Package 'HonestDiD'

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```
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      doParallel (>= 1.0.15),
      matrixStats (\geq 0.63.0),
      CVXR (>= 0.99-6),
      latex2exp (>= 0.4.0),
      lpSolveAPI (>= 5.5.2.0-17),
      Matrix (>= 1.2-17),
      pracma (>= 2.2.5),
      purrr (>= 0.3.4),
      tibble (>= 1.3.4),
      dplyr (>= 0.7.4),
      ggplot2 (>= 2.2.1),
      Rglpk (>= 0.6-4),
      mvtnorm (>= 1.1-3),
      TruncatedNormal (>= 1.0)
Suggests knitr
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Maintainer Ashesh Rambachan <asheshr@g.harvard.edu>
Description
      Provides functions to conduct robust inference in difference-in-differences and event study de-
      signs by implementing the methods developed in Rambachan & Roth (2021). Inference is con-
      ducted under a weaker version of the parallel trends assumption. Uniformly valid confi-
      dence sets are constructed based upon conditional confidence sets, fixed-length confi-
      dence sets and hybridized confidence sets. See Ashesh Rambachan & Jonathan Roth, ``An Hon-
      est Approach to Parallel Trends", 2021 for details on the methods.
```

License GPL-3

Type Package

2 basis Vector

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basisVector

Creates a standard basis vector.

Description

Creates a basis vector of length size with a 1 in the index position.

Usage

```
# Create the third basis vector in R^6
basisVector(index = 1, size = 1)
```

Arguments

index The index at which there should be a one. Default equals one.

size The length of the vector. Default equals one.

Value

Returns a basis vector of length size with a 1 in the index position.

BCdata_EventStudy 3

BCdata_EventStudy Event study estimates from baseline event study specification on profits in Benzarti & Carloni (2019). See discussion in Section 6.1 of Rambachan & Roth (2021).

Description

This list contains the event study estimates from baseline event study specification on profits in Benzarti & Carloni (2019). See discussion in Section 6.1 of Rambachan & Roth (2021).

Format

A list, containing 7 objects:

Vector of estimated event study coefficients.

betalgana Estimated variance-covariance matrix.

timeVec Vector that contains the time periods associated with the event study coefficients.

referencePeriod Reference period that is normalized to zero.

prePeriodIndices Vector containing elements of timeVec that correspond to the pre-periods.

postPeriodIndices Vector containing elements of timeVec that correspond to the post-periods.

```
computeConditionalCS_DeltaRM
```

Computes conditional and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta^RM(Mbar).

Description

Computes the conditional confidence set and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta^RM(Mbar).

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.

sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods.

numPostPeriods

Number of post-periods.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = 1_vec'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

Mbar Tuning parameter Mbar for Delta^RM(Mbar) that governs how different the

maximal pre-period violation of parallel trends may be from the post-period differential trend. Default sets Mbar = 0. See Section 2.3.2 of Rambachan &

Roth (2021) for more details.

alpha Desired level of the confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding to 95%

confidence interval)

hybrid_flag Flag for whether user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. "ARP"

specifies the conditional confidence set "LF" specifies the conditional least-favorable confidence set. The conditional FLCI hybrid confidence set is not available for Delta^RM(Mbar) since the FLCI is infinite length for this choice of Delta. See Section 3.3 and Section 5.3 of Rambachan & Roth (2021) for

details. Default equals "LF".

hybrid_kappa Desired first-stage size of hybridized confidence set. Only specify this value if

the user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. Default equals alpha/10.

If user specifies hybrid_flag = "ARP", set this value to NULL.

returnLength Logical value. If TRUE, function only returns the length of the robust confi-

dence. If FALSE, function returns dataframe that contains a grid of possible parameter values and a vector of zeros and ones associated with each value in the grid (one denotes that the grid value lies in the confidence set and zero denotes that the grid value does not fall within the confidence set.) Default equals

FALSE.

postPeriodMomentsOnly

 $Logical\ value.\ If\ TRUE,\ function\ excludes\ moments\ for\ Delta^{\mbox{\scriptsize RM}}(Mbar)\ that$

only include pre-period coefficients. Default equals TRUE.

gridPoints Number of grid points used in test inversion step. Default equals 1000.

grid.ub Upper bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA and sets grid upper bound to equal the upper bound of the identified set under

parallel trends plus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

grid.lb Lower bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA sets grid lower bound to equal the lower bound of the identified set under parallel trends minus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, 1 vec'betahat.

Value

If returnLength equals TRUE, function returns a scalar that equals the length of the confidence interval. If returnLength equals FALSE, function returns a dataframe with columns

qrid Vector of grid values used to construct the confidence interval by test inversion.

accept Vector of zeros-ones associated with grid values, where one denotes a grid value

that falls within the confidence interval and zero denotes a grid value that falls

outside the confidence interval.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

```
computeConditionalCS_DeltaRMB
```

Computes conditional and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta^RMB(Mbar).

Description

Computes the conditional confidence set and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta $^RMB(Mbar)$. The set Delta $^RMB(Mbar)$ adds an additional sign restriction to Delta $^RM(Mbar)$ that restricts the sign of the bias to be either positive (delta >= 0) or negative (delta <= 0).

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.

sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods.

