

February 2006

Short-Term Energy Outlook

February 7, 2006 Release

Overview

In 2006 and 2007, total domestic energy demand is projected to increase at an average annual rate of about 1.4 percent each year. In the United States, January was 27 percent warmer than normal, pushing prices for natural gas lower than predicted in the previous *Outlook*. But cold weather in parts of Asia and Europe combined with uncertainties regarding oil supplies from Nigeria, Iran and Iraq help keep crude oil prices high. Prices for crude oil and petroleum products are projected to remain high through 2006 before starting to weaken in 2007. The price of West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude oil, which averaged \$56 per barrel in 2005, is projected to average \$65 per barrel in 2006 and \$61 in 2007 (Figure 1. West Texas Intermediate Crude Oil Price). Retail regular gasoline prices, which averaged \$2.27 per gallon in 2005, are projected to average \$2.45 in 2006 and \$2.34 in 2007 (Figure 2. Gasoline and Crude Oil Prices). Henry Hub natural gas prices, which averaged \$9.00 per thousand cubic feet (mcf) in 2005, are projected to average \$8.87 in 2006 and \$8.70 in 2007 (Figure 3. Natural Gas Henry Hub Spot Prices).

Hurricane Recovery

Recovery of natural gas and crude oil production from Hurricanes Katrina and Rita continues. According to the <u>Minerals Management Service</u>, approximately 255,000 barrels per day (bbl/d) of oil production and 400 million cubic feet per day (mcf/d) of natural gas production are expected to remain offline prior to the start of the next hurricane season, June 1, 2006 (<u>Figure 4. Shut-In Federal Offshore Gulf Crude Oil Production</u>, <u>Figure 5. Shut-In Federal Offshore Gulf Natural Gas Production</u>).

Winter Heating Expenditures

The warmer than expected January has provided U.S. households some relief from this year's expected increase in heating fuel expenditures. However, 2005-2006 winter residential space-heating expenditures are still projected to be higher relative to the winter of 2004-2005 owing to higher energy prices. On average, households heating primarily with natural gas can expect to spend \$178 (24 percent) more for fuel this winter than last winter. Households heating primarily with heating oil can

expect to pay, on average, \$195 (16 percent) more this winter than last. Households heating primarily with propane can expect to pay, on average, \$150 (14 percent) more this winter than last. Households heating primarily with electricity can expect to pay, on average, \$36 (5 percent) more than last winter. Should colder-than-normal weather occur for the remainder of the heating season, expenditures could be significantly higher than currently projected. These averages provide a broad guide to changes from last winter, but fuel expenditures for individual households are highly dependent on local weather conditions, the size and efficiency of individual homes, their heating equipment, and thermostat settings (<u>Table WF01</u>. <u>Selected U.S. Average Consumer Prices and Expenditures for Heating Fuels for the Winter</u>).

Global Petroleum Markets

Many of the same factors that drove world oil markets in 2005, such as low world spare oil production capacity and rapid world oil demand growth, will continue to affect markets in 2006 and 2007. Other factors are less certain, such as the frequency and intensity of hurricanes, other extreme weather, and geopolitical instability.

World spare oil production capacity is projected to increase modestly during 2006 and 2007 despite new supplies from both non-OPEC and OPEC countries (<u>Figure 6</u>. <u>World Oil Spare Production Capacity</u>). The primary reason is that many mature fields, such as those in the North Sea, Mexico, and the Middle East, are showing declines. Non-OPEC supply, which grew by an annual average of 800,000 bbl/d between 1995-2005, is projected to grow by 800,000 bbl/d in 2006 and by 1.6 million bbl/d in 2007.

Outside of the United States, net production increases in 2006 of 100,000-200,000 bbl/d are expected in the Caspian, Canada, Angola, Russia, Brazil, and Mexico areas. Large new projects in 2007 are projected to lead to increases of almost 500,000 bbl/d in Angola, almost 400,000 bbl/d in the Caspian, over 200,000 bbl/d in Brazil, and over 200,000 bbl/d in Canada.

World oil demand growth (Figure 7. World Oil Demand Growth) is expected to increase from 1.2 million bbl/d in 2005 to 1.6 million bbl/d in 2006, largely because U.S. demand is projected to recover from a net decline in 2005 to show growth of 350,000 bbl/d in 2006. OECD demand growth outside of the United States is expected to remain low (Figs. 8a-8f, International Oil Supply Charts). World demand growth is projected to increase further to 1.9 million bbl/d in 2007 because of economic growth in developing Asian countries (excluding China). Chinese demand

growth is projected to stay on its overall annual trend of about 500,000 bbl/d per year.

U.S. Petroleum Markets

Record high prices, hurricane-related disruptions, airline consolidations and a mild winter contributed to a 0.3-percent contraction in petroleum demand in 2005, the first decline since 2001. Demand for jet fuel shrank by 0.4 percent, while demand for liquefied petroleum gases and other oils also slipped in 2005. Residual fuel oil consumption, however, registered a 6.8-percent increase, brought about by price-induced switching from natural gas and a hot summer. A recovery in petroleum demand is expected in 2006 and 2007, averaging 2 percent per year, under assumptions of continued economic growth (Figure 9. U.S. Petroleum Products Demand Growth). Motor gasoline demand, accounting for almost half of total petroleum consumption, is projected to increase an average 1.7 percent per year. Residual fuel oil demand is expected to decline in 2006 under the assumption of a normal summer, and a projected recovery in natural gas demand in price-sensitive sectors.

On February 6, 2006, retail regular motor gasoline prices averaged \$2.34 per gallon, up 1.5 cents from January 9 (or, up 10.4 cents from January 2) and 43 cents from last year. The retail regular motor gasoline price is projected to average \$2.45 per gallon in 2006, up 7.3 percent from the previous year, before declining slowly to \$2.34 per gallon in 2007. Retail diesel prices are expected to follow a similar pattern, averaging \$2.51 per gallon in 2006, up 4.1 percent from last year, before gradually retreating to \$2.42 per gallon in 2007.

The recent increase in product imports has boosted inventories levels. Total motor gasoline stocks have recovered from their lows immediately following the hurricanes to a level very close to this time last year (Figure 10. U.S. Gasoline Inventories). Distillate stocks, currently at the high end of the previous 5-year range, are projected to decline slightly to the middle of that range for much of the forecast interval.

Natural Gas Markets

Total natural gas demand in 2006 is projected to remain near 2005 levels, then increase by 2.3 percent in 2007 (Figure 11. Total U.S. Natural Gas Demand Growth). Residential demand, in particular, is projected to slip somewhat from 2005 levels in 2006 and then increase by 3.3 percent in 2007. Demand for natural gas for generation of electricity is expected to fall by 2.1 percent in 2006 because of the

warm January and the assumed return to normal summer weather, then increase by 2.2 percent in 2007. However, strong growth in natural gas-intensive industrial output is expected both this year (3.1 percent) and next (2.2 percent).

Domestic dry natural gas production in 2005 is estimated to have declined by 2.7 percent, owing mainly to the hurricane-induced infrastructure disruptions in the Gulf of Mexico. Dry gas production is projected to increase by 3.0 percent in 2006 and 1.3 percent in 2007. Total liquefied natural gas (LNG) imports are projected to increase from their 2005 level of 630 billion cubic feet (bcf) to 840 bcf in 2006. LNG imports in 2007 are expected to reach 1,070 bcf.

On January 27, 2006, working gas in storage stood at an estimated 2,406 bcf, which is the highest level for this time of year since 1989. Stocks are 296 bcf above 1 year ago and 529 bcf above the 5-year average (Figure 12. U.S. Working Natural Gas in Storage). Much of the current excess in storage is accounted for by unexpectedly warm winter weather, particularly in January. While concerns about potential future supply tightness and pressure from high oil market prices are keeping current and futures prices for natural gas high (at about \$8 to \$9 per mcf at the Henry Hub), any further weakening of natural gas demand (from weather or other factors) could cause a sharp downward correction in prices during 2006.

Electricity Markets

Electricity demand is expected to increase by 0.5 percent in 2006 and by an additional 2.0 percent in 2007 due mainly to weather conditions and continuing economic growth (Figure 13. Total U.S. Electricity Demand Growth). Projected regional 2006 electricity prices to the residential sector range from 7.9 cents per kilowatt-hour (kwh) in the East South Central region to 13.9 cents per kwh in New England. On average, residential electricity prices in 2007 are expected to remain near 2006 levels.

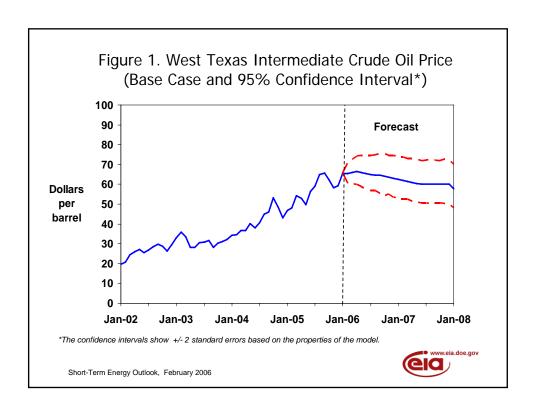
Coal Markets

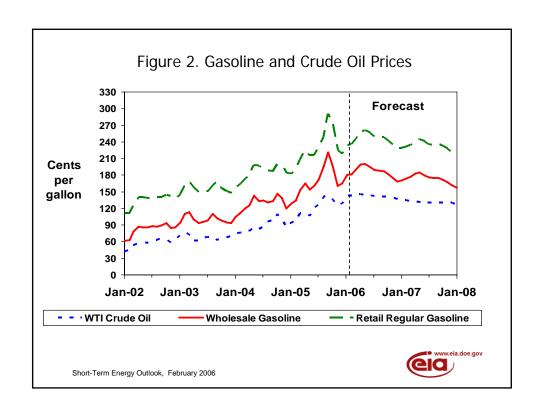
Electric power sector demand for coal is projected to increase by 1.2 percent in 2006 and by another 1.4 percent in 2007 (Figure 14. U.S. Coal Demand Growth). Power sector demand for coal continues to increase in response to higher natural gas prices as well as higher oil prices. U.S. coal production is projected to grow by 2.7 percent in 2006 and by 1.2 percent in 2007 (Figure 15. U.S. Coal Production). The price of coal to the power sector is projected to rise throughout the forecast period, although at a slower rate than in 2005. In the electric power sector, coal prices are projected to

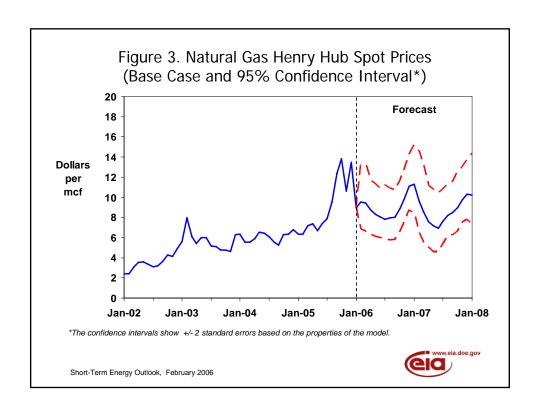
rise by an average 7.0 percent in 2006 and by an additional 2.8 percent in 2007, increasing from \$1.54 per million Btu in 2005 to \$1.70 per million Btu in 2007.

