

Table PT1. Energy Production Estimates in Physical Units, Minnesota, 1960 - 2014

Year	Fossil Fuels			Renewable Energy
	Coal ^a	Natural Gas ^b	Crude Oil ^c	Fuel Ethanol ^d
	Thousand Short Tons	Million Cubic Feet	Thousand Barrels	Thousand Barrels
1960	0	0	0	NA
1961	0	0	0	NA
1962	0	0	0	NA
1963	0	0	0	NA
1964	0	0	0	NA
1965	0	0	0	NA
1966	0	0	0	NA
1967	0	0	0	NA
1968	0	0	0	NA
1969	0	0	0	NA
1970	0	0	0	NA
1971	0	0	0	NA
1972	0	0	0	NA
1973	0	0	0	NA
1974	0	0	0	NA
1975	0	0	0	NA
1976	0	0	0	NA
1977	0	0	0	NA
1978	0	0	0	NA
1979	0	0	0	NA
1980	0	0	0	NA
1981	0	0	0	0
1982	0	0	0	0
1983	0	0	0	0
1984	0	0	0	0
1985	0	0	0	0
1986	0	0	0	62
1987	0	0	0	62
1988	0	0	0	62
1989	0	0	0	262
1990	0	0	0	262
1991	0	0	0	405
1992	0	0	0	833
1993	0	0	0	905
1994	0	0	0	976
1995	0	0	0	1,214
1996	0	0	0	1,643
1997	0	0	0	2,667
1998	0	0	0	2,952
1999	0	0	0	4,524
2000	0	0	0	5,238
2001	0	0	0	6,000
2002	0	0	0	7,143
2003	0	0	0	8,548
2004	0	0	0	9,524
2005	0	0	0	10,000
2006	0	0	0	13,095
2007	0	0	0	14,119
2008	0	0	0	17,133
2009	0	0	0	22,651
2010	0	0	0	27,644
2011	0	0	0	27,536
2012	0	0	0	25,214
2013	0	0	0	24,756
2014	0	0	0	28,062

^a Beginning in 2001, includes refuse recovery.

^b Marketed production.

^c Includes lease condensate.

^d Includes denaturant. Estimated using production

and production capacity data.

NA = Not available.

Where shown, R = Revised.

Where shown, (s) = Less than 0.5 of published unit.

Sources: Data sources, estimation procedures, and assumptions are described in the documentation at <http://www.eia.gov/state/seds/seds-technical-notes-complete.cfm>