## PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: Hopital Notre-Dame Date: 2025-04-08 13:54

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Patricia Wong

Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Paul Lambert Assistant(s): Dr. resident John Paul

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

## **RUPTURED APPENDICITIS.**

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

APPENDICITIS WITH MESENTERIC LYMPHADENITIS.

Opération / Operation:

#### OPEN APPENDECTOMY WITH PELVIC LAVAGE.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix and abscess wall

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia with local infiltration

# Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

7-year-old male with 2 days abdominal pain, normal WBC, normal CRP, high fever. Imaging: ultrasound with non-visualized appendix and secondary signs. recent travel.

# Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. Total intravenous anesthesia administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. A small infraumbilical incision is made and the abdominal cavity is entered under direct vision. Supplementary ports are placed in the suprapubic area and left iliac fossa. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, diffuse adhesions noted. Findings include friable appendix with patchy inflammatory changes. No abscess, but turbid fluid present. No abnormal adhesions found. No bowel injury noted. We carefully dissect the inflammatory mass and identify the acutely inflamed appendix. The appendiceal mesentery is carefully taken down with harmonic scalpel. The base of the appendix is healthy and we place three EndoLoops - two proximal and one distal - before transecting the appendix. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Copious irrigation is undertaken to ensure removal of all inflammatory debris. The umbilical fascia is reapproximated with interrupted Ethibond 2-0 sutures. Skin incisions are closed with Dermabond. Minimal intraoperative blood loss.

Repeat CBC and CRP postoperatively. Ovaries and uterus normal in female patients. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-K892ST-10465