

November 2006

Example 2 Short-Term Energy Outlook

November 7, 2006 Release (Next Update: December 12, 2006)

Overview

The recent announcement of plans for a 1.2 million barrels per day (bbl/d) cut in oil production by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) has not yet made much of an impact on world oil prices, as the market awaits evidence of substantial compliance. Recent spot prices for West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude oil are the lowest since February 2005. Demand for petroleum should grow as the winter heating season ramps up. With some reduction in OPEC oil production, the price of WTI crude oil is projected to rise over the next several months. The price of WTI crude oil is projected to average around \$66 per barrel in 2006 and \$65 per barrel in 2007 (West Texas Intermediate Crude Oil Price).

Daily natural gas spot prices, which fell throughout September because of moderate temperatures and high inventories in underground storage, have risen sharply in recent weeks. This price movement was not unexpected once the heating season began. Henry Hub Natural Gas Spot Prices are projected to average \$7.06 per mcf in 2006 and increase to an average of \$7.79 per mcf in 2007.

Our forecast of <u>winter heating fuel expenditures</u> has not changed significantly from last month. Average household heating fuel expenditures are projected to be \$928 this winter compared to \$947 last winter. This is the first winter since the winter of 2001-02 in which home heating fuel expenditures are not expected to significantly increase over the prior winter.

Global Petroleum Markets

In response to rising oil inventories and declining world oil prices, OPEC announced that it would cut its oil production by 1.2 million bbl/d effective November 1, 2006. This production cut differs from previous ones in that the stated intent is to reduce production from actual output levels, not just from OPEC production quotas. Although OPEC announced the target reductions each country is supposed to make, it did not specify the production level that each country is to use as the starting point for making its cuts. The absence of a benchmark contributes to the uncertainty over

the amount by which each OPEC member will cut its production. This *Outlook* assumes that OPEC crude oil production will decline by almost 0.8 million bbl/d from October levels for the remainder of 2006 (see Table SP1 below).

With the expected reduction in OPEC oil production along with growing petroleum demand during the winter heating season, the average monthly price of WTI crude oil is projected to rise by about \$2 per barrel each month over the next several months.

The OPEC oil production cuts provide only a temporary increase in surplus world crude oil production capacity. A projected increase in world oil consumption growth in 2007 is expected to result in an increase in the demand for OPEC oil from 2006 levels. Surplus world crude oil production capacity, all of which is located in Saudi Arabia, is projected to increase only slightly in 2007 (World Oil Surplus Production Capacity), thus remaining near 30-year lows.

Table SP1. OPEC Production (million barrels per day)

	14010 011	Oct. 2006	Nov. 2006	res per any,	
	07/01/2005	Estimated	Forecast	Nov. 2006	Nov. 2006
	Quota	Production	Production	Projected Cut	Targeted Cut
Algeria	894	1,430	1,370	-60	-59
Indonesia	1,451	890	890	0	-39
Iran	4,110	3,750	3,700	-50	-176
Kuwait	2,247	2,600	2,500	-100	-100
Libya	1,500	1,700	1,650	-50	-72
Nigeria	2,306	2,300	2,300	0	-100
Qatar	726	850	815	-35	-35
Saudi Arabia	9,099	9,200	8,850	-350	-380
UAE	2,444	2,600	2,500	-100	-101
Venezuela	<u>3,223</u>	<u>2,450</u>	<u>2,450</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>-138</u>
Total OPEC 10	28,000	27,770	27,025	-745	-1,200

Nov. 2006 Projected Cut = Nov. 2006 forecast production - Oct. 2006 estimated production.

Nov. 2006 Targeted Cut = OPEC agreement on Oct. 20, 2006, to cut actual production effective Nov. 1, 2006.

Despite prevailing high prices, world petroleum consumption is projected to grow by 1.0 million bbl/d in 2006 and by 1.5 million bbl/d in 2007 (World Oil Consumption Growth). This reflects a downward revision of 0.2 million bbl/d for growth in 2006 compared with the previous *Outlook*, largely because of upward revisions to historical consumption levels for 2005. Petroleum consumption in the United States is expected to rise by 0.3 million bbl/d in 2007, following another year

of relatively flat consumption. The United States and China are projected to account for over half of the worldwide growth in oil consumption in 2007. Demand growth is also projected to be strong in the oil-exporting countries of the Middle East, which are benefiting from their current high oil revenues.

World oil inventories increased in Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) countries during the first half of 2006 as concerns about potential supply problems rose. Some of these potential problems, such as further disruption during hurricane season in the Gulf of Mexico, never materialized, leading to greater than expected increases in inventory levels. Despite rising inventory levels during July and August, EIA projects that OECD inventories will decrease during the fourth quarter of 2006 and during 2007. By the end of 2007, EIA projects days of supply of OECD inventories to finish at the bottom of the normal range for that time of year, which is expected to maintain a tight market.

New supplies from non-OPEC countries will partially meet anticipated demand growth. The net annual growth in non-OPEC oil production for 2006 is projected to total around 0.6 million bbl/d (Growth in World Consumption and Non-OPEC Production). Although production will be limited at first, Russia's Sakhalin I Project and the United Kingdom's Buzzard field should begin adding new supply late in the fourth quarter. Non-OPEC production is expected to rise by 1.3 million bbl/d in 2007 (International Oil Supply Charts), as new projects in the Caspian Region, Africa, and Brazil add more than 0.9 million bbl/d of production.

U.S. Petroleum Markets

<u>U.S. Petroleum Products Consumption</u> in 2006 is not expected to vary much from levels seen in 2005. Strong transportation demand growth (gasoline, diesel fuel, and jet fuel) in the second half of 2006 is expected to compensate for less-than-typical demand growth for these fuels in the first half of 2006. Declining natural gas prices have pushed demand for residual fuel oil well below 2005 levels, further dampening anticipated 2006 growth in total petroleum product demand. In 2007, however, total product consumption is projected to average 21.0 million bbl/d, up 1.5 percent, with all petroleum categories contributing to that growth.

Domestic oil production in 2006 is expected to average 5.2 million bbl/d, which is virtually unchanged from that of 2005, when hurricane activity depressed output for much of the second half of the year. In 2007, production is projected to average 5.4 million bbl/d, reflecting not only recovery from the impact of the 2005 hurricanes that continued to depress Gulf of Mexico production in the first half of 2006, but also the startup of new deepwater production.

Distillate inventories are expected to be adequate during the heating season. As of September 30, the beginning of the heating season, total distillate fuel inventories were 151 million barrels, almost 24 million barrels above the average over the previous 5 years. Inventory drawdown this winter got off to a strong start with a 9-million-barrel draw in October, the largest October decline on record. Total distillate fuel inventories at the end of winter (March 31, 2007) are projected to be 118 million barrels, 2 million barrels below last season's levels but 8 million barrels higher than the previous 5-year average.

Total motor gasoline stocks are also projected to remain at or slightly above the previous 5-year average during the winter season. Inventories as of October 31 were an estimated 204 million barrels, up 3 million barrels from last year, and are projected to be 214 million barrels at the beginning of next year's driving season (March 31, 2007), up 4 million barrels from last year. The sharp 11.5 million barrel October decline in total gasoline stocks moved absolute inventories from the top to the middle of the normal range, and to the bottom of the days-of-supply range. This sets the stage for an increase in gasoline margins both near-term and by spring.

U.S. Natural Gas Markets

Relatively high levels of natural gas in storage and a forecast of slightly warmer-than-normal weather (though not as warm as last winter) should keep Henry Hub spot prices below \$9 per mcf through the winter heating season. EIA projects the monthly average Henry Hub spot price will peak in January at roughly \$8.70 per mcf. The Henry Hub price is expected to average \$7.06 per mcf in 2006 and \$7.79 per mcf in 2007.

No growth in total natural gas consumption is projected in 2006 compared with 2005, but a 1.3-percent increase is expected in 2007 (Total U.S. Natural Gas Consumption Growth). The expected colder winter, compared with last winter, raises residential and commercial demand while the forecast for a cooler summer lowers natural gas demand for electricity generation. Residential and commercial sector consumption grow by 7.5 percent and 3.9 percent, respectively, in 2007, as the number of heating degree-days is expected to increase by about 7 percent. Industrial sector natural gas consumption is expected to show only modest growth of 1.2 percent over 2006. Power sector consumption, on the other hand, is expected to decline by 4.3 percent in 2007, following 7.4-percent growth in 2006, as total cooling degree-days next year are expected to be about 12 percent lower than in 2006.

Domestic dry natural gas production is expected to increase by about 1.3 percent in 2006 and 0.4 percent in 2007. Net imports of natural gas are expected to show a 6.1-percent decline in 2006. In 2007, net imports are expected to increase by 2.6 percent primarily due to the rise in liquefied natural gas (LNG) imports. Projected LNG imports in 2006 are below 2005 levels because of price competition with Europe. The growing availability of supplies from liquefaction facilities in Trinidad and Tobago and Nigeria contribute to the expected increase in LNG imports in 2007. However, U.S. LNG imports will continue to be affected by price competition from other LNG-consuming economies, particularly in Europe.

As of October 27, working gas in storage was 3,452 billion cubic feet (bcf), a level 288 bcf above the year-ago level and 276 bcf above the 5-year average for that date (U.S. Working Natural Gas in Storage). Storage levels are near EIA's estimated maximum working gas storage capacity of about 3,600 bcf. Working gas inventories are projected to end the winter (March 31, 2007) at about 1,405 bcf, 285 bcf below the level of 1,690 bcf reached at the end of March 2006, but still about 150 bcf above the average of the last 5 years.

Electricity

A number of States instituted temporary retail price caps over the past decade in order to ease uncertainties associated with the restructuring of the electric power industry. Many of these caps are expiring during 2006-2007, while peak-load fuel prices have been extremely volatile, and some regions have witnessed double-digit growth in electricity prices. Residential electricity prices in 2006 are projected to be 10.9 percent higher than 2005 prices. Legislatures in Virginia, Maryland, and Illinois have implemented or are considering extensions of rate caps to help stabilize prices. Rate caps in Texas and Delaware are set to fully expire in 2007. Attempting to project the level of future electricity prices is difficult in this economic climate, but rates are likely to increase as higher fuel costs are passed through to retail customers. During 2007, residential electricity prices are projected to increase by about 2.4 percent to 10.7 cents per kilowatthour.

Coal

Total U.S. coal consumption is expected to remain flat in 2006 and increase by 1.9 percent in 2007 (<u>U.S. Coal Consumption Growth</u>). Coal consumption in the electric power sector is likewise expected to be flat in 2006, but grow by 2.1 percent in 2007.

Table WF01. Selected U.S. Average Consumer Prices* and Expenditures for Heating Fuels During the Winter (Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook -- November 2006)

(Energy Information Administr	ation/Short	-Term Ene			er 2006)		1	_	
	20.04	04.00		Winter of	04.05	14 0 00 05	05.00		recast
Fuel / Region	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	AvG.00-05	05-06	06-07	% Change
Natural Gas									
Northeast									
Consumption (mcf**)	87.3	67.7	84.3	79.9	79.7	79.8	73.8	79.0	7.0
Price (\$/mcf)	10.01	9.41	9.99	11.77	12.87		16.75	14.27	-14.8
Expenditures (\$)	874	637	842	941	1,026		1,237	1,127	-8.9
Midwest					•		ŕ	,	
Consumption (mcf)	99.1	78.2	92.3	85.7	85.3	88.1	82.3	87.7	6.5
Price (\$/mcf)	8.77	6.26	7.61	8.77	10.02	8.32	13.37	11.48	-14.2
Expenditures (\$)	869	490	703	751	855	734	1,101	1,006	-8.6
South									
Consumption (mcf)	67.1	52.7	60.4	55.4	53.8	57.9	53.5	57.6	7.6
Price (\$/mcf)	10.22	8.17	9.03	10.67	12.25	10.06	16.59	14.01	-15.6
Expenditures (\$)	685	431	545	591	659	582	887	806	-9.1
West									
Consumption (mcf)	52.7	47.8	45.0	46.0	47.0	47.7	47.0	48.0	2.2
Price (\$/mcf)	9.75	7.08	7.55	8.84	10.20	8.71	12.92	11.54	-10.7
Expenditures (\$)	514	338	340	407	479	416	607	554	-8.7
U.S. Average									
Consumption (mcf)	77.8	62.5	71.2	67.2	66.7		64.5	68.4	5.9
Price (\$/mcf)	9.52	7.45	8.42	9.81	11.10		14.64	12.58	-14.1
Expenditures (\$)	740	465	600	659	741		945	860	-8.9
Households (thousands)	58,180	59,369	59,606	60,386	61,204	59,749	61,946	62,794	1.4
Heating Oil									
Northeast									
Consumption (gallons)	713.5	544.8	676.3	641.8	641.7	643.6	593.3	633.3	6.7
Price (\$/gallon)	1.44	1.18	1.42	1.46	1.93	1.49	2.45	2.45	0.2
Expenditures (\$)	1,030	641	963	935	1,237	961	1,454	1,554	6.9
Midwest									
Consumption (gallons)	618.1	449.4	533.8	492.9	486.8	516.2	469.4	506.7	7.9
Price (\$/gallon)	1.35	1.03	1.35	1.34	1.84	1.38	2.38	2.39	0.5
Expenditures (\$)	832	463	720	661	895	714	1,116	1,211	8.5
South									
Consumption (gallons)	479.6	342.9	423.8	398.4	383.2		378.3	400.5	5.9
Price (\$/gallon)	1.45	1.13	1.41	1.45	1.95		2.45	2.43	-0.7
Expenditures (\$)	697	387	597	578	746	601	926	973	5.1
West									
Consumption (gallons)	484.3	338.8	304.3	317.8	327.3		327.0	332.5	1.7
Price (\$/gallon)	1.49	1.09	1.39	1.46	1.98		2.50	2.51	0.4
Expenditures (\$)	723	369	422	463	649	525	816	833	2.1
U.S. Average	= -	= 44 = =	0=0				F 6.1.5	000 =	2 -
Consumption (gallons)	708.8	542.7	659.0	625.0	622.8		584.6	622.5	6.5
Price (\$/gallon)	1.44	1.16	1.41	1.44	1.92		2.45	2.45	-0.1
Expenditures (\$)	1,020	627	932	903	1,199		1,431	1,523	6.4
Households (thousands)	8,466	8,119	8,000	8,018	8,046	8,130	8,064	8,085	0.3

Table WF01. Selected U.S. Average Consumer Prices* and Expenditures for Heating Fuels During the Winter (Energy Information Administration/Short-Term Energy Outlook -- November 2006)

(Energy Information Administr	anon/311011	TEIIII LIIE		Winter of	2000)			Fo	orecast
Fuel / Region	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	AvG.00-05	05-06	06-07	% Change
Propane									
Northeast		744.0	0444	070.4		0544		050.0	0.5
Consumption (gallons)	875.6	741.2	914.4	870.1	869.2		807.7		
Price (\$/gallon)	1.65	1.40	1.55	1.65			2.20	2.14	
Expenditures (\$)	1,442	1,040	1,413	1,436	1,629	1,392	1,774	1,841	3.8
Midwest									
Consumption (gallons)	906.7	733.1	858.2	799.2			765.3		
Price (\$/gallon)	1.27	1.00	1.07	1.20			1.67	1.64	
Expenditures (\$)	1,149	734	919	955	1,119	975	1,275	1,340	5.1
South									
Consumption (gallons)	598.9	494.7	574.7	532.7			517.5		
Price (\$/gallon)	1.63	1.24	1.45	1.57			2.12	2.01	-5.0
Expenditures (\$)	976	613	835	838	918	836	1,096	1,106	0.9
West									
Consumption (gallons)	658.0	618.2	582.2	588.8	597.9	609.0	595.2	610.4	2.6
Price (\$/gallon)	1.56	1.25	1.38	1.54	1.78	1.50	2.09	1.96	-6.1
Expenditures (\$)	1,028	776	805	904	1,066	916	1,242	1,196	-3.8
U.S. Average									
Consumption (gallons)	756.5	634.4	719.8	679.3	670.1	692.0	656.4	695.3	5.9
Price (\$/gallon)	1.46	1.16	1.29	1.42	1.64	1.40	1.95	1.86	-4.4
Expenditures (\$)	1,108	736	926	962			1,280		
Households (thousands)	4,917	4,982	4,940	4,972	•		5,051		
Florestates									
Electricity Northeast									
	9,980.7	8,955.4	10,528.1	10 126 0	10,106.1	9939.2	0 564 4	10038.3	5.0
Consumption (kwh***)	9,960.7 0.110	0.112	0.109	0.113			-		
Price (\$/kwh)							0.133		5.6
Expenditures (\$) Midwest	1,102	1,000	1,149	1,141	1,187	1,116	1,272	1,411	10.9
Consumption (kwh)	11,365.8	10,222.4	11,395.9	10,848.3	10,790.5	10924.6	10,548.1	11023.3	4.5
Price (\$/kwh)	0.074	0.076	0.075	0.077	0.077	0.08	0.081	0.086	5.8
Expenditures (\$)	844	782	852	831	835	829	856	946	10.5
South									
Consumption (kwh)	9,213.1	8,171.8	8,817.9	8,446.2	8,304.7	8590.8	8,299.4	8587.7	3.5
Price (\$/kwh)	0.074	0.076	0.074	0.079	0.082	0.08	0.092	0.096	4.6
Expenditures (\$)	679	617	656	664	679	659	763	826	
West									
Consumption (kwh)	7,739.4	7,284.3	6,970.4	7,097.1	7,192.2	7256.7	7,183.3	7256.8	1.0
Price (\$/kwh)	0.084	0.091	0.089	0.090	-		0.096		
Expenditures (\$)	650	666	622	640			690		10.3
U.S. Average				J. J		.			. 3.0
Consumption (kwh)	8,896.3	7,980.6	8,533.3	8,259.7	8,191.9	8372.4	8,104.1	8367.2	3.2
Price (\$/kwh)	0.081	0.083	0.082	0.085	0.088		0.096		
Expenditures (\$)	718	665	697	702			781		
Households (thousands)	30,762	30,967	31,236	31,665			32,552		
Tiouscriolus (tilousurius)	55,752	55,501	01,200	51,005	JE, 133	01,000	J2,JJ2	02,072	1.2
All households (thousands)	102 324	103,437	103,782	105,040	106,393	104195.4	107 613	108 918	1.2
Average Expenditures (\$)	774	551	670	705	•		947		
Atorage Experiorarios (4)	114	JJI	010	103	100	J31.J	371	320	-4.1

Note: Winter covers the period October 1 through March 31.

