# Lab # 09: Laravel MVC Framework

## **OBJECTIVES OF THE LAB**

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This lab aims at the understanding of:

- PHP MVC Framework in Laravel
- Implementation of simple CRUD in Laravel

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#### PHP MVC FRAMEWORK IN LARAVEL

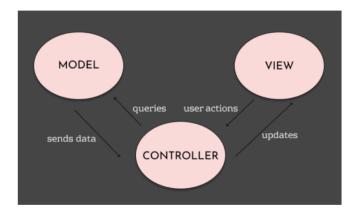


Figure 9.1 - Model-View-Controller Framework

Figure 9.1 depicts the MVC Framework where M stands for Model, V stands for View and C stands for Controller. A **Model** is a representation of a real-life instance or object in our code base. It can either be a database or JSON File or some other source. The **View** represents the user interface through which the user interacts with our application. It contains HTML or the presentation markup. It can also have logic e.g. loops and conditionals. Template engines are used to embed logic in views. Laravel has Blade template engine that is used for adding logic inside the views. When a user takes an action, the **Controller** handles the action and updates the model if necessary.

Note 1: By default, Laravel supports PDO PHP Extension.

Note 2: Currently, Laravel supports four different DBMS including MySQL, SQLite, Postgre SQL, and SQL Server.

# A SIMPLE CRUD IN LARAVEL

This example uses MySQL DBMS and PDO PHP Extension.

#### **Step 1: Installing the Laravel 5.2 Framework.**

```
C:\wamp\www\lvl1; composer create-project --prefer-dist laravel/laravel="5.2.31" SampleLvl
Installing laravel/laravel (v5.2.31)
- Installing laravel/laravel (v5.2.31): Loading from cache
Created project in SampleLvl2
> php -r "copy('.env.example', '.env');"
Loading composer repositories with package information
Updating dependencies (including require-dev)
```

### **Step 2: Create the database.**

```
mysql> create database SampleLvl;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)
```

#### Step 3: Setup a MySQL database in .env file.

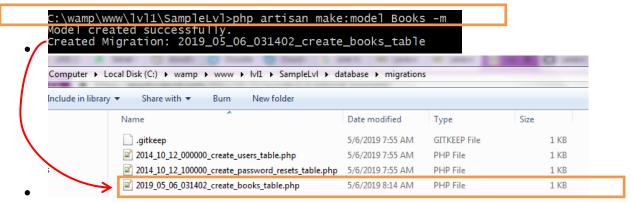
Open file: C:\wamp\www\lvl1\SampleLvl\.env and do following changes:

```
DB_CONNECTION=mysql
DB_HOST=127.0.0.1
DB_PORT=3306
DB_DATABASE=SampleLvl
DB_USERNAME=root
DB_PASSWORD=
```

Save the file.

## Step 4: Migrate the build-in tables in our database.

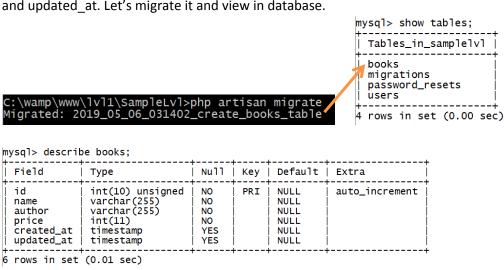
# Step 5: Create a MODEL as well as migration file for our Books table.



• Open the 2019 05 06 031402 create books table.php file and update it as follows:

```
public function up()
{
    Schema::create('books', function (Blueprint $table) {
        $table->increments('id');
        $table->string('name');
        $table->string('author');
        $table->integer('price');
        $table->timestamps();
    });
}
```

 Save the file. Now, our books table contains six attribute: id, name, author, price, created\_at, and updated at. Let's migrate it and view in database.