numPostPeriods

Number of post-periods.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = 1_vec'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

Mbar Tuning parameter Mbar for Delta^RM(Mbar) that governs how different the

maximal pre-period violation of parallel trends may be from the post-period differential trend. Default sets Mbar = 0. See Section 2.3.2 of Rambachan &

Roth (2021) for more details.

alpha Desired level of the confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding to 95%

confidence interval)

hybrid_flag Flag for whether user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. "ARP"

specifies the conditional confidence set "LF" specifies the conditional least-favorable confidence set. The conditional FLCI hybrid confidence set is not available for Delta^RMB(Mbar) since the FLCI is infinite length for this choice of Delta. See Section 3.3 and Section 5.3 of Rambachan & Roth (2021) for

details. Default equals "LF".

hybrid_kappa Desired first-stage size of hybridized confidence set. Only specify this value if

the user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. Default equals alpha/10.

If user specifies hybrid_flag = "ARP", set this value to NULL.

returnLength Logical value. If TRUE, function only returns the length of the robust confidence. If FALSE, function returns dataframe that contains a grid of possible parameter values and a vector of zeros and ones associated with each value in the grid (one denotes that the grid value lies in the confidence set and zero denotes that the grid value does not fall within the confidence set.) Default equals FALSE.

biasDirection

Specifies direction of bias restriction. If "positive", bias is restricted to be positive, delta >= 0. If "negative", bias is restricted to be negative, delta <= 0. Default equals "positive".

postPeriodMomentsOnly

Logical value. If TRUE, function excludes moments for Delta^RMB(Mbar) that only include pre-period coefficients. Default equals TRUE.

gridPoints Number of grid points used in test inversion step. Default equals 1000.

grid.ub Upper bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA and sets grid upper bound to equal the upper bound of the identified set under parallel trends plus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec' betahat.

grid.lb Lower bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA sets grid lower bound to equal the lower bound of the identified set under parallel trends minus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

Value

If returnLength equals TRUE, function returns a scalar that equals the length of the confidence interval. If returnLength equals FALSE, function returns a dataframe with columns

grid Vector of grid values used to construct the confidence interval by test inversion.

accept Vector of zeros-ones associated with grid values, where one denotes a grid value

that falls within the confidence interval and zero denotes a grid value that falls

outside the confidence interval.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

computeConditionalCS_DeltaRMM

Computes conditional and hybridized confidence set for $Delta = Delta \land RMM(Mbar)$.

Description

Computes the conditional confidence set and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta^RMM(Mbar). The set Delta^RMM(Mbar) adds an additional shape restriction to Delta^RM(Mbar) that restricts the underlying trend to be monotone. It may either be increasing (delta_t >= delta_t-1) or decreasing (delta_t <= delta_t-1).

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.
sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods.

numPostPeriods

Number of post-periods.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = 1_vec'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

Mbar Tuning parameter Mbar for Delta^RM(Mbar) that governs how different the

maximal pre-period violation of parallel trends may be from the post-period differential trend. Default sets Mbar = 0. See Section 2.3.2 of Rambachan &

Roth (2021) for more details.

alpha Desired level of the confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding to 95%

confidence interval)

hybrid_flag Flag for whether user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. "ARP"

specifies the conditional confidence set "LF" specifies the conditional least-favorable confidence set. The conditional FLCI hybrid confidence set is not available for Delta^RM(Mbar) since the FLCI is infinite length for this choice of Delta. See Section 3.3 and Section 5.3 of Rambachan & Roth (2021) for

details. Default equals "LF".

hybrid_kappa Desired first-stage size of hybridized confidence set. Only specify this value if

the user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. Default equals alpha/10.

If user specifies hybrid_flag = "ARP", set this value to NULL.

returnLength Logical value. If TRUE, function only returns the length of the robust confi-

dence. If FALSE, function returns dataframe that contains a grid of possible parameter values and a vector of zeros and ones associated with each value in the grid (one denotes that the grid value lies in the confidence set and zero denotes that the grid value does not fall within the confidence set.) Default equals

FALSE.

postPeriodMomentsOnly

Logical value. If TRUE, function excludes moments for Delta^RM(Mbar) that only include pre-period coefficients. Default equals TRUE.

monotonicityDirection

Specifies direction of monotonicity restriction. If "increasing", underlying trend specified to be increasing, delta_t >= delta_t-1. If "decreasing", underlying trend specified to be decreasing delta_t <= delta_t-1. Default equals "increasing."

gridPoints Number of grid points used in test inversion step. Default equals 1000.

Upper bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA and sets grid upper bound to equal the upper bound of the identified set under

parallel trends plus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

grid.lb Lower bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA sets grid lower bound to equal the lower bound of the identified set under parallel

trends minus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

Value

If returnLength equals TRUE, function returns a scalar that equals the length of the confidence interval. If returnLength equals FALSE, function returns a dataframe with columns

grid Vector of grid values used to construct the confidence interval by test inversion.

accept Vector of zeros-ones associated with grid values, where one denotes a grid value

that falls within the confidence interval and zero denotes a grid value that falls

outside the confidence interval.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

```
computeConditionalCS_DeltaSD
```

Computes conditional and hybridized confidence set for $Delta = Delta \land SD(M)$.

Description

Computes the conditional confidence set and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta^SD(M).

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.
sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods.

