Table 10.2b Renewable Energy Consumption: Industrial and Transportation Sectors, Selected Years, 1949-2011
(Trillion Btu)

Year	Industrial Sector <sup>1</sup>										Transportation Sector		
	Hydro- electric Power <sup>2</sup>	Geo- thermal <sup>3</sup>	Solar/PV <sup>4</sup>	Wind <sup>5</sup>	Biomass						Biomass		
					Wood <sup>6</sup>	Waste <sup>7</sup>	Fuel Ethanol <sup>8</sup>	Losses and Co-products <sup>9</sup>	Total	Total	Fuel Ethanol <sup>10</sup>	Biodiesel	Total
949	76	NA	NA	NA	468	NA	NA	NA	468	544	NA	NA	NA
950	69	NA	NA	NA	532	NA	NA	NA	532	602	NA	NA	NA
955	38	NA	NA	NA	631	NA	NA	NA	631	669	NA	NA	NA
960	39	NA	NA	NA	680	NA	NA	NA	680	719	NA	NA	NA
965	33	NA	NA	NA	855	NA	NA	NA	855	888	NA	NA	N/
970	34	NA	NA	NA	1,019	NA	NA	NA	1,019	1,053	NA	NA	N/
975	32	NA	NA	NA	1,063	NA	NA	NA	1,063	1,096	NA	NA	NA
976	33	NA	NA	NA	1,220	NA	NA	NA	1,220	1,253	NA	NA	N/
977	33	NA	NA	NA	1,281	NA	NA	NA	1,281	1,314	NA	NA	N/
978 979	32	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1,400 1,405	NA NA	NA NA	NA	1,400 1,405	1,432	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
979 980	34 33	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1,405	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1,405	1,439	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
980 981	33	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1,602	87	(s)	6	1,695	1,633 1,728	7	NA NA	INF
982	33	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1,516	07 118	(s)	16	1,650	1,726	18	NA NA	18
983	33	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1,690	155	(s)	29	1,874	1,908	34	NA NA	3.
)84	33	NA NA	NA NA	NA	1,679	204	(5)	35	1,918	1,951	41	NA	4
985	33	NA	NA	NA	1,645	230	i	42	1,918	1,951	50	NA NA	50
986	33	NA.	NA	NA	1,610	256	1	48	1,915	1,948	57	NA	5
987	33	NA	NA	NA	1,576	282	i	55	1,914	1,947	66	NA	66
988	33	NA	NA	NA	1.625	308	1	55	1,989	2,022	67	NA	67
989	28	2	_	_	1,584	200	1	56	1,841	1,871	68	NA	68
990	31	2	_	_	1,442	192	1	49	1,684	1,717	60	NA	60
991	30	2	_	_	1,410	185	1	56	1,652	1,684	70	NA	70
992	31	2	-	-	1,461	179	1	64	1,705	1,737	80	NA	80
993	30	2	-	-	1,484	181	1	74	1,741	1,773	94	NA	94
994	62	3	_	_	1,580	199	1	82	1,862	1,927	105	NA	105
995	55	3	_	_	1,652	195	2	86	1,934	1,992	112	NA	112
996	61	3	-	-	1,683	224	1	61	1,969	2,033	81	NA	81
997	58	3	-	_	1,731	184	1	80	1,996	2,057	102	NA	102
998	55	3	-	-	1,603	180	1	86	1,872	1,929	113	NA	113
999	49	4	-	_	1,620	171	1	90	1,882	1,934	118	NA	118
000	42	4	-	-	1,636	145	1	99	1,881	1,928	135	NA	13
001	33	5	-	-	1,443	129	3	108	1,681	1,719	141	1	142
002 003	39	5	-	-	1,396	146	3	130 169	1,676 1,679	1,720	168 228	2	170
004	43 33	3	_	_	1,363 1,476	142 132	4 6	203	1,679	1,726 1,853	228	2 3	230 290
005	33	4	_	_	1,476	132	7	230	1,817	1,853	327	12	339
)05 )06	32 29	4	_	_	1,452	130	10	285	1,897	1,930	442	33	475
007	16	5	_		R1,405	130	10	377	R1,936	R1,956	557	33 46	602
007	17	5	_	_	R1,340	144	12	532	R2,028	R2,049	786	40	820
009	18	4	_	_	R1,208	R155	13	617	R1.994	R2,016	894	R42	R93
010	16	4	(s)	_	R1,301	R169	R17	R742	R2,230	R2,250	R1,040	R34	R1,07
011P	18	4	(s)	(s)	1,311	172	17	772	2,273	2,295	1,042	112	1,154

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Industrial sector, including industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants. See Note 2, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 8.

gas, electricity, and other non-biomass energy used in the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel—these are included in the industrial sector consumption statistics for the appropriate energy source.

R=Revised. P=Preliminary. NA=Not available. -=No data reported. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Data are estimates, except for industrial sector hydroelectric power in 1949–1978 and 1989 forward, solar/PV, and wind. • See Tables 8.2a–8.2d and 8.3a–8.3c for electricity net generation and useful thermal output from renewable energy sources; Tables 8.4a–8.4c, 8.5a–8.5d, 8.6a–8.6c, and 8.7a–8.7c for renewable energy consumption for electricity generation and useful thermal output; and Tables 8.11a–8.11d for renewable energy electric net summer capacity. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Web Pages: • See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#renewable for updated monthly and annual data. • See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/annual/#renewable for all annual data beginning in 1949. • See http://www.eia.gov/renewable/ for related information.

Sources: See end of section.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Conventional hydroelectricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Geothermal heat pump and direct use energy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Photovoltaic (PV) electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6) at industrial plants with capacity of 1 megawatt or greater.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Wind electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6).

Wood and wood-derived fuels.

Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

<sup>8</sup> The fuel ethanol (minus denaturant) portion of motor fuels, such as E10, consumed by the industrial sector.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Losses and co-products from the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel. Does not include natural

<sup>10</sup> The fuel ethanol (minus denaturant) portion of motor fuels, such as E10 and E85, consumed by the transportation sector.