## Answers with explanation

- 1. (b) Change 'him' into 'his'. A possessive adjective comes before a gerund (joining).
  2. (b) Change 'me' into 'my'. A possessive adjective comes before a gerund (winning).
- 3. (c) Use 'it' (pronoun) for 'dog'.
- 4. (c) Use 'can they' in place of 'isn't it'. See Question Tag.
- 5. (c) 'Between......and' takes objective form of pronoun. Change 'I' into 'me'.6. (b) Change 'that' into 'who'. 'School girl' is the subject which will take relative
- pronoun 'who'.

  7. (c) 'Mother' will take possessive adjective 'her'.
- 8. (b) Change 'is' into 'am'. The verb that follows the relative pronoun should match with the antecedent to the relative pronoun. (Here 'I' is the antecedent of 'who').
- 9. (a) Use a reflexive pronoun with 'Avail'. Use 'myself' after 'avail'.

error.

PRONOUN -

(a) Change 'you' into 'yourself.

10. Change 'their' into 'his'. 'Each' takes singular adjective/pronoun.

11. (b) 'has' is used with 'everyone'.

12. (b) 'The man' is the subject here that will take relative pronoun 'who'. 13.

(c) Change 'himself into 'him'.

- 14. (c) 'Company' is a singular noun. Singular possessive adjective 'its' will be used 15. with it.
  - (b) 'Company' is a singular noun and will take 'it' in place of 'them'.

16. (d) Change 'own' into 'yourself'.

17. (b) Change 'its' into 'their'. Government and business houses being plural will 18. take plural adjective 'their'.

(a) Change 'which' into 'who'.

- 19. (c) Use 'which' in place of 'who'. 'Talking on telephone' is not a person but an 20. activity and hence takes 'which' and not 'who'.
- (d) Avail is followed by a reflexive pronoun and preposition 'of'. Add 'themselves of 21. after 'avail'.
- (b) Change 'one another' into 'each other'. 22.

(d) Remove 'oneself'. Reflexive pronoun doesn't come with 'keep'. 23.

(b) Remove 'she'. In a single sentence a noun and a pronoun for the same noun 24. cannot come together.

(b) Change 'him' into 'himself'. 25.

- (b) Change 'that' into 'when' because '2006' is time. 26.
- (b) Change 'as' into 'when'. Here the time is important. 27.

(b) 'Many a' is singular and will take singular verb 'has'. 28.

(a) Use 'It was I'. Sub form 'I' will follow 'It + was (form of be). 29.

(b) Use 'are' after 'you'. Sentence is not interrogative. 30.

- (a) According to rule 231, 1st person should come last. 'John, Hari and I' is the 31. correct order.
- (c) 'Wh' family will come after 'know' and 'wonder' if the verbs are followed by 32. 'to+V<sub>1</sub>. Change 'to swim' into 'how to swim'.
- (c) Change 'it' into 'them' as 'dresses' is a plural noun. 33.
- (c) Remove 'they'. In a sentence 'those people' and 'they' will not come together. 34.

(a) Remove 'himself'. A reflexive pronoun will not be used after 'bathe'. 35.

(c) 'His separation' is wrong as possessive case is not used with word 'separation'. 36. Change 'his separation' into 'separation from him'.

(c) Change 'his favour' into 'favour from him'. 37.

- (a) Do not use 'not' with 'both'. Change 'both of them will not' into 'neither of them 38. will'.
- 39. (b) Use 'who' in place of 'whom'. 'Woman' who is the subject here will take 'who'.
- (b) Change 'who' into 'which'. 'Of is preceded by 'which' and not 'who/whom'. 40.
- (c) Change 'their' into 'its'. 'Congress Party' is singular and will take singular 41. adjective 'its'.
- 42. (c) Change 'he meets' into 'they meet'. 'Those' will take 'they' and not 'he'.
- (b) Change 'me' into 'my'. A possessive adjective comes before a gerund (joining). 43.
- 44. (a) According to rule 231 rule you, he, and I is the correct order.
- (a) 'was it I' is the correct formation. This is the interrogative form of

## 'It was I

- (c) Change 'its' into 'their'. For individual persons/things, plural pronoun and 46. plural verb are used.
- (c) Add 'that of before 'on'. 'That of refers to 'the number of vehicles'.
- (c) Add that of before off. That of telescope (a) 'Being' should be preceded by 'he'. If 'He' is not made the subject of destitute, I 47. Being' should be preceded by He. If the land the sentence becomes wrong becomes the subject of destitute and the meaning of the sentence becomes wrong. 48. (b) Use one's in place of 'his'. 'Ones' is the possessive case of 'one'.
- (b) Add 'myself after enjoyed. If there is no object after the verb 'enjoy', a reflexive 49.
- 50. pronoun follows the verb.
- (a) Change 'him' into 'he'. Here 'him' is not an object.
- (a) Add 'It' before being to make the sentence meaningful. See sentence 48. 51.
- (b) Change 'their' into 'his'. 'one' is a singular pronoun and hence will take singular 52. 53. possessive case 'his'.
- (b) Remove 'He'. Noun has already been used in this sentence.
- (c) Change 'she' into 'they'. Here the sentence changes after 'and' and hence 54. plural pronoun 'they' will be used as now all the girls are being referred to. 55.
- (a) Change 'myself into 'I'. Reflexive pronoun cannot come in place of subject. 56.
- (b) Change 'whose origin' into 'the origin of which' because 'whose' is not used for 57. 'non-living things'.
- (c) Change 'isn't it ?' into 'Isn't he ?'. See Question Tag.
- (b) Change 'who' into 'which'. 'Who/whom' cannot come before 'of'. 58.
- (b) Change 'which' into 'that'. A superlative degree is followed by 'that'. 59.
- (b) Change 'their' into 'his'. 'Neither of / 'either of / 'each of etc take plural 60. pronoun or noun after them but verb/pronoun in the latter part of the sentence 61. is always singular.

has got his money back. **E.g.:** Neither of the two friends Singular Singular Plural Noun Pronoun

- (b) Change 'whose inauguration' into 'the inauguration of which'. 'Whose' is not 62. used for 'non-living things'.
- (b) A 'reflexive pronoun' must follow reconcile. Add 'themselves' after 'reconcile'. 63.
- (b) Change 'who' into 'whom' because we need a relative pronoun for an object.
- (a) Change 'who' into 'whom' because we need a relative pronoun for an object. 64. (a) Change 'me' into 'my'(possessive case) before Gerund 'being'. 65.
- 66. (b) Change 'me' into 'mine'. 67.
- (a) Change 'him' into 'he'.
- 68. (a) According to rule 231, 'Raju and I' is the correct order.
- (b) Reflexive pronoun 'myself' must follow 'avail'. Subject is 'I' and reflexive pronoun 69. 70. must be 'myself'.
- (c) Use 'it' after 'making' as the pronoun for 'book' will be 'it'. 71.
- (b) 'Many' is plural in meaning. Hence it must be followed by 'others' (Plural). 72.
- (c) Change 'her's' into 'hers'. 73.
- (b) Change 'Whom' into 'who' 74.