

E Short-Term Energy Outlook

January 2004

This edition of the *Outlook* provides projections through 2005 for the first time (details).

Winter Heating Fuel and Gasoline Costs (Figures 1 to 3)

The outlook for winter 2003-2004 <u>household heating bills</u> compared to winter 2002-2003 is as follows: natural gas-heated homes: up 8 percent; heating oil users: down 4 percent; propane-heated households: up 3 percent; and homes with electric heat: up about 2 percent. These projections are national average values – actual heating bill changes may vary widely by region due to differences in weather and fuel price developments.

The December 2003 average motor gasoline price (regular unleaded gasoline) is estimated to have fallen to \$1.48 per gallon from \$1.51 in November. Due to high crude oil costs and the tight inventory situation, <u>pump prices</u> may increase on a monthly basis through the rest of winter and into late spring. Current <u>gasoline inventories</u> appear to be about normal now. Nevertheless, relatively low total petroleum inventories are likely to keep product prices firm.

Oil Market Outlook (Figures 4 to 7)

Average crude oil prices moved up again in December, with West Texas Intermediate (WTI) prices averaging an estimated \$32.10 per barrel compared to \$31.11 in November. Prices for this winter are expected to average \$31.35 per barrel (19 cents higher than last winter's average) as higher demand and relatively low oil inventories keep oil markets tight and vulnerable to surprises in supply or demand..

Our baseline projected track for WTI oil prices in 2004, while indicating a decline, remains in the \$28-\$30 per barrel range. Prices may decline even further in 2005 as well, but increasing world demand and assumed OPEC restraint is expected to keep oil inventories near the low end of the historical range and oil prices relatively high for the year. OPEC is scheduled to meet on February 10 to discuss market trends and production decisions. We estimate OPEC crude oil production is currently running about 1 million barrels per day above their current quota.

World oil demand is projected to grow by over 2 percent in 2004 and 2005, after posting an estimated 1.8 percent gain in 2003. The cumulative gain from 2003 to 2005 would be a little over 3 million barrels per day.

Non-OPEC oil supply gains during the 2003-2005 period are projected to total a little under 3 million barrels per day. Most of the increases are projected to come from Russia and the Caspian Sea Region, with smaller increases expected from Africa, Canada, and Mexico. With non-OPEC supply growing at roughly the same rate as world oil demand, total OPEC crude production (including Iraq) is expected to average about 27 million barrels per day in the 2003-2005 time period.

<u>U.S petroleum demand</u> in 2003 grew an estimated 1.4 percent to about 20 million barrels per day, partly on the strength of oil substitution for natural gas in electric power generation and in some industrial uses. In 2004, demand is expected to climb another 390,000 barrels per day, or 1.9 percent, to 20.4 million barrels per day as transportation- and industrial-related use offset some reversal in fuel switching. An additional 440,000 barrels per day of demand is anticipated for 2005, bringing the annual average consumption rate to 20.9 million barrels per day. This anticipated acceleration in growth is due to continued strong economic growth, high natural gas prices, and the continued use of fuel oil as a substitute in electricity production and industrial processes.

Natural Gas Outlook (Figures 8 to 10)

Natural gas spot prices in the United States exhibited strong volatility in December, starting the month at around \$5.00 per million Btu, spiking to roughly \$7.00 per million Btu in the middle of the month, then falling to \$5.50 toward the month's end as warmer-than-normal weather eased demand. Spot prices well above \$5 per million Btu remain likely over the next few months if normal, or colder, weather prevails, especially with oil prices remaining at relatively high levels. Natural gas storage levels are now slightly above average and may move prices back down if warm temperatures and weak heating demand occur later this winter, just as rising prices are possible if the weather becomes colder. In 2004, natural gas prices are expected to average just under \$5 per million Btu, falling somewhat along with oil prices. In 2005, natural gas spot prices are projected to fall again to average \$4.83 per million Btu under the assumption that domestic and imported supply can continue to grow by about 1-1.5 percent per year.

<u>Natural gas demand</u> is estimated to have declined 2.6 percent in 2003 largely due to high prices discouraging demand in the industrial and electric power sectors.

However, expected growth in the economy, along with somewhat lower projected annual average natural gas prices, are expected to push 2004 demand up by about 1.2 percent. Demand in 2005 is expected to increase 1.8 percent as the economy continues to expand and prices ease slightly. Early estimates indicate that natural gas production increased approximately 2.0 percent in 2003. Natural gas production is expected to continue to expand modestly through 2005, as natural gas well completions, which totaled an estimated 20,000 in 2003, continue to grow to between 21,000 and 22,000 wells per year over the next 2 years.

Electricity and Coal Outlook (Figures 11 to 13)

<u>Electricity demand</u> in 2003 remained near its 2002 level. In 2004 and 2005, annual electricity demand is projected to grow by 2.2 and 2.3 percent, respectively, as the economic expansion accelerates.

Electricity supply: Nuclear generation declined 2.9 percent in 2003 compared to a year earlier. However, nuclear generation is likely to increase 3.6 percent in 2004 over 2003 levels when nuclear plants that experienced extended service outages come back online. Nuclear generation is expected to continue to grow in 2005. Hydroelectric generation is also projected to continue to increase in 2004 and 2005 due to the assumption of normal levels of precipitation. Other renewable sources for generation, led principally by wind power, are expected to continue to expand through 2005.

<u>Electric sector coal consumption</u> is estimated to have grown by about 1.6 percent in 2003. Coal-fired generation is expected to continue growing in 2004 and 2005, with coal demand in the power sector growing by 1.0 and 2.6 percent, respectively. While total <u>U.S. coal production</u> is estimated to have declined by 1.2 percent in 2003, expected growth in electric sector coal demand in 2004 and 2005 is projected to lead to increases in total coal production of 1.5 to 2.5 percent over the period.

Figure 1. Winter Heating Bills

Illustrative Consumer Pr	ices and Expend	litures for Heating	Fuels During the W	inter
	2000-2001	2001-2002	2002-2003	2003-2004
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Base Forecast
Natural Gas (Midwest)				
Consumption (mcf)	99.1	81.3	95.2	90.5
Avg. Price (\$/mcf)	9.53	7.38	8.39	9.57
Expenditures (\$)	944	600	799	866
Heating Oil (Northeast)				
Consumption (gals)	728	577	742	689
Avg. Price (\$/gal)	1.37	1.10	1.34	1.38
Expenditures (\$)	996	635	991	951
Propane (Midwest)				
Consumption (gals)	979	803	941	894
Avg. Price (\$/gal)	1.38	1.11	1.20	1.30
Expenditures (\$)	1349	888	1126	1163

Notes: Consumption based on typical per household use for regions noted.

Prices shown are national average delivered-to-household prices.

mcf = thousand cubic feet.

gal = gallon.



Figure 2. Gasoline Prices and Crude Oil Costs

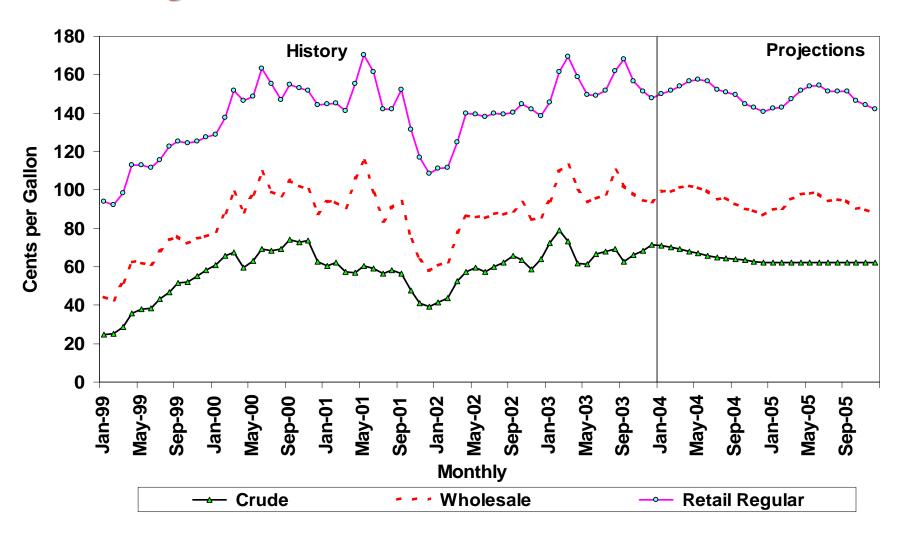




Figure 3. U.S. Gasoline Inventories

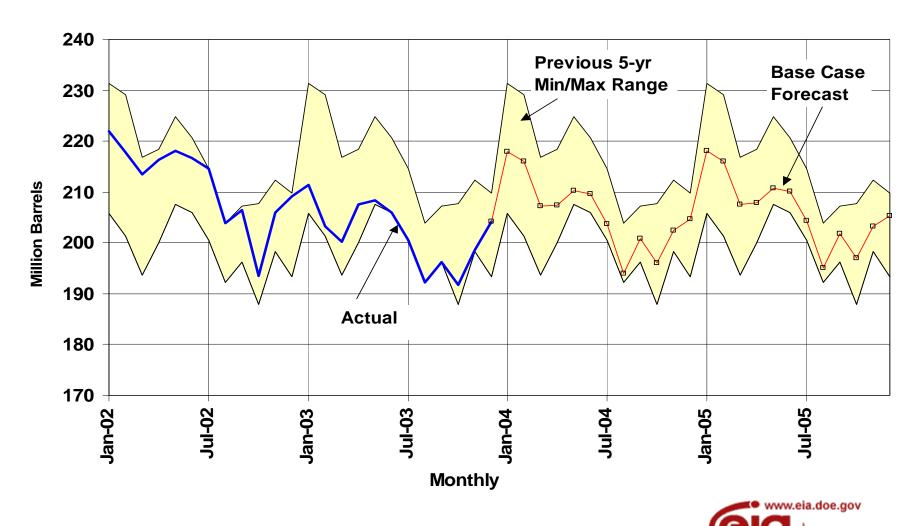
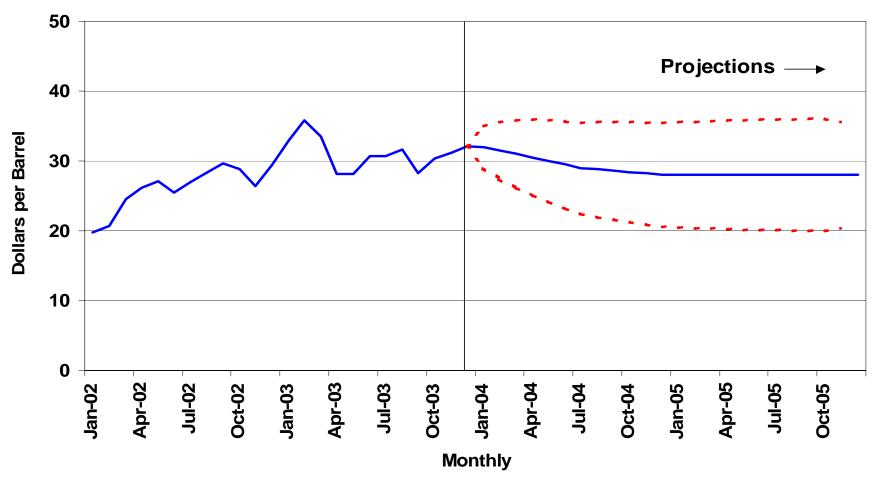


Figure 4. West Texas Intermediate Crude Oil Price

(Base Case and 95% Confidence Interval*)



^{*}The confidence intervals show +/- 2 standard errors based on the properties of the model. The ranges do not include the effects of major supply disruptions.

Figure 5. OECD Commercial Oil Stocks

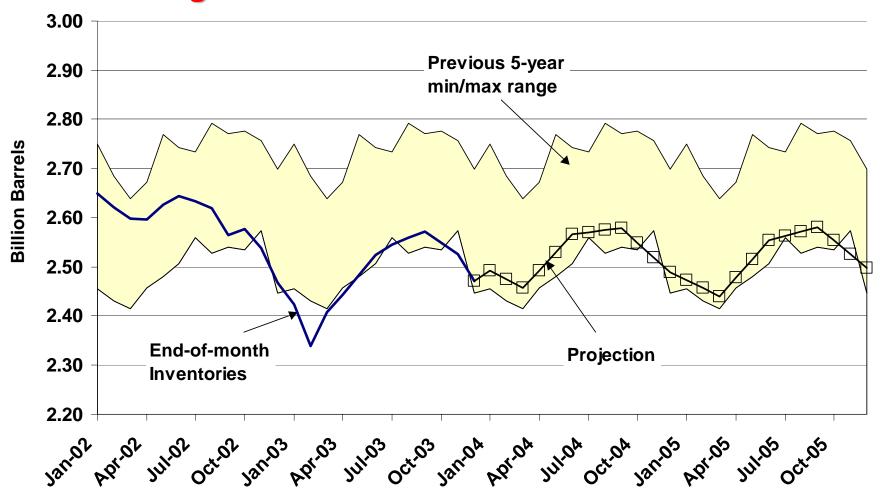
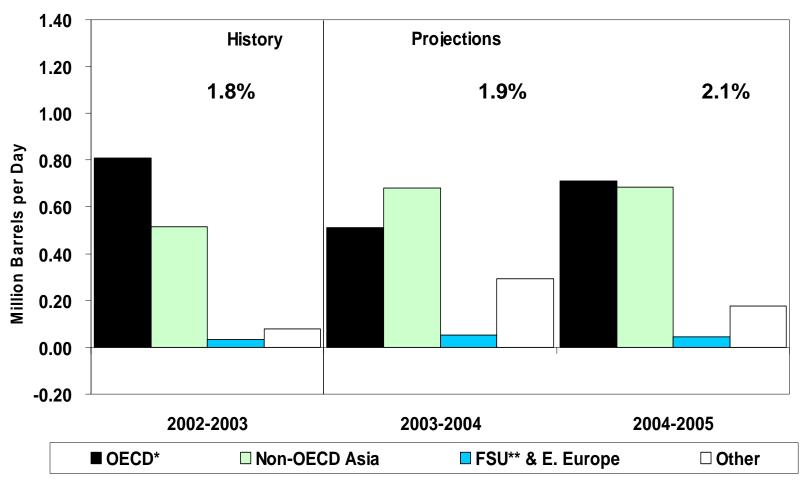




Figure 6. World Oil Demand Growth

(Change from Year Ago)

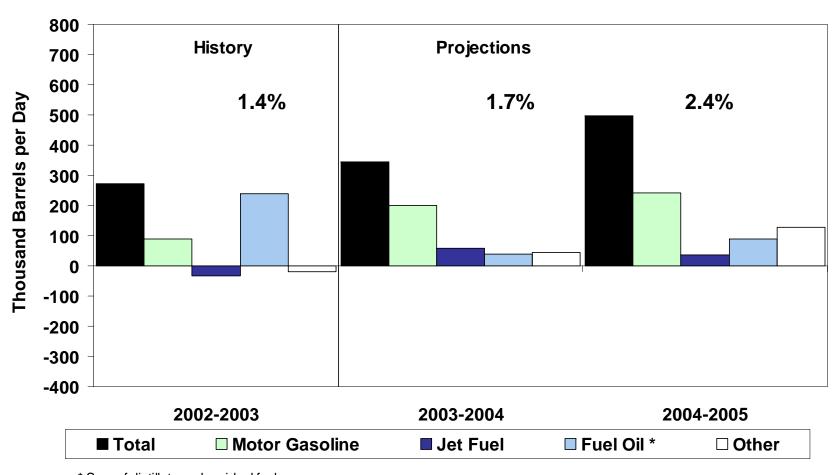


^{*} Note: OECD now defined to include the Czech Republic, Hungary, Mexico, Poland and South Korea in EIA's statistics.

