Data Hiding Techniques

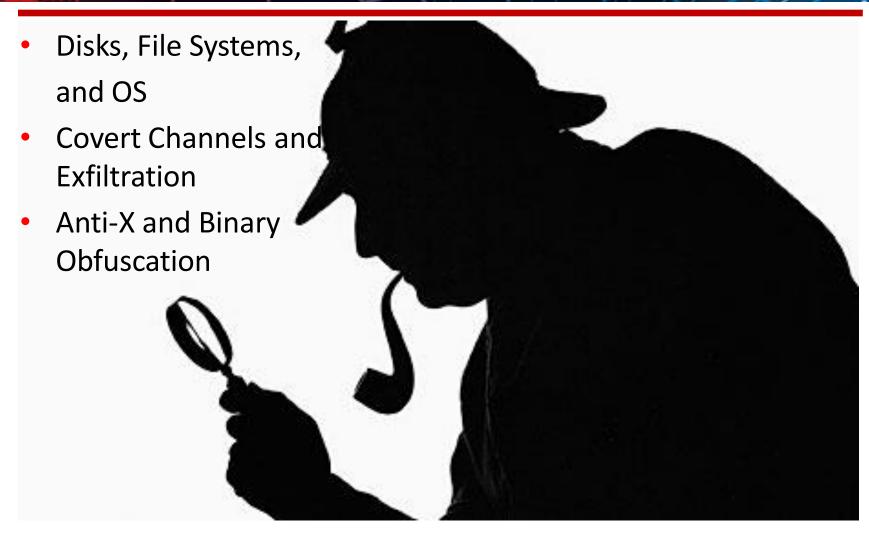
You can run, but you can't hide for ever...



whoami

- University professor @PSUT by day, DFIR researcher by night!
- PhD research was in "Network Security"
- 14+ years of Professional Experience
- Hold 14+ world known certificate
- Participate in worldwide DFIR challenges
 - Beat participants from top US Corporate, Government, and Law Enforcement Groups
- Hacking Techniques and Intrusion Detection course published
 @OpenSecurityTraining under the CC license
- Research interests: DFIR, Network and Malware Forensic Analysis, Social Engineering

Outline

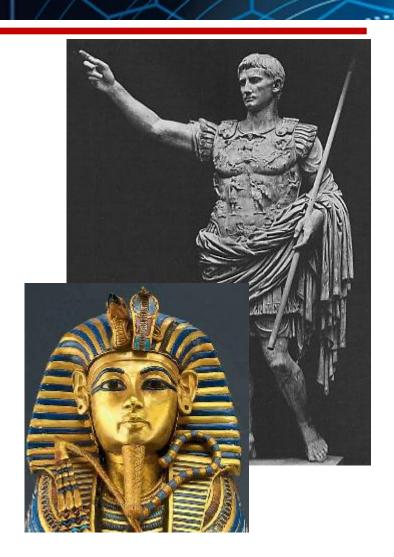


Intro.

"You need to see differently, the sky is not blue any more!"

What?

- Ancient Art
 - Egyptians, Julius Cesar, etc
- Preventing data from being seen
- Good and Evil
- Covert Communication (Secret writing)
- The way used has evolved just as technology has



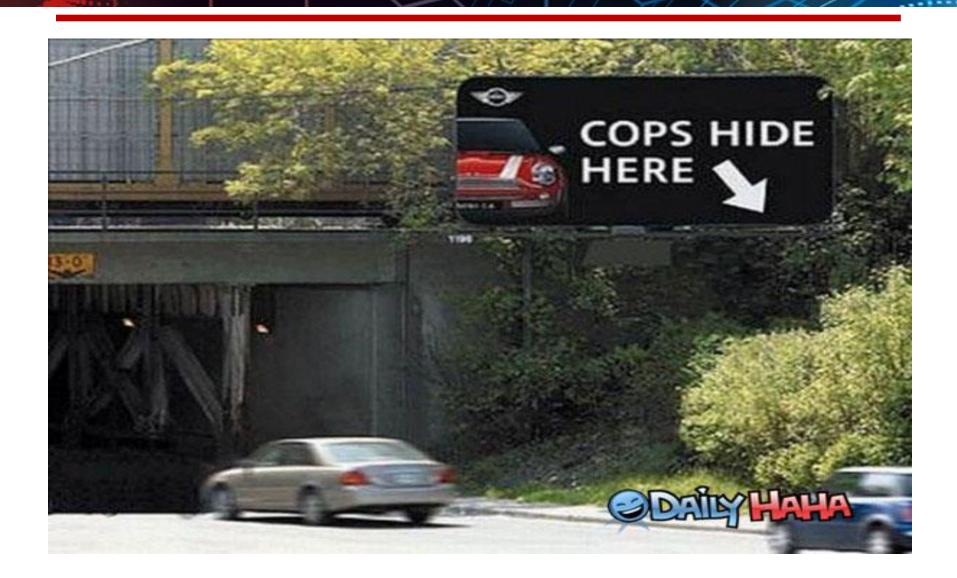
Why?