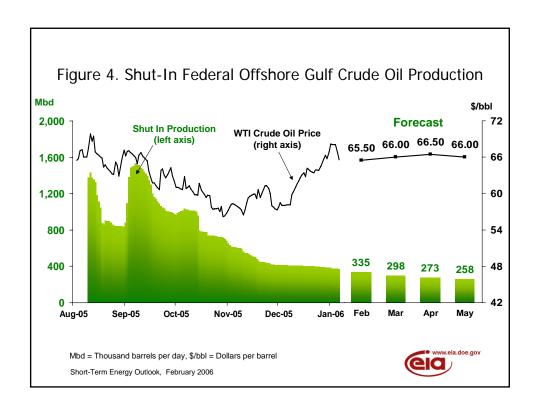


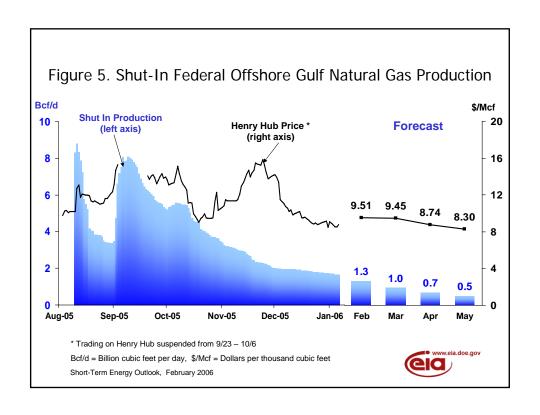
Chart Gallery for February 2006

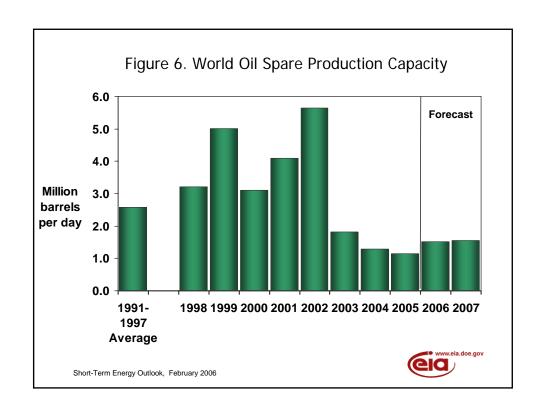


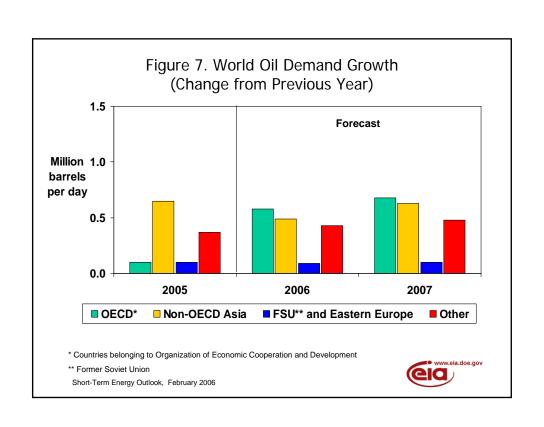


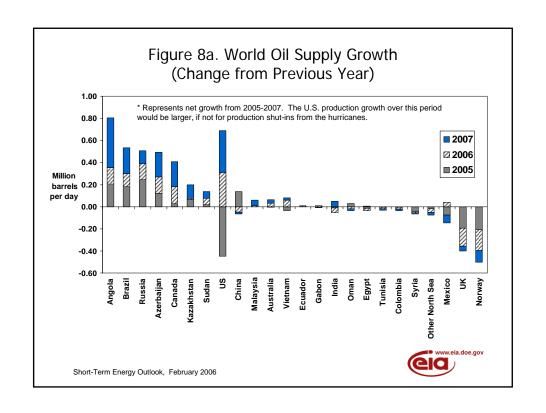


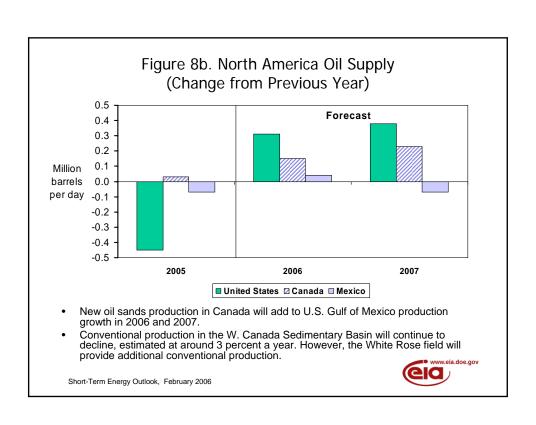


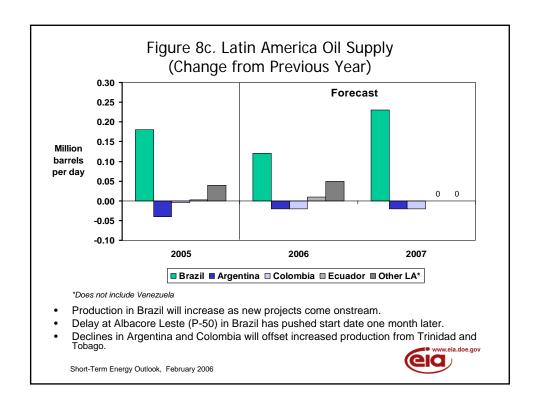


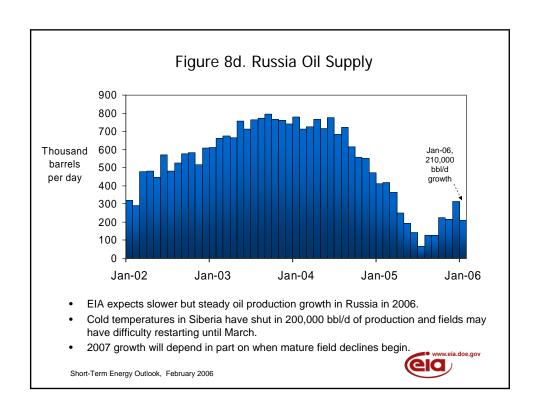


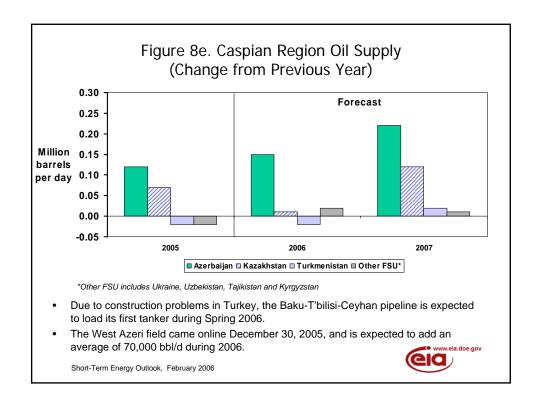


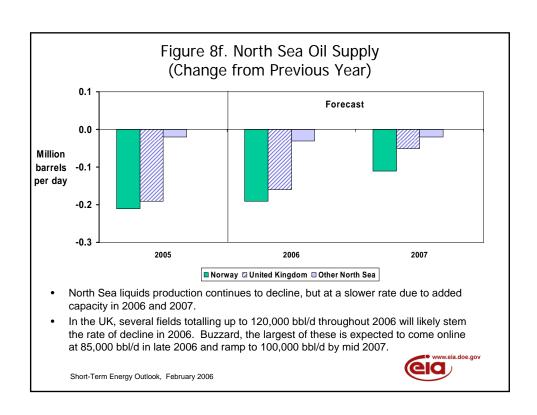


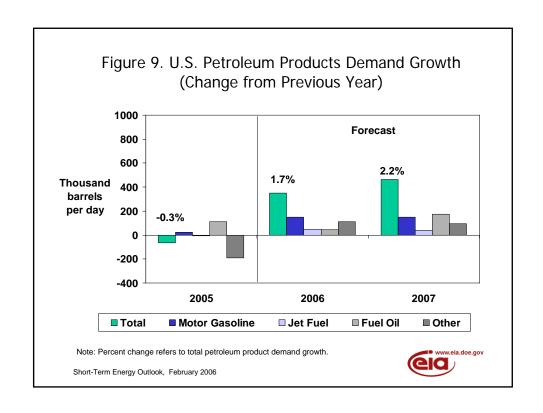


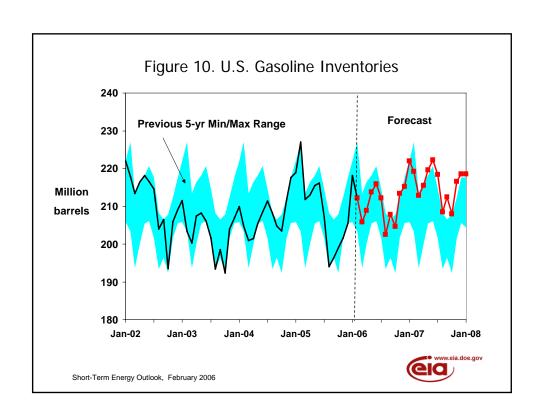


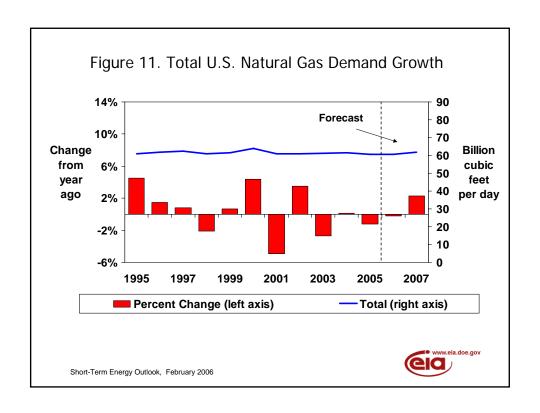


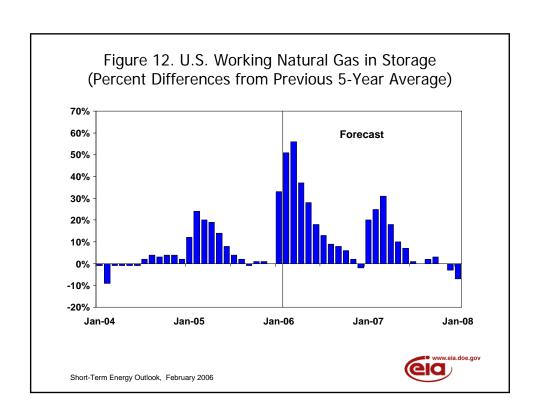


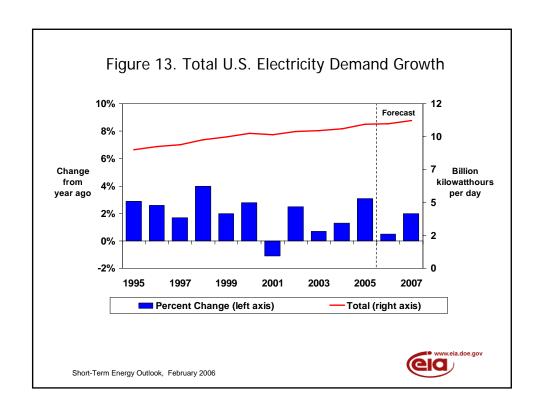


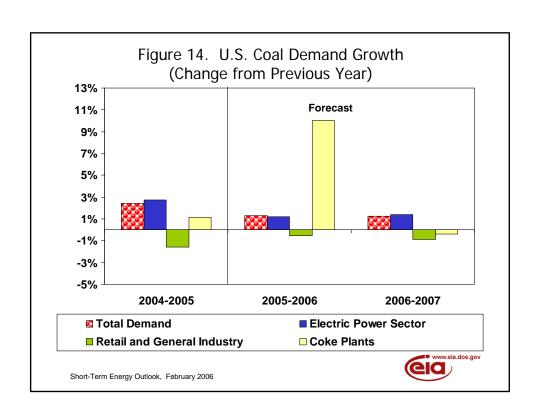


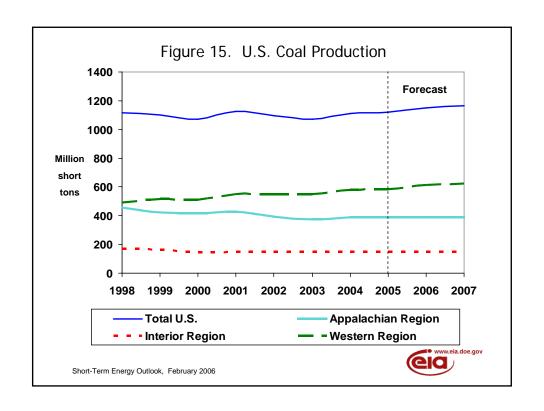


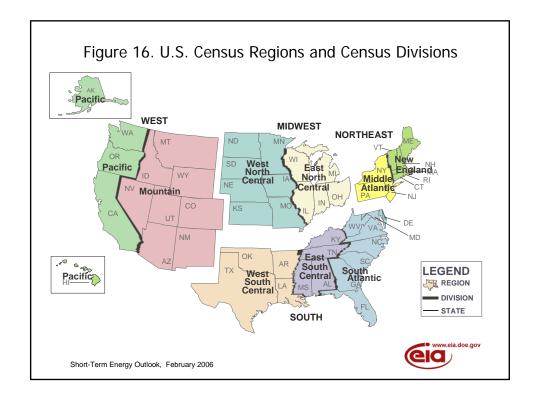


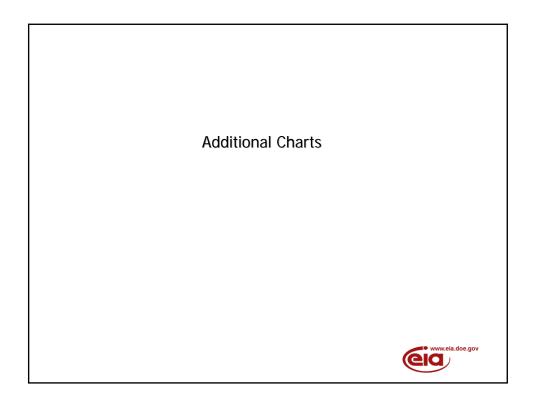


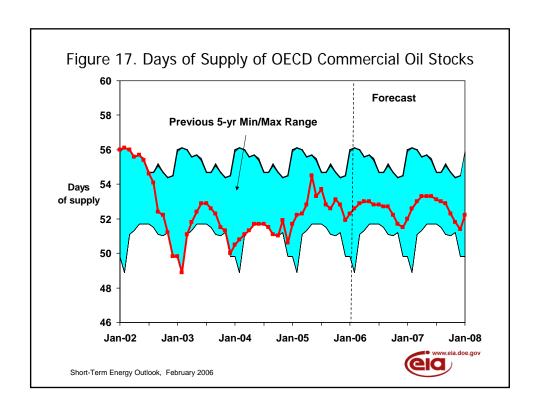


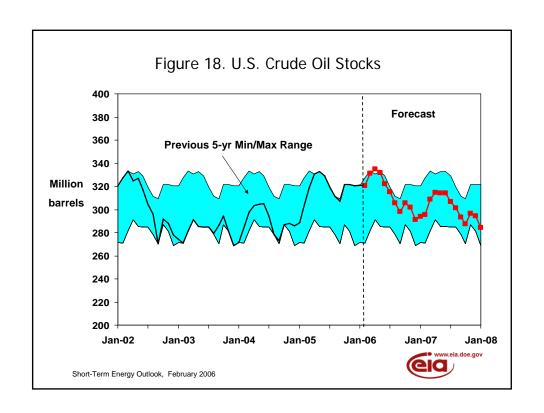


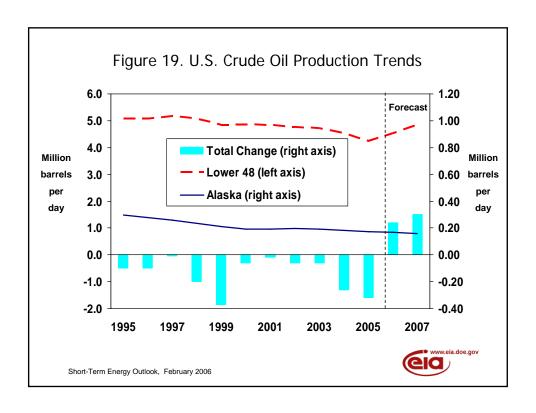


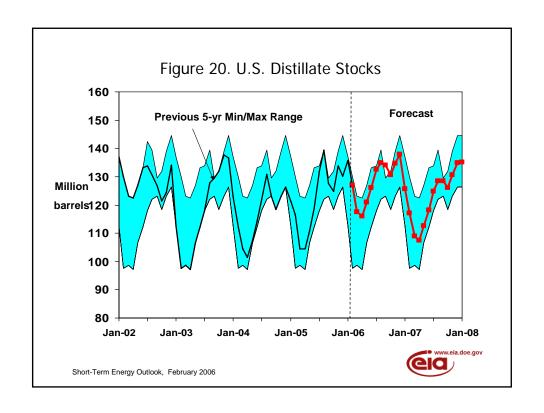


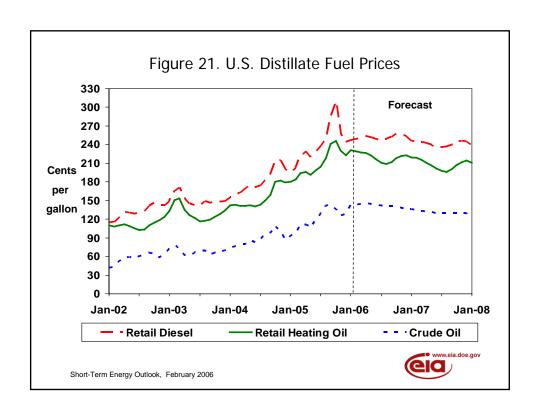












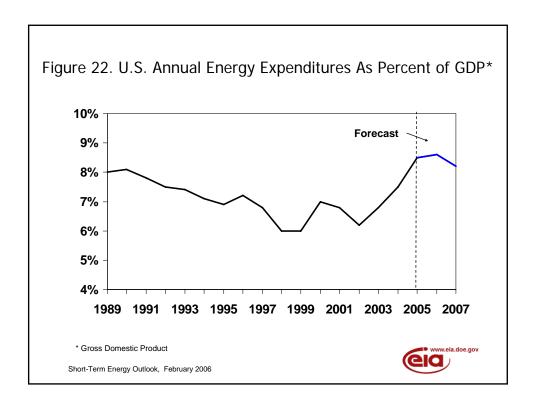


Table WF01. Selected U.S. Average Consumer Prices* and Expenditures for Heating Fuels During the Winter (Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook -- February 2006)

(Energy Information Administ	ration/Shor	t-Term Ene	rgy Outlool	k February :	2006)				
Fuel / Region				Winter of				Forecast	t
	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	Avg. 99-04	04-05	05-06	% Change
		1	•						
Natural Gas									
Northeast									
Consumption (mcf**)	81.7	87.3	67.7	87.4	79.9	80.8	79.8	73.6	-7.7
• • •	8.39	10.01	9.41	9.74	11.47	9.81	12.87	16.37	27.2
Price (\$/mcf)									
Expenditures (\$)	685	874	637	851	917	793	1,026	1,204	17.4
Midwest									
Consumption (mcf)	88.0	98.3	77.4	92.0	85.3	88.2	85.0	80.6	-5.1
Price (\$/mcf)	5.74	8.77	6.26	7.61	8.76	7.48	10.01	13.53	35.1
Expenditures (\$)	505	862	485	701	748	660	851	1,091	28.2
South									
Consumption (mcf)	55.9	67.0	52.5	60.3	55.6	58.3	54.1	52.7	-2.6
Price (\$/mcf)	7.65	10.22	8.18	9.02	10.67	9.20	12.34	15.97	29.4
Expenditures (\$)	428	684	429	544	594	536	668	841	26.0
West	0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					20.0
Consumption (mcf)	49.3	54.4	48.5	47.2	47.6	49.4	48.4	46.2	-4.4
. ,	6.39	9.76	7.08	7.55	8.86	7.96	10.21	13.16	29.0
Price (\$/mcf)									
Expenditures (\$)	315	530	343	356	422	393	493	608	23.3
U.S. Average									
Consumption (mcf)	69.2	77.8	62.5	71.7	67.2	69.7	66.7	63.3	-5.1
Price (\$/mcf)	6.80	9.52	7.45	8.37	9.76	8.41	11.12	14.53	30.6
Expenditures (\$)	471	740	465	600	655	586	742	920	24.0
Households (thousands)	56,846	58,180	59,367	59,603	60,159	58,831	60,787	61,623	1.4
Heating Oil									
Northeast									
Consumption (gallons)	681.6	713.5	544.8	693.7	641.8	655.1	641.8	592.2	-7.7
Price (\$/gallon)	1.26	1.44	1.18	1.43	1.46	1.36	1.93	2.40	24.4
Expenditures (\$)	857	1,030	641	992	935	891	1,237	1,421	14.8
Midwest	657	1,030	041	332	933	091	1,231	1,421	14.0
		640.4	440.4	F00.0	400.0	F00.0	400.0	400 7	5 4
Consumption (gallons)	555.5	618.1	449.4	533.8	492.9	529.9	486.8	460.7	-5.4
Price (\$/gallon)	1.12	1.35	1.03	1.35	1.34	1.24	1.84	2.39	30.0
Expenditures (\$)	620	832	463	720	661	659	895	1,101	23.0
South									
Consumption (gallons)	421.8	479.6	342.9	423.0	398.4	413.1	383.2	370.6	-3.3
Price (\$/gallon)	1.25	1.45	1.13	1.41	1.45	1.35	1.95	2.41	23.9
Expenditures (\$)	525	697	387	596	578	557	746	894	19.8
West									
Consumption (gallons)	504.9	484.3	338.8	304.1	317.8	390.0	327.2	303.8	-7.1
Price (\$/gallon)	1.19	1.49	1.09	1.39	1.46	1.32	1.98	2.42	22.0
Expenditures (\$)	600	723	369	422	463	515	648	734	13.2
U.S. Average	000	720	000	722	400	010	040	704	10.2
Consumption (gallons)	665.4	708.8	542.7	670.5	625.1	642.5	622.9	580.4	-6.8
Price (\$/gallon)	1.24	1.44	1.16	1.42	1.44	1.35	1.92	2.40	24.8
Expenditures (\$)	827	1,020	627	951	903	865	1,199	1,394	16.3
Households (thousands)	8,828	8,466	8,119	8,000	7,987	8,280	7,994	8,017	0.3
Propane									
Northeast									
Consumption (gallons)	769.1	875.6	741.2	940.4	870.1	839.3	869.2	805.7	-7.3
Price (\$/gallon)	1.36	1.65	1.40	1.55	1.65	1.53	1.87	2.19	16.9
Expenditures (\$)	1,045	1,442	1,040	1,461	1,436	1,285	1,629	1,766	8.4
Midwest	, - -	,	,	, , , -	,	,	,	, , , , ,	
Consumption (gallons)	768.4	899.7	725.7	856.1	795.7	809.1	787.0	747.7	-5.0
Price (\$/gallon)	0.88	1.27	1.00	1.07	1.20	1.09	1.42	1.69	19.1
Expenditures (\$)	678	1,140	727	917	951	882	1,114	1,261	13.2
South	400 :	F00 :	400 0	F=0 :	F0F 0	F0= 0	E40 -		4.5
Consumption (gallons)	486.4	598.1	493.2	573.4	535.0	537.2	516.0	507.9	-1.6
Price (\$/gallon)	1.22	1.63	1.24	1.45	1.57	1.43	1.79	2.12	18.7

Table WF01. Selected U.S. Average Consumer Prices* and Expenditures for Heating Fuels During the Winter

(Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook -- February 2006)

(Energy information Administr	1811011/31101	t- i eiiii Eiiei	gy Outlook		2000)				
Fuel / Region				Winter of				Forecast	
	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	Avg. 99-04	04-05	05-06	% Change
Expenditures (\$)	593	975	611	833	842	771	921	1,076	16.8
West									
Consumption (gallons)	581.4	672.0	624.3	600.2	602.1	616.0	609.5	582.6	-4.4
Price (\$/gallon)	1.12	1.56	1.25	1.38	1.54	1.38	1.78	2.07	15.9
Expenditures (\$)	652	1,050	783	830	925	848	1,087	1,204	10.8
U.S. Average									
Consumption (gallons)	637.2	756.5	634.4	720.9	679.4	685.7	670.1	643.4	-4.0
Price (\$/gallon)	1.08	1.46	1.16	1.29	1.42	1.29	1.64	1.95	18.4
Expenditures (\$)	689	1,108	736	928	962	885	1,102	1,252	13.6
Households (thousands)	4,837	4,917	4,982	4,939	4,953	4,926	4,970	5,014	0.9
Electricity									
Northeast									
Consumption (kwh***)	8,876.2	9,980.6	8,955.3	10,825.0	10,125.7	9,752.6	10,105.6	9,535.4	-5.6
Price (\$/kwh)	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.13	7.8
Expenditures (\$)	965	1,102	1,000	1,182	1,141	1,078	1,187	1,207	1.7
Midwest		•	•	•	•	·	•		
Consumption (kwh)	9,873.3	11,266.9	10,118.6	11,366.3	10,799.3	10,684.9	10,742.3	10,369.8	-3.5
Price (\$/kwh)	0.076	0.074	0.076	0.075	0.077	0.076	0.077	0.082	5.4
Expenditures (\$)	750	837	774	850	827	808	832	847	1.8
South									
Consumption (kwh)	8,395.1	9,199.5	8,146.7	8,815.4	8,484.4	8,608.2	8,341.8	8,243.4	-1.2
Price (\$/kwh)	0.071	0.074	0.076	0.074	0.079	0.075	0.082	0.090	9.6
Expenditures (\$)	598	678	615	656	667	643	682	738	8.3
West									
Consumption (kwh)	7,444.6	7,945.4	7,375.7	7,237.7	7,295.4	7,459.8	7,368.6	7,126.1	-3.3
Price (\$/kwh)	0.080	0.084	0.091	0.089	0.090	0.087	0.091	0.093	2.3
Expenditures (\$)	599	667	675	645	658	649	671	663	-1.1
U.S. Average									
Consumption (kwh)	8,098.5	8,896.4	7,980.9	8,547.5	8,260.4	8,356.7	8,192.8	7,995.3	-2.4
Price (\$/kwh)	0.079	0.081	0.083	0.082	0.085	0.082	0.087	0.094	7.7
Expenditures (\$)	643	718	666	699	702	685	717	753	5.1
Households (thousands)	30,535	30,760	30,961	31,226	31,535	31,003	31,892	32,322	1.4
All households (thousands		102,323	103,429	103,768	104,634	103,040	105,642	106,976	1.3
Average Expenditures (\$)	564	774	551	672	703	688	786	921	17.2
* D ' ' ' ' ' '									

^{*} Prices include taxes

^{**} thousand cubic feet

^{***} kilowatthour

Table HL1. U.S. Energy Supply and Demand: Base Case

Table TIET. 0.3. Ellergy Supply and Dell		Year			Annua	l Percentage	Change
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2004-2005	2005-2006	2006-2007
Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	'		'				
(billion chained 2000 dollars)	10756	11146	11528	11845	3.6	3.4	2.7
Imported Crude Oil Price ^a							
(nominal dollars per barrel)	35.99	49.18	57.99	53.60	36.7	17.9	-7.6
Crude Oil Production ^b (million barrels per day)	5.42	5.10	5.34	5.63	-5.9	4.6	5.5
Total Petroleum Net Imports (million barrels per day)							
(including SPR)	12.10	12.37	12.32	12.44	2.3	-0.4	1.0
Energy Demand							
World Petroleum							
(million barrels per day)	82.5	83.7	85.3	87.2	1.5	1.9	2.2
Petroleum							
(million barrels per day)	20.73	20.67	21.02	21.48	-0.3	1.7	2.2
Natural Gas							
(trillion cubic feet)	22.47	22.15	22.10	22.61	-1.4	-0.2	2.3
Coal ^c							
(million short tons)	1107	1135	1149	1164	2.5	1.3	1.3
Electricity (billion kilowatthours)							
Retail Sales d	3548	3661	3677	3748	3.2	0.4	1.9
Other Use/Sales ^e	179	170	175	181	-4.9	2.7	3.7
Total	3727	3831	3852	3930	2.8	0.5	2.0
Total Energy Demand ^f							
(quadrillion Btu)	98.2	98.5	99.2	101.1	0.4	0.7	2.0
Total Energy Demand per Dollar of GDP							
(thousand Btu per 2000 Dollar)	9.13	8.84	8.60	8.54	-3.1	-2.7	-0.8
Renewable Energy as Percent of Total ^g	6.4%	6.4%	6.3%	6.4%			

^a Refers to the refiner acquisition cost (RAC) of imported crude oil.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: Latest data available from Bureau of Economic Analysis and Energy Information Administration; latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109; Petroleum Supply Annual, DOE/EIA-0340/2; Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130; Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226; and Quarterly Coal Report, DOE/EIA-0121; International Petroleum Monthly DOE/EIA-0520; Weekly Petroleum Status Report, DOE/EIA-0208. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy, January 2006.

^b Includes lease condensate.

^c Total Demand includes estimated Independent Power Producer (IPP) coal consumption.

^d Total of retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers. Utility sales for historical periods are reported in Energy Information Administration (EIA) *Electric Power Monthly* and *Electric Power Annual*. Power marketers' sales for historical periods are reported in EIA's *Electric Sales and Revenue*, Appendix C. Data for 2004 are estimates.

^e Defined as the sum of facility use of onsite net electricity generation plus direct sales of power by industrial- or commercial-sector generators to third parties, reported annually in Table 7.5 of the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)*. Data for 2004 are estimates.

^f The conversion from physical units to Btu is calculated by using a subset of conversion factors used in the calculations performed for gross energy consumption in EIA's *MER*. Consequently, the historical data may not precisely match those published in the *MER* or the *Annual Energy Review (AER*).

⁹ Renewable energy includes minor components of non-marketed renewable energy, which is renewable energy that is neither bought nor sold, either directly or indirectly, as inputs to marketed energy. EIA does not estimate or project total consumption of non-marketed renewable energy. SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Table 1. U.S. Macroeconomic and Weather Assumptions: Base Case

<u> </u>	1st	2005				/UIIIh								YASE	
		254	2 = 4	446	4.04	2006	24	446	404	2007	2-4	14h	2005	Year 2006	2007
	ıəl	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Macroeconomic ^a															
Real Gross Domestic Product (billion chained 2000 dollars - SAAR)	10999	11089	11202	11292	11401	11484	11573	11655	11725	11803	11883	11969	11146	11528	11845
Percentage Change from Prior Year	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.3	3.2	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	3.6	3.4	2.7
Annualized Percent Change from Prior Quarter	3.8	3.3	4.1	3.3	3.9	2.9	3.1	2.9	2.4	2.7	2.7	2.9			
GDP Implicit Price Deflator (Index, 2000=100)	111.0	111.7	112.6	113.0	113.7	114.4	114.8	115.5	116.2	116.6	117.2	117.8	112.0	114.6	117.0
Percentage Change from Prior Year	2.8	2.5	2.9	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.7	2.3	2.1
Real Disposable Personal Income (billion chained 2000 Dollars - SAAR)	8098	8103	8061	8193	8275	8360	8451	8513	8552	8639	8708	8776	8114	8400	8669
Percentage Change from Prior Year	2.3	2.1	0.8	0.3	2.2	3.2	4.8	3.9	3.4	3.3	3.0	3.1	1.4	3.5	3.2
Manufacturing Production (Index, 2002=100.0)	108.7	109.0	109.7	111.8	113.1	113.9	114.5	115.1	115.6	116.1	116.9	117.9	109.8	114.1	116.6
Percentage Change from Prior Year	4.8	3.4	3.0	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.4	2.9	2.2	1.9	2.1	2.4	3.8	3.9	2.2
OECD Economic Growth (percent) b													1.4	3.0	2.3
Weather °															
Heating Degree-Days															
U.S	2183	516	39	1551	1945	536	97	1626	2180	526	99	1622	4289	4204	4426
New England	3363	939	84	2220	2922	912	190	2271	3214	923	190	2257	6605	6295	6585
Middle Atlantic	3056	728	22	1945	2637	749	126	2062	2949	744	126	2049	5751	5574	5867
U.S. Gas- Weighted Cooling Degree-	2353	561	43	1684	2097	589	112	1740	2320	577	112	1737	4642	4537	4747
Days (U.S.)	29	356	935	101	35	346	776	79	39	343	766	76	1420	1236	1224

^a Macroeconomic projections from Global Insight model forecasts are seasonally adjusted at annual rates and modified as appropriate to the base world oil price case.

