

1. Which one of the following statements about the Chief Justice of India (CJI) is not correct ?

- A. He appoints the Chief Justice of all High Courts.
- B. The CJI administers the oath of office to the President
- C. When both the offices of the President and Vice-President fall vacant simultaneously, the CJI discharge the duties of the President.
- D. The CJI can hold his office till he attains the age of 65 years.

2. The States reorganization in 1956 created _

- A. 17 States and 6 Union Territories
- B. 17 States and 9 Union Territories
- C. 14 States and 6 Union Territories
- D. 15 States and 9 Union Territories

3. Which article of the Indian Constitution for all citizen in public employment ?

- A. Article-22
- B. Article-16
- C. Article-20
- D. Article-25

4. Reservation for the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the service has been provided in the Indian Constitution under

- A. Article 375
- B. Article 315
- C. Article 335
- D. Article 365

5. Which Article of the Indian constitution provides free and compulsory education to children?

- A. Article 21-A
- B. Article 46
- C. Article 39
- D. Article 15

6. Which among the following do not participate in election of the President?

- A. Elected members of both the houses
- B. Elected members of legislative assemblies of states
- C. Elected members of legislative assemblies of Delhi and Puducherry
- D. Nominated members of state legislative assemblies

7. Concept of Judicial Review in Indian Constitution has been taken from which country?

- A. Ireland
- B. USA
- C. Australia
- D. Canada

8. Who among the following is constitutionally empowered to alter Scheduled Area?

- A. Supreme Court of India
- B. High Court of State

C. Prime Minister of India

D. President of India

9. Martial law is _____

- A. sudden overthrow of a government illegally
- B. a system of rules that takes effect when a military authority takes control of normal administration of justice
- C. territory under the immediate political control of another state
- D. None of these

10. Formation of a new state in India is done by ____.

- A. Special Majority
- B. Simple Majority
- C. Without Majority
- D. None of these

11. Which state government launched Family ID – One Family One Identity Portal?

- (a) Uttar Pradesh (b) Odisha (c) Assam
- (d) Kerela (e) Tamil Nadu

12. As per FAO recent database, which country ranked first in milk production across the world?

- [A] Brazil [B] India
- [C] China [D] Argentina

13. Which Indian musician won the grammy for the third time?

- (a) A. R. Rahman (b) Ajya-Atul (c) Amit Trivedi
- (d) Ricky kej (e) S.P Balasub

14. 'Nidhi Aapke Nikat' is an outreach programme of which institution?

- [A] RBI [B] IRDAI
- [C] EPFO [D] SEBI

15. The Chief Justice of _____ is the chief guest of the 73rd foundation day of the Supreme Court of India.

- A. Singapore B. Fiji
- C. Norway D. Haiti

16. In which country was GDP growth recorded at 7.10%, with per capita income rising to USD 2793 in FY 2022?

- A. Benin B. Bhutan
- C. Bangladesh D. Bahrain

17. Who has assumed charge as the new Vice Chief of the Indian Air Force?

- [A] Air Marshal AP Singh
- [B] Air Marshal VR Chaudhari
- [C] Air Marshal Sandeep Singh
- [D] Air Marshal HS Arora

18. Which institution has released the "Global Risk Report 2023"?

- (a). World Bank (b). International Monetary Fund
- (c). Asian Development Bank (d). World Economic Forum

19. Which country's passport has been adjudged as the most powerful passport in the Henley Passport Index 2022?

- A. Japan
- B. Singapore

C. Germany

D. South Korea

20. Nikhat Zareen is associated with which sport who set a new World Record recently?

A. Wrestling

B. Boxing

C. Weightlifting

D. Shooting

ANSWER**1. Answer : A**

Judges in a High Court are appointed by the president of India in consultation with the Chief Justice of India and the governor of the state. The Constitution confers the power of appointment of judges on the president of India.

2. Answer : C

The States Reorganization Act 1956 was a major reform of the boundaries of India's states and territories, organizing them along linguistic lines. It divided the country into 14 states and 6 union territories. The Act was implemented in November, 1956.

3. Answer : B

Article 16 of the Indian Constitution deals with equality of opportunity in matters of public employment. It states that no citizen shall, on grounds only of religion, race, caste, sex, descent, place of birth, residence or any of them, be ineligible for, or discriminated against in respect of, any employment or office under the state. Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) principles apply to:

- Access to jobs
- Conditions of employment
- Relationships in the workplace
- The evaluation of performance and
- The opportunity for training and career development.

