## Reference case

**Table A1. Total energy supply, disposition, and price summary** (quadrillion Btu per year, unless otherwise noted)

Supply diagonities and prices			R	eference cas	е			Annual growth
Supply, disposition, and prices	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Production								•
Crude oil and lease condensate	12.20	13.87	20.36	19.19	17.71	16.81	16.00	0.5%
Natural gas plant liquids	3.11	3.21	3.54	3.84	3.98	4.08	3.99	0.8%
Dry natural gas	23.04	24.59	29.73	32.57	35.19	36.89	38.37	1.6%
Coal <sup>1</sup>	22.22	20.60	21.70	22.36	22.61	22.68	22.61	0.3%
Nuclear / uranium <sup>2</sup>	8.26	8.05	8.15	8.15	8.18	8.23	8.49	0.2%
Hydropower	3.11	2.67	2.81	2.84	2.87	2.89	2.90	0.3%
Biomass <sup>3</sup>	3.90	3.78	4.66	5.08	5.29	5.44	5.61	1.4%
Other renewable energy <sup>4</sup>	1.70	1.97	3.01	3.09	3.23	3.44	3.89	2.5%
Other <sup>5</sup>	0.80	0.41	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	-2.0%
Total	78.35	79.15	94.19	97.36	99.30	100.70	102.09	0.9%
Imports								
Crude oil	19.52	18.57	13.15	13.70	15.00	16.12	17.43	-0.2%
Petroleum and other liquids <sup>6</sup>	5.21	4.26	4.21	4.20	4.08	4.00	3.93	-0.2%
Natural gas <sup>7</sup>	3.56	3.21	2.39	2.04	2.01	2.06	2.28	-1.2%
Other imports <sup>8</sup>	0.43	0.36	0.17	0.15	0.12	0.11	0.10	-4.5%
Total	28.71	26.40	19.92	20.09	21.22	22.29	23.73	-0.4%
Formande								
Exports	F 0F	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.04	7.40	7 70	0.70/
Petroleum and other liquids <sup>9</sup>	5.95	6.29	6.30	6.48	6.91	7.40	7.70	0.7%
Natural gas <sup>10</sup>	1.52	1.63	4.30	5.45	6.96	7.60	8.09	5.9%
Coal Total	2.75 <b>10.22</b>	3.22 <b>11.14</b>	3.13 <b>13.73</b>	3.31 <b>15.24</b>	3.55 <b>17.42</b>	3.81 <b>18.81</b>	3.79 <b>19.58</b>	0.6% <b>2.0%</b>
Discrepancy <sup>11</sup>	-0.27	-0.61	-0.35	-0.24	-0.17	-0.11	-0.07	
Consumption								
Petroleum and other liquids <sup>12</sup>	36.56	35.87	36.86	36.28	35.65	35.37	35.35	-0.1%
Natural gas	24.91	26.20	27.65	28.97	30.03	31.10	32.32	0.8%
Coal <sup>13</sup>	19.62	17.34	18.56	19.03	19.01	18.82	18.75	0.3%
Nuclear / uranium <sup>2</sup>	8.26	8.05	8.15	8.15	8.18	8.23	8.49	0.2%
Hydropower	3.11	2.67	2.81	2.84	2.87	2.89	2.90	0.2 %
Biomass <sup>14</sup>	2.60	2.53	3.35	3.74	3.95	4.10	4.26	1.9%
Other renewable energy <sup>4</sup>	1.70	1.97	3.01	3.74	3.23	3.44	3.89	2.5%
Other <sup>15</sup>	0.35	0.39	0.34	0.35	0.35	0.33	0.35	-0.4%
Total	<b>97.11</b>	95.02	100.73	102.45	103.27	104.28	106.31	0.4%
Prices (2012 dollars per unit)								
Crude oil spot prices (dollars per barrel)	440.07	444.05	00	400.00	440.00	400 ==	444.46	0.001
Brent	113.24	111.65	96.57	108.99	118.99	129.77	141.46	0.8%
West Texas Intermediate	96.55	94.12	94.57	106.99	116.99	127.77	139.46	1.4%
Natural gas at Henry Hub (dollars per million Btu).	4.07	2.75	4.38	5.23	6.03	6.92	7.65	3.7%
Coal (dollars per ton)								
at the minemouth <sup>16</sup>	41.74	39.94	46.52	49.67	53.15	56.37	59.16	1.4%
Coal (dollars per million Btu)								
at the minemouth	2.07	1.98	2.33	2.49	2.67	2.82	2.96	1.4%
Average end-use <sup>17</sup>	2.61	2.60	2.85	3.02	3.17	3.29	3.43	1.0%
Average electricity (cents per kilowatthour)	10.1	9.8	10.1	10.1	10.4	10.7	11.1	0.4%

Table A1. Total energy supply, disposition, and price summary (continued)

Supply, disposition, and prices			R	eference cas	e			Annual growth
Supply, disposition, and prices	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Prices (nominal dollars per unit)	•	•		•				
Crude oil spot prices (dollars per barrel)								
Brent	111.26	111.65	109.37	134.25	160.19	193.27	234.53	2.7%
West Texas Intermediate	94.86	94.12	107.11	131.78	157.49	190.30	231.22	3.3%
Natural gas at Henry Hub (dollars per million Btu).	4.00	2.75	4.96	6.45	8.12	10.31	12.69	5.6%
Coal (dollars per ton)								
at the minemouth 16	41.01	39.94	52.69	61.18	71.55	83.96	98.08	3.3%
Coal (dollars per million Btu)								
at the minemouth <sup>16</sup>	2.04	1.98	2.63	3.07	3.59	4.21	4.91	3.3%
Average end-use <sup>17</sup>	2.56	2.60	3.23	3.72	4.27	4.90	5.68	2.8%
Average electricity (cents per kilowatthour)	9.9	9.8	11.5	12.5	14.0	16.0	18.5	2.3%

Includes waste coal.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may diried inclination cereports.

Sources: 2011 natural gas supply values: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 2011, DOE/EIA-0131(2011) (Washington, DC, December 2012). 2012 natural gas supply values: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130(2013/06) (Washington, DC, June 2013). 2011 and 2012 coal and elivered coal prices: EIA, Annual Coal Report 2012, DOE/EIA-0584(2012) (Washington, DC, December 2013). 2012 petroleum supply values and 2011 crude oil and lease condensate production: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 2012, DOE/EIA-0340(2012)/1 (Washington, DC, September 2013). Other 2011 petroleum supply values: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 2011, DOE/EIA-0340(2011)/1 (Washington, DC, August 2012). 2011 and 2012 crude oil spot prices and natural gas spot price at Henry Hub: Thomson Reuters. Other 2011 and 2012 coal values: Quarterly Coal Report, October-December 2012, DOE/EIA-0121(2012/4Q) (Washington, DC, March 2013). Other 2011 and 2012 values: EIA, Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013). Projections: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes waste coal.

<sup>2</sup>These values represent the energy obtained from uranium when it is used in light water reactors. The total energy content of uranium is much larger, but alternative processes are required to take advantage of it.

<sup>3</sup>Includes grid-connected electricity from wood and wood waste; biomass, such as corn, used for liquid fuels production; and non-electric energy demand from wood. Refer to Table A17 for details.

<sup>4</sup>Includes grid-connected electricity from landfill gas; biogenic municipal waste; wind; photovoltaic and solar thermal sources; and non-electric energy from renewable sources, such as active and passive solar systems. Excludes electricity imports using renewable sources and nonmarketed renewable energy. See Table A17 for selected nonmarketed residential and commercial renewable energy data.

<sup>5</sup>Includes non-biogenic municipal waste, liquid hydrogen, methanol, and some domestic inputs to refineries.

<sup>6</sup>Includes imports of finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, alcohols, ethers, blending components, and renewable fuels such as ethanol.

<sup>7</sup>Includes imports of fiquefied natural gas that are later re-exported.

<sup>8</sup>Includes coal, coal coke (net), and electricity (net). Excludes imports of fuel used in nuclear power plants.

<sup>9</sup>Includes coal, coal coke (net), and electricity (net). Excludes imports of fuel used in nuclear power plants.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes coal; coal coke (net), and electricity (net). Excludes imports of fuel used in nuclear power plants.

\*Includes crude oil, petroleum products, ethanol, and biodiesel.

\*Includes re-exported liquefied natural gas.

\*IBalancing item. Includes unaccounted for supply, losses, gains, and net storage withdrawals.

\*IEstimated consumption. Includes petroleum-derived fuels and non-petroleum derived fuels, such as ethanol and biodiesel, and coal-based synthetic liquids. Petroleum coke, which is a solid, is included. Also included are natural gas plant liquids and crude oil consumed as a fuel. Refer to Table A17 for detailed renewable liquid fuels consumption.

\*IExcludes coal converted to coal-based synthetic liquids and natural gas.

\*Includes grid-connected electricity from wood and wood waste, non-electric energy from wood, and biofuels heat and coproducts used in the production of liquid fuels, but excludes the energy content of the liquid fuels.

\*Includes non-biogenic municipal waste, liquid hydrogen, and net electricity imports.

\*Includes reported prices for both open market and captive mines. Prices weighted by production, which differs from average minemouth prices published in EIA data reports where it is weighted by reported sales.

\*I? Prices weighted by consumption; weighted average excludes export free-alongside-ship (f.a.s.) prices.

\*But = British thermal unit.

\*Includes and non-biogenic municipal waste, liquid hydrogen, and net electricity imports.

\*Includes reports where it is weighted by reported sales.

\*I? Prices weighted by consumption; weighted average excludes export free-alongside-ship (f.a.s.) prices.

\*But = British thermal unit.

\*Includes coal.\*\*

\*Includes coa

**Table A2. Energy consumption by sector and source** (quadrillion Btu per year, unless otherwise noted)

0			R	eference cas	e			Annual growth
Sector and source	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Energy consumption								
Residential								
Propane	0.51	0.51	0.42	0.40	0.38	0.36	0.35	-1.3%
Kerosene	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-2.5%
Distillate fuel oil	0.53	0.51	0.46	0.41	0.37	0.34	0.31	-1.7%
Petroleum and other liquids subtotal	1.05	1.02	0.89	0.82	0.75	0.70	0.66	-1.5%
Natural gas	4.82	4.26	4.56	4.50	4.43	4.32	4.21	0.0%
Renewable energy <sup>1</sup>	0.54	0.45	0.46	0.45	0.44	0.43	0.42	-0.3%
Electricity	4.85	4.69	4.84	5.00	5.21	5.41	5.65	0.7%
Delivered energy	11.26	10.42	10.74	10.77	10.83	10.86	10.94	0.2%
Electricity related losses	10.13	9.68	9.64	9.81	10.00	10.22	10.55	0.3%
Total	21.39	20.10	20.38	20.58	20.83	21.09	21.48	0.2%
Commercial								
Propane	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.17	0.17	0.18	0.7%
Motor gasoline <sup>2</sup>	0.15	0.15	0.10	0.10	0.17	0.17	0.16	0.6%
Kerosene								4.8%
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Distillate fuel oil	0.42	0.40	0.40	0.39	0.38	0.37	0.37	-0.3%
Residual fuel oil	0.05	0.04	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	2.4%
Petroleum and other liquids subtotal	0.67	0.63	0.68	0.68	0.67	0.67	0.68	0.2%
Natural gas	3.22	2.96	3.23	3.29	3.35	3.48	3.65	0.7%
Coal	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.0%
Renewable energy <sup>3</sup>	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.0%
Electricity	4.53	4.52	4.69	4.94	5.18	5.42	5.72	0.8%
Delivered energy	8.60	8.29	8.78	9.08	9.38	9.75	10.22	0.7%
Electricity related losses	9.46	9.32	9.34	9.69	9.94	10.24	10.66	0.5%
Total	18.05	17.61	18.12	18.77	19.32	19.99	20.88	0.6%
Industrial⁴								
Liquefied petroleum gases and other <sup>5</sup>	2.25	2.25	2.90	3.05	3.05	2.97	2.90	0.9%
Motor gasoline <sup>2</sup>	0.26	0.26	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.29	0.29	0.4%
Distillate fuel oil	1.24	1.20	1.40	1.41	1.41	1.41	1.42	0.6%
Residual fuel oil	0.13	0.10	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.15	1.4%
Petrochemical feedstocks	0.88	0.75	1.27	1.52	1.62	1.62	1.59	2.7%
Other petroleum <sup>6</sup>	3.36	3.50	3.56	3.53	3.58	3.63	3.75	0.2%
Petroleum and other liquids subtotal	8.13	8.06	9.56	9.95	10.10	10.08	10.10	0.8%
Natural gas	7.06	7.29	8.26	8.59	8.71	8.78	8.87	0.7%
Natural-gas-to-liquids heat and power	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Lease and plant fuel <sup>7</sup>	1.35	1.45	1.77	1.99	2.16	2.29	2.41	1.8%
Natural gas subtotal	8.41	8.75	10.04	10.58	10.87	11.07	11.28	0.9%
Metallurgical coal	0.56	0.55	0.58	0.58	0.55	0.50	0.47	-0.5%
Other industrial coal	0.95	0.93	0.99	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.01	0.3%
Coal-to-liquids heat and power	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Net coal coke imports	0.01	0.00	0.00	-0.01	-0.03	-0.05	-0.05	
Coal subtotal	1.53	1.48	1.57	1.57	1.52	1.45	1.44	-0.1%
Biofuels heat and coproducts	0.46	0.52	0.76	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	1.5%
Renewable energy <sup>8</sup>	1.49	1.48	1.74		2.01	2.13	2.28	1.6%
				1.88				
Electricity	3.38	3.35	4.04	4.27	4.33	4.32	4.34	0.9%
Delivered energy	23.40	23.63	27.71	29.05	29.62	29.84	30.22	0.9%
Electricity related losses	7.06	6.91	8.05	8.38	8.33	8.16	8.10	0.6%
Total	30.46	30.54	35.76	37.43	37.94	38.00	38.33	0.8%

**Table A2. Energy consumption by sector and source (continued)** (quadrillion Btu per year, unless otherwise noted)

			R	eference cas	e			Annual growth
Sector and source	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Transportation								
Propane	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.07	1.1%
Motor gasoline <sup>2</sup>	16.37	16.33	15.00	13.69	12.69	12.24	12.09	-1.1%
of which: E859	0.00	0.01	0.19	0.38	0.46	0.43	0.33	11.9%
Jet fuel <sup>10</sup>	3.01	3.00	3.08	3.14	3.20	3.24	3.28	0.3%
Distillate fuel oil <sup>11</sup>	6.04	5.82	6.70	7.04	7.25	7.44	7.54	0.9%
Residual fuel oil	0.78	0.58	0.58	0.59	0.59	0.60	0.60	0.2%
Other petroleum <sup>12</sup>	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.1%
Petroleum and other liquids subtotal	26.40	25.93	25.55	24.66	23.94	23.73	23.73	-0.3%
Pipeline fuel natural gas	0.70	0.73	0.74	0.76	0.82	0.83	0.85	0.5%
Compressed / liquefied natural gas	0.04	0.04	0.08	0.14	0.28	0.48	0.86	11.3%
Liquid hydrogen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Electricity	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.06	3.6%
Delivered energy	27.16	26.72	26.40	25.60	25.08	25.10	25.50	-0.2%
Electricity related losses	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.10	0.12	3.2%
Total	27.21	26.77	26.47	25.67	25.17	25.20	25.62	-0.2%
Delivered energy consumption for all sectors								
Liquefied petroleum gases and other <sup>5</sup>	2.95	2.96	3.53	3.67	3.65	3.56	3.49	0.6%
Motor gasoline <sup>2</sup>	16.67	16.64	15.34	14.04	13.04	12.59	12.44	-1.0%
of which: E85 <sup>9</sup>	0.00	0.01	0.19	0.38	0.46	0.43	0.33	11.9%
Jet fuel <sup>10</sup>	3.01	3.00	3.08	3.14	3.20	3.24	3.28	0.3%
Kerosene	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.9%
Distillate fuel oil	8.23	7.93	8.95	9.24	9.41	9.56	9.63	0.7%
Residual fuel oil	0.97	0.72	0.80	0.81	0.82	0.82	0.83	0.5%
Petrochemical feedstocks	0.88	0.75	1.27	1.52	1.62	1.62	1.59	2.7%
Other petroleum <sup>13</sup>	3.52	3.64	3.70	3.68	3.73	3.78	3.89	0.2%
Petroleum and other liquids subtotal	36.25	35.64	36.68	36.10	35.47	35.18	35.17	0.0%
Natural gas	15.14	14.56	16.14	16.52	16.77	17.07	17.59	0.7%
Natural-gas-to-liquids heat and power	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Lease and plant fuel <sup>7</sup>	1.35	1.45	1.77	1.99	2.16	2.29	2.41	1.8%
Pipeline fuel natural gas	0.70	0.73	0.74	0.76	0.82	0.83	0.85	0.5%
Natural gas subtotal	17.19	16.74	18.65	19.28	19.75	20.19	20.84	0.8%
Metallurgical coal	0.56	0.55	0.58	0.58	0.55	0.50	0.47	-0.5%
Other coal	1.01	0.98	1.03	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.05	0.3%
Coal-to-liquids heat and power	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Net coal coke imports	0.01	0.00	0.00	-0.01	-0.03	-0.05	-0.05	
Coal subtotal	1.59	1.53	1.61	1.62	1.56	1.50	1.48	-0.1%
Biofuels heat and coproducts	0.46	0.52	0.76	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	1.5%
Renewable energy <sup>14</sup>	2.14	2.06	2.33	2.47	2.58	2.70	2.83	1.1%
Liquid hydrogen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Electricity	12.79	12.58	13.60	14.26	14.76	15.20	15.77	0.8%
Delivered energy	70.42	69.07	73.63	74.50	74.91	75.56	76.88	0.4%
Electricity related losses	26.69	25.95	27.10	27.95	28.35	28.73	29.43	0.5%
Total	97.11	95.02	100.73	102.45	103.27	104.28	106.31	0.4%
Electric power <sup>15</sup>								
Distillate fuel oil	0.06	0.05	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	1.8%
Residual fuel oil	0.00	0.03	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	-2.1%
Petroleum and other liquids subtotal	0.25	0.16	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.10	-2.1% -0.8%
Natural gas	7.72	9.46	9.00	9.69	10.28	10.91	11.48	0.7%
Steam coal	18.03	9. <del>4</del> 6 15.82	16.95	17.41	17.44	17.32	17.27	0.7%
Nuclear / uranium <sup>16</sup>							8.49	
Renewable energy <sup>17</sup>	8.26 4.80	8.05	8.15	8.15	8.18	8.23		0.2%
Non-biogenic municipal waste		4.59	6.08	6.42	6.68	6.95	7.44	1.7% 0.0%
	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	
Electricity imports	0.13	0.16	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.10	0.12	-1.1%
Total	39.49	38.53	40.70	42.21	43.12	43.92	45.20	0.6%

Table A2. Energy consumption by sector and source (continued)

0			R	eference cas	e			Annual growth
Sector and source	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Total energy consumption								
Liquefied petroleum gases and other <sup>5</sup>	2.95	2.96	3.53	3.67	3.65	3.56	3.49	0.6%
Motor gasoline <sup>2</sup>	16.67	16.64	15.34	14.04	13.04	12.59	12.44	-1.0%
of which: E859	0.00	0.01	0.19	0.38	0.46	0.43	0.33	11.9%
Jet fuel <sup>10</sup>	3.01	3.00	3.08	3.14	3.20	3.24	3.28	0.3%
Kerosene	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.9%
Distillate fuel oil	8.29	7.98	9.03	9.33	9.50	9.64	9.72	0.7%
Residual fuel oil	1.22	0.90	0.89	0.90	0.91	0.92	0.93	0.1%
Petrochemical feedstocks	0.88	0.75	1.27	1.52	1.62	1.62	1.59	2.7%
Other petroleum <sup>13</sup>	3.52	3.64	3.70	3.68	3.73	3.78	3.89	0.2%
Petroleum and other liquids subtotal	36.56	35.87	36.86	36.28	35.65	35.37	35.35	-0.1%
Natural gas	22.86	24.02	25.14	26.22	27.05	27.97	29.07	0.7%
Natural-gas-to-liquids heat and power	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Lease and plant fuel <sup>7</sup>	1.35	1.45	1.77	1.99	2.16	2.29	2.41	1.8%
Pipeline fuel natural gas	0.70	0.73	0.74	0.76	0.82	0.83	0.85	0.5%
Natural gas subtotal	24.91	26.20	27.65	28.97	30.03	31.10	32.32	0.8%
Metallurgical coal	0.56	0.55	0.58	0.58	0.55	0.50	0.47	-0.5%
Other coal	19.05	16.79	17.98	18.45	18.49	18.36	18.32	0.3%
Coal-to-liquids heat and power	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.570
Net coal coke imports	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01	-0.03	-0.05	-0.05	
Coal subtotal	19.62	17.34	18.56	19.03	19.01	18.82	18.75	0.3%
Nuclear / uranium <sup>16</sup>	8.26	8.05	8.15	8.15	8.18	8.23	8.49	0.2%
Biofuels heat and coproducts	0.46	0.52	0.13	0.13	0.79	0.23	0.79	1.5%
Renewable energy <sup>18</sup>	6.95	6.65	8.40	8.88	9.26	9.65	10.27	1.6%
Liquid hydrogen	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.076
Non-biogenic municipal waste	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0%
Electricity imports	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	-1.1%
, ,	97.11	95.02		102.45	103.27		106.31	-1.1% <b>0.4%</b>
Total	97.11	95.02	100.73	102.45	103.27	104.28	106.31	0.4%
Energy use and related statistics								
Delivered energy use	70.42	69.07	73.63	74.50	74.91	75.56	76.88	0.4%
Total energy use	97.11	95.02	100.73	102.45	103.27	104.28	106.31	0.4%
Ethanol consumed in motor gasoline and E85	1.09	1.09	1.22	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.29	0.6%
Population (millions)	312.32	314.58	334.47	346.98	359.03	370.19	380.53	0.7%
Gross domestic product (billion 2005 dollars)	13,299	13,593	16,753	18,769	21,139	23,751	26,670	2.4%
Carbon dioxide emissions (million metric tons)	5,498.1	5,289.9	5,475.9	5,526.2	5,526.9	5,545.7	5,599.1	0.2%

<sup>1</sup>Includes wood used for residential heating. See Table A4 and/or Table A17 for estimates of nonmarketed renewable energy consumption for geothermal heat pumps, solar thermal water heating, and electricity generation from wind and solar photovoltaic sources.

