PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: Hopital Charles-LeMoyne Date: 2023-12-12 05:53

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. David Smith Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Isabelle Girard Assistant(s): Dr. resident Lucas Martin

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

PHLEGMONOUS APPENDICITIS.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

APPENDICITIS WITH PERITONEAL CONTAMINATION.

Opération / Operation:

APPENDECTOMY WITH INTRA-ABDOMINAL DRAINAGE.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix with attached omentum

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia

Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

9-year-old non-binary with 2 days abdominal pain, normal WBC, elevated CRP, low-grade fever. Imaging: MRI showing bowel wall thickening. no prior abdominal surgery.

Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. Transverse infraumbilical incision is performed and access gained via blunt dissection. Accessory port placed in epigastric region. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, extensive adhesions noted. The appendix was phlegmonous with marked inflammation. No abscess, but turbid fluid present. Minimal adhesions were noted. Bladder and ureters visualized, no injury. We carefully dissect the inflammatory mass and identify the suppurative appendix. The appendiceal artery is ligated and divided. Absorbable ligatures are applied prior to amputation. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Irrigation performed with antibiotic solution. We close the fascia with Maxon 2-0 in a interrupted fashion. Skin is approximated with interrupted nylon 4-0.

Repeat CBC and CRP postoperatively. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-MXQG77-12943