PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: Ste-Agathe Hospital Date: 2024-12-01 01:48

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. David Smith

Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Aisha Patel Assistant(s): Dr. resident Carlos Mendez

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

SUPPURATIVE APPENDICITIS.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

GANGRENOUS APPENDICITIS.

Opération / Operation:

APPENDECTOMY WITH REMOVAL OF APPENDICOLITH.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix and inflamed tissue

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: Total intravenous anesthesia

Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

A 4-year-old non-binary who presented with abdominal pain with distention. Initially evaluated 2 days prior and diagnosed with ovarian cyst. Now has markedly elevated WBC, high CRP, high fever. Imaging: CT scan revealing free fluid.

Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia with nitrous oxide administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. Direct trocar insertion after skin and fascia incision. Three trocars in total are used for laparoscopic access. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, significant adhesions noted. Operative findings included perforated appendix and fluctuating inflammation. Purulent fluid was noted throughout the abdominal cavity. The omentum was wrapped around the inflamed appendix. Meticulous dissection performed due to distorted anatomy. The mesoappendix is divided using a bipolar energy device. Base of appendix secured with purse-string suture prior to removal. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Copious irrigation is undertaken to ensure removal of all inflammatory debris. We close the fascia at the umbilical port with figure-of-eight sutures of Vicryl 3-0 and the skin with subcuticular Vicryl 4-0. No evidence of malignancy.

Patient will remain on IV antibiotics with gradual diet advancement as per surgery protocol. Ovaries and uterus normal in female patients. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-HQB4XH-10004