$$x_1 = 5, \quad x_2 = 10, \quad x_3 = 10$$

$$x_3 = 10$$

while

$$x_1 = \frac{13}{2}, \qquad x_2 = 13,$$

$$x_3 = 7$$

when  $x_3 = 7$ . The reader should observe that one solution is just as good when  $x_3 = 7$ . The reader should observe that one solution is just as good at the property of th when  $x_3 = 7$ . The reader should unless additional information or restricted other. There is no best solution unless additional information or restricted are given.

## **Key Terms**

Linear equation Unknowns Solution to a linear equation Linear system

Solution to a linear system Method of elimination Unique solution

No solution Infinitely many solutions Manipulations on a linear syres

In Exercises 1 through 14, solve the given linear system by the method of elimination.

1. 
$$x + 2y = 8$$
  
 $3x - 4y = 4$ 

$$2x - 3y + 4z = -12 x - 2y + z = -5 3x + y + 2z = 1$$

3. 
$$3x + 2y + z = 2$$
  
 $4x + 2y + 2z = 8$   
 $x - y + z = 4$ 

5. 
$$2x + 4y + 6z = -12$$
  
 $2x - 3y - 4z = 15$   
 $3x + 4y + 5z = -8$ 

7. 
$$x + 4y - z = 12$$
  
 $3x + 8y - 2z = 4$   
8.  $3x + 4y - z = 8$   
 $6x + 8y - 2z = 3$ 

$$x + 4y - z = 12$$
  
 $3x + 8y + 2z = 4$   
8.  $3x + 4y - z = 8$   
 $6x + 8y - 2z = 3$ 

9. 
$$x + y + 3z = 12$$
  
 $2x + 2y + 6z = 6$ 
10.  $x + y = 1$   
 $2x - y = 5$ 

10. 
$$x + y = 1$$
  
 $2x - y = 5$   
 $3x + 4y = 2$ 

11. 
$$2x + 3y = 13$$
  
 $x - 2y = 3$   
 $5x + 2y = 27$ 

12. 
$$x - 5y = 6$$
  
 $3x + 2y = 1$   
 $5x + 2y = 1$ 

13. 
$$x + 3y = -4$$
  
 $2x + 5y = -8$   
 $x + 3y = -5$ 

14. 
$$2x + 3y - z = 6$$
  
 $2x - y + 2z = -8$   
 $3x - y + z = -7$ 

Given the linear system

$$2x - y = 5$$
$$4x - 2y = t$$

- (a) determine a value of t so that the system has a solution.
- (b) determine a value of t so that the system has no solution.

(c) how many different values of t can be selected in part (b)?

16. Given the linear system

$$2x + 3y - z = 0$$
$$x - 4y + 5z = 0,$$

- (a) verify that  $x_1 = 1$ ,  $y_1 = -1$ ,  $z_1 = -1$  is a solution
- (b) verify that  $x_2 = -2$ ,  $y_2 = 2$ ,  $z_2 = 2$  is a solution
- (c) is  $x = x_1 + x_2 = -1$ ,  $y = y_1 + y_2 = 1$ , and  $z = z_1 + z_2 = 1$  a solution to the linear system?
- (d) is 3x, 3y, 3z, where x, y, and z are as in part(c). solution to the linear system?
- (17.) Without using the method of elimination, solve the linear system

$$2x + y - 2z = -5$$
$$3y + z = 7$$
$$z = 4$$

18. Without using the method of elimination, solve the linear system

$$4x = 8$$

$$-2x + 3y = -1$$

$$3x + 5y - 2z = 11.$$

19) Is there a value of r so that x = 1, y = 2, z = r is solution to the following linear system? If there is, find it.

