

October 2008



Short-Term Energy and Winter Fuels Outlook

October 7, 2008 Release

Highlights

- Average household expenditures for all space-heating fuels are projected to be \$1,137 this winter (October 1 to March 31), a 15-percent increase over the estimated \$986 spent last winter. The largest increases will be in households using heating oil and natural gas. The projected increases primarily reflect higher prices, although colder weather than last winter will also contribute to higher fuel use in many areas.
- Strong global demand and low surplus production capacity contributed to the run-up to record crude oil prices in July. The current slowdown in economic growth is contributing to the recent decline in oil demand and the sharp decline in prices since July. Nonetheless, oil markets are expected to remain relatively tight because of sluggish production growth. Absent a major worldwide economic downturn that significantly impacts global demand, West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude oil prices are projected to average about \$112 per barrel in both 2008 and 2009.
- According to the <u>National Oceanic Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA)</u> most recent projection of heating degree-days, the Lower-48 States are forecast to be 2.4 percent colder this winter compared with last winter, but 1.7 percent warmer than the 30-year average (1971 to 2000). However, regional heating degree-day projections vary widely; for example, the West North Central region is projected to be almost 5 percent warmer than last winter.
- During September, Hurricanes Gustav and Ike shut in a total of 32 million barrels of crude oil and 165 billion cubic feet (Bcf) of natural gas production in the Federal Gulf of Mexico. Recovery is ongoing and expected to continue at least through October.

Projected Winter Fuel Expenditures by Fuel and Region

The average household winter heating fuel expenditures discussed in this *Outlook* provide a broad guide to changes from last winter, but fuel expenditures for individual households are highly dependent on local weather conditions, market size, the size and energy efficiency of individual homes and their heating equipment, and thermostat settings.

Natural Gas. Households heating primarily with natural gas are expected to spend an average of \$155 (18 percent) more this winter. Nationwide, about 52 percent of all households depend on natural gas as their primary heating fuel. The increase in natural gas expenditures reflects the combined effects of a 17-percent increase in price and 1-percent increase in consumption. In the Midwest, where 72 percent of all households rely on natural gas, a projected 17-percent increase in average household expenditures results from a 19-percent increase in prices and a decline in consumption of 2 percent due to the forecast of slightly warmer weather than last winter.

Heating Oil. Households heating primarily with heating oil can expect to pay an average of \$449 (23 percent) more this winter. Only 7 percent of U.S. households depend on heating oil for winter fuel and most of these households are in the Northeast, where 31 percent of households use heating oil as their primary space heating fuel. In that region, the average household is projected to pay 24 percent more than last winter as a result of an 18-percent increase in prices and a 5-percent increase in consumption. Residential heating oil prices in the Northeast are projected to average about \$3.90 per gallon during the winter season compared with \$3.31 per gallon last winter. The projected increase is consistent with higher crude oil prices and projections of lower distillate inventories than last year going into the heating season.

Propane. Households heating primarily with propane can expect to pay an average of \$188 (11 percent) more this winter. Propane-heated households, which represent about 6 percent of total U.S. households, are projected to see an average increase of 11 percent in propane expenditures this winter, but that increase varies widely by region. Western households are expected to see an average increase in expenditures of 5 percent, while Southern homes are expected to spend 16 percent more this winter.

Electricity. Households heating primarily with electricity can expect to pay an average of \$89 (10 percent) more. Thirty-five percent of all U.S. households rely on electricity as their primary heating fuel, ranging from 12 percent in the Northeast to 59 percent in the South. On average, electricity expenditures during the winter are projected to rise by 10 percent because of increased consumption and prices.

Households in the South are projected to pay 13 percent more this winter on electricity bills.

Global Petroleum

Overview. Higher oil production in Saudi Arabia during summer 2008 combined with the demand response to extremely high prices and recent credit market problems that point to a lower trajectory for the world economy and oil consumption growth are currently reinforcing the sentiment of a loosening in the global oil balance. As a result, the recent supply disruptions in the Gulf of Mexico have not resulted in the kind of price increases that would have been expected had they occurred earlier in the year.

However, unless the global economy is weaker than anticipated, EIA expects that the call on Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries' (OPEC) crude oil will exceed OPEC crude oil production over the next 6 months. This market balance and the relatively low level of Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) commercial oil inventories suggest some upward pressure on prices. However, if non-OPEC oil production increases as expected during 2009, oil price pressures would then moderate.

Consumption. Global oil consumption is projected to rise by about 300,000 barrels per day (bbl/d) in 2008 and by almost 800,000 bbl/d in 2009 compared with year-earlier levels. Growth for 2008 is nearly 350,000 bbl/d lower than last month's projection, reflecting the deteriorating global economic outlook. Solid growth in non-OECD countries, especially China, Latin America, and oil-exporting countries in the Middle East, is partly offset by sharp declines in U.S. oil consumption as well as lower oil consumption in many other OECD countries (World Oil Consumption). In 2008, non-OECD consumption is expected to rise by 1.4 million bbl/d, while OECD consumption is expected to fall by 1.1 million bbl/d. China's oil consumption remained high in August 2008 as imports for crude and oil products climbed 12 percent and 32 percent, respectively, from year-earlier levels according to Chinese government data. These trends are similar for 2009, although the decline in OECD consumption in 2009 is expected to be about half of the amount seen in 2008. The level of Chinese demand growth following the Olympics will have an important impact on non-OECD consumption growth and will depend on the domestic economy as well as the level of exports to other countries.

Non-OPEC Supply. Non-OPEC supply had been expected to increase in the second half of the year after declining by almost 300,000 bbl/d during the first half of 2008 compared with year-earlier levels. However, a series of supply disruptions,

especially the closure of the Baku-Tbilisi-Ceyhan oil pipeline and the impacts of Hurricanes Gustav and Ike upon the U.S. Gulf of Mexico, led to a revision in this *Outlook*. As a result, non-OPEC supply is expected to decline by about 115,000 bbl/d during the second half of 2008, compared with the year-earlier level, and consequently non-OPEC supply growth in 2008 is now expected to be negative for the first time since 2005. The 2009 growth in non-OPEC supply of 730,000 bbl/d is expected to largely meet the anticipated increase in global consumption, barring delays in new projects and unanticipated disruptions. The United States, Azerbaijan, and Brazil represent the bulk of non-OPEC supply growth in 2009, although some of the growth in two of these countries simply represents a return to normal production conditions (Non-OPEC Oil Production Growth).

OPEC Supply. OPEC crude oil production is expected to average 32.7 million bbl/d during the third quarter of 2008, up 1.7 million bbl/d from year-earlier levels. The forecast assumes production in Saudi Arabia of 9.6 million bbl/d in the third quarter, representing a 900,000-bbl/d rise from year-earlier levels. OPEC's call for greater compliance with quotas at its September meeting, suggests about a 500,000-bbl/d cut in output, but this outcome is uncertain. Given that the bulk of OPEC above-target output has been coming from Saudi Arabia, the group's decision to scale back production will depend on Saudi Arabia's willingness to cut. Taking into account uncertainties about Saudi actions, this *Outlook* assumes that OPEC crude oil production declines to 32.4 million bbl/d in the fourth quarter of 2008 and falls through 2009 to an average of 31.6 million bbl/d for that year. Lower crude oil production, combined with planned increases in OPEC total liquids production capacity, suggests OPEC surplus crude production capacity could increase from 1.5 million bbl/d in the second quarter of 2008 to over 3 million bbl/d by the end of next year (OPEC Surplus Oil Production Capacity).

Inventories. Revised data indicate that OECD commercial inventories held steady during the second quarter of 2008, well below the average build of 900,000 bbl/d during this time of year. At the end of the second quarter, estimated OECD commercial inventories stood at 2.56 billion barrels, 35 million barrels below the 5-year average (Days of Supply of OECD Commercial Stocks). OECD commercial inventories are projected to rise by about 280,000 bbl/d in the third quarter compared with the average seasonal build of about 400,000 bbl/d. EIA expects OECD commercial inventories to remain below 5-year average levels throughout the forecast period.

U.S. Petroleum

Consumption. Consumption of all petroleum products has fallen in 2008, driven down by the increase in prices and the weakening economy. Motor gasoline and distillate fuel lead the way with projected average declines of about 200,000 bbl/d for each fuel compared with last year. The declines in consumption are expected to continue in 2009 but at a much lower rate. Total domestic petroleum consumption is projected to average 19.8 million bbl/d in 2008, down 830,000 bbl/d from the 2007 average (U.S. Petroleum Products Consumption Growth), followed by a further 100,000-bbl/d decline in 2009.

Production. In 2008, domestic crude oil production is projected to average just below 5.0 million bbl/d, down from 2007 levels due to the loss of production in the Gulf of Mexico caused by Hurricanes Ike and Gustav (<u>U.S. Crude Oil Production</u>). Domestic crude production has been steadily declining since the 1970s and the 2008 projection for crude oil production falls under 5 million bbl/d for the first time since 1946. However, domestic production is projected to increase in 2009 by 330,000 bbl/d to an average of 5.3 million bbl/d. Contributing to the increases in output are the Thunderhorse platform, which is expected to come on stream later this year, and the Tahiti platform, expected to come on stream late in 2009.

Prices. Oil markets are expected to remain tight over the next 6 months because of sluggish production growth, which will help push WTI crude oil prices to \$120 per barrel by April 2009, before declining to \$106 per barrel by year's end. WTI prices are projected to average \$112 per barrel in both 2008 and 2009 (<u>Crude Oil Prices</u>). Further deterioration in actual or expected global economic growth as a fallout of the current financial crisis may lead to weaker oil prices.

Gasoline

Inventories. Motor gasoline inventories during the summer were tight and became even tighter as a result of Hurricanes Gustav and Ike. On September 30, total gasoline inventories were estimated at 180 million barrels, 23 million barrels below the 5-year average and the lowest since August 1967 (Motor Gasoline Inventories). Continued weakness in motor gasoline markets and growth in domestic fuel ethanol production is expected to allow inventories to recover. By the beginning of the second quarter next year, total gasoline inventories are expected to reach 205 million barrels, about 4 million barrels below the previous 5-year average.

Prices. Regular grade gasoline prices are projected to average \$3.56 per gallon in both 2008 and 2009, following movements in projected crude oil prices. Because of the

continued weakness in motor gasoline consumption, the difference between the price of gasoline and the cost of crude is expected to remain low throughout the forecast interval.

Distillate

Inventories. Refinery shut-ins caused by Hurricanes Gustav and Ike also pulled distillate (diesel fuel and heating oil) inventories down to relatively low levels (<u>Distillate Fuel Inventories</u>). As of September 30, the start of the winter heating season, distillate fuel inventories were an estimated 122 million barrels, down 12 million barrels from the previous year and 11 million barrels below the average of the last 5 years. Total distillate inventories at the end of March 2009 are projected to be 104 million barrels, about 6 million barrels below the previous 5-year average but still within the low end of the normal range.

Prices. The increases in heating oil and diesel fuel prices this year have outpaced the rise in crude oil prices because of the continuing stronger growth in global distillate demand relative to other petroleum products. Residential heating oil retail prices this winter are projected to average \$3.89 per gallon, an increase of 58 cents per gallon over last winter, compared with a projected 38-cents-per-gallon increase in the price of WTI crude oil. Although oil prices are expected to be up slightly on average next year, the on-highway diesel fuel retail prices are projected to average \$3.91 per gallon in 2009, down from a projected \$4.01 per gallon in 2008, reflecting a weakening of the very high wholesale distillate-crude oil price margins seen this past summer.

Propane

Inventories. As of September 30, U.S. propane inventories were an estimated 59 million barrels, slightly above last year's level but 7 million barrels below the average over the last 5 years. These inventories are projected to end the winter season at about 28 million barrels, near the average of the last 5 years. This projection assumes that, because of high prices and a slow economy, the combination of propane production increases and reduced petrochemical consumption will offset the reduced availability of waterborne supplies, which have been diverted to fast-growth areas such as Asia and the Middle East.

Prices. Spot propane prices are strongly influenced by both crude oil and natural gas prices. Retail propane prices are projected to average \$2.60 per gallon in 2008 and \$2.65 per gallon in 2009. However, with current low inventories, propane markets are likely to remain relatively tight this winter, with the potential for additional upward

pressure on residential propane prices if the United States experiences colder-thanexpected weather.

Natural Gas

Consumption. Total natural gas consumption is expected to increase by 2.4 percent in 2008 and by 1.9 percent in 2009 (Total U.S. Natural Gas Consumption Growth). Despite slower expected growth in 2009, consumption is expected to increase in all sectors during the forecast period. This winter, total residential consumption of natural gas in the United States is expected to increase by 3.5 percent year-over-year based on the projected 2.4-percent increase in heating degree-days. In addition to weather, worsening economic conditions add significant uncertainty to the forecast, particularly for the industrial sector. In annual terms, consumption in the industrial sector is expected to increase by 1.0 percent in 2008 and 1.1 percent in 2009.

Production and Imports. Total U.S. marketed natural gas production is expected to increase by 6.7 percent in 2008 and by 4.2 percent in 2009. Domestic production continues to be led by the development of fields in the Lower-48 non-Gulf of Mexico region, which is expected to increase production by 9.7 percent in 2008. Recent hurricane damage resulted in estimated production shut-ins of about 165 Bcf in the Federal Gulf of Mexico in September, with at least an additional 16 Bcf in the onshore and State waters areas of Louisiana. While the length of the hurricane recovery process is unknown, marketed natural gas production from the Federal Gulf of Mexico is projected to decline by 9.1 percent in 2008. In 2009, Federal Gulf of Mexico and Lower-48 non-Gulf of Mexico growth are expected to be 8.1 and 3.8 percent, respectively.

U.S. imports of liquefied natural gas (LNG) remain below year-ago levels with third-quarter imported cargoes less than half of what they were last year. Demand growth in Europe and Asia combined with limited global supply increases to date continue to weigh on the market. LNG imports to the United States are no longer expected to increase during the remainder of 2008, and import growth in 2009 remains vulnerable to additional delays in new capacity and unexpected maintenance on existing capacity. For the year, LNG imports are expected to total about 350 Bcf and about 450 Bcf in 2009 as more global LNG capacity is expected to be brought online.

Inventories. On September 26, 2008, working natural gas in storage was 3,110 Bcf (<u>U.S. Working Natural Gas in Storage</u>). Current inventories are now 50 Bcf above the 5-year average (2003–2007) and 137 Bcf below the level during the corresponding week last year.

Prices. The Henry Hub spot price averaged \$7.88 per thousand cubic feet (Mcf) in September, \$0.62 per Mcf below the average spot price in August. Despite hurricane damage to supply infrastructure in the Federal Gulf of Mexico, the recent decline in prices was the result of demand loss associated with these same hurricanes, moderate temperatures, lower oil prices, and uncertainties about future economic growth. This winter, however, natural gas expenditures for U.S. households are expected to increase by about 18 percent compared with last winter. The increase in end-use prices is the result of the particularly high spot prices that were recorded earlier this year as a portion of the inventories for the upcoming heating season were being built. Beyond the winter, continued growth in on-shore production is expected to bring prices down. On an annual basis, the Henry Hub spot price is expected to average about \$9.67 per Mcf in 2008 and \$8.17 per Mcf in 2009, compared with \$7.17 per Mcf in 2007.

Electricity

Consumption. After a relatively warm June and July, cooling degree-days during August in most regions of the United States were lower than normal (<u>U.S. Summer Cooling Degree-Days</u>). Summer residential electricity consumption this year was approximately the same as it was in the summer of 2007. For the entire year, total electricity consumption is expected to grow by about 1 percent (<u>U.S. Total Electricity Consumption</u>). Growth in consumption during 2009 is expected to remain relatively low, primarily as a result of the projected slow growth in economic activity.

Prices. The delivered cost of fuel continues to affect power generators. During 2008, the cost of natural gas and coal for electric utilities is projected to be 36 percent higher and 12 percent higher, respectively, than last year. As electricity providers continue to pass along these increased costs, U.S. residential electricity prices are expected to grow by 6.2 percent this year and 9.4 percent in 2009 (U.S. Residential Electricity Prices). Price increases are expected to be especially pronounced in the Middle and South Atlantic regions.

Coal

Consumption. Electric-power-sector coal consumption is projected to grow by about 1.2 percent in 2008. Slow growth in electricity consumption, combined with projected increases in electricity generation from other sources (nuclear, natural gas, and wind), will lead to a slight decline (0.9 percent) in electric-power-sector coal consumption in 2009 (U.S. Coal Consumption Growth).

Production and Inventories. Growth in domestic coal consumption and particularly in exports is expected to contribute to a 3-percent increase in coal production in 2008 (<u>U.S. Annual Coal Production</u>). In 2009 coal production will remain relatively unchanged as increases in coal exports are offset by decreases in domestic consumption and producer-held stocks. Secondary (consumer-held) coal stocks, which grew to almost 160 million short tons in 2007, are expected to remain stable in 2008 and grow by an average of 2.3 percent in 2009.

Exports. In the first half of 2008, U.S. coal exports increased by 13 million short tons, or 50 percent, over first-half 2007 shipments. Strong global demand for coal, combined with supply disruptions in several key coal-exporting countries (Australia, South Africa, and China), were the primary factors behind the increase in U.S. coal exports. Continued robust worldwide demand for coal is projected to lead to an overall 43-percent increase in U.S. coal exports in 2008. Coal exports are projected to grow 2.4 percent to 86.5 million short tons in 2009.