^{*} Prices include taxes

^{**} thousand cubic feet

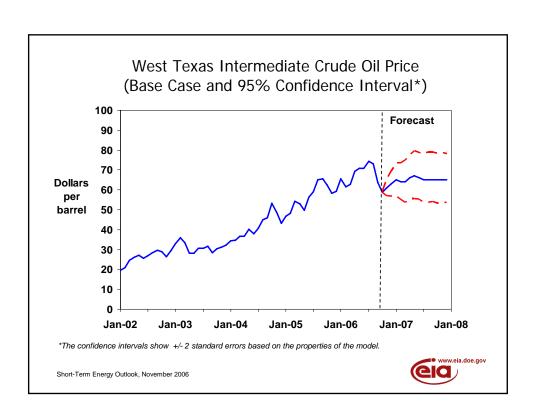
^{***} kilowatthour

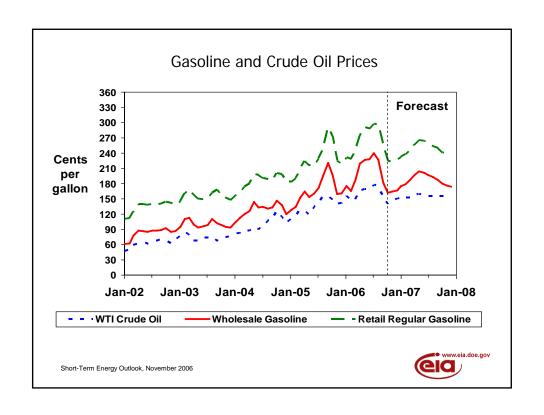


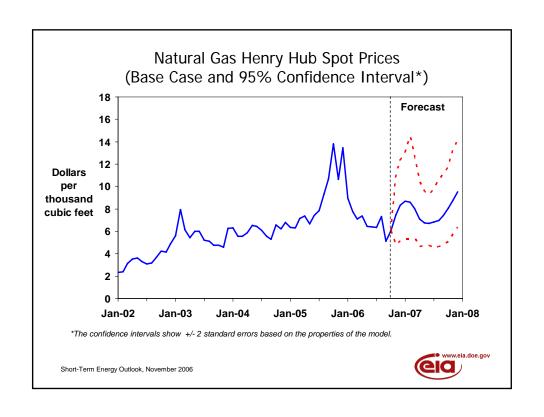


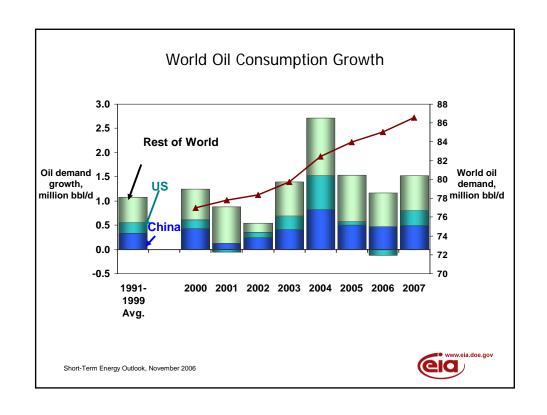
Short-Term Energy Outlook

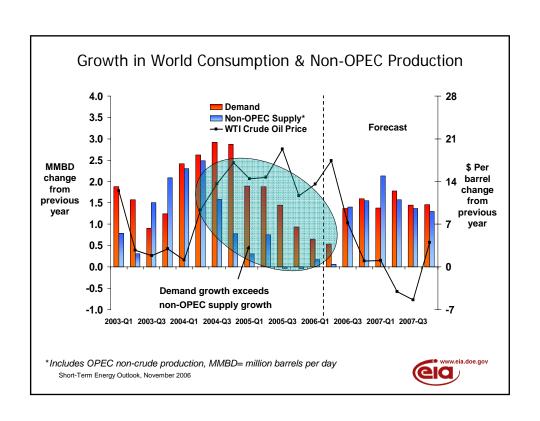
Chart Gallery for November 2006

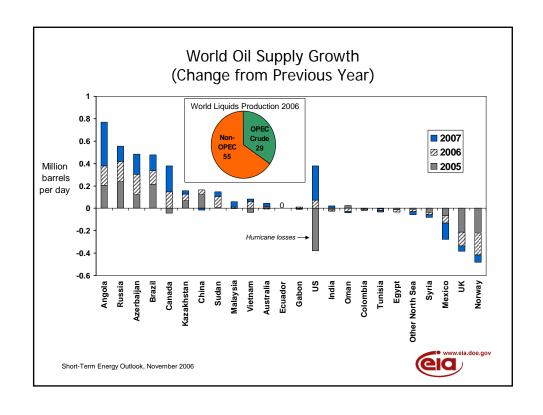


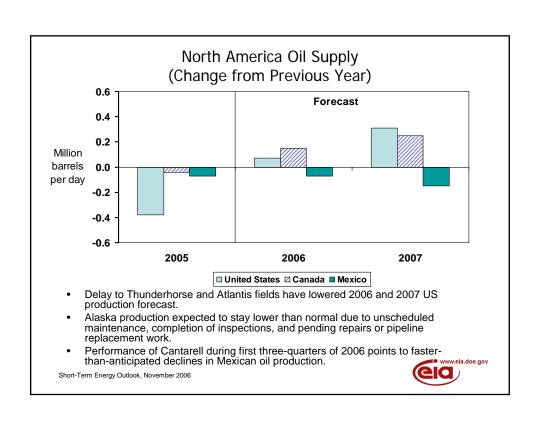


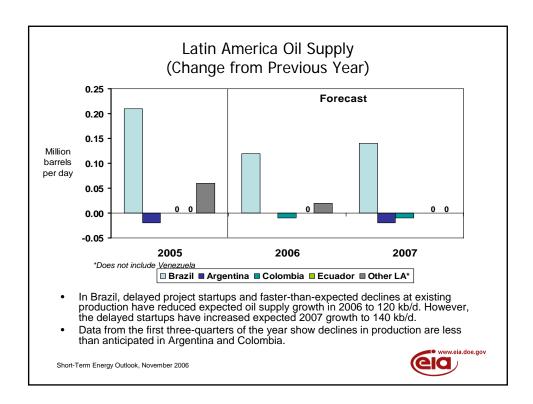


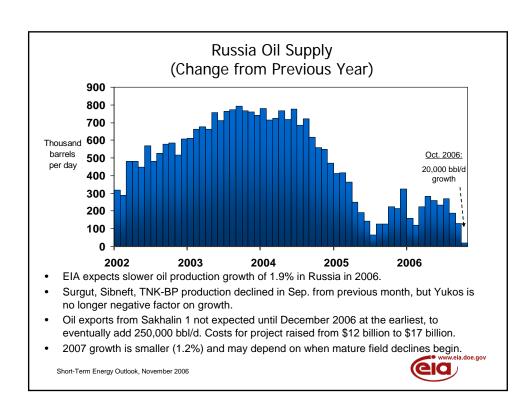


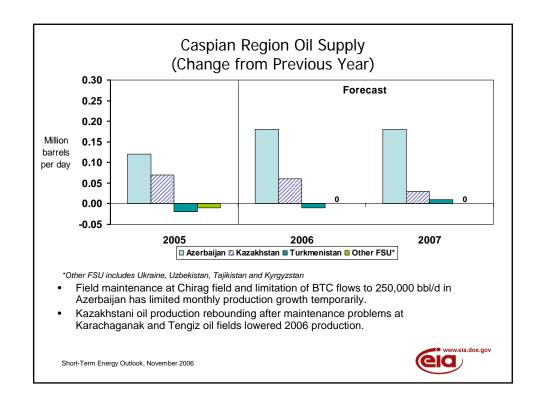


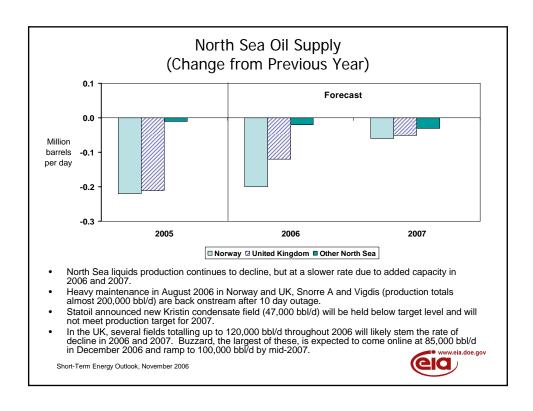


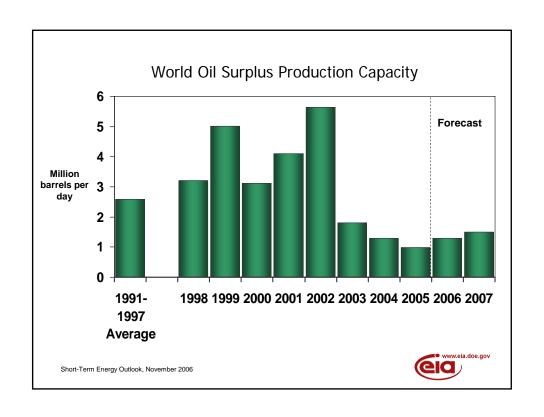


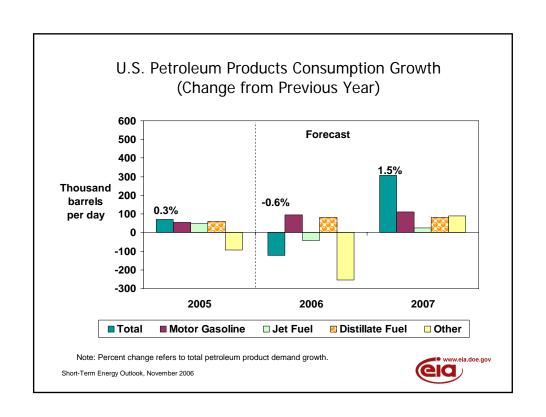


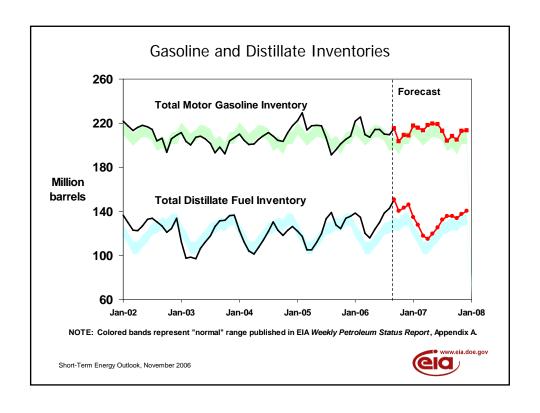


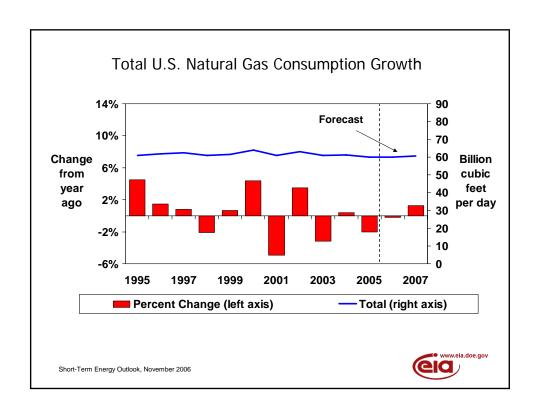


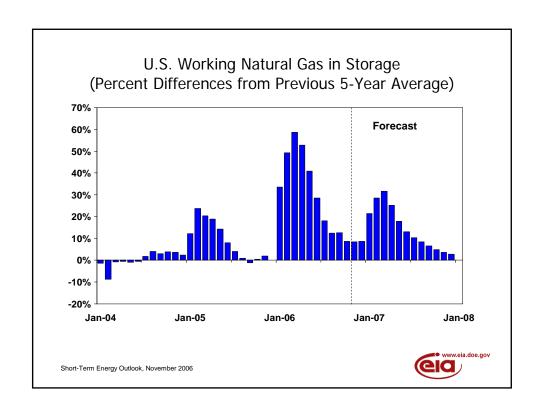


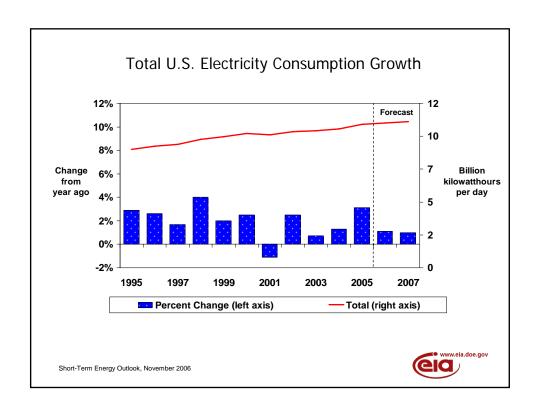


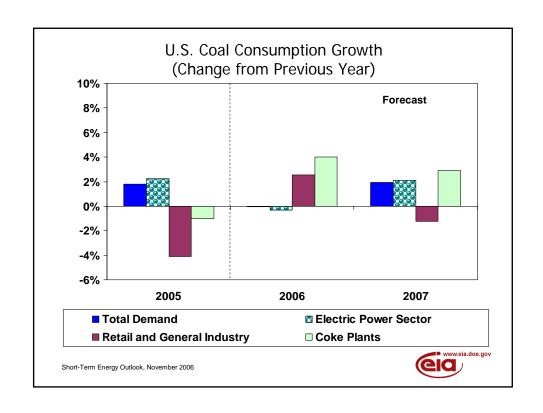


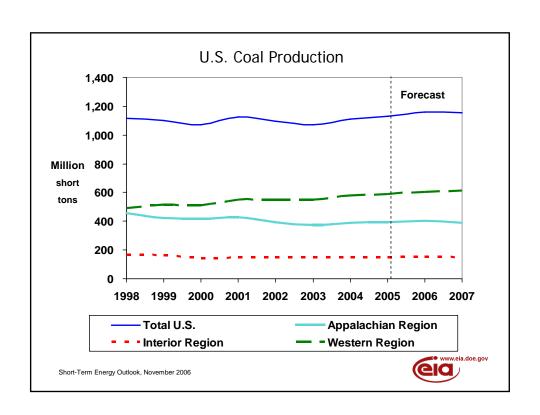


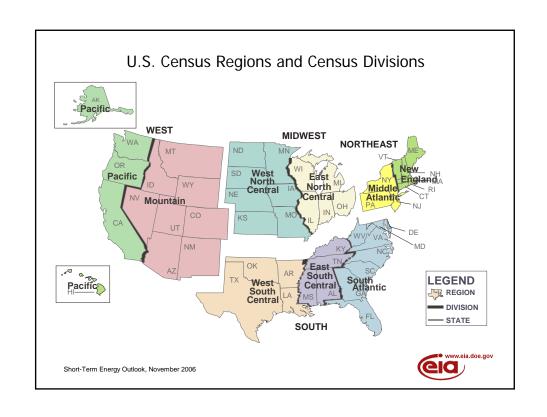


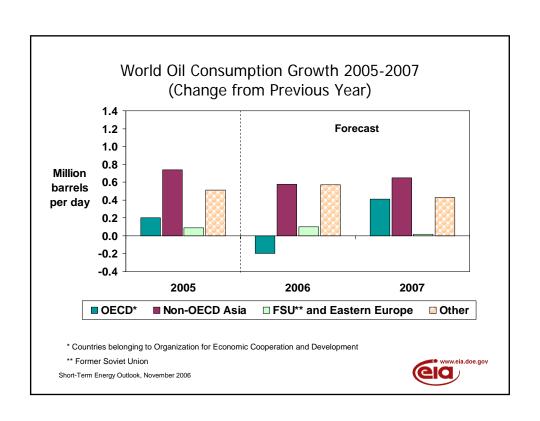






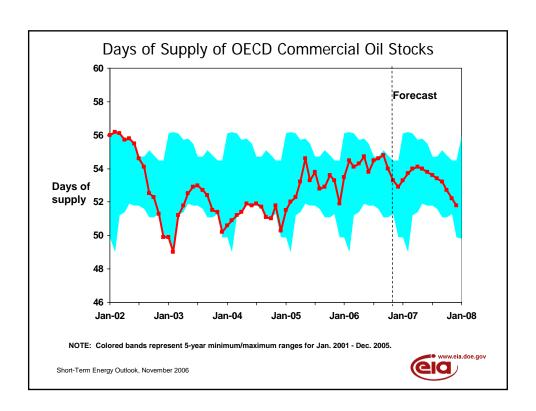


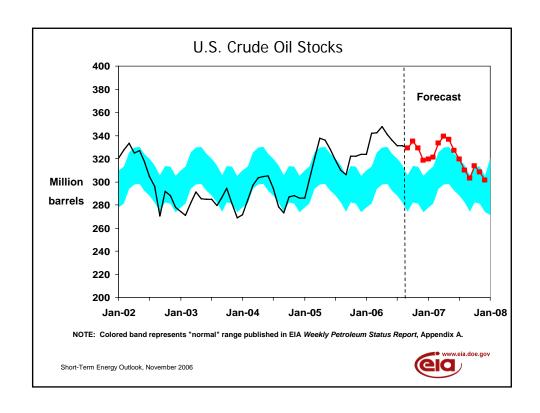


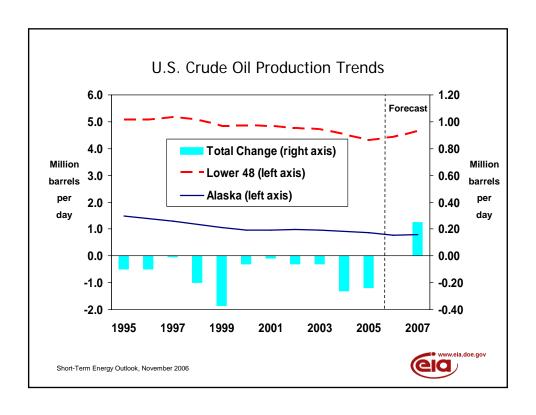


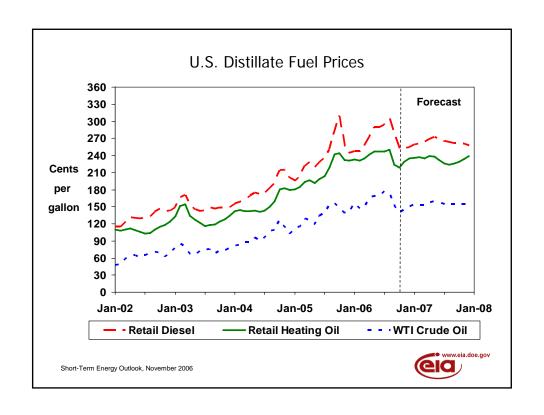
Additional Charts

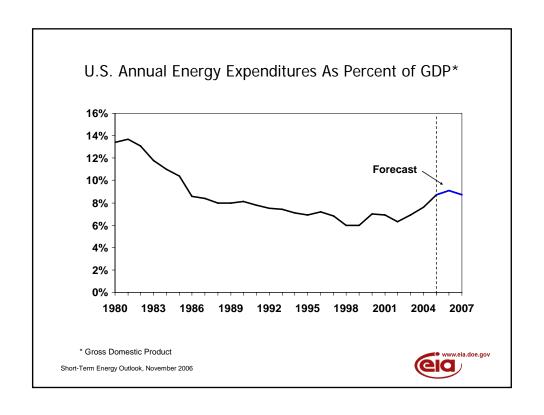


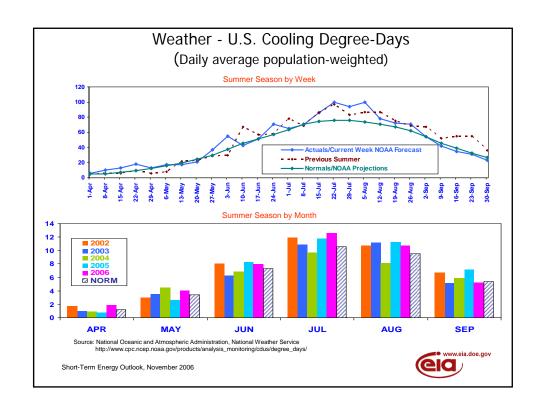












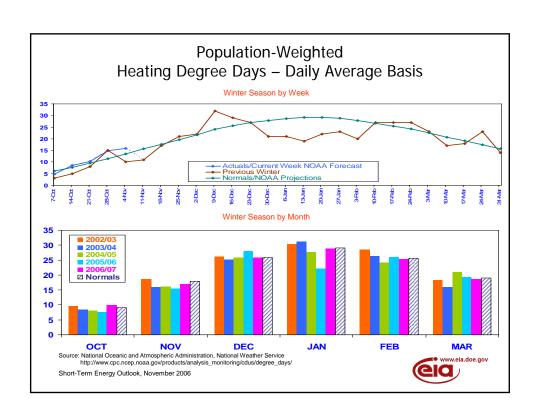


Table HL1, U.S. Energy Supply and Demand: Base Case

Table HET. 0.3. Ellergy Supp		Year			Annu	al Percentage	Change
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2004-2005	2005-2006	2006-2007
Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) (billion chained 2000 dollars)	10704	11049	11413	11683	3.2	3.3	2.4
Imported Crude Oil Price ^a (nominal dollars per barrel)	35.99	48.94	58.97	57.66	36.0	20.5	-2.2
Crude Oil Production ^b (million barrels per day)	5.42	5.18	5.18	5.43	-4.4	0.1	4.8
Total Petroleum Net Imports (million barrels (including SPR)	per day) 12.10	12.55	12.30	12.15	3.7	-2.0	-1.2
Energy Demand							
World Petroleum (million barrels per day)	82.5	84.0	85.0	86.5	1.9	1.2	1.8
Petroleum (million barrels per day)	20.73	20.80	20.68	20.99	0.3	-0.6	1.5
Natural Gas (trillion cubic feet)	22.43	21.93	21.88	22.17	-2.3	-0.2	1.3
Coal ^c (million short tons)	1107	1128	1123	1152	1.9	-0.5	2.6
Electricity (billion kilowatthours) Retail Sales ^d Other Use/Sales ^e Total	3548 168 3717	3660 161 3820	3689 172 3861	3714 184 3898	3.1 -4.7 2.8	0.8 6.9 1.1	0.7 7.5 1.0
Total Energy Demand ^f (quadrillion Btu)	99.7	99.2	99.4	101.1	-0.6	0.2	1.7
Total Energy Demand per Dollar of GDP (thousand Btu per 2000 Dollar)	9.32	8.98	8.71	8.65	-3.7	-3.0	-0.7
Renewable Energy as Percent of Total ⁹	6.3%	6.2%	6.7%	6.5%			

^a Refers to the refiner acquisition cost (RAC) of imported crude oil.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: Latest data available from Bureau of Economic Analysis and Energy Information Administration; latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109; Petroleum Supply Annual, DOE/EIA-0340/2; Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130; Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226; and Quarterly Coal Report, DOE/EIA-0121; International Petroleum Monthly DOE/EIA-0520; Weekly Petroleum Status Report, DOE/EIA-0208. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy, October 2006.

^b Includes lease condensate.

^cTotal Demand includes estimated Independent Power Producer (IPP) coal consumption.

^d Total of retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers. Utility sales for historical periods are reported in Energy Information Administration (EIA) Electric Power Monthly and Electric Power Annual. Power marketers' sales for historical periods are reported in EIA's Electric Sales and Revenue,

Appendix C. Data for 2004 are estimates.

^e Defined as the sum of facility use of onsite net electricity generation plus direct sales of power by industrial- or commercial-sector generators to third parties, reported annually in Table 7.5 of the Monthly Energy Review (MER). Data for 2004 are estimates.

The conversion from physical units to Btu is calculated by using a subset of conversion factors used in the calculations performed for gross energy

consumption in EIA's *MER*. Consequently, the historical data may not precisely match those published in the *MER* or the *Annual Energy Review (AER*).

⁹ Renewable energy includes minor components of non-marketed renewable energy, which is renewable energy that is neither bought nor sold, either directly or indirectly, as inputs to marketed energy. EIA does not estimate or project total consumption of non-marketed renewable energy. SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Table 1. U.S. Macroeconomic and Weather Assumptions: Base Case

		2005				2006	-			2007				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Macroeconomic ^a			,								,		<u> </u>		
Real Gross Domestic Product (billion chained 2000 dollars - SAAR)	10914	11002	11115	11164	11316	11388	11436	11511	11573	11641	11720	11798	11049	11413	11683
Percentage Change from Prior Year	3.3	3.1	3.4	3.1	3.7	3.5	2.9	3.1	2.3	2.2	2.5	2.5	3.2	3.3	2.4
Annualized Percent Change from Prior Quarter	3.4	3.3	4.2	1.8	5.6	2.6	1.7	2.6	2.2	2.3	2.8	2.7			
GDP Implicit Price Deflator (Index, 2000=100)	111.6	112.2	113.1	114.0	115.0	115.9	116.4	116.9	117.9	118.2	118.7	119.3	112.7	116.1	118.5
Percentage Change from Prior Year	3.1	2.8	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.3	2.9	2.5	2.5	2.0	1.9	2.0	3.0	2.9	2.1
Real Disposable Personal Income (billion chained 2000 Dollars - SAAR)	8077	8086	8074	8183	8277	8312	8399	8495	8551	8624	8706	8773	8105	8371	8663
Percentage Change from Prior Year	2.1	1.6	0.8	0.3	2.5	2.8	4.0	3.8	3.3	3.8	3.6	3.3	1.2	3.3	3.5
Manufacturing Production (Index, 2002=100.0)	108.7	109.0	109.7	112.2	113.8	115.3	116.4	116.9	117.3	117.8	118.8	119.8	109.9	115.6	118.4
Percentage Change from Prior Year	4.8	3.4	3.1	4.3	4.7	5.7	6.1	4.2	3.0	2.2	2.0	2.5	3.9	5.2	2.4
OECD Economic Growth (percent) ^b													2.4	2.7	1.9
Weather ^c															
Heating Degree-Days U.S New England Middle Atlantic U.S. Gas-Weighted Cooling Degree-Days (U.S.)	3363 3056 2353	516 939 728 561 356	48 67 33 52 932	1568 2181 1987 1694 79	2018 2948 2621 2171 36	415 840 591 460 423	93 205 90 106 866	1645 2268 2052 1769 83	2189 3207 2941 2324 35	533 928 748 585 346	97 183 123 112 780	1632 2266 2062 1748 78	4315 6550 5804 4660 1395	4171 6262 5354 4506 1408	4451 6584 5874 4768 1239

^a Macroeconomic projections from Global Insight model forecasts are seasonally adjusted at annual rates and modified as appropriate to the base world oil price case.

Note: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: latest data available from: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration; Federal Reserve System, Statistical Release G.17. Projections of OECD growth are based on Global Insight, "World Economic Outlook," Volume 1. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Model of U.S. Economy, October 2006.

⁶ OECD: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

^c Population-weighted degree-days. A degree-day indicates the temperature variation from 65 degrees Fahrenheit (calculated as the simple average of the daily minimum and maximum temperatures) weighted by 2000 population.

SAAR: Seasonally-adjusted annualized rate.

