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1. A
        2. A
        3. B
        4. C
        5. B
        6. A
        Question 1: Binary Classification with scikit-learn
In [ ]: import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
       from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
       from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
       from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, classification_report
In [ ]: data = pd.read_csv('data.csv')
       # Separate features (age and income) and target labels
       X = data[['age', 'income']]
       y = data['purchase']
In [ ]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
In [ ]: # Create and train the model
        model = LogisticRegression()
       model.fit(X_train, y_train)
In [ ]: y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
In [ ]: # Calculate accuracy
        accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
       print(f'Accuracy: {accuracy:.2f}')
       # Confusion Matrix
       conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
       print('Confusion Matrix:')
       print(conf_matrix)
        # Classification Report
       class_report = classification_report(y_test, y_pred)
       print('Classification Report:')
       print(class_report)
        Question 2: Multiclass Classification with Dummy Data
In [ ]: # Sample dataset
       data = {
            'weight': [140, 130, 150, 160, 155, 175, 120, 110, 145, 165],
            'color (1=Red , 2=Yellow , 3=Orange)'= [1,2,2,1,3,2,3,2,1,3],
           'fruit': ['Apple', 'Banana', 'Apple', 'Orange', 'Banana', 'Orange', 'Apple', 'Banana', 'Apple', 'Orange']
        df = pd.DataFrame(data)
In [ ]: X = df[['weight', 'color_encoded']]
       y = df['fruit']
       X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
In [ ]: clf = DecisionTreeClassifier()
       clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
In [ ]: y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
In [ ]: accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
       print(f'Accuracy: {accuracy:.2f}')
        classification_rep = classification_report(y_test, y_pred)
       print(f'Classification Report:{classification_rep}')
       # Generate a confusion matrix
       confusion_mtx = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
       print(f'Confusion Matrix:{confusion_mtx}')
        Question 3: Clustering with scikit-learn
In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
In [ ]: np.random.seed(0)
       n_{samples} = 200
       X = np.random.rand(n_samples, 2)
In [ ]: n_clusters = 3
In [ ]: kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=n_clusters)
        kmeans.fit(X)
In [ ]: cluster_labels = kmeans.labels_
       centroids = kmeans.cluster_centers_
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
        colors = ['r', 'g', 'b']
        for i in range(n_clusters):
            plt.scatter(X[cluster_labels == i, 0], X[cluster_labels == i, 1], s=50, c=colors[i], label=f'Cluster {i+1}')
       plt.scatter(centroids[:, 0], centroids[:, 1], s=100, c='k', marker='X', label='Centroids')
       plt.xlabel('Age')
       plt.ylabel('Spending Score')
       plt.legend()
       plt.title('K-Means Clustering')
       plt.show()
        Question 4: Regression with scikit-learn
In [ ]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
        from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
In [ ]: data = pd.read_csv("data")
       X = data[['bedrooms', 'square_footage']]
       y = data['price']
In [ ]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
In [ ]: model = LinearRegression()
        model.fit(X_train, y_train)
In [ ]: y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
In [ ]: mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
        r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
       print(f'Mean Squared Error: {mse}')
       print(f'R-squared: {r2}')
       Pandas and numpy mcqs
        1. A
        2. B
        3. A
        4. B
        5. A
        6. A
        7. A
       8. A
        9. B
        10. B
        Programming questions
        Question 1
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
            'name': ['Alice', 'Bob', 'Charlie'],
            'age': [25, 30, 22]
        df = pd.DataFrame(data)
        def print_age_of_person(name):
            person = df[df['name'] == name]
           if not person.empty:
               age = person['age'].values[0]
               print(f"The age of {name} is {age}")
               print(f"No record found for {name}")
        def calculate_average_age():
            avg_age = df['age'].mean()
            print(f"The average age of all individuals is {avg_age:.2f}")
        print_age_of_person('Alice')
        calculate_average_age()
        Question 3
In [ ]: random_values = np.random.rand(20)
        print("Random Array:")
       print(random_values)
        def calculate_mean(arr):
            return np.mean(arr)
        def count_values_above_threshold(arr, threshold):
            count = np.sum(arr > threshold)
            return count
        mean = calculate_mean(random_values)
        count_above_0_5 = count_values_above_threshold(random_values, 0.5)
       print(f"Mean of the array: {mean:.2f}")
       print(f"Number of values greater than 0.5: {count_above_0_5}")
        Question 6
In [ ]: random_values = np.random.rand(20)
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print("Random Array:")
print(random_values)

return count

def calculate_median(arr):
 return np.median(arr)

def count_values_above_threshold(arr, threshold):

count = np.sum(arr > threshold)

median = calculate_median(random_values)

count_above_0_3 = count_values_above_threshold(random_values, 0.3)
print(f"Median of the array: {median:.2f}")
print(f"Number of values greater than 0.3: {count_above_0_3}")