Stat 305: Regression Handout:

Example 1: Stress / Till-till-fracture data. In the following data,

x= uniaxial stress applied (kg/mm²) and y= time till fracture (hours)

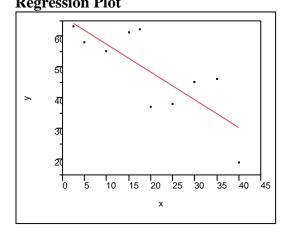
х	у
2.5	63
5	58
10	55
15	61
17.5	62
20	37
25	38
30	45
35	46
40	19

We will fit a <u>linear</u> and <u>quadratic</u> model on this data using least square methods.

JMP Handout:

X	y	Predicted y	Residual y
2.5	63	64.165486726	-1.165486726
5	58	61.913274336	-3.913274336
10	55	57.408849558	-2.408849558
15	61	52.904424779	8.0955752212
17.5	62	50.652212389	11.347787611
20	37	48.4	-11.4
25	38	43.895575221	-5.895575221
30	45	39.391150442	5.6088495575
35	46	34.886725664	11.113274336
40	19	30.382300885	-11.38230088

Response y Whole Model Regression Plot



Summary of Fit

0.632518
0.586583
9.124307
48.4
10

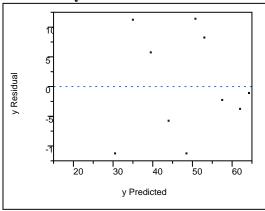
Analysis of Variance

Source	DF	Sum of	Mean Square	F Ratio
		Squares		
Model	1	1146.3761	1146.38	13.7698
Error	8	666.0239	83.25	Prob > F
C. Total	9	1812.4000		0.0059*

Parameter Estimates

Term	Estimate	Std Error	t Ratio	Prob> t
Intercept	66.417699	5.648129	11.76	<.0001*
X	-0.900885	0.242776	-3.71	0.0059*

Residual by Predicted Plot



Prediction Expression

<u>Y=</u>

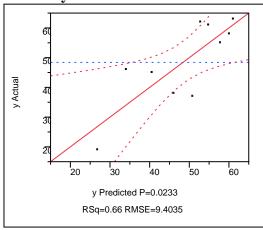
66.4176991150442 + -0.9008849557522 * x

-

Quadratic Model with x and x^2:

Response y Whole Model





Summary of Fit

RSquare	0.658473
RSquare Adj	0.560894
Root Mean Square Error	9.403518
Mean of Response	48.4
Observations (or Sum Wgts)	10

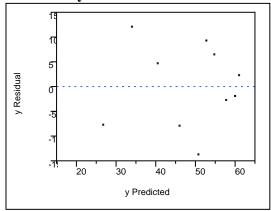
Analysis of Variance

Source	DF	Sum of	Mean Square	F Ratio
		Squares		
Model	2	1193.4169	596.708	6.7481
Error	7	618.9831	88.426	Prob > F
C. Total	9	1812.4000		0.0233*

Parameter Estimates

Term	Estimate	Std Error	t Ratio	Prob> t
Intercept	61.52298	8.883684	6.93	0.0002*
X	-0.208514	0.981695	-0.21	0.8378
xsq	-0.016541	0.022678	-0.73	0.4895

Residual by Predicted Plot



Prediction Expression:

Y=

61.5229796176377

+ -0.2085138825891 * x

+ -0.0165407888515 * xsq

Example 2: Data collected on a hardness study of a particular alloy. The variables are:

 x_1 = % of copper in alloy, x_2 = tempering temperature and y = hardness

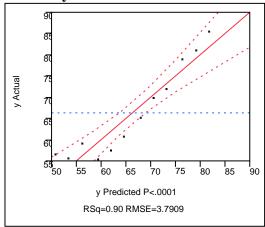
x ₁	X ₂	у
0.02	1000	78.9
	1100	65.1
	1200	55.2
	1300	56.4
0.1	1000	80.9
	1100	69.7
	1200	57.4
	1300	55.4
0.18	1000	85.3
	1100	71.8
	1200	60.7
	1300	58.9

We will fit a <u>linear</u> model and <u>some variations</u> on this data using least square methods.

