PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: Hopital Pierre-Boucher Date: 2025-09-04 17:39

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Omar Fahmy

Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Aisha Patel Assistant(s): Dr. resident Zoe Tremblay

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

ACUTE APPENDICITIS WITH PERITONITIS.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

APPENDICITIS WITH PERITONEAL CONTAMINATION.

Opération / Operation:

LAPAROSCOPIC APPENDECTOMY WITH OMENTAL WRAPPING.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix and mesoappendix

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia and epidural block

Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

A 9-year-old female with one week history of right lower quadrant pain. Failed conservative management for Crohn's disease. Imaging: ultrasound showing appendicitis. Past medical history is otherwise unremarkable.

Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia with local infiltration administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. Transverse infraumbilical incision is performed and access gained via blunt dissection. Two working ports are established in the right and left lower quadrants. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, extensive adhesions noted. Intraoperative examination revealed necrotic appendix. No pus or abscess formation found. Fibrinous adhesions were lysed during the procedure. The surrounding tissues showed minimal reaction. Bladder and ureters visualized, no injury. We carefully dissect the inflammatory mass and identify the thick-walled appendix. Mesenteric vessels to the appendix are secured prior to removal. Base of appendix secured with purse-string suture prior to removal. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Abdominal lavage performed until clear. The umbilical fascia is reapproximated with interrupted Vicryl 2-0 sutures. Skin incisions are closed with interrupted silk 4-0.

Patient to receive postoperative IV antibiotics with monitoring for return of bowel function. No bowel injury noted. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-1DGS5S-13558