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^{**} FSU = Former Soviet Union

Figure 7. U.S. Petroleum Products Demand Growth (Change from Year Ago)

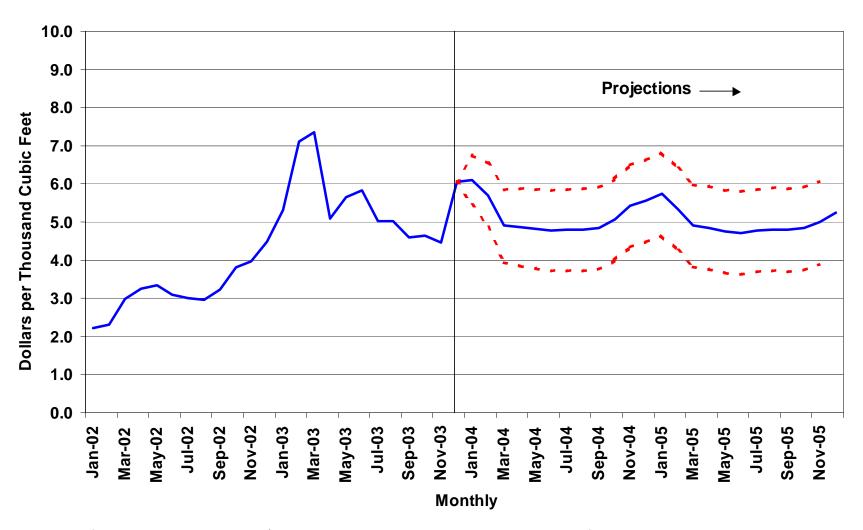


^{*} Sum of distillate and residual fuel.



Figure 8. U.S. Natural Gas Spot Prices

(Base Case and 95% Confidence Interval*)



^{*}The confidence intervals show +/- 2 standard errors based on the properties of the model. The ranges do not include the effects of major supply disruptions.

Sources: History: Natural Gas Week; Projections: Short-Term Energy Outlook, January 2004.

Figure 9. U.S. Working Gas in Storage (Difference from Previous 5-Year Average)

(Difference from Previous 5-Year Average)

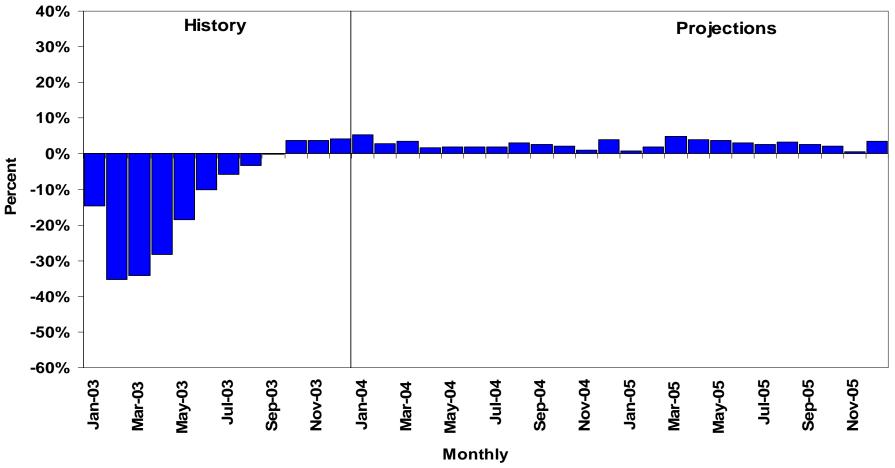
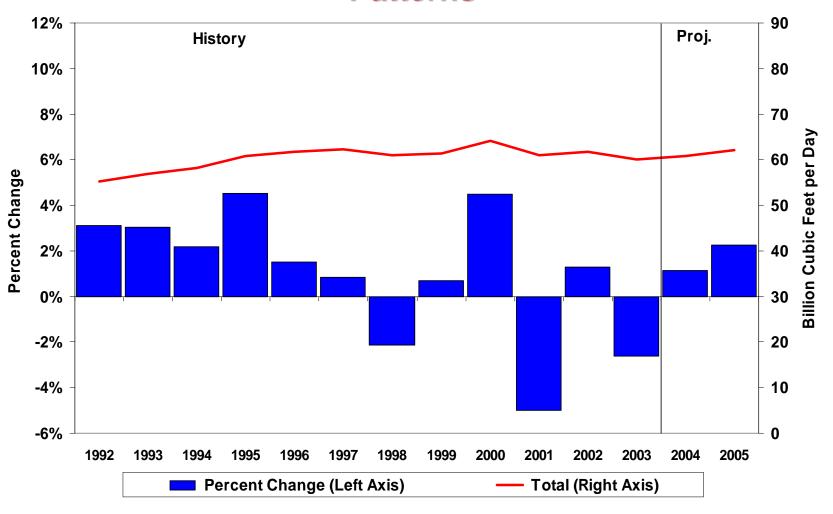




Figure 10. Total U.S. Natural Gas Demand Growth Patterns



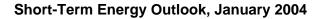




Figure 11. Total U.S. Electricity Demand Growth **Patterns**

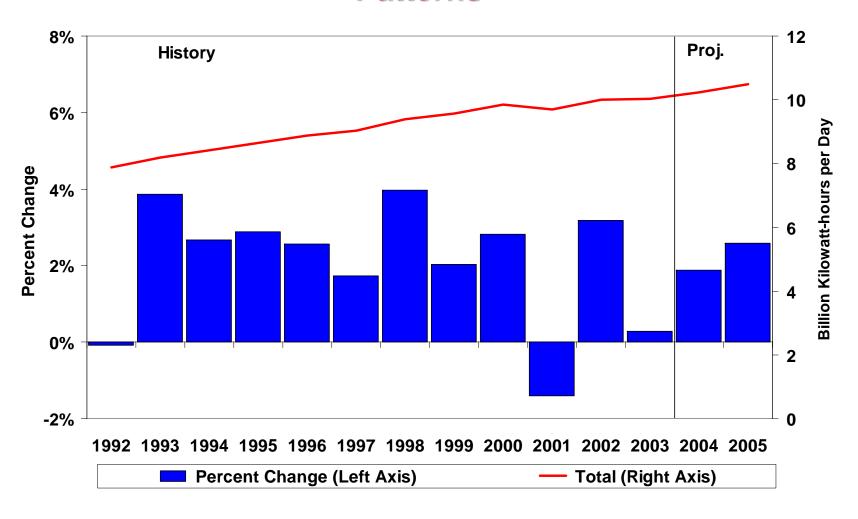








Figure 12. U.S. Coal Demand

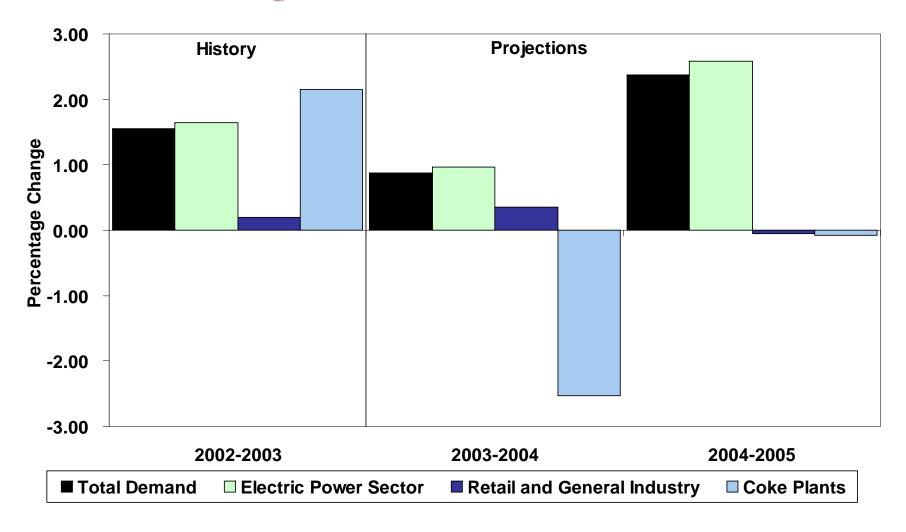
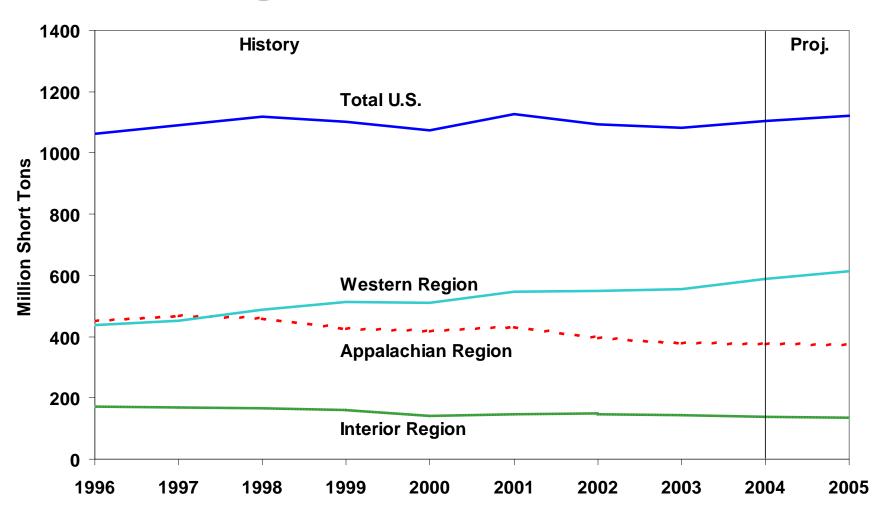




Figure 13. U.S. Coal Production





Additional Charts

Figure 14. U.S. Distillate Fuel Oil Inventories

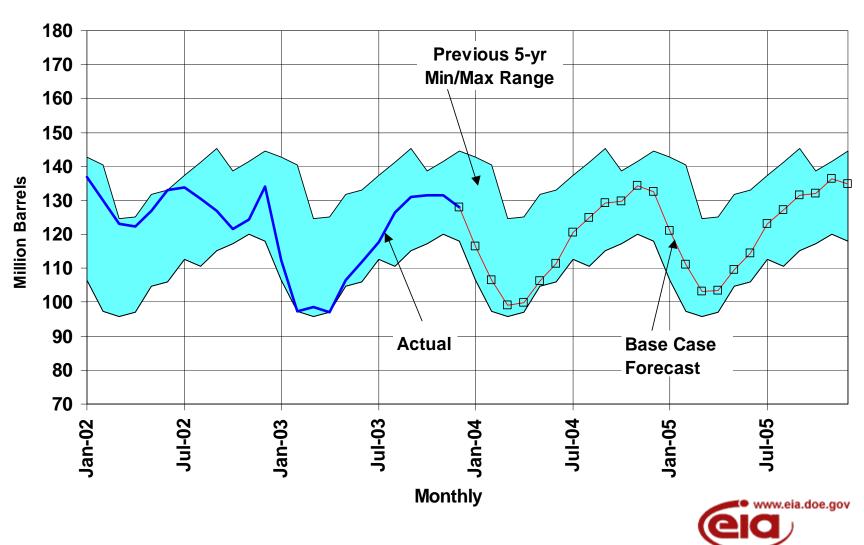


Figure 15. World Petroleum Production (Changes from Previous Year)