<sup>2</sup>Includes ethanol and ethers blended into gasoline.

<sup>3</sup>Includes ethanol and ethers blended into gasóline.
<sup>3</sup>Excludes ethanol. Includes commercial sector consumption of wood and wood waste, landfill gas, municipal waste, and other biomass for combined heat and power. See Table A5 and/or Table A17 for estimates of nonmarketed renewable energy consumption for solar thermal water heating and electricity generation from wind and solar photovoltaic sources.

<sup>4</sup>Includes energy for combined heat and power plants that have a non-regulatory status, and small on-site generating systems.

<sup>5</sup>Includes ethane, natural gasoline, and refinery olefins.

<sup>9</sup>Includes petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, lubricants, still gas, and miscellaneous petroleum products.

<sup>7</sup>Represents natural gas used in well, field, and lease operations, in natural gas processing plant machinery, and for liquefaction in export facilities.

<sup>8</sup>Includes consumption of energy produced from hydroelectric, wood and wood waste, municipal waste, and other biomass sources. Excludes ethanol in motor gasoline.

\*\*Includes consumption of energy produced from hydroelectric, wood and wood waste, municipal waste, and other biomass sources. Excludes ethanol in motor gasoline.

\*\*E85 refers to a blend of 85 percent ethanol (renewable) and 15 percent motor gasoline (nonrenewable). To address cold starting issues, the percentage of ethanol varies seasonally. The annual average ethanol content of 74 percent is used for this forecast.

\*\*Includes only kerosene type.

\*\*Includes only kerosene type.

\*\*Includes aviation gasoline and lubricants.

\*\*Includes aviation gasoline and lubricants.

\*\*Includes aviation gasoline, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, lubricants, still gas, and miscellaneous petroleum products.

\*\*Includes electricity generated for sale to the grid and for own use from renewable sources, and non-electric energy from renewable sources. Excludes ethanol and nonmarketed renewable energy consumption of geothermal heat pumps, buildings photovoltaic systems, and solar thermal water heaters.

\*\*Includes consumption of energy by electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.

\*\*Includes consumption of energy obtained from uranium when it is used in light water reactors. The total energy content of uranium is much larger, but alternative processes are required to take advantage of it.

\*\*Includes conventional hydroelectric, geothermal, wood and wood waste, biogenic municipal waste, other biomass, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal sources. Excludes net electricity imports.

\*\*Includes conventional hydroelectric, geothermal, wood and wood waste, biogenic municipal waste, other biomass, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal sources. Excludes ethanol, net electricity imports, and nonmarketed renewable energy consumption for geothermal heat pumps, buildings photovoltaic systems, and solar thermal water heaters.

\*\*Bit = British thermal unit.

Btu = British thermal unit.

Note: Includes estimated consumption for petroleum and other liquids. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.

Sources: 2011 and 2012 consumption based on: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013). 2011 and 2012 population and gross domestic product: IHS Global Insight Industry and Employment models, May 2013. 2011 and 2012 carbon dioxide emissions and emission factors: EIA, Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013). Projections: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

**Table A3. Energy prices by sector and source** (2012 dollars per million Btu, unless otherwise noted)

			F	Reference ca	se			Annual growth
Sector and source	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Residential								
Propane	25.28	24.12	23.79	24.86	25.75	26.84	27.64	0.5%
Distillate fuel oil	26.93	27.30	24.67	26.95	28.60	30.57	32.64	0.6%
Natural gas	10.98	10.46	11.59	12.48	13.50	14.61	15.98	1.5%
Electricity	34.95	34.83	36.15	36.14	36.98	37.82	38.83	0.4%
Commercial								
Propane	22.20	20.75	20.33	21.66	22.79	24.14	25.17	0.7%
Distillate fuel oil	26.43	26.81	21.77	24.01	25.66	27.69	29.72	0.4%
Residual fuel oil	19.41	22.84	14.40	16.13	17.92	19.36	20.99	-0.3%
Natural gas	8.96	8.11	9.49	10.29	11.19	11.95	13.08	1.7%
Electricity	30.53	29.55	30.80	30.55	31.26	31.98	33.01	0.4%
Industrial <sup>1</sup>								
Propane	22.63	21.09	20.64	22.06	23.27	24.73	25.84	0.7%
Distillate fuel oil	27.04	27.41	22.22	24.45	26.11	27.97	29.92	0.3%
Residual fuel oil	19.17	20.90	14.88	16.65	18.29	19.79	21.48	0.1%
Natural gas <sup>2</sup>	5.09	3.77	5.79	6.32	6.99	7.76	8.59	3.0%
Metallurgical coal	7.13	7.25	8.43	8.95	9.51	9.93	10.20	1.2%
Other industrial coal	3.31	3.24	3.59	3.73	3.88	4.03	4.19	0.9%
Coal to liquids								
Electricity	20.35	19.50	20.77	21.08	21.99	22.91	24.05	0.8%
Transportation								
Propane	26.29	25.14	24.85	25.92	26.81	28.01	28.82	0.5%
E85 <sup>3</sup>	44.13	35.06	25.61	27.53	27.91	30.68	35.49	0.0%
Motor gasoline <sup>4</sup>	30.32	30.68	25.59	27.37	28.54	30.40	32.67	0.2%
Jet fuel <sup>5</sup>	23.02	22.99	19.47	21.96	23.71	25.83	28.07	0.7%
Diesel fuel (distillate fuel oil) <sup>6</sup>	28.37	28.80	26.80	29.02	30.68	32.60	34.53	0.7%
Residual fuel oil	18.05	20.07	12.46	14.16	15.50	16.94	18.55	-0.3%
Natural gas <sup>7</sup>	15.90	14.64	15.62	15.57	16.63	18.09	19.67	1.1%
Electricity	34.00	31.43	29.86	30.09	31.68	32.65	34.19	0.3%
Electric power <sup>8</sup>								
Distillate fuel oil	23.79	24.12	20.66	22.94	24.65	26.68	28.81	0.6%
Residual fuel oil	15.94	20.68	13.86	15.59	17.14	18.74	20.42	0.0%
Natural gas	4.88	3.44	5.07	5.76	6.49	7.29	8.16	3.1%
Steam coal	2.42	2.39	2.61	2.77	2.93	3.05	3.19	1.0%
Average price to all users <sup>9</sup>								
Propane	24.39	23.24	22.54	23.68	24.66	25.89	26.79	0.5%
E85 <sup>3</sup>	44.13	35.06	25.61	27.53	27.91	30.68	35.49	0.0%
Motor gasoline <sup>4</sup>	30.18	30.44	25.58	27.37	28.53	30.40	32.67	0.3%
Jet fuel <sup>5</sup>	23.02	22.99	19.47	21.96	23.71	25.83	28.07	0.7%
Distillate fuel oil	27.95	28.36	25.70	27.98	29.67	31.58	33.54	0.6%
Residual fuel oil	17.80	20.41	13.15	14.88	16.32	17.79	19.42	-0.2%
Natural gas	6.83	5.38	7.09	7.72	8.49	9.33	10.38	2.4%
Metallurgical coal	7.13	7.25	8.43	8.95	9.51	9.93	10.20	1.2%
Other coal	2.48	2.44	2.67	2.83	2.98	3.11	3.25	1.0%
Coal to liquids								
Electricity	29.52	28.85	29.72	29.67	30.56	31.49	32.63	0.4%
Non-renewable energy expenditures by								
sector (billion 2012 dollars)								
Residential	249.85	234.06	249.25	258.12	272.82	287.79	306.56	1.0%
Commercial	183.94	173.25	189.44	200.39	215.91	232.66	255.39	1.4%
Industrial <sup>1</sup>	232.59	213.75	279.45	315.89	343.02	365.43	390.91	2.2%
Transportation	757.76	755.09	632.05	653.92	667.67	711.27	772.91	0.1%
Total non-renewable expenditures	1,424.14	1,376.15		1,428.32	1,499.43		1,725.77	0.8%
Transportation renewable expenditures	0.12	0.50	4.89	10.53	12.96	13.30	11.80	11.9%
Total expenditures	1,424.26	1,376.66	1,355.07	1,438.85	1,512.39	1,610.44	1,737.56	0.8%

Table A3. Energy prices by sector and source (continued)

(nominal dollars per million Btu, unless otherwise noted)

Sector and source			R	eference cas	e			Annual growth
Sector and Source	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Residential								
Propane	24.83	24.12	26.94	30.63	34.67	39.98	45.83	2.3%
Distillate fuel oil	26.46	27.30	27.94	33.19	38.50	45.53	54.12	2.5%
Natural gas	10.79	10.46	13.13	15.37	18.18	21.75	26.49	3.4%
Electricity	34.34	34.83	40.94	44.52	49.78	56.33	64.39	2.2%
Commercial								
Propane	21.81	20.75	23.02	26.69	30.68	35.95	41.74	2.5%
Distillate fuel oil	25.97	26.81	24.66	29.57	34.54	41.24	49.27	2.2%
Residual fuel oil	19.07	22.84	16.31	19.87	24.12	28.84	34.80	1.5%
Natural gas	8.80	8.11	10.75	12.67	15.07	17.80	21.68	3.6%
Electricity	30.00	29.55	34.88	37.63	42.08	47.64	54.73	2.2%
Industrial <sup>1</sup>								
Propane	22.24	21.09	23.38	27.18	31.32	36.84	42.83	2.6%
Distillate fuel oil	26.56	27.41	25.17	30.12	35.15	41.66	49.61	2.1%
Residual fuel oil	18.84	20.90	16.85	20.51	24.62	29.47	35.61	1.9%
Natural gas <sup>2</sup>	5.00	3.77	6.56	7.79	9.41	11.55	14.25	4.9%
Metallurgical coal	7.01	7.25	9.55	11.03	12.81	14.80	16.91	3.1%
Other industrial coal	3.25	3.24	4.07	4.59	5.23	6.00	6.95	2.8%
Coal to liquids								
Electricity	19.99	19.50	23.52	25.96	29.60	34.13	39.88	2.6%
Transportation								
Propane	25.83	25.14	28.14	31.93	36.09	41.71	47.79	2.3%
E85 <sup>3</sup>	43.36	35.06	29.00	33.92	37.57	45.69	58.85	1.9%
Motor gasoline <sup>4</sup>	29.79	30.68	28.98	33.72	38.42	45.28	54.17	2.1%
Jet fuel <sup>5</sup>	22.61	22.99	22.06	27.05	31.91	38.47	46.53	2.5%
Diesel fuel (distillate fuel oil) <sup>6</sup>	27.87	28.80	30.35	35.75	41.30	48.56	57.25	2.5%
Residual fuel oil	17.73	20.07	14.11	17.44	20.86	25.23	30.76	1.5%
Natural gas <sup>7</sup>	15.62	14.64	17.69	19.18	22.38	26.95	32.61	2.9%
Electricity	33.40	31.43	33.82	37.07	42.65	48.63	56.68	2.1%
Electric power <sup>8</sup>								
Distillate fuel oil	23.37	24.12	23.40	28.26	33.18	39.74	47.77	2.5%
Residual fuel oil	15.67	20.68	15.70	19.21	23.08	27.92	33.86	1.8%
Natural gas	4.80	3.44	5.75	7.09	8.74	10.85	13.53	5.0%
Steam coal	2.38	2.39	2.96	3.42	3.94	4.54	5.29	2.9%

Table A3. Energy prices by sector and source (continued)

(nominal dollars per million Btu, unless otherwise noted)

Sector and source			F	Reference ca	se			Annual growth
Sector and Source	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Average price to all users <sup>9</sup>	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Propane	23.96	23.24	25.53	29.17	33.20	38.55	44.42	2.3%
E85 <sup>3</sup>	43.36	35.06	29.00	33.92	37.57	45.69	58.85	1.9%
Motor gasoline <sup>4</sup>	29.66	30.44	28.98	33.71	38.41	45.28	54.17	2.1%
Jet fuel <sup>5</sup>	22.61	22.99	22.06	27.05	31.91	38.47	46.53	2.5%
Distillate fuel oil	27.46	28.36	29.11	34.46	39.94	47.04	55.61	2.4%
Residual fuel oil	17.49	20.41	14.90	18.32	21.97	26.49	32.20	1.6%
Natural gas	6.71	5.38	8.04	9.51	11.43	13.90	17.22	4.2%
Metallurgical coal	7.01	7.25	9.55	11.03	12.81	14.80	16.91	3.1%
Other coal	2.43	2.44	3.03	3.49	4.02	4.63	5.39	2.9%
Coal to liquids								
Electricity	29.01	28.85	33.66	36.55	41.13	46.90	54.11	2.3%
Non-renewable energy expenditures by								
sector (billion nominal dollars)								
Residential	245.47	234.06	282.30	317.94	367.27	428.63	508.27	2.8%
Commercial	180.72	173.25	214.56	246.83	290.65	346.52	423.44	3.2%
Industrial <sup>1</sup>	228.52	213.75	316.50	389.11	461.77	544.27	648.12	4.0%
Transportation	744.51	755.09	715.87	805.47	898.80	1,059.37	1,281.47	1.9%
Total non-renewable expenditures	1,399.23	1,376.15	1,529.23	1,759.34	2,018.49	2,378.79	2,861.30	2.6%
Transportation renewable expenditures	0.12	0.50	5.54	12.97	17.45	19.81	19.56	14.0%
Total expenditures	1,399.35	1,376.66	1,534.77	1,772.32	2,035.94	2,398.59	2,880.86	2.7%

¹Includes energy for combined heat and power plants that have a non-regulatory status, and small on-site generating systems.
¹Excludes use for lease and plant fuel.
¹Ess refers to a blend of 85 percent ethanol (renewable) and 15 percent motor gasoline (nonrenewable). To address cold starting issues, the percentage of ethanol varies seasonally. The annual average ethanol content of 74 percent is used for this forecast.
¹Sales weighted-average price for all grades. Includes Federal, State and local taxes.
¹States weighted-average price for all grades. Includes Federal and State taxes while excluding county and local taxes.
¹Natural gas used as fuel in motor vehicles, trains, and ships. Price includes estimated motor vehicle fuel taxes and estimated dispensing costs or charges.
¹Includes electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.
³Neighted averages of end-use fuel prices are derived from the prices shown in each sector and the corresponding sectoral consumption.
Blu = British thermal unit.
--- Not applicable.
Note: Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.
Sources: 2011 and 2012 prices for motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, and jet fuel are based on prices in the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA),
Petroleum Marketing Monthly, DoE/EIA-0313(2011) (Washington, DC, August 2013). 2011 residential, commercial, and industrial natural gas delivered prices: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 2011, DOE/EIA-0131(2011) (Washington, DC, December 2012). 2012 residential, commercial, and industrial natural gas delivered prices: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, DoE/EIA-0131(2011) (Washington, DC, December 2012). 2012 residential, commercial, and industrial natural gas delivered prices: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 2011, DOE/EIA-0131(2011) (Washington, DC, December 2012). 2012 residential, commercial, and industrial natural gas delivered prices: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 2011, DOE/EIA-0131(2011) (Washington, DC, September 2012). 2012 residential contential a

**Table A4. Residential sector key indicators and consumption** (quadrillion Btu per year, unless otherwise noted)

			R	eference cas	ie .			Annual growth
Key indicators and consumption	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Key indicators								•
Households (millions)								
Single-family	78.99	79.28	85.71	89.73	93.56	96.99	100.37	0.8%
Multifamily	28.13	28.24	30.55	32.18	33.98	35.82	37.61	1.0%
Mobile homes	6.58	6.41	5.70	5.46	5.29	5.14	5.03	-0.9%
Total	113.70	113.93	121.96	127.38	132.83	137.95	143.01	0.8%
Average house square footage	1,662	1,670	1,736	1,771	1,802	1,831	1,858	0.4%
Energy intensity								
(million Btu per household)								
Delivered energy consumption	99.0	91.5	88.1	84.6	81.5	78.7	76.5	-0.6%
Total energy consumption	188.2	176.4	167.1	161.6	156.8	152.8	150.2	-0.6%
(thousand Btu per square foot)								
Delivered energy consumption	59.6	54.8	50.7	47.8	45.2	43.0	41.2	-1.0%
Total energy consumption	113.2	105.6	96.3	91.2	87.0	83.5	80.9	-1.0%
Delivered energy consumption by fuel Purchased electricity								
Space heating	0.37	0.29	0.35	0.35	0.34	0.33	0.32	0.4%
Space cooling	0.83	0.29	0.89	0.55	1.07	1.16	1.25	1.4%
Water heating	0.44	0.45	0.47	0.49	0.50	0.50	0.51	0.5%
	0.44	0.43	0.47	0.49	0.38	0.30	0.31	0.3%
Refrigeration	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.40	0.41	1.1%
Cooking Clothes dryers	0.11			0.12	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.8%
•	0.20	0.20 0.08	0.21 0.08	0.22	0.23	0.24		-0.1%
Freezers	0.64	0.64	0.08	0.08			0.08	-2.9%
Lighting Clothes washers <sup>1</sup>	0.04	0.04	0.44	0.39	0.35 0.02	0.30 0.02	0.28 0.02	-2.9% -1.2%
Dishwashers <sup>1</sup>	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.6%
Televisions and related equipment <sup>2</sup>						0.11		0.6%
Computers and related equipment <sup>3</sup>	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.35		0.39	
	0.13	0.12	0.10	0.08	0.07	0.06	0.05	-3.0%
Furnace fans and boiler circulation pumps Other uses <sup>4</sup>	0.12	0.09	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12 1.58	0.12	0.8% 1.9%
Delivered energy	1.11 <b>4.85</b>	1.02 <b>4.69</b>	1.24 <b>4.84</b>	1.34 <b>5.00</b>	1.46 <b>5.21</b>	5.41	1.70 <b>5.65</b>	0.7%
Natural gas								
Space heating	3.09	2.51	2.82	2.76	2.69	2.62	2.54	0.0%
Space cooling	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	-0.6%
Water heating	1.20	1.22	1.21	1.22	1.22	1.19	1.16	-0.2%
Cooking	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.22	0.22	0.2%
Clothes dryers	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.7%
Other uses <sup>5</sup>	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.23	0.22	0.22	0.21	-0.6%
Delivered energy	4.82	4.26	4.56	4.50	4.43	4.32	4.21	0.0%
Distillate fuel oil								
Space heating	0.46	0.44	0.42	0.38	0.34	0.31	0.29	-1.5%
Water heating	0.06	0.06	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	-4.4%
Other uses <sup>6</sup>	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	-0.6%
Delivered energy	0.53	0.51	0.46	0.41	0.37	0.34	0.31	-1.7%
Propane								
Space heating	0.37	0.37	0.30	0.28	0.26	0.25	0.24	-1.6%
Water heating	0.07	0.07	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.03	-3.3%
Cooking	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	-0.9%
Other uses <sup>6</sup>	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06	1.5%
Delivered energy	0.51	0.51	0.42	0.40	0.38	0.36	0.35	-1.3%
Marketed renewables (wood) <sup>7</sup>	0.54	0.45	0.46	0.45	0.44	0.43	0.42	-0.3%
Kerosene	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-2.5%