numPostPeriods

Number of post-periods.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = 1_vec'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

M Tuning parameter for Delta^SD(M) that governs the degree of non-linearity al-

lowed in the violation of parallel trends. Default equals 0

alpha Desired size of the confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding to 95%

confidence interval)

hybrid_flag Flag for whether user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. "ARP"

specifies the conditional confidence set, "FLCI" specifies the conditional FLCI confidence set and "LF" specifies the conditional least-favorable confidence set.

Default equals "FLCI".

hybrid_kappa Desired first-stage size of hybridized confidence set. Only specify this value if

the user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. Default equals alpha/10.

If user specifies hybrid_flag = "ARP", set this value to NULL.

returnLength Logical value. If TRUE, function only returns the length of the robust confi-

dence. If FALSE, function returns dataframe that contains a grid of possible parameter values and a vector of zeros and ones associated with each value in the grid (one denotes that the grid value lies in the confidence set and zero denotes that the grid value does not fall within the confidence set. Default equals

FALSE.)

postPeriodMomentsOnly

Logical value. If TRUE, function excludes moments for Delta^SD(M) that only

include pre-period coefficients. Default equals TRUE.

gridPoints Number of grid points used in test inversion step. Default equals 1000.

grid.ub Upper bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA and sets grid upper bound to equal the upper bound of the identified set under parallel trends plus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec' betahat.

grid.lb Lower bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA sets grid lower bound to equal the lower bound of the identified set under parallel

trends minus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

Value

If returnLength equals TRUE, function returns a scalar that equals the length of the confidence interval. If returnLength equals FALSE, function returns a dataframe with columns

grid Vector of grid values used to construct the confidence interval by test inversion.

accept Vector of zeros-ones associated with grid values, where one denotes a grid value

that falls within the confidence interval and zero denotes a grid value that falls

outside the confidence interval.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

computeConditionalCS_DeltaSDB

Computes conditional and hybridized confidence set for $Delta = Delta \land SDB(M)$.

Description

Computes the conditional confidence set and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta $^SDB(M)$. The set Delta $^SDB(M)$ adds an additional sign restriction to Delta $^SD(M)$ that restricts the sign of the bias to be either positive (delta >= 0) or negative (delta <= 0).

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.
sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods.

numPostPeriods

Number of post-periods.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = l_{vec} 'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

M Tuning parameter for Delta^SD(M) that governs the degree of non-linearity al-

lowed in the violation of parallel trends. Default equals 0

alpha Desired size of the confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding to 95%

confidence interval)

hybrid_flag Flag for whether user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. "ARP"

specifies the conditional confidence set, "FLCI" specifies the conditional FLCI confidence set and "LF" specifies the conditional least-favorable confidence set.

Default equals "FLCI".

hybrid_kappa Desired first-stage size of hybridized confidence set. Only specify this value if

the user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. Default equals alpha/10.

If user specifies hybrid_flag = "ARP", set this value to NULL.

returnLength Logical value. If TRUE, function only returns the length of the robust confi-

dence. If FALSE, function returns dataframe that contains a grid of possible parameter values and a vector of zeros and ones associated with each value in the grid (one denotes that the grid value lies in the confidence set and zero denotes that the grid value does not fall within the confidence set.) Default equals

FALSE.

biasDirection

Specifies direction of bias restriction. If "positive", bias is restricted to be positive, delta >= 0. If "negative", bias is restricted to be negative, delta <= 0. Default equals "positive".

postPeriodMomentsOnly

Logical value. If TRUE, function excludes moments for Delta^SD(M) that only include pre-period coefficients. Default equals TRUE.

gridPoints Number of grid points used in test inversion step. Default equals 1000.

grid.ub Upper bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA and sets grid upper bound to equal the upper bound of the identified set under parallel trends plus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec' betahat.

grid.lb Lower bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA sets grid lower bound to equal the lower bound of the identified set under parallel trends minus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

Value

If returnLength equals TRUE, function returns a scalar that equals the length of the confidence interval. If returnLength equals FALSE, function returns a dataframe with columns

grid Vector of grid values used to construct the confidence interval by test inversion.

accept Vector of zeros-ones associated with grid values, where one denotes a grid value

that falls within the confidence interval and zero denotes a grid value that falls

outside the confidence interval.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

 ${\tt computeConditionalCS_DeltaSDM}$

Computes conditional and hybridized confidence set for $Delta = Delta \land SDM(M)$.

Description

Computes the conditional confidence set and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta^SDM(M). The set Delta^SDB(M) adds an additional shape restriction to Delta^SD(M) that restricts the underlying trend to be monotone. It may either be increasing (delta_t >= delta_t-1) or decreasing (delta_t <= delta_t-1).

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.

sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods.

numPostPeriods

Number of post-periods.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = 1_vec'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

M Tuning parameter for Delta^SD(M) that governs the degree of non-linearity al-

lowed in the violation of parallel trends. Default equals 0

alpha Desired size of the confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding to 95%

confidence interval)

hybrid_flag Flag for whether user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. "ARP"

specifies the conditional confidence set, "FLCI" specifies the conditional FLCI confidence set and "LF" specifies the conditional least-favorable confidence set.

Default equals "FLCI".

hybrid_kappa Desired first-stage size of hybridized confidence set. Only specify this value if the user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. Default equals alpha/10.

If user specifies hybrid_flag = "ARP", set this value to NULL.

