, Losses and Co-products

EIA, *MER*, Tables 10.3 and 10.4.

Transportation Sector, Fuel Ethanol

EIA, *MER*, Tables 3.5, 3.7c, and 10.3. Calculated as transportation sector motor gasoline consumption (Table 3.7c) divided by total motor gasoline product supplied (Table 3.5), and then multiplied by fuel ethanol consumption (Table 10.3).

Transportation Sector, Biodiesel

EIA, *MER*, Table 10.4. Transportation sector biodiesel consumption is set equal to biodiesel production.

International Petroleum



Drilling rig, Gansu Province, People's Republic of China. Source: U.S. Department of Energy.

Table 11.1a World Crude Oil Production: OPEC Members
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

| | Algeria | Angola | Indo-nesia | Iran | Iraq | Kuwait ^a | Libya | Nigeria | Qatar | Saudi Arabia ^a | United Arab Emirates | Vene-zuela | OPEC ^{b,c} |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| 1973 Average | 1,097 | 162 | 1,339 | 5,861 | 2,018 | 3,020 | 2,175 | 2,054 | 570 | 7,596 | 1,533 | 3,366 | 30,791 |
| 1975 Average | 983 | 165 | 1,307 | 5,350 | 2,262 | 2,084 | 1,480 | 1,783 | 438 | 7,075 | 1,664 | 2,346 | 26,936 |
| 1980 Average | 1,106 | 150 | 1,577 | 1,662 | 2,514 | 1,656 | 1,787 | 2,055 | 472 | 9,900 | 1,709 | 2,168 | 26,756 |
| 1985 Average | 1,037 | 231 | 1,325 | 2,250 | 1,433 | 1,023 | 1,059 | 1,495 | 301 | 3,388 | 1,193 | 1,677 | 16,412 |
| 1990 Average | 1,175 | 475 | 1,462 | 3,088 | 2,040 | 1,175 | 1,375 | 1,810 | 406 | 6,410 | 2,117 | 2,137 | 23,670 |
| 1995 Average | 1,202 | 646 | 1,503 | 3,643 | 560 | 2,057 | 1,390 | 1,993 | 442 | 8,231 | 2,233 | 2,750 | 26,650 |
| 1996 Average | 1,242 | 709 | 1,547 | 3,686 | 579 | 2,062 | 1,401 | 2,001 | 510 | 8,218 | 2,278 | 2,938 | 27,170 |
| 1997 Average | 1,277 | 714 | 1,520 | 3,664 | 1,155 | 2,007 | 1,446 | 2,132 | 550 | 8,362 | 2,316 | 3,280 | 28,424 |
| 1998 Average | 1,246 | 735 | 1,518 | 3,634 | 2,150 | 2,085 | 1,390 | 2,153 | 696 | 8,389 | 2,345 | 3,167 | 29,509 |
| 1999 Average | 1,202 | 745 | 1,472 | 3,557 | 2,508 | 1,898 | 1,319 | 2,130 | 665 | 7,833 | 2,169 | 2,826 | 28,324 |
| 2000 Average | 1,254 | 746 | 1,428 | 3,696 | 2,571 | 2,079 | 1,410 | 2,165 | 737 | 8,404 | 2,368 | 3,155 | 30,013 |
| 2001 Average | 1,310 | 742 | 1,340 | 3,724 | 2,390 | 1,998 | 1,367 | 2,256 | 714 | 8,031 | 2,205 | 3,010 | 29,087 |
| 2002 Average | 1,306 | 896 | 1,249 | 3,444 | 2,023 | 1,894 | 1,319 | 2,118 | 679 | 7,634 | 2,082 | 2,604 | 27,249 |
| 2003 Average | 1,611 | 903 | 1,155 | 3,743 | 1,308 | 2,136 | 1,421 | 2,275 | 715 | 8,775 | 2,348 | 2,335 | 28,725 |
| 2004 Average | 1,677 | 1,052 | 1,096 | 4,001 | 2,011 | 2,376 | 1,515 | 2,329 | 783 | 9,101 | 2,478 | 2,557 | 30,975 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 1,750 | 1,110 | 1,093 | 4,060 | 1,903 | 2,450 | 1,600 | 2,430 | 835 | 9,500 | 2,502 | 2,640 | 31,873 |
| February | 1,755 | 1,120 | 1,083 | 4,080 | 1,903 | 2,500 | 1,600 | 2,480 | 835 | 9,500 | 2,502 | 2,640 | 31,998 |
| March | 1,775 | 1,140 | 1,076 | 4,080 | 1,903 | 2,500 | 1,620 | 2,580 | 835 | 9,500 | 2,552 | 2,640 | 32,201 |
| April | 1,775 | 1,150 | 1,060 | 4,090 | 1,903 | 2,500 | 1,625 | 2,640 | 835 | 9,600 | 2,602 | 2,540 | 32,320 |
| May | 1,775 | 1,170 | 1,072 | 4,100 | 1,903 | 2,500 | 1,630 | 2,690 | 835 | 9,600 | 2,402 | 2,540 | 32,217 |
| June | 1,805 | 1,169 | 1,064 | 4,210 | 1,903 | 2,500 | 1,635 | 2,695 | 835 | 9,600 | 2,402 | 2,540 | 32,358 |
| July | 1,805 | 1,211 | 1,068 | 4,220 | 2,003 | 2,500 | 1,635 | 2,695 | 835 | 9,600 | 2,502 | 2,540 | 32,614 |
| August | 1,825 | 1,356 | 1,068 | 4,230 | 1,903 | 2,500 | 1,650 | 2,590 | 835 | 9,600 | 2,552 | 2,540 | 32,649 |
| September | 1,825 | 1,400 | 1,056 | 4,190 | 2,053 | 2,600 | 1,650 | 2,635 | 835 | 9,600 | 2,602 | 2,540 | 32,986 |
| October | 1,825 | 1,360 | 1,052 | 4,150 | 1,803 | 2,600 | 1,650 | 2,695 | 835 | 9,500 | 2,602 | 2,540 | 32,612 |
| November | 1,825 | 1,400 | 1,055 | 4,150 | 1,703 | 2,600 | 1,650 | 2,695 | 835 | 9,500 | 2,602 | 2,540 | 32,555 |
| December | 1,825 | 1,410 | 1,055 | 4,100 | 1,653 | 2,600 | 1,650 | 2,695 | 835 | 9,500 | 2,602 | 2,540 | 32,465 |
| Average | 1,797 | 1,250 | 1,067 | 4,139 | 1,878 | 2,529 | 1,633 | 2,627 | 835 | 9,550 | 2,535 | 2,565 | 32,406 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 1,825 | 1,420 | 1,045 | 4,100 | 1,603 | 2,600 | 1,650 | 2,560 | 835 | 9,400 | 2,602 | 2,540 | 32,180 |
| February | 1,825 | 1,420 | 1,050 | 4,050 | 1,803 | 2,550 | 1,650 | 2,410 | 835 | 9,500 | 2,602 | 2,540 | 32,235 |
| March | 1,825 | 1,420 | 1,043 | 4,000 | 1,903 | 2,525 | 1,680 | 2,370 | 835 | 9,350 | 2,602 | 2,540 | 32,093 |
| April | 1,825 | 1,420 | 1,035 | 4,000 | 1,903 | 2,525 | 1,690 | 2,370 | 835 | 9,350 | 2,602 | 2,540 | 32,095 |
| May | 1,785 | 1,320 | 1,038 | 3,950 | 1,903 | 2,525 | 1,700 | 2,370 | 835 | 9,200 | 2,602 | 2,540 | 31,768 |
| June | 1,795 | 1,285 | 1,027 | 4,030 | 2,153 | 2,550 | 1,700 | 2,465 | 835 | 9,100 | 2,602 | 2,540 | 32,082 |
| July | 1,805 | 1,460 | 1,020 | 4,035 | 2,203 | 2,550 | 1,700 | 2,380 | 855 | 9,300 | 2,702 | 2,440 | 32,450 |
| August | 1,805 | 1,460 | 1,015 | 4,035 | 2,203 | 2,550 | 1,700 | 2,430 | 885 | 9,300 | 2,702 | 2,490 | 32,575 |
| September | 1,835 | 1,438 | 1,005 | 4,035 | 2,153 | 2,550 | 1,700 | 2,430 | 885 | 9,000 | 2,702 | 2,490 | 32,223 |
| October | 1,835 | 1,376 | 985 | 4,060 | 2,103 | 2,550 | 1,700 | 2,530 | 885 | 8,800 | 2,702 | 2,490 | 32,016 |
| November | 1,805 | 1,452 | 985 | 4,020 | 2,003 | 2,500 | 1,650 | 2,480 | 845 | 8,800 | 2,602 | 2,490 | 31,632 |
| December | 1,805 | 1,484 | 985 | 4,020 | 2,003 | 2,450 | 1,650 | 2,480 | 835 | 8,750 | 2,602 | 2,490 | 31,554 |
| Average | 1,814 | 1,413 | 1,019 | 4,028 | 1,996 | 2,535 | 1,681 | 2,440 | 850 | 9,152 | 2,636 | 2,511 | 32,075 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 1,838 | 1,584 | 988 | 4,040 | 1,753 | 2,450 | 1,680 | 2,365 | 835 | 8,750 | 2,613 | 2,380 | 31,277 |
| February | 1,833 | 1,600 | 984 | 3,900 | 2,003 | 2,420 | 1,680 | 2,390 | 825 | 8,600 | 2,573 | 2,383 | 31,191 |
| March | 1,829 | 1,640 | 969 | 3,900 | 2,053 | 2,420 | 1,680 | 2,275 | 825 | 8,600 | 2,612 | 2,445 | 31,247 |
| April | 1,825 | 1,679 | 965 | 3,900 | 2,103 | 2,420 | 1,680 | 2,400 | 825 | 8,600 | 2,611 | 2,445 | 31,452 |
| May | 1,821 | 1,695 | 965 | 3,900 | 2,103 | 2,420 | 1,680 | 2,240 | 825 | 8,600 | 2,611 | 2,444 | 31,304 |
| June | 1,828 | 1,680 | 958 | 3,900 | 2,003 | 2,420 | 1,680 | 2,230 | 835 | 8,600 | 2,610 | 2,444 | 31,189 |
| July | 1,828 | 1,710 | 953 | 3,900 | 2,053 | 2,445 | 1,700 | 2,380 | 865 | 8,600 | 2,610 | 2,444 | 31,488 |
| August | 1,824 | 1,730 | 952 | 3,900 | 1,903 | 2,500 | 1,700 | 2,380 | 865 | 8,600 | 2,659 | 2,444 | 31,456 |
| September | 1,831 | 1,791 | 950 | 3,900 | 2,203 | 2,500 | 1,720 | 2,380 | 865 | 8,800 | 2,709 | 2,440 | 32,089 |
| October | 1,842 | 1,889 | 960 | 3,940 | 2,303 | 2,500 | 1,740 | 2,330 | 869 | 8,800 | 2,711 | 2,440 | 32,324 |
| 10-Month Average ... | 1,830 | 1,701 | 964 | 3,918 | 2,048 | 2,450 | 1,694 | 2,336 | 844 | 8,655 | 2,632 | 2,431 | 31,504 |
| 2006 10-Month Average ... | 1,816 | 1,402 | 1,026 | 4,029 | 1,994 | 2,548 | 1,687 | 2,432 | 852 | 9,228 | 2,642 | 2,515 | 32,171 |
| 2005 10-Month Average ... | 1,792 | 1,219 | 1,069 | 4,141 | 1,918 | 2,515 | 1,630 | 2,614 | 835 | 9,560 | 2,522 | 2,570 | 32,385 |

^a Except for the period from August 1990 through May 1991, includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. In October 2007, Neutral Zone production by both Kuwait and Saudi Arabia totaled about 540 thousand barrels per day.

^b Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries.

^c Current members of OPEC are Algeria, Angola, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. Ecuador and Gabon, which withdrew from OPEC membership at the end of 1992

and 1994, respectively, are excluded from all OPEC totals.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate but excludes natural gas plant liquids. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 11.1b World Crude Oil Production: Persian Gulf Nations, Non-OPEC, and World (Thousand Barrels per Day)

| | Persian Gulf Nations ^b | Selected Non-OPEC ^a Producers | | | | | | | | | Total Non- OPEC ^a | World |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | Canada | China | Egypt | Mexico | Norway | Former U.S.S.R. | Russia | United Kingdom | United States | | |
| 1973 Average | 20,668 | 1,798 | 1,090 | 165 | 465 | 32 | 8,324 | NA | 2 | 9,208 | 24,888 | 55,679 |
| 1975 Average | 18,934 | 1,430 | 1,490 | 235 | 705 | 189 | 9,523 | NA | 12 | 8,375 | 25,892 | 52,828 |
| 1980 Average | 17,961 | 1,435 | 2,114 | 595 | 1,936 | 486 | 11,706 | NA | 1,622 | 8,597 | 32,802 | 59,558 |
| 1985 Average | 9,630 | 1,471 | 2,505 | 887 | 2,745 | 773 | 11,585 | NA | 2,530 | 8,971 | 37,554 | 53,966 |
| 1990 Average | 15,278 | 1,553 | 2,774 | 873 | 2,553 | 1,630 | 10,975 | NA | 1,820 | 7,355 | 36,822 | 60,492 |
| 1995 Average | 17,208 | 1,805 | 2,990 | 920 | 2,618 | 2,766 | -- | 5,995 | 2,489 | 6,560 | 35,735 | 62,385 |
| 1996 Average | 17,367 | 1,837 | 3,131 | 922 | 2,855 | 3,091 | -- | 5,850 | 2,568 | 6,465 | 36,582 | 63,752 |
| 1997 Average | 18,095 | 1,922 | 3,200 | 856 | 3,023 | 3,142 | -- | 5,920 | 2,518 | 6,452 | 37,320 | 65,744 |
| 1998 Average | 19,337 | 1,981 | 3,198 | 834 | 3,070 | 3,011 | -- | 5,854 | 2,616 | 6,252 | 37,456 | 66,966 |
| 1999 Average | 18,667 | 1,907 | 3,195 | 852 | 2,906 | 3,019 | -- | 6,079 | 2,684 | 5,881 | 37,599 | 65,922 |
| 2000 Average | 19,892 | 1,977 | 3,249 | 768 | 3,012 | 3,222 | -- | 6,479 | 2,275 | 5,822 | 38,482 | 68,495 |
| 2001 Average | 19,098 | 2,029 | 3,300 | 720 | 3,127 | 3,226 | -- | 6,917 | 2,282 | 5,801 | 39,014 | 68,101 |
| 2002 Average | 17,794 | 2,171 | 3,390 | 715 | 3,177 | 3,131 | -- | 7,408 | 2,292 | 5,746 | 39,919 | 67,168 |
| 2003 Average | 19,063 | 2,306 | 3,409 | 713 | 3,371 | 3,042 | -- | 8,132 | 2,093 | 5,681 | 40,724 | 69,448 |
| 2004 Average | 20,787 | 2,398 | 3,485 | 673 | 3,383 | 2,954 | -- | 8,805 | 1,845 | 5,419 | 41,537 | 72,512 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 21,285 | 2,330 | 3,561 | 658 | 3,351 | 2,720 | -- | 8,870 | 1,775 | 5,441 | 41,358 | 73,231 |
| February | 21,355 | 2,298 | 3,570 | 658 | 3,349 | 2,809 | -- | 8,920 | 1,771 | 5,494 | 41,516 | 73,514 |
| March | 21,405 | 2,172 | 3,594 | 662 | 3,252 | 2,867 | -- | 8,925 | 1,802 | 5,601 | 41,641 | 73,842 |
| April | 21,565 | 2,300 | 3,584 | 659 | 3,409 | 2,864 | -- | 8,888 | 1,771 | 5,556 | 41,820 | 74,140 |
| May | 21,375 | 2,360 | 3,611 | 656 | 3,441 | 2,795 | -- | 8,900 | 1,743 | 5,581 | 42,082 | 74,298 |
| June | 21,485 | 2,330 | 3,646 | 656 | 3,425 | 2,398 | -- | 9,026 | 1,643 | 5,460 | 41,558 | 73,916 |
| July | 21,695 | 2,339 | 3,654 | 658 | 3,082 | 2,715 | -- | 8,990 | 1,625 | 5,240 | 41,143 | 73,757 |
| August | 21,655 | 2,372 | 3,668 | 655 | 3,414 | 2,643 | -- | 9,140 | 1,342 | 5,218 | 41,169 | 73,818 |
| September | 21,915 | 2,262 | 3,623 | 659 | 3,367 | 2,663 | -- | 9,170 | 1,518 | 4,204 | 40,413 | 73,399 |
| October | 21,525 | 2,462 | 3,649 | 664 | 3,221 | 2,577 | -- | 9,230 | 1,612 | 4,534 | 40,885 | 73,497 |
| November | 21,425 | 2,548 | 3,621 | 667 | 3,311 | 2,645 | -- | 9,210 | 1,543 | 4,837 | 41,425 | 73,980 |
| December | 21,325 | 2,645 | 3,520 | 647 | 3,388 | 2,683 | -- | 9,240 | 1,645 | 4,984 | 41,803 | 74,268 |
| Average | 21,501 | 2,369 | 3,609 | 658 | 3,334 | 2,698 | -- | 9,043 | 1,649 | 5,178 | 41,401 | 73,807 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 21,175 | 2,595 | 3,670 | 654 | 3,372 | 2,657 | -- | 9,030 | 1,707 | 5,106 | 41,579 | 73,759 |
| February | 21,375 | 2,504 | 3,662 | 657 | 3,311 | 2,620 | -- | 9,040 | 1,639 | 5,045 | 41,412 | 73,647 |
| March | 21,250 | 2,411 | 3,710 | 651 | 3,350 | 2,610 | -- | 9,150 | 1,597 | 5,045 | 41,396 | 73,489 |
| April | 21,250 | 2,531 | 3,680 | 663 | 3,370 | 2,407 | -- | 9,170 | 1,590 | 5,128 | 41,496 | 73,591 |
| May | 21,050 | 2,341 | 3,712 | 655 | 3,329 | 2,535 | -- | 9,190 | 1,500 | 5,161 | 41,386 | 73,154 |
| June | 21,305 | 2,336 | 3,700 | 607 | 3,287 | 2,365 | -- | 9,260 | 1,392 | 5,160 | 40,979 | 73,061 |
| July | 21,680 | 2,512 | 3,716 | 620 | 3,232 | 2,571 | -- | 9,240 | 1,453 | 5,102 | 41,627 | 74,076 |
| August | 21,710 | 2,543 | 3,660 | 630 | 3,252 | 2,430 | -- | 9,330 | 1,202 | 5,059 | 41,179 | 73,754 |
| September | 21,360 | 2,601 | 3,649 | 640 | 3,258 | 2,338 | -- | 9,350 | 1,354 | 5,037 | 41,242 | 73,465 |
| October | 21,135 | 2,602 | 3,650 | 660 | 3,173 | 2,380 | -- | 9,450 | 1,482 | 5,106 | 41,793 | 73,809 |
| November | 20,805 | 2,658 | 3,672 | 615 | 3,163 | 2,466 | -- | 9,320 | 1,504 | 5,105 | 41,805 | 73,437 |
| December | 20,695 | 2,669 | 3,592 | 619 | 2,978 | 2,508 | -- | 9,420 | 1,472 | 5,166 | 41,664 | 73,218 |
| Average | 21,232 | 2,525 | 3,673 | 639 | 3,256 | 2,491 | -- | 9,247 | 1,490 | 5,102 | 41,464 | 73,539 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 20,476 | 2,578 | 3,811 | 616 | 3,143 | 2,431 | -- | 9,420 | 1,510 | E 5,196 | 41,857 | 73,133 |
| February | 20,356 | 2,618 | 3,739 | 614 | 3,148 | 2,454 | -- | 9,460 | 1,654 | E 5,147 | 42,124 | 73,315 |
| March | 20,445 | 2,694 | 3,685 | 612 | 3,182 | 2,391 | -- | 9,473 | 1,554 | E 5,178 | 41,993 | 73,240 |
| April | 20,494 | 2,634 | 3,749 | 609 | 3,182 | 2,427 | -- | 9,369 | 1,566 | E 5,218 | R 42,072 | R 73,525 |
| May | 20,494 | 2,585 | 3,781 | 649 | 3,110 | 2,181 | -- | 9,390 | 1,564 | E 5,240 | R 41,683 | R 72,987 |
| June | 20,403 | 2,580 | 3,826 | 679 | 3,206 | 1,921 | -- | 9,440 | 1,495 | E 5,139 | R 41,521 | R 72,710 |
| July | 20,508 | 2,572 | 3,643 | 679 | 3,166 | 2,327 | -- | 9,460 | 1,436 | E 5,120 | R 41,664 | R 73,152 |
| August | 20,462 | 2,709 | 3,746 | 679 | 2,843 | 2,135 | -- | 9,390 | 1,228 | E 4,976 | R 41,014 | R 72,471 |
| September | 21,012 | 2,760 | 3,716 | 679 | 3,161 | 2,190 | -- | 9,520 | 1,381 | E 4,899 | R 41,322 | R 73,410 |
| October | 21,158 | 2,840 | 3,722 | 609 | 2,995 | 2,273 | -- | 9,500 | 1,418 | E 5,038 | 41,800 | 74,124 |
| 10-Month Average ... | 20,582 | 2,657 | 3,742 | 643 | 3,113 | 2,272 | -- | 9,442 | 1,479 | E 5,115 | 41,702 | 73,206 |
| 2006 10-Month Average ... | 21,329 | 2,498 | 3,681 | 644 | 3,293 | 2,491 | -- | 9,222 | 1,491 | 5,095 | 41,411 | 73,582 |
| 2005 10-Month Average ... | 21,526 | 2,323 | 3,616 | 658 | 3,330 | 2,705 | -- | 9,007 | 1,659 | 5,232 | 41,358 | 73,743 |

^a Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.

