PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: Children's Hospital Date: 2024-04-29 08:44

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Aisha Patel Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Daniel Fortin Assistant(s): Dr. resident Lucas Martin

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

PERFORATED APPENDICITIS.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

GANGRENOUS APPENDICITIS.

Opération / Operation:

APPENDECTOMY WITH INTRA-ABDOMINAL DRAINAGE.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix with surrounding lymph nodes

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia and epidural block

Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

Patient (7 years, non-binary) presented with abdominal pain with diarrhea, normal WBC, high CRP. Imaging: ultrasound showing phlegmonous appendicitis.

Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia with mask induction administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. A small infraumbilical incision is made and the abdominal cavity is entered under direct vision. Supplementary ports are placed in the suprapubic area and left iliac fossa. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, diffuse adhesions noted. Findings include ruptured appendix with diffuse inflammatory changes. A moderate amount of purulent material was present in the pelvis. Severe adhesions required careful lysis. No technical difficulties encountered during surgery. The appendix is mobilized using a combination of sharp and blunt dissection. The mesoappendix is divided using a bipolar energy device. We secure the appendiceal base with two Endoloops and transect between them. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Abdominal lavage performed until clear. The umbilical fascia is reapproximated with interrupted PDS 2-0 sutures. Skin incisions are closed with subcuticular Monocryl 4-0. No technical difficulties encountered during surgery.

The patient will be continued on IV antibiotics and advanced to diet as tolerated. Patient tolerated procedure well. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-ZHS5NO-10755