Table 1a. U.S. Regional^a Macroeconomic Data: Base Case

Table 14	. • • •	J. 1100	jionai	ivia	1000			, tu. D	400 0	2007			1	V	
-	Q1	2005 Q2	00	- 04	04	2006 Q2	00	Q4	Q1	2007 Q2	02	- 04	2005	Year 2006	2007
Real Gross State Produc			Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	2006	2007
	•	. ,													
New England		621.0	626.5	628.1	635.4	639.0	641.4	645.0	647.1	649.9	653.5	657.2	623.1	640.2	651.9
Mid Atlantic		1677.6	1691.4	1695.9	1713.7	1721.2	1725.5	1733.5	1740.4	1747.4	1756.9	1766.1	1683.1	1723.5	
E. N. Central		1643.3	1651.1	1650.8	1667.6	1676.6	1681.8	1690.3	1698.2	1705.6	1715.5	1725.4	1646.1	1679.1	
W. N. Central		705.0	709.9	710.8	720.0	724.1	726.0	730.4	733.7	737.4	741.5	746.0	706.8	725.1	739.7
S. Atlantic		2037.3	2066.7	2082.5	2115.9	2132.0	2142.9	2157.4	2170.7	2185.4	2201.9	2218.7	2049.7	2137.1	
E. S. Central		528.3	531.8	532.7	539.1	542.4	544.3	548.1	549.8	552.6	556.8	560.3	529.6	543.5	554.9
W. S. Central		1157.9	1166.0	1161.4	1180.8	1188.1	1195.7	1207.2	1217.7	1228.2	1239.2	1249.6	1158.4	1192.9	
Mountain		710.3	722.5	729.5	743.7	749.8	754.2	760.0	764.3	769.4	775.2	780.9	715.5	751.9	772.5
Pacific		1913.7	1937.3	1948.4	1976.3	1990.9	2000.5	2014.5	2027.1	2040.0	2054.8	2069.3	1923.4	1995.5	2047.8
Industrial Output, Manufa	acturing	(Index, Yea	ır 1997=100))											
New England	105.6	105.4	105.7	107.5	108.7	110.4	111.4	111.6	111.8	112.1	112.9	113.7	106.0	110.6	112.6
Mid Atlantic		104.7	105.2	106.6	107.7	108.5	109.5	109.9	110.1	110.4	111.2	112.1	105.4	108.9	111.0
E. N. Central	108.2	108.4	108.9	111.8	112.9	114.0	115.2	115.8	116.3	116.6	117.6	118.7	109.3	114.5	117.3
W. N. Central		114.2	114.9	118.1	119.9	121.9	123.1	123.9	124.5	125.2	126.3	127.6	115.2	122.2	125.9
S. Atlantic		107.9	108.7	110.7	112.5	113.8	114.8	115.1	115.3	115.6	116.4	117.3	108.8	114.1	116.2
E. S. Central	111.5	112.0	112.3	114.9	117.2	118.3	119.4	119.9	120.1	120.5	121.4	122.4	112.7	118.7	121.1
W. S. Central	109.7	110.5	111.6	113.7	115.3	117.1	118.3	119.0	119.3	119.9	121.0	122.2	111.4	117.4	120.6
Mountain	113.9	114.7	116.1	119.3	121.7	123.6	124.9	125.3	125.5	126.1	127.2	128.4	116.0	123.9	126.8
Pacific		109.2	109.9	113.1	115.0	116.9	118.2	118.9	119.2	120.1	121.2	122.4	110.3	117.3	120.7
Real Personal Income (B		000)													
New England		538.6	540.4	541.4	551.9	554.2	558.2	563.7	566.3	570.3	573.9	576.7	539.8	557.0	571.8
Mid Atlantic		1424.9	1431.1	1436.7	1464.5	1473.9	1485.6	1501.9	1508.7	1520.7	1531.2	1539.9	1430.3	1481.5	
E. N. Central		1389.6	1388.2	1386.8	1407.8	1419.5	1431.6	1447.6	1455.6	1466.1	1475.6	1484.4	1387.9	1426.6	
W. N. Central		596.5	596.1	600.7	610.1	613.2	618.4	625.6	629.5	634.5	638.7	642.4	597.9	616.8	636.3
S. Atlantic		1695.5	1704.4	1711.5	1742.4	1754.8	1772.7	1796.4	1810.4	1829.0	1845.0	1859.6	1699.6	1766.5	
E. S. Central		459.7	456.8	465.0	473.4	475.8	479.3	485.1	488.1	491.9	494.4	496.9	459.7	478.4	492.8
W. S. Central		939.9	886.9	957.5	975.4	981.7	991.4	1004.2	1011.6	1021.2	1030.5	1038.5	929.9	988.2	1025.5
Mountain		583.2	588.5	589.8	601.9	608.4	615.3	623.6	628.1	634.6	640.5	645.6	584.9	612.3	637.2
Pacific	1555.5	1563.7	1574.0	1582.9	1607.4	1616.9	1634.1	1656.6	1665.7	1680.7	1692.9	1704.4	1569.0	1628.8	
Households (Millions)	1000.0	1303.7	1374.0	1302.3	1007.4	1010.3	1004.1	7000.0	1000.1	7000.7	1032.3	1104.4	1303.0	1020.0	1000.9
, ,															
New England	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7
Mid Atlantic		15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.6	15.6	15.6	15.6	15.6	15.5	15.6	15.6
E. N. Central	17.9	18.0	18.0	18.0	18.1	18.1	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.3	18.3	18.0	18.2	18.3
W. N. Central	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.9	8.0	8.0
S. Atlantic		22.0	22.1	22.2	22.3	22.4	22.5	22.6	22.7	22.8	22.9	23.0	22.2	22.6	23.0
E. S. Central	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.2	7.2
W. S. Central		12.4	12.4	12.4	12.5	12.5	12.6	12.6	12.7	12.7	12.8	12.8	12.4	12.6	12.8
Mountain	7.5	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.6	7.8	7.9
Pacific	16.9	17.0	16.9	17.0	17.0	17.1	17.1	17.2	17.3	17.3	17.4	17.4	17.0	17.2	17.4
Total Non-farm Employm	ent (Mill	ions)													
New England	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9	7.0
Mid Atlantic		18.3	18.3	18.4	18.4	18.4	18.4	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.6	18.3	18.4	18.5
E. N. Central	21.4	21.5	21.5	21.6	21.5	21.6	21.6	21.7	21.7	21.7	21.8	21.8	21.5	21.6	21.7
W. N. Central	9.9	9.9	9.9	10.0	10.0	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.2	10.2	9.9	10.1	10.2
S. Atlantic		25.6	25.7	25.9	26.1	26.2	26.3	26.4	26.4	26.5	26.6	26.7	25.7	26.2	26.6
E. S. Central	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.6	7.7	7.8
W. S. Central	14.2	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.4	14.4	14.5	14.6	14.7	14.7	14.8	14.9	14.3	14.5	14.8
Mountain	9.1	9.2	9.3	9.4	9.4	9.5	9.6	9.6	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.8	9.2	9.5	9.7
Pacific	20.0	20.1	20.2	20.3	20.4	20.4	20.5	20.5	20.6	20.6	20.7	20.7	20.1	20.5	20.7
a Regions ref	or to I	IC Con	oue Divie	iono A	aamala	to list of	ototoo	comprisi	ing oooh	Conque	Division	io pro	vidad in	EIA'o	Energy (

^a Regions refer to U.S. Census Divisions. A complete list of states comprising each Census Division is provided in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/glossary/main_page.htm) under the letter "C".

Sources: Historical data: latest data available from: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; Federal Reserve System,

Sources: Historical data: latest data available from: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; Federal Reserve System, Statistical Release G.17. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy and Regional Economic Information Service.

Table 2. U.S. Energy Indicators: Base Case

		2005				2006				2007				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Macroeconomic ^a															
Real Fixed Investment															
(billion chained 2000 dollars-SAAR)	1791	1836	1864	1877	1915	1907	1899	1897	1884	1886	1885	1894	1842	1904	1887
Business Inventory Change															
(billion chained 2000 dollars-SAAR)	15.3	-13.1	-12.2	0.5	7.6	11.0	11.3	8.4	7.5	0.9	0.4	2.2	-2.4	9.6	2.7
Producer Price Index															
(index, 1982=1.000)	1.519	1.540	1.588	1.649	1.626	1.646	1.658	1.639	1.676	1.666	1.674	1.685	1.574	1.642	1.675
Consumer Price Index															
(index, 1982-1984=1.000)	1.922	1.940	1.966	1.982	1.993	2.017	2.030	2.025	2.047	2.052	2.061	2.073	1.953	2.016	2.058
Petroleum Product Price Index															
(index, 1982=1.000)	1.360	1.545	1.833	1.862	1.771	2.086	1.939	1.656	1.767	1.895	1.829	1.756	1.650	1.863	1.812
Non-Farm Employment															
(millions)	132.7	133.2	133.7	134.2	134.7	135.1	135.5	135.9	136.2	136.5	136.9	137.3	133.5	135.3	136.7
Commercial Employment															
(millions)	87.2	87.6	88.1	88.4	88.8	89.1	89.4	89.7	90.0	90.5	90.9	91.3	87.8	89.2	90.7
Total Industrial Production															
(index, 2002=100.0)	107.2	107.6	108.0	109.4	110.8	112.6	113.8	114.0	114.3	114.8	115.7	116.4	108.1	112.8	115.3
Housing Stock															
(millions)	119.6	120.0	120.1	120.5	120.9	121.3	121.6	121.9	122.2	122.5	122.8	123.1	120.5	121.9	123.1
Miscellaneous															
Gas Weighted Industrial Production															
(index, 2002=100.0)	103.8	102.0	98.5	98.0	102.1	103.1	103.9	104.6	105.1	105.7	107.2	108.2	100.6	103.4	106.6
Vehicle Miles Traveled ^b															
(million miles/day)	7682	8470	8354	7985	7791	8438	8332	8153	7818	8545	8551	8200	8124	8180	8280
Vehicle Fuel Efficiency															
(index, 1999=1.000)	1.013	1.072	1.049	1.023	1.026	1.064	1.031	1.023	1.012	1.061	1.049	1.021	1.039	1.036	1.036
Real Vehicle Fuel Cost															
(cents per mile)	5.02	5.27	6.19	5.90	5.75	6.63	6.74	<i>5.4</i> 5	5.77	6.02	5.88	5.63	5.61	6.16	5.83
Air Travel Capacity															
(mill. available ton-miles/day)	535.8	560.0	559.4	539.3	528.2	548.4	553.4	538.4	542.4	557.0	558.4	545.0	548.7	542.2	550.7
Aircraft Utilization															
(mill. revenue ton-miles/day)	309.0	334.7	338.3	319.5	313.2	341.1	341.4	312.0	316.8	340.8	346.1	324.4	325.5	326.9	332.1
Airline Ticket Price Index															
(index, 1982-1984=1.000)	2.218	2.402	2.449	2.396	2.393	2.527	2.585	2.465	2.472	2.500	2.502	2.444	2.366	2.492	2.480
Raw Steel Production								0.5.05	05.55	05.05	0005	05.00		405.05	400.0-
(million tons)	26.57	25.67	25.45	26.17	26.74	27.03	27.14	25.02	25.52	25.99	26.26	25.83	103.86	105.93	103.60

^a Macroeconomic projections from Global Insight model forecasts are seasonally adjusted at annual rates and modified as appropriate to the base world oil price case.
b Includes all highway travel.

SAAR: Seasonally-adjusted annualized rate.

Note: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: latest data available from: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration; Federal Reserve System, Statistical Release G.17. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Model of U.S. Economy, October 2006.

Table 3. International Petroleum Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Million Barrels per Day, Except OECD Commercial Stocks)

Demand Part Demand Par	(Million Barrels per Day	/, ⊏xceµ I	2005	Comm	ierciai S	locks)	2006				2007				Year	
Demand		1et		3rd	4th	1et		3rd	4th	1et		3rd	4th	2005		2007
CECD U.S. (60 States) 20.8 20.8 20.9 20.8 20.4 20.5 20.8 21.0 20.9 20.8 21.1 21.2 20.8 20.7 21.0 U.S. Territories 0.4	Demand ^a	131	ZIIU	Jiu	701	131	ZIIU	Jiu	401	131	ZIIU	Jiu	401	2003	2000	2001
U.S. (50 States) 20.8 20.6 20.9 20.8 20.4 20.5 20.8 21.0 20.8 21.0 20.8 21.1 21.2 20.8 20.7 21.0 20.8 21.1 21.2 20.8 20.7 21.0 20.8 21.0 20.8 21.1 21.2 20.8 20.7 21.0 20.8 20.7 21.0 20.8 20.7 21.0 20.8 20.7 21.0 20.8 20.7 21.0 20.8 20.7 21.0 20.8 20.7 21.0 20.8 20.7 21.0 20.8 20.7 21.0 20.8 20.7 21.0 20.8 20.7 20.8 20.7 20.8 20.8 20																
U.S. Territories		20.8	20.6	20.9	20.8	20.4	20.5	20.8	21.0	20.0	20.8	21 1	212	20.8	20.7	21.0
Canada																
Europe							-									
Section Color Co																
Other OECD 5.5 5.2 5.1 5.4 5.4 5.1 5.3 5.4 5.2 5.3 5.3 5.3 5.3 Total OECD 50.6 48.6 49.2 49.9 50.0 47.9 49.3 50.3 50.3 48.6 49.6 50.6 49.4 49.8 Non-OECD Tomor Soviet Union 4.3 3.8 4.0 4.6 4.4 3.9 4.1 4.7 4.2 4.7 4.2 4.3 4.3 4.3 Europe 0.7 0.7 0.6 6.9 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 7.6 7.6 7.8 7.9 8.1 6.9 7.4 7.9 Other Non-OECD 13.8 13.9 14.1	•		_			-			-				-			
Total OECD. 50.6			_								_			_		
Non-OECD			_		-	-			-	-	-					
Former Soviet Union		. 50.6	40.0	49.2	49.9	50.0	47.9	49.3	50.3	50.3	40.0	49.0	50.6	49.0	49.4	49.0
Europe		4.0	2.0	4.0	4.0		2.0		4.7		0.0	4.0	4.7	4.0	4.0	4.0
China 6.6 6.9 6.9 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 7.6 7.6 7.8 7.9 8.1 6.9 7.4 7.9 Other Asia 8.3 8.7 8.4 9.1 8.4 9.1 8.8 8.6 9.2 8.6 9.0 8.7 9.3 8.6 8.7 8.9 Other Non-OECD 33.8 34.0 34.2 35.6 35.1 35.2 35.4 36.9 36.2 36.3 36.5 38.0 34.4 35.6 35.1 35.2 35.4 36.9 36.2 36.3 36.5 38.0 34.4 35.7 36.8 Total World Demand 84.5 82.6 83.4 85.5 85.1 83.1 84.7 87.1 86.5 84.9 86.2 88.6 84.0 86.5 84.9 86.2 88.6 84.0 86.5 84.9 86.2 88.6 84.0 8.7 8.7 8.7 8.6 8.8 8.8 8.7				-												
Other Asia 8.3 8.7 8.4 9.1 8.4 8.8 8.6 9.2 8.6 9.0 8.7 9.3 8.6 8.7 8.9 Other Non-OECD 13.8 13.9 14.1 14.1 14.4 14.5 14.7 14.8 14.9 15.0 15.0 15.1 15.2 14.0 14.6 15.0 Total World Demand 84.5 82.6 83.4 85.5 85.1 85.1 87.1 86.5 84.9 86.2 88.6 84.0 85.0 86.5 Supply b U.S. (50 States) 8.8 8.8 7.9 7.7 8.2 8.4 8.4 8.6 8.7 8.7 8.6 8.8 8.3 8.4 8.7 Canada 3.0 3.1 3.0 3.3 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.3 3.5 3.4 3.4 3.5 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.5 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.6		-	-		-	_	-							-		
Other Non-OECD							_		-	-	_	-				-
Total Non-OECD. 33.8 34.0 34.2 35.6 85.1 85.1 85.2 35.4 36.9 36.2 36.3 36.5 38.0 34.4 35.7 36.8 Supply OECD U.S. (50 States)									-			_				
Total World Demand							_			_	-	-	_	_	_	
Supply OECD														_		
OECD U.S. (50 States) 8.8 8.8 7.9 7.7 8.2 8.4 8.4 8.6 8.7 8.6 8.8 8.3 8.4 8.7 Canada 3.0 3.1 3.0 3.3 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.5 3.4 3.4 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.5 Mexico 3.8 3.9 3.7 3.7 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.5 3.8 3.7 3.6 North Sea° 5.5 5.2 5.0 5.0 5.1 4.8 4.6 4.8 4.9 4.7 4.5 4.7 5.2 4.8 4.7 Other OECD 1.5 1.6 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.6 1.		84.5	82.6	83.4	85.5	85.1	83.1	84.7	87.1	86.5	84.9	86.2	88.6	84.0	85.0	86.5
U.S. (50 States)																
Canada 3.0 3.1 3.0 3.3 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.5 3.4 3.4 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.5 Mexico 3.8 3.9 3.7 3.7 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.5 3.8 3.7 3.6 North Sea ° 5.5 5.2 5.0 5.0 5.1 4.8 4.6 4.8 4.9 4.7 4.5 4.7 5.2 4.8 4.7 Other OECD 1.5 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.6																
Mexico. 3.8 3.9 3.7 3.7 3.8 3.7 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.5 3.8 3.7 3.6 North Sea °. 5.5 5.2 5.0 5.0 5.1 4.8 4.6 4.8 4.9 4.7 4.5 4.7 5.2 4.8 4.7 Other OECD. 1.5 1.6 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.6	,									-					_	
North Sea c			-			-								_		
Other OECD. 1.5 1.6 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.6 1.2 <th< td=""><td>Mexico</td><td>. 3.8</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	Mexico	. 3.8			-											
Total OECD. 22.5 22.6 21.2 21.3 21.7 21.7 22.0 22.3 22.0 21.8 22.2 21.9 21.8 22.1 Non-OECD OPEC. 33.8 34.2 34.5 34.2 33.9 33.6 34.2 33.8 34.0 34.5 34.8 34.2 23.9 29.6 30.0 30.3 30.0 29.7 29.3 29.7 29.2 29.1 29.3 29.7 30.0 30.0 29.5 29.6 Former Soviet Union 11.5 11.6 11.7 12.0 11.8 12.0 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.4 12.5 12.7 11.7 12.1 12.5 China 3.7 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.8 <td>North Sea ^c</td> <td>. 5.5</td> <td>5.2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>_</td> <td>4.9</td> <td></td> <td>4.5</td> <td>4.7</td> <td></td> <td>4.8</td> <td></td>	North Sea ^c	. 5.5	5.2			-		-	_	4.9		4.5	4.7		4.8	
Non-OECD OPEC			1.6	-			-	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	
OPEC		. 22.5	22.6	21.2	21.3	21.7	21.7	21.7	22.0	22.3	22.0	21.8	22.2	21.9	21.8	22.1
Crude Oil Portion 29.6 30.0 30.3 30.0 29.7 29.3 29.7 29.2 29.1 29.3 29.7 30.0 30.0 29.5 29.6 Former Soviet Union 11.5 11.6 11.7 12.0 11.8 12.0 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.4 12.5 12.7 11.7 12.1 12.5 China 3.7 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.8																
Former Soviet Union 11.5 11.6 11.7 12.0 11.8 12.0 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.4 12.5 12.7 11.7 12.1 12.5 China	OPEC	. 33.8	34.2	34.5	34.2	33.9	33.6	34.2	33.8	33.8	34.0	34.5	34.8	34.2	33.9	34.3
China	Crude Oil Portion	29.6	30.0	30.3	30.0	29.7	29.3	29.7	29.2	29.1	29.3	29.7	30.0	30.0	29.5	29.6
Other Non-OECD	Former Soviet Union	. 11.5	11.6	11.7	12.0	11.8	12.0	12.2	12.3	12.4	12.4	12.5	12.7	11.7	12.1	12.5
Total Non-OECD	China	. 3.7	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8
Total World Supply	Other Non-OECD	. 12.5	12.7	13.1	13.3	13.1	13.1	13.3	13.4	13.6	13.7	13.9	14.0	12.9	13.2	13.8
Stock Changes d (Incl. Strategic) and Balance U.S. (50 States) Stk. Chg	Total Non-OECD	61.6	62.2	63.1	63.3	62.6	62.5	63.5	63.3	63.6	63.8	64.8	65.3	62.6	63.0	64.4
U.S. (50 Štates) Stk. Chg	Total World Supply	84.1	84.8	84.3	84.6	84.3	84.2	85.2	85.3	85.9	85.8	86.6	87.5	84.4	84.8	86.4
U.S. (50 Štates) Stk. Chg	Stock Changes d (Incl. Strategic) a	and Bala	ance													
Other Stk. Chgs. and Bal. 0.5 -1.0 -0.7 0.3 1.1 -0.4 0.6 0.8 0.3 -0.4 -0.2 0.5 -0.2 0.5 0.1 Total 0.4 -2.2 -0.9 0.9 0.8 -1.1 -0.5 1.8 0.6 -0.9 -0.4 1.1 -0.5 0.3 0.1 OECD Comm. Stks., End. 2.54 2.62 2.64 2.59 2.59 2.65 2.75 2.66 2.62 2.67 2.69 2.63 2.59 2.66 2.63				0.4	0.1	0.1	-0.4	-0.5	0.6	0.2	-0.5	0.1	0.3	-0.1	-0.1	0.0
Other Stk. Chgs. and Bal. 0.5 -1.0 -0.7 0.3 1.1 -0.4 0.6 0.8 0.3 -0.4 -0.2 0.5 -0.2 0.5 0.1 Total 0.4 -2.2 -0.9 0.9 0.8 -1.1 -0.5 1.8 0.6 -0.9 -0.4 1.1 -0.5 0.3 0.1 OECD Comm. Stks., End. 2.54 2.62 2.64 2.59 2.59 2.65 2.75 2.66 2.62 2.67 2.69 2.63 2.59 2.66 2.63			-0.4	-0.6	0.6	-0.3	-0.2	-0.6	0.4	0.1	0.0	-0.3	0.3	-0.1	-0.2	0.0
Total			-1.0		0.3	1.1	-0.4	0.6	0.8	0.3			0.5	-0.2		
OECD Comm. Stks., End				-0.9	0.9	0.8	-1.1		1.8		-0.9			-0.5		
									_							
- INDITED EC CUCCIVII	Non-OPEC Supply		50.6	49.8	50.4	50.4	50.6	51.0	51.5	52.1	51.8	52.1	52.7	50.3	50.9	52.1

^a Demand for petroleum by the OECD countries is synonymous with "petroleum product supplied," which is defined in the glossary of the EIA Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109. Demand for petroleum by the non-OECD countries is "apparent consumption," which includes internal consumption, refinery fuel and loss, and bunkering.

b Includes production of crude oil (including lease condensates), natural gas plant liquids, other hydrogen and hydrocarbons for refinery feedstocks, refinery gains, alcohol,

and liquids produced from coal and other sources.

