

Superstore Sales Optimization



BANA 630

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Phase 1 – Superstore Orders (2017-2020)

Optimize order fulfillment and shipment efficiency in the United States with a goal of maximizing profitability.

Known Variables:

- Shipping metrics
- Store attributes
- Financial metrics
- Customer Demographics
- Operational costs

Unknown Variables:

- Future demand
- Market dynamics
- Unforeseen disruptions

Objective function:

aims to maximize profitability by determining the most efficient combination of product categories, regions and customer segments.

Key constraints:

- Demand Trends
- Shipping Times
- Resource availability
- Market Variability



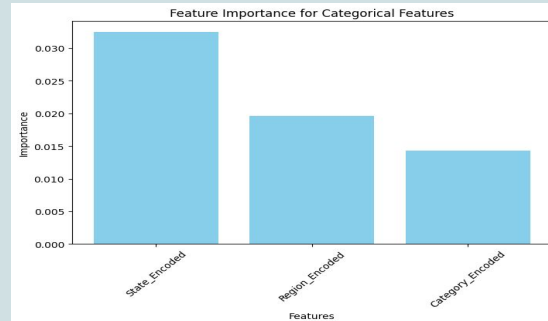
Phase 2: Predictive Analytics

Preprocessing Steps Taken:

- Feature Engineering
 - Days to Ship Difference
 - Days to Ship Actual - Days to Ship Scheduled
 - Categorize Profit Ratios
 - Loss, Low, Medium, High

Data Transformation:

- Categorical Variable Encoding
 - State, Region, Segment, Product Category
- Standardize Numerical Variables
 - Sales, Profit, Discount, Price



Mapping for Segment:

{'Consumer': 0, 'Corporate': 1, 'Home Office': 2}

Mapping for State:

{'Alabama': 0, 'Arizona': 1, 'Arkansas': 2, 'California': 3, 'Colorado': 4, 'Connecticut': 5, 'Delaware': 6, 'Florida': 7, 'Georgia': 8, 'Hawaii': 9, 'Idaho': 10, 'Illinois': 11, 'Indiana': 12, 'Iowa': 13, 'Kansas': 14, 'Kentucky': 15, 'Louisiana': 16, 'Maine': 17, 'Maryland': 18, 'Massachusetts': 19, 'Michigan': 20, 'Minnesota': 21, 'Mississippi': 22, 'Missouri': 23, 'Montana': 24, 'Nebraska': 25, 'Nevada': 26, 'New Hampshire': 27, 'New Jersey': 28, 'New Mexico': 29, 'New York': 30, 'North Carolina': 31, 'North Dakota': 32, 'Ohio': 33, 'Oklahoma': 34, 'Oregon': 35, 'Pennsylvania': 36, 'Rhode Island': 37, 'South Carolina': 38, 'South Dakota': 39, 'Tennessee': 40, 'Texas': 41, 'Utah': 42, 'Vermont': 43, 'Virginia': 44, 'Washington': 45, 'West Virginia': 46, 'Wisconsin': 47, 'Wyoming': 48}

Mapping for Region:

{'Central': 0, 'East': 1, 'South': 2, 'West': 3}

Mapping for Category:

{'Furniture': 0, 'Office Supplies': 1, 'Technology': 2}

Mapping for Sub-Category:

{'Accessories': 0, 'Appliances': 1, 'Art': 2, 'Binders': 3, 'Books': 4, 'Calculators': 5, 'Chairs': 6, 'Clocks': 7, 'Commodities': 8, 'Computers': 9, 'Cups': 10, 'Decorative': 11, 'Electronics': 12, 'Filing Cabinets': 13, 'Furniture': 14, 'Greeting Cards': 15, 'Ink': 16, 'Lamps': 17, 'Liquor': 18, 'Magazines': 19, 'Markers': 20, 'Miscellaneous': 21, 'Monitors': 22, 'Notebooks': 23, 'Office Supplies': 24, 'Paper': 25, 'Pens': 26, 'Posters': 27, 'Punchers': 28, 'Refrigerators': 29, 'Staplers': 30, 'Storage': 31, 'Toner': 32, 'Toys': 33, 'VCRs': 34, 'Video': 35, 'Washers': 36, 'Washing Machines': 37, 'Wet Wipes': 38, 'Wet Wipes': 39}