returnLength Logical value. If TRUE, function only returns the length of the robust confi-

dence. If FALSE, function returns dataframe that contains a grid of possible parameter values and a vector of zeros and ones associated with each value in the grid (one denotes that the grid value lies in the confidence set and zero denotes that the grid value does not fall within the confidence set.) Default equals

FALSE.

monotonicityDirection

Specifies direction of monotonicity restriction. If "increasing", underlying trend specified to be increasing, delta_t >= delta_t-1. If "decreasing", underlying trend specified to be decreasing delta_t <= delta_t-1. Default equals "increasing."

postPeriodMomentsOnly

Logical value. If TRUE, function excludes moments for Delta^SD(M) that only include pre-period coefficients. Default equals TRUE.

gridPoints Number of grid points used in test inversion step. Default equals 1000.

grid.ub Upper bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA and sets grid upper bound to equal the upper bound of the identified set under parallel trends plus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

grid.lb

Lower bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA sets grid lower bound to equal the lower bound of the identified set under parallel trends minus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

Value

If returnLength equals TRUE, function returns a scalar that equals the length of the confidence interval. If returnLength equals FALSE, function returns a dataframe with columns

grid Vector of grid values used to construct the confidence interval by test inversion.

accept Vector of zeros-ones associated with grid values, where one denotes a grid value

that falls within the confidence interval and zero denotes a grid value that falls

outside the confidence interval.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

```
computeConditionalCS_DeltaSDRM
```

Computes conditional and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta^SDRM(Mbar).

Description

Computes the conditional confidence set and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta^SDRM(Mbar).

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.

sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods. For this function, numPrePeriods must be greater than one. See details for further explanation.

numPostPeriods

Number of post-periods.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = 1_vec'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

Mbar Tuning parameter Mbar for Delta^SDRM(Mbar) that governs how different the

maximal pre-period deviation from a linear trend may be from the maximal deviation from a linear trend in the post-treatment period the post-treatment period. Default sets Mbar = 0. See Section 2.3.2 of Rambachan & Roth (2021) for more

letails.

alpha Desired level of the confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding to 95%

confidence interval)

hybrid_flag Flag for whether user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. "ARP"

specifies the conditional confidence set "LF" specifies the conditional least-favorable confidence set. The conditional FLCI hybrid confidence set is not available for Delta^SDRM(Mbar) since the FLCI is infinite length for this choice of Delta. See Section 3.3 and Section 5.3 of Rambachan & Roth (2021) for de-

tails. Default equals "LF".

hybrid_kappa Desired first-stage size of hybridized confidence set. Only specify this value if the user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. Default equals alpha/10.

If user specifies hybrid_flag = "ARP", set this value to NULL.

returnLength Logical value. If TRUE, function only returns the length of the robust confi-

dence. If FALSE, function returns dataframe that contains a grid of possible parameter values and a vector of zeros and ones associated with each value in the grid (one denotes that the grid value lies in the confidence set and zero denotes that the grid value does not fall within the confidence set.) Default equals

FALSE.

postPeriodMomentsOnly

 $Logical\ value.\ If\ {\tt TRUE},\ function\ excludes\ moments\ for\ Delta \'SDRM (Mbar)$

that only include pre-period coefficients. Default equals TRUE.

gridPoints Number of grid points used in test inversion step. Default equals 1000.

grid.ub Upper bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if

she wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA and sets grid upper bound to equal the upper bound of the identified set under parallel trends plus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

grid.lb Lower bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she

wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA sets grid lower bound to equal the lower bound of the identified set under parallel

trends minus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

Details

For the choice Delta^SDRM, numPrePeriods must be greater than one. As discussed in Section 2.3.2 of Rambachan & Roth (2021), Delta^SDRM uses observed non-linearities in the pre-treatment difference in trends to bound the possible non-linearities in the post-treatment difference in trends. This is only possible if there are multiple pre-treatment periods (i.e., numPrePeriods > 1).

Value

If returnLength equals TRUE, function returns a scalar that equals the length of the confidence interval. If returnLength equals FALSE, function returns a dataframe with columns

grid Vector of grid values used to construct the confidence interval by test inversion.

Vector of zeros-ones associated with grid values, where one denotes a grid value that falls within the confidence interval and zero denotes a grid value that falls

outside the confidence interval.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

computeConditionalCS_DeltaSDRMB

Computes conditional and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta^SDRMB(Mbar).

Description

Computes the conditional confidence set and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta $^SDRMB(Mbar)$. The set Delta $^SDRMB(Mbar)$ adds an additional sign restriction to Delta $^SDRM(Mbar)$ that restricts the sign of the bias to be either positive (delta >= 0) or negative (delta <= 0).

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.

sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods. For this function, numPrePeriods must be greater than one. See details for further explanation.

numPostPeriods

Number of post-periods.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = l_{vec} 'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

Mbar Tuning parameter Mbar for Delta^SDRM(Mbar) that governs how different the

maximal pre-period deviation from a linear trend may be from the maximal deviation from a linear trend in the post-treatment period the post-treatment period. Default sets Mbar = 0. See Section 2.3.2 of Rambachan & Roth (2021) for more

details.