- Hiding Evidence
- Privacy Issues
- Obfuscating
- Evade Detection (bypassing)
- Exfiltration
 - Espionage
- Data Destruction (deletion or corruption)
- Military
- FUN ☺

Its Not Just ...

- Cryptography
 - Obscuring data into unreadable data
- Steganography
 - Hiding the existence of the data
- Watermarking
 - Proving ownership by adding sufficient metadata

"Data Hiding" in Action

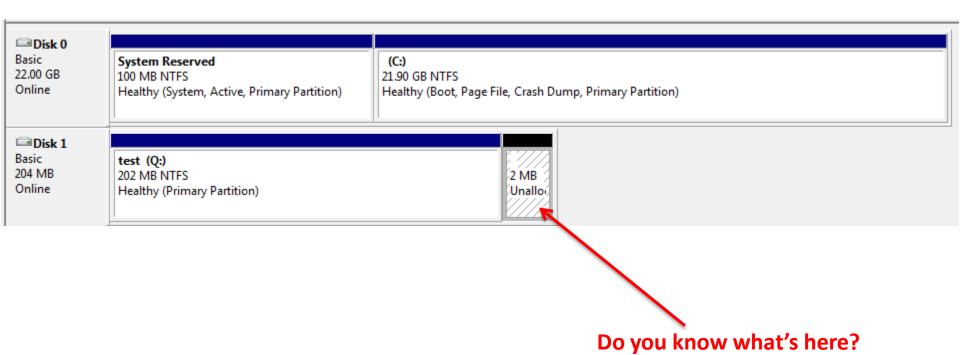


Disks, File Systems, and OS

"Don't be conned by misleading menu structures!"

Disks

 Without understanding of disks layout, you'll never know what truly is hidden over there!



Volume Slack

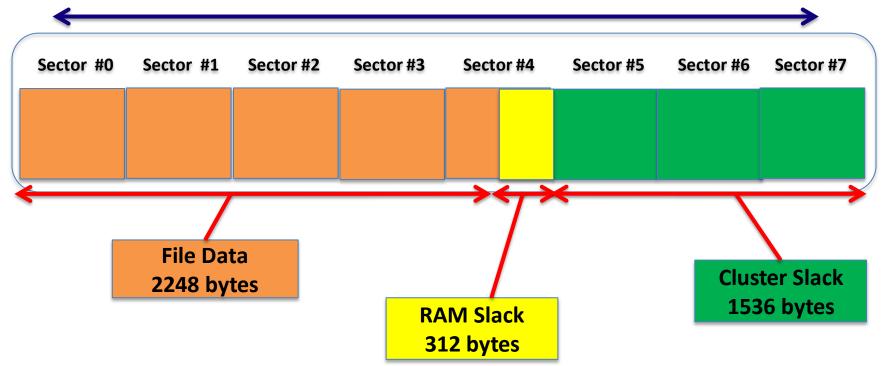
- Unused space between the end of the volume and the end of the partition
- Size of the hidden data in volume slack is only limited by the space on the hard disk available for a partition

Partition #1 Partition #2 Partition #3 Volume Slack

File Slack Space

Slack space could be used to hide data

Single Cluster with 8 sectors (4096 bytes)



File Systems (NTFS)

- Everything written to the disk is considered a file
 - Files, directories, metadata, etc
- MFT is the heart of NTFS (array of records 1024 bytes each)
- Records in the MFT are called metadata
- First 16 records in the MFT reserved for metadata files.
- Entry #1 is \$MFT

