Table 2. Natural gas consumption in the United States, 2011-2016

(billion cubic feet, or as indicated)

Year and Month		Pipeline and Distribution Use <sup>b</sup>			Heating Value					
			Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Electric Power	Vehicle Fuel	Total	Total Consumption	
2011 Total	1,323	688	4,714	3,155	6,994	7,574	30	22,467	24,477	1,022
2012 Total	1,396	731	4,150	2,895	7,226	9,111	30	23,411		1,024
2013 Total	1,483	833	4,897	3,295	7,425	8,191	30	23,839	26,155	1,027
2014										
January	121	103	1,037	572	720	663	3	2,995	3,219	1,029
February	110	88	853	490	657	549	3	2,552	2,750	1,028
March	123	81	700	421	679	559	3	2,361	2,566	1,029
April	121	61	356	251	626	550	3	1,786		1,029
May	126	56	203	177	604	648	3	1,635		1,030
June	123	54	126	141	584	724	3	1,578		1,030
July	129	58	113	138	603	844	3	1,701		1,032
August	129	60	105	137	607	899	3	1,751		1,033
September	126	56	122	149	589	773	3	1,636		1,033
October	131	59	212	202	608	704	3	1,729		1,033
November	128	74	544	362	658	601	3	2,167		1,034
December	133	85	717	427	688	636	3	2,471	2,688	1,035
Total	1,500	836	5,087	3,467	7,624	8,149	35	24,362	26,698	1,030
2015										
January	£132	£98	936	532	716	714	E3	2,901	3,130	1,036
February	<b>120</b> €120	<b></b>	904	520	662	651	E3	2,740		1,036
March	€134	E82	637	389	663	709	E3	2,401		1,036
April	€131	<b>€64</b>	325	237	R610	668	E3	1,842		1,037
May	£133	€59	180	162	601	739	E3	1,684	r1,877	1,037
June	<b></b> 130	<b></b> €60	124	135	574	893	E3	1,730	1,920	1,037
July	<b></b> 135	<b>₽</b> 65	108	134	591	1,054	E3	1,889	2,090	1,037
August	<b></b> 136	<b>₽</b> 65	102	136	597	1,035	E3	1,873	2,074	1,036
September	£132	<b></b> €60	108	138	577	902	E3	1,727		1,037
October	<b></b> 135	<b></b> €63	201	193	612	798	E3	1,806	2,003	1,037
November	£130	€ <b>71</b>	400	280	637	737	E3	2,057		1,038
December	€134	<b>₽81</b>	589	351	669	771	E3	2,383	2,598	1,038
Total	<b>1,581</b>	<b></b> 860	4,612	3,206	r <b>7,509</b>	9,671	<b>€34</b>	25,032	R <b>27,474</b>	1,037
2016										
January	€134	£98	R891	R509	R <b>722</b>	777	Ē3	2,902	R3,134	1,038
February	€127	<b>€85</b>	707	421	668	692	E3	2,491	2,703	1,038
2016 2-Month YTD	<b></b> 262	<b>183</b> €	1,598	930	1,391	1,469	E6	5,393	5,837	1,038
2015 2-Month YTD	<b></b> 252	<b>190</b>	1,840	1,052	1,378	1,365	<b>E5</b>	5,640	6,082	1,036
2014 2-Month YTD	231	190	1,890	1,062	1,378	1,212	6	5,548	5,969	1,028

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Plant fuel data and lease fuel data are collected only annually. Monthly lease and plant fuel use is estimated from monthly marketed production by assuming that the preceding annual percentage remains constant for the next 12 months.

Sources: 2011-2014: Energy Information Administration (EIA): Form EIA-895, "Monthly Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report"; Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers"; EIA computations; and Natural Gas Annual 2014. January 2015 through current month: Form EIA-914, "Monthly Natural Gas Production Report"; Form EIA-857; and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report." See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 6, for computation procedures and revision policy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Published pipeline and distribution use data are based on reports collected on an annual basis. Monthly pipeline and distribution use data are estimated from monthly total consumption (excluding pipeline and distribution use) by assuming that the preceding annual percentage remains constant for the next 12 months. Pipeline and distribution use volumes include Line Loss, defined as known volumes of natural gas that were the result of leaks, damage, accidents, migration, and/or blow down.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Heating value is the average number of British thermal units per cubic foot of natural gas as reported on EIA-857 and EIA-176. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 11, for further information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>R</sup> Revised data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>E</sup> Estimated data.

**Notes:** Data for 2011 through 2013 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise indicated. Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. See Appendix A, Explanatory Note 6, for definition of sectors.