alpha Desired level of the confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding to 95%

confidence interval)

hybrid_flag Flag for whether user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. "ARP"

specifies the conditional confidence set "LF" specifies the conditional least-favorable confidence set. The conditional FLCI hybrid confidence set is not available for Delta^SDRMB(Mbar) since the FLCI is infinite length for this choice of Delta. See Section 3.3 and Section 5.3 of Rambachan & Roth (2021)

for details. Default equals "LF".

hybrid_kappa Desired first-stage size of hybridized confidence set. Only specify this value if the user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. Default equals alpha/10. If user specifies hybrid_flag = "ARP", set this value to NULL.

returnLength Logical value. If TRUE, function only returns the length of the robust confidence. If FALSE, function returns dataframe that contains a grid of possible parameter values and a vector of zeros and ones associated with each value in the grid (one denotes that the grid value lies in the confidence set and zero denotes that the grid value does not fall within the confidence set.) Default equals FALSE.

biasDirection

Specifies direction of bias restriction. If "positive", bias is restricted to be positive, delta >= 0. If "negative", bias is restricted to be negative, delta <= 0. Default equals "positive".

postPeriodMomentsOnly

Logical value. If TRUE, function excludes moments for Delta^SDRMB(Mbar) that only include pre-period coefficients. Default equals TRUE.

gridPoints Number of grid points used in test inversion step. Default equals 1000.

Upper bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA and sets grid upper bound to equal the upper bound of the identified set under

and sets grid upper bound to equal the upper bound of the identified set unde parallel trends plus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

Lower bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA sets grid lower bound to equal the lower bound of the identified set under parallel trends minus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

Details

The choice Delta^SDRMB adds an additional sign restriction to Delta^SDRM(Mbar) that restricts the sign of the bias to be either positive (delta >= 0) or negative (delta <= 0). For this choice Delta^SDRMB, numPrePeriods must be greater than one. As discussed in Section 2.3.2 of Rambachan & Roth (2021), Delta^SDRM uses observed non-linearities in the pre-treatment difference in trends to bound the possible non-linearities in the post-treatment difference in trends. This is only possible if there are multiple pre-treatment periods (i.e., numPrePeriods > 1).

Value

If returnLength equals TRUE, function returns a scalar that equals the length of the confidence interval. If returnLength equals FALSE, function returns a dataframe with columns

Vector of grid values used to construct the confidence interval by test inversion.

Vector of zeros-ones associated with grid values, where one denotes a grid value that falls within the confidence interval and zero denotes a grid value that falls

outside the confidence interval.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

```
computeConditionalCS_DeltaSDRMM
```

Computes conditional and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta^SDRMM(Mbar).

Description

Computes the conditional confidence set and hybridized confidence set for Delta = Delta $^SDRMM(Mbar)$. The set Delta $^SDRMM(Mbar)$ adds an additional shape restriction to Delta $^SDRM(Mbar)$ that restricts the underlying trend to be monotone. It may either be increasing (delta_t >= delta_t-1) or decreasing (delta_t <= delta_t-1).

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.
sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods. For this function, numPrePeriods must be greater than one. See details for further explanation.

numPostPeriods

Number of post-periods.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = l_{vec} 'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

Mbar Tuning parameter Mbar for Delta^SDRM(Mbar) that governs how different the

maximal pre-period deviation from a linear trend may be from the maximal deviation from a linear trend in the post-treatment period the post-treatment period. Default sets Mbar = 0. See Section 2.3.2 of Rambachan & Roth (2021) for more

details.

alpha Desired level of the confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding to 95%

confidence interval)

hybrid_flag Flag for whether user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. "ARP"

specifies the conditional confidence set "LF" specifies the conditional least-favorable confidence set. The conditional FLCI hybrid confidence set is not available for Delta^SDRM(Mbar) since the FLCI is infinite length for this choice of Delta. See Section 3.3 and Section 5.3 of Rambachan & Roth (2021) for de-

tails. Default equals "LF".

hybrid_kappa Desired first-stage size of hybridized confidence set. Only specify this value if

the user wishes to compute a hybridized confidence set. Default equals alpha/10.

If user specifies hybrid_flag = "ARP", set this value to NULL.

returnLength Logical value. If TRUE, function only returns the length of the robust confidence. If FALSE, function returns dataframe that contains a grid of possible parameter values and a vector of zeros and ones associated with each value in the grid (one denotes that the grid value lies in the confidence set and zero denotes that the grid value does not fall within the confidence set.) Default equals FALSE.

postPeriodMomentsOnly

Logical value. If TRUE, function excludes moments for Delta^SDRM(Mbar) that only include pre-period coefficients. Default equals TRUE.

monotonicityDirection

Specifies direction of monotonicity restriction. If "increasing", underlying trend specified to be increasing, delta_t >= delta_t-1. If "decreasing", underlying trend specified to be decreasing delta_t <= delta_t-1. Default equals "increasing."

gridPoints Number of grid points used in test inversion step. Default equals 1000.

Upper bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA and sets grid upper bound to equal the upper bound of the identified set under

parallel trends plus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

Lower bound of grid for test inversion. The user should only specify this if she wishes to manually specify the upper bound of the grid. Default equals NA sets

grid lower bound to equal the lower bound of the identified set under parallel trends minus 20*standard deviation of the point estimate, l_vec'betahat.