Table WF01. Selected U.S. Average Consumer Prices* and Expenditures for Heating Fuels During the Winter

Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook -- October 2008

Energy Information Administra	ation/Snort-	· i erm Ene	rgy Outloo	Winter of				Fo	recast
Fuel / Region	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	Avg.02-07	07-08	08-09	% Change
1 del / Region	02-03	03-04	04-03	00-00	00-07	Avg.02-07	07-00	00-03	70 Onlange
Natural Gas									
Northeast									
Consumption (mcf**)	84.3	80.0	79.8	73.9	74.7	78.5	74.8	79.3	6.1
Price (\$/mcf)	9.99	11.77	12.64	16.40	14.69		15.14	16.95	11.9
Expenditures (\$)	842	941	1,009	1,211	1,098	1,020	1,132	1,345	18.8
Midwest	042	371	1,003	1,211	1,030	1,020	1,132	1,040	10.0
Consumption (mcf)	92.1	85.5	85.2	82.2	84.8	85.9	88.4	86.7	-1.9
Price (\$/mcf)	7.61	8.77	10.04	13.45	11.06	10.12	11.38	13.55	19.0
Expenditures (\$)	7.01	750	855	1,106	938	870	1,006	1,175	16.8
South	701	730	000	1,100	930	670	1,000	1,175	10.6
Consumption (mcf)	60.6	55.6	54.0	53.8	54.8	55.8	52.9	56.6	7.0
									7.0 17.5
Price (\$/mcf)	9.03	10.67	12.17	16.46	13.59 745	12.30	14.28 755	16.77	
Expenditures (\$)	547	594	658	886	745	686	755	948	25.7
West	44-	45 -	40.7	40 =	47.0	40.0	40.0	40.5	0.0
Consumption (mcf)	44.7	45.7	46.7	46.7	47.2	46.2	49.6	48.5	-2.2
Price (\$/mcf)	7.55	8.84	10.18	12.96	11.20	10.17	11.31	13.04	15.4
Expenditures (\$)	338	404	475	605	528	470	560	632	12.8
U.S. Average									
Consumption (mcf)	71.1	67.1	66.8	64.7	66.0	67.1	67.2	68.1	1.4
Price (\$/mcf)	8.42	9.81	11.04	14.58	12.35	11.18	12.72	14.82	16.5
Expenditures (\$)	599	659	738	943	815	751	855	1,010	18.1
Households (thousands)	54,942	55,811	56,167	56,587	57,223	56,146	57,804	58,309	0.9
Heating Oil									
Northeast									
Consumption (gallons)	671.5	636.9	637.0	589.6	596.0	626.2	600.4	632.7	5.4
Price (\$/gallon)	1.42	1.46	1.93	2.45	2.51	1.93	3.31	3.90	17.9
Expenditures (\$)	956	930	1,230	1,446	1,494	1,211	1,987	2,468	24.2
Midwest									
Consumption (gallons)	531.6	488.9	486.0	466.9	483.7	491.4	507.8	496.4	-2.2
Price (\$/gallon)	1.35	1.34	1.84	2.37	2.39	1.84	3.32	3.80	14.3
Expenditures (\$)	718	654	893	1,108	1,158	906	1,687	1,886	11.8
South									
Consumption (gallons)	418.8	394.1	378.0	372.3	363.2	385.3	343.1	388.9	13.4
Price (\$/gallon)	1.41	1.45	1.94	2.46	2.38	1.91	3.33	3.85	15.7
Expenditures (\$)	590	572	734	915	863	735	1,142	1,497	31.1
West									
Consumption (gallons)	311.6	325.0	331.6	328.0	327.2	324.7	351.4	335.7	-4.5
Price (\$/gallon)	1.39	1.46	1.99	2.49	2.57	1.99	3.36	3.86	15.0
Expenditures (\$)	432	473	659	818	842	645	1,181	1,297	9.8
U.S. Average									
Consumption (gallons)	644.9	612.5	610.2	574.9	580.9	604.7	585.7	614.0	4.8
Price (\$/gallon)	1.41	1.45	1.93	2.45	2.49	1.93	3.31	3.89	17.4
Expenditures (\$)	912	886	1,176	1,409	1,445	1,166	1,939	2,388	23.1
Households (thousands)	9,491	9,336	9,064	8,741	8,542	9,035	8,356	8,115	-2.9

Table WF01. Selected U.S. Average Consumer Prices* and Expenditures for Heating Fuels During the Winter

Energy information Administra		Tellii Lile	igy Outloc	Winter of				Fo	recast
Fuel / Region	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06		Avg.02-07	07-08	08-09	% Change
Propane	02-03	03-04	04-03	00-00	00-01	Avg.02-01	01-00	00-03	70 Onlange
Northeast									
Consumption (gallons)	915.8	871.2	870.0	808.3	816.7	856.4	820.0	863.8	5.3
Price (\$/gallon)	1.55	1.65	1.88	2.20	2.29	1.90	2.78	2.95	6.4
Expenditures (\$)	1,416	1,435	1,633	1,775	1,872		2,276	2,551	12.1
Midwest	,	•	•	•	•		,	,	
Consumption (gallons)	860.8	800.5	793.2	766.9	792.7	802.8	832.2	811.9	-2.4
Price (\$/gallon)	1.07	1.20	1.42	1.67	1.74	1.41	2.12	2.39	12.6
Expenditures (\$)	922	960	1,130	1,278	1,382	1,135	1,767	1,941	9.8
South									
Consumption (gallons)	577.0	532.5	515.1	514.2	519.7		500.5	538.5	7.6
Price (\$/gallon)	1.45	1.57	1.79	2.11	2.16	1.81	2.66	2.85	7.3
Expenditures (\$)	838	838	921	1,087	1,123	961	1,329	1,535	15.5
West									
Consumption (gallons)	559.7	567.5	581.6	581.7	588.5		618.2	605.0	-2.1
Price (\$/gallon)	1.38	1.53	1.78	2.09	2.17	1.80	2.65	2.84	7.5
Expenditures (\$)	774	871	1,037	1,214	1,275	1,034	1,635	1,721	5.3
U.S. Average									
Consumption (gallons)	713.3	672.5	668.3	655.4	669.0		682.1	694.3	1.8
Price (\$/gallon)	1.29	1.42	1.65	1.95	2.01	1.66	2.45	2.68	9.3
Expenditures (\$)	918	953	1,103	1,277	1,347		1,673	1,861	11.3
Households (thousands)	6,848	6,818	6,782	6,565	6,539	6,710	6,539	6,464	-1.1
Electricity									
Northeast									
Consumption (kwh***)	10,417	10,013	10,019	9,497	9,570	9,903	9,577	9,993	4.3
Price (\$/kwh)	0.109	0.114	0.117	0.133	0.139		0.144	0.158	9.7
Expenditures (\$)	1,136	1,140	1,173	1,260	1,329	1,208	1,383	1,584	14.5
Midwest									
Consumption (kwh)	11,469	10,922	10,857	10,635	10,883	10,953	11,263	11,075	-1.7
Price (\$/kwh)	0.074	0.075	0.077	0.081	0.085	0.078	0.089	0.095	6.9
Expenditures (\$)	846	823	834	857	926	857	1,004	1,056	5.1
South									
Consumption (kwh)	8,763	8,402	8,266	8,255	8,299		8,144	8,449	3.8
Price (\$/kwh)	0.074	0.078	0.082	0.092	0.096		0.098	0.107	8.4
Expenditures (\$)	646	652	674	762	797	706	802	902	12.5
West									
Consumption (kwh)	6,968	7,091	7,188	7,185	7,199		7,454	7,324	-1.7
Price (\$/kwh)	0.091	0.091	0.092	0.097	0.102		0.104	0.114	8.8
Expenditures (\$)	635	642	661	695	735	674	779	832	6.9
U.S. Average	0.500	0.00-	0.040	0.450	0.045	0.000	0.004	0.070	4 7
Consumption (kwh)	8,592	8,307	8,246	8,156	8,215		8,231	8,373	1.7
Price (\$/kwh)	0.082	0.085	0.088	0.096	0.101	0.090	0.104	0.113	8.5 10.4
Expenditures (\$) Households (thousands)	702 34,153	703	722 35 745	787 36 741	828 37,349		858 38 034	947	10.4 2.0
Households (Housands)	J 4 , 133	34,686	35,745	36,741	31,349	35,735	38,024	38,787	۷.0
All households (thousands)	105,434	106,650	107,758	108,634	109,654	107,626	110,723	111,675	0.9
Average Expenditures (\$)	681	712	793	948	900	•	986	1,137	15.3
N. (NAC ()	10 1								

Note: Winter covers the period October 1 through March 31.

Fuel consumption per household is based only on households that use that fuel as the primary space-heating fuel. Included in fuel consumption is consumption for water heating, appliances, and lighting (electricity).