^b The Persian Gulf Nations are Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Production from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Persian Gulf Nations."

R=Revised. NA=Not available. --=Not applicable. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate but excludes natural gas plant liquids. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the

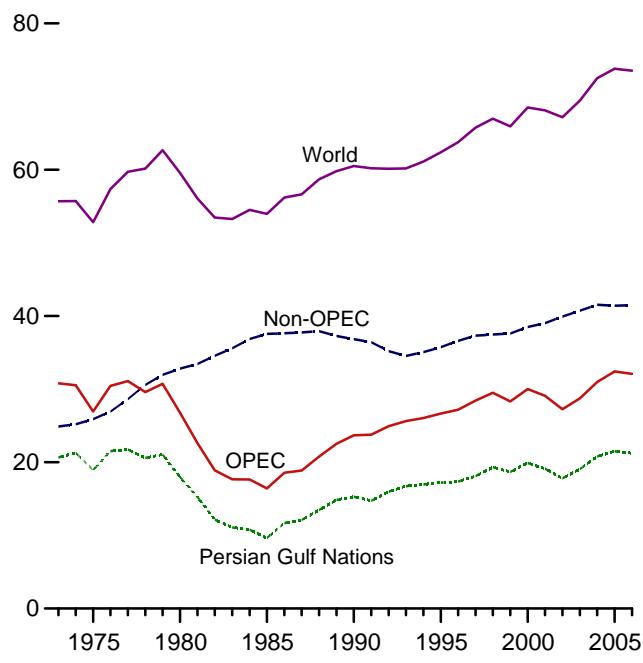
annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available. • Data for countries may not sum to World totals due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

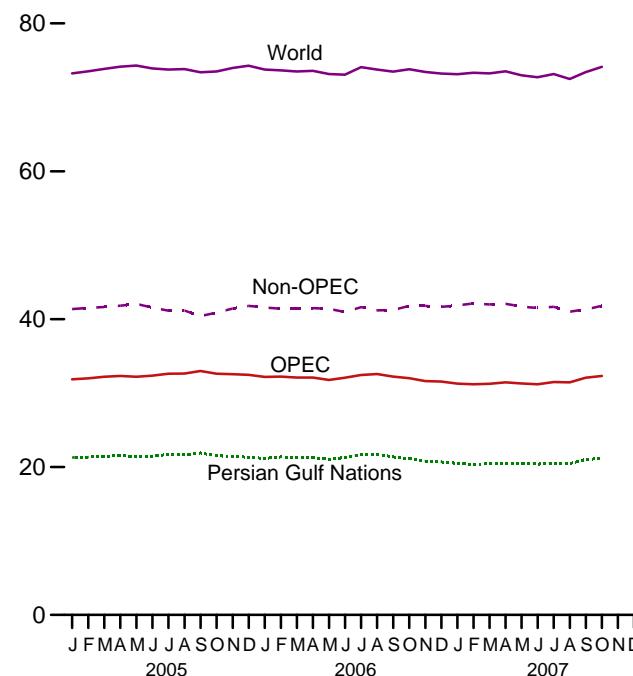
Sources: See end of section.

Figure 11.1a World Crude Oil Production Overview
(Million Barrels per Day)

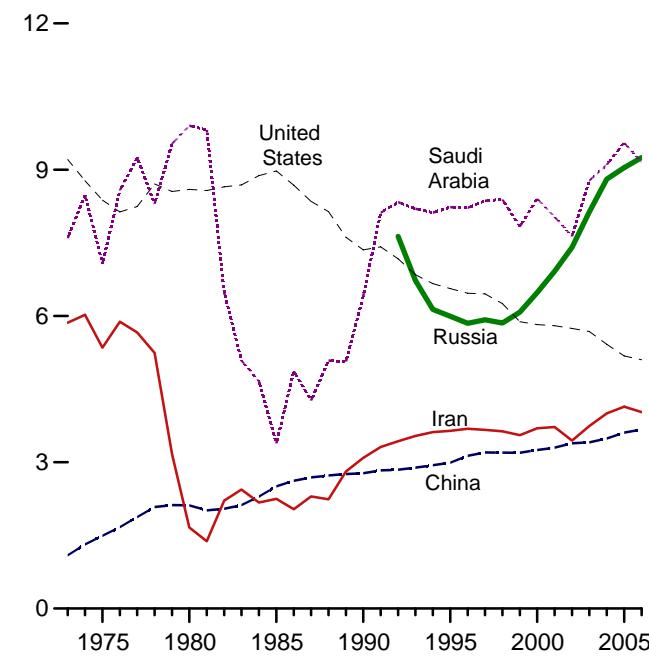
World Production, 1973-2006



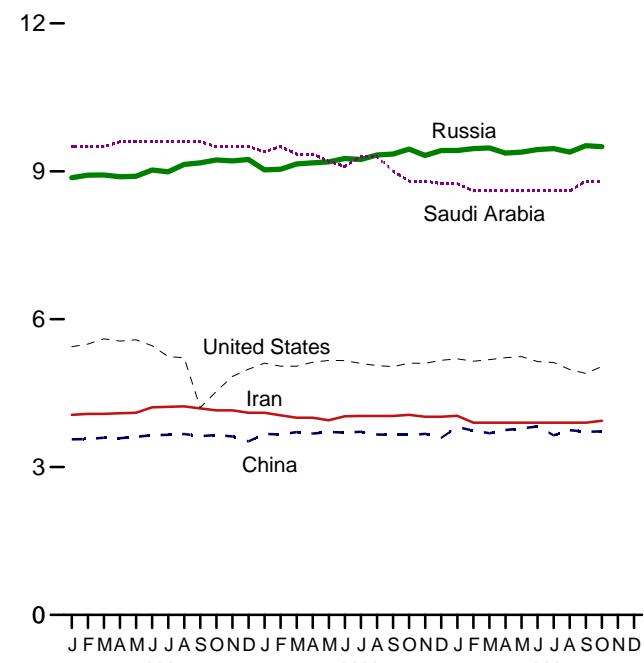
World Production, Monthly



Selected Producers, 1973-2006



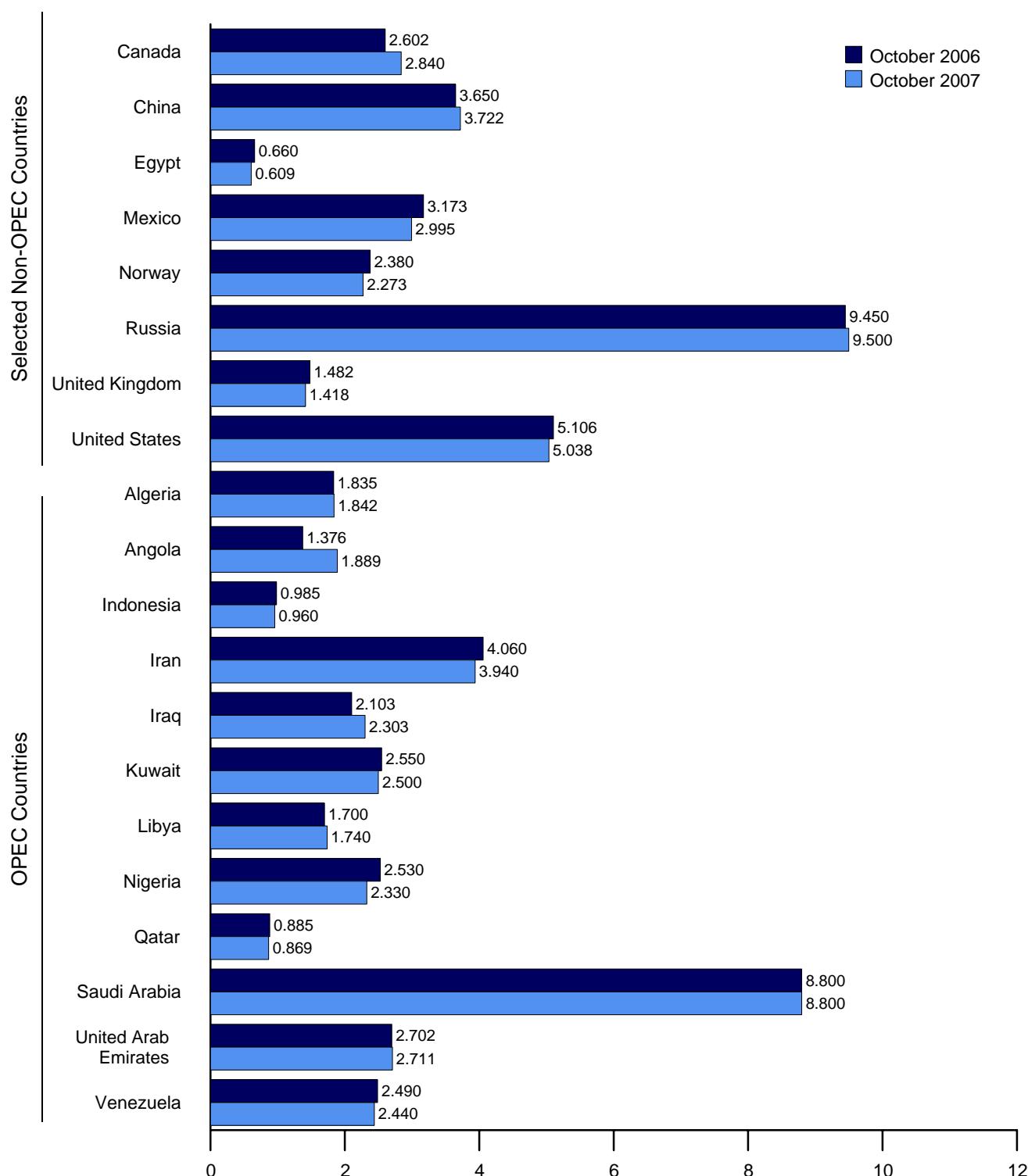
Selected Producers, Monthly



Notes: • OPEC is the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.
• The Persian Gulf Nations are Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Production from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Persian Gulf Nations."

- Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.
- Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html>.
- Sources: Tables 11.1a and 11.1b.

Figure 11.1b World Crude Oil Production by Selected Country
 (Million Barrels per Day)



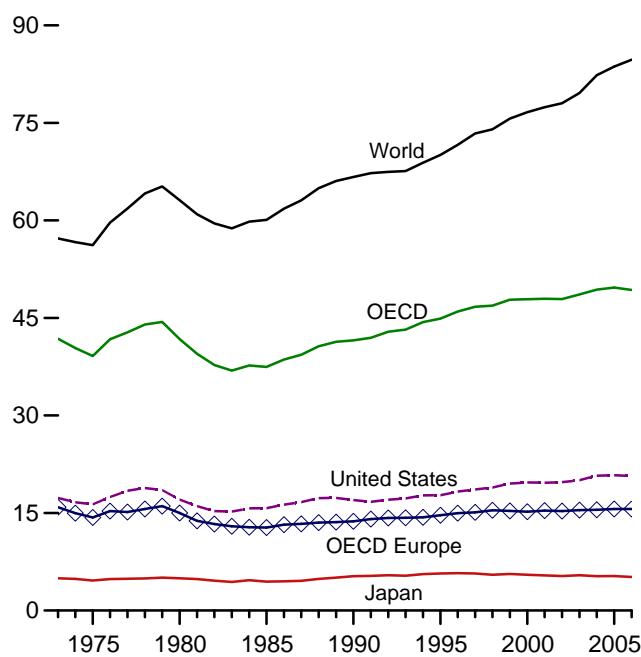
Note: OPEC is the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html>.

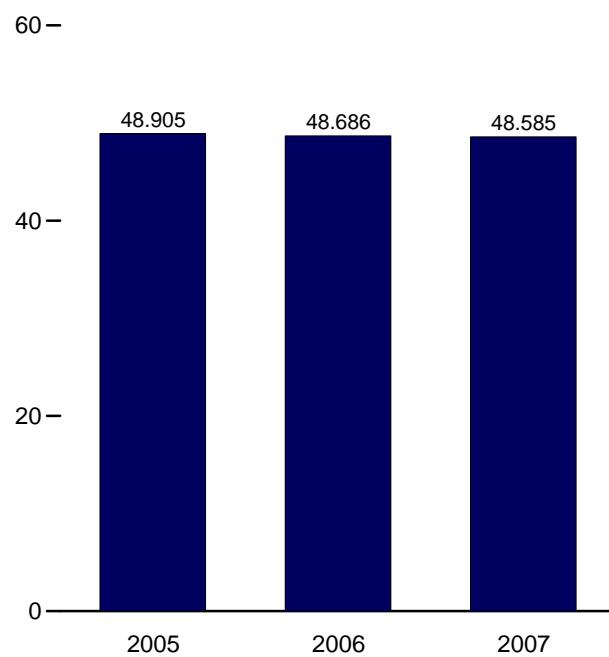
Sources: Tables 11.1a and 11.1b.

Figure 11.2 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries
(Million Barrels per Day)

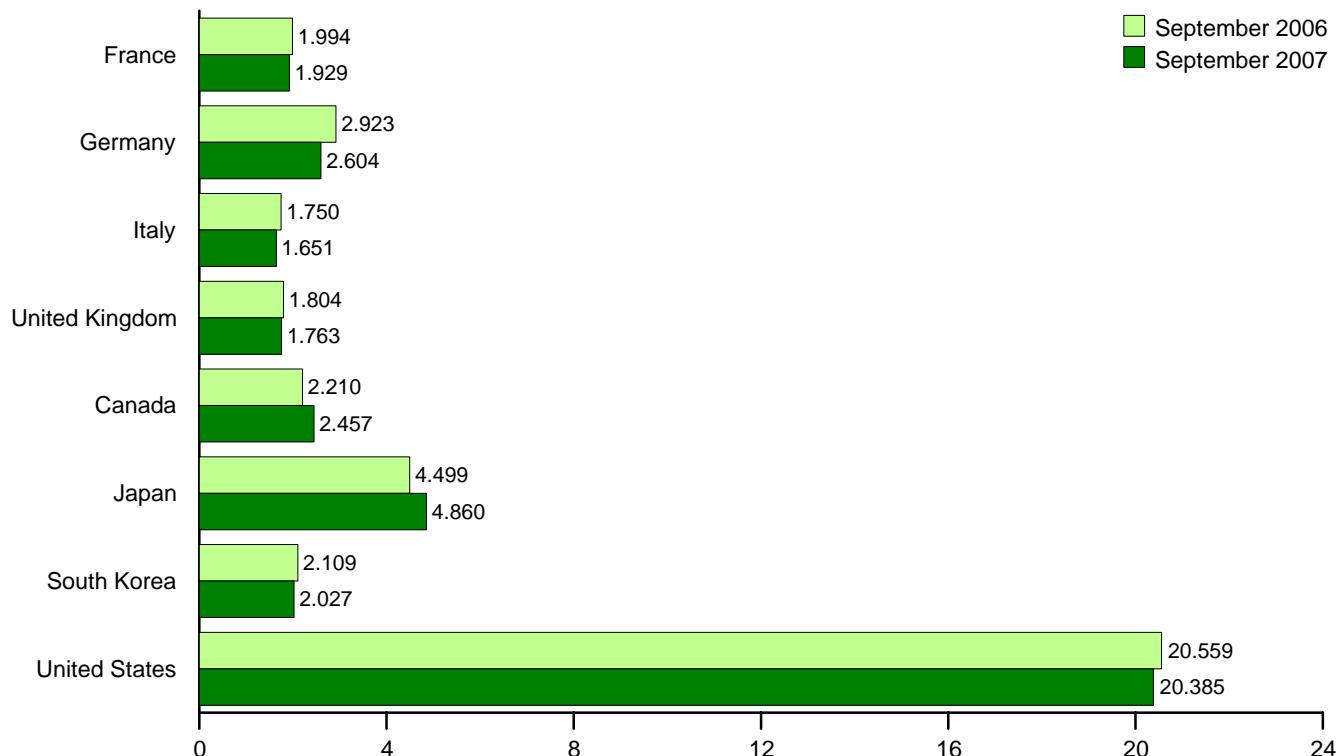
Overview, 1973-2006



OECD Total, September



By Selected OECD Country



Notes: • OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.
• Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html>.
Source: Table 11.2.