Details

The choice Delta^SDRMM adds an additional shape restriction to Delta^SDRM(Mbar) that restricts the underlying trend to be monotone. For this choice Delta^SDRMM, numPrePeriods must be greater than one. As discussed in Section 2.3.2 of Rambachan & Roth (2021), Delta^SDRM uses observed non-linearities in the pre-treatment difference in trends to bound the possible non-linearities in the post-treatment difference in trends. This is only possible if there are multiple pre-treatment periods (i.e., numPrePeriods > 1).

Value

If returnLength equals TRUE, function returns a scalar that equals the length of the confidence interval. If returnLength equals FALSE, function returns a dataframe with columns

grid Vector of grid values used to construct the confidence interval by test inversion.

accept Vector of zeros-ones associated with grid values, where one denotes a grid value

that falls within the confidence interval and zero denotes a grid value that falls

outside the confidence interval.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

constructOriginalCS 19

```
constructOriginalCS
```

Constructs original confidence interval for parameter of interest, theta = l_{vec} 'tau.

Description

Constructs original confidence interval for parameter of interest, theta = l_vec tau using the user-specified estimated event study coefficients and variance-covariance matrix.

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.

sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods.

numPostPeriods

Number of post-periods.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = 1_vec'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

alpha Desired size of the robust confidence sets. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding

to 95% confidence interval)

createEventStudyPlot

Constructs event study plot

Description

Constructs event study plot using the estimated event study coefficients and standard errors.

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Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.

stdErrors Vector of standard errors associated with the estimated event study coefficients.

Default equals NULL. Either stdErrors or sigma must be specified by the user. If stdErrors is not specified but sigma is, the stdErrors are set to equal the square

root of the diagonal elements of sigma.

sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients. Default equals NULL. Either

stdErrors or sigma must be specified by the user.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods.

numPostPeriods

Number of post-periods.

alpha Desired size of confidence intervals. Default = 0.05.

timeVec Vector that contains the time periods associated with the event study coefficients.

This vector should not include the reference period that is normalized to zero.

referencePeriod

Scalar that contains the time period associated with the reference period.

useRelativeEventTime

Logical that specifies whether user would like the plot to be in relative event time (normalizes the reference period to be zero). Default equals FALSE.

Value

Returns ggplot object of the event study plot.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

```
createSensitivityPlot
```

Constructs sensitivity plot for $Delta = Delta^SD(M)$, $Delta^SDB(M)$ and $Delta^SDM(M)$

Description

This function constructs sensitivity plots that examine how the robust confidence sets change as the parameter M varies for Delta = Delta^SD(M), Delta^SDB(M) and Delta^SDM(M). Similar plots are constructed in Section 6 of Rambachan & Roth (2021).

Arguments

robustResults

Dataframe that contains the upper/lower bounds of robust confidence sets for each choice of M. Contains columns: method – Method of constructing robust confidence set (e.g., "FLCI"), lb – Lower bound of robust confidence set, ub – Upper bound of robust confidence set, M – M values associated with each robust confidence set.

originalResults

Dataframe that contains the original confidence set for the parameter of interest. Contains columns: method – Method of constructing confidence set (e.g., "Original"), lb – Lower bound of confidence set, ub – Upper bound of confidence set.

rescaleFactor

Scalar that is used to rescale the user specified choices of M and the upper/lower bounds of the confidence sets. Default equals one.

maxM Scalar that specifies the maximum M value to plot in the sensitivity plot. Default

equals infinity (no truncation).

add_xAxis Logical specifying whether to plot the x-axis in the sensitivity plot. Default

equals TRUE.

Value

Returns ggplot object of the sensitivity plot.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

```
createSensitivityPlot_relativeMagnitudes
```

Constructs sensitivity plot for Delta = Delta^RM(Mbar), Delta^SDRM(Mbar) and their variants that incorporate additional shape or sign restrictions.

Description

This function constructs sensitivity plots that examine how the robust confidence sets change as the parameter Mbar varies for Delta = Delta^RM(Mbar), Delta^SDRM(Mbar) and their variants that incorporate additional shape or sign restrictions. Similar plots are constructed in Section 6 of Rambachan & Roth (2021).

Arguments

robustResults

Dataframe that contains the upper/lower bounds of robust confidence sets for each choice of Mbar. Contains columns: method – Method of constructing robust confidence set, lb – Lower bound of robust confidence set, ub – Upper bound of robust confidence set, Mbar – M values associated with each robust confidence set

originalResults

Dataframe that contains the original confidence set for the parameter of interest. Contains columns: method – Method of constructing confidence set (e.g., "Original"), lb – Lower bound of confidence set, ub – Upper bound of confidence set.

rescaleFactor

Scalar that is used to rescale the user specified choices of M and the upper/lower bounds of the confidence sets. Default equals one.

maxMbar Scalar that specifies the maximum Mbar value to plot in the sensitivity plot.

Default equals infinity (no truncation).

 $\verb|add_xAxis| \qquad Logical specifying whether to plot the x-axis in the sensitivity plot. Default$

equals TRUE.

Value

Returns ggplot object of the sensitivity plot.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2019.

```
createSensitivityResults
```

Constructs robust confidence intervals for $Delta = Delta^SD(M)$, $Delta^SDB(M)$ and $Delta^SDM(M)$ for vector of possible M values.

Description

Constructs robust confidence intervals for a choice $Delta = Delta^SD(M)$, $Delta^SDB(M)$ and $Delta^SDM(M)$ for vector of possible M values. By default, the function constructs robust confidence intervals for $Delta^SD(M)$.