Includes offshore supply from Denmark, Germany, the Netherlands, Norway, and the United Kingdom.

Stock draw shown as positive number; Stock build shown as negative.

OECD: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

OPEC: Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries: Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

Former Soviet Union: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The

forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the International Petroleum Monthly, International Energy Agency, Monthly Oil Data Service, Latest

Table 3a. OPEC Oil Production

(Thousand Barrels Per Day)

ì	07/01/2005	September 2006		October 200	6
	OPEC 10 Quota	Production	Production	Capacity	Surplus Capacity
Algeria	894	1,400	1,430	1,430	0
Indonesia	1,451	890	890	890	0
Iran	4,110	3,750	3,750	3,750	0
Kuwait	2,247	2,600	2,600	2,600	0
Libya	1,500	1,700	1,700	1,700	0
Nigeria	2,306	2,200	2,300	2,300	0
Qatar	726	850	850	850	0
Saudi Arabia	9,099	9,200	9,200	10,500 - 11,000	1,300 - 1,800
United Arab Emirates	2,444	2,600	2,600	2,600	0
Venezuela	3,223	2,450	2,450	2,450	0
OPEC 10	28,000	27,640	27,770	29,070 - 29,570	1,300 - 1,800
Iraq		2,000	1,900	1,900	0
Crude Oil Total		29,640	29,670	30,970 - 31,470	1,300 - 1,800
Other Liquids		4,484	4,479		
Total OPEC Supply		34,124	34,149		

Notes: Crude oil does not include lease condensate or natural gas liquids. OPEC Quotas are based on crude oil production only. "Capacity" refers to maximum sustainable production capacity, defined as the maximum amount of production that: 1) could be brought online within a period of 30 days; and 2) sustained for at least 90 days. Kuwaiti and Saudi Arabian figures each include half of the production from the Neutral Zone between the two countries. Saudi Arabian production also includes oil produced from its offshore Abu Safa field produced on behalf of Bahrain. The amount of Saudi Arabian spare capacity that can be brought online is shown as a range, because a short delay June be needed to achieve the higher level. The United Arab Emirates (UAE) is a federation of seven emirates. The UAE 's OPEC quota applies only to the emirate of Abu Dhabi, which controls the vast majority of the UAE's economic and resource wealth. Venezuelan capacity and production numbers exclude extra heavy crude oil used to make Orimulsion. OPEC: Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries: Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. OPEC 10 refers to all OPEC less Iraq. Iraqi production and exports have not been a part of any recent OPEC agreements. Iraq's current production number in this table is net of re-injection and water cut. Latest estimated gross production is about 2 million barrels per day. Other liquids include lease condensate, natural gas liquids, and other liquids including volume gains from refinery processing.

Table 4. U.S. Energy Prices: Base Case

(Nominal Dollars)

(INOITIII	ומו טט	iiais)													
		2005				2006				2007				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Crude Oil Prices (\$/barrel) Imported Average a WTI b Spot Average	41.06	45.88 53.05	56.69 63.19	52.01 60.00	54.72 63.27	63.62 70.41	63.68 70.42	53.15 60.96	56.18 64.33	59.18 66.33	58.00 65.00	57.17 65.00	48.94 56.49	58.97 66.26	57.66 65.17
WII Spot Average	43.73	33.03	05.13	00.00	03.27	70.41	10.72	00.30	04.00	00.55	00.00	00.00	30.73	00.20	00.17
Natural Gas (\$/mcf)															
Average Wellhead	5.70	6.20	7.89	10.17	7.49	6.19	5.82	6.51	7.65	6.24	6.55	7.91	7.45	6.50	7.08
Henry Hub Spot	6.62	7.14	9.23	12.64	7.94	6.74	6.28	7.28	8.43	6.84	7.07	8.81	8.86	7.06	7.79
Petroleum Products (\$/g	allon)														
Gasoline Retail ^c	jalion)														
All Grades	1.98	2.23	2.59	2.43	2.39	2.89	2.88	2.30	2.43	2.66	2.58	2.42	2.31	2.62	0.50
	1.94	2.23	2.56	2.43	2.39	2.84	2.83	2.30 2.25	2.43	2.62	2.56 2.54	2.42	2.31	2.62 2.57	2.53 2.48
Regular Distillate Fuel	1.94	2.19	2.36	2.39	2.34	2.04	2.03	2.20	2.30	2.02	2.54	2.30	2.21	2.57	2.40
Retail Diesel	2.07	2.26	2.57	2.71	2.50	2.84	2.92	2.53	2.61	2.70	2.63	2.59	2.41	2.70	2.63
WIsle. Htg. Oil		1.53	1.80	1.82	1.75	1.99	1.95	1.78	1.83	1.89	1.84	1.86	1.63	1.85	1.85
Retail Heating Oil		1.96	2.25	2.34	2.33	2.45	2.38	2.30	2.36	2.38	2.25	2.35	2.04	2.34	2.35
No. 6 Residual Fuel d		1.01	1.14	1.23	1.25	1.29	1.28	1.14	1.21	1.22	1.19	1.21	1.06	1.24	1.20
Electric Power Sector (\$	/mmPtu														
• •			4 55	4	4.00	4 70	4.00	4.00	4.07	4.00	4.00	4.04	4.54	4.00	4.00
Coal	1.48	1.54	1.55	1.57	1.68	1.70	1.68	1.66	1.67	1.69	1.66	1.64	1.54	1.68	1.66
Heavy Fuel Oil e		6.56	7.59	8.33	8.02	7.64	8.21	7.35	7.79	7.98	7.94	8.02	7.11	7.81	7.93
Natural Gas	6.42	6.85	8.58	10.78	7.94	6.71	6.42	6.91	8.25	6.82	6.98	8.44	8.21	6.85	7.50
Other Residential															
Natural Gas (\$/mcf)	10.98	12.62	15.74	15.30	14.04	13.93	14.92	12.32	12.80	12.52	14.46	13.36	12.81	13.56	13.04
Electricity (c/Kwh)	8.69	9.54	9.86	9.55	9.73	10.61	10.93	10.42	10.03	10.94	11.22	10.66	9.43	10.45	10.72

^a Refiner acquisition cost (RAC) of imported crude oil.

Notes: Prices exclude taxes, except prices for gasoline, residential natural gas, and diesel. Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. Mcf= thousand cubic feet. mmBtu=Million Btu.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380; *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; *Monthly Energy Review*, DOE/EIA-0035; *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226.

^bWest Texas Intermediate.

^c Average self-service cash prices.

^d Average for all sulfur contents.

^e Includes fuel oils No. 4, No. 5, and No. 6 and topped crude fuel oil prices.

Table 5a. U.S. Petroleum Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Million Barrels per Day, Except Closing Stocks)

`	'	2005			ĺ	2006				2007				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Supply															
Crude Oil Supply															
Domestic Production a	5.51	5.53	4.89	4.78	5.04	5.13	5.17	5.39	5.46	5.40	5.37	5.50	5.18	5.18	5.43
Alaska		0.87	0.81	0.86	0.80	0.79	0.65	0.79	0.85	0.77	0.72	0.81	0.86	0.76	0.79
Federal GOM ^b	1.51	1.56	1.10	0.85	1.24	1.32	1.48	1.48	1.53	1.56	1.57	1.57	1.26	1.38	1.56
Other Lower 48	3.08	3.10	2.99	3.07	3.00	3.02	3.04	3.12	3.09	3.07	3.08	3.12	3.06	3.05	3.09
Net Commercial Imports ^c		10.43	9.96	9.87	9.79	10.22	10.44	9.78	9.62	10.28	10.05	9.85	10.09	10.06	9.95
Net Commercial imports	10.12	10.43	3.30	3.01	3.13	10.22	10.44	9.70	9.02	10.20	10.03	9.00	10.03	10.00	9.90
Net SPR Withdrawals	-0.14	-0.09	0.03	0.10	-0.03	-0.02	0.00	-0.04	-0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.02	-0.02	-0.01
Net Commercial Withdrawals	-0.38	-0.09	0.23	-0.19	-0.21	0.07	0.08	0.11	-0.17	0.07	0.26	0.02	-0.10	0.01	0.05
Product Supplied and Losses		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Unaccounted-for Crude Oil		0.15	0.06	0.01	0.07	0.03	0.05	0.03	0.11	0.15	0.10	0.05	0.08	0.04	0.10
															• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Total Crude Oil Supply	15.21	15.93	15.18	14.57	14.66	15.43	15.73	15.27	14.99	15.89	15.78	15.42	15.22	15.28	15.52
Other Supply															
NGL Production	1.85	1.83	1.66	1.54	1.68	1.75	1.74	1.77	1.76	1.76	1.76	1.77	1.72	1.74	1.76
Other Inputs d	0.43	0.45	0.44	0.43	0.46	0.49	0.51	0.45	0.46	0.47	0.48	0.46	0.44	0.48	0.47
Crude Oil Product Supplied		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Processing Gain		1.04	0.96	0.98	0.99	0.99	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.03	1.03	1.07	0.99	1.00	1.03
Net Product Imports ^e		2.09	2.57	3.11	2.29	2.32	2.40	1.96	2.28	2.17	2.19	2.14	2.45	2.24	2.20
Product Stock Withdrawn		-0.69	0.12	0.16	0.29	-0.46	-0.57	0.55	0.42	-0.55	-0.15	0.33	-0.02	-0.05	0.01
Total Supply		20.65	20.92	20.79	20.38	20.51	20.82	21.02	20.92	20.77	21.09	21.19	20.80	20.68	20.99
Demand		_0.00			_0.00		20.02		_0.0_				_0.00	20.00	20.00
Motor Gasoline	8.89	9.26	9.33	9.15	8.90	9.30	9.47	9.34	9.05	9.44	9.55	9.41	9.16	9.25	9.36
Jet Fuel		1.66	1.71	1.68	1.55	1.66	1.64	1.70	1.62	1.65	1.70	1.68	1.68	1.64	1.66
Distillate Fuel Oil		4.06	4.00	4.16	4.32	4.05	4.09	4.34	4.48	4.18	4.15	4.32	4.12	4.20	4.28
Residual Fuel Oil		0.79	0.99	1.00	0.82	0.63	0.68	0.72	0.79	0.69	0.68	0.77	0.92	0.71	0.73
Other Oils f	5.13	4.88	4.89	4.81	4.79	4.87	4.92	4.94	4.97	4.80	5.00	5.02	4.93	4.88	4.95
Total Demand	20.84	20.65	20.92	20.79	20.38	20.51	20.80	21.03	20.91	20.76	21.09	21.19	20.80	20.68	20.99
Total Demand	20.04	20.03	20.32	20.19	20.30	20.51	20.00	21.03	20.91	20.70	21.09	21.19	20.00	20.00	20.99
Total Petroleum Net Imports	12.15	12.52	12.54	12.98	12.08	12.54	12.83	11.74	11.90	12.45	12.23	12.00	12.55	12.30	12.15
Closing Stocks (million barrels)															
Crude Oil (excluding SPR)	320	328	306	324	342	336	329	318	333	327	303	301	324	318	301
Total Motor Gasoline		218	196	208	210	214	215	209	213	219	208	213	208	209	213
Finished Motor Gasoline		141	127	136	124	120	119	119	116	124	115	123	136	119	123
Blending Components		77	69	73	85	95	97	90	98	95	93	91	73	90	91
Jet Fuel		41	38	42	42	39	43	42	40	41	42	42	42	42	42
Distillate Fuel Oil		120	128	136	120	130	151	146	118	126	136	141	136	146	141
Residual Fuel Oil		38	34	37	42	43	43	43	40	40	37	41	37	43	41
Other Oils ^g	256	299	309	266	250	279	306	267	258	294	310	267	266	267	267
Total Stocks (excluding SPR)	973	1043	1011	1013	1006	1042	1087	1025	1003	294 1047	1037	1005	1013	1025	1005
Crude Oil in SPR		696	694	685	686	688	688	691	695	695	695	695	685	691	695
Heating Oil Reserve	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	695 2	2	2	2	2	2
Total Stocks (incl SPR and HOR)	1663	∠ 1741	1706	1700	1694	1732	2 1777	2 1719	2 1700	2 1744	2 1734	2 1703	1700	2 1719	2 1703
	1003	1/41	1700	1700	1094	1/32	1777	1719	1700	1744	1734	1703	1700	1719	1703
^a Includes lease condensate.															

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding, with the following exception: recent petroleum demand and supply data displayed here reflect the incorporation of resubmissions of the data as reported in EIA's Petroleum Supply Monthly, Table C1. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System model.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109, and Weekly Petroleum Status Report, DOE/EIA-0208.

^b Crude oil production from U.S. Federal leases in the Gulf of Mexico.

^c Net imports equals gross imports minus exports.

^d Other hydrocarbon and alcohol inputs.

e Includes finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural gas plant liquids for processing.

Includes crude oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gas, other liquids, and all finished petroleum products except motor gasoline, jet fuel, distillate,

⁹ Includes stocks of all other oils, such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids (including ethane), aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, wax, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils. SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve

HOR: Heating Oil Reserve

NGL: Natural Gas Liquids

Table 5b. U.S. Regional^a Motor Gasoline Inventories and Prices: Base Case

Table 3b.	<u> </u>	vegio	ilai i	WIOLOI	Gas	OIIIIC	11110	IIIOI I	3 an	u i iii	,co. L	Jase	Casc		
		2005				2006				2007				Year	
Sector	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	2006	2007
Total End-of-perio	od Gasolin	e Invento	ories (mil	lion barrel	ls)										
PADD 1	58.1	61.8	53.4	51.6	52.9	57.2	59.2	55.9	56.3	62.0	56.3	58.1	51.6	55.9	58.1
PADD 2	52.5	51.0	51.1	54.8	54.8	50.9	53.7	51.3	51.5	53.6	51.2	53.3	54.8	51.3	53.3
PADD 3	66.5	66.8	56.5	64.5	64.3	68.1	66.4	66.1	68.5	67.3	65.6	66.0	64.5	66.1	66.0
PADD 4	6.4	6.2	5.6	5.9	6.1	5.7	6.0	6.1	6.5	5.7	5.8	6.2	5.9	6.1	6.2
PADD 5	30.1	31.8	29.5	31.6	31.5	32.5	29.8	29.4	30.6	30.3	29.3	29.8	31.6	29.4	29.8
U.S. Total	213.7	217.6	196.1	208.3	209.5	214.5	215.2	208.8	213.5	218.9	208.1	213.4	208.3	208.8	213.4
Total End-of-perio	d Finishe	d Gasolir	ne Invent	ories (mil	llion barre	els)									
PADD 1		44.9	38.7	38.9	34.6	29.4	30.3	31.8	27.9	34.3	29.6	32.9	38.9	31.8	32.9
PADD 2		36.4	37.4	40.2	37.4	35.3	36.2	36.1	34.8	36.9	35.3	38.3	40.2	36.1	38.3
PADD 3	43.1	45.1	37.5	44.0	38.9	40.4	38.8	39.2	40.2	40.0	38.2	40.0	44.0	39.2	40.0
PADD 4	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.7	4.2	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.3
PADD 5	9.9	10.0	9.4	8.3	9.1	10.4	9.1	7.6	8.4	8.7	7.9	7.3	8.3	7.6	7.3
U.S. Total	136.4	140.9	127.3	135.8	124.5	119.7	118.6	119.0	116.0	124.2	115.4	122.9	135.8	119.0	122.9
Total End-of-perio	d Gasolin	e Blendii	ng Comp	onents Ir	nventorie	s (million	barrels)								
PADD 1		16.9	14.7	12.6	18.3	27.9	29.0	24.1	28.5	27.7	26.7	25.2	12.6	24.1	25.2
PADD 2	15.0	14.7	13.7	14.6	17.4	15.6	17.6	15.1	16.8	16.7	15.9	15.0	14.6	15.1	15.0
PADD 3		21.6	18.9	20.5	25.3	27.7	27.6	26.9	28.3	27.3	27.3	26.1	20.5	26.9	26.1
PADD 4	1.7	1.7	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.7	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.4	1.9	1.6	2.0	1.9
PADD 5	20.3	21.8	20.1	23.2	22.4	22.2	20.7	21.8	22.2	21.5	21.4	22.4	23.2	21.8	22.4
U.S. Total	77.3	76.7	68.8	72.5	85.1	94.8	96.6	89.9	97.5	94.8	92.7	90.6	72.5	89.9	90.6
Regular Motor Ga		ail Prices	s Excludi	ing Taxes	(cents/g	jallon)									
PADD 1		169.0	210.0	191.5	187.2	235.9	234.4	174.5	188.8	211.4	203.7	187.9	179.1	208.0	198.0
PADD 2	148.1	167.1	207.7	185.8	186.5	232.3	230.2	173.3	190.1	211.6	203.3	187.2	177.2	205.6	198.1
PADD 3		166.2	204.6	191.6	186.7	235.2	229.6	171.6	185.5	207.1	198.7	184.1	176.3	205.8	193.9
PADD 4	144.7	172.8	206.7	191.9	180.7	229.0	245.7	187.9	190.4	215.5	211.1	193.2	179.0	210.8	202.5
PADD 5	158.5	191.0	219.4	200.7	193.7	254.9	250.0	194.1	205.2	229.8	220.6	204.0	192.4	223.2	214.9
U.S. Total	148.1	171.3	209.7	191.0	187.7	237.3	234.9	177.3	191.6	214.2	206.1	190.1	180.0	209.3	200.5
Regular Motor Ga	soline Ret	ail Prices	s Includii	ng Taxes	(cents/ga	allon)									
PADD 1	192.6	216.8	258.5	240.0	235.4	284.5	283.8	223.6	237.2	260.4	252.8	236.7	227.0	256.8	246.7
PADD 2	192.6	212.3	251.1	230.7	231.6	277.4	275.8	218.7	234.8	257.0	249.1	233.1	221.7	250.9	243.5
PADD 3		209.5	246.0	235.0	227.4	277.1	272.0	214.7	228.5	250.1	242.4	227.8	219.0	247.8	237.2
PADD 4	190.8	220.5	253.8	239.6	225.7	273.5	291.1	233.8	235.5	261.8	257.6	240.1	226.2	256.0	248.7
PADD 5	207.8	242.1	269.5	253.5	243.2	306.0	302.6	246.6	255.7	282.2	272.8	256.3	243.2	274.6	266.7
U.S. Total		218.6	256.0	238.6	234.0	284.4	282.9	225.0	238.4	261.7	253.8	237.9	226.8	256.6	247.9

^a Regions refer to Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD). A complete list of states comprising each PADD is provided in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/) under the letter"P."

Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/) under the letter"P."

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding, with the following exception: recent petroleum demand and supply data displayed here reflect the incorporation of resubmissions of the data as reported in EIA's Petroleum Supply Monthly, Table C1. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109, and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380.

Table 5c. U.S. Regional Distillate Inventories and prices: Base Case

Table 5c. U	.S. K	_=	ai Di	Stillat	e mve		es and	a pric	es. D		ase				
	2005					2006				2007		Year			
Sector	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	2006	2007
				,											
Total End-of-peri				`	,										
PADD 1		45.3	60.2	58.6	44.7	55.4	68.7	65.8	45.4	51.3	61.2	60.7	58.6	65.8	60.7
PADD 2	27.6	29.6	27.2	29.1	30.8	25.1	31.3	31.1	28.6	29.3	28. <i>4</i>	30.9	29.1	31.1	30.9
PADD 3	29.5	31.0	26.8	31.8	29.6	33.2	34.6	33.9	29.4	30.1	32.2	33.0	31.8	33.9	33.0
PADD 4	3.1	2.4	2.2	2.9	2.6	2.9	2.9	3.1	2.9	3.0	2.6	3.3	2.9	3.1	3.3
PADD 5	11.0	11.5	11.3	13.6	12.4	13.2	13.6	12.4	11.6	11.9	11.4	12.7	13.6	12.4	12.7
U.S. Total	105.4	119.7	127.7	136.0	120.1	129.9	151.0	146.3	117.9	125.6	135.8	140.7	136.0	146.3	140.7
Residential Heati	ng Oil P	rices ex	cluding '	Taxes (c	ents/gallo	on)									
Northeast	185.7	195.6	224.1	233.4	233.8	245.4	237.6	230.4	236.7	238.4	225.8	236.3	203.8	234.9	235.8
South	188.0	194.5	226.0	236.7	235.0	239.3	230.3	227.5	236.1	235.5	222.8	234.8	208.2	232.3	234.1
Midwest	174.7	185.4	221.5	235.4	219.8	241.0	245.7	224.5	227.0	228.2	219.6	226.6	199.8	227.2	226.0
West	192.9	213.9	239.8	244.7	238.6	265.0	255.7	237.3	243.2	255.8	244.0	245.3	218.9	243.8	246.0
U.S. Total	185.3	195.8	224.8	234.2	232.9	245.0	238.0	229.7	236.0	237.7	225.1	235.5	204.4	234.2	235.0
Residential Heati	ng Oli P	rices inc	luding S	State Tax	ces (cent	s/gallon)									
Northeast	194.8	205.1	235.2	244.8	245.4	257.4	249.4	241.6	248.4	250.0	237.0	247.9	213.8	246.4	247.4
South	196.1	202.6	235.7	246.6	245.2	249.2	240.2	237.0	246.3	245.2	232.3	244.7	217.0	242.2	244.0
Midwest	186.6	196.3	229.3	252.7	232.8	256.5	266.1	236.6	240.1	240.3	232.0	239.3	216.2	248.0	237.9
West	200.6	221.3	246.8	254.7	248.0	274.2	263.0	247.0	252.8	264.6	251.1	255.3	227.1	253.1	255.4
U.S. Total	194.4	204.9	235.7	245.6	244.6	256.8	249.5	240.8	247.6	249.2	236.2	246.9	214.3	245.7	246.5

^a Regions refer to Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD) and to U.S. Census Regions. A complete list of states comprising each PADD and Region are provided in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/) under the letters "P" and "C."

