## PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: CHU Sainte-Justine Date: 2024-08-04 00:33

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Thomas White

Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Paul Lambert Assistant(s): Dr. resident Maya Singh

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

APPENDICITIS MIMICKING OVARIAN PATHOLOGY.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

APPENDICITIS WITH LOCALIZED PERITONITIS.

Opération / Operation:

## LAPAROSCOPIC APPENDECTOMY WITH IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix and peri-appendiceal tissue

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia with nitrous oxide

## Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

A 9-year-old male with one week history of abdominal pain with anorexia. Failed conservative management for gastroenteritis. Imaging: CT scan showing peri-appendiceal fluid.

## Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia and epidural block administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. Incision is made in left lower quadrant for open conversion. Single-incision laparoscopic port is used. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, minimal adhesions noted. Intraoperative examination revealed acutely inflamed appendix. No abscess, but turbid fluid present. Minimal adhesions were noted. The surrounding tissues showed moderate reaction. Minor bleeding controlled with cautery. Appendix is isolated after adhesiolysis. The mesoappendix is dissected and the appendiceal artery is controlled with electrocautery. Endoscopic stapling is used for appendiceal division. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Abdominal lavage performed until clear. We close the fascia with Vicryl 2-0 in a interrupted fashion. Skin is approximated with subcuticular Monocryl 4-0.

Patient to receive postoperative IV antibiotics with monitoring for return of bowel function. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-CCK6LX-12104