## PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: CHU Sainte-Justine Date: 2024-03-07 06:03

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Rachel Stein

Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Daniel Fortin Assistant(s): Dr. resident Lucas Martin

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

## LOCALIZED PERITONITIS SECONDARY TO APPENDICITIS.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

**ACUTE APPENDICITIS.** 

Opération / Operation:

#### LAPAROSCOPIC APPENDECTOMY WITH DRAINAGE OF ABSCESS.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix and inflamed tissue

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General endotracheal anesthesia

## Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

A 4-year-old female who presented with abdominal pain with fever. Initially evaluated 2 days prior and diagnosed with intussusception. Now has markedly elevated WBC, normal CRP, no fever. Imaging: CT scan showing peri-appendiceal fluid. Recent travel history may be relevant.

# Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia with mask induction administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. Direct trocar insertion after skin and fascia incision. Three trocars in total are used for laparoscopic access. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, extensive adhesions noted. The surgical field demonstrated friable appendix with minimal surrounding inflammation. A moderate amount of purulent material was present in the pelvis. Multiple bowel loops adherent to the mass. Patient tolerated procedure well. Blunt dissection is used to free the appendix from surrounding structures. Appendiceal vessels controlled with clips. Base of appendix secured with purse-string suture prior to removal. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. We irrigate the abdominal cavity copiously with warm saline until the effluent is clear. Umbilical port site is closed with Maxon 2-0 and skin with subcuticular Monocryl 4-0.

Patient will remain on IV antibiotics with gradual diet advancement as per surgery protocol. No mesenteric ischemia. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-AGJCPX-12361