

# Getting Familiar

Commands Reference:

<https://gist.github.com/initcron/5dcd6d2fb031ade5096d>



# Objectives

- Getting familiar with docker shell
- Finding help, basic operations
- Running Ephemeral Container
- Running Interactive Container



# \$ docker

## Commands:

attach	Attach to a running container
build	Build an image from a Dockerfile
commit	Create a new image from a container's changes
cp	Copy files/folders from a container's filesystem to the host
path	
create	Create a new container
diff	Inspect changes on a container's filesystem
events	Get real time events from the server
exec	Run a command in an existing container
export	Stream the contents of a container as a tar archive
history	Show the history of an image
images	List images
import	Create a new filesystem image from the contents of a tarball
info	Display system-wide information
inspect	Return low-level information on a container
kill	Kill a running container
load	Load an image from a tar archive
login	Register or log in to a Docker registry server
logout	Log out from a Docker registry server
logs	Fetch the logs of a container
port	Lookup the public-facing port that is NAT-ed to PRIVATE_PORT
pause	Pause all processes within a container
ps	List containers
pull	Pull an image or a repository from a Docker registry server
push	Push an image or a repository to a Docker registry server
restart	Restart a running container
rm	Remove one or more containers
rmi	Remove one or more images
run	Run a command in a new container
save	Save an image to a tar archive
search	Search for an image on the Docker Hub
start	Start a stopped container
stop	Stop a running container
tag	Tag an image into a repository
top	Lookup the running processes of a container

# Finding Help

Syntax => `docker <command> --help`

e.g.

```
$ docker login --help
```

```
bash-3.2$ docker login --help
```

```
Usage: docker login [OPTIONS] [SERVER]
```

```
Register or log in to a Docker registry server, if no server is specified  
"https://index.docker.io/v1/" is the default.
```

<code>-e, --email=""</code>	Email
<code>-p, --password=""</code>	Password
<code>-u, --username=""</code>	Username



# Display System Wide Info

```
$ docker info
```

```
bash-3.2$ docker info
Containers: 32
Images: 46
Storage Driver: aufs
  Root Dir: /mnt/sda1/var/lib/docker/aufs
  Dirs: 111
Execution Driver: native-0.2
Kernel Version: 3.16.7-tinycore64
Operating System: Boot2Docker 1.3.2 (TCL
24 20:40:58 UTC 2014
Debug mode (server): true
Debug mode (client): false
Fds: 11
Goroutines: 13
EventsListeners: 0
Init Path: /usr/local/bin/docker
Username: initcron
Registry: [https://index.docker.io/v1/]
```



# Component Versions

```
$ docker version
```

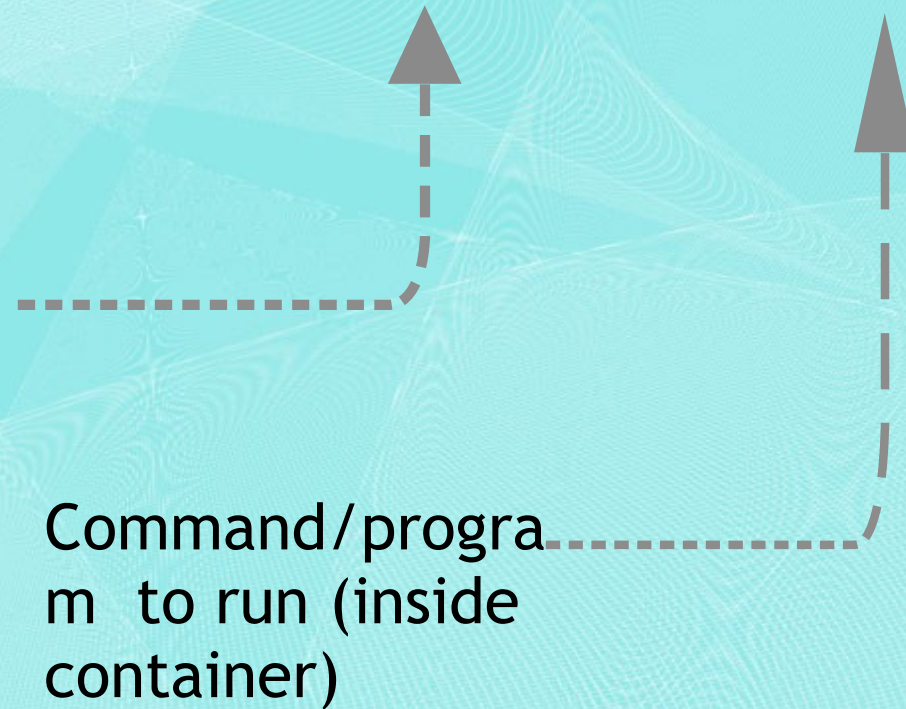
```
bash-3.2$ docker version
Client version: 1.3.2
Client API version: 1.15
Go version (client): go1.3.3
Git commit (client): 39fa2fa
OS/Arch (client): darwin/amd64
Server version: 1.3.2
Server API version: 1.15
Go version (server): go1.3.3
Git commit (server): 39fa2fa
```



