PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: Hopital Maisonneuve-Rosemont Date: 2023-12-13 01:40

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Julia Miller Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Martin Levesque Assistant(s): Dr. resident Jennifer Park

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

ACUTE APPENDICITIS WITH PERITONITIS.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

ACUTE APPENDICITIS WITH PERITONITIS.

Opération / Operation:

APPENDECTOMY WITH REMOVAL OF APPENDICOLITH.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix and peri-appendiceal tissue

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia with regional block

Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

A 13-year-old non-binary with several hours history of abdominal pain with elevated WBC. Failed conservative management for gastroenteritis. Imaging: MRI demonstrating RLQ inflammation. Past medical history is otherwise unremarkable.

Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia with local infiltration administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. We make an infraumbilical incision of 1 cm, dissect the subcutaneous tissue bluntly and penetrate the abdominal cavity via an open technique. Three trocars in total are used for laparoscopic access. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, extensive adhesions noted. Operative findings included thick-walled appendix and persistent inflammation. Purulent fluid was noted throughout the abdominal cavity. No significant adhesions. The appendix is mobilized using a combination of sharp and blunt dissection. We dissect the mesentery of the appendix and use the electrocautery to coagulate the artery. We apply an endoscopic stapler to the base of the appendix and divide it. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Irrigation performed with antibiotic solution. All port sites closed with subcuticular Vicryl 4-0.

Patient to receive postoperative IV antibiotics with monitoring for return of bowel function. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-5BJQF6-13352