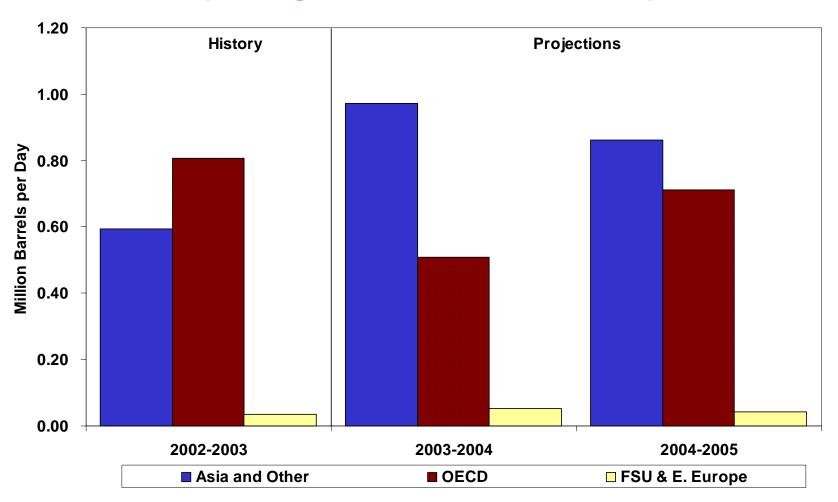






Figure 16. U.S. Distillate Fuel Prices

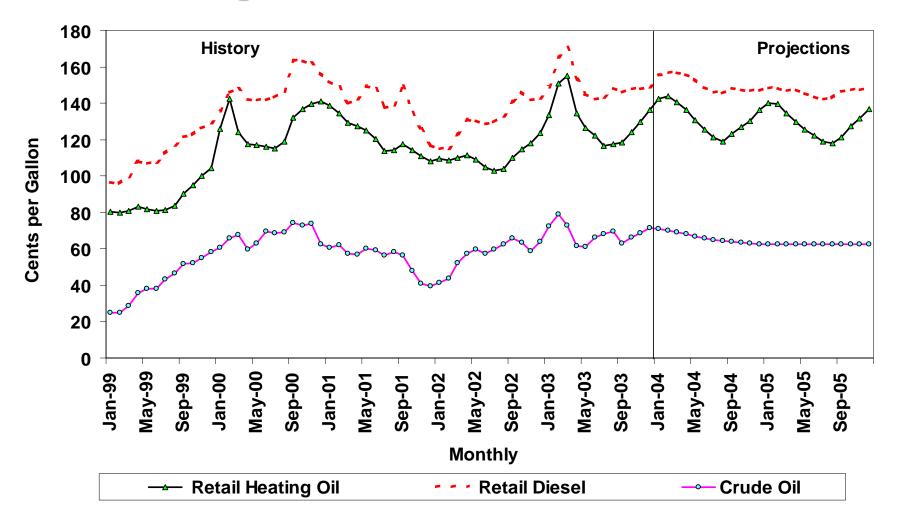




Figure 17. U.S. Crude Oil Production Trends

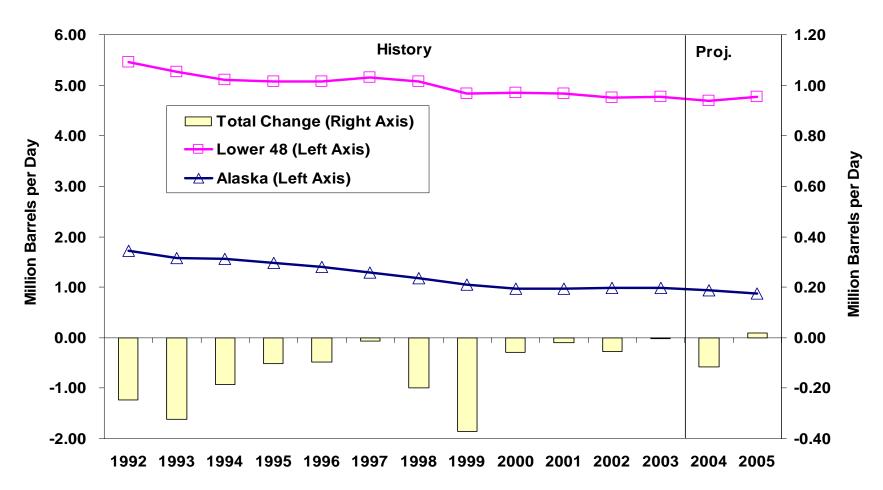




Figure 18. U.S. Natural Gas-Directed Drilling Activity

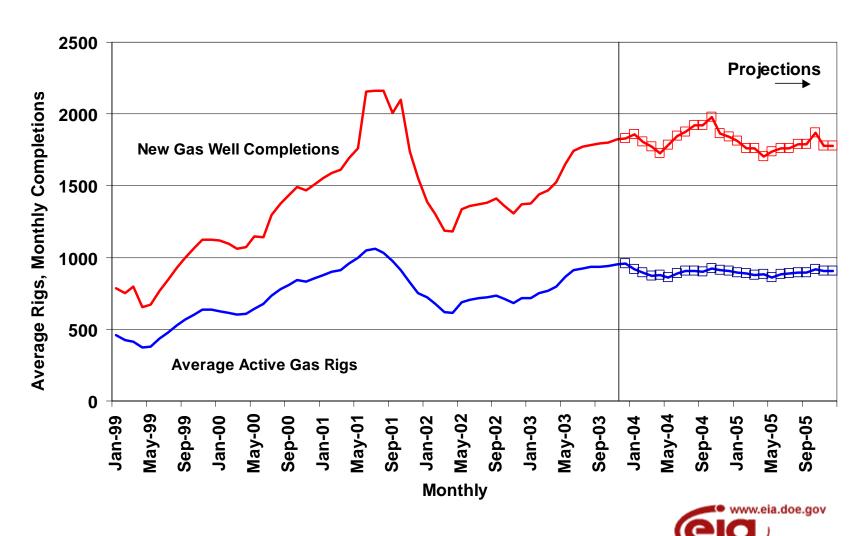


Figure 19. U.S. Oil and Gas Production Revenues

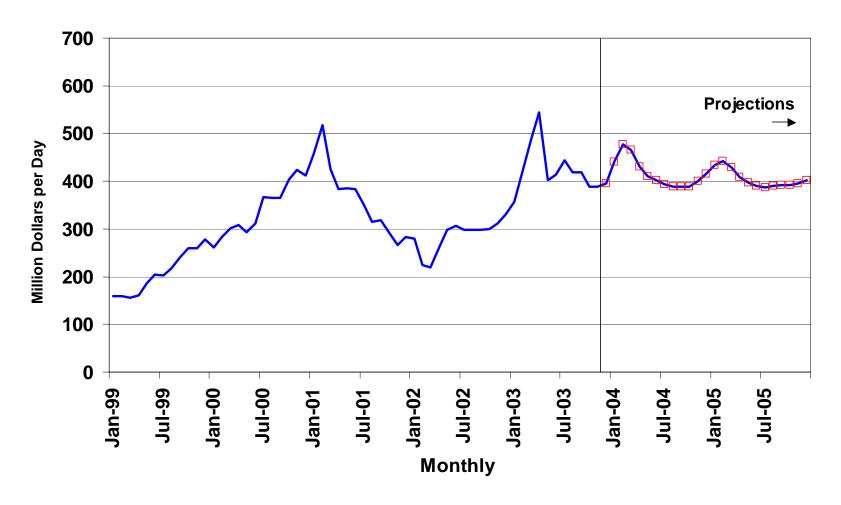




Table HL1. U.S. Energy Supply and Demand: Base Case

		Year	Annu	ial Percentage C	hange		
ļ	2002	2003	2004	2005	2002-2003	2003-2004	2004-2005
Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP)					1		
(billion chained 1996 dollars)	9440	9727	10166	10539	3.0	4.5	3.7
Imported Crude Oil Price ^a							
(nominal dollars per barrel)	23.71	27.86	27.02	25.50	17.5	-3.0	-5.6
Petroleum Supply (million barrels per day)							
Crude Oil Production b	5.75	5.74	5.63	5.65	-0.1	-2.0	0.3
Total Petroleum Net Imports							
(including SPR)	10.54	11.30	11.64	11.95	7.2	3.1	2.6
Energy Demand							
World Petroleum							
(million barrels per day)	77.7	79.1	80.7	82.3	1.8	2.0	2.0
Petroleum							
(million barrels per day)	19.76	20.04	20.43	20.87	1.4	1.9	2.2
Natural Gas							
(trillion cubic feet)	22.52	21.93	22.19	22.60	-2.6	1.2	1.8
Coal ^c							
(million short tons)	1065	1081	1091	1117	1.6	0.9	2.4
Electricity (billion kilowatthours)							
Retail Sales d	3475	3493	3565	3646	0.5	2.1	2.3
Other Use/Sales ^e	180	172	179	185	-4.4	4.1	3.0
Total	3655	3665	3745	3831	0.3	2.2	2.3
Total Energy Demand ^f							
(quadrillion Btu)	97.4	97.3	99.6	101.6	0.0	2.3	2.0
Total Energy Demand per Dollar of GDP							
(thousand Btu per 1996 Dollar)	10.31	10.01	9.80	9.64	-3.0	-2.1	-1.6
Renewable Energy as Percent of Total ⁹	6.2%	6.4%	6.6%	6.7%			

^aRefers to the refiner acquisition cost (RAC) of imported crude oil.

^bIncludes lease condensate.

^cTotal Demand includes estimated Independent Power Producer (IPP) coal consumption.

^dTotal of retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers. Utility sales for historical periods are reported in Energy Information Administration (EIA) *Electric Power Monthly* and *Electric Power Annual*. Power marketers' sales for historical periods are reported in EIA's *Electric Sales and Revenue*, Appendix C. Data for 2003 are estimates.

^eDefined as the sum of facility use of onsite net electricity generation plus direct sales of power by industrial- or commercial-sector generators to third parties, reported annually in Table 7.5 of the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)*. Data for 2003 are estimates.

^fThe conversion from physical units to Btu is calculated by using a subset of conversion factors used in the calculations performed for gross energy consumption in EIA's MER. Consequently, the historical data may not precisely match those published in the MER or the Annual Energy Review (AER).

⁹Renewable energy includes minor components of non-marketed renewable energy, which is renewable energy that is neither bought nor sold, either directly or indirectly, as inputs to marketed energy. EIA does not estimate or project total consumption of non-marketed renewable energy. SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: Latest data available from Bureau of Economic Analysis and Energy Information Administration; latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109; *Petroleum Supply Annual*, DOE/EIA-0340/2; *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; and *Quarterly Coal Report*, DOE/EIA-0121; *International Petroleum Monthly* DOE/EIA-0520; *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Forecast CONTROL1203.

Table 1. U.S. Macroeconomic and Weather Assumptions: Base Case

Table 1. U.S. Macroecon	tner	ASSU	mptio	ons:	Base	Cas	е								
		2003				2004				2005				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2003	2004	2005
Macroeconomic ^a															
Real Gross Domestic Product (billion chained 1996 dollars - SAAR)	9552	9629	9821	9904	10005	10107	10223	10328	10422	10505	10579	10650	9727	10166	10539
Percentage Change from Prior Year	2.0	2.5	3.5	4.1	4.7	5.0	4.1	4.3	4.2	3.9	3.5	3.1	3.0	4.5	3.7
Annualized Percent Change from Prior Quarter	1.4	3.2	8.0	3.4	4.0	4.1	4.6	4.1	3.6	3.2	2.8	2.7			
GDP Implicit Price Deflator (Index, 1996=1.000)	1.119	1.122	1.126	1.131	1.138	1.142	1.147	1.153	1.159	1.165	1.171	1.178	1.125	1.145	1.168
Percentage Change from Prior Year	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.6	1.8	2.0
Real Disposable Personal Income (billion chained 1996 Dollars - SAAR)	7110	7155	7284	7281	7389	7431	7500	7567	7623	7680	7726	7775	7207	7472	7701
Percentage Change from Prior Year	2.1	1.8	3.2	2.8	3.9	3.9	3.0	3.9	3.2	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.5	3.7	3.1
Manufacturing Production (Index, 1997=100.0)	112.3	111.3	112.5	113.7	115.1	116.6	118.3	120.6	122.6	124.3	126.0	127.5	112.4	117.7	125.1
Percentage Change from Prior Year	0.6	-1.3	-0.7	1.2	2.5	4.8	5.2	6.1	6.5	6.6	6.5	5.7	0.0	4.6	6.3
OECD Economic Growth (percent) b													1.8	2.8	2.7
Weather ^c															
Heating Degree-Days U.S New England Middle Allantic	3504 3207	607 1144 896 598	63 100 43 75	1490 2172 1973 1614	2290 3276 3015	541 930 743	109 195 124 110	1632 2275 2045 1758	2240 3219 2933 2383	534 915 739 589	99 190 126 110	1623 2259 2050 1758	4457 6920 6119	4572 6676 5927 4871	4496 6584 5848
U.S. Gas-Weighted Cooling Degree-Days (U.S.)		335	75 821	93	2413 31	590 351	781	77	2383 34	348	784	7758 76	4751 1277	4871 1240	4840 1243

^aMacroeconomic projections from Global Insight model forecasts are seasonally adjusted at annual rates and modified as appropriate to the base world oil price case.

Note: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: latest data available from: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration; Federal Reserve System, Statistical Release G.17. Projections of OECD growth are based on Global Insight, "World Economic Outlook," Volume 1. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Forecast CONTROL1203.

^bOECD: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

^cPopulation-weighted degree-days. A degree-day indicates the temperature variation from 65 degrees Fahrenheit (calculated as the simple average of the daily minimum and maximum temperatures) weighted by 2000 population.

SAAR: Seasonally-adjusted annualized rate.

Table 2. U.S. Energy Indicators: Base Case

Table 2. U.S. Energy Indi	cato		ase c	Jase					2005					Year			
		2003		4.1		2004		441	4.1		•	4.1			2225		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2003	2004	2005		
Macroeconomic ^a																	
Real Fixed Investment	.=						.=										
(billion chained 1996 dollars-SAAR)	1588	1615	1679	1717	1741	1761	1788	1813	1832	1852	1865	1877	1650	1776	1857		
Real Exchange Rate	4 050	4 000	4 00=	0.050	0.040		0.004	0.040					4 007		0.000		
(index)	1.056	1.008	1.007	0.958	0.946	0.936	0.924	0.910	0.900	0.893	0.889	0.886	1.007	0.929	0.892		
Business Inventory Change		440	40.0	7.4	5 0	0.4	440	00.7	04.704	00.000	40.000	40.704	44.0	10.4	40.5		
(billion chained 1996 dollars-SAAR)	-6.1	-14.3	-19.6	-7.1	5.8	8.4	14.8	20.7	21.701	20.936	18.622	16.784	-11.8	12.4	19.5		
Producer Price Index (index, 1982=1.000)	4 202	4 260	4 270	1 202	1 200	1.394	1 200	1 106	1 112	1.419	1 121	1 110	1.380	1.399	1.426		
Consumer Price Index	1.303	1.369	1.376	1.392	1.396	1.394	1.396	1.406	1.413	1.419	1.431	1.440	1.360	1.399	1.420		
(index, 1982-1984=1.000)	1 021	1 924	1 9/5	1 952	1 962	1 967	1 971	1 995	1 904	1.903	1 012	1 022	1.841	1.872	1.908		
Petroleum Product Price Index	1.031	1.034	1.043	1.003	1.002	1.007	1.074	1.000	1.094	1.903	1.912	1.923	1.041	1.072	1.900		
(index, 1982=1.000)	1 074	0 918	0 975	0 900	0 985	0 967	0 914	0.888	0 903	0 919	0 899	0.890	0.967	0.938	0.902		
Non-Farm Employment	1.074	0.010	0.570	0.000	0.000	0.007	0.014	0.000	0.000	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.007	0.000	0.002		
(millions)	130.2	130.0	129.9	130.3	130.7	131.6	132.5	133.3	134.1	134.9	135.4	135.9	130.1	132.1	135.1		
Commercial Employment				, 00.0			.02.0	.00.0			, , , , ,	.00.0		.02			
(millions)	91.5	91.5	91.7	92.0	92.5	93.3	94.2	94.9	95.6	96.3	96.9	97.2	91.7	93.7	96.5		
Total Industrial Production																	
(index, 1997=100.0)	111.2	110.0	111.1	112.2	113.5	114.8	116.3	118.2	119.9	121.4	122.7	124.0	111.1	115.7	122.0		
Housing Stock																	
(millions)	116.6	116.9	117.0	117.2	117.6	117.9	118.2	118.5	118.9	119.2	119.5	119.8	116.9	118.0	119.3		
Miscellaneous																	
Gas Weighted Industrial Production																	
(index, 1997=100.0)	100.0	99.0	99.6	100.1	100.7	101.1	101.9	103.0	104.2	105.1	105.9	106.6	99.7	101.7	105.5		
Vehicle Miles Traveled [□]																	
(million miles/day)	7217	8084	8153	7745	7380	8162	8334	7925	7598	8399	8518	8076	7802	7951	8150		
Vehicle Fuel Efficiency																	
(index, 1999=1.000)	0.993	1.046	1.037	1.003	0.984	1.035	1.041	1.005	0.963	1.065	1.080	1.024	1.020	1.017	1.033		
Real Vehicle Fuel Cost																	
(cents per mile)	4.39	4.01	4.22	4.09	4.19	4.08	3.89	3.82	3.91	3.90	3.86	3.78	4.17	3.99	3.86		
Air Travel Capacity	454.0	400 F	404.0	400.7	405.0	500.0	5470	500.0	540.0	5040	5040	500.0	400.0	500.7	500.0		
(mill. available ton-miles/day) Aircraft Utilization	454.8	486.5	494.8	492.7	485.8	503.6	517.0	520.0	512.0	524.2	534.3	536.9	482.3	506.7	526.9		
	244.4	270.0	201 2	267.2	260.4	202.0	2046	202.0	275.2	206 F	207.2	2042	266.0	200.2	202.4		
(mill. revenue ton-miles/day)	244.1	270.0	201.2	207.3	200.4	202.9	294.0	262.9	275.3	290.5	307.2	294.3	200.0	200.2	293.4		
(index, 1982-1984=1.000)	2 252	2 2/11	2 379	2 202	2 2/1	2 221	2 2 2 2 2	2 227	2 280	2 207	2 309	2 316	2 216	2 2 2 2 6	2 300		
Raw Steel Production	2.232	2.341	2.310	2.232	2.241	2.231	2.233	2.231	2.200	2.231	2.300	2.310	2.310	2.230	2.300		
(million tons)	25.61	25.52	24.29	23.07	23.32	25 49	25 71	24 30	26 73	27.66	27.51	26.58	98 48	98 91	108 48		
(111111011 10110)	_0.01	_0.02	Z-7.ZJ	20.07	20.02	20.70	20.71	27.00	20.70	27.00	27.01	_0.00	30.70	30.01	,00.40		

^aMacroeconomic projections from Global Insight model forecasts are seasonally adjusted at annual rates and modified as appropriate to the base world oil price case.

blincludes all highway travel.

SAAR: Seasonally-adjusted annualized rate.

