Table E1b. Noncombustible Renewable Primary Energy Consumption: Solar and Total (Trillion Btu)

	Solara						Total ^b			
	Distributed ^c		Utili		-Scale ^d					
	Direct Consumption ^e	Transformed Into Electricity ^f	Adjustment for Fossil Fuel Equivalence ⁹	Transformed Into Electricity ^{f,h}	Adjustment for Fossil Fuel Equivalence ^g	Total Primary Energy ⁱ	Captured Energy ^j	Adjustment for Fossil Fuel Equivalence ⁹	Total Primary Energy ⁱ	
1950	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	344	1,071	1,415	
1955	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	397	963	1,360	
1960	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	510	1,098	1,608	
1965	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	673	1,388	2,061	
1970	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	858	1,781	2,639	
1975	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,045	2.143	3,188	
1980		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	970	1,983	2,953	
1981	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	920	1,898	2,817	
1982	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	1,082	2,234	3,316	
1983	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,165	2,426	3,591	
1984	NA	NA	NA	(s)	(s)	(s)	1,133	2,334	3,467	
1985	NA	NA NA	NA NA	(s)	(s)	(s)	1,002	2,066	3,068	
1986	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	(s)	(s)	(s)	1,038	2,141	3,179	
1987	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	(s)	(s) (s)	(s)	900	1,847	2,747	
		NA NA	NA NA				807	1,634	2,747	
1988 1989	52	(s)	(s)	(s)	(s) 2	(s) 54	1,047	2,029	3,075	
			` '	1						
1990		(s)	(s)	•	3	59	1,128	2,177	3,305	
1991	56	(s)	(s)	2	3	62	1,120	2,166	3,286	
1992	58	(s)	(s)	1	3	63	1,000	1,889	2,889	
1993	60	(s)	(s)	2	3	65	1,099	2,075	3,173	
1994	62	(s)	(s)	2	3	67	1,029	1,931	2,960	
1995	63	(s)	(s)	2	3	68	1,196	2,263	3,458	
1996		(s)	(s)	2	4	69	1,325	2,531	3,856	
1997	62	(s)	(s)	2	3	68	1,358	2,551	3,909	
1998	61	(s)	1	2	3	67	1,245	2,319	3,564	
1999	60	(s)	1	2	3	66	1,237	2,313	3,550	
2000	57	(s)	1	2	3	63	1,087	2,009	3,096	
2001	55	(s)	1	2	4	62	890	1,648	2,538	
2002	53	1	1	2	4	60	1,066	1,960	3,025	
2003	51	1	1	2	4	58	1,109	2,028	3,138	
2004	50	1	1	2	4	58	1,097	1,969	3,067	
2005	49	1	2	2	4	58	1,119	2,001	3,119	
2006	51	2	3	2	3	61	1,218	2,156	3,375	
2007	53	2	4	2	4	65	1,110	1,928	3,038	
2008	54	4	7	3	6	74	1,216	2,106	3,323	
2009		5	9	3	6	78	1,353	2,315	3,668	
2010	56	8	15	4	8	90	1,390	2,370	3,760	
2011	58	12	23	6	11	111	1,692	2,902	4,593	
2012	59	20	36	15	26	157	1,634	2,703	4,337	
2013	61	28	50	31	55	225	1,726	2,877	4,602	
2014		38	68	60	108	337	1,783	2,963	4,746	
2014 2015	62 64	36 48	84	85	147	427	1,763	2,963	4,746	

^a Solar thermal direct use energy; and solar photovoltaic (PV) and solar thermal electricity net generation.

NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Beginning in 1989, data for distributed solar and total captured energy are estimates. For the current year, data for utility-scale solar are estimates.

Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#appendices (Excel and CSV files) for all available annual data beginning in 1949.

Sources: • Solar: Tables 10.5, 10.6, and A6. • Total: Tables 7.2a, 10.1, 10.2a, 10.2b, 10.5, 10.6, and A6.

b Conventional hydroelectricity net generation; geothermal heat pump and direct use energy; geothermal electricity net generation; wind electricity net generation; solar thermal direct use energy; and solar photovoltaic (PV) and solar thermal electricity net generation.

^c Distributed (small-scale) facilities (electric generators have a combined generator nameplate capacity of less than 1 megawatt).

d Utility-scale facilities (combined generator nameplate capacity of 1 megawatt

or more).

Solar thermal direct use energy.
 Electricity net generation in kilowatthours (kWh) multiplied by 3,412 Btu/kWh, the heat content of electricity (see Table A6).

^g Equals the difference between the fossil-fuel equivalent value of electricity and the captured energy consumed as electricity. The fossil-fuel equivalent value of electricity equals electricity net generation in kilowatthours multiplied by the total fossil fuels heat rate factors (see Table A6). The captured energy consumed as electricity equals electricity net generation in kilowatthours multiplied by 3,412 Btu/kWh, the heat content of electricity (see Table A6).

^h Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities, independent power producers, commercial plants, and industrial

i Direct consumption of energy; and energy used to generate electricity, calculated as electricity net generation in kilowatthours multiplied by the total fossil fuels heat rate factors (see Table A6).

Direct consumption of energy plus captured energy consumed as electricity, which is calculated as electricity net generation in kilowatthours (kWh) multiplied by 3,412 Btu/kWh, the heat content of electricity (see Table A6).