PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: Shriners Hospitals for Children Date: 2025-08-27 07:25

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Michael Brown Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Marie-Claire Dubois

Assistant(s): Dr. resident Ethan Wright

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

APPENDICITIS WITH BOWEL OBSTRUCTION.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

ACUTE APPENDICITIS.

Opération / Operation:

LAPAROSCOPIC APPENDECTOMY WITH DRAINAGE OF ABSCESS.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix and peri-appendiceal tissue

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia with regional block

Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

A 15-year-old non-binary who presented with abdominal pain after trauma. Initially evaluated 3 days prior and diagnosed with mesenteric adenitis. Now has markedly elevated WBC, elevated CRP, no fever. Imaging: ultrasound suggestive of appendicitis. Past medical history is otherwise unremarkable. Recent travel history may be relevant.

Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia and epidural block administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. A vertical infraumbilical incision is made and carried down to the fascia which is incised sharply. Single-incision laparoscopic port is used. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, significant adhesions noted. Appendix was friable and surrounded by A small localized abscess was found and drained. and Minimal adhesions were noted. No evidence of peritoneal carcinomatosis. Surrounding omentum and bowel are separated from the inflammatory mass. The mesoappendix is dissected and the appendiceal artery is controlled with electrocautery. Absorbable ligatures are applied prior to amputation. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Abdominal lavage performed until clear. All port sites closed with non-absorbable Prolene 4-0.

Patient will remain on IV antibiotics with gradual diet advancement as per surgery protocol. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-QZVCH6-11522