Note: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Table 3. International Petroleum Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Million Barrels per Day, Except OECD Commercial Stocks)

(Willion Barrels per Bay,	2003			2004					2005				Year			
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2003	2004	2005	
Demand ^a								I								
OECD																
U.S. (50 States)	20.0	19.7	20.3	20.2	20.4	20.1	20.5	20.7	20.8	20.6	21.0	21.1	20.0	20.4	20.9	
U.S. Territories	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	
Canada	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.2	
Europe	15.2	15.0	15.2	15.6	15.6	14.6	15.2	15.9	15.7	14.7	15.3	16.0	15.3	15.3	15.4	
Japan	6.2	5.0	4.9	5.8	6.1	5.0	5.2	5.6	6.1	5.0	5.2	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.5	
Other OECD	5.4	5.1	5.1	5.5	5.3	5.0	5.3	5.6	5.4	5.1	5.4	5.7	5.3	5.3	5.4	
Total OECD	49.3	47.2	48.0	49.5	49.9	47.1	48.8	50.3	50.6	47.8	49.6	51.0	48.5	49.0	49.7	
Non-OECD																
Former Soviet Union	4.0	3.4	3.7	4.5	4.1	3.5	3.7	4.6	4.1	3.5	3.8	4.6	3.9	4.0	4.0	
Europe	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	
China	5.4	5.4	5.8	5.8	5.9	5.9	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.3	6.7	6.7	5.6	6.1	6.5	
Other Asia	7.9	7.9	8.0	8.3	8.1	8.1	8.2	8.5	8.3	8.3	8.4	8.7	8.0	8.2	8.5	
Other Non-OECD	12.1	12.3	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.6	12.7	12.7	12.6	12.8	12.9	12.9	12.3	12.6	12.8	
Total Non-OECD	30.3	29.7	30.6	31.8	31.3	30.8	31.6	32.7	32.1	31.7	32.6	33.7	30.6	31.6	32.5	
Total World Demand	79.6	76.9	78.6	81.3	81.2	78.0	80.4	83.1	82.7	79.5	82.1	84.7	79.1	80.7	82.3	
Supply ^b																
OECD																
U.S. (50 States)	9.0	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.9	8.8	8.7	8.9	8.9	8.8	8.9	9.0	8.8	8.8	8.9	
Canada	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.3	
Mexico	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.9	4.0	
North Sea ^c	6.3	5.8	5.7	6.2	6.2	5.8	5.9	6.2	6.2	5.9	5.9	6.2	6.0	6.1	6.1	
Other OECD	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	
Total OECD	23.6	22.9	23.1	23.6	23.6	23.3	23.4	23.9	23.9	23.5	23.9	24.2	23.3	23.6	23.9	
Non-OECD																
OPEC	30.1	30.1	30.3	31.4	30.9	30.2	30.3	30.4	30.6	30.7	30.9	30.9	30.5	30.4	30.8	
Crude Oil Portion	26.9	26.7	26.8	27.7	27.3	26.5	26.6	26.7	26.9	27.1	27.3	27.3	27.0	26.8	27.1	
Former Soviet Union	9.9	10.1	10.4	10.7	10.8	10.9	11.1	11.2	11.5	11.7	11.9	12.0	10.3	11.0	11.8	
China	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	
Other Non-OECD	11.4	11.5	11.6	11.9	11.9	12.0	12.2	12.4	12.2	12.3	12.5	12.7	11.6	12.1	12.4	
Total Non-OECD	54.8	55.1	55.8	57.4	56.9	56.4	57.0	57.3	57.6	58.1	58.7	59.0	55.8	56.9	58.3	
Total World Supply	78.4	78.0	78.9	81.1	80.5	79.7	80.4	81.2	81.4	81.6	82.6	83.2	79.1	80.5	82.2	
Additional unaccounted for supply	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	
Stock Changes																
Net Stock Withdrawals or Additions (-)																
U.S. (50 States including SPR)	8.0	-0.9	-0.4	0.3	0.1	-0.8	-0.3	0.2	0.1	-0.7	-0.2	0.3	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	
Other	0.1	-0.5	-0.3	-0.3	0.2	-1.3	0.0	1.3	0.9	-1.6	-0.5	0.9	-0.3	0.1	-0.1	
Total Stock Withdrawals	0.9	-1.4	-0.7	-0.1	0.3	-2.1	-0.3	1.6	1.0	-2.3	-0.8	1.2	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2	
OECD Comm. Stocks, End (bill. bbls.)	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.6	
Non-OPEC Supply	48.3	48.0	48.6	49.6	49.6	49.6	50.2	50.9	50.9	50.8	51.7	52.3	48.6	50.1	51.4	

^aDemand for petroleum by the OECD countries is synonymous with "petroleum product supplied," which is defined in the glossary of the EIA *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109. Demand for petroleum by the non-OECD countries is "apparent consumption," which includes internal consumption, refinery fuel and loss, and bunkering.

^bIncludes production of crude oil (including lease condensates), natural gas plant liquids, other hydrogen and hydrocarbons for refinery feedstocks, refinery gains, alcohol, and liquids produced from coal and other sources.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: International Petroleum Monthly, DOE/EIA-0520; Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Annual and Monthly Oil Statistics Database.

^cIncludes offshore supply from Denmark, Germany, the Netherlands, Norway, and the United Kingdom.

OECD: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

OPEC: Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries: Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve

Former Soviet Union: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan.

Table 3a. OPEC Oil Production

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	11/01/2003		December 2003	
	OPEC 10 Quota	Production	Capacity	Surplus Capacity
Algeria	782	1,200	1,200	0
Indonesia	1,270	985	985	0
Iran	3,597	3,800	3,800	0
Kuwait	1,966	2,200	2,200	0
Libya	1,312	1,420	1,420	0
Nigeria	2,018	2,275	2,275	0
Qatar	635	725	850	125
Saudi Arabia	7,963	8,600	10,000 - 10,500	1,400 - 1,900
UAE	2,138	2,250	2,500	250
Venezuela	2,819	2,500	2,500	0
OPEC 10	24,500	25,955	27,730 - 28,230	1,775 - 2,275
Iraq		1,950	1,950	0
Crude Oil Total		27,905	29,680 - 30,180	1,775 - 2,275
Other Liquids		3,655		
Total OPEC Supply		31,560		

Notes: Crude oil does not include lease condensate or natural gas liquids. Quotas are based on crude oil production only. "Capacity" refers to maximum sustainable production capacity, defined as the maximum amount of production that: 1) could be brought online within a period of 30 days; and 2) sustained for at least 90 days. Kuwaiti and Saudi Arabian figures each include half of the production from the Neutral Zone between the two countries. Saudi Arabian production also includes oil produced from its offshore Abu Safa field on behalf of Bahrain. The amount of Saudi Arabian spare capacity that can be brought online is shown as a range, because a short delay may be needed to achieve the higher level. The UAE is a federation of seven emirates. The quota applies only to the emirate of Abu Dhabi, which controls the vast majority of the UAE's economic and resource wealth. Venezuelan capacity and production numbers exclude extra heavy crude oil used to make Orimulsion. Iraqi production and exports have not been a part of any recent OPEC agreements. Iraq's current production number in this table is net of re-injection and water cut. Latest estimated gross production is about 2.2-2.3 million barrels per day, based on a 3-day moving average. Other liquids include lease condensate, natural gas liquids, and other liquids including volume gains from refinery processing.

Table 4. U.S. Energy Prices: Base Case (Nominal Dollars)

	-	2003	-			2004				2005				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2003	2004	2005
Crude Oil Prices (dollars per barrel)															
Imported Average a	30.58	25.58	27.37	28.29	28.75	27.40	26.30	25.70	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	27.86	27.02	25.50
WTI ^b Spot Average	34.10	28.98	30.21	31.19	31.50	30.00	28.80	28.20	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	31.12	29.63	28.00
Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic	feet)														
Average Wellhead	5.54	5.01	4.74	4.63	5.39	4.55	4.51	4.96	5.12	4.52	4.49	4.68	4.98	4.85	4.70
Composite Spot	6.58	5.52	4.88	5.06	5.57	4.82	4.81	5.35	5.32	4.78	4.79	5.03	5.51	5.14	4.98
Petroleum Products															
Gasoline Retail ^c (dollars per gallon)															
All Grades		1.57	1.64	1.56	1.57	1.61	1.55	1.47	1.49	1.57	1.55	1.48	1.60	1.55	1.52
Regular Unleaded	1.59	1.52	1.60	1.52	1.52	1.57	1.51	1.43	1.44	1.53	1.51	1.44	1.56	1.51	1.48
No. 2 Diesel Oil, Retail															
(dollars per gallon)	1.62	1.47	1.46	1.48	1.57	1.53	1.47	1.47	1.48	1.46	1.44	1.48	1.51	1.51	1.46
No. 2 Heating Oil, Wholesale															
(dollars per gallon)	1.00	0.78	0.80	0.88	0.94	0.86	0.81	0.83	0.85	0.79	0.79	0.84	0.88	0.87	0.82
No. 2 Heating Oil, Retail															
(dollars per gallon) No. 6 Residual Fuel Oil, Retail ^d	1.45	1.28	1.17	1.32	1.42	1.33	1.21	1.33	1.38	1.27	1.20	1.33	1.33	1.36	1.33
(dollars per barrel)	33.71	26.66	28.76	28.49	30.88	27.21	26.36	26.74	26.42	24.66	25.09	26.11	29.58	27.89	25.63
(46.4.6 pc. 24.7.)				200	00.00		_0.00				_0.00		_0.00		_0.00
Electric Power Sector (dollars per mill															
Coal		1.29	1.27	1.24	1.26	1.27	1.24	1.23	1.25	1.26	1.23	1.23	1.27	1.25	1.24
Heavy Fuel Oil ^e		4.67	4.01	4.56	5.21	4.66	3.86	4.32	4.48	4.26	3.71	4.24	4.57	4.48	4.13
Natural Gas	6.13	5.52	5.06	4.86	6.05	4.84	4.87	5.50	5.56	4.94	4.97	5.26	5.33	5.22	5.13
Other Residential															
Natural Gas															
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)	8.63	10.52	12.52	9.36	9.69	10.52	11.79	9.76	9.76	10.54	11.81	9.63	9.42	10.01	10.00
Electricity															
(cents per kilowatthour)	8.08	9.02	9.12	8.51	8.39	9.00	9.16	8.72	8.43	9.01	9.17	8.74	8.69	8.82	8.84

^aRefiner acquisition cost (RAC) of imported crude oil.

Notes: Prices exclude taxes, except prices for gasoline, residential natural gas, and diesel. Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Marketing Monthly, DOE/EIA-0380; Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130; Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035; Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226.

^bWest Texas Intermediate.

^cAverage self-service cash prices.

^dAverage for all sulfur contents. ^eIncludes fuel oils No. 4, No. 5, and No. 6 and topped crude fuel oil prices.

Table 5. U.S. Petroleum Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Million Barrels per Day, Except Closing Stocks)

(Willion Barrole per Be	2003 2004						2005					Year			
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2003	2004	2005
Supply	1		l												
Crude Oil Supply															
Domestic Production a	5.88	5.78	5.65	5.65	5.70	5.63	5.53	5.65	5.65	5.57	5.67	5.70	5.74	5.63	5.65
Alaska	1.01	0.98	0.94	0.98	0.98	0.92	0.87	0.97	0.93	0.86	0.84	0.86	0.98	0.94	0.87
Lower 48	4.87	4.80	4.71	4.67	4.72	4.71	4.65	4.69	4.72	4.71	4.82	4.84	4.76	4.69	4.77
Net Commercial Imports ^b		10.02	10.23	9.67	9.42	10.08	10.11	9.68	9.73	10.47	10.38	9.90	9.68	9.82	10.12
Tier Commondia Importe Imministra	••			0.0.	0			0.00	00		. 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	
Net SPR Withdrawals	-0.13	-0.16	-0.15	-0.15	-0.12	-0.14	-0.10	-0.12	-0.12	-0.12	-0.12	-0.12	-0.15	-0.12	-0.12
Net Commercial Withdrawals	-0.04	-0.02	-0.01	0.15	-0.20	-0.02	0.15	-0.01	-0.21	-0.02	0.15	0.00	0.02	-0.02	-0.02
Product Supplied and Losses		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Unaccounted-for Crude Oil		0.09	-0.15	-0.03	0.17	0.19	0.17	0.12	0.17	0.18	0.17	0.12	-0.01	0.16	0.16
Chaccamor for Grade Chimminn	0.00	0.00		0.00	0	00	0	0	0	00	0	0	0.0.	00	00
Total Crude Oil Supply	14.56	15.71	15.56	15.30	14.96	15.73	15.86	15.33	15.22	16.09	16.25	15.60	15.28	15.47	15.79
Other Supply															
NGL Production	1.76	1.61	1.71	1.81	1.86	1.84	1.80	1.85	1.93	1.89	1.85	1.92	1.72	1.84	1.90
Other Hydrocarbon and Alcohol Inputs.		0.43	0.44	0.39	0.39	0.40	0.42	0.42	0.41	0.41	0.43	0.43	0.42	0.41	0.42
Crude Oil Product Supplied		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Processing Gain		0.96	0.99	0.94	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.95
Net Product Imports ^c	1.50	1.77	1.79	1.42	1.88	1.82	1.80	1.79	1.89	1.79	1.81	1.81	1.62	1.82	1.82
Product Stock Withdrawn or Added (-)		-0.80	-0.18	0.29	0.39	-0.61	-0.31	0.36	0.42	-0.57	-0.28	0.40	0.04	-0.04	-0.01
Total Supply		19.67	20.31	-	20.41	20.12	20.50	20.70	20.81		21.02	21.11	20.04	20.43	
Demand	20.01	10.01	20.01	20.70	20.47	20.72	20.00	20.70	20.07	20.00	21.02	21.11	20.07	20.40	20.00
Motor Gasoline	8.50	9.03	9.18	9.02	8.76	9.21	9.35	9.22	8.99	9.45	9.64	9.42	8.94	9.14	9.38
Jet Fuel	1.54	1.51	1.61	1.65	1.59	1.59	1.66	1.71	1.64	1.63	1.69	1.74	1.58	1.64	1.68
Distillate Fuel Oil		3.80	3.78	4.01	4.34	3.90	3.88	4.15	4.36	3.98	3.99	4.24	3.95	4.07	4.14
Residual Fuel Oil		0.72	0.78	0.69	0.80	0.60	0.68	0.77	0.79	0.63	0.71	0.75	0.76	0.71	0.72
Other Oils d		4.61	4.95	4.78	4.92	4.81	4.91	4.85	5.01	4.87	4.99	4.95	4.81	4.87	4.95
Total Demand					20.40	20.11	20.50	20.70	20.80		21.02	21.11	20.04		
Total Demand	20.01	13.07	20.51	20.70	20.40	20.11	20.00	20.70	20.00	20.00	21.02	21.11	20.04	20.40	20.07
Total Petroleum Net Imports	10.28	11.78	12.02	11.10	11.29	11.90	11.91	11.47	11.62	12.26	12.20	11.71	11.30	11.64	11.95
Closing Stocks (million barrels)															
Crude Oil (excluding SPR)	281	283	284	271	289	291	278	278	297	299	285	284	271	278	284
Total Motor Gasoline	200	206	196	204	207	210	201	205	208	210	202	205	204	205	205
Finished Motor Gasoline	145	153	145	147	144	150	142	147	144	150	143	147	147	147	147
Blending Components	55	53	51	58	63	60	58	58	63	60	58	58	58	58	58
Jet Fuel	37	38	39	37	36	39	42	41	39	41	43	42	37	41	42
Distillate Fuel Oil	99	112	131	128	99	111	129	133	103	115	131	135	128	133	135
Residual Fuel Oil	32	36	32	36	34	36	37	38	35	36	37	37	36	38	37
Other Oils *	226	275	285	252	246	282	298	257	251	286	301	258	252	257	258
Total Stocks (excluding SPR)	875	950	968	928	911	969	984	951	933	987	999	962	928	951	962
Crude Oil in SPR	599	609	624	638	649	661	671	682	692	703	714	725	638	682	725
Heating Oil Reserve	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Total Stocks (incl SPR and HOR)		1560	1594	1568	1562	1632	1656	1635	1627	1692	1715	1689	1568	1635	1689
alnoludes lease condensate	1470	.000	1004	1000	1002	1002	1000	1000	1021	1032	1710	1003	1000	1000	1003

^aIncludes lease condensate.

SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve

HOR: Heating Oil Reserve NGL: Natural Gas Liquids

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding, with the following exception: recent petroleum demand and supply data displayed here reflect the incorporation of resubmissions of the data as reported in EIA's *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, Table C1. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System model.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109, and Weekly Petroleum Status Report, DOE/EIA-0208.

^bNet imports equals gross imports minus exports.

^cIncludes finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural gas plant liquids for processing.

^dIncludes crude oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gas, other liquids, and all finished petroleum products except motor gasoline, jet fuel, distillate, and residual fuel oil.

^eIncludes stocks of all other oils, such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids (including ethane), aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, wax, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils.

Table 6. Approximate Energy Demand Sensitivities^a for the STIFS^b

(Percent Deviation Base Case)

		+ 10	0% Prices	+ 10%	% Weather ^e
Demand Sector	+1% GDP	Crude Oil °	N.Gas Wellhead ^d	Fall/Winter ^f	Spring/Summer ^f
Petroleum					
Total	0.6%	-0.3%	0.1%	1.1%	0.1%
Motor Gasoline	0.1%	-0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Distillate Fuel	0.8%	-0.2%	0.0%	2.7%	0.1%
Residual Fuel	1.6%	-3.4%	2.6%	2.0%	2.7%
Natural Gas					
Total	1.1%	0.3%	-0.4%	4.4%	1.0%
Residential	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	8.2%	0.0%
Commercial	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	7.3%	0.0%
Industrial	1.7%	0.2%	-0.5%	1.3%	0.0%
Electric Power	1.8%	1.6%	-1.5%	1.0%	4.0%
Coal					
Total	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	1.7%	1.7%
Electric Power	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	1.9%	1.9%
Electricity					
Total	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%	1.7%
Residential	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	3.2%	3.6%
Commercial	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%	1.4%
Industrial	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.2%

^aPercent change in demand quantity resulting from specified percent changes in model inputs.