Table 11.2 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

| | France | Germany ^a | Italy | United Kingdom | OECD Europe ^b | Canada | Japan | South Korea | United States | Other OECD ^c | OECD ^d | World |
|---------------------------|--------|----------------------|-------|----------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-------------|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| 1973 Average | 2,601 | 3,324 | 2,068 | 2,341 | 15,879 | 1,729 | 4,949 | 281 | 17,308 | 1,658 | 41,804 | 57,237 |
| 1975 Average | 2,252 | 2,957 | 1,855 | 1,911 | 14,314 | 1,779 | 4,621 | 311 | 16,322 | 1,794 | 39,141 | 56,198 |
| 1980 Average | 2,256 | 3,082 | 1,934 | 1,725 | 14,995 | 1,873 | 4,960 | 537 | 17,056 | 2,342 | 41,763 | 63,114 |
| 1985 Average | 1,753 | 2,651 | 1,705 | 1,617 | 12,772 | 1,526 | 4,436 | 552 | 15,726 | 2,469 | 37,481 | 60,085 |
| 1990 Average | 1,826 | 2,682 | 1,874 | 1,776 | 13,719 | 1,733 | 5,272 | 1,048 | 16,988 | 2,804 | 41,564 | 66,676 |
| 1995 Average | 1,919 | 2,882 | 1,942 | 1,816 | 14,664 | 1,811 | 5,694 | 2,008 | 17,725 | 3,001 | 44,902 | 70,067 |
| 1996 Average | 1,949 | 2,922 | 1,920 | 1,852 | 14,968 | 1,864 | 5,740 | 2,101 | 18,309 | 2,996 | 45,978 | 71,627 |
| 1997 Average | 1,969 | 2,917 | 1,934 | 1,804 | 15,106 | 1,952 | 5,697 | 2,255 | 18,620 | 3,091 | 46,721 | 73,372 |
| 1998 Average | 2,040 | 2,923 | 1,941 | 1,792 | 15,419 | 1,943 | 5,498 | 1,917 | 18,917 | 3,192 | 46,886 | 74,004 |
| 1999 Average | 2,029 | 2,838 | 1,891 | 1,797 | 15,325 | 2,027 | 5,615 | 2,084 | 19,519 | 3,236 | 47,806 | 75,664 |
| 2000 Average | 2,001 | 2,772 | 1,854 | 1,759 | 15,189 | 2,027 | 5,495 | 2,135 | 19,701 | 3,326 | 47,874 | 76,660 |
| 2001 Average | 2,052 | 2,815 | 1,837 | 1,744 | 15,373 | 2,057 | 5,394 | 2,132 | 19,649 | 3,341 | 47,946 | 77,402 |
| 2002 Average | 1,983 | 2,722 | 1,870 | 1,731 | 15,307 | 2,078 | 5,301 | 2,149 | 19,761 | 3,294 | 47,892 | 78,038 |
| 2003 Average | 1,999 | 2,679 | 1,873 | 1,759 | 15,445 | 2,207 | 5,416 | 2,175 | 20,034 | 3,328 | 48,605 | 79,613 |
| 2004 Average | 2,006 | 2,665 | 1,794 | 1,799 | 15,487 | 2,300 | 5,291 | 2,155 | 20,731 | 3,396 | 49,360 | 82,333 |
| 2005 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 1,964 | 2,474 | 1,695 | 1,841 | 15,154 | 2,381 | 5,792 | 2,458 | 20,694 | 3,374 | 49,853 | NA |
| February | 2,209 | 2,706 | 1,861 | 1,853 | 16,203 | 2,390 | 6,211 | 2,344 | 20,830 | 3,428 | 51,406 | NA |
| March | 2,120 | 2,543 | 1,839 | 1,857 | 15,848 | 2,291 | 5,991 | 2,453 | 21,009 | 3,450 | 51,042 | NA |
| April | 1,907 | 2,571 | 1,753 | 1,775 | 15,314 | 2,131 | 5,116 | 2,183 | 20,137 | 3,604 | 48,485 | NA |
| May | 1,872 | 2,610 | 1,675 | 1,794 | 15,022 | 2,261 | 4,533 | 1,973 | 20,606 | 3,416 | 47,810 | NA |
| June | 1,969 | 2,540 | 1,712 | 1,831 | 15,458 | 2,304 | 4,989 | 2,092 | 21,198 | 3,524 | 49,566 | NA |
| July | 1,934 | 2,615 | 1,761 | 1,806 | 15,211 | 2,251 | 4,926 | 1,929 | 20,939 | 3,289 | 48,547 | NA |
| August | 1,994 | 2,885 | 1,605 | 1,822 | 15,770 | 2,360 | 4,952 | 2,057 | 21,666 | 3,433 | 50,238 | NA |
| September | 2,048 | 2,852 | 1,759 | 1,886 | 16,024 | 2,222 | 5,014 | 2,082 | 20,142 | 3,421 | 48,905 | NA |
| October | 1,859 | 2,691 | 1,733 | 1,785 | 15,408 | 2,251 | 4,681 | 1,954 | 20,253 | 3,289 | 47,835 | NA |
| November | 1,993 | 2,770 | 1,807 | 1,878 | 16,110 | 2,421 | 5,270 | 2,282 | 20,623 | 3,636 | 50,342 | NA |
| December | 2,011 | 2,519 | 1,871 | 1,886 | 15,882 | 2,306 | 6,246 | 2,500 | 21,495 | 3,635 | 52,063 | NA |
| Average | 1,988 | 2,647 | 1,755 | 1,834 | 15,611 | 2,297 | 5,305 | 2,191 | 20,802 | 3,458 | 49,664 | 83,655 |
| 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 2,066 | 2,524 | 1,749 | 1,830 | R 15,456 | 2,170 | 5,952 | 2,396 | 20,436 | 3,436 | 49,847 | NA |
| February | 2,120 | 2,637 | 1,997 | 1,863 | 16,160 | 2,323 | 6,086 | 2,286 | 20,577 | 3,415 | 50,848 | NA |
| March | 2,084 | 2,650 | 1,928 | 2,034 | 16,265 | 2,286 | 5,662 | 2,199 | 20,608 | 3,554 | 50,575 | NA |
| April | 1,879 | 2,487 | 1,595 | 1,747 | 14,692 | 2,120 | 5,060 | 2,006 | 20,201 | 3,368 | 47,447 | NA |
| May | 1,808 | 2,666 | 1,668 | 1,857 | R 15,254 | 2,170 | 4,394 | 2,049 | 20,457 | 3,368 | R 47,693 | NA |
| June | 1,937 | 2,619 | 1,690 | 1,863 | R 15,729 | 2,296 | 4,715 | 2,077 | 20,982 | 3,450 | R 49,249 | NA |
| July | 1,947 | 2,601 | 1,711 | 1,757 | R 15,360 | 2,308 | 4,941 | 1,908 | 20,740 | 3,317 | R 48,574 | NA |
| August | 1,864 | 2,747 | 1,579 | 1,770 | 15,451 | R 2,368 | 4,789 | 2,102 | 21,434 | 3,460 | R 49,604 | NA |
| September | 1,994 | 2,923 | 1,750 | 1,804 | 15,996 | 2,210 | 4,499 | 2,109 | 20,559 | 3,313 | 48,686 | NA |
| October | 2,044 | 2,794 | 1,690 | 1,774 | 16,008 | 2,170 | 4,738 | 2,060 | 20,769 | 3,339 | 49,084 | NA |
| November | 1,913 | 2,779 | 1,766 | 1,857 | R 15,929 | 2,344 | 5,214 | 2,363 | 20,669 | 3,471 | R 49,990 | NA |
| December | 1,890 | 2,556 | 1,686 | 1,811 | R 15,226 | 2,260 | 5,915 | 2,537 | 20,795 | 3,518 | R 50,252 | NA |
| Average | 1,961 | 2,665 | 1,732 | 1,830 | R 15,623 | R 2,252 | 5,159 | 2,174 | 20,687 | 3,418 | R 49,313 | R 84,730 |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 2,033 | 2,314 | 1,614 | 1,827 | R 15,004 | 2,272 | 5,214 | 2,390 | 20,559 | 3,366 | R 48,804 | NA |
| February | 1,954 | 2,379 | 1,756 | 1,787 | R 15,331 | 2,448 | 5,562 | 2,387 | 21,271 | 3,421 | R 50,421 | NA |
| March | 1,923 | 2,483 | 1,712 | 1,786 | R 15,319 | 2,307 | 5,404 | 2,282 | 20,529 | 3,530 | R 49,371 | NA |
| April | 1,854 | 2,343 | 1,631 | 1,776 | R 14,771 | 2,198 | 4,876 | 2,215 | 20,579 | 3,302 | R 47,940 | NA |
| May | 1,788 | 2,393 | 1,704 | 1,801 | R 14,940 | 2,315 | 4,405 | 2,071 | 20,631 | 3,497 | R 47,859 | NA |
| June | 1,900 | 2,456 | 1,670 | 1,766 | R 15,172 | 2,323 | 4,568 | 2,063 | 20,737 | 3,579 | R 48,441 | NA |
| July | 1,941 | 2,500 | 1,687 | 1,774 | R 15,386 | 2,416 | 4,564 | 2,047 | 20,641 | 3,522 | R 48,577 | NA |
| August | 1,908 | 2,581 | 1,552 | 1,709 | R 15,242 | R 2,465 | 4,597 | 2,091 | 21,051 | 3,388 | R 48,833 | NA |
| September | 1,929 | 2,604 | 1,651 | 1,763 | 15,565 | 2,457 | 4,860 | 2,027 | 20,385 | 3,291 | 48,585 | NA |
| 9-Month Average | 1,914 | 2,451 | 1,663 | 1,777 | 15,191 | 2,355 | 4,889 | 2,173 | 20,705 | 3,433 | 48,745 | NA |
| 2006 9-Month Average | 1,965 | 2,650 | 1,739 | 1,836 | 15,591 | 2,250 | 5,116 | 2,125 | 20,668 | 3,409 | 49,158 | NA |
| 2005 9-Month Average | 2,000 | 2,643 | 1,738 | 1,829 | 15,548 | 2,287 | 5,273 | 2,173 | 20,805 | 3,437 | 49,525 | NA |

^a Data are for unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

^b "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^c "Other OECD" consists of Australia, Mexico, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

^d The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) consists of "OECD Europe," Canada, Japan, South Korea, the United States, and "Other OECD."

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • **United States:** Table 3.1b. • **U.S. Territories:**

1983-2007—Energy Information Administration (EIA), International Energy Database.

• **East Germany, Former Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Mexico, Poland, South Korea, Non-OECD Countries, and World:** 1973-1979—EIA,

International Energy Database. 1980-1983—EIA, International Energy Annual

2005, August 2007, Table 1.2. • **2006**—EIA, Short Term Energy Outlook, November 2007.

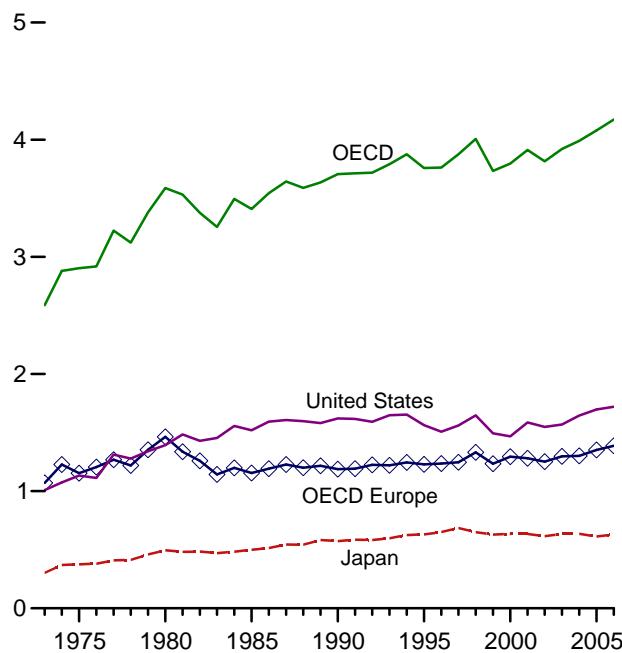
• **World:** 1984-2006—Sum of OECD and Non-OECD Countries.

• **All Other Data:** 1973-1981—International Energy Agency (IEA), Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances in OECD Countries, various issues. 1982-1983—IEA, Monthly Oil and Gas Statistics Database.

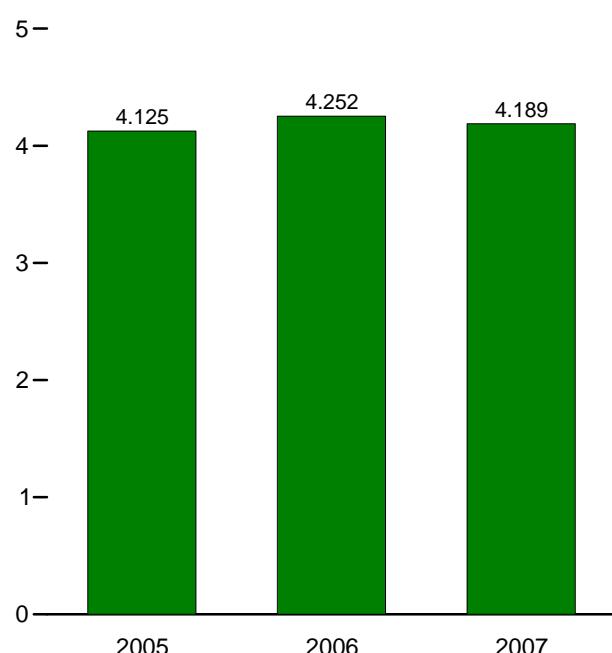
1984 forward—IEA, Monthly Oil Data Service, December 14, 2007.

Figure 11.3 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries
(Billion Barrels)

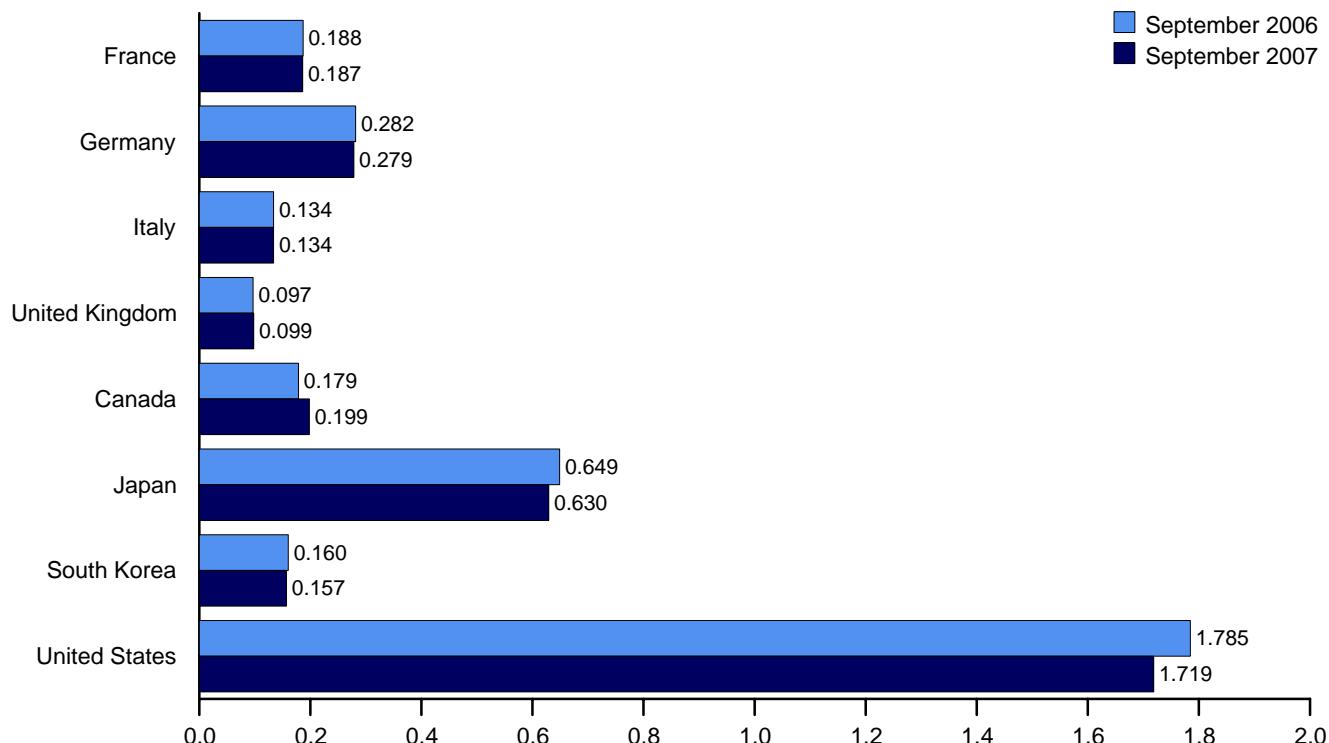
Overview, End of Year, 1973-2006



OECD Stocks, End of Month, September



By Selected OECD Country, End of Month



Note: OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.

Web Page: <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html>.

Source: Table 11.3.

Table 11.3 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries
(Million Barrels)

| | France | Germany ^a | Italy | United Kingdom | OECD Europe ^b | Canada | Japan | South Korea | United States | Other OECD ^c | OECD ^d |
|---------------------------|------------|----------------------|------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| 1973 Year | 201 | 181 | 152 | 156 | 1,070 | 140 | 303 | NA | 1,008 | 67 | 2,588 |
| 1975 Year | 225 | 187 | 143 | 165 | 1,154 | 174 | 375 | NA | 1,133 | 67 | 2,903 |
| 1980 Year | 243 | 319 | 170 | 168 | 1,464 | 164 | 495 | NA | 1,392 | 72 | 3,587 |
| 1985 Year | 139 | 277 | 156 | 131 | 1,154 | 112 | 500 | 13 | 1,519 | 110 | 3,408 |
| 1990 Year | 143 | 280 | 143 | 103 | 1,188 | 143 | 572 | 64 | 1,621 | 117 | 3,706 |
| 1995 Year | 155 | 302 | 141 | 101 | 1,228 | 132 | 631 | 92 | 1,563 | 113 | 3,758 |
| 1996 Year | 154 | 303 | 135 | 103 | 1,235 | 127 | 651 | 123 | 1,507 | 118 | 3,762 |
| 1997 Year | 161 | 299 | 129 | 100 | 1,246 | 144 | 685 | 124 | 1,560 | 115 | 3,875 |
| 1998 Year | 169 | 323 | 135 | 104 | 1,331 | 139 | 649 | 129 | 1,647 | 111 | 4,006 |
| 1999 Year | 160 | 290 | 130 | 101 | 1,233 | 142 | 629 | 132 | 1,493 | 105 | 3,733 |
| 2000 Year | 170 | 272 | 140 | 100 | 1,294 | 144 | 634 | 140 | 1,468 | 117 | 3,796 |
| 2001 Year | 165 | 273 | 134 | 113 | 1,281 | 156 | 634 | 143 | 1,586 | 112 | 3,912 |
| 2002 Year | 175 | 253 | 138 | 104 | 1,252 | 157 | 615 | 140 | 1,548 | 103 | 3,815 |
| 2003 Year | 185 | 273 | 135 | 100 | 1,296 | 170 | 636 | 155 | 1,568 | 96 | 3,921 |
| 2004 Year | 186 | 267 | 136 | 101 | 1,301 | 160 | 635 | 149 | 1,645 | 99 | 3,990 |
| 2005 January | 187 | 276 | 139 | 100 | 1,322 | 160 | 642 | 147 | 1,647 | 107 | 4,024 |
| February | 188 | 273 | 136 | 102 | 1,315 | 166 | 617 | 143 | 1,663 | 106 | 4,010 |
| March | 187 | 280 | 134 | 98 | 1,328 | 163 | 605 | 137 | 1,661 | 104 | 3,998 |
| April | 189 | 280 | 131 | 102 | 1,329 | 164 | 606 | 139 | 1,702 | 101 | 4,042 |
| May | 197 | 280 | 132 | 104 | 1,355 | 165 | 624 | 151 | 1,730 | 104 | 4,128 |
| June | 186 | 279 | 132 | 99 | 1,326 | 164 | 629 | 142 | 1,740 | 108 | 4,110 |
| July | 191 | 278 | 131 | 99 | 1,347 | 168 | 640 | 151 | 1,743 | 106 | 4,156 |
| August | 193 | 276 | 136 | 103 | 1,351 | 168 | 645 | 151 | 1,716 | 94 | 4,125 |
| September | 191 | 276 | 137 | 105 | 1,357 | 168 | 638 | 145 | 1,704 | 112 | 4,125 |
| October | 202 | 279 | 139 | 106 | 1,364 | 173 | 649 | 151 | 1,716 | 111 | 4,165 |
| November | 198 | 274 | 135 | 101 | 1,352 | 180 | 639 | 144 | 1,729 | 108 | 4,152 |
| December | 196 | 283 | 132 | 95 | 1,351 | 178 | 612 | 135 | 1,698 | 104 | 4,078 |
| 2006 January | 197 | 286 | 128 | 102 | 1,378 | 180 | 604 | 138 | 1,713 | 103 | 4,115 |
| February | 192 | 283 | 135 | 104 | 1,377 | 178 | 600 | 142 | 1,719 | 104 | 4,120 |
| March | 196 | 280 | 132 | 97 | 1,356 | 171 | 620 | 137 | 1,691 | 103 | 4,078 |
| April | 196 | 283 | 132 | 102 | 1,361 | 174 | 618 | 144 | 1,700 | 108 | 4,106 |
| May | 194 | 280 | 130 | 105 | 1,367 | 170 | 634 | 152 | 1,724 | 106 | 4,154 |
| June | 189 | 283 | 126 | 99 | 1,356 | 172 | 627 | 155 | 1,729 | 108 | 4,146 |
| July | 192 | 284 | 131 | 99 | 1,376 | R 177 | 631 | 158 | 1,743 | 112 | 4,197 |
| August | 198 | 281 | 133 | 98 | 1,375 | R 182 | 641 | 159 | 1,763 | 107 | R 4,227 |
| September | 188 | 282 | 134 | 97 | 1,369 | 179 | 649 | 160 | 1,785 | 109 | 4,252 |
| October | 188 | 282 | 130 | 103 | 1,363 | 183 | 654 | 156 | 1,769 | 110 | 4,235 |
| November | 190 | 281 | 133 | 106 | 1,368 | 181 | 650 | 158 | 1,745 | 108 | 4,210 |
| December | 192 | 283 | 133 | 109 | 1,387 | 180 | 631 | 152 | 1,720 | 103 | 4,172 |
| 2007 January | 186 | 285 | 128 | 105 | R 1,378 | 183 | R 643 | 153 | 1,723 | 105 | R 4,185 |
| February | 188 | 292 | 135 | 105 | R 1,395 | 181 | R 636 | 147 | 1,666 | 103 | R 4,127 |
| March | 177 | 291 | 134 | 106 | R 1,368 | 182 | R 620 | 156 | 1,677 | 101 | R 4,104 |
| April | 190 | 291 | 135 | 105 | R 1,386 | 187 | R 619 | 149 | 1,688 | 107 | R 4,137 |
| May | 189 | 288 | 132 | 106 | R 1,388 | 183 | R 616 | 159 | 1,719 | 109 | R 4,174 |
| June | 186 | 286 | 133 | 101 | R 1,370 | R 190 | R 622 | 158 | 1,729 | 112 | R 4,182 |
| July | 187 | 282 | 132 | 102 | R 1,378 | R 189 | R 632 | 165 | 1,735 | 108 | R 4,206 |
| August | 187 | 280 | 134 | 104 | R 1,377 | R 199 | R 641 | 157 | 1,718 | 106 | R 4,199 |
| September | 187 | 279 | 134 | 99 | 1,375 | 199 | 630 | 157 | 1,719 | 108 | 4,189 |

^a Through December 1983, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1984, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

^b "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom, and, for 1984 forward, Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, and Slovakia.