Model with x1 and x2:

Response y Whole Model

Actual by Predicted Plot



Summary of Fit

RSquare	0.899073
RSquare Adj	0.876645
Root Mean Square Error	3.790931
Mean of Response	66.30833
Observations (or Sum Wgts)	12

Analysis of Variance

Source	DF	Sum of	Mean Square	F Ratio
		Squares		
Model	2	$115\overline{2}.1888$	576.094	40.0868
Error	9	129.3404	14.371	Prob > F
C. Total	11	1281.5292		<.0001*

Parameter Estimates

Term	Estimate	Std Error	t Ratio	Prob> t
Intercept	161.33646	11.43285	14.11	<.0001*
x1	32.96875	16.75371	1.97	0.0806
x2	-0.0855	0.009788	-8.74	<.0001*

Prediction Expression

Y=

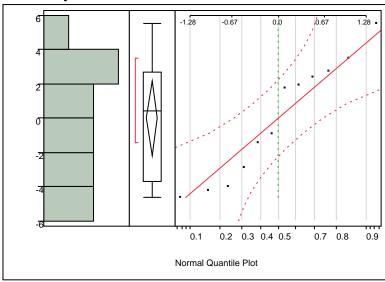
161.336458333333

+ 32.96875 *x1

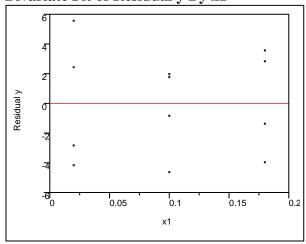
+ -0.0855 *x2

Distributions

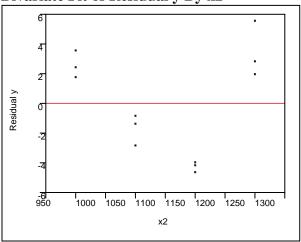
Residual y



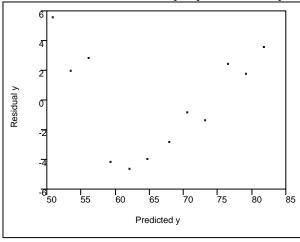
Bivariate Fit of Residual y By x1



Bivariate Fit of Residual y By x2



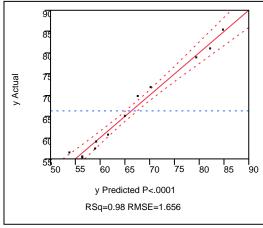
Bivariate Fit of Residual y By Predicted y



Output with x1, x2 and x2^2 in the model.

Response y Whole Model

Actual by Predicted Plot



Summary of Fit

RSquare	0.98288
RSquare Adj	0.97646
Root Mean Square Error	1.656034
Mean of Response	66.30833
Observations (or Sum Wgts)	12

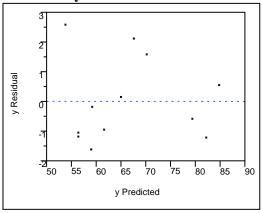
Analysis of Variance

Source	DF Sum of		Mean Square	F Ratio	
		Squares			
Model	3	1259.5896	419.863	153.0980	
Error	8	21.9396	2.742	Prob > F	
C. Total	11	1281.5292		<.0001*	

Parameter Estimates

Term	Estimate	Std Error	t Ratio	Prob> t
Intercept	553.24479	62.82414	8.81	<.0001*
x 1	32.96875	7.318705	4.50	0.0020*
x2	-0.773583	0.110036	-7.03	0.0001*
x2-sq	0.0002992	4.781e-5	6.26	0.0002*

Residual by Predicted Plot



Prediction Expression 553.244791666667

- + 32.96875 *x1
- + -0.7735833333333 * x2
- + 0.00029916666667 *x2-sq

Residuals:

