PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: Montreal Children's Date: 2024-07-30 22:13

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Camille Roy Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Marie-Claire Dubois

Assistant(s): Dr. resident Leo Morel

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

PERFORATED APPENDICITIS.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

APPENDICITIS WITH PERITONEAL CONTAMINATION.

Opération / Operation:

APPENDECTOMY WITH INTRA-ABDOMINAL DRAINAGE.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix and mesoappendix

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia with local infiltration

Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

A 9-year-old non-binary who presented with abdominal pain after trauma. Initially evaluated 3 days prior and diagnosed with food poisoning. Now has markedly elevated WBC, high CRP, high fever. Imaging: CT scan showing peri-appendiceal fluid. Past medical history is otherwise unremarkable.

Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia with caudal block administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. We make an infraumbilical incision of 1 cm, dissect the subcutaneous tissue bluntly and penetrate the abdominal cavity via an open technique. Two working ports are established in the right and left lower quadrants. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, minimal adhesions noted. Operative findings included shrunken appendix and severe inflammation. Multiple small abscesses were encountered. Mild adhesions between bowel loops observed. Dissection is carried out to isolate the base of the appendix. The appendiceal artery is ligated and divided. Base of appendix secured with purse-string suture prior to removal. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Copious irrigation is undertaken to ensure removal of all inflammatory debris. Fascial closure is performed at the umbilical site using Polysorb 2-0. The skin is closed with subcuticular Vicryl 4-0.

Continue surgical care with antibiotic therapy and diet advancement as tolerated. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-2BHN88-11221