Table A4. Residential sector key indicators and consumption (continued)

			R	eference cas	е			Annual growth
Key indicators and consumption	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Delivered energy consumption by end use	•							
Space heating	4.84	4.07	4.36	4.22	4.09	3.95	3.81	-0.2%
Space cooling	0.85	0.88	0.91	1.00	1.09	1.18	1.27	1.3%
Water heating	1.77	1.79	1.77	1.78	1.78	1.74	1.71	-0.2%
Refrigeration	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.40	0.41	0.3%
Cooking	0.34	0.34	0.35	0.36	0.37	0.38	0.39	0.4%
Clothes dryers	0.25	0.25	0.27	0.28	0.29	0.30	0.31	0.8%
Freezers	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	-0.1%
Lighting	0.64	0.64	0.44	0.39	0.35	0.30	0.28	-2.9%
Clothes washers <sup>1</sup>	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	-1.2%
Dishwashers <sup>1</sup>	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.12	0.6%
Televisions and related equipment <sup>2</sup>	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.35	0.37	0.39	0.5%
Computers and related equipment <sup>3</sup>	0.13	0.12	0.10	0.08	0.07	0.06	0.05	-3.0%
Furnace fans and boiler circulation pumps	0.12	0.09	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.8%
Other uses <sup>8</sup>	1.40	1.31	1.53	1.63	1.74	1.86	1.98	1.5%
Delivered energy	11.26	10.42	10.74	10.77	10.83	10.86	10.94	0.2%
Electricity related losses	10.13	9.68	9.64	9.81	10.00	10.22	10.55	0.3%
·								
Total energy consumption by end use								
Space heating	5.63	4.66	5.05	4.90	4.74	4.57	4.41	-0.2%
Space cooling	2.58	2.64	2.68	2.91	3.14	3.37	3.61	1.1%
Water heating	2.68	2.71	2.71	2.74	2.74	2.69	2.65	-0.1%
Refrigeration	1.17	1.16	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.15	1.19	0.1%
Cooking	0.56	0.56	0.59	0.60	0.62	0.64	0.66	0.6%
Clothes dryers	0.66	0.66	0.69	0.71	0.73	0.76	0.78	0.6%
Freezers	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.23	0.23	0.22	0.23	-0.3%
Lighting	1.97	1.95	1.31	1.16	1.02	0.86	0.79	-3.2%
Clothes washers <sup>1</sup>	0.10	0.10	0.08	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.06	-1.4%
Dishwashers <sup>1</sup>	0.31	0.31	0.29	0.29	0.30	0.32	0.34	0.4%
Televisions and related equipment <sup>2</sup>	1.03	1.02	0.98	0.99	1.02	1.07	1.11	0.3%
Computers and related equipment <sup>3</sup>	0.39	0.38	0.29	0.25	0.21	0.18	0.15	-3.3%
Furnace fans and boiler circulation pumps	0.36	0.29	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.6%
Other uses <sup>8</sup>	3.71	3.42	4.01	4.27	4.55	4.84	5.16	1.5%
Total	21.39	20.10	20.38	20.58	20.83	21.09	21.48	0.2%
Nonmarketed renewables <sup>9</sup>								
Geothermal heat pumps	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	3.2%
Solar hot water heating	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	2.4%
Solar photovoltaic	0.02	0.02	0.10	0.12	0.14	0.18	0.22	8.3%
Wind	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	9.1%
Total	0.03	0.04	0.14	0.16	0.19	0.23	0.27	6.9%
Heating degree days <sup>10</sup> Cooling degree days <sup>10</sup>	4,258	3,712	4,015	3,945	3,877	3,810	3,745	0.0%
Cooling degree days "	1,481	1,514	1,488	1,530	1,572	1,614	1,656	0.3%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Does not include water heating portion of load.
<sup>2</sup>Includes televisions, set-top boxes, home theater systems, DVD players, and video game consoles.
<sup>3</sup>Includes desktop and laptop computers, monitors, and networking equipment.
<sup>4</sup>Includes small electric devices, heating elements, and motors not listed above. Electric vehicles are included in the transportation sector.
<sup>5</sup>Includes such appliances as outdoor grills, exterior lights, pool heaters, and backup electricity generators.
<sup>6</sup>Includes such appliances as pool heaters, spa heaters, and backup electricity generators.
<sup>7</sup>Includes wood used for primary and secondary heating in wood stoves or fireplaces as reported in the *Residential Energy Consumption Survey 2009*.
<sup>8</sup>Includes small electric devices, heating elements, outdoor grills, exterior lights, pool heaters, spa heaters, backup electricity generators, and motors not listed above. Electric vehicles are included in the transportation sector.
<sup>9</sup>Consumption determined by using the fossil fuel equivalent of 9,716 Btu per kilowatthour.
<sup>10</sup>See Table A5 for regional detail.
Btu = British thermal unit.

Btu = British thermal unit.
-- = Not applicable.
Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data

reports.

Sources: 2011 and 2012 consumption based on: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013). 2011 and 2012 degree days based on state-level data from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's Climatic Data Center and Climate Prediction Center. Projections: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

Table A5. Commercial sector key indicators and consumption

			R	eference cas	ie .			Annual growth
Key indicators and consumption	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Key indicators								
Total floorspace (billion square feet)								
Surviving	80.2	80.8	87.1	91.9	96.2	100.8	106.5	1.0%
New additions	1.5	1.6	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.4	1.6%
Total	81.7	82.4	89.1	93.9	98.2	103.1	108.9	1.0%
Energy consumption intensity								
(thousand Btu per square foot)								
Delivered energy consumption	105.2	100.7	98.5	96.7	95.6	94.6	93.9	-0.3%
Electricity related losses	115.7	113.2	104.8	103.1	101.3	99.4	98.0	-0.5%
Total energy consumption	220.9	213.8	203.3	199.9	196.9	194.0	191.8	-0.4%
Delivered energy consumption by fuel								
Purchased electricity								
Space heating <sup>1</sup>	0.17	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.14	-0.1%
Space cooling <sup>1</sup>	0.55	0.55	0.51	0.53	0.53	0.55	0.57	0.1%
Water heating <sup>1</sup>	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.08	-0.4%
Ventilation	0.51	0.52	0.55	0.57	0.59	0.60	0.62	0.6%
Cooking	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	-0.3%
Lighting	0.96	0.94	0.88	0.88	0.87	0.85	0.84	-0.4%
Refrigeration	0.39	0.38	0.37	0.37	0.38	0.39	0.41	0.2%
Office equipment (PC)	0.13	0.12	0.07	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.02	-5.6%
Office equipment (non-PC)	0.22	0.22	0.24	0.27	0.31	0.35	0.38	2.0%
Other uses <sup>2</sup>	1.50	1.53	1.80	2.00	2.20	2.41	2.63	2.0%
Delivered energy	4.53	4.52	4.69	4.94	5.18	5.42	5.72	0.8%
Natural gas								
Space heating <sup>1</sup>	1.72	1.54	1.71	1.68	1.64	1.59	1.54	0.0%
Space cooling <sup>1</sup>	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	-0.7%
Water heating <sup>1</sup>	0.47	0.48	0.50	0.51	0.52	0.52	0.53	0.3%
Cooking	0.19	0.20	0.21	0.22	0.23	0.23	0.24	0.7%
Other uses <sup>3</sup>	0.81	0.70	0.78	0.84	0.94	1.09	1.30	2.2%
Delivered energy	3.22	2.96	3.23	3.29	3.35	3.48	3.65	0.7%
Distillate fuel oil								
Space heating <sup>1</sup>	0.15	0.13	0.14	0.13	0.12	0.11	0.11	-0.8%
Water heating <sup>1</sup>	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06	2.5%
Other uses <sup>4</sup>	0.23	0.24	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.20	0.20	-0.7%
Delivered energy	0.42	0.40	0.40	0.39	0.38	0.37	0.37	-0.3%
Marketed renewables (biomass)	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.0%
Other fuels <sup>5</sup>	0.31	0.28	0.33	0.33	0.34	0.35	0.36	0.9%
Delivered energy consumption by end use								
Space heating <sup>1</sup>	2.04	1.82	2.01	1.97	1.91	1.85	1.79	-0.1%
Space cooling <sup>1</sup>	0.59	0.60	0.55	0.56	0.57	0.58	0.60	0.0%
Water heating <sup>1</sup>	0.59	0.60	0.63	0.65	0.66	0.66	0.67	0.4%
Ventilation	0.51	0.52	0.55	0.57	0.59	0.60	0.62	0.6%
Cooking	0.21	0.22	0.23	0.24	0.25	0.26	0.26	0.6%
Lighting	0.96	0.94	0.88	0.88	0.87	0.85	0.84	-0.4%
Refrigeration	0.39	0.38	0.37	0.37	0.38	0.39	0.41	0.2%
Office equipment (PC)	0.13	0.12	0.07	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.02	-5.6%
Office equipment (non-PC)	0.10	0.22	0.24	0.27	0.31	0.35	0.38	2.0%
Other uses <sup>6</sup>	2.96	2.88	3.26	3.52	3.81	4.18	4.62	1.7%
Delivered energy	8.60	8.29	8.78	9.08	9.38	9.75	10.22	0.7%
Delivered ellergy	0.00	0.29	0.70	5.00	<b>3.36</b>	5.13	10.22	U.1 76

Table A5. Commercial sector key indicators and consumption (continued)

Key indicators and consumption			R	eference cas	e			Annual growth
key indicators and consumption	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Electricity related losses	9.46	9.32	9.34	9.69	9.94	10.24	10.66	0.5%
Total energy consumption by end use								
Space heating <sup>1</sup>	2.40	2.13	2.33	2.28	2.20	2.13	2.06	-0.1%
Space cooling <sup>1</sup>	1.73	1.74	1.57	1.59	1.60	1.62	1.66	-0.2%
Water heating <sup>1</sup>	0.78	0.80	0.81	0.82	0.83	0.82	0.82	0.1%
Ventilation	1.58	1.58	1.64	1.69	1.71	1.73	1.77	0.4%
Cooking	0.26	0.27	0.28	0.28	0.29	0.30	0.30	0.4%
Lighting	2.95	2.87	2.63	2.60	2.54	2.45	2.41	-0.6%
Refrigeration	1.20	1.17	1.10	1.10	1.11	1.13	1.16	0.0%
Office equipment (PC)	0.39	0.35	0.20	0.15	0.11	0.08	0.07	-5.8%
Office equipment (non-PC)	0.69	0.67	0.72	0.80	0.90	1.00	1.10	1.8%
Other uses <sup>6</sup>	6.08	6.04	6.85	7.45	8.04	8.73	9.54	1.6%
Total	18.05	17.61	18.12	18.77	19.32	19.99	20.88	0.6%
Nonmarketed renewable fuels <sup>7</sup>								
Solar thermal	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.11	1.0%
Solar photovoltaic	0.03	0.05	0.10	0.12	0.15	0.19	0.24	5.9%
Wind	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	8.3%
Total	0.11	0.13	0.18	0.21	0.24	0.29	0.35	3.7%
Heating degree days								
New England	6,082	5,541	6,045	5.975	5,905	5,835	5,763	0.1%
Middle Atlantic	5,405	4,886	5,307	5,229	5,303	5,076	5,000	0.1%
East North Central	6,163	5,350	5,933	5,867	5,801	5,735	5,669	0.1%
West North Central	6,635	5,537	6,226	6,170	6,112	6,053	5,992	0.2%
South Atlantic	2,568	2,297	2,588	2,551	2,516	2,481	2,448	0.3%
East South Central	3,358	2,896	3,258	3,218	3,177	3,135	3,093	0.2%
West South Central	2,145	,	,	,	,	,	1,707	0.2 %
Mountain	,	1,683	1,924	1,870	1,815	1,761	,	-0.1%
	5,223	4,445	4,660	4,586	4,508	4,428	4,347	0.1%
Pacific United States	3,532 <b>4,258</b>	3,150 <b>3,712</b>	3,244 <b>4,015</b>	3,267 <b>3,945</b>	3,290 <b>3,877</b>	3,314 <b>3,810</b>	3,339 <b>3,745</b>	0.2%
	,	,	,	,	,	,	•	
Cooling degree days	500	500	-0-	500	001	000	000	0.004
New England	568	592	565	583	601	620	638	0.3%
Middle Atlantic	885	863	848	875	903	929	956	0.4%
East North Central	855	982	825	835	846	856	867	-0.4%
West North Central	1,064	1,231	1,024	1,032	1,041	1,051	1,061	-0.5%
South Atlantic	2,267	2,184	2,208	2,244	2,280	2,316	2,350	0.3%
East South Central	1,740	1,780	1,795	1,829	1,863	1,897	1,931	0.3%
West South Central	3,067	2,903	2,880	2,948	3,017	3,086	3,155	0.3%
Mountain	1,506	1,664	1,661	1,719	1,779	1,841	1,905	0.5%
Pacific	767	917	860	861	861	861	861	-0.2%
United States	1,481	1,514	1,488	1,530	1,572	1,614	1,656	0.3%

¹Includes fuel consumption for district services.
²Includes (but is not limited to) miscellaneous uses such as transformers, medical imaging and other medical equipment, elevators, escalators, off-road electric vehicles, laboratory fune hoods, laundry equipment, coffee brewers, and water services.
³Includes miscellaneous uses, such as pumps, emergency generators, combined heat and power in commercial buildings, and manufacturing performed in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Includes miscellaneous uses, such as pumps, emergency generators, combined heat and power in commercial buildings, and manufacturing performed in commercial buildings.

<sup>4</sup>Includes miscellaneous uses, such as cooking, emergency generators, and combined heat and power in commercial buildings.

<sup>5</sup>Includes residual fuel oil, propane, coal, motor gasoline, and kerosene.

<sup>6</sup>Includes (but is not limited to) miscellaneous uses such as transformers, medical imaging and other medical equipment, elevators, escalators, off-road electric vehicles, laboratory fume hoods, laundry equipment, coffee brewers, water services, pumps, emergency generators, combined heat and power in commercial buildings, manufacturing performed in commercial buildings, and cooking (distillate), plus residual fuel oil, propane, coal, motor gasoline, kerosene, and marketed renewable fuels (biomass).

<sup>7</sup>Consumption determined by using the fossil fuel equivalent of 9,716 Btu per kilowatthour.

Btu = British thermal unit.

PC = Personal computer.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.

roote: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounting. Sources: 2011 and 2012 consumption based on: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013). 2011 and 2012 degree days based on state-level data from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's Climatic Data Center and Climate Prediction Center. Projections: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

Table A6. Industrial sector key indicators and consumption

			R	eference cas	se			Annual growth
Shipments, prices, and consumption	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Key indicators								•
Value of shipments (billion 2005 dollars)								
Manufacturing	4,370	4,525	5,735	6,467	7,148	7,784	8,443	2.3%
Agriculture, mining, and construction	1,556	1,623	2,226	2,311	2,389	2,457	2,551	1.6%
Total	5,926	6,147	7,960	8,778	9,537	10,241	10,994	2.1%
Energy prices								
(2012 dollars per million Btu)								
Propane	22.63	21.09	20.64	22.06	23.27	24.73	25.84	0.7%
Motor gasoline	23.19	17.52	25.56	27.34	28.51	30.36	32.62	2.2%
Distillate fuel oil	27.04	27.41	22.22	24.45	26.11	27.97	29.92	0.3%
Residual fuel oil	19.17	20.90	14.88	16.65	18.29	19.79	21.48	0.1%
Asphalt and road oil	10.13	10.11	10.85 5.59	12.26 6.11	13.38	14.60	15.80 8.43	1.6%
Natural gas heat and power	4.80	3.43			6.79	7.58		3.3%
Natural gas feedstocks	5.41	4.16	6.01	6.55	7.21	7.96	8.78	2.7%
Metallurgical coal	7.13	7.25	8.43	8.95	9.51	9.93	10.20	1.2%
Other industrial coal	3.31	3.24	3.59	3.73	3.88	4.03	4.19	0.9%
Coal to liquids								
Electricity	20.35	19.50	20.77	21.08	21.99	22.91	24.05	0.8%
(nominal dollars per million Btu)		04.00		0= 40	0.4.00		40.00	0.00/
Propane	22.24	21.09	23.38	27.18	31.32	36.84	42.83	2.6%
Motor gasoline	22.79	17.52	28.95	33.68	38.37	45.22	54.08	4.1%
Distillate fuel oil	26.56	27.41	25.17	30.12	35.15	41.66	49.61	2.1%
Residual fuel oil	18.84	20.90	16.85	20.51	24.62	29.47	35.61	1.9%
Asphalt and road oil	9.95	10.11	12.29	15.10	18.02	21.75	26.20	3.5%
Natural gas heat and power	4.72	3.43	6.33	7.53	9.14	11.29	13.98	5.1%
Natural gas feedstocks	5.32	4.16	6.81	8.07	9.70	11.86	14.56	4.6%
Metallurgical coal	7.01	7.25	9.55	11.03	12.81	14.80	16.91	3.1%
Other industrial coal	3.25	3.24	4.07	4.59	5.23	6.00	6.95	2.8%
Coal to liquids								
Electricity	19.99	19.50	23.52	25.96	29.60	34.13	39.88	2.6%
Energy consumption (quadrillion Btu) <sup>1</sup>								
Industrial consumption excluding refining								
Propane heat and power	0.13	0.08	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.15	2.2%
Liquefied petroleum gas and other feedstocks <sup>2</sup>	2.12	2.16	2.75	2.89	2.89	2.81	2.75	0.9%
Motor gasoline	0.26	0.26	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.29	0.29	0.4%
Distillate fuel oil	1.24	1.19	1.40	1.41	1.41	1.41	1.42	0.6%
Residual fuel oil	0.13	0.10	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.15	1.5%
Petrochemical feedstocks	0.88	0.75	1.27	1.52	1.62	1.62	1.59	2.7%
Petroleum coke	0.12	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.16	0.1%
Asphalt and road oil	0.86	0.83	1.13	1.16	1.21	1.26	1.32	1.7%
Miscellaneous petroleum <sup>3</sup>	0.45	0.56	0.47	0.51	0.54	0.55	0.57	0.0%
Petroleum and other liquids subtotal	6.18	6.09	7.76	8.25	8.43	8.41	8.41	1.2%
Natural gas heat and power	5.14	5.22	5.79	6.05	6.18	6.26	6.35	0.7%
Natural gas feedstocks	0.53	0.58	0.68	0.71	0.70	0.69	0.68	0.5%
Lease and plant fuel4	1.35	1.45	1.77	1.99	2.16	2.29	2.41	1.8%
Natural gas subtotal	7.03	7.25	8.25	8.74	9.04	9.24	9.43	0.9%
Metallurgical coal and coke⁵	0.58	0.55	0.58	0.57	0.52	0.46	0.42	-0.9%
Other industrial coal	0.95	0.93	0.99	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.01	0.3%
Coal subtotal	1.52	1.48	1.57	1.57	1.52	1.45	1.44	-0.1%
Renewables <sup>6</sup>	1.49	1.48	1.74	1.88	2.01	2.13	2.28	1.6%
Purchased electricity	3.18	3.15	3.87	4.11	4.17	4.16	4.18	1.0%
Delivered energy	19.40	19.45	23.18	24.56	25.17	25.39	25.73	1.0%
Electricity related losses	6.64	6.50	7.71	8.06	8.02	7.86	7.80	0.7%
Total	26.04	25.95	30.90	32.61	33.19	33.25	33.53	0.9%

Table A6. Industrial sector key indicators and consumption (continued)