# Step 6: Make one VIEW file to add the form data in the database.

- Go to C:\wamp\www\lvl1\SampleLvl\resources\views. Create folder for the books model.
   Name it books. Go inside the newly created folder.
- Create the file: **create.blade.php**. Add the following code in it:

```
<!-- create.blade.php -->
1. <!DOCTYPE html>
2. <html>
3.
   <head>
        <meta charset="utf-8">
4.
5.
        <title>Laravel 5.5 CRUD Tutorial</title>
        <link rel="stylesheet" href="{{asset('css/app.css')}}">
6.
7.
   </head>
   <body>
8.
9.
        <div class="container">
10.
        <h2>Add a Book</h2><br />
        <form method="post" action="">
11.
12.
            <div class="row">
                 <div class="col-md-4"></div>
13.
```

```
14.
                <div class="form-group col-md-4">
15.
                <label for="name">Name:</label>
                <input type="text" class="form-control" name="name">
16.
17.
                </div>
18.
            </div>
            <div class="row">
19.
20.
                <div class="col-md-4"></div>
21.
                <div class="form-group col-md-4">
22.
                <label for="name">Author:</label>
                <input type="text" class="form-control" name="author">
23.
24.
                </div>
25.
            </div>
            <div class="row">
26.
27.
                <div class="col-md-4"></div>
28.
                <div class="form-group col-md-4">
29.
                <label for="price">Price:</label>
30.
                <input type="text" class="form-control" name="price">
31.
                </div>
            </div>
32.
33.
        </div>
            <div class="row">
34.
                <div class="col-md-4"></div>
35.
36.
                <div class="form-group col-md-4">
37.
                <button type="submit" class="btn btn-success" style="margin-left:38px">Add
    Book</button>
38.
                </div>
39.
            </div>
40.
            </form>
        </div>
41.
42. </body>
43. </html>
```

• Go to following folder: C:\wamp\www\lvl1\SampleLvl\public. Create the folder css in it and store the given app.css file in it.

# Step 7: Create one CONTROLLER and route to display the Books form.

```
C:\wamp\www\lvl1\SampleLvl>php artisan make:controller BookController --resource Controller created successfully.
```

- It will generate one controller file called BookController.php in C:\wamp\www\lvl1\SampleLvl\app\Http\Controllers.
- Next, in the routes configuration file C:\wamp\www\lvl1\SampleLvl\app\Http\routes.php—
  add the following to define a Books resource route:

```
Route::resource('books','BookController');
```

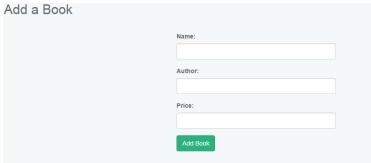
• Save the file. That single route definition will define all of the routes related to our Books resource. It can be viewed as follows:

C:\wamp\w	ww\lvl1\Samp	leLvl>php artisan rou	te:list		
Domain	Method	URI	Name	Action	Middle
	GET   HEAD POST GET   HEAD GET   HEAD DELETE PUT   PATCH GET   HEAD GET   HEAD	/   books   books   books/create   books/{books}   books/{books}   books/{books}   books/{books}/edit	books.store books.index books.create books.destroy books.update books.show books.edit	Closure App\Http\Controllers\BookController@store App\Http\Controllers\BookController@index App\Http\Controllers\BookController@index App\Http\Controllers\BookController@destroy App\Http\Controllers\BookController@update App\Http\Controllers\BookController@show App\Http\Controllers\BookController@edit	web   web   web   web   web   web

Next go to BookController.php file and add into create() function some code.

```
public function create()
{
    // updated
    return view('books|.create');
}
```

- Next, start Laravel Development server: **php artisan serve**.
- Go to following: <a href="http://localhost:8000/books/create">http://localhost:8000/books/create</a>.



# Step 8: Put the Laravel 5.5 Validation in Product Form.

• Open the C:\wamp\www\lvl1\SampleLvl\resources\views\books\create.blade.php file. In file, remove the line No. 11 and add the following code after line No. 10.

```
@if ($errors->any())
11.
12.
      <div class="alert alert-danger">
13.
        ul>
          @foreach ($errors->all() as $error)
14.
            {| $error }}
15.
          @endforeach
16.
17.
        </div><br />
18.
19.
      @endif
      @if (\Session::has('success'))
20.
21.
     <div class="alert alert-success">
       {{ \Session::get('success') }}
22.
23.
      </div><br />
      @endif
24.
25.
      <form method="post" action="{{url('books')}}">
```

```
26. {{csrf_field()}}
```

• Next, go to C:\wamp\www\lvl1\SampleLvl\app\Books.php. Add the following code:

```
class Books extends Model
{
    // update
    protected $fillable = ['name','author','price'];
}
```

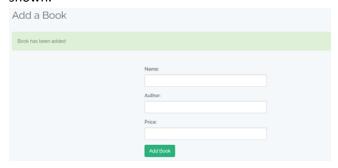
- Save the file.
- Type the following line at the starting of BookController.php file: use App\Books;



• Next, update the store function in it as follows:

```
public function store(Request $request)
41
        {
42
            // updated
43
            $books = new Books;
44
            $books->name = $request->get('name');
45
            $books->author = $request->get('author');
46
            $books->price = $request->get('price');
47
            $books->save();
48
            return back()->with('success', 'Book has been added');
49
50
```

• Now check the working. Open the page: <a href="http://localhost:8000/books/create">http://localhost:8000/books/create</a>. Provide book name, author name, and price. Press Add Book. Once the book is successfully added, then it'll be shown.