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.

sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods.

numPostPeriods

Number of post-periods.

method String that specifies the choice of method for constructing robust confidence in-

tervals. This must be one of "FLCI", "Conditional", "C-F" (conditional FLCI hybrid), or "C-LF" (conditional least-favorable hybrid). Default equals NULL and the function automatically sets method based on the recommendations in Rambachan & Roth (2021) depending on the choice of Delta. If Delta = DeltaSD, default selects the FLCI. If Delta = DeltaSDB or DeltaSDM, default delects the

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conditional FLCI hybrid.

Mvec Vector of M values for which the user wishes to construct robust confidence

intervals. If NULL, the function constructs a grid of length 10 that starts at M = 0 and ends at M equal to the upper bound constructed from the pre-periods using the function DeltaSD_upperBound_Mpre if number of pre-periods > 1 or the standard deviation of the first pre-period coefficient if number of pre-periods

= 1. Default equals null.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = l_{vec} 'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

biasDirection

This must be specified if the user wishes to add an additional bias restriction to Delta $^{SD}(M)$. If "positive", bias is restricted to be positive, delta >= 0. If "negative", bias is restricted to be negative, delta <= 0. Default equals NULL.

monotonicityDirection

This must be specified if the user wishes to add an additional monotonicity restriction to Delta^SD(M). If "increasing", underlying trend specified to be increasing, delta_t >= delta_t-1. If "decreasing", underlying trend specified to be

decreasing delta t <= delta t-1. Default equals NULL

alpha Desired size of the robust confidence sets. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding

to 95% confidence interval)

parallel Logical to indicate whether the user would like to construct the robust confi-

dence intervals in parallel. This uses the Foreach package and doParallel pack-

age. Default equals FALSE.

Value

Returns a dataframe with columns

Lower bound of robust confidence sets.

Upper bound of robust confidence sets.

method Method for constructing robust confidence sets

Delta The set Delta that was specified.

M Values of M associated with each robust confidence set.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

```
createSensitivityResults_relativeMagnitudes
```

Constructs robust confidence intervals for Delta = Delta^RM(Mbar), Delta^SDRM(Mbar) and their variants that incorporate shape or sign restrictions for a vector of possible Mbar values.

Description

Constructs robust confidence intervals for Delta = Delta^RM(Mbar), Delta^SDRM(Mbar) and their variants that incorporate shape or sign restrictions for a vector of possible Mbar values. By default, the function constructs sensitivity results for Delta^RM(Mbar) and its variants. The confidence sets are constructed through test inversion.

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.
sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods. If user selects bound = "deviation from linear trends" (Delta^SDRM as base choice of Delta), then numPrePeriods must be greater than one. See details for further explanation.

numPostPeriods

Number of post-periods.

bound

String that specifies the base choice of Delta (to which additional sign and shape restrictions will be incorporated if specified by the user). This must be either "deviation from parallel trends" or "deviation from linear trend". If bound equals "deviation from parallel trends", then the function will select Delta^RM(Mbar) as the base choice of Delta. If bound equals "deviation from linear trends", then the function will select Delta^SDRM as the base choice of Delta. By default, this is set to "deviation from parallel trends". See Section 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 of Rambachan & Roth (2021) for a discussion of these choices of Delta.

method String that specifies the choice of method for constructing robust confidence intervals. This must be either "Conditional", or "C-LF" (conditional least-favorable hybrid). Default equals "C-LF" and the function automatically sets method to

be "C-LF" based on the recommendations in Rambachan & Roth (2021).

Mbarvec Vector of Mbar values for which the user wishes to construct robust confidence

intervals. If NULL, the function constructs a grid of length 10 that starts at Mbar

= 0 and ends at Mbar = 2. Default equals null.

1_vec Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest,

theta = l_{vec} 'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

biasDirection

This must be specified if the user wishes to add an additional bias restriction to base choice of Delta. If "positive", bias is restricted to be positive, delta >= 0. If "negative", bias is restricted to be negative, delta <= 0. Default equals NULL.

monotonicityDirection

This must be specified if the user wishes to add an additional monotonicity restriction to base choice of Delta. If "increasing", underlying trend specified to be increasing, delta_t >= delta_t-1. If "decreasing", underlying trend specified

to be decreasing delta_t <= delta_t-1. Default equals NULL.

alpha Desired size of the robust confidence sets. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding

to 95% confidence interval)

parallel Logical to indicate whether the user would like to construct the robust confi-

dence intervals in parallel. This uses the Foreach package and doParallel pack-

age. Default equals FALSE.

gridPoints Number of grid points used for the underlying test inversion. Default equals

1000. User may wish to change the number of grid points for computational

reasons.

grid.ub Upper bound of grid used for underlying test inversion. Default sets grid.ub to

be equal to twenty times the standard deviation of the estimated target parameter, l_vec * betahat. User may wish to change the upper bound of the grid to suit

their application.

grid.lb Lower bound of grid used for underlying test inversion. Default sets grid.lb to

be equal to negative twenty times the standard deviation of the estimated target parameter, l_vec * betahat. User may wish to change the lower bound of the

grid to suit their application.