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109, and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding, with the following exception: recent petroleum demand and supply data displayed here reflect the incorporation of resubmissions of the data as reported in EIA's *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, Table C1. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 5d. U.S. Regional^a Propane Inventories and Prices: Base Case

Table 50. 0.5. Regional Propane inventories and Price										15E C	ase		-		
		2005				2006				2007		Year			
Sector	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	2006	2007
		•				•			•						
Total End-of-peri	od Invei	ntories (r	million ba	rrels)											
PADD 1	2.1	3.4	4.2	4.3	2.5	4.6	5.0	5.0	2.9	4.3	5.1	4.9	4.3	5.0	4.9
PADD 2	8.4	17.6	23.1	18.0	11.2	20.7	26.3	22.3	11.3	19.6	25.8	21.6	18.0	22.3	21.6
PADD 3	15.9	30.4	38.7	33.0	15.6	22.5	36.0	30.4	19.5	31.3	38.4	30.6	33.0	30.4	30.6
PADD 4	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
PADD 5	0.4	1.0	2.2	1.4	0.4	1.4	2.5	1.6	0.6	1.4	2.7	1.9	1.4	1.6	1.9
U.S. Total	27.2	52.9	68.9	57.2	30.0	49.6	70.2	59.8	34.8	57.0	72.7	59.5	57.2	59.8	59.5
Residential Price	s exclud	ding Tax	es (cents	/gallon)											
Northeast	178.6	189.7	199.8	209.9	210.7	220.2	226.1	204.6	205.3	208.8	208.9	208.8	192.0	212.4	207.5
South	171.3	172.7	174.5	200.0	202.8	200.6	197.0	188.2	194.0	190.8	184.7	196.4	181.2	196.5	193.4
Midwest	136.0	137.7	139.6	156.5	158.6	157.4	154.7	150.9	157.9	152.0	146.7	154.5	143.2	155.1	154.4
West	168.8	167.3	165.4	196.3	198.8	198.6	185.5	182.8	187.4	180.1	169.7	187.7	177.7	192.5	183.0
U.S. Total	157.6	163.3	162.4	183.7	186.5	190.4	181.6	173.7	179.5	178.6	169.6	179.0	167.3	181.9	177.7
Residential Price	s includ	ing State	e Taxes	(cents/ga	ıllon)										
Northeast	186.5	198.2	209.1	219.4	220.1	230.0	236.4	213.8	214.5	218.2	218.4	218.2	200.7	221.9	216.9
South	179.8	181.4	183.6	210.1	213.0	210.7	207.0	197.7	203.8	200.4	194.1	206.4	190.3	206.4	203.2
Midwest	143.6	145.5	147.4	165.4	167.5	166.2	163.4	159.4	166.8	160.6	155.0	163.3	151.3	163.8	163.1
West	178.4	176.7	174.2	207.3	210.1	209.8	195.8	192.9	198.0	190.3	179.1	198.2	187.6	203.4	193.3
U.S. Total	165.7	172.4	170.8	193.4	196.3	200.4	191.1	182.8	188.9	187.9	178.5	188.4	176.1	191.5	187.0

^a Regions refer to Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD) and U.S. Census Regions. A complete list of states comprising each PADD and Region are provided in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/) under the letters "P" and "C."

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109, and Weekly Petroleum Status Report, DOE/EIA-0208, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, DOE/EIA-0380.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding, with the following exception: recent petroleum demand and supply data displayed here reflect the incorporation of resubmissions of the data as reported in EIA's *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, Table C1. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System model.

Table 6. Approximate Energy Demand Sensitivities for the RSTEMb

(Percent Deviation Base Case)

		+ 10	% Prices	+ 10% Weather ^e		
Demand Sector	+1% GDP	Crude Oil ^c	N. Gas Wellhead d	Fall/Winter f	Spring/Summer f	

Petroleum

Total

Motor Gasoline Distillate Fuel Residual Fuel

Natural Gas

Total

Residential Commercial Industrial The table has been replaced by a new analysis report:
Final Reduced Form Energy Model Elasticities from EIA's
Regional Short-Term Energy Model (RSTEM)
http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/steo/pub/pdf/elasticities.pdf

Electric Power

Coal

Total

Electric Power

Electricity

Total

Residential

Commercial

Industrial

Table 7. Forecast Components for U.S. Crude Oil Production

(Million Barrels per Day)

	High	Low	Difference						
	Price Case	Price Case	Total	Uncertainty	Price Impact				
United States	6.349	5.199	1.150	0.046	1.105				
Lower 48 States	5.582	4.443	1.139	0.040	1.099				
Alaska	0.767	0.755	0.011	0.006	0.006				

Note: Components provided are for the fourth quarter 2007.

Source: EIA, Office of Oil and Gas, Reserves and Production Division.

^a Percent change in demand quantity resulting from specified percent changes in model inputs.

^b Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

[°] Refiner acquisitions cost of imported crude oil.

d Average unit value of marketed natural gas production reported by States.

Refers to percent changes in degree-days.

Response during fall/winter period(first and fourth calendar quarters) refers to change in heating degree-days. Response during the spring/summer period (second and third calendar quarters) refers to change in cooling degree-days.

Table 8a. U.S. Natural Gas Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Trillion Cubic Feet)

(11111011 045	2005				2006				2007			Year			
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Supply		Į.				Į.					Į.		I		
Total Dry Gas Production	4.66	4.66	4.48	4.44	4.57	4.70	4.59	4.62	4.57	4.62	4.67	4.69	18.24	18.47	18.55
Alaska	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.47	0.46	0.46
Federal GOM ^a	0.93	0.89	0.67	0.54	0.68	0.72	0.75	0.77	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.83	3.03	2.92	3.25
Other Lower 48	3.61	3.66	3.70	3.78	3.77	3.86	3.73	3.73	3.66	3.70	3.73	3.74	14.75	15.10	14.83
Gross Imports	1.14	0.98	1.08	1.13	1.04	1.02	1.04	1.02	1.10	1.04	1.06	1.13	4.34	4.11	4.32
Pipeline	0.98	0.83	0.94	0.97	0.92	0.83	0.88	0.87	0.90	0.83	0.85	0.92	3.71	3.50	3.51
LNG	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.17	0.11	0.19	0.16	0.15	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.63	0.61	0.81
Gross Exports	0.28	0.17	0.15	0.13	0.18	0.18	0.17	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.22	0.73	0.72	0.84
Net Imports	0.86	0.81	0.93	1.00	0.86	0.84	0.87	0.83	0.90	0.84	0.84	0.90	3.61	3.39	3.48
Supplemental Gaseous Fuels	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.07	0.07	0.07
Total New Supply	5.54	5.49	5.43	5.46	5.45	5.55	5.48	5.46	5.49	5.47	5.53	5.61	21.93	21.94	22.09
Working Gas in Storage															
Opening	2.70	1.28	2.20	2.93	2.64	1.69	2.62	3.34	2.86	1.41	2.30	3.16	2.70	2.64	2.86
Closing	1.28	2.20	2.93	2.64	1.69	2.62	3.34	2.86	1.41	2.30	3.16	2.71	2.64	2.86	2.71
Net Withdrawals	1.41	-0.91	-0.73	0.30	0.94	-0.92	-0.72	0.48	1.46	-0.89	-0.86	0.45	0.06	-0.23	0.15
Total Supply	6.96	4.58	4.69	5.76	6.39	4.63	4.76	5.94	6.94	4.58	4.67	6.06	21.99	21.71	22.25
Balancing Item ^b	0.03	0.19	0.08	-0.37	0.02	0.18	0.27	-0.29	0.06	0.21	0.06	-0.42	-0.06	0.17	-0.08
Total Primary Supply	6.99	4.77	4.78	5.39	6.41	4.80	5.03	5.64	7.00	4.79	4.73	5.64	21.93	21.88	22.17
Demand															
Residential	2.32	0.78	0.35	1.36	2.04	0.71	0.35	1.40	2.32	0.78	0.36	1.37	4.81	4.50	4.83
Commercial	1.27	0.56	0.39	0.83	1.16	0.54	0.41	0.84	1.27	0.56	0.39	0.83	3.06	2.95	3.06
Industrial	2.12	1.90	1.79	1.87	1.99	1.83	1.83	1.98	2.04	1.83	1.84	2.01	7.68	7.63	7.72
Lease and Plant Fuel	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	1.07	1.08	1.08
Other Industrial	1.84	1.63	1.53	1.61	1.72	1.56	1.56	1.71	1.77	1.56	1.57	1.74	6.61	6.55	6.64
CHP °	0.24	0.24	0.25	0.20	0.21	0.28	0.37	0.26	0.26	0.29	0.31	0.25	0.94	1.12	1.11
Non-CHP	1.60	1.39	1.28	1.40	1.51	1.28	1.19	1.45	1.51	1.28	1.26	1.48	5.67	5.43	5.53
Transportation d	0.18	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.17	0.13	0.13	0.15	0.19	0.13	0.12	0.15	0.58	0.58	0.59
Electric Power ^e	1.09	1.40	2.12	1.19	1.05	1.59	2.31	1.27	1.19	1.49	2.01	1.28	5.80	6.22	5.95
Total Demand	6.99	4.77	4.78	5.39	6.41	4.80	5.03	5.64	7.00	4.79	4.73	5.64	21.93	21.88	22.17

^a Dry natural gas production from U.S. Federal Leases in the Gulf of Mexico.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Oil and Gas, Reserves and Production Division.

^b The balancing item represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas demand.

^c Natural gas used for electricity generation and production of useful thermal output by combined heat and power (CHP) plants at industrial facilities. Includes a small amount of natural gas consumption at electricity-only plants in the industrial sector.

^d Pipeline fuel use plus natural gas used as vehicle fuel.

^e Natural gas used for electricity generation and (a limited amount of) useful thermal output by electric utilities and independent power producers. LNG = Liquefied natural gas

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Table 8b. U.S. Regional^a Natural Gas Demand: Base Case (Billion Cubic Feet per Day)

(DI		2005	er hei	Day)	2006					2007		Year			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	2006	2007
Delivered to Consumers	1	1	1			1									İ
Residential															
New England	. 1.089	0.421	0.138	0.511	0.919	0.366	0.143	0.516	1.085	0.413	0.149	0.519	0.537	0.484	0.539
Mid Atlantic	. 4.911	1.733	0.626	2.394	4.192	1.464	0.593	2.415	4.751	1.699	0.649	2.455	2.404	2.157	2.377
E. N. Central	. 7.637	2.184	0.873	4.683	6.402	2.044	0.942	4.769	7.492	2.267	0.917	4.477	3.828	3.528	3.772
W. N. Central	. 2.410	0.678	0.282	1.349	2.086	0.594	0.294	1.395	2.413	0.672	0.293	1.360	1.174	1.088	1.179
S. Atlantic	. 2.498	0.694	0.330	1.519	2.117	0.553	0.331	1.510	2.396	0.663	0.329	1.493	1.255	1.124	1.215
E. S. Central	. 1.084	0.304	0.130	0.569	0.954	0.239	0.124	0.573	1.125	0.265	0.126	0.544	0.520	0.471	0.512
W. S. Central	. 1.790	0.525	0.289	0.825	1.529	0.467	0.287	0.880	1.835	0.484	0.290	0.853	0.853	0.788	0.861
Mountain	. 1.666	0.680	0.291	1.096	1.688	0.603	0.310	1.158	1.780	0.628	0.301	1.163	0.930	0.937	0.965
Pacific	. 2.722	1.370	0.868	1.801	2.766	1.452	0.800	1.985	2.868	1.524	0.892	2.038	1.685	1.746	1.826
Total	. 25.807	8.590	3.828	14.747	22.655	7.782	3.825	15.203	25.746	8.615	3.946	14.900	13.187	12.322	13.246
Commercial															
New England		0.265	0.143	0.326	0.542	0.236	0.142	0.330	0.577	0.253	0.142	0.334	0.336	0.311	0.325
Mid Atlantic		1.235	0.836	1.616	2.514	1.169	0.937	1.637	2.651	1.249	0.927	1.682	1.616	1.560	1.623
E. N. Central		1.202	0.691	2.257	3.151	1.165	0.719	2.260	3.570	1.219	0.692	2.176	1.934	1.818	1.907
W. N. Central		0.495	0.281	0.857	1.269	0.461	0.294	0.895	1.457	0.503	0.287	0.856	0.764	0.727	0.773
S. Atlantic		0.747	0.551	1.125	1.441	0.677	0.552	1.134	1.615	0.762	0.567	1.126	1.008	0.949	1.015
E. S. Central		0.273	0.195	0.416	0.597	0.236	0.181	0.402	0.716	0.264	0.184	0.390	0.385	0.353	0.387
W. S. Central Mountain		0.690	0.587	0.825	1.143 0.975	0.673	0.579 0.273	0.876 0.664	1.365 0.985	0.687 0.464	0.570 0.281	0.852 0.670	0.838	0.817 0.590	0.866 0.598
Pacific		0.493 0.805	0.273 0.681	0.657 0.952	1.249	0.455 0.841	0.763	0.956	1.210	0.800	0.638	0.955	0.588 0.909	0.951	0.899
Total		6.204	4.238	9.030	12.882	5.912	4.440	9.153	14.145	6.200	4.288	9.039	8.378	8.077	8.393
Industrial ^b	. 14.142	0.204	4.200	0.000	12.002	0.012	1.770	0.700	14.140	0.200	1.200	0.000	0.070	0.077	0.000
New England	. 0.347	0.214	0.152	0.231	0.308	0.212	0.150	0.201	0.289	0.207	0.158	0.265	0.236	0.217	0.230
Mid Atlantic		0.888	0.792	0.900	1.088	0.866	0.794	0.949	1.093	0.845	0.778	0.949	0.935	0.924	0.915
E. N. Central		2.889	2.595	3.203	3.630	2.722	2.601	3.265	3.804	2.764	2.471	3.178	3.151	3.053	3.051
W. N. Central		1.002	1.085	1.219	1.288	1.112	1.153	1.253	1.259	1.026	1.019	1.164	1.150	1.201	1.116
S. Atlantic	. 1.644	1.424	1.308	1.372	1.533	1.397	1.383	1.548	1.522	1.362	1.305	1.421	1.436	1.465	1.402
E. S. Central	. 1.403	1.204	1.087	1.202	1.286	1.181	1.151	1.373	1.420	1.239	1.191	1.316	1.223	1.248	1.291
W. S. Central	. 7.001	6.816	6.279	5.957	6.476	6.456	6.477	6.369	6.639	6.342	6.610	6.817	6.510	6.444	6.603
Mountain	. 0.876	0.759	0.732	0.866	0.937	0.753	0.672	0.858	0.890	0.744	0.707	0.833	0.808	0.804	0.793
Pacific	. 2.827	2.699	2.602	2.499	2.549	2.442	2.563	2.793	2.751	2.668	2.847	2.916	2.656	2.587	2.796
Total	. 20.489	17.895	16.632	17.451	19.095	17.143	16.945	18.609	19.667	17.196	17.085	18.860	18.104	17.944	18.197
Total to Consumers ^c															
New England	. 2.052	0.899	0.433	1.068	1.769	0.813	0.435	1.047	1.951	0.874	0.450	1.118	1.109	1.013	1.094
Mid Atlantic	. 8.876	3.856	2.254	4.910	7.794	3.500	2.325	5.002	8.495	3.793	2.354	5.085	4.956	4.641	4.915
E. N. Central	. 15.185	6.275	4.159	10.143	13.183	5.931	4.262	10.294	14.866	6.249	4.079	9.831	8.914	8.398	8.730
W. N. Central		2.176	1.649	3.425	4.643	2.167	1.741	3.543	5.129	2.201	1.599	3.381	3.089	3.017	3.068
S. Atlantic		2.865	2.188	4.016	5.092	2.627	2.266	4.192	5.534	2.787	2.201	4.039	3.699	3.538	3.632
E. S. Central		1.781	1.412	2.187	2.837	1.656	1.456	2.348	3.261	1.767	1.501	2.250	2.127	2.071	2.190
W. S. Central		8.031	7.156	7.607	9.149	7.596	7.344	8.125	9.838	7.513	7.470	8.522	8.201	8.049	8.330
Mountain		1.931	1.296	2.618	3.600	1.811	1.255	2.679	3.655	1.836	1.289	2.665	2.326	2.331	2.356
Pacific		4.874	4.151	5.252	6.564	4.735	4.126	5.734	6.829	4.991	4.377	5.908	5.250	5.285	5.521
Total	. 60.439	32.689	24.698	41.227	54.632	30.837	25.210	42.965	59.558	32.011	25.319	42.799	39.670	38.343	39.836

Regions refer to U.S. Census Divisions. A complete list of states comprising each Census Division is provided in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/) under the letter "C."

b Industrial representing only "Other Industrial" demand in Table 8a.

^c Total to Consumers excludes Lease and Plant Fuel, Transportation and Electric Power sectors.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130; Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 8c. U.S. Regional^a Natural Gas Prices: Base Case (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet, Except Where Noted)

(L	Joliars	s per i	nousar	ia Cub	ic Fee	t, EXC	ept vvne	ere ivo	tea)				_		
		2005				2006				2007				Year	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	2006	2007
Delivered to Consu	mers														
Residential															
New England	13.80	14.63	17.97	19.04	17.62	17.11	18.88	15.99	16.12	15.70	17.45	16.58	15.49	17.18	16.24
Mid Atlantic	12.31	13.66	17.62	16.81	15.98	16.08	18.19	13.71	13.95	13.96	17.11	14.96	14.03	15.51	14.43
E. N. Central	9.79	11.98	15.16	14.05	12.79	12.49	13.59	10.90	11.63	11.55	13.86	12.04	11.72	12.16	11.88
W. N. Central	10.06	11.93	16.77	13.99	12.61	13.22	15.45	11.99	12.26	12.19	15.26	12.90	11.88	12.69	12.62
S. Atlantic	13.03	16.12	21.78	18.98	17.14	18.73	21.73	15.21	14.65	15.84	19.91	15.78	15.85	17.03	15.52
E. S. Central	11.69	13.56	17.17	17.36	15.78	16.39	17.76	13.45	13.51	13.67	16.29	14.29	13.88	15.27	13.91
W. S. Central	10.19	13.20	17.30	16.28	12.80	14.12	16.86	13.47	12.51	13.25	16.01	13.73	12.75	13.56	13.22
Mountain	9.52	10.47	13.59	12.41	11.80	12.50	13.99	10.68	11.38	11.02	13.36	11.95	10.87	11.75	11.65
Pacific	10.70	10.94	12.09	14.03	12.89	11.56	10.97	11.32	12.34	10.37	11.37	12.47	11.83	11.94	11.85
Total	10.98	12.62	15.74	15.30	14.04	13.93	14.92	12.32	12.80	12.52	14.46	13.36	12.81	13.56	13.04
Commercial															
New England	12.54	12.63	13.23	16.86	15.50	14.17	13.05	12.45	14.24	12.94	12.87	13.69	13.66	14.19	13.72
Mid Atlantic	11.14	10.88	11.44	16.07	14.51	11.87	10.50	11.15	12.52	10.96	11.11	12.48	12.38	12.56	12.03
E. N. Central	9.07	10.08	11.53	13.41	12.38	11.18	10.36	10.07	11.11	10.08	11.00	11.41	10.68	11.30	11.03
W. N. Central	9.33	9.94	11.58	12.94	11.79	10.53	10.01	10.12	11.26	9.99	10.54	11.39	10.65	10.92	11.04
S. Atlantic	11.01	11.52	13.07	16.54	14.86	13.14	12.15	11.46	12.45	11.30	11.89	12.60	12.94	13.20	12.20
E. S. Central	10.75	10.86	11.78	15.97	14.67	12.71	11.44	11.55	12.50	11.04	11.58	12.66	12.30	13.07	12.19
W. S. Central	8.97	9.54	10.70	14.47	11.37	9.84	9.81	10.22	10.96	9.60	10.04	11.44	10.67	10.51	10.69
Mountain	8.53	8.68	9.72	11.07	10.65	10.37	10.33	9.58	10.18	9.16	10.32	10.70	9.42	10.26	10.15
Pacific	9.82	9.48	10.11	12.84	11.88	10.23	9.32	10.28	11.46	9.04	9.61	11.49	10.60	10.66	10.64
Total	10.07	10.47	11.74	14.57	13.19	11.59	10.68	10.77	11.85	10.51	10.99	12.03	11.56	11.90	11.56
Industrial															
New England	11.55	11.10	11.34	16.30	14.70	12.26	10.26	11.34	13.66	11.53	10.35	12.73	12.60	12.65	12.45
Mid Atlantic	10.27	9.74	9.90	15.33	13.22	10.71	9.18	10.13	11.97	9.55	9.33	11.33	11.29	11.23	10.82
E. N. Central	8.35	9.24	9.84	12.34	10.95	9.37	8.14	8.89	10.34	8.85	8.94	10.36	9.88	9.64	9.91
W. N. Central	7.68	7.64	7.91	11.39	10.53	7.49	6.96	7.95	9.50	7.66	7.71	9.47	8.81	8.26	8.71
S. Atlantic	8.39	8.44	10.02	14.83	11.49	9.33	8.17	8.73	10.45	8.58	8.46	10.10	10.40	9.41	9.48
E. S. Central	7.75	7.98	8.84	13.70	11.70	8.80	7.69	8.48	10.29	8.27	8.18	9.65	9.56	9.16	9.18
W. S. Central	6.20	6.85	8.33	11.02	8.26	6.85	6.20	7.05	8.43	6.95	6.99	8.53	7.95	7.08	7.72
Mountain	7.31	7.83	8.24	10.30	10.05	9.17	8.70	8.44	9.40	7.60	8.27	9.71	8.41	9.12	8.81
Pacific	7.00	6.06	6.09	9.19	9.13	7.16	6.46	7.47	9.09	6.85	7.11	8.79	7.13	7.63	8.01
Total	7.01	7.21	8.38	11.61	9.46	7.49	6.51	7.66	9.23	7.40	7.20	9.05	8.46	7.82	8.27
Citygate															
New England	7.86	9.16	12.50	13.27	11.03	9.68	10.09	9.31	10.00	9.01	10.00	10.57	9.80	10.23	9.95
Mid Atlantic	7.58	8.14	8.92	11.75	10.49	8.77	8.46	8.50	9.50	8.09	8.08	9.63	8.85	9.43	9.13
E. N. Central		8.01	9.51	11.18	9.83	7.99	7.11	7.87	9.14	7.96	7.89	9.22	8.75	8.69	8.89
W. N. Central	7.07	8.26	9.31	11.02	9.18	8.38	7.51	8.31	9.19	8.08	8.17	9.53	8.55	8.65	9.05
S. Atlantic	7.69	8.48	10.40	13.25	10.68	9.10	8.20	8.71	9.37	8.24	8.39	9.88	9.72	9.55	9.24
E. S. Central	7.12	7.81	8.80	12.24	10.45	9.12	7.43	8.39	9.22	7.86	7.85	9.59	8.79	9.36	9.00
W. S. Central	6.72	6.98	8.76	10.92	8.93	7.30	6.65	7.74	8.87	7.19	7.29	9.00	8.07	8.00	8. <i>4</i> 2
Mountain	6.19	6.50	7.16	8.77	8.11	6.95	6.31	7.04	8.08	6.47	6.81	8.44	7.09	7.42	7.79
Pacific	6.22	6.73	7.73	9.95	8.18	6.54	5.98	7.11	7.95	6.35	6.73	8.46	7.55	7.21	7.58
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^a Regions refer to U.S. Census Divisions. A complete list of states comprising each Census Division is provided in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/) under the letter "C".

