## PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: St. Mary's Hospital Date: 2024-11-20 09:51

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Claire Dubois Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Martin Levesque Assistant(s): Dr. resident Zoe Tremblay

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

APPENDICITIS WITH BOWEL OBSTRUCTION.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

APPENDICITIS WITH BOWEL OBSTRUCTION.

Opération / Operation:

LAPAROSCOPIC CONVERTED TO OPEN APPENDECTOMY.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix and abscess wall

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia with mask induction

## Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

A 7-year-old male who presented with abdominal pain with distention. Initially evaluated 1 days prior and diagnosed with pneumonia. Now has normal WBC, normal CRP, low-grade fever. Imaging: ultrasound with non-visualized appendix and secondary signs.

## Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. Direct trocar insertion after skin and fascia incision. We place two additional trocars, one in the suprapubic region and one in the left lower quadrant, both under direct vision. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, minimal adhesions noted. Findings include friable appendix with severe inflammatory changes. Multiple small abscesses were encountered. Minimal adhesions were noted. Dissection is carried out to isolate the base of the appendix. We dissect the mesentery of the appendix and use the electrocautery to coagulate the artery. Endoscopic stapling is used for appendiceal division. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Abdominal lavage performed until clear. Umbilical port site is closed with PDS 3-0 and skin with interrupted nylon 4-0. No technical difficulties encountered during surgery.

Early ambulation and supportive care recommended. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-FQDZTY-11148