^c "Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories, and, for 1984 forward, Mexico.

^d The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) consists of "OECD Europe," Canada, Japan, South Korea, the United States, and "Other OECD."

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Stocks are at end of period. • Petroleum stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined

products. • In the United States in January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, thereby affecting subsequent stocks reported. New-basis end-of-year U.S. stocks, in million barrels, would have been 1,121 in 1974, 1,425 in 1980, and 1,461 in 1982. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See <http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html> for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • **United States:** Table 3.1b. • **U.S. Territories:** 1983-2007—Energy Information Administration, International Energy Database. • **All Other Data:** 1973-1982—International Energy Agency (IEA), *Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances*, various issues. 1983—IEA, *Monthly Oil and Gas Statistics Database*. 1984 forward—IEA, *Monthly Oil Data Service*, December 14, 2007.

International Petroleum

Tables 11.1a and 11.1b Sources

United States

See Table 3.1a.

All Other Countries and World, Monthly Data

1973–1980: *Petroleum Intelligence Weekly* (PIM), *Oil & Gas Journal* (OGJ), and EIA adjustments.

1981–1993: PIW, OGJ, and other industry sources.

1994 forward: EIA, *International Petroleum Monthly*, and EMEU, International Energy Database, January 2008.

All Other Countries and World, Annual Data

1973–1979: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *International Energy Annual 1981*, Table 8.

1980–2006: EIA, Office of Energy Markets and End Use (EMEU), International Energy Database, October 2007.

Appendix

Thermal Conversion Factors

The thermal conversion factors presented in the following tables can be used to estimate the heat content in British thermal units (Btu) of a given amount of energy measured in physical units, such as barrels or cubic feet. For example, 10 barrels of asphalt has a heat content of approximately 66.36 million Btu (10 barrels x 6.636 million Btu per barrel = 66.36 million Btu).

The heat content rates (i.e., thermal conversion factors) provided in this section represent the gross (or higher or upper) energy content of the fuels. Gross heat content rates are applied in all Btu calculations for the *Monthly Energy Review* and are commonly used in energy calculations in the United States; net (or lower) heat content rates are typically used in European energy calculations. The difference between the two rates is the amount of energy that is consumed to vaporize water that is created during the combustion process. Generally, the difference ranges from 2 percent to 10 percent, depending on the specific fuel and its hydrogen content. Some fuels, such as unseasoned wood, can be more than 40 percent different in their gross

and net heat content rates. See "Heat Content" and "British Thermal Unit (Btu)" in the Glossary for more information.

Thermal conversion factors for hydrocarbon mixes (Table A1) are weighted averages of the thermal conversion factors for each hydrocarbon included in the mix. For example, in calculating the thermal conversion factor for a 60-40 butane-propane mixture, the thermal conversion factor for butane is weighted 1.5 times the thermal conversion factor for propane.

In general, the annual thermal conversion factors presented in Tables A2 through A6 are computed from final annual data or from the best available data and labeled "preliminary." Often, the previous year's factor is used as a preliminary value until data become available to calculate the factor appropriate to the year. The source of each factor is described in the section entitled "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6 in this appendix.

**Table A1. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Products
(Million Btu per Barrel)**

| Petroleum Product | Heat Content | Petroleum Product | Heat Content |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---|--------------|
| Asphalt | 6.636 | Natural Gasoline and Isopentane | 4.620 |
| Aviation Gasoline | 5.048 | Pentanes Plus | 4.620 |
| Butane | 4.326 | Petrochemical Feedstocks | |
| Butane-Propane Mixture ^a | 4.130 | Naphtha Less Than 401°F | 5.248 |
| Distillate Fuel Oil | 5.825 | Other Oils Equal to or Greater Than 401°F | 5.825 |
| Ethane | 3.082 | Still Gas | 6.000 |
| Ethane-Propane Mixture ^b | 3.308 | Petroleum Coke | 6.024 |
| Isobutane | 3.974 | Plant Condensate | 5.418 |
| Jet Fuel, Kerosene Type | 5.670 | Propane | 3.836 |
| Jet Fuel, Naphtha Type | 5.355 | Residual Fuel Oil | 6.287 |
| Kerosene | 5.670 | Road Oil | 6.636 |
| Lubricants | 6.065 | Special Naphthas | 5.248 |
| Motor Gasoline | | Still Gas | 6.000 |
| Conventional ^c | 5.253 | Unfinished Oils | 5.825 |
| Reformulated ^c | 5.150 | Unfractionated Stream | 5.418 |
| Oxygenated ^c | 5.150 | Waxes | 5.537 |
| Fuel Ethanol ^d | 3.539 | Miscellaneous | 5.796 |

^a 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane.

^b 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane.

^c See Table A3 for motor gasoline annual weighted averages beginning in 1994.

^d Fuel ethanol, which is derived from agricultural feedstocks (primarily corn), is not a petroleum product but is blended into motor gasoline.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append_a.html.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6.

Table A2. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Production, Imports, and Exports
 (Million Btu per Barrel)

| | Production | | Imports | | | Exports | | |
|-------------------------|------------|---------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-------|-----------|--------------------|-------|
| | Crude Oil | Natural Gas Plant Liquids | Crude Oil | Petroleum Products | Total | Crude Oil | Petroleum Products | Total |
| 1973 | 5.800 | 4.049 | 5.817 | 5.983 | 5.897 | 5.800 | 5.752 | 5.752 |
| 1974 | 5.800 | 4.011 | 5.827 | 5.959 | 5.884 | 5.800 | 5.773 | 5.774 |
| 1975 | 5.800 | 3.984 | 5.821 | 5.935 | 5.858 | 5.800 | 5.747 | 5.748 |
| 1976 | 5.800 | 3.964 | 5.808 | 5.980 | 5.856 | 5.800 | 5.743 | 5.745 |
| 1977 | 5.800 | 3.941 | 5.810 | 5.908 | 5.834 | 5.800 | 5.796 | 5.797 |
| 1978 | 5.800 | 3.925 | 5.802 | 5.955 | 5.839 | 5.800 | 5.814 | 5.808 |
| 1979 | 5.800 | 3.955 | 5.810 | 5.811 | 5.810 | 5.800 | 5.864 | 5.832 |
| 1980 | 5.800 | 3.914 | 5.812 | 5.748 | 5.796 | 5.800 | 5.841 | 5.820 |
| 1981 | 5.800 | 3.930 | 5.818 | 5.659 | 5.775 | 5.800 | 5.837 | 5.821 |
| 1982 | 5.800 | 3.872 | 5.826 | 5.664 | 5.775 | 5.800 | 5.829 | 5.820 |
| 1983 | 5.800 | 3.839 | 5.825 | 5.677 | 5.774 | 5.800 | 5.800 | 5.800 |
| 1984 | 5.800 | 3.812 | 5.823 | 5.613 | 5.745 | 5.800 | 5.867 | 5.850 |
| 1985 | 5.800 | 3.815 | 5.832 | 5.572 | 5.736 | 5.800 | 5.819 | 5.814 |
| 1986 | 5.800 | 3.797 | 5.903 | 5.624 | 5.808 | 5.800 | 5.839 | 5.832 |
| 1987 | 5.800 | 3.804 | 5.901 | 5.599 | 5.820 | 5.800 | 5.860 | 5.858 |
| 1988 | 5.800 | 3.800 | 5.900 | 5.618 | 5.820 | 5.800 | 5.842 | 5.840 |
| 1989 | 5.800 | 3.826 | 5.906 | 5.641 | 5.833 | 5.800 | 5.869 | 5.857 |
| 1990 | 5.800 | 3.822 | 5.934 | 5.614 | 5.849 | 5.800 | 5.838 | 5.833 |
| 1991 | 5.800 | 3.807 | 5.948 | 5.636 | 5.873 | 5.800 | 5.827 | 5.823 |
| 1992 | 5.800 | 3.804 | 5.953 | 5.623 | 5.877 | 5.800 | 5.774 | 5.777 |
| 1993 | 5.800 | 3.801 | 5.954 | 5.620 | 5.883 | 5.800 | 5.777 | 5.779 |
| 1994 | 5.800 | 3.794 | 5.950 | 5.534 | 5.861 | 5.800 | 5.777 | 5.779 |
| 1995 | 5.800 | 3.796 | 5.938 | 5.483 | 5.855 | 5.800 | 5.740 | 5.746 |
| 1996 | 5.800 | 3.777 | 5.947 | 5.468 | 5.847 | 5.800 | 5.728 | 5.736 |
| 1997 | 5.800 | 3.762 | 5.954 | 5.469 | 5.862 | 5.800 | 5.726 | 5.734 |
| 1998 | 5.800 | 3.769 | 5.953 | 5.462 | 5.861 | 5.800 | 5.710 | 5.720 |
| 1999 | 5.800 | 3.744 | 5.942 | 5.421 | 5.840 | 5.800 | 5.684 | 5.699 |
| 2000 | 5.800 | 3.733 | 5.959 | 5.432 | 5.849 | 5.800 | 5.651 | 5.658 |
| 2001 | 5.800 | 3.735 | 5.976 | 5.443 | 5.862 | 5.800 | 5.751 | 5.752 |
| 2002 | 5.800 | 3.729 | 5.971 | 5.451 | 5.863 | 5.800 | 5.687 | 5.688 |
| 2003 | 5.800 | 3.739 | 5.970 | 5.438 | 5.857 | 5.800 | 5.739 | 5.740 |
| 2004 | 5.800 | 3.724 | 5.981 | 5.475 | 5.863 | 5.800 | 5.753 | 5.754 |
| 2005 | 5.800 | 3.724 | 5.977 | 5.474 | 5.845 | 5.800 | 5.741 | 5.743 |
| 2006 | 5.800 | 3.712 | 5.980 | 5.454 | 5.842 | 5.800 | 5.723 | 5.724 |
| 2007 ^E | 5.800 | 3.712 | 5.980 | 5.454 | 5.842 | 5.800 | 5.723 | 5.724 |

E=Estimate.

Note: Crude oil includes lease condensate.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append_a.html.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6.

Table A3. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Consumption and Biofuels Production
(Million Btu per Barrel)

| | Total Petroleum ^a Consumption by Sector | | | | | | Liquefied Petroleum Gases Consumption | Motor Gasoline Consumption | Fuel Ethanol | Ethanol Feed-stock ^d | Biodiesel | Biodiesel Feed-stock ^e |
|------------|--|------------|------------|----------------|-------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| | Residential | Commercial | Industrial | Transportation | Electric Power ^{b,c} | Total | | | | | | |
| 1973 | 5.205 | 5.749 | 5.569 | 5.395 | 6.245 | 5.515 | 3.746 | 5.253 | 3.539 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1974 | 5.196 | 5.740 | 5.538 | 5.394 | 6.238 | 5.504 | 3.730 | 5.253 | 3.539 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1975 | 5.192 | 5.704 | 5.527 | 5.392 | 6.250 | 5.494 | 3.715 | 5.253 | 3.539 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1976 | 5.215 | 5.726 | 5.536 | 5.395 | 6.251 | 5.504 | 3.711 | 5.253 | 3.539 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1977 | 5.213 | 5.733 | 5.554 | 5.400 | 6.249 | 5.518 | 3.677 | 5.253 | 3.539 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1978 | 5.213 | 5.716 | 5.554 | 5.404 | 6.251 | 5.519 | 3.669 | 5.253 | 3.539 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1979 | 5.298 | 5.769 | 5.419 | 5.428 | 6.258 | 5.494 | 3.680 | 5.253 | 3.539 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1980 | 5.245 | 5.803 | 5.374 | 5.440 | 6.254 | 5.479 | 3.674 | 5.253 | 3.539 | 6.586 | NA | NA |
| 1981 | 5.191 | 5.751 | 5.312 | 5.432 | 6.258 | 5.448 | 3.643 | 5.253 | 3.539 | 6.486 | NA | NA |
| 1982 | 5.167 | 5.751 | 5.263 | 5.422 | 6.258 | 5.415 | 3.615 | 5.253 | 3.539 | 6.428 | NA | NA |
| 1983 | 5.022 | 5.642 | 5.275 | 5.415 | 6.255 | 5.406 | 3.614 | 5.253 | 3.539 | 6.388 | NA | NA |
| 1984 | 5.184 | 5.705 | 5.223 | 5.418 | 6.251 | 5.395 | 3.599 | 5.253 | 3.539 | 6.356 | NA | NA |
| 1985 | 5.153 | 5.661 | 5.215 | 5.422 | 6.247 | 5.387 | 3.603 | 5.253 | 3.539 | 6.331 | NA | NA |
| 1986 | 5.169 | 5.694 | 5.283 | 5.425 | 6.257 | 5.418 | 3.640 | 5.253 | 3.539 | 6.310 | NA | NA |
| 1987 | 5.144 | 5.661 | 5.248 | 5.429 | 6.249 | 5.403 | 3.659 | 5.253 | 3.539 | 6.291 | NA | NA |
| 1988 | 5.165 | 5.661 | 5.241 | 5.433 | 6.250 | 5.410 | 3.652 | 5.253 | 3.539 | 6.275 | NA | NA |
| 1989 | 5.105 | 5.621 | 5.234 | 5.438 | ^b 6.240 | 5.410 | 3.683 | 5.253 | 3.539 | 6.260 | NA | NA |
| 1990 | 5.027 | 5.621 | 5.270 | 5.442 | 6.244 | 5.411 | 3.625 | 5.253 | 3.539 | 6.247 | NA | NA |
| 1991 | 4.968 | 5.599 | 5.186 | 5.440 | 6.246 | 5.384 | 3.614 | 5.253 | 3.539 | 6.235 | NA | NA |
| 1992 | 5.004 | 5.589 | 5.185 | 5.442 | 6.238 | 5.378 | 3.624 | 5.253 | 3.539 | 6.224 | NA | NA |
| 1993 | 4.975 | 5.580 | 5.196 | 5.436 | 6.230 | 5.379 | 3.606 | 5.253 | 3.539 | 6.214 | NA | NA |
| 1994 | 4.983 | 5.592 | 5.166 | 5.424 | 6.213 | 5.361 | 3.635 | ^f 5.230 | 3.539 | 6.204 | NA | NA |
| 1995 | 4.940 | 5.554 | 5.137 | 5.417 | 6.188 | 5.341 | 3.623 | 5.215 | 3.539 | 6.196 | NA | NA |
| 1996 | 4.869 | 5.498 | 5.133 | 5.420 | 6.195 | 5.336 | 3.613 | 5.216 | 3.539 | 6.187 | NA | NA |
| 1997 | 4.859 | 5.459 | 5.138 | 5.416 | 6.199 | 5.336 | 3.616 | 5.213 | 3.539 | 6.180 | NA | NA |
| 1998 | 4.837 | 5.446 | 5.155 | 5.413 | 6.210 | 5.349 | 3.614 | 5.212 | 3.539 | 6.172 | NA | NA |
| 1999 | 4.761 | 5.369 | 5.113 | 5.413 | 6.205 | 5.328 | 3.616 | 5.211 | 3.539 | 6.165 | NA | NA |
| 2000 | 4.761 | 5.394 | 5.082 | 5.421 | 6.189 | 5.326 | 3.607 | 5.210 | 3.539 | 6.159 | NA | NA |
| 2001 | 4.796 | 5.403 | 5.164 | 5.412 | 6.199 | 5.345 | 3.614 | 5.210 | 3.539 | 6.152 | 5.359 | 5.433 |
| 2002 | 4.742 | 5.364 | 5.116 | 5.410 | 6.173 | 5.324 | 3.613 | 5.208 | 3.539 | 6.146 | 5.359 | 5.433 |
| 2003 | 4.763 | 5.407 | 5.161 | 5.408 | 6.182 | 5.340 | 3.629 | 5.207 | 3.539 | 6.141 | 5.359 | 5.433 |
| 2004 | 4.807 | 5.434 | 5.164 | 5.420 | 6.192 | 5.350 | 3.618 | 5.215 | 3.539 | 6.135 | 5.359 | 5.433 |
| 2005 | E4.800 | E5.435 | E5.194 | E5.427 | 6.188 | 5.365 | 3.620 | 5.218 | 3.539 | 6.130 | 5.359 | 5.433 |
| 2006 | E4.787 | E5.429 | E5.192 | E5.426 | ^P 6.141 | 5.353 | 3.605 | 5.218 | 3.539 | 6.125 | 5.359 | 5.433 |
| 2007 | E4.787 | E5.429 | E5.192 | E5.426 | E6.141 | E5.353 | E3.605 | E5.218 | 3.539 | E6.125 | 5.359 | 5.433 |

^a Petroleum products supplied, including natural gas plant liquids and crude oil burned directly as fuel.

^b Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

^c Electric power sector factors are weighted average heat contents for distillate fuel oil, petroleum coke, and residual fuel oil; they exclude other liquids.

^d Corn input to the production of fuel ethanol (million Btu corn per denatured barrel ethanol), used as the approximate heat content for total biomass inputs to the production of fuel ethanol.

^e Soybean oil input to the production of biodiesel (million Btu soybean oil per barrel biodiesel), used as the approximate heat content for total biomass inputs to the production of biodiesel.

^f There is a discontinuity in this time series between 1993 and 1994; beginning in 1994, the single constant factor is replaced by a factor that is a quantity-weighted average of motor gasoline's major components. See Table A1.

P=Preliminary. E=Estimate. NA=Not available.

Note: Weighted averages of the products included in each category are calculated by using heat content values shown in Table A1.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append_a.html.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6.

