Table 3a. January Monthly Peak Hour Demand, Actual by North American Electric Reliability Corporation Region, 2005 through 2009 (Megawatts)

		Contiguous		E	astern P	ower Gr	id		Texas Power Grid	Western Power Grid
Month	Month Year	U.S.	FRCC	MRO (U.S.)	NPCC (U.S.)	RFC	SERC	SPP	TRE (ERCOT)	WECC (U.S.)
		Peak Hour Demand (MW)								
Jan	uary									
	2005	613,416	41,247	32,236	47,041	154,200	166,190	29,072	40,966	102,464
	2006	563,711	34,464	37,056	43,661	149,252	134,239	26,864	38,604	99,571
	2007	613,068	38,352	32,132	45,002	138,300	171,640	30,141	50,404	107,097
	2008	635,911	41,705	34,462	46,803	142,395	182,758	31,294	46,099	110,395
	2009	635,206	44,945	34,779	45,047	146,139	186,066	31,870	46,166	100,195

Notes: • Actual data are final. • Historical data series are shown in two files (1990-2004 and 2005+) reflecting the transformation of the NERC regions into the new industry organization entity that oversee electric reliability. • NERC Regional names may be found on the EIA web page for electric reliability.

- Regional name and function has changed from Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT) to Texas Reliability Entity (TRE). The name ERCOT is now associated with regional transmission organization.
- Regional name has changed from Mid-Continent Area Power Pool (MAPP) to Midwest Reliability Organization (MRO).
- The MRO, SERC, and SPP regional boundaries were altered as utilities changed reliability organizations. The historical data series have not been adjusted.
- ECAR, MAAC, and MAIN dissolved at the end-of-2005. Utility membership joined other reliability regional councils.
- Reliability First Corporation (RFC) came into existence on January 1, 2006, and submitted a consolidated filing covering the historical NERC regions of ECAR, MAAC, and MAIN. Many of the former utility members joined RFC.
- Represents an hour of a day during the associated peak period. The summer peak period begins on June 1 and extends through September 30. The winter peak period begins on December 1 and extends through February 28 of the following year. For example, winter 2001 begins December 1, 2001, and extends through February 28, 2002.
- Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Table 3b. February Monthly Peak Hour Demand, Actual by North American Electric Reliability Corporation Region, 2005 through 2009 (Megawatts)

		Contiguous		E	astern P	ower Gr	id		Texas Power Grid	Western Power Grid
Month	Year	U.S.	FRCC	MRO (U.S.)	NPCC (U.S.)	RFC	SERC	SPP	TRE (ERCOT)	WECC (U.S.)
		Peak Hour Demand (MW)								
	2005	557,221	32,820	30,085	42,949	140,100	146,255	27,128	41,095	96,789
	2006	591,705	43,413	39,045	43,611	158,984	133,885	28,402	43,210	101,154
	2007	625,063	38,192	32,689	46,697	150,700	174,134	31,028	50,408	101,215
	2008	602,916	35,000	33,834	44,882	140,928	168,611	30,140	45,321	104,200
	2009	612,877	45,814	32,396	44,457	139,290	181,661	29,358	42,228	97,674

Notes: • Actual data are final. • Historical data series are shown in two files (1990-2004 and 2005+) reflecting the transformation of the NERC regions into the new industry organization entity that oversee electric reliability. • NERC Regional names may be found on the EIA web page for electric reliability.

- Regional name and function has changed from Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT) to Texas Reliability Entity (TRE). The name ERCOT is now associated with regional transmission organization.
- Regional name has changed from Mid-Continent Area Power Pool (MAPP) to Midwest Reliability Organization (MRO).
- The MRO, SERC, and SPP regional boundaries were altered as utilities changed reliability organizations. The historical data series have not been adjusted.
- ECAR, MAAC, and MAIN dissolved at the end-of-2005. Utility membership joined other reliability regional councils.
- Reliability First Corporation (RFC) came into existence on January 1, 2006, and submitted a consolidated filing

covering the historical NERC regions of ECAR, MAAC, and MAIN. Many of the former utility members joined RFC.