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Table 9. U.S. Coal Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Million Short Tons)

		2005				2006				2007				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Supply				l.	•							•	•	•	
Production	285.8	278.8	285.3	281.6	288.9	293.0	293.7	282.6	291.7	281.1	285.5	295.4	1131.5	1158.1	1153.6
Appalachia	100.2	101.3	98.4	97.5	103.0	100.6	103.6	97.7	99.5	95.8	97.3	100.7	397.3	404.9	393.4
Interior	37.0	36.9	37.3	37.8	37.8	37.1	38.8	36.5	37.0	35.7	36.3	37.5	149.2	150.2	146.5
Western	148.6	140.5	149.6	146.3	148.0	155.3	151.4	148.3	155.2	149.5	151.9	157.1	585.0	603.0	613.7
Primary Stock Levels ^a															
Opening	41.2	38.7	38.4	35.0	35.0	35.1	35.3	33.2	35.1	34.0	32.5	30.1	41.2	35.0	35.1
Closing	38.7	38.4	35.0	35.0	35.1	35.3	33.2	35.1	34.0	32.5	30.1	30.8	35.0	35.1	30.8
Net Withdrawals	2.5	0.3	3.5	(S)	-0.1	-0.2	2.1	-1.9	1.1	1.5	2.4	-0.7	6.2	-0.1	4.3
Imports	7.6	7.2	7.8	7.8	9.0	8.0	10.0	8.3	8.0	9.3	10.5	10.6	30.5	35.2	38.4
Exports	10.1	14.8	12.6	12.4	10.7	12.6	12.7	12.0	10.6	12.3	13.1	12.1	49.9	48.0	48.0
Total Net Supply	285.7	271.5	284.0	277.0	287.0	288.1	293.2	277.0	290.1	279.6	285.3	293.3	1118.2	1145.3	1148.3
Secondary Stock Levels ^b															
Opening	112.9	111.8	123.3	106.0	109.4	119.2	143.6	130.3	119.7	130.2	147.8	131.4	112.9	109.4	119.7
Closing	111.8	123.3	106.0	109.4	119.2	143.6	130.3	119.7	130.2	147.8	131.4	134.9	109.4	119.7	134.9
Net Withdrawals	1.0	-11.4	17.3	-3.5	-9.8	-24.4	13.3	10.6	-10.6	-17.5	16.4	-3.6	3.4	-10.3	-15.3
Waste Coal to IPPs c	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.8	15.1	15.1	15.1
Total Supply	290.6	263.8	305.0	277.3	281.1	267.5	310.2	291.4	283. <i>4</i>	265.9	305.4	293.5	1136.7	1150.2	1148.1
Demand															
Coke Plants	5.6	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.8	6.7	6.2	6.1	6.2	6.6	6.2	23.4	24.4	25.1
Electric Power Sector d	256.2	242.6	282.4	257.8	251.0	240.0	277.6	267.3	260.3	244.5	283.2	269.7	1039.0	1035.9	1057.7
Retail and Oth. Industry	16.8	15.3	15.5	16.9	16.7	15.5	16.0	18.0	17.0	15.1	15.6	17.6	64.6	66.2	65.4
Total Demand ^e	278.7	263.9	303.9	280.5	273.5	261.3	300.3	291.4	283.4	265.9	305.4	293.5	1127.0	1126.5	1148.1
Discrepancy f	11.9	-0.1	1.1	-3.2	7.6	6.2	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.8	23.7	0.0

^a Primary stocks are held at the mines, preparation plants, and distribution points.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Quarterly Coal Report, DOE/EIA-0121, and Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (coal production).

b Secondary stocks are held by users. It includes an estimate of stocks held at utility plants sold to nonutility generators.

^c Estimated independent power producers' (IPPs) consumption of waste coal. This item includes waste coal and coal slurry reprocessed into briquettes.

d Coal used for electricity generation and (a limited amount of) useful thermal output by electric utilities and independent power producers.

^e Total Demand includes estimated IPP consumption.

The discrepancy reflects an unaccounted-for shipper and receiver reporting difference, assumed to be zero in the forecast period.

Notes: Totals June not add due to independent rounding. Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Table 10a. U.S. Electricity Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Billion Kilowatthours)

(Dillion	I KIIO VV	attiio	uisj												
		2005				2006				2007				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Net Electricity Generation															
Electric Power Sector ^a															
Coal	491.9	466.7	539.8	494.1	482.4	461.4	530.5	509.8	498.5	467.9	541.9	514.5	1992.5	1984.1	2022.8
Petroleum		22.9	38.3	28.8	13.8	13.7	21.3	18.9	23.0	20.9	26.4	20.6	115.8	67.7	90.8
Natural Gas		161.7	244.3	139.9	124.3	182.7	268.0	150.5	139.5	170.6	233.8	151.3	675.1	725.5	695.2
Nuclear		183.9	208.4	195.9	198.2	188.7	210.4	189.1	199.8	195.5	212.9	197.4	780.5	786.5	805.6
Hydroelectric	65.3	73.2	61.1	55.7	73.4	84.8	62.1	62.8	69.4	76.6	62.0	58.8	255.3	283.1	266.7
Other b		16.7	16.3	16.4	17.6	18.6	18.4	18.5	19.5	20.9	21.3	21.3	64.2	73.1	82.9
Subtotal	919.2	925.2	1108.2	930.8	909.7	949.9	1110.7	949.6	949.6	952.3	1098.2	963.9	3883.4	3919.9	3963.9
Other Sectors ^c	38.7	38.6	41.8	35.4	36.2	39.2	47.4	42.9	41.1	41.1	43.7	41.3	154.6	165.8	167.1
Total Generation	957.9	963.8	1150.0	966.2	945.9	989.1	1158.1	992.6	990.6	993.4	1141.9	1005.1	4038.0	4085.7	4131.1
Net Imports	5.5	4.9	8.5	5.8	4.7	4.3	8.7	7.2	5.2	3.2	5.6	3.7	24.7	24.8	17.7
Total Supply	963.4	968.8	1158.5	972.0	950.6	993.3	1166.8	999.8	995.8	996.6	1147.5	1008.8	4062.7	4110.5	4148.7
Losses and Unaccounted for d	45.4	72.8	69.1	55.4	39.2	75.7	68.1	66.9	46.4	73.8	64.4	66.1	242.6	249.9	250.7
Demand															
Retail Sales ^e															
Residential	338.2	291.9	418.5	316.2	331.0	303.1	417.8	317.3	353.0	300.2	402.3	321.4	1364.8	1369.3	1376.9
Commercial f		305.6	359.1	308.5	297.0	317.1	365.0	310.4	304.2	318.7	365.7	318.0	1265.2	1289.5	1306.7
Industrial		256.4	266.3	253.1	243.6	254.7	268.1	255.7	244.9	256.6	264.9	255.9	1021.3	1022.2	1022.2
Transportation ^g		2.0	2.1	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.9	8.3	7.9	7.7
Subtotal		855.9	1045.9	879.9	873.7	876.9	1052.9	885.3	904.1	877.4	1034.8	897.2	3659.5	3688.9	3713.6
Other Use/Sales h		40.1	43.4	36.8	37.6	40.7	45.7	47.5	45.3	45.4	48.3	45.5	160.5	171.6	184.5
Total Demand	918.1	896.0	1089.4	916.7	911.4	917.6	1098.7	932.8	949.5	922.8	1083.1	942.7	3820.1	3860.5	3898.0

^a Electric utilities and independent power producers.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Électric Power Annual*, DOE/EIA-0226 and *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (hydroelectric and nuclear).

b "Other" includes generation from other gaseous fuels, geothermal, wind, wood, waste, and solar sources.

^c Electricity generation from combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and electricity-only plants in the industrial and commercial sectors.

^dBalancing item, mainly transmission and distribution losses.

^e Total of retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers.

^f Commercial sector, including public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales and other sales to public authorities. These items, along with transportation sector; electricity were formerly included in an "other" category, which is no longer provided. (See EIA 's *Monthly Energy Review*, Table 7.5, for a comparison of "Old Basis" and "New Basis" electricity retail sales.) Through 2003, data are estimated as the sum of "Old Basis Commercial" and approximately 95 percent of "Old Basis Other"; beginning in 2004, data are actual survey data.

⁹ Transportation sector, including sales to railroads and railways. Through 2003, data are estimated as approximately 5 percent of "Old Basis Other"; beginning in 2004, data are actual survey data.

^h Defined as the sum of facility use of onsite net electricity generation plus direct sales of power by industrial- or commercial-sector generators to third parties, reported annually in Table 7.5 of the *Monthly Energy Review (MER*), Data for 2003 are estimates.

Table 10b. U.S. Regional^a Electricity Retail Sales: Base Case (Megawatthours per Day)

Table 105	. 0.0	. itegi	O i i a i		Oity .	· · · · ·	Jaioo.	Duoc	Juse (<u> </u>	Tattilo	u.o pc	Day		·
		2005				2006		T		2007		T .		Year	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	2006	2007
Retail Sales ^b															
Residential															
New England	141.1	116.3	148.1	127.8	135.4	112.7	147.4	130.2	139.8	115.1	145.9	127.5	133.3	131.5	132.1
Mid Atlantic	382.0	310.4	442.6	337.1	369.3	304.2	428.3	342.5	392.8	323.0	415.4	339.3	368.1	361.2	367.6
E. N. Central	552.9	454.5	639.5	491.6	534.6	441.0	628.6	485.3	563.6	465.6	613.3	499.6	534.7	522.5	535.5
W. N. Central	280.1	235.8	333.7	252.4	274.8	243.1	340.1	259.7	286.2	238.9	318.2	254.7	275.6	279.6	274.5
S. Atlantic	952.7	789.7	1156.8	860.0	924.0	834.1	1139.4	853.5	1007.1	824.7	1108.3	871.1	940.1	938.1	952.9
E. S. Central	333.6	265.1	395.0	296.7	328.2	279.9	399.4	297.4	344.7	274.8	386.5	300.7	322.7	326.3	326.7
W. S. Central	460.3	474.0	720.7	467.1	442.0	521.7	713.2	487.0	518.1	473.5	658.1	487.5	531.1	541.6	534.5
Mountain	215.4	209.7	301.3	212.9	223.4	232.2	310.3	216.6	237.7	223.3	296.5	224.1	235.0	245.8	245.5
Pacific Contig	425.0	338.9	396.9	376.1	430.8	348.7	420.5	362.9	416.8	346.8	415.6	375.3	384.1	390.6	388.6
AK and HI	15.2	13.5	13.9	14.8	15.4	13.6	13.9	14.2	15.3	13.7	14.6	14.2	14.3	14.3	14.5
Total	3758.2	3207.9	4548.6	3436.5	3677.9	3331.3	4541.1	3449.3	3922.0	3299.4	4372.4	3494.0	3739.1	3751.4	3772.4
Commercial ^c															
New England	143.7	139.9	160.7	142.3	146.4	144.6	160.4	140.9	149.2	145.2	160.5	143.0	146.7	148.1	149.5
Mid Atlantic	429.9	409.8	488.1	413.3	429.6	428.4	495.0	423.4	441.2	436.0	496.9	434.4	435.4	444.2	452.2
E. N. Central	470.5	484.9	541.0	474.9	485.3	491.5	552.9	477.9	489.2	491.7	550.8	483.0	493.0	502.0	503.8
W. N. Central	239.1	249.8	284.8	248.8	244.2	254.4	288.3	245.8	242.1	249.2	289.1	251.7	255.7	258.3	258.1
S. Atlantic	704.9	738.6	880.8	741.2	709.0	771.6	890.5	759.0	748.3	792.0	904.4	786.3	766.8	783.0	808.1
E. S. Central	206.0	217.7	261.6	216.4	206.5	224.7	264.9	220.2	215.7	227.2	266.6	227.8	225.5	229.2	234.4
W. S. Central	389.9	443.3	521.8	430.7	402.4	471.8	532.0	430.8	419.3	458.0	518.7	432.3	446.7	459.5	457.3
							275.6	226.8	225.9	240.7	270.8	231.4		459.5 245.1	242.3
Mountain	217.1	230.5	265.3	227.8	225.7	251.8			432.0		499.5		235.3		
Pacific Contig	426.4	427.5	481.8	440.7	433.6	429.1	490.7	431.9		445.2		448.6	444.2	446.4	456.5
AK and HI	16.4	16.3	17.0	17.4	17.2	16.8	17.6	17.4	17.4	17.1	18.2	17.7	16.8	17.3	17.6
Total	3243.9	3358.4	3902.9	3353.4	3299.8	3484.6	3967.8	3374.2	3380.4	3502.3	3975. <i>4</i>	3456.3	3466.2	3533.0	3579.9
Industrial							20.4			05.0					25.0
New England	65.1	67.0	71.7	66.0	61.1	62.0	66.1	65.7	62.7	65.8	66.0	66.5	67.4	63.8	65.3
Mid Atlantic	213.4	215.5	227.4	213.6	210.5	215.0	226.2	214.5	212.6	221.9	219.2	213.3	217.5	216.6	216.8
E. N. Central	579.7	598.8	602.3	587.0	571.4	579.2	601.4	586.1	585.1	593.3	598.6	584.9	592.0	584.6	590.5
W. N. Central	207.5	221.8	235.5	229.2	224.8	231.6	243.1	225.3	208.8	221.3	230.0	220.4	223.6	231.2	220.2
S. Atlantic	457.5	480.8	497.3	465.7	452.8	478.6	498.6	473.7	452.6	473.2	489.2	467.9	475.4	476.1	470.8
E. S. Central	353.0	353.6	340.0	353.2	352.4	353.3	352.7	353.8	356.5	356.0	354.8	357.2	349.9	353.1	356.1
W. S. Central	427.8	437.7	441.5	405.9	403.6	423.4	437.6	420.7	406.6	427.5	438.1	422.2	428.2	421.4	423.7
Mountain	186.2	197.4	214.4	188.7	188.6	208.8	221.8	196.3	191.6	207.9	212.2	196.4	196.7	203.9	202.1
Pacific Contig	223.8	231.8	249.4	228.4	228.5	233.7	251.8	229.2	230.7	238.6	256.1	238.4	233.4	235.9	241.0
AK and HI	13.2	13.8	14.6	14.0	13.5	13.7	14.7	14.1	13.9	14.1	14.7	14.2	13.9	14.0	14.2
Total	2727.4	2818.0	2894.1	2751.6	2707.0	2799.3	2914.0	2779.7	2721.1	2819.7	2878.9	2781.3	2798.1	2800.5	2800.7
Transportation d															
New England	2.1	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.7
Mid Atlantic	13.4	12.0	13.2	12.5	13.6	12.1	11.8	10.7	12.5	11.3	11.8	11.2	12.8	12.0	11.7
E. N. Central	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5
W. N. Central	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
S. Atlantic	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.4
E. S. Central	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
W. S. Central	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Mountain	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1
Pacific Contig	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.4
AK and HI	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	24.0	21.4	23.0	22.2	23.5	21.3	21.4	19.8	22.4	20.4	21.4	20.5	22.7	21.5	21.2
Total			20.0		_0.0					20		20.0		27.0	
New England	352.0	324.9	382.3	337.8	344.6	320.7	375.5	338.4	353.5	327.7	374.1	338.7	349.3	344.9	348.5
Mid Atlantic	1038.8	947.7	1171.3	976.5	1023.0	959.7	1161.3	991.2	1059.1	992.1	1143.3	998.1	1033.8	1034.1	1048.3
E. N. Central	1605.0	1539.7	1784.4	1555.1	1593.2	1513.1	1784.4	1550.8	1639.6	1552.1	1764.2	1569.0	1621.3	1610.7	1631.4
W. N. Central	726.8	707.5	854.2	730.6	743.9	729.3	871.6	730.8	737.2	709.5	837.4	726.9	755.0	769.1	752.9
S. Atlantic	2118.7	2012.5	2538.5	2070.3	2089.3	2087.8	2531.9	2089.5	2211.5	2093.3	2505.4	2128.7	2185.8	2200.5	2235.2
E. S. Central	892.6	836.4	996.6	866.3	887.1	857.9	1016.9	871.4	916.9	858.0	1007.8	885.7	898.2	908.6	917.3
W. S. Central	1278.4	1355.2	1684.2	1303.9	1248.1	1417.1	1683.0	1338.8	1344.2	1359.2	1615.1	1342.2	1406.3	1422.7	1415.7
Mountain	618.8	637.8	781.2	629.5	637.8	692.9	807.8	639.9	655.3	672.1	779.7	652.1	667.2	694.9	690.0
Pacific Contig	1077.7	1000.5	1130.6	1047.6	1095.3	1013.9	1165.5	1026.4	1081.9	1032.9	1173.6	1064.7	1064.2	1075.3	1088.5
AK and HI	44.8	43.6	45.5	46.2	46.1	44.1	46.3	45.8	46.6	44.9	47.5	46.1	45.0	45.6	46.3
Total	9753.5	9405.8	11368.7	9563.8	9708.3	9636.5	11444.2	9623.0	10046.0	9641.8	11248.1	9752.1	10026.1	10106.4	10174.1

^a Regions refer to U.S. Census Divisions. A complete list of states comprising each Census Division is provided in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/glossary/) under the letter "C."

Note: In this case, the Pacific division is subdivided into the Pacific Contiguous area (California, Oregon, and Washington) and the Pacific Noncontiguous area (Alaska and Hawaii).

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Electric Power Annual*, DOE/EIA-0226 and *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

^b Total of retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers.

^c Commercial sector, including public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales and other sales to public authorities. These items, along with transportation sector; electricity were formerly included in an "other" category, which is no longer provided. (See EIA 's *Monthly Energy Review*, Table 7.5, for a comparison of "Old Basis" and "New Basis" electricity retail sales.) Through 2003, data are estimated as the sum of "Old Basis Commercial" and approximately 95 percent of "Old Basis Other"; beginning in 2004, data are actual survey data.

^dTransportation sector, including sales to railroads and railways.

Table 10c. U.S. Regional^a Electricity Prices: Base Case (Cents per Kilowatthour)

Table 10c. U.S.	Region		ectri	CITY F	rice		se Ca	ise (C	ents	•	Iowati	(hour	i		
		2005	1			2006				2007				Year	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2005	2006	2007
Residential															
New England		13.4	13.6	13.9	16.1	16.5	16.3	15.8	15.6	17.0	17.3	16.7	13.4	16.1	16.7
Mid Atlantic	. 11.4	12.4	13.3	12.9	12.5	13.4	14.3	13.7	13.4	14.5	15.0	14.1	12.5	13.5	14.2
E. N. Central	. 7.9	8.7	8.8	8.3	8.6	9.6	9.7	9.1	8.7	9.4	9.7	9.1	8.4	9.2	9.2
W. N. Central	. 7.0	8.2	8.5	7.5	7.4	8.5	8.9	8.2	8.1	8.8	9.1	8.4	7.8	8.3	8.6
S. Atlantic	. 8.3	8.9	9.2	8.9	9.2	9.9	10.1	9.7	9.3	10.1	10.4	9.9	8.8	9.7	9.9
E. S. Central	. 6.9	7.6	7.5	7.8	7.6	8.5	8.4	8.0	7.8	8.4	8.5	8.1	7.4	8.1	8.2
W. S. Central	. 8.7	9.9	10.5	10.6	10.7	11.5	11.8	11.3	10.9	12.1	12.5	11.9	10.0	11.4	11.9
Mountain	. 8.0	8.9	9.0	8.6	8.4	9.2	9.5	9.0	8.8	9.5	9.7	9.2	8.7	9.1	9.3
Pacific	. 9.4	10.2	10.9	9.9	10.5	11.7	13.0	11.7	11.2	11.9	12.6	11.8	10.1	11.7	11.9
Total	. 8.7	9.5	9.9	9.6	9.7	10.6	10.9	10.4	10.0	10.9	11.2	10.7	9.4	10.5	10.7
Commercial															
New England	. 11.5	11.8	12.5	12.5	14.7	14.4	14.9	14.1	13.9	14.8	15.5	14.8	12.1	14.5	14.8
Mid Atlantic	. 10.2	11.2	12.3	11.6	10.9	11.5	13.0	12.3	11.6	12.2	12.8	12.4	11.4	11.9	12.3
E. N. Central	. 7.4	7.8	8.0	7.9	7.9	8.3	8.4	8.1	8.0	8.4	8.6	8.2	7.8	8.2	8.3
W. N. Central	. 5.8	6.5	6.9	6.1	6.2	6.8	7.3	6.6	6.3	6.7	7.1	6.5	6.4	6.7	6.7
S. Atlantic	. 7.4	7.5	7.8	7.8	8.3	8.5	8.9	8.7	8.7	9.1	9.3	9.0	7.6	8.6	9.0
E. S. Central		7.2	7.2	7.6	7.7	8.1	8.0	7.8	7.7	8.1	8.4	8.0	7.2	7.9	8.1
W. S. Central	. 7.6	8.0	8.8	9.2	9.1	9.1	9.6	9.1	9.0	9.5	10.0	9.5	8.5	9.2	9.5
Mountain	. 7.0	7.6	7.7	7.6	7.3	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.9	8.2	7.8	7.5	7.6	7.9
Pacific	. 9.6	10.6	11.9	10.1	10.1	11.6	13.1	11.9	11.1	11.8	12.6	11.8	10.6	11.7	11.9
Total	. 8.2	8.6	9.2	8.9	9.0	9.4	10.0	9.5	9.3	9.7	10.2	9.7	8.7	9.5	9.8
Industrial															
New England	. 8.3	8.1	8.4	8.8	10.3	9.9	10.3	9.8	9.6	10.0	10.5	10.0	8.4	10.1	10.0
Mid Atlantic		6.5	7.3	7.0	7.1	7.3	7.8	7.3	7.5	7.7	8.2	7.6	6.8	7.4	7.8
E. N. Central		4.8	5.1	4.9	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.3	5.1	5.3	5.5	5.2	4.9	5.3	5.3
W. N. Central	. 4.4	4.8	5.2	4.5	4.6	4.9	5.4	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.4	5.0	4.7	5.0	5.1
S. Atlantic		4.8	5.4	5.2	5.1	5.3	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.5	5.8	5.4	5.1	5.4	5.5
E. S. Central		4.3	4.9	4.5	4.4	5.0	5.5	5.0	4.9	5.1	5.5	5.0	4.4	5.0	5.1
W. S. Central		6.1	7.0	7.6	7.2	7.0	7.4	7.7	7.3	7.7	8.3	8.0	6.6	7.3	7.8
Mountain		5.3	5.8	5.5	5.2	5.4	5.7	5.5	5.3	5.7	6.1	5.7	5.4	5.5	5.7
Pacific		6.5	7.2	6.8	6.6	7.0	7.8	7.2	6.8	7.2	7.8	7.2	6.7	7.2	7.3
Total		5.4	6.0	5.8	5.8	6.0	6.4	6.1	5.9	6.2	6.6	6.2	5.6	6.1	6.2
Total												-			-
New England	. 11.5	11.6	12.2	12.3	14.5	14.3	14.6	13.9	13.8	14.6	15.3	14.6	11.9	14.3	14.6
Mid Atlantic		10.5	11.7	11.0	10.7	11.1	12.4	11.7	11.4	11.9	12.7	12.0	10.8	11.5	12.0
E. N. Central		6.9	7.3	6.9	7.2	7.6	7.9	7.3	7.2	7.5	7.9	7.4	6.9	7.5	7.5
W. N. Central		6.5	7.1	6.1	6.2	6.7	7.4	6.6	6.6	6.9	7.4	6.7	6.4	6.8	6.9
S. Atlantic		7.4	8.0	7.7	8.0	8.3	8.8	8.4	8.3	8.7	9.1	8.6	7.6	8.4	8.7
E. S. Central		6.1	6.5	6.4	6.3	7.0	7.3	6.7	6.6	6.9	7.4	6.8	6.2	6.8	7.0
W. S. Central		8.1	9.1	9.2	9.0	9.3	10.0	9.4	9.2	9.8	10.6	9.9	8.5	9.5	9.9
Mountain		7.3	7.7	7.3	7.1	7.5	7.8	7.5	7.4	7.8	8.2	7.6	7.3	7.5	7.8
Pacific		9.5	10.5	9.3	9.5	10.6	11.9	10.8	10.2	10.8	11.5	10.8	9.6	10.7	10.8
Total		7.9	8.6	8.2	8.3	8.8	9.4	8.8	8.6	9.1	9.6	9.0	8.1	8.9	9.1
ı otal	. 1.3	1.9	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.0	3.4	0.0	0.0	J. I	9.0	9.0	0.1	0.9	J. I

^a Regions refer to U.S. Census Divisions. A complete list of states comprising each Census Division is provided in EIA's Energy Glossary (http://www.eia.doe.gov/qlossary/) under the letter "C."