$$2x + 3y - z = 11$$

$$x - y + 2z = -7$$

$$4x + y - 2z = 12$$

Is there a value of r so that x = r, y = 2, z = 1 is a solution to the following linear system? If there is, find

$$3x -2z = 4 x - 4y + z = -5 -2x + 3y + 2z = 9$$

21. Describe the number of points that simultaneously lie in each of the three planes shown in each part of Figure 1.2.

22. Describe the number of points that simultaneously lie in each of the three planes shown in each part of Figure 1.3.

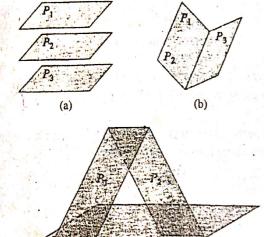


Figure 1.3 A

An oil refinery produces low-sulfur and high-sulfur fuel. Each ton of low-sulfur fuel requires 5 minutes in the blending plant and A minutes in the refining plant; each ton of high-sulfur fuel requires 4 minutes in the blending plant and 2 minutes in the refining plant. If the blending plant is available for 3 hours and the refining plant is available for 2 hours, how many tons of each type of fuel should be manufactured so that the plants are fully utilized?

A plastics manufacturer makes two types of plastic: regular and special, Each ton of regular plastic requires 2 hours in plant A and 5 hours in plant B; each ton of special plastic requires 2 hours in plant A and 3 hours in plant B. If plant A is available 8 hours per day and plant B is available 15 hours per day, how many tons of each type of plastic can be made daily so that the plants are fully utilized?

A dietician is preparing a meal consisting of foods A, B, and C. Each ounce of food A contains 2 units of protein, 3 units of fat, and 4 units of carbohydrate. Each ounce of food B contains 3 units of protein, 2 units of fat, and 1 in unit of carbohydrate. Each ounce of food C contains 3 units of protein, 3 units of fat, and 2 units of carbohydrate. If the meal must provide exactly 25 units of protein, 24 units of fat, and 21 units of carbohydrate, how many ounces of each type of food should be used?

9-minute film developers. Each ton of 2-minute developer requires 6 minutes in plant A and 24 minutes in plant B. Each ton of 6-minute developer requires 12 minutes in plant A and 12 minutes in plant B. Each ton of 9-minute developer requires 12 minutes in plant A and 12 minutes in plant A and 12 minutes in plant A and 12 minutes in plant B. If plant A is available 10 hours per day and plant B is available 16 hours per day, how many tons of each type of developer can be produced so that the plants are fully utilized?

Suppose that the three points (1, -5), (-1, 1), and (2, 7) lie on the parabola  $p(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ .

(a) Determine a linear system of three equations in three unknowns that must be solved to find a, b, and c.

(b) Solve the linear system obtained in part (a) for a, b, and c

An inheritance of \$24,000 is to be divided among three trusts, with the second trust receiving twice as much as the first trust. The three trusts pay interest at the rates of 9%, 10%, and 6% annually, respectively, and return a total in interest of \$2210 at the end of the first year. How much was invested in each trust?

## Theoretical Exercises

T.I. Show that the linear system obtained by interchanging two equations in (2) has exactly the same solutions as (2).

T2 Show that the linear system obtained by replacing an equation in (2) by a nonzero constant multiple of the equation has exactly the same solutions as (2).

T3' Show that the linear system obtained by replacing an

equation in (2) by itself plus a multiple of another equation in (2) has exactly the same solutions as (2).

T.4. Does the linear system

$$ax + by = 0$$

$$cx + dy = 0$$

always have a solution for any values of a, b, c, and d?

## EX:11

123 let x, dendes lower-Sulfue 1 N2 dendes high-sulfue for each ton.

B.P SX1+4X2 = 3x60 = 180

R.P 4x1+3x2=2x60=120

5x1+4x2=180 --- (i)

4x1+2x2 = 120 -- (11)

Xing eq (ii) by 2 than Substr: from (i)

SX1+4X2=180

-8x1+4/12 = 240

 $-3x_1 = -60 = 7 \quad x_1 = \frac{100}{4x} = 20$ 

[X1=20]

Pul M= 20 in ey (i)

Sx20+4x2=180

4712=180-100 = 80

4W2=80

 $x_9 = 80/4 = 50$ 

 $\chi_1 = \chi_2 = 20 \text{ tows}$ 

mypu solution

Let x, denses legular Plastic ton. R.P S.P NOW 542 X1 + 3X2 = 8 - . C1) P.BSX1 + 3X2 = 15 -(ii) Solvy (i) + (ii) X1=15 tons 4 Na= 25 tons let or, densites of somice A Ma Lentes of ounce B of X3 denses of ounce C. Nowp 2x1 +3x2 + 3x3 = 25 - (i)  $F = 3x_1 + 2x_2 + .3x_3 = 24 - (ii)$   $C = 4x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 = 21 - (iii)$ xing equiii) by a then Subh: francii)  $3X_1 + 2X_2 + 3X_3 = 24$ 8 x1 + 2x2+6x3=42  $-2x_1-3x_3=-18$  $= 35X_1 + 8X_3 = 18 - (iv)$ 

