

POST MID

14/08/25

semi- reusable resource → the resource was created before the process only acquires to use-

consumable → process creates the resource, after using the resource ceases to exist.

CPU is a preemptable resource.

↳ causes no ill effect to the process if the resource is taken away.

Mutually exclusion → એવી રેસર્ચેસે **AT A TIME**

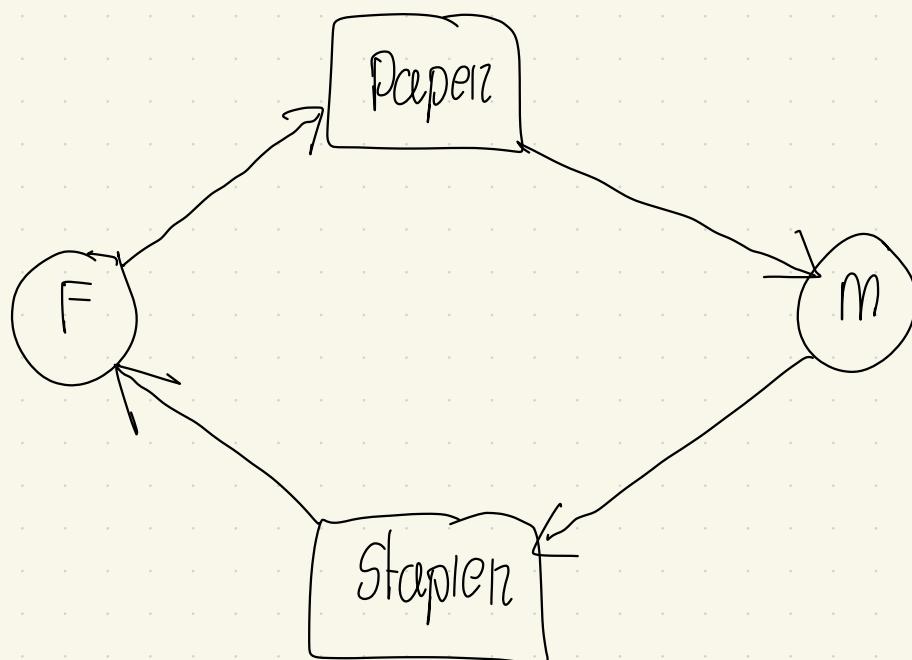
એવી પ્રોસેસ $\frac{1}{2}$ આપું વિનાયક

Hold and wait → વિનાયક- રેસર્ચેસે HOLD કરી-

એવી રેસર્ચેસે ભાવ

no preemption condition

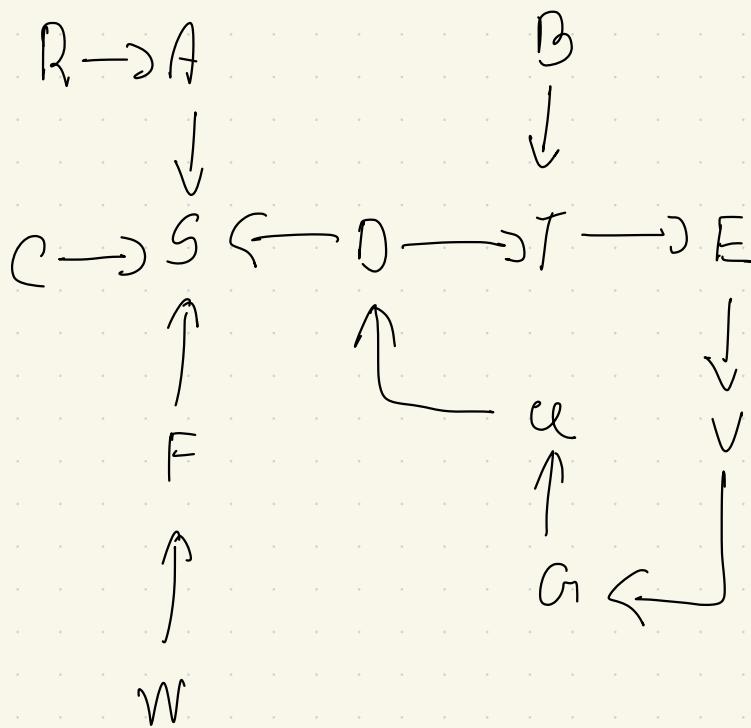
circular wait condition



27/08/25 Each node target algo stores 20

For the cycle detection algorithm to work we need to assume that every resource has only 1 instance.