Check in database.

## Step 9: Make an index page to list the books

```
public function index()

{

// updated

sbooks = Books::all()->toArray();

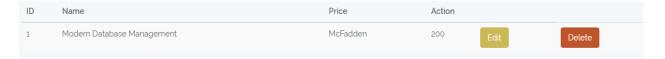
return view('books.index', compact('books'));
}
```

• In C:\wamp\www\lvl1\SampleLvl\resources\views\books, create one blade file called index.blade.php file and put the following code in it.

```
1. <!-- index.blade.php -->
2.
3. <!DOCTYPE html>
4. <html>
5. <head>
    <meta charset="utf-8">
6.
7.
    <title>Index Page</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="{{asset('css/app.css')}}">
8.
9.
   </head>
10. <body>
11.
   <div class="container">
12. <br/>
   @if (\Session::has('success'))
13.
14.
     <div class="alert alert-success">
15.
      {{ \Session::get('success') }}
16.
     </div><br />
17.
     @endif
    18.
19.
    <thead>
20.
     21.
      ID
22.
      Name
23.
      Author
24.
      Price
25.
      Action
26.
     27.
    </thead>
28.
    29.
     @foreach($books as $book)
30.
     31.
      {{$book['id']}}
32.
      {{$book['name']}}
33.
      {{$book['author']}}
34.
      {{$book['price']}}
```

```
<a href="{{action('BookController@edit', $book['id'])}}" class="btn btn-
35.
   warning">Edit</a>
       36.
37.
        <form action="{{action('BookController@destroy', $book['id'])}}" method="post">
38.
         {{csrf field()}}
39.
         <input name="_method" type="hidden" value="DELETE">
40.
         <button class="btn btn-danger" type="submit">Delete</button>
41.
        </form>
42.
       43.
      @endforeach
44.
45.
     46. 
47. </div>
48. </body>
49. </html>
```

Now go to following: http://localhost:8000/books. Books are listed.



## Step 10: Delete the books

- Both Edit and Delete in above example works nothing as of now.
- In this step, delete code is written so that the respective book be deleted. Note: only change is needed in the Controller code. No need to write any view for this command. Add the following code in BookController.php.

```
public function destroy($id)

function d
```

• Now go to <a href="http://localhost:8000/books">http://localhost:8000/books</a> and delete one of the books. Also, check the corresponding entry in the database.

#### Step 11: Edit the books

To perform edit, first write the corresponding code for edit() in BookController.php.

 Next in C:\wamp\www\lvl1\SampleLvl\resources\views\books, create the corresponding view edit.blade.php file and write the following code in it.

```
1. <!-- edit.blade.php -->
2.
3. <!DOCTYPE html>
4. <html>
5. <head>
6.
     <meta charset="utf-8">
7.
     <title>Laravel 5.5 CRUD Tutorial</title>
8.
     <link rel="stylesheet" href="{{asset('css/app.css')}}">
9.
    </head>
10. <body>
11. <div class="container">
12.
      <h2>Edit A Book</h2><br />
13.
      @if ($errors->any())
14.
      <div class="alert alert-danger">
15.
        @foreach ($errors->all() as $error)
16.
17.
             {| $error }}
18.
           @endforeach
19.
         20.
      </div><br />
21.
       @endif
22.
       <form method="post" action="{{action('BookController@update', $id)}}">
23.
       {{csrf_field()}}
        <input name=" method" type="hidden" value="PATCH">
24.
25.
        <div class="row">
26.
        <div class="col-md-4"></div>
27.
        <div class="form-group col-md-4">
28.
          <label for="name">Name:</label>
29.
          <input type="text" class="form-control" name="name" value="{{$books->name}}">
30.
         </div>
        </div>
31.
        <div class="row">
32.
33.
         <div class="col-md-4"></div>
34.
          <div class="form-group col-md-4">
35.
           <label for="author">Author:</label>
           <input type="text" class="form-control" name="author" value="{{$books-
36.
   >author}}">
37.
          </div>
         </div>
38.
        <div class="row">
39.
40.
         <div class="col-md-4"></div>
          <div class="form-group col-md-4">
41.
42.
           <label for="price">Price:</label>
43.
           <input type="text" class="form-control" name="price" value="{{$books->price}}">
```

```
</div>
44.
45.
         </div>
46.
        </div>
47.
        <div class="row">
         <div class="col-md-4"></div>
48.
49.
         <div class="form-group col-md-4">
50.
          <button type="submit" class="btn btn-success" style="margin-left:38px">Update
    Book</button>
51.
         </div>
52.
        </div>
       </form>
53.
54.
     </div>
55. </body>
56. </html>
```