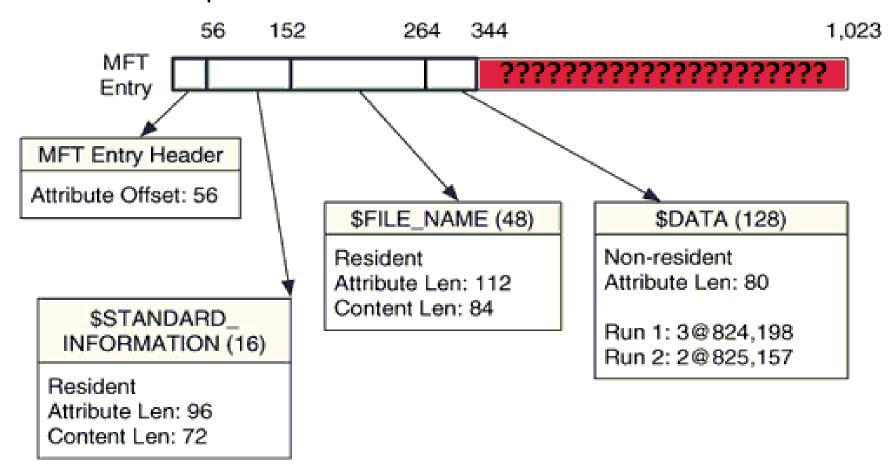
One of the most complex file systems you'll deal with!

File Systems (NTFS) - Cont.

- Deleted Files
 - Unallocated space
 - File System Journals, Index Files, and Log files: \$130, \$LogFile
- File Wippers
 - They don't actually wipe everything, some crumbs left for investigator!
- Hiding within \$DATA attribute

MFT Slack Space

MFT Slack Space



Bad Blocks (\$BadClus)

- Marked in the metadata file \$BadClus (MFT entry 8)
- Sparse file with the size set to the size of the entire file system
- Bad clusters are allocated to this file
- Clusters can be allocated to \$BadClus and used to store data

Alternate Data Streams (ADS)

- More than one \$DATA attribute
- Locating streams:
 - Streams, LADS, etc
 - DF tools
 - Manually

```
00 00 00 00 00
30 00 03
         00
         00
```

echo I am the hidden text > file.txt:Hidden.txt

61 6D 20 74 68 65 **65** 78 74 00 00 00 00 00 07 00 69 00 64 00 64 00

```
Н
ª\y<wñÏ Dè ¦wñÏ
Dè ¦wñï ª\y<wñï
             р
         ª\y< wñÏ
"\y<wnï" \y<wnï</pre>
ª\v< wñÏ
E+ÝIÄ[ä S¶ÔÊ?å Ê
         I am the
original text
I am the hidden
         ÿÿÿÿ,yG
ÿÿÿÿ, yG
```

FILEO

ŸE

ADS – Cont.

- Can also hide binaries!
 - Images
 - EXEs
 - etc

Isn't that evil or what?

Time Manipulation (Timestomp)

Also a form of Data Hiding!