^{*} Prices include taxes

^{**} thousand cubic feet

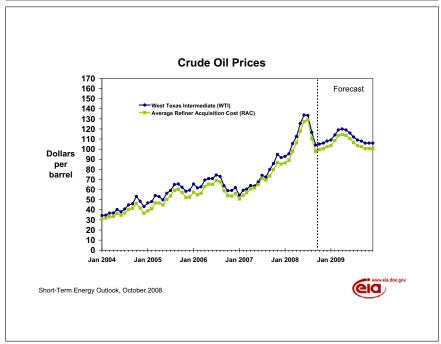
^{***} kilowatthour

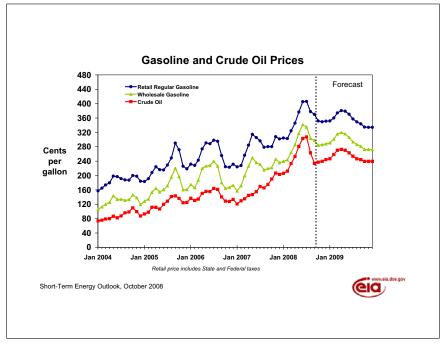


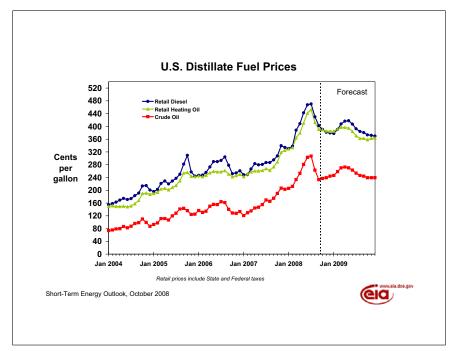


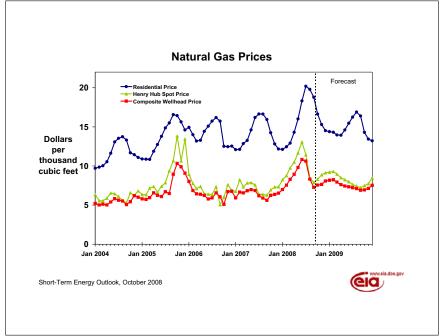
Short-Term Energy Outlook

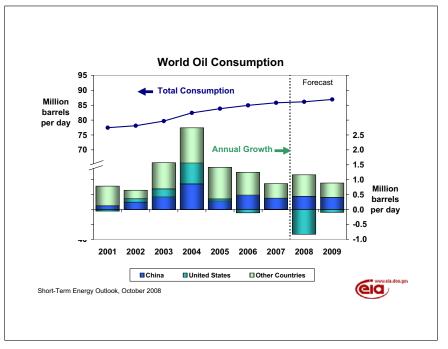
Chart Gallery for October 2008

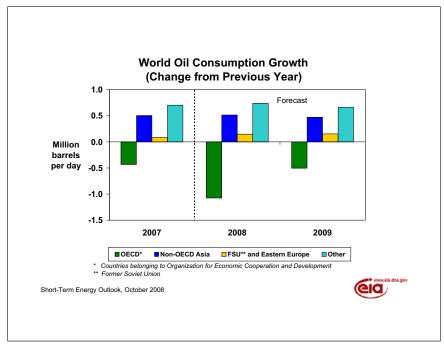


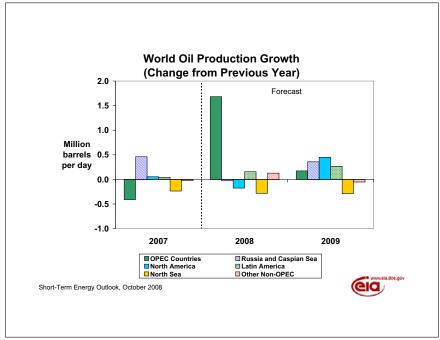


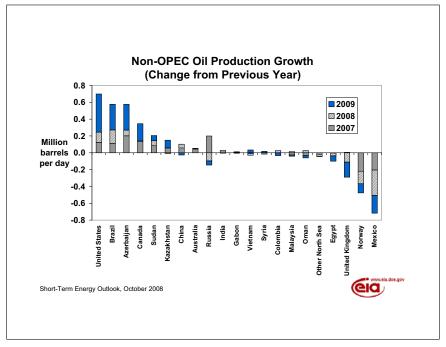


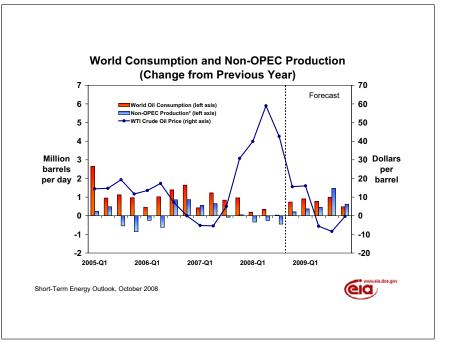


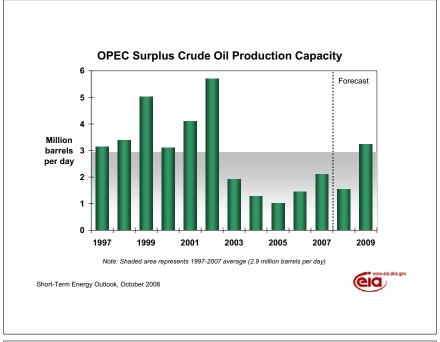


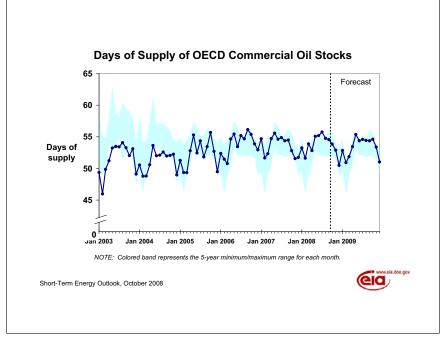


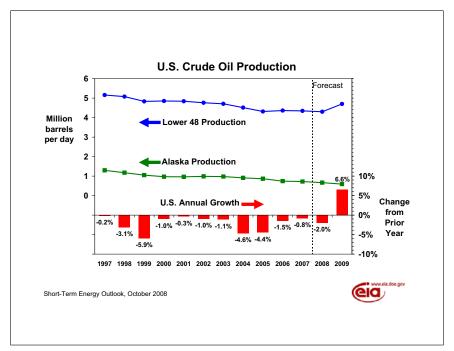


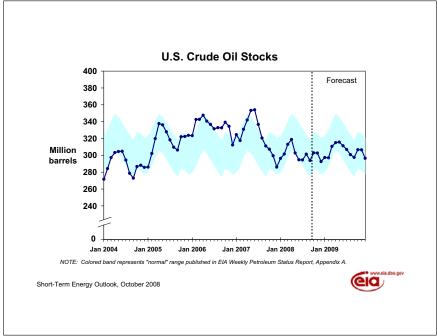


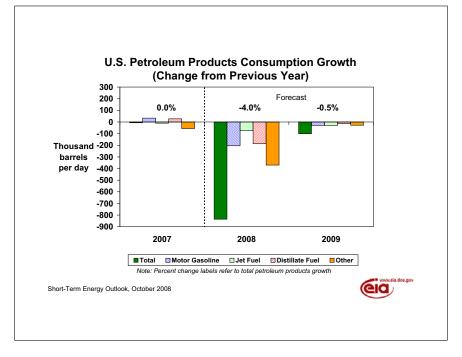


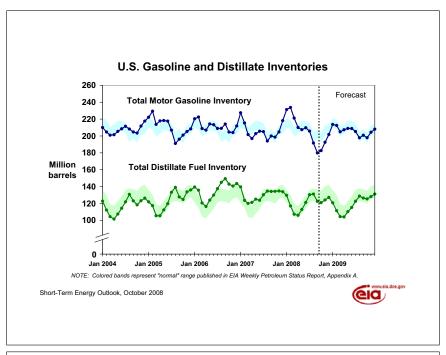


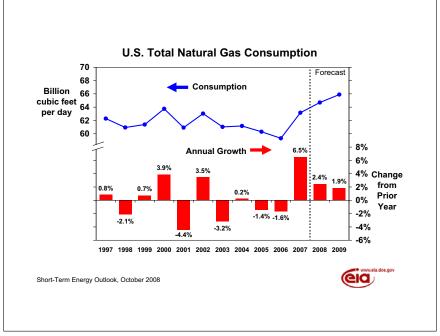


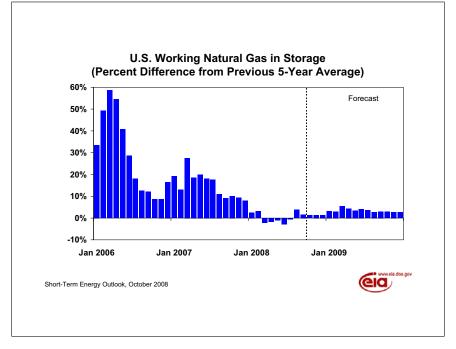


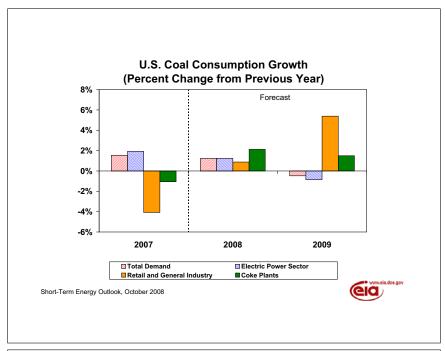


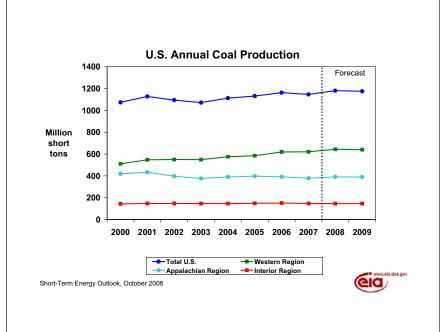


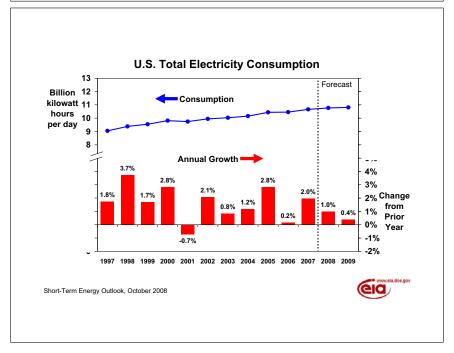


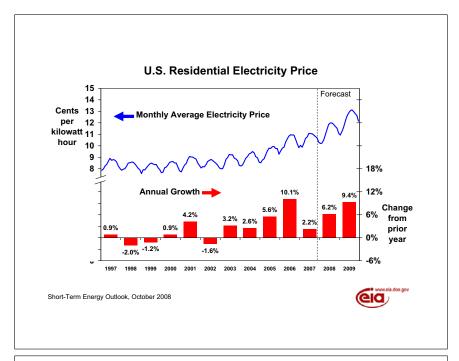


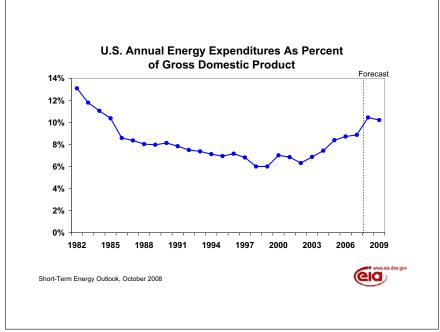


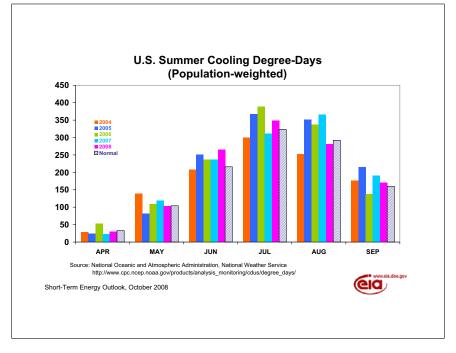


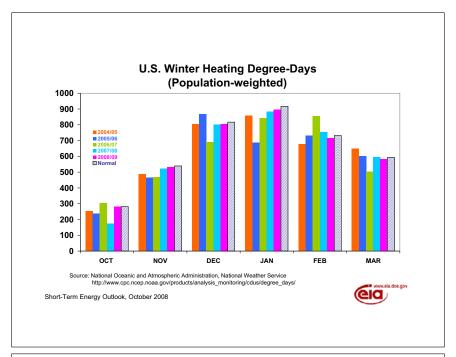












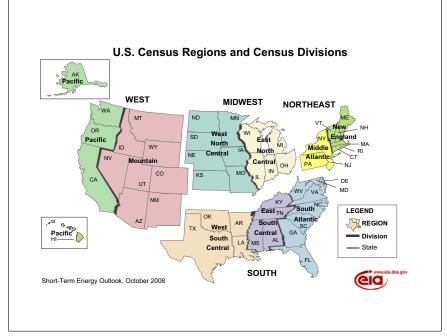


Table 1. U.S. Energy Markets Summary

Energy Information Administration/	Snort-l'e	rm Ener	•	ok - Oct	oper 200)8 20 0	18			200	19			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Energy Supply	•				•	•			•				•		
Crude Oil Production (a) (million barrels per day)	5.11	5.16	4.94	5.04	5.12	5.15	4.61	4.98	5.22	5.23	5.25	5.45	5.06	4.96	5.29
Dry Natural Gas Production (billion cubic feet per day)	51.47	52.28	53.06	54.41	55.83	56.36	55.97	57.55	58.48	58.88	58.91	59.04	52.82	56.43	58.83
Coal Production (million short tons)	286	286	286	289	289	284	301	306	289	284	290	312	1,147	1,181	1,175
Energy Consumption															
Petroleum (million barrels per day)	20.79	20.63	20.73	20.58	19.88	19.68	19.56	20.25	19.73	19.61	19.71	19.93	20.68	19.85	19.74
Natural Gas (billion cubic feet per day)	79.14	53.81	56.33	63.61	82.03	55.42	56.74	64.67	82.44	57.34	58.40	65.66	63.16	64.69	65.89
Coal (b) (million short tons)	279	268	304	279	283	270	302	288	284	266	303	285	1,129	1,143	1,138
Electricity (billion kilowatt hours per day)	10.45	10.12	11.92	10.14	10.60	10.25	11.97	10.24	10.61	10.27	12.09	10.27	10.66	10.77	10.81
Renewables (c) (quadrillion Btu)	1.74	1.76	1.66	1.67	1.74	1.89	1.81	1.76	1.90	1.99	1.88	1.84	6.84	7.21	7.61
Total Energy Consumption (d) (quadrillion Btu)	26.79	24.30	25.60	25.52	26.87	24.99	25.72	25.71	26.83	24.38	25.48	25.65	102.20	103.29	102.35
Nominal Energy Prices															
Crude Oil (e) (dollars per barrel)	53.95	62.44	71.34	83.96	91.15	117.30	113.41	100.87	108.48	112.83	104.21	100.50	68.09	105.78	106.52
Natural Gas Wellhead (dollars per thousand cubic feet)	6.37	6.89	5.90	6.39	7.62	9.86	8.80	7.76	8.12	7.47	7.08	7.20	6.39	8.51	7.46
Coal (dollars per million Btu)	1.76	1.78	1.78	1.79	1.91	2.03	2.03	1.96	2.00	2.01	1.99	1.96	1.78	1.98	1.99
Macroeconomic															
Real Gross Domestic Product (billion chained 2000 dollars - SAAR) Percent change from prior year	11,358 1.3	11,491 1.8	11,626 2.8	11,621 2.3	11,646 2.5	11,740 2.2	11,776 1.3	11,765 1.2	11,751 0.9	11,795 0.5	11,841 0.6	11,913 1.3	11,524 2.0	11,732 1.8	11,825 0.8
GDP Implicit Price Deflator (Index, 2000=100) Percent change from prior year	118.9 2.9	119.5 2.8	120.0 2.5	120.8 2.6	121.6 2.3	122.0 2.0	123.1 2.6	124.1 2.7	124.8 2.6	124.8 2.3	125.6 2.0	126.5 1.9	119.8 2.7	122.7 2.4	125.4 2.2
Real Disposable Personal Income (billion chained 2000 dollars - SAAR)	8,618	8,605	8,671	8,683	8,668	8,905	8,713	8,680	8,737	8,802	8,822	8,843	8,644	8,741	8,801
Percent change from prior year	3.4	2.9	3.1	1.8	0.6	3.5	0.5	0.0	0.8	-1.2	1.2	1.9	2.8	1.1	0.7
Manufacturing Production Index (Index, 2002=100)	112.6	113.9	115.1	115.0	114.8	113.7	113.9	113.2	113.3	113.8	114.8	115.7	114.2	113.9	114.4
Percent change from prior year	0.9	1.7	2.2	2.5	1.9	-0.2	-1.1	-1.6	-1.2	0.1	0.8	2.2	1.8	-0.2	0.5
Weather															
U.S. Heating Degree-Days U.S. Cooling Degree-Days	2,196 43	508 378	57 867	1,495 110	2,231 29	536 398	79 799	1,619 77	2,196 36	538 344	100 773	1,632 77	4,256 1,399	4,465 1,304	4,466 1,230

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109;

 $Petroleum\ Supply\ Annual,\ DOE/EIA-0340/2;\ Weekly\ Petroleum\ Status\ Report,\ DOE/EIA-0208;\ Petroleum\ Marketing\ Monthly,\ DOE/EIA-0380;\ Natural\ Gas\ Monthly,\ DOE/EIA-0130;\ Natural\ Gas\ Monthly,\ Natural\ Gas\ Monthl$

Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226; Quarterly Coal Report, DOE/EIA-0121; and International Petroleum Monthly, DOE/EIA-0520.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy. Weather projections from National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

⁽a) Includes lease condensate.

⁽b) Total consumption includes Independent Power Producer (IPP) consumption.

⁽c) Renewable energy includes minor components of non-marketed renewable energy that is neither bought nor sold, either directly or indirectly, as inputs to marketed energy.

 $^{{\}sf EIA}\ does\ not\ estimate\ or\ project\ end\text{-}use\ consumption\ of\ non\text{-}marketed\ renewable\ energy}.$

⁽d) The conversion from physical units to Btu is calculated using a subset of conversion factors used in the calculations of gross energy consumption in EIA's Monthly Energy Review (MER). Consequently, the historical data may not precisely match those published in the MER or the Annual Energy Review (AER).

⁽e) Refers to the refiner average acquisition cost (RAC) of crude oil.

Table 2. U.S. Energy Nominal Prices

Energy information / terminetration / Orient		200				200	08			200)9			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Crude Oil (dollars per barrel)						•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	
West Texas Intermediate Spot Average	58.08	64.97	75.46	90.75	97.94	123.95	118.05	106.33	114.00	118.33	109.67	106.00	72.32	111.57	112.00
Imported Average	53.13	62.30	70.38	82.44	89.73	116.03	112.22	99.32	107.04	111.34	102.72	99.00	67.13	104.35	105.11
Refiner Average Acquisition Cost	53.95	62.44	71.34	83.96	91.15	117.30	113.41	100.87	108.48	112.83	104.21	100.50	68.09	105.78	106.52
Petroleum Products (cents per gallon)															
Refiner Prices for Resale															
Gasoline	176	238	222	234	249	315	312	286	303	314	287	272	218	291	294
Diesel Fuel	184	212	224	257	284	365	339	306	322	341	313	300	220	325	319
Heating Oil	170	196	208	250	269	347	332	297	309	325	296	287	206	302	304
Refiner Prices to End Users															
Jet Fuel	181	209	220	258	284	364	351	308	323	341	314	301	217	327	320
No. 6 Residual Fuel Oil (a)	111	129	144	174	187	218	254	223	225	228	215	208	139	220	219
Propane to Petrochemical Sector	95	111	119	145	145	165	168	152	158	159	159	164	117	156	160
Retail Prices Including Taxes															
Gasoline Regular Grade (b)	236	302	285	297	311	376	385	351	362	377	350	334	281	356	356
Gasoline All Grades (b)	241	306	290	302	316	381	390	356	367	381	355	339	285	361	361
On-highway Diesel Fuel	255	281	290	327	353	439	434	384	392	414	386	372	288	401	391
Heating Oil	250	261	268	316	340	401	411	386	391	393	365	362	272	371	380
Propane	203	211	205	238	250	265	269	267	269	262	253	267	215	260	265
Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic feetf)															
Average Wellhead	6.37	6.89	5.90	6.39	7.62	9.86	8.80	7.76	8.12	7.47	7.08	7.20	6.39	8.51	7.46
Henry Hub Spot	7.41	7.76	6.35	7.19	8.92	11.73	9.29	8.76	9.15	8.24	7.43	7.90	7.17	9.67	8.17
End-Use Prices															
Industrial Sector	7.97	8.08	6.75	7.50	8.90	11.10	10.92	9.26	9.79	8.72	7.98	8.33	7.59	9.99	8.73
Commercial Sector	11.37	11.59	11.23	10.99	11.37	13.13	14.23	12.86	12.83	12.06	11.88	11.85	11.31	12.48	12.31
Residential Sector	12.31	14.18	16.41	12.65	12.46	15.57	19.58	15.10	14.24	14.42	16.50	13.46	13.00	14.23	14.22
Electricity															
Power Generation Fuel Costs (dollars per million	Btu)														
Coal	1.76	1.78	1.78	1.79	1.91	2.03	2.03	1.96	2.00	2.01	1.99	1.96	1.78	1.98	1.99
Natural Gas	7.35	7.62	6.55	7.18	8.67	11.14	9.99	8.32	8.92	8.21	7.54	7.84	7.09	9.63	8.03
Residual Fuel Oil (c)	7.18	8.36	8.53	10.71	13.34	13.97	15.39	14.12	14.09	14.29	13.59	13.09	8.40	14.38	13.75
Distillate Fuel Oil	12.44	14.48	14.75	18.96	18.89	24.32	24.31	21.84	22.66	23.78	21.75	20.99	15.17	22.34	22.29
End-Use Prices (cents per kilowatthour)															
Industrial Sector	6.1	6.3	6.7	6.3	6.4	7.0	7.4	6.8	6.8	7.5	8.1	7.5	6.4	6.9	7.5
Commercial Sector	9.3	9.7	10.0	9.6	9.6	10.3	11.0	10.4	10.4	11.1	11.9	11.4	9.7	10.3	11.2
Residential Sector	10.0	10.9	11.0	10.6	10.3	11.5	11.9	11.4	11.2	12.5	13.1	12.5	10.6	11.3	12.4

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Prices exclude taxes unless otherwise noted

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Marketing Monthly, DOE/EIA-0380;

Weekly Petroleum Status Report , DOE/EIA-0208; Natural Gas Monthly , DOE/EIA-0130; Electric Power Monthly , DOE/EIA-0226; and Monthly Energy Review , DOE/EIA-0035.

Natural gas Henry Hub spot price from NGI's Daily Gas Price Index (http://lntelligencepress.com); WTI crude oil price from Reuter's News Service (http://www.reuters.com).

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

⁽a) Average for all sulfur contents.

⁽b) Average self-service cash price.

⁽c) Includes fuel oils No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, and topped crude.

Table 3a. International Petroleum Supply, Consumption, and Inventories

Energy information Administration		200				200	08			200	09			Year	
<u> </u>	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Supply (million barrels per day) (a)															
OECD (b)	21.72	21.51	21.15	21.45	21.26	21.19	20.58	21.15	21.27	21.13	20.98	21.30	21.46	21.04	21.17
U.S. (50 States)	8.38	8.50	8.36	8.58	8.62	8.75	8.23	8.69	8.93	8.96	9.01	9.21	8.45	8.58	9.03
Canada	3.45	3.37	3.48	3.40	3.35	3.31	3.50	3.55	3.60	3.63	3.64	3.66	3.42	3.43	3.63
Mexico	3.59	3.61	3.46	3.35	3.30	3.20	3.18	3.12	3.01	3.03	2.98	2.93	3.50	3.20	2.99
North Sea (c)	4.81	4.50	4.29	4.58	4.47	4.34	4.05	4.19	4.16	3.95	3.80	3.98	4.54	4.26	3.97
Other OECD	1.49	1.54	1.55	1.56	1.53	1.59	1.61	1.60	1.57	1.54	1.55	1.52	1.53	1.58	1.55
Non-OECD	62.21	62.66	63.08	63.82	64.04	64.59	65.19	65.52	64.63	65.26	66.33	66.23	62.95	64.84	65.62
OPEC (d)	34.98	35.07	35.44	36.18	36.69	36.94	37.42	37.36	36.92	37.08	37.49	37.60	35.42	37.10	37.28
Crude Oil Portion	30.44	30.58	30.93	31.65	32.10	32.33	32.65	32.44	31.73	31.52	31.64	31.47	30.90	32.38	31.59
Other Liquids	4.55	4.49	4.51	4.53	4.59	4.61	4.77	4.93	5.19	5.56	5.85	6.13	4.52	4.73	5.69
Former Soviet Union (e)	12.61	12.60	12.55	12.66	12.60	12.60	12.26	12.78	12.78	12.82	12.97	13.04	12.60	12.56	12.91
China	3.92	3.96	3.87	3.86	3.93	3.99	3.93	3.94	3.90	3.92	3.92	3.93	3.90	3.95	3.92
Other Non-OECD	10.70	11.04	11.21	11.13	10.83	11.07	11.58	11.43	11.02	11.43	11.94	11.65	11.02	11.23	11.51
Total World Production	83.93	84.17	84.23	85.28	85.31	85.78	85.76	86.67	85.91	86.38	87.30	87.53	84.40	85.88	86.79
Non-OPEC Production	48.95	49.10	48.79	49.10	48.62	48.85	48.34	49.31	48.98	49.30	49.81	49.93	48.98	48.78	49.51
Consumption (million barrels per day) (f)														
OECD (b)	49.74	48.22	48.84	49.78	48.67	47.10	47.40	49.09	48.35	46.45	47.09	48.37	49.14	48.07	47.56
U.S. (50 States)	20.79	20.63	20.73	20.58	19.88	19.68	19.56	20.25	19.74	19.61	19.71	19.93	20.68	19.85	19.75
U.S. Territories	0.30	0.32	0.33	0.32	0.27	0.28	0.28	0.30	0.30	0.29	0.28	0.30	0.32	0.28	0.29
Canada	2.38	2.30	2.43	2.39	2.37	2.26	2.35	2.40	2.34	2.25	2.32	2.37	2.37	2.34	2.32
Europe	15.23	14.95	15.41	15.62	15.20	14.88	15.22	15.31	15.02	14.63	15.02	15.24	15.30	15.15	14.98
Japan	5.43	4.64	4.70	5.25	5.41	4.59	4.71	5.19	5.41	4.42	4.56	4.99	5.01	4.98	4.84
Other OECD	5.60	5.37	5.24	5.62	5.55	5.40	5.28	5.64	5.54	5.25	5.20	5.55	5.46	5.47	5.39
Non-OECD	36.10	36.67	36.72	37.16	37.35	38.14	38.20	38.58	38.58	39.56	39.50	39.78	36.67	38.07	39.36
Former Soviet Union	4.25	4.32	4.22	4.32	4.34	4.49	4.38	4.43	4.45	4.64	4.57	4.52	4.28	4.41	4.54
Europe	0.85	0.78	0.73	0.79	0.86	0.80	0.75	0.81	0.88	0.82	0.76	0.83	0.79	0.80	0.82
China	7.33	7.52	7.59	7.87	7.72	7.94	8.07	8.34	8.15	8.40	8.41	8.72	7.58	8.02	8.42
Other Asia	8.74	8.83	8.64	8.93	8.86	8.92	8.68	8.99	8.93	9.02	8.74	9.03	8.78	8.86	8.93
Other Non-OECD	14.94	15.22	15.54	15.25	15.58	15.99	16.32	16.02	16.17	16.69	17.02	16.69	15.24	15.98	16.64
Total World Consumption	85.84	84.89	85.56	86.94	86.03	85.23	85.60	87.68	86.93	86.01	86.59	88.16	85.81	86.14	86.92
Inventory Net Withdrawals (million ba	arrels per	day)													
U.S. (50 States)	0.47	-0.57	0.14	0.56	0.14	-0.36	0.28	0.05	0.10	-0.59	-0.08	0.29	0.15	0.03	-0.07
Other OECD (b)	0.22	-0.12	-0.14	0.28	-0.09	0.37	-0.54	0.41	0.39	0.09	-0.26	0.14	0.06	0.04	0.09
Other Stock Draws and Balance	1.22	1.41	1.32	0.83	0.68	-0.56	0.09	0.55	0.53	0.12	-0.37	0.19	1.20	0.19	0.12
Total Stock Draw	1.91	0.72	1.33	1.67	0.72	-0.55	-0.17	1.01	1.03	-0.38	-0.71	0.63	1.41	0.25	0.14
End-of-period Inventories (million bar	rrels)														
U.S. Commercial Inventory	989	1,039	1,024	968	953	980	955	951	941	993	1,001	974	968	951	974
OECD Commercial Inventory (b)	2,594	2,659	2,653	2,569	2,561	2,561	2,587	2,544	2,499	2,543	2,575	2,534	2,569	2,544	2,534

^{- =} no data available

France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal,

Slovakia, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the International Petroleum Monthly; and International Energy Agency, Monthly Oil Data Service, latest monthly release.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

⁽a) Supply includes production of crude oil (including lease condensates), natural gas plant liquids, other liquids, and refinery processing gains, alcohol.

⁽b) OECD: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland,

⁽c) Includes offshore supply from Denmark, Germany, the Netherlands, Norway, and the United Kingdom.

⁽d) OPEC: Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries: Algeria, Angola, Ecuador, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Venezuela.

⁽e) Former Soviet Union: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan.

⁽f) Consumption of petroleum by the OECD countries is synonymous with "petroleum product supplied," defined in the glossary of the EIA Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109.

Consumption of petroleum by the non-OECD countries is "apparent consumption," which includes internal consumption, refinery fuel and loss, and bunkering.

Table 3b. Non-OPEC Petroleum Supply (million barrels per day)

Lifergy information Administration		200				200)8			200	19			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
North America	15.42	15.48	15.31	15.32	15.27	15.27	14.91	15.36	15.54	15.63	15.63	15.80	15.38	15.20	15.65
Canada	3.45	3.37	3.48	3.40	3.35	3.31	3.50	3.55	3.60	3.63	3.64	3.66	3.42	3.43	3.63
Mexico	3.59	3.61	3.46	3.35	3.30	3.20	3.18	3.12	3.01	3.03	2.98	2.93	3.50	3.20	2.99
United States	8.38	8.50	8.36	8.58	8.62	8.75	8.23	8.69	8.93	8.96	9.01	9.21	8.45	8.58	9.03
Central and South America	3.74	4.12	4.26	4.14	3.79	4.11	4.58	4.46	4.01	4.43	4.96	4.66	4.07	4.24	4.52
Argentina	0.80	0.80	0.79	0.78	0.79	0.73	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.77	0.77	0.79	0.77	0.77
Brazil	1.97	2.32	2.48	2.34	1.98	2.34	2.76	2.67	2.23	2.66	3.18	2.89	2.28	2.44	2.74
Colombia	0.53	0.53	0.54	0.57	0.57	0.59	0.57	0.55	0.54	0.53	0.54	0.54	0.54	0.57	0.54
Other Central and S. America	0.45	0.46	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.47	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.45	0.46	0.46
Europe	5.47	5.17	4.96	5.24	5.14	5.01	4.71	4.84	4.80	4.58	4.43	4.61	5.21	4.92	4.61
Norway	2.73	2.47	2.48	2.58	2.51	2.42	2.38	2.37	2.38	2.27	2.25	2.34	2.57	2.42	2.31
United Kingdom (offshore)	1.70	1.66	1.44	1.63	1.61	1.58	1.33	1.46	1.42	1.33	1.21	1.31	1.61	1.50	1.32
Other North Sea	0.38	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.35	0.34	0.34	0.36	0.36	0.35	0.34	0.33	0.37	0.35	0.35
FSU and Eastern Europe	12.83	12.81	12.77	12.88	12.83	12.83	12.49	13.01	13.00	13.05	13.19	13.26	12.82	12.79	13.13
Azerbaijan	0.84	0.88	0.80	0.88	0.91	0.98	0.69	1.09	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	0.85	0.92	1.22
Kazakhstan	1.44	1.45	1.43	1.46	1.48	1.45	1.36	1.47	1.48	1.51	1.54	1.57	1.44	1.44	1.53
Russia	9.89	9.84	9.90	9.88	9.79	9.75	9.79	9.79	9.72	9.69	9.76	9.75	9.88	9.78	9.73
Turkmenistan	0.19	0.17	0.18	0.18	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.18	0.19	0.20
Other FSU/Eastern Europe	0.66	0.65	0.65	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.65	0.66	0.65	0.65	0.64	0.64	0.65	0.66	0.65
Middle East	1.54	1.51	1.51	1.53	1.56	1.54	1.52	1.52	1.53	1.51	1.50	1.51	1.52	1.54	1.51
Oman	0.72	0.71	0.70	0.72	0.75	0.75	0.74	0.73	0.72	0.71	0.70	0.71	0.71	0.74	0.71
Syria	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.43	0.45	0.44	0.42	0.43	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.43	0.43	0.45
Yemen	0.33	0.32	0.31	0.32	0.32	0.30	0.30	0.31	0.31	0.30	0.29	0.30	0.32	0.31	0.30
Asia and Oceania	7.43	7.45	7.38	7.40	7.45	7.51	7.50	7. <i>4</i> 8	7.47	7. <i>4</i> 8	7.47	7.44	7.42	7.49	7.46
Australia	0.57	0.61	0.60	0.58	0.53	0.60	0.64	0.64	0.62	0.61	0.61	0.58	0.59	0.60	0.61
China	3.92	3.96	3.87	3.86	3.93	3.99	3.93	3.94	3.90	3.92	3.92	3.93	3.90	3.95	3.92
India	0.89	0.87	0.88	0.88	0.89	0.88	0.86	0.87	0.88	0.88	0.87	0.87	0.88	0.88	0.88
Malaysia	0.71	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.74	0.71	0.72	0.70	0.71	0.70	0.71	0.69	0.70	0.72	0.70
Vietnam	0.36	0.34	0.34	0.36	0.34	0.32	0.34	0.34	0.36	0.36	0.37	0.38	0.35	0.33	0.37
Africa	2.52	2.57	2.61	2.59	2.58	2.58	2.63	2.62	2.62	2.63	2.63	2.64	2.57	2.60	2.63
Egypt	0.64	0.67	0.71	0.64	0.63	0.62	0.65	0.62	0.58	0.57	0.56	0.55	0.66	0.63	0.57
Equatorial Guinea	0.36	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.37	0.36	0.35
Gabon	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.25	0.24	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.25	0.24
Sudan	0.40	0.45	0.49	0.52	0.52	0.52	0.52	0.53	0.55	0.58	0.60	0.60	0.47	0.52	0.59
Total non-OPEC liquids	48.95	49.10	48.79	49.10	48.62	48.85	48.34	49.31	48.98	49.30	49.81	49.93	48.98	48.78	49.51
OPEC non-crude liquids	4.55	4.49	4.51	4.53	4.59	4.61	4.77	4.93	5.19	5.56	5.85	6.13	4.52	4.73	5.69
Non-OPEC + OPEC non-crude	53.50	53.59	53.30	53.63	53.21	53.46	53.11	54.23	54.17	54.86	55.66	56.06	53.50	53.50	55.19

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Supply includes production of crude oil (including lease condensates), natural gas plant liquids, other liquids, and refinery processing gains, alcohol.