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EX:11 Xing exciii) by 3 then subtr. franci) 2X1+3/1/2+3/13=25 12X1 +3XX2+6X3 = 63  $-10X_1 - 3X_3 = -38$ => lox,+3x3=38-(v) Xing ey (iv) by 2 then Subs. from (v) 10×1+3×3=36 10×1+3×13 =38 -X3=-2 => X3=2 Xing equiv) by 3 then substit from (V) 15x1+3x3=54 10×1+3×13 = 38 +5x1=16 => X1=16/5=3.5 X1=3.9 Put x= 3,2+ x3=2 m ev(i)  $2(3) = 23(3.3) + 3x_2 + 3(2) = 25$ 3×3=35-15.2=13.6 3×3=12.6=> ×2=12.6/3=4.2.

X2=4.2

26 Let X, densestons of 2 minute Na dondes tons of 6-minute 4 X2 denses tons of 9-minute. 2 min Gmin gin NowP.A 6x1+12x2+12x3=10x60=600 PB 24x1+ 12x2+ 12x3=16x60=960 61 6x1+12x2+12x3=600 2481+1242+1243=960 X1+2×2+2×3=100 - (i) 2X1+X2+X3=80 -- (11) Xing excisby 2 than Subbr: franci) X1+21/2+21/3=100 \$11+2/12+2/13 =160  $-3X_1 = -60 = 7 X_1 = \frac{-60}{+2} = 20$ X1=20 Xing excisby 2 than salling Subtraction 2X1 +4N2+4N3= 200 JW1+ N3+ N3 = 80

3x2+3x3=120

=> X2+X3=40 -(iii)

$$\frac{\sum x_{1} \cdot 1}{\log x_{2} = x_{2}} = x_{2} = x_{3} = x_{4} - x$$
Then  $x_{1} = x_{2} = x_{3} = x_{4} - x$ 

There  $x_{1} = x_{2} = x_{3} = x_{4} - x$ 

$$\frac{1}{2} = x_{3} = x_{4} = x_{4$$

$$P_3(M) = y = O(2)^2 + b(2) + C$$

$$7 = 40 + 2b + C - Ciii)$$

, (C=), (C=)

New athte=-5-ci) a-b+c= 1-(ii)

4a+2b+c=7 - (iii)

(i)—(ii)

0+p+c=1

26=-6=> 16=-3

Xing equi) by 4 then subor: fram (iii)

40 +46+4 = -20 40 +2b+c= 7

26+3c=-27 (iv)

Pulb=-3 in of (11)

2(-3)+3c=-27

3c=-27+6=-21 => C=-21/3=-7

1C=-7

20=> 0-3-7=-5=>-5+10=5

12m/Q=5, b=-3, C=-7 br.



let x, y d Z, be three trushs.

Also given and trust receiving twice as muchas. the 1st trust & 4,= 2x,

X1+y+Z1= 24000\$ Ndi X1+2X1 + Z1= 24000\$ 3X1+ Z1= 24000\$ - (i)

90/0×1+ 100/1+ 6%=2210\$

\$ 0166 = 15 51 + 10 71 + 10 01 + 100 1

=> 9x1+10(2x1)+671=221000\$

=> 9×1+20×1+621=221000\$

=> 29×1+6Z1=226008 - (ii)

Xing excisby 6 than subsh: fram cii)

18X1+621=144000 2911+621=221000

-11X1 = -77000

1 \$000F = 18/c=

4 71=2x1=2(7000)=14000\$

J1=14000\$

21=24000-3X1 Z1=24000-3(7000) Z1=24000-31000

71=3000\$

Mr. Jamal Nasir Lectules U.E.T Perhames, Spring-2012 Elect Depth