Table A4. Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas
(Btu per Cubic Foot)

| | Production | | Consumption ^a | | | Imports | Exports |
|-------------------------|------------|-------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|---------|---------|
| | Marketed | Dry | End-Use Sectors | Electric Power Sector ^b | Total | | |
| 1973 | 1,093 | 1,021 | 1,020 | 1,024 | 1,021 | 1,026 | 1,023 |
| 1974 | 1,097 | 1,024 | 1,024 | 1,022 | 1,024 | 1,027 | 1,016 |
| 1975 | 1,095 | 1,021 | 1,020 | 1,026 | 1,021 | 1,026 | 1,014 |
| 1976 | 1,093 | 1,020 | 1,019 | 1,023 | 1,020 | 1,025 | 1,013 |
| 1977 | 1,093 | 1,021 | 1,019 | 1,029 | 1,021 | 1,026 | 1,013 |
| 1978 | 1,088 | 1,019 | 1,016 | 1,034 | 1,019 | 1,030 | 1,013 |
| 1979 | 1,092 | 1,021 | 1,018 | 1,035 | 1,021 | 1,037 | 1,013 |
| 1980 | 1,098 | 1,026 | 1,024 | 1,035 | 1,026 | 1,022 | 1,013 |
| 1981 | 1,103 | 1,027 | 1,025 | 1,035 | 1,027 | 1,014 | 1,011 |
| 1982 | 1,107 | 1,028 | 1,026 | 1,036 | 1,028 | 1,018 | 1,011 |
| 1983 | 1,115 | 1,031 | 1,031 | 1,030 | 1,031 | 1,024 | 1,010 |
| 1984 | 1,109 | 1,031 | 1,030 | 1,035 | 1,031 | 1,005 | 1,010 |
| 1985 | 1,112 | 1,032 | 1,031 | 1,038 | 1,032 | 1,002 | 1,011 |
| 1986 | 1,110 | 1,030 | 1,029 | 1,034 | 1,030 | 997 | 1,008 |
| 1987 | 1,112 | 1,031 | 1,031 | 1,032 | 1,031 | 999 | 1,011 |
| 1988 | 1,109 | 1,029 | 1,029 | 1,028 | 1,029 | 1,002 | 1,018 |
| 1989 | 1,107 | 1,031 | 1,031 | 1,028 ^b | 1,031 | 1,004 | 1,019 |
| 1990 | 1,105 | 1,029 | 1,030 | 1,027 | 1,029 | 1,012 | 1,018 |
| 1991 | 1,108 | 1,030 | 1,031 | 1,025 | 1,030 | 1,014 | 1,022 |
| 1992 | 1,110 | 1,030 | 1,031 | 1,025 | 1,030 | 1,011 | 1,018 |
| 1993 | 1,106 | 1,027 | 1,028 | 1,025 | 1,027 | 1,020 | 1,016 |
| 1994 | 1,105 | 1,028 | 1,029 | 1,025 | 1,028 | 1,022 | 1,011 |
| 1995 | 1,106 | 1,026 | 1,027 | 1,021 | 1,026 | 1,021 | 1,011 |
| 1996 | 1,109 | 1,026 | 1,027 | 1,020 | 1,026 | 1,022 | 1,011 |
| 1997 | 1,107 | 1,026 | 1,027 | 1,020 | 1,026 | 1,023 | 1,011 |
| 1998 | 1,109 | 1,031 | 1,033 | 1,024 | 1,031 | 1,023 | 1,011 |
| 1999 | 1,107 | 1,027 | 1,028 | 1,022 | 1,027 | 1,022 | 1,006 |
| 2000 | 1,107 | 1,025 | 1,026 | 1,021 | 1,025 | 1,023 | 1,006 |
| 2001 | 1,105 | 1,028 | 1,029 | 1,026 | 1,028 | 1,023 | 1,010 |
| 2002 | 1,106 | 1,027 | 1,029 | 1,020 | 1,027 | 1,022 | 1,008 |
| 2003 | 1,106 | 1,031 | 1,033 | 1,025 | 1,031 | 1,025 | 1,009 |
| 2004 | 1,105 | 1,027 | 1,027 | 1,027 | 1,027 | 1,025 | 1,009 |
| 2005 | 1,105 | 1,029 | 1,029 | 1,028 | 1,029 | 1,025 | 1,009 |
| 2006 | 1,103 | 1,028 | 1,028 | 1,028 | 1,028 | 1,025 | 1,009 |
| 2007 ^E | 1,103 | 1,028 | 1,028 | 1,028 | 1,028 | 1,025 | 1,009 |

^a Consumption factors are for natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.

^b Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

E=Estimate.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append_a.html.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6.

Table A5. Approximate Heat Content of Coal and Coal Coke
 (Million Btu per Short Ton)

| | Coal | | | | | | | | Coal Coke | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|---|-------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|--------|-----------|---------|---------------------------|
| | Production ^a | Waste Coal Supplied ^b | Residential and Commercial Sectors | Consumption | | | Electric Power Sector ^{d,e} | Total | Imports | Exports | Imports and Exports |
| | | | | Coke Plants | Other ^c | Industrial Sector | | | | | |
| 1973 | 23.376 | NA | 22.831 | 26.780 | 22.586 | 22.246 | 23.057 | 25.000 | 26.596 | 24.800 | |
| 1974 | 23.072 | NA | 22.479 | 26.778 | 22.419 | 21.781 | 22.677 | 25.000 | 26.700 | 24.800 | |
| 1975 | 22.897 | NA | 22.261 | 26.782 | 22.436 | 21.642 | 22.506 | 25.000 | 26.562 | 24.800 | |
| 1976 | 22.855 | NA | 22.774 | 26.781 | 22.530 | 21.679 | 22.498 | 25.000 | 26.601 | 24.800 | |
| 1977 | 22.597 | NA | 22.919 | 26.787 | 22.322 | 21.508 | 22.265 | 25.000 | 26.548 | 24.800 | |
| 1978 | 22.248 | NA | 22.466 | 26.789 | 22.207 | 21.275 | 22.017 | 25.000 | 26.478 | 24.800 | |
| 1979 | 22.454 | NA | 22.242 | 26.788 | 22.452 | 21.364 | 22.100 | 25.000 | 26.548 | 24.800 | |
| 1980 | 22.415 | NA | 22.543 | 26.790 | 22.690 | 21.295 | 21.947 | 25.000 | 26.384 | 24.800 | |
| 1981 | 22.308 | NA | 22.474 | 26.794 | 22.585 | 21.085 | 21.713 | 25.000 | 26.160 | 24.800 | |
| 1982 | 22.239 | NA | 22.695 | 26.797 | 22.712 | 21.194 | 21.674 | 25.000 | 26.223 | 24.800 | |
| 1983 | 22.052 | NA | 22.775 | 26.798 | 22.691 | 21.133 | 21.576 | 25.000 | 26.291 | 24.800 | |
| 1984 | 22.010 | NA | 22.844 | 26.799 | 22.543 | 21.101 | 21.573 | 25.000 | 26.402 | 24.800 | |
| 1985 | 21.870 | NA | 22.646 | 26.798 | 22.020 | 20.959 | 21.366 | 25.000 | 26.307 | 24.800 | |
| 1986 | 21.913 | NA | 22.947 | 26.798 | 22.198 | 21.084 | 21.462 | 25.000 | 26.292 | 24.800 | |
| 1987 | 21.922 | NA | 23.404 | 26.799 | 22.381 | 21.136 | 21.517 | 25.000 | 26.291 | 24.800 | |
| 1988 | 21.823 | NA | 23.571 | 26.799 | 22.360 | 20.900 | 21.328 | 25.000 | 26.299 | 24.800 | |
| 1989 | 21.765 | 10.391 | 23.650 | 26.800 | ^b 22.347 | 20.898 | 21.307 | 25.000 | 26.160 | 24.800 | |
| 1990 | 21.822 | 9.303 | 23.137 | 26.799 | 22.457 | 20.779 | 21.197 | 25.000 | 26.202 | 24.800 | |
| 1991 | 21.681 | 10.758 | 23.114 | 26.799 | 22.460 | 20.730 | 21.120 | 25.000 | 26.188 | 24.800 | |
| 1992 | 21.682 | 10.396 | 23.105 | 26.799 | 22.250 | 20.709 | 21.068 | 25.000 | 26.161 | 24.800 | |
| 1993 | 21.418 | 10.638 | 22.994 | 26.800 | 22.123 | 20.677 | 21.010 | 25.000 | 26.335 | 24.800 | |
| 1994 | 21.394 | 11.097 | 23.112 | 26.800 | 22.068 | 20.589 | 20.929 | 25.000 | 26.329 | 24.800 | |
| 1995 | 21.326 | 11.722 | 23.118 | 26.800 | 21.950 | 20.543 | 20.880 | 25.000 | 26.180 | 24.800 | |
| 1996 | 21.322 | 12.147 | 23.011 | 26.800 | 22.105 | 20.547 | 20.870 | 25.000 | 26.174 | 24.800 | |
| 1997 | 21.296 | 12.158 | 22.494 | 26.800 | 22.172 | 20.518 | 20.830 | 25.000 | 26.251 | 24.800 | |
| 1998 | 21.418 | 12.639 | 21.620 | 27.426 | 23.164 | 20.516 | 20.881 | 25.000 | 26.800 | 24.800 | |
| 1999 | 21.070 | 12.552 | 23.880 | 27.426 | 22.489 | 20.490 | 20.818 | 25.000 | 26.081 | 24.800 | |
| 2000 | 21.072 | 12.360 | 25.020 | 27.426 | 22.433 | 20.511 | 20.828 | 25.000 | 26.117 | 24.800 | |
| 2001 | 20.772 | 12.169 | 24.909 | 27.426 | 22.622 | 20.337 | 20.671 | 25.000 | 25.998 | 24.800 | |
| 2002 | 20.673 | 12.165 | 22.962 | 27.426 | 22.562 | 20.238 | 20.541 | 25.000 | 26.062 | 24.800 | |
| 2003 | 20.499 | 12.931 | 22.242 | 27.426 | 22.468 | 20.082 | 20.387 | 25.000 | 25.972 | 24.800 | |
| 2004 | 20.424 | 13.131 | 22.324 | 27.426 | 22.473 | 19.980 | 20.290 | 25.000 | 26.108 | 24.800 | |
| 2005 | 20.347 | 13.158 | 22.342 | 26.279 | 22.178 | 19.988 | 20.245 | 25.000 | 25.494 | 24.800 | |
| 2006 | 20.314 | 12.617 | 22.066 | 26.271 | 22.050 | 19.931 | 20.185 | 25.000 | 25.453 | 24.800 | |
| 2007 ^E | 20.314 | 12.617 | 22.066 | 26.271 | 22.050 | 19.931 | 20.185 | 25.000 | 25.453 | 24.800 | |

^a Beginning in 2001, includes a small amount of refuse recovery (coal recaptured from a refuse mine, and cleaned to reduce the concentration of noncombustible materials).

^b Waste coal (including fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste) consumed by the electric power and industrial sectors. Beginning in 1989, waste coal supplied is counted as a supply-side item to balance the same amount of waste coal included in "Consumption."

^c Includes transportation. Excludes coal synfuel plants.

^d Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

^e Electric power sector factors are for anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and, beginning in 1998, coal synfuel.

E=Estimate. NA=Not available.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append_a.html.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6.

**Table A6. Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity, and Heat Content of Electricity
(Btu per Kilowatthour)**

| | Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity Net Generation | | | Heat Content of Electricity ^e |
|------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | Fossil-Fueled Plants ^{a,b} | Nuclear Plants ^c | Geothermal Energy Plants ^d | |
| 1973 | 10,389 | 10,903 | 21,674 | 3,412 |
| 1974 | 10,442 | 11,161 | 21,674 | 3,412 |
| 1975 | 10,406 | 11,013 | 21,611 | 3,412 |
| 1976 | 10,373 | 11,047 | 21,611 | 3,412 |
| 1977 | 10,435 | 10,769 | 21,611 | 3,412 |
| 1978 | 10,361 | 10,941 | 21,611 | 3,412 |
| 1979 | 10,353 | 10,879 | 21,545 | 3,412 |
| 1980 | 10,388 | 10,908 | 21,639 | 3,412 |
| 1981 | 10,453 | 11,030 | 21,639 | 3,412 |
| 1982 | 10,454 | 11,073 | 21,629 | 3,412 |
| 1983 | 10,520 | 10,905 | 21,290 | 3,412 |
| 1984 | 10,440 | 10,843 | 21,303 | 3,412 |
| 1985 | 10,447 | 10,622 | 21,263 | 3,412 |
| 1986 | 10,446 | 10,579 | 21,263 | 3,412 |
| 1987 | 10,419 | 10,442 | 21,263 | 3,412 |
| 1988 | 10,324 | 10,602 | 21,096 | 3,412 |
| 1989 | 10,432 | 10,583 | 21,096 | 3,412 |
| 1990 | 10,402 | 10,582 | 21,096 | 3,412 |
| 1991 | 10,436 | 10,484 | 20,997 | 3,412 |
| 1992 | 10,342 | 10,471 | 20,914 | 3,412 |
| 1993 | 10,309 | 10,504 | 20,914 | 3,412 |
| 1994 | 10,316 | 10,452 | 20,914 | 3,412 |
| 1995 | 10,312 | 10,507 | 20,914 | 3,412 |
| 1996 | 10,340 | 10,503 | 20,960 | 3,412 |
| 1997 | 10,213 | 10,494 | 20,960 | 3,412 |
| 1998 | 10,197 | 10,491 | 21,017 | 3,412 |
| 1999 | 10,226 | 10,450 | 21,017 | 3,412 |
| 2000 | 10,201 | 10,429 | 21,017 | 3,412 |
| 2001 | 10,333 | 10,448 | 21,017 | 3,412 |
| 2002 | 10,173 | 10,439 | 21,017 | 3,412 |
| 2003 | 10,241 | 10,421 | 21,017 | 3,412 |
| 2004 | 10,022 | 10,427 | 21,017 | 3,412 |
| 2005 | 9,999 | 10,435 | 21,017 | 3,412 |
| 2006 | 9,919 | 10,434 | 21,017 | 3,412 |
| 2007 | E 9,919 | E 10,434 | E 21,017 | 3,412 |

^a Used as the thermal conversion factor for hydro, solar/PV, and wind electricity net generation to approximate the quantity of fossil fuels replaced by these sources. Through 2000, also used as the thermal conversion factor for wood and waste electricity net generation at electric utilities; beginning in 2001, Btu data for wood and waste at electric utilities are available from surveys.

^b Through 2000, heat rates are for fossil-fueled steam-electric plants at electric utilities. Beginning in 2001, heat rates are for all fossil-fueled plants at electric utilities and independent power producers.

^c Used as the thermal conversion factor for nuclear electricity net generation.

^d Used as the thermal conversion factor for geothermal electricity net generation.

^e The value of 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour is a constant. It is used as the thermal conversion factor for electricity retail sales, and electricity imports and exports.

E=Estimate.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append_a.html.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows this table.

Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation

Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum and Natural Gas Plant Liquids

Asphalt. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million British thermal units (Btu) per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956*.

Aviation Gasoline. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.048 million Btu per barrel as adopted by the Bureau of Mines from the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation publication *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985*, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Butane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 4.326 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Butane-Propane Mixture. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines calculation of 4.130 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane. See **Butane** and **Propane**.

Crude Oil Exports. Assumed by EIA to be 5.800 million Btu per barrel or equal to the thermal conversion factor for crude oil produced in the United States. See **Crude Oil Production**.

Crude Oil Imports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each type of crude oil imported weighted by the quantities imported. Thermal conversion factors for each type were calculated on a foreign country basis, by determining the average American Petroleum Institute (API) gravity of crude oil imported from each foreign country from Form ERA-60 in 1977 and converting average API gravity to average Btu content by using National Bureau of Standards, Miscellaneous Publication No. 97, *Thermal Properties of Petroleum Products*, 1933.

Crude Oil Production. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.800 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

Distillate Fuel Oil. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.825 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

Ethane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.082 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Ethane-Propane Mixture. EIA calculation of 3.308 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane. See **Ethane** and **Propane**.

Isobutane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.974 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Jet Fuel, Kerosene-Type. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel for "Jet Fuel, Commercial" as published by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in the report *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985*, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Jet Fuel, Naphtha-Type. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.355 million Btu per barrel for "Jet Fuel, Military" as published by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in the report *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985*, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Kerosene. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

Liquefied Petroleum Gases Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all liquefied petroleum gases consumed (see Table A1) weighted by the quantities consumed. The component products of liquefied petroleum gases are ethane (including ethylene), propane (including propylene), normal butane (including butylene), butane-propane mixtures, ethane-propane mixtures, and isobutane. For 1973-1980, quantities consumed are from EIA, Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual," Table 1. For 1981 forward, quantities consumed are from EIA, *Petroleum Supply Annual*, Table 2.

Lubricants. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.065 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956*.

Miscellaneous Products. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.796 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956*.

Motor Gasoline Consumption. 1973-1993: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.253 million Btu per barrel for "Gasoline, Motor Fuel" as published by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985*, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics. 1994 forward: EIA calculated national annual quantity-weighted average conversion factors for conventional, reformulated, and oxygenated motor gasolines (see Table A3). The factor for conventional motor gasoline is 5.253 million Btu per barrel, as used for

previous years. The factors for reformulated and oxygenated gasolines, both currently 5.150 million Btu per barrel, are based on data published in Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Mobile Sources, National Vehicle and Fuel Emissions Laboratory report EPA 420-F-95-003, "Fuel Economy Impact Analysis of Reformulated Gasoline." See **Fuel Ethanol (Blended Into Motor Gasoline)**.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each natural gas plant liquid produced weighted by the quantities produced.

Natural Gasoline. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 4.620 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956*.

Pentanes Plus. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 4.620 million Btu or equal to that for natural gasoline. See **Natural Gasoline**.

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Naphtha less than 401° F. Assumed by EIA to be 5.248 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for special naphthas. See **Special Naphthas**.

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Other Oils equal to or greater than 401° F. Assumed by EIA to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for distillate fuel oil. See **Distillate Fuel Oil**.

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Still Gas. Assumed by EIA to be 6.000 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for still gas. See **Still Gas**.

Petroleum Coke. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.024 million Btu per barrel as reported in Btu per short ton in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950." The Bureau of Mines calculated this factor by dividing 30.120 million Btu per short ton, as given in the referenced Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, by 5.0 barrels per short ton, as given in the Bureau of Mines Form 6-1300-M and successor EIA forms.

Petroleum Consumption, Commercial Sector. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the commercial sector weighted by the estimated quantities consumed by the commercial sector. The quantities of petroleum products consumed by the commercial sector are estimated in the State Energy Data System—see documentation at http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/sep_use/notes/use_petrol.pdf.

Petroleum Consumption, Electric Power Sector. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the electric power sector weighted by the quantities consumed by the electric power sector. Data are from Form

EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report"; Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report"; and predecessor forms.

Petroleum Consumption, Industrial Sector. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the industrial sector weighted by the estimated quantities consumed by the industrial sector. The quantities of petroleum products consumed by the industrial sector are estimated in the State Energy Data System—see documentation at http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/sep_use/notes/use_petrol.pdf.

Petroleum Consumption, Residential Sector. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the residential sector weighted by the estimated quantities consumed by the residential sector. The quantities of petroleum products consumed by the residential sector are estimated in the State Energy Data System—see documentation at http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/sep_use/notes/use_petrol.pdf.

Petroleum Consumption, Total. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed weighted by the quantities consumed.

Petroleum Consumption, Transportation Sector. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the transportation sector weighted by the estimated quantities consumed by the transportation sector. The quantities of petroleum products consumed by the transportation sector are estimated in the State Energy Data System—see documentation at http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/sep_use/notes/use_petrol.pdf.

Petroleum Products Exports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product exported weighted by the quantities exported.

Petroleum Products Imports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product imported weighted by the quantities imported.

Plant Condensate. Estimated to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel by EIA from data provided by McClanahan Consultants, Inc., Houston, Texas.

Propane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.836 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Residual Fuel Oil. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.287 million Btu per barrel as reported in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

Road Oil. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of asphalt (see **Asphalt**)

and was first published by the Bureau of Mines in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970*.

Special Naphthas. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.248 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of the total gasoline (aviation and motor) factor and was first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970*.

Still Gas. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimated thermal conversion factor of 6.000 million Btu per barrel, first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970*.

Total Petroleum Exports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for crude oil and each petroleum product exported weighted by the quantities exported. See **Crude Oil Exports** and **Petroleum Products Exports**.

Total Petroleum Imports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each type of crude oil and petroleum product imported weighted by the quantities imported. See **Crude Oil Imports** and **Petroleum Products Imports**.

Unfinished Oils. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for distillate fuel oil (see **Distillate Fuel Oil**) and first published it in EIA's *Annual Report to Congress, Volume 3, 1977*.

Unfractionated Stream. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for plant condensate (see **Plant Condensate**) and first published it in EIA's *Annual Report to Congress, Volume 2, 1981*.

Waxes. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.537 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956*.

Approximate Heat Content of Biofuels

Biodiesel. EIA estimated the gross heat content (higher heating value) for biodiesel to be 5.359 million Btu per barrel.

Biodiesel Feedstock. EIA estimated the soybean oil input to the production of biodiesel to be 5.433 million Btu soybean oil per barrel biodiesel, which is used as the approximate gross heat content (higher heating value) for total biomass inputs to the production of biodiesel.

Ethanol Feedstock. EIA estimated the corn input to the production of fuel ethanol (million Btu corn per denatured barrel ethanol), which is used as the approximate heat content for total biomass inputs to the production of fuel ethanol.

Fuel Ethanol (Blended Into Motor Gasoline). EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 3.539 million Btu per barrel published in "Oxygenate Flexibility for Future Fuels," a paper presented by William J. Piel of the ARCO Chemical Company at the National Conference on

Reformulated Gasolines and Clean Air Act Implementation, Washington, D.C., October 1991.

Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas

Natural Gas Consumption, Electric Power Sector. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas consumed by the electric power sector by the quantity consumed. Data are from Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report"; Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report"; and predecessor forms.