Note: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: latest data available from: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration; Federal Reserve System, Statistical Release G.17. Projections of OECD growth are based on Global Insight, "World Economic Outlook," Volume 1. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Model of U.S. Economy, January 2006.

^b OECD: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

^c Population-weighted degree-days. A degree-day indicates the temperature variation from 65 degrees Fahrenheit (calculated as the simple average of the daily minimum and maximum temperatures) weighted by 2000 population.

SAAR: Seasonally-adjusted annualized rate.

Table 1a. U.S. Regional^a Macroeconomic Data: Base Case

Table 1a. U.S.	Regi	Onai	Wacic	econ	OIIIIC	Data:	Dase	Case							
		2005				2006				2007				Year	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	2006	2007
Real Gross State Product	(Billion	\$2000)													
New England	629.8	634.8	641.0	645.6	651.8	655.9	660.4	664.5	667.8	671.7	675.7	680.2	637.8	658.1	673.9
Mid Atlantic	1683.3	1694.4	1708.6	1722.4	1737.4	1747.7	1759.1	1769.7	1778.0	1787.5	1797.4	1808.4	1702.2	1753.5	1792.8
E. N. Central	1634.2	1645.2	1658.6	1670.1	1683.1	1693.2	1703.8	1713.9	1722.5	1731.9	1741.8	1752.8	1652.0	1698.5	1737.2
W. N. Central	705.3	711.0	717.9	724.7	732.1	737.2	743.0	748.3	752.7	758.0	762.8	768.2	714.7	740.1	760.4
S. Atlantic	2023.2	2043.5	2067.9	2086.8	2107.1	2124.0	2142.3	2159.9	2175.1	2191.6	2208.3	2225.9	2055.3	2133.3	2200.2
E. S. Central	533.3	537.0	541.2	546.2	549.9	554.0	557.6	561.3	564.7	568.2	572.0	576.0	539.4	555.7	570.2
W. S. Central	1134.7	1144.6	1155.4	1154.6	1167.4	1177.5	1188.1	1197.9	1205.9	1214.4	1223.0	1232.1	1147.3	1182.7	1218.8
Mountain	704.8	713.7	724.2	735.1	744.3	750.8	758.1	765.1	771.6	778.7	785.8	793.2	719.5	754.6	782.3
Pacific	1932.2	1949.9	1975.4	1994.5	2016.1	2031.6	2047.6	2062.0	2074.5	2088.4	2103.2	2119.2	1963.0	2039.3	2096.3
Industrial Output, Manufa	acturing	(Index, Y	ear 1997=1	100)											
New England	106.3	106.4	107.5	109.4	110.4	110.8	110.9	110.9	111.1	111.4	112.1	112.9	107.4	110.8	111.9
Mid Atlantic	104.8	104.4	104.7	106.0	107.1	107.7	108.2	108.7	109.2	109.6	110.3	111.1	105.0	107.9	110.0
E. N. Central	108.2	108.2	108.7	111.1	112.4	113.3	113.9	114.6	115.2	115.7	116.6	117.6	109.0	113.5	116.3
W. N. Central	112.9	113.9	114.8	117.9	119.2	120.1	121.2	122.1	122.8	123.6	124.6	125.7	114.9	120.7	124.2
S. Atlantic	107.1	107.5	108.5	110.2	111.3	111.9	112.5	113.0	113.4	113.8	114.4	115.2	108.3	112.2	114.2
E. S. Central	111.1	112.0	112.3	114.6	116.0	116.9	117.6	118.5	119.1	119.7	120.5	121.6	112.5	117.3	120.2
W. S. Central	108.6	109.1	109.9	111.4	112.8	113.6	114.4	115.0	115.5	116.0	116.9	117.9	109.8	113.9	116.6
Mountain	112.8	113.5	114.4	116.7	117.9	118.7	119.4	120.0	120.4	121.0	121.9	123.0	114.4	119.0	121.5
Pacific	109.7	110.1	111.0	113.9	115.3	116.0	116.4	116.8	117.2	117.8	118.7	119.8	111.2	116.1	118.4
Real Personal Income (Bi		•			= 40 4							=0.4.0			
New England	538.8	538.7	538.8	545.8	549.1	554.1	559.6	563.5	567.5	573.0	577.3	581.3	540.5	556.6	574.8
Mid Atlantic		1424.4	1424.8	1444.6	1452.3	1466.1	1481.7	1493.0	1504.7	1519.1	1531.0	1542.0	1430.0	1473.3	1524.2
E. N. Central		1388.7	1389.3	1407.3	1417.6	1431.5	1446.1	1456.4	1467.6	1480.8	1491.3	1501.0	1393.2	1437.9	1485.2
W. N. Central	597.5	593.6	595.0	605.6	609.7	615.3	621.5	625.9	630.4	636.2	640.7	645.0	597.9	618.1	638.1
	1688.5	1696.7	1701.8	1727.7	1741.8	1761.2	1785.0	1803.4	1821.8	1842.8	1860.5	1877.3	1703.7	1772.9	1850.6
E. S. Central	457.4	461.2	460.4	465.6	471.5	477.0	480.9	483.9	486.6	490.3	493.0	495.7	461.2	478.3	491.4
W. S. Central	935.2	941.5	913.3 584.5	939.3	963.0	972.5	982.4	990.1	998.6	1009.7	1019.2	1028.0	932.3	977.0	1013.9
Mountain	577.6	582.5 1563.8	1566.1	594.2 1590.5	600.4 1602.3	607.9	615.7 1637.9	621.5 1651.6	627.8 1666.0	635.4 1683.6	641.7 1697.8	647.6 1711.1	584.7 1569.1	611.4 1627.6	638.1 1689.6
Pacific Households	1330.2	1505.0	1300.1	1390.3	1002.3	1618.7	1037.9	1031.0	1000.0	1003.0	1097.0	1711.1	1309.1	1027.0	1009.0
(Millions)															
New England	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.7
Mid Atlantic	15.3	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.6	15.6	15.4	15.5	15.6
E. N. Central	17.8	17.8	17.9	17.9	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.1	18.1	18.1	18.2	18.2	17.9	18.1	18.2
W. N. Central	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.9	8.0
S. Atlantic	21.6	21.7	21.8	21.9	22.0	22.1	22.2	22.3	22.4	22.5	22.6	22.7	21.9	22.3	22.7
E. S. Central	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.0	7.1	7.2
W. S. Central	12.3	12.3	12.4	12.4	12.5	12.5	12.6	12.6	12.7	12.7	12.8	12.9	12.4	12.6	12.9
Mountain	7.4	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.5	7.7	7.8
Pacific	16.9	16.9	17.0	17.0	17.1	17.1	17.2	17.2	17.3	17.3	17.4	17.4	17.0	17.2	17.4
Total Non-farm Employme	ent (Milli	ions)													
New England	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.1	6.9	7.0	7.1
Mid Atlantic	18.2	18.3	18.3	18.4	18.4	18.5	18.5	18.6	18.6	18.7	18.7	18.7	18.3	18.5	18.7
E. N. Central	21.4	21.4	21.5	21.5	21.5	21.6	21.6	21.7	21.8	21.8	21.8	21.9	21.4	21.6	21.8
W. N. Central	9.8	9.9	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.2	10.2	10.2	9.9	10.1	10.2
S. Atlantic	25.3	25.4	25.5	25.7	25.8	25.9	26.0	26.2	26.3	26.4	26.5	26.6	25.5	26.0	26.4
E. S. Central	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.6	7.7	7.8
W. S. Central	14.1	14.2	14.2	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.4	14.4	14.5	14.6	14.7	14.7	14.1	14.3	14.6
Mountain	9.0	9.1	9.2	9.3	9.4	9.4	9.5	9.5	9.6	9.6	9.7	9.7	9.2	9.4	9.7
Pacific	19.9	20.0	20.2	20.2	20.3	20.4	20.5	20.6	20.6	20.7	20.7	20.8	20.1	20.4	20.7

^a Regions refer to U.S. Census Divisions. A complete list of states comprising each Census Division is provided in EIA's Energy Glossary

⁽http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/glossary main page.htm) under the letter "C".

Sources: Historical data: latest data available from: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; Federal Reserve System, Statistical Release G.17. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy and Regional Economic Information Service.

Table 2 U.S. Energy Indicators: Base Case

Table 2. U.S. En	ergy I		ators	Bas	e Cas										
		2005		4.1		2006				2007		***		Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Macroeconomic ^a															
Real Fixed Investment															
(billion chained 2000 dollars-SAAR) Business Inventory Change	1842	1885	1922	1951	1976	1985	2007	2007	2013	2020	2024	2039	1900	1994	2024
(billion chained 2000 dollars-SAAR) Producer Price Index	25.1	-8.4	-2.5	11.5	8.0	11.0	7.5	6.2	5.7	2.4	2.4	2.9	6.4	8.2	3.4
(index, 1982=1.000)	1.519	1.538	1.586	1.631	1.634	1.628	1.623	1.634	1.632	1.608	1.616	1.628	1.568	1.630	1.621
Consumer Price Index															
(index, 1982-1984=1.000)	1.922	1.941	1.966	1.979	1.989	1.998	2.006	2.018	2.029	2.034	2.043	2.055	1.952	2.003	2.040
Petroleum Product Price Index															
(index, 1982=1.000)	1.360	1.545	1.831	1.853	1.753	1.829	1.760	1.697	1.671	1.687	1.648	1.616	1.647	1.760	1.655
Non-Farm Employment															
(millions)	132.8	133.4	134.0	134.3	134.9	135.4	135.9	136.5	137.0	137.4	137.8	138.2	133.6	135.7	137.6
Commercial Employment															
(millions)	87.4	87.9	88.3	88.5	88.9	89.4	89.9	90.4	90.8	91.2	91.6	92.0	88.0	89.7	91.4
Total Industrial Production															
(index, 2002=100.0)	107.2	107.6	107.9	108.7	110.5	111.1	112.0	112.9	113.4	113.8	114.4	115.0	107.9	111.6	114.1
Housing Stock															
(millions)	119.6	119.9	120.1	120.4	120.8	121.2	121.6	121.9	122.3	122.6	122.9	123.3	120.4	121.9	123.3
Miscellaneous															
Gas Weighted Industrial Prod	uction														
(index, 2002=100.0) Vehicle Miles Traveled ^b	103.8	102.0	98.6	99.1	103.6	105.1	105.9	106.5	106.8	107.1	107.7	108.1	100.9	105.3	107.4
(million miles/day)	7672	8480	8345	7988	7782	8525	8501	8145	7855	8662	8651	8317	8123	8240	8373
Vehicle Fuel Efficiency															
(index, 1999=1.000)	1.017	1.075	1.057	1.028	1.014	1.068	1.057	1.031	1.011	1.066	1.059	1.031	1.044	1.043	1.042
Real Vehicle Fuel Cost															
(cents per mile)	5.01	5.26	6.16	6.04	5.91	6.07	5.88	5.68	5.66	5.60	5.47	5.39	5.63	5.89	5.53
Air Travel Capacity															
(mill. available ton- miles/day) Aircraft Utilization	534.5	543.8	531.3	520.8	528.5	544.0	536.8	538.7	551.3	566.0	556.6	558.3	532.6	537.0	558.1
(mill. revenue ton- miles/day) Airline Ticket Price Index	307.9	325.6	326.9	304.7	303.9	333.6	341.8	329.1	327.3	353.4	359.0	344.5	316.3	327.2	346.1
(index, 1982-1984=1.000)	2.218	2.402	2.449	2.396	2.370	2.407	2.417	2.363	2.407	2.457	2.473	2.425	2.366	2.389	2.440
Raw Steel Production															
(million tons)	26.57	25.57	26.44	26.60	27.55	27.99	27.89	26.96	27.71	27.81	27.64	26.85	105.18	110.39	110.00
3 M		<u> </u>													

^a Macroeconomic projections from Global Insight model forecasts are seasonally adjusted at annual rates and modified as appropriate to the base world oil price case.

b Includes all highway travel.

and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: latest data available from: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration; Federal Reserve System, Statistical Release G.17. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Model of U.S. Economy, January 2006.

SAAR: Seasonally-adjusted annualized rate.

Note: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates

Table 3. International Petroleum Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Million Barrels per Day, Except OECD Commercial Stocks)

		2005				2006				2007			Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Demand ^a	1			1					l						
OECD															
U.S. (50 States)	20.6	20.5	20.8	20.8	20.7	20.9	21.1	21.4	21.3	21.3	21.5	21.8	20.7	21.0	21.5
U.S. Territories	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Canada	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3
Europe	15.6	15.3	15.7	15.8	15.7	15.5	15.7	15.9	15.8	15.6	15.8	16.1	15.6	15.7	15.8
Japan	6.0	5.0	5.1	5.6	6.0	4.9	5.1	5.6	6.0	4.9	5.1	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.4
Other OECD	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.4
Total OECD	50.4	48.6	49.2	50.3	50.4	49.1	50.1	51.1	51.3	49.7	50.6	51.8	49.6	50.2	50.8
Non-OECD															
Former Soviet Union	4.4	3.9	4.1	4.7	4.5	4.0	4.2	4.8	4.6	4.0	4.3	4.9	4.3	4.4	4.4
Europe	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
China	6.7	6.9	7.0	7.2	7.2	7.4	7.4	7.7	7.7	7.9	7.9	8.2	6.9	7.4	7.9
Other Asia	. 8.1	8.5	8.2	8.8	8.1	8.5	8.3	8.8	8.3	8.6	8.4	9.0	8.4	8.4	8.6
Other Non-OECD	13.6	13.7	13.9	13.9	14.0	14.1	14.3	14.3	14.5	14.6	14.8	14.8	13.8	14.2	14.7
Total Non-OECD	33.5	33.7	33.9	35.3	34.6	34.6	34.9	36.3	35.8	35.8	36.1	37.6	34.1	35.1	36.3
Total World Demand	83.9	82.3	83.1	85.6	85.0	83.8	84.9	87.4	87.0	85.5	86.7	89.3	83.7	85.3	87.2
Supply ^b															
OECD															
U.S. (50 States)	8.7	8.8	7.9	7.5	8.2	8.5	8.7	8.9	8.8	8.9	9.0	9.0	8.2	8.6	8.9
Canada	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.1	3.3	3.5
Mexico		3.9	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.7
North Sea ^c	5.5	5.2	5.0	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.8	4.9	4.6	4.4	4.6	5.2	4.8	4.6
Other OECD	. 1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6
Total OECD	22.4	22.5	21.1	21.1	22.0	21.9	22.0	22.4	22.6	22.4	22.3	22.5	21.8	22.1	22.5
Non-OECD															
OPEC	33.6	33.9	34.2	34.0	33.9	34.1	34.8	34.8	34.4	34.5	34.9	34.9	33.9	34.4	34.7
Crude Oil Portion	29.6	30.0	30.3	30.1	29.8	30.0	30.4	30.3	29.9	30.0	30.3	30.3	30.0	30.1	30.1
Former Soviet Union	. 11.5	11.6	11.7	12.0	11.9	11.9	12.1	12.2	12.4	12.4	12.6	12.7	11.7	12.0	12.5
China	. 3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.7
Other Non-OECD	. 12.6	12.8	13.0	13.2	13.0	13.0	13.3	13.4	13.8	13.8	14.1	14.2	12.9	13.2	14.0
Total Non-OECD	61.4	62.1	62.8	63.0	62.5	62.8	63.9	64.1	64.3	64.4	65.2	65.5	62.3	63.3	64.9
Total World Supply	83.9	84.5	83.9	84.1	84.5	84.7	85.8	86.5	86.9	86.8	87.5	88.0	84.1	85. <i>4</i>	87.3
Stock Changes d (Incl. Strategic) a	and Bala	ance													
U.S. (50 States) Stk. Chg		-0.9	0.4	0.1	0.2	-0.5	0.1	0.4	0.3	-0.6	0.0	0.3	-0.2	0.1	0.0
Other OECD Stock Chg	0.0	-0.1	-0.6	0.3	0.1	-0.2	-0.6	0.1	-0.2	-0.2	-0.4	0.4	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
Other Stk. Chgs. and Bal	0.2	-1.3	-0.6	1.2	0.2	-0.3	-0.3	0.4	0.0	-0.5	-0.4	0.6	-0.1	0.0	-0.1
Total		-2.3	-0.8	1.5	0.5	-0.9	-0.9	0.9	0.1	-1.3	-0.8	1.3	-0.4	-0.1	-0.1
OECD Comm. Stks., End	2.54	2.62	2.64	2.62	2.59	2.65	2.69	2.65	2.63	2.70	2.74	2.67	2.62	2.65	2.67
Non-OPEC Supply	50.3	50.6	49.7	50.0	50.6	50.6	51.0	51.6	52.5	52.3	52.6	53.1	50.2	51.0	52.6

^a Demand for petroleum by the OECD countries is synonymous with "petroleum product supplied," which is defined in the glossary of the EIA Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109. Demand for petroleum by the non-OECD countries is "apparent consumption," which includes internal consumption, refinery fuel and loss, and

SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve

Former Soviet Union: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The

forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the International Petroleum Monthly, International Energy Agency, Monthly Oil Data Service, Latest monthly release.

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lucludes production of crude oil (including lease condensates), natural gas plant liquids, other hydrogen and hydrocarbons for refinery feedstocks, refinery gains, alcohol, and liquids produced from coal and other sources.

Includes offshore supply from Denmark, Germany, the Netherlands, Norway, and the United Kingdom.

distock draw shown as positive number; withdrawal shown as negative.

OECD: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

OPEC: Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries: Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

Table 3a. OPEC Oil Production

(Thousand Barrels Per Day)

,	07/01/2005	December 2005		January 2006	
	OPEC 10 Quota	Production	Production	Capacity	Surplus Capacity
Algeria	894	1,380	1,380	1,380	0
Indonesia	1,451	930	925	925	0
Iran	4,110	3,950	3,900	3,900	0
Kuwait	2,247	2,600	2,600	2,600	0
Libya	1,500	1,650	1,650	1,650	0
Nigeria	2,306	2,600	2,350	2,350	0
Qatar	726	800	800	800	0
Saudi Arabia	9,099	9,500	9,400	10,500 - 11,000	1,100 - 1,600
United Arab Emirates	2,444	2,500	2,500	2,500	0
Venezuela	3,223	2,500	2,500	2,500	0
OPEC 10	28,000	28,410	28,005	29,105 - 29,605	1,100 - 1,600
Iraq		1,750	1,600	1,600	0
Crude Oil Total		30,160	29,605	30,705 - 31,205	1,100 - 1,600
Other Liquids		3,954	3,979		
Total OPEC Supply		34,114	33,584		

Notes: Crude oil does not include lease condensate or natural gas liquids. OPEC Quotas are based on crude oil production only. "Capacity" refers to maximum sustainable production capacity, defined as the maximum amount of production that: 1) could be brought online within a period of 30 days; and 2) sustained for at least 90 days. Kuwaiti and Saudi Arabian figures each include half of the production from the Neutral Zone between the two countries. Saudi Arabian production also includes oil produced from its offshore Abu Safa field produced on behalf of Bahrain. The amount of Saudi Arabian spare capacity that can be brought online is shown as a range, because a short delay may be needed to achieve the higher level. The United Arab Emirates (UAE) is a federation of seven emirates. The UAE's OPEC quota applies only to the emirate of Abu Dhabi, which controls the vast majority of the UAE's economic and resource wealth. Venezuelan capacity and production numbers exclude extra heavy crude oil used to make Orimulsion. OPEC: Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries: Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. OPEC 10 refers to all OPEC less Iraq. Iraqi production and exports have not been a part of any recent OPEC agreements. Iraq's current production number in this table is net of re-injection and water cut. Latest estimated gross production is about 2 million barrels per day. Other liquids include lease condensate, natural gas liquids, and other liquids including volume gains from refinery processing.

Table 4. U.S. Energy Prices: Base Case

(Nominal Dollars)

(Norminal	Donard	2005				2006				2007				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
		•			•		•	•				•		•	
Crude Oil Prices (\$/barre	I)														
Imported Average a		45.91	56.69	52.75	58.68	59.00	57.76	56.50	54.99	53.50	53.00	53.00	49.18	57.99	53.60
WTI ^b Spot Average	49.73	53.05	63.19	60.00	65.66	66.00	64.75	63.50	62.00	60.50	60.00	60.00	56.49	64.98	60.63
Natural Gas (\$/mcf)															
Average Wellhead	5.70	6.20	7.91	10.17	8.39	7.43	7.06	8.86	8.98	6.47	7.38	8.81	7.45	7.93	7.91
Henry Hub Spot		7.14	9.84	12.64	9.30	8.36	7.93	9.92	9.82	7.22	8.11	9.67	9.00	8.87	8.70
Petroleum Products (\$/ga	allon)														
Gasoline Retail °	,														
All Grades	1.98	2.23	2.59	2.43	2.43	2.63	2.53	2.40	2.35	2.46	2.40	2.32	2.31	2.50	2.38
Regular		2.19	2.56	2.39	2.38	2.58	2.48	2.35	2.31	2.42	2.36	2.27	2.27	2.45	2.34
Distillate Fuel															
Retail Diesel	2.07	2.26	2.56	2.71	2.49	2.51	2.49	2.56	2.45	2.39	2.37	2.45	2.41	2.51	2.42
WIsle. Htg. Oil	1.39	1.53	1.80	1.84	1.76	1.75	1.72	1.75	1.69	1.60	1.61	1.66	1.63	1.75	1.65
Retail Heating Oil		1.95	2.24	2.30	2.29	2.23	2.11	2.22	2.18	2.08	1.99	2.12	2.03	2.24	2.13
No. 6 Residual Fuel d	0.82	1.00	1.14	1.22	1.21	1.22	1.19	1.19	1.18	1.12	1.11	1.13	1.06	1.20	1.14
Electric Power Sector (\$/	/mmBtu)														
Coal	1.48	1.54	1.55	1.60	1.64	1.66	1.65	1.66	1.69	1.71	1.70	1.70	1.54	1.65	1.70
Heavy Fuel Oil e	5.38	6.56	7.59	7.75	7.93	7.96	7.81	7.81	7.69	7.29	7.28	7.41	6.96	7.87	7.40
Natural Gas	6.42	6.86	8.61	11.54	12.50	9.20	8.08	9.57	9.80	7.05	7.77	9.32	8.37	9.52	8.31
Other Residential															
Natural Gas (\$/mct)	10.96	12.54	15.71	15.06	13.38	13.25	14.57	13.07	13.76	12.27	14.96	13.07	12.73	13.36	13.41
Electricity (c/Kwh)	8.64	9.54	9.85	9.67	9.18	9.70	10.04	9.62	9.26	9.87	10.26	9.82	9.45	9.65	9.82

^a Refiner acquisition cost (RAC) of imported crude oil.

