	DAILY C	G.K SET-02	
1. What is the capital of		C. VK Saraswat	D. Ramesh Chand
A. Lusaka	B. Kiev		s also conducted in 2011. When
C. Nicosia	D. Damascus		as conducted before 2011?
	argest producer of natural	A. 1931 B. 191	
rubber in the world?		13. Which Indian private sector bank has the maximum	
A. Malaysia B. Indonesia C. India D. Thailand		number of foreign branches ?	
3. The only perennial river in Peninsular India is		A. ICICI Bank	B. AXIS Bank
•		C. HDFC Bank	D. Bandhan Bank
A. Godavari	B. Kaveri	14. Which of the follo	owing does not feature on the
C. Krishna	D. Bhima	firstly released Rs 20	_
4. Which of the following	g is the moon of Pluto?	A. Ashoka Pillar B. Sanchi Stupa	
A. Charon	B. Hydra	C. Swachh Bharat Abh	•
C. Styx	D. All of the above	Chariot	
•	g was the first spacecraft to fall	15. Who calculates W	/PI in India?
into orbit around the Sun?		A. NSSO B. CSO C. OEA D. CAG	
A. Luna 1 B. Luna 2			rn name of rig vedic "Sutudri"?
6. The substances which		A. Jhelum B. Che	G
temperature and can easily catch fire with a flame are			categories of land mentioned in the
-	bstances.		was known as the land
A. hazardous	B. perilous	donated to Jaina inst	
C. incombustible	D. inflammable	A. Vellanvagai	B. Brahmadeya
	ne), Pennatula (Sea-pen) are	C. Shalabhoga D. Pallichchhandam	
examples of which Phylum?		18. Which organisation conducted training	
A. Cnidaria	B. Aschelminthes		volunteers, whose services were
C. Annelida	D. Arthropoda	2 0	f work among people suffering
8. Sexual reproduction i	•	form famines, epidemics, floods and other disasters?	
-	ssimilar size gametes is called?	A. Social Service Leag	
A. Zoospores	B. Anisogamous	C. Rama Krishna Miss	3
C. Isogamous	D. Oogamous	above	D. Ivolic of the
•	ost ecologically relevant		168-1192) was a best known
environment factor.	ost ecologically relevant	ruler.	100-1172) was a best known
	erature C. Light D. Soil	A. Chahamana	B. Gahadavala
10. What is the formula		C. Chalukya	D. Brahmana
A. C ₅₅ H ₇₂ O ₅ N ₄ Mg	B. C ₅₅ H ₇₀ O ₆ N ₄ Mg	•	
C. $C_{65}H_{70}O_6N_4Mg$	D. C ₄₅ H ₇₀ O ₆ N ₄ Mg	20. In 1918, Mahatma Gandhi went toto organise a satyagraha movement amongst cotton mill	
_	is not a full -time member of	workers.	a movement amongst cotton min
NITI Ayog?	, is not a run -time member of	A. Madras	B. Bombay
A. Amitabh Kant	B. Bibek Debroy	C. Surat	D. Ahmedabad
A Allitadii Kailt	B. Divek Devicy	C. Surat	D. Allinedavad
	A NIC	SWER	
1. Answer : D	AINS	TT LAN	
	al and the largest city of Syria. It is	s a major cultural centre c	of the Levant and the Arab world
2. Answer: D	ar and the largest city of Syria. It is	s a major cultural centre c	of the Levant and the Arab world.
	largest producer of natural rubb	or in the world. Theiland	is followed
	at the second and third place respec		
production.	at the second and third prace respec	ctivery. Hidia stands at th	e tour in position in rubber
3. Answer : B			
	Thalakaveri at Kodagu district, Ka	arnataka and naccae throu	ah the states of Karnataka Tamil
•	erry. The river receives rainfall in i	•	
vadu, ixeraia and Fuducii	city. The fivel receives faillfall III	us normem catemment aft	La during the Southwest Monsoon
1 Page			

DAILY G.K SET-02

and in the southern catchment area during the North East monsoon. Hence the river is termed as the only perennial in South India

4. Answer: D

Pluto has **five** known moons: **Charon** (the largest, with a diameter just over half that of Pluto), **Styx, Nix, Kerberos**, and **Hydra**. Pluto and Charon are sometimes considered a **binary system** because the **barycenter** of their orbits does not lie within either body.

5. Answer: A

- The Luna Programme was a series of robotic space craft missions sent to the Moon by the Soviet Union between 1959 and 1976.
- Luna 1 (January 1959) missed its intended impact with the Moon and became the first spacecraft to fall into orbit around the Sun.