- Represents an hour of a day during the associated peak period. The summer peak period begins on June 1 and extends through September 30. The winter peak period begins on December 1 and extends through February 28 of the following year. For example, winter 2001 begins December 1, 2001, and extends through February 28, 2002.
- Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Table 3c. March Monthly Peak Hour Demand, Actual by North American Electric Reliability Corporation Region, 2005 through 2009 (Megawatts)

		Contiguous		E	astern P	ower Gr	id		Texas Power Grid	Western Power Grid
Month	Year	U.S.	FRCC	MRO (U.S.)	NPCC (U.S.)	RFC	SERC	SPP	TRE (ERCOT)	WECC (U.S.)
		Peak Hour Demand (MW)								
	2005	543,934	34,993	28,583	43,487	140,500	144,150	25,247	36,115	90,859
	2006	541,514	33,876	35,397	42,532	139,168	129,636	25,548	38,257	97,101
	2007	554,858	33,829	30,046	45,901	134,200	148,192	25,629	38,827	98,234
	2008	547,385	33,073	31,773	40,421	123,664	150,031	28,268	42,412	97,743
	2009	568,594	34,504	31,909	43,148	133,890	165,243	27,928	40,289	91,682

Notes: • Actual data are final. • Historical data series are shown in two files (1990-2004 and 2005+) reflecting the transformation of the NERC regions into the new industry organization entity that oversee electric reliability. • NERC Regional names may be found on the EIA web page for electric reliability.

- Regional name and function has changed from Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT) to Texas Reliability Entity (TRE). The name ERCOT is now associated with regional transmission organization.
- Regional name has changed from Mid-Continent Area Power Pool (MAPP) to Midwest Reliability Organization (MRO).
- The MRO, SERC, and SPP regional boundaries were altered as utilities changed reliability organizations. The historical data series have not been adjusted.
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- Represents an hour of a day during the associated peak period. The summer peak period begins on June 1 and extends through September 30. The winter peak period begins on December 1 and extends through February 28 of the following year. For example, winter 2001 begins December 1, 2001, and extends through February 28, 2002.
- Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Table 3d. April Monthly Peak Hour Demand, Actual by North American Electric Reliability Corporation Region, 2005 through 2009 (Megawatts)

		Contiguous		E	astern P	ower Gr	id		Texas Power Grid	Western Power Grid
Month	Year	U.S.	FRCC	MRO (U.S.)	NPCC (U.S.)	RFC	SERC	SPP	TRE (ERCOT)	WECC (U.S.)
		Peak Hour Demand (MW)								
	2005	498,153	33,596	26,700	37,399	119,700	123,260	25,656	41,219	90,623
	2006	546,791	39,132	32,868	37,331	144,156	117,174	31,231	51,800	93,098
	2007	532,528	36,137	29,377	38,936	117,500	143,142	26,746	41,710	98,980
	2008	532,217	34,896	29,324	37,426	114,526	136,603	27,213	45,872	106,357
	2009	530,538	34,525	27,745	40,609	119,013	138,009	27,343	43,488	99,806

Notes: • Actual data are final. • Historical data series are shown in two files (1990-2004 and 2005+) reflecting the transformation of the NERC regions into the new industry organization entity that oversee electric reliability. • NERC Regional names may be found on the EIA web page for electric reliability.