Notes: Prices exclude taxes, except prices for gasoline, residential natural gas, and diesel. Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. Mcf= thousand cubic feet. mmBtu=Million Btu.

Sources: Historical data: EÏA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380; *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; *Monthly Energy Review*, DOE/EIA-0035; *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226.

^bWest Texas Intermediate.

^c Average self-service cash prices.

d Average for all sulfur contents.

^e Includes fuel oils No. 4, No. 5, and No. 6 and topped crude fuel oil prices.

Table 5a. U.S. Petroleum Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Million Barrels per Day, Except Closing Stocks)

	i	2005	-			2006				2007				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Supply	•		•	•	•		•	•			•				
Crude Oil Supply															
Domestic Production a	5.45	5.47	4.92	4.57	5.06	5.29	5.42	5.56	5.61	5.64	5.62	5.65	5.10	5.34	5.63
Alaska		0.87	0.81	0.86	0.89	0.84	0.73	0.87	0.86	0.81	0.73	0.76	0.87	0.83	0.79
Federal GOM b	. 1.51	1.56	1.10	0.85	1.27	1.47	1.75	1.78	1.86	1.92	1.95	1.96	1.26	1.57	1.92
Other Lower 48	3.02	3.03	3.01	2.86	2.88	2.98	2.95	2.91	2.89	2.91	2.94	2.93	2.98	2.93	2.92
Net Commercial Imports c	. 10.01	10.34	9.87	9.89	9.92	10.69	10.33	10.12	9.96	10.66	10.37	10.29	10.03	10.27	10.32
·															
Net SPR Withdrawals	0.13	-0.09	0.03	0.10	-0.02	-0.04	-0.05	-0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.02	-0.03	0.00
Net Commercial Withdrawals	0.37	-0.11	0.24	-0.15	-0.12	0.10	0.26	0.08	-0.20	0.03	0.21	0.03	-0.10	0.08	0.02
Product Supplied and Losses	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Unaccounted-for Crude Oil	. 0.19	0.32	0.13	0.19	0.15	0.13	0.09	0.03	0.09	0.12	0.07	0.02	0.21	0.10	0.07
Total Crude Oil Supply	. 15.15	15.93	15.18	14.60	15.00	16.17	16.06	15.78	15.46	16.44	16.26	15.99	15.21	15.75	16.04
Other Supply															
NGL Production		1.82	1.65	1.57	1.70	1.73	1.76	1.77	1.74	1.78	1.82	1.81	1.72	1.74	1.79
Other Inputs d	0.43	0.45	0.44	0.43	0.46	0.46	0.47	0.46	0.47	0.48	0.49	0.48	0.44	0.46	0.48
Crude Oil Product Supplied		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Processing Gain		1.08	0.93	0.95	0.99	1.01	1.01	1.05	1.02	1.04	1.03	1.08	0.99	1.02	1.04
Net Product Imports ^e		1.95	2.49	3.08	2.18	2.10	1.93	1.98	2.07	2.16	2.09	2.17	2.35	2.05	2.12
Product Stock Withdrawn		-0.69	0.09	0.11	0.36	-0.55	-0.12	0.31	0.54	-0.60	-0.18	0.28	-0.03	0.00	0.01
Total Supply	20.64	20.53	20.77	20.74	20.69	20.91	21.12	21.37	21.30	21.31	21.52	21.81	20.67	21.02	21.49
Demand															
Motor Gasoline		9.26	9.27	9.12	9.01	9.37	9.44	9.28	9.12	9.53	9.59	9.47	9.13	9.28	9.43
Jet Fuel		1.61	1.65	1.64	1.62	1.67	1.69	1.70	1.67	1.71	1.73	1.74	1.62	1.67	1.71
Distillate Fuel Oil		4.06	3.98	4.15	4.23	4.09	4.07	4.35	4.47	4.23	4.22	4.48	4.11	4.19	4.35
Residual Fuel Oil		0.79	0.98	1.02	0.92	0.89	0.80	0.96	0.94	0.87	0.83	0.97	0.92	0.89	0.90
Other Oils *	. 5.03	4.80	4.88	4.82	4.89	4.88	5.11	5.09	5.09	4.96	5.15	5.15	4.88	4.99	5.09
Total Demand	20.63	20.51	20.77	20.75	20.67	20.91	21.12	21.37	21.29	21.30	21.52	21.80	20.67	21.02	21.48
Total Petroleum Net Imports	. 11.86	12.29	12.36	12.96	12.10	12.79	12.27	12.11	12.03	12.82	12.46	12.46	12.37	12.32	12.44
Closing Stocks (million barrels)															
Crude Oil (excluding SPR)	. 319	329	307	321	331	322	298	291	309	306	287	285	321	291	285
Total Motor Gasoline		216	196	206	206	216	208	215	213	222	212	219	206	215	219
Finished Motor Gasoline		142	128	134	131	143	138	144	137	148	141	146	134	144	146
Blending Components		74	68	71	75	73	70	71	76	74	71	73	71	71	73
Jet Fuel		41	37	43	41	41	42	41	38	40	41	40	43	41	40
Distillate Fuel Oil		119	128	130	118	126	134	138	109	118	129	135	130	138	135
Residual Fuel Oil		37	34	39	40	39	36	39	37	38	36	40	39	39	40
Other Oils ⁹		300	309	277	258	290	303	261	248	282	298	257	277	261	257
Total Stocks (excluding SPR)		1042	1012	1015	993	1035	1021	985	954	1006	1004	975	1015	985	975
Crude Oil in SPR		696	694	685	686	690	694	696	696	696	696	696	685	696	696
Heating Oil Reserve		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Total Stocks (incl SPR and HOR)		1740	1707	1702	1681	1727	1718	1683	1652	1704	1701	1673	1702	1683	1673
a Includes lease condensate.	. 1009	1740	1707	1702	1001	1121	1710	1003	1002	1704	1701	10/3	1702	1003	10/3

Includes lease condensate.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding, with the following exception: recent petroleum demand and supply data displayed here reflect the incorporation of resubmissions of the data as reported in EIA's Petroleum Supply Monthly, Table C1. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System model.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109, and Weekly

Petroleum Status Report, DOE/EIA-0208.

^b Crude oil production from U.S. Federal leases in the Gulf of Mexico.

^c Net imports equals gross imports minus exports.

^dOther hydrocarbon and alcohol inputs.

e Includes finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural gas plant liquids for processing.

Includes crude oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gas, other liquids, and all finished petroleum products except motor gasoline, jet fuel, distillate,

g Includes stocks of all other oils, such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids (including ethane), aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, wax, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils. SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve

HOR: Heating Oil Reserve

NGL: Natural Gas Liquids

Table 5b. U.S. Regional^a Motor Gasoline Inventories and Prices: Base Case

		2005				2006				2007		-		Year	
Sector	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	2006	2007
				,											
Total End-of-per				•		•	50. 4	50.0		00.0	4	00.4		50.0	00.4
PADD 1		60.2	53.4	51.6	52.9	57.9	53.4	58.3	57.7	62.9	57.4	60.4	51.6	58.3	60.4
PADD 2		50.9	51.1	54.2	52.1	54.8	53.3	54.2	53.8	55.6	53.4	54.5	54.2	54.2	54.5
PADD 3		67.5	56.7	63.8	63.4	65.0	63.5	63.7	63.7	66.0	64.3	64.4	63.8	63.7	64.4
PADD 4		6.2	5.6	5.8	6.4	5.8	5.9	6.5	6.7	6.0	5.8	6.4	5.8	6.5	6.4
PADD 5		31.4	29.6	30.1	31.1	32.4	31.8	32.6	31.0	31.8	31.5	32.9	30.1	32.6	32.9
U.S. Total		216.2	196.5	205.6	205.9	215.9	207.8	215.3	212.9	222.3	212.4	218.6	205.6	215.3	218.6
Total End-of-pe					•		•								
PADD 1		45.4	39.1	39.0	37.9	44.0	40.6	44.6	41.3	47.5	43.5	45.9	39.0	44.6	45.9
PADD 2		36.4	37.4	39.7	36.6	39.2	38.6	40.1	38.6	39.9	38.7	40.1	39.7	40.1	40.1
PADD 3		45.6	37.9	43.7	<i>4</i> 2.5	44.8	43.6	44.9	43.3	<i>4</i> 5.8	44.5	<i>4</i> 5.3	43.7	44.9	<i>4</i> 5.3
PADD 4	4.7	4.5	4.2	4.3	4.8	4.4	4.5	4.7	5.0	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.3	4.7	4.6
PADD 5	9.9	10.0	9.5	7.8	8.8	10.8	10.3	10.2	9.0	10.4	9.7	9.9	7.8	10.2	9.9
U.S. Total		141.9	128.1	134.4	130.6	143.3	137.7	144.4	137.2	148.1	141.0	145.7	134.4	144.4	145.7
Total End-of-pe			_	•			•	,							
PADD 1		14.8	14.3	12.7	15.0	14.0	12.7	13.8	16.4	15.3	13.9	14.6	12.7	13.8	14.6
PADD 2		14.6	13.7	14.5	15.6	15.5	14.7	14.1	15.2	15.8	14.7	14.4	14.5	14.1	14.4
PADD 3		21.9	18.8	20.2	20.8	20.1	19.8	18.7	20.4	20.2	19.8	19.1	20.2	18.7	19.1
PADD 4	1.7	1.7	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.9	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.8	1.5	1.9	1.8
PADD 5	20.3	21.3	20.1	22.3	22.3	21.5	21.5	22.4	21.9	21.4	21.7	23.0	22.3	22.4	23.0
U.S. Total	74.0	74.3	68.3	71.1	75.2	72.6	70.1	70.9	75.7	74.2	71.5	72.9	71.1	70.9	72.9
Motor Gasoline	Retail F	Prices Ex	cluding	Taxes (cents/ga	llon)									
PADD 1	146.0	169.0	209.8	192.7	192.2	208.1	200.0	186.7	183.0	190.5	185.6	177.4	179.4	196.7	184.1
PADD 2	148.2	167.2	207.7	186.9	192.2	209.8	199.3	184.9	183.2	192.4	186.1	176.6	177.5	196.6	184.6
PADD 3	142.9	166.2	204.7	191.6	187.8	204.2	193.8	181.4	178.8	187.6	180.8	172.5	176.4	191.8	179.9
PADD 4	145.0	172.8	204.9	193.7	185.6	210.2	202.8	191.1	182.9	194.9	190.5	182.6	179.1	197.4	187.8
PADD 5	158.5	190.9	219.5	202.7	199.5	224.8	212.7	199.4	196.5	212.1	201.4	191.5	192.9	209.1	200.4
U.S. Total	148.1	171.3	209.7	191.9	192.5	211.0	201.2	187.7	184.8	194.5	188.0	179.0	180.3	198.1	186.6
Motor Gasoline	Retail F	Prices Inc	cluding '	Taxes (c	ents/gal	lon)									
PADD 1		216.8	258.5	240.0	238.7	256.1	248.4	235.9	229.5	238.5	234.1	226.8	227.0	244.8	232.2
PADD 2		212.3	251.1	230.7	236.3	255.0	244.5	230.3	227.8	237.7	231.5	222.3	221.7	241.5	229.8
PADD 3		209.5	246.0	235.0	230.3	248.0	237.2	225.0	222.3	231.8	224.4	216.8	219.0	235.1	223.8
PADD 4		220.5	253.8	239.6	230.0	255.9	248.6	237.3	228.1	241.2	237.0	229.5	226.2	242.9	233.9
PADD 5		242.1	269.5	253.5	249.3	277.4	264.7	251.8	247.4	265.5	254.3	244.9	243.2	260.8	253.0
U.S. Total		218.6	256.0	238.6	238.3	258.3	248.5	235.5	231.0	242.0	235.6	227.3	226.8	245.1	234.0

^a Regions refer to Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD). A complete list of states comprising each PADD is provided in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/glossary/main_page.htm) under the letter "P."

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding, with the following exception: recent petroleum demand and supply data displayed here reflect the incorporation of resubmissions of the data as reported in EIA's *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, Table C1. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109, and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380.

Table 5c. U.S. Regional^a Distillate Inventories and prices: Base Case

Table 5c. U	<u> 1.5. K</u>	egion	מו" טו	stillat	e inve	entorie	es and	a pric	es: Ba	ase C	ase				
		2005				2006				2007				Year	
Sector	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	2006	2007
				,		-				-			-		
Total End-of-peri	od Distil	llate Inve	entories	(million	barrels)										
PADD 1	34.1	45.2	60.2	56.6	47.9	52.7	60.4	59.1	39.5	45.8	55.3	55.9	56.6	59.1	55.9
PADD 2	27.6	29.6	27.2	28.0	27.8	29.6	29.7	31.3	27.4	29.0	29.4	31.2	28.0	31.3	31.2
PADD 3	28.6	30.0	26.8	29.6	27.6	29.1	30.1	31.5	27.6	28.7	29.9	31.7	29.6	31.5	31.7
PADD 4	. 3.1	2.4	2.2	2.8	2.8	3.1	2.8	3.5	3.0	3.1	2.7	3.4	2.8	3.5	3.4
PADD 5	11.1	11.5	11.3	13.2	11.5	11.6	11.1	12.5	11.4	11.6	11.2	12.6	13.2	12.5	12.6
U.S. Total	104.5	118.8	127.7	130.3	117.6	126.2	134.0	137.9	108.9	118.2	128.5	134.9	130.3	137.9	134.9
Residential Heati	ng Oil P	rices exc	cluding ⁻	Taxes (c	ents/gallo	on)									
Northeast	185.7	195.6	224.1	227.9	230.2	224.2	211.4	222.6	218.8	209.0	199.4	213.0	202.5	225.1	213.8
South	188.0	194.5	226.0	233.6	230.4	220.7	209.4	222.0	219.5	205.5	196.8	211.9	208.0	224.0	212.9
Midwest	174.7	185.4	221.5	233.9	221.5	213.8	204.9	213.5	207.0	196.1	192.7	203.4	201.3	215.4	202.4
West	192.9	213.9	239.8	242.3	228.3	232.8	221.2	225.6	220.0	221.4	211.1	215.0	218.5	227.4	217.6
U.S. Total	185.2	195.2	224.4	229.5	229.4	223.2	210.6	221.7	217.8	207.8	198.5	212.0	203.3	224.1	212.7
Residential Heati	ng Oli P	rices inc	luding S	State Tax	es (cent	s/gallon)									
Northeast	194.8	205.1	235.2	237.8	241.6	235.2	221.9	232.2	229.6	219.2	209.3	222.2	212.1	235.8	223.9
South	196.1	202.6	235.7	243.3	240.3	229.8	218.4	231.2	229.0	214.1	205.3	220.7	216.8	233.5	221.9
Midwest	186.6	196.3	229.3	253.0	233.9	224.4	216.2	225.7	218.6	205.9	203.1	214.8	216.3	225.1	210.6
West	200.6	221.3	246.8	252.2	237.4	240.9	227.6	234.9	228.8	229.1	217.3	223.8	226.7	236.1	226.0
U.S. Total	194.4	204.9	235.7	239.6	240.7	233.9	220.9	231.5	228.5	217.8	208.3	221.3	213.1	234.7	222.8

^a Regions refer to Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD) and to U.S. Census Regions. A complete list of states comprising each PADD and Region are provided in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/glossary/main_page.htm) under the letters "P" and "C." Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding, with the following exception: recent petroleum demand and supply data displayed here reflect the incorporation of resubmissions of the data as reported in EIA's *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, Table C1. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109, and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380.

Table 5d. U.S. Regional^a Propane Inventories and Prices: Base Case

		<u> </u>		•											
		2005				2006				2007	•	•		Year	
Sector	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	2006	2007
Total End-of-perion	od Inver	ntories (r	nillion b	arrels)											
PADD 1	2.1	3.4	4.2	4.3	3.1	4.3	5.1	5.1	3.0	4.2	4.9	4.7	4.3	5.1	4.7
PADD 2	8.5	17.8	23.3	18.4	9.5	17.2	24.2	20.5	9.2	16.8	23.8	20.3	18.4	20.5	20.3
PADD 3	15.9	30.4	38.7	32.6	19.2	29.5	35.3	26.1	15.3	26.4	33.9	25.1	32.6	26.1	25.1
PADD 4	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7
PADD 5	0.4	1.0	2.2	1.5	0.2	1.0	2.3	1.6	0.3	1.1	2.4	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6
U.S. Total	27.2	53.0	69.0	57.5	32.3	52.6	67.5	54.0	28.4	49.2	65.7	52.4	57.5	54.0	52.4
Residential Prices	s exclud	ding Taxe	es (cents	s/gallon)											
Northeast		189.7	199.8	211.0	208.8	215.9	214.0	214.8	209.3	205.8	204.3	205.9	192.2	212.8	206.9
South	171.3	172.7	174.5	199.3	203.9	202.6	190.5	203.2	202.5	190.5	180.1	193.2	181.4	201.5	195.0
Midwest	136.0	137.7	139.6	156.9	161.8	166.5	159.3	170.6	166.8	158.0	151.2	162.0	143.5	165.0	161.8
West	168.8	167.3	165.4	195.9	195.5	194.9	183.8	202.5	196.1	183.4	174.6	193.9	177.1	195.6	189.6
U.S. Total	157.4	163.9	162.2	183.4	186.2	191.4	180.2	191.0	187.8	181.5	171.3	181.9	167.3	187.5	182.5
Residential Prices	s includ	ing State	Taxes	(cents/q	allon)										
Northeast		198.2	209.1	220.5	218.1	225.7	223.9	224.4	218.6	215.1	213.8	215.1	200.9	222.4	216.2
South	179.8	181.4	183.6	209.4	214.1	212.7	200.3	213.6	212.6	200.1	189.5	203.1	190.6	211.7	204.8
Midwest	143.6	145.5	147.4	165.8	170.9	176.0	168.2	180.2	176.2	167.0	159.7	171.2	151.6	174.3	170.9
West	178.4	176.7	174.2	206.7	206.6	205.9	193.6	213.7	207.2	193.7	183.9	204.6	187.0	206.5	200.2
U.S. Total	165.7	172.4	170.8	193.0	195.9	201.3	189.7	201.0	197.6	190.9	180.3	191.5	176.1	197.4	192.1

^a Regions refer to Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD) and U.S. Census Regions. A complete list of states comprising each PADD and Region are provided in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/glossary/main_page.htm) under the letters "P" and "C." Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding, with the following exception: recent petroleum demand

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109, and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding, with the following exception: recent petroleum demand and supply data displayed here reflect the incorporation of resubmissions of the data as reported in EIA's *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, Table C1. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System model.

Table 6. Approximate Energy Demand Sensitivities for the RSTEMb

(Percent Deviation Base Case)

		+ 10	% Prices	+ 10% Weather ^e				
Demand Sector	+1% GDP	Crude Oil ^c	N.Gas Wellhead d	Fall/Winter ^f	Spring/Summer f			

Petroleum

Total

Motor Gasoline

Distillate Fuel

Residual Fuel

Natural Gas

Total

Residential

Commercial

Industrial Electric Power

REVISIONS TO THIS TABLE PENDING – PLEASE CHECK BACK LATER

Coal

Total

Electric Power

Electricity

Total

Residential

Commercial

Industrial

Table 7. Forecast Components for U.S. Crude Oil Production

(Million Barrels per Day)

	High	Low	Difference						
	Price Case	Price Case	Total	Uncertainty	Price Impact				
United States	6.228	5.078	1.150	0.046	1.105				
Lower 48 States	5.462	4.323	1.139	0.040	1.099				
Alaska	0.766	0.755	0.011	0.006	0.006				

Note: Components provided are for the fourth quarter 2007.

Source: EIA, Office of Oil and Gas, Reserves and Production Division.

^aPercent change in demand quantity resulting from specified percent changes in model inputs.

^b Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

[°] Refiner acquisitions cost of imported crude oil.

^d Average unit value of marketed natural gas production reported by States.

^e Refers to percent changes in degree-days.

Response during fall/winter period(first and fourth calendar quarters) refers to change in heating degree-days. Response during the spring/summer period (second and third calendar quarters) refers to change in cooling degree-days.

