# PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: Hopital Pierre-Boucher Date: 2025-07-31 21:24

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Julia Miller Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Samuel Lee Assistant(s): Dr. resident Chloe Nguyen

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

### **RUPTURED APPENDICITIS.**

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

**ACUTE APPENDICITIS.** 

Opération / Operation:

#### OPEN APPENDECTOMY WITH PELVIC LAVAGE.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix with surrounding lymph nodes

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia

#### Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

A 7-year-old non-binary with 2 days history of abdominal pain with lethargy. Failed conservative management for food poisoning. Imaging: ultrasound showing phlegmonous appendicitis. Past medical history is otherwise unremarkable.

## Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia and epidural block administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. We make an infraumbilical incision of 1 cm, dissect the subcutaneous tissue bluntly and penetrate the abdominal cavity via an open technique. Additional 5 mm trocars are placed in the right and left lower quadrants under laparoscopic guidance. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, diffuse adhesions noted. Appendix appeared phlegmonous, surrounded by severe inflammatory reaction. A large pelvic abscess was present and evacuated. Multiple bowel loops adherent to the mass. Minimal intraoperative blood loss. Blunt dissection is used to free the appendix from surrounding structures. Mesenteric vessels to the appendix are secured prior to removal. Endoscopic stapling is used for appendiceal division. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Copious irrigation is undertaken to ensure removal of all inflammatory debris. We close the fascia with PDS 2-0 in a interrupted fashion. Skin is approximated with non-absorbable Prolene 4-0.

Patient will remain on IV antibiotics with gradual diet advancement as per surgery protocol. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-H08MK9-11748