 Table 7. Forecast Components for U.S. Crude Oil Production

(Million Barrels per Day)

	High	Low		Difference							
	Price Case	Price Case	Total	Uncertainty	Price Impact						
United States	5.976	5.229	0.748	0.064	0.684						
Lower 48 States	5.021	4.355	0.666	0.044	0.622						
Alaska	0.955	0.873	0.081	0.020	0.061						

Note: Components provided are for the fourth quarter 2004. Totals may not add to sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: EIA, Office of Oil and Gas, Reserves and Production Division.

^bShort-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

^cRefiner acquisitions cost of imported crude oil.

^dAverage unit value of marketed natural gas production reported by States.

^eRefers to percent changes in degree-days.

Response during fall/winter period(first and fourth calendar quarters) refers to change in heating degree-days. Response during the spring/summer period (second and third calendar quarters) refers to change in cooling degree-days.

Table 8. U.S. Natural Gas Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Trillion Cubic Feet)

(Timori Cabic i eet)	2003				2004				2005				Year		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2003	2004	2005
Supply															
Total Dry Gas Production	4.86	4.84	4.85	4.88	4.89	4.86	4.88	4.95	4.90	4.94	4.97	5.02	19.44	19.58	19.83
Gross Imports	0.96	0.88	1.00	1.09	1.03	1.00	0.97	1.08	1.07	1.05	1.01	1.10	3.93	4.08	4.23
Pipeline	0.88	0.76	0.84	0.91	0.89	0.83	0.81	0.90	0.92	0.86	0.81	0.89	3.39	3.43	3.47
LNG	0.08	0.13	0.16	0.18	0.14	0.17	0.17	0.18	0.16	0.19	0.20	0.21	0.54	0.65	0.75
Gross Exports	0.16	0.15	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.20	0.21	0.17	0.17	0.19	0.21	0.67	0.77	0.73
Net Imports	0.79	0.74	0.83	0.91	0.85	0.82	0.78	0.86	0.90	0.88	0.82	0.89	3.26	3.31	3.49
Supplemental Gaseous Fuels	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.08	0.08	0.08
Total New Supply	5.68	5.59	5.70	5.81	5.76	5.70	5.67	5.83	5.83	5.83	5.81	5.93	22.77	22.97	23.40
Working Gas in Storage															
Opening	2.38	0.73	1.77	2.84	2.51	1.15	2.00	2.92	2.50	1.16	2.02	2.92	2.38	2.51	2.50
Closing	0.73	1.77	2.84	2.51	1.15	2.00	2.92	2.50	1.16	2.02	2.92	2.49	2.51	2.50	2.49
Net Withdrawals	1.65	-1.04	-1.07	0.34	1.36	-0.85	-0.92	0.42	1.34	-0.86	-0.90	0.43	-0.13	0.00	0.02
Total Supply	7.32	4.55	4.62	6.15	7.12	4.84	4.75	6.25	7.17	4.97	4.92	6.37	22.64	22.97	23.42
Balancing Item ^a	-0.07	-0.06	0.00	-0.59	-0.05	-0.02	-0.09	-0.61	-0.05	-0.03	-0.11	-0.62	-0.71	-0.78	-0.82
Total Primary Supply	7.25	4.49	4.63	5.56	7.07	4.82	4.66	5.64	7.11	4.94	4.80	5.75	21.93	22.19	22.60
Demand															
Residential	2.52	0.83	0.38	1.33	2.38	0.83	0.38	1.44	2.40	0.83	0.38	1.43	5.05	5.03	5.04
Commercial	1.34	0.57	0.40	0.83	1.32	0.61	0.43	0.91	1.34	0.63	0.44	0.93	3.14	3.28	3.34
Industrial	2.14	1.85	1.91	2.06	2.12	1.92	1.92	2.07	2.18	2.00	1.98	2.12	7.96	8.03	8.28
Lease and Plant Fuel	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.28	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.28	1.08	1.08	1.09
Other Industrial		1.58	1.64	1.79	1.86	1.65	1.65	1.80	1.91	1.73	1.71	1.84	6.88	6.95	7.19
CHP ^b	0.30	0.26	0.30	0.27	0.30	0.29	0.31	0.28	0.31	0.31	0.32	0.30	1.13	1.19	1.24
Non-CHP	1.57	1.31	1.34	1.52	1.55	1.36	1.34	1.51	1.60	1.42	1.39	1.54	5.75	5.76	5.95
Transportation $^{\circ}$		0.13	0.13	0.17	0.22	0.14	0.13	0.16	0.21	0.14	0.13	0.16	0.63	0.64	0.64
Electric Power ^d		1.13	1.82	1.16	1.02	1.33	1.81	1.06	0.98	1.35	1.87	1.11	5.15	5.22	5.31
Total Demand	7.25	4.49	4.63	5.56	7.07	4.82	4.66	5.64	7.11	4.94	4.80	5.75	21.93	22.19	22.60

^aThe balancing item represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas demand.

^bNatural gas used for electricity generation and production of useful thermal output by combined heat and power (CHP) plants at industrial facilities. Includes a small amount of natural gas consumption at electricity-only plants in the industrial sector.

[°]Pipeline fuel use plus natural gas used as vehicle fuel.

^dNatural gas used for electricity generation and (a limited amount of) useful thermal output by electric utilities and independent power producers. Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Natural Gas Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0130; *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226; Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Oil and Gas, Reserves and Production Division.

Table 9. U.S. Coal Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Million Short Tons)

(ivillion Griefe Ferio)	2003				2004				2005			Year			
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2003	2004	2005
Supply	ı						l l		l l					· ·	
Production	264.1	267.2	267.9	281.6	281.5	264.4	275.9	284.3	279.2	268.9	283.7	290.6	1080.8	1106.0	1122.5
Appalachia	95.4	95.5	92.2	97.0	99.7	92.2	91.7	93.8	96.8	91.6	91.8	93.3	380.0	377.3	373.5
Interior	36.1	37.0	36.1	36.6	36.9	35.2	34.2	33.7	35.0	34.4	33.4	32.6	145.8	139.9	135.4
Western	132.5	134.7	139.7	148.0	145.0	136.9	150.1	156.8	147.4	142.9	158.5	164.6	555.0	588.8	613.6
Primary Stock Levels ^a															
Opening	43.3	39.0	37.7	35.0	36.8	35.4	35.0	33.4	34.7	35.1	35.3	33.2	43.3	36.8	34.7
Closing	39.0	37.7	35.0	36.8	35.4	35.0	33.4	34.7	35.1	35.3	33.2	35.1	36.8	34.7	35.1
Net Withdrawals	4.3	1.3	2.7	-1.8	1.4	0.3	1.7	-1.4	-0.4	-0.2	2.1	-1.9	6.5	2.1	-0.3
Imports	5.0	6.4	7.1	5.8	6.2	6.6	6.1	5.7	6.5	6.8	6.2	5.9	24.2	24.6	25.4
Exports	8.5	11.4	12.1	10.6	10.7	11.4	11.2	10.9	10.9	11.5	11.2	11.1	42.7	44.1	44.7
Total Net Domestic Supply	264.8	263.5	265.6	275.0	278.4	259.9	272.5	277.7	274.4	264.0	280.9	283.6	1068.8	1088.5	1102.9
Secondary Stock Levels ^b															
Opening	149.2	136.8	148.8	133.6	153.4	161.1	171.2	156.9	162.3	161.4	169.0	154.9	149.2	153.4	162.3
Closing	136.8	148.8	133.6	153.4	161.1	171.2	156.9	162.3	161.4	169.0	154.9	159.3	153.4	162.3	159.3
Net Withdrawals	12.3	-11.9	15.2	-19.8	-7.7	-10.1	14.3	-5.4	0.9	-7.6	14.1	-4.4	-4.2	-8.9	3.0
Waste Coal Supplied to IPPs ^c	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.9	11.6	11.6	11.6
Total Supply	280.0	254.4	283.7	258.1	273.6	252.8	289.7	275.2	278.3	259.3	297.8	282.1	1076.2	1091.3	1117.4
Demand															
Coke Plants		6.1	6.1	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.1	5.5	6.0	5.9	6.1	5.5	24.2	23.6	23.5
Electric Power Sector d	248.7	231.4	270.1	241.8	250.1	231.8	268.1	252.1	254.8	238.4	276.2	259.0	991.9	1002.2	1028.4
Retail and General Industry	16.9	15.6	15.8	17.1	17.4	15.0	15.5	17.6	17.4	14.9	15.5	17.7	65.3	65.5	65.5
Total Demand ^e	271.6	253.0	292.0	264.8	273.6	252.8	289.7	275.2	278.3	259.3	297.8	282.1	1081.4	1091.3	1117.4
Discrepancy f	8.4	1.4	-8.3	-6.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-5.2	0.0	0.0

^aPrimary stocks are held at the mines, preparation plants, and distribution points.

^bSecondary stocks are held by users. It includes an estimate of stocks held at utility plants sold to nonutility generators.

^cEstimated independent power producers' (IPPs) consumption of waste coal. This item includes waste coal and coal slurry reprocessed into briquettes.

^dCoal used for electricity generation and (a limited amount of) useful thermal output by electric utilities and independent power producers.

^{*}Total Demand includes estimated IPP consumption.

¹The discrepancy reflects an unaccounted-for shipper and receiver reporting difference, assumed to be zero in the forecast period.

Notes: Rows and columns may not add due to independent rounding. Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Quarterly Coal Report, DOE/EIA-0121, and Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (coal production).

Table 10a. U.S. Electricity Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Billion Kilowatt-hours)

(Billion Kilowa		2003				2004				2005				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2003	2004	2005
Net Electricity Generation			•												
Electric Power Sector ^a															
Coal	485.6	446.7	523.7	468.9	484.2	448.0	518.7	487.1	491.4	459.4	532.1	498.1	1925.0	1938.0	1980.9
Petroleum	31.5	25.8	30.9	20.5	28.6	16.4	26.9	25.2	27.5	18.9	29.9	25.1	108.7	97.1	101.4
Natural Gas	116.9	124.6	203.4	133.7	121.1	149.9	202.9	124.7	117.5	154.4	212.6	132.4	578.6	598.6	616.9
Nuclear	190.1	183.2	201.6	182.5	195.1	191.4	206.3	191.5	197.0	193.3	208.1	193.2	757.4	784.3	791.6
Hydroelectric		80.0	62.6	60.9	73.5	81.3	66.3	67.5	80.2	85.5	68.0	70.2	263.5	288.6	303.9
Other ^b	13.0	13.8	14.0	14.1	14.3	14.8	15.4	15.1	15.0	15.6	16.2	15.9	54.9	59.7	62.7
Subtotal		874.0	1036.3	880.7	916.8	901.8	1036.3	911.3	928.7	927.1	1066.8	934.8	3688.1	3766.3	3857.4
Other Sectors ^c	-	37.3	39.9	38.5	39.8	39.4	42.6	40.5	40.6	40.8	44.1	41.8	155.9	162.3	167.2
Total Generation	937.3	911.3	1076.2	919.2	956.7	941.2	1078.9	951.8	969.3	967.9	1110.9	976.6	3844.0	3928.6	4024.6
Net Imports	2.4	1.5	6.3	2.9	2.3	2.3	5.0	2.1	1.0	1.1	3.9	0.8	13.1	11.7	6.8
Total Supply	939.8	912.8	1082.5	922.1	959.0	943.5	1083.9	953.9	970.2	969.0	1114.8	977.5	3857.2	3940.3	4031.5
Losses and Unaccounted for d	30.3	57.3	55.0	49.3	30.7	59.2	54.9	51.0	31.4	60.8	56.4	52.3	191.8	195.8	200.8
Demand															
Retail Sales ^e															
Residential	337.5	273.4	378.2	287.8	341.2	287.4	374.8	303.2	346.1	293.9	384.2	310.8	1276.8	1306.5	1334.9
Commercial	265.1	267.8	314.3	265.8	267.7	271.5	312.6	272.7	272.5	281.1	323.5	280.0	1113.0	1124.5	1157.1
Industrial	237.2	247.4	260.3	251.0	249.9	256.1	265.3	255.5	249.1	261.5	272.2	261.0	995.8	1026.9	1043.8
Other	25.3	25.9	30.8	25.7	25.4	25.9	29.3	26.7	26.4	26.7	29.9	27.2	107.6	107.4	110.2
Subtotal	865.1	814.3	983.5	830.2	884.3	840.9	982.0	858.1	894.1	863.2	1009.7	879.0	3493.2	3565.3	3646.0
Other Use/Sales f	44.4	41.2	44.0	42.5	44.0	43.4	47.0	44.8	44.8	45.0	48.6	46.2	172.2	179.2	184.6
Total Demand	909.5	855.5	1027.6	872.8	928.2	884.4	1029.0	902.9	938.9	908.2	1058.4	925.2	3665.3	3744.5	3830.6

^aElectric Utilities and independent power producers.

[†]Defined as the sum of facility use of onsite net electricity generation plus direct sales of power by industrial- or commercial-sector generators to third parties, reported annually in Table 7.5 of the *Monthly Energy Review (MER*). Data for 2003 are estimates.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following report: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (hydroelectric and nuclear).

^{bi}Other" includes generation from other gaseous fuels, geothermal, wind, wood, waste, and solar sources.

Electricity generation from combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and electricity-only plants in the industrial and commercial sectors.

^dBalancing item, mainly transmission and distribution losses.

^eTotal of retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers. Utility sales for historical periods are reported in EIA'S *Electric Power Monthly* and *Electric Power Annual*. Power marketers' sales are reported annually in Appendix C of EIA's *Electric Sales and Revenue*. Quarterly data for power marketers (thus retail sales totals) are imputed.

Table 10b. U.S. Electricity Generation by Sector: Base Case

(Billion Kilowatt-hours)

(Billion i	Kilowa	att-nou	rs)												
		2003				2004				2005				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2003	2004	2005
Electricity Generation by S	ector														
Electric Power ^a															
Coal	485.6	446.7	523.7	468.9	484.2	448.0	518.7	487.1	491.4	459.4	532.1	498.1	1925.0	1938.0	1980.9
Petroleum	31.5	25.8	30.9	20.5	28.6	16.4	26.9	25.2	27.5	18.9	29.9	25.1	108.7	97.1	101.4
Natural Gas	116.9	124.6	203.4	133.7	121.1	149.9	202.9	124.7	117.5	154.4	212.6	132.4	578.6	598.6	616.9
Other ^b	263.1	276.9	278.2	257.5	282.9	287.5	287.9	274.2	292.3	294.4	292.3	279.2	1075.8	1132.6	1158.2
Subtotal	897.1	874.0	1036.3	880.7	916.8	901.8	1036.3	911.3	928.7	927.1	1066.8	934.8	3688.1	3766.3	3857.4
Commercial															
Coal	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3	1.0	1.1	1.2
Petroleum	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.5
Natural Gas	1.0	1.2	1.2	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.7	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.8	1.1	4.3	5.0	5.2
Other ^b	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.9	2.1	2.3
Subtotal	1.9	2.1	2.0	1.6	2.0	1.9	2.8	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.9	2.1	7.7	8.7	9.2
Industrial															
Coal	5.5	5.0	5.4	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.7	5.6	21.1	21.6	22.2
Petroleum	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	0.8	1.1	1.6	1.3	0.9	1.2	1.6	5.3	4.9	5.1
Natural Gas	19.9	17.3	19.3	17.8	19.9	19.1	20.2	18.5	20.4	20.0	21.1	19.4	74.3	77.8	80.8
Other ^b	11.3	11.7	12.0	12.6	11.3	12.3	13.0	12.9	11.4	12.5	13.1	13.1	47.6	49.4	50.0
Subtotal	38.3	35.2	37.8	36.9	37.9	37.4	39.8	38.5	38.5	38.7	41.2	39.7	148.3	153.6	158.1
Total	937.3	911.3	1076.2	919.2	956.7	941.2	1078.9	951.8	969.3	967.9	1110.9	976.6	3844.0	3928.6	4024.6

^aElectric utilities and independent power producers.