Table 8a. U.S. Natural Gas Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Trillion Cubic Feet)

(Trillion Cubic I	2005				2006					2007			Year			
	1st	2003 2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2000 2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2007 2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007	
Supply	131	ZIIG	Jiu	7611	131	ZIIG	Jiu	7111	131	ZIIG	Jiu	7(11	2003	2000	2001	
Total Dry Gas Production	4.62	4.60	4.57	4.31	4.51	4.69	4.72	4.72	4.66	4.72	4.74	4 74	18.09	18 63	18.87	
Alaska	0.12	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.10	0.10	0.12	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.47	0.44	0.42	
Federal GOM ^a	0.92	0.90	0.73	0.55	0.78	0.86	0.92	0.93	0.90	0.92	0.95	0.95	-	3.48	3.71	
Other Lower 48	3.58	3.58	3.72	3.64	3.61	3.72	3.70	3.68	3.65	3.70	3.70		14.52		14.73	
Gross Imports	1.14	0.99	0.99	1.16	1.17	1.08	1.13	1.23	1.26	1.16	1.17	1.26		4.61	4.85	
Pipeline	0.98	0.83	0.84	0.99	0.99	0.89	0.89	0.99	1.00	0.89	0.89	0.99		3.77	3.78	
LNG	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.17	0.18	0.19	0.23	0.24	0.26	0.26	0.27	0.27		0.84	1.07	
Gross Exports	0.27	0.16	0.17	0.24	0.24	0.21	0.22	0.28	0.28	0.26	0.26	0.33		0.95	1.13	
Net Imports	0.87	0.83	0.82	0.92	0.93	0.87	0.91	0.95	0.98	0.90	0.91	0.93		3.67	3.72	
Supplemental Gaseous Fuels	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	-	0.06	0.07	
Total New Supply	5.50	5.44	5.41	5.25	5.46	5.57	5.65	5.69	5.66	5.64	5.66		21.59		22.66	
Working Gas in Storage																
Opening	2.70	1.28	2.20	2.93	2.64	1.67	2.40	3.21	2.58	1.40	2.18	3.02	2.70	2.64	2.58	
Closing	1.28	2.20	2.93	2.64	1.67	2.40	3.21	2.58	1.40	2.18	3.02	2.55	2.64	2.58	2.55	
Net Withdrawals	1.41	-0.91	-0.73	0.29	0.97	-0.74	-0.81	0.63	1.18	-0.78	-0.84	0.47	0.06	0.06	0.03	
Total Supply	6.91	4.53	4.68	5.54	6.43	4.83	4.84	6.32	6.84	4.85	4.82	6.16	21.65	22.42	22.68	
Balancing Item ^b	0.15	0.29	0.15	-0.09	0.20	0.16	-0.17	-0.51	0.18	0 17	-0.10	-0.33	0.50	-0.32	-0.07	
Balancing item	0.15	0.23	0.15	-0.03	0.20	0.10	-0.17	-0.01	0.10	0.17	-0.10	-0.55	0.50	-0.52	-0.07	
Total Primary Supply	7.06	4.81	4.83	5.45	6.63	4.99	4.67	5.81	7.02	5.03	4.73	5.84	22.15	22.10	22.61	
Demand																
Residential	2.32	0.78	0.35	1.38	2.15	0.80	0.37	1.40	2.30	0.79	0.37	1.42	4.84	4.72	4.88	
Commercial	1.27	0.56	0.39	0.82	1.20	0.57	0.40	0.83	1.26	0.56	0.39	0.83		2.99	3.04	
Industrial	2.16	1.92	1.82	1.89	2.05	1.94	1.96	2.10	2.16	1.97	1.98	2.10		8.04	8.22	
Lease and Plant Fuel	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.25	0.25	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	1.06	1.05	1.07	
Other Industrial	1.89	1.65	1.55	1.65	1.80	1.68	1.69	1.83	1.90	1.71	1.71	1.83	6.74	6.99	7.14	
CHP ^c	0.24	0.24	0.25	0.21	0.23	0.24	0.27	0.24	0.24	0.25	0.27	0.24	0.95	0.97	1.01	
Non-CHP	1.65	1.41	1.30	1.44	1.58	1.44	1.42	1.59	1.66	1.45	1.43	1.59	5.80	6.02	6.14	
Transportation ^d	0.22	0.15	0.15	0.18	0.21	0.15	0.14	0.18	0.22	0.15	0.14	0.18	0.69	0.69	0.69	
Electric Power ^e	1.09	1.40	2.12	1.18	1.01	1.54	1.80	1.31	1.08	1.55	1.84	1.31	5.79	5.67	5.79	
Total Demand	7.06	4.81	4.83	5.45	6.63	4.99	4.67	5.81	7.02	5.03	4.73	5.84	22.15	22.10	22.61	
a Dry natural das production from LLS I	Endoral I	ooooo i	n tha Cu	If of Mo	doo											

^a Dry natural gas production from U.S. Federal Leases in the Gulf of Mexico.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Oil and Gas, Reserves and Production Division.

^b The balancing item represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas demand.

^o Natural gas used for electricity generation and production of useful thermal output by combined heat and power (CHP) plants at industrial facilities. Includes a small amount of natural gas consumption at electricity-only plants in the industrial sector.

^d Pipeline fuel use plus natural gas used as vehicle fuel.

^e Natural gas used for electricity generation and (a limited amount of) useful thermal output by electric utilities and independent power producers. LNG = Liquefied natural gas

Table 8b. U.S. Regional^a Natural Gas Demand: Base Case (Billion Cubic Feet per Day)

(D)	liion C	2005	eet per	Day)		2006			I	2007			Year			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	2006	2007	
Delivered to Consumers	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	QZ	w ₃	Q T	Ψ.	QZ	Q3	Q.	W.I	QΖ	Q3	Q.T	2003	2000	2007	
Residential																
New England	. 1.107	0.427	0.140	0.500	0.984	0.412	0.153	0.532	1.044	0.415	0.153	0.537	0.541	0.518	0.535	
Mid Atlantic		1.721	0.626	2.336	4.357	1.731	0.621	2.505	4.595	1.728	0.623	2.513	2.378	2.294	2.354	
E. N. Central	7.644	2.214	0.885	4.572	6.983	2.334	0.946	4.724	7.589	2.340	0.945	4.759	3.812	3.733	3.892	
W. N. Central	2.408	0.679	0.283	1.315	2.211	0.707	0.311	1.359	2.379	0.696	0.292	1.349	1.166	1.142	1.174	
S. Atlantic	2.520	0.690	0.326	1.436	2.259	0.709	0.361	1.496	2.501	0.688	0.358	1.521	1.237	1.202	1.262	
E. S. Central	1.085	0.306	0.130	0.584	1.083	0.287	0.140	0.607	1.170	0.278	0.143	0.613	0.524	0.527	0.548	
W. S. Central	. 1.799	0.527	0.290	0.897	1.735	0.524	0.309	0.958	1.852	0.503	0.313	0.972	0.874	0.878	0.906	
Mountain	1.650	0.633	0.299	1.115	1.660	0.658	0.318	1.177	1.735	0.652	0.318	1.198	0.921	0.950	0.973	
Pacific	2.723	1.368	0.878	1.880	2.636	1.387	0.861	1.890	2.722	1.393	0.868	1.920	1.708	1.689	1.721	
Total	25.810	8.565	3.858	14.634	23.909	8.749	4.019	15.248	25.587	8.693	4.013	15.382	13.161	12.933	13.365	
Commercial																
New England		0.264	0.143	0.296	0.524	0.261	0.145	0.341	0.554	0.260	0.142	0.336	0.326	0.317	0.322	
Mid Atlantic		1.240	0.837	1.572	2.554	1.247	0.891	1.604	2.621	1.260	0.916	1.608	1.594	1.569	1.597	
E. N. Central		1.199	0.691	2.149	3.458	1.281	0.707	2.233	3.641	1.273	0.708	2.235	1.912	1.913	1.957	
W. N. Central		0.494	0.285	0.840	1.349	0.488	0.295	0.890	1.467	0.476	0.291	0.895	0.760	0.753	0.779	
S. Atlantic		0.745	0.550	1.064	1.492	0.777	0.588	1.106	1.566	0.783	0.597	1.110	0.988	0.989	1.012	
E. S. Central		0.274	0.196	0.394	0.655	0.254	0.174	0.401	0.696	0.249	0.175	0.399	0.380	0.370	0.378	
W. S. Central		0.681	0.578	0.823	1.193	0.662	0.564	0.810	1.264	0.651	0.539	0.788	0.830	0.805	0.809	
Mountain		0.488	0.268	0.622	0.933	0.456	0.312	0.655	0.923	0.440	0.282	0.662	0.575	0.587	0.575	
Pacific Total		0.804 6.190	0.679 4.227	0.948 8.707	1.189 13.347	0.787 6.213	0.626 4.301	0.949 8.988	1.228 13.961	0.787 6.180	0.626 4.275	0.952 8.986	0.907 8.271	0.886 8.190	0.897 8.326	
Industrial ^b	. 14.001	0.190	4.221	0.707	13.347	0.213	4.301	0.900	13.901	0.100	4.275	0.900	0.271	6.190	0.320	
New England	0.436	0.284	0.178	0.245	0.385	0.291	0.217	0.360	0.420	0.290	0.211	0.351	0.285	0.313	0.318	
Mid Atlantic		0.920	0.815	0.930	1.091	0.908	0.837	0.996	1.155	0.903	0.822	0.981	0.964	0.957	0.964	
E. N. Central		2.924	2.676	3.119	3.856	2.914	2.538	3.313	3.925	2.852	2.493	3.203	3.159	3.152	3.115	
W. N. Central		0.995	1.077	1.202	1.257	1.005	0.945	1.131	1.214	0.972	0.922	1.112	1.141	1.084	1.055	
S. Atlantic		1.453	1.327	1.351	1.551	1.394	1.340	1.407	1.520	1.433	1.324	1.393	1.453	1.422	1.417	
E. S. Central		1.227	1.169	1.147	1.120	1.069	1.036	1.162	1.225	1.093	1.056	1.164	1.240	1.097	1.134	
W. S. Central	7.212	6.731	6.226	6.099	6.838	7.044	7.422	7.406	7.433	7.191	7.429	7.311	6.563	7.180	7.341	
Mountain	0.868	0.747	0.732	0.851	0.845	0.686	0.648	0.770	0.823	0.669	0.637	0.764	0.799	0.737	0.723	
Pacific	2.978	2.859	2.688	2.660	3.131	2.974	3.174	3.175	3.186	3.138	3.455	3.427	2.795	3.114	3.303	
Total	21.023	18.140	16.888	17.606	20.073	18.419	18.357	19.853	21.101	18.743	18.550	19.906	18.401	19.173	19.569	
Total to Consumers ^c																
New England	2.146	0.976	0.461	1.042	1.892	0.964	0.515	1.232	2.018	0.966	0.506	1.224	1.151	1.147	1.174	
Mid Atlantic	8.821	3.881	2.278	4.838	8.003	3.886	2.348	5.105	8.371	3.892	2.361	5.103	4.936	4.821	4.916	
E. N. Central	15.215	6.336	4.253	9.839	14.297	6.530	4.190	10.271	15.155	6.465	4.146	10.198	8.883	8.798	8.964	
W. N. Central		2.168	1.645	3.357	4.818	2.200	1.551	3.380	5.061	2.144	1.505	3.356	3.067	2.979	3.008	
S. Atlantic		2.887	2.203	3.850	5.302	2.881	2.289	4.009	5.587	2.904	2.279	4.024	3.677	3.613	3.690	
E. S. Central		1.808	1.494	2.125	2.858	1.610	1.351	2.170	3.090	1.620	1.373	2.176	2.144	1.994	2.060	
W. S. Central		7.939	7.094	7.819	9.765	8.230	8.295	9.173	10.549	8.345	8.281	9.071	8.267	8.863	9.055	
Mountain		1.869	1.299	2.588	3.439	1.800	1.277	2.602	3.482	1.762	1.237	2.625	2.296	2.274	2.271	
Pacific		5.031	4.245	5.487	6.955	5.149	4.661	6.013	7.137	5.318	4.949	6.299	5.409	5.689	5.921	
Total	60.895	32.895	24.973	40.947	57.330	33.382	26.678	44.089	60.649	33.615	26.838	44.274	39.832	40.296	41.259	

Regions refer to U.S. Census Divisions. A complete list of states comprising each Census Division is provided in EIA's Energy Glossary http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/glossary_main_page.htm under the letter "C." Industrial representing only "Other Industrial" demand in Table 8a.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

^c Total to Consumers excludes Lease and Plant Fuel, Transportation and Electric Power sectors.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics

Table 8c. U.S. Regional^a Natural Gas Prices: Base Case (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet, Except Where Noted)

וטטן	iais pe		sand C	ubic re	EC, EX		iele ivi	oleu)		2007			ı	Vaar	
-	Q1	2005 Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	2006 Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	2007 Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	Year 2006	2007
Delivered to Consumer		Q2	ųз	Q4	ŲΊ	Q2	ųз	Q4	QI	QZ	ųз	Q4	2005	2006	2007
	S														
Residential	40.00	4475	47.05	40.00	10.01	10.10	47.40	47.07	40.50	45.04	47.55	4704	45.50	40.70	10.10
New England		14.75	17.95	19.23	16.64	16.16	17.48	17.07	16.53	15.04	17.55	17.24	15.52	16.72	16.49
Mid Atlantic		13.70	17.62	17.61	14.81	14.50	16.00	14.90	14.90	13.52	16.33	14.71	14.24	14.86	14.69
E. N. Central	9.76	11.89	15.08	15.22	12.28	11.89	13.49	12.72	12.85	10.96	13.84	12.66	12.03	12.43	12.57
W. N. Central		11.93	16.77	14.46	12.12	12.92	15.22	13.41	12.90	11.84	15.30	13.51	12.00	12.84	13.07
S. Atlantic	13.03 11.87	16.06 13.46	21.84 16.98	18.85 17.22	15.54 14.20	16.67 14.40	19.65 16.24	16.01 14.97	15.36 14.14	15.43 13.36	20.29 16.72	16.36 15.10	15.74 13.93	16.16 14.59	16.03 14.48
E. S. Central W. S. Central		13.46	17.30	16.26	12.51	13.96	15.93	14.50	13.28	13.30	16.72	14.48	12.83	13.57	13.85
		10.67	13.52	12.93	11.88	12.25	13.93	12.26	12.13	13.14	13.64	12.32	11.09	12.18	12.13
Mountain Pacific		10.94	12.10	14.11	13.27	12.23	13.21	13.24	13.95	11.08	12.23	13.19	11.87	12.16	12.13
Total		12.62	15.72	15.85	13.40	13.33	14.59	13.84	13.78	12.35	14.98	13.19	12.96	13.61	13.66
Commercial	10.30	12.02	13.72	13.03	13.40	13.33	14.59	13.04	13.70	12.33	14.90	13.00	12.50	13.01	13.00
New England	12.32	12.64	13.23	16.26	14.67	13.13	12.85	14.76	15.08	12.40	12.91	14.74	13.35	14.21	14.26
Mid Atlantic	11.39	11.50	13.23	17.39	14.33	12.22	11.14	13.19	13.80	11.04	11.42	13.06	13.33	13.20	12.76
E. N. Central	9.04	10.11	11.58	14.36	11.55	10.76	11.15	12.15	12.31	9.97	11.45	12.18	10.86	11.56	11.84
W. N. Central	9.37	9.94	11.58	12.95	11.11	10.74	10.46	12.16	12.08	9.91	10.93	12.15	10.65	11.28	11.70
S. Atlantic	11.01	11.56	13.08	16.83	14.56	13.61	12.98	14.26	14.35	11.92	12.69	13.73	12.89	14.08	13.49
E. S. Central	10.40	10.83	11.75	15.72	13.26	11.79	11.48	13.17	13.30	10.72	11.74	13.22	12.02	12.79	12.69
W. S. Central	8.95	9.54	10.71	13.97	11.48	10.77	10.04	12.27	11.98	9.69	10.32	12.07	10.61	11.31	11.32
Mountain	8.57	8.68	9.73	11.41	11.22	10.22	10.30	11.39	11.48	9.28	10.59	11.26	9.51	10.96	10.91
Pacific	9.82	9.48	10.11	12.90	12.43	10.57	9.83	12.15	13.12	9.78	10.31	12.17	10.62	11.50	11.67
Total	9.99	10.43	11.66	14.80	12.66	11.52	11.04	12.70	12.97	10.49	11.30	12.60	11.53	12.26	12.22
Industrial															
New England	11.45	10.81	11.15	16.19	14.00	11.76	10.47	13.12	13.03	10.27	10.38	12.81	12.31	12.76	12.01
Mid Atlantic	10.28	9.77	9.90	15.40	12.13	9.70	9.40	11.97	12.06	8.85	9.67	11.73	11.29	11.01	10.83
E. N. Central	8.31	9.26	9.84	12.25	10.78	9.87	9.36	11.08	11.39	8.93	9.53	10.89	9.86	10.53	10.59
W. N. Central	7.67	7.65	7.91	11.44	10.10	8.86	8.06	10.11	10.52	7.90	8.38	9.99	8.85	9.42	9.38
S. Atlantic	8.12	8.34	9.88	14.50	11.24	9.50	8.98	11.09	11.15	8.43	9.17	11.02	10.22	10.28	10.01
E. S. Central	7.61	7.97	8.76	13.73	11.52	9.48	8.81	10.53	11.05	8.17	8.89	10.49	9.47	10.15	9.75
W. S. Central	6.30	6.82	8.25	11.13	9.16	8.07	7.62	9.29	9.78	7.09	7.94	9.27	8.05	8.51	8.49
Mountain	7.28	7.82	8.30	10.41	9.83	8.72	8.40	10.12	10.48	8.29	8.80	9.88	8.41	9.32	9.44
Pacific	7.00	6.06	6.10	9.21	9.94	7.80	7.17	9.02	9.70	6.65	7.16	8.68	7.17	8.53	8.09
Total	7.47	7.59	8.38	11.74	10.12	8.51	7.90	9.82	10.35	7.45	8.13	9.71	8.77	9.12	8.96
Citygate															
New England	7.96	9.20	11.89	13.96	10.58	10.24	10.67	11.60	11.29	9.29	10.74	11.46	9.92	10.79	10.89
Mid Atlantic	7.66	8.08	8.91	13.22	10.30	9.04	8.34	10.44	10.57	8.09	8.63	10.19	9.23	9.90	9.81
E. N. Central	7.20	7.11	9.57	12.84	9.79	8.99	8.40	10.12	10.47	8.04	8.65	9.96	9.02	9.66	9.81
W. N. Central	7.36	8.23	8.23	12.48	9.91	9.22	8.58	10.46	10.39	8.16	8.84	10.34	9.00	9.86	9.93
S. Atlantic	7.37	7.79	9.27	13.19	9.94	9.21	8.70	10.69	10.64	8.11	9.00	10.56	9.27	9.91	10.04
E. S. Central	7.10	7.59	8.84	12.68	9.96	9.00	8.28	10.49	10.50	8.02	8.61	10.37	8.86	9.82	9.95
W. S. Central	6.74	6.95	8.08	11.77	9.54	8.48	7.90	10.20	10.16	7.40	8.07	9.92	8.23	9.31	9.37
Mountain	5.92	6.35	7.19	9.40	8.62	7.54	7.10	9.31	9.41	6.75	7.45	9.16	7.14	8.48	8.67
Pacific	6.21	6.93	7.74	9.91	8.83	8.11	7.35	9.44	9.79	7.29	7.77	9.19	7.60	8.63	8.82
Total	7.06	7.58	8.86	12.16	9.72	8.87	8.37	10.31	10.36	7.90	8.64	10.13	8.70	9.60	9.70
Selected Spot (\$/mmBt		6.00	0.04	40.00	0.04	0.40	7.60	0.60	0.54	7.04	7.07	0.20	0.66	0.64	0.45
Henry Hub	6.43	6.93	9.01	12.29	9.01	8.12	7.69	9.63	9.54	7.01	7.87	9.39	8.68	8.61	8.45
Transco Z6 New	0.40	7.40	40.70	42.42	0.64	0.40	0.00	0.00	11.05	7.54	7.00	10.05	40.40	0.04	0.14
York	9.10	7.46	10.72	13.13	9.64	8.49	8.03	9.89	11.05	7.51	7.99	10.05	10.12	9.01	9.14
El Paso San	E 70	E 00	7 77	0.67	7.05	7 40	6.00	0.60	0.70	6.00	7.27	0.67	7 20	7.66	771
Juan(Arizona)	5.73	5.90	7.77	9.67	7.85	7.19	6.93	8.68	8.79	6.22	1.21	8.67	7.28	7.66	7.74
Southern California	6.04	6 2F	0.20	10.15	0.12	7.26	7.00	0.00	0.24	6.00	7.28	8.99	7.67	7.89	8.09
Border Northern California	6.01	6.25	8.20	10.15	8.13	7.36	7.08	8.99	9.21	6.90	1.20	0.99	7.67	7.09	0.09
	5.95	6.18	8.16	10.25	8.18	7.49	7.11	8.97	9.03	6.59	7.20	8.90	7.65	7.94	7.93
Border	3.33	0.10	0.10	10.23	0.10	1.43	7.11	0.37	3.03	0.03	1.20	0.90	7.03	1.34	1.33

^a Regions refer to U.S. Census Divisions. A complete list of states comprising each Census Division is provided in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/glossary main_page.htm) under the letter "C".

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130. The

forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Table 9. U.S. Coal Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Million Short Tons)

(IVIIIIOI)	J	2005				2006				2007				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Supply				I	I	I			I			I			
Production	283.4	278.7	283.9	274.0	283.7	280.6	281.5	304.3	291.6	278.9	286.3	307.2	1119.9	1150.1	1163.9
Appalachia	98.7	100.8	97.6	93.1	96.1	95.0	95.3	103.0	98.3	94.0	96.5	103.6	390.0	389.4	392.5
Interior	37.0	36.9	37.3	34.6	36.2	35.8	36.0	38.9	37.1	35.5	36.4	39.1	146.0	146.9	148.2
Western	147.7	141.0	148.9	146.3	151.4	149.7	150.3	162.4	156.2	149.4	153.3	164.5	583.9	613.8	623.3
Primary Stock Levels ^a															
Opening	41.2	38.7	38.4	35.0	34.6	35.1	35.3	33.2	35.1	34.0	32.5	30.1	41.2	34.6	35.1
Closing	38.7	38.4	35.0	34.6	35.1	35.3	33.2	35.1	34.0	32.5	30.1	30.8	34.6	35.1	30.8
Net Withdrawals	2.5	0.3	3.5	0.4	-0.5	-0.2	2.1	-1.9	1.1	1.5	2.4	-0.7	6.6	-0.5	4.3
Imports	7.6	7.2	7.8	7.2	7.0	9.0	10.3	9.8	7.2	9.9	10.7	10.2	29.9	36.1	38.0
Exports	10.1	14.8	12.6	11.4	10.9	13.2	14.6	11.2	10.8	13.4	14.7	12.6	49.0	50.0	51.5
Total Net Supply	283.3	271.4	282.5	270.2	279.2	276.2	279.3	301.0	289.1	276.9	284.7	304.0	1107.4	1135.8	1154.7
Secondary Stock Levels ^b															
Opening	112.9	111.8	123.2	105.9	112.9	117.7	120.2	104.1	112.0	121.3	123.9	108.9	112.9	112.9	112.0
Closing	111.8	123.2	105.9	112.9	117.7	120.2	104.1	112.0	121.3	123.9	108.9	118.1	112.9	112.0	118.1
Net Withdrawals	1.0	-11.4	17.3	-6.9	-4.8	-2.5	16.1	-7.9	-9.3	-2.6	15.0	-9.2	0.0	0.8	-6.1
Waste Coal to IPPs c	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.8	15.1	15.1	15.1
Total Supply	288.2	263.7	303.6	267.0	278.2	277.5	299.1	296.9	283.6	278.1	303.4	298.6	1122.5	1151.7	1163.7
Demand															
Coke Plants	5.6	6.0	6.0	6.3	6.6	6.5	6.8	6.4	6.6	6.5	6.8	6.3	23.9	26.3	26.2
Electric Power Sector d	256.2	242.6	282.4	263.2	252.3	255.7	276.5	272.7	260.1	256.5	281.0	274.6	1044.3	1057.1	1072.1
Retail and Oth. Industry	17.2	15.6	15.8	17.7	17.0	15.3	15.8	17.8	16.9	15.1	15.6	17.7	66.3	65.9	65.3
Total Demand ^e	279.0	264.2	304.2	287.2	275.9	277.5	299.1	296.9	283.6	278.1	303.4	298.6	1134.5	1149.4	1163.7
Discrepancy f	9.1	-0.4	-0.6	-20.2	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-12.0	2.3	0.0

^a Primary stocks are held at the mines, preparation plants, and distribution points.

b Secondary stocks are held by users. It includes an estimate of stocks held at utility plants sold to nonutility generators.