1. For each node →
2. Initialize empty list and unmarks all nodes
3. Current node to the list and check if current node appears twice
 4. check if any unmarked node,
Yes → step 5
No → step 6
- 5.



R	A	S
---	---	---

$R \rightarrow A \rightarrow S$: no cycle

A	S
---	---

S	
---	--

C	I	S
---	---	---

F	I	S
---	---	---

W	F	I	S
---	---	---	---

D	S	T	E	V	G	U	O
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

cycle found!

exam ② list ~~not~~ show ~~but~~ ~~but~~

Detection with Multiple Resource of Each Type!

$$E = \begin{bmatrix} \text{Printer} & \text{CPU} & \text{CD ROM} \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

↳ total ~~avail~~ resource ~~avail~~

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \text{Printer} & \text{CPU} & \text{CD ROM} \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

↳ ~~avail~~ resource available ~~avail~~

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} P_1 & \text{Printer} & \text{CPU} & \text{CD ROM} \\ P_2 & & & \\ P_3 & & & \end{bmatrix}$$

which resource is currently allocated to which process.

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sum_{i,j} C_{i,j} + A_j = E_j$$

i → process [j → resource]

$P_{i,j} \leq A_j$ in matrix R

(if invalid for all the rows, then deadlock)

If found then $A \leftarrow A + C$

↓
the row of the R that
satisfied.

21/08/25

Recovery From Deadlock

i) Recovery through Preemption

like for printer, printing के लिए resource

लिये रिये रहा, For process नहीं easily करता

time को बढ़ावा देता without any problem.

What's a safe state? (imp)

Banker's Algorithm

24/08/25

$$E = [0 \ 2 \ 5]$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \begin{array}{ccc} A & B & C \end{array} \\
 \begin{array}{l} P_0 \\ P_1 \\ P_2 \\ P_3 \end{array} \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \stackrel{=}{\longrightarrow} \begin{array}{ccc} \text{Max required} \\ \begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 5 & 4 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

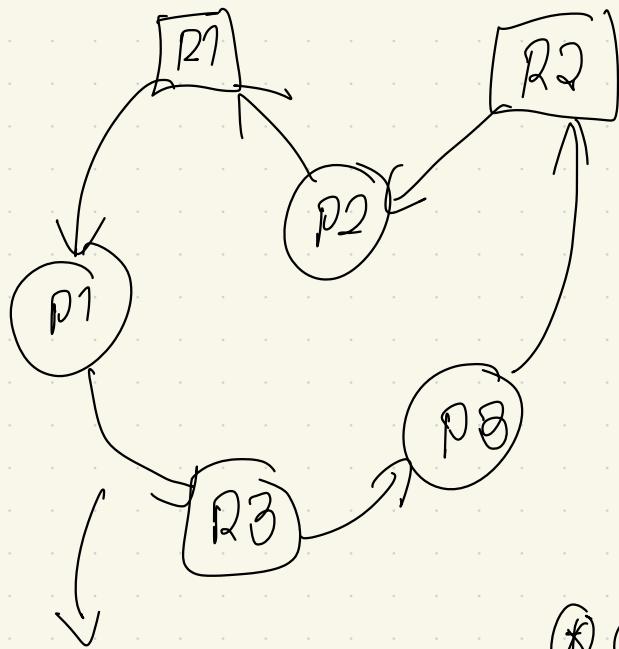
$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{Req} = \\
 \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right]
 \end{array}$$

$$E_j = \sum_{P_i} c_{ij} + A_j \quad A = [2 \ 1 \ 1]$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Attaching mutual exclusion \rightarrow shared resource বিনারি
ক্লো

ii) hold and wait \rightarrow process share how ever
share resource কর কর. but
inefficient as other processes
can't work if one don't finish.



Attacking the circular wait condition

P1 wants
resource 3

so, this kinda
caused the deadlock

If a process needs R3, then it will take R1 and R2 first.

slide- 46 algo