EXP #2: Particle Swarm Optimization

Code:

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import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
# Define the Rastrigin function
def rastrigin(x):
  n = len(x)
  return 10^n + sum([xi^{**}2 - 10^np.cos(2^np.pi^*xi)] for xi in x])
# Define the PSO algorithm
def pso(cost func, dim=2, num particles=30, max iter=100, w=0.5, c1=1, c2=2):
  # Initialize particles and velocities
  particles = np.random.uniform(-5.12, 5.12, (num particles, dim))
  velocities = np.zeros((num_particles, dim))
  # Initialize the best positions and fitness values
  best_positions = np.copy(particles)
  best fitness = np.array([cost func(p) for p in particles])
  swarm best position = best positions[np.argmin(best fitness)]
  swarm best_fitness = np.min(best_fitness)
  # Iterate through the specified number of iterations, updating the velocity and position of each
particle at each iteration
  for i in range(max iter):
     # Update velocities
     r1 = np.random.uniform(0, 1, (num particles, dim))
     r2 = np.random.uniform(0, 1, (num particles, dim))
     velocities = w * velocities + c1 * r1 * (best_positions - particles) + c2 * r2 *
(swarm best position - particles)
     # Update positions
     particles += velocities
     # Evaluate fitness of each particle
     fitness values = np.array([cost func(p) for p in particles])
     # Update best positions and fitness values
     improved_indices = np.where(fitness_values < best_fitness)</pre>
     best positions[improved indices] = particles[improved indices]
     best_fitness[improved_indices] = fitness_values[improved_indices]
```

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if np.min(fitness values) < swarm best fitness:
       swarm_best_position = particles[np.argmin(fitness_values)]
       swarm best fitness = np.min(fitness values)
  # Return the best solution found by the PSO algorithm
  return swarm best position, swarm best fitness
# Define the dimensions of the problem
dim = 2
# Run the PSO algorithm on the Rastrigin function
solution, fitness = pso(rastrigin, dim=dim)
# Print the solution and fitness value
print('Solution:', solution)
print('Fitness:', fitness)
# Create a meshgrid for visualization
x = np.linspace(-5.12, 5.12, 100)
y = np.linspace(-5.12, 5.12, 100)
X, Y = np.meshgrid(x, y)
Z = rastrigin([X, Y])
# Create a 3D plot of the Rastrigin function
fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add subplot(111, projection='3d')
ax.plot_surface(X, Y, Z, cmap='viridis')
ax.set xlabel('x')
ax.set_ylabel('y')
ax.set_zlabel('z')
# Plot the solution found by the PSO algorithm
ax.scatter(solution[0], solution[1], fitness, color='red')
plt.show()
```

Output:

Solution: [2.67214325e-09 -3.18744072e-10] Fitness: 0.0