 $Not all \ countries \ are \ shown \ in \ each \ region \ and \ sum \ of \ reported \ country \ volumes \ may \ not \ equal \ regional \ volumes.$

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the International Petroleum Monthly; and International Energy Agency, Monthly Oil Data Service, latest monthly release.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

FSU = Former Soviet Union

Table 3c. OPEC Petroleum Production (million barrels per day)

		20				200				200				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Crude Oil															
Algeria	1.36	1.36	1.37	1.40	1.41	1.44	1.44	-	-	-	-	-	1.37	-	-
Angola	1.57	1.64	1.67	1.85	1.91	1.92	1.85	-	-	-	-	-	1.68	-	-
Ecudaor	0.50	0.51	0.51	0.52	0.52	0.50	0.50	-	-	-	-	-	0.51	-	-
Indonesia	0.86	0.85	0.84	0.84	0.85	0.86	0.86	-	-	-	-	-	0.85	-	-
Iran	3.70	3.70	3.70	3.70	3.80	3.80	3.90	-	-	-	-	-	3.70	-	-
Iraq	1.93	2.07	2.05	2.28	2.25	2.40	2.43	-	-	-	-	-	2.08	-	-
Kuwait	2.43	2.42	2.48	2.52	2.58	2.60	2.60	-	-	-	-	-	2.46	-	-
Libya	1.68	1.68	1.71	1.74	1.74	1.72	1.74	-	-	-	-	-	1.70	-	-
Nigeria	2.11	2.06	2.15	2.16	1.99	1.90	1.90	-	-	-	-	-	2.12	-	-
Qatar	0.79	0.79	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.87	-	-	-	-	-	0.81	-	-
Saudi Arabia	8.65	8.60	8.67	8.97	9.20	9.32	9.57	-	-	-	-	-	8.72	-	-
United Arab Emirates	2.49	2.50	2.55	2.44	2.60	2.60	2.60	-	-	-	-	-	2.49	-	-
Venezuela	2.36	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.39	-	-	-	-	-	2.39	-	-
OPEC Total	30.44	30.58	30.93	31.65	32.10	32.33	32.65	32.44	31.73	31.52	31.64	31.47	30.90	32.38	31.59
Other Liquids	4.55	4.49	4.51	4.53	4.59	4.61	4.77	4.93	5.19	5.56	5.85	6.13	4.52	4.73	5.69
Total OPEC Supply	34.98	35.07	35.44	36.18	36.69	36.94	37.42	37.36	36.92	37.08	37.49	37.60	35.42	37.10	37.28
Crude Oil Production Capacity															
Algeria	1.39	1.39	1.39	1.40	1.41	1.44	1.44	-	-	-	-	-	1.39	-	-
Angola	1.57	1.64	1.67	1.85	1.91	1.92	1.85	-	_	_	_	-	1.68	-	_
Ecudaor	0.50	0.51	0.51	0.52	0.52	0.50	0.50	_	_	_	_	_	0.51	_	_
Indonesia	0.86	0.85	0.84	0.84	0.85	0.86	0.86	_	_	_	_	_	0.85	_	_
Iran	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.70	3.80	3.80	3.90	_	_	_	_	_	3.74	_	_
Iraq	1.93	2.07	2.06	2.30	2.30	2.42	2.43	_	_	_	_	_	2.09	_	_
Kuwait	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.60	_	_	_	_	_	2.60	_	_
Libya	1.70	1.70	1.71	1.74	1.74	1.72	1.74	_	_	_	_	_	1.71	_	_
Nigeria	2.11	2.06	2.15	2.16	1.99	1.90	1.90	_	_	_	_	_	2.12	_	_
Qatar	0.82	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.94	_	_	_	_	_	0.83	_	_
Saudi Arabia	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.60	10.80	10.80				_	-	10.50	_	_
United Arab Emirates	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.45	2.60	2.60	2.60	_	-	_	-	-	2.56	_	_
Venezuela	2.45	2.43	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.40	2.39	-	-	-	_	-	2.42	-	-
OPEC Total	32.78	32.92	33.02	33.29	33.56	33.83	33.95	34.37	34.77	34.76	34.88	34.90	33.00	33.93	34.83
Surplus Crude Oil Production Capa	acity														
Algeria	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	_	_	_	_	0.02	_	_
Angola	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	_	_	_	_	0.00	_	_
Ecudaor	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	_	_	_	-	0.00	_	_
Indonesia	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	_	_	_	_	0.00	_	_
Iran	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	_	-	-	_	-	0.04	-	-
	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.02	0.00	_	-	_	-	-	0.04	_	_
Iraq							0.00	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Kuwait	0.17	0.18	0.12	0.08	0.02	0.00		-	-	-	-	-	0.14	-	-
Libya	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	-	-
Nigeria	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	0.00	-	-
Qatar	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	-	-
Saudi Arabia	1.85	1.90	1.83	1.53	1.40	1.48	1.23	-	-	-	-	-	1.78	-	-
United Arab Emirates	0.11	0.10	0.05	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	0.07	-	-
Venezuela	0.09	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	0.03	-	-
OPEC Total	2.35	2.34	2.09	1.64	1.47	1.50	1.30	1.94	3.04	3.24	3.24	3.44	2.10	1.55	3.24

 ^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the International Petroleum Monthly; and International Energy Agency, Monthly Oil Data Service, latest monthly release.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

 $\textbf{Projections:} \ \textbf{Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model}.$

Table 4a. U.S. Petroleum Supply, Consumption, and Inventories

Energy Information Administration/Shor	t-Term Er	200		clober 2	008	200	0			200	ο.			Year	
	1st	200 2nd	3rd	4th	1st	200	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Supply (million barrels per day)															
Crude Oil Supply															
Domestic Production (a)	5.11	5.16	4.94	5.04	5.12	5.15	4.61	4.98	5.22	5.23	5.25	5.45	5.06	4.96	5.29
Alaska	0.76	0.74	0.65	0.72	0.71	0.68	0.61	0.65	0.64	0.59	0.54	0.59	0.72	0.66	0.59
Federal Gulf of Mexico (b)	1.31	1.34	1.22	1.24	1.33	1.35	0.96	1.18	1.41	1.48	1.50	1.58	1.28	1.20	1.49
Lower 48 States (excl GOM)	3.05	3.08	3.06	3.07	3.07	3.11	3.05	3.15	3.17	3.17	3.21	3.28	3.07	3.10	3.21
Crude Oil Net Imports (c)	9.87	10.13	10.15	9.86	9.72	9.84	9.50	9.50	9.16	9.62	9.32	8.91	10.00	9.64	9.25
SPR Net Withdrawals	0.00	-0.02	-0.03	-0.04	-0.04	-0.06	0.02	0.00	-0.01	-0.02	0.00	0.00	-0.02	-0.02	-0.01
Commercial Inventory Net Withdrawals	-0.21	-0.25	0.47	0.27	-0.30	0.20	0.01	0.01	-0.20	-0.01	0.15	0.01	0.07	-0.02	-0.01
Crude Oil Adjustment (d)	-0.02	0.20	0.00	-0.03	0.09	0.04	0.20	-0.06	0.05	0.08	0.02	-0.02	0.04	0.07	0.03
Total Crude Oil Input to Refineries	14.77	15.23	15.53	15.09	14.59	15.16	14.34	14.44	14.23	14.91	14.74	14.35	15.16	14.63	14.56
Other Supply															
Refinery Processing Gain	0.98	0.96	1.01	1.03	0.98	0.97	0.99	1.02	0.99	0.99	1.00	1.02	1.00	0.99	1.00
Natural Gas Liquids Production	1.72	1.78	1.78	1.85	1.82	1.87	1.83	1.89	1.89	1.91	1.91	1.89	1.78	1.85	1.90
Other HC/Oxygenates Adjustment (e)	0.56	0.60	0.63	0.66	0.70	0.77	0.80	0.80	0.82	0.84	0.85	0.85	0.61	0.77	0.84
Fuel Ethanol Production	0.38	0.40	0.44	0.48	0.53	0.58	0.62	0.63	0.64	0.66	0.66	0.67	0.43	0.59	0.66
Product Net Imports (c)	2.09	2.36	2.08	1.61	1.33	1.41	1.35	2.07	1.49	1.53	1.44	1.53	2.03	1.54	1.50
Pentanes Plus	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	0.00	0.00	-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	0.20	0.18	0.19	0.19	0.16	0.13	0.16	0.20	0.11	0.12	0.10	0.15	0.19	0.16	0.12
Unfinished Oils	0.74	0.79	0.68	0.66	0.75	0.76	0.81	0.78	0.77	0.79	0.84	0.76	0.72	0.78	0.79
Other HC/Oxygenates	-0.04	-0.05	-0.03	-0.05	-0.04	-0.02	-0.02	-0.03	-0.03	-0.05	-0.04	-0.05	-0.04	-0.03	-0.04
Motor Gasoline Blend Comp	0.66	0.84	0.75	0.70	0.59	0.84	0.73	0.74	0.69	0.89	0.81	0.70	0.74	0.73	0.77
Finished Motor Gasoline	0.22	0.41	0.35	0.17	0.21	0.21	0.13	0.19	0.10	0.21	0.14	0.06	0.29	0.18	0.13
Jet Fuel	0.18	0.23	0.19	0.11	0.06	0.07	0.01	0.08	0.03	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.18	0.06	0.05
Distillate Fuel Oil	0.15	0.07	0.04	-0.11	-0.10	-0.36	-0.33	0.03	-0.06	-0.21	-0.24	-0.10	0.04	-0.19	-0.15
Residual Fuel Oil	0.12	0.02	0.01	0.02	-0.03	-0.01	-0.01	0.13	0.00	-0.06	-0.06	0.06	0.04	0.02	-0.02
Other Oils (f)	-0.16	-0.14	-0.13	-0.07	-0.26	-0.21	-0.14	-0.06	-0.12	-0.20	-0.18	-0.09	-0.12	-0.16	-0.15
Product Inventory Net Withdrawals	0.67	-0.30	-0.30	0.33	0.47	-0.50	0.25	0.04	0.31	-0.56	-0.23	0.28	0.10	0.07	-0.05
Total Supply	20.79	20.63	20.73	20.58	19.90	19.68	19.56	20.25	19.73	19.61	19.71	19.93	20.68	19.85	19.74
Natural Gas Liquids and Other Liquids Pentanes Plus	0.10 2.38 0.10	0.10 1.92 0.05	0.11 1.92 -0.06	0.11 2.13 0.03	0.11 2.25 0.00	0.07 1.86 -0.06	0.09 1.88 -0.09	0.11 2.15 0.03	0.10 2.26 0.01	0.10 1.85 0.00	0.10 1.89 -0.04	0.11 2.12 -0.01	0.11 2.08 0.03	0.09 2.04 -0.03	0.10 2.03 -0.01
Motor Gasoline	9.02	9.38	9.49	9.24	8.91	9.14	9.12	9.15	8.80	9.15	9.17	9.09	9.29	9.08	9.05
Jet Fuel	1.60	1.64	1.63	1.61	1.54	1.58	1.54	1.54	1.49	1.53	1.54	1.51	1.62	1.55	1.52
Distillate Fuel Oil	4.38	4.13	4.11	4.16	4.20	3.92	3.84	4.07	4.17	3.94	3.85	4.02	4.20	4.01	3.99
Residual Fuel Oil	0.80	0.70	0.70	0.69	0.60	0.68	0.58	0.68	0.62	0.56	0.55	0.64	0.72	0.63	0.59
Other Oils (f)	2.39	2.69	2.82	2.61	2.27	2.49	2.61	2.52	2.29	2.48	2.64	2.45	2.63	2.47	2.47
Total Consumption	20.79	20.63	20.73	20.58	19.88	19.68	19.56	20.25	19.73	19.61	19.71	19.93	20.68	19.85	19.74
Total Petroleum Net Imports	11.96	12.49	12.23	11.47	11.05	11.25	10.85	11.57	10.66	11.15	10.76	10.44	12.04	11.18	10.75
End-of-period Inventories (million barrels) Commercial Inventory															
Crude Oil (excluding SPR)	330.9	354.1	311.1	286.1	313.1	294.7	293.9	292.7	310.7	311.3	297.6	296.5	286.1	292.7	296.5
Pentanes Plus	11.3	10.9	12.1	10.3	9.1	12.9	14.7	11.9	11.3	12.4	12.8	10.7	10.3	11.9	10.7
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	70.4	103.0	125.7	95.6	64.7	103.1	126.7	100.0	68.1	107.5	133.7	102.3	95.6	100.0	102.3
Unfinished Oils	95.2	88.6	90.9	81.2	90.2	88.7	87.5	81.1	92.8	89.3	88.4	81.5	81.2	81.1	81.5
Other HC/Oxygenates		10.6	13.4	11.7	13.3	13.8	15.3	14.5	15.5	15.2	16.2	15.3	11.7	14.5	15.3
Total Motor Gasoline	201.6	205.5	200.0	218.1	221.2	209.8	179.9	201.7	204.9	208.8	200.8	208.0	218.1	201.7	208.0
Finished Motor Gasoline	109.2	116.6	113.2	111.4	110.0	107.0	86.8	100.8	100.0	107.1	100.5	104.0	111.4	100.8	104.0
Motor Gasoline Blend Comp.	92.4	88.9	86.8	106.7	111.2	107.0	93.1	100.8	100.0	107.1	100.3	104.0	106.7	100.8	104.0
Jet Fuel	40.1	41.1	42.9	39.5	38.4	39.7	36.0	36.3	36.1	37.7	39.3	38.6	39.5	36.3	38.6
Distillate Fuel Oil	120.0	123.8	134.2	133.9	107.2	121.1	122.5	127.2	30.1 104.4	37.7 115.2	39.3 126.4	131.1	133.9	127.2	131.1
Residual Fuel Oil	39.6	36.1	37.0	39.3	39.4	41.6	36.3	38.7	38.3	38.1	36.2	38.0	39.3	38.7	38.0
Other Oils (f)	69.7	65.6	56.4	52.7	56.1	54.2	36.3 42.5	36.7 46.9	59.0	57.3	36.2 49.2	51.5	39.3 52.7	36.7 46.9	51.5
	989	1,039	1,024	968	953	980	42.5 955	46.9 951	59.0 941	993	49.2 1,001	974	968	46.9 951	974
Total Commercial Inventory Crude Oil in SPR	689	690	693	697	700	706	955 704	704	705	993 707	707	707	968 697	95 i 704	974 707
Heating Oil Reserve	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
cading on 1000170	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109;

Petroleum Supply Annual , DOE/EIA-0340/2; and Weekly Petroleum Status Report , DOE/EIA-0208.

 $\label{thm:minor} \mbox{Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.}$

 $\textbf{Projections:} \ \textbf{Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model}.$

⁽a) Includes lease condensate.

⁽b) Crude oil production from U.S. Federal leases in the Gulf of Mexico (GOM).

⁽c) Net imports equals gross imports minus gross exports.

 $⁽d) \ Crude \ oil \ adjustment \ balances \ supply \ and \ consumption \ and \ was \ previously \ referred \ to \ as \ "Unaccounted for \ Crude \ Oil."$

⁽e) Other HC/oxygenates adjustment balances supply and consumption and includes MTBE and fuel ethanol production reported in the EIA-819M Monthly Oxygenate Report. This adjustment was previously referred to as "Field Production."

⁽f) "Other Oils" inludes aviation gasoline blend components, finished aviation gasoline, kerosene, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt and road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

HC: Hydrocarbons

Table 4b. U.S. Petroleum Refinery Balance (Million Barrels per Day, Except Utilization Factor)

		200	07			200	08			200)9			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Refinery Inputs															
Crude OII	14.77	15.23	15.53	15.09	14.59	15.16	14.34	14.44	14.23	14.91	14.74	14.35	15.16	14.63	14.56
Pentanes Plus	0.17	0.19	0.18	0.18	0.15	0.16	0.17	0.19	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.19	0.18	0.17	0.18
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	0.33	0.27	0.29	0.42	0.36	0.29	0.31	0.40	0.35	0.29	0.31	0.42	0.33	0.34	0.34
Other Hydrocarbons/Oxygenates	0.47	0.48	0.49	0.52	0.54	0.60	0.65	0.67	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.70	0.49	0.62	0.68
Unfinished Oils	0.52	0.80	0.71	0.74	0.67	0.84	0.92	0.82	0.63	0.83	0.89	0.84	0.69	0.81	0.80
Motor Gasoline Blend Components	0.18	0.32	0.20	-0.09	0.28	0.63	0.43	0.23	0.33	0.50	0.38	0.22	0.15	0.39	0.36
Aviation Gasoline Blend Components	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total Refinery Inputs	16.43	17.29	17.41	16.86	16.58	17.68	16.82	16.74	16.39	17.38	17.18	16.71	17.00	16.96	16.92
Refinery Processing Gain	0.98	0.96	1.01	1.03	0.98	0.97	0.99	1.02	0.99	0.99	1.00	1.02	1.00	0.99	1.00
Refinery Outputs															
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	0.56	0.86	0.76	0.45	0.55	0.85	0.74	0.44	0.53	0.83	0.74	0.44	0.65	0.64	0.63
Finished Motor Gasoline	8.16	8.43	8.46	8.38	8.34	8.45	8.26	8.58	8.27	8.49	8.39	8.51	8.36	8.41	8.42
Jet Fuel	1.44	1.43	1.46	1.47	1.47	1.52	1.49	1.46	1.46	1.50	1.50	1.45	1.45	1.48	1.48
Distillate Fuel	3.98	4.10	4.18	4.27	4.01	4.44	4.18	4.09	3.97	4.27	4.21	4.17	4.13	4.18	4.16
Residual Fuel	0.66	0.64	0.70	0.69	0.63	0.71	0.52	0.57	0.61	0.62	0.59	0.60	0.67	0.61	0.61
Other Oils (a)	2.63	2.79	2.85	2.65	2.57	2.68	2.62	2.62	2.55	2.66	2.73	2.56	2.73	2.62	2.63
Total Refinery Output	17.41	18.25	18.41	17.89	17.57	18.65	17.81	17.76	17.38	18.37	18.18	17.73	17.99	17.95	17.92
Refinery Distillation Inputs	15.12	15.49	15.77	15.41	14.89	15.52	14.62	14.81	14.60	15.26	15.10	14.72	15.45	14.96	14.92
Refinery Operable Distillation Capacity	17.44	17.45	17.46	17.45	17.59	17.60	17.60	17.61	17.61	17.61	17.61	17.61	17.45	17.60	17.61
Refinery Distillation Utilization Factor	0.87	0.89	0.90	0.88	0.85	0.88	0.83	0.84	0.83	0.87	0.86	0.84	0.89	0.85	0.85

