PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: CHU de Québec Date: 2023-11-04 21:44

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Thomas White Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Elena Rodriguez Assistant(s): Dr. resident Lucas Martin

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

APPENDICITIS WITH BOWEL OBSTRUCTION.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

ACUTE APPENDICITIS.

Opération / Operation:

LAPAROSCOPIC APPENDECTOMY.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix with surrounding lymph nodes Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia with caudal block

Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

A 5-year-old female with several hours history of abdominal pain with palpable mass. Failed conservative management for constipation. Imaging: ultrasound with non-visualized appendix and secondary signs.

Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General endotracheal anesthesia administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. Incision is made in left lower quadrant for open conversion. Additional 5 mm trocars are placed in the right and left lower quadrants under laparoscopic guidance. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, diffuse adhesions noted. Intraoperative examination revealed gangrenous appendix. No abscess, but turbid fluid present. Mild adhesions between bowel loops observed. The surrounding tissues showed persistent reaction. Incidental Meckel's diverticulum found and left in situ. Blunt dissection is used to free the appendix from surrounding structures. The appendiceal artery is ligated and divided. We secure the appendiceal base with two Endoloops and transect between them. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Thorough irrigation of the abdominal cavity is performed, removing all purulent material. All port sites closed with Steri-Strips.

The patient will be continued on IV antibiotics and advanced to diet as tolerated. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-ZI8A40-10906