MFT#	MFTPrnt	CTime	ATime	MTime	RTime	FileName
10978	10456	2014-09-10 15:27:28:207:9439	1999-08-02 00:11:40:000:0000	2014-09-10 15:27:28:207:9439	2014-09-10 15:27:28:207:9439	groucho.art
10979	10456	2014-09-10 15:27:28:248:0015	1999-08-02 00:11:40:000:0000	2014-09-10 15:27:28:248:0015	2014-09-10 15:27:28:248:0015	holly.art
10980	10456	2014-09-10 15:27:28:298:0735	1999-08-02 00:11:40:000:0000	2014-09-10 15:27:28:298:0735	2014-09-10 15:27:28:298:0735	ingrid.art
10981	10456	2014-09-10 15:27:28:348:1455	1999-08-02 00:11:40:000:0000	2014-09-10 15:27:28:348:1455	2014-09-10 15:27:28:348:1455	jessie.art
10982	10456	2014-09-10 15:27:28:398:2175	1999-08-02 00:11:40:000:0000	2014-09-10 15:27:28:398:2175	2014-09-10 15:27:28:398:2175	kathy.art
10983	10456	2014-09-10 15:27:28:448:2895	1999-08-02 00:11:40:000:0000	2014-09-10 15:27:28:448:2895	2014-09-10 15:27:28:448:2895	kelly.art
10984	10456	2014-09-10 15:27:28:488:3471	1999-08-02 00:11:40:000:0000	2014-09-10 15:27:28:488:3471	2014-09-10 15:27:28:488:3471	kennedy.art
10985	10456	2014-09-10 15:27:28:518:3903	1999-08-02 00:11:40:000:0000	2014-09-10 15:27:28:518:3903	2014-09-10 15:27:28:518:3903	kings.art
10986	10456	2014-09-10 15:27:28:568:4623	1999-08-02 00:11:42:000:0000	2014-09-10 15:27:28:568:4623	2014-09-10 15:27:28:568:4623	kirk.art
10987	10456	2014-09-10 15:27:28:608:5199	1999-08-02 00:11:42:000:0000	2014-09-10 15:27:28:608:5199	2014-09-10 15:27:28:608:5199	lincoln.art
10988	10456	2014-09-10 15:27:28:648:5775	1999-08-02 00:11:42:000:0000	2014-09-10 15:27:28:648:5775	2014-09-10 15:27:28:648:5775	lovebox.art
10989	10456	2014-09-10 15:27:28:698:6495	1999-08-02 00:11:42:000:0000	2014-09-10 15:27:28:698:6495	2014-09-10 15:27:28:698:6495	madonna.art
10990	10456	2014-09-10 15:27:28:748:7215	1999-08-02 00:11:42:000:0000	2014-09-10 15:27:28:748:7215	2014-09-10 15:27:28:748:7215	monalisa.art
10991	10456	2014-09-10 15:27:28:788:7791	1999-08-02 00:11:42:000:0000	2014-09-10 15:27:28:788:7791	2014-09-10 15:27:28:788:7791	newyears.art
10992	10456	2014-09-10 15:27:28:868:8943	1999-08-02 00:11:42:000:0000	2014-09-10 15:27:28:868:8943	2014-09-10 15:27:28:868:8943	oliver.art
1						

Operating Systems

- Range from simple changing icons, names, file extensions, hide attrib, to known system names (svchost.exe), etc into more complex techniques leveraging the OS capabilities itself
- Changing the file extension
 - .doc \rightarrow .xls
 - .pdf \rightarrow .doc
- Hiding files within system directories

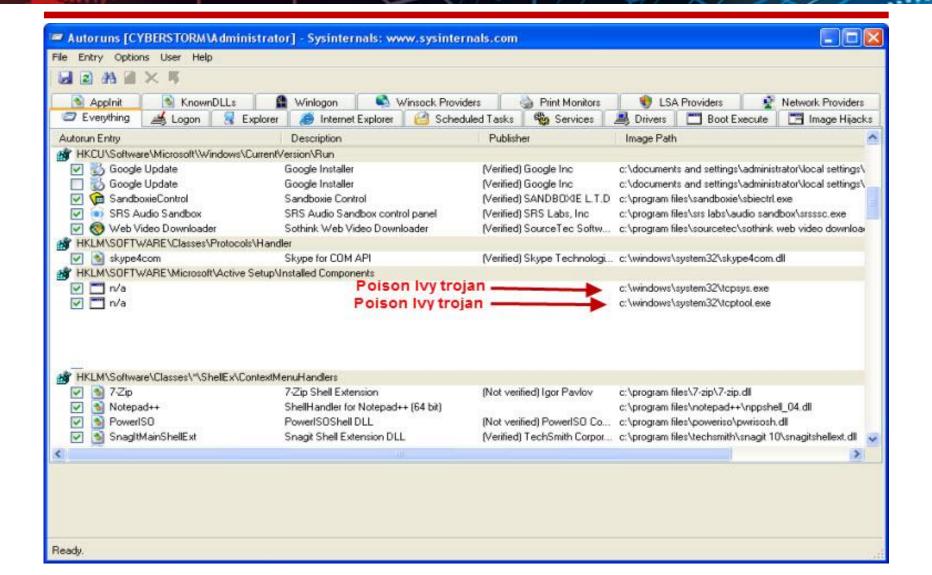
Operating Systems – Cont.