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following report: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following report: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. The survey includes electric utilities and energy service providers. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table 10d. U.S. Electricity Generation by Sector: Base Case

(Billion Kilowatthours)

		2005				2006	•	•		2007				Year	
-	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Electricity Genera	tion by S	Sector	I	I		I	ı	I	I				I	ı	<u> </u>
Electric Power ^a															
Coal	491.9	466.7	539.8	494.1	482.4	461.4	530.5	509.8	498.5	467.9	541.9	514.5	1992.5	1984.1	2022.8
Petroleum	25.8	22.9	38.3	28.8	13.8	13.7	21.3	18.9	23.0	20.9	26.4	20.6	115.8	67.7	90.8
Natural Gas	129.1	161.7	244.3	139.9	124.3	182.7	268.0	150.5	139.5	170.6	233.8	151.3	675.1	725.5	695.2
Other ^b	272.4	273.8	285.9	268.0	289.2	292.1	290.9	270.3	288.6	293.0	296.1	277.5	1100.0	1142.6	1155.2
Subtotal	919.2	925.2	1108.2	930.8	909.7	949.9	1110.7	949.6	949.6	952.3	1098.2	963.9	3883.4	3919.9	3963.9
Commercial															
Coal	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	1.3	1.4	1.3
Petroleum	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.3
Natural Gas	1.0	1.0	1.2	0.9	0.8	1.1	1.5	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.3	0.9	4.0	4.4	4.2
Other ^b	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	2.5	2.6	2.5
Subtotal	2.1	2.0	2.3	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.6	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.0	8.2	8.7	8.4
Industrial															
Coal	5.1	4.8	5.3	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.7	6.3	5.7	5.3	5.4	6.0	20.3	22.1	22.5
Petroleum	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.6	5.7	5.3	5.3
Natural Gas	17.9	18.4	20.5	15.7	16.3	19.3	24.8	19.1	18.5	20.2	22.3	18.3	72.4	79.5	79.4
Other ^b	12.1	12.1	12.3	11.3	11.9	11.8	13.1	13.9	13.5	12.4	12.4	13.3	47.9	50.6	51.6
Subtotal	36.7	36.6	39.6	33.5	34.4	37.1	45.1	40.9	39.0	39.1	41.4	39.2	146.3	157.5	158.7
Total	957.9	963.8	1150.0	966.2	945.9	989.1	1158.1	992.6	990.6	993.4	1141.9	1005.1	4038.0	4085.7	4131.1

^a Electric utilities and independent power producers.

b "Other" includes nuclear, hydroelectric, geothermal, wood, waste, wind and solar power sources.

Note: Commercial and industrial categories include electricity output from combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and some electric-only plants.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following report: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (hydroelectric and nuclear).

Table 10e. U.S. Fuel Consumption for Electricity Generation by Sector: Base Case

Table 10e. U.	<u> </u>	2005	J11041	pt.io	11.101	2006		, 0011	ioi atti	2007		ioi. E	<u> </u>	Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2005	2006	2007
Electric Power ^a					(Q	uadrillion	Btu)								
Coal	5.11	4.84	5.64	5.15	5.01	4.79	5.54	5.34	5.19	4.88	5.65	5.38	20.74	20.67	21.11
Petroleum	0.28	0.25	0.41	0.31	0.15	0.15	0.23	0.20	0.24	0.21	0.27	0.21	1.24	0.73	0.94
Natural Gas	1.09	1.41	2.15	1.19	1.05	1.59	2.35	1.27	1.19	1.49	2.05	1.28	5.84	6.27	5.99
Other ^b	2.92	2.93	3.06	2.87	3.09	3.11	3.11	2.89	3.08	3.12	3.17	2.97	11.78	12.20	12.34
Subtotal	9.40	9.43	11.26	9.52	9.31	9.64	11.23	9.70	9.70	9.70	11.14	9.84	39.61	39.88	40.38
Commercial															
Coal	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.02
Petroleum	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
Natural Gas	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.05	0.05
Other ^b	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.04
Subtotal	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.10	0.11	0.11
Industrial															
Coal	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.27	0.28	0.29
Petroleum	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.08	0.07	0.07
Natural Gas	0.19	0.20	0.21	0.16	0.17	0.19	0.25	0.19	0.19	0.21	0.23	0.18	0.76	0.80	0.80
Other ^b	0.18	0.17	0.17	0.16	0.18	0.17	0.19	0.20	0.19	0.18	0.18	0.19	0.69	0.73	0.73
Subtotal	0.47	0.45	0.48	0.41	0.43	0.43	0.53	0.50	0.47	0.46	0.49	0.47	1.80	1.88	1.89
Total	9.89	9.90	11.76	9.95	9.76	10.10	11.79	10.23	10.19	10.19	11.66	10.35	41.50	41.87	42.39
					(PI	nysical Ur	nits)								
Electric Power ^a															
Coal (mmst)	256.0	242.4	282.3	257.7	250.8	239.7	277.4	267.1	260.1	244.2	283.0	269.5	2.84	2.84	2.90
Petroleum (mmbd)	0.50	0.44	0.72	0.54	0.28	0.27	0.41	0.36	0.43	0.38	0.48	0.38	0.55	0.33	0.42
Natural Gas (tcf)	1.06	1.37	2.09	1.16	1.02	1.55	2.28	1.24	1.15	1.44	1.99	1.24	5.68	6.09	5.83
Commercial															
Coal (mmst)	0.19	0.18	0.20	0.18	0.19	0.16	0.20	0.21	0.20	0.15	0.19	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
Petroleum (mmbd)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Natural Gas (tcf)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.05	0.05
Industrial															
Coal (mmst)	3.07	2.89	3.09	3.03	3.02	2.83	3.23	3.65	3.30	3.07	3.08	3.48	12.08	12.73	12.92
Petroleum (mmbd)	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.03
Natural Gas (tcf)	0.19	0.19	0.21	0.16	0.16	0.18	0.25	0.19	0.18	0.20	0.22	0.18	0.74	0.78	0.78

^a Electric utilities and independent power producers.

b "Other" includes other gaseous fuels, nuclear, hydroelectric, geothermal, wood, waste, wind and solar power sources.

Note: Commercial and industrial categories include electricity output from combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and some electric-only plants. Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following report: Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (hydroelectric and

Physical Units: mmst = million short tons; mmbd = million barrels per day; tcf = trillion cubic feet.

Table 11. U.S. Renewable Energy Use by Sector: Base Case

(Quadrillion Btu)

		Year			Annua	Percentage C	hange
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2004-2005	2005-2006	2006-2007
Electricity Sector							
Hydroelectric Power ^a	2.656	2.682	2.967	2.795	1.0	10.6	-5.8
Geothermal, Solar and Wind Energy	0.459	0.473	0.532	0.622	3.1	12.5	16.9
Biofuels b	0.510	0.531	0.534	0.531	4.1	0.6	-0.6
Total	3.625	3.686	4.033	3.949	1.7	9.4	-2.1
Other Sectors ^c							
Residential and Commercial d	0.622	0.625	0.607	0.625	0.5	-2.9	3.0
Residential	0.483	0.495	0.474	0.481	2.5	-4.2	1.5
Commercial	0.139	0.130	0.133	0.144	-6.5	2.3	8.3
Industrial ^e	1.674	1.410	1.550	1.449	-15.8	9.9	-6.5
Transportation f	0.296	0.340	0.440	0.531	14.9	29.4	20.7
Total	2.592	2.375	2.597	2.605	-8.4	9.3	0.3
Total Renewable Energy Demand	6.217	6.061	6.630	6.554	-2.5	9.4	-1.1

^a Conventional hydroelectric power only. Hydroelectricity generated by pumped storage is not included in renewable energy.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226 and *Renewable Energy Annual*, DOE/EIA-0603.Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

^b Biofuels are fuelwood, wood byproducts, waste wood, municipal solid waste, manufacturing process waste, and alcohol fuels.

^c Renewable energy includes minor components of non-marketed renewable energy, which is renewable energy that is neither bought nor sold, either directly or indirectly as inputs to marketed energy. EIA does not estimate or project total consumption of non-marketed renewable energy.

d Includes biofuels and solar energy consumed in the residential and commercial sectors.

^e Consists primarily of biofuels for use other than in electricity cogeneration.

^f Ethanol blended into gasoline.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Table A1. Annual U.S. Energy Supply and Demand: Base Case

rabio / mraar oro: Energy cap	,							Year							
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP)															
(billion chained 2000 dollars)	7533	7835	8032	8329	8704	9067	9470	9817	9891	10049	10301	10704	11049	11413	11683
Imported Crude Oil Price $^{\rm a}$ (nominal dollars per barrel) .	16.13	15.53	17.14	20.62	18.49	12.07	17.26	27.72	22.00	23.71	27.73	35.99	48.94	58.97	57.66
Petroleum Supply															
Crude Oil Production ^b (million barrels per day)	6.85	6.66	6.56	6.46	6.45	6.25	5.88	5.82	5.80	5.75	5.68	5.42	5.18	5.18	5.43
(million barrels per day)	7.63	8.07	7.89	8.50	9.16	9.76	9.92	10.43	10.91	10.56	11.19	12.10	12.55	12.30	12.15
Energy Demand															
Petroleum (million barrels per day)	17.24	17.72	17.72	18.31	18.62	18.92	19.52	19.70	19.65	19.76	20.03	20.73	20.80	20.68	20.99
Natural Gas (trillion cubic feet)	20.79	21.25	22.21	22.60	22.73	22.25	22.41	23.45	22.24	23.01	22.28	22.43	21.93	21.88	22.17
Coal (million short tons)	944	951	962	1006	1030	1037	1039	1084	1060	1066	1095	1107	1127	1126	1148
Electricity (billion kilowatthours)															
Retail Sales ^c	2861	2935	3013	3101	3146	3264	3312	3421	3382	3466	3489	3548	3660	3689	3714
Other Use/Sales d	128	134	144	146	148	161	183	171	163	166	168	168	161	172	184
Total	2989	3069	3157	3247	3294	3425	3495	3592	3545	3632	3658	3717	3820	3861	3898
Total Energy Demand ^e (quadrillion Btu) Total Energy Demand per Dollar of GDP	87.6	89.3	91.3	94.3	94.8	95.2	96.8	99.0	96.5	97.9	98.3	99.7	99.4	99.5	100.9
(thousand Btu per 2000 Dollar)	11.63	11.39	11.36	11.32	10.89	10.50	10.23	10.10	9.75	9.74	9.54	9.32	9.00	8.72	8.64

^a Refers to the imported cost of crude oil to U.S. refiners.

Notes: SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve. Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Sources: Historical data: Latest data available from Bureau of Economic Analysis; EIA; latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109; *Petroleum Supply Annual*, DOE/EIA-0340/2; *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; *Quarterly Coal Report*, DOE/EIA-0121; *International Petroleum Monthly*, DOE/EIA-520, and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report* DOE/EIA-0208. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy, October 2006.

^bIncludes lease condensate.

^c Total of retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers. Utility sales for historical periods are reported in Energy Information Administration (EIA) Electric Power Monthly and Electric Power Annual. Power marketers' sales for historical periods are reported in EIA's Electric Sales and Revenue, Appendix C.

^d Defined as the sum of facility use of onsite net electricity generation plus direct sales of power by industrial- or commercial-sector generators to third parties, reported annually in Table 7.5 of the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)*. Data for 2003 are estimates.

^e "Total Energy Demand" refers to the aggregate energy concept presented in EIA's *Annual Energy Review*, DOE/EIA-0384 (*AER*), Table 1.1. The conversion from physical units to Btu is calculated using a subset of conversion factors used in the calculations performed for gross energy consumption in EIA, *Monthly Energy Review* (*MER*). Consequently, the historical data may not precisely match those published in the *MER* or the *AER*.

Table A2. Annual U.S. Macroeconomic and Weather Indicators: Base Case

				<u> </u>				Year					·		
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Macroeconomic															
Real Gross Domestic Product															
(billion chained 2000 dollars)	7533	7835	8032	8329	8704	9067	9470	9817	9891	10049	10301	10704	11049	11413	11683
GDP Implicit Price Deflator															
(Index, 2000=100)	88.4	90.3	92.1	93.9	95.4	96.5	97.9	100.0	102.4	104.2	106.4	109.4	112.7	116.1	118.5
Real Disposable Personal Income															
(billion chained 2000 Dollars)	5594	5746	5906	6081	6296	6664	6862	7194	7333	7562	7730	8011	8105	8371	8663
Manufacturing Production															
(Index, 1997=100)	69.1	73.5	77.6	81.4	88.3	94.2	99.3	104.0	99.7	100.0	100.7	105.8	109.9	115.6	118.4
Real Fixed Investment															
(billion chained 2000 dollars)	953	1042	1110	1209	1321	1455	1576	1679	1629	1545	1597	1714	1842	1904	1887
Business Inventory Change															
(billion chained 2000 dollars)	3.4	11.5	13.4	9.7	20.7	18.6	17.0	7.9	-21.3	-5.9	-9.4	-0.4	-2.4	9.6	2.7
Producer Price Index	4 400	4 005	4 0 4 0	4 0==	4.0=0	4.044	4.055	4 000	4 0 40	4.044	4 004	4 40=	4 4		
(index, 1982=1.000)	1.189	1.205	1.248	1.277	1.276	1.244	1.255	1.328	1.342	1.311	1.381	1.467	1.574	1.642	1.675
Consumer Price Index	4 445	4 400	4 504	4 500	4 005	4 000	4 000	4 700	4 770	4 700	4 0 4 0	4 000	4.050	0.040	0.050
(index, 1982-1984=1.000)	1.445	1.482	1.524	1.569	1.605	1.630	1.666	1.722	1.770	1.799	1.840	1.889	1.953	2.016	2.058
Petroleum Product Price Index	0.000	0.504	0.000	0.704	0.000	0.540	0.000	0.040	0.050	0.705	0.077	4 400	4.050	4 000	4 0 4 0
(index, 1982=1.000)	0.620	0.591	0.608	0.701	0.680	0.513	0.609	0.913	0.853	0.795	0.977	1.199	1.650	1.863	1.812
Non-Farm Employment	440.0	4440	447.0	440.7	400.0	405.0	400.0	404.0	424.0	420.2	420.0	404.4	400 5	405.0	400.7
(millions)	110.8	114.3	117.3	119.7	122.8	125.9	129.0	131.8	131.8	130.3	130.0	131.4	133.5	135.3	136.7
Commercial Employment	68.1	70.6	73.1	75.1	77.6	80.0	82.5	84.6	85.1	84.6	85.0	86.3	87.8	89.2	90.7
(millions) Total Industrial Production	00.1	70.0	73.1	75.1	11.0	00.0	02.3	04.0	03.1	04.0	65.0	00.3	07.0	09.2	90.7
(index, 1997=100.0)	72.6	76.5	80.2	83.6	89.7	94.9	99.3	103.5	99.9	100.0	100.6	104.7	108.1	112.8	115.3
Housing Stock	12.0	70.5	00.2	03.0	09.7	94.9	99.3	103.5	99.9	100.0	100.6	104.7	100.1	112.0	113.3
(millions)	104.4	106.0	107.2	108.7	110.2	111.9	113.0	114.0	115.2	116.3	117.6	119.1	120.5	121.9	123.1
Weather ^a															
Heating Degree-Days															
U.S	4671	4470	4516	4689	4525	3946	4154	4447	4193	4272	4459	4289	4315	4171	4451
New England	6803	6748	6632	6749	6726	5743	6013	6584	6112	6098	6847	6612	6550	6262	6584
Middle Atlantic	6039	6083	5967	6118	5942	4924	5495	5942	5438	5371	6097	5749	5804	5354	5874
U.S. Gas-Weighted	5062	4861	4905	5092	4911	4271	4510	4796	4534	4635	4828	4641	4660	4506	4768
Cooling Degree-Days (U.S.)	1251	1254	1322	1216	1195	1438	1328	1268	1288	1398	1292	1232	1395	1408	1239

^a Population-weighted degree-days. A degree-day indicates the temperature variation from 65 degrees Fahrenheit (calculated as the simple average of the daily minimum and maximum temperatures) weighted by 2000 population.

Sources: Historical data: latest data available from: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA); Federal Reserve System, Statistical Release G.17; U.S. Department of Transportation; American Iron and Steel Institute. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy October 2006. Degree-day projections are from NOAA's Climate Prediction Center.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table A3. U.S. Energy Supply and Demand: Base Case (Quadrillion Btu except where noted)

								Year							
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Production			•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Coal	20.25	22.11	22.03	22.68	23.21	23.94	23.19	22.62	23.49	22.62	21.97	22.71	23.01	23.55	23.46
Natural Gas	18.58	19.35	19.08	19.27	19.32	19.61	19.34	19.66	20.20	19.44	19.69	19.26	18.79	19.03	19.10
Crude Oil	14.49	14.10	13.89	13.72	13.66	13.24	12.45	12.36	12.28	12.16	12.03	11.50	10.96	10.97	11.50
Natural Gas Liquids	2.41	2.39	2.44	2.53	2.50	2.42	2.53	2.61	2.55	2.56	2.35	2.47	2.33	2.36	2.40
Nuclear	6.41	6.69	7.08	7.09	6.60	7.07	7.61	7.86	8.03	8.14	7.96	8.22	8.13	8.20	8.39
Hydroelectric		2.65	3.18	3.56	3.60	3.25	3.21	2.75	2.15	2.60	2.74	2.61	2.65	2.94	2.77
Other Renewables	3.30	3.39	3.41	3.52	3.47	3.27	3.33	3.36	3.11	3.24	3.32	3.53	3.35	3.61	3.72
Total	68.29	70.68	71.11	72.37	72.35	72.79	71.65	71.23	71.82	70.77	70.05	70.30	69.22	70.65	71.34
Net Imports															
Coal	-1.76	-1.66	-2.08	-2.17	-2.01	-1.87	-1.30	-1.21	-0.77	-0.61	-0.49	-0.57	-0.51	-0.34	-0.26
Natural Gas	2.25	2.52	2.74	2.85	2.90	3.06	3.50	3.62	3.69	3.58	3.36	3.50	3.71	3.49	3.58
Crude Oil	13.46	12.42	13.60	14.58	15.71	15.30	16.40	17.50	18.50	18.85	19.86	20.79	20.81	20.73	20.51
Petroleum Products		1.80	1.36	1.82	1.55	1.59	1.82	2.14	2.44	2.33	2.52	3.11	3.70	3.19	3.06
Electricity	0.09	0.15	0.13	0.14	0.12	0.09	0.10	0.12	0.08	0.07	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.08	0.06
Coal Coke		0.06	0.06	0.02	0.05	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.03	0.06	0.05	0.14	0.04	0.05	0.06
Total	15.91	15.29	15.82	17.24	18.32	18.24	20.59	22.23	23.96	24.28	25.32	27.01	27.83	27.20	27.00
Adjustments ^a	1.74	1.60	2.32	1.62	3.56	3.70	2.91	3.31	3.12	1.32	2.66	0.85	0.80	0.09	0.98
Demand															
Coal	19.84	19.91	20.09	21.00	21.45	21.66	21.62	22.58	21.94	22.22	22.81	22.47	22.80	22.83	23.24
Natural Gas	20.84	21.35	21.84	22.78	23.20	23.33	22.94	23.01	23.92	22.91	23.66	22.51	22.06	21.99	22.30
Petroleum	33.83	34.66	34.56	35.76	36.27	36.93	37.96	38.40	38.33	38.41	39.06	40.60	40.74	40.35	41.00
Nuclear	6.41	6.69	7.08	7.09	6.60	7.07	7.61	7.86	8.03	8.14	7.96	8.22	8.13	8.20	8.39
Other		4.96	5.69	4.59	6.72	5.74	5.02	4.92	6.68	4.70	4.54	4.36	4.12	4.57	4.39
Total		87.58	89.25	91.22	94.22	94.73	95.15	96.77	98.91	96.38	98.03	98.16	97.86	97.95	99.32

^a Balancing item, includes stock changes, losses, gains, miscellaneous blending components, and unaccounted-for supply.