# Launching 1st Container

```
$ docker run alpine:3.4 uptime
```

Image





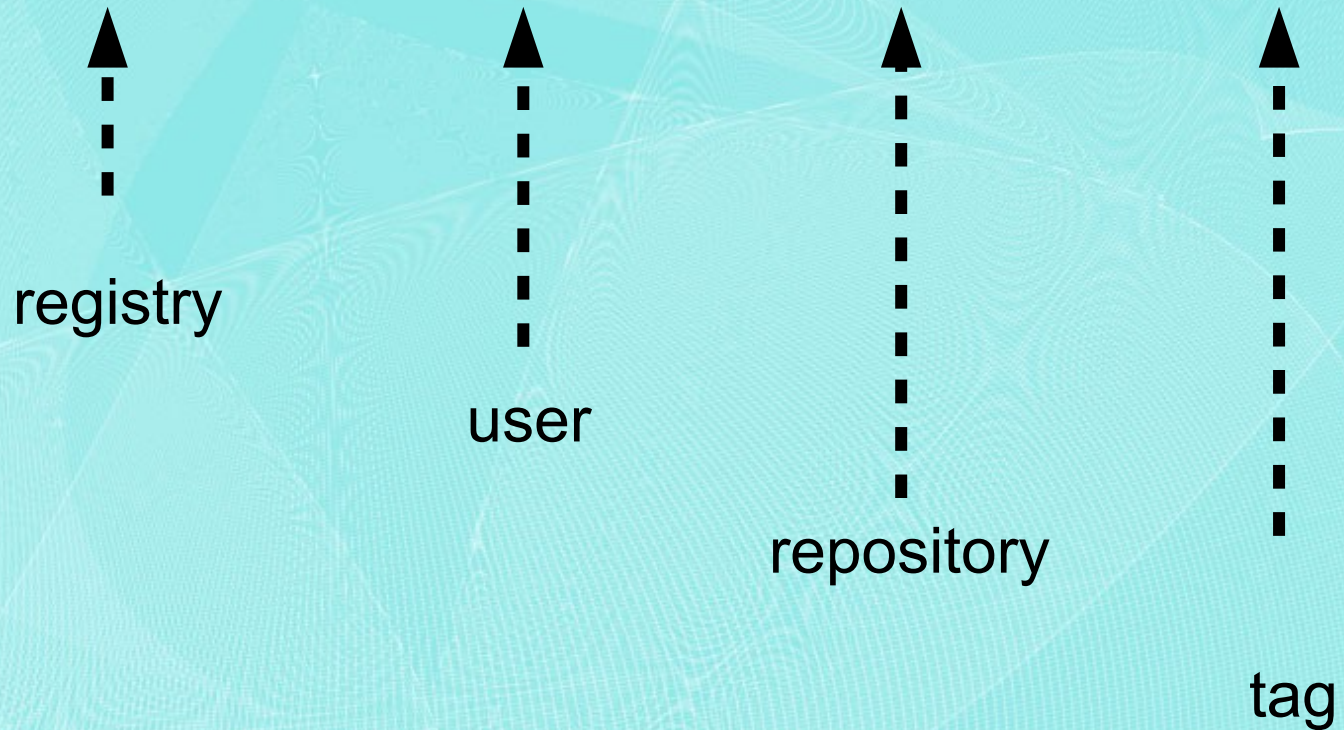
# What just happened?

- Docker checks if image “alpine” with tag/version “3.4” is present locally.
- If not, it connects to the docker hub and pulls the image
- Launches container with the image
- Runs the command inside the container.



