PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: St. Mary's Hospital Date: 2023-10-31 18:04

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Claire Dubois

Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Olivia Davis Assistant(s): Dr. resident Jennifer Park

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

APPENDICITIS WITH SEPSIS.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

ACUTE APPENDICITIS.

Opération / Operation:

LAPAROSCOPIC APPENDECTOMY.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia

Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

Pediatric patient (2, male) presenting with acute onset abdominal pain with vomiting. History: no prior abdominal surgery. Imaging confirmed appendicitis.

Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. Total intravenous anesthesia administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. Transverse infraumbilical incision is performed and access gained via blunt dissection. Supplementary ports are placed in the suprapubic area and left iliac fossa. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, diffuse adhesions noted. Operative findings included friable appendix and moderate inflammation. A moderate amount of purulent material was present in the pelvis. Multiple bowel loops adherent to the mass. No mesenteric ischemia. We carefully dissect the inflammatory mass and identify the necrotic appendix. The mesoappendix is dissected and the appendiceal artery is controlled with electrocautery. Absorbable ligatures are applied prior to amputation. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. We irrigate the abdominal cavity copiously with warm saline until the effluent is clear. Fascial closure is performed at the umbilical site using Vicryl 2-0. The skin is closed with non-absorbable Prolene 4-0.

Consult infectious disease if antibiotics need adjustment. No technical difficulties encountered during surgery. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-7HEOH1-13225