PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: Hopital de Verdun Date: 2023-12-31 07:03

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Julia Miller Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Ahmed Khan Assistant(s): Dr. resident Chloe Nguyen

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

ACUTE APPENDICITIS WITH PERITONITIS.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

PERFORATED APPENDICITIS WITH ABSCESS.

Opération / Operation:

LAPAROSCOPIC APPENDECTOMY WITH IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix and inflamed tissue

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia and epidural block

Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

A 2-year-old male who presented with abdominal pain with lethargy. Initially evaluated 1 days prior and diagnosed with mesenteric adenitis. Now has markedly elevated WBC, high CRP, high fever. Imaging: CT scan confirming appendicitis.

Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia and epidural block administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. A small infraumbilical incision is made and the abdominal cavity is entered under direct vision. We place two additional trocars, one in the suprapubic region and one in the left lower quadrant, both under direct vision. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, minimal adhesions noted. Appendix was friable and surrounded by A small localized abscess was found and drained. and No abnormal adhesions found. Blunt dissection is used to free the appendix from surrounding structures. The appendiceal artery is ligated and divided. Endoscopic stapling is used for appendiceal division. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Thorough irrigation of the abdominal cavity is performed, removing all purulent material. All port sites closed with non-absorbable Prolene 4-0.

Monitor for signs of infection; advance diet as tolerated. No unexpected findings. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-LSZT9Z-12401