Chiamonto mices and consumption			R	eference cas	е			Annual growth
Shipments, prices, and consumption	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Refining consumption								
Liquefied petroleum gas heat and power <sup>2</sup>	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Distillate fuel oil	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Residual fuel oil	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Petroleum coke	0.53	0.54	0.45	0.41	0.40	0.39	0.40	-1.1%
Still gas	1.40	1.41	1.35	1.29	1.28	1.28	1.30	-0.3%
Miscellaneous petroleum <sup>3</sup>	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Petroleum and other liquids subtotal	1.95	1.97	1.80	1.70	1.67	1.67	1.69	-0.5%
Natural gas heat and power	1.09	1.19	1.43	1.48	1.47	1.47	1.48	0.8%
Natural gas feedstocks	0.29	0.30	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.6%
Natural-gas-to-liquids heat and power	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Natural gas subtotal	1.38	1.50	1.79	1.84	1.83	1.83	1.85	0.8%
Other industrial coal	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Coal-to-liquids heat and power	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Coal subtotal	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Biofuels heat and coproducts	0.46	0.52	0.76	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	1.5%
Purchased electricity	0.20	0.20	0.17	0.17	0.16	0.16	0.16	-0.7%
Delivered energy	4.00	4.18	4.52	4.49	4.45	4.45	4.49	0.3%
Electricity related losses	0.42	0.40	0.34	0.32	0.31	0.30	0.30	-1.0%
Total	4.42	4.59	4.86	4.82	4.76	4.76	4.79	0.2%
Liquefied petroleum gas heat and power <sup>2</sup>	0.13 2.12	0.09 2.16	0.15 2.75	0.16 2.89	0.16 2.89	0.15 2.81	0.15 2.75	1.9% 0.9%
Motor gasoline	0.26	0.26	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.29	0.29	0.4%
Distillate fuel oil	1.24	1.20	1.40	1.41	1.41	1.41	1.42	0.6%
Residual fuel oil	0.13	0.10	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.15	1.4%
Petrochemical feedstocks	0.88	0.75	1.27	1.52	1.62	1.62	1.59	2.7%
Petroleum coke	0.65	0.69	0.61	0.57	0.56	0.55	0.56	-0.8%
Asphalt and road oil	0.86	0.83	1.13	1.16	1.21	1.26	1.32	1.7%
Still gas	1.40	1.41	1.35	1.29	1.28	1.28	1.30	-0.3%
Miscellaneous petroleum <sup>3</sup>	0.46	0.57	0.47	0.51	0.54	0.55	0.57	0.0%
Petroleum and other liquids subtotal	8.13	8.06	9.56	9.95	10.10	10.08	10.10	0.8%
Natural gas heat and power	6.24	6.41	7.23	7.52	7.65	7.74	7.83	0.7%
Natural gas feedstocks	0.82	0.88	1.04	1.07	1.06	1.05	1.04	0.6%
Natural-gas-to-liquids heat and power	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Lease and plant fuel <sup>4</sup>	1.35	1.45	1.77	1.99	2.16	2.29	2.41	1.8%
Natural gas subtotal	8.41	8.75	10.04	10.58	10.87	11.07	11.28	0.9%
Metallurgical coal and coke <sup>5</sup>	0.58	0.55	0.58	0.57	0.52	0.46	0.42	-0.9%
Other industrial coal	0.95	0.93	0.99	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.01	0.3%
Coal-to-liquids heat and power	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Coal subtotal	1.53	1.48	1.57	1.57	1.52	1.45	1.44	-0.1%
Biofuels heat and coproducts	0.46	0.52	0.76	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	1.5%
Renewables <sup>6</sup>	1.49	1.48	1.74	1.88	2.01	2.13	2.28	1.6%
Purchased electricity	3.38	3.35	4.04	4.27	4.33	4.32	4.34	0.9%
Delivered energy	23.40	23.63	27.71	29.05	29.62	29.84	30.22	0.9%
Electricity related losses  Total	7.06 <b>30.46</b>	6.91 <b>30.54</b>	8.05 <b>35.76</b>	8.38 <b>37.43</b>	8.33 <b>37.94</b>	8.16 <b>38.00</b>	8.10 <b>38.33</b>	0.6% <b>0.8%</b>

Table A6. Industrial sector key indicators and consumption (continued)

Key indicators and consumption			R	eference cas	е			Annual growth
rey indicators and consumption	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Energy consumption per dollar of								
shipments (thousand Btu per 2005 dollar)								
Petroleum and other liquids	1.37	1.31	1.20	1.13	1.06	0.98	0.92	-1.3%
Natural gas	1.42	1.42	1.26	1.21	1.14	1.08	1.03	-1.2%
Coal	0.26	0.24	0.20	0.18	0.16	0.14	0.13	-2.2%
Renewable fuels <sup>5</sup>	0.33	0.33	0.31	0.30	0.29	0.29	0.28	-0.5%
Purchased electricity	0.57	0.54	0.51	0.49	0.45	0.42	0.40	-1.1%
Delivered energy	3.95	3.84	3.48	3.31	3.11	2.91	2.75	-1.2%
Industrial combined heat and power <sup>1</sup>								
Capacity (gigawatts)	25.51	26.95	31.11	34.21	38.48	43.27	46.16	1.9%
Generation (billion kilowatthours)	140.20	143.79	169.54	185.50	207.81	233.21	249.22	2.0%

¹Includes combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status, and small on-site generating systems.
²Includes ethane, natural gasoline, and refinery olefins.
³Includes lubricants and miscellaneous petroleum products.
⁴Represents natural gas used in well, field, and lease operations, in natural gas processing plant machinery, and for liquefaction in export facilities.
⁵Includes net coal coke imports.
⁵Includes consumption of energy produced from hydroelectric, wood and wood waste, municipal waste, and other biomass sources.
Btu = British thermal unit.
- - Not applicable.
Note: Includes estimated consumption for petroleum and other liquids. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.
Sources: 2011 and 2012 prices for motor gasoline and distillate fuel oil are based on: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Marketing Monthly, DOE/EIA-0380(2013/08) (Washington, DC, August 2013). 2011 and 2012 petrochemical feedstock and asphalt and road oil prices are based on: EIA, State Energy Data Report 2011, DOE/EIA-0214(2011) (Washington, DC, June 2013). 2011 and 2012 coal prices are based on: EIA, Quarterly Coal Report, October-December 2012, DOE/EIA-0121(2011) (Washington, DC, March 2013) and EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A. 2011 and 2012 electricity prices: EIA, Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013). 2011 natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130(2013/06) (Washington, DC, June 2013) and EIA, Office of Energy Analysis. 2012 natural gas prices: Natural Gas Annual 2011, DOE/EIA-0340(2011)1 (Washington, DC, Deugent 2012) and EIA, Office of Energy Analysis. 2012 natural gas prices: Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130(2013/06) (Washington, DC, September 2013). Other 2011 and 2012 consumption values are based on: EIA, Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013). Other 2011 and 2012 consumption va

Table A7. Transportation sector key indicators and delivered energy consumption

			R	eference cas	e			Annual growth
Key indicators and consumption	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Key indicators								
Travel indicators								
(billion vehicle miles traveled)								
Light-duty vehicles less than 8,501 pounds	2,623	2,662	2,851	2,977	3,138	3,303	3,434	0.9%
Commercial light trucks <sup>1</sup>	62	63	76	83	90	96	103	1.8%
Freight trucks greater than 10,000 pounds	252	245	310	339	362	385	411	1.9%
(billion seat miles available)								
Air	982	990	1,064	1,101	1,135	1,165	1,199	0.7%
(billion ton miles traveled)								
Rail	1,746	1,729	1,624	1,721	1,738	1,737	1,736	0.0%
Domestic shipping	447	378	390	378	369	367	371	-0.1%
Energy efficiency indicators (miles per gallon)								
New light-duty vehicle CAFE standard <sup>2</sup>	27.6	29.4	36.6	46.4	46.6	46.7	46.8	1.7%
New car <sup>2</sup>	30.7	33.4	43.7	54.3	54.3	54.3	54.3	1.8%
New light truck <sup>2</sup>	24.6	25.7	30.9	39.5	39.5	39.5	39.5	1.5%
Compliance new light-duty vehicle <sup>3</sup>	32.4	32.7	38.6	47.2	47.8	48.1	48.2	1.4%
New car <sup>3</sup>	36.7	37.1	44.2	54.9	55.4	55.6	55.6	1.5%
New light truck <sup>3</sup>	28.5	28.7	33.7	40.3	40.8	40.9	40.9	1.3%
Tested new light-duty vehicle⁴	31.2	31.7	38.6	47.2	47.8	48.0	48.2	1.5%
New car <sup>4</sup>	35.7	36.3	44.2	54.9	55.4	55.5	55.6	1.5%
New light truck <sup>4</sup>	27.3	27.5	33.7	40.3	40.7	40.9	40.8	1.4%
On-road new light-duty vehicle⁵	25.2	25.6	31.2	38.1	38.6	38.8	38.9	1.5%
New car <sup>5</sup>	29.2	29.7	36.1	44.8	45.2	45.4	45.4	1.5%
New light truck <sup>5</sup>	21.8	22.0	27.0	32.2	32.6	32.7	32.7	1.4%
Light-duty stock <sup>6</sup>	21.2	21.5	25.1	28.7	32.6	35.4	37.2	2.0%
New commercial light truck <sup>1</sup>	18.1	18.1	20.9	24.2	24.5	24.6	24.6	1.1%
Stock commercial light truck <sup>1</sup>	14.9	15.2	18.0	20.4	22.5	23.9	24.5	1.7%
Freight truck	6.7	6.7	7.3	7.5	7.7	7.8	7.8	0.5%
(seat miles per gallon)								
Aircraft	62.3	62.4	63.9	65.2	67.0	69.2	71.5	0.5%
(ton miles per thousand Btu)								
Rail	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.2	0.7%
Domestic shipping	4.6	4.7	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.8	0.8%
Energy use by mode (quadrillion Btu)								
Light-duty vehicles	15.52	15.49	14.24	13.01	12.09	11.70	11.58	-1.0%
Commercial light trucks <sup>1</sup>	0.52	0.52	0.53	0.51	0.50	0.50	0.53	0.0%
Bus transportation	0.32	0.32	0.25	0.26	0.27	0.28	0.29	0.7%
Freight trucks	5.19	5.02	5.87	6.19	6.47	6.80	7.23	1.3%
Rail, passenger	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.15	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.9%
Rail, freight	0.51	0.48	0.45	0.46	0.45	0.43	0.42	-0.5%
Shipping, domestic	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.08	-0.8%
Shipping, international	0.77	0.58	0.59	0.59	0.60	0.61	0.61	0.2%
Recreational boats	0.77	0.24	0.25	0.26	0.27	0.28	0.01	0.6%
Air	2.46	2.47	2.60	2.65	2.69	2.69	2.70	0.3%
Military use	0.74	0.70	0.64	0.65	0.68	0.72	0.77	0.3%
Lubricants	0.13	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.1%
Pipeline fuel	0.70	0.73	0.74	0.76	0.82	0.83	0.85	0.5%
Total	27.17	26.74	26.41	25.61	25.09	25.11	25.51	-0.2%

Table A7. Transportation sector key indicators and delivered energy consumption (continued)

			Re	eference cas	е			Annual growth
Key indicators and consumption	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Energy use by mode	•		·		,			
(million barrels per day oil equivalent)								
Light-duty vehicles	8.42	8.41	7.76	7.13	6.65	6.44	6.38	-1.0%
Commercial light trucks <sup>1</sup>	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.27	0.0%
Bus transportation	0.12	0.11	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.7%
Freight trucks	2.50	2.42	2.83	2.98	3.12	3.28	3.48	1.3%
Rail, passenger	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.9%
Rail, freight	0.24	0.23	0.21	0.22	0.21	0.21	0.20	-0.5%
Shipping, domestic	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	-0.8%
Shipping, international	0.34	0.25	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.2%
Recreational boats	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.6%
Air	1.19	1.20	1.26	1.28	1.30	1.30	1.31	0.3%
Military use	0.35	0.34	0.31	0.31	0.33	0.35	0.37	0.3%
Lubricants	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.1%
Pipeline fuel	0.33	0.35	0.35	0.36	0.39	0.39	0.40	0.5%
Total	14.03	13.84	13.63	13.20	12.92	12.90	13.09	-0.2%

reports.

Sources: 2011 and 2012: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013); EIA, Alternatives to Traditional Transportation Fuels 2009 (Part II - User and Fuel Data), April 2011; Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2010 (Washington, DC, February 2012); Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Transportation Energy Data Book: Edition 32 (Oak Ridge, TN, July 2013); National Highway Traffic and Safety Administration, Summary of Fuel Economy Performance (Washington, DC, October 2012); U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Vehicle Inventory and Use Survey." EC02TV (Washington, DC, December 2004); EIA, U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration, Air Carrier Statistics Monthly, December 2010/2009 (Washington, DC, December 2010); and United States Department of Defense, Defense Fuel Supply Center, Factbook (January, 2010). Projections: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

¹Commercial trucks 8,501 to 10,000 pounds gross vehicle weight rating.
²CAFE standard based on projected new vehicle sales.
³Includes CAFE credits for alternative fueled vehicle sales and credit banking.
⁴Environmental Protection Agency rated miles per gallon.
⁵Tested new vehicle efficiency revised for on-road performance.
°Combined'on-the-road' estimate for all cars and light trucks.
CAFE = Corporate average fuel economy.
Btu = British thermal unit.
Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data apports.

**Table A8. Electricity supply, disposition, prices, and emissions** (billion kilowatthours, unless otherwise noted)

Comply disposition union and amining			R	eference cas	e			Annual growth
Supply, disposition, prices, and emissions	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Generation by fuel type								•
Electric power sector <sup>1</sup>								
Power only <sup>2</sup>								
Coal	1,692	1,478	1,606	1,650	1,652	1,640	1,635	0.4%
Petroleum	26	18	15	16	15	15	16	-0.5%
Natural gas <sup>3</sup>	804	1,000	1,020	1,135	1,256	1,374	1,471	1.4%
Nuclear power	790	769	779	779	782	786	811	0.2%
Pumped storage/other <sup>4</sup>	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	0.2%
Renewable sources <sup>5</sup>	476	459	600	634	660	686	735	1.7%
Distributed generation (natural gas)	0	0	1	2	2	3	4	
Total	3,790	3,727	4,025	4,217	4,370	4,508	4,675	0.8%
Combined heat and power <sup>6</sup>	-,	-,	-,	-,	.,	.,	-,	
Coal	26	20	26	26	26	26	26	0.9%
Petroleum	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	-3.6%
Natural gas	121	133	134	135	135	134	134	0.0%
Renewable sources	5	5	8	8	8	8	8	1.9%
Total	157	163	168	169	170	169	169	0.1%
Total electric power sector generation	3,946	3,890	4,193	4,386	4,540	4,677	4,844	0.8%
Less direct use	12	13	14	14	14	14	14	0.3%
Net available to the grid	3,935	3,877	4,179	4,373	4,526	4,663	4,830	0.8%
Fad use sector								
End-use sector	45	40	40	40	40	40	40	0.00/
Coal	15	13	13	13	13	13	13	0.0%
Petroleum	2 88	3 95	3 112	3 130	3 159	3 197	3 231	-0.4%
Natural gas Other gaseous fuels <sup>8</sup>	11							3.2%
Renewable sources <sup>9</sup>	36	11	18 60	18	18	18	18	1.8%
Other <sup>10</sup>	4	39 3		69	80	93 3	108 3	3.7%
			3	3	3			0.0% <b>3.0%</b>
Total end-use sector generation	156	165	209	<b>236</b>	276	327	375	
Less direct use  Total sales to the grid	115 <b>41</b>	127 <b>38</b>	169 <b>41</b>	193 <b>43</b>	228 <b>47</b>	274 <b>53</b>	317 <b>58</b>	3.3% <b>1.5%</b>
-								
Total electricity generation by fuel	4.700	4.540	4.040	4 000	4 000	4.070	4.075	0.40/
Coal	1,733	1,512	1,646	1,689	1,692	1,679	1,675	0.4%
Petroleum	30	23	18	19	19	19	19	-0.7%
Natural gas	1,014	1,228	1,268	1,401	1,552	1,708	1,839	1.5%
Nuclear power	790	769	779	779	782	786	811	0.2%
Renewable sources <sup>5,9</sup>	517	502	667	711	748	787	851	1.9%
Other <sup>11</sup>	19	19	24	24	24	24	24	0.7%
Total electricity generation	4,103	4,054	4,402	4,622	4,815	5,004	5,219	0.9%
Net generation to the grid	3,976	3,915	4,220	4,416	4,573	4,716	4,888	0.8%
Net imports	37	47	33	35	35	31	35	-1.1%
Electricity sales by sector								
Residential	1,423	1,375	1,418	1,467	1,526	1,585	1,657	0.7%
Commercial	1,328	1,324	1,374	1,448	1,517	1,588	1,675	0.8%
Industrial	991	981	1,184	1,253	1,270	1,265	1,273	0.9%
Transportation	7	7	9	10	13	15	18	3.6%
Total	3,749	3,686	3,986	4,178	4,327	4,454	4,623	0.8%
Direct use	127	139	182	206	242	288	331	3.1%
Total electricity use	3,875	3,826	4,168	4,385	4,569	4,742	4,954	0.9%

Table A8. Electricity supply, disposition, prices, and emissions (continued)

(billion kilowatthours, unless otherwise noted)

Comply disposition unions and emissions			R	eference cas	e			Annual growth
Supply, disposition, prices, and emissions	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
End-use prices						•		
(2012 cents per kilowatthour)								
Residential	11.9	11.9	12.3	12.3	12.6	12.9	13.3	0.4%
Commercial	10.4	10.1	10.5	10.4	10.7	10.9	11.3	0.4%
Industrial	6.9	6.7	7.1	7.2	7.5	7.8	8.2	0.8%
Transportation	11.6	10.7	10.2	10.3	10.8	11.1	11.7	0.3%
All sectors average	10.1	9.8	10.1	10.1	10.4	10.7	11.1	0.4%
(nominal cents per kilowatthour)								
Residential	11.7	11.9	14.0	15.2	17.0	19.2	22.0	2.2%
Commercial	10.2	10.1	11.9	12.8	14.4	16.3	18.7	2.2%
Industrial	6.8	6.7	8.0	8.9	10.1	11.6	13.6	2.6%
Transportation	11.4	10.7	11.5	12.6	14.6	16.6	19.3	2.1%
All sectors average	9.9	9.8	11.5	12.5	14.0	16.0	18.5	2.3%
Prices by service category								
(2012 cents per kilowatthour)								
Generation	5.9	5.7	6.4	6.5	6.8	7.1	7.5	1.0%
Transmission	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.2%
Distribution	3.1	3.1	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	-0.6%
(nominal cents per kilowatthour)								
Generation	5.8	5.7	7.2	8.0	9.2	10.6	12.4	2.8%
Transmission	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.0%
Distribution	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.5	3.8	4.3	1.2%
Electric power sector emissions <sup>1</sup>								
Sulfur dioxide (million short tons)	4.57	3.34	1.38	1.54	1.58	1.59	1.61	-2.6%
Nitrogen oxide (million short tons)	1.94	1.68	1.48	1.56	1.59	1.60	1.60	-0.2%
Mercury (short tons)	30.75	26.35	6.51	6.60	6.69	6.72	6.81	-4.7%

reports.

Sources: 2011 and 2012 electric power sector generation; sales to the grid; net imports; electricity sales; and electricity end-use prices: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013), and supporting databases. 2011 and 2012 emissions: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Clean Air Markets Database. 2011 and 2012 electricity prices by service category: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

Projections: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.
<sup>2</sup>Includes plants that only produce electricity and that have a regulatory status.
<sup>3</sup>Includes electricity generation from fuel cells.
<sup>4</sup>Includes non-biogenic municipal waste. The U.S. Energy Information Administration estimates that in 2012 approximately 7 billion kilowatthours of electricity were generated from a municipal waste stream containing petroleum-derived plastics and other non-renewable sources. See U.S. Energy Information Administration, *Methodology for Allocating Municipal Solid Waste to Biogenic and Non-Biogenic Energy*, (Washington, DC, May 2007).
<sup>5</sup>Includes conventional hydroelectric, geothermal, wood, wood waste, biogenic municipal waste, landfill gas, other biomass, solar, and wind power.
<sup>6</sup>Includes combined heat and power plants whose primary business is to sell electricity and heat to the public (i.e., those that report North American Industry Classification System code 22 or that have a regulatory status).
<sup>7</sup>Includes combined heat and power plants and electricity-only plants in the commercial and industrial sectors that have a non-regulatory status; and small onsite generating systems in the residential, commercial, and industrial sectors used primarily for own-use generation, but which may also sell some power to the grid.

grid.

§Includes refinery gas and still gas.

§Includes conventional hydroelectric, geothermal, wood, wood waste, all municipal waste, landfill gas, other biomass, solar, and wind power.

¹Glincludes batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, and miscellaneous technologies.

¹Includes pumped storage, non-biogenic municipal waste, refinery gas, still gas, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, and miscellaneous technologies.

--- = Not applicable.

Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data

**Table A9. Electricity generating capacity** (gigawatts)

Not assessed		Reference case								
Net summer capacity <sup>1</sup>	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	growth 2012-2040 (percent)		
Electric power sector <sup>2</sup>										
Power only <sup>3</sup>										
Coal	307.9	301.9	254.9	254.0	254.0	254.0	254.1	-0.6%		
Oil and natural gas steam <sup>4</sup>	103.4	99.2	84.9	77.2	70.9	68.7	68.5	-1.3%		
Combined cycle	178.8	186.2	205.1	224.1	259.6	291.0	316.2	1.9%		
Combustion turbine/diesel	135.4	136.4	146.3	166.1	180.6	199.5	220.4	1.7%		
Nuclear power <sup>5</sup>	101.5	102.1	97.8	97.8	98.2	98.8				
							102.0	0.0%		
Pumped storage	22.3	22.4	22.4	22.4	22.4	22.4	22.4	0.0%		
Fuel cells	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.9%		
Renewable sources <sup>6</sup>	133.0	147.6	173.1	175.0	178.2	184.2	199.2	1.1%		
Distributed generation (natural gas) <sup>7</sup>	0.0	0.0	1.6	3.3	4.6	6.2	8.9			
Total	982.4	996.0	986.1	1,020.0	1,068.6	1,124.7	1,191.7	0.6%		
Combined heat and power <sup>8</sup>										
Coal	4.8	4.7	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.3	-0.3%		
Oil and natural gas steam <sup>4</sup>	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.0%		
Combined cycle	25.6	25.7	26.0	26.0	26.0	26.0	26.0	0.0%		
Combustion turbine/diesel	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	0.0%		
Renewable sources <sup>6</sup>	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	0.1%		
Total	36.1	36.1	36.2	36.2	36.2	36.2	36.1	0.0%		
Cumulative planned additions <sup>9</sup>										
Coal			2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2			
Oil and natural gas steam <sup>4</sup>			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
					9.7	9.7	9.7			
Combined cycle			9.7	9.7						
Combustion turbine/diesel			3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7			
Nuclear power			5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5			
Pumped storage			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Fuel cells			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Renewable sources <sup>6</sup>			9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0			
Distributed generation <sup>7</sup>			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Total			30.1	30.1	30.1	30.1	30.1			
Cumulative unplanned additions <sup>9</sup>										
Coal			0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5			
Oil and natural gas steam <sup>4</sup>			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Combined cycle			9.8	28.8	64.3	95.7	120.9			
Combustion turbine/diesel			14.1	34.5	49.2	68.5	89.4			
Nuclear power			0.0	0.0	0.3	0.9	4.2			
Pumped storage			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Fuel cells			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Renewable sources <sup>6</sup>			17.4	19.3	22.5	28.5	43.5			
Distributed generation <sup>7</sup>			1.6	3.3	4.6	6.2	8.9			
Total			43.2	86.3	141.4	200.2	267.4			
Cumulative electric power sector additions <sup>9</sup>			73.3	116.4	171.5	230.3	297.5			
Cumulative retirements <sup>10</sup>										
			40.0	E0 7	E0 7	E0 7	E0 0			
Coal			49.9	50.7	50.7	50.7	50.8			
Oil and natural gas steam <sup>4</sup>			14.4	22.1	28.3	30.6	30.8			
Combined cycle			0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3			
Combustion turbine/diesel			7.8	8.5	8.7	9.1	9.2			
Nuclear power			4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8			
Pumped storage			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Fuel cells			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Renewable sources <sup>6</sup>			0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9			
Total			78.0	87.3	93.8	96.4	96.7			

## Table A9. Electricity generating capacity (continued)

(gigawatts)

Net summer capacity <sup>1</sup>			R	eference cas	е			Annual growth
	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
End-use generators <sup>11</sup>		•						
Coal	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	0.0%
Petroleum	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	-0.3%
Natural gas	14.9	16.3	19.2	22.3	27.3	33.7	38.9	3.2%
Other gaseous fuels <sup>12</sup>	2.0	2.1	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	1.0%
Renewable sources <sup>6</sup>	8.6	10.5	20.5	23.8	28.5	34.3	41.3	5.0%
Other <sup>13</sup>	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.1%
Total	30.2	33.8	47.2	53.7	63.4	75.6	87.7	3.5%
Cumulative capacity additions <sup>9</sup>			13.5	20.0	29.7	41.8	53.9	

¹Net summer capacity is the steady hourly output that generating equipment is expected to supply to system load (exclusive of auxiliary power), as demonstrated by tests during summer peak demand.
²Includes electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.
³Includes plants that only produce electricity and that have a regulatory status. Includes capacity increases (uprates) at existing units.
¹Includes oil-, gas-, and dual-fired capacity.
⁵Nuclear capacity includes 0.7 gigawatts of uprates and 5.7 gigawatts of derates through 2020.
⁵Includes conventional hydroelectric, geothermal, wood, wood waste, all municipal waste, landfill gas, other biomass, solar, and wind power. Facilities co-firing biomass and coal are classified as coal.
²Primarily peak load capacity fueled by natural gas.
⁵Includes combined heat and power plants whose primary business is to sell electricity and heat to the public (i.e., those that report North American Industry Classification System code 22 or that have a regulatory status).
°Cumulative additions after December 31, 2012.
¹¹Includes combined heat and power plants and electricity-only plants in the commercial and industrial sectors that have a non-regulatory status; and small onsite generating systems in the residential, commercial, and industrial sectors used primarily for own-use generation, but which may also sell some power to the grid

grid,

12 Includes refinery gas and still gas.

13 Includes batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, and miscellaneous technologies.

-- Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data

Reference of the components of

reports.

Sources: 2011 and 2012 capacity and projected planned additions: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report" (preliminary). Projections: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

Table A10. Electricity trade

(billion kilowatthours, unless otherwise noted)

Electricity treads			R	eference cas	se			Annual growth
Electricity trade	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Interregional electricity trade								
Gross domestic sales								
Firm power	161.5	155.8	129.7	65.9	27.6	27.6	27.6	-6.0%
Economy	157.3	174.0	134.7	141.4	194.5	164.9	182.6	0.2%
Total	318.8	329.9	264.4	207.3	222.1	192.5	210.2	-1.6%
Gross domestic sales (million 2012 dollars)								
Firm power	10,069.9	9,716.3	8,088.6	4,109.8	1,722.5	1,722.5	1,722.5	-6.0%
Economy	7,446.1	6,053.8	6,421.1	7,674.7	11,497.7	10,617.5	12,851.8	2.7%
Total	17,516.0	15,770.1	14,509.7	11,784.5	13,220.2	12,340.0	14,574.2	-0.3%
International electricity trade								
Imports from Canada and Mexico								
Firm power	15.0	15.9	20.4	16.4	14.0	14.0	14.0	-0.5%
Economy	37.4	43.1	27.9	34.2	35.4	31.0	35.0	-0.7%
Total	52.4	59.0	48.3	50.6	49.3	44.9	49.0	-0.7%
Exports to Canada and Mexico								
Firm power	2.6	2.7	1.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Economy	12.8	8.8	13.9	14.6	14.6	14.3	14.3	1.8%
Total	15.4	11.5	15.3	15.1	14.6	14.3	14.3	0.8%

--= Not applicable.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports. Firm power sales are capacity sales, meaning the delivery of the power is scheduled as part of the normal operating conditions of the affected electric systems. Economy sales are subject to curtailment or cessation of delivery by the supplier in accordance with prior agreements or under specified conditions.

Sources: 2011 and 2012 interregional firm electricity trade data: 2012 seasonal reliability assessments from North American Electric Reliability Council regional entities and Independent System Operators. 2011 and 2012 interregional economy electricity trade are model results. 2011 and 2012 Mexican electricity trade data: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Electric Power Annual 2011, DGE/EIA-0348(2011) (Washington, DC, January 2013). 2011 Canadian international electricity trade data: National Energy Board, Electricity Exports and Imports Statistics, 2011. 2012 Canadian international electricity trade data: National Energy Board, Electricity Exports and Imports Statistics, 2011. 2012 Canadian System run REF2014.D102413A.

Table A11. Petroleum and other liquids supply and disposition

(million barrels per day, unless otherwise noted)

Supply and disposition			R	eference cas	e			Annual growth
Supply and disposition	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Crude oil		•						•
Domestic crude production <sup>1</sup>	5.66	6.49	9.55	9.00	8.30	7.87	7.48	0.5%
Alaska	0.57	0.53	0.44	0.33	0.24	0.38	0.26	-2.5%
Lower 48 states	5.09	5.96	9.12	8.68	8.06	7.49	7.22	0.7%
Net imports	8.89	8.43	5.79	6.05	6.64	7.15	7.74	-0.3%
Gross imports	8.94	8.49	5.94	6.18	6.77	7.27	7.87	-0.3%
Exports	0.05	0.06	0.15	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.12	2.6%
Other crude supply <sup>2</sup>	0.27	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Total crude supply	14.81	15.01	15.34	15.06	14.94	15.02	15.22	0.0%
Other petroleum supply	0.85	0.10	0.23	-0.01	-0.34	-0.67	-0.86	
Net product imports	-0.25	-0.92	-0.86	-1.01	-1.29	-1.61	-1.82	
Gross refined product imports <sup>3</sup>	1.15	0.85	0.98	1.06	1.06	1.08	1.10	0.9%
Unfinished oil imports	0.69	0.60	0.52	0.50	0.49	0.47	0.45	-1.0%
Blending component imports	0.72	0.62	0.62	0.55	0.50	0.45	0.40	-1.5%
Exports	2.81	2.98	2.97	3.12	3.33	3.61	3.76	0.8%
Refinery processing gain⁴	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.00	0.96	0.94	0.95	-0.4%
Product stock withdrawal	0.03	-0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Other non-petroleum supply	3.27	3.48	3.96	4.21	4.32	4.40	4.36	0.8%
Supply from renewable sources	0.87	0.89	1.01	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.07	0.7%
Ethanol	0.82	0.83	0.90	0.92	0.91	0.91	0.95	0.5%
Domestic production	0.89	0.84	0.84	0.85	0.86	0.85	0.86	0.1%
Net imports	-0.07	-0.02	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.08	
Stock withdrawal	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Biodiesel	0.06	0.06	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	
Domestic production	0.06	0.06	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.7%
Net imports	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	
Stock withdrawal	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Other biomass-derived liquids <sup>5</sup>	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03	
Domestic production	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03	
Net imports	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Stock withdrawal	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Liquids from gas	2.22	2.40	2.65	2.87	2.98	3.05	2.98	0.8%
Natural gas plant liquids	2.22	2.40	2.65	2.87	2.98	3.05	2.98	0.8%
Gas-to-liquids	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Liquids from coal	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Other <sup>6</sup>	0.18	0.19	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.31	0.31	1.8%
Total primary supply <sup>7</sup>	18.94	18.59	19.52	19.26	18.93	18.75	18.72	0.0%
Product supplied								
by fuel				<b>_</b>		c	e =-	
Liquefied petroleum gases and other <sup>8</sup>	2.30	2.32	2.73	2.84	2.84	2.78	2.73	0.6%
Motor gasoline <sup>9</sup>	8.75	8.71	8.35	7.67	7.15	6.91	6.84	-0.9%
of which: E85 <sup>10</sup>	0.00	0.01	0.13	0.26	0.32	0.30	0.23	11.9%
Jet fuel <sup>11</sup> Distillate fuel oil <sup>12</sup>	1.43	1.40	1.49	1.52	1.55	1.57	1.59	0.5%
	3.90	3.74	4.30	4.44	4.52	4.59	4.62	0.8%
of which: Diesel	3.51	3.45	3.94	4.11	4.21	4.30	4.34	0.8%
Residual fuel oil Other <sup>13</sup>	0.46	0.35	0.39	0.39	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.6%
	2.08	1.97	2.28	2.40	2.49	2.51	2.55	0.9%
by sector  Residential and commercial	0.07	0.04	0.00	0.04	0.04	0.70	0.70	0.00/
Residential and commercialIndustrial <sup>14</sup>	0.97	0.94	0.88	0.84	0.81	0.78	0.76	-0.8%
	4.45	4.42	5.37	5.64	5.72	5.70	5.68	0.9%
Transportation  Electric power <sup>15</sup>	13.65	13.44	13.19	12.71	12.32	12.20	12.20	-0.3%
Total	0.14 <b>18.92</b>	0.10 <b>18.49</b>	0.08 <b>19.53</b>	0.08 <b>19.27</b>	0.08 <b>18.94</b>	0.08 <b>18.76</b>	0.08 <b>18.73</b>	-0.7% <b>0.0%</b>

## Table A11. Petroleum and other liquids supply and disposition (continued)

(million barrels per day, unless otherwise noted)

Supply and disposition			R	eference cas	e			Annual growth
зирргу ани изрознюн	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Domestic refinery distillation capacity <sup>17</sup>	17.7	17.3	18.1	18.1	18.1	18.1	18.1	0.2%
Capacity utilization rate (percent) <sup>18</sup>	86.0	89.0	84.6	83.1	82.4	82.9	84.0	-0.2%
Net import share of product supplied (percent)	45.2	40.3	25.6	26.6	28.6	29.9	32.2	-0.8%
Net expenditures for imported crude oil and petroleum products (billion 2012 dollars)	494.73	313.70	198.85	234.27	278.60	327.33	385.39	0.7%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes lease condensate.

Sources: 2011 and 2012 product supplied based on: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013). Other 2011 data: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 2011, DOE/EIA-0340(2011)/1 (Washington, DC, August 2012). Other 2012 data: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 2012, DOE/EIA-0340(2012)/1 (Washington, DC, September 2013). Projections: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

Strategic petroleum reserve stock additions plus unaccounted for crude oil and crude stock withdrawals minus crude product supplied.

Includes other hydrocarbons and alcohols.

The volumetric amount by which total output is greater than input due to the processing of crude oil into products which, in total, have a lower specific gravity

<sup>\*</sup>The volumetric amount by which total output is greater than input due to the processing of crude oil into products which, in total, have a lower specific gravity than the crude oil processed.

\*Includes pyrolysis oils, biomass-derived Fischer-Tropsch liquids, and renewable feedstocks used for the on-site production of diesel and gasoline.

\*Includes described in the petroleum supply plus other petroleum supply plus other non-petroleum supply.

\*Includes ethane, natural gasoline, and refinery olefins.

\*Includes ethanol and ethers blended into gasoline.

\*Includes ethanol and ethers blended into gasoline.

\*Includes only kerosene type.

\*Includes only kerosene type.

\*Includes only kerosene type.

\*Includes distillate fuel oil from petroleum and biomass feedstocks.

\*Includes described, and miscellaneous petroleum products.

\*Includes described, methanol, and miscellaneous petroleum products.

\*Includes erency for combined heat and power plants that have a non-regulatory status, and small on-site generating systems.

\*Includes consumption of energy by electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.

\*Includes consumption of energy by electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.

\*Includes consumption of energy by electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.

\*Includes consumption of energy by electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.

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\*Includes consumption of energy by electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.

\*Includes consumption of energy by electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.

\*Includes consumption of energy by electricity-only and combi

 <sup>- =</sup> Not applicable.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data

Table A12. Petroleum and other liquids prices

(2012 dollars per gallon, unless otherwise noted)

			R	eference cas	se .			Annual growth
Sector and fuel	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Crude oil prices (2012 dollars per barrel)								
Brent spot	113.24	111.65	96.57	108.99	118.99	129.77	141.46	0.8%
West Texas Intermediate spot	96.55	94.12	94.57	106.99	116.99	127.77	139.46	1.4%
Average imported refiners acquisition cost <sup>1</sup>	104.47	101.10	88.07	100.01	109.22	119.80	130.80	0.9%
Delivered sector product prices								
Residential								
Propane	2.31	2.20	2.17	2.27	2.35	2.45	2.52	0.5%
Distillate fuel oil	3.73	3.79	3.42	3.74	3.97	4.24	4.53	0.6%
Commercial								
Distillate fuel oil	3.64	3.70	3.00	3.31	3.54	3.82	4.10	0.4%
Residual fuel oil	2.91	3.42	2.16	2.41	2.68	2.90	3.14	-0.3%
Residual fuel oil (2012 dollars per barrel)	122.01	143.59	90.53	101.42	112.66	121.75	131.97	-0.3%
Industrial <sup>2</sup>								
Propane	2.07	1.93	1.89	2.02	2.13	2.26	2.36	0.7%
Distillate fuel oil	3.71	3.76	3.05	3.36	3.58	3.84	4.11	0.3%
Residual fuel oil	2.87	3.13	2.23	2.49	2.74	2.96	3.22	0.1%
Residual fuel oil (2012 dollars per barrel)	120.55	131.40	93.56	104.67	115.00	124.42	135.04	0.1%
Transportation								
Propane	2.40	2.30	2.27	2.37	2.45	2.56	2.63	0.5%
Ethanol (E85) <sup>3</sup>	4.19	3.33	2.43	2.62	2.65	2.92	3.37	0.0%
Ethanol wholesale price	2.58	2.58	2.66	2.61	2.52	2.43	2.65	0.1%
Motor gasoline <sup>4</sup>	3.65	3.69	3.08	3.29	3.43	3.65	3.90	0.2%
Jet fuel <sup>5</sup>	3.11	3.10	2.63	2.96	3.20	3.49	3.79	0.7%
Diesel fuel (distillate fuel oil) <sup>6</sup>	3.89	3.95	3.67	3.98	4.20	4.47	4.73	0.7%
Residual fuel oil	2.70	3.00	1.86	2.12	2.32	2.54	2.78	-0.3%
Residual fuel oil (2012 dollars per barrel)	113.46	126.17	78.31	89.03	97.43	106.50	116.65	-0.3%
Electric power <sup>7</sup>								
Distillate fuel oil	3.30	3.35	2.87	3.18	3.42	3.70	4.00	0.6%
Residual fuel oil	2.39	3.10	2.07	2.33	2.57	2.81	3.06	0.0%
Residual fuel oil (2012 dollars per barrel)	100.25	130.00	87.12	98.04	107.77	117.85	128.40	0.0%
Average prices, all sectors <sup>8</sup>								
Propane	2.23	2.12	2.06	2.16	2.25	2.36	2.45	0.5%
Motor gasoline <sup>4</sup>	3.63	3.66	3.08	3.29	3.43	3.65	3.90	0.2%
Jet fuel <sup>5</sup>	3.11	3.10	2.63	2.96	3.20	3.49	3.79	0.7%
Distillate fuel oil	3.83	3.89	3.53	3.84	4.07	4.33	4.60	0.6%
Residual fuel oil	2.66	3.05	1.97	2.23	2.44	2.66	2.91	-0.2%
Residual fuel oil (2012 dollars per barrel)	111.89	128.30	82.69	93.53	102.60	111.83	122.12	-0.2%
Average	3.28	3.28	2.80	3.02	3.19	3.43	3.69	0.4%

Table A12. Petroleum and other liquids prices (continued)

(nominal dollars per gallon, unless otherwise noted)

Control and find			R	eference cas	e			Annual growth
Sector and fuel	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Crude oil spot prices								
(nominal dollars per barrel)								
Brent spot	111.26	111.65	109.37	134.25	160.19	193.27	234.53	2.7%
West Texas Intermediate spot	94.86	94.12	107.11	131.78	157.49	190.30	231.22	3.3%
Average imported refiners acquisition cost <sup>1</sup>	102.64	101.10	99.75	123.19	147.02	178.43	216.87	2.8%
Delivered sector product prices								
Residential								
Propane	2.27	2.20	2.46	2.80	3.17	3.65	4.19	2.3%
Distillate fuel oil	3.67	3.79	3.88	4.60	5.34	6.31	7.51	2.5%
Commercial								
Distillate fuel oil	3.58	3.70	3.40	4.08	4.76	5.69	6.79	2.2%
Residual fuel oil	2.85	3.42	2.44	2.97	3.61	4.32	5.21	1.5%
Residual fuel oil (nominal dollars per barrel)	119.88	143.59	102.54	124.92	151.65	181.33	218.81	1.5%
Industrial <sup>2</sup>								
Propane	2.03	1.93	2.14	2.48	2.86	3.36	3.91	2.6%
Distillate fuel oil	3.65	3.76	3.46	4.13	4.82	5.72	6.81	2.1%
Residual fuel oil	2.82	3.13	2.52	3.07	3.69	4.41	5.33	1.9%
Residual fuel oil (nominal dollars per barrel)	118.44	131.40	105.96	128.93	154.81	185.30	223.89	1.9%
Transportation								
Propane	2.36	2.30	2.57	2.92	3.30	3.81	4.36	2.3%
Ethanol (E85) <sup>3</sup>	4.11	3.33	2.76	3.22	3.57	4.34	5.59	1.9%
Ethanol wholesale price	2.54	2.58	3.02	3.21	3.39	3.63	4.39	1.9%
Motor gasoline <sup>4</sup>	3.58	3.69	3.49	4.05	4.61	5.43	6.47	2.0%
Jet fuel <sup>5</sup>	3.05	3.10	2.98	3.65	4.31	5.19	6.28	2.5%
Diesel fuel (distillate fuel oil) <sup>6</sup>	3.82	3.95	4.16	4.90	5.66	6.65	7.84	2.5%
Residual fuel oil	2.65	3.00	2.11	2.61	3.12	3.78	4.60	1.5%
Residual fuel oil (nominal dollars per barrel)	111.48	126.17	88.69	109.66	131.15	158.62	193.40	1.5%
Electric power <sup>7</sup>								
Distillate fuel oil	3.24	3.35	3.25	3.92	4.60	5.51	6.62	2.5%
Residual fuel oil	2.35	3.10	2.35	2.88	3.45	4.18	5.07	1.8%
Residual fuel oil (nominal dollars per barrel)	98.49	130.00	98.67	120.77	145.08	175.52	212.89	1.8%
Average prices, all sectors <sup>8</sup>								
Propane	2.19	2.12	2.33	2.66	3.03	3.52	4.06	2.3%
Motor gasoline <sup>4</sup>	3.57	3.66	3.49	4.05	4.61	5.43	6.47	2.1%
Jet fuel <sup>5</sup>	3.05	3.10	2.98	3.65	4.31	5.19	6.28	2.5%
Distillate fuel oil	3.77	3.89	3.99	4.73	5.48	6.45	7.63	2.4%
Residual fuel oil	2.62	3.05	2.23	2.74	3.29	3.97	4.82	1.6%
Residual fuel oil (nominal dollars per barrel)	109.93	128.30	93.65	115.20	138.12	166.56	202.47	1.6%
Average	3.22	3.28	3.17	3.72	4.30	5.11	6.11	2.2%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Weighted average price delivered to U.S. refiners.
<sup>2</sup>Includes combined heat and power plants that have a non-regulatory status, and small on-site generating systems.
<sup>3</sup>E85 refers to a blend of 85 percent ethanol (renewable) and 15 percent motor gasoline (nonrenewable). To address cold starting issues, the percentage of ethanol varies seasonally. The annual average ethanol content of 74 percent is used for this forecast.
<sup>4</sup>Sales weighted-average price for all grades. Includes Federal, State and local taxes.
<sup>5</sup>Includes only kerosene type.
<sup>8</sup>Diesel fuel for on-road use. Includes Federal and State taxes while excluding county and local taxes.
<sup>7</sup>Includes electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.
<sup>8</sup>Weighted averages of end-use fuel prices are derived from the prices in each sector and the corresponding sectoral consumption.
Note: Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.