Natural Gas Consumption, End-Use Sectors. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas consumed by the end-use sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) by the quantity consumed. Data are from Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

Natural Gas Consumption, Total. 1973–1979: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor calculated annually by the American Gas Association (AGA) and published in *Gas Facts*, an AGA annual publication. 1980 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas consumed by the total quantity consumed.

Natural Gas Exports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas exported by the quantity exported. For 1973–1995, data are from Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas." Beginning in 1996, data are from U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Fossil Energy, *Natural Gas Imports and Exports*.

Natural Gas Imports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas imported by the quantity imported. For 1973–1995, data are from Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas." Beginning in 1996, data are from U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Fossil Energy, *Natural Gas Imports and Exports*.

Natural Gas Production, Dry. Assumed by EIA to be equal to the thermal conversion factor for dry natural gas consumed. See **Natural Gas Consumption, Total**.

Natural Gas Production, Marketed. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of dry natural gas produced (see **Natural Gas Production, Dry**) and natural gas plant liquids produced (see **Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production**) by the total quantity of marketed natural gas produced.

Approximate Heat Content of Coal and Coal Coke

Coal Coke Imports and Exports. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimate of 24.800 million Btu per short ton.

Coal Consumption, Electric Power Sector. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of coal consumed by the electric power sector by the quantity consumed. Data are from Form EIA-860, “Annual Electric Generator Report”; Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report”; and predecessor forms.

Coal Consumption, End-Use Sectors. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of coal consumed by the end-use sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) by the quantity consumed.

Coal Consumption, Industrial Sector, Coke Plants. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of coal consumed by coke plants by the quantity consumed. Data are from Form EIA-5, “Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Coke Plants.”

Coal Consumption, Industrial Sector, Other. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of coal consumed by manufacturing plants by the quantity consumed. Data are from Form EIA-3, “Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Manufacturing Plants.”

Coal Consumption, Residential and Commercial Sectors. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of coal consumed by the residential and commercial sectors by the quantity consumed. Through 1999, data are from Form EIA-6, “Coal Distribution Report.” Beginning in 2000, data are for commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants from Form EIA-860, “Annual Electric Generator Report”; and Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report.”

Coal Consumption, Total. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of coal consumed by all sectors by the total quantity consumed.

Coal Exports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of steam coal and metallurgical coal exported by the quantity exported. Data are from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, “Monthly Report EM 545.”

Coal Imports. Assumed by EIA to be 25,000 million Btu per short ton.

Coal Production. Calculated annually by EIA to balance the heat content of coal supply (production and imports) and the heat content of coal disposition (exports, stock change, and consumption).

Waste Coal Supplied. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of waste coal supplied by the quantity supplied. For 1989–1997, data are from Form EIA-867, “Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report.” For 1998–2000, data are from Form EIA-860B, “Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility.” For 2001–2003, data are from Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report,” and Form EIA-3, “Quarterly Coal Consumption

and Quality Report—Manufacturing Plants.” For 2004 forward, data are from Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report,” Form EIA-920, “Combined Heat and Power Plant Report,” and Form EIA-3, “Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Manufacturing Plants.”

Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity

Electricity Net Generation, Fossil-Fueled Plants. There is no generally accepted practice for measuring the thermal conversion rates for power plants that generate electricity from hydro, wind, photovoltaic, or solar thermal energy sources. Therefore, EIA calculates a rate factor that is equal to the annual average heat rate factor for fossil-fueled power plants in the United States. By using that factor, it is possible to evaluate fossil fuel requirements for replacing those sources during periods of interruption, such as droughts. The heat content of a kilowatthour of electricity produced, regardless of the generation process, is 3,412 Btu. 1973–1988: The weighted annual average heat rate for fossil-fueled steam-electric power plants in the United States, as published in EIA, *Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses 1991*, Table 9. 1989–2000: Calculated annually by EIA by using the heat rate reported on Form EIA-860, “Annual Electric Generator Report” (and predecessor forms); and the generation on Form EIA-759, “Monthly Power Plant Report.” The computation includes data for all electric utility steam-electric plants using fossil fuels. 2001 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by using fuel consumption and net generation data reported on Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report.” The computation includes data for all electric utilities and electricity-only independent power producers using fossil fuels.

Electricity Net Generation, Geothermal Energy Plants. 1973–1981: Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the annual average heat rates of operating geothermal units by the installed nameplate capacities as reported on Form FPC-12, “Power System Statement.” 1982 forward: Estimated annually by EIA on the basis of an informal survey of relevant plants.

Electricity Net Generation, Nuclear Plants. 1973–1984: Calculated annually by dividing the total heat content consumed in nuclear generating units by the total (net) electricity generated by nuclear generating units. The heat content and electricity generation were reported on Form FERC-1, “Annual Report of Major Electric Utilities, Licensees, and Others”; Form EIA-412, “Annual Report of Public Electric Utilities”; and predecessor forms. For 1982, the factors were published in EIA, *Historical Plant Cost and Annual Production Expenses for Selected Electric Plants 1982*, page 215. For 1983 and 1984, the factors were published in EIA, *Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses 1991*, Table 13. 1985 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by using the heat rate reported on Form EIA-860, “Annual Electric Generator Report” (and predecessor forms); and the generation reported on Form EIA-906, “Power Plant Report.”

Thermal Metric and Other Conversion Factors

Data presented in the *Monthly Energy Review* and in other Energy Information Administration publications are expressed predominately in units that historically have been used in the United States, such as British thermal units, barrels, cubic feet, and short tons. However, because U.S. commerce involves other nations, most of which use metric units of measure, the U.S. Government is committed to the transition to the metric system, as stated in the Metric Conversion Act of 1975 (Public Law 94–168), amended by the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (Public Law 100–418), and Executive Order 12770 of July 25, 1991.

The metric conversion factors presented in Table B1 can be used to calculate the metric-unit equivalents of values expressed in U.S. Customary units. For example, 500 short

tons are the equivalent of 453.6 metric tons (500 short tons $\times 0.9071847$ metric tons/short ton = 453.6 metric tons).

In the metric system of weights and measures, the names of multiples and subdivisions of any unit may be derived by combining the name of the unit with prefixes, such as deka, hecto, and kilo, meaning, respectively, 10, 100, 1,000, and deci, centi, and milli, meaning, respectively, one-tenth, one-hundredth, and one-thousandth. Common metric prefixes can be found in Table B2.

The conversion factors presented in Table B3 can be used to calculate equivalents in various physical units commonly used in energy analyses. For example, 10 barrels are the equivalent of 420 U.S. gallons (10 barrels $\times 42$ gallons/barrel = 420 gallons).

Table B1. Metric Conversion Factors

| Type of Unit | U.S. Unit | | Equivalent in Metric Units |
|--------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Mass | 1 short ton (2,000 lb) | = | 0.907 184 7 metric tons (t) |
| | 1 long ton | = | 1.016 047 metric tons (t) |
| | 1 pound (lb) | = | 0.453 592 37 ^a kilograms (kg) |
| | 1 pound uranium oxide (lb U ₃ O ₈) | = | 0.384 647 ^b kilograms uranium (kgU) |
| | 1 ounce, avoirdupois (avdp oz) | = | 28.349 52 grams (g) |
| Volume | 1 barrel of oil (bbl) | = | 0.158 987 3 cubic meters (m ³) |
| | 1 cubic yard (yd ³) | = | 0.764 555 cubic meters (m ³) |
| | 1 cubic foot (ft ³) | = | 0.028 316 85 cubic meters (m ³) |
| | 1 U.S. gallon (gal) | = | 3.785 412 liters (L) |
| | 1 ounce, fluid (fl oz) | = | 29.573 53 milliliters (mL) |
| | 1 cubic inch (in ³) | = | 16.387 06 milliliters (mL) |
| Length | 1 mile (mi) | = | 1.609 344 ^a kilometers (km) |
| | 1 yard (yd) | = | 0.914 4 ^a meters (m) |
| | 1 foot (ft) | = | 0.304 8 ^a meters (m) |
| | 1 inch (in) | = | 2.54 ^a centimeters (cm) |
| Area | 1 acre | = | 0.404 69 hectares (ha) |
| | 1 square mile (mi ²) | = | 2.589 988 square kilometers (km ²) |
| | 1 square yard (yd ²) | = | 0.836 127 4 square meters (m ²) |
| | 1 square foot (ft ²) | = | 0.092 903 04 ^a square meters (m ²) |
| | 1 square inch (in ²) | = | 6.451 6 ^a square centimeters (cm ²) |
| Energy | 1 British thermal unit (Btu) ^c | = | 1,055.055 852 62 ^a joules (J) |
| | 1 calorie (cal) | = | 4.186 8 ^a joules (J) |
| | 1 kilowatthour (kWh) | = | 3.6 ^a megajoules (MJ) |
| Temperature^d | 32 degrees Fahrenheit (°F) | = | 0 ^a degrees Celsius (°C) |
| | 212 degrees Fahrenheit (°F) | = | 100 ^a degrees Celsius (°C) |

^aExact conversion.

^bCalculated by the Energy Information Administration.

^cThe Btu used in this table is the International Table Btu adopted by the Fifth International Conference on Properties of Steam, London, 1956.

^dTo convert degrees Fahrenheit (°F) to degrees Celsius (°C) exactly, subtract 32, then multiply by 5/9.

Notes: • Spaces have been inserted after every third digit to the right of the decimal for ease of reading. • Most metric units belong to the International System of Units (SI), and the liter, hectare, and metric ton are accepted for use with the SI units. For more information about the SI units, see <http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/Units/index.html>.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append_b.html.

Sources: • General Services Administration, Federal Standard 376B, *Preferred Metric Units for General Use by the Federal Government* (Washington, DC, January 1993), pp. 9-11, 13, and 16. • U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Special Publications 330, 811, and 814. • American National Standards Institute/Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers, ANSI/IEEE Std 268-1992, pp. 28 and 29.

Table B2. Metric Prefixes

| Unit Multiple | Prefix | Symbol | Unit Subdivision | Prefix | Symbol |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 10^1 | deka | da | 10^{-1} | deci | d |
| 10^2 | hecto | h | 10^{-2} | centi | c |
| 10^3 | kilo | k | 10^{-3} | milli | m |
| 10^6 | mega | M | 10^{-6} | micro | μ |
| 10^9 | giga | G | 10^{-9} | nano | n |
| 10^{12} | tera | T | 10^{-12} | pico | p |
| 10^{15} | peta | P | 10^{-15} | femto | f |
| 10^{18} | exa | E | 10^{-18} | atto | a |
| 10^{21} | zetta | Z | 10^{-21} | zepto | z |
| 10^{24} | yotta | Y | 10^{-24} | yocto | y |

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append_b.html.Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, *The International System of Units (SI)*, NIST Special Publication 330, 1991 Edition (Washington, DC, August 1991), p.10.**Table B3. Other Physical Conversion Factors**

| Energy Source | Original Unit | | Equivalent in Final Units | |
|----------------------|----------------------|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Petroleum | 1 barrel (bbl) | = | 42 ^a | U.S. gallons (gal) |
| Coal | 1 short ton | = | 2,000 ^a | pounds (lb) |
| | 1 long ton | = | 2,240 ^a | pounds (lb) |
| | 1 metric ton (t) | = | 1,000 ^a | kilograms (kg) |
| Wood | 1 cord (cd) | = | 1.25 ^b | shorts tons |
| | 1 cord (cd) | = | 128 ^a | cubic feet (ft^3) |

^aExact conversion.^bCalculated by the Energy Information Administration.Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append_b.html.Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, *Specifications, Tolerances, and Other Technical Requirements for Weighing and Measuring Devices*, NIST Handbook 44, 1994 Edition (Washington, DC, October 1993), pp. B-10, C-17 and C-21.

Glossary

Alcohol: The family name of a group of organic chemical compounds composed of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen. The series of molecules vary in chain length and are composed of a **hydrocarbon** plus a hydroxyl group; CH(3)-(CH₂)_n-OH (e.g., **methanol**, **ethanol**, and tertiary butyl alcohol). See **Fuel Ethanol**.

Anthracite: The highest rank of **coal**; used primarily for residential and commercial space heating. It is a hard, brittle, and black lustrous coal, often referred to as hard coal, containing a high percentage of fixed carbon and a low percentage of volatile matter. The moisture content of fresh-mined anthracite generally is less than 15 percent. The heat content of anthracite ranges from 22 to 28 million **Btu per short ton** on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of anthracite coal consumed in the United States averages 25 million Btu per short ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter). *Note:* Since the 1980's, anthracite refuse or mine waste has been used for steam-electric power generation. This fuel typically has a heat content of 15 million Btu per ton or less.

Asphalt: A dark-brown-to-black cement-like material containing bitumens as the predominant constituents obtained by petroleum processing. The definition includes crude asphalt as well as the following finished products: cements, fluxes, the asphalt content of emulsions (exclusive of water), and petroleum distillates blended with asphalt to make cutback asphalts.

ASTM: The American Society for Testing and Materials.

Aviation Gasoline Blending Components: Naphthas that will be used for blending or compounding into finished aviation gasoline (e.g., straight run gasoline, alkylate, reformat, benzene, toluene, and xylene). Excludes oxygenates (alcohols, ethers), butane, and pentanes plus.

Aviation Gasoline, Finished: A complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons with or without small quantities of additives, blended to form a fuel suitable for use in aviation reciprocating engines. Fuel specifications are provided in ASTM Specification D 910 and Military Specification MIL-G-5572. *Note:* Data on blending components are not counted in data on finished aviation gasoline.

Barrel (Petroleum): A unit of volume equal to 42 U.S. Gallons.

Base Gas: The volume of gas needed as a permanent inventory to maintain adequate underground storage reservoir pressures and deliverability rates throughout the withdrawal season. All native gas is included in the base gas volume.

Biodiesel: Any liquid **biofuel** suitable as a diesel fuel substitute or diesel fuel additive or extender. Biodiesel fuels are typically made from oils such as soybean, rapeseed, or sunflower, or from animal tallow. Biodiesel can also be made from **hydrocarbons** derived from agricultural products such as rice hulls.

Biofuels: Liquid fuels and blending components produced from **biomass** (plant) feedstocks, used primarily for transportation. See **Biodiesel** and **Fuel Ethanol**.

Biogenic: Produced by biological processes of living organisms. Note: EIA uses the term "biogenic" to refer only to organic nonfossil material of biological origin.

Biomass: Organic nonfossil material of biological origin constituting a **renewable energy** source. See **Biodiesel**, **Biofuels**, **Fuel Ethanol**, **Waste Energy**, and **Wood Energy**.

Bituminous Coal: A dense **coal**, usually black, sometimes dark brown, often with well-defined bands of bright and dull material, used primarily as fuel in steam-electric power generation, with substantial quantities also used for heat and power applications in manufacturing and to make **coke**. Bituminous coal is the most abundant coal in active U.S. mining regions. Its moisture content usually is less than 20 percent. The heat content of bituminous coal ranges from 21 to 30 million **Btu per short ton** on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of bituminous coal consumed in the United States averages 24 million Btu per short ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter).

Black Liquor: A byproduct of the paper production process, alkaline spent liquor, that can be used as a source of energy. Alkaline spent liquor is removed from the digesters in the process of chemically pulping wood. After evaporation, the residual "black" liquor is burned as a fuel in a recovery furnace that permits the recovery of certain basic chemicals.

British Thermal Unit (Btu): The quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 pound of liquid water by 1 degree Fahrenheit at the temperature at which water has its greatest density (approximately 39 degrees Fahrenheit). See **Heat Content**.

Btu: See **British Thermal Unit**.

Butane: A normally gaseous straight-chain or branched-chain hydrocarbon (C₄H₁₀). It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes isobutane and normal butane and is designated in ASTM Specification D1835

and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial butane.

Isobutane: A normally gaseous branched-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of 10.9° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams.

Normal Butane: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of 31.1° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams.

Butylene: An olefinic hydrocarbon (C_4H_8) recovered from refinery processes.

Capacity Factor: The ratio of the electrical energy produced by a generating unit for a given period of time to the electrical energy that could have been produced at continuous full-power operation during the same period.

Chained Dollars: A measure used to express **real prices**. Real prices are those that have been adjusted to remove the effect of changes in the purchasing power of the dollar; they usually reflect buying power relative to a reference year. Prior to 1996, real prices were expressed in constant dollars, a measure based on the weights of goods and services in a single year, usually a recent year. In 1996, the U.S. Department of Commerce introduced the chained-dollar measure. The new measure is based on the average weights of goods and services in successive pairs of years. It is "chained" because the second year in each pair, with its weights, becomes the first year of the next pair. The advantage of using the chained-dollar measure is that it is more closely related to any given period and is therefore subject to less distortion over time.

CIF: See **Cost, Insurance, Freight**.

City Gate: A point or measuring station at which a distribution gas utility receives gas from a natural gas pipeline company or transmission system.

Coal: A readily combustible black or brownish-black rock whose composition, including inherent moisture, consists of more than 50 percent by weight and more than 70 percent by volume of carbonaceous material. It is formed from plant remains that have been compacted, hardened, chemically altered, and metamorphosed by heat and pressure over geologic time. See **Anthracite**, **Bituminous Coal**, **Lignite**, **Subbituminous Coal**, **Waste Coal**, and **Coal Synfuel**.

Coal Coke: See **Coke**, **Coal**.

Coal Stocks: Coal quantities that are held in storage for future use and disposition. Note: When coal data are collected for a particular reporting period (month, quarter,

or year), coal stocks are commonly measured as of the last day of the period.

Coal Synfuel: Coal-based solid fuel that has been processed by a **coal synfuel plant**; and coal-based fuels such as briquettes, pellets, or extrusions, which are formed from fresh or recycled coal and binding materials.

Coal Synfuel Plant: A plant engaged in the chemical transformation of **coal** into **coal synfuel**.

Coke, Coal: A solid carbonaceous residue derived from low-ash, low-sulfur bituminous coal from which the volatile constituents are driven off by baking in an oven at temperatures as high as 2,000° F so that the fixed carbon and residual ash are fused together. Coke is used as a fuel and as a reducing agent in smelting iron ore in a blast furnace. Coke (coal) has a heating value of 24.8 million Btu per ton.

Coke, Petroleum: A residue high in carbon content and low in hydrogen that is the final product of thermal decomposition in the condensation process in cracking. This product is reported as marketable coke or catalyst coke. The conversion is 5 barrels (42 U.S. gallons each) per short ton. Coke (petroleum) has a heating value of 6.024 million Btu per barrel.

Coking Coal: Bituminous coal suitable for making coke. See **Coke, Coal**.

Combined-Heat-and-Power (CHP) Plant: A plant designed to produce both heat and electricity from a single heat source. Note: This term is being used in place of the term "cogenerator" that was used by EIA in the past. CHP better describes the facilities because some of the plants included do not produce heat and power in a sequential fashion and, as a result, do not meet the legal definition of cogeneration specified in the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act (PURPA).

Commercial Sector: An energy-consuming sector that consists of service-providing facilities and equipment of: businesses; Federal, State, and local governments; and other private and public organizations, such as religious, social, or fraternal groups. The commercial sector includes institutional living quarters. It also includes sewage treatment facilities. Common uses of energy associated with this sector include space heating, water heating, air conditioning, lighting, refrigeration, cooking, and running a wide variety of other equipment. Note: This sector includes generators that produce electricity and/or useful thermal output primarily to support the activities of the above-mentioned commercial establishments. Various EIA programs differ in sectoral coverage—for more information see

<http://www.eia.doe.gov/neic/databdefinitions/Guideforwebcom.htm>. See **End-Use Sectors** and **Energy-Use Sectors**.

Completion: The installation of permanent equipment for the production of oil or gas. If a well is equipped to produce only oil or gas from one zone or reservoir, the definition of a well (classified as an oil well or gas well) and the definition of a completion are identical. However, if a well is equipped to produce oil and/or gas separately from more than one reservoir, a well is not synonymous with a completion.

Conventional Gasoline: Finished motor gasoline not included in the oxygenated or reformulated gasoline categories. *Note:* This category excludes reformulated gasoline blendstock for oxygenate blending (RBOB) as well as other blendstock.

Conventional Hydroelectric Power: Hydroelectric power generated from flowing water that is not created by hydroelectric pumped storage.

Conversion Factor: A number that translates units of one system into corresponding values of another system. Conversion factors can be used to translate physical units of measure for various fuels into Btu equivalents. See **British Thermal Unit**.