^{- =} no data available

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109;

Petroleum Supply Annual, DOE/EIA-0340/2; Weekly Petroleum Status Report, DOE/EIA-0208.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

⁽a) "Other Oils" includes aviation gasoline blend components, finished aviation gasoline, kerosene, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt and road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Table 4c. U.S. Regional Motor Gasoline Prices and Inventories

Energy Information Administration/S	hort-Tern			c - Octob	er 2008										
		200	7			200				200	-			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Prices (cents per gallon)															
Refiner Wholesale Price	176	238	222	234	249	315	312	286	303	314	287	272	218	291	294
Gasoline Regular Grade Retail Prices E	xcluding T	axes													
PADD 1 (East Coast)	186	244	231	246	263	325	333	302	313	325	299	284	227	306	305
PADD 2 (Midwest)	183	254	243	245	260	325	332	299	312	324	299	282	232	304	304
PADD 3 (Gulf Coast)	181	247	233	243	260	323	332	298	310	321	296	280	226	304	302
PADD 4 (Rocky Mountain)	182	259	246	248	255	321	345	304	310	328	309	289	235	307	309
PADD 5 (West Coast)	213	266	235	257	268	339	345	313	327	345	315	299	243	317	321
U.S. Average	188	251	236	247	262	327	334	302	314	328	302	286	231	307	307
Gasoline Regular Grade Retail Prices Ir	ncluding Ta	axes													
PADD 1	235	295	280	296	312	374	383	351	362	375	348	333	277	355	354
PADD 2	229	302	292	294	307	373	381	347	358	371	346	330	280	352	351
PADD 3	222	289	275	284	301	364	374	341	351	364	338	322	268	345	344
PADD 4	228	307	292	295	302	367	391	352	356	375	355	335	281	353	355
PADD 5	268	326	292	316	327	398	405	367	381	401	371	354	301	375	377
U.S. Average	236	302	285	297	311	376	385	351	362	377	350	334	281	356	356
Gasoline All Grades Including Taxes	241	306	290	302	316	381	390	356	367	381	355	339	285	361	361
End-of-period Inventories (million barrels	s)														
Total Gasoline Inventories															
PADD 1	54.3	53.5	51.8	59.9	59.4	59.2	44.0	52.6	54.8	58.3	54.7	55.6	59.9	52.6	55.6
PADD 2	49.1	49.8	49.9	52.7	52.4	51.3	47.5	51.7	51.0	50.5	49.9	51.2	52.7	51.7	51.2
PADD 3	63.7	65.3	63.3	67.2	71.5	64.7	55.8	62.1	64.1	65.1	63.0	66.1	67.2	62.1	66.1
PADD 4	6.5	6.3	6.1	6.5	6.7	6.6	6.3	6.7	6.6	5.8	5.7	6.3	6.5	6.7	6.3
PADD 5	28.0	30.7	28.8	31.8	31.3	28.0	26.2	28.6	28.5	29.0	27.6	28.9	31.8	28.6	28.9
U.S. Total	201.6	205.5	200.0	218.1	221.2	209.8	179.9	201.7	204.9	208.8	200.8	208.0	218.1	201.7	208.0
Finished Gasoline Inventories															
PADD 1	25.8	29.9	29.5	29.1	27.0	28.8	18.3	24.1	23.0	27.6	25.0	25.5	29.1	24.1	25.5
PADD 2	33.6	34.5	34.1	35.6	34.5	33.6	29.0	33.0	32.3	32.8	32.7	34.0	35.6	33.0	34.0
PADD 3	37.0	38.1	36.8	35.7	36.1	33.8	29.7	34.0	33.7	35.1	32.7	35.0	35.7	34.0	35.0
PADD 4	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.5	4.1	4.3	4.6	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.6	4.3	4.2
PADD 5	8.2	9.8	8.4	6.5	7.7	6.3	5.8	5.4	6.4	7.4	6.0	5.2	6.5	5.4	5.2
U.S. Total	109.2	116.6	113.2	111.4	110.0	107.0	86.8	100.8	100.0	107.1	100.5	104.0	111.4	100.8	104.0
Gasoline Blending Components Inventor	ories														
PADD 1	28.5	23.6	22.3	30.8	32.4	30.5	25.7	28.5	31.8	30.6	29.7	30.1	30.8	28.5	30.1
PADD 2	15.5	15.3	15.8	17.1	17.9	17.6	18.5	18.8	18.7	17.8	17.1	17.2	17.1	18.8	17.2
PADD 3	26.7	27.2	26.5	31.6	35.3	30.9	26.2	28.1	30.4	30.0	30.3	31.1	31.6	28.1	31.1
PADD 4	1.9	1.9	1.7	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.1	1.7	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.0
PADD 5	19.8	21.0	20.4	25.2	23.6	21.7	20.5	23.2	22.0	21.6	21.6	23.7	25.2	23.2	23.7
U.S. Total	92.4	88.9	86.8	106.7	111.2	102.8	93.1	100.8	104.9	101.7	100.3	104.1	106.7	100.8	104.1

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD).

See "Petroleum for Administration Defense District" in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Marketing Monthly, DOE/EIA-0380;

Petroleum Supply Monthly , DOE/EIA-0109; Petroleum Supply Annual , DOE/EIA-0340/2; and Weekly Petroleum Status Report , DOE/EIA-0208.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Table 4d. U.S. Regional Heating Oil Prices and Distillate Inventories

		200)7			200	8			200)9			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Prices (cents per gallon)															
Refiner Wholesale Prices															
Heating Oil	170	196	208	250	269	347	332	297	309	325	296	287	206	302	304
Diesel Fuel	184	212	224	257	284	365	339	306	322	341	313	300	220	325	319
Heating Oil Residential Price	s Excludi	ng Taxes													
Northeast	240	249	256	301	324	381	393	370	373	375	348	345	260	354	362
South	229	240	248	302	327	386	386	364	372	374	342	345	251	355	361
Midwest	224	247	259	299	319	390	372	357	360	372	348	342	252	347	355
West	247	259	267	320	330	399	392	373	380	395	367	365	272	367	376
U.S. Average	238	248	256	301	324	382	391	368	373	375	348	345	259	354	362
Heating Oil Residential Price	s Includin	ng State Ta	axes												
Northeast	252	261	269	316	340	400	413	388	392	393	365	362	273	371	380
South	239	250	258	315	341	403	403	380	389	391	357	360	262	370	377
Midwest	238	261	274	317	338	412	394	378	381	394	368	362	267	367	376
West	254	266	273	328	339	410	403	383	390	405	377	375	279	376	386
U.S. Average	250	261	268	316	340	401	411	386	391	393	365	362	272	371	380
Total Distillate End-of-period I	nventories	s (million l	parrels)												
PADD 1 (East Coast)	43.9	45.1	57.8	55.7	33.2	41.9	47.3	48.7	31.9	39.4	52.9	53.6	55.7	48.7	53.6
PADD 2 (Midwest)	28.5	30.2	29.2	30.1	28.5	30.3	27.7	29.3	28.0	29.0	28.3	28.5	30.1	29.3	28.5
PADD 3 (Gulf Coast)	32.0	33.5	32.5	31.3	29.9	32.4	32.3	32.9	29.9	32.2	31.4	32.8	31.3	32.9	32.8
PADD 4 (Rocky Mountain)	3.3	3.1	2.7	3.3	3.1	3.4	2.9	3.3	3.1	3.0	2.7	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.2
PADD 5 (West Coast)	12.4	11.9	12.0	13.6	12.5	13.2	12.3	13.0	11.5	11.7	11.1	12.9	13.6	13.0	12.9
U.S. Total	120.0	123.8	134.2	133.9	107.2	121.1	122.5	127.2	104.4	115.2	126.4	131.1	133.9	127.2	131.1

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD) for inventories and to U.S. Census regions for prices.

See "Petroleum for Administration Defense District" and "Census region" in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Marketing Monthly, DOE/EIA-0380;

Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109; Petroleum Supply Annual, DOE/EIA-0340/2; and Weekly Petroleum Status Report, DOE/EIA-0208.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Table 4e. U.S. Regional Propane Prices and Inventories

<u> </u>		200	07			200	08			200	9			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Prices (cents per gallon)															
Propane Wholesale Price (a)	95	111	119	145	145	165	168	152	158	159	159	164	117	156	160
Propane Residential Prices exclude	ding Taxes	S													
Northeast	220	233	242	260	270	290	304	284	282	278	281	285	236	282	282
South	207	212	207	244	257	267	270	269	274	259	252	269	219	264	268
Midwest	167	169	167	195	204	217	227	226	227	215	211	225	176	216	223
West	208	202	196	239	258	255	257	266	271	254	246	271	215	260	263
U.S. Average	194	201	195	226	237	251	255	253	256	249	240	254	205	247	252
Propane Residential Prices include	ling State	Taxes													
Northeast	230	244	252	271	282	302	318	297	294	290	293	298	247	295	295
South	218	222	217	256	270	281	283	282	287	272	265	282	230	277	281
Midwest	177	178	176	206	216	229	240	239	239	227	223	237	186	228	235
West	220	214	207	253	273	270	271	282	287	268	260	286	227	275	278
U.S. Average	203	211	205	238	250	265	269	267	269	262	253	267	215	260	265
Propane End-of-period Inventories	(million ba	arrels)													
PADD 1 (East Coast)	3.2	3.7	4.5	4.6	2.5	3.8	4.4	4.6	3.0	4.3	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6
PADD 2 (Midwest)	8.6	16.6	23.5	19.4	9.0	17.8	24.5	20.3	9.5	17.4	23.5	19.4	19.4	20.3	19.4
PADD 3 (Gulf Coast)	14.2	21.7	27.5	25.7	13.3	19.7	27.2	25.4	14.8	25.2	32.8	27.9	25.7	25.4	27.9
PADD 4 (Rocky Mountain)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
PADD 5 (West Coast)	0.4	1.3	2.5	2.0	0.4	0.9	2.1	1.5	0.3	1.2	2.4	1.7	2.0	1.5	1.7
U.S. Total	26.9	43.7	58.3	52.0	25.6	42.6	58.7	52.3	27.9	48.5	63.9	54.0	52.0	52.3	54.0

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD) for inventories and to U.S. Census regions for prices.

See "Petroleum for Administration Defense District" and "Census region" in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Marketing Monthly, DOE/EIA-0380;

Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109; Petroleum Supply Annual, DOE/EIA-0340/2; and Weekly Petroleum Status Report, DOE/EIA-0208.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

⁽a) Propane price to petrochemical sector.

Table 5a. U.S. Natural Gas Supply, Consumption, and Inventories

		200)7			200)8			200	9			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Supply (billion cubic feet per day)	•	·•		•	-	•		·			-				
Total Marketed Production	53.78	54.67	55.45	56.90	58.29	58.88	58.41	60.06	61.03	61.45	61.48	61.61	55.21	58.91	61.39
Alaska	1.34	1.14	1.19	1.20	1.23	1.03	1.00	1.18	1.23	0.97	1.03	1.16	1.22	1.11	1.10
Federal GOM (a)	7.65	7.63	7.34	7.74	7.81	6.97	5.76	7.06	7.65	7.56	7.27	7.36	7.59	6.90	7.46
Lower 48 States (excl GOM)	44.79	45.89	46.92	47.96	49.25	50.87	51.66	51.82	52.14	52.92	53.18	53.09	46.40	50.90	52.84
Total Dry Gas Production	51.47	52.28	53.06	54.41	55.83	56.36	55.97	57.55	58.48	58.88	58.91	59.04	52.82	56.43	58.83
Gross Imports	12.98	12.62	13.11	11.79	11.95	9.82	10.48	10.48	10.51	10.21	10.84	10.28	12.62	10.68	10.46
Pipeline	10.93	9.55	10.64	10.93	11.12	8.76	9.44	9.57	9.66	8.68	9.32	9.24	10.51	9.72	9.22
LNG	2.05	3.07	2.47	0.86	0.83	1.06	1.04	0.91	0.86	1.53	1.52	1.04	2.11	0.96	1.24
Gross Exports	2.25	1.87	2.15	2.73	3.56	2.36	2.02	2.60	3.31	2.28	2.02	2.79	2.25	2.63	2.60
Net Imports	10.72	10.75	10.97	9.06	8.39	7.46	8.46	7.88	7.20	7.93	8.82	7.50	10.37	8.05	7.87
Supplemental Gaseous Fuels	0.20	0.16	0.18	0.14	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.17	0.16	0.13	0.15	0.16	0.17	0.15	0.15
Net Inventory Withdrawals	16.26	-10.63	-8.02	4.56	17.97	-10.23	-11.16	3.66	15.08	-10.57	-9.10	3.89	0.48	0.04	-0.23
Total Supply	78.65	52.55	56.18	68.16	82.32	53.74	53.43	69.26	80.93	56.36	58.79	70.59	63.84	64.67	66.62
Balancing Item (b)	0.49	1.26	0.15	-4.55	-0.29	1.69	3.32	-4.59	1.51	0.97	-0.38	-4.94	-0.67	0.03	-0.73
Total Primary Supply	79.14	53.81	56.33	63.60	82.03	55.30	56.44	64.67	82.44	57.34	58.40	65.66	63.16	64.59	65.89
Consumption (billion cubic feet per	day)														
Residential	25.78	8.37	3.77	14.08	25.89	8.53	3.86	15.30	26.34	8.85	3.99	15.11	12.94	13.37	13.51
Commercial	14.01	6.19	4.10	8.76	14.32	6.26	4.31	9.28	14.39	6.43	4.41	9.25	8.24	8.53	8.59
Industrial	19.74	17.06	17.05	18.86	20.52	17.63	16.85	18.47	20.25	17.97	17.33	18.75	18.17	18.36	18.57
Electric Power (c)	14.29	17.50	26.61	16.82	15.62	18.03	26.75	16.30	15.56	18.91	27.49	17.10	18.83	19.19	19.79
Lease and Plant Fuel	3.12	3.17	3.22	3.30	3.38	3.41	3.39	3.48	3.54	3.56	3.56	3.57	3.20	3.42	3.56
Pipeline and Distribution Use	2.14	1.45	1.52	1.72	2.21	1.48	1.50	1.76	2.27	1.53	1.52	1.78	1.70	1.74	1.77
Vehicle Use	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.07	0.08	0.09
Total Consumption	79.14	53.81	56.33	63.61	82.03	55.42	56.74	64.67	82.44	57.34	58.40	65.66	63.16	64.69	65.89
End-of-period Inventories (billion co	ubic feet)														
Working Gas Inventory	1,603	2,580	3,316	2,879	1,247	2,171	3,146	2,809	1,452	2,414	3,251	2,892	2,879	2,809	2,892
Producing Region (d)	649	899	979	909	497	705	840	812	550	806	947	894	909	812	894
East Consuming Region (d)	715	1,309	1,898	1,586	574	1,157	1,879	1,610	667	1,250	1,863	1,612	1,586	1,610	1,612
West Consuming Region (d)	239	372	438	384	176	310	427	388	235	358	440	387	384	388	387

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

LNG: liquefied natural gas.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130; and Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

⁽a) Marketed production from U.S. Federal leases in the Gulf of Mexico.

⁽b) The balancing item represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas demand.

⁽c) Natural gas used for electricity generation and (a limited amount of) useful thermal output by electric utilities and independent power producers.

⁽d) For a list of States in each inventory region refer to Methodology for EIA Weekly Underground Natural Gas Storage Estimates (http://tonto.eia.doe.gov/oog/info/ngs/methodology.html).

Table 5b. U.S. Regional Natural Gas Consumption (Billion Cubic Feet/ Day)

Energy information A		200				200				200)9			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Residential Sector															
New England	1.02	0.41	0.14	0.50	0.98	0.39	0.15	0.51	1.07	0.41	0.14	0.49	0.52	0.51	0.52
Middle Atlantic	4.67	1.63	0.64	2.59	4.46	1.57	0.64	2.57	4.92	1.79	0.68	2.47	2.37	2.31	2.45
E. N. Central	7.46	2.26	0.85	4.07	7.67	2.32	0.93	4.61	7.68	2.36	0.91	4.56	3.64	3.88	3.86
W. N. Central	2.42	0.66	0.27	1.31	2.66	0.79	0.27	1.37	2.42	0.70	0.31	1.37	1.16	1.27	1.20
S. Atlantic	2.37	0.67	0.32	1.33	2.24	0.58	0.33	1.51	2.55	0.69	0.36	1.49	1.17	1.16	1.27
E. S. Central	1.03	0.25	0.12	0.46	1.06	0.26	0.12	0.55	1.08	0.27	0.12	0.55	0.46	0.50	0.50
W. S. Central	2.02	0.54	0.30	0.78	1.89	0.51	0.28	0.91	1.86	0.52	0.30	0.87	0.90	0.89	0.88
Mountain	1.90	0.61	0.29	1.13	1.96	0.70	0.30	1.25	1.91	0.68	0.28	1.28	0.98	1.05	1.04
Pacific	2.89	1.34	0.84	1.92	2.97	1.41	0.83	2.02	2.86	1.43	0.89	2.02	1.74	1.81	1.80
Total	25.78	8.37	3.77	14.08	25.89	8.53	3.86	15.30	26.34	8.85	3.99	15.11	12.94	13.37	13.51
Commercial Sector															
New England	0.61	0.27	0.14	0.34	0.60	0.26	0.15	0.35	0.61	0.27	0.15	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.34
Middle Atlantic	2.70	1.27	0.87	1.73	2.69	1.18	0.89	1.75	2.85	1.37	0.90	1.73	1.64	1.63	1.71
E. N. Central	3.49	1.28	0.68	2.06	3.73	1.31	0.73	2.23	3.63	1.28	0.75	2.23	1.87	2.00	1.96
W. N. Central	1.44	0.50	0.29	0.85	1.56	0.55	0.31	0.89	1.42	0.51	0.32	0.88	0.77	0.83	0.78
S. Atlantic	1.59	0.77	0.54	1.05	1.51	0.72	0.57	1.15	1.69	0.78	0.57	1.14	0.98	0.99	1.04
E. S. Central	0.64	0.25	0.17	0.36	0.65	0.25	0.18	0.39	0.65	0.24	0.18	0.39	0.35	0.37	0.36
W. S. Central	1.16	0.57	0.44	0.68	1.14	0.60	0.49	0.75	1.16	0.58	0.50	0.76	0.71	0.74	0.75
Mountain	1.05	0.44	0.27	0.66	1.08	0.49	0.28	0.69	1.04	0.51	0.32	0.71	0.60	0.64	0.64
Pacific	1.32	0.84	0.69	1.04	1.35	0.89	0.71	1.07	1.35	0.89	0.73	1.07	0.97	1.01	1.01
Total	14.01	6.19	4.10	8.76	14.32	6.26	4.31	9.28	14.39	6.43	4.41	9.25	8.24	8.53	8.59
Industrial Sector															
New England	0.33	0.22	0.16	0.26	0.36	0.22	0.16	0.24	0.33	0.23	0.17	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24
Middle Atlantic	1.07	0.85	0.81	0.96	1.13	0.84	0.77	0.95	1.12	0.89	0.81	0.95	0.92	0.92	0.94
E. N. Central	3.84	2.75	2.54	3.16	3.84	2.88	2.58	3.25	3.87	2.88	2.60	3.26	3.07	3.14	3.15
W. N. Central	1.40	1.16	1.25	1.44	1.57	1.25	1.18	1.35	1.44	1.19	1.24	1.38	1.31	1.34	1.31
S. Atlantic	1.52	1.38	1.34	1.47	1.59	1.41	1.35	1.48	1.61	1.44	1.36	1.48	1.43	1.46	1.47
E. S. Central	1.38	1.19	1.11	1.29	1.41	1.21	1.10	1.25	1.38	1.21	1.12	1.27	1.24	1.24	1.25
W. S. Central	6.86	6.56	6.58	6.81	7.08	6.69	6.58	6.57	7.00	6.85	6.71	6.66	6.70	6.73	6.80
Mountain	0.90	0.69	0.73	0.86	0.96	0.75	0.69	0.85	0.92	0.78	0.73	0.86	0.80	0.81	0.82
Pacific	2.42	2.27	2.54	2.61	2.58	2.37	2.45	2.52	2.57	2.51	2.60	2.64	2.46	2.48	2.58
Total	19.74	17.06	17.05	18.86	20.52	17.63	16.85	18.47	20.25	17.97	17.33	18.75	18.17	18.36	18.57