- System ACLs
- CLSIDs

rename FOLDER "My Computer.{20d04fe0-3aea-1069-a2d8-08002b30309d}"

- Deleted Files and Removed Programs
 - Restore Points
 - Registry Entries
 - HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run

Autoruns

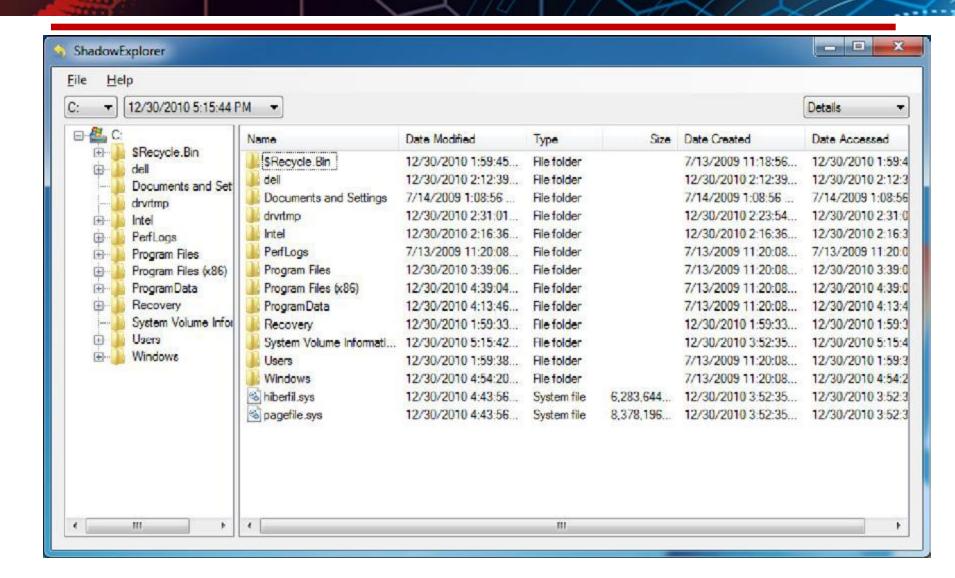


Operating Systems – VSC

Volume Shadow Copies

```
Administrator: Command Prompt
Q:∖>vssadmin list shadows
vssadmin 1.1 - Volume Shadow Copy Service administrative command-line tool
(C) Copyright 2001-2005 Microsoft Corp.
Contents of shadow copy set ID: {a24b3ac0-8a88-4301-ab7b-0a5f966cf426}
  Contained 1 shadow copies at creation time: 10/18/2014 12:00:06 AM
      Shadow Copy ID: {99603c67-3a54-444d-964b-05a9b39acd94}
         Original Volume: (C:)\\?\Volume{d37795a5-95aa-11e1-97b0-806e6f6e6963}\
        Shadow Copy Volume: \\?\GLOBALROOT\Device\HarddiskVolumeShadowCopy1
         Originating Machine: unilab
         Service Machine: unilab
         Provider: 'Microsoft Software Shadow Copy provider 1.0'
         Type: ClientAccessibleWriters
        Attributes: Persistent, Client-accessible, No auto release, Differentia
l. Auto recovered
Contents of shadow copy set ID: {5bd99410-8b1b-4618-a69d-50704773b58e}
  Contained 1 shadow copies at creation time: 10/26/2014 12:00:06 AM
      Shadow Copy ID: \{d1b9988e-11c5-4b95-a37e-72287f41210b\}
         Original Volume: (C:)\\?\Volume{d37795a5-95aa-11e1-97b0-806e6f6e6963}\
         Shadow Copy Volume: \\?\GLOBALROOT\Device\HarddiskVolumeShadowCopy2
         Originating Machine: unilab
         Service Machine: unilab
         Provider: 'Microsoft Software Shadow Copy provider 1.0'
         Type: ClientAccessibleWriters
        Attributes: Persistent, Client-accessible, No auto release, Differentia
1, Auto recovered
```

Shadow Explorer – VSC Broswer



Covert Channels and Exfiltration

"Rules are made to be broken"

Intro.

- Any communication channel that can transfer information in a manner that violates a systems security policy
- Goal: hide the fact that a transmission is taking place

Why?