• Next, write the following code for the update() in BookController.php.

```
public function update(Request $request, $id)
87
             // updated
88
            $book = Books::find($id);
89
            $this->validate(request(), [
90
               'name' => 'required',
               'author' => 'required',
'price' => 'required|numeric'
91
92
93
            ]);
94
            $book->name = $request->get('name');
95
            $book->author = $request->get('author');
96
            $book->price = $request->get('price');
97
            $book->save();
98
            return redirect('books')->with('success', 'Book has been updated');
```

• Finally, update the corresponding book and view in webpage and in database.

# **Screenshots: (for editing and deletion)**



4   5   6	Database Management Systems		Ramarkrishnar	i & Genrke		7019-02-00 1
1.5	Modern Database Management   Database Systems: Principles, Design,		McFadden Ricardo & Mad	millan	600 1000	2019-05-06 1
id	name		author		price	created_at
mysql	> select * from books;		+		-+	+
6	Database Management Systems	Ramarkri	ishnan & Gehrke	850	Edit	Delete
5	Database Systems: Principles, Design, and Implementation	Ricardo 8	& Macmillan	1000	Edit	Delete
4	Modern Database Management	McFadde	en	600	Edit	Delete
ID	Name	Author		Price	Action	
Во	ok has been updated					
		Update Book				
		6 00				
		Price:				
		McFadden				
		Author:				
		Modern Database Mana	agement			
		Name:				
Ed	it A Book					

Complete the sample CRUD implemented in this lab and demonstrate to instructor.

-----Task 9.2-----

Answer the following questions:

- 1. What is a model? Specify the location of a model in Laravel Directory.
- 2. What is a view? Specify the location of a view in Laravel Directory.
- 3. For a given model e.g. Books, how many view files are created and why? State the purpose of each view file.
- 4. What is controller? Specify the location of a controller in Laravel Directory.
- 5. What is the purpose of following functions in controller file: index(), create(), store(), show(), edit(), update(), and destroy().
- 6. What is the purpose of routes.php or routes folder (i.e. web.php) in Laravel?

- 7. What is the meaning of following command: php artisan route:list? What does the generated table show?
- 8. What is the meaning of following command: php artisan serve? On what port it works on default? How the default port can be changed?
- 9. What is the purpose of .env file?
- 10. What happens if the database in step 2 is not created?

Task 9.3
Implement your DBMS Project in Laravel.

Registration #:	Name:		Date:
	CSE 404L – Database Manager	ment Systems Lab	_
	LAB ASSESSMENT R	UBRICS	
	DBMS LAB 09 – Laravel M\	/C Framework	

Dimension	Exemplary	Acceptable	Developing	Unsatisfactory	Student Score out	
	10	8	6	4	of 10 Marks	
Overall Impression of Lab Report	Report is complete, well written, and organized appropriately with additional elements that enhance it.	Report is complete, briefly written, and organized. Lacks additional elements.	Report is mostly complete, loosely written, and fairly organized.	Report is incomplete, sloppy, and/or disorganized.		
Submission	Report is submitted on time.	Report is submitted within 24 hours of due date.	Report is submitted within 72 hours of due date.	Report was more than 3 days overdue.		
Specification	Programs work and exceed specifications.	Programs work and meet all specifications.	Programs work and meet partial specifications.	Programs work but fail to meet any specification.		
Output Figures/Graphics	All the output figures and graphics are shown clearly and labeled.	Most output figures and graphics are shown clearly and labeled.	Few of the output figures and graphics are shown and labeled.	Output figures and graphics are not shown and not labeled.		
Verbal Communication and Understanding	Answered clearly and accurately with sufficient knowledge of Laravel MVC Framework.	Answered clearly and accurately with average knowledge of Laravel MVC Framework.	Answered somewhat clearly and somewhat accurately with limited knowledge of Laravel MVC Framework.	Answered wrongly and inaccurately with no knowledge of Laravel MVC Framework		

Marks:	(++	++	)/5 =
Teacher Remarks and Signature:			