	Sales	Profit	Discount	Price	Sales_Scaled	Profit_Scaled
0	16.0	6.0	20.0	8.00	-0.342894	-0.096391
1	12.0	4.0	20.0	4.00	-0.349312	-0.104928
2	273.0	-65.0	20.0	91.00	0.069432	-0.399437
3	4.0	-5.0	80.0	2.00	-0.362147	-0.143342
4	20.0	5.0	20.0	6.67	-0.336477	-0.100659

	Discount_Scaled	Price_Scaled
0	0.211838	-0.370150
1	0.211838	-0.398128
2	0.211838	0.210391
3	3.117565	-0.412117
4	0.211838	-0.379453

Phase 2: Predictive Analytics

Predictive Model Development

X = Scaled Features + Categorical Encoded Features

Y= Profit_Scaled

Models Selected:

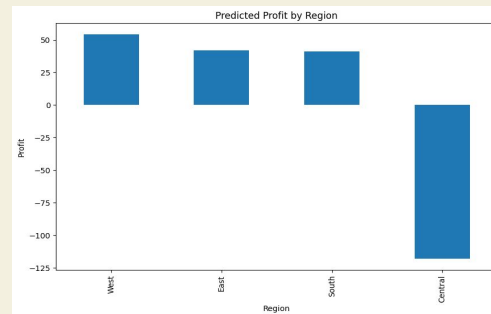
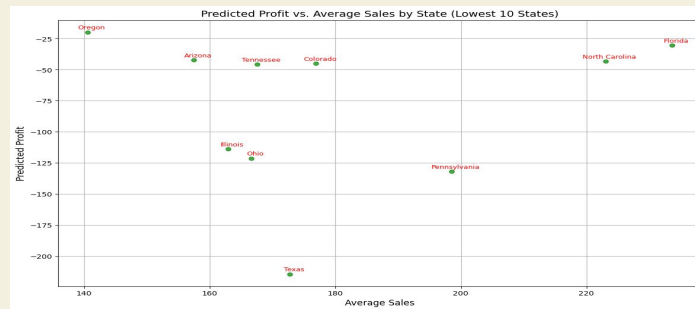
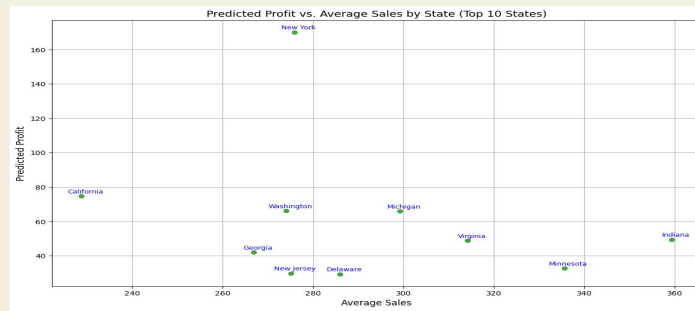
- Random Forest Regression Model
- Hyperparameters tuned using GridSearchCV with a 5-fold cross-validation strategy

Validation Metrics:

- MSE: 1.057
- RMSE: 1.028
- R^2 (After GridSearch): 0.703

Recommendation for Phase 3:

- Focus on optimizing Region and Product Category distribution for Prescriptive Analysis
 - Where should the superstores prioritize which product categories?