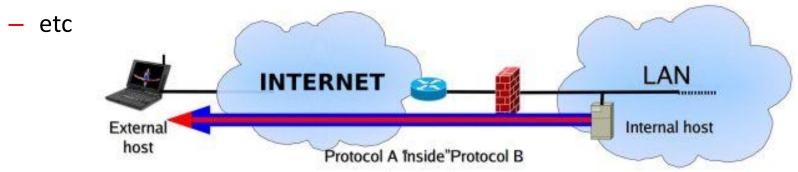
- Exfiltrate data from a secure system
- Avoid detection of unauthorized access
- Perform legitimate network management functions
- Install, spread or control malware on compromised systems
- Circumvent filters which may be in place limiting their freedom of speech
- Bypass firewalls for unrestricted access to the web

CC & Exfil

- Do you know what your network is sending/receiving?
- Any NSM, CIRT, SEIM, etc?
- Exfiltrating Data Process:
 - Collect: obtain required data
 - Package: obfuscate collected data to bypass IDS/IPS/DLP systems
 - Exfil: send packaged data using proper channels

Exfilitration: DNS

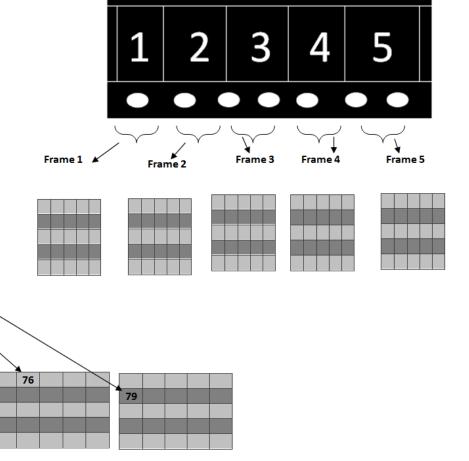
- One of the most un-monitored services is DNS!
- UDP 53 Indicators of Exfiltration
 - encrypted payloads or MD5, SHA1, SHA256 hashed subdomains
 - lots of requests to restricted domain or to one domain
 - DNS replies have private addresses or a single IP address
 - DNS replies have patterned encoding



Tools: dnscapy, dnstunnel, dftp, PSUDP, etc.

Covert Channel: Under Your Radar

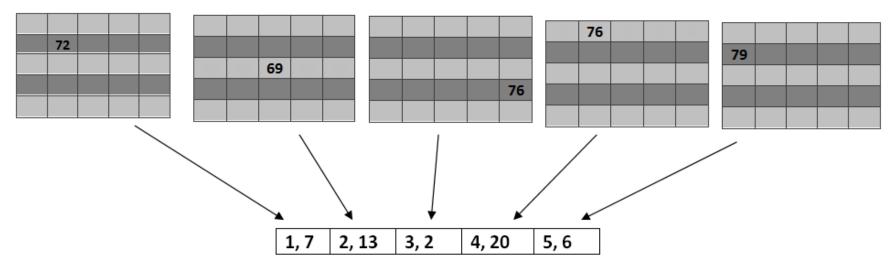
- Application layer covert channel
- Hide each letter in a single frame (steganography)
- No msg is actually transferred!

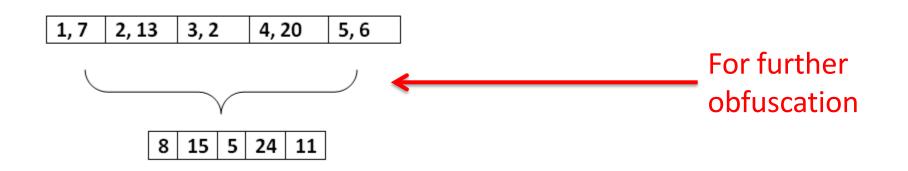


Research done by Mariam Khader under my supervision @PSUT

Under Your Radar (UYR)

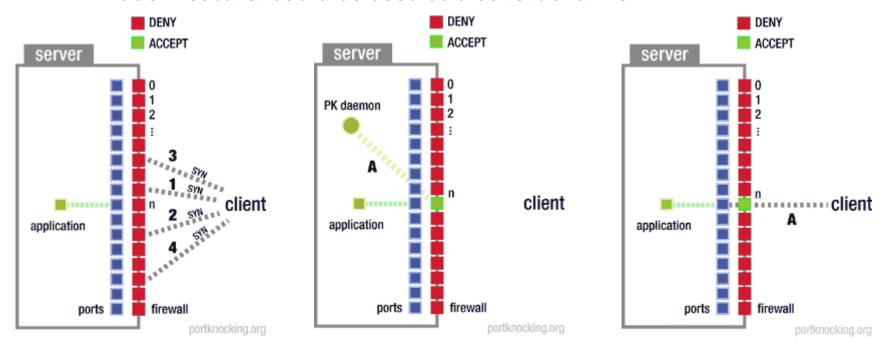
Save frame # and letter location





Covert Channel: TARIQ

- Hybrid Port Knocking System (my PhD research)
 - Used for host authentication
 - Makes network services completely invisible
 - Hidden feature: could be used as a covert channel



How will you attack (exploit) an unseen service?

