

Title:

Crime Trends Analysis in Lynchburg, VA (2024)

Objective:

Identify crime patterns and high-incident areas to support data-driven decision-making in public safety.

Tools:

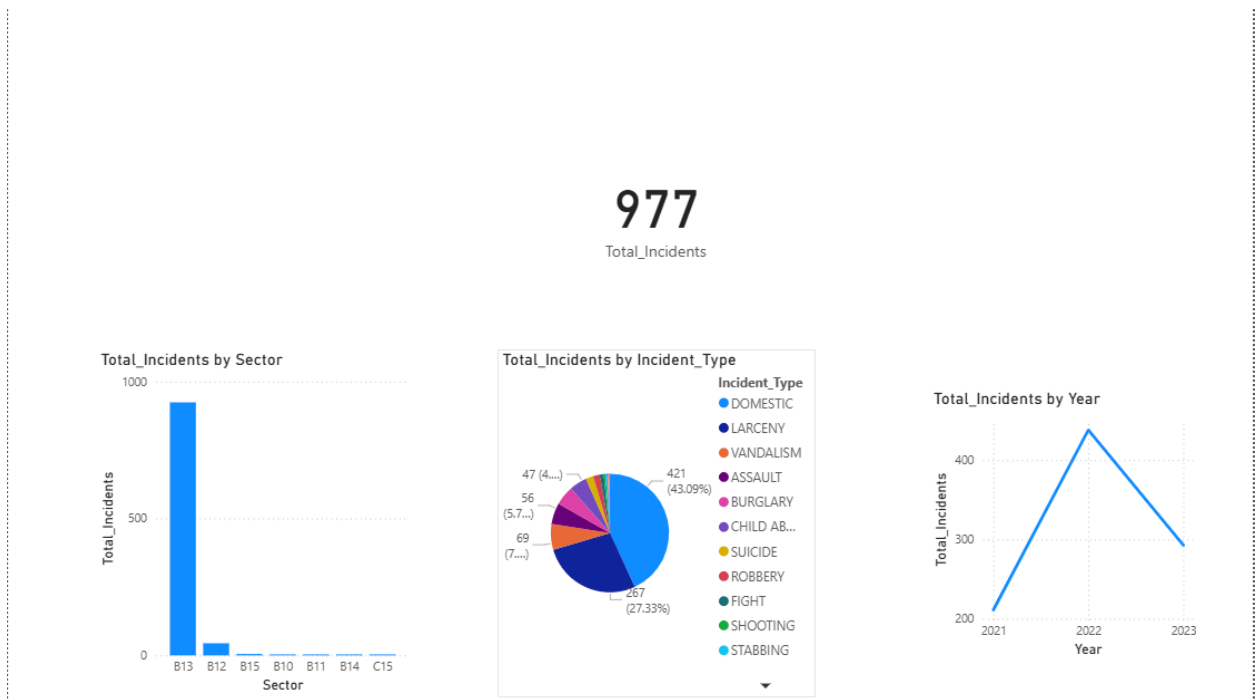
Microsoft SQL Server Management, Power BI, Excel

Process:

- Imported and explored the `[dbo].[public_safety_20240318]` dataset (977 incidents) in SQL Server.
- Cleaned and standardized data (handled NULLs, formatted dates).
- Performed descriptive analysis on offense types, districts, and temporal patterns.

```
1 CREATE DATABASE CrimeAnalysis;
2 GO
3 USE CrimeAnalysis
4 GO
5
6 USE CrimeAnalysis;
7 SELECT COUNT(*) FROM [dbo].[public_safety_20240318];
8
9 SELECT Incident_Type, COUNT(*) AS total_incidents
10 FROM [dbo].[public_safety_20240318]
11 GROUP BY Incident_Type
12 ORDER BY total_incidents DESC;
13
14 SELECT YEAR(Incident_Date_Time) AS Year, COUNT(*) AS total_incidents
15 FROM [dbo].[public_safety_20240318]
16 GROUP BY YEAR(Incident_Date_Time)
17 ORDER BY Year;
18
```

- Created a Power BI dashboard to visualize trends, top offenses, and incident distribution by district.



Key Findings:

- Total of 977 incidents recorded in 2024.
- Top 4 offense types were Domestic, Larceny, Vandalism, and Assault, being the cause for over 80% of total crimes
- Districts with highest incidents identified via stacked bar chart, almost 95% of crimes happening in just one sector
- Incidents peaked in specific months, showing seasonal trends in crime patterns.

Takeaway:

Demonstrated ability to import, clean, analyze, and visualize real-world data using SQL Server and Power BI, producing clear, actionable insights suitable for reporting and decision-making.