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Table 5c. U.S. Regional Natural Gas Prices (dollars per thousand cubic feet)

Energy information Adm	motratio	200		orgy ou		200				200)9			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Wholesale/Spot			•												
U.S. Average Wellhead	6.37	6.89	5.90	6.39	7.62	9.86	8.80	7.76	8.12	7.47	7.08	7.20	6.39	8.51	7.46
Henry Hub Spot Price	7.41	7.76	6.35	7.19	8.92	11.73	9.29	8.76	9.15	8.24	7.43	7.90	7.17	9.67	8.17
Residential															
New England	15.99	16.91	19.07	16.45	16.18	18.02	21.73	18.37	18.12	17.33	19.40	17.23	16.50	17.51	17.85
Middle Atlantic	14.22	15.75	18.61	15.07	14.70	17.28	21.54	17.29	16.10	16.45	19.43	15.86	15.01	16.34	16.34
E. N. Central	10.98	12.81	15.29	11.36	11.40	14.94	19.08	14.08	12.98	13.43	15.28	12.15	11.62	13.19	12.94
W. N. Central	11.38	13.48	17.33	11.39	11.20	14.43	20.27	14.14	13.20	13.97	17.19	12.73	12.04	12.98	13.43
S. Atlantic	14.90	18.56	24.29	16.20	15.33	20.88	27.08	19.10	17.25	18.91	22.65	16.84	16.45	18.08	17.74
E. S. Central	13.16	15.69	18.46	14.26	13.39	17.51	21.69	17.18	15.77	16.30	18.88	15.09	14.12	15.50	15.84
W. S. Central	10.69	14.49	16.81	13.37	11.92	17.92	22.03	15.96	13.85	15.22	17.75	14.33	12.35	14.60	14.50
Mountain	10.61	11.73	14.44	10.14	10.45	12.35	16.15	12.68	12.23	12.26	14.69	11.32	10.93	11.85	12.12
Pacific	11.73	12.64	12.56	11.64	12.12	14.37	15.98	13.35	13.45	12.67	13.00	12.47	11.98	13.35	12.96
U.S. Average	12.31	14.18	16.41	12.65	12.46	15.57	19.58	15.10	14.24	14.42	16.50	13.46	13.00	14.23	14.22
Commercial															
New England	14.12	14.20	13.45	13.69	14.21	15.31	16.55	15.52	15.73	14.67	14.18	14.70	13.97	15.00	15.11
Middle Atlantic	12.45	12.08	10.91	12.29	13.02	14.46	14.75	14.10	14.02	12.83	11.98	12.74	12.14	13.85	13.21
E. N. Central	10.67	11.12	10.86	10.14	10.54	13.09	14.13	12.01	11.94	11.56	11.68	11.06	10.66	11.71	11.61
W. N. Central	10.62	10.84	10.63	9.92	10.59	12.31	13.49	11.81	12.04	11.46	11.35	11.00	10.46	11.44	11.59
S. Atlantic	12.71	12.82	12.68	12.77	13.05	14.64	15.54	14.45	14.30	13.57	13.43	13.43	12.74	14.25	13.81
E. S. Central	12.00	12.53	12.88	12.60	12.40	14.65	15.33	14.17	13.81	13.10	12.80	12.93	12.34	13.62	13.34
W. S. Central	9.66	10.61	10.51	10.75	10.61	13.17	13.80	11.91	11.54	10.94	11.11	11.33	10.22	11.93	11.31
Mountain	9.67	10.03	10.64	9.25	9.52	10.52	11.84	11.43	11.36	10.67	11.05	10.65	9.72	10.49	10.99
Pacific	11.06	11.04	10.72	10.55	11.23	12.45	13.46	12.01	12.22	11.10	10.81	11.04	10.86	12.07	11.43
U.S. Average	11.37	11.59	11.23	10.99	11.37	13.13	14.23	12.86	12.83	12.06	11.88	11.85	11.31	12.48	12.31
Industrial															
New England	12.87	12.51	10.48	11.98	13.06	14.44	15.09	13.97	14.68	13.09	11.51	12.48	12.21	13.89	13.28
Middle Atlantic	11.64	10.83	9.74	10.90	12.43	13.32	12.95	12.21	12.90	11.19	10.24	11.09	10.94	12.62	11.57
E. N. Central	9.65	9.99	9.68	9.29	9.85	11.73	12.36	10.61	11.05	10.67	9.88	9.80	9.62	10.76	10.47
W. N. Central	8.85	8.07	6.94	7.78	9.12	10.29	10.66	9.58	10.11	8.91	8.16	8.55	7.95	9.84	8.98
S. Atlantic	9.38	9.40	8.74	9.35	10.53	12.61	11.99	10.61	11.17	10.24	9.47	9.78	9.24	11.29	10.20
E. S. Central	8.88	8.87	7.99	8.45	9.43	11.55	11.82	9.96	10.34	9.61	8.88	9.20	8.58	10.58	9.54
W. S. Central	6.99	7.61	6.21	6.80	8.12	10.90	10.57	8.47	8.89	8.15	7.52	7.69	6.89	9.52	8.05
Mountain	9.44	9.07	8.51	8.55	9.29	9.98	10.53	10.57	10.78	9.90	9.41	9.55	8.92	10.06	9.96
Pacific	9.00	8.12	7.54	8.68	9.74	10.82	11.11	10.52	10.60	8.96	8.21	8.67	8.34	10.54	9.14
U.S. Average	7.97	8.08	6.75	7.50	8.90	11.10	10.92	9.26	9.79	8.72	7.98	8.33	7.59	9.99	8.73

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the Natural Gas Monthly , DOE/EIA-0130.

Natural gas Henry Hub spot price from NGI's Daily Gas Price Index (http://Intelligencepress.com).

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

 $\textbf{Projections:} \ \ \textbf{Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model}.$

Table 6. U.S. Coal Supply, Consumption, and Inventories

Lifergy information Administration		200				200	08			200)9			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Supply (million short tons)	ł								-						
Production	286.0	285.7	286.0	288.9	289.1	283.9	301.3	306.4	289.1	283.8	289.9	312.5	1146.6	1180.7	1175.4
Appalachia	99.5	95.5	91.6	91.9	97.8	99.1	97.0	97.4	97.8	98.2	93.9	99.3	378.5	391.2	389.2
Interior	38.1	36.4	37.0	35.6	35.5	35.0	37.6	37.8	35.5	35.0	36.9	38.5	147.1	145.9	145.9
Western	148.4	153.8	157.4	161.4	155.8	149.8	166.7	171.3	155.9	150.5	159.2	174.7	621.0	643.6	640.3
Primary Inventory Withdrawals	2.5	1.5	2.4	-3.9	1.5	1.1	1.2	2.9	-1.6	-3.0	7.6	-0.3	2.6	6.7	2.6
Imports	8.8	8.4	10.6	8.6	7.6	9.0	8.2	8.7	7.9	9.1	9.1	8.9	36.3	33.5	35.0
Exports	11.1	14.7	16.2	17.1	15.8	23.1	22.0	23.6	15.5	22.3	24.5	24.2	59.2	84.4	86.5
Metallurgical Coal	6.7	7.9	9.2	8.4	9.1	12.6	11.5	11.3	9.0	13.7	13.8	12.1	32.2	44.5	48.5
Steam Coal	4.4	6.8	7.0	8.7	6.7	10.5	10.4	12.3	6.5	8.6	10.7	12.1	27.0	40.0	37.9
Total Primary Supply	286.2	280.9	282.8	276.5	282.5	270.9	288.6	294.5	280.0	267.6	282.1	296.8	1126.4	1136.5	1126.5
Secondary Inventory Withdrawals	-0.8	-13.3	12.8	-7.0	5.5	-10.0	13.9	-10.5	0.2	-4.9	17.1	-16.0	-8.3	-1.1	-3.7
Waste Coal (a)	3.2	3.4	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	14.1	14.9	15.0
Total Supply	288.7	271.0	299.3	273.2	291.6	264.7	306.3	287.7	283.9	266.4	302.9	284.6	1132.2	1150.2	1137.8
Consumption (million short tons)															
Coke Plants	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.5	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.7	6.0	6.0	5.9	22.7	23.2	23.5
Electric Power Sector (b)	257.4	247.1	284.3	257.6	262.9	249.7	281.6	265.2	261.1	246.0	281.6	261.7	1046.4	1059.4	1050.3
Retail and Other Industry	15.6	14.8	14.4	15.3	15.1	14.1	14.9	16.6	17.1	14.5	15.4	17.0	60.1	60.7	63.9
Residential and Commercial	1.1	0.7	0.7	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	1.0	3.5	3.4	3.2
Other Industrial	14.6	14.1	13.7	14.2	14.0	13.4	14.3	15.6	16.2	13.9	14.7	16.0	56.6	57.3	60.8
Total Consumption	278.6	267.6	304.4	278.6	283.4	269.7	302.4	287.7	283.9	266.4	302.9	284.6	1129.3	1143.2	1137.8
Discrepancy (c)	10.0	3.4	-5.1	-5.5	8.1	-5.0	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.9	7.0	0.0
End-of-period Inventories (million sho	ort tons)														
Primary Inventories (d)	34.0	32.5	30.1	34.0	32.5	31.4	30.2	27.3	28.9	31.9	24.3	24.7	34.0	27.3	24.7
Secondary Inventories (e)	151.2	164.4	151.7	158.7	153.2	163.2	149.3	159.8	159.6	164.5	147.5	163.5	158.7	159.8	163.5
Electric Power Sector	143.0	156.4	143.9	151.1	147.0	156.8	142.7	152.9	153.0	157.7	140.3	156.2	151.1	152.9	156.2
Retail and General Industry	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.6	4.8	4.8	5.0	5.2	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.4	5.6	5.2	5.4
Coke Plants	2.4	2.4	2.0	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.9
Coal Market Indicators															
Coal Miner Productivity															
(Tons per hour)	6.16	6.16	6.16	6.16	6.06	6.06	6.06	6.06	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.16	6.06	6.00
Total Raw Steel Production															
(Million short tons per day)	0.279	0.295	0.299	0.297	0.302	0.303	0.299	0.284	0.297	0.307	0.308	0.293	0.293	0.297	0.301
Cost of Coal to Electric Utilities															
(Dollars per million Btu)	1.76	1.78	1.78	1.79	1.91	2.03	2.03	1.96	2.00	2.01	1.99	1.96	1.78	1.98	1.99

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: Quarterly Coal Report, DOE/EIA-0121; and Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226.

 $\label{thm:model} \mbox{Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.}$

⁽a) Waste coal includes waste coal and cloal slurry reprocessed into briquettes.

⁽b) Coal used for electricity generation and (a limited amount of) useful thermal output by electric utilities and independent power producers.

⁽c) The discrepancy reflects an unaccounted-for shipper and receiver reporting difference, assumed to be zero in the forecast period.

⁽d) Primary stocks are held at the mines, generation plants, and distribution points.

⁽e) Secondary stocks are held by users. It includes an estimate of stocks held at utility plants sold to nonutility generators.

Table 7a. U.S. Electricity Industry Overview

		200)7			200	8			200)9			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Electricity Supply (billion kilowattho	urs per da	ay)													
Electricity Generation	11.09	10.97	12.72	10.79	11.14	11.04	12.71	10.92	11.17	11.14	12.85	11.00	11.40	11.46	11.54
Electric Power Sector (a)	10.67	10.56	12.29	10.38	10.73	10.65	12.27	10.49	10.74	10.72	12.40	10.57	10.98	11.04	11.11
Industrial Sector	0.40	0.39	0.41	0.39	0.38	0.37	0.41	0.40	0.41	0.40	0.42	0.41	0.40	0.39	0.41
Commercial Sector	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Net Imports	0.07	0.11	0.09	0.07	0.09	0.09	0.13	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.05	0.09	0.10	0.08
Total Supply	11.16	11.08	12.81	10.86	11.23	11.13	12.84	11.00	11.25	11.22	12.94	11.05	11.48	11.55	11.62
Losses and Unaccounted for (b)	0.71	0.95	0.90	0.72	0.64	0.88	0.87	0.76	0.64	0.95	0.86	0.78	0.82	0.79	0.81
Electricity Consumption (billion kilo	watthours	per day)													
Retail Sales	10.06	9.74	11.51	9.76	10.21	9.88	11.56	9.84	10.20	9.88	11.66	9.87	10.27	10.38	10.41
Residential Sector	3.92	3.34	4.55	3.45	3.96	3.37	4.49	3.50	3.93	3.36	4.55	3.47	3.81	3.83	3.83
Commercial Sector	3.47	3.61	4.09	3.54	3.50	3.66	4.14	3.56	3.53	3.67	4.19	3.62	3.68	3.72	3.75
Industrial Sector	2.65	2.77	2.86	2.74	2.73	2.83	2.91	2.77	2.72	2.83	2.91	2.76	2.76	2.81	2.81
Transportation Sector	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Direct Use (c)	0.39	0.39	0.41	0.39	0.38	0.37	0.41	0.40	0.41	0.39	0.42	0.40	0.39	0.39	0.41
Total Consumption	10.45	10.12	11.92	10.14	10.60	10.25	11.97	10.24	10.61	10.27	12.09	10.27	10.66	10.77	10.81
Prices															
Power Generation Fuel Costs (doll	ars per m	illion Btu)													
Coal	1.76	1.78	1.78	1.79	1.91	2.03	2.03	1.96	2.00	2.01	1.99	1.96	1.78	1.98	1.99
Natural Gas	7.35	7.62	6.55	7.18	8.67	11.14	9.99	8.32	8.92	8.21	7.54	7.84	7.09	9.63	8.03
Residual Fuel Oil	7.18	8.36	8.53	10.71	13.34	13.97	15.39	14.12	14.09	14.29	13.59	13.09	8.40	14.38	13.75
Distillate Fuel Oil	12.44	14.48	14.75	18.96	18.89	24.32	24.31	21.84	22.66	23.78	21.75	20.99	15.17	22.34	22.29
End-Use Prices (cents per kilowatt	hour)														
Residential Sector	10.0	10.9	11.0	10.6	10.3	11.5	11.9	11.4	11.2	12.5	13.1	12.5	10.6	11.3	12.4
Commercial Sector	9.3	9.7	10.0	9.6	9.6	10.3	11.0	10.4	10.4	11.1	11.9	11.4	9.7	10.3	11.2
Industrial Sector	6.1	6.3	6.7	6.3	6.4	7.0	7.4	6.8	6.8	7.5	8.1	7.5	6.4	6.9	7.5

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226; and Electric Power Annual, DOE/EIA-0348.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

 $\textbf{Projections:} \ \ \textbf{Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model}.$

⁽a) Electric utilities and independent power producers.

⁽b) Includes transmission and distribution losses, data collection time-frame differences, and estimation error.

⁽c) Direct Use represents commercial and industrial facility use of onsite net electricity generation; and electrical sales or transfers to adjacent or colocated facilities

for which revenue information is not available. See Table 7.6 of the EIA $\ \textit{Monthly Energy Review}$.

Table 7b. U.S. Regional Electricity Retail Sales (Million Kilowatthours per Day)

Energy information A	ummona	200		Lifeigy	Juliook -	200				200	19			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Residential Sector															
New England	142	115	140	127	140	112	143	128	141	114	140	125	131	131	130
Middle Atlantic	389	330	416	344	387	320	418	346	389	315	419	336	370	368	365
E. N. Central	564	467	613	493	575	439	588	499	564	448	600	486	534	525	524
W. N. Central	300	245	344	258	316	237	323	261	297	242	337	258	287	284	283
S. Atlantic	966	843	1,171	856	949	858	1,125	863	984	839	1,145	857	959	949	956
E. S. Central	348	286	418	285	354	280	398	287	354	284	406	289	334	330	333
W. S. Central	505	462	684	463	528	524	730	463	498	505	733	474	529	561	553
Mountain	243	234	336	225	249	227	332	236	249	242	341	242	260	261	269
Pacific contiguous	442	346	411	381	447	362	420	396	440	356	416	392	395	406	401
AK and HI	16	14	14	15	16	13	14	15	16	14	14	15	15	15	15
Total	3,916	3,341	4,548	3,446	3,960	3,372	4,491	3,495	3,931	3,360	4,552	3,473	3,813	3,831	3,830
Commercial Sector															
New England	151	150	166	151	154	150	168	152	158	153	172	153	155	156	159
Middle Atlantic	454	443	499	446	452	436	510	454	467	452	518	452	461	463	472
E. N. Central	503	513	563	500	501	532	566	494	513	515	574	506	520	523	527
W. N. Central	256	261	300	258	261	259	298	255	251	256	292	255	269	268	264
S. Atlantic	778	829	944	812	781	840	951	820	807	861	986	842	841	848	875
E. S. Central	215	231	271	220	217	228	267	218	215	229	268	221	234	233	233
W. S. Central	421	453	526	436	432	488	554	445	431	485	570	465	459	480	488
Mountain	236	256	292	248	239	256	292	244	230	251	284	244	258	258	252
Pacific contiguous	442	454	506	456	445	456	515	458	437	447	503	460	464	469	462
AK and HI	18	17	18	17	17	17	18	18	17	17	18	18	17	17	18
Total	3,472	3,606	4,086	3,544	3,500	3,663	4,139	3,557	3,527	3.665	4.185	3,616	3,679	3,715	3,750
Industrial Sector	-,	,	,	-,-	,	,	,	-,	-,-	-,	,	-,-	.,.	-,	-,
New England	61	64	64	63	60	63	66	62	62	63	66	63	63	63	64
Middle Atlantic	195	202	208	204	198	203	211	200	196	200	207	196	203	203	200
E. N. Central	578	595	598	575	580	564	602	579	581	599	603	580	586	581	591
W. N. Central	225	235	248	239	230	235	253	240	229	240	252	240	237	240	240
S. Atlantic	416	438	443	423	410	436	447	422	408	431	440	415	430	429	424
E. S. Central	351	354	360	376	370	363	365	374	372	376	371	380	360	368	375
W. S. Central	407	428	450	429	458	500	477	449	442	461	476	447	428	471	457
Mountain	192	217	228	203	200	221	232	206	203	223	238	211	210	215	219
Pacific contiguous	210	224	242	218	213	229	244	220	214	223	240	216	224	227	223
AK and HI	14	14	15	14	14	14	15	15	14	14	15	15	14	14	15
Total	2,650	2,770	2,855	2,745	2,732	2,828	2,912	2,767	2,722	2,831	2,907	2,763	2,756	2,810	2,806
Total All Sectors (a)	,	,	,	•	,	•	,		,	*	*	,	,	,	,
New England	356	330	371	343	355	328	379	344	363	332	380	342	350	351	354
Middle Atlantic	1,051	986	1,134	1,005	1,048	970	1,150	1,010	1,062	978	1,155	994	1,044	1,045	1,047
E. N. Central	1,648	1,576	1,776	1,569	1,658	1,536	1,757	1,573	1,660	1,563	1,778	1,574	1,642	1,631	1,644
W. N. Central	782	740	893	755	807	731	874	757	778	738	881	753	792	793	788
S. Atlantic	2,164	2,114	2,562	2,095	2,144	2,137	2,527	2,108	2,203	2,135	2,574	2,117	2,234	2.229	2,258
E. S. Central	914	871	1,049	881	941	871	1,030	879	941	889	1.045	890	929	930	941
W. S. Central	1,333	1,343	1,660	1,328	1,418	1,512	1,762	1,357	1,372	1,452	1,779	1,386	1,417	1,513	1,498
Mountain	671	706	857	677	688	705	856	687	682	716	863	697	728	734	740
Pacific contiguous	1,096	1,026	1,162	1,057	1,107	1,050	1,182	1,077	1,093	1,028	1,162	1,071	1,085	1,104	1,089
AK and HI	47	45	46	47	47	44	47	47	47	45	47	48	46	46	47
Total	10,061	9,738	11,511	9,756	10,214	9,883	11,563	9,839	10,201	9,876	11,665	9,872	10,269	10,377	10,406

 ^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Retail Sales represents total retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers.

Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226; and Electric Power Annual, DOE/EIA-0348.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

⁽a) Total retail sales to all sectors includes residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sector sales.

Table 7c. U.S. Regional Electricity Prices (Cents per Kilowatthour)

		200	7			200)8			200	9			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Residential Sector															
New England	16.7	16.7	16.3	16.1	16.6	17.4	18.0	18.2	18.1	18.7	19.2	19.4	16.5	17.6	18.8
Middle Atlantic	12.9	14.3	14.9	13.9	13.7	15.3	16.1	15.0	15.0	16.5	17.4	16.4	14.0	15.0	16.3
E. N. Central	9.1	10.1	10.1	9.8	9.5	10.7	10.7	10.2	10.2	11.6	11.9	11.3	9.8	10.3	11.2
W. N. Central	7.4	8.6	8.9	7.9	7.6	9.1	9.5	8.5	8.2	9.8	10.4	9.3	8.2	8.6	9.5
S. Atlantic	9.3	10.1	10.4	10.1	9.9	10.7	11.2	10.9	11.0	12.1	12.5	12.0	10.0	10.7	11.9
E. S. Central	7.8	8.5	8.4	8.5	8.2	9.3	9.4	9.1	8.8	9.9	9.9	9.8	8.3	9.0	9.6
W. S. Central	10.8	11.5	11.4	11.0	10.5	12.0	12.5	11.9	11.0	12.9	13.8	13.3	11.2	11.8	12.9
Mountain	8.5	9.5	9.8	9.1	8.9	10.2	10.6	9.8	9.8	10.8	11.3	10.5	9.3	9.9	10.6
Pacific	11.1	11.8	12.9	11.3	11.3	11.7	13.4	12.3	12.3	13.3	14.7	13.4	11.8	12.2	13.4
U.S. Average	10.0	10.8	11.0	10.6	10.3	11.5	11.9	11.4	11.2	12.5	13.1	12.5	10.6	11.3	12.4
Commercial Sector															
New England	14.9	14.5	14.9	14.2	14.7	15.6	16.2	15.4	15.1	16.2	17.5	17.3	14.6	15.5	16.5
Middle Atlantic	12.3	13.1	14.1	13.0	12.9	14.2	15.7	14.1	14.1	15.4	17.3	16.0	13.1	14.3	15.8
E. N. Central	8.3	8.8	8.7	8.7	8.8	8.9	9.5	9.4	9.3	9.8	10.4	10.4	8.6	9.1	10.0
W. N. Central	6.2	6.9	7.3	6.4	6.4	7.3	7.8	6.8	7.1	8.0	8.5	7.5	6.7	7.1	7.8
S. Atlantic	8.5	8.6	8.8	8.7	8.8	9.1	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.8	10.3	10.4	8.6	9.2	10.0
E. S. Central	7.8	8.1	8.0	8.1	8.2	8.7	8.9	8.9	9.0	9.5	9.7	10.0	8.0	8.7	9.6
W. S. Central	9.2	9.4	9.5	9.4	9.4	10.3	10.9	10.4	10.1	10.5	10.9	10.8	9.4	10.3	10.6
Mountain	7.4	7.8	7.9	7.8	7.7	8.6	8.8	8.4	8.4	9.1	9.2	9.0	7.7	8.4	8.9
Pacific	10.1	11.1	12.4	10.8	10.0	11.4	13.0	11.4	11.1	12.4	14.3	12.5	11.2	11.5	12.6
U.S. Average	9.3	9.7	10.0	9.6	9.6	10.3	11.0	10.4	10.4	11.1	11.9	11.4	9.7	10.3	11.2
Industrial Sector															
New England	12.7	12.2	12.3	12.7	12.8	13.2	13.9	13.4	13.3	14.7	15.5	14.9	12.5	13.3	14.6
Middle Atlantic	7.8	8.1	8.4	7.9	8.0	8.6	9.2	8.6	8.9	9.4	10.3	9.8	8.1	8.6	9.6
E. N. Central	5.8	5.7	6.0	5.7	5.9	6.3	6.5	6.1	6.2	6.9	7.1	6.9	5.8	6.2	6.8
W. N. Central	4.8	5.2	5.5	4.8	4.9	5.3	5.8	5.2	5.4	5.9	6.5	5.7	5.1	5.3	5.9
S. Atlantic	5.3	5.5	6.1	5.7	5.8	6.1	6.5	6.1	6.2	6.6	7.1	6.7	5.6	6.1	6.7
E. S. Central	4.8	5.2	5.4	5.1	5.0	5.6	6.1	5.5	5.4	6.2	6.8	6.1	5.1	5.5	6.1
W. S. Central	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.3	8.4	8.6	7.8	7.3	8.4	9.1	8.5	7.1	8.0	8.3
Mountain	5.4	5.6	6.2	5.6	5.6	6.1	6.7	6.1	6.0	6.7	7.2	6.5	5.7	6.2	6.6
Pacific	7.4	7.7	8.5	7.9	7.5	7.8	8.9	8.4	8.1	8.6	9.6	8.9	7.9	8.2	8.8
U.S. Average	6.1	6.3	6.7	6.3	6.4	7.0	7.4	6.8	6.8	7.5	8.1	7.5	6.4	6.9	7.5
All Sectors (a)															
New England	15.3	14.8	15.0	14.6	15.1	15.7	16.4	16.1	15.9	16.8	17.7	17.6	14.9	15.8	17.0
Middle Atlantic	11.7	12.5	13.3	12.2	12.2	13.4	14.6	13.3	13.5	14.5	16.0	14.9	12.5	13.4	14.8
E. N. Central	7.7	8.0	8.3	7.9	8.0	8.5	8.9	8.4	8.5	9.2	9.8	9.4	8.0	8.5	9.2
W. N. Central	6.2	6.9	7.4	6.4	6.4	7.2	7.9	6.9	7.0	7.9	8.7	7.5	6.8	7.1	7.8
S. Atlantic	8.3	8.5	9.1	8.6	8.7	9.1	9.7	9.3	9.5	10.1	10.7	10.3	8.6	9.2	10.2
E. S. Central	6.6	7.0	7.3	6.9	6.9	7.6	8.1	7.5	7.5	8.2	8.7	8.3	7.0	7.5	8.2
W. S. Central	9.2	9.4	9.6	9.2	9.1	10.2	10.9	10.1	9.5	10.7	11.6	10.9	9.4	10.1	10.7
Mountain	7.2	7.7	8.2	7.6	7.5	8.3	8.9	8.2	8.2	8.9	9.5	8.8	7.7	8.3	8.9
Pacific	10.0	10.6	11.8	10.4	10.0	10.7	12.3	11.1	10.9	11.9	13.4	12.1	10.7	11.1	12.1
U.S. Average	8.7	9.1	9.6	9.0	9.0	9.7	10.5	9.8	9.7	10.5	11.4	10.7	9.1	9.8	10.6

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics. Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226; and Electric Power Annual, DOE/EIA-0348.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

⁽a) Volume-weighted average of retail prices to residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html) for a list of States in each region.

Table 7d. U.S. Electricity Generation by Fuel and Sector (Billion Kilowatthours per day)

Energy information Administra	ation, one	200		Outlook	COLODO	200)8			200	09			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Electric Power Sector (a)	L.						J.	J.		J.			J.		
Coal	5.498	5.206	5.882	5.353	5.561	5.197	5.797	5.469	5.533	5.136	5.779	5.379	5.485	5.507	5.457
Natural Gas	1.722	2.084	3.092	2.009	1.899	2.128	3.168	1.945	1.851	2.235	3.267	2.066	2.230	2.287	2.358
Other Gases	0.011	0.010	0.011	0.010	0.016	0.015	0.012	0.010	0.011	0.011	0.012	0.010	0.011	0.013	0.011
Petroleum	0.212	0.160	0.183	0.119	0.115	0.116	0.150	0.111	0.109	0.101	0.129	0.107	0.168	0.123	0.112
Residual Fuel Oil	0.136	0.098	0.117	0.064	0.053	0.063	0.094	0.060	0.054	0.052	0.071	0.053	0.104	0.067	0.057
Distillate Fuel Oil	0.029	0.018	0.023	0.017	0.022	0.018	0.018	0.015	0.018	0.015	0.016	0.016	0.022	0.019	0.016
Petroleum Coke	0.040	0.040	0.039	0.035	0.035	0.032	0.033	0.032	0.030	0.031	0.039	0.036	0.038	0.033	0.034
Other Petroleum	0.006	0.004	0.005	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.004	0.006	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.004	0.004
Nuclear	2.262	2.102	2.316	2.159	2.201	2.107	2.265	2.133	2.235	2.164	2.303	2.138	2.210	2.177	2.210
Pumped Storage Hydroelectric	-0.016	-0.016	-0.022	-0.023	-0.018	-0.014	-0.019	-0.019	-0.016	-0.015	-0.018	-0.017	-0.019	-0.018	-0.017
Other Fuels (b)	0.019	0.020	0.020	0.019	0.019	0.022	0.024	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.025	0.022	0.020	0.022	0.023
Renewables:															
Conventional Hydroelectric	0.761	0.791	0.618	0.529	0.710	0.817	0.646	0.576	0.714	0.789	0.659	0.593	0.674	0.687	0.689
Geothermal	0.041	0.039	0.041	0.041	0.038	0.041	0.042	0.042	0.043	0.042	0.043	0.043	0.041	0.041	0.043
Solar	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002
Wind	0.090	0.093	0.076	0.094	0.122	0.147	0.112	0.128	0.158	0.165	0.124	0.151	0.088	0.127	0.149
Wood and Wood Waste	0.030	0.026	0.029	0.028	0.030	0.027	0.032	0.030	0.031	0.028	0.032	0.030	0.028	0.030	0.030
Other Renewables	0.041	0.039	0.041	0.039	0.038	0.042	0.043	0.042	0.042	0.043	0.045	0.044	0.040	0.041	0.044
Subtotal Electric Power Sector	10.670	10.558	12.290	10.378	10.733	10.648	12.274	10.491	10.735	10.724	12.402	10.568	10.977	11.039	11.110
Commercial Sector (c)															
Coal	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.004	0.004
Natural Gas	0.012	0.012	0.013	0.012	0.013	0.011	0.013	0.012	0.013	0.012	0.014	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.013
Petroleum	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000
Other Fuels (b)	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002
Renewables (d)	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.005	0.005
Subtotal Commercial Sector	0.023	0.023	0.024	0.023	0.024	0.024	0.025	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.025	0.023	0.023	0.024	0.024
Industrial Sector (c)															
Coal	0.048	0.047	0.049	0.045	0.046	0.050	0.055	0.051	0.050	0.047	0.050	0.048	0.047	0.050	0.049
Natural Gas	0.201	0.194	0.216	0.209	0.208	0.190	0.213	0.212	0.219	0.206	0.223	0.215	0.205	0.206	0.216
Other Gases	0.032	0.034	0.032	0.028	0.028	0.031	0.033	0.029	0.030	0.033	0.034	0.029	0.032	0.030	0.031
Petroleum	0.013	0.012	0.010	0.010	0.008	0.007	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.009	0.010
Other Fuels (b)	0.016	0.017	0.016	0.016	0.009	0.011	0.017	0.016	0.010	0.012	0.017	0.016	0.016	0.013	0.014
Renewables:															
Conventional Hydroelectric	0.009	0.007	0.005	0.004	0.009	0.007	0.005	0.004	0.010	0.008	0.005	0.004	0.006	0.006	0.007
Wood and Wood Waste	0.075	0.076	0.079	0.078	0.075	0.074	0.080	0.081	0.080	0.078	0.082	0.081	0.077	0.077	0.080
Other Renewables (e)	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002
Subtotal Industrial Sector	0.395	0.388	0.409	0.391	0.385	0.372	0.413	0.405	0.409	0.396	0.424	0.406	0.396	0.394	0.409
Total All Sectors	11.089	10.968	12.723	10.792	11.142	11.044	12.712	10.919	11.167	11.143	12.851	10.998	11.396	11.456	11.543

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Values of 0.000 may indicate positive levels of generation that are less than 0.0005 billion kilowatthours per day.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226; and Electric Power Annual, DOE/EIA-0348.

 $\label{thm:model} \mbox{Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.}$

 $\textbf{Projections:} \ \ \textbf{Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model}.$

⁽a) Electric utilities and independent power producers.

⁽b) "Other" includes non-biogenic municipal solid waste, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, tires and miscellaneous technologies.

⁽c) Commercial and industrial sectors include electricity output from combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and some electric-only plants.

⁽d) "Renewables" in commercial sector includes wood, black liquor, other wood waste, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy and wind.

⁽e) "Other Renewables" in industrial sector includes black liquor, biogenic municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, agriculture byproducts, other biomass, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic energy and wind.

Table 7e. U.S. Fuel Consumption for Electricity Generation by Sector

		200	07			200)8			200	9			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Electric Power Sector (a)															
Coal (mmst/d)	2.86	2.71	3.09	2.80	2.88	2.73	3.05	2.88	2.89	2.70	3.06	2.84	2.86	2.88	2.87
Natural Gas (bcf/d)	13.97	17.20	25.92	16.50	14.78	17.17	25.70	15.50	14.76	18.12	26.60	16.36	18.43	18.30	18.98
Petroleum (mmb/d) (b)	0.37	0.29	0.33	0.22	0.21	0.21	0.27	0.20	0.20	0.19	0.24	0.20	0.30	0.22	0.21
Residual Fuel Oil (mmb/d)	0.23	0.16	0.20	0.11	0.09	0.11	0.16	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.12	0.09	0.17	0.11	0.10
Distillate Fuel Oil (mmb/d)	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.03
Petroleum Coke (mmst/d)	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.07	0.07
Other Petroleum (mmb/d)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Commercial Sector (c)															
Coal (mmst/d)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Natural Gas (bcf/d)	0.13	0.13	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.10	0.15	0.13	0.15	0.13	0.15	0.14	0.14	0.12	0.14
Petroleum (mmb/d) (b)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Industrial Sector (c)															
Coal (mmst/d)	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Natural Gas (bcf/d)	1.97	1.90	2.12	2.03	1.59	1.59	2.08	2.09	2.18	2.04	2.21	2.12	2.01	1.84	2.14
Petroleum (mmb/d) (b)	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Total All Sectors															
Coal (mmst/d)	2.88	2.73	3.11	2.82	2.90	2.76	3.08	2.90	2.92	2.72	3.08	2.86	2.89	2.91	2.90
Natural Gas (bcf/d)	16.07	19.24	28.18	18.67	16.49	18.86	27.93	17.73	17.08	20.29	28.96	18.61	20.57	20.27	21.26
Petroleum (mmb/d) (b)	0.40	0.31	0.35	0.24	0.22	0.22	0.29	0.22	0.22	0.20	0.26	0.22	0.32	0.24	0.23
End-of-period Fuel Inventories Ho	eld by Elec	tric Powe	er Sector												
Coal (mmst)	143.0	156.4	143.9	151.1	147.0	156.8	142.7	152.9	153.0	157.7	140.3	156.2	151.1	152.9	156.2
Residual Fuel Oil (mmb)	23.1	26.2	25.0	24.1	22.9	23.1	22.0	24.1	22.9	24.3	22.0	23.6	24.1	24.1	23.6
Distillate Fuel Oil (mmb)	16.9	16.9	17.2	17.6	16.9	16.4	16.5	17.1	16.5	16.5	16.5	17.0	17.6	17.1	17.0
Petroleum Coke (mmb)	3.2	2.8	2.7	2.7	3.4	2.4	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.9	3.3	3.2	2.7	3.1	3.2

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Physical Units: mmst/d = million short tons per day; mmb/d = million barrels per day; bcf/d = billion cubic feet per day; mmb = million barrels.

Values of 0.00 may indicate positive levels of fuel consumption that are less than 0.005 units per day.

Historical data: Latest data available from Energy Information Administration databases supporting the following reports: Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226; and Electric Power Annual, DOE/EIA-0348.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

⁽a) Electric utilities and independent power producers.

⁽b) Petroleum category may include petroleum coke, which is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.

⁽c) Commercial and industrial sectors include electricity output from combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and some electric-only plants.

Table 8. U.S. Renewable Energy Supply and Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

Energy Information Administr	auon/Snc	200		Juliouk	- Octobe	200	ng			200	10	I		Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Supply	130	Ziiu	314	701	130	Ziiu	Jiu	701	131	ZIIG	Jiu	701	2001	2000	2003
Hydroelectric Power (a)	0.693	0.726	0.573	0.490	0.654	0.751	0.600	0.535	0.653	0.727	0.613	0.551	2,481	2.540	2.544
Geothermal	0.088	0.085	0.089	0.089	0.084	0.089	0.092	0.092	0.094	0.091	0.095	0.094	0.352	0.358	0.375
Solar		0.020	0.020	0.018	0.020	0.022	0.021	0.020	0.021	0.023	0.023	0.021	0.076	0.083	0.088
Wind		0.085	0.070	0.086	0.111	0.134	0.104	0.118	0.143	0.151	0.114	0.139	0.322	0.467	0.547
Wood		0.499	0.540	0.600	0.474	0.466	0.545	0.541	0.511	0.512	0.543	0.537	2.148	2.025	2.103
Biofuels and Biomass	0.121	0.130	0.142	0.156	0.171	0.187	0.201	0.206	0.205	0.212	0.216	0.219	0.549	0.765	0.852
Other Renewables	0.105	0.099	0.109	0.110	0.087	0.092	0.105	0.100	0.097	0.103	0.106	0.101	0.422	0.384	0.408
Total	1.631	1.660	1.558	1.565	1.618	1.761	1.684	1.627	1.741	1.836	1.726	1.680	6.414	6.690	6.984
Consumption															
Electric Power Sector															
Hydroelectric Power (a)	0.686	0.722	0.570	0.488	0.648	0.745	0.595	0.531	0.644	0.720	0.608	0.547	2.465	2.519	2.519
Geothermal	0.078	0.075	0.079	0.079	0.073	0.078	0.081	0.081	0.082	0.079	0.083	0.082	0.312	0.314	0.327
Solar	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.003	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.003	0.002	0.001	0.006	0.007	0.006
Wind	0.081	0.085	0.070	0.086	0.111	0.134	0.104	0.118	0.143	0.151	0.114	0.139	0.322	0.467	0.547
Wood	0.048	0.044	0.046	0.045	0.049	0.042	0.051	0.049	0.048	0.044	0.051	0.049	0.184	0.191	0.192
Other Renewables	0.061	0.059	0.062	0.060	0.056	0.060	0.065	0.063	0.062	0.064	0.068	0.065	0.243	0.244	0.259
Subtotal	0.956	0.987	0.829	0.760	0.939	1.062	0.899	0.843	0.980	1.061	0.926	0.883	3.532	3.743	3.850
Industrial Sector															
Hydroelectric Power (a)	0.006	0.004	0.003	0.002	0.006	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.009	0.007	0.005	0.004	0.016	0.020	0.025
Geothermal	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.005	0.005	0.005
Wood and Wood Waste	0.340	0.335	0.373	0.431	0.319	0.314	0.380	0.376	0.353	0.357	0.380	0.373	1.478	1.388	1.462
Other Renewables	0.034	0.031	0.037	0.040	0.024	0.024	0.031	0.028	0.028	0.031	0.030	0.028	0.142	0.107	0.116
Subtotal	0.479	0.468	0.512	0.572	0.473	0.466	0.540	0.532	0.546	0.551	0.570	0.560	2.031	2.011	2.226
Commercial Sector															
Hydroelectric Power (a)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001
Geothermal	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.014	0.015	0.015
Wood and Wood Waste	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.023	0.006	0.009	0.013	0.015	0.010	0.010	0.012	0.015	0.083	0.043	0.047
Other Renewables	0.010	0.009	0.010	0.010	0.007	0.008	0.009	0.008	0.007	0.009	0.009	0.008	0.037	0.032	0.033
Subtotal	0.034	0.033	0.033	0.037	0.017	0.022	0.027	0.028	0.021	0.024	0.025	0.028	0.137	0.093	0.098
Residential Sector															
Geothermal	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.021	0.024	0.028
Wood	0.101	0.101	0.101	0.101	0.101	0.101	0.101	0.101	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.403	0.403	0.401
Solar	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.019	0.019	0.019	0.019	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.070	0.076	0.082
Subtotal	0.123	0.123	0.123	0.123	0.126	0.126	0.126	0.126	0.128	0.128	0.128	0.128	0.494	0.503	0.511
Transportation Sector															
Biofuels (b)	0.148	0.152	0.162	0.181	0.189	0.215	0.224	0.230	0.223	0.231	0.235	0.240	0.643	0.858	0.929
Total Consumption	1.740	1.764	1.661	1.673	1.743	1.893	1.815	1.759	1.897	1.993	1.883	1.839	6.837	7.210	7.613

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226 and Renewable Energy Annual, DOE/EIA-0603; Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109.