Details

Note: If the user specifies bound = "deviation from linear trends", then numPrePeriods must be greater than one. By specifying bound = "deviation from linear trends", then the function selects Delta^SDRM as the base choice of Delta. As discussed in Section 2.3.2 of Rambachan & Roth (2021), Delta^SDRM uses observed non-linearities in the pre-treatment difference in trends to bound the possible non-linearities in the post-treatment difference in trends. This is only possible if there are multiple pre-treatment periods (i.e., numPrePeriods > 1).

Value

Returns a dataframe with columns

1b Lower bound of robust confidence sets.

ub Upper bound of robust confidence sets.

method Method for constructing robust confidence sets

Delta The set Delta that was specified.

M Values of M associated with each robust confidence set.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

```
DeltaSD_lowerBound_Mpre
```

Construct lower bound for M for $Delta = Delta^SD(M)$ based on observed pre-period coefficients.

Description

Constructs a lower bound for M using the observed pre-period coefficients. It constructs a one-sided confidence interval for the maximal second difference of the observed pre-period using the conditional test developed in Andrews, Roth & Pakes (2019). The number of pre-periods (not including the reference period) must be larger than or equal to two.

Usage

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.

sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods. Must be larger than or equal to two.

alpha Desired size of the one-sided confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding

to 95% confidence interval)

grid.ub Upper bound of grid of values of M that is used to construct the confidence

interval by test inversion. Default equals NA and the upper bound of the grid is set equal to three times the maximum standard error of the observed pre-period

event-study coefficients.

gridPoints Number of points to include in the grid that is used to construct the confidence

interval by test inversion. Default equals 1000 points.

Value

Returns a scalar that equals the lower bound of a one-sided confidence interval for the maximal second difference of the observed pre-period coefficients.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Andrews, Isaiah, Jonathan Roth and Ariel Pakes. "Inference for Linear Conditional Moment Inequalities." 2019. Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

DeltaSD_upperBound_Mpre

Construct upper bound for M for $Delta = Delta^SD(M)$ based on observed pre-period coefficients.

Description

Constructs an upper bound for M using the observed pre-period event study coefficients. This is constructed using (1-alpha) level one-sided upper confidence intervala for the second differences of the observed pre-period event study coefficients. The number of pre-periods (not including the reference period) must be larger than or equal to two.

Usage

DeltaSD_upperBound_Mpre(betahat, sigma, numPrePeriods, alpha = 0.05)

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients.
sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods. Must be larger than or equal to two.

alpha Desired size of the one-sided confidence set. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding

to 95% confidence interval)

Details

This function returns the maximum of the upper bounds of one-sided upper confidence intervals for the observed second differences of the pre-period event study coefficients.

Value

Returns a scalar that equals the maximum of the upper bounds of one-sided upper confidence intervals for the observed second differences of the pre-period event study coefficients.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

28 findOptimalFLCI

findOptimalFLCI	Constructs optimal fixed length confidence interval for $Delta = Delta \land SD(M)$.
-----------------	---

Description

Computes the optimal FLCI for the scalar parameter of interest under Delta = Delta^SD(M).

Usage

```
findOptimalFLCI(betahat, sigma, M = 0,
                numPrePeriods, numPostPeriods,
                l_vec = .basisVector(index = 1, size = numPostPeriods),
                numPoints = 100, alpha = 0.05)
```

Arguments

betahat Vector of estimated event study coefficients. sigma Covariance matrix of event study coefficients.

numPrePeriods

Number of pre-periods.

numPostPeriods

Number of post-periods.

Vector of length numPostPeriods that describes the scalar parameter of interest, l_vec

theta = l_{vec} 'tau. Default equals to first basis vector, (1, 0, ..., 0)

Tuning parameter for Delta^SD(M) that governs the degree of non-linearity al-Μ

lowed in the violation of parallel trends. Default equals 0

Number of possible values when optimizing the FLCI. Default equals 100. numPoints alpha

Desired size of the FLCI. Default equals 0.05 (corresponding to 95% confidence

interval)

Value

Returns a list containing items

FLCI Vector containing lower and upper bounds of optimal FLCI.

Vector of length numPrePeriods + numPostPeriods that contains the vector of optimalVec

coefficients associated with the optimal FLCI.

optimalPrePeriodVec

Vector of length numPrePeriods that contains the vector of coefficients for the optimal FLCI that are associated with the pre-period event study coefficients.

optimalHalfLength

A scalar that equals the half-length of the optimal FLCI.

Value of M at which the FLCI was computed. M

status Status of optimization.

Author(s)

Ashesh Rambachan

LWdata_EventStudy 29

References

Rambachan, Ashesh and Jonathan Roth. "An Honest Approach to Parallel Trends." 2021.

LWdata_EventStudy

Event study estimates from baseline female specification on employment in Lovenheim & Willen (2019). See discussion in Section 6.2 of Rambachan & Roth (2021).

Description

This list contains the event study estimates from the baseline female specification on employment in Lovenheim & Willen (2019). See discussion in Section 6.2 of Rambachan & Roth (2021).

Format

A list, containing 7 objects:

Vector of estimated event study coefficients.

betahana Estimated variance-covariance matrix.

timeVec Vector that contains the time periods associated with the event study coefficients.

referencePeriod Reference period that is normalized to zero.

prePeriodIndices Vector containing elements of timeVec that correspond to the pre-periods.

postPeriodIndices Vector containing elements of timeVec that correspond to the post-periods.

stdErrors Vector of standard errors associated with estimated event study coefficients

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