- Regional name and function has changed from Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT) to Texas Reliability Entity (TRE). The name ERCOT is now associated with regional transmission organization.
- Regional name has changed from Mid-Continent Area Power Pool (MAPP) to Midwest Reliability Organization (MRO).
- The MRO, SERC, and SPP regional boundaries were altered as utilities changed reliability organizations. The historical data series have not been adjusted.
- ECAR, MAAC, and MAIN dissolved at the end-of-2005. Utility membership joined other reliability regional councils.
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- Represents an hour of a day during the associated peak period. The summer peak period begins on June 1 and extends through September 30. The winter peak period begins on December 1 and extends through February 28 of the following year. For example, winter 2001 begins December 1, 2001, and extends through February 28, 2002.
- Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Table 3e. May Monthly Peak Hour Demand, Actual by North American Electric Reliability Corporation Region, 2005 through 2009 (Megawatts)

		Contiguous		E	astern P	ower Gr	id		Texas Power Grid	Western Power Grid
Month	Year	U.S.	FRCC	MRO (U.S.)	NPCC (U.S.)	RFC	SERC	SPP	TRE (ERCOT)	WECC (U.S.)
		Peak Hour Demand (MW)								
	2005	572,223	40,099	28,140	37,543	127,500	146,053	34,261	51,947	106,680
	2006	659,982	40,745	38,263	46,113	173,415	160,442	36,115	54,175	110,713
	2007	615,364	38,885	31,541	46,586	148,100	161,994	31,495	49,222	107,541
	2008	596,009	41,795	29,824	40,348	116,309	156,780	33,650	56,344	120,959
	2009	562,341	40,375	28,993	39,260	114,626	149,087	30,765	51,321	107,913

Notes: • Actual data are final. • Historical data series are shown in two files (1990-2004 and 2005+) reflecting the transformation of the NERC regions into the new industry organization entity that oversee electric reliability. • NERC Regional names may be found on the EIA web page for electric reliability.

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- Regional name has changed from Mid-Continent Area Power Pool (MAPP) to Midwest Reliability Organization (MRO).
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- Represents an hour of a day during the associated peak period. The summer peak period begins on June 1 and extends through September 30. The winter peak period begins on December 1 and extends through February 28 of the following year. For example, winter 2001 begins December 1, 2001, and extends through February 28, 2002.
- Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Table 3f. June Monthly Peak Hour Demand, Actual by North American Electric Reliability Corporation Region, 2005 through 2009 (Megawatts)

		Contiguous		E	astern P	ower Gr	id		Texas Power Grid	Western Power Grid
Month	Year	U.S.	FRCC	MRO (U.S.)	NPCC (U.S.)	RFC	SERC	SPP	TRE (ERCOT)	WECC (U.S.)
		Peak Hour Demand (MW)								
	2005	704,046	42,506	38,078	55,720	177,900	176,444	39,437	58,140	115,821
	2006	712,648	44,109	43,167	52,000	187,089	160,900	37,754	57,887	129,742
	2007	712,563	43,116	38,877	57,272	170,900	183,132	36,775	56,427	126,064
	2008	727,053	43,769	36,298	58,543	164,457	190,933	38,629	59,642	134,781
	2009	686,966	46,550	37,963	42,851	154,092	185,135	41,302	62,393	116,680

Notes: • Actual data are final. • Historical data series are shown in two files (1990-2004 and 2005+) reflecting the transformation of the NERC regions into the new industry organization entity that oversee electric reliability. • NERC Regional names may be found on the EIA web page for electric reliability.

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- Represents an hour of a day during the associated peak period. The summer peak period begins on June 1 and extends through September 30. The winter peak period begins on December 1 and extends through February 28 of the following year. For example, winter 2001 begins December 1, 2001, and extends through February 28, 2002.
- Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Table 3g. July Monthly Peak Hour Demand, Actual by North American Electric Reliability Corporation Region, 2005 through 2009 (Megawatts)

		Contiguous		E	astern P	ower Gr	id		Texas Power Grid	Western Power Grid
Month	Year	U.S.	FRCC	MRO (U.S.)	NPCC (U.S.)	RFC	SERC	SPP	TRE (ERCOT)	WECC (U.S.)
		Peak Hour Demand (MW)								
	2005	751,261	45,229	39,282	58,960	187,700	190,705	41,306	57,319	130,760
Ī	2006	782,047	45,008	47,892	59,953	195,296	187,586	42,556	61,660	142,096
	2007	736,487	45,430	40,747	56,073	173,600	187,430	38,965	56,754	137,488
	2008	744,623	44,361	40,582	55,919	169,155	197,520	41,914	61,120	134,052
	2009	688,098	43,876	34,183	50,319	147,049	179,442	41,465	63,518	128,245

