



## Dunders and Operator Overloading on Time Series

This will be graded along with the rest of your codebase at the course Milestone 1.

### Part 1: Add some more methods (issue #22: Laura)

Your `TimeSeries` class should be, by now, a **well documented, well tested, mutable, class which implements:**

- `__getitem__` : to get a value for a given index (should have done this)
- `__setitem__` : set the value for the given index (should have done this)
- `__contains__` : is a value in the values (NEW)
- `__iter__` : iterates over values. (This might have iterated over tuples of (time, value) pairs earlier (should have done this)
- `values` : returns a numpy array of values (should have done this)
- `intervalues` : returns an iterator over them (NEW)
- `times` : returns a numpy array of times (NEW)
- `itertimes` : returns an iterator over them (should have done this)
- `items` : returns a list of time-value tuple pairs (NEW)
- `iteritems` : returns an iterator over these (should have done this)
- `__len__` : returns a length. (should have done this)
- `__repr__` : abbreviating string representation (should have done this)

### Part 2: Add to these methods(again well tested): #14 (Andrew)

- infix addition, subtraction, equality and multiplication. Here you must check that the lengths are equal and that the time domains are the same for the case of the operations on a `TimeSeries` (the latter implies the former). Return a `ValueError` in case this fails:

```
ValueError(str(self)+' and '+str(rhs)+' must have the same time points')
```

Let these be elementwise operations, as we might expect from a numpy array-like thing. As before, handle the case of a constant. - unary `__abs__`, `__bool__`, `__neg__`, and `__pos__` with the same semantics as the `vector` class we saw in lecture.

A question that might arise is what to do if we add numpy arrays or regular python lists to a `Timeseries`. These should fail with `raise NotImplemented` as we dont have time associated. An option might have been to associate the array with the time indexing of the other array, but this is making too many assumptions: the user can do this explicitly.

You will probably have to catch another exception for this to happen.

Put this code into your project repo.