Assignment V

K-Means Clustering on Images

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The assignment task is to display the images after data compression using K-means clustering for different values of K (2, 5, 10, 15, 20).

The algorithm runs for a total of 5 iterations.

Koala Image Compression:

# k clusters	Image	File size	Degree of Compression
Original		781 KB	0%
2		126 KB	84%

5	337 KB	57%
10	546 KB	31%
15	649 KB	17%
20	944 KB	120%

Penguin image compression

#k clusters	Image	File size	degree of compression
original		778 KB	0 %
2		87 KB	89%
5		190 КВ	76%

10	413 KB	47%
15	517 KB	34%
20	551 KB	30%

Is there a tradeoff between image quality and degree of compression? What would be a good value of K for each of the two images?

- From the compression images available above, it is quite evident that the image quality decreases significantly with the higher degree of compression.
- During compression, pixels with similar RGB colors will get similar common color. Thus, lower value of k signifies lesser number of colors and thereby the image quality decreases but we can achieve higher compression rates.
- o Inversely, if k value gets increased, more colors can be shown in image which increases image quality, but size of the image will also increase.

k colors \propto Image quality \propto Image size \propto 1/degree of compression

For Koala image, K=10 is a good value with 31% degree of compression and decent image quality.

For Penguin image, K=10 is a good value with 47% degree of compression and decent image quality.