Notes: • Actual data are final. • Historical data series are shown in two files (1990-2004 and 2005+) reflecting the transformation of the NERC regions into the new industry organization entity that oversee electric reliability. • NERC Regional names may be found on the EIA web page for electric reliability.

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- Represents an hour of a day during the associated peak period. The summer peak period begins on June 1 and extends through September 30. The winter peak period begins on December 1 and extends through February 28 of the following year. For example, winter 2001 begins December 1, 2001, and extends through February 28, 2002.
- Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Table 3h. August Monthly Peak Hour Demand, Actual by North American Electric Reliability Corporation Region, 2005 through 2009 (Megawatts)

		Contiguous		E	astern P	ower Gr	id		Texas Power Grid	Western Power Grid
Month	Year	U.S.	FRCC	MRO (U.S.)	NPCC (U.S.)	RFC	SERC	SPP	TRE (ERCOT)	WECC (U.S.)
		Peak Hour Demand (MW)								
	2005	744,406	46,396	39,673	58,009	190,200	183,894	40,771	60,210	125,253
	2006	777,095	45,751	44,860	63,241	198,831	191,920	42,405	62,339	127,749
	2007	778,529	46,676	39,688	58,314	180,000	209,109	43,165	62,188	139,389
	2008	733,882	44,836	39,712	50,393	161,641	196,821	43,476	62,174	134,829
	2009	710,488	44,035	36,996	55,944	161,241	186,804	40,393	62,241	122,835

Notes: • Actual data are final. • Historical data series are shown in two files (1990-2004 and 2005+) reflecting the transformation of the NERC regions into the new industry organization entity that oversee electric reliability. • NERC Regional names may be found on the EIA web page for electric reliability.

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- Represents an hour of a day during the associated peak period. The summer peak period begins on June 1 and extends through September 30. The winter peak period begins on December 1 and extends through February 28 of the following year. For example, winter 2001 begins December 1, 2001, and extends through February 28, 2002.
- Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Table 3i September Monthly Peak Hour Demand, Actual by North American Electric Reliability Corporation Region, 2005 through 2009 (Megawatts)

		Contiguous		E	astern P	ower Gr	id		Texas Power Grid	Western Power Grid
Month	Year	U.S.	FRCC	MRO (U.S.)	NPCC (U.S.)	RFC	SERC	SPP	TRE (ERCOT)	WECC (U.S.)
		Peak Hour Demand (MW)	Peak Hour	Peak Hour Demand (MW)						
	2005	675,450	42,968	34,696	50,704	167,200	168,762	37,772	59,524	113,824
	2006	630,677	42,807	37,123	43,207	160,862	134,313	33,342	56,603	122,420
	2007	700,802	44,796	37,674	51,463	163,300	183,365	36,887	55,091	128,226
	2008	677,046	43,028	35,586	50,957	157,334	176,589	34,823	56,343	122,386
	2009	612,693	41,489	31,754	41,778	126,444	159,841	33,748	55,383	122,256

Notes: • Actual data are final. • Historical data series are shown in two files (1990-2004 and 2005+) reflecting the transformation of the NERC regions into the new industry organization entity that oversee electric reliability. • NERC Regional names may be found on the EIA web page for electric reliability.