Sources: 2011 and 2012 Brent and West Texas Intermediate crude oil sopt prices: Thomson Reuters. 2011 and 2012 average imported crude oil cost: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Monthly Energy Review*, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013). 2011 and 2012 prices for motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, and jet fuel are based on: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0380(2013/08) (Washington, DC, August 2013). 2011 and 2012 residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sector petroleum product prices are derived from: EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report." 2011 and 2012 electric power prices based on: EIA, *Monthly Energy Review*, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013). 2011 and 2012 E85 prices derived from monthly prices in the Clean Cities Alternative Fuel Price Report. 2011 and 2012 wholesale ethanol prices derived from Bloomberg U.S. average rack price. **Projections:** EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

Table A13. Natural gas supply, disposition, and prices

(trillion cubic feet per year, unless otherwise noted)

			R	eference cas	е			Annual growth
Supply, disposition, and prices	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Supply			•		•	•		•
Dry gas production <sup>1</sup>	22.55	24.06	29.09	31.86	34.43	36.09	37.54	1.6%
Supplemental natural gas <sup>2</sup>	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.1%
Net imports	1.96	1.51	-1.93	-3.41	-4.94	-5.53	-5.80	
Pipeline <sup>3</sup>	1.68	1.37	0.00	-0.84	-1.57	-2.16	-2.43	
Liquefied natural gas	0.28	0.15	-1.93	-2.57	-3.37	-3.37	-3.37	
Total supply	24.57	25.64	27.23	28.52	29.56	30.63	31.81	0.8%
Consumption by sector								
Residential	4.71	4.17	4.46	4.40	4.33	4.23	4.12	0.0%
Commercial	3.16	2.90	3.16	3.22	3.28	3.40	3.57	0.7%
Industrial <sup>4</sup>	6.90	7.14	8.09	8.41	8.52	8.59	8.68	0.7%
Natural-gas-to-liquids heat and power <sup>5</sup>	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Natural gas to liquids production <sup>6</sup>	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Electric power <sup>7</sup>	7.56	9.25	8.81	9.49	10.06	10.67	11.23	0.7%
Transportation <sup>8</sup>	0.04	0.04	0.08	0.14	0.28	0.48	0.85	11.3%
•								
Pipeline fuel Lease and plant fuel <sup>9</sup>	0.68	0.72	0.73	0.75	0.80	0.82	0.83	0.5%
Total consumption	1.32 <b>24.38</b>	1.42 <b>25.64</b>	1.74 <b>27.06</b>	1.95 <b>28.35</b>	2.11 <b>29.39</b>	2.24 <b>30.44</b>	2.35 <b>31.63</b>	1.8% <b>0.8%</b>
·	24.30	25.04	27.00	20.55	29.59	30.44	31.03	0.0 /6
Discrepancy <sup>10</sup>	0.19	0.00	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.19	0.18	
Natural gas spot price at Henry Hub								
(2012 dollars per million Btu)	4.07	2.75	4.38	5.23	6.03	6.92	7.65	3.7%
(nominal dollars per million Btu)	4.00	2.75	4.96	6.45	8.12	10.31	12.69	5.6%
Delivered natural gas prices								
(2012 dollars per thousand cubic feet)								
Residential	11.22	10.69	11.85	12.75	13.80	14.93	16.33	1.5%
Commercial	9.16	8.29	9.70	10.51	11.44	12.22	13.37	1.7%
Industrial <sup>4</sup>	5.21	3.85	5.92	6.46	7.14	7.93	8.78	3.0%
Electric power <sup>7</sup>	4.98	3.51	5.19	5.88	6.64	7.45	8.34	3.1%
Transportation <sup>11</sup>	16.25	14.96	15.96	15.91	16.99	18.49	20.10	1.1%
Average <sup>12</sup>	6.98	5.50	7.25	7.89	8.68	9.54	10.61	2.4%
(nominal dollars per thousand cubic feet)								
Residential	11.02	10.69	13.42	15.70	18.58	22.23	27.07	3.4%
Commercial	9.00	8.29	10.99	12.95	15.40	18.20	22.16	3.6%
Industrial <sup>4</sup>	5.11	3.85	6.70	7.96	9.62	11.81	14.56	4.9%
Electric power <sup>7</sup>	4.90	3.51	5.87	7.25	8.93	11.09	13.82	5.0%
Transportation <sup>11</sup>	15.97	14.96	18.08	19.60	22.87	27.54	33.33	2.9%
Average <sup>12</sup>	6.86	5.50	8.21	9.71	11.68	14.21	17.59	4.2%
Average	6.86	5.50	ð.21	9./1	11.68	14.21	17.59	4.29

Marketed production (wet) minus extraction losses

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Marketed production (wet) minus extraction losses.
<sup>2</sup>Synthetic natural gas, propane air, coke oven gas, refinery gas, biomass gas, air injected for Btu stabilization, and manufactured gas commingled and distributed with natural gas.
<sup>3</sup>Includes any natural gas regasified in the Bahamas and transported via pipeline to Florida, as well as gas from Canada and Mexico.
<sup>4</sup>Includes energy for combined heat and power plants that have a non-regulatory status, and small on-site generating systems.
<sup>5</sup>Includes any natural gas used in the process of converting natural gas to liquid fuel that is not actually converted.
<sup>6</sup>Includes any natural gas converted into liquid fuel.
<sup>7</sup>Includes consumption of energy by electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.
<sup>8</sup>Natural gas used as fuel in motor vehicles, trains, and ships.
<sup>9</sup>Represents natural gas used in well, field, and lease operations, in natural gas processing plant machinery, and for liquefaction in export facilities.
<sup>10</sup>Balancing item. Natural gas lost as a result of converting flow data measured at varying temperatures and pressures to a standard temperature and pressure and the merger of different data reporting systems which vary in scope, format, definition, and respondent type. In addition, 2011 and 2012 values include net storage injections.

<sup>11</sup>Natural gas used as fuel in motor vehicles, trains, and ships. Price includes estimated motor vehicle fuel taxes and estimated dispensing costs or charges.

<sup>12</sup>Weighted average prices. Weights used are the sectoral consumption values excluding lease, plant, and pipeline fuel.

——Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.

reports.

Sources: 2011 supply values; lease, plant, and pipeline fuel consumption; and residential, commercial, and industrial delivered prices: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 2011, DOE/EIA-0131(2011) (Washington, DC, December 2012). 2012 supply values; lease, plant, and pipeline fuel consumption; and residential, commercial, and industrial delivered prices: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130(2013/06) (Washington, DC, June 2013). Other 2011 and 2012 consumption based on: EIA, Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013). 2011 and 2012 natural gas spot price at Henry Hub: Thomson Reuters. 2011 and 2012 electric power prices: EIA, Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0216, April 2012 and April 2013, Table 4.2, and EIA, State Energy Data Report 2011, DOE/EIA-0214(2011) (Washington, DC, June 2013). 2011 transportation sector delivered prices are based on: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 2011, DOE/EIA-0131(2011) (Washington, DC, December 2012) and estimated state taxes, federal taxes, and dispensing costs or charges. 2012 transportation sector delivered prices are model results. Projections: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A. reports.
Sources:

Table A14. Oil and gas supply

			R	eference cas	e			Annual
Production and supply	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	growth 2012-2040 (percent)
Crude oil			_					
Lower 48 average wellhead price <sup>1</sup>								
(2012 dollars per barrel)	98.12	94.94	92.93	104.90	114.69	125.59	137.63	1.3%
Production (million barrels per day) <sup>2</sup>								
United States total	5.66	6.49	9.55	9.00	8.30	7.87	7.48	0.5%
Lower 48 onshore	3.66	4.60	7.21	7.04	6.38	5.79	5.23	0.5%
Tight oil <sup>3</sup>	1.31	2.25	4.79	4.54	4.17	3.69	3.20	1.3%
Carbon dioxide enhanced oil recovery	0.28	0.28	0.36	0.47	0.58	0.66	0.74	3.6%
Other	2.07	2.07	2.06	2.03	1.63	1.44	1.29	-1.7%
Lower 48 offshore	1.43	1.37	1.90	1.64	1.68	1.70	1.99	1.4%
Alaska	0.57	0.53	0.44	0.33	0.24	0.38	0.26	-2.5%
Lower 48 end of year reserves <sup>2</sup>								
(billion barrels)	25.10	24.71	31.78	33.01	34.42	34.58	35.45	1.3%
Natural gas plant liquids production (million barrels per day)								
United States total	2.22	2.40	2.65	2.87	2.98	3.05	2.98	0.8%
Lower 48 onshore	0.00	2.31	2.42	2.66	2.75	2.81	2.71	0.6%
Lower 48 offshore	0.15	0.14	0.20	0.19	0.22	0.22	0.26	2.3%
Alaska	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	-4.1%
Natural gas								
Natural gas spot price at Henry Hub								
(2012 dollars per million Btu)	4.07	2.75	4.38	5.23	6.03	6.92	7.65	3.7%
Dry production (trillion cubic feet) <sup>4</sup>								
United States total	22.55	24.06	29.09	31.86	34.43	36.09	37.54	1.6%
Lower 48 onshore	20.35	22.07	26.65	29.52	30.82	32.46	33.43	1.5%
Associated-dissolved <sup>5</sup>	1.67	2.06	2.65	2.60	2.25	2.06	1.91	-0.3%
Non-associated	18.68	20.02	24.00	26.92	28.57	30.39	31.52	1.6%
Tight gas	5.01	4.86	6.48	7.06	8.06	8.53	8.41	2.0%
Shale gas	7.94	9.72	13.33	15.99	16.92	18.50	19.82	2.6%
Coalbed methane	1.73	1.58	1.66	1.61	1.61	1.64	1.71	0.3%
Other	4.00	3.86	2.53	2.25	1.98	1.72	1.58	-3.1%
Lower 48 offshore	1.86	1.66	2.16	2.09	2.42	2.46	2.95	2.1%
Associated-dissolved <sup>5</sup>	0.51	0.48	0.68	0.56	0.58	0.59	0.71	1.4%
Non-associated	1.35	1.18	1.48	1.53	1.84	1.87	2.24	2.3%
Alaska	0.33	0.33	0.28	0.26	1.19	1.17	1.17	4.6%
Lower 48 end of year dry reserves <sup>4</sup> (trillion cubic feet)	324.64	320.09	352.47	368.52	382.58	393.60	402.59	0.8%
Supplemental gas supplies (trillion cubic feet) <sup>6</sup>	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.1%
Total lower 48 wells drilled (thousands)	41.81	42.49	50.46	60.06	59.28	61.73	61.57	1.3%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Represents lower 48 onshore and offshore supplies.
<sup>2</sup>Includes lease condensate.
<sup>3</sup>Tight oil represents resources in low-permeability reservoirs, including shale and chalk formations. The specific plays included in the tight oil category are Bakken/Three Forks/Sanish, Eagle Ford, Woodford, Austin Chalk, Spraberry, Niobrara, Avalon/Bone Springs, and Monterey.
<sup>4</sup>Marketed production (wet) minus extraction losses.
<sup>5</sup>Gas which occurs in crude oil reservoirs either as free gas (associated) or as gas in solution with crude oil (dissolved).
<sup>6</sup>Synthetic natural gas, propane air, coke oven gas, refinery gas, biomass gas, air injected for Btu stabilization, and manufactured gas commingled and distributed with natural gas.

distributed with natural gas.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.

Reports.

Sources: 2011 and 2012 crude oil lower 48 average wellhead price: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Marketing Monthly, DOE/EIA-0380(2013/08) (Washington, DC, August 2013). 2011 and 2012 lower 48 onshore, lower 48 offshore, and Alaska crude oil production: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual 2012, DOE/EIA-0340(2012)/1 (Washington, DC, September 2013). 2011 U.S. crude oil and natural gas reserves: EIA, U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, DOE/EIA-0216(2010) (Washington, DC, August 2012). 2011 Alaska and total natural gas production, and supplemental gas supplies: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 2011, DOE/EIA-0131(2011) (Washington, DC, December 2012). 2011 and 2012 natural gas spot price at Henry Hub: Thomson Reuters. 2012 Alaska and total natural gas production, and supplemental gas supplies: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130(2013/06) (Washington, DC, June 2013). Other 2011 and 2012 values: EIA, Office of Energy Analysis. Projections: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

Table A15. Coal supply, disposition, and prices

(million short tons per year, unless otherwise noted)

Supply, disposition, and prices			R	eference cas	e			Annual growth
Supply, disposition, and prices	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Production <sup>1</sup>								
Appalachia	337	293	261	259	253	253	247	-0.6%
Interior	171	180	228	244	266	279	289	1.7%
West	588	543	587	611	607	594	584	0.3%
East of the Mississippi	456	423	438	446	459	471	475	0.4%
West of the Mississippi	639	593	639	668	668	655	645	0.3%
Total	1,096	1,016	1,077	1,114	1,127	1,126	1,121	0.3%
Waste coal supplied <sup>2</sup>	13	11	14	14	15	17	19	1.9%
Net imports								
Imports <sup>3</sup>	11	8	2	2	1	2	1	-6.6%
Exports	107	126	128	136	148	160	161	0.9%
Total	-96	-118	-126	-135	-147	-158	-160	1.1%
Total supply <sup>4</sup>	1,013	909	965	993	995	985	979	0.3%
Consumption by sector								
Commercial and institutional	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	-0.1%
Coke plants	21	21	22	22	21	19	18	-0.5%
Other industrial <sup>5</sup>	46	43	49	49	49	49	50	0.5%
Coal-to-liquids heat and power	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Coal to liquids production	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Electric power <sup>6</sup>	932	825	892	919	923	915	909	0.3%
Total	1,003	891	965	993	995	985	979	0.3%
Discrepancy and stock change <sup>7</sup>	10	19	0	0	0	0	0	
Average minemouth price <sup>8</sup>								
(2012 dollars per short ton)	41.74	39.94	46.52	49.67	53.15	56.37	59.16	1.4%
(2012 dollars per million Btu)	2.07	1.98	2.33	2.49	2.67	2.82	2.96	1.4%
Delivered prices <sup>9</sup>								
(2012 dollars per short ton)								
Commercial and institutional	93.58	90.76	95.19	97.75	101.39	104.53	108.37	0.6%
Coke plants	187.72	190.55	221.01	234.75	249.43	260.42	267.23	1.2%
Other industrial <sup>5</sup>	71.87	70.32	76.39	79.29	82.64	85.75	89.22	0.9%
Coal to liquids								
Electric power <sup>6</sup>								
(2012 dollars per short ton)	47.06	46.13	49.63	52.56	55.32	57.76	60.61	1.0%
(2012 dollars per million Btu)	2.42	2.39	2.61	2.77	2.93	3.05	3.19	1.0%
Average	51.36	50.85	54.99	58.06	60.85	63.22	65.97	0.9%
Exports <sup>10</sup>	151.51	118.43	136.76	142.74	145.97	148.56	150.13	0.9%

## Table A15. Coal supply, disposition, and prices (continued)

(million short tons per year, unless otherwise noted)

Supply, disposition, and prices			Re	eference cas	е			Annual growth
Supply, disposition, and prices	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Average minemouth price <sup>8</sup>								•
(nominal dollars per short ton)	41.01	39.94	52.69	61.18	71.55	83.96	98.08	3.3%
(nominal dollars per million Btu)	2.04	1.98	2.63	3.07	3.59	4.21	4.91	3.3%
Delivered prices <sup>9</sup>								
(nominal dollars per short ton)								
Commercial and institutional	91.94	90.76	107.81	120.40	136.49	155.69	179.68	2.5%
Coke plants	184.44	190.55	250.32	289.16	335.77	387.86	443.06	3.1%
Other industrial <sup>5</sup>	70.61	70.32	86.52	97.66	111.25	127.72	147.92	2.7%
Coal to liquids								
Electric power <sup>6</sup>								
(nominal dollars per short ton)	46.24	46.13	56.21	64.74	74.47	86.03	100.48	2.8%
(nominal dollars per million Btu)	2.38	2.39	2.96	3.42	3.94	4.54	5.29	2.9%
Average	50.46	50.85	62.28	71.52	81.91	94.16	109.37	2.8%
Exports <sup>10</sup>	148.86	118.43	154.90	175.82	196.51	221.27	248.92	2.7%

reports.

Sources: 2011 and 2012 data based on: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Annual Coal Report 2012, DOE/EIA-0584(2012) (Washington, DC, December 2013); EIA, Quarterly Coal Report, October-December 2012, DOE/EIA-0121(2012/4Q) (Washington, DC, March 2013); and EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

Projections: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

¹Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and lignite.
²Includes waste coal consumed by the electric power and industrial sectors. Waste coal supplied is counted as a supply-side item to balance the same amount fwaste coal included in the consumption data.
³Excludes imports to Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.
⁴Production plus waste coal supplied plus net imports.
⁵Includes consumption for combined heat and power plants that have a non-regulatory status, and small on-site generating systems. Excludes all coal use in the coal to figure the coal to figure

Includes consumption for combined heat and power plants that have a non-regulatory status, and small on-site generating systems. Excludes all coal use in the coal-to-liquids process.

Includes all electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.

Balancing item: the sum of production, net imports, and waste coal supplied minus total consumption.

Includes reported prices for both open market and captive mines. Prices weighted by production, which differs from average minemouth prices published in EIA data reports where it is weighted by reported sales.

Prices weighted by consumption; weighted average excludes residential and commercial prices, and export free-alongside-ship prices.