^c Estimated independent power producers' (IPPs) consumption of waste coal. This item includes waste coal and coal slurry reprocessed into briquettes.

Coal used for electricity generation and (a limited amount of) useful thermal output by electric utilities and independent power producers.

^e Total Demand includes estimated IPP consumption.

^fThe discrepancy reflects an unaccounted-for shipper and receiver reporting difference, assumed to be zero in the forecast period.

Notes: Totals may not add due to independent rounding. Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Quarterly Coal Report*, DOE/EIA-0121, and *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (coal production).

Table 10a. U.S. Electricity Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Billion Kilowatthours)

	(Rillio	n Kilow	<i>r</i> atthour	S)											
		2005				2006				2007				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Net Electricity Genera	ation	•		•					•	•	•	•	•		
Electric Power Secto	or ^a														
Coal	491.9	466.7	539.8	502.4	483.5	488.7	529.2	519.7	497.8	490.6	538.3	523.2	2000.9	2021.1	2049.8
Petroleum	25.6	22.9	38.1	29.2	20.8	28.1	28.2	28.7	28.2	28.8	33.1	31.6	115.8	105.8	121.7
Natural Gas	129.1	161.7	244.3	138.2	120.0	179.1	209.1	154.6	129.1	181.2	214.7	156.1	673.3	662.9	681.1
Nuclear	192.3	183.9	208.4	195.3	196.8	193.4	208.1	193.2	198.2	193.9	211.0	195.7	779.9	791.5	798.7
Hydroelectric	65.3	73.2	61.1	59.1	70.6	77.5	65.9	62.8	75.4	82.5	66.7	64.0	258.7	276.7	288.7
Other ^b	14.8	16.7	16.3	25.4	15.7	17.6	18.0	17.0	16.8	19.2	20.0	19.0	73.2	68.2	74.9
Subtotal	919.0	925.1	1108.1	949.6	907.4	984.4	1058.5	975.9	945.5	996.2	1083.7	989.5	3901.9	3926.2	4015.0
Other Sectors c	38.7	38.6	41.8	36.6	37.1	38.7	42.2	40.5	39.7	40.4	43.2	41.0	155.7	158.5	164.4
Total Generation	957.8	963.7	1149.9	986.2	944.5	1023.1	1100.7	1016.3	985.2	1036.7	1126.9	1030.6	4057.6	4084.7	4179.4
Net Imports	5.5	4.9	8.5	6.6	8.0	5.5	6.7	4.4	3.0	1.8	4.6	2.9	25.5	24.6	12.3
Total Supply	963.3	968.7	1158.3	992.8	952.5	1028.6	1107.4	1020.7	988.3	1038.4	1131.6	1033.4	4083.1	4109.2	4191.7
Losses and Unaccounted for d	53.6	69.0	64.9	64.7	53.5	73.9	63.0	67.0	55.6	74.4	64.2	67.8	252.2	257.4	262.1
Demand															
Retail Sales e															
Residential	334.6	291.9	418.5	316.9	321.1	329.0	379.6	328.8	336.5	330.7	392.3	331.9	1361.9	1358.5	1391.4
Commercial f	287.2	306.9	360.6	314.2	288.0	324.3	348.3	314.2	296.0	325.3	355.6	319.4	1268.9	1274.9	1296.4
Industrial	243.0	256.2	266.1	256.0	246.6	256.4	267.6	263.6	253.6	260.8	269.0	266.3	1021.4	1034.1	1049.8
Transportation ^g	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.7	2.5	2.7	2.7	8.3	9.5	10.7
Subtotal	867.0	857.0	1047.3	889.4	858.1	911.9	997.9	909.0	888.8	919.4	1019.7	920.3	3660.6	3677.0	3748.2
Other Use/Sales h	42.8	42.6	46.2	38.8	40.9	42.7	46.6	44.7	43.9	44.6	47.7	45.3	170.3	174.9	181.5
Total Demand	909.7	899.6	1093.4	928.1	899.0	954.7	1044.5	953.7	932.7	964.0	1067.4	965.6	3830.9	3851.9	3929.7

^a Electric utilities and independent power producers.

[&]quot;Other" includes generation from other gaseous fuels, geothermal, wind, wood, waste, and solar sources.

^c Electricity generation from combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and electricity-only plants in the industrial and commercial sectors.

^d Balancing item, mainly transmission and distribution losses.

^e Total of retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers.

^f Commercial sector, including public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales and other sales to public authorities. These items, along with transportation sector; electricity were formerly included in an "other" category, which is no longer provided. (See EIA 's *Monthly Energy Review*, Table 7.5, for a comparison of "Old Basis" and "New Basis" electricity retail sales.) Through 2003, data are estimated as the sum of "Old Basis Commercial" and approximately 95 percent of "Old Basis Other"; beginning in 2004, data are actual survey data.

⁹ Transportation sector, including sales to railroads and railways. Through 2003, data are estimated as approximately 5 percent of "Old Basis Other"; beginning in 2004, data are actual survey data.

^h Defined as the sum of facility use of onsite net electricity generation plus direct sales of power by industrial- or commercial-sector generators to third parties, reported annually in Table 7.5 of the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)*. Data for 2003 are estimates.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Électric Power Annual*, DOE/EIA-0226 and *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (hydroelectric and nuclear).

Table 10b. U.S. Regional Electricity Retail Sales: Base Case (Megawatthours per Day)

									· ` `		•	- ,			
		2005	1			2006				2007	1			Year	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	2006	2007
Retail Sales ^b															
Residential															
New England	139.1	116.3	148.1	121.1	124.5	129.4	143.2	125.4	133.5	126.3	144.1	126.0	131.2	130.7	132.5
Mid Atlantic	369.1	310.4	442.6	335.5	349.9	350.0	391.6	349.7	361.8	345.8	409.9	348.6	364.5	360.4	366.6
E. N. Central	552.9	454.5	639.5	471.8	500.4	510.5	558.1	503.1	504.4	497.9	575.1	523.8	529.7	518.2	525.5
W. N. Central	280.1	235.8	333.7	241.8	261.0	267.5	293.9	257.5	282.7	252.9	315.7	253.6	272.9	270.0	276.2
S. Atlantic	952.7	789.7	1156.8	886.4	914.8	921.8	1055.3	905.0	980.3	932.6	1109.5	922.3	946.8	949.5	986.4
E. S. Central	336.5	265.0	395.0	306.6	309.6	296.6	365.9	304.7	330.2	307.1	381.7	301.7	325.9	319.3	330.3
W. S. Central	460.2	474.0	720.7	511.2	479.8	504.9	636.1	501.0	518.6	536.6	637.0	492.7	542.2	530.8	546.4
Mountain	215.4	209.7	301.3	211.9	229.9	237.3	263.2	222.7	239.5	242.2	262.2	236.9	234.8	238.3	245.2
Pacific Contig	397.0	338.8	396.9	344.6	382.8	382.6	404.5	391.2	372.8	377.3	414.5	388.5	369.2	390.3	388.4
AK and HI	15.2	13.5	13.9	13.5	15.1	14.4	14.0	13.8	14.9	15.3	14.3	14.2	14.0	14.3	14.7
Total		3207.8	4548.6	3444.5	3567.7	3615.1	4125.9	3574.2	3738.8	3633.9	4264.0	3608.1	3731.3	3721.8	3812.1
Commercial c	37 10.1	3207.0	4540.0	3444.3	3307.7	3013.1	4120.9	3374.2	3730.0	3033.9	4204.0	3000.1	3/31.3	3721.0	3012.1
	440.0	420.0	460.7	4446	120.0	150.1	157.0	1460	1 12 0	150.0	161.1	140.0	446.6	1 10 E	151.1
New England	140.9	139.9	160.7	144.6	139.8	150.1	157.8	146.2	143.8	150.9	161.1	148.3	146.6	148.5	151.1
Mid Atlantic	407.7	409.8	488.1	423.1	383.7	444.7	470.7	426.1	391.0	449.4	477.3	434.6	432.4	431.5	438.3
E. N. Central	470.5	484.9	541.0	477.6	465.8	511.9	524.0	478.9	473.0	503.7	525.0	479.0	493.6	495.3	495.3
W. N. Central	239.7	251.8	287.1	251.6	232.5	263.2	277.4	252.5	246.9	254.7	286.2	254.4	257.7	256.5	260.6
S. Atlantic	704.9	738.6	880.8	761.0	711.6	785.7	839.7	751.0	734.3	801.8	870.1	778.8	771.8	772.3	796.6
E. S. Central	206.2	217.7	261.6	226.5	212.3	232.7	250.6	225.4	218.8	235.2	256.3	230.5	228.1	230.4	235.3
W. S. Central	389.9	443.3	521.8	442.8	405.5	465.2	495.2	442.1	418.0	474.5	515.2	452.4	449.8	452.2	465.2
Mountain	218.1	233.7	269.1	229.6	219.8	248.8	262.0	233.9	223.2	240.4	266.5	231.7	237.7	241.2	240.5
Pacific Contig	396.4	436.8	492.4	441.5	413.4	445.4	492.1	442.7	423.3	448.2	491.3	446.0	442.0	448.6	452.4
AK and HI	16.4	16.3	17.0	16.8	16.3	16.3	16.7	16.6	16.1	16.3	16.6	16.4	16.6	16.5	16.4
Total	3190.7	3372.9	3919.5	3415.1	3200.5	3564.0	3786.3	3415.3	3288.5	3575.1	3865.6	3472.1	3476.4	3492.9	3551.7
Industrial															
New England	64.8	66.9	71.5	65.9	63.5	65.0	68.8	64.0	61.8	63.0	66.6	63.1	67.3	65.3	63.6
Mid Atlantic	208.1	215.5	227.4	213.9	205.3	210.6	222.2	215.1	207.0	209.8	219.4	215.4	216.3	213.3	213.0
E. N. Central	577.6	596.6	600.4	588.8	586.4	604.4	609.7	599.0	593.7	608.4	613.4	603.8	590.9	599.9	604.9
W. N. Central	207.5	221.8	235.5	224.7	212.6	223.9	240.8	234.2	224.8	228.5	240.2	231.6	222.5	227.9	231.3
S. Atlantic	457.5	480.8	497.3	473.9	436.8	438.8	456.1	455.7	437.7	445.6	456.3	451.5	477.5	446.9	447.8
E. S. Central	353.6	353.6	340.0	353.8	361.1	373.0	371.3	373.7	380.8	385.8	375.4	383.4	350.2	369.8	381.3
W. S. Central	421.9	437.7	441.5	423.5	426.5	441.2	453.2	442.3	440.1	447.0	458.8	451.3	431.2	440.9	449.3
Mountain	186.2	197.4	214.4	189.8	188.9	191.6	201.3	206.1	199.4	200.4	203.1	207.5	197.0	197.0	202.6
	210.0	231.8	249.4	234.3	244.8	254.7	270.6	261.3	259.1	263.4		273.0	231.5	257.9	268.1
Pacific Contig											276.6				
AK and HI	13.2	13.8	14.6	14.2	13.7	14.0	14.4	14.0	13.9	14.2	14.4	13.8	13.9	14.0	14.1
Total	2/00.5	2815.8	2892.1	2782.8	2739.5	2817.1	2908.4	2865.4	2818.3	2866.0	2924.3	2894.3	2798.3	2833.2	2876.1
Transportation ^a		4-	4.0	4 -							• •		4.0	• •	
New England	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.7	2.2	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.4	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.1
Mid Atlantic	13.2	12.0	13.2	12.8	15.7	14.5	15.8	15.3	18.2	17.0	18.3	17.8	12.8	15.3	17.8
E. N. Central	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.6	2.1	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.2	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.6	1.8	2.0
W. N. Central	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
S. Atlantic	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.9	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.7
E. S. Central	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
W. S. Central	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Mountain	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
Pacific Contig	2.1	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.6	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.4	2.7	3.0
AK and HI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	23.5	21.5	23.1	22.6	26.8	24.7	26.4	25.8	30.1	28.0	29.6	29.1	22.7	25.9	29.2
Total															
New England	346.9	324.8	382.0	333.3	330.0	346.4	371.7	337.5	341.5	342.1	373.8	339.4	346.8	346.5	349.3
Mid Atlantic		947.7	1171.3	985.3	954.6	1019.7	1100.3	1006.2	978.2	1022.0	1125.0	1016.4	1026.0	1020.6	1035.7
E. N. Central		1537.5	1782.5	1539.8	1554.7	1628.4	1693.5	1582.9	1573.2	1611.7	1715.3	1608.5	1616.0	1615.2	1627.5
W. N. Central		709.5	856.5	718.2	706.2	754.7	812.3	744.3	754.6	736.3	842.4	739.8	753.2	754.7	768.4
S. Atlantic		2012.5	2538.5	2124.8	2066.9	2149.8	2354.8	2115.4	2156.2	2183.7	2439.6	2156.2	2199.6	2172.3	2234.5
E. S. Central		836.3	996.6	887.8	883.0	902.3	987.8	903.8	929.7	928.1	1013.5	915.6	904.5	919.5	946.9
W. S. Central		1355.2	1684.2	1378.7	1312.1	1411.5	1584.6	1385.5	1377.0	1458.2	1611.1	1396.5	1423.6	1424.1	1461.2
Mountain		641.0	785.0	631.5	638.7	677.9	726.7	662.8	662.3	683.2	732.0	676.3	669.7	676.7	688.6
Pacific Contig		1009.9	1141.2	1022.9	1043.3	1085.4	1170.1	1098.0	1057.9	1091.9	1185.5	1110.4	1045.2	1099.5	1111.8
AK and HI		43.6	45.5	44.4	45.0	44.7	45.2	44.4	45.0	45.8	45.3	44.4	44.6	44.8	45.1
Total		9417.9	11383.3	9666.9	9534.6	10020.9	10846.9	9880.7	9875.6	10103.0	11083.5	10003.7	10029.0	10073.9	10269.0
a Regions refer t	o U.S.	Census	Divisions.	A comp	lete list	of states	comprising	each	Census	Division is	provided	in EIA's	Energy	Glossary	· <u></u>

^a Regions refer to U.S. Census Divisions. A complete list of states (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/glossary_main_page.htm) under the letter "C." comprising each Census Division is provided in EIA's Energy Glossary

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Electric Power Annual, DOE/EIA-0226 and Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Note: In this case, the Pacific division is subdivided into the Pacific Contiguous area (California, Oregon, and Washington) and the Pacific Noncontiguous area (Alaska and

^b Total of retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers.

^c Commercial sector, including public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales and other sales to public authorities. These items, along with transportation sector; electricity were formerly included in an "other" category, which is no longer provided. (See EIA 's Monthly Energy Review, Table 7.5, for a comparison of "Old Basis" and "New Basis" electricity retail sales.) Through 2003, data are estimated as the sum of "Old Basis Commercial" and approximately 95 percent of "Old Basis Other"; beginning in 2004, data are actual survey data.

d Transportation sector, including sales to railroads and railways.

Table 10c. U.S. Regional^a Electricity Prices: Base Case (Cents per Kilowatthour)

	1	2005				2006				2007	.			Year	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	2006	2007
Residential															
New England	12.8	13.4	13.6	13.5	13.6	13.6	14.0	14.2	13.8	13.9	14.4	14.5	13.3	13.9	14.1
Mid Atlantic	11.4	12.4	13.3	12.7	12.1	12.8	13.7	12.5	12.2	13.0	14.0	12.7	12.5	12.8	13.0
E. N. Central	7.9	8.7	8.8	8.5	8.5	8.9	9.0	9.3	9.1	9.1	9.2	9.3	8.5	8.9	9.2
W. N. Central	7.0	8.2	8.5	7.7	7.3	8.3	8.7	7.7	7.4	8.5	8.9	7.8	7.9	8.1	8.2
S. Atlantic	8.3	8.9	9.2	9.0	9.3	9.5	9.6	8.8	8.8	9.2	9.6	9.0	8.9	9.3	9.2
E. S. Central	6.9	7.6	7.5	7.9	7.0	7.6	7.9	9.0	8.3	8.0	8.2	9.2	7.5	7.9	8.4
W. S. Central	8.7	9.9	10.5	10.3	8.9	9.9	10.5	9.8	9.0	10.3	11.1	10.3	9.9	9.8	10.2
Mountain	8.0	8.9	9.0	8.7	8.1	8.9	9.1	9.2	8.4	9.3	9.5	9.6	8.7	8.8	9.2
Pacific	9.2	10.2	10.9	9.6	10.2	10.3	10.8	10.0	10.0	10.8	10.9	10.0	10.0	10.3	10.4
Total	8.6	9.5	9.9	9.7	9.2	9.7	10.0	9.6	9.3	9.9	10.3	9.8	9.5	9.7	9.8
Commercial															
New England	11.5	11.8	12.5	12.2	12.5	12.1	12.6	12.2	12.3	12.3	13.1	12.8	12.0	12.3	12.6
Mid Atlantic	10.4	11.2	12.3	10.9	10.7	11.2	12.5	10.7	10.8	11.4	12.9	11.0	11.2	11.3	11.6
E. N. Central	7.4	7.8	8.0	8.4	8.1	7.9	8.0	8.5	7.9	8.0	8.1	8.7	7.9	8.1	8.2
W. N. Central	5.8	6.5	6.9	6.0	5.9	6.6	7.0	6.1	6.0	6.7	7.1	6.1	6.3	6.4	6.5
S. Atlantic	7.4	7.5	7.8	8.0	8.0	7.9	8.1	8.2	7.8	7.8	8.2	8.5	7.7	8.0	8.1
E. S. Central	6.9	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.3	7.3
W. S. Central	7.6	8.0	8.8	8.8	7.6	7.9	8.8	8.2	7.9	8.3	9.2	8.5	8.3	8.2	8.5
Mountain	7.0	7.5	7.6	7.4	7.3	7.5	7.8	7.6	7.4	7.7	7.8	7.7	7.4	7.5	7.7
Pacific	9.5	10.4	11.7	9.8	9.2	10.3	11.7	10.6	9.6	10.3	11.7	10.6	10.4	10.5	10.6
Total	8.1	8.6	9.1	8.7	8.4	8.6	9.2	8.8	8.4	8.7	9.4	9.0	8.7	8.8	8.9
Industrial															
New England	8.3	8.1	8.4	8.9	8.8	8.5	8.7	8.9	9.0	8.5	8.8	8.9	8.5	8.7	8.8
Mid Atlantic	6.2	6.5	7.3	7.2	7.5	7.5	8.0	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.6	7.3	6.8	7.6	7.3
E. N. Central	4.7	4.8	5.1	4.8	4.7	4.9	5.2	4.9	4.8	5.0	5.3	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.0
W. N. Central	4.4	4.8	5.2	4.5	4.5	4.8	5.1	4.4	4.4	4.8	5.1	4.4	4.7	4.7	4.7
S. Atlantic	4.7	4.8	5.4	5.2	5.5	5.4	5.6	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.4	5.1	5.1	5.4	5.2
E. S. Central	3.9	4.3	4.9	4.3	4.1	4.5	4.9	4.0	3.9	4.4	4.8	4.0	4.4	4.4	4.3
W. S. Central	5.7	6.1	7.0	7.3	6.6	6.2	6.4	6.0	6.1	6.3	6.4	6.2	6.6	6.3	6.2
Mountain	4.9	5.3	5.8	5.3	5.3	5.6	6.1	5.1	5.2	5.5	6.0	5.1	5.4	5.5	5.4
Pacific	6.1	6.5	7.2	6.4	5.8	6.1	7.2	6.3	6.0	6.1	7.2	6.2	6.6	6.4	6.4
Total	5.1	5.4	6.0	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.9	5.3	5.3	5.5	5.9	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.5
Total															
New England	11.5	11.6	12.2	12.0	12.2	11.9	12.4	12.3	12.3	12.2	12.8	12.7	11.8	12.2	12.5
Mid Atlantic	9.9	10.5	11.7	10.7	10.5	11.0	12.0	10.6	10.5	11.1	12.3	10.8	10.7	11.1	11.2
E. N. Central	6.6	6.9	7.3	7.1	7.0	7.1	7.3	7.4	7.1	7.2	7.5	7.4	7.0	7.2	7.3
W. N. Central	5.8	6.5	7.0	6.1	6.0	6.7	7.1	6.1	6.0	6.7	7.2	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.6
S. Atlantic	7.2	7.4	8.0	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.3	7.8	7.7	7.9	8.3	8.0	7.6	8.0	8.0
E. S. Central	5.7	6.1	6.5	6.3	5.9	6.2	6.6	6.5	6.3	6.3	6.8	6.6	6.2	6.3	6.5
W. S. Central	7.3	8.1	9.1	8.9	7.7	8.1	8.8	8.1	7.7	8.4	9.2	8.4	8.4	8.2	8.5
Mountain	6.7	7.3	7.7	7.2	7.0	7.5	7.8	7.4	7.1	7.6	7.9	7.6	7.3	7.4	7.6
Pacific	8.7	9.5	10.4	8.9	8.8	9.3	10.3	9.3	8.9	9.5	10.4	9.3	9.4	9.5	9.5
Total	7.4	7.9	8.6	8.1	7.9	8.2	8.7	8.1	7.9	8.2	8.8	8.3	8.0	8.2	8.3

Regions refer to U.S. Census Divisions. A complete list of states comprising each Census Division is provided in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/glossary/main_page.htm) under the letter "C."
 Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following report: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following report: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. The survey includes electric utilities and energy service providers. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 10d. U.S. Electricity Generation by Sector: Base Case

(Billion Kilowatthours)

		2005				2006				2007		·		Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Electricity Generation	by Sect	or													
Electric Power a															
Coal	491.9	466.7	539.8	502.4	483.5	488.7	529.2	519.7	497.8	490.6	538.3	523.2	2000.9	2021.1	2049.8
Petroleum	25.6	22.9	38.1	29.2	20.8	28.1	28.2	28.7	28.2	28.8	33.1	31.6	115.8	105.8	121.7
Natural Gas	129.1	161.7	244.3	138.2	120.0	179.1	209.1	154.6	129.1	181.2	214.7	156.1	673.3	662.9	681.1
Other ^b	272.4	273.8	285.9	279.8	283.1	288.4	292.0	272.9	290.4	295.6	297.6	278.6	1111.9	1136.4	1162.3
Subtotal	919.0	925.1	1108.1	949.6	907.4	984.4	1058.5	975.9	945.5	996.2	1083.7	989.5	3901.9	3926.2	4015.0
Commercial															
Coal	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	1.3	1.1	1.2
Petroleum	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	1.1	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.1	0.6	0.9	0.8	0.8	3.3	3.4
Natural Gas	1.0	1.0	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.1	0.9	4.0	3.6	3.7
Other ^b	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.2	-0.5	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	-0.5	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	2.0	-0.7	-0.8
Subtotal	2.1	2.0	2.3	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.1	1.9	8.2	7.3	7.5
Industrial															
Coal	5.1	4.8	5.3	4.7	4.9	4.9	5.4	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.5	5.6	19.9	20.6	21.4
Petroleum	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.3	5.4	5.6	5.8
Natural Gas	17.9	18.4	20.5	15.6	17.3	18.6	20.8	18.1	18.5	19.4	21.2	18.3	72.3	74.7	77.5
Other ^b	12.1	12.1	12.3	11.9	11.7	12.2	12.5	13.8	12.5	12.8	12.8	14.0	48.5	50.3	52.2
Subtotal	36.7	36.6	39.6	33.3	35.4	37.0	40.1	38.7	38.0	38.6	41.1	39.2	146.1	151.2	156.9
Total	957.8	963.7	1149.9	986.2	944.5	1023.1	1100.7	1016.3	985.2	1036.7	1126.9	1030.6	4057.6	4084.7	4179.4

^a Electric utilities and independent power producers.

