

**Table 30. Coal Receipts at Commercial and Institutional Users by Census Division and State**

(thousand short tons)

Census Division and State	July - September 2016	April - June 2016	July - September 2015	Year to Date		Percent Change
				2016	2015	
<b>Middle Atlantic</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>-52.4</b>
Pennsylvania	1	4	7	28	60	-52.4
<b>East North Central</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>223</b>	<b>-25.9</b>
Illinois	20	25	23	79	74	7.2
Indiana	17	13	11	45	40	10.9
Michigan	-	-	9	-	27	-
Ohio	1	4	8	26	65	-60.4
Wisconsin	-	s	-	15	16	-4.5
<b>West North Central</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>-28.5</b>
Iowa	31	29	45	101	140	-28.1
Minnesota	s	s	s	7	8	-3.7
Missouri	11	s	6	30	45	-33.4
North Dakota	5	7	7	37	52	-29.2
<b>South Atlantic</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>-26.7</b>
District of Columbia	-	2	-	2	-	-
North Carolina	27	19	33	81	120	-32.4
Virginia	11	9	13	29	32	-11.3
<b>East South Central</b>	<b>s</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>1.9</b>
Kentucky	s	7	1	14	10	41.0
Tennessee	-	-	-	-	4	-
<b>West South Central</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>-</b>
Texas	-	-	1	-	8	-
<b>Mountain</b>	<b>s</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>s</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>-56.7</b>
Colorado	-	-	-	-	3	-
Montana	s	-	-	s	-	-
Wyoming	-	1	s	4	7	-45.7
<b>Pacific</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>402</b>	<b>-12.0</b>
Alaska	113	101	111	354	402	-12.0
<b>U.S. Total</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>851</b>	<b>1,111</b>	<b>-23.4</b>

- = No data reported.

s = Absolute percentage less than 0.05 or value is less than 0.5 of the table metric.

Note: Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-3, 'Quarterly Survey of Non-Electric Sector Coal Data.'