Increased in the sum of the sum

Btu = British thermal unit.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data

Table A16. Renewable energy generating capacity and generation (gigawatts, unless otherwise noted)

Net summer capacity and generation		Reference case							
	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)	
Electric power sector <sup>1</sup>								•	
Net summer capacity									
Conventional hydropower	77.96	78.10	78.41	79.10	79.75	80.07	80.35	0.1%	
Geothermal <sup>2</sup>	2.45	2.58	4.02	5.15	6.58	7.99	8.80	4.5%	
Municipal waste <sup>3</sup>	3.45	3.57	3.63	3.63	3.63	3.63	3.63	0.1%	
Wood and other biomass <sup>4</sup>	2.56	2.70	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.17	3.46	0.9%	
Solar thermal	0.48	0.48	1.73	1.73	1.73	1.73	1.73	4.7%	
Solar photovoltaic <sup>5</sup>	1.05	2.49	7.90	7.96	8.62	10.33	17.07	7.1%	
Wind	46.33	59.01	75.59	75.62	76.12	78.61	85.48	1.3%	
Offshore wind	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Total electric power sector capacity	134.28	148.92	174.43	176.32	179.56	185.54	200.52	1.1%	
Generation (billion kilowatthours)									
Conventional hydropower	316.65	273.89	287.67	291.17	294.35	296.14	297.34	0.3%	
Geothermal <sup>2</sup>	15.32	15.56	28.24	37.44	49.04	60.60	67.26	5.4%	
Biogenic municipal waste <sup>6</sup>	16.20	16.79	19.05	18.19	18.15	18.66	19.21	0.5%	
Wood and other biomass	10.73	11.04	36.71	58.87	67.50	70.39	72.22	6.9%	
Dedicated plants	9.55	9.84	15.31	15.95	16.17	16.80	18.99	2.4%	
Cofiring	1.19	1.20	21.40	42.92	51.33	53.59	53.23	14.5%	
Solar thermal	0.81	0.90	3.52	3.53	3.53	3.53	3.53	5.0%	
Solar photovoltaic <sup>5</sup>	0.92	3.25	14.54	14.65	16.07	19.86	35.24	8.9%	
Wind	120.12	141.87	217.53	217.62	219.06	225.11	248.02	2.0%	
Offshore wind	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.070	
Total electric power sector generation	480.74	463.29	607.26	641.47	667.71	694.30	742.82	1.7%	
End-use sectors <sup>7</sup>									
Net summer capacity									
Conventional hydropower	0.33	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.0%	
Geothermal	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.070	
Municipal waste <sup>8</sup>	0.37	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.0%	
Biomass	4.85	4.89	6.27	7.17	7.95	8.74	9.62	2.4%	
Solar photovoltaic <sup>5</sup>	2.89	4.71	12.75	15.18	18.93	23.73	29.47	6.8%	
Wind	0.14	0.15	0.70	0.74	0.90	1.09	1.42	8.3%	
Total end-use sector capacity	8.58	10.51	20.48	23.84	28.53	34.31	41.26	5.0%	
Generation (billion kilowatthours)	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.60	0.001	
Conventional hydropower	1.82	1.38	1.38	1.38	1.38	1.38	1.38	0.0%	
Geothermal	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Municipal waste <sup>8</sup>	2.91	3.65	3.63	3.63	3.63	3.63	3.63	0.0%	
Biomass	26.69	26.53	34.10	39.18	43.75	48.37	53.50	2.5%	
Solar photovoltaic <sup>5</sup>	4.51	7.35	19.91	23.92	30.09	38.00	47.46	6.9%	
Wind  Total end-use sector generation	0.18 <b>36.11</b>	0.20 <b>39.11</b>	0.96 <b>59.98</b>	1.03 <b>69.14</b>	1.25 <b>80.10</b>	1.53 <b>92.91</b>	2.01 <b>107.99</b>	8.6% <b>3.7%</b>	

Table A16. Renewable energy generating capacity and generation (continued)

(gigawatts, unless otherwise noted)

Net summer capacity and generation			R	eference cas	e			Annual growth
Net summer capacity and generation	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Total, all sectors	•		•	•				
Net summer capacity								
Conventional hydropower	78.29	78.39	78.70	79.39	80.03	80.36	80.63	0.1%
Geothermal	2.45	2.58	4.02	5.15	6.58	7.99	8.80	4.5%
Municipal waste	3.82	4.04	4.10	4.10	4.10	4.10	4.10	0.1%
Wood and other biomass <sup>4</sup>	7.42	7.59	9.41	10.30	11.08	11.91	13.08	2.0%
Solar⁵	4.42	7.68	22.38	24.86	29.27	35.78	48.26	6.8%
Wind	46.47	59.16	76.29	76.37	77.02	79.70	86.91	1.4%
Total capacity, all sectors	142.86	159.43	194.91	200.17	208.09	219.85	241.78	1.5%
Generation (billion kilowatthours)								
Conventional hydropower	318.47	275.27	289.05	292.55	295.73	297.52	298.72	0.3%
Geothermal	15.32	15.56	28.24	37.44	49.04	60.60	67.26	5.4%
Municipal waste	19.11	20.44	22.68	21.82	21.78	22.29	22.84	0.4%
Wood and other biomass	37.42	37.57	70.81	98.06	111.25	118.76	125.72	4.4%
Solar <sup>5</sup>	6.24	11.50	37.98	42.09	49.69	61.40	86.23	7.5%
Wind	120.30	142.06	218.49	218.64	220.32	226.65	250.03	2.0%
Total generation, all sectors	516.85	502.41	667.24	710.61	747.81	787.22	850.80	1.9%

¹Includes electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.
²Includes both hydrothermal resources (hot water and steam) and near-field enhanced geothermal systems (EGS). Near-field EGS potential occurs on known hydrothermal rises, however this potential requires the addition of external fluids for electricity generation and is only available after 2025.
³Includes municipal waste, landfill gas, and municipal sewage sludge. Incremental growth is assumed to be for landfill gas facilities. All municipal waste is included, although a portion of the municipal waste stream contains petroleum-derived plastics and other non-renewable sources.
⁴Facilities co-firing biomass and coal are classified as coal.
⁵Does not include off-grid photovoltaics (PV). Based on annual PV shipments from 1989 through 2012, Plus an additional 573 megawatts in communications, transportation, and assorted other non-grid-connected, specialized applications. See U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Review 2011, DOE/EIA-0384(2011) (Washington, DC, September 2012), Table 10.9 (annual PV shipments, 1989-2010), and Table 12 (U.S. photovoltaic module shipments by end use, sector, and type) in U.S. Energy Information Administration, Solar Photovoltaic Cell/Module Shipments Report, 2011 (Washington, DC, September 2012) and U.S. Energy Information Administration, Solar Photovoltaic Cell/Module Shipments Report, 2011 (Washington, DC, September 2012) and U.S. Energy Information Administration, Solar Photovoltaic Cell/Module Shipments Report, 2011 (Washington, DC, December 2013). The approach used to develop the estimate, based on shipment data, provides an upper estimate of the size of the PV stock, including both grid-based and off-grid PV. It will overestimate the size of the stock, because shipments include a substantial number of units that are exported, and each year some of the PV units installed earlier will be retired from service or abandoned.
⁵Includes biogenic municipal waste, landfill gas, and

grid.

§Includes municipal waste, landfill gas, and municipal sewage sludge. All municipal waste is included, although a portion of the municipal waste stream contains petroleum-derived plastics and other non-renewable sources.

--= Not applicable.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data

reports.

Sources: 2011 and 2012 capacity: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report" (preliminary). 2011 and 2012 generation: EIA, Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013). Projections: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

**Table A17. Renewable energy consumption by sector and source** (quadrillion Btu per year)

Sector and source			Re	eference cas	e			Annual growth
Sector and Source	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Marketed renewable energy <sup>1</sup>								
Residential (wood)	0.54	0.45	0.46	0.45	0.44	0.43	0.42	-0.3%
Commercial (biomass)	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.0%
Industrial <sup>2</sup>	1.95	2.00	2.50	2.67	2.79	2.92	3.07	1.5%
Conventional hydroelectric	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.0%
Municipal waste <sup>3</sup>	0.17	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.2%
Biomass	1.30	1.28	1.53	1.67	1.80	1.92	2.07	1.7%
Biofuels heat and coproducts	0.46	0.52	0.76	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.79	1.5%
Transportation	1.21	1.22	1.42	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.49	0.7%
Ethanol used in E85 <sup>4</sup>	0.00	0.01	0.13	0.25	0.31	0.29	0.22	11.9%
Ethanol used in gasoline blending	1.09	1.09	1.07	0.97	0.91	0.93	1.04	-0.2%
Biodiesel used in distillate blending	0.12	0.12	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	1.5%
Biobutanol	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03	
Liquids from biomass	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	
Renewable diesel and gasoline <sup>5</sup>	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	
Electric power <sup>6</sup>	4.80	4.59	6.08	6.42	6.68	6.95	7.44	1.7%
Conventional hydroelectric	3.09	2.66	2.79	2.83	2.86	2.88	2.89	0.3%
Geothermal	0.15	0.15	0.28	0.36	0.48	0.59	0.65	5.4%
Biogenic municipal waste <sup>7</sup>	0.19	0.21	0.25	0.23	0.23	0.24	0.25	0.6%
Biomass	0.18	0.15	0.47	0.70	0.79	0.83	0.86	6.5%
Dedicated plants	0.16	0.16	0.24	0.25	0.26	0.27	0.30	2.3%
Cofiring	0.03	-0.01	0.23	0.45	0.54	0.56	0.56	
Solar thermal	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	5.0%
Solar photovoltaic	0.01	0.03	0.14	0.14	0.16	0.19	0.34	8.9%
Wind	1.17	1.38	2.11	2.11	2.13	2.19	2.41	2.0%
Total marketed renewable energy	8.62	8.39	10.58	11.12	11.50	11.89	12.54	1.4%
Sources of ethanol								
from corn and other starch	1.18	1.12	1.11	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.13	0.0%
from cellulose	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	
Net imports	-0.09	-0.02	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.11	
Total	1.09	1.10	1.19	1.22	1.22	1.22	1.26	0.5%

Table A17. Renewable energy consumption by sector and source (continued) (quadrillion Btu per year)

Sector and source			R	eference cas	e			Annual growth
Sector and Source	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Nonmarketed renewable energy <sup>8</sup> Selected consumption								
Residential	0.03	0.04	0.14	0.16	0.19	0.23	0.27	6.9%
Solar hot water heating	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	2.4%
Geothermal heat pumps	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	3.2%
Solar photovoltaic	0.02	0.02	0.10	0.12	0.14	0.18	0.22	8.3%
Wind	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	9.1%
Commercial	0.11	0.13	0.18	0.21	0.24	0.29	0.35	3.7%
Solar thermal	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.11	1.0%
Solar photovoltaic	0.03	0.05	0.10	0.12	0.15	0.19	0.24	5.9%
Wind	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	8.3%

¹Includes nonelectric renewable energy groups for which the energy source is bought and sold in the marketplace, although all transactions may not necessarily be marketed, and marketed renewable energy inputs for electricity entering the marketplace on the electric power grid. Excludes electricity imports; see Table A2. Actual heat rates used to determine fuel consumption for all renewable fuels except hydropower, geothermal, solar, and wind. Consumption at hydroelectric, geothermal, solar, and wind facilities is determined by using the fossil fuel equivalent of 9,716 Btu per kilowatthour.

¹Includes combined heat and power plants that have a non-regulatory status, and small on-site generating systems.
³Includes municipal waste, landfill gas, and municipal sewage sludge. All municipal waste is included, although a portion of the municipal waste stream contains petroleum-derived plastics and other non-renewable sources.
⁴Excludes motor gasoline component of E85.
⁵Renewable feedstocks for the on-site production of diesel and gasoline.
⁵Includes consumption of energy by electricity-only and combined heat and power plants that have a regulatory status.
¹Includes biogenic municipal waste, landfill gas, and municipal sewage sludge. Incremental growth is assumed to be for landfill gas facilities. Only biogenic municipal waste is included. The U.S. Energy Information Administration estimates that in 2012 approximately 0.3 quadrillion Blus were consumed from a municipal waste stream containing petroleum-derived plastics and other non-renewable sources. See U.S. Energy Information Administration, Methodology for Allocating Municipal Solid Waste to Biogenic and Non-Biogenic Energy (Washington, DC, May 2007).
⁵Includes selected renewable energy consumption data for which the energy is not bought or sold, either directly or indirectly as an input to marketed energy.

- = Not applicable.

Btu = British thermal unit.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model re

reports.

Sources: 2011 and 2012 ethanol: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013). 2011 and 2012 electric power sector: EIA, Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report" (preliminary). Other 2011 and 2012 values: EIA, Office of Energy Analysis. Projections: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

Table A18. Energy-related carbon dioxide emissions by sector and source

(million metric tons, unless otherwise noted)

Contract course			R	eference cas	е			Annual growth
Sector and source	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Residential								•
Petroleum	72	69	60	55	51	48	45	-1.6%
Natural gas	255	226	242	239	235	229	223	0.0%
Electricity <sup>1</sup>	824	760	751	770	785	800	814	0.2%
Total residential	1,150	1,056	1,054	1,064	1,071	1,077	1,082	0.1%
Commercial								
Petroleum	47	45	49	48	48	48	48	0.2%
Natural gas	171	157	172	174	178	185	194	0.7%
Coal	6	4	4	4	4	4	4	0.0%
Electricity <sup>1</sup>	769	732	728	760	781	801	823	0.4%
Total commercial	992	939	952	987	1,011	1,038	1,069	0.5%
Industrial <sup>2</sup>								
Petroleum	347	350	395	402	405	404	406	0.5%
Natural gas <sup>3</sup>	432	449	512	540	556	567	578	0.9%
Coal	148	139	152	152	147	140	139	0.0%
Electricity <sup>1</sup>	574	543	628	658	654	638	625	0.5%
Total industrial	1,501	1,480	1,688	1,752	1,761	1,750	1,748	0.6%
Transportation								
Petroleum <sup>4</sup>	1,812	1,771	1,734	1,669	1,618	1,603	1,600	-0.4%
Natural gas <sup>5</sup>	39	41	44	48	58	70	91	2.9%
Electricity <sup>1</sup>	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	3.1%
Total transportation	1.854	1,815	1,782	1,723	1,683	1,681	1,700	-0.2%
•	,	,	, -	, -	,	,	,	
Electric power <sup>6</sup>								
Petroleum	27	19	13	14	14	14	14	-1.0%
Natural gas	409	494	478	514	545	578	608	0.7%
Coal	1,723	1,514	1,609	1,654	1,656	1,643	1,637	0.3%
Other'	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	0.0%
Total electric power	2,171	2,039	2,112	2,194	2,227	2,247	2,271	0.4%
Total by fuel								
Petroleum <sup>4</sup>	2,304	2,254	2,252	2,188	2,136	2,117	2,113	-0.2%
Natural gas	1,306	1,366	1,447	1,516	1,572	1,629	1,694	0.8%
Coal	1,876	1,657	1,766	1,810	1,807	1,788	1,780	0.3%
Other <sup>7</sup>	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	0.0%
Total	5,498	5,290	5,476	5,526	5,527	5,546	5,599	0.2%
Carbon dioxide emissions								
(tons per person)	17.6	16.8	16.4	15.9	15.4	15.0	14.7	-0.5%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Emissions from the electric power sector are distributed to the end-use sectors. <sup>2</sup>Includes combined heat and power plants that have a non-regulatory status, and small on-site generating systems.

Enlisted combined heat and power plants that have a non-regulatory status, and small on-site generating systems.

Includes lease and plant fuel.

This includes carbon dioxide from international bunker fuels, both civilian and military, which are excluded from the accounting of carbon dioxide emissions under the United Nations convention. From 1990 through 2012, international bunker fuels accounted for 90 to 126 million metric tons annually.

Includes pipeline fuel natural gas and natural gas used as fuel in motor vehicles, trains, and ships.

Includes emissions from geothermal power and nonbiogenic emissions from municipal waste.

Note: By convention, the direct emissions from biogenic energy sources are excluded from energy-related carbon dioxide emissions over some period of time. If, however, increased use of biomass energy results in a decline in terrestrial carbon stocks, a net positive release of carbon may occur. See "Energy-Related Carbon Dioxide Emissions by End Use" for the emissions from biogenic energy sources as an indication of the potential net release of carbon dioxide in the absence of offsetting sequestration. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.

Sources: 2011 and 2012 emissions and emission factors: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0384(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013). 2011 emissions: EIA, Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2011/10) (Washington, DC, October 2011). 2012 emissions and emission factors: EIA, Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2012/08) (Washington, DC, August 2012). Projections: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

**Table A19. Energy-related carbon dioxide emissions by end use** (million metric tons)

			R	eference cas	se			Annual growth
Sector and end use	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Residential								
Space heating	285.2	235.7	254.0	245.4	236.2	226.7	217.3	-0.3%
Space cooling	141.5	139.7	139.1	151.3	162.1	172.5	181.4	0.9%
Water heating	146.6	145.2	143.4	144.9	144.1	140.7	137.0	-0.2%
Refrigeration	64.1	61.5	58.3	58.0	57.9	58.7	59.6	-0.1%
Cooking	30.8	30.1	31.0	31.9	32.7	33.5	34.1	0.4%
Clothes dryers	36.3	35.1	35.7	36.9	37.8	38.8	39.5	0.4%
Freezers	13.5	13.0	12.4	12.1	11.8	11.5	11.3	-0.5%
Lighting	108.3	103.0	67.7	60.1	52.8	44.2	39.8	-3.3%
Clothes washers <sup>1</sup>	5.4	5.1	4.0	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	-1.6%
Dishwashers <sup>1</sup>	16.9	16.2	15.2	15.0	15.7	16.5	17.2	0.2%
Televisions and related equipment <sup>2</sup>	56.7	54.0	50.8	51.5	52.8	54.9	55.9	0.1%
Computers and related equipment <sup>3</sup>	21.7	20.2	15.2	12.9	10.8	9.2	7.6	-3.4%
Furnace fans and boiler circulation pumps	20.0	15.3	17.9	17.9	17.8	17.5	17.0	0.4%
Other uses <sup>4</sup>	203.6	181.4	209.0	222.8	235.9	248.7	260.7	1.3%
Discrepancy <sup>5</sup>	-0.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total residential	1,150.4	1,055.9	1,053.7	1,064.2	1,071.5	1,076.6	1,081.7	0.1%
Commercial								
Space heating <sup>6</sup>	131.4	115.4	125.8	122.9	118.7	114.6	110.2	-0.2%
Space cooling <sup>6</sup>	95.2	92.1	81.5	82.9	82.6	82.9	83.4	-0.4%
Water heating <sup>6</sup>	42.7	42.8	43.5	44.4	44.5	44.3	44.1	0.1%
Ventilation	86.7	83.8	85.1	87.9	88.3	88.5	88.8	0.2%
Cooking	14.1	14.2	14.5	14.9	15.3	15.6	15.9	0.4%
Lighting	162.2	151.8	136.3	135.4	131.3	125.3	121.2	-0.8%
Refrigeration	65.7	62.0	57.0	57.1	57.2	57.8	58.4	-0.2%
Office equipment (PC)	21.3	18.7	10.5	7.8	5.7	4.3	3.4	-6.0%
Office equipment (non-PC)	37.8	35.3	37.3	41.7	46.5	51.1	55.1	1.6%
Other uses <sup>7</sup>	335.4	322.6	360.6	392.2	420.7	453.4	488.2	1.5%
Total commercial	992.3	938.6	952.2	987.2	1,010.8	1,037.9	1,068.7	0.5%
Industrial <sup>8</sup>								
Manufacturing								
Refining								-0.2%
Food products	252.4	257.5	254.7	248.9	245.1	244.6	246.7	0.9%
Paper products	96.4	96.8	106.4	111.9	116.2	119.8	123.7	0.1%
Bulk chemicals	74.5	71.0	69.9	70.9	70.9	71.6	73.2	0.5%
Glass	254.8	247.7	295.6	313.5	310.4	295.8	282.2	0.2%
Cement and lime	15.5	15.4	16.1	16.3	17.1	16.7	16.1	1.8%
Iron and steel	29.0	29.1	42.2	43.6	45.0	45.7	47.3	-0.4%
Aluminum	126.9	124.8	136.5	142.4	133.7	120.9	110.4	-0.8%
Fabricated metal products	45.3	45.6	50.3	54.2	49.7	41.2	36.3	0.4%
Machinery	37.8	38.2	42.3	44.3	43.8	43.0	42.2	0.9%
Computers and electronics	21.4	21.8	25.0	27.1	28.2	28.2	28.2	1.3%
Transportation equipment	46.3	46.4	50.5	57.4	61.7	64.6	65.8	1.4%
Electrical equipment	41.7	44.3	50.5	53.2	58.2	62.1	65.0	1.1%
Wood products	8.3	8.2	9.1	9.9	10.5	10.9	11.1	0.5%
Plastics	15.6	15.4	20.7	20.3	19.4	18.2	17.5	0.4%
Balance of manufacturing	39.7	38.7	42.4	44.3	44.6	44.0	43.6	0.9%
Total manufacturing	159.7	154.0	166.2	174.3	179.4	185.8	195.5	0.4%
Nonmanufacturing	1,265.2	1,254.9	1,378.4	1,432.6	1,433.9	1,413.3	1,404.8	
Agriculture								0.6%
Construction	71.0	65.5	75.7	76.7	77.3	77.4	77.7	1.5%
Mining	59.7	61.0	81.1	83.9	86.6	88.7	91.7	0.0%
Total nonmanufacturing	100.5	101.0	113.3	111.5	107.4	103.9	100.1	0.6%
Discrepancy <sup>5</sup>	231.1	227.5	270.1	272.1	271.3	270.0	269.5	
Total industrial	4.9	-2.6	39.1	47.5	56.2	66.6	74.1	0.6%

Table A19. Energy-related carbon dioxide emissions by end use (continued) (million metric tons)