# Image Components

reg.123.com/user/ubuntu:12.04.1







All that is fine. But where on earth did my container go ? If I run “\$ **docker ps**” I don't see a trace of it





Docker **containers** last only till the program you started with it lasts. It will **stop** immediately after the program exits.



# Checking Status of last run Container

```
$ docker ps -l
```

```
bash-3.2$ docker ps -l
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
956b80e3716c	ubuntu:14.04	"/bin/echo 'Hello Wo	12 hours ago	Exited (0) 18 minutes ago		drunk_torvalds



```
bash-3.2$ docker ps -l
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED
956b80e3716c	ubuntu:14.04	"/bin/echo 'Hello Wo	12 hours ago

STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
Exited (0) 18 minutes ago		drunk_torvalds



# Launch with Interactive Shell

```
$ docker run -i -t alpine:3.4 sh
```



terminal

interactive

```
root@ee75c3b486db:/# cat /etc/issue
Ubuntu 14.04.1 LTS \n \l
```



# Commands

## **Namespaced**

```
$ cat /etc/issue
```

```
$ ps aux
```

```
$ ifconfig
```

```
$ hostname
```

## **Non Namespaced**

```
$ uname -a
```

```
$ cat /proc/cpuinfo
```

```
$ date
```

```
$ free
```



# Listing Containers

```
$ docker ps
```

```
$ docker ps -l
```

```
$ docker ps -n 2
```

```
$ docker ps -a
```



Its not fun to have containers which run some  
ad hoc command and exit. Lets make it  
persist a little longer.



# Running Container which Persists

```
$ docker run -idt schoolofdevops/loop program
```

- d, --detach : detach mode , runs a container and detaches from it  
Displays container id



# Check Status

```
$ docker ps
```

```
bash-3.2$ docker ps
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
fa97bb0bb19e	ubuntu:14.04	"/bin/sh -c 'while t	12 hours ago	Up 4 minutes		cranky_feynman



# Check Logs

Syntax: `docker logs <container>`

e.g.

```
$ docker logs <container_id>
```

```
$ docker logs -f <container_id>
```



What is `cranky_feynman` ?

Ans: If you do not assign a name to the container, it sets some random but entertaining string to it.

That's what it is



When you run commands, replace `cranky_feynman` with the name on your system



What if I want to connect to the container and run some ad hoc shell commands?



# Running one off commands

```
$ docker exec <container_id> ps aux
```



# Connect to running container

```
$ docker exec -it <container_id> sh
```



# Pausing and Unpausing

```
$ docker pause <container_id>
```

```
$ docker unpause <container_id>
```



# Create + Start

```
$ docker create --name d01 alpine:3.4 sh
```

```
$ docker start d01
```

```
$ docker ps
```

```
$ docker create -it --name d02 alpine:3.4 sh
```

```
$ docker start d02
```

```
$ docker ps
```



# Creating Custom Reports

```
$docker ps --format "{{.ID}}: {{.Status}}"
```



# Stop Container

```
$ docker stop <container_id>
```

```
$ docker ps
```



# Finding Previously Run Containers

```
$ docker ps -a
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
fa97bb0bb19e	ubuntu:14.04	"/bin/sh -c 'while t	12 hours ago	Exited (-1) About a minute ago		cranky_feynman
ee75c3b486db t	ubuntu:14.04	"/bin/bash"	12 hours ago	Exited (127) 15 minutes ago		compassionate_engelbar
956b80e3716c	ubuntu:14.04	"/bin/echo 'Hello Wo	13 hours ago	Exited (0) About an hour ago		drunk_torvalds
81f206c4c142 l	ubuntu:14.04	"/bin/echo 'Hello Wo	13 hours ago	Exited (0) About an hour ago		condescending_blackwel
073f68f26d25	ubuntu:14.04	"/bin/bash"	24 hours ago	Exited (0) About an hour ago		boring_poincare
1b15ac6ae185	ubuntu:14.04	"-it /bin/bash"	24 hours ago			naughty_shockley



# Starting Previously Stopped Container

```
$ docker start <container_id>
```



# Removing Container

```
$ docker stop <container_id>
```

**Its important to stop a container before removing it.**

```
$ docker rm <container_id>
```



# Summary

- Using Docker Client
- Running Simple Containers
- Pause, Unpause, Start, Stop, Remove Operations