^b"Other" includes nuclear, hydroelectric, geothermal, wood, waste, wind and solar power sources.

Note: Commercial and industrial categories include electricity output from combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and some electric-only plants.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts

are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following report: Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following report: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (hydroelectric and nuclear).

Table 10c. U.S. Fuel Consumption for Electricity Generation by Sector: Base Case

Table Toc. O.S. Tuel Col	<u> </u>	puon	101 6	-1000	ioity	OCII	cratic	<i>7</i> 11 2 y	000	toi. L	3 430	Cusc			
		2003				2004				2005				Year	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	2003	2004	2005
Fuel Consumption for Electricity Generat	ion by S	ector				(Quadril	lion Btu)								
Electric Power ^a															
Coal	. 5.103	4.748	5.544	4.961	5.133	4.756	5.504	5.174	5.228	4.893	5.669	5.314	20.4	20.6	21.1
Petroleum	. 0.340	0.277	0.332	0.221	0.309	0.176	0.289	0.272	0.297	0.203	0.320	0.270	1.2	1.0	1.1
Natural Gas	. 1.008	1.098	1.795	1.131	1.001	1.302	1.777	1.033	0.962	1.327	1.835	1.084	5.0	5.1	5.2
Other b	2.888	3.012	2.809	2.746	3.009	3.054	3.065	2.921	3.107	3.126	3.111	2.974	11.5	12.0	12.3
Subtotal	. 9.340	9.135	10.479	9.060	9.452	9.288	10.634	9.400	9.594	9.548	10.936	9.642	38.0	38.8	39.7
Commercial															
Coal	. 0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.004	0.012	0.013	0.014
Petroleum	. 0.003	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.003	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.007	0.007	0.007
Natural Gas		0.010	0.010	0.007	0.009	0.010	0.014	0.009	0.010	0.010	0.015	0.009	0.036	0.042	0.044
Other b	. 0.007	0.008	0.011	0.007	0.007	0.008	0.010	0.009	0.008	0.009	0.010	0.010	0.033	0.035	0.037
Subtotal	. 0.021	0.022	0.026	0.018	0.022	0.021	0.030	0.023	0.024	0.023	0.032	0.024	0.088	0.097	0.102
Industrial															
Coal	. 0.070	0.065	0.068	0.067	0.068	0.067	0.071	0.070	0.070	0.069	0.074	0.072	0.270	0.276	0.284
Petroleum	. 0.018	0.017	0.015	0.017	0.017	0.010	0.014	0.021	0.017	0.012	0.016	0.021	0.068	0.063	0.066
Natural Gas	. 0.176	0.157	0.171	0.158	0.178	0.171	0.180	0.165	0.182	0.178	0.188	0.173	0.662	0.693	0.720
Other b	0.139	0.152	0.161	0.160	0.144	0.158	0.163	0.162	0.146	0.160	0.165	0.163	0.612	0.627	0.635
Subtotal		0.391	0.416	0.401	0.408	0.406	0.429	0.418	0.414	0.419	0.442	0.429	1.612	1.660	1.704
Total	. 9.765	9.548	10.921	9.480	9.881	9.715	11.093	9.842	10.032	9.990	11.410	10.096	39.714	40.531	41.528
						(Physica	I Units)								
Electric Power ^a															
Coal (million short tons)		230.8	269.6	241.2	249.6	231.3	267.6	251.6	254.2	237.9	275.7	258.4	989.8	1000.0	1026.2
Petroleum (million barrels per day)		0.494	0.582	0.391	0.552	0.313	0.505	0.479	0.535	0.361	0.560	0.476	0.520	0.462	0.483
Natural Gas (trillion cubic feet)	. 0.983	1.071	1.751	1.104	0.977	1.270	1.733	1.008	0.939	1.294	1.791	1.058	4.909	4.988	5.082
Commercial															
Coal (million short tons)		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.6
Petroleum (million barrels per day)		0.002	0.003	0.002	0.005	0.001	0.003	0.003	0.005	0.001	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.003	0.003
Natural Gas (trillion cubic feet)	. 0.008	0.010	0.010	0.007	0.009	0.010	0.014	0.009	0.009	0.010	0.014	0.009	0.035	0.041	0.043
Industrial															
Coal (million short tons)		2.8	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.1	3.1	11.6	11.8	12.1
Petroleum (million barrels per day)		0.032	0.028	0.030	0.032	0.019	0.026	0.038	0.031	0.022	0.029	0.038	0.031	0.029	0.030
Natural Gas (trillion cubic feet)	. 0.172	0.153	0.167	0.154	0.173	0.167	0.175	0.161	0.177	0.173	0.183	0.169	0.645	0.676	0.702

^aElectric utilities and independent power producers.

^b"Other" includes other gaseous fuels, nuclear, hydroelectric, geothermal, wood, waste, wind and solar power sources.

Note: Commercial and industrial categories include electricity output from combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and some electric-only plants.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; estimates and forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following report: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (hydroelectric and nuclear).

Table 11. U.S. Renewable Energy Use by Sector: Base Case

(Quadrillion Btu)

		Year			Annua	al Percentage C	hange
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2002-2003	2003-2004	2004-2005
Electricity Sector							
Hydroelectric Power ^a	2.623	2.754	3.018	3.177	5.0	9.6	5.3
Geothermal, Solar and Wind Energy b	0.392	0.391	0.436	0.456	-0.3	11.5	4.6
Biofuels ^c	0.466	0.495	0.511	0.528	6.2	3.2	3.3
Total	3.481	3.641	3.964	4.161	4.6	8.9	5.0
Other Sectors ^d							
Residential and Commercial ^e	0.513	0.526	0.554	0.578	2.5	5.3	4.3
Residential	0.418	0.436	0.455	0.474	4.3	4.4	4.2
Commercial	0.095	0.091	0.100	0.104	-4.2	9.9	4.0
Industrial f	1.734	1.721	1.727	1.745	-0.7	0.3	1.0
Transportation ^g	0.175	0.232	0.266	0.275	32.6	14.7	3.4
Total	2.422	2.480	2.547	2.598	2.4	2.7	2.0
Total Renewable Energy Demand	5.903	6.121	6.511	6.759	3.7	6.4	3.8

^aConventional hydroelectric power only. Hydroelectricity generated by pumped storage is not included in renewable energy.

^bAlso includes photovoltaic and solar thermal energy. Sharp declines since 1998 in the electric utility sector and corresponding increases in the nonutility sector for this category mostly reflect sale of geothermal facilities to the nonutility sector.

^cBiofuels are fuelwood, wood byproducts, waste wood, municipal solid waste, manufacturing process waste, and alcohol fuels.

^dRenewable energy includes minor components of non-marketed renewable energy, which is renewable energy that is neither bought nor sold, either directly or indirectly as inputs to marketed energy. EIA does not estimate or project total consumption of non-marketed renewable energy.

^eIncludes biofuels and solar energy consumed in the residential and commercial sectors.

^fConsists primarily of biofuels for use other than in electricity cogeneration.

^gEthanol blended into gasoline.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data and estimates are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Electric Power Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0226. and Renewable Energy Annual, DOE/EIA – 0603.Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

Table A1. Annual U.S. Energy Supply and Demand: Base Case

ij alia	Donne	411G. E	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	uoo			V							
4004	4000	4000	4004	4005	4000	4007		4000	2000	2004	2002	2002	2004	2005
1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
. 6676	6880	7063	7348	7544	7813	8159	8509	8859	9191	9215	9440	9727	10166	10539
. 18.74	18.20	16.13	15.53	17.14	20.62	18.49	12.07	17.26	27.72	22.00	23.71	27.86	27.02	25.50
. 7.42	7.17	6.85	6.66	6.56	6.46	6.45	6.25	5.88	5.82	5.80	5.75	5.74	5.63	5.65
6 63	6 94	7 62	8.05	7 89	8 50	9 16	9 76	9 91	10 42	10 90	10 54	11 30	11 64	11.95
. 0.00	0.54	7.02	0.00	7.00	0.00	3.10	5.10	3.31	10.42	10.50	10.04	11.00	77.04	11.00
. 16.77	17.10	17.24	17.72	17.72	18.31	18.62	18.92	19.52	19.70	19.65	19.76	20.04	20.43	20.87
19 56	20.23	20.79	21 24	22 20	22 60	22 72	22 24	22 30	23 47	22 23	22 52	21 03	22 10	22.60
. 10.00	20.20	20.75	21.24	22.20	22.00		22.27	22.00	20.41	22.20	22.02	27.00	22.10	22.00
. 899	908	944	951	962	1006	1030	1037	1039	1084	1060	1065	1081	1091	1117
									-					3646
														185
. 2880	2886	2989	3069	315/	3247	3294	3425	3495	3603	3543	3655	3665	3/45	3831
84 5	85 9	87.6	89.2	91 2	94.2	94 7	95 1	96.8	98.9	96.3	97 4	973	99.6	101.6
. 04.0	00.0	57.0	JJ.2	J1.2	J-1.2	J-1.1	55.1	55.0	55.5	55.5	37.4	57.5	33.0	101.0
. 12.66	12.48	12.40	12.15	12.09	12.06	11.61	11.20	10.92	10.76	10.45	10.31	10.01	9.80	9.64
	1991 . 6676 . 18.74 . 7.42 . 6.63 . 16.77 . 19.56 . 899 . 2762 . 118 . 2880 . 84.5	1991 1992 . 6676 6880 . 18.74 18.20 . 7.42 7.17 . 6.63 6.94 . 16.77 17.10 . 19.56 20.23 . 899 908 . 2762 2763 . 118 122 . 2880 2886 . 84.5 85.9	1991 1992 1993 . 6676 6880 7063 . 18.74 18.20 16.13 . 7.42 7.17 6.85 . 6.63 6.94 7.62 . 16.77 17.10 17.24 . 19.56 20.23 20.79 . 899 908 944 . 2762 2763 2861 . 118 122 128 . 2880 2886 2989 . 84.5 85.9 87.6	1991 1992 1993 1994 6676 6880 7063 7348 18.74 18.20 16.13 15.53 7.42 7.17 6.85 6.66 6.63 6.94 7.62 8.05 16.77 17.10 17.24 17.72 19.56 20.23 20.79 21.24 899 908 944 951 2762 2763 2861 2935 118 122 128 134 2880 2886 2989 3069 84.5 85.9 87.6 89.2	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 6676 6880 7063 7348 7544 18.74 18.20 16.13 15.53 17.14 7.42 7.17 6.85 6.66 6.56 6.63 6.94 7.62 8.05 7.89 16.77 17.10 17.24 17.72 17.72 19.56 20.23 20.79 21.24 22.20 899 908 944 951 962 2762 2763 2861 2935 3013 118 122 128 134 144 2880 2886 2989 3069 3157 84.5 85.9 87.6 89.2 91.2	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 6676 6880 7063 7348 7544 7813 18.74 18.20 16.13 15.53 17.14 20.62 7.42 7.17 6.85 6.66 6.56 6.46 6.63 6.94 7.62 8.05 7.89 8.50 16.77 17.10 17.24 17.72 17.72 18.31 19.56 20.23 20.79 21.24 22.20 22.60 899 908 944 951 962 1006 2762 2763 2861 2935 3013 3101 118 122 128 134 144 146 2880 2886 2989 3069 3157 3247 84.5 85.9 87.6 89.2 91.2 94.2	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 6676 6880 7063 7348 7544 7813 8159 18.74 18.20 16.13 15.53 17.14 20.62 18.49 7.42 7.17 6.85 6.66 6.56 6.46 6.45 6.63 6.94 7.62 8.05 7.89 8.50 9.16 19.56 20.23 20.79 21.24 22.20 22.60 22.72 899 908 944 951 962 1006 1030 2762 2763 2861 2935 3013 3101 3146 118 122 128 134 144 146 148 2880 2886 2989 3069 3157 3247 3294 84.5 85.9 87.6 89.2 91.2 94.2 94.7	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 6676 6880 7063 7348 7544 7813 8159 8509 18.74 18.20 16.13 15.53 17.14 20.62 18.49 12.07 7.42 7.17 6.85 6.66 6.56 6.46 6.45 6.25 6.63 6.94 7.62 8.05 7.89 8.50 9.16 9.76 16.77 17.10 17.24 17.72 17.72 18.31 18.62 18.92 19.56 20.23 20.79 21.24 22.20 22.60 22.72 22.24 899 908 944 951 962 1006 1030 1037 2762 2763 2861 2935 3013 3101 3146 3264 118 122 128 134 144 146 148 161 2880 2886 2989	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 . 6676 6880 7063 7348 7544 7813 8159 8509 8859 9191 . 18.74 18.20 16.13 15.53 17.14 20.62 18.49 12.07 17.26 27.72 . 7.42 7.17 6.85 6.66 6.56 6.46 6.45 6.25 5.88 5.82 . 6.63 6.94 7.62 8.05 7.89 8.50 9.16 9.76 9.91 10.42 . 19.56 20.23 20.79 21.24 22.20 22.60 22.72 22.24 22.39 23.47 . 899 908 944 951 962 1006 1030 1037 1039 1084 . 2762 2763 2861 2935 3013 3101 3146 3264 3312 3421 . 118 122 128 134	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 6676 6880 7063 7348 7544 7813 8159 8509 8859 9191 9215 18.74 18.20 16.13 15.53 17.14 20.62 18.49 12.07 17.26 27.72 22.00 7.42 7.17 6.85 6.66 6.56 6.46 6.45 6.25 5.88 5.82 5.80 6.63 6.94 7.62 8.05 7.89 8.50 9.16 9.76 9.91 10.42 10.90 16.77 17.10 17.24 17.72 17.72 18.31 18.62 18.92 19.52 19.70 19.65 19.56 20.23 20.79 21.24 22.20 22.60 22.72 22.24 22.39 23.47 22.23 899 908 944 951 962 1006 1030 1037 1039 1084 1060 2762 2763 2861 2935 3013 3101 3146 3264 3312 3421 3370 118 122 128 134 144 146 148 161 183 181 173 2880 2886 2989 3069 3157 3247 3294 3425 3495 3603 3543 84.5 85.9 87.6 89.2 91.2 94.2 94.7 95.1 96.8 98.9 96.3	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 6676 6880 7063 7348 7544 7813 8159 8509 8859 9191 9215 9440 . 18.74 18.20 16.13 15.53 17.14 20.62 18.49 12.07 17.26 27.72 22.00 23.71 . 7.42 7.17 6.85 6.66 6.56 6.46 6.45 6.25 5.88 5.82 5.80 5.75 . 6.63 6.94 7.62 8.05 7.89 8.50 9.16 9.76 9.91 10.42 10.90 10.54 . 16.77 17.10 17.24 17.72 17.72 18.31 18.62 18.92 19.52 19.70 19.65 19.76 . 19.56 20.23 20.79 21.24 22.20 22.60 22.72 22.24 22.39 23.47 22.23 22.52	Year 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 . 6676 6880 7063 7348 7544 7813 8159 8509 8859 9191 9215 9440 9727 . 18.74 18.20 16.13 15.53 17.14 20.62 18.49 12.07 17.26 27.72 22.00 23.71 27.86 . 7.42 7.17 6.85 6.66 6.56 6.46 6.45 6.25 5.88 5.82 5.80 5.75 5.74 . 6.63 6.94 7.62 8.05 7.89 8.50 9.16 9.76 9.91 10.42 10.90 10.54 11.30 . 19.56 20.23 20.79 21.24 22.20 22.60 22.72 22.24 22.39 23.47 22.23 22.52 21.93 . 899 908 944 951 962	1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2066 2067 2068

^aRefers to the imported cost of crude oil to U.S. refiners.

blncludes lease condensate.

^cTotal of retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers. Utility sales for historical periods are reported in Energy Information Administration (EIA) Electric Power Monthly and Electric Power Annual. Power marketers' sales for historical periods are reported in EIA's Electric Sales and Revenue, Appendix C.