 $\label{thm:model} \mbox{Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.}$

 $\textbf{Projections:} \ \ \textbf{Generated by simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model}.$

⁽a) Conventional hydroelectric power only. Hydroelectricity generated by pumped storage is not included in renewable energy.

⁽b) Fuel ethanol supply includes production but excludes imports, exports, and stock change. Fuel ethanol consumption in transportation sector represents total fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

Table 9a. U.S. Macroeconomic Energy Indicators

		200				200				200				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Macroeconomic															
Real Gross Domestic Product															
(billion chained 2000 dollars - SAAR)	11,358	11,491	11,626	11,621	11,646	11,740	11,776	11,765	11,751	11,795	11,841	11,913	11,524	11,732	11,825
Real Disposable Personal Income															
(billion chained 2000 Dollars - SAAR)	8,618	8,605	8,671	8,683	8,668	8,905	8,713	8,680	8,737	8,802	8,822	8,843	8,644	8,741	8,801
Real Fixed Investment															
(billion chained 2000 dollars-SAAR)	1,808	1,821	1,817	1,788	1,762	1,751	1,740	1,739	1,686	1,671	1,676	1,700	1,809	1,748	1,683
Business Inventory Change															
(billion chained 2000 dollars-SAAR)	-7.15	-7.69	-2.21	2.91	13.75	-24.91	-14.46	-23.71	-22.92	-20.58	-13.41	-4.43	-3.54	-12.33	-15.33
Housing Stock															
(millions)	122.2	122.5	122.7	122.9	123.1	123.2	123.3	123.4	123.5	123.6	123.7	123.8	122.9	123.4	123.8
Non-Farm Employment															
(millions)	137.2	137.5	137.8	138.0	137.9	137.7	137.5	137.3	137.2	137.3	137.4	137.6	137.6	137.6	137.4
Commercial Employment															
(millions)	90.9	91.3	91.6	91.9	92.0	91.9	91.8	91.7	91.8	92.2	92.4	92.7	91.4	91.9	92.3
Industrial Production Indices (Index, 2002=	=100)														
Total Industrial Production	110.2	111.1	112.1	112.2	112.3	111.4	111.3	111.0	110.8	111.2	111.9	112.5	111.4	111.5	111.6
Manufacturing	112.6	113.9	115.1	115.0	114.8	113.7	113.9	113.2	113.3	113.8	114.8	115.7	114.2	113.9	114.4
Food	108.0	109.5	111.2	111.5	112.6	112.7	112.7	112.9	113.1	113.4	113.8	114.3	110.1	112.7	113.7
Paper	96.3	95.9	95.5	95.6	94.9	94.8	93.6	92.9	92.8	92.8	93.1	93.6	95.8	94.1	93.1
Chemicals	113.6	114.1	114.6	114.6	113.8	113.3	113.9	113.8	114.1	114.3	114.8	115.5	114.2	113.7	114.7
Petroleum	109.9	108.1	108.4	108.5	110.6	110.7	111.0	111.0	110.0	109.2	108.8	108.6	108.7	110.8	109.1
Stone, Clay, Glass	106.5	107.8	110.0	108.2	105.8	104.6	103.3	98.8	94.8	92.5	92.2	92.7	108.1	103.1	93.0
Primary Metals	108.8	110.1	111.3	111.3	114.0	110.2	110.4	109.8	109.5	109.0	109.2	109.8	110.3	111.1	109.4
Resins and Synthetic Products	107.1	110.8	109.0	108.5	104.9	105.4	105.3	105.1	105.6	105.6	106.0	106.8	108.8	105.2	106.0
Agricultural Chemicals	114.1	110.5	112.9	113.2	110.2	107.3	106.2	108.3	109.7	111.9	113.9	114.4	112.7	108.0	112.5
Natural Gas-weighted (a)	108.9	109.5	110.1	110.0	109.5	108.4	108.1	107.7	107.4	107.3	107.7	108.1	109.7	108.4	107.6
Price Indexes															
Consumer Price Index															
(index, 1982-1984=1.00)	2.04	2.07	2.08	2.11	2.13	2.15	2.19	2.21	2.23	2.22	2.24	2.26	2.07	2.17	2.24
Producer Price Index: All Commodities															
(index, 1982=1.00)	1.67	1.72	1.73	1.77	1.85	1.95	2.00	2.01	2.02	2.00	2.01	2.02	1.73	1.95	2.01
Producer Price Index: Petroleum															
(index, 1982=1.00)	1.76	2.21	2.22	2.37	2.58	3.18	3.23	2.90	3.03	3.17	2.92	2.78	2.14	2.97	2.98
GDP Implicit Price Deflator															
(index, 2000=100)	118.9	119.5	120.0	120.8	121.6	122.0	123.1	124.1	124.8	124.8	125.6	126.5	119.8	122.7	125.4
Miscellaneous															
Vehicle Miles Traveled (b)															
(million miles/day)	7,824	8,534	8.429	8,045	7,566	8,244	8,124	8,016	7.494	8,268	8,171	7,919	8,209	7.988	7.965
Air Travel Capacity	., •	-,	-, .=3	-,0.0	.,555	-,	-,	-,0.0	.,	-,200	-,	. ,0 . 0	-,=-5	.,000	.,000
(Available ton-miles/day, thousands)	543	561	570	558	537	543	547	523	513	549	538	523	558	537	531
Aircraft Utilization								525	0.0	0.0	555	323			557
(Revenue ton-miles/day, thousands)	320	347	353	334	321	338	348	315	306	349	342	312	338	330	327
Airline Ticket Price Index	320	341	333	334	321	330	340	313	300	343	J -1 2	312	330	330	327
(index, 1982-1984=100)	242.0	251.8	255.9	257.1	263.5	288.1	303.2	278.0	287.4	310.6	321.4	296.9	251.7	283.2	304.1
Raw Steel Production	£ → £.U	231.0	233.3	231.1	200.0	200.1	303.2	270.0	201.4	510.0	JE 1.4	230.9	231.7	200.2	JU4. I
	0.279	0.295	0.299	0.297	0.302	0.303	0.299	0.284	0.297	0.307	0.308	0.293	0.293	0.297	0.301
(million short tons per day)	0.279	0.293	0.239	0.237	0.302	0.303	0.233	0.204	0.297	0.307	0.308	0.293	0.293	0.297	0.301

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics.

Historical data: Latest data available from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; Federal Reserve System, Statistical release G17; Federal Highway Administration; and Federal Aviation Administration.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Macroeconomic projections are based on the Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy and Regional Economic Information and simulation of the EIA Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

⁽a) Natural gas share weights of individual sector indices based on EIAManufacturing Energy Consumption Survey, 2002.

⁽b) Total highway travel includes gasoline and diesel fuel vehicles.

Table 9b. U.S. Regional Macroeconomic Data

Energy information F	NOTHINISH &	200		Lileigy	Outlook	200				200	19			Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Real Gross State Produc			V				0.0				0.0				
New England	624	630	637	637	637	643	643	641	640	642	644	647	632	641	643
Middle Atlantic	1,719	1,738	1,756	1,755	1,758	1,772	1,776	1,772	1,767	1,772	1,775	1,783	1,742	1,769	1,774
E. N. Central	1,638	1,653	1,668	1,663	1,664	1,677	1,680	1,676	1,672	1,674	1,677	1,684	1,655	1,674	1,677
W. N. Central	721	729	737	737	738	744	746	745	743	746	748	752	731	743	747
S. Atlantic	2,098	2,123	2,148	2,149	2,155	2,171	2,177	2,176	2,175	2,185	2,195	2,210	2,129	2,170	2,191
E. S. Central	538	543	550	549	550	554	556	555	554	557	559	562	545	554	558
W. S. Central	1,199	1,218	1,236	1,239	1,246	1,261	1,269	1,272	1,276	1,285	1,294	1,305	1,223	1,262	1,290
Mountain	747	759	770	771	774	780	783	783	783	787	791	796	762	780	789
Pacific	1,994	2,016	2,041	2,038	2,042	2,056	2,062	2,059	2,056	2,064	2,075	2,089	2,022	2,055	2,071
Industrial Output, Manuf	acturing (I	ndex, Yea	r 1997=10	0)											
New England	107.3	108.6	110.0	109.9	109.7	108.6	108.7	107.9	107.6	107.4	107.9	108.4	108.9	108.7	107.8
Middle Atlantic	105.7	106.9	107.9	107.4	106.9	106.0	106.1	105.4	105.4	105.5	106.2	106.8	107.0	106.1	106.0
E. N. Central	109.7	110.9	111.7	111.4	111.1	109.9	109.9	109.2	109.4	110.0	110.8	111.7	110.9	110.0	110.5
W. N. Central	119.5	121.2	123.0	123.1	123.2	122.0	122.5	122.0	122.7	123.7	125.2	126.5	121.7	122.4	124.5
S. Atlantic	109.1	109.8	110.6	110.3	109.8	108.4	108.3	107.3	107.3	107.7	108.6	109.5	110.0	108.4	108.3
E. S. Central	115.8	116.7	117.7	117.4	116.9	115.7	115.7	114.8	115.2	115.9	117.2	118.5	116.9	115.8	116.7
W. S. Central	118.9	121.1	122.7	122.9	123.0	122.1	122.5	121.9	122.3	123.2	124.5	125.7	121.4	122.4	123.9
Mountain	124.3	126.1	127.5	127.7	127.5	126.5	127.1	126.5	126.3	126.4	127.3	128.2	126.4	126.9	127.0
Pacific	114.4	115.8	117.4	117.6	117.3	116.5	117.0	116.4	116.4	116.5	117.5	118.5	116.3	116.8	117.2
Real Personal Income (E	Billion \$200	0)													
New England	570	567	571	572	571	575	570	568	570	573	573	574	570	571	572
Middle Atlantic	1,560	1,542	1,553	1,554	1,552	1,559	1,553	1,552	1,554	1,563	1,564	1,568	1,552	1,554	1,562
E. N. Central	1,437	1,431	1,437	1,437	1,434	1,448	1,431	1,428	1,430	1,438	1,438	1,440	1,435	1,435	1,437
W. N. Central	621	625	629	631	626	630	624	626	627	631	631	633	626	627	630
S. Atlantic	1,835	1,835	1,847	1,850	1,850	1,861	1,844	1,844	1,848	1,861	1,867	1,875	1,842	1,850	1,863
E. S. Central	483	485	488	488	487	493	488	487	489	492	493	495	486	488	492
W. S. Central	1,046	1,057	1,068	1,072	1,074	1,086	1,080	1,082	1,088	1,098	1,103	1,109	1,061	1,080	1,100
Mountain	640	642	648	649	649	653	648	649	651	656	658	660	645	650	656
Pacific	1,679	1,689	1,700	1,703	1,698	1,710	1,693	1,690	1,692	1,704	1,709	1,716	1,693	1,698	1,705
Households (Thousands	•														
New England	5,524	5,528	5,533	5,538	5,540	5,545	5,548	5,550	5,556	5,566	5,573	5,580	5,538	5,550	5,580
Middle Atlantic	15,258	15,266	15,275	15,284	15,280	15,286	15,285	15,286	15,295	15,315	15,328	15,341	15,284	15,286	15,341
E. N. Central	17,975	17,991	18,007	18,022	18,076	18,084	18,087	18,105	18,098	18,119	18,147	18,178	18,022	18,105	18,178
W. N. Central	8,021	8,038	8,054	8,069	8,078	8,091	8,101	8,111	8,125	8,1 4 5	8,161	8,176	8,069	8,111	8,176
S. Atlantic	22,363	22,436	22,511	22,587	22,647	22,719	22,782	22,844	22,920	23,011	23,090	23,172	22,587	22,844	23,172
E. S. Central	7,036	7,053	7,069	7,086	7,097	7,112	7,126	7,138	7,156	7,177	7,196	7,214	7,086	7,138	7,214
W. S. Central	12,418	12,463	12,507	12,550	12,585	12,624	12,661	12,694	12,736	12,783	12,826	12,867	12,550	12,694	12,867
Mountain	7,908	7,952	7,996	8,040	8,079	8,122	8,161	8,200	8,244	8,294	8,341	8,387	8,040	8,200	8,387
Pacific	17,027	17,071	17,115	17,160	17,191	17,233	17,268	17,304	17,351	17,410	17,460	17,511	17,160	17,304	17,511
Total Non-farm Employn	•		- 4	7.4		7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
New England	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Middle Atlantic	18.5	18.6	18.6	18.7	18.6	18.6	18.6	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.6	18.6	18.5
E. N. Central	21.5	21.6	21.5	21.5	21.5	21.5	21.4	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.5	21.4	21.3
W. N. Central	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
S. Atlantic	26.5	26.5	26.5	26.6	26.6	26.6	26.5	26.5	26.5	26.5	26.6	26.6	26.5	26.5	26.5
E. S. Central	7.8	7.8 45.0	7.8 45.4	7.9	7.8 45.2	7.8 45.3	7.8 45.3	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8
W. S. Central	14.9	15.0	15.1	15.2 9.8	15.2 9.8	15.2	15.2	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.4	15.5	15.1	15.2	15.4
Mountain	9.7 20.7	9.8 20.8	9.8 20.8	9.8 20.8	9.8 20.8	9.8 20.8	9.8 20.7	9.8 20.7	9.8 20.6	9.8 20.6	9.9 20.7	9.9 20.7	9.8 20.8	9.8 20.7	9.8
Pacific	20.7	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.7	20.7	20.0	∠∪.0	20.7	20.7	20.8	20.7	20.7

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics. Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html) for a list of States in each region.

Historical data: Latest data available from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; Federal Reserve System, Statistical release G17.

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

 $\textbf{Projections:} \ \textbf{Macroeconomic projections are based on the Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy.}$

Table 9c. U.S. Regional Weather Data

Energy Information A	aministra														
	2007				2008				2009				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2007	2008	2009
Heating Degree-days															
New England	3,283	910	107	2,201	3,105	867	196	2,271	3,218	930	181	2,255	6,501	6,438	6,584
Middle Atlantic	2,973	716	61	1,871	2,779	664	95	2,061	2,959	752	125	2,058	5,622	5,600	5,894
E. N. Central	3,171	721	77	2,127	3,349	789	140	2,281	3,129	793	156	2,311	6,096	6,559	6,389
W. N. Central	3,215	673	107	2,379	3,545	865	150	2,447	3,185	724	183	2,504	6,374	7,007	6,596
South Atlantic	1,446	247	7	886	1,360	236	22	1,055	1,503	247	25	1,056	2,585	2,674	2,831
E. S. Central	1,776	292	6	1,138	1,885	333	24	1,365	1,825	294	32	1,373	3,212	3,607	3,524
W. S. Central	1,270	149	2	736	1,231	162	11	864	1,202	107	9	893	2,157	2,268	2,211
Mountain	2,260	622	112	1,836	2,417	706	112	1,924	2,267	717	174	1,941	4,830	5,159	5,099
Pacific	1,371	501	91	1,150	1,525	537	58	1,143	1,417	553	105	1,142	3,113	3,263	3,217
U.S. Average	2,196	508	57	1,495	2,231	536	79	1,619	2,196	538	100	1,632	4,256	4,465	4,466
Heating Degree-days, 30-year Normal (a)															
New England	3,219	930	190	2,272	3,219	930	190	2,272	3,219	930	190	2,272	6,611	6,611	6,611
Middle Atlantic	2,968	752	127	2,064	2,968	752	127	2,064	2,968	752	127	2,064	5,911	5,911	5,911
E. N. Central	3,227	798	156	2,316	3,227	798	156	2,316	3,227	798	156	2,316	6,497	6,497	6,497
W. N. Central	3,326	729	183	2,512	3,326	729	183	2,512	3,326	729	183	2,512	6,750	6,750	6,750
South Atlantic	1,523	247	25	1,058	1,523	247	25	1,058	1,523	247	25	1,058	2,853	2,853	2,853
E. S. Central	1,895	299	33	1,377	1,895	299	33	1,377	1,895	299	33	1,377	3,604	3,604	3,604
W. S. Central	1,270	112	9	896	1,270	112	9	896	1,270	112	9	896	2,287	2,287	2,287
Mountain	2,321	741	183	1,964	2,321	741	183	1,964	2,321	741	183	1,964	5,209	5,209	5,209
Pacific	1,419	556	108	1,145	1,419	556	108	1,145	1,419	556	108	1,145	3,228	3,228	3,228
U.S. Average	2,242	543	101	1,638	2,242	543	101	1,638	2,242	543	101	1,638	4,524	4,524	4,524
Cooling Degree-days															
New England	0	83	393	8	0	127	363	0	0	69	355	0	484	489	424
Middle Atlantic	0	202	552	34	0	211	524	5	0	140	516	5	788	741	661
E. N. Central	3	273	595	30	0	192	466	8	1	197	502	8	899	667	708
W. N. Central	12	320	783	21	0	233	598	12	3	263	650	12	1,137	843	928
South Atlantic	126	575	1,219	290	115	670	1,102	208	113	567	1,086	213	2,211	2,095	1,979
E. S. Central	50	543	1,230	105	4	523	1,021	62	33	460	1,004	63	1,928	1,610	1,560
W. S. Central	103	728	1,431	228	61	912	1,369	180	86	783	1,423	177	2,490	2,522	2,469
Mountain	32	472	1,061	96	4	400	898	63	15	385	846	65	1,662	1,365	1,311
Pacific	13	178	576	42	0	218	684	41	7	152	511	41	809	943	711
U.S. Average	43	378	867	110	29	398	799	77	36	344	773	77	1,399	1,304	1,230
Cooling Degree-days, 30-year Normal (a)															
New England	0	81	361	1	0	81	361	1	0	81	361	1	443	443	443
Middle Atlantic	0	151	508	7	0	151	508	7	0	151	508	7	666	666	666
E. N. Central	1	208	511	10	1	208	511	10	1	208	511	10	730	730	730
W. N. Central	3	270	661	14	3	270	661	14	3	270	661	14	948	948	948
South Atlantic	113	576	1,081	213	113	576	1,081	213	113	576	1,081	213	1,983	1,983	1,983
E. S. Central	29	469	1,002	66	29	469	1,002	66	29	469	1,002	66	1,566	1,566	1,566
W. S. Central	80	790	1,424	185	80	790	1,424	185	80	790	1,424	185	2,479	2,479	2,479
Mountain	17	383	839	68	17	383	839	68	17	383	839	68	1,307	1,307	1,307
Pacific	10	171	526	49	10	171	526	49	10	171	526	49	756	756	756
U.S. Average	34	353	775	80	34	353	775	80	34	353	775	80	1,242	1,242	1,242

^{- =} no data available

Notes: The approximate break between historical and forecast values is shown with historical data printed in bold; estimates and forecasts in italics. Regions refer to U.S. Census divisions.

See "Census division" in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/index.html) for a list of States in each region.

 $\textbf{Historical data}: Latest \ data \ available \ from \ U.S. \ Department \ of \ Commerce, \ National \ Oceanic \ and \ Atmospheric \ Association \ (NOAA).$

Minor discrepancies with published historical data are due to independent rounding.

Projections: Based on forecasts by the NOAA Climate Prediction Center.

⁽a) 30-year normal represents average over 1971 - 2000, reported by National Oceaenic and Atmospheric Administration.