Cost, Insurance, Freight (CIF): A sales transaction in which the seller pays for the transportation and insurance of the goods to the port of destination specified by the buyer.

Crude Oil: A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in natural underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Depending upon the characteristics of the crude stream, it may also include: 1) small amounts of hydrocarbons that exist in gaseous phase in natural underground reservoirs but are liquid at atmospheric pressure after being recovered from oil well (casinghead) gas in lease separators and are subsequently commingled with the crude stream without being separately measured. Lease condensate recovered as a liquid from natural gas wells in lease or field separation facilities and later mixed into the crude stream is also included; 2) small amounts of nonhydrocarbons produced with the oil, such as sulfur and various metals; and 3) drip gases, and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, oil sands, gilsonite, and oil shale.

Liquids produced at natural gas processing plants are excluded. Crude oil is refined to produce a wide array of petroleum products, including heating oils; gasoline, diesel and jet fuels; lubricants; asphalt; ethane, propane, and butane; and many other products used for their energy or chemical content.

Crude Oil F.O.B. Price: The crude oil price actually charged at the oil-producing country's port of loading. Includes deductions for any rebates and discounts or additions of premiums, where applicable. It is the actual price paid with no adjustment for credit terms.

Crude Oil (Including Lease Condensate): A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Included are lease condensate and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite, and oil shale. Drip gases are also included, but topped crude oil (residual oil) and other unfinished oils are excluded. Where identifiable, liquids produced at natural gas processing plants and mixed with crude oil are likewise excluded.

Crude Oil Landed Cost: The price of crude oil at the port of discharge, including charges associated with the purchase, transporting, and insuring of a cargo from the purchase point to the port of discharge. The cost does not include charges incurred at the discharge port (e.g., import tariffs or fees, wharfage charges, and demurrage).

Crude Oil Refinery Input: The total crude oil put into processing units at refineries.

Crude Oil Stocks: Stocks of crude oil and lease condensate held at refineries, in pipelines, at pipeline terminals, and on leases.

Crude Oil Used Directly: Crude oil consumed as fuel by crude oil pipelines and on crude oil leases.

Crude Oil Well: A well completed for the production of crude oil from one or more oil zones or reservoirs. Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.

Cubic Foot (Natural Gas): A unit of volume equal to 1 cubic foot at a pressure base of 14.73 pounds standard per square inch absolute and a temperature base of 60° F.

Degree-Day Normals: Simple arithmetic averages of monthly or annual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the 30-year period 1961-1990). The averages may be simple degree-day normals or population-weighted degree-day normals.

Degree-Days, Cooling (CDD): A measure of how warm a location is over a period of time relative to a base temperature, most commonly specified as 65 degrees Fahrenheit. The measure is computed for each day by subtracting the base temperature (65 degrees) from the average of the day's high and low temperatures, with negative values set equal to zero. Each day's cooling degree-days are summed to create a cooling degree-day measure for a specified reference period. Cooling degree-days are used in energy analysis as an indicator of air conditioning energy requirements or use.

Degree-Days, Heating (HDD): A measure of how cold a location is over a period of time relative to a base temperature, most commonly specified as 65 degrees Fahrenheit. The measure is computed for each day by

subtracting the average of the day's high and low temperatures from the base temperature (65 degrees), with negative values set equal to zero. Each day's heating degree-days are summed to create a heating degree-day measure for a specified reference period. Heating degree-days are used in energy analysis as an indicator of space heating energy requirements or use.

Degree-Days, Population-Weighted: Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute State population-weighted degree-days, each State is divided into from one to nine climatically homogeneous divisions, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the division to the total population of the State. Degree-day readings for each division are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each division and those products are then summed to arrive at the State population-weighted degree-day figure. To compute national population-weighted degree-days, the Nation is divided into nine Census regions, each comprising from three to eight States, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degree-day readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and those products are then summed to arrive at the national population-weighted degree-day figure.

Design Electrical Rating, Net: The nominal net electrical output of a nuclear unit as specified by the electric utility for the purpose of plant design.

Development Well: A well drilled within the proved area of an oil or gas reservoir to the depth of a stratigraphic horizon known to be productive.

Diesel Fuel: A fuel composed of **distillate fuel oils** obtained in petroleum refining operation or blends of such distillate fuel oils with **residual fuel oil** used in motor vehicles. The boiling point and specific gravity are higher for diesel fuels than for gasoline.

Direct Use: Use of electricity that 1) is self-generated, 2) is produced by either the same entity that consumes the power or an affiliate, and 3) is used in direct support of a service or industrial process located within the same facility or group of facilities that house the generating equipment. Direct use is exclusive of **station use**.

Distillate Fuel Oil: A general classification for one of the **petroleum** fractions produced in conventional distillation operations. It includes **diesel fuels** and fuel oils. Products known as No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuel are used in on-highway diesel engines, such as those in trucks and automobiles, as well as off-highway engines, such as those in railroad locomotives and agricultural machinery. Products known as No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils are used primarily for space heating and **electricity generation**.

Dry Hole: An exploratory or development well found to be incapable of producing either oil or gas in sufficient quantities to justify completion as an oil or gas well.

Dry Natural Gas Production: See **Natural Gas (Dry) Production**.

Electric Power Plant: A station containing prime movers, electric generators, and auxiliary equipment for converting mechanical, chemical, and/or fission energy into electric energy.

Electric Power Sector: An energy-consuming sector that consists of electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public-i.e., North American Industry Classification System 22 plants. See also **Combined-Heat-and-Power (CHP) Plant**, **Electricity-Only Plant**, **Electric Utility**, and **Independent Power Producer**.

Electric Utility: Any entity that generates, transmits, or distributes **electricity** and recovers the cost of its generation, transmission or distribution assets and operations, either directly or indirectly, through cost-based rates set by a separate regulatory authority (e.g., State Public Service Commission), or is owned by a governmental unit or the consumers that the entity serves. Examples of these entities include: investor-owned entities, public power districts, public utility districts, municipalities, rural electric cooperatives, and State and Federal agencies. Electric utilities may have Federal Energy Regulatory Commission approval for interconnection agreements and wholesale trade tariffs covering either cost-of-service and/or market-based rates under the authority of the Federal Power Act. See **Electric Power Sector**.

Electrical System Energy Losses: The amount of energy lost during generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity, including plant and unaccounted-for uses.

Electricity: A form of energy characterized by the presence and motion of elementary charged particles generated by friction, induction, or chemical change.

Electricity Generation: The process of producing electric energy, or the amount of electric energy produced by transforming other forms of energy, commonly expressed in **kilowatthours** (kWh) or megawatthours (Mwh).

Electricity Generation, Gross: The total amount of electric energy produced by generating units and measured at the generating terminal in **kilowatthours** (kWh) or megawatthours (MWh).

Electricity Generation, Net: The amount of **gross electricity generation** less **station use** (the **electric energy** consumed at the generating station(s) for station service or auxiliaries). *Note:* Electricity required for pumping at

hydroelectric pumped-storage plants is regarded as electricity for station service and is deducted from gross generation.

Electricity-Only Plant: A plant designed to produce electricity only. See also **Combined-Heat-and-Power (CHP) Plant.**

Electricity Retail Sales: The amount of electricity sold to customers purchasing electricity for their own use and not for resale.

End-Use Sectors: The **residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation** sectors of the economy.

Energy: The capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy). Energy has several forms, some of which are easily convertible and can be changed to another form useful for work. Most of the world's convertible energy comes from fossil fuels that are burned to produce heat that is then used as a transfer medium to mechanical or other means in order to accomplish tasks. Electrical energy is usually measured in kilowatthours, while heat energy is usually measured in British thermal units.

Energy Consumption: The use of energy as a source of heat or power or as an input in the manufacturing process.

Energy Service Provider: An energy entity that provides service to a retail or end-use customer.

Energy-Use Sectors: A group of major energy-consuming components of U.S. society developed to measure and analyze energy use. The sectors most commonly referred to in EIA are: **residential, commercial, industrial, transportation, and electric power.**

Ethane: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon (C_2H_6). It is a colorless, paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of -127.48° F. It is extracted from natural gas and refinery gas streams.

Ethanol (CH_3-CH_2OH): A clear, colorless, flammable oxygenated **hydrocarbon**. Ethanol is typically produced chemically from **ethylene**, or biologically from fermentation of various sugars from carbohydrates found in agricultural crops and cellulosic residues from crops or wood. It is used in the United States as a gasoline octane enhancer and **oxygenate** (blended up to 10 percent concentration). Ethanol can also be used in high concentrations (E85) in vehicles designed for its use. See **Alcohol** and **Fuel Ethanol**.

Ethylene: An olefinic hydrocarbon (C_2H_4) recovered from refinery processes or petrochemical processes.

Exploratory Well: A well drilled to find and produce oil or gas in an area previously considered an unproductive area, to

find a new reservoir in a known field (i.e., one previously found to be producing oil or gas in another reservoir), or to extend the limit of a known oil or gas reservoir.

Exports: Shipments of goods from within the 50 States and the District of Columbia to U.S. possessions and territories or to foreign countries.

Extraction Loss: The reduction in volume of natural gas due to the removal of natural gas liquid constituents, such as ethane, propane, and butane, at natural gas processing plants.

Federal Energy Administration (FEA): A predecessor of the Energy Information Administration.

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC): The Federal agency with jurisdiction over interstate electricity sales, wholesale electric rates, hydroelectric licensing, natural gas pricing, oil pipeline rates, and gas pipeline certification. FERC is an independent regulatory agency within the Department of Energy and is the successor to the Federal Power Commission.

Federal Power Commission (FPC): The predecessor agency of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The Federal Power Commission was created by an Act of Congress under the Federal Water Power Act on June 10, 1920. It was charged originally with regulating the electric power and natural gas industries. It was abolished on September 30, 1977, when the Department of Energy was created. Its functions were divided between the Department of Energy and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, an independent regulatory agency.

First Purchase Price: The marketed first sales price of domestic crude oil, consistent with the removal price defined by the provisions of the Windfall Profits Tax on Domestic Crude Oil (Public Law 96-223, Sec. 4998 (c)).

Flared Natural Gas: Natural gas burned in flares on the base site or at gas processing plants.

F.O.B. (Free on Board): A sales transaction in which the seller makes the product available for pick up at a specified port or terminal at a specified price and the buyer pays for the subsequent transportation and insurance.

Footage Drilled: Total footage for wells in various categories, as reported for any specified period, includes (1) the deepest total depth (length of well bores) of all wells drilled from the surface, (2) the total of all bypassed footage drilled in connection with reported wells, and (3) all new footage drilled for directional sidetrack wells. Footage reported for directional sidetrack wells does not include footage in the common bore, which is reported as footage for the original well. In the case of old wells drilled deeper, the reported footage is that which was drilled below the total depth of the old well.

Former U.S.S.R.: See **U.S.S.R.**

Fossil Fuel: An energy source formed in the Earth's crust from decayed organic material, such as **petroleum**, **coal**, and **natural gas**.

Fossil-Fueled Steam-Electric Power Plant: An electricity generation plant in which the prime mover is a turbine rotated by high-pressure steam produced in a boiler by heat from burning fossil fuels.

Fuel Ethanol (CH₃CH₂OH): An anhydrous, denatured aliphatic **alcohol** intended for **motor gasoline blending**. See **Ethanol** and **Oxygenates**.

Full-Power Operation: Operation of a nuclear generating unit at 100 percent of its design capacity. Full-power operation precedes commercial operation.

Gasohol: A blend of finished motor gasoline containing alcohol (generally ethanol but sometimes methanol) at a concentration between 5.7 percent and 10 percent by volume. See **Motor Gasoline, Oxygenated**.

Gas Well: A well completed for the production of natural gas from one or more gas zones or reservoirs. (Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.)

Geothermal Energy: Hot water or steam extracted from geothermal reservoirs in the earth's crust and used for geothermal heat pumps, water heating, or electricity generation.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP): The total value of goods and services produced by labor and property located in the United States. As long as the labor and property are located in the United States, the supplier (that is, the workers and, for property, the owners) may be either U.S. residents or residents of foreign countries.

GT/IC: Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.

Heat Content: The amount of heat energy available to be released by the transformation or use of a specified physical unit of an energy form (e.g., a ton of coal, a barrel of oil, a kilowatthour of electricity, a cubic foot of natural gas, or a pound of steam). The amount of heat energy is commonly expressed in **British thermal units (Btu)**. *Note:* Heat content of combustible energy forms can be expressed in terms of either gross heat content (higher or upper heating value) or net heat content (lower heating value), depending upon whether or not the available heat energy includes or excludes the energy used to vaporize water (contained in the original energy form or created during the combustion process). The Energy Information Administration typically uses gross heat content values.

Heat Rate: A measure of generating station thermal efficiency commonly stated as **Btu per kilowatthour**. *Note:*

Heat rates can be expressed as either gross or net heat rates, depending whether the electricity output is gross or net generation. Heat rates are typically expressed as net heat rates.

Hydrocarbon: An organic chemical compound of hydrogen and carbon in the gaseous, liquid, or solid phase. The molecular structure of hydrocarbon compounds varies from the simplest (methane, the primary constituent of natural gas) to the very heavy and very complex.

Hydroelectric Power: The production of electricity from the kinetic energy of falling water.

Hydroelectric Power Plant: A plant in which the turbine generators are driven by falling water.

Hydroelectric Pumped Storage: Hydroelectricity that is generated during peak load periods by using water previously pumped into an elevated storage reservoir during off-peak periods when excess generating capacity is available to do so. When additional generating capacity is needed, the water can be released from the reservoir through a conduit to turbine generators located in a power plant at a lower level.

Imports: Receipts of goods into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from U.S. possessions and territories or from foreign countries.

Independent Power Producer: A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other legal entity or instrumentality that owns or operates facilities for the generation of electricity for use primarily by the public, and that is not an **electric utility**.

Industrial Sector: An **energy-consuming sector** that consists of all facilities and equipment used for producing, processing, or assembling goods. The industrial sector encompasses the following types of activity: manufacturing (NAICS codes 31-33); agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting (NAICS code 11); mining, including oil and gas extraction (NAICS code 21); and construction (NAICS code 23). Overall energy use in this sector is largely for process heat and cooling and powering machinery, with lesser amounts used for facility heating, air conditioning, and lighting. Fossil fuels are also used as raw material inputs to manufactured products. *Note:* This sector includes **generators** that produce **electricity** and/or **useful thermal output** primarily to support the above-mentioned industrial activities. Various EIA programs differ in sectoral coverage—for more information see <http://www.eia.doe.gov/neic/databdefinitions/Guideforwebind.htm>. See **End-Use Sectors** and **Energy-Use Sectors**.

Injections (Natural Gas): Natural gas injected into storage reservoirs.

Isobutane: A normally gaseous branch-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a

temperature of 10.9° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. See **Butane**.

Isobutylene: An olefinic hydrocarbon recovered from refinery processes or petrochemical processes.

Isopentane: A saturated branched-chain hydrocarbon obtained by fractionation of natural gasoline or isomerization of normal pentane.

Jet Fuel: A refined petroleum product used in jet aircraft engines. It includes kerosene-type jet fuel and naphtha-type jet fuel.

Jet Fuel, Kerosene-Type: A kerosene-based product with a maximum distillation temperature of 400° F at the 10-percent recovery point and a final maximum boiling point of 572° F. Fuel specifications are provided in ASTM Specification D 1655 and Military Specifications MIL-T-5624P and MIL-T-83133D (Grades JP-5 and JP-8). It is used primarily for commercial turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines.

Jet Fuel, Naphtha-Type: A fuel in the heavy naphtha boiling range, with an average gravity of 52.8 degrees API, 20 to 90 percent distillation temperatures of 290° to 470° F and meeting Military Specification MIL-T-5624L (Grade JP-4). It is used by the military for turbojet and turboprop engines.

Kerosene: A petroleum distillate having a maximum distillation temperature of 401° F at the 10-percent recovery point, a final boiling point of 572° F, and a minimum flash point of 100° F. Included are the two grades designated in ASTM D3699 (No. 1-K and No. 2-K) and all grades of kerosene called range or stove oil. Kerosene is used in space heaters, cook stoves, and water heaters; it is suitable for use as an illuminant when burned in wick lamps.

Kilowatt: A unit of electrical power equal to 1,000 **watts**.

Kilowatthour (kWh): A measure of electricity defined as a unit of work or energy, measured as 1 **kilowatt** (1,000 **watts**) of power expended for 1 hour. One kilowatthour is equivalent to 3,412 Btu. See **Watthour**.

Landed Costs: The dollar-per-barrel price of crude oil at the port of discharge. Included are the charges associated with the purchase, transporting, and insuring of a cargo from the purchase point to the port of discharge. Not included are charges incurred at the discharge port (e.g., import tariffs or fees, wharfage charges, and demurrage charges).

Lease and Plant Fuel: Natural gas used in well, field, and lease operations (such as gas used in drilling operations, heaters, dehydrators, and field compressors) and used as fuel in natural gas processing plants.

Lease Condensate: A mixture consisting primarily of pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons, which is recovered as a

liquid from natural gas in lease or field separation facilities. Note: This category excludes natural gas liquids, such as butane and propane, which are recovered at natural gas processing plants or facilities.

Lignite: The lowest rank of **coal**, often referred to as brown coal, used almost exclusively as fuel for steam-electric power generation. It is brownish-black and has a high inherent moisture content, sometimes as high as 45 percent. The heat content of lignite ranges from 9 to 17 million **Btu** per **short ton** on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of lignite consumed in the United States averages 13 million **Btu** per short ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter).

Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG): Natural gas (primarily methane) that has been liquefied by reducing its temperature to -260° F at atmospheric pressure.

Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG): Ethane, ethylene, propane, propylene, normal butane, butylene, and isobutane produced at refineries or natural gas processing plants, including plants that fractionate new natural gas plant liquids.

Low-Power Testing: The period of time between a nuclear generating unit's initial fuel loading date and the issuance of its operating (full-power) license. The maximum level of operation during that period is 5 percent of the unit's design thermal rating.

Lubricants: Substances used to reduce friction between bearing surfaces or as process materials either incorporated into other materials used as processing aids in the manufacturing of other products or as carriers of other materials. Petroleum lubricants may be produced either from distillates or residues. Other substances may be added to impart or improve certain required properties. Excluded are byproducts of lubricating oil refining, such as aromatic extracts derived from solvent extraction or tars derived from deasphalting. Included are all grades of lubricating oils from spindle oil to cylinder oil and those used in greases. Lubricant categories are paraffinic and naphthenic.

Marketed Production (Natural Gas): Gross withdrawals less gas used for repressuring, quantities vented and flared, and nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating or processing operations. Includes all quantities of gas used in field and processing operations.

Methane: A colorless, flammable, odorless, hydrocarbon gas (CH_4) that is the principal constituent of natural gas. It is also an important source of hydrogen in various industrial processes.

Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE): An ether, $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{COCH}_3$, intended for motor gasoline blending. See **Oxygenates**.

Methanol: A light, volatile alcohol (CH_3OH) eligible for motor gasoline blending. See **Oxygenates**.

Miscellaneous Petroleum Products: All finished petroleum products not classified elsewhere—for example, petrodatum, lube refining byproducts (aromatic extracts and tars), absorption oils, ram-jet fuel, petroleum rocket fuels, synthetic natural gas feedstocks, and specialty oils.

Motor Gasoline Blending: Mechanical mixing of motor gasoline blending components and oxygenates as required, to produce finished motor gasoline. Finished motor gasoline may be further mixed with other motor gasoline blending components or oxygenates, resulting in increased volumes of finished motor gasoline and/or changes in the formulation of finished motor gasoline (e.g., conventional motor gasoline mixed with MTBE to produce oxygenated motor gasoline).

Motor Gasoline Blending Components: Naphtha (e.g., straight-run gasoline, alkylate, reformate, benzene, toluene, xylene) used for blending or compounding into finished motor gasoline. These components include reformulated gasoline blendstock (RBOB) but exclude oxygenates (alcohols, ethers), butane, and pentanes plus. Note: oxygenates are reported as individual components and are included in the total for other hydrocarbons, hydrogens, and oxygenates.

