PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: Hopital Maisonneuve-Rosemont Date: 2025-03-22 04:31

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Patricia Wong Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Robert Tremblay

Assistant(s): Dr. resident Anna Kim

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

APPENDICITIS WITH ABSCESS.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

GANGRENOUS APPENDICITIS.

Opération / Operation:

LAPAROSCOPIC APPENDECTOMY WITH OMENTAL WRAPPING.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix and mesoappendix

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia with local infiltration

Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

A 3-year-old male who presented with abdominal pain with vomiting. Initially evaluated 2 days prior and diagnosed with mesenteric adenitis. Now has elevated WBC, normal CRP, low-grade fever. Imaging: ultrasound showing phlegmonous appendicitis. Past medical history is otherwise unremarkable.

Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia with regional block administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. Direct trocar insertion after skin and fascia incision. Single-incision laparoscopic port is used. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, significant adhesions noted. The appendix was sclerotic with mild inflammation. A moderate amount of purulent material was present in the pelvis. Mild adhesions between bowel loops observed. Dissection is carried out to isolate the base of the appendix. Mesenteric vessels to the appendix are secured prior to removal. Endoscopic stapling is used for appendiceal division. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Thorough irrigation of the abdominal cavity is performed, removing all purulent material. The umbilical fascia is reapproximated with interrupted PDS 3-0 sutures. Skin incisions are closed with Steri-Strips.

Continue surgical care with antibiotic therapy and diet advancement as tolerated. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-3RHS22-12585