Anti-X and Binary Obfuscation

"What one man can invent, another can discover."

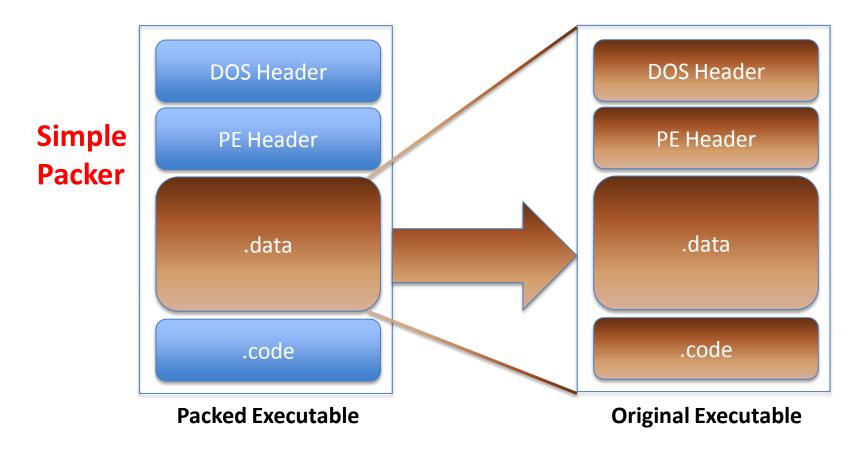
- Sherlock Holmes

Anti Forensics

- Locating anti-forensic tools leads to suspicion
 - Crumbs could be found even if removed!
 - Tools: StegoHunt, StegoAnalyst, StegoBreak, STG Cache Audit,
 Thumbnail Database Viewer, LNS, Streams (MS Sysinternals),
- Simple: clearing caches, offline files, app artifacts, deleting catalogs and thumbnail files, MRU and Jump Lists, Prefetch files, etc
- Complex: Full Disk Encryption, Anti-Debugging, Anti Reverse Engineering, Anti Disassembly, Anti-VM

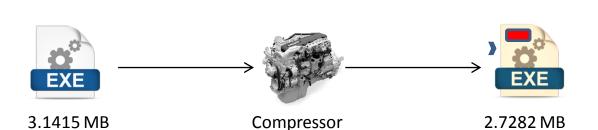
Binary Obfuscation

- Packers / Unpackers
 - Reduce size, Hide actual code, Hide IAT, Anti-X



Binary Obfuscation – Cont.

- Complex packers might overwrite its own memory space
- Unpacking:
 - Statically (complex and time consuming)
 - Dynamically (easy, needs native env.)
 - Hybrid (best of both)
- Types:
 - Common: UPX, FSG, MEW
 - Complex: Armadillo, Obsidium, Sdprotect, ExeCrypt, VMProtect



GetProcAddress

VirtualProtect

VirtualAlloc

VirtualFree

ExitProcess

Finally ...

- To catch a criminal, you must think like one
- Without proper understanding of the underlaying technology, its just like you're searching for a needle in the haystack!

References

- Syngress Data Hiding, 2013
- http://blogs.technet.com/b/askcore/archive/2013/03/24/alternate-datastreams-in-ntfs.aspx
- http://www.autohotkey.com/docs/misc/CLSID-List.htm
- http://marcoramilli.blogspot.com/2011/01/ida-pro-universal-unpacker.html
- http://www.woodmann.com/crackz/Packers.htm
- https://www.runtime.org/diskexplorer.htm
- http://www.portknocking.org/
- http://github.com/ashemery/tariq/
- One packer to rule them all, https://www.blackhat.com/docs/us-14/materials/us-14-Mesbahi-One-Packer-To-Rule-Them-All.pdf
- 13 Signs that bad guys are using DNS Exfiltration to steal your data, <u>http://theworldsoldestintern.wordpress.com/</u>
- http://cleanbytes.net/what-is-a-malicious-software-malware-and-how-todetect-it/