Motor Gasoline, Finished: A complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons with or without small quantities of additives, blended to form a fuel suitable for use in spark-ignition. Motor gasoline, as defined in ASTM Specification D-4814 or Federal Specification VV-G-1690C, is characterized as having a boiling range of 122°F to 158°F at the 10-percent recovery point to 365°F to 374°F at the 90-percent recovery point. “Motor gasoline” includes conventional gasoline, all types of oxygenated gasoline including gasohol, and reformulated gasoline, but excludes aviation gasoline. Note: Volumetric data on blending components, as well as oxygenates, are not counted in data on finished motor gasoline until the blending components are blended into the gasoline.

Motor Gasoline Grades: The classification of gasoline by octane ratings. Each type of gasoline (conventional, oxygenated, and reformulated) is classified by three grades: regular, midgrade, and premium. Note: Gasoline sales are reported by grade in accordance with their classification at the time of sale. In general, automotive octane requirements are lower at high altitudes. Therefore, in some areas of the United States, such as the Rocky Mountain States, the octane ratings for the gasoline grades may be 2 or more octane points lower.

Regular Gasoline: Gasoline having an antiknock index, i.e., octane rating, greater than or equal to 85 and less than 88. Note: Octane requirements may vary by altitude. See **Motor Gasoline Grades**.

Midgrade Gasoline: Gasoline having an antiknock index, i.e., octane rating, greater than or equal to 88 and less than or equal to 90. Note: Octane requirements may vary by altitude. See **Motor Gasoline Grades**.

Premium Gasoline: Gasoline having an antiknock index, i.e., octane rating, greater than 90. Note: Octane requirements may vary by altitude. See **Motor Gasoline Grades**.

Motor Gasoline, Oxygenated: Finished motor gasoline, other than reformulated gasoline, having an oxygen content of 2.7 percent or higher by weight and required by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to be sold in areas designated by EPA as carbon monoxide (CO) nonattainment areas. Note: Oxygenated gasoline excludes oxygenated fuels program reformulated gasoline (OPRG) and reformulated gasoline blendstock for oxygenate blending (RBOB). Data on gasohol that has at least 2.7 percent oxygen, by weight, and is intended for sale inside CO nonattainment areas are included in data on oxygenated gasoline. Other data on gasohol are included in data on conventional gasoline.

Motor Gasoline, Reformulated: Finished motor gasoline formulated for use in motor vehicles, the composition and properties of which meet the requirements of the reformulated gasoline regulations promulgated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency under Section 211(k) of the Clean Air Act. Note: This category includes oxygenated fuels program reformulated gasoline (OPRG) but excludes reformulated gasoline blendstock for oxygenate blending (RBOB).

Motor Gasoline Retail Prices: Motor gasoline prices calculated each month by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) in conjunction with the construction of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Those prices are collected in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers—about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-service).

Motor Gasoline (Total): For stock level data, a sum including finished motor gasoline stocks plus stocks of motor gasoline blending components but excluding stocks of oxygenates.

MTBE: See **Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether**.

NAICS (North American Industry Classification System): A coding system developed jointly by the United States, Canada, and Mexico to classify businesses and industries according to the type of economic activity in which they are engaged. NAICS replaces the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes. For additional information on NAICS, go to <http://www.census.gov/epcd/www/naics.html>.

Naphtha: A generic term applied to a petroleum fraction with an approximate boiling range between 122 and 400° F.

Natural Gas: A gaseous mixture of hydrocarbon compounds, primarily methane, used as a fuel for electricity generation and in a variety of ways in buildings, and as raw material input and fuel for industrial processes.

Natural Gas, Dry: Natural gas which remains after: 1) the liquefiable hydrocarbon portion has been removed from the gas stream (i.e., gas after lease, field, and/or plant separation); and 2) any volumes of nonhydrocarbon gases have been removed where they occur in sufficient quantity to render the gas unmarketable. *Note:* Dry natural gas is also known as consumer-grade natural gas. The parameters for measurement are cubic feet at 60 degrees Fahrenheit and 14.73 pounds per square inch absolute.

Natural Gas (Dry) Production: The process of producing consumer-grade natural gas. Natural gas withdrawn from reservoirs is reduced by volumes used at the production (lease) site and by processing losses. Volumes used at the production site include 1) the volume returned to reservoirs in cycling, repressuring of oil reservoirs, and conservation operations; and 2) gas vented and flared. Processing losses include 1) nonhydrocarbon gases (e.g., water vapor, carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen) removed from the gas stream; and 2) gas converted to liquid form, such as lease condensate and plant liquids. Volumes of dry gas withdrawn from gas storage reservoirs are not considered part of production. Dry natural gas production equals marketed production less extraction loss.

Natural Gas Marketed Production: Gross withdrawals of natural gas from production reservoirs, less gas used for reservoir repressuring; nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating and processing operations; and quantities vented and flared.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids (NGPL): Natural gas liquids recovered from natural gas in processing plants and, in some situations, from natural gas field facilities, as well as those extracted by fractionators. Natural gas plant liquids are defined according to the published specifications of the Gas Processors Association and the American Society for Testing and Material as follows: ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, pentanes plus, and other products from natural gas processing plants (i.e., products meeting the standards for finished petroleum products produced at natural gas processing plants, such as finished motor gasoline, finished aviation gasoline, special naphthas, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, and miscellaneous products).

Natural Gas Wellhead Price: The wellhead price of natural gas is calculated by dividing the total reported value at the wellhead by the total quantity produced as reported by the appropriate agencies of individual producing States and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. The price includes

all costs prior to shipment from the lease, including gathering and compression costs, in addition to State production, severance, and similar charges.

Natural Gasoline: A mixture of hydrocarbons (mostly pentanes and heavier) extracted from natural gas that meets vapor pressure, end-point, and other specifications for natural gasoline set by the Gas Processors Association. Includes isopentane, which is a saturated branch-chain hydrocarbon obtained by fractionation of natural gasoline or isomerization of normal pentane.

Net Summer Capacity: The maximum output, commonly expressed in **kilowatts** (kW) or megawatts (MW), that generating equipment can supply to system load, as demonstrated by a multi-hour test, at the time of summer peak demand (period of June 1 through September 30). This output reflects a reduction in capacity due to electricity use for station service or auxiliaries.

Neutral Zone: A 6,200 square-mile area shared equally between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia under a 1992 agreement. The Neutral Zone contains an estimated 5 billion barrels of oil and 8 trillion cubic feet of natural gas.

Nominal Dollars: A measure used to express **nominal price**.

Nominal Price: The price paid for a product or service at the time of the transaction. Nominal prices are those that have not been adjusted to remove the effect of changes in the purchasing power of the dollar; they reflect buying power in the year in which the transaction occurred.

Nonhydrocarbon Gases: Typical nonhydrocarbon gases that may be present in reservoir natural gas are carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen.

Nuclear Electric Power (Nuclear Power): Electricity generated by the use of the thermal energy released from the fission of nuclear fuel in a reactor.

Nuclear Electric Power Plant: A single-unit or multiunit facility in which heat produced in one or more reactors by the fissioning of nuclear fuel is used to drive one or more steam turbines.

Nuclear Reactor: An apparatus in which a nuclear fission chain reaction can be initiated, controlled, and sustained at a specific rate. A reactor includes fuel (fissionable material), moderating material to control the rate of fission, a heavy-walled pressure vessel to house reactor components, shielding to protect personnel, a system to conduct heat away from the reactor, and instrumentation for monitoring and controlling the reactor's systems.

OECD: See **Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development**.

Offshore: That geographic area that lies seaward of the coastline. In general, the coastline is the line of ordinary low water along with that portion of the coast that is in

direct contact with the open sea or the line marking the seaward limit of inland water.

Oil: See **Crude Oil**.

OPEC: See **Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries**.

Operable Unit (Nuclear): In the United States, a nuclear generating unit that has completed low-power testing and been issued a full-power operating license by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, or equivalent permission to operate.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD): Members are Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Faeroe Islands, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Greenland, Hawaiian Trade Zone, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom, and United States and its territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands). In addition, Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, and South Korea joined the OECD in 1996.

Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC): An intergovernmental organization whose stated objective is to coordinate and unify petroleum policies among member countries. It was created at the Baghdad Conference on September 10–14, 1960, by Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia and Venezuela. The five founding members were later joined by nine other members: Qatar (1961); Indonesia (1962); Libya (1962); United Arab Emirates (1967); Algeria (1969); Nigeria (1971); Ecuador (1973–1992, 2007); Gabon (1975–1994) and Angola (2007).

Oxygenates: Substances which, when added to gasoline, increase the amount of oxygen in that gasoline blend. Ethanol, Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE), Ethyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (ETBE), and methanol are common oxygenates.

PAD Districts: Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts. Geographic aggregations of the 50 States and the District of Columbia into five districts for the Petroleum Administration for Defense in 1950. The districts were originally instituted for economic and geographic reasons as Petroleum Administration for War (PAW) Districts, which were established in 1942.

Pentanes Plus: A mixture of hydrocarbons, mostly pentanes and heavier, extracted from natural gas. Includes isopentane, natural gasoline, and plant condensate.

Petrochemical Feedstocks: Chemical feedstocks derived from petroleum principally for the manufacture of chemicals, synthetic rubber, and a variety of plastics.

Petroleum: A broadly defined class of liquid hydrocarbon mixtures. Included are crude oil, lease condensate, unfinished oils, refined products obtained from the processing of

crude oil, and natural gas plant liquids. Note: Volumes of finished petroleum products include nonhydrocarbon compounds, such as additives and detergents, after they have been blended into the products.

Petroleum Coke: See **Coke, Petroleum**.

Petroleum Consumption: See **Products Supplied (Petroleum)**.

Petroleum Imports: Imports of petroleum into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries and from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. territories and possessions. Included are imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve and withdrawals from bonded warehouses for onshore consumption, offshore bunker use, and military use. Excluded are receipts of foreign petroleum into bonded warehouses and into U.S. territories and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones.

Petroleum Products: Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

Petroleum Stocks, Primary: For individual products, quantities that are held at refineries, in pipelines, and at bulk terminals that have a capacity of 50,000 barrels or more, or that are in transit thereto. Stocks held by product retailers and resellers, as well as tertiary stocks held at the point of consumption, are excluded. Stocks of individual products held at gas processing plants are excluded from individual product estimates but are included in other oils estimates and total.

Photovoltaic Energy: Direct-current electricity generated from sunlight through solid-state semiconductor devices that have no moving parts.

Pipeline Fuel: Gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors.

Plant Condensate: One of the natural gas liquids, mostly pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons, recovered and separated as liquid at gas inlet separators or scrubbers in processing plants.

Prime Mover: The engine, turbine, water wheel, or similar machine that drives an electric generator; or, for reporting purposes, a device that converts energy to electricity directly.

Products Supplied (Petroleum): Approximately represents consumption of petroleum products because it measures the disappearance of these products from primary sources, i.e., refineries, natural gas-processing plants,

blending plants, pipelines, and bulk terminals. In general, product supplied of each product in any given period is computed as follows: field production, plus refinery production, plus imports, plus unaccounted-for crude oil (plus net receipts when calculated on a PAD District basis) minus stock change, minus crude oil losses, minus refinery inputs, and minus exports.

Propane: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon (C_3H_8). It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of $-43.67^{\circ} F$. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes all products designated in ASTM Specification D1835 and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial propane and HD-5 propane.

Propylene: An olefinic hydrocarbon (C_3H_6) recovered from refinery or petrochemical processes.

Real Dollars: These are dollars that have been adjusted for inflation. See **Real Price**.

Real Price: A price that has been adjusted to remove the effect of changes in the purchasing power of the dollar. Real prices, which are expressed in constant dollars, usually reflect buying power relative to a base year.

Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil: The cost of crude oil to the refiner, including transportation and fees. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Refinery (Petroleum): An installation that manufactures finished petroleum products from crude oil, unfinished oils, natural gas liquids, other hydrocarbons, and alcohol.

Refuse Mine: A surface site where **coal** is recovered from previously mined coal. It may also be known as a silt bank, culm bank, refuse bank, slurry dam, or dredge operation.

Refuse Recovery: The recapture of **coal** from a **refuse mine** or the coal recaptured by that process. The resulting product has been cleaned to reduce the concentration of noncombustible materials.

Renewable Energy: Energy obtained from sources that are essentially inexhaustible (unlike, for example, the **fossil fuels**, of which there is a finite supply). Renewable sources of energy include **conventional hydroelectric power, biomass, geothermal, solar, and wind**.

Repressuring: The injection of a pressurized fluid (such as air, gas, or water) into oil and gas reservoir formations to effect greater ultimate recovery.

Residential Sector: An energy-consuming sector that consists of living quarters for private households. Common uses of energy associated with this sector include space heating, water heating, air conditioning, lighting, refrigeration, cooking, and running a variety of other appliances. The residential sector excludes institutional living

quarters. Note: Various EIA programs differ in sectoral coverage for more information see <http://www.eia.doe.gov/neic/datadefinitions/Guideforwebres.htm>. See **End-Use Sectors** and **Energy-Use Sectors**.

Residual Fuel Oil: The heavier oils that remain after the distillate fuel oils and lighter hydrocarbons are distilled away in refinery operations and that conform to ASTM Specifications D396 and 975. Included are No. 5, a residual fuel oil of medium viscosity; Navy Special, for use in steam-powered vessels in government service and in shore power plants; and No. 6, which includes Bunker C fuel oil and is used for commercial and industrial heating, for electricity generation, and to power ships. Imports of residual fuel oil include imported crude oil burned as fuel.

Road Oil: Any heavy petroleum oil, including residual asphaltic oil used as a dust palliative and surface treatment on roads and highways. It is generally produced in six grades, from 0, the most liquid, to 5, the most viscous.

Rotary Rig: A machine used for drilling wells that employs a rotating tube attached to a bit for boring holes through rock.

Short Ton (Coal): A unit of weight equal to 2,000 pounds.

SIC (Standard Industrial Classification): A set of codes developed by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget which categorizes industries into groups with similar economic activities. Replaced by **NAICS (North American Industry Classification System)**.

Solar Energy: See **Solar Thermal Energy** and **Photovoltaic Energy**.

Solar Thermal Energy: The radiant energy of the sun that can be converted into other forms of energy, such as heat or electricity.

Special Naphthas: All finished products within the naphtha boiling ranges that are used as paint thinner, cleaners or solvents. Those products are refined to a specified flash point. Special naphthas include all commercial hexane and cleaning solvents conforming to ASTM Specifications D1836 and D484, respectively. Naphthas to be blended or marketed as motor gasoline or aviation gasoline, or that are to be used as petrochemical and synthetic natural gas (SNG) feedstocks, are excluded.

Station Use: Energy that is used to operate an **electric power plant**. It includes energy consumed for plant lighting, power, and auxiliary facilities, regardless of whether the energy is produced at the plant or comes from another source.

Steam Coal: All nonmetallurgical coal.

Steam-Electric Power Plant: A plant in which the prime mover is a steam turbine. The steam used to drive the turbine is produced in a boiler where fossil fuels are burned.

Still Gas (Refinery Gas): Any form or mixture of gas produced in refineries by distillation, cracking, reforming, and other processes. The principal constituents are methane, ethane, ethylene, normal butane, butylene, propane, and propylene. It is used primarily as refinery fuel and petrochemical feedstock.

Stocks: See **Coal Stocks, Crude Oil Stocks, or Petroleum Stocks, Primary.**

Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR): Petroleum stocks maintained by the Federal Government for use during periods of major supply interruption.

Subbituminous Coal: A coal whose properties range from those of lignite to those of bituminous coal and used primarily as fuel for steam-electric power generation. It may be dull, dark brown to black, soft and crumbly, at the lower end of the range, to bright, jet black, hard, and relatively strong, at the upper end. Subbituminous coal contains 20 to 30 percent inherent moisture by weight. The heat content of subbituminous coal ranges from 17 to 24 million Btu per short ton on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of subbituminous coal consumed in the United States averages 17 to 18 million Btu per ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter).

Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Synthetic natural gas, propane-air, coke oven gas, refinery gas, biomass gas, air injected for Btu stabilization, and manufactured gas commingled and distributed with natural gas.

Synthetic Natural Gas (SNG): (Also referred to as substitute natural gas) A manufactured product, chemically similar in most respects to **natural gas**, resulting from the conversion or reforming of **hydrocarbons** that may easily be substituted for or interchanged with pipeline-quality natural gas.

Thermal Conversion Factor: See **Conversion Factor.**

Transportation Sector: An energy-consuming sector that consists of all vehicles whose primary purpose is transporting people and/or goods from one physical location to another. Included are automobiles; trucks; buses; motorcycles; trains, subways, and other rail vehicles; aircraft; and ships, barges, and other waterborne vehicles. Vehicles whose primary purpose is not transportation (e.g., construction cranes and bulldozers, farming vehicles, and warehouse tractors and forklifts) are classified in the sector of their primary use. Note: Various EIA programs differ in sectoral coverage—for more information see <http://www.eia.doe.gov/neic/datadefinitions/Guideforwebtrans.htm>. See **End-Use Sectors and Energy-Use Sectors**.

Unaccounted-for Crude Oil: Represents the arithmetic difference between the calculated supply and the calculated disposition of crude oil. The calculated supply is the sum of **crude oil** production plus imports minus changes in crude oil stocks. The calculated disposition of crude oil is the sum of crude oil input to refineries, crude oil exports, crude oil burned as fuel, and crude oil losses.

Underground Storage: The storage of natural gas in underground reservoirs at a different location from which it was produced.

Unfinished Oils: All oils requiring further refinery processing except those requiring only mechanical blending. Includes naphthas and lighter oils, kerosene and light gas oils, heavy gas oils, and residuum.

Unfractionated Stream: Mixtures of unsegregated natural gas liquid components, excluding those in plant condensate. This product is extracted from natural gas.

United States: The 50 States and the District of Columbia. Note: The United States has varying degrees of jurisdiction over a number of territories and other political entities outside the 50 States and the District of Columbia, including Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, Johnston Atoll, Midway Islands, Wake Island, and the Northern Mariana Islands. EIA data programs may include data from some or all of these areas in U.S. totals. For these programs, data products will contain notes explaining the extent of geographic coverage included under the term "United States."

Useful Thermal Output: The thermal energy made available in a combined-heat-and-power system for use in any industrial or commercial process, heating or cooling application, or delivered to other end users, i.e., total thermal energy made available for processes and applications other than electrical generation.

U.S.S.R.: The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics consisted of 15 constituent republics: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan. As a political entity, the U.S.S.R. ceased to exist as of December 31, 1991.

Vented Natural Gas: Gas released into the air on the production site or at processing plants.

Vessel Bunkering: Includes sales for the fueling of commercial or private boats, such as pleasure craft, fishing boats, tugboats, and ocean-going vessels, including vessels operated by oil companies. Excluded are volumes sold to the U.S. Armed Forces.

Waste Coal: Usable material that is a byproduct of previous **coal** processing operations. Waste coal is usually composed of mixed coal, soil, and rock (mine waste). Most

waste coal is burned as-is in unconventional fluidized-bed combustors. For some uses, waste coal may be partially cleaned by removing some extraneous noncombustible constituents. Examples of waste coal include fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste.

Waste Energy: Municipal solid waste, landfill gas, methane, digester gas, liquid acetonitrile waste, tall oil, waste alcohol, medical waste, paper pellets, sludge waste, solid byproducts, tires, agricultural byproducts, closed loop biomass, fish oil, and straw used as fuel.

Watt (W): The unit of electrical power equal to one ampere under a pressure of one volt. A watt is equal to 1/746 horsepower.

Watthour (Wh): The electrical energy unit of measure equal to one watt of power supplied to, or taken from, an electric circuit steadily for one hour.

Waxes: Solid or semisolid material derived from petroleum distillates or residues. Waxes are light-colored, more or less translucent crystalline masses, slightly greasy to

the touch, consisting of a mixture of solid hydrocarbons in which the paraffin series predominates. Included are all marketable waxes, whether crude scale or fully refined. Waxes are used primarily as industrial coating for surface protection.

Wellhead Price: The value of crude oil or natural gas at the mouth of the well.

Wind Energy: Kinetic energy present in wind motion that can be converted to mechanical energy for driving pumps, mills, and electric power generators.

Wood Energy: Wood and wood products used as fuel, including round wood (cord wood), limb wood, wood chips, bark, sawdust, forest residues, charcoal, pulp waste, and spent pulping liquor.

Working Gas: The volume of gas in a reservoir that is in addition to the base gas. It may or may not be completely withdrawn during any particular withdrawal season. Conditions permitting, the total working capacity could be used more than once during any season.