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- Represents an hour of a day during the associated peak period. The summer peak period begins on June 1 and extends through September 30. The winter peak period begins on December 1 and extends through February 28 of the following year. For example, winter 2001 begins December 1, 2001, and extends through February 28, 2002.
- Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Table 3i. October Monthly Peak Hour Demand, Actual by North American Electric Reliability Corporation Region, 2005 through 2009 (Megawatts)

		Contiguous		E	astern P	ower Gr	id		Texas Power Grid	Western Power Grid
Month	Year	U.S.	FRCC	MRO (U.S.)	NPCC (U.S.)	RFC	SERC	SPP	TRE (ERCOT)	WECC (U.S.)
		Peak Hour Demand (MW)		Peak Hour Demand (MW)						
	2005	586,189	40,621	32,974	41,854	140,000	144,121	33,042	52,107	101,470
	2006	584,308	40,155	37,711	40,157	153,199	124,746	33,653	50,890	103,797
	2007	624,933	40,993	31,788	45,066	153,800	166,053	33,537	54,102	99,594
	2008	559,329	38,413	30,412	39,251	118,203	142,605	27,993	46,575	115,877
	2009	527,654	42,853	28,505	37,998	111,450	138,852	27,270	49,090	91,636

Notes: • Actual data are final. • Historical data series are shown in two files (1990-2004 and 2005+) reflecting the transformation of the NERC regions into the new industry organization entity that oversee electric reliability. • NERC Regional names may be found on the EIA web page for electric reliability.

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- Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Table 3j. November Monthly Peak Hour Demand, Actual by North American Electric Reliability Corporation Region, 2005 through 2009 (Megawatts)

		Contiguous		E	astern P	ower Gr	id		Texas Power Grid	Western Power Grid
Month	Year	U.S.	FRCC	MRO (U.S.)	NPCC (U.S.)	RFC	SERC	SPP	TRE (ERCOT)	WECC (U.S.)
		Peak Hour Demand (MW)								
	2005	547,744	32,661	30,690	41,875	136,300	136,054	27,333	42,470	100,361
	2006	569,296	34,285	38,933	41,149	144,977	127,774	29,699	45,143	107,335
	2007	543,301	33,248	31,782	41,766	127,100	142,102	26,610	39,993	100,700
	2008	557,606	34,721	32,026	42,111	127,255	155,558	27,133	38,746	100,056
	2009	509,862	35,046	29,788	39,746	118,737	129,066	26,077	37,040	94,362

Notes: • Actual data are final. • Historical data series are shown in two files (1990-2004 and 2005+) reflecting the transformation of the NERC regions into the new industry organization entity that oversee electric reliability. • NERC Regional names may be found on the EIA web page for electric reliability.

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- Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Table 3k. December Monthly Peak Hour Demand, Actual by North American Electric Reliability Corporation Region, 2005 through 2009 (Megawatts)

		Contiguous		E	astern P	ower Gr	id		Texas Power Grid	Western Power Grid
Month	Year	U.S.	FRCC	MRO (U.S.)	NPCC (U.S.)	RFC	SERC	SPP	TRE (ERCOT)	WECC (U.S.)
		Peak Hour Demand (MW)								
	2005	609,564	33,994	33,138	46,828	153,600	154,799	31,764	47,948	107,493
	2006	616,580	33,099	40,039	44,570	170,294	142,734	30,331	46,896	108,617
	2007	598,049	33,759	32,764	46,024	139,200	162,692	29,560	44,443	109,607
	2008	621,087	34,104	35,243	45,695	142,949	169,325	32,361	47,806	113,605
	2009	598,548	33,781	34,252	44,864	137,374	159,772	32,028	46,912	109,565

Notes: • Actual data are final. • Historical data series are shown in two files (1990-2004 and 2005+) reflecting the transformation of the NERC regions into the new industry organization entity that oversee electric reliability. • NERC Regional names may be found on the EIA web page for electric reliability.

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- Represents an hour of a day during the associated peak period. The summer peak period begins on June 1 and extends through September 30. The winter peak period begins on December 1 and extends through February 28 of the following year. For example, winter 2001 begins December 1, 2001, and extends through February 28, 2002.
- Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.