Note: Commercial and industrial categories include electricity output from combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and some electric-only plants.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following report: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (hydroelectric and nuclear).

^b "Other" includes nuclear, hydroelectric, geothermal, wood, waste, wind and solar power sources.

Table 10e. U.S. Fuel Consumption for Electricity Generation by Sector: Base Case

Table Tue. U.S.	i uc	2005	sump			2006	y CCI	ciati	JII Dy	2007	л. Ба	se cas		Year	
-	1st	2003 2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2000 2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
			0.0			illion Btu					V. 4				
Electric Power a					(Quau.	illion Bia,	'								
Coal	5.11	4.84	5.64	5.25	5.03	5.10	5.52	5.44	5.19	5.12	5.61	5.47	20.83	21.09	21.39
Petroleum	0.28	0.25	0.41	0.31	0.22	0.29	0.30	0.30	0.29	0.29	0.34	0.32	1.24	1.11	1.23
Natural Gas	1.09	1.40	2.14	1.18	1.01	1.55	1.82	1.31	1.08	1.55	1.86	1.31	5.81	5.68	5.81
Other b	2.91	2.92	3.05	2.89	3.01	3.07	3.11	2.91	3.09	3.14	3.18	2.97	11.78	12.10	12.38
Subtotal	9.39	9.41	11.24	9.62	9.28	10.01	10.75	9.95	9.64	10.11	10.99	10.08	39.67	39.98	40.81
Commercial		-													
Coal	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.01
Petroleum	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01
Natural Gas	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.04	0.04
Other b	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.04
Subtotal	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.10	0.10	0.10
Industrial															
Coal	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.27	0.28	0.29
Petroleum	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.07	0.08	0.08
Natural Gas	0.19	0.20	0.21	0.17	0.18	0.20	0.22	0.19	0.19	0.20	0.22	0.19	0.77	0.79	0.82
Other b	0.18	0.17	0.17	0.16	0.16	0.17	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.69	0.69	0.72
Subtotal	0.47	0.45	0.48	0.40	0.43	0.45	0.49	0.47	0.46	0.47	0.50	0.47	1.80	1.83	1.91
Total	9.88	9.88	11.75	10.05	9.73	10.48	11.27	10.44	10.13	10.60	11.51	10.57	41.56	41.92	42.81
					(Physic	al Units)									
Electric Power ^a					` •										
Coal (mmst)	256.0	242.4	282.3	262.8	252.1	255.5	276.4	272.3	259.8	256.3	280.9	274.2	2.86	2.89	2.93
Petroleum (mmbd)	0.50	0.44	0.72	0.55	0.40	0.52	0.52	0.52	0.52	0.52	0.59	0.56	0.55	0.49	0.55
Natural Gas (tcf)	1.06	1.37	2.09	1.15	0.98	1.51	1.78	1.27	1.05	1.52	1.82	1.28	5.67	5.55	5.67
Commercial															
Coal (mmst)	0.19	0.18	0.20	0.14	0.16	0.15	0.18	0.14	0.16	0.15	0.19	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
Petroleum (mmbd)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Natural Gas (tcf)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.04	0.04
Industrial															
Coal (mmst)	3.07	2.89	3.09	2.90	2.93	2.93	3.20	3.34	3.15	3.07	3.27	3.38	11.95	12.40	12.87
Petroleum (mmbd)	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04
Natural Gas (tcf)	0.19	0.19	0.21	0.16	0.18	0.19	0.21	0.19	0.19	0.20	0.22	0.19	0.74	0.76	0.79
a Electric utilities and ind															

^a Electric utilities and independent power producers.

Note: Commercial and industrial categories include electricity output from combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and some electric-only plants. Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following report: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (hydroelectric and nuclear).

Physical Units: mmst = million short tons; mmbd = million barrels per day; tcf = trillion cubic feet.

^b "Other" includes other gaseous fuels, nuclear, hydroelectric, geothermal, wood, waste, wind and solar power sources.

Table 11. U.S. Renewable Energy Use by Sector: Base Case

(Quadrillion Btu)

		Year			Annua	l Percentage Cha	nge
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2004-2005	2005-2006	2006-2007
Electricity Sector			•				
Hydroelectric Power ^a	2.679	2.681	2.859	2.976	0.1	6.6	4.1
Geothermal, Solar and Wind Energy	0.460	0.464	0.470	0.524	0.9	1.3	11.5
Biofuels b	0.510	0.524	0.520	0.535	2.7	-0.8	2.9
Total	3.649	3.669	3.848	4.035	0.5	4.9	4.9
Other Sectors ^c							
Residential and Commercial d	0.513	0.527	0.523	0.532	2.7	-0.8	1.7
Residential	0.408	0.421	0.415	0.422	3.2	-1.4	1.7
Commercial	0.106	0.106	0.108	0.110	0.0	1.9	1.9
Industrial ^e	1.676	1.633	1.508	1.503	-2.6	-7.7	-0.3
Transportation f	0.296	0.335	0.377	0.428	13.2	12.5	13.5
Total	2.485	2.494	2.408	2.463	0.4	-3.4	2.3
Total Renewable Energy Demand	6.134	6.163	6.256	6.498	0.5	1.5	3.9

^aConventional hydroelectric power only. Hydroelectricity generated by pumped storage is not included in renewable energy.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226 and Renewable Energy Annual, DOE/EIA-0603. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

^bBiofuels are fuelwood, wood byproducts, waste wood, municipal solid waste, manufacturing process waste, and alcohol fuels.

^c Renewable energy includes minor components of non-marketed renewable energy, which is renewable energy that is neither bought nor sold, either directly or indirectly as inputs to marketed energy. EIA does not estimate or project total consumption of non-marketed renewable energy.

d Includes biofuels and solar energy consumed in the residential and commercial sectors.

^e Consists primarily of biofuels for use other than in electricity cogeneration.

^f Ethanol blended into gasoline.

Table A1. Annual U.S. Energy Supply and Demand: Base Case

Table 7(11 7(11)) and Giol Ellergy Capp		D 011110						Year							
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP)			·		I .			I .	I .				<u> </u>		
(billion chained 2000 dollars)	7533	7835	8032	8329	8704	9067	9470	9817	9891	10049	10321	10756	11146	11528	11845
Imported Crude Oil Price ^a (nominal dollars per barrel) .	16.13	15.53	17.14	20.62	18.49	12.07	17.26	27.72	22.00	23.71	27.73	35.99	49.18	57.99	53.60
Petroleum Supply															
Crude Oil Production ^b (million barrels per day)	6.85	6.66	6.56	6.46	6.45	6.25	5.88	5.82	5.80	5.75	5.68	5.42	5.10	5.34	5.63
(million barrels per day)	7.62	8.05	7.89	8.50	9.16	9.76	9.91	10.42	10.90	10.54	11.24	12.10	12.37	12.32	12.44
Energy Demand															
Petroleum (million barrels per day)	17.24	17.72	17.72	18.31	18.62	18.92	19.52	19.70	19.65	19.76	20.03	20.73	20.67	21.02	21.48
Natural Gas (trillion cubic feet)	20.79	21.25	22.21	22.60	22.73	22.25	22.41	23.45	22.24	23.01	22.38	22.47	22.15	22.10	22.61
Coal (million short tons)	944	951	962	1006	1030	1037	1039	1084	1060	1066	1095	1107	1135	1149	1164
Electricity (billion kilowatthours)															
Retail Sales ^c	2861	2935	3013	3101	3146	3264	3312	3421	3382	3466	3489	3548	3661	3677	3748
Other Use/Sales d	128	134	144	146	148	161	183	181	173	177	179	179	170	175	181
Total	2989	3069	3157	3247	3294	3425	3495	3603	3555	3643	3668	3727	3831	3852	3930
Total Energy Demand ^e (quadrillion Btu) Total Energy Demand per Dollar of GDP	85.9	87.6	89.2	91.2	94.2	94.7	95.1	96.8	98.9	96.4	98.0	98.2	98.5	99.2	101.1
(thousand Btu per 2000 Dollar)	11.41	11.18	11.11	10.95	10.83	10.45	10.05	9.88	10.00	9.59	9.50	9.13	8.84	8.60	8.54

^aRefers to the imported cost of crude oil to U.S. refiners.

Notes: SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve. Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Sources: Historical data: Latest data available from Bureau of Economic Analysis; EIA; latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109; *Petroleum Supply Annual*, DOE/EIA-0340/2; *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; *Quarterly Coal Report*, DOE/EIA-0121; *International Petroleum Monthly*, DOE/EIA-520, and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report* DOE/EIA-0208. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy, January 2006.

^bIncludes lease condensate.

^cTotal of retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers. Utility sales for historical periods are reported in Energy Information Administration (EIA) *Electric Power Monthly and Electric Power Annual.* Power marketers' sales for historical periods are reported in EIA's *Electric Sales and Revenue*, Appendix C.

^dDefined as the sum of facility use of onsite net electricity generation plus direct sales of power by industrial- or commercial-sector generators to third parties, reported annually in Table 7.5 of the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)*. Data for 2003 are estimates.

^e "Total Energy Demand" refers to the aggregate energy concept presented in EIA's *Annual Energy Review*, DOE/EIA-0384 (*AER*), Table 1.1. The conversion from physical units to Btu is calculated using a subset of conversion factors used in the calculations performed for gross energy consumption in EIA, *Monthly Energy Review* (*MER*). Consequently, the historical data may not precisely match those published in the *MER* or the *AER*.

Table A2. Annual U.S. Macroeconomic and Weather Indicators: Base Case

								Year							
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Macroeconomic															
Real Gross Domestic Product															
(billion chained 2000 dollars)	7533	7835	8032	8329	8704	9067	9470	9817	9891	10049	10321	10756	11146	11528	11845
GDP Implicit Price Deflator															
(Index, 2000=100)	88.4	90.3	92.1	93.9	95.4	96.5	97.9	100.0	102.4	104.2	106.3	109.1	112.0	114.6	117.0
Real Disposable Personal Income															
(billion chained 2000 Dollars)	5594	5746	5906	6081	6296	6664	6862	7194	7333	7562	7742	8004	8114	8400	8669
Manufacturing Production															
(Index, 1997=100)	69.1	73.5	77.6	81.4	88.3	94.2	99.3	104.0	99.7	100.0	100.7	105.8	109.8	114.1	116.6
Real Fixed Investment															
(billion chained 2000 dollars)	953	1042	1110	1209	1321	1455	1576	1679	1629	1545	1600	1755	1900	1994	2024
Business Inventory Change															
(billion chained 2000 dollars)	3.4	11.5	13.4	9.7	20.7	18.6	17.0	7.9	-21.3	-5.9	-7.6	6.1	6.4	8.2	3.4
Producer Price Index															
(index, 1982=1.000)	1.189	1.205	1.248	1.277	1.276	1.244	1.255	1.328	1.342	1.311	1.381	1.467	1.568	1.630	1.621
Consumer Price Index															
(index, 1982-1984=1.000)	1.445	1.482	1.524	1.569	1.605	1.630	1.666	1.722	1.771	1.798	1.840	1.889	1.952	2.003	2.040
Petroleum Product Price Index															
(index, 1982=1.000)	0.620	0.591	0.608	0.701	0.680	0.513	0.609	0.913	0.853	0.795	0.977	1.199	1.647	1.760	1.655
Non-Farm Employment															
(millions)	110.8	114.3	117.3	119.7	122.8	125.9	129.0	131.8	131.8	130.3	130.0	131.5	133.6	135.7	137.6
Commercial Employment			=0.4	4					05.4					00.7	0.4.4
(millions)	68.1	70.6	73.1	75.1	77.6	80.0	82.5	84.6	85.1	84.6	85.0	86.3	88.0	89.7	91.4
Total Industrial Production															
(index, 1997=100.0)	72.6	76.5	80.2	83.6	89.7	94.9	99.3	103.5	99.9	100.0	100.6	104.7	107.9	111.6	114.1
Housing Stock															
(millions)	104.4	106.0	107.2	108.7	110.2	111.9	113.0	114.0	115.2	116.3	117.6	119.1	120.4	121.9	123.3
Weather ^a															
Heating Degree-Days															
U.S	4671	4470	4516	4689	4525	3946	4154	4447	4193	4272	4459	4289	4289	4204	4426
New England	6803	6748	6632	6749	6726	5743	6013	6584	6112	6098	6845	6612	6605	6295	6585
Middle Atlantic	6039	6083	5967	6118	5942	4924	5495	5942	5438	5371	7189	5749	5751	5574	5867
U.S. Gas-Weighted	5062	4861	4905	5092	4911	4271	4510	4796	4534	4635	4828	4641	4642	<i>4</i> 537	4747
Cooling Degree-Days (U.S.)	1251	1254	1322	1216	1195	1438	1328	1268	1288	1398	1292	1232	1420	1236	1224

^aPopulation-weighted degree-days. A degree-day indicates the temperature variation from 65 degrees Fahrenheit (calculated as the simple average of the daily minimum and maximum temperatures) weighted by 2000 population.

Sources: Historical data: latest data available from: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA); Federal Reserve System, Statistical Release G.17; U.S. Department of Transportation; American Iron and Steel Institute. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy January 2006. Degree-day projections are from NOAA's Climate Prediction Center.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table A3. U.S. Energy Supply and Demand: Base Case (Quadrillion Btu except where noted)

								Year							
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Production	<u> </u>	•	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Coal	20.25	22.11	22.03	22.68	23.21	23.94	23.19	22.62	23.49	22.62	21.97	22.70	22.86	23.47	23.76
Natural Gas	18.58	19.35	19.08	19.27	19.32	19.61	19.34	19.66	20.20	19.44	19.69	19.32	18.71	19.19	19.43
Crude Oil	14.49	14.10	13.89	13.72	13.66	13.24	12.45	12.36	12.28	12.16	12.03	11.50	10.80	11.29	11.92
Natural Gas Liquids	2.41	2.39	2.44	2.53	2.50	2.42	2.53	2.61	2.55	2.56	2.35	2.47	2.34	2.36	2.43
Nuclear	6.41	6.69	7.08	7.09	6.60	7.07	7.61	7.86	8.03	8.14	7.96	8.23	8.14	8.26	8.34
Hydroelectric		2.65	3.18	3.56	3.60	3.25	3.21	2.75	2.15	2.60	2.74	2.65	2.66	2.84	2.96
Other Renewables	3.26	3.38	3.46	3.55	3.43	3.26	3.33	3.35	3.09	3.15	3.26	3.40	3.42	3.34	3.48
Total	68.26	70.68	71.16	72.40	72.31	72.79	71.65	71.22	71.79	70.67	69.98	70.27	68.92	70.77	72.32
Net Imports															
Coal	-1.76	-1.66	-2.08	-2.17	-2.01	-1.87	-1.30	-1.21	-0.77	-0.61	-0.49	-0.57	-0.53	-0.40	-0.40
Natural Gas	2.25	2.52	2.74	2.85	2.90	3.06	3.50	3.62	3.69	3.58	3.36	3.49	3.55	3.77	3.82
Crude Oil		12.42	13.60	14.58	15.71	15.30	16.40	17.50	18.49	18.85	19.81	20.74	20.61	21.11	21.21
Petroleum Products	1.84	1.80	1.36	1.82	1.55	1.59	1.82	2.14	2.44	2.33	2.57	3.10	3.55	3.05	3.20
Electricity	0.09	0.15	0.13	0.14	0.12	0.09	0.10	0.12	0.08	0.08	0.02	0.04	0.09	0.08	0.04
Coal Coke	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.02	0.05	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.03	0.06	0.05	0.14	0.05	0.06	0.06
Total	15.91	15.29	15.82	17.24	18.32	18.24	20.59	22.23	23.96	24.29	25.32	26.94	27.32	27.67	27.95
Adjustments ^a	1.78	1.61	2.27	1.59	3.59	3.70	2.91	3.33	3.15	1.41	2.73	0.95	2.30	0.76	0.87
Demand															
Coal	19.84	19.91	20.09	21.00	21.45	21.66	21.62	22.58	21.94	22.22	22.81	22.46	23.07	23.31	23.60
Natural Gas	20.84	21.35	21.84	22.78	23.20	23.33	22.94	23.01	23.92	22.91	23.66	22.51	22.20	22.14	22.64
Petroleum		34.66	34.56	35.76	36.27	36.93	37.96	38.40	38.33	38.41	39.06	40.61	40.38	41.08	42.02
Nuclear	6.41	6.69	7.08	7.09	6.60	7.07	7.61	7.86	8.03	8.14	7.96	8.23	8.14	8.26	8.34
Other		4.96	5.69	4.59	6.72	5.74	5.02	4.92	6.68	4.70	4.54	4.36	4.73	4.41	4.54
Total		87.58	89.25	91.22	94.22	94.73	95.15	96.77	98.91	96.38	98.03	98.16	98.54	99.20	101.14

^aBalancing item, includes stock changes, losses, gains, miscellaneous blending components, and unaccounted-for supply.

Sources: Historical data: Annual Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0384; projections generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table A4. Annual Average U.S. Energy Prices: Base Case

(Nominal Dollars)

								Year							
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Crude Oil Prices (dollars per barrel)															
Imported Average a	16.13	15.53	17.14	20.62	18.49	12.07	17.26	27.72	22.00	23.71	27.73	35.99	49.18	57.99	53.60
WTI ^b Spot Average	18.49	17.16	18.41	22.11	20.61	14.45	19.25	30.29	25.95	26.12	31.12	41.44	56.49	64.98	60.63
Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cub	ic feet)														
Average Wellhead	2.04	1.85	1.55	2.17	2.32	1.96	2.19	3.70	4.01	2.95	4.89	5.50	7.45	7.93	7.91
Henry Hub Spot	2.19	1.97	1.74	2.84	2.57	2.15	2.34	4.45	4.09	3.47	5.64	6.06	9.00	8.87	8.70
Petroleum Products															
Gasoline Retail ^c (dollars per gallon)															
All Grades	1.13	1.13	1.16	1.25	1.24	1.07	1.18	1.53	1.47	1.39	1.60	1.89	2.31	2.50	2.38
Regular Unleaded	1.07	1.07	1.11	1.20	1.20	1.03	1.13	1.49	1.43	1.34	1.56	1.85	2.27	2.45	2.34
No. 2 Diesel Oil, Retail															
(dollars per gallon)	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.24	1.19	1.04	1.12	1.49	1.40	1.32	1.50	1.81	2.41	2.51	2.42
No. 2 Heating Oil, Wholesale															
(dollars per gallon)	0.54	0.51	0.51	0.64	0.59	0.42	0.49	0.89	0.76	0.69	0.88	1.12	1.63	1.75	1.65
No. 2 Heating Oil, Retail															
(dollars per gallon)	NA	NA	0.87	0.99	0.98	0.85	0.87	1.31	1.25	1.13	1.36	1.54	2.03	2.24	2.13
No. 6 Residual Fuel Oil, Retail ^d															
(dollars per barrel)	14.00	14.79	16.49	19.01	17.82	12.83	16.02	25.34	22.24	23.82	29.40	31.02	44.36	50.58	47.74
Electric Power Sector (dollars per mill	lion Btu)														
Coal	1.38	1.36	1.32	1.29	1.27	1.25	1.22	1.20	1.23	1.25	1.27	1.35	1.54	1.65	1.70
Heavy Fuel Oil ^e	2.36	2.40	2.60	3.01	2.79	2.07	2.38	4.27	3.73	3.67	4.77	4.86	6.96	7.87	7.40
Natural Gas	2.56	2.23	1.98	2.64	2.76	2.38	2.57	4.34	4.44	3.55	5.37	5.94	8.37	9.52	8.31
Other Residential															
Natural Gas															
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)	6.17	6.41	6.06	6.35	6.95	6.83	6.69	7.77	9.63	7.90	9.51	10.74	12.73	13.36	13.41
Electricity															
(cents per kilowatthour)	8.34	8.40	8.40	8.36	8.43	8.26	8.16	8.24	8.63	8.46	8.70	8.97	9.45	9.65	9.82

^aRefiner acquisition cost (RAC) of imported crude oil.

