## PROTOCOLE OPERATOIRE / OPERATIVE REPORT

Site: Hopital Maisonneuve-Rosemont Date: 2025-07-17 19:43

Anesthésiste / Anesthetist: Dr. Lisa Garcia Chirurgien / Surgeon: Dr. Olivia Davis Assistant(s): Dr. resident Zoe Tremblay

Diagnostic préopératoire / Pre-operative diagnosis:

## APPENDICITIS WITH FREE FLUID.

Diagnostic postopératoire / Post-operative diagnosis:

PERFORATED APPENDICITIS.

Opération / Operation:

#### APPENDECTOMY WITH REMOVAL OF APPENDICOLITH.

Tissu envoyé en pathologie / Tissue sent to pathology: Appendix and peri-appendiceal tissue

Anesthésie / Anesthesia: General anesthesia with caudal block

# Historique et constatations opératoires / History and operative findings:

A 7-year-old female who presented with abdominal pain with fever. Initially evaluated 1 days prior and diagnosed with intussusception. Now has normal WBC, high CRP, low-grade fever. Imaging: CT scan confirming appendicitis.

# Procédure(s) opératoire(s) / Operative procedure(s):

Patient in supine position. General anesthesia with nitrous oxide administered. Time-out was performed and abdomen prepped in sterile fashion. We create a 1 cm infraumbilical incision and enter the abdomen using the Hasson technique. Supplementary ports are placed in the suprapubic area and left iliac fossa. No iatrogenic injuries occurred during trocar placement. Upon entering the abdominal cavity, moderate adhesions noted. Appendix appeared acutely inflamed, surrounded by moderate inflammatory reaction. There was a contained abscess in the right lower quadrant. No significant adhesions. No mesenteric ischemia. We proceed with careful dissection of the appendiceal attachments. The mesoappendix is divided using a bipolar energy device. Absorbable ligatures are applied prior to amputation. Specimen placed in EndoCatch bag for removal. Thorough irrigation of the abdominal cavity is performed, removing all purulent material. We close the fascia at the umbilical port with figure-of-eight sutures of Ethibond 2-0 and the skin with Dermabond.

Patient will remain on IV antibiotics with gradual diet advancement as per surgery protocol. The patient tolerated the procedure well with minimal blood loss.

Case ID: CASE-4E6F5U-11104