^dDefined as the sum of facility use of onsite net electricity generation plus direct sales of power by industrial- or commercial-sector generators to third parties, reported annually in Table 7.5 of the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)*. Data for 2003 are estimates.

e "Total Energy Demand" refers to the aggregate energy concept presented in EIA's *Annual Energy Review*, DOE/EIA-0384 (*AER*), Table 1.1. The conversion from physical units to Btu is calculated using a subset of conversion factors used in the calculations performed for gross energy consumption in EIA, *Monthly Energy Review* (*MER*). Consequently, the historical data may not precisely match those published in the *MER* or the *AER*.

Notes: SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve. Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the

Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Sources: Historical data: Latest data available from Bureau of Economic Analysis; EIA; latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Supply Monthly, DOE/EIA-0109; Petroleum Supply Annual, DOE/EIA-0340/2; Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130; Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226; Quarterly Coal Report, DOE/EIA-0121; International Petroleum Monthly, DOE/EIA-520, and Weekly Petroleum Status Report DOE/EIA-0208. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Forecast CONTROL1203.

Table A2. Annual U.S. Macroeconomic and Weather Indicators: Base Case

								Year							
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Macroeconomic															
Real Gross Domestic Product															
(billion chained 1996 dollars)	6676	6880	7063	7348	7544	7813	8159	8509	8859	9191	9215	9440	9727	10166	10539
GDP Implicit Price Deflator															
(Index, 1996=1.000)	0.897	0.918	0.941	0.960	0.981	1.000	1.019	1.032	1.047	1.069	1.094	1.107	1.125	1.145	1.168
Real Disposable Personal Income															
(billion chained 1996 Dollars)	5033	5189	5261	5397	5539	5678	5854	6169	6328	6630	6748	7032	7207	7472	7701
Manufacturing Production															
(Index, 1997=100)	72.7	75.5	78.1	83.1	87.8	92.1	100.0	106.8	112.3	117.7	113.1	112.5	112.5	117.7	125.1
Real Fixed Investment															
(billion chained 1996 dollars)	833	886	958	1046	1109	1213	1329	1480	1595	1692	1627	1577	1650	1776	1857
Real Exchange Rate															
(Index, 1996=1.000)	0.920	0.926	0.956	0.933	0.869	0.918	0.992	1.044	1.047	1.083	1.141	1.143	1.007	0.929	0.892
Business Inventory Change															
(billion chained 1996 dollars)	-6.6	-4.7	3.6	11.9	13.8	9.9	14.8	27.1	14.4	17.5	-36.2	-11.5	-11.8	12.4	19.5
Producer Price Index															
(index, 1982=1.000)	1.165	1.172	1.189	1.205	1.248	1.277	1.276	1.244	1.255	1.328	1.342	1.311	1.380	1.399	1.426
Consumer Price Index															
(index, 1982-1984=1.000)	1.362	1.403	1.445	1.482	1.524	1.569	1.605	1.630	1.666	1.722	1.771	1.799	1.841	1.872	1.908
Petroleum Product Price Index															
(index, 1982=1.000)	0.671	0.647	0.620	0.591	0.608	0.701	0.680	0.513	0.609	0.913	0.853	0.795	0.967	0.938	0.902
Non-Farm Employment															
(millions)	108.4	108.7	110.8	114.3	117.3	119.7	122.8	125.9	129.0	131.8	131.8	130.4	130.1	132.1	135.1
Commercial Employment															
(millions)	70.5	70.9	72.9	75.7	78.4	80.7	83.4	86.1	89.1	91.4	92.0	91.4	91.7	93.7	96.5
Total Industrial Production															
(index, 1997=100.0)	76.3	78.3	80.8	85.2	89.3	93.1	100.0	105.9	110.6	115.4	111.5	110.9	111.1	115.7	122.0
Housing Stock															
(millions)	101.8	102.6	103.8	105.1	106.7	108.0	109.4	111.1	112.7	113.3	114.7	115.7	116.9	118.0	119.3
Weather ^a															
Heating Degree-Days															
U.S	4200	4431	4672	4472	4516	4690	4523	3946	4153	4447	4191	4284	4457	4572	4496
New England		6018	5904	6748	6631	5850	6725	5742	6014	6585	6110	6099	6920	6676	6584
Middle Atlantic		6108	6040	6083	5966	6118	5940	4923	5493	5944	5424	5372	6119	5927	5848
U.S. Gas-Weighted		4458	4754	4659	4707	4980	4802	4183	4399	4680	4451	4560	4751	4871	4840
Cooling Degree-Days (U.S.)		1051	1222	1228	1293	1186	1167	1414	1301	1240	1256	1393	1277	1240	1243

^aPopulation-weighted degree-days. A degree-day indicates the temperature variation from 65 degrees Fahrenheit (calculated as the simple average of the daily minimum and maximum temperatures) weighted by 2000 population.

Sources: Historical data: latest data available from: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA); Federal Reserve System, Statistical Release G.17; U.S. Department of Transportation; American Iron and Steel Institute. Macroeconomic projections are based on Global Insight Forecast CONTROL1203. Degree-day projections are from NOAA's Climate Prediction Center.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Table A3. U.S. Energy Supply and Demand: Base Case (Quadrillion Btu except where noted)

,			,					Year							
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Production					•			•	•						
Coal	21.59	21.63	20.25	22.11	22.03	22.68	23.21	23.94	23.19	22.62	23.05	22.56	22.29	22.81	23.15
Natural Gas	18.23	18.38	18.58	19.35	19.08	19.27	19.32	19.61	19.34	19.66	20.23	19.58	19.98	20.13	20.39
Crude Oil	15.70	15.22	14.49	14.10	13.89	13.72	13.66	13.24	12.45	12.36	12.28	12.16	12.15	11.95	11.95
Natural Gas Liquids	2.31	2.36	2.41	2.39	2.44	2.53	2.50	2.42	2.53	2.61	2.55	2.56	2.35	2.51	2.59
Nuclear	6.42	6.48	6.41	6.69	7.08	7.09	6.60	7.07	7.61	7.86	8.03	8.15	7.91	8.19	8.27
Hydroelectric	2.99	2.60	2.87	2.67	3.20	3.58	3.62	3.27	3.23	2.78	2.12	2.59	2.74	3.00	3.16
Other Renewables	3.14	3.29	3.27	3.38	3.46	3.55	3.43	3.26	3.33	3.35	3.12	3.22	3.29	3.41	3.49
Total	70.38	69.96	68.29	70.70	71.17	72.42	72.34	72.80	71.67	71.24	71.38	70.83	70.71	71.99	72.99
Net Imports															
Coal	-2.77	-2.59	-1.78	-1.69	-2.14	-2.19	-2.01	-1.87	-1.30	-1.21	-0.77	-0.61	-0.51	-0.54	-0.53
Natural Gas	1.67	1.94	2.25	2.52	2.74	2.85	2.90	3.06	3.50	3.62	3.69	3.58	3.34	3.39	3.58
Crude Oil	13.14	12.36	13.16	14.32	15.69	15.02	16.59	17.79	18.84	18.87	19.77	19.38	20.55	20.92	21.50
Petroleum Products	2.15	1.86	1.80	2.08	1.56	1.87	1.64	1.85	2.10	2.31	2.61	2.40	2.73	3.07	3.09
Electricity	0.07	0.09	0.09	0.15	0.13	0.14	0.12	0.09	0.10	0.12	0.08	0.08	0.04	0.04	0.02
Coal Coke	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.02	0.05	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.03	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.06
Total	14.27	13.70	15.56	17.44	18.06	17.71	19.29	20.99	23.29	23.77	25.40	24.88	26.22	26.94	27.73
Adjustments ^a	-0.13	2.21	3.74	1.12	1.99	4.10	3.10	1.36	1.81	3.94	-0.46	1.64	0.43	0.70	0.90
Demand															
Coal	18.99	19.12	19.84	19.91	20.09	21.00	21.45	21.66	21.62	22.58	21.66	21.96	22.30	22.50	23.03
Natural Gas	19.72	20.15	20.83	21.35	21.84	22.78	23.20	23.33	22.93	23.01	24.04	24.35	23.72	24.00	24.44
Petroleum	32.85	33.53	33.84	34.67	34.55	35.76	36.27	36.93	37.96	38.40	38.33	38.30	38.92	39.78	40.51
Nuclear	6.42	6.48	6.41	6.69	7.08	7.09	6.60	7.07	7.61	7.86	8.03	8.15	7.91	8.19	8.27
Other	6.54	6.59	6.66	6.62	7.66	7.59	7.22	6.16	6.65	7.09	4.26	4.59	4.51	5.16	5.37
Total	84.52	85.87	87.58	89.25	91.22	94.22	94.73	95.15	96.77	98.94	96.32	97.35	97.35	99.63	101.62

^aBalancing item. Includes stock changes, losses, gains, miscellaneous blending components, and unaccounted-for supply.

Sources: Historical data: Annual Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0384; projections generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Table A4. Annual Average U.S. Energy Prices: Base Case

(Nominal Dollars)

								Year							
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Crude Oil Prices (dollars per barrel)															
Imported Average a	18.74	18.20	16.13	15.53	17.14	20.62	18.49	12.07	17.26	27.72	22.00	23.71	27.86	27.02	25.50
WTI ^b Spot Average	21.60	20.54	18.49	17.16	18.41	22.11	20.61	14.45	19.25	30.29	25.95	26.12	31.12	29.63	28.00
Natural Gas (dollars per thousand cubic	feet)														
Average Wellhead	1.64	1.74	2.04	1.85	1.55	2.17	2.32	1.96	2.19	3.70	4.02	2.96	4.98	4.85	4.70
Composite Spot	1.41	1.67	2.03	1.77	1.53	2.48	2.45	2.03	2.20	4.21	4.01	3.23	5.51	5.14	4.98
Petroleum Products															
Gasoline Retail ^c (dollars per gallon)															
All Grades	1.15	1.14	1.13	1.13	1.16	1.25	1.24	1.07	1.18	1.53	1.47	1.39	1.60	1.55	1.52
Regular Unleaded	1.10	1.09	1.07	1.08	1.11	1.20	1.20	1.03	1.14	1.49	1.43	1.34	1.56	1.51	1.48
No. 2 Diesel Oil, Retail	-						_			_		-		-	_
(dollars per gallon)	1.13	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.24	1.19	1.04	1.12	1.49	1.40	1.32	1.51	1.51	1.46
No. 2 Heating Oil, Wholesale	-						-	-		_	-	-	-	-	
(dollars per gallon)	0.62	0.58	0.54	0.51	0.51	0.64	0.59	0.42	0.49	0.89	0.76	0.69	0.88	0.87	0.82
No. 2 Heating Oil, Retail															
(dollars per gallon)	0.98	0.93	0.90	0.87	0.86	0.98	0.97	0.84	0.87	1.29	1.23	1.11	1.33	1.36	1.33
No. 6 Residual Fuel Oil, Retail d															
(dollars per barrel)	14.32	14.21	14.00	14.79	16.49	19.01	17.82	12.83	16.02	25.34	22.24	23.81	29.58	27.89	25.63
Electric Power Sector (dollars per millio	n Btu)														
Coal	1.45	1.41	1.38	1.36	1.32	1.29	1.27	1.25	1.22	1.20	1.23	1.25	1.27	1.25	1.24
Heavy Fuel Oil ^e	2.48	2.46	2.36	2.40	2.60	3.01	2.79	2.07	2.38	4.27	3.73	3.68	4.57	4.48	4.13
Natural Gas	2.15	2.33	2.56	2.23	1.98	2.64	2.76	2.38	2.57	4.34	4.44	3.54	5.33	5.22	5.13
Other Residential															
Natural Gas															
(dollars per thousand cubic feet)	5.82	5.89	6.17	6.41	6.06	6.35	6.95	6.83	6.69	7.77	9.63	7.86	9.42	10.01	10.00
Electricity															
(cents per kilowatthour)	8.05	8.23	8.34	8.40	8.40	8.36	8.43	8.26	8.16	8.24	8.62	8.45	8.69	8.82	8.84

^aRefiner acquisition cost (RAC) of imported crude oil.

Notes: Prices exclude taxes, except prices for gasoline, residential natural gas, and diesel. Minor discrepancies with other published EIA historical data are due to independent rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Petroleum Marketing Monthly, DOE/EIA-0380; Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130; Monthly Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0035; Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226.

^bWest Texas Intermediate.

^cAverage self-service cash prices.

^dAverage for all sulfur contents.

^eIncludes fuel oils No. 4, No. 5, and No. 6 and topped crude fuel oil prices.

Table A5. Annual U.S. Petroleum Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Million Barrels per Day, Except Closing Stocks)

(ivillieri Barroto per Bay,		<u> </u>						Year							
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Supply			•							•					
Crude Oil Supply															
Domestic Production a	7.42	7.17	6.85	6.66	6.56	6.46	6.45	6.25	5.88	5.82	5.80	5.75	5.74	5.63	5.65
Alaska	1.80	1.71	1.58	1.56	1.48	1.39	1.30	1.17	1.05	0.97	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.94	0.87
Lower 48	5.62	5.46	5.26	5.10	5.08	5.07	5.16	5.08	4.83	4.85	4.84	4.76	4.76	4.69	4.77
Net Commercial Imports b	5.67	5.98	6.67	6.95	7.14	7.40	8.12	8.60	8.60	9.01	9.30	9.12	9.68	9.82	10.12
Net SPR Withdrawals	0.04	-0.01	-0.02	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.01	-0.02	0.02	0.08	-0.02	-0.12	-0.15	-0.12	-0.12
Net Commercial Withdrawals	0.00	0.02	-0.05	-0.01	0.09	0.05	-0.06	-0.05	0.11	0.00	-0.07	0.09	0.02	-0.02	-0.02
Product Supplied and Losses	-0.02	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Unaccounted-for Crude Oil	0.20	0.26	0.17	0.27	0.19	0.22	0.14	0.11	0.19	0.15	0.12	0.11	-0.01	0.16	0.16
Total Crude Oil Supply	13.30	13.41	13.61	13.87	13.97	14.19	14.66	14.89	14.80	15.07	15.13	14.95	15.28	15.47	15.79
Other Supply															
NGL Production	1.66	1.70	1.74	1.73	1.76	1.83	1.82	1.76	1.85	1.91	1.87	1.88	1.72	1.84	1.90
Other Hydrocarbon and Alcohol Inputs	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.26	0.30	0.31	0.34	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.42	0.42	0.41	0.42
Crude Oil Product Supplied	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Processing Gain	0.71	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.84	0.85	0.89	0.89	0.95	0.90	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.95
Net Product Imports ^c	0.96	0.94	0.93	1.09	0.75	1.10	1.04	1.17	1.30	1.40	1.59	1.42	1.62	1.82	1.82
Product Stock Withdrawn	-0.04	0.06	-0.05	0.00	0.15	0.03	-0.09	-0.17	0.30	0.00	-0.23	0.15	0.04	-0.04	-0.01
Total Supply	16.76	17.10	17.26	17.72	17.72	18.31	18.62	18.92	19.52	19.70	19.65	19.76	20.04	20.43	20.88
Demand															
Motor Gasoline d	7.23	7.38	7.48	7.60	7.79	7.89	8.02	8.25	8.43	8.47	8.61	8.85	8.94	9.14	9.38
Jet Fuel	1.47	1.45	1.47	1.53	1.51	1.58	1.60	1.62	1.67	1.73	1.66	1.61	1.58	1.64	1.68
Distillate Fuel Oil	2.92	2.98	3.04	3.16	3.21	3.37	3.44	3.46	3.57	3.72	3.85	3.78	3.95	4.07	4.14
Residual Fuel Oil	1.16	1.09	1.08	1.02	0.85	0.85	0.80	0.89	0.83	0.91	0.81	0.70	0.76	0.71	0.72
Other Oils ^e	3.99	4.20	4.17	4.41	4.36	4.63	4.77	4.69	5.01	4.87	4.73	4.82	4.81	4.87	4.95
Total Demand	16.77	17.10	17.24	17.72	17.72	18.31	18.62	18.92	19.52	19.70	19.65	19.76	20.04	20.43	20.87
Total Petroleum Net Imports	6.63	6.94	7.62	8.05	7.89	8.50	9.16	9.76	9.91	10.42	10.90	10.54	11.30	11.64	11.95
Closing Stocks (million barrels)															
Crude Oil (excluding SPR)	325	318	335	337	303	284	305	324	284	286	312	278	271	278	284
Total Motor Gasoline		216	226	215	202	195	210	216	193	196	210	209	204	205	205
Jet Fuel	49	43	40	47	40	40	44	45	41	45	42	39	37	41	42
Distillate Fuel Oil	144	141	141	145	130	127	138	156	125	118	145	134	128	133	135
Residual Fuel Oil	50	43	44	42	37	46	40	45	36	36	41	31	36	38	37
Other Oils f	267	263	273	275	258	250	259	291	246	247	287	258	252	257	258
alpoludos logos condensato															

^aIncludes lease condensate.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding, with the following exception: recent petroleum demand and supply data displayed here reflect the incorporation of resubmissions of the data as reported in EIA's *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, TableC1. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, DOE/EIA-0109, and *Weekly Petroleum Status Report*, DOE/EIA-0208.