^bWest Texas Intermediate.

^cAverage self-service cash prices.

^dAverage for all sulfur contents.

elncludes fuel oils No. 4, No. 5, and No. 6 and topped crude fuel oil prices.

Notes: Prices exclude taxes, except prices for gasoline, residential natural gas, and diesel. Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Marketing Monthly, DOE/EIA-0380; Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130; Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035; Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226.

Table A5. Annual U.S. Petroleum Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Million Barrels per Day, Except Closing Stocks)

								Year							
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Supply															
Crude Oil Supply															
Domestic Production ^a	6.85	6.66	6.56	6.46	6.45	6.25	5.88	5.82	5.80	5.75	5.68	5.42	5.10	5.33	5.63
Alaska	1.58	1.56	1.48	1.39	1.30	1.17	1.05	0.97	0.96	0.98	0.97	0.91	0.87	0.83	0.79
Federal GOM ^b	0.83	0.86	0.95	1.01	1.13	1.22	1.36	1.43	1.53	1.55	1.54	1.46	1.26	1.57	1.92
Other Lower 48	4.43	4.24	4.13	4.06	4.03	3.86	3.47	3.42	3.31	3.21	3.17	3.05	2.98	2.93	2.92
Net Commercial Imports ^c		6.95	7.14	7.40	8.12	8.60	8.60	9.01	9.30	9.12	9.65	10.06	10.03	10.27	10.32
Net SPR Withdrawals	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.01	-0.02	0.02	0.08	-0.02	-0.12	-0.11	-0.10	-0.02	-0.03	0.00
Net Commercial Withdrawals		-0.01	0.09	0.05	-0.06	-0.05	0.11	0.00	-0.07	0.09	0.02	-0.05	-0.10	0.08	0.02
Product Supplied and Losses		-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02
Unaccounted-for Crude Oil	0.17	0.27	0.19	0.22	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.05	0.14	0.00	0.10	0.00
Offaccounted-for Crude Off	0.17	0.27	0.19	0.22	0.14	0.11	0.19	0.13	0.12	0.11	0.05	0.14	0.21	0.10	0.07
Total Crude Oil Supply	13.61	13.87	13.97	14.19	14.66	14.89	14.80	15.07	15.13	14.95	15.30	15.48	15.21	15.75	16.04
Other Supply															
NGL Production	1.74	1.73	1.76	1.83	1.82	1.76	1.85	1.91	1.87	1.88	1.72	1.81	1.72	1.74	1.79
Other Hydrocarbon and Alcohol Inputs		0.26	0.30	0.31	0.34	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.44	0.46	0.48
Crude Oil Product Supplied		0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Processing Gain	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.84	0.85	0.89	0.89	0.95	0.90	0.96	0.97	1.05	0.99	1.02	1.04
Net Product Imports ^d	0.93														2.12
		1.09	0.75	1.10	1.04	1.17	1.30	1.40	1.59	1.42	1.59	2.04	2.35	2.05	
Product Stock Withdrawn	-0.05	0.00	0.15	0.03	-0.09	-0.17	0.30	0.00	-0.23	0.15	0.03	-0.06	-0.03	0.00	0.01
Total Supply	17.26	17.72	17.72	18.31	18.62	18.92	19.52	19.70	19.65	19.76	20.03	20.73	20.67	21.02	21.49
Demand															
Motor Gasoline ^e	7.48	7.60	7.79	7.89	8.02	8.25	8.43	8.47	8.61	8.85	8.93	9.11	9.13	9.28	9.43
Jet Fuel	1.47	1.53	1.51	1.58	1.60	1.62	1.67	1.73	1.66	1.61	1.58	1.63	1.62	1.67	1.71
Distillate Fuel Oil	3.04	3.16	3.21	3.37	3.44	3.46	3.57	3.72	3.85	3.78	3.93	4.06	4.11	4.19	4.35
Residual Fuel Oil	1.08	1.02	0.85	0.85	0.80	0.89	0.83	0.91	0.81	0.70	0.77	0.86	0.92	0.89	0.90
Other Oils f	4.17	4.41	4.36	4.63	4.77	4.69	5.01	4.87	4.73	4.82	4.82	5.07	4.88	4.99	5.09
Other Oils		4.41	7.50	4.00	7.11	4.03	3.01	4.07	4.73	4.02	4.02	3.07	4.00	4.33	0.03
Total Demand	17.24	17.72	17.72	18.31	18.62	18.92	19.52	19.70	19.65	19.76	20.03	20.73	20.67	21.02	21.48
Total Petroleum Net Imports	7.62	8.05	7.89	8.50	9.16	9.76	9.91	10.42	10.90	10.54	11.24	12.10	12.37	12.32	12.44
Closing Stocks (million barrels)															
Crude Oil (excluding SPR)	335	337	303	284	305	324	284	286	312	278	269	286	321	291	285
Total Motor Gasoline		215	202	195	210	216	193	196	210	209	207	218	206	215	219
Jet Fuel		47	40	40	44	45	41	45	42	39	39	40	43	41	40
Distillate Fuel Oil		145	130	127	138	156	125	118	145	134	137	126	130	138	135
Residual Fuel Oil	44	42	37	46	40	45	36	36	41	31	38	42	39	39	40
Other Oils ⁹	273	275	258	250	259	291	246	247	287	257	241	257	277	261	257

^a Includes lease condensate.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding, with the following exception: recent petroleum demand and supply data displayed here reflect the incorporation of resubmissions of the data as reported in EIA's *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, TableC1. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model. Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109, and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208.

^b Crude oil production from U.S. Federal leases in the Gulf of Mexico

^b Net imports equals gross imports plus SPR imports minus exports.

c Includes finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural gas plant liquids for processing.

^d For years prior to 1993, motor gasoline includes an estimate of fuel ethanol blended into gasoline and certain product reclassifications, not reported elsewhere in EIA. See Appendix B in EIA, Short-Term Energy Outlook, EIA/DOE-0202(93/3Q), for details on this adjustment.

e Includes crude oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gas, other liquids, and all finished petroleum products except motor gasoline, jet fuel, distillate, and residual fuel oil.

^f Includes stocks of all other oils, such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids (including ethane), aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, wax, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils.

SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve. NGL: Natural Gas Liquids

Table A6. Annual U.S. Natural Gas Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Trillion Cubic Feet)

,	Year														
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Supply	•	·		·			·	·			·			·	
Total Dry Gas Production	18.10	18.82	18.60	18.78	18.83	19.02	18.83	19.18	19.62	18.93	19.04	18.61	18.09	18.63	18.87
Alaska	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.45	0.44	0.47	0.45	0.47	0.44	0.42
Federal GOM ^a	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.88	4.84	4.78	4.69	4.79	4.29	4.21	3.79	3.10	3.48	3.71
Other Lower 48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.50	13.74	13.61	14.06	14.37	14.19	14.36	14.36	14.52	14.71	14.73
Gross Imports	2.35	2.62	2.84	2.94	2.99	3.15	3.59	3.78	3.98	4.02	3.94	4.26	4.28	4.61	4.85
Gross Exports	0.14	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.24	0.37	0.52	0.68	0.85	0.85	0.95	1.13
Net Imports	2.21	2.46	2.69	2.78	2.84	2.99	3.42	3.54	3.60	3.50	3.26	3.40	3.44	3.67	3.72
Supplemental Gaseous Fuels	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07
Total New Supply	20.42	21.39	21.40	21.68	21.74	22.10	22.34	22.81	23.31	22.49	22.37	22.07	21.59	22.36	22.66
Working Gas in Storage															
Opening	3.07	2.32	2.61	2.15	2.17	2.17	2.73	2.52	1.72	2.90	2.38	2.56	2.70	2.64	2.58
Closing	2.32	2.61	2.15	2.17	2.17	2.73	2.52	1.72	2.90	2.38	2.56	2.70	2.64	2.58	2.55
Net Withdrawals	0.75	-0.28	0.45	-0.02	0.00	-0.56	0.21	0.80	-1.18	0.53	-0.19	-0.13	0.06	0.06	0.03
Total Supply	21.17	21.11	21.85	21.66	21.74	21.54	22.54	23.61	22.12	23.02	22.18	21.93	21.65	22.42	22.68
Balancing Item ^b	-0.38	0.14	0.36	0.95	0.99	0.70	-0.14	-0.16	0.12	-0.02	0.20	0.54	0.50	-0.32	-0.07
Total Primary Supply	20.79	21.25	22.21	22.60	22.73	22.25	22.41	23.45	22.24	23.01	22.38	22.47	22.15	22.10	22.61
Demand															
Residential	4.96	4.85	4.85	5.24	4.98	4.52	4.73	5.00	4.77	4.89	5.08	4.88	4.84	4.72	4.88
Commercial	2.86	2.90	3.03	3.16	3.21	3.00	3.04	3.18	3.02	3.14	3.22	3.02	3.03	2.99	3.04
Industrial	8.87	8.91	9.38	9.68	9.71	9.49	9.16	9.40	8.46	8.62	8.26	8.42	7.80	8.04	8.22
Lease and Plant Fuel	1.17	1.12	1.22	1.25	1.20	1.17	1.08	1.15	1.12	1.11	1.12	1.10	1.06	1.05	1.07
Other Industrial	7.70	7.79	8.16	8.44	8.51	8.32	8.08	8.25	7.34	7.51	7.14	7.32	6.74	6.99	7.14
CHP °	1.12	1.18	1.26	1.29	1.28	1.35	1.40	1.39	1.31	1.24	1.14	1.19	0.95	0.97	1.01
Non-CHP	6.58	6.61	6.90	7.15	7.23	6.97	6.68	6.87	6.03	6.27	6.00	6.12	5.80	6.02	6.14
Transportation d	0.63	0.69	0.70	0.72	0.76	0.64	0.66	0.66	0.64	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.69	0.69	0.69
Electric Power ^e	3.47	3.90	4.24	3.81	4.06	4.59	4.82	5.21	5.34	5.67	5.14	5.46	5.79	5.67	5.79
Total Demand	20.79	21.25	22.21	22.60	22.73	22.25	22.41	23.45	22.24	23.01	22.38	22.47	22.15	22.10	22.61

^a Dry natural gas production from U.S. Federal Leases in the Gulf of Mexico.

^b The balancing item represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas demand.

Natural gas used for electricity generation and production of useful thermal output by combined heat and power (CHP) plants at industrial facilities. Includes a small amount of natural gas consumption at electricity-only plants in the industrial sector.

^d Pipeline fuel use plus natural gas used as vehicle fuel.

e Natural gas used for electricity generation and (a limited amount of) useful thermal output by electric utilities and independent power producers.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Oil and Gas, Reserves and Production Division.

Table A7. Annual U.S. Coal Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Million Short Tons)

(William Shert Terie)	Year														
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Supply	•	•	•	•	•		•			•	•	•	•	•	
Production	945.4	1033.5	1033.0	1063.9	1089.9	1117.5	1100.4	1073.6	1127.7	1094.3	1071.8	1112.1	1119.9	1150.1	1163.9
Appalachia	409.7	445.4	434.9	451.9	467.8	460.4	425.6	419.4	432.8	397.0	376.8	390.7	390.0	389.4	392.5
Interior	167.2	179.9	168.5	172.8	170.9	168.4	162.5	143.5	147.0	146.9	146.3	146.2	146.0	146.9	148.2
Western	368.5	408.3	429.6	439.1	451.3	488.8	512.3	510.7	547.9	550.4	548.7	575.2	583.9	613.8	623.3
Primary Stock Levels ^a															
Opening	29.0	25.3	33.2	34.4	28.6	34.0	36.5	39.5	31.9	35.9	43.3	38.3	41.2	34.6	35.1
Closing	25.3	33.2	34.4	28.6	34.0	36.5	39.5	31.9	35.9	43.3	38.3	41.2	34.6	35.1	30.8
Net Withdrawals		-7.9	-1.2	5.8	-5.3	-2.6	-2.9	7.6	-4.0	-7.4	5.0	-2.9	6.6	-0.5	4.3
Imports	8.2	8.9	9.5	8.1	7.5	8.7	9.1	12.5	19.8	16.9	25.0	27.3	29.9	36.1	38.0
Exports	74.5	71.4	88.5	90.5	83.5	78.0	58.5	58.5	48.7	39.6	43.0	48.0	49.0	50.0	51.5
Total Net Domestic Supply	882.8	963.1	952.7	987.3	1008.5	1045.7	1048.1	1035.2	1094.8	1064.2	1058.8	1088.5	1107.4	1135.8	1154.7
Secondary Stock Levels ^b															
Opening	166.8	123.1	139.6	138.0	126.0	108.8	131.6	149.1	108.5	146.0	148.9	127.2	112.9	112.9	112.0
Closing	123.1	139.6	138.0	126.0	108.8	131.6	149.1	108.5	146.0	148.9	127.2	112.9	112.9	112.0	118.1
Net Withdrawals	43.8	-16.5	1.5	12.0	17.2	-22.8	-17.5	40.7	-37.6	-2.9	21.7	14.3	S	0.8	-6.1
Waste Coal Supplied to IPPs $^{\rm c}$	6.4	7.9	8.5	8.8	8.1	9.0	9.6	10.1	10.6	11.1	11.6	12.5	15.1	15.1	15.1
Total Supply	932.9	954.5	962.7	1008.1	1033.9	1031.8	1040.2	1086.0	1067.9	1072.4	1092.0	1115.3	1122.5	1151.7	1163.7
Demand															
Coke Plants	31.3	31.7	33.0	31.7	30.2	28.2	28.1	28.9	26.1	23.7	24.2	23.7	23.9	26.3	26.2
Electric Power Sector d	831.6	838.4	850.2	896.9	921.4	936.6	940.9	985.8	964.4	977.5	1005.1	1016.3	1044.3	1057.1	1072.1
Retail and General Industry	81.1	81.2	78.9	77.7	78.0	72.3	69.6	69.3	69.6	65.2	65.5	67.3	66.3	65.9	65.3
Residential and Commercial	6.2	6.0	5.8	6.0	6.5	4.9	4.9	4.1	4.4	4.4	4.2	5.1	5.0	4.1	4.0
Industrial	74.9	75.2	73.1	71.7	71.5	67.4	64.7	65.2	65.3	60.7	61.3	62.2	61.2	61.8	61.4
CHP ^e	28.9	29.7	29.4	29.4	29.9	28.6	27.8	28.0	25.8	26.2	24.8	26.6	20.4	21.1	21.9
Non-CHP	46.0	45.5	43.7	42.3	41.7	38.9	37.0	37.2	39.5	34.5	36.4	35.6	40.8	40.7	39.5
Total Demand ^f	944.1	951.3	962.1	1006.3	1029.5	1037.1	1038.6	1084.1	1060.1	1066.4	1094.9	1107.3	1134.5	1149.4	1163.7
Discrepancy ^g	-11.1	3.2	0.6	1.7	4.3	-5.3	1.6	1.9	7.7	6.1	-2.8	8.1	-12.0	2.3	0.0

^a Primary stocks are held at the mines, preparation plants, and distribution points.

^b Secondary stocks are held by users. It includes an estimate of stocks held at utility plants sold to nonutility generators.

^c Estimated independent power producers (IPPs) consumption of waste coal. This item includes waste coal and coal slurry reprocessed into briquettes.

d Estimates of coal consumption by IPPs, supplied by the Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric, and Alternate Fuels, EIA.

^e Coal used for electricity generation and production of useful thermal output by combined heat and power (CHP) plants at industrial facilities. Includes a small amount of coal consumption at electricity–only plants in the industrial sector.

^f Total Demand includes estimated IPP consumption.

⁹ The discrepancy reflects an unaccounted-for shipper and receiver reporting difference, assumed to be zero in the forecast period. Prior to 1994, discrepancy may include some waste coal supplied to IPPs that has not been specifically identified.

Notes: Rows and columns may not add due to independent rounding. Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System or by EIA's office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (coal production).

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Quarterly Coal Report, DOE/EIA-0121, and Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Regional Short-Term Energy Model database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

Table A8. Annual U.S. Electricity Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Billion Kilowatt-hours)

(2	Year														
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Net Electricity Generation		l-	· ·	L.		l-	1		l-	· ·	II.	L.		l	ı
Electric Power Sector ^a															
Coal	1665.5	1666.3	1686.1	1772.0	1820.8	1850.2	1858.6	1943.1	1882.8	1910.6	1952.7	1957.2	2000.9	2021.1	2049.8
Petroleum		98.7	68.1	74.8	86.5	122.2	111.5	105.2	119.1	89.3	113.2	112.2	115.8	105.8	121.7
Natural Gas		385.7	419.2	378.8	399.6	449.3	473.0	518.0	554.9	607.7	567.3	627.5	673.3	662.9	681.1
Nuclear	610.3	640.4	673.4	674.7	628.6	673.7	728.3	753.9	768.8	780.1	763.7	788.5	779.9	791.5	798.7
Hydroelectric	273.5	250.6	302.7	338.1	346.6	313.4	308.6	265.8	204.9	251.7	263.0	256.4	258.7	276.7	288.7
Other ^b	47.0	47.0	44.8	45.8	47.3	48.6	50.0	51.6	49.4	58.6	60.7	64.1	73.2	68.2	74.9
Subtotal	3043.9	3088.7	3194.2	3284.1	3329.4	3457.4	3530.0	3637.5	3580.1	3698.0	3720.7	3806.0	3901.9	3926.2	4015.0
Other Sectors ^c	153.3	158.8	159.3	160.0	162.8	162.9	164.8	164.6	156.6	160.0	162.0	162.2	155.7	158.5	164.4
Total	3197.2	3247.5	3353.5	3444.2	3492.2	3620.3	3694.8	3802.1	3736.6	3858.0	3882.7	3968.2	4057.6	4084.7	4179.4
Net Imports	27.8	44.8	39.2	40.2	34.1	25.9	29.0	33.8	22.0	22.8	6.4	11.3	25.5	24.6	12.3
Total Supply	3225.0	3292.3	3392.7	3484.4	3526.2	3646.2	3723.8	3835.9	3758.7	3880.8	3889.1	3979.5	4083.1	4109.2	4191.7
Losses and Unaccounted for d	236.0	223.7	235.4	237.4	232.2	221.0	229.2	233.0	203.8	238.1	221.0	252.3	252.2	257.4	262.1
Demand															
Retail Sales ^e															
Residential	994.8	1008.5	1042.5	1082.5	1075.9	1130.1	1144.9	1192.4	1201.1	1265.4	1273.6	1293.6	1361.9	1358.5	1391.4
Commercial f	884.7	913.1	953.1	980.1	1026.6	1078.0	1103.8	1159.3	1191.2	1205.1	1197.2	1229.0	1268.9	1274.9	1296.4
Industrial	977.2	1008.0	1012.7	1033.6	1038.2	1051.2	1058.2	1064.2	984.5	990.1	1011.6	1018.5	1021.4	1034.1	1049.8
Transportation ^g		5.0	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.4	5.2	5.5	6.8	7.1	8.3	9.5	10.7
Subtotal	2861.5	2934.6	3013.3	3101.1	3145.6	3264.2	3312.1	3421.4	3382.1	3466.1	3489.2	3548.2	3660.6	3677.0	3748.2
Other Use/Sales h	127.5	134.1	144.1	145.9	148.4	160.9	182.5	181.5	172.8	176.6	178.9	179.0	170.3	174.9	181.5
Total Demand		3068.7	3157.3	3247.0	3294.0	3425.1	3494.6	3602.9	3554.9	3642.7	3668.1	3727.3	3830.9	3851.9	3929.7
^a Electric Litilities and independent newer producers															

^a Electric Utilities and independent power producers.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System and by EIA's office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (hydroelectric and nuclear).

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following report: Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Regional Short-Term Energy Model database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

b "Other" includes generation from other gaseous fuels, geothermal, wind, wood, waste, and solar sources.

^c Electricity generation from combined heat and power facilities and electricity-only plants in the industrial and commercial sectors.

^dBalancing item, mainly transmission and distribution losses.

^e Total of retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers. Utility sales for historical periods are reported in EIA'S *Electric Power Monthly* and *Electric Power Annual*. Power marketers' sales are reported annually in Appendix C of EIA's *Electric Sales and Revenue*. Quarterly data for power marketers (and thus retail sales totals) are imputed. Data for 2003 are estimated.

Commercial sector, including public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales and other sales to public authorities. These items, along with transportation sector; electricity were formerly included in an "other" category, which is no longer provided. (See EIA 's Monthly Energy Review, Table 7.5, for a comparison of "Old Basis" and "New Basis" electricity retail sales.) Through 2003, data are estimated as the sum of "Old Basis Commercial" and approximately 95 percent of "Old Basis Other"; beginning in 2004, data are actual survey data.

Transportation sector, including sales to railroads and railways. Through 2003, data are estimated as approximately 5 percent of "Old Basis Other"; beginning in 2004, data are actual survey data.

^h Defined as the sum of facility use of onsite net electricity generation plus direct sales of power by industrial- or commercial-sector generators to third parties, reported annually in Table 7.5 of the *Monthly Energy Review* (MER). Data for 2003 are estimates.