Sources: Historical data: Annual Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0384; projections generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table A4. Annual Average U.S. Energy Prices: Base Case

(Nominal Dollars)

								Year							
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Crude Oil Prices (dollars per barrel)															
Imported Average a	16.13	15.53	17.14	20.62	18.49	12.07	17.26	27.72	22.00	23.71	27.73	35.99	48.94	58.97	57.66
WTI ^b Spot Average	18.49	17.16	18.41	22.11	20.61	14.45	19.25	30.29	25.95	26.12	31.12	41.44	56.49	66.26	65.17
Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cub	ic feet)														
Average Wellhead	2.04	1.85	1.55	2.17	2.32	1.96	2.19	3.70	4.01	2.95	4.89	5.45	7.45	6.50	7.08
Henry Hub Spot	2.19	1.97	1.74	2.84	2.57	2.15	2.34	4.45	4.08	3.46	5.64	6.08	8.86	7.06	7.79
Petroleum Products															
Gasoline Retail ^c (dollars per gallon)															
All Grades	1.13	1.13	1.16	1.25	1.24	1.07	1.18	1.53	1.47	1.39	1.60	1.89	2.31	2.62	2.53
Regular Unleaded	1.07	1.07	1.11	1.20	1.20	1.03	1.13	1.49	1.43	1.34	1.56	1.85	2.27	2.57	2.48
No. 2 Diesel Oil, Retail															
(dollars per gallon)	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.24	1.19	1.04	1.13	1.49	1.41	1.32	1.50	1.81	2.41	2.70	2.63
No. 2 Heating Oil, Wholesale															
(dollars per gallon)	0.54	0.51	0.51	0.64	0.59	0.42	0.49	0.89	0.76	0.69	0.88	1.12	1.63	1.85	1.85
No. 2 Heating Oil, Retail															
(dollars per gallon)	NA	NA	0.87	0.99	0.98	0.85	0.87	1.31	1.25	1.13	1.36	1.54	2.04	2.34	2.35
No. 6 Residual Fuel Oil, Retail d															
(dollars per barrel)	14.00	14.79	16.49	19.01	17.82	12.83	16.02	25.34	22.24	23.82	29.40	31.10	44.43	52.08	50.59
Electric Power Sector (dollars per mill	lion Btu)														
Coal	1.38	1.36	1.32	1.29	1.27	1.25	1.22	1.20	1.23	1.25	1.28	1.36	1.54	1.68	1.66
Heavy Fuel Oil ^e	2.36	2.40	2.60	3.01	2.79	2.07	2.38	4.27	3.73	3.67	4.77	4.86	7.11	7.81	7.93
Natural Gas	2.56	2.23	1.98	2.64	2.76	2.38	2.57	4.34	4.44	3.55	5.37	5.94	8.21	6.85	7.50
Other Residential															
Natural Gas															
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)	6.17	6.41	6.06	6.35	6.95	6.83	6.69	7.77	9.63	7.90	9.63	10.75	12.81	13.56	13.04
Electricity															
(cents per kilowatthour)	8.32	8.38	8.40	8.36	8.43	8.26	8.17	8.24	8.63	8.46	8.70	8.97	9.43	10.45	10.72

^a Refiner acquisition cost (RAC) of imported crude oil.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Marketing Monthly, DOE/EIA-0380; Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130; Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035; Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226.

b West Texas Intermediate.

^c Average self-service cash prices.

d Average for all sulfur contents.

^e Includes fuel oils No. 4, No. 5, and No. 6 and topped crude fuel oil prices.

Notes: Prices exclude taxes, except prices for gasoline, residential natural gas, and diesel. Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Table A5. Annual U.S. Petroleum Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Million Barrels per Day, Except Closing Stocks)

		Year													
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Supply															
Crude Oil Supply															
Domestic Production a	6.85	6.66	6.56	6.46	6.45	6.25	5.88	5.82	5.80	5.75	5.68	5.42	5.18	5.18	5.43
Alaska	1.58	1.56	1.48	1.39	1.30	1.17	1.05	0.97	0.96	0.98	0.97	0.91	0.86	0.76	0.79
Federal GOM ^b	0.83	0.86	0.95	1.01	1.13	1.22	1.36	1.43	1.53	1.55	1.54	1.46	1.26	1.38	1.56
Other Lower 48	4.43	4.24	4.13	4.06	4.03	3.86	3.47	3.42	3.31	3.21	3.17	3.05	3.06	3.05	3.09
Net Commercial Imports ^c	6.69	6.96	7.14	7.40	8.12	8.60	8.61	9.02	9.31	9.13	9.65	10.06	10.09	10.06	9.95
Net SPR Withdrawals		-0.01	0.00	0.07	0.01	-0.02	0.01	0.07	-0.03	-0.13	-0.11	-0.10	-0.02	-0.02	-0.01
Net Commercial Withdrawals	0.00	-0.01	0.09	0.05	-0.06	-0.05	0.11	0.00	-0.07	0.09	0.02	-0.05	-0.10	0.01	0.05
Product Supplied and Losses		-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Unaccounted-for Crude Oil	0.17	0.27	0.19	0.22	0.14	0.11	0.19	0.15	0.12	0.11	0.05	0.14	0.08	0.04	0.10
Total Crude Oil Supply	13.61	13.87	13.97	14.19	14.66	14.89	14.80	15.07	15.13	14.95	15.30	15.48	15.22	15.28	15.52
Other Supply															
NGL Production	1.74	1.73	1.76	1.83	1.82	1.76	1.85	1.91	1.87	1.88	1.72	1.81	1.72	1.74	1.76
Other Hydrocarbon and Alcohol Inputs	0.25	0.26	0.30	0.31	0.34	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.44	0.48	0.47
Crude Oil Product Supplied	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Processing Gain	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.84	0.85	0.89	0.89	0.95	0.90	0.96	0.97	1.05	0.99	1.00	1.03
Net Product Imports d	0.93	1.09	0.75	1.10	1.04	1.17	1.30	1.40	1.59	1.42	1.54	2.04	2.45	2.24	2.20
Product Stock Withdrawn		0.00	0.15	0.03	-0.09	-0.17	0.30	0.00	-0.23	0.15	0.03	-0.06	-0.02	-0.05	0.01
Total Supply	17.26	17.72	17.72	18.31	18.62	18.92	19.52	19.70	19.65	19.76	19.99	20.73	20.80	20.68	20.99
Demand															
Motor Gasoline ^e	7.48	7.60	7.79	7.89	8.02	8.25	8.43	8.47	8.61	8.85	8.93	9.11	9.16	9.25	9.36
Jet Fuel	1.47	1.53	1.51	1.58	1.60	1.62	1.67	1.73	1.66	1.61	1.58	1.63	1.68	1.64	1.66
Distillate Fuel Oil	3.04	3.16	3.21	3.37	3.44	3.46	3.57	3.72	3.85	3.78	3.93	4.06	4.12	4.20	4.28
Residual Fuel Oil	1.08	1.02	0.85	0.85	0.80	0.89	0.83	0.91	0.81	0.70	0.77	0.86	0.92	0.71	0.73
Other Oils ^f	4.17	4.41	4.36	4.63	4.77	4.69	5.01	4.87	4.73	4.82	4.82	5.07	4.93	4.88	4.95
Total Demand	17.24	17.72	17.72	18.31	18.62	18.92	19.52	19.70	19.65	19.76	20.03	20.73	20.80	20.68	20.99
Total Petroleum Net Imports	7.63	8.07	7.89	8.50	9.16	9.76	9.92	10.43	10.91	10.56	11.19	12.10	12.55	12.30	12.15
Closing Stocks (million barrels)															
Crude Oil (excluding SPR)	335	337	303	284	305	324	284	286	312	278	269	286	324	318	301
Total Motor Gasoline		215	202	195	210	216	193	196	210	209	207	218	208	209	213
Jet Fuel		47	40	40	44	45	41	45	42	39	39	40	42	209 42	42
		145	130	127		156	125	118	145	134		126	136	42 146	14:
Distillate Fuel Oil					138						137				
Residual Fuel Oil		42	37	46	40	45	36	36	41	31	38	42	37	43	4:
Other Oils ⁹ a Includes lease condensate.	273	275	258	250	259	291	246	247	287	257	241	257	266	267	267

^a Includes lease condensate.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding, with the following exception: recent petroleum demand and supply data displayed here reflect the incorporation of resubmissions of the data as reported in EIA's *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, TableC1. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model. Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109, and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208.

^b Crude oil production from U.S. Federal leases in the Gulf of Mexico

^b Net imports equals gross imports plus SPR imports minus exports.

^c Includes finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural gas plant liquids for processing.

^d For years prior to 1993, motor gasoline includes an estimate of fuel ethanol blended into gasoline and certain product reclassifications, not reported elsewhere in EIA. See Appendix B in EIA, Short-Term Energy Outlook, EIA/DOE-0202(93/3Q), for details on this adjustment.

e Includes crude oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gas, other liquids, and all finished petroleum products except motor gasoline, jet fuel, distillate, and residual fuel oil.

^f Includes stocks of all other oils, such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids (including ethane), aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, wax, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils.

SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve. NGL: Natural Gas Liquids

Table A6. Annual U.S. Natural Gas Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Trillion Cubic Feet)

(Tillion Cubic reet)	Year														
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Supply															
Total Dry Gas Production	18.10	18.82	18.60	18.78	18.83	19.02	18.83	19.18	19.62	18.93	19.10	18.76	18.24	18.47	18.55
Alaska	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.44	0.45	0.44	0.47	0.45	0.47	0.46	0.46
Federal GOM ^a	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.78	4.69	4.79	4.29	4.21	3.79	3.03	2.92	3.25
Other Lower 48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.61	14.06	14.37	14.19	14.42	14.52	14.75	15.10	14.83
Gross Imports	2.35	2.62	2.84	2.94	2.99	3.15	3.59	3.78	3.98	4.02	3.94	4.26	4.34	4.11	4.32
Gross Exports	0.14	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.24	0.37	0.52	0.68	0.85	0.73	0.72	0.84
Net Imports	2.21	2.46	2.69	2.78	2.84	2.99	3.42	3.54	3.60	3.50	3.26	3.40	3.61	3.39	3.48
Supplemental Gaseous Fuels	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
Total New Supply	20.42	21.39	21.40	21.68	21.74	22.10	22.34	22.81	23.31	22.49	22.43	22.23	21.93	21.94	22.09
Working Gas in Storage															
Opening	3.07	2.32	2.61	2.15	2.17	2.17	2.73	2.52	1.72	2.90	2.38	2.56	2.70	2.64	2.86
Closing	2.32	2.61	2.15	2.17	2.17	2.73	2.52	1.72	2.90	2.38	2.56	2.70	2.64	2.86	2.71
Net Withdrawals	0.75	-0.28	0.45	-0.02	0.00	-0.56	0.21	0.80	-1.18	0.53	-0.19	-0.13	0.06	-0.23	0.15
Total Supply	21.17	21.11	21.85	21.66	21.74	21.54	22.54	23.61	22.12	23.02	22.24	22.10	21.99	21.71	22.25
Balancing Item ^b	-0.38	0.14	0.36	0.95	0.99	0.70	-0.14	-0.16	0.12	-0.02	0.03	0.33	-0.06	0.17	-0.08
Total Primary Supply	20.79	21.25	22.21	22.60	22.73	22.25	22.41	23.45	22.24	23.01	22.28	22.43	21.93	21.88	22.17
Demand															
Residential	4.96	4.85	4.85	5.24	4.98	4.52	4.73	5.00	4.77	4.89	5.08	4.88	4.81	4.50	4.83
Commercial	2.86	2.90	3.03	3.16	3.21	3.00	3.04	3.18	3.02	3.14	3.18	3.14	3.06	2.95	3.06
Industrial	8.87	8.91	9.38	9.68	9.71	9.49	9.16	9.40	8.46	8.62	8.27	8.35	7.68	7.63	7.72
Lease and Plant Fuel	1.17	1.12	1.22	1.25	1.20	1.17	1.08	1.15	1.12	1.11	1.12	1.10	1.07	1.08	1.08
Other Industrial	7.70	7.79	8.16	8.44	8.51	8.32	8.08	8.25	7.34	7.51	7.15	7.25	6.61	6.55	6.64
CHP °	1.12	1.18	1.26	1.29	1.28	1.35	1.40	1.39	1.31	1.24	1.14	1.19	0.94	1.12	1.11
Non-CHP	6.58	6.61	6.90	7.15	7.23	6.97	6.68	6.87	6.03	6.27	6.01	6.06	5.67	5.43	5.53
Transportation ^d	0.63	0.69	0.70	0.72	0.76	0.64	0.66	0.66	0.64	0.68	0.61	0.59	0.58	0.58	0.59
Electric Power ^e	3.47	3.90	4.24	3.81	4.06	4.59	4.82	5.21	5.34	5.67	5.14	5.46	5.80	6.22	5.95
Total Demand	20.79	21.25	22.21	22.60	22.73	22.25	22.41	23.45	22.24	23.01	22.28	22.43	21.93	21.88	22.17

^a Dry natural gas production from U.S. Federal Leases in the Gulf of Mexico.

The balancing item represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas demand.

Natural gas used for electricity generation and production of useful thermal output by combined heat and power (CHP) plants at industrial facilities. Includes a small amount of natural gas consumption at electricity-only plants in the industrial sector.

^d Pipeline fuel use plus natural gas used as vehicle fuel.

e Natural gas used for electricity generation and (a limited amount of) useful thermal output by electric utilities and independent power producers.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Regional Short-Term Energy Model.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Oil and Gas, Reserves and Production Division.

Table A7. Annual U.S. Coal Supply and Demand: Base Case (Million Short Tons)

Year 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 Supply Production..... 945.4 1033.5 1033.0 1063.9 1089.9 1117.5 1100.4 1073.6 1127.7 1094.3 1071.8 1112.1 1131.5 1158.1 1153.6 Appalachia..... 409.7 445.4 434.9 451.9 467.8 460.4 425.6 419.4 432.8 397.0 376.8 390.7 397.3 404.9 393.4 Interior..... 167.2 179.9 168.5 172.8 170.9 168.4 162.5 143.5 147.0 146.9 146.3 146.2 149.2 150.2 146.5 408.3 451.3 488.8 512.3 547.9 550.4 548.7 575.2 585.0 603.0 Western 368.5 429.6 439.1 510.7 613.7 Primary Stock Levels a 35.9 29.0 25.3 33.2 34.4 28.6 34.0 36.5 39.5 31.9 43.3 38.3 41.2 35.0 35.1 Opening 25.3 33.2 34.4 28.6 34.0 36.5 39.5 31.9 35.9 43.3 38.3 41.2 35.0 35.1 30.8 Closing..... Net Withdrawals..... -7.9 -1.2 5.8 -5.3 -2.6 -2.9 7.6 -4.0 -7.4 5.0 -2.9 6.2 -0.1 4.3 3.7 8.2 8.9 9.5 8.1 7.5 8.7 9.1 12.5 19.8 16.9 25.0 27.3 30.5 35.2 38.4 Imports..... 74.5 71.4 88.5 90.5 83.5 78.0 58.5 58.5 48.7 39.6 43.0 48.0 49.9 48.0 48.0 Exports..... Total Net Domestic Supply 882.8 963.1 952.7 987.3 1008.5 1045.7 1048.1 1035.2 1094.8 1058.8 1088.5 1118.2 1145.3 1064.2 1148.3 Secondary Stock Levels b 166.8 123.1 139.6 138.0 126.0 108.8 131.6 149.1 108.5 146.0 148.9 127.2 112.9 109.4 119.7 Opening Closing..... 123.1 139.6 138.0 126.0 108.8 131.6 149.1 108.5 146.0 148.9 127.2 112.9 109.4 119.7 134.9 Net Withdrawals..... 43.8 -16.5 1.5 12.0 17.2 -22.8 -17.5 40.7 -37.6 -2.9 21.7 14.3 3.4 -10.3 -15.3 Waste Coal Supplied to IPPs c 7.5 12.5 6.4 7.9 8.5 8.8 8.1 9.0 8.4 7.0 8.0 8.5 15.1 15.1 15.1 932.9 954.5 1008.1 1033.9 1031.8 1039.0 1082.8 1064.7 1069.3 962.7 1088.9 1115.3 **1136.7** *1150.2* 1148.1 Total Supply..... Demand Coke Plants 31.3 31.7 33.0 31.7 30.2 28.2 28.1 28.9 26.1 23.7 24.2 23.7 23.4 24.4 25.1 Electric Power Sector d 831.6 838.4 850.2 896.9 921.4 936.6 940.9 985.8 964.4 977.5 1005.1 1016.3 1039.0 1035.9 1057.7 Retail and General Industry..... 81.1 81.2 78.9 77.7 78.0 72.3 69.6 69.3 69.6 65.2 65.5 67.3 64.6 66.2 65.4 Residential and Commercial 6.2 6.0 5.8 6.0 6.5 4.9 4.9 4.1 4.4 4.4 4.2 5.1 4.2 4.5 4.0 Industrial 74.9 75.2 71.7 71.5 67.4 64.7 65.2 65.3 60.7 61.3 62.2 60.3 73.1 61.7 61.3 CHP ^e 29.9 28.9 29.7 29.4 29.4 28.6 27.8 28.0 25.8 26.2 24.8 26.6 20.6 25.5 25.7 Non-CHP 46.0 45.5 43.7 42.3 41.7 38.9 37.0 37.2 39.5 34.5 36.4 35.6 39.7 36.1 35.7 Total Demand f 944.1 951.3 962.1 1006.3 1029.5 1037.1 1038.6 1060.1 1066.4 1094.9 1107.3 1084.1 1127.0 1126.5 1148.1 Discrepancy ^g -11.1 3.2 0.6 1.7 4.3 -5.3 0.3 -1.2 4.6 3.0 -5.9 8.1 9.8 23.7 0.0

^a Primary stocks are held at the mines, preparation plants, and distribution points.

^b Secondary stocks are held by users. It includes an estimate of stocks held at utility plants sold to nonutility generators.

^c Estimated independent power producers (IPPs) consumption of waste coal. This item includes waste coal and coal slurry reprocessed into briquettes.

d Estimates of coal consumption by IPPs, supplied by the Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric, and Alternate Fuels, EIA,

^e Coal used for electricity generation and production of useful thermal output by combined heat and power (CHP) plants at industrial facilities. Includes a small amount of coal consumption at electricity–only plants in the industrial sector.

^fTotal Demand includes estimated IPP consumption.

⁹ The discrepancy reflects an unaccounted-for shipper and receiver reporting difference, assumed to be zero in the forecast period. Prior to 1994, discrepancy may include some waste coal supplied to IPPs that has not been specifically identified.

Notes: Rows and columns may not add due to independent rounding. Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System or by EIA's office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (coal production).

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Quarterly Coal Report, DOE/EIA-0121, and Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Regional Short-Term Energy Model database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

Table A8. Annual U.S. Electricity Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Billion Kilowatt-hours)

(Billioti Miowatt Houre)															
	Year														
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Net Electricity Generation			•	•	•		•		•		•	•			
Electric Power Sector ^a															
Coal	1665.5	1666.3	1686.1	1772.0	1820.8	1850.2	1858.6	1943.1	1882.8	1910.6	1952.7	1957.2	1992.5	1984.1	2022.8
Petroleum	105.4	98.7	68.1	74.8	86.5	122.2	111.5	105.2	119.1	89.7	113.7	114.6	115.8	67.7	90.8
Natural Gas	342.2	385.7	419.2	378.8	399.6	449.3	473.0	518.0	554.9	607.7	567.3	627.5	675.1	725.5	695.2
Nuclear		640.4	673.4	674.7	628.6	673.7	728.3	753.9	768.8	780.1	763.7	788.5	780.5	786.5	805.6
Hydroelectric	273.5	250.6	302.7	338.1	346.6	313.4	308.6	265.8	204.9	251.7	263.0	256.6	255.3	283.1	266.7
Other ^b	47.0	47.0	44.8	45.8	47.3	48.6	50.0	51.6	49.4	58.6	60.7	64.0	64.2	73.1	82.9
Subtotal	3043.9	3088.7	3194.2	3284.1	3329.4	3457.4	3530.0	3637.5	3580.1	3698.5	3721.2	3808.4	3883.4	3919.9	3963.9
Other Sectors ^c	153.3	158.8	159.3	160.0	162.8	162.9	164.8	164.6	156.6	160.0	162.1	161.2	154.6	165.8	167.1
Total	3197.2	3247.5	3353.5	3444.2	3492.2	3620.3	3694.8	3802.1	3736.6	3858.5	3883.2	3969.6	4038.0	4085.7	4131.1
Net Imports	27.8	44.8	39.2	40.2	34.1	25.9	29.0	33.8	22.0	21.0	6.4	11.3	24.7	24.8	17.7
Total Supply	3225.0	3292.3	3392.7	3484.4	3526.2	3646.2	3723.8	3835.9	3758.7	3879.4	3889.6	3980.9	4062.7	4110.5	4148.7
Losses and Unaccounted for d	236.0	223.7	235.4	237.4	232.2	221.0	229.2	243.5	213.9	247.2	232.1	264.2	242.6	249.9	250.7
Demand															
Retail Sales ^e															
Residential	994.8	1008.5	1042.5	1082.5	1075.9	1130.1	1144.9	1192.4	1201.1	1265.4	1273.6	1293.6	1364.8	1369.3	1376.9
Commercial f	884.7	913.1	953.1	980.1	1026.6	1078.0	1103.8	1159.3	1191.2	1205.1	1197.2	1229.0	1265.2	1289.5	1306.7
Industrial	977.2	1008.0	1012.7	1033.6	1038.2	1051.2	1058.2	1064.2	984.5	990.1	1011.6	1018.5	1021.3	1022.2	1022.2
Transportation ⁹	4.8	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.4	5.2	5.5	6.8	7.1	8.3	7.9	7.7
Subtotal	2861.5	2934.6	3013.3	3101.1	3145.6	3264.2	3312.1	3421.4	3382.1	3466.1	3489.2	3548.2	3659.5	3688.9	3713.6
Other Use/Sales h	127.5	134.1	144.1	145.9	148.4	160.9	182.5	170.9	162.6	166.2	168.3	168.5	160.5	171.6	184.5
Total Demand	2989.0	3068.7	3157.3	3247.0	3294.0	3425.1	3494.6	3592.4	3544.7	3632.3	3657.5	3716.7	3820.1	3860.5	3898.0
a Flectric Litilities and independent nower producers															

^a Electric Utilities and independent power producers.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System and by EIA's office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (hydroelectric and nuclear).

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following report: Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Regional Short-Term Energy Model database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

^b "Other" includes generation from other gaseous fuels, geothermal, wind, wood, waste, and solar sources.

^c Electricity generation from combined heat and power facilities and electricity-only plants in the industrial and commercial sectors.

^dBalancing item, mainly transmission and distribution losses.

^e Total of retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers. Utility sales for historical periods are reported in EIA'S *Electric Power Monthly* and *Electric Power Annual*. Power marketers' sales are reported annually in Appendix C of EIA's *Electric Sales and Revenue*. Quarterly data for power marketers (and thus retail sales totals) are imputed. Data for 2003 are estimated.

Commercial sector, including public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales and other sales to public authorities. These items, along with transportation sector; electricity were formerly included in an "other" category, which is no longer provided. (See EIA 's Monthly Energy Review, Table 7.5, for a comparison of "Old Basis" and "New Basis" electricity retail sales.) Through 2003, data are estimated as the sum of "Old Basis Commercial" and approximately 95 percent of "Old Basis Other"; beginning in 2004, data are actual survey data.

⁹ Transportation sector, including sales to railroads and railways. Through 2003, data are estimated as approximately 5 percent of "Old Basis Other"; beginning in 2004, data are actual survey data.

^h Defined as the sum of facility use of onsite net electricity generation plus direct sales of power by industrial- or commercial-sector generators to third parties, reported annually in Table 7.5 of the *Monthly Energy Review* (MER). Data for 2003 are estimates.