Hence option B is the right answer.

4. Answer : C

Article 335 of the Indian Constitution deals with the claims of SCs and STs to services and posts, without sacrificing the efficiency of administration. However, the 82nd Amendment Act of 2000 provision in favour of the SCs and STs for relaxation in qualifying marks in any examination or lowering the standards of evaluation, for reservation in matters of promotion to the public services of the centre and the states.

5. Answer : A

- According to **Article 21A** of Indian Constitution, the State shall provide free and compulsory education to all children of the age of six to fourteen years in such manner as the State may, by law, determine.
- This article was inserted in the constitution by 86th Amendment Act, 2002, also known as Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act.

6. Answer : D

Nominated members of state legislative assemblies do not participate in election of the President. The President of the Republic of India is the ceremonial head of state of India and the commander-in-chief of the Indian Armed Forces. The president is indirectly elected by an electoral college comprising the Parliament of India (both houses) and the legislative assemblies of each of India's states and territories, who themselves are all directly elected.

7. Answer : B

The concept of Judicial Review in Indian Constitution has been taken from USA.

complete details for the borrowed features of Indian Constitution from other countries from the link given below.

8. Answer : D

President of India is constitutionally empowered to alter Scheduled Area. The President at any time can order that the whole or part of a scheduled area ceases to be a scheduled area. Thus, the President of India has the power to announce an area as scheduled area and also the power to declare a scheduled area to be ceased to be known as scheduled area.

President can also by order alter the boundaries of the scheduled areas. However, to change the boundary of a scheduled area, the president is required to consult the Governor of the state in which the area is located. No separate act/law is needed to establish, change boundaries or discontinue a scheduled area.

9. Answer : B

Martial law is a system of rules that takes effect when a military authority takes control of normal administration of justice. The Martial Law is mentioned in the Article 34 of Indian Constitution. Till now, martial law has not been used in India.

Hence, Option B is the correct answer.

10. Answer : B

The formation of a new state in India is done by Simple Majority. Article 3 of the Indian Constitution deals with the formation of new states. It says; Parliament may by law

- a) form a new State by separation of territory from any State or by uniting two or more States or parts of States or by uniting any territory to a part of any State;
- b) increase the area of any State;
- c) diminish the area of any State;
- d) alter the boundaries of any State;
- e) alter the name of any State;

11. Ans.(a)

Sol. Uttar Pradesh government launched Family ID – One Family One Identity Portal

12. Correct Answer: B [India]

13. Ans.(d)

Sol. Ricky Kej, a musician, won his third Grammy Award for the album “Divine Tides,” which he co-wrote with rock legend Stewart Copeland

14. Correct Answer: C [EPFO]

Employees’ Provident Fund Organisation, EPFO, launched a massive outreach programme in all the districts through a revamped ‘Nidhi Aapke Nikat’ programme.

15. Answer: A

The Chief Justice of Singapore is the chief guest of the 73rd foundation day of the Supreme Court of India.

16. Answer: C

Bangladesh recorded GDP growth at 7.10%, with per capita income rising to USD 2793 in FY 2022.

17. Answer: A [Air Marshal AP Singh]

Air Marshal AP Singh has assumed charge as the new Vice Chief of the Indian Air Force. The Air Marshal was commissioned into the fighter stream of the IAF in 1984.

18. ANSWER: (d). World Economic Forum

The World Economic Forum published the Global Risks Report 2023. (WEF). According to the research, the two most serious hazards confronting the globe in the next decade are a failure to reduce climate change and a failure to adapt to climate change.

They are followed by 'natural calamities and extreme weather occurrences' and 'biodiversity loss and ecosystem collapse.

19. Answer : A

- The Henley Passport Index, which has been regularly monitoring the world's most travel-friendly passports since 2006, has released its latest rankings and analysis.
- India stands at number 87 on the list, as the Indian citizens can visit Visa-Free or Visa-on-Arrival in over 58 places.
- Japanese passport holders have visa-free or visa-on-arrival access to 167 more destinations than citizens of Afghanistan, who are at the bottom of the ranking as they can only visit 26 places without needing a visa in advance.
- Singapore remains in second place (with a score of 192) and South Korea ties with Germany in third place (with a score of 191).

20. Answer : b

- Indian female boxers continue to create history in the ongoing 2023 World Boxing Championship as Nikhat Zareen beats two-time Asian champion Nguyen Thi Tam 5-0 in the 50kg category on Sunday to claim the gold medal.