6. Answer: D

- The substances which have very low ignition temperature and can easily catch fire with a flame are called **inflammable substances**.
- Example- alcohol, LPG, sodium, petrol, phosphorus etc.

7. Answer: A

Adamsia (Sea anemone), Pennatula (Sea-pen) are examples of Cnidaria Phylum. They are predominantly marine. Their distinguishing feature is cnidocytes, specialized cells that they use mainly for capturing prey.

8. Answer: B

- Sexual reproduction in Algae that takes place through fusion of two dissimilar size gametes is called Anisogamous. Anisogamy (also called heterogamy) is the form of sexual reproduction that involves the union or fusion of two gametes, which differ in size and/or form.
- Reproduction in algae can be vegetative, asexual, or sexual. Vegetative reproduction occurs through
 fragmentation, asexual occurs through formation of spores and binary fission, whereas sexual reproduction takes
 place by fusion of two haploid gametes.

9. Answer: B

Temperature is the most ecologically relevant environmental factor. You are aware that the average temperature on land varies seasonally, decreases progressively from the equator towards the poles and from plains to the mountain tops. It ranges from subzero levels in polar areas and high altitudes to >500C in tropical deserts in summer.

Plants are also affected by temperature because increase in temperature leads to more transpiration through leaves and stems. Different metabolic processes requiring enzymes are also affected by varying temperature. Therefore we can conclude that temperature is ecologically relevant abiotic factor.

10. Answer: B

- C₅₅H₇₀O₆N₄Mg is the formula of chlorophyll 'b'. Chlorophyll *b* helps in **photosynthesis** by absorbing light energy.
- It is more soluble than **chlorophyll** *a* in **polar** solvents because of its **carbonyl** group. Its color is yellow, and it primarily absorbs blue light.

11. Answer: A

Amitabh Kant is the present CEO of the NITI Ayog but is not one of the full-time members.

Full-time Members: Bibek Debroy (Economist), V. K. Saraswat (former DRDO Chief), Ramesh Chand (Agriculture Expert) and Dr. Vinod Paul (Public Health expert)

12. Answer: A

The Socio Economic and Caste Census 2011 (SECC) was conducted for the 2011 Census of India. It was last conducted in 1931.

13. Answer: A

ICICI bank has the maximum number of foreign branches amongst the private sector banks.

SBI leads the list of public sector banks, followed closely by Bank of Baroda.

14. Answer: D

Hampi with Chariot is visible on the new Rs 50 notes.

15. Answer: C

DAILY G.K SET-02

- In India, WPI is also known as the headline inflation rate.
- Office of Economic Advisor (OEA), Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion, Ministry of Commerce and Industry calculates the WPI.
- India uses the Wholesale Price Index to calculate and decide the rate of inflation in the economy.

16. Answer: C

Sutlej"is the modern name of rig vedic **Sutudri**". **Sutlej** is the longest of the five rivers that flow through the historic crossroads region of **Punjab in northern India and Pakistan**. The Sutlej River is also known as **Satadree**. It is the easternmost tributary of the **Indus River**. The river basin area in India is located in Himachal Pradesh, Punjab, Jammu and Kashmir, Rajasthan and Haryana states.

17. Answer: D

According to the categories of land mentioned in the Cholainscriptions, there are five types of land which are discussed below:

- Vellanvagai : land for non-Brahmana, peasant proprietors
- Brahmadeya : land gifted to Brahmanas
- Shalabhoga: land for the maintenance of a school
- Devadana : Tirunamattukkani: land gifted to temples
- Pallichchhandam: land donated to Jaina institutions

18. Answer: A

- 1911, Narayan Rao Malhar Joshi established an organization called the Social Service League.
- The League conducted training programmes for volunteers, whose services were later utilized for relief work among people suffering form **famines**, **epidemics**, **floods** and other **disasters**, and also for **welfare programmes** among the **poor** and the **destitute**.

19. Answer: A

- Prithviraja III (1168-1192) was a best known Chahamana ruler.
- He defeated an Afghan ruler whose name was Sultan Muhammad Ghori in 1191, but lost to him the very next year, in 1192.

 He was popularly known as Prithviraj Chauhan or Rai Pithorain Chahamana Dynasty later known to be as Chauhan Dynasty.

20. Answer: D

Mahatma Gandhi went to Ahmedabad in 1918 to organise a satyagraha movement amongst cotton mill workers. This happens due to tension between workers and mill-owners of Ahmedabad. Gandhiji himself went onto a fast until death and asked the workers to go on a strike and demand for a hike of 35% in their wages.