PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: MCH Date: 2024-06-04 19:16

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Julia Miller Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Marie-Claire Dubois

Assistant(s): Dr. resident Lucas Martin

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

SUPPURATIVE APPENDICITIS.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

PERFORATED APPENDICITIS.

Opération / Operation:

OPEN APPENDECTOMY WITH PELVIC LAVAGE.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix and inflamed tissue

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia with regional block

Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

A 7-year-old female with 1 day history of abdominal pain with diarrhea. Failed conservative management for constipation. Imaging: ultrasound suggestive of appendicitis. Past medical history is otherwise unremarkable.

Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia and epidural block administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. A vertical infraumbilical incision is made and carried down to the fascia which is incised sharply. Additional 5 mm trocars are placed in the right and left lower quadrants under laparoscopic guidance. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, minimal adhesions noted. Appendix appeared phlegmonous, surrounded by minimal inflammatory reaction. No abscess was identified. The appendix was adhered to surrounding structures. We proceed with careful dissection of the appendiceal attachments. We dissect the mesentery of the appendix and use the electrocautery to coagulate the artery. Absorbable ligatures are applied prior to amputation. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Irrigation performed with antibiotic solution. The umbilical fascia is reapproximated with interrupted Vicryl 3-0 sutures. Skin incisions are closed with subcuticular Vicryl 4-0.

Consult infectious disease if antibiotics need adjustment. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-W8LKQ7-11867