## PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: CHU Sainte-Justine Date: 2025-05-15 17:27

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Camille Roy Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Sophie Chen Assistant(s): Dr. resident Emily Clark

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

## **ACUTE APPENDICITIS.**

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

**GANGRENOUS APPENDICITIS.** 

Opération / Operation:

#### LAPAROSCOPIC APPENDECTOMY WITH DRAINAGE OF ABSCESS.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix with attached omentum

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia with regional block

# Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

11-year-old non-binary with one week abdominal pain, markedly elevated WBC, high CRP, low-grade fever. Imaging: ultrasound showing phlegmonous appendicitis. previous similar episode.

## Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia with caudal block administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. Transverse infraumbilical incision is performed and access gained via blunt dissection. Additional 5 mm trocars are placed in the right and left lower quadrants under laparoscopic guidance. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, minimal adhesions noted. Appendix appeared perforated, surrounded by intense inflammatory reaction. Multiple small abscesses were encountered. The appendix was adhered to surrounding structures. We carefully dissect the inflammatory mass and identify the suppurative appendix. Appendiceal vessels controlled with clips. The appendix is ligated at its base with two absorbable sutures and then amputated. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Saline is used for thorough irrigation of all quadrants. The umbilical fascia is reapproximated with interrupted PDS 3-0 sutures. Skin incisions are closed with subcuticular Vicryl 4-0.

The patient will be continued on IV antibiotics and advanced to diet as tolerated. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-VR9IQ2-11011