^bNet imports equals gross imports plus SPR imports minus exports.

cludes finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural gas plant liquids for processing.

^dFor years prior to 1993, motor gasoline includes an estimate of fuel ethanol blended into gasoline and certain product reclassifications, not reported elsewhere in EIA. See Appendix B in EIA, Short-Term Energy Outlook, EIA/DOE-0202(93/3Q), for details on this adjustment.

encludes crude oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gas, other liquids, and all finished petroleum products except motor gasoline, jet fuel, distillate, and residual fuel oil.

Includes stocks of all other oils, such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids (including ethane), aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, wax, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils.

SPR: Strategic Petroleum Reserve. NGL: Natural Gas Liquids

Table A6. Annual U.S. Natural Gas Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Trillion Cubic Feet)

								Year							
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Supply			•			•			•	•	•	•			
Total Dry Gas Production	17.70	17.84	18.10	18.82	18.60	18.78	18.83	19.02	18.83	19.18	19.68	19.05	19.44	19.58	19.83
Gross Imports	1.77	2.14	2.35	2.62	2.84	2.94	2.99	3.15	3.59	3.78	3.98	4.01	3.93	4.08	4.23
Gross Exports	0.13	0.22	0.14	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.24	0.37	0.52	0.67	0.77	0.73
Net Imports	1.64	1.92	2.21	2.46	2.69	2.78	2.84	2.99	3.42	3.54	3.60	3.49	3.26	3.31	3.49
Supplemental Gaseous Fuels	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
Total New Supply	19.45	19.88	20.42	21.39	21.40	21.68	21.74	22.10	22.34	22.81	23.37	22.62	22.77	22.97	23.40
Working Gas in Storage															
Opening	2.85	2.82	2.60	2.32	2.61	2.15	2.17	2.17	2.73	2.52	1.72	2.90	2.38	2.51	2.50
Closing	2.82	2.60	2.32	2.61	2.15	2.17	2.17	2.73	2.52	1.72	2.90	2.38	2.51	2.50	2.49
Net Withdrawals	0.03	0.23	0.28	-0.28	0.45	-0.02	0.00	-0.56	0.21	0.80	-1.18	0.53	-0.13	0.00	0.02
Total Supply	19.48	20.11	20.70	21.11	21.85	21.66	21.74	21.54	22.54	23.61	22.18	23.15	22.64	22.97	23.42
Balancing Item ^a	0.08	0.12	0.09	0.13	0.35	0.94	0.98	0.70	-0.15	-0.15	0.05	-0.63	-0.71	-0.78	-0.82
Total Primary Supply	19.56	20.23	20.79	21.24	22.20	22.60	22.72	22.24	22.39	23.47	22.23	22.52	21.93	22.19	22.60
Demand															
Residential	4.56	4.69	4.96	4.85	4.85	5.24	4.98	4.52	4.73	4.99	4.78	4.91	5.05	5.03	5.04
Commercial	2.73	2.80	2.86	2.90	3.03	3.16	3.21	3.00	3.04	3.22	3.04	3.17	3.14	3.28	3.34
Industrial	8.36	8.70	8.87	8.91	9.38	9.68	9.71	9.49	9.16	9.40	8.45	8.26	7.96	8.03	8.28
Lease and Plant Fuel	1.13	1.17	1.17	1.12	1.22	1.25	1.20	1.17	1.08	1.15	1.09	1.05	1.08	1.08	1.09
Other Industrial	7.23	7.53	7.70	7.79	8.16	8.44	8.51	8.32	8.08	8.25	7.36	7.20	6.88	6.95	7.19
CHP ^b	1.06	1.11	1.12	1.18	1.26	1.29	1.28	1.35	1.40	1.39	1.31	1.28	1.13	1.19	1.24
Non-CHP	6.17	6.42	6.58	6.61	6.90	7.15	7.23	6.97	6.68	6.87	6.05	5.92	5.75	5.76	5.95
Transportation ^c	0.60	0.59	0.62	0.69	0.70	0.71	0.75	0.64	0.65	0.64	0.62	0.64	0.63	0.64	0.64
Electric Power ^d	3.32	3.45	3.47	3.90	4.24	3.81	4.06	4.59	4.82	5.21	5.34	5.55	5.15	5.22	5.31
Total Demand	19.56	20.23	20.79	21.24	22.20	22.60	22.72	22.24	22.39	23.47	22.23	22.52	21.93	22.19	22.60

^aThe balancing item represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas demand.

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Natural Gas Monthly, DOE/EIA-0130; Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226; Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Oil and Gas, Reserves and Production Division.

^bNatural gas used for electricity generation and production of useful thermal output by combined heat and power plants at industrial facilities. Includes a small amount of natural gas consumption at electricity-only plants in the industrial sector.

^cPipeline fuel use plus natural gas used as vehicle fuel.

dNatural gas used for electricity generation and (a limited amount of) useful thermal output by electric utilities and independent power producers.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Table A7. Annual U.S. Coal Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Million Short Tons)

,							Year								
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Supply				•											
Production	996.0	997.5	945.4	1033.5	1033.0	1063.9	1089.9	1117.5	1100.4	1073.6	1127.7	1094.3	1080.8	1106.0	1122.5
Appalachia	457.8	456.6	409.7	445.4	434.9	451.9	467.8	460.4	425.6	419.4	432.8	397.0	380.0	377.3	373.5
Interior	195.4	195.7	167.2	179.9	168.5	172.8	170.9	168.4	162.5	143.5	147.0	146.9	145.8	139.9	135.4
Western	342.8	345.3	368.5	408.3	429.6	439.1	451.3	488.8	512.3	510.7	547.9	550.4	555.0	588.8	613.6
Primary Stock Levels ^a															
Opening	29.0	33.0	34.0	25.3	33.2	34.4	28.6	34.0	36.5	39.5	31.9	35.9	43.3	36.8	34.7
Closing	33.0	34.0	25.3	33.2	34.4	28.6	34.0	36.5	39.5	31.9	35.9	43.3	36.8	34.7	35.1
Net Withdrawals	-4.0	-1.0	8.7	-7.9	-1.2	5.8	-5.3	-2.6	-2.9	7.6	-4.0	-7.4	6.5	2.1	-0.3
Imports	3.4	3.8	7.3	7.6	7.2	7.1	7.5	8.7	9.1	12.5	19.8	16.9	24.2	24.6	25.4
Exports	109.0	102.5	74.5	71.4	88.5	90.5	83.5	78.0	58.5	58.5	48.7	39.6	42.7	44.1	44.7
Total Net Domestic Supply	886.4	897.8	886.9	961.8	950.4	986.3	1008.5	1045.7	1048.1	1035.2	1094.8	1064.2	1068.8	1088.5	1102.9
Secondary Stock Levels ^b															
Opening	147.1	170.2	166.8	123.1	139.6	138.0	126.0	108.8	131.6	149.1	108.5	146.0	149.2	153.4	162.3
Closing	170.2	166.8	123.1	139.6	138.0	126.0	108.8	131.6	149.1	108.5	146.0	149.2	153.4	162.3	159.3
Net Withdrawals	-23.1	3.3	43.8	-16.5	1.5	12.0	17.2	-22.8	-17.5	40.7	-37.6	-3.2	-4.2	-8.9	3.0
Waste Coal Supplied to IPPs ^c	0.0	6.0	6.4	7.9	8.5	8.8	8.1	9.0	9.6	10.1	10.6	11.1	11.6	11.6	11.6
Total Supply	863.3	907.2	937.1	953.2	960.4	1007.1	1033.9	1031.8	1040.2	1086.0	1067.9	1072.1	1076.2	1091.3	1117.4
Demand															
Coke Plants	33.9	32.4	31.3	31.7	33.0	31.7	30.2	28.2	28.1	28.9	26.1	23.7	24.2	23.6	23.5
Electric Power Sector d	783.9	795.1	831.6	838.4	850.2	896.9	921.4	936.6	940.9	985.8	964.4	975.9	991.9	1002.2	1028.4
Retail and General Industry	81.5	80.2	81.1	81.2	78.9	77.7	78.0	72.3	69.6	69.3	69.6	65.2	65.3	65.5	65.5
Residential and Commercial	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.0	5.8	6.0	6.5	4.9	4.9	4.1	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.4
Industrial	75.4	74.0	74.9	75.2	73.1	71.7	71.5	67.4	64.7	65.2	65.3	60.7	60.9	61.0	61.1
CHP ^e	27.0	28.2	28.9	29.7	29.4	29.4	29.9	28.6	27.8	28.0	25.8	26.1	26.3	26.9	27.7
Non-CHP	48.4	45.8	46.0	45.5	43.7	42.3	41.7	38.9	37.0	37.2	39.5	34.7	34.5	34.1	33.5
Total Demand ^f	899.2	907.7	944.1	951.3	962.1	1006.3	1029.5	1037.1	1038.6	1084.1	1060.1	1064.7	1081.4	1091.3	1117.4
Discrepancy ^g	-35.9	-0.5	-7.0	1.9	-1.7	0.8	4.3	-5.3	1.6	1.9	7.7	7.4	-5.2	0.0	0.0

^aPrimary stocks are held at the mines, preparation plants, and distribution points.

^bSecondary stocks are held by users. It includes an estimate of stocks held at utility plants sold to nonutility generators.

^cEstimated independent power producers (IPPs) consumption of waste coal. This item includes waste coal and coal slurry reprocessed into briquettes.

^dEstimates of coal consumption by IPPs, supplied by the Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric, and Alternate Fuels, EIA.

^eCoal used for electricity generation and production of useful thermal output by combined heat and power plants at industrial facilities. Includes a small amount of coal consumption at electricity–only plants in the industrial sector.

^fTotal Demand includes estimated IPP consumption.

⁹The discrepancy reflects an unaccounted-for shipper and receiver reporting difference, assumed to be zero in the forecast period. Prior to 1994, discrepancy may include some waste coal supplied to IPPs that has not been specifically identified.

Notes: Rows and columns may not add due to independent rounding. Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System or by EIA's office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (coal production).

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following reports: Quarterly Coal Report, DOE/EIA-0121, and Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

Table A8. Annual U.S. Electricity Supply and Demand: Base Case

(Billion Kilowatt-hours)

								Year							
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Net Electricity Generation		•													
Electric Power Sector ^a															
Coal	1568.8	1597.7	1665.5	1666.3	1686.1	1772.0	1820.8	1850.2	1858.6	1943.1	1882.8	1904.7	1925.0	1938.0	1980.9
Petroleum	112.8	92.2	105.4	98.7	68.1	74.8	86.5	122.2	111.5	105.2	119.1	84.6	108.7	97.1	101.4
Natural Gas	317.8	334.3	342.2	385.7	419.2	378.8	399.6	449.3	473.0	518.0	554.9	600.5	578.6	598.6	616.9
Nuclear	612.6	618.8	610.3	640.4	673.4	674.7	628.6	673.7	728.3	753.9	768.8	780.1	757.4	784.3	791.6
Hydroelectric	281.5	245.8	273.5	250.6	302.7	338.1	346.6	313.4	308.6	265.8	204.9	250.8	263.5	288.6	303.9
Other ^b	40.8	44.3	45.9	45.8	43.7	44.7	46.0	47.3	48.7	50.2	49.4	54.7	54.9	59.7	62.7
Subtotal	2934.2	2933.1	3042.8	3087.5	3193.2	3283.0	3328.1	3456.1	3528.7	3636.2	3580.1	3675.4	3688.1	3766.3	3857.4
Other Sectors ^c	138.2	149.5	153.3	158.8	159.3	160.0	162.8	162.9	164.8	164.6	156.6	163.1	155.9	162.3	167.2
Total	3072.5	3082.6	3196.1	3246.3	3352.5	3443.0	3490.9	3619.0	3693.5	3800.8	3736.6	3838.6	3844.0	3928.6	4024.6
Net Imports	19.6	25.4	27.8	44.8	39.2	40.2	34.1	25.8	29.0	34.0	22.0	22.9	13.1	11.7	6.8
Total Supply	3092.1	3108.0	3223.9	3291.1	3391.7	3483.2	3525.0	3644.8	3722.5	3834.8	3758.7	3861.4	3857.2	3940.3	4031.5
Losses and Unaccounted for d	212.0	222.4	234.9	222.4	234.4	236.2	230.9	219.7	227.9	231.9	216.1	206.1	191.8	195.8	200.8
Demand															
Retail Sales ^f															
Residential	955.4	935.9	994.8	1008.5	1042.5	1082.5	1075.9	1130.1	1144.9	1192.4	1202.6	1268.2	1276.8	1306.5	1334.9
Commercial	765.7	761.3	794.6	820.3	862.7	887.4	928.6	979.4	1002.0	1055.2	1089.2	1108.1	1113.0	1124.5	1157.1
Industrial	946.6	972.7	977.2	1008.0	1012.7	1033.6	1038.2	1051.2	1058.2	1064.2	964.2	993.8	995.8	1026.9	1043.8
Other	94.3	93.4	94.9	97.8	95.4	97.5	102.9	103.5	107.0	109.5	113.8	105.2	107.6	107.4	110.2
Subtotal	2762.0	2763.4	2861.5	2934.6	3013.3	3101.1	3145.6	3264.2	3312.1	3421.4	3369.8	3475.2	3493.2	3565.3	3646.0
Other Use/Sales f	118.1	122.3	127.5	134.1	144.1	145.9	148.4	160.9	182.5	181.5	172.8	180.1	172.2	179.2	184.6
Total Demand	2880.1	2885.6	2989.0	3068.7	3157.3	3247.0	3294.0	3425.1	3494.6	3602.9	3542.6	3655.3	3665.3	3744.5	3830.6

^aElectric Utilities and independent power producers.

Notes: Minor discrepancies with other EIA published historical data are due to rounding. Historical data are printed in bold; forecasts are in italics. The forecasts were generated by simulation of the Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System and by EIA's office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (hydroelectric and nuclear).

Sources: Historical data: EIA: latest data available from EIA databases supporting the following report: Electric Power Monthly, DOE/EIA-0226. Projections: EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System database, and Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

^b"Other" includes generation from other gaseous fuels, geothermal, wind, wood, waste, and solar sources.

^cElectricity generation from combined heat and power facilities and electricity-only plants in the industrial and commercial sectors.

^dBalancing item, mainly transmission and distribution losses.

^eTotal of retail electricity sales by electric utilities and power marketers. Utility sales for historical periods are reported in EIA'S *Electric Power Monthly* and *Electric Power Annual*. Power marketers' sales are reported annually in Appendix C of EIA's *Electric Sales and Revenue*. Quarterly data for power marketers (and thus retail sales totals) are imputed. Data for 2003 are estimated.

Defined as the sum of facility use of onsite net electricity generation plus direct sales of power by industrial- or commercial-sector generators to third parties, reported annually in Table 7.5 of the Monthly Energy Review (MER). Data for 2002 are estimates.