Phase 3: Prescriptive Analytics

Linear Programming Model Development

- **Objective Function:**
 - Maximize annual Profit Across All Regions and Product Categories
- **Decision Variables:**
 - Quantity of items ordered in each product category within each region
- **Constraints:**
 - Product Category Allocation must not exceed the Estimated Annual Inventory**
 - Category Allocation by Region must not exceed historical distribution

**Original dataset did not specify inventory levels, so annual inventory for the next year was calculated based on a 12-month moving average

Region	Product Category	Average Monthly Quantity	Average Monthly Orders	Average Quantity/Order	Average Category Price	Quantity to Sell (Decision Variable)	%Allocation by Category	Discount	Calculated Profit
Central	Furniture	152	40	4	\$87.04	1,826	23%	10%	\$143,053.82
	Office Supplies	451	119	4	\$31.47	2,211	14%	10%	\$62,613.17
	Technology	129	35	4	\$107.91	0	0%	10%	\$0.00
East	Furniture	184	50	4	\$91.05	467	6%	15%	\$36,116.10
	Office Supplies	538	143	4	\$32.26	5,412	34%	14%	\$150,124.89
	Technology	162	45	4	\$135.38	6,454	93%	14%	\$751,437.09
South	Furniture	107	28	4	\$88.31	3,779	47%	12%	\$293,687.31
	Office Supplies	315	83	4	\$34.55	7,239	45%	17%	\$207,611.47
	Technology	93	24	4	\$124.05	482	7%	11%	\$53,171.25
West	Furniture	225	59	4	\$94.42	1,944	24%	13%	\$159,709.74
	Office Supplies	603	158	4	\$31.28	1,114	24%	9%	\$31,722.01
	Technology	194	50	4	\$114.28	0	24%	13%	\$0.00
									\$1,889,226.84
		Estimated Annual Quantity		Average Annual Quantity (Next Year Inventory)					
		Furniture	8,016	8,016					
		Office Supplies	15,976	22,884					
		Technology	6,936	6,936					

Phase 3: Prescriptive Analytics

Sensitivity Analysis

Variable Cells

	Cell	Name	Final Value	Reduced Cost	Objective Coefficient	Allowable Increase	Allowable Decrease
Central	\$H\$3	Furniture Quantity to Sell (Decision Variable)	1826	0.95	78.34	1E+30	0.95
	\$H\$4	Office Supplies Quantity to Sell (Decision Variable)	2211	28.32	28.32	1E+30	28.32
	\$H\$5	Technology Quantity to Sell (Decision Variable)	0	-13.28	97.12	13.28	1E+30
East	\$H\$6	Furniture Quantity to Sell (Decision Variable)	467	0.00	77.39	0.32	77.39
	\$H\$7	Office Supplies Quantity to Sell (Decision Variable)	5412	27.74	27.74	1E+30	27.74
	\$H\$8	Technology Quantity to Sell (Decision Variable)	6454	6.02	116.42	1E+30	6.02
South	\$H\$9	Furniture Quantity to Sell (Decision Variable)	3779	0.32	77.71	1E+30	0.32
	\$H\$10	Office Supplies Quantity to Sell (Decision Variable)	7239	28.68	28.68	1E+30	28.68
	\$H\$11	Technology Quantity to Sell (Decision Variable)	482	0.00	110.40	6.02	10.98
West	\$H\$12	Furniture Quantity to Sell (Decision Variable)	1944	4.76	82.14	1E+30	4.76
	\$H\$13	Office Supplies Quantity to Sell (Decision Variable)	1114	28.47	28.47	1E+30	28.47
	\$H\$14	Technology Quantity to Sell (Decision Variable)	0	-10.98	99.42	10.98	1E+30

Constraints

Cell	Name	Final Value	Shadow Price	Constraint R.H. Side	Allowable Increase	Allowable Decrease
\$D\$18	Furniture Estimated Annual Quantity	8016	77.39	8016	2227.97	466.69
\$D\$19	Office Supplies Estimated Annual Quantity	15976	0.00	22884	1E+30	6908.18
\$D\$20	Technology Estimated Annual Quantity	6936	110.40	6936	1064.17	481.62

Conclusion & Learnings

- Central and West Technology not included in optimization solution to fulfill orders and maximize profits.
- Shadow Prices for Furniture and Technology would increase our optimal solution by their respective unit increase.
- Superstore should focus their efforts for each region and product category
- Dataset was limited so we had to create a scenario that could reflect real world plausibility
- Company needs to keep an eye out on giving discounts to regions that already have lower product category prices