## PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: Ste-Agathe Hospital Date: 2024-02-24 12:27

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Amélie Moreau Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Robert Tremblay Assistant(s): Dr. resident Lucas Martin

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

## PERFORATED APPENDICITIS.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

APPENDICITIS WITH PERITONEAL CONTAMINATION.

Opération / Operation:

#### LAPAROSCOPIC CONVERTED TO OPEN APPENDECTOMY.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix and inflamed tissue

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: Total intravenous anesthesia

# Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

10-year-old male with 1 day abdominal pain. Treated for IBD; symptoms persisted. Imaging: MRI demonstrating RLQ inflammation.

# Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia and epidural block administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. A small infraumbilical incision is made and the abdominal cavity is entered under direct vision. Two working ports are established in the right and left lower quadrants. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, moderate adhesions noted. Appendix appeared hyperemic, surrounded by localized inflammatory reaction. Multiple small abscesses were encountered. Fibrinous adhesions were lysed during the procedure. Small serosal tear repaired intraoperatively. We carefully dissect the inflammatory mass and identify the ruptured appendix. Appendiceal vessels controlled with clips. We secure the appendiceal base with two Endoloops and transect between them. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Irrigation performed with antibiotic solution. We close the fascia with Vicryl 3-0 in a interrupted fashion. Skin is approximated with interrupted silk 4-0.

Consult infectious disease if antibiotics need adjustment. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-0EKLNK-13396