Sector and end use	Reference case							Annual growth
	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2012-2040 (percent)
Transportation								
Light-duty vehicles	1,037.7	1,030.7	934.9	845.5	780.7	753.9	743.8	-1.2%
Commercial light trucks <sup>9</sup>	35.9	35.6	36.1	34.9	34.1	34.4	35.6	0.0%
Bus transportation	16.8	16.1	16.0	16.1	16.0	15.9	15.8	-0.1%
Freight trucks	369.7	357.7	415.3	438.4	457.1	478.1	502.2	1.2%
Rail, passenger	5.5	5.4	5.6	5.9	6.1	6.2	6.5	0.7%
Rail, freight	36.9	34.7	31.7	32.0	30.5	28.8	27.2	-0.9%
Shipping, domestic	8.1	7.0	6.8	6.3	5.9	5.6	5.5	-0.9%
Shipping, international	60.0	45.3	46.0	46.6	47.1	47.5	47.9	0.2%
Recreational boats	16.1	16.1	17.0	17.7	18.2	18.6	18.8	0.6%
Air	174.4	175.2	184.1	188.1	190.3	190.8	191.4	0.3%
Military use	52.5	50.1	45.4	46.1	48.6	51.4	54.4	0.3%
Lubricants	5.0	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.6	0.1%
Pipeline fuel	37.1	38.8	39.3	40.6	43.5	44.3	44.9	0.5%
Discrepancy <sup>5</sup>	-1.4	-1.7	-0.4	0.1	0.6	1.2	1.7	
Total transportation	1,854.1	1,815.4	1,782.4	1,722.6	1,683.2	1,681.3	1,700.4	-0.2%
Biogenic energy combustion <sup>10</sup>								
Biomass	200.6	188.7	242.7	277.4	297.0	311.1	326.0	2.0%
Electric power sector	17.3	13.7	44.0	65.6	74.5	77.9	80.3	6.5%
Other sectors	183.3	175.0	198.7	211.8	222.5	233.2	245.7	1.2%
Biogenic waste	17.6	19.1	22.5	21.1	21.1	21.9	22.8	0.6%
Biofuels heat and coproducts	43.3	48.6	71.6	73.8	73.9	73.8	73.8	1.5%
Ethanol	74.8	75.5	81.6	83.3	83.3	83.2	86.1	0.5%
Biodiesel	8.5	8.4	12.6	12.5	12.5	12.7	12.7	1.5%
Liquids from biomass	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Renewable diesel and gasoline	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	
Total	344.8	340.3	432.9	470.1	489.7	504.6	523.3	1.5%

Sources: 2011 and 2012 emissions and emission factors: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035(2013/09) (Washington, DC, September 2013). **Projections:** EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

¹Does not include water heating portion of load.
²Includes televisions, set-top boxes, home theater systems, DVD players, and video game consoles.
³Includes desktop and laptop computers, monitors, and networking equipment.
⁴Includes small electric devices, heating elements, outdoor grills, exterior lights, pool heaters, spa heaters, backup electricity generators, and motors not listed above. Electric vehicles are included in the transportation sector.
³Represents differences between total emissions by end-use and total emissions by fuel as reported in Table A18. Emissions by fuel may reflect benchmarking and other modeling adjustments to energy use and the associated emissions that are not assigned to specific end uses.
⁵Includes emissions related to fuel consumption for district services.
¹Includes (but is not limited to) miscellaneous uses such as transformers, medical imaging and other medical equipment, elevators, escalators, off-road electric vehicles, laboratory fume hoods, laundry equipment, coffee brewers, water services, pumps, emergency generators, combined heat and power in commercial buildings, and cooking (distillate), plus residual fuel oil, propane, coal, motor gasoline, kerosene, and marketed renewable fuels (biomass).
⁵Includes combined heat and power plants that have a non-regulatory status, and small on-site generating systems.
⁵Commercial trucks 8,501 to 10,000 pounds gross vehicle weight rating.
¹®By convention, the direct emissions from biogenic energy sources are excluded from energy-related carbon dioxide emissions. The release of carbon from these sources is assumed to be balanced by the uptake of carbon when the feedstock is grown, resulting in zero net emissions over some period of time. If, however, increased use of biomass energy results in a decline in terrestrial carbon stocks, a net positive release of carbon may occur. Accordingly, the emissions from biogenic energy sources are reported here as an indication of the potential net release of carbon dioxide in the absence of offset

Table A20. Macroeconomic indicators

(billion 2005 chain-weighted dollars, unless otherwise noted)

Indicators	Reference case							
	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	growth 2012-2040 (percent)
Real gross domestic product	13,299	13,593	16,753	18,769	21,139	23,751	26,670	2.4%
Components of real gross domestic product								
Real consumption	9,429	9,603	11,592	12,773	14,220	15,828	17,635	2.2%
Real investment	1,744	1,914	2,876	3,269	3,740	4,274	4,925	3.4%
Real government spending	2,524	2,481	2,443	2,495	2,623	2,754	2,917	0.6%
Real exports	1,777	1,837	2,863	3,857	5,056	6,516	8,186	5.5%
Real imports	2,185	2,238	2,925	3,453	4,213	5,167	6,328	3.8%
Energy intensity								
(thousand Btu per 2005 dollar of GDP)								
Delivered energy	5.29	5.08	4.40	3.97	3.54	3.18	2.88	-2.0%
Total energy	7.30	6.99	6.01	5.46	4.89	4.39	3.99	-2.0%
Price indices								
GDP chain-type price index (2005=1.000)	1.134	1.154	1.307	1.421	1.553	1.719	1.913	1.8%
Consumer price index (1982-4=1.00)								
All-urban	2.25	2.30	2.63	2.90	3.20	3.59	4.05	2.1%
Energy commodities and services	2.44	2.46	2.55	2.91	3.33	3.86	4.56	2.2%
Wholesale price index (1982=1.00)								
All commodities	2.01	2.02	2.22	2.40	2.62	2.89	3.21	1.7%
Fuel and power	2.16	2.12	2.42	2.82	3.30	3.92	4.73	2.9%
Metals and metal products	2.26	2.20	2.43	2.56	2.77	2.99	3.22	1.4%
Industrial commodities excluding energy	1.93	1.94	2.14	2.26	2.41	2.59	2.78	1.3%
Interest votes (nevert newsing)								
Interest rates (percent, nominal)	0.40	0.44	0.05	0.00	4.44	4.00	4.00	
Federal funds rate	0.10	0.14	3.85	3.99	4.14	4.20	4.22	
10-year treasury note	2.79	1.80	4.14	4.24	4.36	4.45	4.52	
AA utility bond rate	4.78	3.83	6.60	6.74	6.88	7.05	7.22	
Value of shipments (billion 2005 dollars)								
Non-industrial and service sectors	21,240	21,359	26,033	28,947	31,782	34,480	37,135	2.0%
Total industrial	5,926	6,147	7,960	8,778	9,537	10,241	10,994	2.1%
Agriculture, mining, and construction	1,556	1,623	2,226	2,311	2,389	2,457	2,551	1.6%
Manufacturing	4,370	4,525	5,735	6,467	7,148	7,784	8,443	2.3%
Energy-intensive	1,599	1,616	1,931	2,081	2,171	2,238	2,303	1.3%
Non-energy-intensive	2,772	2,909	3,803	4,386	4,977	5,547	6,140	2.7%
Total shipments	27,166	27,506	33,994	37,725	41,319	44,721	48,129	2.0%
Population and employment (millions)								
Population, with armed forces overseas	312.3	314.6	334.5	347.0	359.0	370.2	380.5	0.7%
Population, aged 16 and over	247.0	249.2	266.7	277.2	287.6	297.9	307.3	0.8%
Population, over age 65	41.7	43.4	56.2	65.3	73.0	77.5	79.8	2.2%
Employment, nonfarm	131.5	133.7	148.4	152.2	158.6	163.7	169.2	0.8%
Employment, manufacturing	11.7	11.9	12.8	12.9	12.5	11.8	11.0	-0.3%
Key labor indicators								
<u> </u>	450.0	155.0	460 F	166.0	170.0	175.0	101.0	0.69/
Labor force (millions)	153.6	155.0	163.5	166.9	170.9	175.8	181.2	0.6%
Nonfarm labor productivity (2005=1.00) Unemployment rate (percent)	1.10 8.93	1.11 8.08	1.25 5.49	1.39 5.29	1.53 5.10	1.68 5.08	1.85 5.12	1.8%
Key indicators for energy demand	40.450	40.007	40 740	44.400	45.000	47.740	40.70:	0.001
Real disposable personal income	10,150	10,304	12,710	14,162	15,926	17,749	19,724	2.3%
Housing starts (millions)	0.66	0.84	1.75	1.72	1.71	1.67	1.66	2.5%
Commercial floorspace (billion square feet)	81.7	82.4	89.1	93.9	98.2	103.1	108.9	1.0%
Unit sales of light-duty vehicles (millions)	12.73	14.43	16.23	16.55	17.23	17.45	17.93	0.8%

GDP = Gross domestic product.
Btu = British thermal unit.
-- = Not applicable.
Sources: 2011 and 2012: IHS Global Insight, Global Insight Industry and Employment models, May 2013.

Projections: U.S. Energy Information Administration, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A.

**Table A21. International petroleum and other liquids supply, disposition, and prices** (million barrels per day, unless otherwise noted)

Supply, disposition, and prices	Reference case							
	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	growth 2012-2040 (percent)
Crude oil spot prices								
(2012 dollars per barrel)								
Brent	113.24	111.65	96.57	108.99	118.99	129.77	141.46	0.8%
West Texas Intermediate	96.55	94.12	94.57	106.99	116.99	127.77	139.46	1.4%
(nominal dollars per barrel)								
Brent	111.26	111.65	109.37	134.25	160.19	193.27	234.53	2.7%
West Texas Intermediate	94.86	94.12	107.11	131.78	157.49	190.30	231.22	3.3%
Petroleum and other liquids consumption <sup>1</sup> OECD								
United States (50 states)	18.65	18.21	19.23	18.97	18.63	18.46	18.42	0.0%
United States territories	0.25	0.25	0.29	0.31	0.33	0.35	0.37	1.5%
Canada	2.25	2.26	2.24	2.17	2.18	2.22	2.30	0.1%
Mexico and Chile	2.45	2.51	2.71	2.85	3.08	3.33	3.63	1.3%
OECD Europe <sup>2</sup>	14.81	14.21	13.85	13.83	13.94	14.12	14.32	0.0%
Japan	4.51	4.75	4.50	4.38	4.29	4.19	4.05	-0.6%
South Korea	2.62	2.65	2.76	2.67	2.68	2.71	2.76	0.2%
Australia and New Zealand	1.24	1.28	1.23	1.19	1.21	1.25	1.30	0.0%
Total OECD consumption	46.79	46.13	46.82	46.37	46.37	46.63	47.15	0.1%
Non-OECD	40.73	40.15	70.02	40.07	40.57	40.03	47.13	0.170
Russia	3.12	3.20	3.55	3.64	3.81	3.91	3.92	0.7%
Other Europe and Eurasia <sup>3</sup>	1.91	1.99	2.32	2.43	2.62	2.82	3.08	1.6%
China	9.94	10.36	13.91	15.70	17.04	18.72	20.48	2.5%
India		3.68	4.50	5.19	6.11	7.14	8.33	3.0%
Other Asia <sup>4</sup>	3.47							1.7%
	7.15	6.97	7.99	8.60	9.35	10.21	11.16	
Middle East	7.60	7.67	8.81	8.85	9.22	9.75	10.38	1.1%
Africa	3.40	3.47	3.70	3.84	4.03	4.28	4.58	1.0%
Brazil	2.74	2.83	3.12	3.10	3.32	3.52	3.85	1.1%
Other Central and South America  Total non-OECD consumption	2.76 <b>42.10</b>	2.77 <b>42.94</b>	3.29 <b>51.19</b>	3.51 <b>54.84</b>	3.76 <b>59.24</b>	3.97 <b>64.32</b>	4.13 <b>69.90</b>	1.4% <b>1.8%</b>
·								
Total consumption	88.88	89.07	98.01	101.21	105.61	110.96	117.05	1.0%
Petroleum and other liquids production OPEC <sup>5</sup>								
Middle East	25.50	25.84	28.28	29.62	32.35	35.77	38.85	1.5%
North Africa	2.37	3.36	3.19	3.20	3.43	3.75	3.96	0.6%
West Africa	4.39	4.40	4.99	5.13	5.26	5.39	5.52	0.8%
South America	2.99	2.99	3.10	3.03	3.01	3.10	3.31	0.4%
Total OPEC production	35.25	36.59	39.57	40.97	44.04	48.00	51.64	1.2%
Non-OPEC								
OECD								
United States (50 states)	10.11	10.84	14.25	13.86	13.23	12.86	12.42	0.5%
Canada	3.71	4.00	5.10	5.61	5.92	6.12	6.21	1.6%
Mexico and Chile	2.99	2.97	2.13	1.97	2.11	2.18	2.27	-1.0%
OECD Europe <sup>2</sup>	4.20	3.93	3.26	2.94	2.78	2.98	3.63	-0.3%
Japan and South Korea	0.18	0.18	0.16	0.17	0.18	0.18	0.19	0.2%
Australia and New Zealand	0.58	0.57	0.54	0.53	0.56	0.80	0.92	1.7%
Total OECD production	21.77	22.48	25.44	25.07	24.78	25.11	25.64	0.5%
Non-OECD								
Russia	10.24	10.40	10.74	10.93	11.44	12.01	11.68	0.4%
Other Europe and Eurasia <sup>3</sup>	3.26	3.19	3.73	4.35	4.44	4.62	5.44	1.9%
China	4.32	4.37	4.91	5.35	5.50	5.59	5.62	0.9%
Other Asia <sup>4</sup>	3.81	3.82	3.63	3.42	3.20	3.03	3.31	-0.5%
Middle East	1.51	1.31	0.98	0.86	0.77	0.67	0.71	-2.2%
Africa	2.67	2.34	2.61	2.63	2.57	2.52	2.91	0.8%
Brazil	2.53	2.49	4.00	5.14	6.36	6.81	7.03	3.8%
Other Central and South America	2.55	2.49	2.38	2.42	2.44	2.56	3.06	1.3%
Total non-OECD production	30.51	30.08	2.30 <b>32.98</b>	35.11	36.73	37.83	39.75	1.0%
·								
Total petroleum and other liquids production  OPEC market share (percent)	<b>87.53</b> 40.3	<b>89.15</b> 41.0	<b>97.99</b> 40.4	<b>101.15</b> 40.5	<b>105.55</b> 41.7	<b>110.94</b> 43.3	<b>117.03</b> 44.1	1.0% 
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Table A21. International petroleum and other liquids supply, disposition, and prices (continued) (million barrels per day, unless otherwise noted)

Supply, disposition, and prices	Reference case							
	2011	2012	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	growth 2012-2040 (percent)
Selected world production subtotals:								
Petroleum								
Crude oil and equivalents <sup>6</sup>	74.37	75.78	82.35	84.40	87.58	91.09	96.56	0.9%
Tight oil	1.36	2.40	5.81	6.43	6.88	7.17	7.28	4.0%
Bitumen <sup>7</sup>	1.74	1.94	3.00	3.52	3.95	4.21	4.26	2.8%
Refinery processing gain <sup>8</sup>	2.37	2.37	2.26	2.33	2.52	2.71	2.86	0.7%
Liquids from renewable sources9	1.31	1.34	1.68	1.89	2.09	2.28	2.48	2.2%
Liquids from coal <sup>10</sup>	0.18	0.19	0.40	0.65	0.91	1.12	1.12	6.6%
Liquids from natural gas	8.73	9.21	10.78	11.61	12.19	12.88	13.29	1.3%
Natural gas plant liquids	8.61	9.05	10.46	11.26	11.84	12.53	12.93	1.3%
Gas-to-liquids <sup>11</sup>	0.12	0.16	0.31	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	2.9%
Liquids from kerogen <sup>12</sup>	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.6%
Petroleum production <sup>13</sup> OPEC <sup>5</sup>								
Middle East	25.44	25.74	28.07	29.38	32.10	35.52	38.61	1.5%
North Africa	2.37	3.36	3.19	3.20	3.43	3.75	3.96	0.6%
West Africa	4.39	4.40	4.96	5.09	5.22	5.35	5.49	0.8%
South America	2.99	2.99	3.10	3.03	3.01	3.10	3.31	0.4%
Total OPEC production	35.20	36.50	39.33	40.70	43.77	47.73	51.37	1.2%
Non-OPEC	00.20	00.00	00.00	40.70	40.77	47.70	01.01	1.2/0
OECD								
United States (50 states)	9.25	10.00	13.28	12.87	12.24	11.87	11.42	0.5%
Canada	3.69	3.97	5.08	5.58	5.88	6.08	6.17	1.6%
Mexico and Chile	2.99	2.97	2.13	1.97	2.11	2.18	2.27	-1.0%
OECD Europe <sup>2</sup>	3.98	3.71	3.03	2.70	2.53	2.71	3.35	-0.4%
Japan and South Korea	0.17	0.17	0.15	0.16	0.17	0.18	0.18	0.1%
Australia and New Zealand	0.17	0.17	0.13	0.10	0.17	0.79	0.10	1.7%
Total OECD production	20.65	21.39	24.21	23.80	<b>23.49</b>	23.80	24.30	0.5%
Non-OECD	20.00	21.55	27.21	25.00	25.45	25.00	24.50	0.5 /0
Russia	10.24	10.40	10.74	10.93	11.44	12.01	11.68	0.4%
Other Europe and Eurasia <sup>3</sup>	3.26	3.19	3.73	4.34	4.44	4.62	5.43	1.9%
China	4.28	4.32	4.77	4.98	4.82	4.69	4.72	0.3%
Other Asia <sup>4</sup>	3.74	3.75	3.51	3.22	2.99	2.82	3.10	-0.7%
Middle East	1.51	1.31	0.98	0.86	0.77	0.67	0.71	-0.7%
Africa			2.28	2.29	2.22	2.17		-2.2% 0.6%
	2.45	2.13					2.55	
Brazil Other Central and South America	2.25	2.20	3.50	4.55 2.34	5.65	5.96 2.47	6.00	3.6%
Total non-OECD production	2.08 <b>29.81</b>	2.06 <b>29.35</b>	2.30 <b>31.81</b>	2.34 <b>33.51</b>	2.36 <b>34.69</b>	2.47 <b>35.40</b>	2.97 <b>37.15</b>	1.3% <b>0.8%</b>
·	05.00	0= 0 /	05.04		404.05	400.07	440.00	6.001
Total petroleum production <sup>13</sup>	85.66	87.24	95.34	98.01	101.95	106.94	112.82	0.9%
OPEC market share (percent)	41.1	41.8	41.2	41.5	42.9	44.6	45.5	

¹Estimated consumption. Includes both OPEC and non-OPEC consumers in the regional breakdown.
²OECD Europe - Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.
³Other Europe and Eurasia = Albania, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bullgaria, Croatia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Macedonia, Malta, Moldova, Montenegro, Romania, Serbia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan.
⁴Other Asia = Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Fiji, French Polynesia, Guam, Hong Kong, India (for production), Indonesia, Kiribati, Laos, Malaysia, Macau, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar (Burma), Nauru, Nepal, New Caledonia, Niue, North Korea, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Samoa, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Sri Lanka, Taiwan, Thailand, Tonga, Vanuatu, and Vietnam.
³OPEC = Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries - Algeria, Angola, Ecuador, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

<sup>\*</sup>OPEC = Organization of the reduced Exposure Control of the reduced Exposure Control of the reduced Control of the The volumetric amount by which total output is greater than input due to the processing of crude oil into products which, in total, have a lower specific gravity than the crude oil processed.
 Includes liquids produced from energy crops.
 Includes liquids converted from coal via the Fischer-Tropsch coal-to-liquids process.
 Includes liquids converted from natural gas via the Fischer-Tropsch gas-to-liquids process.
 Includes liquids produced from kerogen (oil shale, not to be confused with tight oil (shale oil)).
 Includes production of crude oil (including lease condensate, tight oil (shale oil), extra-heavy oil, and bitumen (oil sands)), natural gas plant liquids, refinery gains, and other hydrogen and hydrocarbons for refinery feedstocks.
 OECD = Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.
 - Note: Ethanol is represented in motor gasoline equivalent barrels. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and

Note: Ethanol is represented in motor gasoline equivalent barrels. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Data for 2011 and 2012 are model results and may differ from official EIA data reports.

Sources: 2011 and 2012 Brent and West Texas Intermediate crude oil spot prices: Thomson Reuters. 2011 quantities derived from: Energy Information Administration (EIA), International Energy Statistics database as of September 2013.

2012 quantities and projections: EIA, AEO2014 National Energy Modeling System run REF2014.D102413A and EIA, Generate World Oil Balance Model.